

George Mahon To Speak In Loraine Monday Morning

George H. Mahon, candidate for congress from the 19th district, will speak to the voters of Loraine and surrounding territory next Monday morning at ten o'clock on the street.

This will be the first speech Mr. Mahon has delivered among his home people during the present campaign and they should turn out in large numbers to hear him.

Lets give Mr. Mahon a large crowd and a good hearing next Monday morning. It will encourage him a great deal to see a big crowd of home folks to hear him. He has a wonderful opportunity to be our next congressman and we should lend him every support we can in his campaign.

MR. AND MRS. RUFUS HILL ARE HONORED

Tuesday evening the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bennett was the scene of much merriment.

As the hour for supper drew near many cars filled with happy folks were seen winding their way up the hill where a bountiful picnic supper was spread and enjoyed by "Our Old Time Gang."

Mrs. T. C. Wilson gave a toast to the honor guests, Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Hill of Dallas. Mrs. Hill will be remembered by many as Miss Myrtle Dyer.

After supper old time pictures and the recounting of many incidents of days gone by caused much laughter.

Many interesting and laughable games were enjoyed by all. Ask Harvey Muns, he can tell you.

As there must be an end to every thing, so as the clock ticked the time away the hour of departure came all too soon. We were all loath to leave the beautiful mountain of friendship and descend to the lowly things of earth.

Those who enjoyed this most delightful occasion were: Messrs. and Mesdames Joe Bennett, Roy Baird, T. C. Wilson, Clyde Wilson, Dee McCollum, Thomas Riden, Fred Ison, Charlie Reeder, Dan Butler, Hubert Thomas, Boyd Richie, Harvey Muns, Cora Hall, all of Loraine, Mrs. Jerry Walker and daughter Eulala and grandson of New Mexico, and Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Hill of Dallas, and a number of children.

MOTORCADE COMING IN INTEREST OF DAVISON FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE

The News has been informed that a motorcade of quite a number of cars from over the district will be in Loraine Saturday afternoon in the interest of Howard C. Davison, candidate for State Representative from the 117th district. The motorcade is bringing along a band and will furnish music for the enjoyment of the crowd. Several speakers will also be here and will deliver short addresses for Mr. Davison. Mr. Davison will also speak. A loud speaker will be used so that all the crowd can hear. The exact hour of the arrival of the motorcade has not been decided.

PRIMARY DEPT. ENJOYS PICNIC AT COLORADO

On last Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock Mrs. Ed Williams with her teachers, substitute teachers, mothers and children met at the church house where we all loaded in cars and motored to Colorado where the children, as well as the teachers and the mothers enjoyed a wonderful picnic. A delightful hour was spent by the children then the luncheon was spread, and what a lunch it was. There was plenty and to spare of sandwiches, chicken, cakes, iced lemonade and punch.

At a late hour the children expressed themselves as having a lovely time. We hope we can have another outing for the little folks before cold weather.

Reporter

TO SPEAK HERE MONDAY



GEORGE MAHON

WATHEN FAMILY HOLDS REUNION

A family reunion was held at the J. S. Wathen farm last week which was honoring Mr. and Mrs. Wathen in their fiftieth wedding year. Mr. and Mrs. Wathen have eight children, 28 grand children and five great grand children. There have been no deaths in the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Wathen were both born in Kentucky, and came to Texas from New Mexico in 1917, and have made their home near Inadale since that time.

Those present for the occasion besides Mr. and Mrs. Wathen are: Lieutenant and Mrs. H. E. Wathen and family of Hawthorne Nevada; Mrs. Lura Munsell of Arrington, Kansas; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wathen and family of Kansas City, Mo.; Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Wathen and baby of Dallas, Texas; Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Wathen and family of Hope, New Mexico; Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Lovett of Dexter, New Mexico; Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Wathen and family of Salinas, California; Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Wathen and family of Wichita, Kansas; J. R. Wathen and son of Wichita, Kansas.

This is the first time all of the children have been together for nearly thirty years and they enjoyed the occasion immensely.

J. M. BRUCE HOME IS DESTROYED BY FIRE

The J. M. Bruce farm home was completely destroyed by fire in the early morning hours Thursday. The house and its contents was a total loss. Nothing was saved from the house, the occupants barely getting out with their night clothes.

No one has any idea how the fire originated. The house was almost as fire all over when Mr. Bruce and his family awoke and they just did have time to get out. No insurance was carried on the house.

SENATOR ROGERS TO SPEAK FOR ALLRED

Senator Rogers of San Antonio will speak in Loraine next Tuesday morning at ten o'clock in the interest of James V. Allred for Governor of Texas. Senator Rogers is said to be a forceful speaker and the people of the community are invited to hear him.

SCHOOL TO OPEN MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 3

The Loraine public schools will open for the 1934-35 session on Monday, September 3, according to announcement made by the school board recently.

All of the teachers except one have been elected. A science teacher to take the place of Miss Beth Waggoner is yet to be elected. One more teacher has been employed this year than last, making 12 teachers in the system.

Flowers for any occasion ordered from S. S. Mrs. Zora Dean.

Woman Sheriff and Her New Machine Gun



Mrs. J. C. Mosley Sheriff of Swisher County, Tulsa, Texas, is pictured with the new sub-machine gun purchased as part of Swisher county's equipment for catching desperadoes. Mrs. Mosley, one of the few women sheriffs of the nation, was appointed by the Commissioner of the State to fill the unexpired term of her husband who was brutally murdered while attempting to arrest Glenn Thompson and Ed "Perch" Stanton, who is now at Lone Star, escaped prison at Lubbock recently when he was awaiting death sentence for Mosley's murder. (Texas News Photos.)

Boyd Boy Injured By Car Saturday

The small son of Mr. and Mrs. Willis Boyd was run down by a model T Ford on the highway here last Saturday afternoon and badly bruised. He was unconscious for quite a while and it was thought at first that his injuries were serious. His injuries, however, were mainly bruises and it is reported that he is doing nicely.

The car was driven by a negro but witnesses to the accident say it was unavoidable on the part of the driver of the car.

BAPTIST REVIVAL CLOSED SUNDAY NIGHT

The Baptist revival which had held sway for ten days closed at the Sunday night service. Rev. A. C. Hardin, pastor, did the preaching and Thomas J. Riden led the singing.

During the ten-day meeting 43 people joined the church, 29 of them by baptism. The baptismal service was held at the church Sunday afternoon.

FINAL COTTON FIGURES MADE PUBLIC

College Station, August 13.—Reporting that contracts from every cotton county in Texas have been approved and certified to Washington the State Cotton Board of Review presented this week the final figures in the cotton acreage reduction campaign. A summary of the certificates of the 223 cotton counties shows a grand total of 236,183 contracts affecting 4,282,723 bales of 478 pounds net weight; 14,126,746 adjusted base acres, and 5,322,368 rented acres. The contracts show that 37.7 per cent of the base acres were rented to the Government. The total rental payments amount to \$26,777,280 and the parity payment of one cent per pound will amount to \$8,153,513. In most cases the checks for the first rental payment have been received by the farmers. The second rental payment will be made in early fall after the land has been measured and the compliance certificates sent to Washington. The parity payments will be made in December.

In connection with these final figures it is of interest to note that Texas has about one-fourth of the cotton counties and one-fourth of the contracts in the United States, representing nearly one-third of the lint, and over one-third of the cotton acreage.

It is generally conceded, Board members declare, that the acreage reduction campaign saved the cotton farmers from again having to sacrifice their cotton at low prices because another big crop in the face of large world carry-over, together with lack of demand, could only have meant disastrous prices. Furthermore, it is

Bankhead Closing Date Announced

The attention of all cotton farmers in Mitchell County is called to the fact that Saturday, August 18th 1934 is the closing date for receiving applications for the Bankhead Act. All farmers expecting to receive an allotment of Tax Exemption Certificates should call on their Community Committeemen at once and make their applications. No applications will be received after August 18th, and no allotment will be made to anyone that does not make application for same.

DROUTH CLAIMED TO BE GODSEND TO FARMERS

Arlington, Texas, August 13.—The drouth may be discouraging to a lot of people, but to E. E. Davis, dean of the North Texas Agricultural College, here, it appears as a potential "godsend in disguise." Mr. Davis, a student of agricultural affairs, believes that it will have the effect of clearing away surpluses that have been a drag on the market, and envisions the greatest era of prosperity in the history of the southwest for 1935.

"I firmly believe that the southwest is facing the greatest era of prosperity it has ever known. Farm purchasing power is due to return with astounding rapidity. Drouth and government control are clearing away the surpluses of wheat, cotton, and livestock, that have been a drag on the market for past years. Better prices, greater purchasing power, and increased consumption are in the immediate offing. The hopes for tariff adjustments, quota reductions, and debt settlements with the consequent increased imports and exports resulting in greater purchasing power abroad are growing brighter each day," Mr. Davis said.

"The present drouth is only a temporary setback," Mr. Davis continued. "It may be even a godsend in disguise. At any rate, its evil effects are being more than compensated for by fundamental, intelligent agricultural prosperity I think the year 1935 will mark, in a very positive way, the effects of a new era of prosperity for our farm population. Our schools and other social service agencies, together with all forms of legitimate business, will rejoice with the farmer in this new day of intelligently regulated abundance," Mr. Davis declared.

pointed out that the benefit and parity payments take the place of crop insurance for the many farmers who will make little or no cotton due to the drouth, while the rented acres will supply additional feed for livestock on farms wherever the drouth did not completely destroy the crops.

Farmers of Community Perfect Organization Monday

BRUCKART'S WASHINGTON LETTER INTERPRETS THE CAPITAL NEWS FOR YOU

History is being made rapidly in Washington these days.

Day after day new plans are announced by various departments and bureaus of the federal government. New policies are being formulated by the President and high executives of the administration. Routine news reports of these moves on the part of government officials do not always tell the whole story and often are confusing. What has led to the adoption of new policies and the formulation of new plans and what their effect may be upon the nation and upon various industries and groups are the things that are of interest to people generally.



WILLIAM BRUCKART

In other words, it is an interpretation of these fast-moving events at the national capital that tells the real story.

It is to give its readers this sort of illuminating information that this paper is publishing each week its Washington Digest. It is an interpretive news letter written from the capital by William Bruckart.

With congress in session, Mr. Bruckart's letter is of increased interest.

No American writer is better equipped for this particular job. A native of Missouri, he began his newspaper work in the Middle West with the Wichita (Kan.) Eagle and the Kansas City Star, but he has had long experience as a Washington correspondent. He went to the capital first with the United Press but later joined the Associated Press Washington staff. When the United States Daily, a publication covering only government activities, was started by David Lawrence, Mr. Bruckart joined the staff of experts on governmental affairs organized by Mr. Lawrence. At the same time he was writing a daily report from Washington on business news for the Philadelphia Public Ledger syndicate.

For years Mr. Bruckart made a special study of everything concerning government financing and treasury department activities. He was the only newspaper writer who covered all of the foreign debt funding conferences and was so accurate in reporting these complicated sessions that he never had to make a single correction in any report.

Mr. Bruckart's weekly letters in this paper will give you a very comprehensive idea of what is going on in Washington and what it all means. Your friends will appreciate a tip as to where they can get this kind of information.

BAPTIST CHURCH NOTES

There were 257 present in Sunday School Sunday. We would like to have that number every Sunday. There were seven conversions in our Sunday School Sunday. We need a revival in our hearts all the year round.

During the meeting there were 29 joined the church by baptism and 20 by letter and statement. We hope they will all be in Sunday School.

Reporter

An organization of farmers was perfected at a meeting at the tabernacle Tuesday morning which approximately 100 farmers of this community attended. The purpose of the organization, as stated by County Agent B. J. Baskin, is to discuss various problems of the farmers as they arise. It was explained at the meeting that it costs nothing to join the organization and you do not have to be voted in nor out. Farmers can join and quit at their will.

The organization will meet at three P. M. on the fourth Saturday of each month. Officers elected are J. M. Bruce, president; Thos. J. Riden, vice president; Frank Beights, secretary. C. W. Palmer was elected temporary secretary and took down the minutes of the meeting and a list of the members.

The county agent handed out a questionnaire in order to gather information concerning the need for feed and water in this community.

BUSINESS COMPLETES FIRST YEAR UNDER BLUE EAGLE'S WING

Washington.—The Blue Eagle has reached its first anniversary. A year ago the now famous bird was launched to symbolize the concerted national economic effort to end the depression. Today it is the accepted emblem under which all of the Nation's great industries pledge their cooperation with the Government and the people in the common economic cause under their permanent codes of fair competition.

Dramatic events marked the launching of the Blue Eagle. One of these was the raising and operation of the largest peacetime volunteer army ever assembled in the United States. More than 1,500,000 men and women worked together in the national drive to sign every employer to cooperate with the President's Reemployment Agreement. This agreement, familiarly known as the "blanket code" held until the vast process of formulating permanent codes could be completed.

On July 27, 1933, President Roosevelt issued his Reemployment Agreement with this note, addressed "To Every Employer: 'This agreement is part of a Nation-wide plan to raise wages, create employment, and thus increase purchasing power and restore business. That plan depends wholly on united action by all employers. For this reason I ask you, as an employer, to do your part by signing.'

The response was unanimous. The immediate result of the vast plan of cooperation under the President's Reemployment Agreement was to fix maximum work weeks and minimum rates of pay for all American workers. Millions of unemployed were reabsorbed in industry.

Having symbolized the beginnings of the unprecedented scheme of national economic cooperation, the Blue Eagle now takes on permanent significance. On July 12 National Recovery Administrator Hugh S. Johnson invited all industrial groups not yet coded to merge with existing kindred codes or to operate under a new basic code. The next few weeks should see 100 percent of all American industry and trade cooperating under the permanent symbol of the Blue Eagle.

