

TEXAS IS THE BUYER

of registered cattle. During the first five months of this year she bought 1,000 head of registered herefords from other states. Other breeds as well as the Herefords are in great demand. If you have cattle to sell advertise in

THE JOURNAL.

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DEVOTED TO THE AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS OF TEXAS AND THE SOUTHWEST.
DALLAS, FORT WORTH AND SAN ANTONIO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1901.

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SPECIAL NOTICE AD.

In the Journal and you will not be disappointed. A special notice ad is a business bringer. The rate is only

TWO CENTS A WORD.

SHIPPING FRUIT.

TOMATO SHIPMENTS FROM EAST TEXAS ARE ABOUT FINISHED—PROMISING OUTLOOK.

A Journal man spent the past week in the great fruit and vegetable section of east Texas, where truck and fruit growers are sending out from Jacksonville, Tyler, Craft, Dalworth, Rusk, Palestine, Mt. Selman and other points many carloads daily of fine fruits and vegetables.

The tomato shipments are about over for this year, and the prospects for the season are highly satisfactory. The tomato crop was cut somewhat short by the drought, and a hailstorm on the first of June played havoc with both tomato and fruit crops in some places, though on other farms only a few miles distant the crops were unhurt. For all tomato shipments that were made to reliable commission firms and for tomatoes sold on the track good prices were received, and many farmers say they have made more money than ever before on any crop. The acreage will be greatly increased next year.

One of the chief sources of loss, where losses have occurred, has been on account of unreliable commission firms failing to make returns. The fruit growing associations are endeavoring to correct this trouble, so far as possible, and have in a measure succeeded, though some inexperienced shippers have been bitten by sharpers. Several of the associations now have representatives in the various markets to look after their interests, and shippers who have availed themselves of the opportunity to secure protection have fared well.

The shipments of peaches have been fairly heavy so far, but this week the Elberta crop, the principal one in that section, will begin to move and the railroads will be taxed to take care of the shipments.

There is a very great demand for pears, and experienced hands make good wages. Most of the work of gathering and packing is done by boys, many of whom soon become experts. The peach crop is generally, except where damaged by hail, in good condition, and the yield from orchards will be very satisfactory. Thousands of acres will be put in fruit next year, and many fine young orchards, whose trees are not old enough to yield fruit this year, will swell next year's crop. The outlook for that section is exceedingly bright.

At Albuquerque last week, E. A. Miera received 40 wagon loads of wool from his ranches near Cabana, N. M.

a bureau for the collection and dissemination of useful information and statistics along the line of supply and demand, crops, market conditions, etc., was also discussed. The commercial club of Amarillo and other similar bodies in the Panhandle were invited to join in the support of a fitting Texas exhibit at the St. Louis exposition.

Charbon Kills Mules.—A dispatch from Memphis, Tenn., says: Charbon has gained a foothold and is causing harm and much loss of livestock in the Mississippi Delta. Doctor Sol McDowell, as well-known planter, and manager of the Richardson plantations in the Delta, says that the disease is causing a panic among the planters in Bolivar county. In that section Charles Scott has already lost over eighty-five head of mules, Frank Scott thirty, and W. J. Terrell, fifty. Over 500 mules have died in an area of fifty miles. Besides mules and horses, cattle are also suffering with the disease.

American Association.—At Denver, June 27, the American Cattle Growers' association which was formed some time ago was formally incorporated by P. L. Lusk, of California, Joseph M. Carey of Wyoming, and J. C. Leary of Denver. The association will hold a meeting of the board of directors in Denver on the 9th of July to take up the leasing problem. It is expected that some plan for a new law will be adopted at that meeting.

As Marine Cow Puncher.—Rev. John P. Brushingham, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Chicago, the richest denomination in the United States, is planning to cross the Atlantic ocean this summer in the hold of a cattle ship as keeper of Texas long horns. The trip will be made in the interest of economics, and Dr. Brushingham will be accompanied by Rev. E. L. Meserve, pastor of the Francis Willard Memorial church.

Yellow Fever Serum.—According to New York advices Dr. Angel Bellanzaghi and Dr. Felipe Caldas have arrived in that city from Rio Grande de Sul, Brazil, in their laboratory in Brazil they prepared an anti-yellow fever serum, of which they brought a quantity sufficient for the treatment of more than 1,000 persons. They are en route to Cuba, where, before a committee appointed by the United States authorities, they will demonstrate the curative properties of the serum. Through their attorney, R. L. Summerlin, San Antonio, Texas, who is now in New York, they have asked Surgeon General Sternberg of the United States army to prepare the way that a fair test may be given, and they desire that the discovery shall have the official attest of the United States government if it proves successful.

SHORTHORN REGISTRATION.

HEAVY INCREASE IN FIRST FIVE MONTHS OF THE YEAR—SHORTHORN SALES.

One year ago the office force of the American Shorthorn Breeders' association was at least eight times behind with the work, writes B. O. Cowan of Springfield, Ill., assistant secretary of the association. This was due largely to the increasing business resulting from improved conditions of trade also to the "deluge" of pedigrees that came during the closing months of 1899, December of that year showing the record-breaking receipt of over 12,000 pedigrees. During last July the office force was increased and the accumulated progress made, and the accumulated work would have been disposed of by the annual meeting in December only for the increased work made necessary by the shows and sales conducted by the association.

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Much praise is justly due Secretary John W. Groves for the improved condition in the work, and his faithful complement of clerks, some of whom have been several years in the office, and I am sure the patrons of the office will accord him due credit for his energetic and efficient work when it is more fully known. As I have been in the office but a very short time, and so claim no credit for what has been accomplished, I can, I trust, bespeak the appreciation of faithfulness of my associates in the office, without being liable to the charge of self-laudation.

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Wright, second; time 1:19; Frank Brown, third; time 1:20; W. L. Rowland, fourth; time 1:36 1-2.

Louisiana Rice Crop.—Reports from Louisiana state that although rice farmers in that state planted a much larger acreage than last year, owing to lack of rain at seeding time, much of the grain failed to sprout, and some of that which came up was so slow in getting started that weeds and grass got a start and before the rice was tall enough to flood, the former were so far advanced that to have thrown water over the land deep enough to kill them out, would have gone above the rice and drowned it, too, and much of it was abandoned. In other sections the protracted drought has so affected bayous and small streams that have heretofore furnished an abundance of water that pumps are being operated under a difficulty that threatens disaster, while near the coast salt tides have come in from the Gulf and in several places rice men have been obliged to stop their pumps altogether, as salt water is fatal to rice growth. The lack of surface water to feed water-bearing sands, that artesian wells are sunk tap, has evidently had a telling effect on them, too, as a great many of those that furnished a remarkable flow last year and the year before are not doing so well this season. There are good wells only ninety feet deep stronger than 200 feet, but at 300 feet probably the most satisfactory head of water has been obtained, though some of those not more than ninety feet deep have proved superior to those sent deeper.

A curious feature, but one that will have serious consequences, has attracted attention in western Louisiana this season, and that is that a chain of wells put down approximately the same depth, all on a given course, have very nearly the same quantity of water, while wells on either side, though put down to an equal or even a greater depth, will give off a great deal smaller supply of water.

