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Published Weekly In The Interest of Lorraine and Mitchell County

THE MIRROR THROUGH WHICH THE PUBLIC VIEWS THE COMMUNITY AS IT IS WEEK BY WEEK

VOLUME 5, NUMBER 37.

LORAIN, TEXAS, JANUARY 9, 1936.

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NOBODY'S BUSINESS

BY JULIAN CAPERS JR.

Austin.—The football was replaced problems of state this week, as Gov. Allred and wife entertained for Pasadena and the Rose bowl, where the SMU Mustangs were to break lances with Stanford's Cardinals; Lieut. Gov. Walter Woodul and other state notables reeked to New Orleans where Fort Worth's T. C. U. Horned Frogs engaged L. S. U. and dozens of less ambitious legislators and officials went to Dallas, to watch Amarillo's Sandies down Greenville's Lions for the state schoolboy title. Among the latter were Col. E. O. Thompson, chairman of the railroad commission, Amarillo resident, and loyal Sandie footer.

At Indian Village, Livingston, Polk-co. another notable gathering of state greats was scheduled for New Year's day, as Cooper Styelene, whose Indian name is Tiesiche, was to be elevated to the rank of new chief of the Alabamas, with fitting ceremony. A medal, commemorating 100 years of peace between the whites and Indians was presented, with Madge Thornall of Houston, great-granddaughter of Sam Houston, participating, Congressman Nat Patton, Sen Gordon Burns and County Atty, Clem Fain Jr., honorary chief of the tribe, were to figure prominently.

Still another of these community celebrations, which are lifting many Texas towns and cities out of the rut of being merely another community, lending a distinctive atmosphere and creating a background and a tradition for them, was the observance of the "Cowboy's Christmas Ball" at Anson, Jones-co. Inspired by the classic poem, written 50 years ago by Larry Chittenden, the "Christmas Ball" attracted hundreds, including dozens of sons and daughters of oldtimers who are mentioned by name in Chittenden's famous poem many coming in the costumes of 1885. Re-enactment of the ball is planned as an annual event.

Vice President John Garner, back from his junket to the Philippines, looks forward to the day when he can retire to his beloved Texas and devote all of his time to hunting and fishing, probably in 1940. With that end in view, the vice president has recently purchased the 6000-acre Carla ranch, in Dimmit-co, long owned by Mrs. Colon Schett of Cincinnati. Deer abound on the ranch.

A favorable decision for the state by the U. S. supreme court in the T. and P. oil land case was Att. Gen. William McCraw's best Christmas gift. The court threw out the railroad's appeal on the ground that no substantial federal question was involved, after the red-headed attorney general made his first appearance and argued five minutes before the highest tribunal, thereby enriching the state school fund and setting an important legal precedent regarding mineral rights under former public lands.

Ralph Yarborough, 32, assistant attorney general under Gov. Allred, fought this case successfully thru the Texas district and appeals courts, and last week won deserved reward when the governor named him district judge in Austin, to succeed Charles A. Wheeler, resigned. Interesting was Judge Wheeler's reason for quitting his \$4000 job. "Since my election the salary has been reduced 20 per cent," he wrote. "The cost of living has increased approximately 30 per cent. The state deficit is such that no salary warrants for district judges have been paid by the state treasurer since April, 1935, thus compelling judges either to borrow money or discount their warrants from one to one and a half per cent."

Lorraine Merchants To offer Gift Purse

Lorraine merchants realizing that something needs to be done to stimulate business have started a program similar to the one operated here last summer. The gift purse is to be \$15. each week and is to be operated on the same plan as the bank nights at picture shows. The first gift purse is to be given away Saturday.

In a meeting Monday O. I. Griffin was elected temporary chairman. He called a meeting Wednesday morning and the plan set forth above was decided upon as a temporary measure. A committee was appointed to work out plans for a permanent organization and plans. The committee is composed of the following men: Bob George, J. B. Mahon, Tom Bennett, George Hutchins, Ben Smith, Hubert Thomas and J. W. King. This committee is to meet next Monday to formulate plans.

MARRIED

Miss Hazel Foy and Archie Forbus were united in Marriage Tuesday evening at the Methodist parsonage by Rev. Hamilton Wright, pastor. They will make their home in this community.

Texas counties are busy issuing bonds to refinance old issues on more favorable terms, and to finance new projects, taking advantage of federal aid. During the week, \$14,289,000 of such issues came to the attorney general's office, with \$10,053,000 for refinancing programs and \$3,757,000 for new money to secure federal funds. Hidalgo-co submitted \$7,040,000 of refinancing bonds, issued by seven road districts, and Maverick-co's water control and improvement districts submitted \$2,000,000 for refinancing and \$1,858,000 of new issues. School district issues, recently authorized in special elections, totaling \$1,268,000, were approved, enabling the schools to take advantage of federal grants. The list included Cumby, Hopkins-co, \$13,000; Barnhart, Iron-co, \$20,000; Crum, Denton-co, \$20,000; Garsood, Colorado-co, \$33,000; Highland Park, Cedar Hill and Irving, Dallas-co, \$333,000; Avoca, Jones-co, \$15,000; Malakoff, Henderson-co, \$7500; Weinert, Haskell-co, \$15,000; Forrester, Ellis-co, \$29,000; Manor, Travis-co, \$37,000, and Thornedale, Milam-co, \$10,000. Many other communities plan similar school bond issues.

Walter D. Cline of Wichita Falls, late Centennial general manager, is back in federal service, as a contract map for the National Emergency council. New Deal "co-ordinating" agency; O. C. ("Red") Christie of Quanah, secretary to Cullen F. Thomas, federal Centennial commissioner, is an applicant for a place as procurement officer for the rural resettlement administration; Judge E. R. Meek of the northern federal district of Texas, retired Dec. 23, when he reached the age limit of 70, and President Roosevelt is expected to name his successor soon after congress meets. T. W. (Whit) Davidson of Dallas, ex-lieutenant governor, is reported the most probable appointee, with J. P. Rice of Dallas, having the backing of Sen. Tom Connally. There is a rumor that Congressman Hatton W. Summers of Dallas, chairman of the house judiciary committee, may be appointed if a deadlock develops.

It took 115,000,000 dollars to operate the state government in Texas in 1934. Here is how each dollar was spent: Highways, 30.9 cents; schools 30.5 cents; relief, 9.3 cents; eleemosynary institutions, 5.3 cents; higher education, 5.5 cents; Confederate pensions, 2.5 cents; judiciary, 1.79 cents; miscellaneous items consumed the remainder.

Gasoline taxes brought in 39.94 cents of each tax dollar, real estate, 26.86 cents, and gross production tax on oil, 7.17 cents. The balance came from miscellaneous sources.

COURT HOUSE NEWS

Marriage Licenses Issued
Frank C. Jones and Miss Margaret Marie Hash, Roscoe; Lem Joiner and Miss Ruthie Hoffer, Coahoma; L. Z. Shafer and Miss Clarice Honor, Vincent; A. M. Jones and Mrs. Dessie Akey, Dunn; Archie Forbus and Miss Hazel Foy, Lorraine.

Transfers In Real Estate

Volunteer State Life Insurance Co. to C. B. Martin, SW 1/4 Sec 18, Block 24, T and P Ry. Co., \$2,400.00.

Charlie Horn to Ben Horn, SW 1/4 Sec. 27, Block 27, T and P Ry. Co. surveys, \$10,000.

Ben Horn et ux to Charlie Horn, SE 1/4 Sec. 27, Block 27, T and P Ry. Co. surveys, \$6,400.

W. D. Howell et ux to G. B. Slaton, W 120 acres of S 1/2 of N 1/2 and N 1/2 of S 1/2 Sec. 46, Block 27, T and P Ry. Co. surveys, \$10,000.

R. S. Brennand, Jr. to J. W. Watson, SW 1/4 Sec 21, Block 29-S, T and P Ry. Co. surveys, \$10,000.

Mrs. Millie K. Mitchell et vir to Lula B. Cooper, Lot 4, Block 75, Colorado, \$10 and other considerations.

W. A. DuJin to Parthenia Green, Lot 2, Block 12, D S and M Ad. to Colorado, \$1,500.00.
J. C. Hall et ux to Bill Fowler, South 140 acres of West 340 acres from Sec. 29, Block 17, Southern Pacific Ry. Co., \$2,400.00.

T. L. Redman et ux to Garvice Craighead, 126.8 acres from N 1/2 Sec. 16, Block 26, T and P Ry. Co. surveys, \$3,500.00.

J. W. Watson et al to R. S. Brennand, Jr., N 1/2 Sec. 16, Block 28-S, T and P Ry. Co. surveys, \$3,785.00.

United Savings Bank of Detroit to A. B. Cary, Lot 4, Block 11, Colorado, \$850.00

New Cars Registered

Rev. W. M. Elliott, Colorado, Dodge Sedan; C. O. Bledsoe, Chevrolet Sedan; P. E. Harkins, Colorado, Chevrolet Coach; H. H. Webb, Colorado, Chevrolet Coach; Harry Landers, Jr., Westbrook, Chrysler Sedan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Callahan and daughter, Iona, and Misses Maggie Jeter and Ruby Lee visited Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Jacobs near Inadale Sunday.

W. M. S.

The Womans Missionary Society of the Methodist Church met Monday, January 6, at the church in a business meeting. The meeting was called to order by Mrs. Marvin Martin, vice-president. A song, Take Time to be Holy, was sung and a very fitting devotional was led by Bro. Wright. Then a prayer was offered by Mrs. Wright.

The business session was opened by reading of reports from the different committees. A committee was appointed to select a president and vice-president for the ensuing year. It was decided that the three circles shall be combined into one circle which will meet with Mrs. W. L. Hester on the 4th Monday of this month. The meeting was dismissed in prayer by Bro. Wright.

JIM MANLY ENTERS RACE FOR COMMISSIONER

W. J. (Jim) Manly authorized The News this week to announce to the voters of Precinct No. 4 that he is in the race for commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries.

Mr. Manly stated that he has never asked for an office before but he feels like he is well qualified to fill the place. He has been a resident of this precinct for many years and well known.

Mr. Manly made the following statement: "If I am elected to the office I will fill it to the best of my ability. I will give each citizen of the community a square deal. I will appreciate the vote and influence of my friends."

Mr. Manly also stated that he would make an effort to see each voter in person before the primary in July.

Burglar Gets \$6.25 In Pennies At Bank

A burglary made away with \$6.25 worth of pennies from the First State Bank shortly after one o'clock Saturday morning. The pennies were left on the counter and the burglar had not succeeded in making entrance to the vault.

Nightwatchman Walter Hones passed in front of the bank and noticed a window screen loose. He investigated and saw the man behind the cage in the bank. He fired several shots at him and then called for help while he watched both the front and side of the bank. The man, however, went through a back window without taking time to unhook the screen before help arrived.

The man wore greasy gloves and left prints in several places on the floor where he crawled around on his hands and knees. No trace of him has been found. The T and P depot was also entered the same night but nothing was taken.

MRS. NORCROSS DIED IN ROSCOE MONDAY

Mrs. G. W. Norcross died at her home in Roscoe Monday following an illness of several weeks. Mrs. Norcross was the mother of Mrs. Olen Mayes of Lorraine. She had been a resident of Roscoe for 14 years and before that time lived on a farm near Champion for a number of years.

Allen Jones of Abilene has returned to that city to resume his studies in Abilene Christian days at home here with his parents and brother and sister-in-law. Allen is a ministerial student in A. C. C. He began his work there after completing his high school course in Abilene High School. He won a scholarship when he graduated from high school.

COTTON STALKS MAY BE USED TO MAKE RAYON

Austin, Texas, Dec. 31.—Dr. A. B. Cox, director of the Bureau of Business Research of The University of Texas, has announced there is a possibility of a viscose rayon manufacturing plant being constructed in Texas. Refuse cotton stalks would be used for the purpose of producing a pulp that would be converted into dress goods, which in finished state would be practically indistinguishable from real silk. In working out plans for this proposed new industry, Dr. Cox is cooperating with B. H. Palmer, physicist and chemist of New Jersey. The discovery of the process for this new use of cotton stalks is the result of chemical research, and the proved process has recently been patented.

Dr. Cox pointed out that this State has an abundance of the raw material needed for the proposed plant. It is regarded as not improbable that under the process which Mr. Palmer has evolved and patented for the utilization of cotton stalks that the production of rayon may be enormously increased. The Palmer patented process would substitute cotton stalks for a part of the wood pulp, which is used with cotton linters in manufacturing rayon. This mixed cellulose would be also admirably suited, it is stated, for the manufacture of high grade paper at a very low cost, Dr. Cox said. Other materials available in abundant quantities in Texas which would enter into the chemical process of manufacturing rayon are caustic soda and carbon bisulphide.

If the manufacture of rayon, and possibly paper, from waste cotton stalks and other materials develops into a large industry, as now seems possible, it will bring to cotton growers of Texas great financial benefits, it is stated. Their cotton stalks would have a ready demand instead of being burned or plowed under as is now done.

Boy Scout Troop Organized Friday

Sixteen boys of the community met with the Scoutmaster, the Buffalo Trail Council Executive, and members of the local troop committee, at the Baptist Church Friday night to perfect a Boy Scout organization.

Every boy present signified his intentions to become a member of the Scouts. William Simmons and Will Albright were elected patrol leaders. Simmons is leader of the Bulldog patrol and Albright is leader of the Polar Bear patrol. Each patrol is to meet on Monday and Tuesday nights to learn things necessary for them to know before the organization is finally completed. Friday night the full troop will meet.

These boys and men are hopeful that other boys will join the organization after it has been completed.

BRUCE BIBLE CLASS

J. M. Neely was elected president of the Bruce Bible Class of the Methodist church last Sunday, to serve for the next six months, when Mr. Bruce will resume teaching. The class also discussed the matter of erecting a special class room for the body, action on which will be taken later.

LORAIN BASKETBALL TO PLAY COLORADO FIRST IN TOURNAMENT

Lorraine basketball players are scheduled to meet the Colorado team for their first tilt in the invitation tournament at eight o'clock Thursday night.

Roscoe and Dunn are to start the affair off Thursday evening at six o'clock. This game will be followed by Snyder and Colorado Jackrabbits.