BAND CONCERT THURSDAY NIGHT

Harold Martin, director of the Loraine Band, announced Tuesday that a band concert will be held at the band stand Thursday night of this week. Mr. Martin stated that several players from the Colorado band will be here to play with the local band and he is expecting to give a real concert. The public is invited to attend.

News Review of Current Events the World Over

President Roosevelt's Vacation Trip Ends—NRA Modification and Drouth Relief Taken Up—Von Papen's Hard Task in Austria.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
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PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ended his rather long vacation trip, returning to his home in Hyde Park, New York. During the remainder of the summer and until Congress meets he will spend some time there and in Warm Springs, Georgia, but most of the time he will be in Washington, busy with the nation's affairs in his temporary office which has been established in the blue room of the White House. The executive offices are being remodeled and enlarged. One of the first matters to claim the President's attention is the modification of NRA. The secret cabinet committee he appointed to inquire into the legality and advisability of continuing and extending the price fixing features of NRA has decided this price fixing should be restricted and gradually abandoned, and there is little doubt that this advice will be followed. Whether or not the fixing of prices is legal, it has brought sharp and continuous criticism from Senator Borah and many others which has not been relished by the New Dealers.

President Roosevelt

On his way from the west coast the President not only saw some of the great public works projects of the Northwest, but also passed through regions that have suffered severely from the drouth. So he is backing up the government agencies in their work of hurrying vast sums of government money to the arid regions to ease the human suffering and also to lessen the chances of another such catastrophe. The public works administration, which had an original appropriation of \$3,300,000,000, revealed it had spent about \$400,000,000 on projects to aid impoverished western families.

Emergency relief administration officials announced they had allotted huge sums to feed men and women. They also have spent thousands to care for starving cattle.

Public Works Administrator Harold L. Ickes, who was on an inspection tour in the drouth area, ordered his forces to expedite all construction projects affecting the dry regions.

NATIONALIZATION of silver, authorized by the last congress, was ordered into effect by the President. This will have little immediate effect on the average citizen, though the move is somewhat inflationary and started prices on the up-grade. Big debtors and owners of silver mines will benefit, but as the value of the dollar goes down, the holders of securities and loans suffer loss.

The President's order directs the surrender to the government of all silver bullion and bars within 90 days, the price to be paid being 50.01 cents an ounce. Silver coins and silverware are not included. Under the silver purchase act the treasury is authorized to value the silver it obtains at \$1.29 an ounce and to issue silver certificates on that basis. The government proposes to hold enough silver to make up 25 per cent of the metal backing of the national currency. No one knows how much silver bullion there is in the United States, and it may be necessary to make considerable purchases in China and India.

SECRETARY OF STATE HULL and Secretary of Agriculture Wallace joined in a statement concerning their efforts to revive America's world trade, explaining that the reciprocal trade agreements to be negotiated with foreign countries will be beneficial and not harmful to American agriculture and manufacturing.

The statement pointed out, in answer to criticism from farm organizations, that farm interests would not be sacrificed to aid other groups.

It also said no sacrifice of any major or basic agricultural or manufacturing industry was planned, although Secretary Wallace told reporters that some harm might be done to a tiny fraction of the producers for the greater good of all.

ONE thousand men and women comprising the Minneapolis Protective committee telegraphed an appeal to President Roosevelt to protect the constitutional rights now superseded by martial law in their city. Copies of the appeal were sent also to Secretary Perkins and Lloyd Garrison, chairman of the National Labor Relations board.

"We are satisfied," they wired, "that an agreement between employers and employees could be reached were it not for the interference by a small body of citizens known to be Communist agitators who are being supported in their agitations by the sympathetic attitude of Gov. Floyd B. Olson."

At the end of the statement was a sentence interpreted as a request for replacement of the federal mediators, Father Francis J. Haas and E. R. Dunnigan.

The conciliators were authors of a peace plan which the union accepted with alacrity because it granted a maximum of the demands made before the walkout. It was turned down by the employers, but mediation proceeded until the principal point of difference now concerns the rehiring of all the strikers. The Haas-Dunnigan plan makes that blanket provision. The employers do not wish to be forced to take back men who have Communist sympathies.

"The federal conciliators now here are unable to effect a settlement," the protective committee told Mr. Roosevelt. "Labor is being deprived of its earning power; business institutions are suffering substantial losses; taxpayers are being subjected to further burden (through maintenance on the National Guard) and our city and surrounding territory are demanding the right to conduct lawfully ordinary business and industrial affairs."

"We appeal to you to take immediate steps to remedy the situation and send us conciliators who will recognize the needs of all citizens and prevent demonstration of the situation for political purposes."

Gen. Hugh Johnson's efforts to end the strike of live stock handlers at the Union stockyards in Chicago were successful. The strike was called off and Federal Judge Sullivan resumed his work as mediator to construe the award he made on May 31 as arbitrator of a similar strike that took place last November.

IN GREEN BAY, WIS., the President delivered what was considered his principal political address of the year. He told his hearers that the New Deal was going ahead on its non-partisan road and that those who support it "do so because it is a square deal and because it is essential to the preservation of security and happiness of a free society."

The President's reference to Wisconsin political alignments was his significant remark:

"Your two senators, both old friends of mine, and many others have worked with me in maintaining excellent co-operation between the executive and legislative branches of the government."

Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Republican Independent and sponsor of the new state political party, is up for re-election. F. Ryan Duffy, Democrat, is the other senator from Wisconsin, elected in 1932.

FRANZ VON PAPEN, vice chancellor of Germany, who was appointed minister to Austria during the excitement that followed the assassination of Chancellor Dollfuss, has been accepted by the Austrian cabinet after considerable delay. His avowed task is to restore amicable relations between the two governments, but this will not be easy, Chancellor Schuschnigg is as determined to root out Nazism in Austria as his predecessor, and at the same time the German Nazis are keeping up their press and radio attacks on the Austrian government. In camps around Munich are about 40,000 Austrian Nazi fugitives for whom Von Papen is expected to obtain amnesty so they may return to their country; but as they have been hoping to march into Austria under arms to overthrow the government, it isn't likely Schuschnigg will care to let them return.

The cabinet in Vienna is taking vigorous action to curb the Nazis, and it was reported that the executive of that party had been ordered dissolved, the members being told to take leave of absence and to cease activities.

Chancellor Hitler is daily solidifying his power in Germany. The latest step is to require all Protestant pastors and church officials to take an oath of fealty to Hitler just as did the Nazi storm troops and members of the regular army. New rules were imposed by the national synod that make Reichsbishop Mueller the supreme law-maker and authority for the church.

Between eight and ten thousand political prisoners in concentration camps were given their liberty by an amnesty decree announced by Hitler in memory of President Von Hindenburg.

ARABS of Algeria, like the Arabs of Palestine, do not love their Jewish neighbors, so they started anti-Semitic riots in Constantine and surrounding towns in the course of which a great many persons were killed or wounded. Nearly all the casualties were among the Jews. The French military authorities quickly got control of the situation. Constantine is in a wheat growing area and the Arab farmers had a poor crop this year. The rioting gave them a chance to wipe out many debts to Jewish bankers and shopkeepers.

SHIPPING and business interests long have urged the establishment of "free ports" or foreign trade zones at many American sea, lake and river ports, and this is now under consideration by the government, having been authorized by the last congress. Trade and shipping experts are preparing information on how to apply for grants.

Some of the cities that have asked how to set up the trade zones are New York, Newark, N. J., Providence, R. I., Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, San Diego, Calif., Miami, Fla., and Hoboken, N. J. Private corporations located on the Great Lakes also are interested.

A barrier would surround the area set off for the trade zone. Into this area, which must be equipped with adequate shipping and warehousing facilities, foreign and domestic merchandise could be brought, without being subject to customs laws, and stored, broken up, repacked, assembled, distributed, sorted, mixed with other foreign and domestic goods, and then exported. Or, if desired, the merchandise could be placed in American domestic commerce upon payment of customs duties.

FROM now on Communists are not going to have so pleasant a time in the United States, and the spreading of their destructive doctrine will not be so easy. Congressional investigations into this matter may not have amounted to a great deal, but several of the country's great organizations have undertaken to arouse the people to the danger that threatens their government and their national institutions.

The Order of Elks took cognizance of the Communist threat in its convention in Kansas City, and Michael F. Shannon, its newly elected grand exalted ruler, is now making an airplane tour of the country for the purpose of urging every lodge of the order to carry on the "Pro-America" program in its community. He will travel 10,000 miles to give what he calls "marching orders" to the 1,400 Elks lodges. Of the Communists in America, Mr. Shannon says:

"A vast and formidable organization has been set up. The United States is now divided into twenty districts, each with its own committee. Each district is divided into two sections and subsections, with section committees set up in accordance with the residential locations of the Communist members."

"Youth organizations, formed to teach not only disrespect, but hate, for American institutions, have appeared everywhere. Organizations under patriotic names, but designed to destroy confidence in our government, are meeting nightly. Bureaus of propaganda are working secretly."

The Crusaders, that organization of young business men that was so influential in bringing about repeal of prohibition, has been reorganized and, under the leadership of Fred G. Clark, commander in chief, has entered the fight against the Communists and other groups that seek to overthrow American institutions. Among its national advisers are Aldrich Blake, Oklahoma City; Francis H. Brownell, New York; John W. Davis, New York; Prof. E. W. Kemmerer, Princeton, N. J.; Martin W. Littleton, New York; Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., New York; Charles F. Thwing, Cleveland; James P. Warburg, New York; and Sewell L. Avery and Albert D. Lasker, Chicago.

The Paul Reveres, a national organization, was established especially to cleanse educational and religious institutions of subversive influences; and the American Vigilante Intelligence federation is also actively combating Communism. The Department of Americanization of the American Legion is working in the same cause.

A congressional subcommittee, of which Representative Charles Kramer is chairman, has been investigating Communist activities in southern California, and also has heard a lot of testimony about the so-called Silver Shirts, an organization with alleged Nazi affiliations and a large membership. An intelligence service witness who joined the Silver Shirts, said members were armed and that he was offered money for stolen government machine guns, rifles and ammunition. He said the declared objective of the organization was to take charge of the United States government, by force if necessary.

WHETHER or not Japan obtains naval parity with Great Britain and the United States, it proposes to have a powerful navy. Admiral Mineo Osumi, minister of the navy, submitted to the cabinet the largest naval budget in the country's history. It calls for appropriation of about \$214,416,000 for the coming year. New items alone total about \$90,000,000. In the last budget the diet allowed the navy little more than half of what is now asked.

France has denied Japan her support in any steps toward abrogation of the Washington navy treaty of 1921 by announcing her intention to adhere to its provisions pending "some change in the European situation."

HEARTY approval was given by the world Baptist congress, in session in Berlin, to a proposal that a plebiscite be held in 40 countries to determine whether the people want to fight another war. The suggestion was made by Rev. Harold Camp of Oakland, Calif., who said the Kellogg pact should be made the basis of such a vote.

BRISBANE THIS WEEK

Hindenburg Sleeps
Important Stork News
Building Happiness
Mr. Green Sees Danger

Through miles of flaming torches Hindenburg was carried to his grave. No representatives of the Hohenzollerns appeared. The United States sent a wreath. The ceremony began with the funeral march from Beethoven's Third Symphony, "Eroica," written in honor of Napoleon. Services to honor Hindenburg's memory were held in various churches here. New York's Governor Lehman sent to the Zion Evangelical Lutheran church a tribute eulogizing Hindenburg as "a great soldier and statesman."

Italy reports that the stork will soon have the honor to bring another little Mussolini to the dictator's household. This delights the Italian nation and causes more general interest than would the arrival of quintuplets in any royal family. If that new baby inherits its father's qualities, it may play an important part in the world.

It is officially stated also that the widow of Chancellor Dollfuss will soon have interesting news for the Austrian people. Dictators come and go; the stream of babies, fortunately, never ceases, and there is hope in every one.

At "Two-Mountain Chalet," a beautiful lodge cradled among the Rocky mountains, Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt and dinner after driving 125 miles through Glacier National park over the Great Divide. After dinner, in a broadcast speech, the President said many things of interest to the people of the United States.

He said, in the first place, that "the stealing of the public domain is finished." That is most encouraging.

The President says the nation has entered "an era of building, the best kind of building—the building of great public projects for the benefit of the public and with the definite objective of building human happiness."

Mr. Green, head of the American Federation of Labor, warns the government that it must do something for the 10,000,000 idle. If it does not act swiftly, Mr. Green says, "society may take over the means of production."

What is "society?" President Roosevelt's government has already "taken over the means of production," taking charge of industries, payrolls, shops, farms, spending public money by the billion in an earnest, sincere effort to restore prosperity by financial artificial respiration.

Constantine, Algeria, reports bloody, fatal rioting between Mohammedans and Jews. More than 20 Jews were killed, many injured. An Arab mob, armed with blackjacks, revolvers and "Arab knives," invaded the city's ghetto, "setting fire to houses and dragging Jewish men, women and children into the streets, to stab and beat them."

Mild earthquake shocks have gently rocked the coast of Maine recently, but nothing cataclysmic happened. Windows rattled, pictures were found out of plumb on the walls. That is an old country and the rocky coast has probably done its important "settling down" in ages long past.

Some of our best minds, that have been shipping dollars and securities to Canada for safe keeping, out of the reach of our "radical, confiscatory" government, will shudder reading the speech of Harry Stevens, Canadian minister of trade and commerce. This gentleman says "big business," made up of "unscrupulous financiers and business men," exploited Canada's consuming public, starved her producers, sweated her workmen, gouged her pulp, paper and other industries and left her with a choice of reform, dictatorship or revolution.

Earl Beatty, admiral of the British fleet, has common sense. He thinks Britain should regulate her own naval strength, decide questions of defense for herself, not asking opinion or permission from other countries. Many Americans feel the same about their own national defense, and wonder why a people of 123,000,000 should be less independent than Washington's U. S. A. of 4,000,000.