Executive Committee Met.—The executive committee of the Panhandle Stockman's association held its regular summer meeting in Amarillo last week. President Thos. Bugbee of Clarendon, presided; E. H. Bealman, of the secretary, S. G. Carter of Miami, Wm. Harrell of Amarillo, N. E. Hoard of Hereford and W. C. Isaacs were members of the committee present. Arrangements were made for fall inspection in the Panhandle and New Mexico districts. A resolution was adopted favoring the establishment of quarantine yards at South McAlester, I. T., by the United States bureau of animal industry. The question of establishing

the same lines as the one that will be made at El Reno. The bill of particulars for the injunction will contend that the lands of the Indians are being illegally and unconstitutionally wrested from them against their wishes. It will show that the organic act creating the territory made the laws and constitution of the United States applicable to the territory. Provisions were made in that act whereby the Indians could invoke the aid of the courts for their protection. It will be contended that "Lone Wolf" is a "person" and that the opening of the reservation will deprive him of his landed rights, as well as all other incidents of their landed rights, and that even if it had been legally signed by the Indians it would still be null and void by reason of the organic act and the provisions of the United States constitution. The executive officer of the government and congress of their action eight months ago, which invalidated the treaty, the suit contends that the nation's numerous amendments of congress without recommitment to the Indians for their approval invalidated the act.

Will Carry Exhibits Free.—The announcement is made by F. T. Ramsey, chairman of the exhibit committee, that all express companies will deliver free of charge the exhibits for the Texas Farmers' Congress at College Station. The days for shipment are July 22 and 23. All shipments should be addressed to Prof. J. H. Connell, College Station.

The Texas Drought.—During the past week showers fell in various parts of Texas, chiefly in north and west Texas, but the precipitation was not sufficient to break the drought which has been entered and entered in all sections of the state. The corn crop has already been cut short nearly all over the state and cotton is feeling the effect of the drought and extremely high temperature. Fruit is also being sharply affected. Among the countries which have received light rains during the past few days are Dallas, Denton, Hill, Bowie, Fannin, DeWitt, Jackson, Gonzales, Colorado, Washington, Gillespie, Polk, Brown and Austin and other counties adjoining them, but rain is wanted all over Texas.

Williamson County Fair.—The Taylor Fair association held at Taylor, Texas, last week the most successful fair from a financial standpoint, ever conducted during the score of years of its existence. The livestock exhibits were first-class, though the unfavorable weather affected the farm displays. The fair was a success in every way. Roy Blain, first; time 1:07; Will Brown, Jr., second; time 1:15; F. Barker Jr., third; time 1:22 1-2. In the men's contest the winners were: Frank Davidson, first; time 1:04; Walter

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listered applicants will be permitted to make homestead entry of the land opened hereunder will be determined by drawings for both the El Reno and Lawton districts publicly held at the United States land office at El Reno, Ok., commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., Monday, July 23, 1901, commencing at such period he may be necessary to complete the same. The drawings will be held under the supervision of three persons whose integrity is such as to make their control of the drawing a guarantee of its fairness. The members of this committee will be appointed by the secretary of the interior, will preserve suitable compensation for their services. Preparatory to these drawings the registration officers will at the time of registering each applicant who shows himself duly qualified, make out a card, which must be signed by the applicant, stating the land district in which he desires to make homestead entry and giving such a description of the applicant as will enable the local land officers thereafter to identify him. This card will be once mailed in a separate envelope, which will bear no other distinguishing label or mark than such as may be necessary to show that it is to go into the drawing for the land district in which the applicant desires to make entry. These envelopes will be separately accounted for and land districts will be carefully preserved and remain sealed until opened in the presence of the local land officers. When the registration is completed all of these sealed envelopes will be turned over to the committee in charge of the drawing, who, in such manner as in their judgment will be best, will draw the entire fairness and equality of opportunity shall proceed to draw out the envelopes and develop and to give each enclosed card a number in the order in which the envelope containing the same is drawn.

"While the drawings for the two districts will be separately conducted, they will occur on the same day and at the same time. The result of the drawing for each district will be certified by the local land officers, who will also determine the order in which the applicants may make homestead entry of the land opened hereunder."

Subsequent proceedings are provided for as follows: "Applications for homestead entry of lands during the first sixty days following the opening can be made only by registered applicants and in the order established by the local land officers, commencing Aug. 16 at 9 o'clock inclusive for that district must be presented by the applicant in person, or by a duly authorized agent, and will be considered in their numerical order during the first sixty days following the opening. Nos. 123 to 250 inclusive must be presented and considered in their numerical order during the second sixty days following the opening. If any applicant fails to appear and present his application for entry when the order is called, his right to enter will be passed until after the others are disposed of, when he will be given another opportunity to make entry, failing which he will be deemed to have abandoned his right to make entry under such drawing.

"To obtain the allowance of a homestead entry each applicant must personally present the certificate of registration thereto, and if the certificate is not a regular homestead application and the neces-

LIVESTOCK CONDITIONS.

REPORTS FROM VARIOUS SECTIONS RECEIVED BY THE NATIONAL LIVESTOCK ASSOCIATION.

Secretary C. F. Martin, of the National Livestock association, in a bulletin issued July 1, says:

Semi-annual reports received by the secretary of the National Livestock association from all western states and territories regarding conditions of the livestock industry on the range, indicate a most prosperous year for the industry as a whole. The winter losses were lighter than for many years, but heavy spring storms in some sections caused about the usual spring losses, but the average will not reach over 3 per cent. Many sections report losses from predatory wild animals greater than usual, showing that this pest must soon be met in some way. Another cause of loss has been thieves, who have been unusually bold and successful during the past few months, especially on the horse range. Reports from round-ups show an average 1.000 head of cattle. At the present time the only sections threatened with drought are southern and eastern New Mexico, and Southern Arizona. There is still some anxiety for summer rains to relieve these conditions. The northern half of Montana and western North and South Dakota suffered from a late spring and drought, but these conditions have lately been relieved, and the range, though late, was never better. There has been a large movement of stock cattle from the southwestern to northern ranges, approximately 150,000 head. The movement of western cattle has been very much lighter than usual, being principally from Pacific coast states to Montana and Wyoming. Many sections report the range badly crowded, and early in the spring there were many clashes between sheep and cattle owners for possession of the range, but the good rains and consequent improvement of the feed on the range has temporarily delved this condition. Prospects are considered good for a heavy movement of western range grass cattle, commencing about a month earlier than usual, and probably continuing late into the fall. Prices on stock cattle have been from \$1.50 to \$2.50 per head lower than last year. Slightly high grade cattle are steady compared with a year ago and in demand.

The sheep situation is not so satisfactory. Reports all indicate a general expectation of lower prices, due to the crowded condition of the ranges and the absolute necessity of reducing the flock to fit the range conditions. The lamb crop has been unusually heavy, owing to the mild winter and favorable weather at lambing time. The movement from the range to market will commence earlier than usual on both cattle and sheep, and a heavy run of sheep and an average run of cattle is expected.