MRS. TAYLOR ASKS TO BE REELECTED TREASURER

Mrs. Mayme Taylor authorized The News this week to announce to the voters of Mitchell County that she will be a candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic primary. She handed us the following statement:

I wish to take this method of announcing to the citizens of the Lorraine Community that I will be a candidate to succeed myself to the office of Treasurer of Mitchell County. In the beginning, I wish to state that I am deeply grateful to the people of this County for the many favors they have shown me in the past. I refer not only to the times I have been elected to office, but also to the many other kindnesses that have been shown me. I have always found true friends in the citizenship of Mitchell County.

I have done my best to attend to the duties of my office in an efficient manner and if returned to this position I will endeavor to continue to serve to the best of my ability. I will appreciate the consideration of each and every voter in the county.

FRANK CROWNOVER FOR COMMISSIONER

Frank D. Crownover authorized The News this week to announce his candidacy for the office of Commissioner Precinct No. 4, subject to the action of the Democratic primary in July.

Mr. Crownover served one term as commissioner and was defeated for re-election by the present commissioner.

Mr. Crownover made the following statement: "I am announcing for commissioner on the record I made in office and entirely on my own merits. I appreciated the support of my friends in my previous race and I earnestly solicit your support and influence in my race now. If elected I will do my utmost to fulfill the duties of the office to the best of my ability."

W. D. McCarley Died Thursday

Word has received just as we went to press that Commissioner W. D. McCarley died at his home here shortly before two o'clock Thursday. Mr. McCarley had started to Andrews county to look after business matters and suffered a stroke at Big Spring. He was returned to his home where death overtook him. Funeral arrangements had not been completed.

SOME WPA PROJECTS CUT OUT OTHERS SCALED DOWN

County Judge Benton Templeton received a communication the first of the week from the district WPA office at Abilene in which announcement was made that some projects which had been approved in Mitchell county were discontinued and the amount of appropriation on others scaled down considerably. The communication also stated that the Lorraine street surfacing project is still pending and Mr. Templeton is hopeful that it will be approved.

Appropriation on Highway No. 101 was cut from \$110,499.58 to \$86,461.75; road work in precinct 2 was cut from \$16,073 to \$4,469; sanitation cut from \$21,937 to \$7,313. Road work in precinct 3 was eliminated. Projects that will remain as submitted are: Sewing rooms, tax survey, commodity distribution, and Colorado street lights.

NEW SCHOOL BUS NOW IN OPERATION

The new school bus purchased by the Lorraine school board last week arrived early Monday morning and was placed on the route south of town immediately. Tom Ray is driving the new bus and has about worked out a schedule that he can maintain at all times.

SEWING ROOM GETS FIVE NEW MACHINES

The W. P. A. sewing room in Lorraine has been in progress since November 27th. Last week five new Singer Sewing machines were received. The sewing room is in full swing making garments such as overalls, shirts, dresses, underwear, etc. Before the machines came most of the time was devoted to quilting.

Now that the water has been turned on all government requirements have been completed. I wish to take this method of thanking everyone who has taken any part in helping to equip the sewing room.

Mrs. Irl Zellner

TEMPLETON OFFERS FOR REELECTION AS JUDGE

County Judge B. L. Templeton authorized The News this week to announce to the voters of Mitchell County that he will be a candidate for the office of County Judge to succeed himself. Mr. Templeton is now serving his first term in the office. He made the following statement:

"I wish to take this method of announcing to the citizens of Mitchell County that I will be a candidate for a second term as County Judge. I wish to express my deep appreciation to the people of Lorraine and vicinity, for the loyal support they have given me in the past. I have always found many true friends at Lorraine. I have done my best to serve every legitimate interest of the County to the best of my ability and if elected to a second term as County Judge, I will continue to work hard that I might be an efficient county officer. I offer my candidacy subject to the action of the Democratic Primary next July, and I earnestly solicit the careful consideration of each and every voter of the County."

Renew Your Subscription Now! News office.

JAN 9 1936

THE FEATHERHEADS

By Osborne



SMATTER POP— Sure! Go Out and Lasso a Hatrack, Pop

By C. M. PAYNE



MESCALIKE

By S. L. HUNTLEY

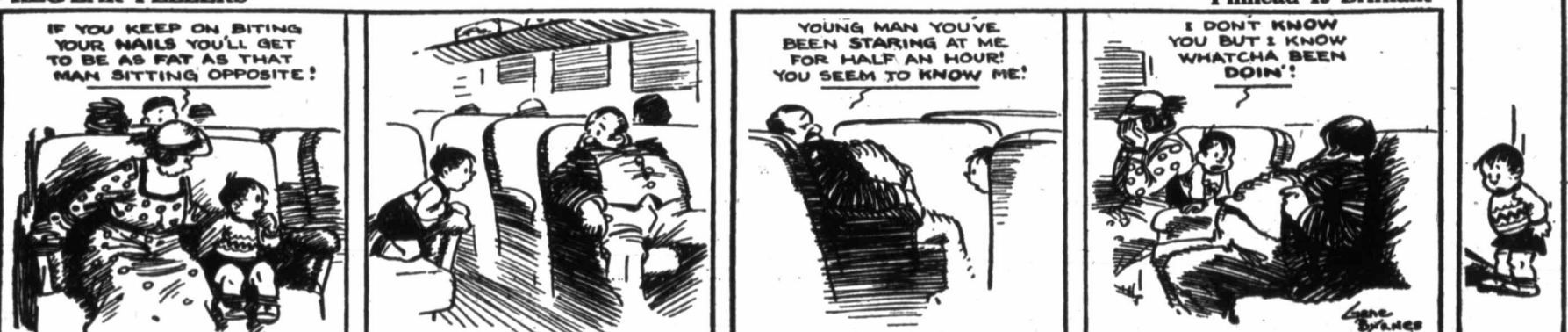


FINNEY OF THE FORCE

By Ted O'Loughlin

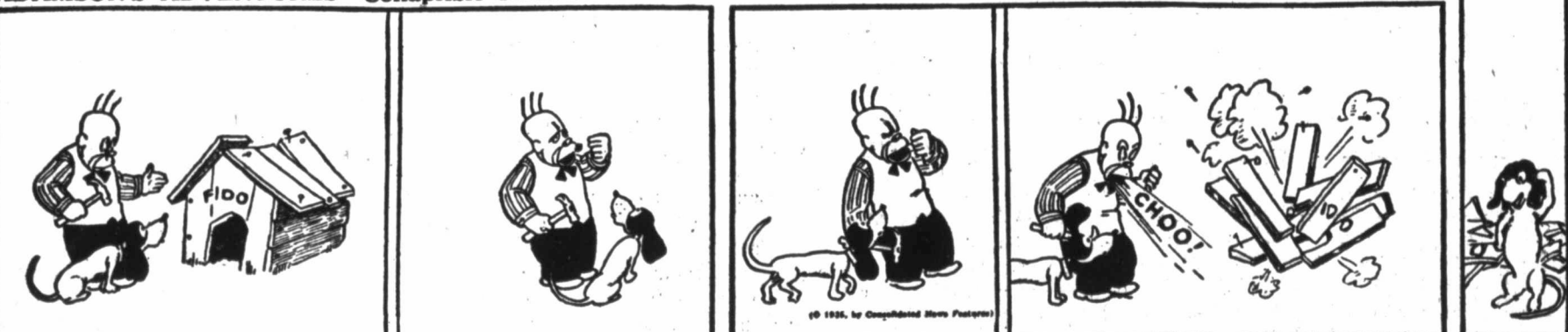


"REG'LAR FELLERS"



ADAMSON'S ADVENTURES Collapsible Construction

By O. JACOBSSON



BRONC PEELER Lots of Fun

By FRED HARMAN



THROUGH RED GLASSES



JUNIOR GOES SHOPPING

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



Fitting People to Tune Is Break for Tin Pan Alley

SONGS that might have been (but were not) dedicated to the gentlemen and ladies whose names you see on the sports pages so frequently.

I MISS YOU MOST OF ALL—Any Dodger to any curve ball. I'VE GROWN SO USED TO YOU—Danno O'Mahoney to Don George after the fourth wrestling affair.

I LOVE A PARADE—Tom Yawkey, owner of the Boston Red Sox, to the other American league magnates.

I DON'T CARE IF YOU NEVER COME BACK—The public to Jack Sharkey.

I DON'T LIKE NO CHEAP MAN—Dizzy Dean, while suggesting to the Cards that they either pay him or trade him.

WHERE DID YOU GET THAT HAT?—To Judge K. M. Landis.

IT'S NOT WHAT YOU WERE, IT'S WHAT YOU ARE TODAY—By Joe Louis, to Jack Dempsey and Gene Tunney whenever they start making comparisons.

EVERY LITTLE BIT ADDED TO WHAT YOU GOT—By Connie Mack to the ever loving fans who mourn his bad luck in obtaining only \$300,000 for Jimmy Foxx and other heirs.



ALL ALONE—To the fan who insists upon watching the Braves.

OH, DIDN'T HE RAMBLE—In memory of that favorite which took the overland route and my five coconuts at New Orleans the other day.

ARGENTINES, THE PORTUGUESE AND THE GREEKS—To almost any all-America football team.

ARE YOU THERE, MORIARTY?—By the Chicago fans to their, favorite umpire when there are enough pop bottles to go around.

JUST A MEMORY—By the American Davis Cup players to the Davis Cup.

REMEMBER, BOY, YOU'RE IRISH—By the fans to Jim Braddock, in case.

YOU'RE A LONG, LONG WAY FROM HOME—By the fans to any Philly who happens to reach first base.

It's Gem of Football Ocean to Lou Little

MY LOVE IS FAIR COLUMBIA—By Lou Little to the folks who have been whispering that he would like to shift to Penn.

HORSES—By the fans to the Yankees, Giants and Dodgers who claim that they have improved their teams.

ALWAYS IN THE WAY—By the lightweights in recognition of that perennial thwarper of ambitions, Tony Canzoneri.

I DON'T KNOW WHERE I'M GOING, BUT I'M ON MY WAY—To Roy Parmelee by any pall that has just left Roy Parmelee's hand.

HE'S MY PAL—To be sung in duet by two such old love doves as Colonel Ruppert and Babe Ruth.

YOU CAN'T KEEP A GOOD MAN DOWN—By Bloddy Ryan to all the big league clubs which persist in sending him to the minors.

I WON'T SAY I WILL BUT I WON'T SAY I WON'T—By the state legislator to the inquisitive reporter who asks him whether he will vote for legal racing this winter.

I WAS DREAMING, ONLY DREAMING—By Casey Stengel to the Brooklyn fan; while trying to explain that recent trade.

HUSH, HERE COMES THE DREAM MAN—By any heavyweight prizefighter to his nerves whenever Joe Louis steps into the ring.



SHOO FLY, DON'T BOTHER ME—By Babe Herman to almost any ball that comes into the outfield.

THE PARDON CAME TOO LATE—By the fans to a certain bald-headed reporter after arriving at this last line.

Marshall Cassidy, New York state racing commission steward, wears smoke-colored spectacles. That may or may not be the reason why the turf arbiters issue so many charming reports of things that could only have been viewed through rose-colored glasses.

OSTRICH university is located in one of the nation's largest cities. The name was bestowed because the seat of learning always is adorned with fine feathers while the head ducks under cover whenever danger threatens—but probably there is no sense in mentioning that here.

"What," said the most celebrated of O. U. Deans (a gentleman who, by the way, is just as dizzy even though he does not toss for the Cards). "Copy those Southern colleges by being honest about the aid we give to athletics? He glanced sternly at the other members of the faculty assembled in solemn conclave. "Why, it's preposterous, isn't it, Mr. Yessir?"

"Yessir," answered Mr. Yessir who, of course, was faculty member of the athletic committee. "Why they don't know nothing. It's just them wild-eyed radicals. Why they ain't got a thing on us. Why—"

But since there are so many institutions of higher education which continue as pure as the driven snow (beneath the railroad tracks) so far as athletics are concerned, the reporter does not wish to single out one university. He merely wishes today to offer some case history for the benefit of any eminent educator who continues to ask why—

This Lad Was Willing to Earn an Education

CASE A.—A young infielder reported to the Giants. His face seemed familiar but his name did not check. He explained to the reporter that he had used an alias while playing football for one of the best publicized of Eastern Siwash.

"I was," he said, "a pretty fair athlete as early as my second year in high school (in a Pennsylvania mining town). I wanted an education and saw no reason why I should not earn it with my ability to play games. So I picked out the best offer from those made by eight colleges.

"They sent me to a good prep school for two years and then I entered the university. Your paper was one of those that got excited about the way was scoring touchdowns for the Freshmen. Still I wasn't satisfied. I wanted an education and football took so much time I had little opportunity to study. I kept thinking about that.

"Since I was sure to be a regular next year, the varsity men took an interest in me. They told me not to worry, that I could skip all classes and still get 'B's' in my subjects so long as I continued to run for long gains.

"Still I wasn't satisfied. So when I heard that the Blue Ridge League baseball club I was playing with had sold me to the N. Y. P. League (an organization with a higher salary limit), I quit. I decided to make my living out of professional baseball instead of out of amateur football.

Athlete Can Sell Out to the Highest Bidder

"I'm not kidding. They treated me swell and—what's that? Sure, the coach knew that I had played professional baseball. When I was still in prep school the coach persuaded that Blue Ridge League club to hire me."

CASE B.—A now famous hockey player was a versatile schoolboy athlete in his native Canada. The representative of a big-time Eastern Siwash showed him how he could get a good education free of charge by entering a selected American prep school and preparing for the Eastern Siwash. Naturally he was to exercise due care in learning how to play the great American game of football while being educated at the prep school.

Everything was lovely until he was ready for college. Then he learned that the coach at the Eastern Siwash had accepted a higher salary at a distant university. Naturally the coach wanted company and offered some fancy inducements, but the athlete refused to go so far away from home.

"Within a week after that I had offers from 16 colleges," the athlete says. "He (the coach) had passed the word around that he had withdrawn his claim to me and that I was a free agent."

CASE C.—A small, unheralded college upset a famous Eastern team in an intercollegiate contest. Several days later I was talking with the coach of another noted Eastern team. He had been a teammate of the small college coach, called Bill.

"You know the Boss (the correct name is that of the famous coach for whom they had played) is good to us chaps breaking in," he remarked. "Take the way Smith and Jones (the names are not correct) cleaned up last Saturday. Well I could have had them two weeks ago.