Cetinje, Yugoslavia, reports a farmer stoned to death by villagers who saw him using a toothbrush and concluded that it was "a magic wand for practicing witchcraft." Unfortunately for the victim, he was seen using the "strange instrument that he carried" just after a cow had ceased to give milk, two dogs had gone mad and the son of the richest man in the village had eloped with a gypsy girl.

Vincent Pisano, only twenty, hired a room on the top floor of a quiet Brooklyn boarding house, retired there with his friend, Oreste de Roberto, twenty-one. Both were racketeers, both were hiding, both were "on the spot." Hiding did no good.

Two gunmen came down the sky-light, shot Pisano five times in the abdomen, put several bullets in de Roberto's head. Both young men had police records, had been tried and convicted and let out.

Organized crime usually "gets its man."

Washington Digest

National Topics Interpreted
by William Bruckart

Washington. — Word has reached treasury circles in Washington indicating some fear among residents of the drouth area that the prolonged dry

period and its attendant effect on conditions may cause some fresh trouble among banks. I inquired among officials of the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation concerning those conditions, and I have assurances that there is little, if any, danger of new banking difficulties. Furthermore, the officials reminded me that even if new troubles should arise nearly all of the depositors in the distressed communities are protected under the bank deposit guarantee law.

In reporting these assurances I do not mean to imply that every bank in all parts of the country has insurance coverage for its depositors. But the scope of the insurance corporation membership is so broad that it is almost possible to describe it as complete coverage among the small banks. The corporation figures show that 97 per cent of all depositors whose individual accounts are less than \$2,500 per person are protected by the insurance. Something like 95 per cent of all of the banks in the country are members of the insurance pool.

The significance of these figures cannot be minimized. For example, a recent bank failure in Illinois was cared for by the Deposit Insurance corporation and it paid 99 per cent of the number of depositors with a total of \$125,000, a figure that was exactly half of the total deposits in the bank. That is to say that only 1 per cent of the number of depositors in the bank had accounts in excess of \$5,000 each—the maximum insured under the temporary fund—but the total of these larger accounts was equal to the total deposits of the other 99 per cent of the individuals having accounts with that institution.

With respect to the fear that has been indicated in the drouth-stricken communities, it was explained that many individuals thought there would be a repetition of conditions several years ago when the small banks were unable to realize on loans and short-term credits extended in the same areas. The depression made it impossible for many borrowers to repay. The officials told me, however, that the conditions now are somewhat different. They pointed out, for example, that many of the distressed farm mortgages hitherto privately held are now in the hands of the government and that the home loan bank system has been doing the same sort of thing for owners of residences in towns and cities. This naturally has alleviated some of the stress on the local banks.

It is true, of course, that many of the banks have extended credit on what normally would be sound bases, and that the drouth and its consequent destruction of crops will cause some loans to be uncollectible at this time. But the point is that the strain is not so great as it was early in the depression and officials here generally believe that the banks will pull through with the very minimum of failures.

It is a curious coincidence, however, that this new fear of banking trouble in the drouth areas should arise at a time when the state of Nebraska is just closing out its 25-year experiment with a state bank deposit guarantee law. The Nebraska experiment was by no means successful. Its life was very short. Nevertheless, it has taken that state almost twenty years to clean up the wreckage that resulted from an attempt to insure all deposits within the limited jurisdiction of one state.

It is to be recalled that during congressional debate on the federal law much argument was advanced against enactment of the national insurance law on the basis of the failure of the numerous state attempts. The answer apparently lies in the fact that conditions in one state may be bad from an economic standpoint, or they may be bad in several states, but it is seldom that the whole United States suffers conditions of a character that result in widespread wreckage of banks. Another strength which officials of the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation see in their own law is that no attempt is made to guarantee all deposits. As heretofore said, the limit is \$5,000 for any individual account. While that limitation does not protect the holders of great amounts of capital it is sufficiently high, according to the studies by the insurance corporation to provide for immediate repayment to at least 97 per cent of the individual depositors in this country.

The federal corporation has more than \$400,000,000 at its command upon which it can draw immediately for payment to depositors in case of any bank failure. It is ridiculous to assume that this amount would be sufficient to meet any such debacle as occurred in 1932 and early 1933, yet it ought to be said that a great many of the banks which closed their doors during those black days would not have been so affected had there been funds available to pay off depositors in the banks that closed early in those desperate times.

There are many Washington observers who still have their fingers

crossed as to success of the deposit insurance plan. They look upon it as placing a premium on unsound banking. I think no one can doubt the psychology of this guarantee in cases where bank managers really desire to be crooked. They can feel obviously that their depositors will be protected for the most part and if they "bleed" their bank the wrath of the bulk of the citizens in a community will be dissipated obviously by prompt repayment of their deposits from the federal corporation. These observers contend further that the federal law has not had an opportunity for a real test. I think that a period of five years or more will be required to gain an idea of how the machinery is going to function. It is to be noted that there has been no assessment levied on the banks which are members of the pool thus far beyond the original cash contribution for the membership purchase. The test will come, therefore, when the \$400,000,000 fund has been exhausted and the banks which are members of the pool must again dig up funds to replenish the larder.

Senator Gerald P. Nye of North Dakota, a Republican Independent, is on record with the

Nye Predicts prediction that a New Party new political party is bound to come, and that he believes it is now gaining rapid headway. The senator was not quite specific in his declaration, however, because he gave the impression that he recognizes many of the problems confronting organization of a third party. He has shied away from campaigning for Republican regulars seeking senatorial seats this fall and to that extent has definitely put himself in the position to be active in any third party movement.

The thing which Senator Nye and other independents on the Republican side are dodging is President Roosevelt's direct action in drawing from liberal members of both Republican and Democratic affiliation. It is regarded by political students here as quite obvious that only a few of the Republican Independents ever will stay put in a party organized as they believe Mr. Roosevelt to be organizing a new party. It is the old story of new party ambitions existing in too many spots. They exist among Republicans now in the North and the Northwest and in some sections of the Middle West, and they exist among the radical wing of the Democratic party in some sections of the South and in most parts of the Middle West. But as far as Washington information goes there are few points upon which these various groups are yet able to agree.

Old line Republicans and the conservative wing of the Democratic party are paying little attention, however, to the threats of party defection. Those with whom I have talked apparently rely on history as the basis for the conclusion that the current political uprising will die down in due time.

Many "efficiency experts" are appearing in the New Deal governmental agencies and the

Federal Clerks' heads of clerks are beginning to fall. The process of separating workers from the federal payroll always is a difficult proposition and so the efficiency experts are moving very slowly. But authentic reports indicate there will be a sharp reduction in the government payroll shortly after election. It seems possible that a few will join the ranks of the unemployed even before election but the number is likely to be inconsequential according to the information I have obtained.

The appearance of the efficiency boys, however, has started many Washington correspondents on the trail of something deeper. While none of them, as far as I know, have been able to learn definite and irrefutable information as to plans, there is no doubt in their minds that the payroll reduction presages something in the way of tax legislation in the next congress. How far it will go or what new taxation methods may result, it is of course, too early to tell.

One of the best proofs of this is the recent statement by Senator Carter Glass, the Virginia Democrat who so long has been an outstanding figure in the senate on financial questions. Senator Glass said in a speech, and said it with emphasis, that "there is a pay day coming." He amplified his remark only to the extent of saying that the tremendous rate of spending eventually has to be checked and that if the credit of the federal government is to be maintained, provision for retirement of the great public debt—now in excess of \$28,000,000,000—must be made very soon.

It is this question of expenditure that is causing alarm among so many business interests and Senator Glass called attention to that. Unless congress resorts to a sales tax of a general character, it is obvious that business must carry the brunt of the tax burden. The sentiment of the last congress and several prior to that one has been directly opposed to the sales tax. Tax legislation appears certain to be a bone of hot contention in the next congress.

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GREEN NEEDLES

by
Mae Foster Jay

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CHAPTER XV —25—

What's a Million Dollars?

They dined out at Cliff house, Mary Brown, John Stark and Denis Craig. "And I thought I had matured enough to swing a man-size job!" Mary laughed ruefully to Stark, when he had recovered from what he called his Cinderella attack. "But my mind still was in rompers. I thought that to succeed I must start in as you and dad did." "I can't see why dad didn't tell me—"

"He did, my dear. In the most dramatic way. By showing you, through your own experiences, you'd have thought it a lot of trouble if he had told you in words that the opportunities for pioneering today lie in quite different fields and under quite different conditions from those of fifty years ago. And—the experiences have been good for you."

"I've learned how far a dollar doesn't stretch," Mary laughed. "Also—to find joy and satisfaction in spending. And—every minute on the project has been heaven!" She sighed. "If the firm of Stark and Brown can furnish half the thrills—"

"It will. In fact, you really have been experiencing some of those thrills, vicariously, on the ranch. Don't tell me the knowledge that your own capital was behind it hasn't added to the punch you've found in the Paradise Valley project."

"I don't deny it," Mary dared. "I've preened myself as Denny's silent partner." Surely, surely, something would make Denis stop looking at her as if she were merely a person with a million dollars to invest! Something would make him remember she was Mary! But not this.

"You probably mean that you relished it," she might take him lightly or seriously as she chose, "after you were convinced that the million was a loan to me, not a wind-fall."

Mary couldn't attempt to answer this. Had he forgotten the morning at the cabin when she proclaimed her undying faith in him—before she ever dreamed of his repayment?

John Stark looked from one to the other of them miserably. Occasionally he tried to help Mary out. Speaking of personnel of the new firm, he said: "No need of our trying to get Hilt or John or any of the boys who went back to Denny when work opened up again. They'll stick."

"It won't be for so long," Denis said. "The engineering work will be finished in a few months. I'm the one who will be sticking. It may take years—if this war goes on—after construction is finished to accomplish the drudgery of selling remaining tracts and collecting to meet the bond payments."

"After your project is finished, Denis," Mary ventured, "maybe you could dream some dreams for Stark and Brown to materialize. Won't you perhaps ally yourself with us some time and in some way?"

Stark chuckled; grew daring himself in an effort to thaw out the iceberg remotely suggestive of Denis Craig.

"How's that, boy, for an answer to your claim that Mary had repudiated you by refusing two offers you said you made to keep her there?"

Two offers! Mary flushed painfully. Of course Mr. Stark didn't know that one had been that of becoming telephone central, the other of becoming Denny's wife.

Denis looked as if he could have murdered his beloved friend John Stark.

"I understand, now, of course, why Mary couldn't be telephone central. And her note explained her other refusal quite eloquently. She is entirely vindicated."

Mary hacked a morsel of steak savagely. Her note hadn't explained a thing! How could Denny be this way? Why was he determinedly standing aside to let her pass?

"By the way," Stark asked, "what were you doing in an art shop?"

Denny merely explored his salad. Mary answered. "He was looking for chintzes for Hope—for the cabin, having some silly compunction about using mine after I passed out of the picture."

"The cabin is closed," Denis stated without looking at her. "I'm planning on refurbishing it, and selling it."

"Oh, Denis!" The cry broke from her involuntarily but it came from the very depths of her being. "You wouldn't—you couldn't—"

Denis looked quickly at his watch, laid his napkin on the table, and arose. "I think I'll just hurry in to town and catch this late train. You two can talk shop over your dessert."

He held out his hand, then turned to offer it also to Mary.

"Good-by," he said pleasantly, as if she were just some one he had chanced to meet at a dinner. "Good luck to

the new firm. And I shall be glad to see your father at any time."

He was gone. Mary leaned back in her chair, trying to look as if everything that mattered in the world hadn't gone with him. She must get herself together; must talk to John Stark. But John Stark was talking to her, his eyes narrowed, his brilliant little mustache severe.

"Where's your courage, M. Brown? You aren't letting him go, are you?"

"Mr. Stark—have you never learned that men run from girls with money?" She shrugged; then smiled up at him gamely through her pallor. "You taught me to stand the grief of the job. If part of it is that the world will credit anything I do to my money, I'm prepared to stand that, now. And if another part of the grief I'm born to is that I mustn't expect to realize the happiness of love—"

"In another minute the girl will have found his hat, and it will be too late."

"But—he doesn't care any more, Mr. Stark!"

"Bosh and nonsense! When a man makes a complete ass of himself trying to snub a girl, makes a badly stuffed shirt of himself—what's the answer? Defense mechanism! Pure and simple! He's on his way, Mary."

"Do you mean that I should ask him—I ask him—"

"Make the idiot talk, Mary!"

Mary gave a wild frightened look at Stark, a desperate one at Denis Craig's back just vanishing through the door, took a deep breath, and flew after him.

"Denis!"

He turned, removed his hat with a faultless gesture.

"Denis, I want to talk to you."

"I don't believe there's anything to be said, is there, Mary?"

"I have a different slant on that."

"I'll miss my train."

"Miss it then?" defiantly. "May I talk to you?"

With a gesture which signified that he couldn't be rude, he followed her

"It Happens to Be Money, Not Leprosy, That I Have!"

around the cliff, beyond the glare of lights to the beach below, and seated himself beside her on a bench facing the ocean.

Mary, attempting to speak, made a strange noise and camouflaged it as a cough. How did a millionaire ask a poor young man to marry her—if he happened to love her yet? And how did she find out if he did love her yet, all shut up as he was inside himself, locked and barred and the key far-flung?

"Denis," she cried impatiently, looking at the rigid figure well, very well, on his own side of the bench, "it happens to be money, not leprosy, that I have! And besides, you treated me as if I were a quarantine sign before you knew I had money. Why? Talk to me!"

"What's money?" truculently. But those were her lines, were they not? "And you should know that I can't give you friendship, Mary. I'm not made that way."

"What?"—she gave a preparatory swallow, then emitted the question—"what did you mean, Denis, when you said I wrote finis?"

"Mean? What else was your note? 'I just can't do it, Denny.'"