Cattlemen expect to market a larger per cent of their cattle as beef than usual, owing to the good feed that has prevailed in nearly all sections. Owing to the general favorable conditions of the beef market, range prices are holding steady and cattlemen are looking for steady prices in the fall at about an average of 10 cents per pound. The demand on the Pacific coast for all kinds of stock has diverted many cattle in that direction that usually come east. The movement in this direction will continue this fall, and is caused by the increased demand for stock by the Nevada, Utah, Idaho, Arizona and western Wyoming. Quite a number of Montana cattle, mostly fat stuff, have also gone west instead of east, to market, and more will go to the fall. The movement of horses is unusually large, owing to the generally remunerative prices prevailing in the east, and the ranges are being cleaned up of many bands which only a few years ago were considered worthless and a nuisance.

The situation in the cotton states of the Mississippi and Missouri valleys is too uncertain at this time to enable a prediction as to the feeder demand in the fall. According to reports received at this office, the number of cattle on summer feed is much lighter than usual and the markets will be compelled to depend to a certain extent upon grass cattle. There are an unusual number of cattle on pasture in Kansas and Nebraska, and grass conditions are reported to be very good in most sections, although the late warm wave has threatened the situation somewhat. A feature of the western range situation has been the large demand for pure-bred and high-grade bulls and rams. This demand seems to be satisfactorily increasing, and as the western range man usually desires this class of animals in carload lots and prefers them already acclimated, it may be said that the demand is coming principally from ranchmen who are purchasing in pure-bred herds for the purpose of breeding the stock needed on the range. This accounts for the unusual demand for female stock. The western range breeder realizes thoroughly now that he must breed a first-class grade of beef cattle and mutton in order to compete with the small ranchman, and plans are being made to accommodate this demand on a liberal scale.

The outlook for the livestock business on the whole is good. While much depends upon the growing crops of corn and hay, stockmen are not looking for any advance in stockers and feeders, but they do anticipate a steady market at about last year's figures. Should the corn crop be unusually large these prices will be much firmer, but should it fall short they will expect to take something off the present prices.

Went After Rustlers.—An organized band of cattle thieves recently got away from the head of cattle near Chamberlain, S. D. An organized posse went after the rustlers and recovered 80 head of cattle that had been secreted on an island in the Missouri river.

Stamps on Bills of Sale.—An Omaha press report says: Under date of June 30, 1901, the office of collector of internal revenue, Omaha, is in receipt of a decision from Washington which reverses the ruling pertaining to the use of revenue stamps on bills rendered for the sales of live stock. Therefore it will be necessary to affix revenue stamps as heretofore. It was the im-

pression of commission men as well as of shippers that the new revenue law removed the tax from bills, but by the above decision it will be seen that this is not the case. The stamps will have to be affixed the same as before the new law went into effect.

Bought Big Ranch.—John B. Slaughter has purchased the Nave-McCord company's ranch for \$250,000. This ranch comprises about 100,000 acres of deeded lands and 20,000 acres of leased lands in Garza and Lynn counties, Texas, and about 700 acres of state land. Slaughter paid \$1.00 per acre for the deeded land and no charge for leased lands. The cattle were sold at \$18.50 per head for all the cattle except calves of 1901, which were sold at \$10 per head. The trade approximated in round numbers \$250,000. Mr. Slaughter will take possession of the property by the 1st of September. The cattle are of high grade Durham. For years the Square Compass ranch cattle have been graded up until they have become very fine specimens of beef cattle. In the last five years over 300, actually 303, thoroughbred of high-grade bulls have been brought for service on the ranch. Mr. Slaughter owns a ranch adjoining this property, known as the "Navy" ranch. Captain B. B. Padcock sold the land included in the Square and Compass ranch to the Nave-McCord people some years ago, with many more acres of land, the price then being \$500,000 for the land alone.

Colonel Pryor's Advice.—Colonel H. T. Pryor, one of the best known cattlemen in the country, in an interview in the San Antonio Express a few days ago said of the opening of the Chamberlain, Kiowa and Apache reservations:

"The opening, if carried out on schedule time will cause a great rush of half-fat cattle to the market centers. This condition will bring about a glut in the market and sharp declines will follow. Cows in large numbers will sell below \$2.00 and heaves below \$3.00. These prices will cause the shipper heavy losses. The lowest market of the year will, in my opinion be between July 15 and August 15. There is a partial remedy, however, for the threatened disaster. If all those who are more fortunately situated will refrain from marketing their cattle during this great forced rush, it will not only result in profit to themselves, but help their neighbor to secure better prices. My bitter experience in the Territory dates back to the opening of the Cherokee strip. I was among the last to sell of the opening of the Chamberlain, Kiowa and Apache reservations, and was accomplished under the personal supervision of an officer and company of United States cavalry. We loaded three trains a day until we had shipped out several thousand head. Our cows sold on the Kansas City market from 75 cents to \$1.30 per hundred weight. The cow that is now selling at Kansas City for \$3.10 and \$3.20 would have sold on that glut at about \$1.30 and \$1.50. This was in August, 1893, and the opening was on September 21 following. Having been there, you will readily see that I know whereof I speak. Fearing just such conditions as seem inevitable now, the Evans-Snyder company, whom I represent, refused all loans applied for in the spring on cattle destined for that

portion of the territory about to be opened. We lost some business by this method, but am convinced that those who tried to keep away from there with their cattle will be our friends in the future. It is hard to say how many cattle will be affected by the openings. There are in the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache reservations about 2,000,000 acres, and in the Wichita about three quarters of a million, or say a total of 3,500,000 acres used as pasture. One animal to each ten acres would in my opinion be putting it at a less figure. There are about 700,000 head of cattle capable of carrying one animal to every six acres, and as a usual thing cattlemen stock up to the limit. A large number, however, have been taken to other pastures, fearing just what is about to happen."

Texas Quarantine Order.—Following is the text in full of the quarantine order issued by Gov. Sayers, June 23. "Whereas, The live stock sanitary commission of the State of Texas, on June 25, 1901, made and entered the following order and regulations: "Whereas, The live stock sanitary commission of the state of Texas has ascertained that two herds of infected cattle have been driven from Haskell county, Texas, to Childress, and one of said herds was driven from Childress to Childress county, Texas, to Clarendon in Donley county, and one of said herds was driven from Childress to Ochiltree county, and "Whereas, Said herds so infected have infected said trail and route; and "Whereas, If cattle are permitted to go on or across said trail the same is liable to become infected and such infection be scattered; "Therefore, the order of this board that from and after the 1st day of July, 1901, no cattle shall be moved from the following counties in Texas prior to the 1st day of November, 1901, or until the further order of the board, to-wit: "King, Stonewall, Cottle, Childress, Ochiltree, Hall and Donley counties; provided, however, that cattle in pastures in said counties through which said cattle did not touch or pass may be moved by the owner or person in charge making affidavit that said cattle have not been in infected pastures or on or across infected trail during the year 1901, and are free from ticks and diseases, which said affidavit shall be filed with M. M. Hanks at Quanah, Texas, and a permit given therefor, but said cattle shall not be moved until such permit is issued by this board or one of its inspectors; and "Whereas, It has been ascertained by this board that infection exists among the cattle of Greer county, Oklahoma, and that if such infected cattle are driven into or grazed over lands and pastures in the Kansas City market to communicate splenic fever to the cattle of Texas. "It is, therefore, Ordered that from and after the 1st day of July, 1901, no cattle shall be shipped, moved or driven from or out of Greer county, Oklahoma, into the state of Texas; provided, however, that cattle from said territory may be moved into Texas after the 1st day of November, 1901, and one of its inspectors. "It is further, Ordered that any vio-

lations of this order shall be an offense and punishable by law." "Now, therefore, I, Joseph D. Sayers, governor of the state of Texas, in conformity with the provisions of chapter 7, title 102, of the Revised Statutes of Texas of 1895, do hereby declare the quarantine lines and the rules and regulations of the live stock sanitary commission of the state of Texas, shall be in full force and effect from and after July 1, 1901, and shall remain in effect until the 1st day of November, 1901, unless otherwise ordered in due form of law."