"The Boss had them all lined up for the alma mater but he's got so much material this year he couldn't conveniently use them and they didn't want to wait. So he offered to let me have them cheap. Of course, it was kind of late in the term but I was just about to wire him okay when Bill came through town.

"Bill needed a couple of ready-made backs for his big Eastern showing and you know the Boss always was kind hearted. So—" The coach laughed. "Funny, isn't it," he said. "Here Smith and Jones win a big game for Bill and probably get him a new contract and yet they've never been within 1,000 miles of Bill's campus."

Yeah, the reporter agreed, it probably was just as funny as anything Havelock Ellis or Sigmund Freud ever had written, while trying to get down to cases without using names. But since he did not wish to offend the august faculty members of Ostrich university he did not add why.

THE HUDDLE

Volume 1

Loraine High School

Number 17

Editor-in-chief ---Lula Mae Roberts
Society Editor --- Ruth Ann Hall
Sport Editor --- Eldon Mahon
Joke Editor --- Edwin Hallmark

The first semester is rapidly fading into the quicksand of eternity and the second semester looms brightly on the horizon of the future. It holds many fresh hopes and large possibilities. Let us recount the woes of the passing semester only to say good riddance to them and with new zest happily plan the second semester. There may be a few annoyances but let us forget them as we turn to a new, bright and shiny page. It is true that we profit by our mistakes but what we need to do this semester is study hard that we may not make any mistakes. If in the preceding semester, we have said

TITUS KNOWS HIS BIG TIMBER LORE

"Flame in the Forest" Author Born, Reared in Woods.



Harold Titus

Harold Titus, whose fast-moving serial story, "Flame in the Forest," appears serially in this newspaper, was born in Traverse City, Michigan, at the end of the white pine era, and he still lives there in a home perched on a hill overlooking Grand Traverse Bay.

Writing has been his vocation for twenty years. All of his books have been outdoor yarns, and most of his several hundred short stories as well. Since 1927 he has served as a member of Michigan's Conservation Commission, which keeps him in the closest possible touch with forest, fish and game affairs. His particular activity is in forest fire control and reforestation. In 1931 the University of Michigan gave him an honorary Master of Arts degree in recognition of the influence of his novel "Timber" on the reforestation movement and of his work for conservation.

The reviewer of the Boston Globe said of "Flame in the Forest": "This new novel is a roaring story of adventure in the woodlands." And that's just what it is. You'll enjoy every chapter. Don't forget to follow it as it unfolds from week to week in the columns of this newspaper.

things that we now regret, let us remember "Think twice before you speak." Let us cooperate with the teachers and fellow classmates so that we may make our second semester the best one we have ever known. If shadows may seem to hover over the second semester, cover them with bright thoughts and hard studying. We cannot change our first semester's grades, but we can make good grades this coming term and our low grades will be forgotten. Let us hope that the pressing necessities of the daily toil does not keep us from enjoying our school work.

Mr. Williams: Why do folks say they have been shopping when they haven't bought a thing?

Mrs. Williams: Why do folks say they have been fishing when they haven't caught a thing?

SENIOR NEWS

The seniors won second prize in the contest at Thornhill's store. The amount was fifteen dollars. A class meeting was held and all decided to use the money for senior day.

At the senior party Tuesday night Miss Hoskinson almost tripped Eldon. She must have wanted him to fall for her. Girls, why don't we try something like that? Who did Katha Lee trip while she was at Pyron over the week end?

Don't be surprised if you see a bunch of senior girls going down the street saying, "Your pep! Your pep! You'll get it, now keep it, doggonit, don't lose it! Yes, civics must be going to their heads, or maybe its boys."

Opal Richburg always knows her civics. She must have been born smart.

Ask Lula and Nova Lee if they had a good time climbing mountains near Abilene.

GIRLS BASKETBALL

On Wednesday of last week Mrs. Hooker had a meeting of the girls who are interested in basketball. Fifteen girls reported for the senior team. Lula Mae Roberts was elected captain. Basketball is now under full sway with Iris Riden, Opal Martin, Nova Lee Groom, Modess Lee, Ronel Thomas, Maries Sipes and Maxine Land coming out as forwards, Ruth Hall, Lonice Land, Maurine Robertson, Billie Jean Barron, Lillian Hendrick, Billie Rowland, Lula Roberts, and Evelyn Land as guards.

There were quite a number of junior girls reported. Billie Rowland was elected captain for the juniors.

We are planning on having two good girl teams this year, although most of the team graduated last year.

BASKETBALL BOYS TO ENTER TOURNAMENT

The Loraine Basketball boys are going to Colorado Friday and

Saturday to enter the Colorado annual basketball tournament. The boys have been working daily and will be in good shape to play. The boys have been entering this tournament every year and have been doing very good. So lets all go to Colorado with them and help them do better. Lets go and do our part and they will do theirs. We would like to have another trophy in our trophy case.

SOPHOMORE NEWS

Wanted: Maxine, a new basketball suit. Wilford, someone to take her to the show often, Lewis, a baby to take care of. Eldridge, a new seat in English II class, Pauline, a way to get to school on time. Sophomore class, a way to study without looking at a book.

Mr. Williams: What insect requires the least nourishment? Chubby: The moth it eats holes.

Miss Lee: What outstanding contribution has chemistry given to the world? Eldon: Blondes.

FRESHMEN NEWS

Doris Meadows and Roy G. Edwards were in Abilene last week to see a dentist.

Clifton Riggs—I am going to invent a new kind of brake that will stop a car going 40 miles an hour in 20 feet.

Marion Rhodes—If you do I'll invent a gadget to keep the driver from going through the windshield when he puts on the brakes.

Annie Marie Kiser and Elden Adrin are new comers to our class this week. We are glad to have them and we hope they like our school.

The students who missed school during the cotton picking season are being allowed to make up all their work. The teachers are being very lenient with them and we hope they are able to catch up.

ON TEXAS FARMS

Minnie Fisher Cunningham Service Editor

J. M. Sandusky of Floyd county harvested 900 bundles of red top sorghum per acre from land that was terraced last winter. Sandusky states that there is no other field of red top sorghum in his community which is making more than 500 bundles per acre.

Billie Dotson, West Camp, Bailey county 4-H club boy, purchased a calf weighing 150 pounds on June 1. At the end of 90 days it weighed 460 pounds, a gain of 310 pounds in 90 days.

Charles Steenken of Denhawken in Wilson county has carried on pasture improvement for 30 years. He used to mow weeds in his pasture; now sheep perform that

service at a profit. He has two mesquite grass pastures. Last year he planted 10 acres of cultivated land to Dallis grass, Burr clover and Yellow Sweet clover. In spite of heavy freezes there is a perfect stand of Dallis grass about knee-high. Some clover is beginning to come up.

Two years ago Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Parker of Hardin county put out 530 feet of bush blackberry vines. This year they had plenty of berries while they were in season, canned 70 quarts and gave 15 gallons to friends and neighbors.

Earl Thompson, Rusk county 4-H club boy, planted one acre of broom corn which produced 640 pounds of straw. This was made into brooms by the use of home made machinery. Cash cost for material was \$25. Sales brought in \$190.50 for the brooms.

Homer Wilson and family, who have been living at Vernon are moving back to the Loraine community.

BAUMAN NEWS

Sunday School met at 9:45 last Sunday morning with 50 present. After Sunday School several from Bethel Church went to South Champion Church to attend the services there. This Saturday night and Sunday is regular preaching time at Bethel. Please keep this in mind and be present at all services.

This week will close the third six-weeks period of school, making it a little over half gone. The pupils are doing some good work and the school is progressing nicely.

Mr. Ivan Barber had the misfortune of having some casing, chickens and a few other articles taken from his home Saturday night by some unknown person.

Miss Walene Stephenson returned to Denton Sunday morning where she is attending school. Several hours after she left a message came stating her grandfather, Mr. Stephenson, was dead. He resided in Cook County.

Mr. and Mrs. Jess Davidson returned to their home at Longview Saturday after spending the Christmas holidays here with Mr. and Mrs. Jim Lee.

Reporter

LONE STAR TWINKLINGS

Bro. Reddin filled his regular appointment Sunday at Pleasant Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Dexter Taylor and family and Mr. and Mrs. Allen Kuykendall were visitors at Pleasant Valley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carnie Grooms and family visited his parents near Abilene Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sweatt of Shepard community have moved to his farm vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Porter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Reddin have moved near Colorado.

Don't forget about the box supper and one-act play that will be at the Lone Star school house Friday night.

T. J. Blair spent Saturday night in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Moody Richardson.

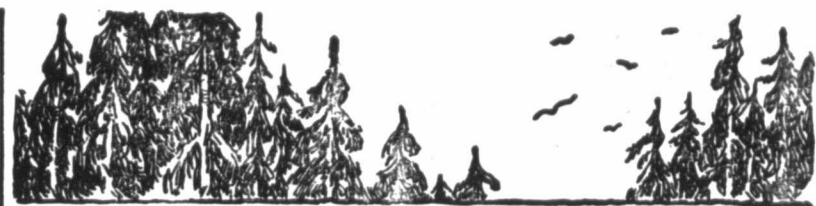
Those on the honor roll for the 5th and 6th grades are: 5th grade A. Leland Hamilton, B. Russell Coffee and Alene Walker. 6th grade A. Wayland Bennett, B. Louise Linam, Nellie Prescott, Verne Preston and Willie Dean Mearse.

Loraine basketball boys defeated the Lone Star boys 26 to 15 Thursday. The Valley View Junior boys and girls played Lone Star Monday and the boys were defeated 6 to 0, and the girls won by a score of 14 to 4.

Reporter

Sore Throat—Tonsillitis Nothing equals a good mop and instant relief afforded by Anesthesia-Mop, the wonderful new sore throat remedy. Positive relief guaranteed or purchase price refunded by Hutchins & Hall Drug.

24 16 tp



FLAME IN THE FOREST



By HAROLD TITUS
Copyright by Harold Titus W.N.U. SERVICE

A lad of the forest lives to avenge a wrong done him as a child in this swift, smashing story! Read it every week as it appears serially in The Mitchell County News Starting Soon

CHICKS

The M. A. Giddens Hatchery of Colorado is now operating in its new location across the street from the Ice Plant. Capacity has been doubled and we are amply prepared to care for your needs.

If you have a good flock of Heavy Breed chicks please call on me as I could use more heavy breed eggs.

The M. A. Giddens Hatchery
Colorado, Texas

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Poultrymen Notice!

Baby Chicks

We are starting our incubator two months earlier this season than ever before, due to heavy demand for early baby chicks.

We are now in full blast operation and ask that you please make your booking with us at once in order to insure prompt delivery. We have five additional pedigree flocks this year, which means that you will get better, more profitable chicks.

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News Review of Current Events the World Over

Congress Opens and President Delivers His Message at a Night Session—Neutrality and Bonus Are Due for Speedy Action.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

© Western Newspaper Union.

CONGRESS began a session that gives promise of being not short and calm, as administration leaders had predicted, but long and lively. Right at the start President Roosevelt caused the Republicans to howl loudly by deciding to deliver his annual message on the state of the Union before a joint night session of congress so it could be broadcast at a time when the maximum number of American citizens could be beside their radios. This required a special rule in the house for without it that body can meet but once a day; and the minority leaders made no considerable objection.



President Roosevelt

But Chairman Fletcher of the Republican national committee was so aroused by Mr. Roosevelt's plan that he demanded equal time on the national radio chains for a Republican reply. Mr. Fletcher was sarcastic in his comments, saying:

"The President's decision to dramatize his message and to bring down to the level of a political speech his constitutional right and duty to address the congress on the state of the Union, is understandable in the light of past performances."

Senator Dickinson of Iowa denounced what he called "an attempt to use congress as the sounding board for a grand stand play by the President," but Senator Borah said he had no objection to the plan and no criticism to offer.

Anyhow, the President went ahead with his program and in his message gave his view of the nation's present condition, naturally holding that the New Deal was proving a success.

TWO major issues that call for quick consideration by congress are neutrality and the veterans' bonus. The existing neutrality law expires on February 29, and the President and his advisers have determined that a new law shall be passed which will give him broad discretionary powers with regard to shipments, loans and credits to belligerents. There is in congress a strong group, headed by Senators Clark of Missouri, Vandenberg of Michigan and Nye of North Dakota and Representative Maury Maverick of Texas, that demands extension of the present mandatory neutrality law. Presumably the new measure will be a compromise.

Speedy passage of bonus payment legislation is expected, for its proponents are determined and vigorous. Officials of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and Disabled American Veterans have just agreed on a bill which will include these provisions:

Immediate full cash payment of the adjusted service certificates.

Refund of interest paid on loans on certificates.

Cancellation of interest accrued and unpaid.

Provision that veterans who do not desire to cash their certificates may draw interest upon the maturity value thereof (less principal of loan, if any), to be paid thereon from a date to be specified.

Provision for issuance of special government obligations in lieu of adjusted service certificates to the value of about a half a billion dollars now held as security by the United States Life Insurance reserves account.

The veterans' organizations estimated their united proposal would entail a cash expenditure of approximately \$1,000,000,000, rather than the \$2,200,000,000 generally accepted as the cost of payment.

SENATOR PAT HARRISON of Mississippi, chairman of the senate finance committee, on his arrival in Washington for the opening of congress gave out the welcome statement that no new general tax legislation would be pushed through during this session.

Said he: "I don't look for it and I don't think it is in the realm of possibility."

Adoption of a manufacturer's excise tax was also "out," according to Harrison. Sen. Harrison. He pictured an unusually short session of congress with appropriation bills and amendments to existing legislation the principal business to be handled.

In the senator's opinion a compromise on the bonus, always politically vexatious, would be reached and a presidential veto would be avoided. Harrison reiterated his opposition to the Townsend old age pension plan and said it would make no progress at the new session.

Many house members agreed with Harrison as to taxes. It wouldn't be good policy to pass such measures this session for there will be elections in 435 congressional districts in 1936.

Pat Harrison took a crack at the Liberty league and its legislative pro-

gram offered to congress. The league, he said, was "ready to take over the legislative and judicial functions" of the national government and might be magnanimous enough to take over the executive branch as well. The senator called the league a "lobby" and described its statements as "plutocratic propaganda."

NEW tax levies of more than \$350,000,000 a year went into effect on New Year's day, these being the result of delayed tax rates passed at the last session of congress. The heaviest is from the unemployment insurance and old age pensions act, which is expected to raise about \$240,000,000 in taxes on industrial pay rolls. Other new taxes include:

Raising of individual returns, \$50,000,000.