"But, you see now why I couldn't tell you—why I didn't want you to know I was—"

"I see no slightest reason in the world why you couldn't have told me everything—unless you meant that you were closing our chapter."

"You—you don't?" she gasped. She jumped up excitedly and ran to dabble an uncertain toe in the lapping water. Thinking. Trying to figure it out. A seal slipped into the water. She watched it, unconsciously; turned back suddenly to cry, almost joyously, "Can't you, Denny? Truly, can't you?"

He had arisen to pace the beach. Mary swung into step beside him. Half crying, but as if worlds were at stake, she demanded again, "Will you stick to that, Denny?"

"Mary, where is all this getting us? I can't stand more of it."

"Will you?" she persisted. "Stick to it that you can't see?"

"I'll swear it on a stack of Bibles. What of it?"

Exultant, she swung to seize him by the coat lapels. Her voice was wholly laughing now. "Denny! Oh, Denny! All this talk is futile, then!"

"What else was your note but a definite refusal? Of my job and of me? Why didn't you tell me who you were?"

"I was afraid I'd lose you—if I did!"

"You'd—"

The hands tightened their hold. Tersely, doggedly, analytically. "That—presupposes that—that you loved me, Mary."

TO BE CONTINUED.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

(By REV. F. B. FITZWATER, D. D.,
Member of Faculty, Moody Bible
Institute of Chicago.)
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Lesson for August 19

AMOS DENOUNCES SELF-INDULGENCE

(Temperance Lesson).
LESSON TEXT—Amos 6:1-14.
GOLDEN TEXT—Seek good, and not evil, that ye may live; and so the Lord, the God of hosts, shall be with you, as ye have spoken, Amos 5:14.
PRIMARY TOPIC—When People Are Selfish.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Amos' Famous Sermon.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Denunciations of Self-Indulgence.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Destruction Through Indulgence.

Our lesson is a temperance lesson and applies to other things than indulgence in intoxicating liquors. Our age is intoxicated with the love of pleasure, pursuit of gain, and various kinds of self-indulgence.

I. Israel's Reckless Security (vv. 1, 2).

They were blind to the perils that surrounded them. They trusted in the mountains of Samaria for their protection. They regarded their city as impregnable. They seemed to have regarded the utterances of Amos as the dreams of a fanatic. The same blunders are being made in America by those who are depending upon money and armaments instead of righteousness as the national defense.

II. Israel's Extreme Luxury (vv. 4-6).

Periods of prosperity are always characterized by luxury. The luxury of Israel expressed itself in:

1. Extravagant furniture (v. 4). They had beds of ivory—perhaps wood inlaid with ivory. 2. Indulgence (v. 4). Many lazily stretched themselves on their couches—lived lives of indolence. Such is the way of many in America today.

3. Feasted on delicacies (v. 4). The implication here is that they had their dainties out of season. They bought what they desired, regardless of what it cost.

4. Adorned their feasts with music (v. 5). They sang idle songs—even invented musical instruments for this purpose. How like the times in which we live! By means of the radio, vulgar and even licentious sentiments are carried to our ears through the noble art of music.

5. They drank wine (v. 6). They were not satisfied with ordinary drinking vessels—they drank from bowls, indicating excessive drinking. They were so mastered by the intoxicating cup that their feasts which were adorned with the refinement of music ended in drunken debauchery.

III. Israel's Failure to Grieve for Joseph (v. 6).

Joseph here stands for Ephraim and Manasseh, his two sons. Ephraim became the principal tribe of the northern kingdom, so Joseph is used as a synonym for the nation.

IV. The Inevitable Consequence (vv. 7-11).

1. They shall go into captivity (v. 7). The northern kingdom was the first in sin and therefore first to go into captivity.

2. The calamitous circumstances of the siege of Samaria (vv. 8-11). The city with all its inhabitants was to be delivered up to its enemies.

a. Israel, the first in rank as well as first in numbers and power, went first into captivity.

b. Their revelry to cease (v. 7). There was to be a rude awakening from their drunken carousals.

c. God's judgment upon the city in strange contrast to his love for Jacob (v. 8). Men, women, and children went into captivity at the hands of the Assyrians.

d. The surety of God's commandment (v. 11). The destruction was to be universal. The rich and the poor, the large and the small were included. God has sworn that his judgments shall fail. He is a God of justice. He is also the God of hosts, the controller of the whole universe, therefore none can escape. Though God sometimes waits long, he does not forget.

V. Israel's Ridiculous Conduct Exposed (vv. 12-14).

1. It was as absurd as plowing up on a rock with oxen. Their hard hearts were as unresponsive to the call of God as rocks are to the plow of the farmer (v. 12).

2. Their boasted power as a nation (v. 13). Outwardly the nation was characterized by great wealth and splendor. This all was to pass away with the stroke of divine judgment.

3. A nation raised up against them (v. 14). God roused up the Assyrian nation to punish Israel. The very fortified cities which they boasted of, Amos tells, would be taken away and used against them.

Nearness

Nearness of life to the Saviour will necessarily involve greatness of love to him. As nearness to the sun increases the temperature of the various planets, so near and intimate communion with Jesus raises the heat of the soul's affections toward him—Spurgeon.

Heavenlies

The man who thinks in terms of the heavenlies, and lives as he thinks, will never be found walking "in the counsel of the ungodly."

It's High Style to Shine in Satin.

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



AS TO the most outstanding immediate fabric news, it's satin! In all the annals of its history this bright and shining costume medium has never more dramatically illumined the pathway of midseason and early fall styles, than at the present moment.

If anyone thinks that the newer satins "tell the same old story," all we can say is that a most happy surprise awaits each and every so unimaginative a skeptic. Fact is the early arrivals on fashion's stage are delivering a message so refreshingly new and inspirational the moment you glimpse the advance models you will feel the urge to wear satin.

The resplendent evening gowns of gleaming satin in such beguiling tones and tints as mint green, ice blue and that new and illusive dusky pink which is so lovely, the smartly finished daytime suits with their amazingly wide-buckled belts and their pulpy starched broad white turn-back collars that remind of the picturesque garb of our honored Puritan forefathers, the handsome dressier afternoon satins with their dainty feminine details, and the swagger tailored sports dresses with their many buttons and tricky gadgets, all of which are now on style parade, simply hold one spellbound.

It is just such stunning costumes as the trio pictured which are causing seekers of chic and timely apparel for immediate wear to "catch the vision" of satin. These particular models were carefully selected for illustration in these columns from among scores of strikingly original styles shown at a recent pre-view of fall fashions by the Chicago Wholesale Market council.

The detail that instantaneously strikes the eye as the spotlight centers on the smartly satin-clad woman pictured to the left in this group is the very wide belt and enormous buckle which distinguishes the suit she is wearing. This model is the sort which will start you touring the stores which carry foremost fashions with a determination to acquire a facsimile for your very own. The new finger-tip length coat (a trifle shorter than three-quarter), the roomy graceful sleeves, the straight skirt with just enough of a kick pleat to ease it a bit, these are style details each of which is prophetic of the future.

The fetching satin jacket suit to the right in the picture is warranted to capture the heart of most any style-aspiring young modern. The white satin which fashions the blouse with its scallop-edge sailor collar and down-the-front jabot is metal threaded in a crosshatch patterning. One of the big features of the newer materials is that they are all more or less agleam with interweavings of gold and silver.

It is almost needless to say that black satin fashions the suits just described, for undoubtedly black is first choice by a large majority, for street wear. However, any number of smart street models are being tailored of satins in rich autumn browns or greens (green is much talked of for fall) while a satin costume in the newly featured beetroot red or dark blue is considered a last word in chic.

As to the exquisite satin evening gown here shown, imagine it in any delectable pastel you may happen to fancy, or glistening white if you prefer. The cape sleeves and ruffled neckline are important style points also the semi-fitted princess lines sans belt are typically new.

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FIND TUNIC BLOUSE IN MANY VARIETIES

That blouses will remain a big fashion is generally conceded, but in what forms is a matter of discussion. Very few couturiers have thought seriously, as yet, of models for autumn, and those who have show suits mostly with hip-length jackets and waist-length blouses of the butcher-boy type. The rumor about Russian suit styles has been heard here, Lucile Paray has one suit with a tunic blouse which might come under this designation, and Heim has another, in velvet with fur bordered coat.

Silk Still Holds First Place for Undergarments

The increasing favor for lingerie neckwear, for cotton frocks and linen suits has brought speculation as to a change in undergarment styles, but so far investigation has failed to reveal any real revival of "lingerie" lingerie. Here and there, one finds a linen night-dress, as at Helen Yrlande or one of the Paris lingerie specialists but such a model is an exception; and even at Worth, the prime sponsor of sheer cotton stuffs and frilly touches, as well as petticoat foundations for evening gowns, the answer is that only a few batiste gowns are shown.

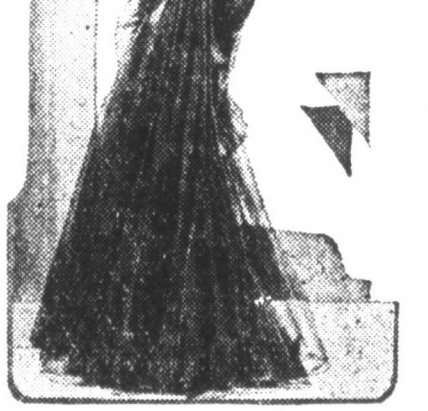
New Cape Style

A gown of bright flame red satin is cut with a deep square front décolleté, accompanied by an ermine cape mounted on a square back yoke.

Square Finger Rings

The expression "round like a ring" doesn't mean anything any more, for there are new finger rings that are square.

VERY SHEER BLACK
By CHERIE NICHOLAS



A message of vital importance concerns the vogue for dine, dance and other gowns of more or less formality which are created of black nets or tulle or wispy laces of finest diaphanous texture. When fashioned of daintiest sheer net there is almost sure to be a lavish use of pleated ruche effects. The gown pictured shows a wide ruche trimming outlining the pointed-back-and-front décolletage. A similar ruche trimming heads the deep flounce on the skirt. The silhouette which stresses a slim fitted hipline contrasted by a pronounced and sudden deep flare is typical of the later style trends.

Tricky Earrings

Earrings—once more back on the fashion map—are novel in cut. Many are designed to follow the lobe of the ear instead of standing out, button effect, in front.

Good Taste Today

BY EMILY POST

Author of
"ETIQUETTE," "THE BLUE
BOOK OF SOCIAL USAGE,"
ETC.

WHAT PRICE SILENCE?

DEAR Mrs. Post: I have been engaged for over a year to a man who has risen above his family, though he is not ashamed of them. He is innately refined and highly respected for himself and his professional achievements. I have not heard a word from his mother, which I can feel embarrasses him terribly. It does not trouble me because I can easily imagine it possible that she cannot perhaps write very well, and does not want to display her lack of education. But whatever her reason, I feel sure that she intends no slight to me. But my mother is making a great "fuss." She takes a hurt attitude and feels mortified about the discourtesy to me, and threatens to take the matter up with my fiancé. Personally, I would rather never hear from his mother than hurt his feelings. So my question is: Couldn't I, without bringing down all the walls of convention upon my mother's head, write to his mother (she lives too far away to go to see her) and perhaps make her feel at ease with me enough to write to me? This is a long story but it does seem cruel to wreck my whole happiness on the keeping of the rule that a man's mother should write a letter to the girl her son is to marry. Are the rules of thumb so important that we should take serious offense at my fiancé's mother without even knowing anything about her real intention—which you have so often written, is the one thing that counts? Actually, I'm not sure that anything counts except my fiancé's love for me and mine for him.

Answer: I think your last sentence answers the question. The only thing I can suggest is that you talk to your fiancé frankly. Surely you ought to be able to ask him whether he would like you to write or whether he prefers that you do nothing. Make as little fuss as possible but say something such as, "Tell me, John, what would you like me to do about your mother; do you think she would like a letter from me? Of course I want to do whatever you want me to."

I can't quite understand why you are not able to say everything in your heart to the man you love. After all, your married happiness must rest on mutual understanding, on trust and confidence. You must not let unshared thoughts build a barrier between you.

COURTESIES AND PROPRIETIES

DEAR Mrs. Post: I am a business woman and live alone. Naturally there are many things that I must do for myself (cleaning, sewing, laundering, etc.) in the evening. There is a neighbor in the apartment house who keeps coming in all the time and stays and stays, and there is apparently nothing I can do about it because she lives on the same floor and, without announcing her intentions, simply walks in. Could you suggest anything to do without having her think I am disagreeable and unfriendly? As a matter of fact, I like her at times when I am not busy, but I cannot stand having work pile upon me for nothing.

Answer: In your place, I am afraid I should be tempted to move! But as this is probably not practical, the only thing I know of to suggest, is to explain to her politely, but quite frankly, that you are sorry you can't sit with her and talk because you must do your washing or sweeping or sewing on the machine or whatever it may be. And then go on doing whatever this is as though she were not there. You would of course have to give her as much of your attention as you can, without interrupting your work. If your manner to her is courteous, she could have no cause to resent your preoccupation. When she finds that she cannot often usurp your attention she will probably prefer to spend most of her evenings with neighbors who have leisure for conversation.

Dear Mrs. Post: Is all white proper mourning in summer for a young wife to wear to her husband's funeral? Should it be worn with or without a veil?

Answer: It is true that all white is deep mourning in the house or in the country. But at the funeral she should certainly wear all black. A white widow's veil on such an occasion, would be very conspicuous and therefore unsuitable.

My dear Mrs. Post: I gave a picture of myself to a friend and framed it attractively before sending it. I have since been told that it is improper ever to frame a picture before giving it. Is this true, and why?

Answer: If you sent the picture to an intimate friend, it was quite proper. You would not send a framed picture to some one whom you know slightly, nor would a girl send a framed picture of herself to a man to whom she is not engaged—unless, on the contrary, he has been a life-long and completely unromantic friend.