General Meat the Best.—Consul General Stowe, at Cape Town, South Africa, finds upon investigation that the meat of the British government should prohibit the use of American meats for army purposes. On this subject he says in a report to state department: "As the great bulk of tinned meat brought by the military authorities of the Great Britain has been sent to Cape Town, I have been making investigations with a view of finding if objections have been made to the American product. I obtained permission for an American who was proceeding to Johannesburg to stop at the different military bases and make inquiries. I give the substance of his report below: "Thousands of empty tins which have contained American beef are strewn throughout the entire route to Pretoria. The percentage of Australian is small; I should think less than 5 per cent of the whole. At De Aar, Bloemfontein, Kroonstadt and lesser bases large stores of American corned beef are to be seen. The men, when questioned stated that it is quite satisfactory, and I was informed by several officers that in many cases the men preferred tinned meat to the poorer fresh article. "There is a large stock of American meat at Pretoria. All the stores and shops carry it, and have no complaints as to its quality. I have ascertained that it is the custom at the bases to use cases of corned beef as floors, putting a layer of cases on the ground and piling the meat on top of the cases, commodities which it is desired to protect from the moisture. These cases are so often used for several months before being sent out as rations, and the tin becomes rusty and small holes let in the air, thus spoiling the meat, although the tin is not blown. This, in my opinion, is the principal cause of complaint. "The importance of frozen meat is in the hands of the De Beers company, which has erected several substantial depots and installed ice making machinery, imported from the United States, thus reducing the price of frozen meats to the consumer. It also imports refrigerators and ice manufacturing equipment. The company now proposes to import from Australia frozen hog products, hams, shoulders and bacon, and to cure these after arrival. "It is reported that the difficulty in curing frozen meat has been solved in New Zealand, and that a London company is applying the new process. It would seem cheaper to import cured meats than to import frozen ones and then cure them. The import of hog products into South Africa up to date has been limited."

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As a brief account of the methods in the office may interest some readers, I will say that when letters are received they are opened and the pedigrees hastily examined to see if date of birth, color, sex, signature of breeder, etc., are given. A good many are deficient in some of these requirements, and have to be returned to the sender, or held until completed by correspondence. This, of course, causes delay and sometimes great disappointment to breeders who want certified copies quickly. If all pedigrees were examined carefully before being sent to the office, to guard against omissions or mistakes, the work of the office would be greatly facilitated, and more prompt and satisfactory service given.

After the first examination of pedigrees and proper receipt sent, the money is entered on the books and the pedigree marked and laid away until the "checking" clerks can examine them. This is the most careful examination and consists in comparing the pedigree of an animal with the record of its immediate ancestors to detect mistakes, if any have been made. After

being checked pedigrees are filed away until the volume is ready for the printer, and the original pedigrees are not returned to the parties sending them, as some think, but are kept in the office for future reference. The secretary—in fact, the whole office force—is anxious to push the work vigorously and give efficient and satisfactory service, and all rejoice with the breeders on the very gratifying increase in receipts of the office, as indicating the strong and healthful demand for Shorthorns. The receipts for 1900 were larger than any preceding year, but 1901 shows a decided increase over 1900. During the first five months of 1900 the receipts for pedigrees were \$18,856, and \$23,455.50 for certified copies, while during the same months of 1901 the receipts for pedigrees were \$26,311 and \$3,693.50 for certified copies. This is an increase of \$7,455 in pedigrees and \$1554 in certified copies, or approximately 40 per cent increase in the former and 75 per cent in the latter. As certified copies are 25 cents each, and pedigrees are 50 cents each, this represents a demand for 14,793 copies in five months, or 113 copies for each working day. This much from within the office—what are the prospects from without? Bright? Decidedly so. In fact, rosy with promise. The industry of pedigree in the office hardly keeps pace with the increased demand for Shorthorns in the country. Since February 1, 1901, 2000 Shorthorns have sold at public sale at an average of above \$300, 1000 at an average above \$400, and 501 at an average of \$523. Is there any consolation or encouragement in these figures? Can anyone beat them? And what do they signify? Plainly that the "lordly Shorthorn" is, as he always has been, the pride of the mass of American stockmen. With this strong and healthful home demand, and the National association, with other associations, reaching out from the South American trade, it would seem that the lot of the American Shorthorn breeder has truly fallen in pleasant places. During the last few months frequent inquiry has been made at the office for dairy Shorthorns—that is cattle of good beef type, but whose dairy qualities have been developed both by breeding and careful management. If breeders who have herds of this character will write me, I will endeavor to put them in touch with a demand, when one is known.

Siegel Is Expelled.—Frank Siegel, former president and manager of the Siegel-Sanders Live Stock Commission company, is no longer a member of the Kansas City livestock exchange. At the regular monthly meeting of the board of directors a few days ago he was formally expelled by unanimous vote, and a notice of this action was posted on the bulletin boards. Siegel, who is under indictment in the criminal court on five charges, and who is at liberty on bond after having been arrested and arraigned, is said to have mysteriously disappeared from Kansas City.

The stockholders of the Hillsboro Cotton Mill company have just voted and re-elected the old directory. The affairs of the company were reported in excellent condition.

NUBS OF NEWS

The onion maggot has done much injury to the onion crop of Wisconsin this year.

Collin county's first carload shipment of potatoes was made from Kaufman last week.

Fruit in Johnson county is being dried up by strong winds and high temperature.

Some of the farmers in Grayson county expect to make five cuttings of alfalfa this season.

Grasshoppers are seriously injuring the cotton plant in the San Angelo

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.
One hundred instructors and officers, more than 100 students, not including 20 summer school students. Women admitted to all departments. Tuition free. Total expense \$10 to \$20. Students from colleges of repute admitted without examination and given credit for work completed.

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MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. (Located at Galveston.) Four years' course; faculty of twenty-two instructors; school of pharmacy, school of nursing, school of matriculation fee, payable once, \$20. Complete equipment in all schools. Session begins October 1st. Entrance examination the preceding week. Address Dr. Allen J. Smith, Dean, Galveston, for medical catalogue. For catalogue of any department, or information, address John A. Lomax, Registrar, Austin, Texas.