Corporation tax boost, \$10,000,000.

Gift tax increase, \$25,000,000.

Intercorporate tax levy, \$30,000,000.

Revision of the personal holding company and corporate liquidation tax provisions of the tax program will increase the country's tax bill. The Treasury department has made no estimate of such income.

WHAT may be expected from Elmer A. Benson, the new Farmer-Laborite senator from Minnesota, is indicated in a radio speech he made in Chicago on his way to the National Capital. He declared he believed that capitalism is doomed, and urged a much larger measure of public ownership and "production for use rather than for profit."

"I am convinced," he said, "that nothing short of social ownership of key industries can save us. Inasmuch as it has been demonstrated that we can produce enough for all if our productive plant is used wisely, society must take over that plant and our financial system as well and operate them in the interests of all the people because big business definitely refuses to do so."

Mr. Benson, who has been serving as state banking commissioner, was appointed by Gov. Floyd B. Olson to complete the term of the late Senator Thomas B. Schall. He will serve until December 31, 1936. He has been a Farmer-Laborite since the birth of that party and before that was active in the Nonpartisan league in Minnesota.

FRANKLIN C. HOYT has resigned as federal alcohol administrator and his resignation has been accepted by the President with the usual expressions of regret. Mr. Hoyt cited his poor health and other personal reasons to explain his action, but in his letter to Mr. Roosevelt he plainly indicated that he was dissatisfied with the liquor control setup.

MRS. EUGENE TALMADGE, wife of the governor of Georgia, has joined Alfred E. Smith in declining an invitation to the White House. Mrs. Roosevelt asked her to be her guest the afternoon of January 8, the day before a meeting of the Democratic national committee in Washington. Governor Talmadge, a hot opponent of the New Deal, was to attend the meeting, but his wife told Mrs. Roosevelt that her cotton plantation in Telfair county demanded her attention.

"I have to get my farm started on the 1936 crops," explained Mrs. Talmadge to the reporters. "The first few weeks of the year are a busy time."

NEW DEALERS speak scornfully of the Presidential plot conducted by the Literary Digest, but everyone is eager to see what it reveals. The latest returns show a still further decline in New Deal popularity. Out of a total of 1,870,774 votes received, 528,929 answered negatively the question "Do you now approve the acts and policies of the Roosevelt New Deal to date?" This brought the negative percentage to the new high figure of 60.47 per cent. The last preceding percentage was 58.51.

Eleven of the thirteen southern states continued solidly New Deal. Only Florida and Oklahoma voted against it. The twelve middle western farm states continued balloting more than 3 to 2 against the administration.

The Rocky Mountain states, with the single exception of Utah, contributed substantial majorities against the New Deal, as did four of the six New England states, which were voting 3 to 1 against Roosevelt.

TWELVE persons, nine of them passengers, perished when the Imperial Airways liner City of Khartoum crashed in the Mediterranean off Alexandria, Egypt. The only survivor was Pilot Vernon G. Wilson, who was taken from the water in a critical condition. Among the victims was one American, James C. Luke of Philadelphia, an oil engineer on his way from London to Basra, Iraq.

The City of Khartoum, which had accommodations for 15 passengers and four members of the crew, had been retired from service recently, but was recalled to replace a flying boat which burned in the harbor of Brindisi.

FROM his field headquarters in Dessay Emperor Haile Selassie sent to the League of Nations a vigorous protest against the war methods of the invading Italians. The emperor charged specifically that Italian flyers, in raining explosives on the southern army of his son-in-law, Ras Desta Demtu, near Dolo, used poison gas and destroyed a Swedish Red Cross ambulance laden with sick and wounded.

A special meeting of the Swedish Red Cross was held in Stockholm to take action in this matter.

The Italian government in Rome asserted the aerial bombardment was fully justified by the alleged beheading of two Italian aviators by the Ethiopians after the flyers had crashed at Dagga Bur in Ogaden. The communiqué also said it was well known that "Ethiopian chieftains take shelter under Red Cross signs when they see Italian airplanes."

Fierce fighting was going on along the northern front in Ethiopia. In Addis Ababa it was claimed that one of the emperor's armies had scored a decided victory, but there was evidence that others of his units had suffered reverses.

DISPATCHES from Addis Ababa said reliable sources there disclosed the terms on which Emperor Haile Selassie had authorized his delegation at Geneva to discuss peace. They were thus stated:

Withdrawal of Italian troops from Ethiopia; recognition of the African empire's sovereignty; payment of indemnity by Italy; delimitation of East African boundaries between Ethiopia and the Italian colonies by a league of nations committee, and foreign economic, administrative, and financial aid and advice for Ethiopia only on the condition there would be no Italian influence.

DECLARING that all America is menaced with violence by the Communists, the Uruguayan government severed relations with the government of Soviet Russia; Minister Alexander Rinkin and his staff were handed their passports, and the Uruguayan charge d'affaires was recalled from Moscow. The decree, signed by President Gabriel Terra and all members of the cabinet, asserted that Montevideo was the headquarters of Communists who were plotting uprisings in all South America countries, and quoted the Brazilian charges that the abortive rebellion there in November was instigated by the Soviet government and that the Montevideo legation was its intermediary.

Dr. Jose Espalter, Uruguayan foreign minister, said:

"We have proof that Montevideo was the center of a gigantic Soviet expansionist plot and that Minkin was organizing a revolution in Uruguay for next February or March."

Uruguay is the only South American nation that recognized the Soviet Russian government.

WITHOUT waiting for a ruling by the Supreme court on the validity of the Tennessee Valley authority act, Senator Norris of Nebraska, father of that and much other advanced legislation, has prepared a bill for a Mississippi Valley authority along the same lines as the TVA but immensely greater in scope. He intends to introduce the measure soon in congress. It would embrace more than half of continental United States, including all the vast plain between the Alleghenies and the western continental divide and from near the Canadian border to the delta of the Mississippi; only the Tennessee valley would be omitted from the plan.

Norris said it was an expansion of his former plan for a Missouri valley authority. Flood control would be its chief goal, he disclosed, but it also would direct the development of navigation, irrigation, hydroelectric power, soil conservation and reforestation.

Like TVA it would be managed by a three-man directorate. The cost is not stated. Congress would vote funds from year to year as the work progressed.

NOTEWORTHY among recent deaths are those of Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, hero of four wars and leader of the American first army in France where he was second in command to General Pershing; and Harry B. Smith, well known and prolific light opera librettist who wrote the books and lyrics for "Robin Hood" and many other productions.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL J. R. McCARL issued an order that blocked the plans of the Federal Surplus Commodity corporation to buy surplus farm products for relief distribution. He held that the administration could not use the 80 per cent of gross customs receipts set aside for the AAA to buy farm products to be given to relief clients. In a letter to Secretary Wallace, McCarl said relief legislation and relevant statutes provided another way to handle such purchases.

It was believed McCarl's ruling would not affect AAA plans for purchases for diversion purposes and not for relief distribution. An offer has been made for purchases of surplus potatoes from the 1935 crop, to be diverted into industrial channels. Officials said, however, they did not expect growers to take advantage of this offer because of recently advanced prices for potatoes.

J. R. McCARL

Washington.—It was in the sultry days of the summer of 1914, it will be remembered, that Archduke Ferdinand was laid low by an assassin's bullet in the remote province of Austria. At the time, the assassination was front page news for most of the newspapers but its real import was not generally recognized. Nevertheless, from that incident sprang the greatest war the world has ever known.

Within a few months of 22 years after the assassination at Sarajevo the world sees a situation in Europe where another such incident would have consequences just as violent. At the present time, ammunition dumps all over Europe are waiting for a spark to set them off. It may be an accidental spark or it may be a spark deliberately cast into that powder keg. I do not mean to say that it will happen but I do wish to emphasize that at no time since the Archduke's assassination has there been a field so fertile for the promotion of a gigantic war as the present.

It may seem, and it undoubtedly does seem to many, that the dangers inherent in the European situation at present are afar off. But, it can be recalled that there were signs in this country who, as late as 1916, said the European war was 3,000 miles away. Before it ended, however, 5,000,000 American boys and young men had been drafted to be thrown into that European cauldron. It may happen again.

While there is no immediate possibility of the United States getting tangled up in the European political problems which spring from hostilities between Ethiopia and Italy, those who know history cannot fail to agree with the statement that it is never too early to plan for preventing war. For that reason, then, I believe almost every family in the United States has a stake, either directly or indirectly, in one of the problems with which congress must deal. This legislation is known by the short and rather indecisive title of the neutrality policy. It is, indeed, just that, but the point I seek to make is that the title does not convey by any manner or means its full importance or its full effect upon the lives of each of us. If a policy can be worked out, a policy that is effective, obviously our chances for remaining out of any hostilities in Europe—or in Asia for that matter—are certainly much better. I do not know and I do not believe anybody can say accurately that it is possible to develop a neutrality policy that will be fool-proof; or that will guarantee to us the removal of possible entanglements, or that will prevent us from stubbing our toes and falling into the midst of the mess. It seems to me, however, that we ought to try.

A year ago about this time, congress enacted a bill which was designed to prevent the shipment of war materials to any belligerent nation or nations. It was mandatory. The President was directed by congress to lay an embargo against the shipment of arms, ammunition of war to any countries engaged in hostilities regardless of whether their claims were right or wrong. We have had some experience with the force of that legislation already and it has not been without its embarrassing and difficult phases. Now, however, it is proposed to revamp that legislation which was admittedly of a temporary character and is due to expire by limitation of law on February 29. Congress has been told rather definitely, I think, that this country wants to remain out of someone else's war. The President has the same idea. So, instead of allowing our citizens to run wild, ship anything and everything, make contracts with the countries now engaged in war or those that may be engaged later, it is proposed that we have a permanent policy embodying whatever principles may be found wisest to protect us from ourselves and prevent us from throwing ourselves again into such a volcano of molten lava as any present-day war would be.

The problem is not as simple as it appears on the surface. When congress enacted the present temporary neutrality legislation, it provided that the embargoes, when and if laid, must apply to all. If gave the President no discretionary power to determine whether we wanted to use these embargoes as a weapon against one nation while aiding another. Mr. Roosevelt, in accepting the original legislation, said publicly that he believed he should have such discretionary power. This was in line with the conclusions of the Department of State which necessarily must be the President's adviser on matters of this kind.

Congress was criticized in many quarters when it made the embargoes applicable to all belligerents. Now, however, if we may judge from the word that comes to Washington, sentiment seems to be swinging in the other direction and there certainly is a considerable, if not a majority, sentiment for use of the mandatory provision as distinguished from the extension of discretionary authority to the President. To say it another way, the sentiment appears to be in favor of making the embargoes applicable to all belligerent powers and not just to one

Washington Digest

National Topics Interpreted

by William Bruckart

National Press Building

Washington, D. C.

Waiting for a Spark

It is safe to say that before congress determines definitely what the permanent policy shall be, there will be bitter debate. In examining the problem, it is to be remembered that when the government lays an embargo against all nations at war it takes away possibilities of tremendous profit. This profit accrues to those industries by which sustaining war materials are produced. Neutrality legislation, therefore, may prove costly, not as costly as war, perhaps, but nevertheless a costly action. Hence, there is no question that many lines of commerce and industry are going to be drawn into the preliminaries of this decision.

To explain how disturbing to certain lines of industry this thing can be, it is only necessary to recall events of the last month or so in connection with the sanctions proposed by the League of Nations. The League has tried to force the dictator, Mussolini, to withdraw from Africa by the use of embargoes, which is what sanctions are. The League proceeded with considerable vigor until it reached the question of oil. Immediately, shoes began to pinch and the feet that were pinched were in every country where oil is found, even our own.

As a result, they have led the oil horse up to the watering trough from a half dozen different approaches but they have not yet been able to make him drink. Our own oil interests have not been quiescent. If the league bans oil shipments to Italy, the United States, which is not a member of the league, obviously will do likewise. Profits of the oil companies and the hundreds upon hundreds of thousands of shareholders would be cut.

Further, Mussolini has announced publicly that imposition of the embargo upon oil would mean war. He did not say with whom he would go to war but the British and the French know and they are getting ready. The British has its entire home fleet in the Mediterranean at this time and the Blue Jackets aboard the British men of war have been drilled thoroughly anew in the science of manning their big guns.

So it is seen how delicate this whole circumstance is. It is plain that when congress deals with the neutrality legislation, it is moulding a pattern over which there will be undoubtedly an alignment among our citizens as sharply drawn as though it were a purely domestic question. There will be those, of course, who favor a permanent policy which will make it mandatory upon the President to apply embargoes against shipments of anything usable in war and treat all nations engaged in war alike. There will be set off against this sentiment those who think the Chief Executive should have discretionary power and that the government should not be placed in a strait-jacket from which it cannot extricate itself without congressional action. Whatever the conclusions may be and whatever form the new legislation takes, it remains as one of the most important policies to come before congress in many months. Whatever is done necessarily will be a precedent toward which future generations will look as time goes on whether civilization becomes more enlightened or not.

The Treasury, operating on a fiscal year that runs from July 1 to June 30, has just passed the half-way point in the current 12-month period. The figures show that its receipts are lagging far behind the expenditures and demonstrates the necessity for cutting down the federal outgo unless the nation desires to see its public debt go far beyond any total hitherto conceived.

The official Treasury statement as of December 30 shows that the government has spent approximately \$1,850,000,000 more in the first six months of this fiscal year than it received in taxes and other revenue.

In consequence of this deficit, the public debt is now approximately \$30,400,000,000, the highest point it ever has reached and that total is roughly two billion dollars higher than the public debt as it stood last July 1 when the present fiscal year began.

Since the expenditures were so much larger than the receipts, the Treasury has been operating on a basis that, reduced to the minimum, shows an outgo of about \$1.06 for every \$1.00 collected in revenue during the first half of the current year.

Many Arson Fires

In the United States today a house or other structure is willfully set on fire—for insurance, excitement, or revenge—on an average of once every 105 minutes; despite the fact that arson fires are usually easy to detect and the punishment is severe. In six states conviction calls for the death penalty and, in 14 others, it results in either life imprisonment or a 20-year sentence.

Washington Monument Dimensions

The Washington monument is 554 feet 5 1/2 inches in height. The base is 55 feet square, and the top is 34 feet 6 inches square.