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Snakes' Eyes
Poisonous snakes have slit-like eyes, the harmless kind having round eyes. A snake can not strike more than three-quarters of its own length. Water snakes, which sometimes curl around one's leg are harmless.

AUGUST 16 1934

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In Advance

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Pledge

I will think—talk—write... Texas Centennial in 1936! This is to be my celebration. In its achievement I may give free play to my patriotic love for Texas' heroic past; my confidence in its glories that are to be...

WHY NOT DAM CHAMPION CREEK

Why not dam Champion Creek as a PWA project? We do not know whether it is practicable or not, but we do know that such a program if practical would mean a great deal to people along its banks.

We do not know anything about what such a project would cost the community. We do know, however, that the Federal and State relief departments are anxious to build such projects. They want projects that will really give employment to the destitute people in the county and will be of lasting benefit. In other words they are tired of doing little things of a non-permanent nature.

If such a project is practical an irrigation district could be formed and the water used to irrigate quite a number of acres of land along the creek. That would mean a great deal to this community especially in such years as this.

Why not investigate the proposition anyway?

This country is going through a drouth of intensive proportions. Sun and wind have done a great deal of damage to crops which have had no rain in this immediate section since April 18th, almost 120 days. It is remarkable that the crops are holding up as well as they are.

If it does not rain in time to sow small grain for winter pasture feed is going to be scarce in this county and stock will suffer. If it does rain in time to sow grain the situation will be greatly relieved.

The government is doing its part toward aiding those who are unable to buy feed for their livestock. And it is doing its part, too, toward relieving suffering among mankind. Only last week the relief payroll in Loraine amounted to more than \$700, and that much is paid out almost every week. The amount will increase later as more and more people seek relief.

Loraine people who go to Colorado should be very careful about

Odd Texas

OIL BRINGS TEXAS MORE INCOME THAN COTTON

THE 1933 INCOME FROM COTTON WAS \$204,040,000 AND FROM OIL \$237,872,000

ACCORDING TO A SURVEY BY ALLEN V. PEDEN, VICE-PRESIDENT AND SECRETARY TEXAS PETROLEUM COUNCIL

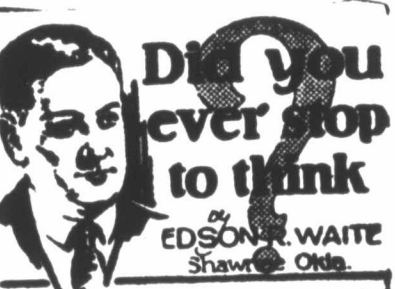
A LETTER WAS RECEIVED 7 YEARS AFTER BEING MAILED!

R.D. KILLGOUGH OF VERNON, TEXAS, RECENTLY RECEIVED A LETTER POSTMARKED "CHICAGO, 7:30 P.M. MAY 10, 1927" THEREIN HE NO MARKS ON THE ENVELOPE TO SHOW WHEN IT HAD BEEN ALL THIS TIME

SEND COPIES TO TEXAS NEWS PHOTO, BOX 106, DALLAS

© 1934 N.E. CO.

observing the stop signs on the street there. It is reported that quite a number have been fined \$5 for driving over stop sign near the Baptist Church without stopping. Mr. Henry Beights of Loraine was fined last week. The stop sign near the church has been erected just recently and if you have been in the habit of going that way you had better look carefully before you drive over the sign for it is said the Colorado officers are not letting anyone off without a fine.



You should say with enthusiasm the good things you advance in praise of your city.

You should make your city noted for its progressiveness and as a good city in which to trade.

Your city has stores that carry large stocks for the convenience of your citizens.

You should not handicap yourself by buying from distant markets. Such delays are costly, as you cannot see what you buy and the goods sometimes are not as represented.

You can buy quality merchandise in your own home city—goods that you can see before buying, and if not as represented the matter can be easily adjusted at home.

Attractive Displays, Quality Service, and Advertising Sell Merchandise.

The Merchants of Your City Carry Large Stocks of Seasonable Merchandise. It Will Pay You To Buy At Home!

ON TEXAS FARMS
By W. H. Darrow, Extension Service Editor

Three hundred Fayette county farmers have beaten the drouth to their forage crops by putting 15,000 tons of corn, cane and hegar down in trench silos to feed their livestock through the winter.

You may not have your cake and eat it too, but farmers did get their cotton plow-up checks last summer when they were badly needed and are profiting again this year, says E. B. Isham of Deep Creek in Shackelford county who reports a yield of 65 bushels of oats per acre on land where he plowed under cotton last year and only 10 1/2 bushels on 15 other acres of similar land.

From a two acre plum orchard Ralph Materson of Hardin county profitably marked, mostly at his own front gate, 200 bushels of plums. Some of his trees are bearing this year for the first time.

For setting out 300 tomato plants in her garden and 25 shrubs around the house, having a fully equipped sewing box, making a cup towel, apron and dress, and then writing the history of her club work Eva

Kapchinski, 4-H club girl of Pine Grove in Grimes county was named winner in a county contest to attain these goals.

More than 4000 feet of concrete tile is being made by relief labor for use in relief gardens in Scurry county. After this job is done private citizens will be permitted to buy tile made by those who are getting their training in the work now.

In Hartley county in June 185 producers sold 2266 head of cattle for an average of \$13.45 in the month relief cattle buying program. These producers retained 16,21 animals indicating hope in the future and determination to stay in business.

Blackberry and dewberry canes which have borne fruit will not bear again J. F. Rosborough, extension horticulturist, says. These canes should be cut after the crop is gathered leaving room for the new growth which will carry next year's fruit. A hoe is satisfactory implement for chopping out the canes or a moving machine could be used where a large field of berries is to be cared for.

In the 50 by 150 foot subirrigated hillside garden in Canadian, Hemphill county, that is being used as a community garden the vegetables are growing while the same variety on ground that is not subirrigated have died or ceased to bear Beans, beets and peas are to be had from the subirrigated garden while an adjoining plot which is not irrigated shows a striking difference.

The Frio county corn-hog committeemen and the county agent who worked with them have covered themselves with glory by sending to the State Corn-Hog Review Board 380 adjusted contracts which required no changes but could be passed at once to Washington for final approval. Of the 454 contracts in that county only 74 were relayed within the county for adjustment.

One-third more yield per acre is the reward of W. D. Bicknell of Fannin county for terracing and using what he calls a "proper cropping system." "Proper" to Mr. Bicknell means 15 acres at a time for three year periods in clover or alfalfa then other crops planted on that land.

TYPUS FEVER ON INCREASE IN TEXAS

Austin, Texas, August 13—"Typhus fever is on the increase in Texas," said Dr. John W. Brown, State Health Officer, "and the rat is the cause of its spread. Old World typhus fever has a high death rate, while the type we have in Texas, sometimes called Brill's Disease, has a low death rate. It occurs among persons who work or live in rat infested buildings. It was the observation of this fact that led to the discovery that rats are carriers of transmitters of the disease. It appears that the rat suffers attacks of this form of typhus fever and that the fleas harbored by the sick rat bite man and thus human infection results."

"The loss caused by rats would more than pay the State taxes for one year, as it is estimated over \$12,000,000 is thus lost. Dry, hot weather favors the increase of the fleas which cause typhus, and

BUILDERS OF TEXAS

JAMES V. ALLRED

BORN ON FARM NEAR BOULEVARD 1899 GRADUATED FROM BOULEVARD HIGH SCHOOL CUM LAUDE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF LAW LEADON TENNESSEE AT THE AGE OF 21

AS DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF FOUR COUNTIES 1924-26 INCLUDING WICHITA CO. ELECTED ATTORNEY GENERAL IN 1930 and MADE AN AVAILABLE RECORD

FIRST JOBS WERE SHINING SHOES AND SELLING NEWSPAPERS. IN NAVY IN WORLD WAR. WORKED WAY THROUGH LAW SCHOOL. MOST NOTED FOR GOVERNOR IN 1934 PRIMARY

JIMMY ALLRED IS STaunchly OPPOSING LOBBYING and THE GENERAL SALES TAX. HE IS STRONGLY ADVOCATING REMOVAL OF THE PARDONING POWER FROM THE GOVERNOR, and DECLARES WAR ON CRIME. HE FAVORS REORGANIZATION OF TAXATION METHODS TO OBTAIN FAIRNESS, JUSTNESS and EFFICIENCY. HE IS OPPOSED TO RACE TRACK GAMBLING

as crops in the field are gathered the rats around buildings will increase.

"Although this disease is not commonly fatal, it cannot be considered lightly. The intense headache, the high fever, and the great mental depression are its most unpleasant features. Like in sea sickness, the patients' greatest fear is that he is not going to die. The illness generally lasts about two weeks.

"The control of typhus is very difficult and it depends upon the extermination of rats and this is no easy matter. Trapping and poisoning help, but the best re-

sults are obtained by starving the rats. This is done by having all buildings where food is stored rat-proofed. The State Department of Health and the U. S. Department of Agriculture will be glad to assist communities in their program for the extermination of this pest."

Mrs. W. S. Thomas and daughters left the first of the week for Northwest Texas where they will spend a week visiting relatives. They will spend several days with Mrs. Thomas' son at Shamrock, Texas.

MARRIAGE LICENSE

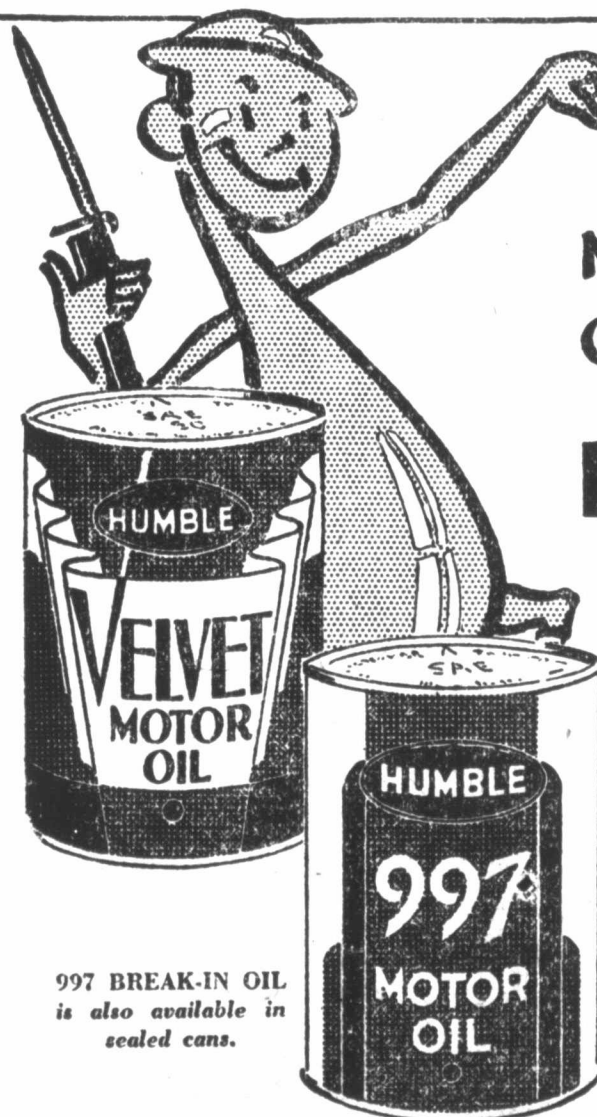
Marriage license have been issued to the following couples the past week. O. T. Anderson and Mrs. Tommie Jackson; Johnnie Robert and Miss Mina Mae Lindsey; Floyd Ritchey and Miss Virginia Webb; Lewis Pierce and Miss Nell Daugherty.

GUARANTEED TREATMENT FOR TENDER STOMACH

Dr. Emil's Adla Tablets bring quick relief from stomach pains between meals due to acidity, indigestion and heartburn. If not your money is refunded.

Hutchins & Hall, Druggists.

Report No. 3 from the HUMBLE Friction Fighter



997 BREAK-IN OIL is also available in sealed cans.

Now you NEED NEVER BE CAUGHT WITHOUT HUMBLE 997

OR VELVET MOTOR OILS

Carry a can or two in your car!



For your convenience, these

two Humble motor oils are now

sold in refinery sealed cans at

retail dealers throughout Texas

and at Humble Service Stations.

Ask your dealer to supply you.

Humble 997 (100% paraffin

base) and Velvet Motor Oils are

consumer-tested!

In REFINERY SEALED CANS:

HUMBLE 997 MOTOR OIL . . . 33c Quart

VELVET MOTOR OIL . . . 28c Quart

(Tax included)

If you would like your dealer to handle Humble 997 and Velvet Motor Oils in refinery sealed cans, send us his name and address on this coupon.

HUMBLE OIL & REFINING COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

My dealer's name is.....

His address is.....

My name is.....

My address is.....

HUMBLE MOTOR OILS IN REFINERY SEALED CANS ARE AVAILABLE AT ALL HUMBLE SERVICE STATIONS AND AT THE FOLLOWING DEALERS—

H. K. SADLER

GLEANERS S. S. CLASS

The Gleaners S. S. class of the Methodist Church met Tuesday, August 14, at 4 o'clock in the home of Mrs. Hugh Hallmark with Mesdames Earl Hallmark and Emma Land as joint hostesses. The meeting was called to order by the president Mrs. Jim Manly by singing the class song Blessed Assurance. Prayer was offered by Mrs. Jim Manly.

The devotional was given by Mrs. Roy Edwards, her theme being Faithful Christian Living, found in the 4th chapter of Mark. The Lord's Prayer was given in unison. The 9th chapter of our book Jesus Our Ideal in Love was given by Mrs. Forcher. The 10th chapter, Jesus Our Ideal Optimist is to be given by Mrs. Frank Beights. We were dismissed by Mrs. Meador.