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Educates your boy in this dry and elevated atmosphere. A military school. Limited attendance. Men teachers. Prepare for College. A. B. and C. Special advantages in Music, Foot Ball, Base Ball, Tennis, Boating, Swimming, Fishing, Baths, Closets, Lavatories on each floor. We place boys on their honor, but we help them to stand on their own feet. Location 10 miles from the city, by the lake. Discipline. New brick building. Artesian water. Hot air and gas. Two boys to a room. We look after the boys day and night. A primary department. A competent matron. Total enrollment last year, 128. Write now for handsomely illustrated Catalogue.

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BAYLOR FEMALE COLLEGE, BELTON, TEXAS.

FIFTY-SIXTH SESSION opens September 4, 1901. Last year the largest in its history. This is conceded to be the largest and best equipped Female College in the South. Beautiful Illustrated Catalogue sent free on application. W. A. WILSON, A. M., D. D., Pres.

Sacred Heart Academy, Gainesville, Texas.

Boarding and Day School, conducted by the Benedictine Sisters. Course of study thorough in every department. Music a specialty. A limited number of boys under 16 years of age will be received as boarders. For full particulars address MOTHER SUPERIOR.

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Has a national reputation for health and beauty of scenery. 100 beautiful rooms. Health, heat, and light, in the best of the State; twenty teachers; everything of the highest order. Send for catalogue.

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The Fifty-Sixth Annual Session of Baylor University, Waco, Texas, will open Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1901. Bring the past year with you. For catalogues or further information, address, Dr. O. H. COOPER, Pres., or Eugene Wood, Registrar.

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, SHERMAN, TEXAS.

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A HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
COURSES AND LEADING FEATURES: Literary, Art, Music, Elocution, Training, Kindergarten, Normal. Systematic study of Old and New Testaments. Home well lighted and comfortably furnished. Fare bountiful and wholesome. Discipline firm but kind. Shopping by pupils not allowed. Pupils required to dress plainly. College grounds within 50 ft. of the Home. Write for catalogue and further information. BONHAM, TEXAS.

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Boarding School for girls. The Twelfth scholastic year begins September 15th. For late catalogue and other information, address MISS EMMA E. MCCLURE, Pres.

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BUILT AND DONATED CARR-BURDETTE COLLEGE, CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, ART, AND ELOCUTION.

Come and see our College and enjoy our hospitality, or send for our free Catalogue and Booklet, containing fifty-three beautiful photo-engravings of our College. If our furnishings, equipments and Faculty are not equal to those of any other College advertised in this paper, we will give your daughter a scholarship.

Yours truly,
MRS. O. A. CARR, Sherman, Texas.

country and rain is badly needed in that section.

The tobacco and corn crops of Wisconsin have been severely injured by the heat and drought.

Arp, Tex., has already received over \$30,000 for truck shipped this season. The strawberry crop brought \$5000.

The Santa Fe road has announced that no more uncompress cotton will be hauled from Weatherford, Tex.

The Victoria County Truck Growers' association met at Victoria a few days ago and adopted a constitution and by-laws.

In Cooke county, the heat and green bugs are doing serious damage in the cotton fields. Fruit is also suffering on account of the temperature.

The Dan Talmadge's Sons company, to deal in rice and other cereals, was incorporated in New Jersey last week with a capital of \$1,000,000.

The Brenham congress of merchants and farmers decided, July 5, to cease paying for boll weevils. Over \$8,000 weevils had, up to that date, been purchased by the congress at a cost of \$130.

The first bale of Texas cotton, which was shipped from Alice, Tex., to Houston on the 21st of June, was sold at auction in New York last week, bringing 9 cents a pound. The proceeds were given to the Herald free ice fund.

The Denton County Fair association has secured prizes and premiums for the fall meeting to the extent of over \$1500 and expects to get a total of \$4000 before the catalogue is issued. The meeting this year will extend over four days and there will be \$1200 offered in racing purses.

The rice acreage in the Bay City, Tex., territory is estimated as follows: On the Matagorda River and Irrigation company's canal, 7000 acres; on the Bay City Irrigation company's canal,

(Campbell, Texas. Founded 1892. Capital \$100,000. Lancaster, Texas. Successors Randolph College. Capital \$100,000.)
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Yours truly,
MRS. O. A. CARR, Sherman, Texas.

4000 acres on the Moore-Cortez, 8000 acres. W. W. Whitsett, watered by well, 100 acres; Sisk & Son, watered from Cottonwood creek, 200 acres. The stand is generally good and condition remarkably good considering how long some of it had to wait for water.

Secretary F. D. Coburn of the Kansas board of agriculture, advises Kansas farmers to burn their wheat stubble as far as possible. "There is nothing that will destroy the Hessian fly or other pest, like a fire," said he recently, "and wherever possible the farmers should burn their stubble."

Mount Lanford was in town Saturday and when asked how much wheat he made, answered 9000 bushels, or about 14 bushels per acre. This is not a very bad crop for one man, when it is worth \$5400. What other country can beat this? Two rain from the time it was planted until it was matured?—Seymour News.

Messrs. Monkress & Murray, who bought the Francis place situated some three miles from Craft, paying \$2000 for it, planted ten acres in tomatoes this season, and have already received \$2500 from the crop, and will get at least \$500 more before the season closes. A tenant of theirs also planted ten acres on the same tract of land from which they will receive from \$1000 to \$1500.—Rusk Journal.

Of the foreign crop situation the Mark Lane Express says Russia, Servia and Spain are over an average. Italy, Austria, Hungary, Roumania and the Netherlands an average, and Germany, Poland and Scandinavia below an average. The Indian surplus is estimated at 24,000,000 bushels out of a crop of 240,000,000 bushels. The world's available supply decreased 2,800,000 bushels, against an increase of 604,000 bushels last year.

MONTHLY CROP REPORT.—The monthly report of the statistician of the department of agriculture will show the average condition of cotton on June 25 to have been 81.1, as compared with 81.5 on the 25th of the preceding year; 75.3 on July 1, 1900; 87.3 the corresponding date in 1899; a ten-year average of 86.3, and a fifteen-year average of 87.5. A condition of 81.1 is, with the exception of the July condition reported last year, the lowest recorded condition reported at this season. The condition in the principal states is reported as follows:

North Carolina	77
South Carolina	70
Georgia	72
Florida	78
Alabama	80
Mississippi	86
Louisiana	84
Texas	86
Arkansas	84
Tennessee	83
Oklahoma Territory	91
Indian Territory	88

THE JOURNAL EXCHANGE

Inquiries and answers by Journal readers will be given in this department and all are invited to contribute. The exchange should deal only with matters of general interest to farmers and stockmen and answers must be in all cases, be signed by their contributors, but they will not be printed if omission is requested.

UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE.

Indian Creek, Tex., July 1.
To the Journal:
Will you please give formula for making unfermented grape wine, in next issue of the Journal? If so, I will appreciate the favor.

SUBSCRIBER.