BRISBANE THIS WEEK

Wilson for Earlier War? Prayer Plus Planes New Disease Danger Ethiopian Victory?

Prof. A. M. Arnett of North Carolina university says it was not Wilson that kept this country out of war for a while, but the country that kept Wilson out of war longer than he would have stayed out.



Arthur Brisbane

leader of the house.

How deep should we have sunk in our depression if Woodrow Wilson had carried out his alleged plan and started the war one year ahead of time, in 1916?

How many millions of Americans would have been killed (they were always honored with front row places)? How many tens of billions would have been added to the public debt and the repudiated debts of Europe?

The archbishop of Canterbury, head of the official Church of England, has invited all European Christian communicants to join in prayer for peace, with resolutions outlawing all war.

While the archbishop takes that desirable step the British government works rapidly on 8,000 airplanes of the fighting kind. Nothing like airplanes to back up eloquent prayer for peace.

Uncle Sam has on his hands the job of preventing the spread of disease throughout the country and its importation from abroad.

Doctor Curran, in charge of insects for the American Museum of Natural History, warns New York it may be invaded by malaria brought into northern New Jersey by a CCC camp worker from the South. The anopheles mosquito, always present, has been spreading the germs. He cannot do that unless he first bites a malaria carrier.

Haile Selassie's fighting Gen. Dejazmatch Hallu Kebede sends cheerful news to his royal master:

"We fought and beat the Italians from dawn to dusk: 200 Italian white soldiers, twenty Italian officers, killed. Cannon, bombs and innumerable batteries of machine guns made murderous concert against us, but God protected our humble Christian soldiers, and the Lion of Judah was victorious."

Ethiopians persist in their theory that they are the only Christians involved. They say the Italians are Catholics, therefore not Christians, which would amuse the Italians, if they had time for amusement.

Rome calls the General Dejazmatch dispatch "customary Ethiopian inaccuracy."

Former Governor Alfred R. Smith, booked for a big political talk in Washington, D. C., and invited by Mrs. Roosevelt to stop at the White House during his stay in Washington, declines the invitation, explaining that he will have too big a crowd with him.

Politicians do not think that the only reason. They expect Governor Smith to "cut loose" and say things about the administration that would not come gracefully from a White House guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Triplett of Jenkins, Ky., who have just received from heaven their third set of triplets, say: "We are just tickled to death, but imagine our surprise." Besides nine triplets, the happy couple have one set of twins, all eleven living and all fortunate. The baby born in a family that wants babies is the fortunate child.

For the woman or man who does not want children, the wise thing is not to have them—for the children's sake.

Hitler knows what he wants, feels the rest of the world, and thus far the world has let him help himself.

He wanted an end of the Versailles treaty and got it. He wanted the right to build a strong battle fleet and England consented.

Now he says he must have an air force as strong as that of France, and will proceed to build it. He demands also the return of all colonies taken from Germany, and intimates that he will fight for them if he can't get them peaceably.

Austria will pay Uncle Sam on account of debt thirty million schillings, payment in American paper dollars. At the current rate of exchange Uncle Sam will get \$5,634,000. Our paper dollars are convenient for Europeans, or they know, although we do not, that our dollar is worth 50 cents.

Thomas W. Lamont, a J. Pierpont Morgan & company partner, gives five hundred thousand dollars to establish "chair of political economy" at Harvard. The money will stay and the interest will be used. Well invested, it should pay the chosen professor a fair salary.

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Man Must Know Creative Power to Master Himself

Man is buffeted by circumstances so long as he believes himself to be the creature of outside conditions, but when he realizes that he is a creative power, and that he may command the hidden soil and seeds of his being out of which circumstances grow, he then becomes the rightful master of himself.—James Allen.

Two Killarneys

Since Ireland has been divided into the Free State and North Ireland, the citizens of the latter claim that there are two Killarneys, the famous beauty of the South, and a new one—"Enniskillen" by Lough Erne.

Still Coughing?

No matter how many medicines you have tried for your cough, chest cold or bronchial irritation, you can get relief now with Creomulsion. Serious trouble may be brewing and you cannot afford to take a chance with anything less than Creomulsion, which goes right to the seat of the trouble to aid nature to soothe and heal the inflamed membranes as the germ-laden phlegm is loosened and expelled. Even if other remedies have failed, don't be discouraged, your druggist is authorized to guarantee Creomulsion and to refund your money if you are not satisfied with results from the very first bottle. Get Creomulsion right now. (Adv.)

Justice

Men are always invoking Justice, yet it is Justice which should make them tremble.—Mme. Swetchine.

DON'T SLEEP ON LEFT SIDE, AFFECTS HEART

Gas Pressure May Cause Discomfort. Right Side Best

If you toss in bed and can't sleep on right side, try Adlerika. Just one dose relieves stomach GAS pressing on heart so you sleep soundly all night.

Adlerika acts on BOTH upper and lower bowels and brings out foul matter you would never believe was in your system. This old matter may have poisoned you for months and caused GAS, sour stomach, headache or nervousness. Dr. H. L. Shoub, New York, reports: "In addition to intestinal cleansing, Adlerika greatly reduces bacteria and colon bacilli."

Mrs. Jas. Filler: "Gas on my stomach was so bad I could not eat or sleep. Even my heart hurt. The first dose of Adlerika brought me relief. Now I eat as I wish, sleep fine and never feel better." Give your stomach and bowels a REAL cleansing with Adlerika and see how good you feel. Just ONE dose relieves GAS and chronic constipation. Sold by all druggists and drug departments.

Poisonous Gossip

Gossip is told with leers that envenom it.

Nervous, Weak Woman Soon All Right

"I had regular shaking spells from nervousness," writes Mrs. Cora Sanders, of Paragould, Ark. "I was all run-down and cramped at my time until I would have to go to bed. After my first bottle of Cardui, I was better. I kept taking Cardui and soon I was all right. The shaking quit and I did not cramp. I felt worlds better. I gave Cardui to my daughter who was in about the same condition and she was soon all right." Thousands of women testify Cardui benefited them. If it does not benefit YOU, consult a physician.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Removes Dandruff—Stops Hair Falling Out—Keeps Hair Soft and Shiny—Beautifies Gray and Faded Hair—60 and 100 Cent Bottles—Florexton Shampoos—N.Y.

No Need to Suffer "Morning Sickness"

"Morning sickness"—is caused by an acid condition. To avoid it, acid must be offset by alkalis—such as magnesia.

Why Physicians Recommend Milnesia Wafers

These mint-flavored, candy-like wafers are pure milk of magnesia in solid form—the most pleasant way to take it. Each wafer is approximately equal to a full adult dose of liquid milk of magnesia. Chewing thoroughly, then swallowing, they correct acidity in the mouth and throughout the digestive system and insure quick, complete elimination of the waste matters that cause gas, headaches, bloated feelings and a dozen other discomforts.

Milnesia Wafers come in bottles of 20 and 40, at 35c and 60c respectively, and in convenient tins for your handbag containing 12 at 20c. Each wafer is approximately one adult dose of milk of magnesia. All good drug stores sell and recommend them.

Start using these delicious, effective anti-acid, gently laxative wafers today. Professional samples sent free to registered physicians or dentists if request is made on professional letterhead. Select Products, Inc., 4402 23rd St., Long Island City, N. Y.



The Original Milk of Magnesia Wafers

HOW ARE YOU TODAY?

DR. JAMES W. BARTON
Talks About

Overweight—Is It Organic?

ONE of the points about overweight that should be remembered is that the excess fat tissue is not deposited in everybody alike. Some have most of the excess fat about the abdomen, others in the neck where it makes a double or triple chin, others have the fat about the chest and shoulders and others mostly about the hips.

Ordinary overweight or obesity simply means that fat has got in and about the different organs and tissues of the body, interfering with the action of these organs and tissues and to that extent interfering with health. There are cases of course where the fat actually takes the place of the tissues; that is, the tissue becomes fat—fatty degeneration—which is really a disease. When an excess of fat becomes deposited on or in the body the first symptom is an increase in the rate of breathing—a slight breathlessness. The breathing is not only noticeable to the individual but can be heard by others.

The breathing becomes faster and more noisy; even walking on the level may cause breathlessness and walking upstairs becomes very difficult. There is usually an increased thirst, more water or other liquids are taken which of course means a further increase in weight.

Sometimes Mind is Ailed. Digestion may remain good, sleep urgent, and there is likely to be an enlargement of the liver and heart due to the extra work put on these organs. In some cases, strange to say, the mental alertness seems to be as keen as ever. As has been mentioned before very fat individuals do not resist such diseases as pneumonia and bronchitis very well, and are considered "poor risks" for operation.

Now, putting on fat is not usually a sudden process, although after some ailments or a change in certain glands fat accumulates quickly. As accumulating fat then is a slow process taking months and sometimes years, and the excess fat is simply due to the fact that more food is eaten than the body needs taking the fat off, and preventing it accumulating is just as simple. It means just eating and drinking a little less every day.

The next step is that fatigue or tiredness comes on with less effort than when the weight was normal. The extra weight the body has to handle and the interference the fat causes in the organs and tissues brings on fatigue sooner. Naturally as it is a "burden" to move around or take any exercise fat individuals dislike more and more to take exercise which, of course, means a further increase in weight.

How Fat Accumulates. As the appetite remains good there is no cutting down on the intake of food, sleepiness is felt, which means more accumulation of fat because even standing or walking would use up some fat whereas lying down allows fat to accumulate.

However if there is not too much fat the individual is not really sick; just a bit sluggish mentally and physically. If, however, the fat becomes excessive especially in middle aged or older people certain signs due to this excess fat become noticeable. The face becomes flushed, in fact assumes almost a bluish color, especially under exertion.

Children's Eye Defects. These "behaviors" and noticeable symptoms of children may show parents that the youngster's eyes may be defective:

1. Attempts to brush away blur.
2. Blinks continually when reading.
3. Cries frequently.
4. Has frequent fits of temper.
5. Holds the book far away from face when reading.
6. Holds the book close to eyes when reading, or keeps face close to page.
7. Holds body tense when looking at a distant object.
8. Is inattentive during reading lesson.
9. Is inattentive during wall chart, map or blackboard lesson.
10. Is inattentive during class discussion of field trip or visit to museum.
11. Is irritable over work.
12. Reads but a brief period without stopping.
13. Reads when he should be at play.
14. Rubs the eyes frequently.
15. Screws up face when reading.
16. Screws up face when looking at distant objects.
17. Shuts one eye when reading or covers one when reading.
18. Thrusts head forward in an effort to see distant objects.
19. Tilts head to one side when reading.

Conditions about the eyes that can be observed by parents and teachers: (a) Crusts on lids among lashes; (b) red eyelids; (c) styes; swollen eyelids; and watery eyes. The child may also report dizziness, headaches or nausea.

3—WNU Service.

Puerto Rican Revival Is Under Way



San Juan (shown above), and the tropical paradise of which it is the capital, are looking up to better times, it is revealed in the report of the governor, Blanton Winship, shown in inset at the right. The islanders were demonstrative in their approval of the New Deal, as pictured at lower right, and have welcomed the PRRA, administered by Ernest Gruening (inset, left).

By WILLIAM C. UTLEY

ENCOURAGING in this age of appearing governmental deficits is the report of Gov. Blanton Winship of Puerto Rico, on the island territory's activities for the fiscal year 1934-35.

For Puerto Rico, tiny West Indian paradise where some 1,700,000 or more American citizens live under a Stars and Stripes which ripples in the balmy trade winds, closed the fiscal year with a surplus of \$608,000, as against a deficit of \$279,000 for the preceding fiscal year.

Political strife and the cry for independence, which for some time had been gathering momentum and eventually resulted in the resignation of Gov. Robert H. Gore, who had served since July, 1933, have abated under the two years of the Winship administration until today Puerto Ricans have allowed the greater share of their political ardor to crystallize into a calm, determined, orderly fight for statehood.

Hearings on the case for Puerto Rican statehood will be resumed during the next congress. The congressional committee on territories began public hearings in Washington last June on a bill which would allow the island legislature at San Juan to frame a constitution and become the forty-ninth state. This is the desire of the coalition party now in power in the island government, which is completely autonomous except for the appointment of a governor by the President of the United States. There is still some agitation in the islands, fostered by the liberal party, for complete independence, and there has also been talk of a compromise of the two parties which would seek for Puerto Rico complete autonomy without territorial independence. This latter arrangement would place the island unique politically, would place it somewhere between a territory and a state, and is believed by many authoritative observers to be the likely outcome.

Revenue Collections Are Up. Despite the lingering depression which has not shown signs of lifting so quickly in Puerto Rico as in other parts of the United States, revenue collections for the fiscal year just closed were more than \$12,642,000, an increase of \$1,371,000 over the 1933-34 collections, and \$1,442,000 more than Manuel V. Domenech, the treasurer, had expected. Municipal finances did not fare so well, and none of the cities, of which there are many on this thickly populated island, built up any surplus.

The chief cause for worry lay in trade and commerce, which revealed a decrease of 7 per cent in exports and a 9 1/2 per cent increase in imports, effecting the lowest favorable balance of trade in eight years. Yet Puerto Rico sends 94 per cent of its exports to the United States, which imported far more foodstuffs—the principal Puerto Rican products—than in many years preceding. Especially worthy of note was the falling off in the export coffee business, despite concerted promotional drives to popularize Puerto Rican coffee in the United States. Where in 1934 the island exported 2,970,000 pounds of coffee, it shipped away only 800,000 pounds in 1935. Imports of coffee for the fiscal year just closed were 1,142,000 pounds, compared with only 10,449 pounds the year before. Governor Winship attributes this startling reversal of form to the small size of the 1934 crop.

There was, however, a general feeling of improvement in the governor's report. Not a little of the credit for improvement is given to the Puerto Rican Relief administration, the efforts of which are just beginning to be felt, since its work has not yet reached the height of the campaign to restore to the island a more balanced agriculture.

Small Farmer Suffers. With a population which has doubled since the island was ceded to the United States at the close of the Spanish-

American war in 1898, Puerto Rico is now the most thickly settled agricultural region under Uncle Sam's rule. Yet holdings of agricultural land are concentrated to an extent that has proved itself harmful to the industry as a whole and has reduced the small owner to a state approaching economic slavery.