We were grieved to hear of the death of Mr. Heard of Cisco, father of Mrs. Charley Coffee, one of our members and was at one time teacher of the class. We all extend our sympathy to her in her sad hour.

The class also sent a love

message to Mrs. Stevenson who has been real sick but is better at this time.

Delicious home made cream and cake was served to 17 members.

Our next meeting will be on September 11, in the home of Mrs. C. B. Meador with Mesdames C. F. Glass, F. J. Piguet and W. S. Thomas as joint hostesses.

Reporter

GARRETT CITES HIS RECORD

In the summer of 1933 the undersigned almost singlehanded made a campaign to retain the 18th Amendment and State liquor laws. We won in Mitchell County. The writer spent more time and energy than any other person in the county and probably more money than all others together.

In recent conversations various persons for insidious purposes emphasized their contentions that I was owned and controlled by the bootleggers and that I did nothing as county attorney to enforce the liquor laws. A statement of facts seems necessary

in support of my honesty and integrity.

During the time I was county attorney 104 felony indictments on liquor charges were returned by the grand jury. Thirty three of these were tried in the court. Twenty two persons indicted skipped and disappeared. Eight indicted persons died before trial. Fifty six search warrants were issued. And Twenty six of these were brought before the grand jury with results. Seventeen indictments were sued out and some padlocks used. For sixty days A. R. McDonald, special deputy sheriff, was employed and paid by the county attorney to work on liquor cases only. No other person has a record that will touch this, top, sides or bottom.

W. H. Garrett

ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the following candidacies for public office in Mitchell County, subject to the Democratic Primary in August. These candidates respectfully solicit your consideration.

For Congress, 19th District:

GEORGE H. MAHON
CLARK M. MULLICAN

For County Judge:

B. L. TEMPLETON

For County Superintendent:

ROY DAVIS COLES
CHAS. BRAZIL

For County Clerk:

J. M. HERRINGTON
J. F. QUINNEY

For Public Weigher, Pre. 5:

MOODY RICHARDSON
JOHN SCOWN

For Tax Assessor and Collector:

J. B. HOLT
(Re-election)

ROY E. WARREN

For District Clerk:

J. H. BALLARD
(Re-election)

Mrs. Willie May Thompson

For District Attorney:

GEO. W. OUTLAW

For State Representative 117 Dis.:

HOWARD C. DAVISON

BAUMAN NEWS

Work on improvements at Bauman School is nearing completion. Preparation is now being made for an early start of school. This should be a record year in the history of Bauman School. There are more pupils in the district than ever before. We have 118 pupils remaining in the district with 26 transferred to Loraine. Last year we had 95 remaining in the district with 35 transferred to Loraine.

Miss Ruth Johnson, of Loraine, first time this season. A team under the management of Red Howell at Loraine defeated Bauman by a score of 10 to 7. This team will play Bauman this Friday at 3:30 on the Bauman court. Roscoe Hudgins returned home this week from Hobbs New Mexico where he has been at work.

A number of people from Bauman attended the revival meetings at Leoney and Loraine last week.

Bauman Base Ball Team suffered defeat last Friday for the

On last Tuesday night Miss Larice and Ada Pearl Collier entertained a number of their friends with a picnic at Pecan Grove.

READY TO GO

We have Completely Overhauled the plant and also put in NEW Gin Stands and have only painted the office and not the machinery to call it new.

All old customers as well as new ones are invited to gin with us and be one of our satisfied customers on both turnout and sample.

Cooperative Gin Co.
August Hackfeld, Mgr.

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SUIT ORDERS APPRECIATED
Marvin J. Martin
DRY CLEANING

Business and Professional Directory**COLORADO**

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FOR MITCHELL COUNTY
Office at Court House
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LORAIN

K. L. Taylor

AGENT
INSURE NOW
Better Be Safe
Than Sorry
INSURANCE OF ALL
KINDS

G. W. Hendrick
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Efficient, Courteous Service
Loraine, Texas

PERMANENT WAVES

THE NEW VOGUEART OIL METHOD
PERMANENT WAVES NATURAL, SOFT, LASTING.
ALL WORK POSITIVELY GUARANTEED
For Appointments Telephone 65

Margaret's Beauty Salon
MAGGIE JETER, PROPRIETOR

It's the GRIP on tires that counts!



Goodyears grip best, stop quickest!
8,400 tests prove it! Smooth tires
skid 77% farther—other new
tires skid 14% to 19% farther—
than "G-3" All-Weathers!

When you
"G-3" your
wheels—look
what you get

No Extra Cost!
Flatter, Wider
All-Weather
Tread. More Center
Traction (16%
more non-skid
blocks). Heavier
Tougher Tread.
Supertwist Cord
Body and 43%
More Miles of
REAL Non-Skid.

Brakes stop your wheels—but it's the GRIP on your tires that stops your car. Grip is vital—insurance records show 5½ times as many accidents are caused by skidding as by blowouts or punctures. Grip—the quickest-stopping grip of any tire—is what the New "G-3" Goodyear All-Weather gives you. Center traction grip! Grip that lasts 43% longer—twice as long as on other tires tested against it. What a margin of safety that is! What a reason for "G-3ing" your car today!



GOODYEAR SPEEDWAY

Tough thick Center Traction Tread. Built with Supertwist Cord. Full Oversize. Lifetime guarantee.

4.40-21 4.75-19

\$4.45 \$5.20

Other sizes in proportion. Expert tire mounting. Prices subject to change without notice. State tax, if any, additional.

SEE US AT ONCE
For We Are
CLOSING OUT
Our Stock of
GOODYEAR RELIANCE
TIRES

HEAVY DUTY RED
TUBE
95c and up

Goodyear Patch 10c

Light Bulbs 5 to 15c

Goodyear Spark Plugs,
Guaranteed, each 50c

Model T Ford Pistons,
Pin Fitted \$1.00

Ford T and A, Chevrolet
4 and 6 Piston Rings 15c

Chevrolet Spark Plug
Wire Set 75c

Ford and Chevrolet Fan
Belts 50c

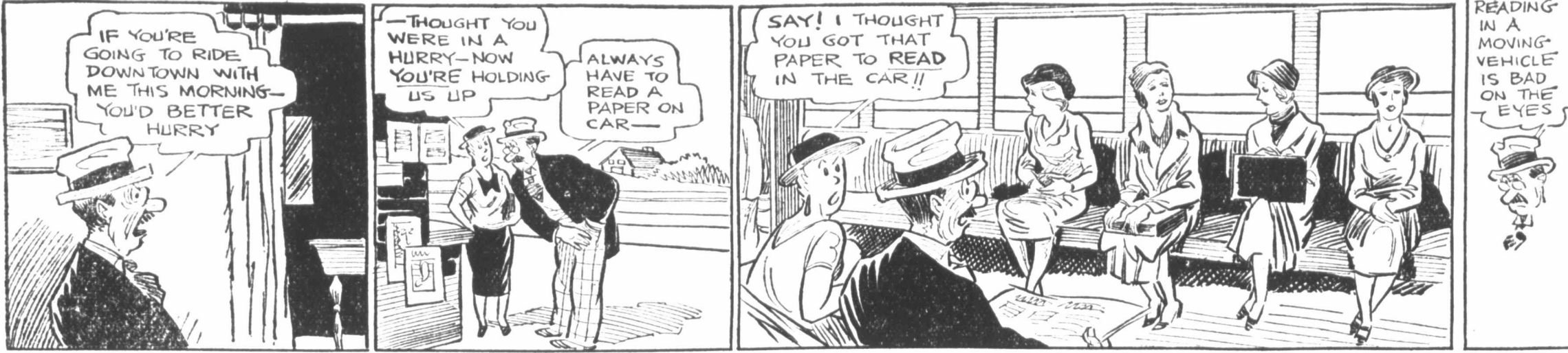
Remington Shells .65c up

G. B. TARTT MOTOR CO.

Phone 130
Loraine, Texas

THE FEATHERHEADS

By Osborne
© Western Newspaper Union



Distractions

NEW TOUCHES ON CHARMING FROCK

PATTERN 9677



There is a lot to be said for this new vogue for crisp materials—and this little frock says it charmingly. Once a woman sees those gay bretelles flaunting their flares in organdie, she becomes a convert on the instant—she just cannot wait to feel them flutter on her own fair shoulders. Of course, voile or dimity or chiffon would be equally lovely. And just to prove what a clever little frock it is, note how that waistcoat thing-a-jig pretends to button down so the belt will have a proper place from which to start.

Pattern 9677 may be ordered only in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40. Size 16 requires 3½ yards 39-inch fabric.

Complete, diagrammed sew chart included. Send FIFTEEN CENTS in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Be sure to write plainly your NAME, ADDRESS, the STYLE NUMBER AND SIZE.

Send your order to Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 232 West Eighteenth street, New York, N. Y.

Smiles

UNSEEN SPIRIT

"Didn't you put up the money for that big musical show?"
"Yes," answered Mr. Dustin Stax.
"But your name isn't mentioned on the program."
"Of course not. I'm the ghost underwriter."

Truly Hard Boiled

"I say, old chap," said one freelance writer to another, "does the editor of the Paragon accept much of your stuff?"
"Him? Accept anything?" the second writer replied. "Good heavens—that man, believe me, wouldn't accept the inevitable!"

Somewhat Similar

"Yes," said the great man. "I woke up one morning and found myself famous."
"It was slightly different with me," sighed the other. "I found myself—and then I woke up."

Innocence

Magistrate—Well, have you anything to say?
Prisoner—Yus, Guv-nor. Children an' dawgs loves me.—London Fashion Show.

FINNEY OF THE FORCE

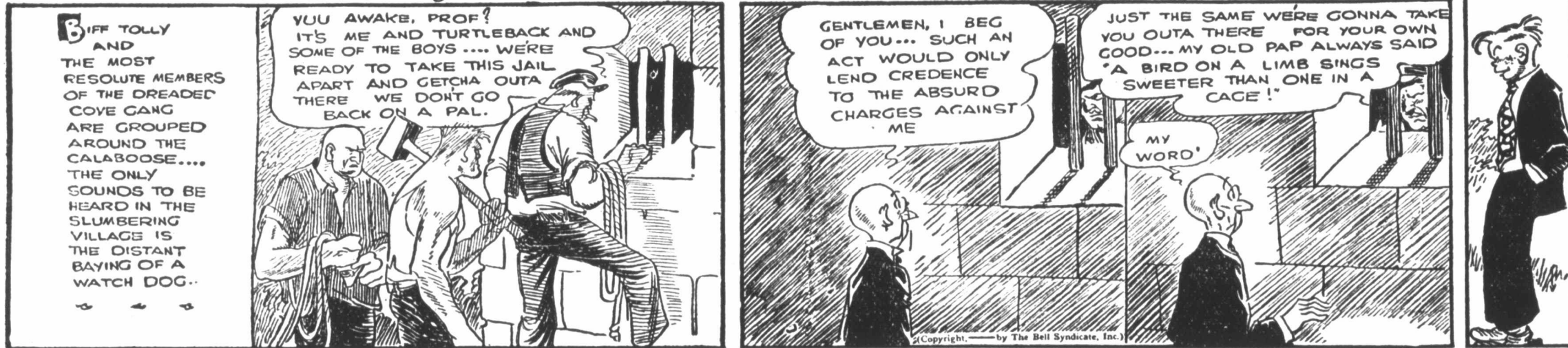
By Ted O'Loughlin
© By Western Newspaper Union



Business Is Moving

BOBBY THATCHER—The Visiting Hour---

By GEORGE STORM



SMATTER POP—Baffled By Bacilli

By C. M. PAYNE



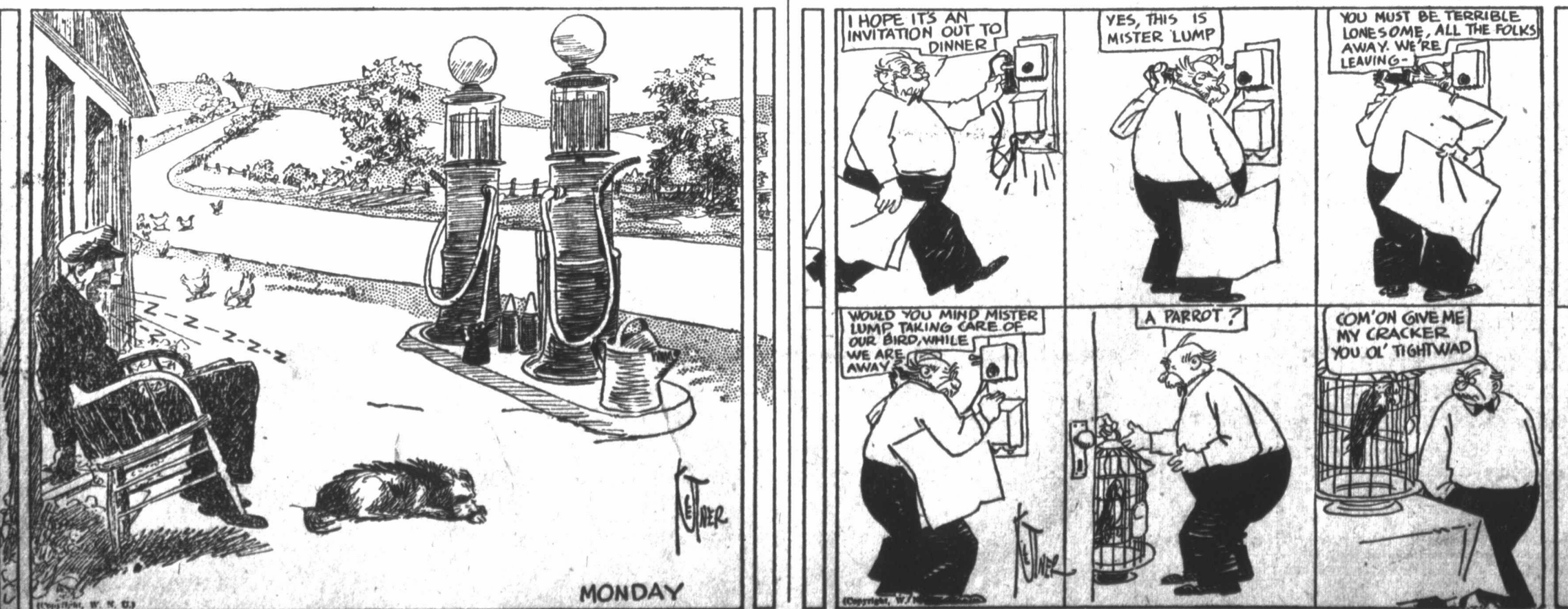
"KEEPING UP WITH THE JONESES"

The Midnight Prowler



Along the Concrete

Our Pet Peeve



Child's First Three Years

Character Then Developed Lasts Through Life; Writer Cites a Case Which Would Seem to Prove Truth of Jesuitical Theory.