SWELLING ON MULE.
Apple Springs, Tex., June 28.
To the Journal:
Wish you would please tell me what is the matter with my mule. He is swollen below the eyes on both sides of the face; has been so for about a month. Swelling is hard; feels like a bone. Swelling is about half way between nose and eyes. Some call it big head. The mule is ten years old.

SAVED BY BLEEDING.

Caldwell, Tex., June 24.
To the Journal:
I notice in the Journal that some have been losing cattle from eating Johnson grass. I had an experience of this kind, losing about \$150 worth of cattle in about one hour. We finally began bleeding them in the mouth and making them swallow the blood, and saved all that were not too far gone to bleed. We examined those that died and found all the blood in the animal congested in the stomach. If this will save some one his cows I will be amply paid for my trouble.

W. O. ADDISON.

TO TAKE OFF WARTS.
Rogers, Bell county, Tex., June 23.
To the Journal:
I see in your last issue of paper that W. T. M. makes inquiry for a remedy to cure or take off warts on mules. If it is what I would call a rose wart, by saturating the wart thoroughly with fresh hog lard (no salt in it) about every fourth day for three times, it will be removed. Other warts may take more applications. I am milking about fifty Jerseys cows and some have had warts on their teats. I saturate the warts once a day after the calf is entirely through sucking until the warts disappear. That takes them off.

DR. F. M. CHANDLER.

TO CURE HOGS.
Dallas, Tex., June 27, 1901.
To the Journal:
I have noticed several inquiries as to the cause and remedy for hogs becoming stiff or weak in loins. I think it is caused by kidney worms. My remedy is to use five to ten drops of carbolic acid to the head, given in slop or swill, say twice a day for three days. Hogs, as a rule, do not like this, but if hungry will eat it in swill. If too much is given it will kill the hog, so I have been told. I know it will cure a hog that has to drag its hind parts, and if

Louisiana, and 7 in Tennessee.

On the other hand, there was a decline of 8 points in Georgia and Florida, and 10 points in North Carolina and South Carolina.

With the exception of Mississippi, where the reported average condition is 1 point above the mean of the averages reported on July 1 in the state for the last ten years, and in Oklahoma, where the figures available for comparison cover only six years, the condition throughout the entire cotton belt compares favorably with the ten years' averages. Texas and Tennessee being 1, Louisiana 3, Arkansas 4, Alabama 6, Florida 8, North Carolina 10, Georgia 13 and South Carolina 17 points below their respective ten-year averages.

Not only was the condition on June 25 the lowest condition recorded with the exception of last year, for the cotton region as a whole at this season, but in Georgia and South Carolina also, it was lowest during the entire period of thirty-five years for which records are available, while in North Carolina it was the lowest with one exception during the same period.

Excessive rains, followed by a heavy growth of grass and weeds, have caused much damage in Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina, while in Louisiana and Texas the growth has been retarded by drought. The gravity of the situation is greatly increased in North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, and to some extent in other states, by a scarcity of labor.

LAMP LIGHT FOR WEEVILS.—T. H. ROYDOR OF WELLBORN, BRAZOS COUNTY, IN A LETTER TO THE HOUSTON POST SAYS:

To ascertain whether or not any other pests were depredating on the cotton except the weevil, I have put the squares in covered vessels and kept them there until the eggs hatched. The eggs, when hatched, do not resemble the weevil. It makes a long worm, but if kept for a few days transforms into a full-fledged boll weevil. In no instance have I found any square punctured hatch out anything but the weevil. From personal observation I then realized that to stop further increase I must destroy the eggs, and then to destroy the pests, would almost exterminate them. To commence, I instructed my manager to have every square picked up and burnt, and I at once 'proned my nearest tinner to ship me six dozen torchlights. These I burn every night. My method is to pick up all the squares and burn them.

In the meantime, take a small stake a little taller than the cotton, and sharpen one end to drive in the ground. Take a small piece of board and tack on the top of the stake, and upon that place a six-foot dairy pan; fill the pan about half full of water, then pour in about half a teaspoonful of kerosene oil, then place the light in the center of the pan and light it. The kerosene is necessary, because when the insects strike the light they will fall into the pan and the oil kills them immediately. Catching the insects stops the squares from being punctured, and burning the falling squares stops any further increase, so that in a very few nights you

will see a very great decrease in punctured squares, and very soon you can see plenty of blooms. You will be surprised to find your pans covered with the various kinds of insects, and among them as many of the boll weevil in proportion. I use a quart tin-cup lamp, with tube that screws on, that costs \$1.50 per dozen, and the six-quart pan will cost about \$1 per dozen. If you desire to economize, you can strain the water and oil from the pan through a sieve to get out the insects, and then put the same preparation back for several nights. The farmers here have all departed from poisoning and are picking up the squares and burning lamps, and in every instance report a success. In one instance this morning one farmer reported to me that out of three pans last night he had 75 boll weevils, besides hundreds of other insects. You can buy torchlights as cheap as 50 cents per dozen, but I would rather have the better quality. They can be laid away for another season.

From the success already had with my method, I heartily recommend the picking up of the squares and the burning of lamps. With this method carried well into the season I believe it will give us the saving of poison for the leaf-worm this fall, and if everybody will adopt this plan we will also exterminate the cotton worm fly. This method is very much cheaper than poisoning, and picking up the squares is not such a job as at first imagined.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the crops in the province of Saratoff are withering and the grass is scorched, owing to the prolonged heat and drought. The price of corn is jumping up and the outlook at Saratoff and the neighboring Volga districts is alarming. The scarcity promises to be as severe as the famine a year ago.

The steamer Irada on July 6 took from Galveston 18,700 bales of cotton besides other consignments. The cotton cargo was greater than the total July shipments from Galveston for any previous year.

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Takes both sexes. Seventeen teachers from the best Universities and Conservatories of America and Europe. Largest endowment of any college in Texas. Attendance has continuously increased for fifteen years. New building will be added for 1901. Girls home provided with hot and cold artesian baths, electric lights, servants, etc. Campus of 300 acres, flower garden 1000 ft. long. Library 4000 volumes, reading room 25 periodicals, cabinet 4000 specimens. \$300 X-Ray, \$200 transit, large quantities imported apparatus. Specially arranged science laboratories. Military drill. No whiskey, no dives. Board and tuition for boys \$14, for girls (including laundry) \$12.

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This old and well known institution enters upon its thirtieth year September 4, 1901. Its location was chosen for its healthfulness. The town is free from the miasmata of the coast. The institution is three-fold: THE COLLEGE, THE ANNEX, THE FITTING SCHOOL. In addition it offers the very best advantages in Music, Art, and Elocution. Terms are reasonable. For further information, address

R. S. HYER, Regent, Georgetown, Texas.

NORTH TEXAS FEMALE COLLEGE

AND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

This well known school has just closed its most prosperous session. Constant progress and improvement is the history of this institution. The strongest literary faculty the college has ever had is offered for the coming session. The Conservatory of Music, headed by Mewitt and McDonald, stands without a rival in the South. Miss Billingsley, in charge of the Art Department, spent three years in Europe under the best teachers. The facilities of the college will be improved this summer by the erection of another building. The prospects for the coming season are unusually favorable, and we would advise parties desiring rooms to make early application. For catalogue and special information address,

MRS. L. KIDD KEY, President, Sherman, Texas.