Although congress, as far back as 1900, foresaw the hovering evil of concentration of ownership and passed a law which limited corporate holdings to 500 acres, the law was never enforced. Millions in American capital rolled in, to become the foundation for large-scale farming, chiefly on sugar plantations, until today holdings of more than 500 acres include more than a third of the area under cultivation, although they constitute only 7 per cent of the total holdings. So serious has this situation become for the small farmer, hundreds of families from modest farms have been forced to give up and move into the cities, there to take up their dwelling in the most inadequate and unsanitary of hovels, constituting a threat to political peace, an addition to the already difficult unemployment problem and a potential source of diseases which spring from poverty and uncleanness.

President Roosevelt, visiting the island in 1934, was impressed by the evil of this unlawful concentration and declared that he would, revive both the spirit and the letter of the law of 1900, and found upon it the return of Puerto Rico to a sound agricultural economy.

The President's interest took form in the PRRA, but this organization was slow in getting started with its work and it was not until a couple of months ago that it began to take definite, measurable shape. On December 1, 1935, the PRRA had enrolled 8,700 relief workers and 1,500 non-relief workers, from which date 2,500 employees, selected from the relief rolls as far as possible, were to be added each week until what was considered an adequate staff had been assembled.

Funds Fall Short.

Under the direction of Ernest Gruening, head of the division of territories and island possessions of the United States Department of the Interior, the PRRA was to complete operations the cost of which has been estimated at \$157,000,000. Doctor Gruening has been faced with the rather discouraging fact that his organization has been given only \$64,000,000 so far, his projects having had to take reduction after reduction in finances.

In the face of these rather fundamental annoyances, the program cut out for Doctor Gruening and the PRRA is nothing if not an ambitious one. One of the first things to be done is clearing the slums of the cities and solving the housing problems of the farm families who have been forced to seek the centers of population to make sure of getting something to eat (usually from relief agencies). This calls for \$2,200,000.

Coffee and tobacco industries in the hills which dot the island everywhere, as well as sugar plantations on the coastal plains and the more infrequent inland lowlands, have suffered from centuries of soil erosion, with resultant impairment of efficiency. Reforestation, forestation and preventive measures against soil erosion will be started to the tune of \$394,000. Most of the topsoil has been washed away from large areas, and many of the trees which were not cut have been destroyed by hurricanes—those of 1928 and 1932, which took 200 lives each, as well as the more recent ones, which wreaked such havoc along the Florida shores.

Another aid to the farmer will be the rural electrification project, a tiny counterpart of similar projects so dear to the heart of the administration on the mainland. This, to cost \$2,728,000, will provide hydro-electric power to irrigate land, especially that on the wide southern coastal plain where the rainfall is far below the average of

76 inches annually, and to electrify industries and homes in the interior. Private power companies, including two owned by foreign concerns, now furnish power in some of the cities and their surrounding areas, but the government claims to have no intention of competing with these in any way. There are also several localities in which power is now supplied by plants owned and operated by the insular government.

Fight Cattle Tick.

A project with the double purpose of protecting Puerto Rican minor industries and furnishing employment will be the campaign to banish the cattle tick and the coconut budrot. This will cost \$307,000.

Three projects combined aim at the readjustment of Puerto Rico's principal industry, sugar. The Jones-Costigan act required a cut of 150,000 tons in the island's production of sugar. This made the unemployment problem even worse than it should have been. It abated the necessity of finding some other use for 75,000 acres of marginal sugar land. The PRRA intends to turn this land into homesteading and crop diversification projects. Hammers will soon ring in the construction of homes, schools and community buildings. The farmers now in the city will be moved out onto these lands and given opportunity to become owners of the little farms upon which they settle. The project will cost nearly \$6,000,000.

Supplementing this project are two others, that of rural resettlement on marginal sugar lands (\$1,808,000), and that of resettlement on good sugar lands (\$6,500,000). The projects have as one of their goals the co-operative ownership of processing plants and systems of marketing. Eventually it is hoped by this means to diminish the amount of productive and profitable land held by corporations in far-relocated localities and build up the security of the independent farmer.

Nor is the ailing coffee-growing industry to be left out in the cold. In fact, coffee, along with tobacco and citrus fruit farms, will receive a larger allotment of funds than any other of the projects, a total of almost \$8,000,000. Hurricanes and falling prices have put these farmers into a sorry state. This part of the rehabilitation scheme is intended to acquire and redistribute thousands of small parcels of land, which are now struggling under an unwieldy burden of debt, at one-half the appraised value.

Will Buy Processing Plants.

Under still another project, the PRRA will seek to buy equipment for the processing and preservation of farm and community products. Such equipment would include sugar centrals, coffee mills, warehouses and cold storage plants. The estimated cost of the venture is \$4,000,000.

Amid all this bread-and-butter talk, culture will not be overlooked by the beneficent PRRA. Its program calls for a grant of approximately \$1,200,000 to the University of Puerto Rico, a first rate co-educational institution founded more than 30 years ago in Rio Piedras. Originally intended as a normal school, this seat of learning now embraces colleges of liberal arts, law, agriculture and the mechanic arts, pharmacy and the university high school. It is known for its fine work in tropical medicine, tropical agriculture and Spanish and English languages. Graduated from its classes are many of the leaders of island life and, in fact, many prominent persons throughout Spanish America.

The PRRA administration wishes to attain a permanent status, but so far has not been able to secure the necessary approval from Washington. Ordinarily the FERA funds are endorsed only up to June, 1937, but during the last session of congress a bill was introduced by which the funds of PRRA might be extended three years past that date. It didn't pass.

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Childlikeness Which Is Highest Gain of Humanity

There is a childhood into which we have to grow, just as there is a childhood which we must leave behind; a childlikeness which is the highest gain of humanity, and a childlikeness from which but few of those who are counted the wisest among men, have freed themselves in their imagined progress towards the reality of things.—George McDonald.

Ignorance Criminal

Ignorance, when voluntary, is criminal, and a man may be properly charged with that evil which he neglected or refused to learn how to prevent.—Johnson.



SIMPLE SIMON
MET A PIEMAN
AND ORDERED THREE OR FOUR;
HE NOW EATS TUMS
WHEN HEARTBURN COMES...
DON'T SUFFER ANY MORE!

Stop Saying "NO" TO FAVORITE FOODS

IT isn't only pie that disagrees with some people. Many say that even milk gives them a gassy stomach. The very best foods may bring on acid indigestion, sour stomach, gas, heartburn. Millions have found that Tums quickly relieve acid indigestion. Munch 3 or 4 after meals or whenever smoking, hasty eating, last night's party, or some other cause brings on acid indigestion. Tums contain no harsh alkalis, which physicians have said may increase the tendency toward acid indigestion. Instead an antacid which neutralizes stomach acid, but never over-alkalizes the stomach or blood. You'll like their minty taste. Only 10c.

TUMS FOR THE TUMMY
TUMS ARE AN ANTACID NOT A LAXATIVE.
TUMS ARE HANDY TO CARRY.

Cost of Accidents

The total cost of accidents in the United States in 1934 is estimated at \$3,500,000,000.

COMMON COLDS
Relieve the distressing symptoms by applying Mentholum in nostrils and rubbing on chest.
MENTHOLATUM
Gives COMFORT Daily
If you prefer nose drops, or throat spray, call for the NEW MENTHOLATUM LIQUID in handy bottle with dropper.

Trouble

A jealous man always finds more than he looks for.—Mile. de Scuderi.

FOUND!
My Ideal Remedy for HEADACHE
"Though I have tried all good remedies Capudine suits me best. It is quick and gentle." Quickest because it is liquid—its ingredients are already dissolved. For headache, neuralgia, aches—periodic pains.

CAPUDINE
Soothes AND Relieves
Try Cuticura—for all skin blemishes due to external causes. Ointment 25c. Soap 25c. FREE trial sizes if you write "Cuticura," Dept. 8, Malden, Mass.

SKIN IRRITATIONS
Try Cuticura—for all skin blemishes due to external causes. Ointment 25c. Soap 25c. FREE trial sizes if you write "Cuticura," Dept. 8, Malden, Mass.

WNU—L 2-38

Watch Your Kidneys!

Be Sure They Properly Cleanse the Blood

YOUR kidneys are constantly filtering waste matter from the blood stream. But kidneys sometimes lag in their work—do not act as nature intended—fail to remove impurities that poison the system when retained.

Then you may suffer nagging backache, dizziness, scanty or too frequent urination, getting up at night, puffiness under the eyes, feel nervous, miserable—all upset. Don't delay? Use Doan's Pills. Doan's are especially for poorly functioning kidneys. They are recommended by grateful users the country over. Get them from any druggist.

DOAN'S PILLS

The Mitchell County News

Published Weekly on Thursday
By Callahan and King

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MITCHELL COUNTY NEWS

J. P. Majors

Mitchell County's Oldest
Jeweler and Optometrist
Quality Watch Repairs
AndCorrectly Fitted Glasses
At prices you can afford to
pay.Visit our store when in
COLORADO

We have been wondering recently just what the Loraine merchants were going to do this year to increase business from this trade territory. We have been trying to persuade them the past four years that they were not getting all the business possible to be brought here. Some of them are just now waking up to the fact that we were right. Some have expressed themselves as being disappointed in the volume of business received during last year, especially during the fall. Business was better than some previous falls but with the good crop and fair prices, it should have been much better.

We have been wondering where the business went. There is no doubt in our mind about the business leaving here. Where it went and why is another problem.

First of all we would say that the bad condition of our roads caused us to lose a thousand or fifteen hundred bales of cotton the past year. And of course with the cotton we lost other business that would have come here had the cotton been ginned and sold here. The second reason we would name has been the lack of cooperation and aggressiveness of Loraine merchants. Stocks of merchandise in Loraine are more complete than can be found in many places larger than ours and it has not been really necessary for people to leave here to find most anything they wanted and needed, but lack of aggressive advertising on the

part of our merchants, and the ever present catalogues from mail order houses and their advertising campaigns in newspapers, daily and weekly, circulating in this territory have kept the merchandise of those concerns right before the people all the time. It is a natural consequence that the people bought their merchandise, a great deal of it at least, from them.

We are still of the opinion that Loraine can regain a lot of the lost business with the right kind of program.

The Loraine territory badly needs all-weather roads leading in all directions from town. Two good roads kept in good condition north of town and two south of town would mean a great deal to Loraine. Not alone to the business interests but to the school and churches.

A project was sent to WPA some time ago calling for work on roads both north and south of town but it has not been approved and it is beginning to look as if it will not be. Even the street paving project here in town has not been approved and it looks as if the precinct is going to be left high and dry so far as WPA work is concerned. Other parts of the county are getting projects approved and are working on some of them now. Our WPA labor is being taken to other parts of the county to work. Why that is true we do not know. We do know, however, that this community is going to have to

improve its road system and do a great many other things if it is to prosper in the future.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following candidates have authorized The Mitchell County News to announce to the voters of Mitchell County their candidacies, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries.

FOR PUBLIC WEIGHER:
John Scown
FOR COMMISSIONER PRE. 4:
W. J. (Jim) Manly
Frank Crownover
FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
B. L. Templeton
FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
Mrs. Mayme Taylor
FOR COUNTY CLERK:
J. M. Herrington

SORE BLEEDING GUMS

Only one bottle LETO'S PYORRHEA REMEDY is needed to convince anyone. No matter how bad your case, get a bottle, use as directed, and if you are not satisfied druggists will return your money.

Hutchins and Hall, Druggists.

Pont Scratch! Get Paracide Ointment, the guaranteed itchy remedy. Paracide Ointment is Guaranteed to relieve itch, eczema, itching piles or skin irritations or money refunded. Large jar 50c at The Martin Drug Store. 24 16 tp

Renew Your Subscription Now! Typewriter ribbons, a new stock at The News Office.

THRILLING
STORIES

for

BOYS



Plus This Newspaper
At Reduced Price.

HERE is an offer that will appeal to all—American Boy Magazine and this newspaper at a special combination bargain price. The American Boy is the favorite magazine of more than 500,000 boys and young men. Its fiction carries boys on the wings of adventure to all parts of the world. Its sports articles by famous coaches and athletes are studied by champions. Here you will find the finest stories on sports, aviation, business, school activities, humor, and travel. Even at its regular price of \$1.00 a year, The American Boy is considered a bargain. But now you may obtain it and this newspaper.....

\$1.50

The Mitchell County News

GLASSES
OF . . .
WATER!

Suppose someone threw a glass or two of water on your walls and furniture every hour. Literally, this happens in your home if you are troubled with "sweating" walls during the heating season.

All air contains some moisture and "sweating" walls are caused by too much moisture in the air of the room. Water vapor is exhaled by everyone at each breath and additional water vapor is given off by the fuel as it burns in your heating appliances. The water vapor from these sources combines with the moisture already present in the atmosphere and when the room air reaches a super-saturated condition the excess moisture or "sweat" collects on walls, doors, furniture and other cold surfaces.

"Sweating" walls are most commonly experienced in homes that use open flame types of individual room heaters exclusively but fail to provide adequate ventilation. This type of equipment is rarely vented to a flue and all the water vapor from the burning fuel is expelled into the room air. The unvented open flame heater is practical for quick heat in one room and can be used with great satisfaction if sufficient ventilation and circulation of air is provided to keep the room air from becoming over-loaded with moisture.

Moving air favors evaporation and helps prevent heat stagnation by keeping the temperature within normal limits. Therefore, open the window nearest the heater in each room slightly at the top and bottom. Keep connecting doors open so that a natural circulation of pure warmed air prevails throughout the house. With these simple and healthful methods of winter air-conditioning you will be able to reduce "wall sweating" to a minimum.

For your health's sake, and to obtain the greatest value from the fuel you are using, heat your entire house during the short winter season and provide adequate ventilation.

... Community Natural Gas Co.



Don't gamble with a "cold!"
Consult your family doctor before it has an opportunity to undermine your health.

CAUGHT in the WILD

By **ROBERT AMES BENNET**

WNU Service
Copyright by Robert Ames Bennet

CHAPTER X—Continued

Midway to the stream channel he stopped where, through separate vistas, he could see both planes. The gray dawn had brightened enough to make them visible at a distance. He sat down on a log to wait. In the Eskimo suit, the cold was negligible.

A look at the constable's pistol showed it to be fully loaded. He took off the belt and buckled it on again under the loose fullness of his parka. Holstered between the caribou skin and his rabbit-fur undersuit, the oil in the pistol mechanism would become warm. Cold oil is apt to jam a gun.