By L. F. RAMSEY, National Kindergarten Association.

Ursula has just been to see me. She is a young composer, in the twenties, of whom the world will hear. And when recognition comes, as it surely will, no one will be more thrilled than I, who had a share in developing this musical genius. Please notice that I said, only, "in developing."

In the beginning, it just happened. I used to practice the piano each morning during the time Ursula's Nannie was having breakfast, and from the age of three weeks the baby was brought into the room and lay there while I played. It made no difference whether she was awake or asleep; she never cried. When she was able to sit up I was startled one morning to see her swaying backwards and forwards to the rhythm of the music.

At six months old, she sang her first musical sounds, two notes at the interval of a third, in imitation of the sound made by the swinging of a hanging lamp. At eleven months old, she sang the first phrase of a song, of which I had just played the introduction—a phrase which did not occur in the piano forte part.

Ursula now began to show strong likes and dislikes. Mendelssohn's "Lied No. 10" in B minor was a favorite and she always chuckled when I played it. Heller's "Studies" appealed to her and Handel's "Harmonious Blacksmith." Before she was a year old, she surprised everybody by snatching at a copy of her brother's "Little Folks" which contained a page of music, shouting gleefully: "Plan! pian!"

A pile of old magazines was brought and she picked out the page of music from each one, with the same cry. She now began to identify me with the instrument, calling out: "Plan! pian!" directly she caught sight of me. At twenty-two months, she could sing fifteen songs, such as "Since First I Saw Your Face," and other old English songs.

She never wearied of listening. One Sunday afternoon, I played to her for over three hours, and she sat by the piano in her high chair listening intently and occasionally volunteering a comment: "Dat welly jolly!" or asking, "What dat called?"

One of those popular airs that spread throughout the world like an epidemic was all the rage and I played it over one day to Ursula, before she was two. She was standing by the piano and had never before interrupted me, but before I had sung two lines she protested: "No, no." Then, as I paid no attention, she threw herself face downwards on the floor, sobbing out: "Baby not like!" It was just about this time that her brother had a humming-top that was not in tune and Ursula would howl with her hands to her ears if she heard it. He thought it a joke, but it was no joke to a child with a musical temperament.

At two years old, Ursula recog-

Seven Years' Work on World's Smallest Book

Completion of what is described as the smallest printed book in the world, a tiny volume of 28 pages of verses by the Persian poet, Omar Khayyam, was announced recently at Worcester, Mass.

The book, so small that its entire contents would barely cover half of an ordinary postage stamp, contains 48 quatrains of Omar's poetry from a translation made several years ago by a Worcester man, Eber Francis Thompson, a widely known student of Persia.

The tiny book is the work of Philadelphia publishers, who completed it some time ago, after more than seven years' effort. In its final form, bound in leather covers, it is 3-16 by 5-16 of an inch in dimension.

It was printed from copper plates. Seven plates, each containing four pages, were made by photo-engraving. Two quatrains appear on a page. The completed book weighs a third of a carat.

The smallest printed book previously known was a miniature printed in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1900. This volume, which has since become a literary rarity, was also a book of Omar's verses, made up from the fourth edition of Fitzgerald's translation. It was approximately one-eighth of an inch taller than the local book.

nized any of Beethoven's sonatas and would find the one she wanted in the volume. She began then to recognize similarities, and once when I was playing the "No. 10 Lied," she remarked: "Like 'Pastorale.'" I was playing bars 67-73 and it is noticeable that bars 75-78 of the "Pastorale" are similar.

She now began to recognize the styles of different composers and would remark confidently: "Dat Grieg!" or "Dat Gounod!" Before she was three, she was taken to a pianoforte recital and sat through it, one of the most interested listeners.

The Jesuit who was confident that if he might have the care of a child during its early years he need not fear the influence of any later environment has given us food for thought. Ursula seems to support his theory. She will always choose the companionship of good music. She is a genius, doubtless, because of inheritance, though we know not from what ancestor or ancestors, but her cultured taste—who can doubt that such idealistic discrimination is the result of her early education?

In Just One Minute

What happens in a minute? Have you ever given it a thought? The human heart beats approximately 72 times a minute, 90 babies come into the world every minute, 76 people die every minute. Each minute one person is injured in a street or road accident in the British Isles.

In the civilized world 20 couples marry, and one couple is divorced every minute. Education costs the country £65 per minute.

The damage done by the destruction of rats costs £90 every minute. Despite this, if all the rats in the country were to file past a given spot at the rate of seven per minute, all would not have passed in a year.

Recently an airplane flew from Paris to West Africa at the rate of two and a quarter miles a minute.

One of Britain's coal ports alone loads no fewer than 17 tons of coal every minute to be shipped to all parts of the world.—London Tit-Bits.

Possibility of Change in Time's Measurement

Back in the days when monarchs were all that the word implies, Augustus Caesar added a day to August, the month of his birth, to put it on a par with July, which commemorates Julius Caesar. It would scarcely be worth while to estimate the cost of that act of vanity during the last 1,942 years. Even the energy spent by calendar reformers in trying to correct this and other irregularities in the measurement of time is considerable. But it is worthy of note that persistent efforts are still being made to substitute for the Roman calendar a more systematic measure of time.

Interest in this subject is attested by the fact that 29 nations have appointed committees to confer with the League of Nations regarding it. The Eastern Orthodox church, with a membership of 140,000,000 persons, recently endorsed the so-called world calendar. Its action is especially significant because much of the opposition to calendar reform has come from churches and other organizations that oppose the shifting of significant historical dates. If opposition from these sources is overcome, the difficulties of securing a new calendar will be greatly minimized.

Adoption of a 13-month calendar now seems to be out of the question. Most of the reformers appear to be swinging to the improved 12-month calendar of 364 days plus one year day that would not be placed in any month. Under this plan the year can

be divided into equal quarters, each containing precisely 13 weeks. Each quarter would begin with a month containing 31 days, and would contain two other months of 30 days each. Every month would contain 26 working days, thus eliminating most of the irregularities between the months so far as business statistics are concerned.

In view of the fact that the solar year is 11 minutes less than 365½ days it is probably impossible to devise a calendar without irregularities. But many improvements can be made in the present system.—Washington Post.

Shrewd Jap Growers

Japanese berry growers in Orange county, California, have learned that strawberries can be grown in open fields late into the winter months with the aid of electricity. Insulated wires, buried beneath the berry plants, heat the ground around the roots and stimulate the growth despite winter chill.

STRONG RULERS IN THE ORIENT

Careers Reminiscent of "The Arabian Nights."

There are still men in the Orient who have had careers typical of "The Arabian Nights," but even in the Orient a certain change seems to have occurred. No longer does the good will of a eunuch, the pleasure of a pasha, or the love of a princess bring advancement, but, remarkable as it may seem, courage, courage—courage with luck and diplomacy added.

Mustapha Kemal Pasha had such a career, rising from the position of commander of a Turkish army corps on the Palestine front to ruler of modern Turkey. Riza Shah had such a career, rising from noncommissioned Cossack officer to Cossack colonel, then from colonel to prime minister and then emperor of Persia. King Ibn Saud had such a career. He was born a son of an exiled Arabian monarch and set out at the age of eighteen to win back his father's kingdom, just as the prince in "The Arabian Nights" goes to bat against the evil jinn.

And between these three soldiers ruled a fourth king from "The Arabian Nights," living in Baghdad, the city of Harun al-Rashid. He, too, was a new man on the throne, who had also commenced his career on the field of battle. He, too, was a figure out of "The Arabian Nights," but King Faisal of Iraq was a very different kind of man from his three neighbors.

The delicate descendant of a line of aristocratic priests, he adapted himself to the more robust methods of the new politics of the Orient. King Ibn Saud, his southern neighbor, is physically the strongest man in his kingdom, a man of unlimited vital energy who has been married 150 times, although he never has more than four wives at once. His western neighbor, Riza Shah, is at least as big a man as Ibn Saud, and, whereas the King of Arabia is a comparatively slender man, the Shah of Persia looks like a Pomeranian Junker, bony, muscular, with a square head and powerful jaw. The dictator of Turkey is built in the same way. He is an old soldier who can always summon up his ultimate physical reserves for battle or pleasure.—Dr. Wolfgang von Weizsäcker in the Neue Freie Presse, Vienna.

TRACES DESCENT OF BIRDS FROM FLYING REPTILES

All birds descended from flying reptiles with teeth, according to Dr. Alexander Wetmore, assistant secretary of the Smithsonian Institution. He has traced the family history of the birds back to the grotesque archopteryx and archeornis, nature's first attempts at bird making. At the top of the scale of evolution are the songbirds, while the most primitive birds living today are the ostrich and the penguin.

The story of the Wright brothers is well known. But how did the first flying reptile manage to "take off"? There were few airports at that time and those were not equipped with modern safety devices. None of the animals or reptiles had made a transatlantic flight or a journey to the stratosphere and there were no birds to soar and glide gracefully through the air. Flying existed only in the mind's eye of the lowly though imaginative reptile, and while it had a good set of teeth, it could not use them in such an undertaking.

This happened about 150,000,000 years ago, and we are frequently reminded that evolution can accomplish wonders in millions of years. But it cannot be rushed. The copperheads, rattlesnakes, water moccasins and black snakes of the Ozarks have never sprouted wings, nor has any one of them ever been heard to sing like a mockingbird. Their offspring always lack both the ambition and the ability to fly. But that does not mean they will always remain as they are, unless, indeed, evolution sometimes runs into a blind alley, a possibility suggested by Doctor Wetmore himself.

He ventures the opinion that birds may have reached the end of the evolutionary road, because he says, civilized man is disturbing the natural conditions of the earth. And if birds will never become reptiles, perhaps reptiles will never become birds.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Part of the Game Men with sound judgment generate a lot of silence.

ITCHING IRRITATION

Even in persistent cases where parts are sore and tender—comfort follows the soothing touch of

Resinol

Too great a leap falls into the ditch.

Old Saying

Frogs Reveal the Earth's Past

From Them Scientist Has Learned of Lost Continents and Vanished Seas; Furnish Information of a Long-Ago Ultra Far West.

When the frogs croak you can well imagine, with scientific backing, that you hear the nature songs of lost continents and vanished seas of the past 175,000,000 years.

For, in a new kind of frog geography, the records of these lost places have been found in living frogs by Maynard M. Metcalf of the National museum. His studies are an almost unique method of reading the earth's past. He has published the first report in the official journal, Science.

The frog map shows the possible existence of a great continent in the Pacific, in Triassic times, 175,000,000 years ago. This was Gondwanaland, some evidences of which scientists have found previously by other methods. Gondwanaland probably connected with South America.

Another lost frog continent was Lemuria. It likewise was about 175,000,000 years back, but in the Indian ocean. It appears to have connected Africa, Madagascar, Ceylon, southernmost India, the islands of southwest Malaysia and probably some of the southwestern Malay archipelago islands.

Then the frogs show an ultra-Far West. This was a strip of land west of the present Pacific coast of the United States. It ran from Siberia, down past Alaska, Central America, and perhaps even for a time, Maynard finds, to Ecuador and Chile. Its heyday was 50,000,000 to 100,000,000 years ago.

In this same cretaceous times, there probably wasn't much Texas. Instead the frogs indicate an arm of the sea there, running up from the western Gulf of Mexico all the way into the Arctic ocean.

Finally, 100,000,000 years ago Byrd apparently might have walked to

POETIC PHRASES EVOLVED BY MEN IN PRISON CELLS

If the talk of a gangster and the words of a poet were scrambled, it is hard to say which would yield the larger number of poetic phrases. Does this sound as though written in jest? A list of slang terms used in prison, published in American Speech, offers many a gem for collectors of poetic figures; diamonds in the rough, they might be called. Leaving aside the question whether these are genuine specimens of prison slang—and some of them sound as though they may not be found outside the covers of a crime novel—it is instructive to observe how faithful to the music of poetry is much of the pickpocket, the swindler or the bank robber says in the course of his trade.

One of the examples compiled by J. Louis Kuetli, of Johns Hopkins University library, is the word "tears" for pearls. There is as much poetry in this as in such an image from Shakespeare as "Those are pearls that were his eyes." Another term from the cells is "sunshine," meaning gold. The phrase "last brightening" is defined in the criminal's thesaurus as "yesterday morning." It might have come from Shelley. A gangster is "hot" when he is wanted by the police. Shakespeare wrote "how like a winter my absence has been." Here we see merely a reversal in seasons. The criminal who says "vine" for a suit of clothes is no less poetic than Campon when he wrote "There is a garden in her face." When contemporary poetry of the school of T. S. Eliot has wearied of the search for phrases among old Australian ballads or among the verses of medieval Spanish poets it may turn with profit to the cell blocks at Sing Sing and Great Meadow.—New York Sun.