Founded by the Rt. Rev. A. C. Garrett, D. D., LL. D., Bishop of Dallas, Tex.

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Chartered by the State. TWELFTH YEAR. Unprecedented growth and prosperity. Relying solely upon its merits in solid work, under specialists trained in the leading colleges and universities of Europe and America, the College stands as the front rank in the West. For these reasons, a business career can be secured at any other college South. Address R. H. HILL, Pres., Waco, Texas.

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SEATING CAPACITY 400. Established 1885. Sixteen Years of Continued Success. Exceeds all Other Southern Colleges in its Absolute Thoroughness in Practical, Up-to-Date Courses, in its matchless Penmen and its Unrivaled Faculty and in its Magnificent Banking and Office Training Department. For Art Catalogue, Address C. H. Clark, President, Alamo Insurance Building, San Antonio, Texas.

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THE HOUSEHOLD

BOBBY'S "COTTON-TAIL."

Name's Bobby Wilkins; I'm a-goin' on 6 years old. Aunt Polly says 'at I'm a-gettin' purty pert 'at hold. She ain't no might use fer boys 'at's jest er-bout my size; if Tabby'n me hev any fun her 'angry pashuns rise.' 'N' then I try ter make some sparks fly out over Tabby's tail. 'At Polly says, 'Bad boys like you are sometimes put in jail.' I don't mind her not a bit, 'n' make jest lots of noise. 'N' when she looks so cross 'n' sez, 'De Texas, I liver me frum boys.'

W. E. F. Aunt Polly likes her cat er-nough and she might better'n be 'n' of both 'n' a-coddlin' it 'ith cream and some twelve minuts catnip tea. 'N' some tracks behin' her shed, 'n' an' I sez, sez I, 'N' catch yer, Mister Cotton-Tail, to make a rabbit pie.' 'N' me 'n' Tommy Baker found er empty cracker box. 'N' calve thought we'd have it big enough fer fear it wuz er fox. 'N' an' when we covered her cover up 'n' fixed it 'ith a spring 'At shut it suddin' 'at a bang er tight ez anything.

W. E. F. We cut er fresh green carrot top 'n' put it in fer bait. Wuz both so sure we'd catch him 'at we couldn't hardly wait. 'N' founded in some stakes each side 'n' made it good 'n' stout; 'N' Mister Cotton-Tail ever got in he never could get out. 'N' Tom stayed 'ith me 'ill mornin' 'n' almos' fore 'twuz light. 'N' we run behin' her shed 'n' foun' our trap all set up tight; 'N' an' I shouted, 'Got him!' 'N' Tom threw up his hands 'n' sez, 'N' blame 'e that 'n' rabbit wasn't my Aunt Polly's cat!'

—Granville Osborne in N. Y. Tribune.

WHAT BILL ANTHONY SAID.

The Maine was blown up on the night of February 15, 1898, and for nearly three and a half years we have understood that "Bill" Anthony, saluting Captain Sigbee, said, "Sir, I have the honor to report that the vessel has been blown up and is sinking." The phrase has got into some encyclopaedias, child's histories and story books, and at this late day Mr. Sigbee corrects it all. Possibly in time some other mysteries about the Maine may be corrected. What the orderly really did say was, according to his captain: "I beg your pardon, sir, for running into you. The ship has been blown up and is sinking."

THEIR PIPES NERVED THEM.

Kipling tells somewhere of a lieutenant who steadies his men by lighting his pipe while the Afghans are shooting from cover all about him. It seems, as the story is told in Leslie's Monthly, that there is a parallel of this in the history of American industry, which shows rather curiously how Anglo-Saxon leadership adapts itself to circumstances. It was in the terrific log jam in Grand river, Michigan, in 1884. The men, under the leadership of one John Walsh, were driving pipes

to hold the feeble barrier which alone held the logs in check. After working through two sleepless nights and the intervening day, in plain view of death, the men became demoralized. There came a time when John saw that the limit of their endurance was reached. "Boys," he said irrelevantly, "let's have a smoke." So they sat down on the logs, and for ten minutes puffed tobacco quietly into the air. "Now," said John, knocking the ashes from his pipe, "let's get something done." The crew responded to a man.

MAKES DOLLS FOR A LIVING.

Miss Nellie Morrison, of Salina, Kas., is making a fortune by making dolls from cornhusks. Her trade extends all over the United States and Europe. When a child she made these dolls for her little friends. The demand was so great that she sold them for 25 cents each. Now she is 28 years old and sells the dolls by the hundreds at the same price. The first corn carnival held in Atchison in 1895 brought Miss Morrison prominently before the public. Her dolls exhibited there leaped at once into popular favor and she received more orders than she could possibly fill. She has never been able to find an assistant who could put the corn husks together as skillfully as she herself does the work. She is kept busy day and night supplying the demand. She has sent the queer dolls to Germany and France and recently shipped a large lot to England. She says that she does not know exactly how many dolls she has made, but the number would run into the thousands.

Miss Morrison uses about as many husks as are usually found on an ordinary ear of corn to make each doll. The corn serves for the body. The face is covered with a husk and the features painted on. The corn silk is used for the hair. The dress is a full skirt of husks, with a shirt waist and a cotton jacket. A corn husk sack encircles the waist. This hat is a big scoop bonnet trimmed with tassels. In her right hand the doll holds a dainty parasol made of fine straw with a particularly silky husk for a cover.

MISTOOK KNOX FOR OFFICE BOY.

Attorney General Knox is the most youthful looking man that has occupied a cabinet portfolio in recent years. In reality Mr. Knox is not an old man by any means—only 42 years—but he looks more like a boy of 18 or 20 than like a man of middle age. The other day he was taken for a boy by an old gentleman who was at the department of justice to see the attorney general on business. Mr. Knox's office is on the first floor of the building. The old gentleman mistook him for the office boy, and, stepping up to him, said: "Say, sonny, what kind of a fellow is your boss? I see you coming out of his office, and presume you know all about him. I have a little business to transact with the attorney general,

and would like to get a line on Mr. Knox before tackling him." Mr. Knox's cherubic face brightened, and, with a merry twinkle in his eye, said: "Oh, he's all right. Walk right in and sit down until I return. I will then hear what you have to say."

LUXURY.

Various stories are told of the luxury of life in English country houses, but one New Yorker who has just returned from England thinks that he has had an experience that marks the limit to which pretentious luxury in living may go. He was stopping at the home of an American girl of wealth who married an Englishman of title, and lives now in England in all the circumstances that his position and her wealth make possible. The dinner was, of course, served by as many men as there were guests at the table and was pompous and elaborate as was to be expected.

It was the next morning, however, that the most peculiar feature of the household methods came to his knowledge. He was awakened by the valet at the hour he had named and was surprised to see a moment later before he was fully awake holding at the side of his bed a silver bowl filled with water. The New Yorker stared in amazement at the man and the bowl without the faintest idea what his duty in the matter was. The valet looked at him compassionately, a moment before he came to his assistance. Then he said with a suggestion of pity for the ignorance of a poor American: "It's to test the temperature of your bath, sir."