After making sure of the pistol, he had nothing to do except grip his face in an occasional rub to prevent frostbite. He sat restfully relaxed, as patient as an Eskimo hunter beside a seal hole. Very slowly the gray dawn brightened. It at last began to mellow into gold.

From across the lake came the crack of rifles—three shots in quick succession. Garth told himself that Huxby or his men were hunting moose. He surmised why. The engineer planned to cover the shattered ends of the three-seater plane's floats with rawhide.

The sun glared over the jagged barrier mountains into the frost-gripped valley. Quite a while later, Garth saw one of his four enemies come out of the trees near the lake shore, on the far side of the frozen glacier stream. The man carried a big folded hide on his left shoulder.

A shout turned the man's steps up towards the ford. Other shouts came from the slope above. Garth smiled. It was as he had foreseen. In coming to repair the floats of the three-seater plane, Huxby and his men had formed a line from the lake shore to timberline and searched the spruce woods.

But the hunters had found no trace of their quarry all the way to the bank of the frozen glacier stream. There, however, the snowshoe tracks coming down from the tundra made plain sign even for cheechakoos. Huxby came running along the trail, followed by the man with the moosehide.

Near the plane the engineer stopped for the miner to overtake him. They approached the stranded aircraft warily, with rifles raised, ready to shoot. When nothing happened, Huxby signed for his companion to drop the hide and climb aboard. As the man obeyed, another of the miners came running down the trail.

Huxby was looking at the tracks that led on along the lake shore. The man on the plane peered into the three cockpits. Huxby sighted the cabin plane across the corner of the lake. He shouted and pointed to it, but waited for the second miner to come up before starting on along the trail. The fourth man of the party appeared up the stream bank.

Garth slipped back behind thick cover and swung into a fast pace. He struck the stream bank above the ford. Trees cut off all view of the four trackers. Garth crossed the ice in the open stream bed and found cover again on the west bank. But instead of heading up the gulch, he kept straight on, parallel with the lake shore.

The thought of Lillith amused him. She had been seen only by the miner who had fired down from timberline. At the distance she must have been mistaken for a man. Only a degenerate criminal would knowingly shoot at a woman. But her short snowshoe trail following his own and Dillon's must have shown the trackers that the third member of his party was as helpless as the dead or wounded constable.

They would be perplexed to guess what had become of his two companions. No man could make off with two persons on his back. Even if Huxby had guessed the truth that Dillon was dead and his body aboard the cabin plane, he would be mystified by the puzzle of the third person who, with the snowshoe-runner, had been kept from boarding the plane.

Still smiling, Garth came to the placer camp. The big fire under the gravel-thawing kettles had died down to a bed of coals. The forelegs and hindquarters of the newly killed moose lay in the snow beside the brush lean-to. On the floor mat of spruce sprays, along with the bedding, was a pile of food—bacon, flour, sugar, dried fruit, tea. Back of the food were tight-lidded cans filled with dynamite, coils of fuse, and caps.

Garth jerked up the blankets. Under one set lay the strong canvas bag for which he was looking. He had hoped to find the constable's rifle. But one of the miners must have come to the valley without a gun. The carbine had not been left in camp.

The failure to find the weapon did not alter Garth's plans. Working fast, he filled the three-gallon teapot with packages of tea, salt and sugar. The pot went into an empty flour sack, along with a little dried fruit, some dynamite, and a pair each of tin cups, plates and spoons.

On the big stack of fuel beside the lean-to, he piled all the rest of the food and dynamite, the blankets, and the quarters of moose. With a shovel that was leaning against the rocker cradle

he tossed coals from the fire into the base of the stack. The wood soon blazed up in several places.

With the floursack pack and the bag of platinum alloy slung over his shoulder, he went downslope.

Garth lugged the sack across the open space and past the stunted spruce beside which Constable Dillon had been murdered. In a drift on the north side of the next tree, he dug a hole, dropped in the sack of alloy, and covered it over.

A backward look at the camp showed the bonfire flaming high. At any moment the frozen dynamite was apt to thaw enough to explode. From off to the left came angry shouts. The direction of Garth's trail had at last warned the pursuers of his raid on their camp.

They were heading for it as fast as they could flounder through the drifts.

Instead of circling to double past them again, Garth slanted off downslope towards the west side of the lake. There was no need to warn them about the dynamite. Before he had taken a dozen strides, the frosty air crashed with a thundering explosion. He bent forward and went pounding downhill through the soft snow as if breaking trail for a fast driven dog team.

When he neared the border of the muskig he glimpsed a gray shape in the outer fringe of willows. No wolf could bulk so large. The she-grizzly had been first of the flesh eaters to find what was left of the newly killed moose.

Close looking and listening showed that the cubs of the great bear were not with her. Garth went straight towards the hogishly feeding beast until she caught his scent. She reared up to gaze her bloody jaws and roared as she had roared at him and Huxby and Mr. Ramill.

Garth very quietly turned to the left and angled off away from her. He was the two-legged creature who had several times shied respectfully around her and her cubs during the summer. She watched him go, then returned to her greedy gorging.

He skirted along the border of the muskig to where a narrow neck of the swamp extended up a little valley to a gulch in the side of the west mountain.

At the far bank he shifted sideways and crouched down behind a clump of willows. He did not have long to wait. Enraged by the destruction of their food and camp outfit and the taking of the platinum alloy, Huxby and his men must have rushed fast down the trail of their bedeviler.

From over across the corner of the muskig came the warning roar of the disturbed grizzly. A quick shot followed. Close upon the report came an outburst of terrific snarling roars and a whole fusillade of shots. The roars suddenly ceased. But the firing kept up for four or five seconds.

"Scared. Wasting cartridges," Garth told himself. "Hopping mad at me, and, atop that, flurried by her charge. Hope she didn't get any of them."

His wish was soon fulfilled. All four trackers came plodding along the border of the muskig. Huxby was in the lead. But the bearded man next behind shoved forward beside him as he came striding out on the bog. Both



A Quick Crawl Took Him In Through the Low Narrow Passage.

happened to step two or three times on niggerheads. Then the miner hit the snow between tussocks.

The bearded man's curse as he plunged down into the quagmire jerked Huxby's glance around. He saw the trap a split second too late to keep on the tussocks. Like the miner, he shot down through the frozen crust into the deep slime and mud. The third man followed suit. But he was near shore, where the bog was only kneedeep. The fourth, lagging behind, halted on solid ground.

At Huxby's shouted orders, the last man ran to fetch poles of down timber. The two leaders were in almost to their armpits before the dead aspen

trunks could be brought and shoved out to them.

Set on niggerheads, the poles gave support for the trapped men to pull themselves up out of the treacherously sucking quagmire. Other poles made a bridge for them, back to solid ground. But the bearded miner left his rifle down in the ooze.

Garth chuckled and looked to see Huxby backtrail with his men. Instead, the engineer headed up the bog valley towards the gulch. That added to Garth's mirth. By a quick return, the hunters could have stripped off the grizzly's hide before it froze. They were walking away from a rug that would have gone far towards replacing their burnt blankets. He had so tantalized and enraged them that they could think only of revenge.

To add insult to injury, he tramped a heavy trail up into a spruce thicket and built a small fire. Beside the fire, he scattered a handful of dried apricots and prunes. After that he skirted along the edge of the muskig to its north end.

Here he came to where in ancient times, before it started to recede, the glacier had piled a big terminal moraine. This was the immense natural dam that held the lake in its bed.

Among the rocks of the rapids, on the slope of the lower valley below the falls, Garth made out the wreckage of Mr. Ramill's custom-built monoplane.

He worked his way down alongside the rapids to look closer at the wreck. What little had been left of the costly aircraft was not worth salvaging. But the tattered cover of one broken wing thrust up out of the white water within reach from the bank.

Garth started a fire of small sticks. He quenched it with damp moss, and used the charred stick ends to write on the wing fabric:

\$5,000 reward for
V. HUXBY
Thief and
Murderer.

CHAPTER XI

Female of the Species.

Shortly before noon, the four trackers appeared on the moraine. The man who had not been bogged led the way down. Another miner followed then Huxby. The man who had lost his rifle lagged behind. The two leaders reached the broken monoplane wing. Garth saw them read the writing.

Huxby jumped down beside the miners, to stare at the offer of reward that branded him for what he was. With a curse, he ripped the tattered piece of fabric from the wing frame and flung it down into the foaming rapid.

The two men glanced furtively at each other. Huxby pointed to the trail on the opposite bank and signed for them to lead the way across. Neither moved. The first man cursed and shouted his refusal:

"Jump them boulders? I ain't no lynx. I'm through trailing that devil."

"Me too," declared the second man. "I won't break my neck for nobody."

A second look at the crossing forced Huxby to shout his agreement: "Curse the devil! We'll chase back. He's going on around to our plane. That's where he must have left both of his disabled companions."

Along with the angry statement, the engineer signed for his miners to start back ahead of him. Garth smiled. The two who had seen that offer of reward would not forget it, and Huxby was keenly aware of the fact.

When all four disappeared up on the moraine, Garth recrossed the boulders. There was no sign of Lillith when he came down from the moraine. He called into the entrance tunnel. Back came a quivering cry of relief. A quick crawl took him in through the low narrow passage.

Lillith was breathing hard, almost gasping. "Oh! oh, thank God! I looked and looked, but I could not see you. I thought you must be lying there—like that poor policeman—dead!"

"Hardly. Look here—and here," He showed the pistol, then dumped his floursack pack. "How about salt on our meat, and a cup of tea with sugar?"

"Alan!" she cried. "You made them give you all this!"

"In a way—yes. Set a pot of snow on the lamp stone, and slice some meat."

Lillith gazed at him in speechless wonderment, her blue eyes wide and very lustrous. He pretended not to notice. He salted and started to eat the first hot fat caribou steak that she served him on one of the looted tin plates.

But after he had told about the bear scare and the luring of the men into the bog, her surprise found utterance.

"Why didn't you kill the beasts while you had the chance?"

Garth answered with sudden gravity: "For several reasons, my girl. The main ones are because I am not a killer and because I intend that

Vivian Huxby shall be tried and hung for murder."

She gasped: "You—hung! But he has all those men to help him. You're alone—worse than alone. I'm only a hindrance."

He smiled banteringly. "Well, I wouldn't say that. A handy cook isn't altogether a nuisance. The pot is beginning to simmer. You might drop in a pinch of tea. How's your ankle?"

"Ever so much better. I've exercised it a little every time I went outside. And I've half finished my parka. But how—" she interrupted herself—"how can you win if you don't kill them?"

"Why, for a starter, Miss Cook, we'll let them stew in their own juice for a few days. That will tend to soften their bonds of mutual aid. No bedding and a diet of saltless meat will help those three plump jacks to consider the desirability of that five thousand dollar reward I offered for their boss."

"Alan Garth, you're marvelous!"

"Not at all. It just happens I know this game, and I told you before that Huxby is only a commonplace wolf. If he were a wolverine, I'd have to look sharp. As it is, we'll stay up here snug and cosy, and enjoy their tea and sugar while you're learning to use your snowshoes."

By noon the next day Lillith's Eskimo suit was finished. Her ankle, though weak, was no longer sore or swollen. Garth bandaged it firmly with a strip of skin, and had her begin practicing on her webs.

Not being hurried or excited, she soon caught the knack of the snowshoe stride. As her ankle became stronger and her feet hardened she developed into a fairly fast snowshoe runner.

Their last climb took them up around the bend in the great cleft. Before they turned back, Garth had the girl fire the pistol. She neither shuddered nor flinched as she pulled the trigger. Each time the bullet struck within a foot of the nearby mark that Garth set up.

"Not half bad," he approved. "I'll let you go down with me tomorrow morning."

Though the temperature had become milder, it remained below freezing point. As on the other occasion, Garth started down the gulch two hours before dawn. This time Lillith trailed with him.

Huxby had moved his camp to the lake shore opposite the stranded cabin plane. A big fire of birch logs threw its welcome heat into the front of the three-sided lean-to. The engineer and two of his miners lay asleep, huddled in nests of spruce sprays and dry moss.

The fourth man sat on a log beside the fire, his rifle between his knees. He yawned drowsily.

The first slight tinge of dawn had begun to gray the east. But among the trees the night was still black. A sudden flicker of light in the darkness behind the lean-to brought the sleepy watcher's head up with a jerk. Beside the skin-clad man with the lighted match, he saw a second man squinting at him along the barrel of a pistol.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Mexico's Calendar Stone Carved by Aztec Indians

Among the sights of Mexico City is the famous Calendar stone. It was cut from volcanic rock by Aztec Indians, and the work was done more than four centuries ago, during the reign of the Aztec ruler, Montezuma II, says a writer in the Detroit News. Aztec tribes were in control of Mexico when it was invaded by the Spaniards. The present name of the country is believed to have come from an old Aztec war-god who was called "Mexitli" or "Mexitli." It is easy to see how his name could have been changed to "Mexico."

The Calendar stone is on view in a museum in Mexico City. On it is carved a great circular figure in the shape of the sun; and the width of the figure is 12 feet.

The stone is composed of volcanic rock, and weighs 20 tons as it exists today. The rock appears to have been obtained from a quarry several miles from Mexico City; and it is estimated that before the carving was done, the rough block weighed from 40 to 50 tons.

It may be that the block was cut down before it was moved from the quarry; but, in any case, it was too heavy for people to lift. There were no oxen or other large beasts of burden in Mexico before the white men came, so it must have been moved with the help of rollers.

At the center of the Calendar stone is a picture or symbol of the sun god and with the rest of the carving, it tells the Aztec story of "the world's history."

The Aztecs declared that four suns had existed before the one they saw in the sky. The first sun was supposed to have been destroyed by a jaguar, the second by a whirlwind, the third by a rain of fire, and the fourth by a flood. It was believed that the fifth sun would be destroyed by an earthquake.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By REV. F. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.
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Lesson for January 12

SIMEON'S PROPHECY

LESSON TEXT—Luke 2:25-35, 40.
GOLDEN TEXT—Mine eyes have seen thy salvation, which thou hast prepared before the face of all people.—Luke 2:30, 31.

PRIMARY TOPIC—When Simeon Saw Jesus.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Why Simeon Rejoiced.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—What Jesus Can Do for the World.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Jesus, the Hope of All Nations.