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and WORK than a \$100.00 WASHING MACHINE

Coleman SELF HEATING IRON
No Heating with Matches or Torch... No Waiting... Lights Instantly, Like Gas
REDUCE your ironing time one-third... your labor one-half! The Coleman Self-Heating Iron will save you more time and work than a \$100 washing machine! Iron any place where you can be comfortable. No endless trips carrying iron from room to room. Operating cost only 1/10¢ an hour. Helps you do better ironing, easier, quicker.

See your hardware or housefurnishing dealer. If local dealer doesn't handle, write us. THE COLEMAN LAMP & STOVE COMPANY, Dept. WNU, Wichita, Kan.; Chicago, Ill.; Los Angeles, Calif.; Philadelphia, Pa.; or Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

ASTHMA?

NIAO—the new, quick relief for paroxysms of Bronchial ASTHMA. Has proven successful by one of America's most famous physicians, Mrs. Guy Barnhart, Burger, Tex., formerly an asthmatic sufferer, but now well three years. Gives NIAO complete credit! Hundreds of others throughout U. S. benefited. Write today for special money-back guarantee and new FREE literature containing the startling facts about NIAO! Positively no obligation. NIAO LABORATORIES, Amarillo, Texas. Box 973-C.

ITCHING IRRITATION

Even in persistent cases where parts are sore and tender—comfort follows the soothing touch of

Resinol

Too great a leap falls into the ditch.

Old Saying

ENCOURAGING HUMOR

London is to have a college of humor. The main object will be to produce comedians ready to take their place as master funsters in the entertainment world. They will be taught all the tricks of comedy, including how to originate and to put over "gags," as well as make the materials provided comedians by playwrights. Eccentric dancing and knock-about tomfoolery will be taught by experts. Part of the college will be devoted to teaching aspiring young authors the meaning of the word comedy. There also will be a course for men and women who wish to shine in public life as witty speakers.—Montreal Herald.

Plenty of Static

"How many controls are there on your radio set?" "Three. My wife, son, and daughter!"

Mercolized Wax

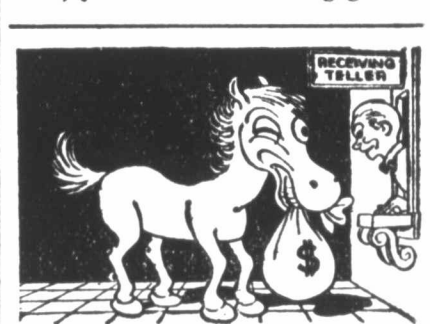
Keeps Skin Young
Absorb blemishes and discolorations using Mercolized Wax daily as directed. Invisible particles of aged skin are freed, and all defects such as blackheads, tan, freckles and large pores disappear. Skin is then beautifully clear, velvety and so soft—face looks years younger. Mercolized Wax brings out your hidden beauty. At all leading druggists.

Powdered Saxolite

Reduce wrinkles and other signs of age. Simply dissolve one ounce Saxolite in half-pint witch hazel and use daily as face lotion.

Good Sign

If you forget to take your medicine, your ailment is letting go.



Cleaned PLUGS

SAVE YOU money!

STOP THE WASTE OF 1 GALLON OF GAS IN 10... HAVE YOUR SPARK PLUGS CLEANED IN THE AC SPARK PLUG CLEANER... only 5c a plug

When your spark plugs are oxidized, they mis-fire intermittently. This wastes as much as 1 gallon of gas in 10. Ask any Registered AC Dealer, Garage or Service Station to stop this loss of money—by cleaning your spark plugs with the AC Cleaner. Replace badly worn plugs with New ACs.

Look for the "Plug-in-the-Tub"

AC

THE QUALITY SPARK PLUG

Tune Up: RAYMOND KNIGHT and the CUCKOOS—Saturdays, 10:30 p.m. Eastern Daylight Saving Time

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Where Living is an Inexpensive Luxury

Here are all the comforts of the fine hotel... wonderful food in the Coffee Shop and Walnut Room Garage opposite entrance.

PERCY TYRELL, Managing Director

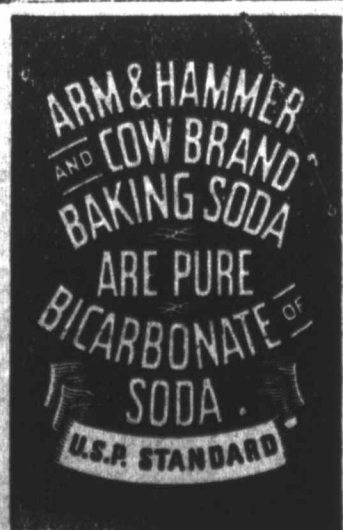
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WNU-1. 33-34



A soft cloth wrung from a Baking Soda solution will clean white painted
woodwork quickly safely... Our Soda sprinkled on a damp cloth
cleans white enameled woodwork, bathtubs, washstands... A solution of
our Baking Soda will cleanse preserve jars, jelly glasses; will make your
glassware beautifully bright and clean... Our Soda costs just a few
cents... Get it from your grocer... Mail the coupon today



Business established in the year 1846

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Piguet and family left Monday afternoon for Tulsa, Oklahoma, for a few days visit with Mr. Piguet's mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Rowland of San Angelo visited Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Fain Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. I. J. Pierce returned last Friday from an extended visit with relatives and friends in and near Dallas.

We can make you an exceptional proposition on a Radio at this time, either battery or Electric set. Hutchins and Hall Drugs.

Miss Edith Altman of Moran is visiting Miss Rilla Thompson this week.

Miss Metta Dean, who is taking a beauty course in Abilene, spent the week end with her mother Mrs. Zora Dean.

Gus McGee and son of Abilene spent the week end here with Mr. McGee's sister Mrs. Zora Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. Hull of New York City, father and mother-in-law of Marvin Thomas whose former home was Lorraine, spent Sunday night in the W. S. Thomas home.

Charley Rutledge returned the latter part of last week from Lampasas County. He reports crops very short along the route. He seems to think that this country is pretty lucky after all as crops here are better than he saw on his trip.

BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH

On last Saturday night the members of Bethel Church met in regular conference. The business of the meeting was to call a pastor for another year and elect teachers and officers for the Sunday School.

Rev. H. N. Baldere received the call as pastor for another year.

The following officers and teachers were elected: Church Clerk D. K. Taylor Treasurer Luke Finley Choir Director Wallace Land Assistant Miss Eunice Land Pianist Miss Wilma Lee Assistant Mrs. A. R. Miles Superintendent Claude Willis Assistant Less Collier Secretary Miss Eunice Land

Helps U. S. Can Meat



Miss Mildred Horton, Texas state home demonstration agent, who recently returned from Washington where she helped the Federal Emergency Relief Administration to adapt its use throughout the United States the plans developed by the Texas Extension Service and the Texas Relief Administration for emergency relief during the winter of 1933-34. It was Miss Horton's first visit to this country since she came here in 1918. She has been here ever since and is now in charge of the home demonstration work in this country. She has been very successful in her work and has helped many families to get on their feet. She is now in charge of the home demonstration work in this country.

Teachers: Men's Bible Class D. K. Taylor Women's Bible Class Mrs. Henry Riden Young People Mrs. Dee McCollum

Intermediate Less Collier Junior Mrs. Charlie Land Children's Class Mrs. Clarence Thompson

Card Class Mrs. Luke Finley There were 55 present at Sunday School last Sunday, let's have 100 present next Sunday. Remember Sunday School will begin at 10:00 and close at 11:00. If you wish to go visiting, come on to Sunday School first.

BUDGET HEARING

By order of the Hon. Commissioners Court of Mitchell County, Texas, all citizens of Mitchell County, Texas will take notice that public hearing will be had on the county budget as prepared by the County Judge for the year 1935.

Said hearing will be had August 23rd, in county court room Colorado, Texas.

Done by the Hon. Commissioners Court of Mitchell County, Texas, sitting at the regular August Term A. D. 1934.

A. F. King, County Judge Mitchell County, Texas.

HILLTOPS CLEAR

BY EMILIE LORING



A story of love and of adventure, breath-taking and thrilling, with the crisp and fragrant Maine woods for a setting. This delightful tale of a girl who finally found happiness in a world from which she had run away is to be published serially in these columns. You will enjoy it from beginning to end.



EMILIE LORING
Author of "Hilltops Clear"

DAUGHTER of George M. Baker, who was associated with a great publishing house and whose plays are still being acted all over the English-speaking world, and granddaughter of Albert Baker, one of the founders of the newspaper which is now the Boston Herald, Mrs. Loring, whose latest story is to appear serially in this paper, had the background which led her naturally into a literary career, but her entry into the field of fiction writing was delayed by the fact that her family claimed her first attention.

Mrs. Loring is the wife of Victor J. Loring, a Boston lawyer, whose far-flung interests in civic, church and legal affairs she credits with having done much to broaden her outlook.

"When our sons fared forth to 'prep' school," she said, in response to an inquiry regarding her career as a writer, "my husband vigorously fanned a spark of literary ambition to which I confessed. For a year I wrote a book-let for a Boston paper. I tried an article and, lo, it hit the bull's eye. Encouraged, I essayed a short story. It was accepted on its forty-fifth trip. I believed in that story, and so, evidently, did one other person in this great U. S. A. There followed other stories and articles and then came my first serial, 'The Key to Many Doors'."

Since the appearance of this first serial, Mrs. Loring has written a number of other stories that have won her an established place among present-day authors. "Hilltops Clear" is in her best vein and presents a delightful combination of romance and adventure. Do not miss the opening chapters.

W. A. Honea and Allen Nelson of Clyde were visitors in Lorraine Wednesday.

Clay Dean who has been working near Van Horn is spending a few days with his mother Mrs. Zora Dean.

Mrs. F. B. King and daughters Frances and Eunice spent Tuesday here with their daughter and sister Mrs. W. E. Honea and family.

We can give you the very best terms and price on the new electric Refrigerators \$99.50 and up. Hutchins and Hall Drugs.

When you need adding machine paper come to The News office. Two rolls for a quarter.

Rev. Fred McPherson, pastor of the Salesville Baptist Church will fill the pulpit here next Sunday morning. Rev. McPherson is a former Lorraine boy.

Mrs. W. A. Jarratt and daughters Misses Annie and Fannie returned home Wednesday from Glen Rose where they have been for the past ten days.

Mrs. N. J. Brians and children left Saturday for Weatherford and Sulphur Springs to visit relatives for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Teel and Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Autry and Children, and Mr. Teel's sister Mrs. Scott of Canton Texas visited in the A. Callahan home Sunday night. Mr. and Mrs. Teel are Mr. Callahan's uncle and aunt.

Make wash day a pleasure with an Automatic washer, either Gasoline or Electric power \$49.95 and up. Hutchins and Hall Drugs.

Telephone 65 when you have visitors or know of any news whatever. We will appreciate the favor and our subscribers will enjoy reading the news.

BEAR IN MIND

It is not the dog in the fight; it is the fight in the dog that counts.

We are fighting for your business and will always Treat You Right and meet any fair competition.

Give us a trial and be convinced that—

Mrs. J. W. Fairbairn
Grocery Store
Has It

CONVENIENCE

SAVES TIME, MONEY AND WORRY. All of these things are accomplished with a checking account. And in addition you have at all times a permanent record of your expenditures. All accounts are insured against loss.

THE FIRST STATE BANK

Closeout SPECIALS

In order that we get ready for Fall Merchandise we are offering price smashing values which enable you to own dependable goods at lowest prices of the season.

LADIES' WHITE SHOES made by Friedman-Shelby Dress Shoes and School Oxfords

\$2.95 Ladies' White Pumps and Oxfords, Closeout—
\$2.19

\$3.95 Ladies' White Pumps and Oxfords, Closeout—
\$2.75

\$1.95 Betty Lee Frocks Closeout Price—
\$1.69

One Special Lot Men's Semi-Dress Pants—
79c

Men's Dress Straws ONE-HALF PRICE

Fall Merchandise arriving Daily fresh and crisp from Texas markets. See our Values.

A Cool Place To Trade

Fred B. Ison Dry Goods

CAR REPAIRING

We do all kinds of Car Repairing.

Prices are Always Right.

Manly Motor Company

Jim Manly, Mechanic

Mrs. C. L. Cifers of San Antonio, Mrs. E. B. Gray of San Angelo, and Mr. and Mrs. Lee Dorn of Colorado are visiting in the home of their parents Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Coon this week.

Lost or Stolen—One black half Shetland pony about 12 or 13 hands high has rupture knot on left side near flank. Left my place April 24th near Sheppard school house. Finder please notify Bill Sheppard and receive reward.

Closing Out Shoes At Very Low Prices

BUY NOW AND SAVE MONEY

We must reduce our stock of shoes in order to make room for the new fall goods.

Men's White Duck and Split Leather Work Shoe
Pair—
98c

Men's Solid Leather Scout Work Shoe, pair—
\$1.98

Men's White Sport Oxford, \$3.95 value for, pair—
\$2.95

Boy's Leather Oxford Composition sole, pair—
95c

Our New Fall Dresses, Hats and Coats arriving daily. See Them Now!

Thornhill Dry Goods

Children's Leather Front Strap Sandal, pair—
79c

Children's White Shoes \$1.95 value reduced to—
\$1.39

Women's Beige Shoes, discontinued numbers, pr.
\$1.95

All Women's White Shoes Reduced to, pair—
\$1.95

One Lot Women's Shoes Special Value at, pair—
\$1.49

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THE RED & WHITE STORES

Friday and Saturday Specials

Meal Full 10 lb 31c
Cream Sack

Red & White Shred or Halves
PEACHES, Large can 19c

Your choice of Apples, Prunes or Blackberries
Gallon Fruit can 39c

Corn Flakes R&W pkg 9c

Singleton's Pure Cane
SYRUP Gallon 59c

COFFEE R&W lb can 33c

Lemons Cal. Red Ball doz. 25c

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AND HUBERT THOMAS