The occasion which brought Simeon to recognize Jesus as the Messiah was his being offered to the Lord by Mary and Joseph. According to the Jewish custom (Lev. 12), at the age of eight days the male child was circumcised and thus made a member of the covenant nation. In this case the child was given the name "Jesus" which indicated his mission (vv. 22-24). Then at the end of 40 days he was offered to the Lord on the basis of the original redemptive purpose, which was the priesthood of the first-born, and not according to the Levitical order (Exod. 13:2; cf. 32:26). The offering in such case was a lamb for such as could afford it, but for the poor a pair of turtle doves or pigeons was adequate. The Savior thus came to the level of the poor.

1. Simeon's Character (v. 25).
1. Upright. He sustained a right relation to his fellow men. He was "just."

2. Devout. He was of such a character as to enjoy personal fellowship with God.

3. Waiting for the "consolation of Israel"—Messiah. Waiting for the fulfillment of the divine purpose in the coming of Messiah had a blessed effect upon his life, inducing righteousness and godliness. Waiting for the second coming of Christ is set forth in the New Testament as having a salutary effect upon believers (1 John 3:3; 1 Thess. 1:9, 10).

4. Under the sway of the Holy Spirit. One thus enabled would be in a condition to recognize the Messiah. A spiritual mind is absolutely essential in order to discern the divine purpose (1 Cor. 2:14).

II. Simeon's Revelation (vv. 26-28).
He was assured that he should not die until he had seen the Lord's Christ. When Christ was brought to the temple, the Holy Spirit upon Simeon enabled him to discern the babe as the promised one. Happy is the one whose character and spiritual experience is such that he can discern the presence of the Lord. Truly it is in him that we live and move and have our being. To be in this state is to practice the presence of God. So definitely was he led by the Spirit that when Mary and Joseph brought Jesus into the temple, he took him up in his arms and blessed God, indicating his personal and affectionate appropriation of the Messiah as his Savior and Lord.

III. Simeon's Song (vv. 29-32).
This is the song known as the "Nunc Dimittis," so named from the Latin words with which it begins.

1. He prays for a peaceable departure (v. 29). Perhaps it was more than a prayer; it was praise to God that now he is having a blessed departure out of this life, having seen and handled the Savior. Truly blessed are the dead who died in the Lord.

2. He praises God for a world-wide salvation (vv. 30-32). The "Nunc Dimittis" is the universal song, thus widely differing from the "Magnificat" in that it is wider than the Jewish hope. Simeon saw Christ as the Light to reveal salvation to the Gentiles. This is the true glory of Israel. It is in keeping with the divine purpose in calling and disciplining this nation to make it the channel through which he might bless all the peoples of the world (Gen. 12:1-3).

IV. Simeon Blessed Joseph and Mary.
The revelation through Simeon caused them to marvel. To have such wonderful predictions made concerning their babe filled them with amazement. His blessing contained wonderful and even dark words of prophecy.

1. "This child is set for the fall and rising again of many in Israel." This means that Christ was to be a touchstone—destiny would be determined by the attitude of the people toward him. How definitely this has been fulfilled in the experience of that people!

2. "A sign which shall be spoken against." This had definite fulfillment in Israel and is being fulfilled today among many peoples.

3. A sword was to pierce Mary's soul. This perhaps refers to her suffering as she entered into sympathy with his unutterable suffering as he went to the cross, and her desolation afterward.

The Day of Rest

God's altar stands from Sunday to Sunday, and the seventh day is no more for religion than any other—it is for rest. The whole seven are for religion, and one of them for rest, for instruction, for social worship, for gaining strength for the other six.—H. W. Beecher.

Happiness

One of the first steps to contentment and happiness is to learn not to begrudge other people the things they have because you cannot have them.

All Around the House

Ferns grow and thrive in suspended window baskets if soil is kept moist and not allowed to dry out.

Place a loaf of cake as near the center of oven as possible. If placed close to the firebox one side of cake will rise higher than the other and is likely to burn.

Adhesive tape may be quickly and painlessly removed from the skin if softened with benzine. Saturate a sponge with benzine and wash tape with it.

To soften hardened putty, place in boiling water and allow to stand until water cools.

Do not keep cyclamens in too warm a room. Too much heat causes the blossoms to lose their firmness. Keep soil about the roots quite damp.

A pall of sand should always be kept near the furnace in the cellar. Should a spark from the furnace start a blaze it may be quickly extinguished with the sand.

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Find Out

From Your Doctor if the "Pain" Remedy You Take Is Safe.

Don't Entrust Your Own or Your Family's Well-Being to Unknown Preparations

BEFORE you take any preparation you don't know all about, for the relief of headaches; or the pains of rheumatism, neuritis or neuralgia, ask your doctor what he thinks about it—in comparison with Genuine Bayer Aspirin.

We say this because, before the discovery of Bayer Aspirin, most so-called "pain" remedies were advised against by physicians as being bad for the stomach; or, often, for the heart. And the discovery of Bayer Aspirin largely changed medical practice.

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Bayer Aspirin



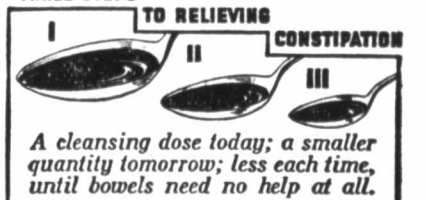
Women Slaves

Acute famine has driven hundreds of Chinese women in Anhwei province to offer themselves as slaves, the price averaging about \$5.

NO UPSETS

The proper treatment for a bilious child

THREE STEPS



A cleansing dose today; a smaller quantity tomorrow; less each time, until bowels need no help at all.

ANY mother knows the reason when her child stops playing, eats little, is hard to manage. Constipation. But what a pity so few know the sensible way to set things right! The ordinary laxatives, of even ordinary strength, must be carefully regulated as to dosage.

A liquid laxative is the answer, mothers. The answer to all your worries over constipation. A liquid can be measured. The dose can be exactly suited to any age or need. Just reduce the dose each time, until the bowels are moving of their own accord and need no help.

This treatment will succeed with any child and with any adult. The doctors use liquid laxatives. Hospitals use the liquid form. If it is best for their use, it is best for home use. The liquid laxative most families use is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Any druggist has it.

WANTED TO BUY

several 38 calibre Colt Army Six Shooters such as used in Civil War. Would also be interested in 44 calibre Colt Plains Pistols and 4 and 6-shot pepper-box pistols. Please describe weapons, stating condition and price for which you will sell.

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KC 25 oz.	19c	50 oz.	29c
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Classified Ads

For Sale—One John Deere 14 inch stag Sulky breaking plow. Homer Richburg. 36 2-tp.

For Sale—or trade—Crosley battery type radio with new batteries. Hubert May. 36-2tp.

ROSCOE HATCHERY
We are now operating and set on Saturday and Wednesday. Bring us your eggs for custom hatching. Let us figure with you on your chick needs. E. M. Cooper. 37 4tp.

For Sale—Farmall Tractor 20 in A-1 condition and equipment. \$600.00 terms. C. L. Harrison, Roscoe, Texas. 37 4tp.

For Sale—3 open O. I. C. gilts and young male hog. C. H. Hackfeld, 3 1/2 miles East of Lorraine. Phone 187F12. 37 2tp.

LOCALS

J. L. Bird left Sunday for Fort Worth and Corpus Christi where he will spend a month or two with his son and daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Arlie Mearse and daughter, Gwendola, took Lola back to Abilene Sunday and attended church at the First Baptist Church in Abilene.

Bring Alford your mattress work and he will save you money. C. G. Alford.

Joyce Furlow and Wyona Hardin left Sunday for Abilene where they will enter college.

Homer Derryberry is driving his car now with a big dent on the right side as the result of an accident in Colorado Wednesday afternoon when another car ran into him.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Tartt returned Monday from East Texas where they had been visiting relatives for several weeks.

Car Cannel lump coal due on track January 15. Buy from the car and save money. J. C. Meek, Lee and Fuel.

Bring Alford your mattress work and he will save you money. C. G. Alford.

We need more dirty clothes. Bring us your cleaning and pressing. We know how to do it. Leggotts Tailor Shop.

HERRINGTON OFFERS FOR REELECTION AS CLERK

J. M. Herrington authorized The News this week to announce to the voters of Mitchell County that he will be a candidate for the office of County Clerk to succeed himself Mr. Herrington is now serving his first term in the office. He made the following statement:

"Two years ago I promised the citizens of Lorraine, and Mitchell County, that, if they elected me to the office of County Clerk, I would give them the very best I possessed from the standpoint of courteous and efficient service. You honored me by electing me to the office of which I am deeply grateful; and, you have had me as your Clerk for the past year. Of course it is for you to judge whether I have fulfilled these promises.

I am again asking you for the privilege of serving you as your clerk, further pledging that with the past years experience in the office I shall, if elected, be better able to serve the citizens of this County more efficiently. This announcement is given subject to Democratic Primary in July.

BAPTIST NOTES

A wonderful spirit prevailed in Sunday School and preaching services Sunday. The primary department was very elated over their success in winning first prize in the contest at the Thornhill store. The juniors were also a very enthusiastic group. All teachers were present with renewed vigor for the new year. Miss Lees class made the highest grade. The intermediates, seniors and adults also entered the new year with new zeal.

Rev. Hardin's message from the text, For Ye have not passed this way heretofore, found in the fourth verse of the third chapter of Joshua was such a fitting one and very inspiring as we stood at the bring of the new year. We were made to realize that the approaching year has never been fived or passed by anyone. But it is as if it were a leaf of white paper on which each of us may write. He insisted that we live in a way that will not mar or blur but will glorify God's name.

The subject for the evening service was the four greatest fears, criticism, poverty, old age, and death. He made us realize that all fears may be overcome by faith and trust in God. The B. T. U. was well attended Sunday evening. If you are not attending a training union elsewhere we urge you to meet with us each Sunday evening at 6:15.

Prayer service and teachers meeting at the church each Wednesday evening at seven o'clock. All are invited to be present. Reporter.

NOTICE! We are open six days a week and ready to give you the best service at all times. Give us a trial. Leggotts Tailor Shop.

COLORADO NAT. FARM LOAN ASSN. TO MEET

The Colorado National Farm Loan Association is planning to hold the largest and best annual stockholders' meeting in its history Tuesday, January 14, at 3 p. m. The by-laws of all National Farm Loan Associations in Texas provide that the annual meetings shall be held on this date. National Farm Loan Associations are farmers' cooperative credit institutions and these annual meetings give an opportunity for the borrower-members to keep informed of the operations of their associations and help select directors who manage the affairs of the associations for the ensuing year.

According to Chas. C. Thompson Secretary-Treasurer of the Colorado Association, this meeting is very important and every member of the Association who can arrange to do so should attend. Members will hear reports of operations of the association in 1935, will elect directors for the coming year, will transact other necessary business and will hear a special radio program.

A feature of the meetings will be the radio address at 3:30 p. m. to the 70,000 borrowers of the 385 associations in Texas, by A. C. Williams, President of The Federal Land Bank and General Agent of the Farm Credit Admin-

stration of Houston. Radios will be installed at the place of meeting to receive the message. Mr. Williams will speak to the various groups present at the shareholders' meetings through the co-operation of the Texas Quality Network which includes Radio Stations KPRC Houston, WBAP Fort Worth, WFAA Dallas, and WOAI San Antonio. The meeting will be held in the District Court room.

Another car Broken—Aro coal is due on the track Monday, January 13, \$9.50 per ton at the car. J. C. Meek Lee and Fuel.

Typewriter ribbons, a new lock at The News Office.

The Board of stewards of the Methodist church had their regular meeting Monday night at the home of L. L. Jarratt. After a devotional and business session the stewards enjoyed a winer roast and pop corn.

FREE! about STOMACH TROUBLE

Explains the marvelous Willard Treatment which is bringing amazing relief. Sold on ironclad money-back guarantee. PRICELESS INFORMATION—for those suffering from STOMACH OR DIGESTIVE ULCEAS, DUE TO HYPER-ACIDITY, POOR DIGESTION, ACID DYSPEPSIA, SOUR STOMACH, GASINESS, HEARTBURN, CONSTIPATION, BAD BREATH, SLEEP-LESSNESS OR HEADACHES, DUE TO EXCESS ACID. Ask for a free copy of Willard's Message. Hutchins and Hall, Druggists.

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All new Fall and Winter patterns in grain leather, demi-suede, brown, black.

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I have moved my shop to the old hotel building second door West of Postoffice.

The genuine oil steam ringlette permanent waves. Only best of supplies used.

\$3.00 Oil Permanent \$1.00; \$5.00 Oil Permanent \$2.00 Shampoo, Set and Dry, 30c. Free shampoo with each permanent. All work guaranteed.

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Mrs. D. L. Granfill

"EVERYTHING TO BUILD ANYTHING"

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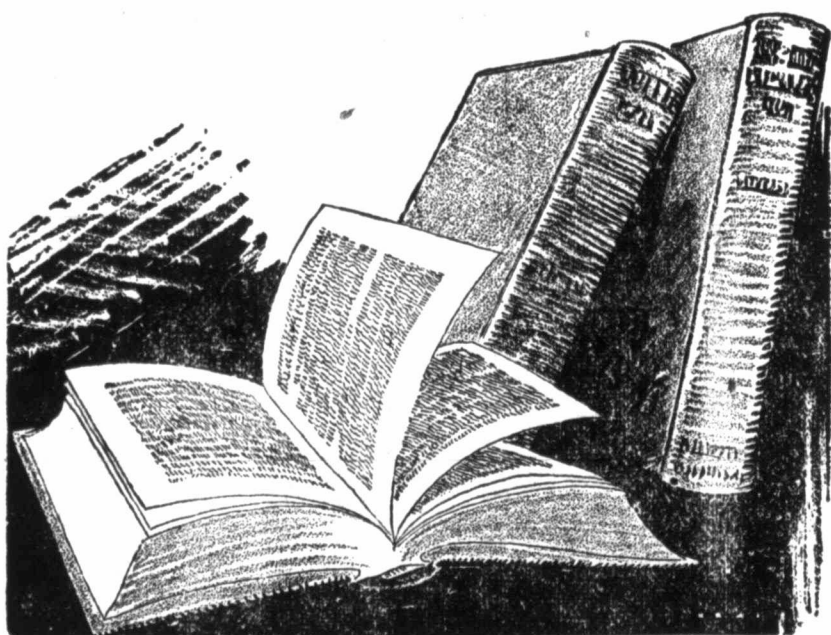
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