It was a relief to the guest to realize that he was not expected to do more than put his finger into the water and say that it was all right.

SENATOR DANIEL'S SOAP BOX.

Senator John W. Daniel, the senator-lawyer from Lynchburg, Va., is known to America as one of the most brilliant orators in the United States senate, and he is known both in Washington and the south as one of the most vigorous of southern men. To see him, to hear him talk, to remember the amount of work he has done in his day, is to believe him a man "without a lazy bone in his body."

Although he is quite 19 years of age, he entered the Confederate army in May, 1861, as a second lieutenant in what became known as the "Stonewall brigade." He became major and chief of staff to Gen. Jubal A. Early, and fought steadily throughout the war until forced to retire from wounds received at one of the battles of the Wilderness in 1864.

Afterward he began the study of law and practiced with his father, the late Judge Daniel, until the death of the latter in 1873. Senator Daniel has not only been busy as a lawyer in practice, but is the author of two books which are standard legal authorities, and he has been given the degree of LL. D. by Washington and Lee university and by Michigan university.

After serving for some years, first as a member of the Virginia house of delegates and then as a member of the state senate, he was elected to the na-

tional house of representatives. He has been a delegate to several national Democratic conventions, has run for governor of Virginia, and is now serving his third term as United States senator. For the last two terms he was elected without a single vote in opposition.

None of the traditional indolence of the south, therefore, would be associated with Senator Daniel. Yet when he was asked recently what would now give him the most pleasure, he said:

"The very thing which I intend to do and which I always do at the end of every term, go back to Lynchburg and get myself a nice, clean, comfortable soap box and tilt it up against the front door of a grocery shop I know, then sit out there and bask in the sun like an alligator while I whittle a stick with a sharp penknife."

"If you want to know what an absolute delight life is, come down to Virginia and sit on that soap box with me."—Saturday Evening Post.

SOUP BY THE POUND.

In China liquids are sold by weight and grain by measure. John buys soup by the pound and cloth by the foot. A Chinaman never puts his name outside his shop, but paints instead a motto, or a list of his goods, on his vertical sign-board.

Some reassuring remark is frequently added, such as "One word hall." "A child two feet high would not be cheated." Every single article has to be bargained for, and it is usual for the customer to take his own measure and scales with him.

A strong man has difficulty in carrying on his back two pounds' worth of the copper cash which is the common currency, so it is necessary to take a servant to carry one's purse. The sycee of silver is the only other form of money besides the copper tael. As it weighs about sixty-seven ounces, a hammer and cold chisel are indispensable for making change.

When you engage a servant or make a bargain, it is not considered binding until "the fastening penny" has been paid. Although his bad faith is notorious in some matters, yet, to do him justice, when once this coin has been paid by you, the Chinaman, coolie or shopman will generally stick to his bargain, even if the result to him be loss.

LITTLE MARGARET CARNEGIE'S CASTLE.

Little Miss Margaret Carnegie, aged 10, and sole heiress to property estimated at \$100,000,000, is to have for her home a new castle in Westchester county—a turreted replica of a famous Scottish stronghold, albeit furnished and decorated in the interior like a queen's palace—which her father is building.

It is at Chaucery, in Westchester county, that the great steel king and his wife had their splendid summer residence, which he designed bestowing upon his young daughter.

It will not be the first piece of real property owned by Miss Margaret. While Andrew Carnegie still spent much of his time in Pittsburgh he erect-

ed side by side, in Fifth avenue, two great office buildings. One of them he deeded absolutely to Mrs. Carnegie—the rentals of it to be her own for "pin money." The other was given similarly to little Miss Margaret, and the income from it will have accumulated into a great fortune by the time she is a marriageable young woman.

This fortunate little lady is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie. She is to be of rather frail physique, which is gradually strengthening by reason of the outdoor life she loves. She inherits the gentle, sweet disposition of her mother, and a degree of childish beauty. She always accompanies her parents on their journeys abroad, and is said to be a remarkably good sailor.

GEORGE ADE AT JOHN BROWN'S MONUMENT.

The John Brown monument is only a few paces from the track, and inasmuch as John Brown gave his life in a heroic endeavor to free the blacks it struck me that my snap shot of the monument would take on a pleasing significance if I could induce one of the liberated people to stand alongside of the marble shaft and wear a grateful look. We had on our car a porter named George, says George Ade in the Chicago Record-Herald. All porters are named George. This one seemed to be enjoying his freedom. At times he seemed to be almost too free. I asked him if he would consent to appear in my allegorical photograph, and he said he would if I would send him one of the pictures to give to a young lady in Cumberland. I promised, and thereby secured my picture, which I have entitled, "Once a Slave—now an Autocrat."

As the train pulled across the diagonal trestle and the hills closed in, like moving curtains, to hide the town, I stood on the rear platform with George and talked about John Brown. "John Brown was a remarkable man," I ventured, merely to draw him out.

"Yes, sah; I guess 'at's right," he said. "I ain't been on this run ve'y long, so I don't know much about Mistah Brown."

"Oh, he died before you came on this run, did he?"

"Yes, sah; Mistah Brown died—I guess Mistah Brown died about '85. Been some time ago, I know, suah."

"Was he well known in this part of the country?"

"Yes, sah. Yes undeed! Mistah Brown ve'y p'minent. He done had sumpin to do 'ith the railroad."

"That's why they put the monument right over to the track?"

"Yes, sah; I s'pose 'at's why. I un'-stand Mistah Brown's ve'y nice gem-man."

"He was a good friend to the colored race."

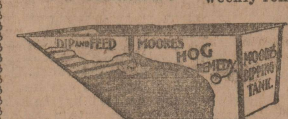
"Yes, sah; so I heah, so I heah." "I suppose he gave the porter 50 cents every time he rode up to Washington?"

"Well, sah, if he done that he's suah entitle to a monument; yes sah."

"Well, he's gone, but he's not forgotten."

"At's right, mistah."

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A PRESENT FROM THE PRINCE.

Young Gildmore Goldrock told me this strange story, and I will give the story in Goldrock's own words, as he gave it to us in the smokeroom of the Anglo-American club:

"It happened last year," said Goldrock, as he hoisted his feet on to the mantelpiece and addressed his words to the clock.

"I was crossing to Liverpool and happened to strike up an acquaintance with the young Pole who shared my stateroom. He was a pleasant young fellow, and in the course of a day or two we became great friends. He told me that his name was Ladislav Nadokoff, and that he had been studying medicine at Philadelphia. He furthermore confided that he was on his way to London to visit a friend of his youth."

"In return I told him how I was going to England to spend a few months with my married sister, the Countess of Darnford, with whom my wife was already staying, having crossed before me, since I had been detained a few weeks in New York on business."

"Nadokoff then told me he, too, had a sister, who was married to a Russian nobleman who was a sort of sheriff to his own county and commander of a posse of Cossacks. So, on the

strength of our aristocratic connections, our confidences grew so that we used to talk quite freely of political matters."

"Nadokoff's politics were a bit mixed. At the time I thought this was because he was quite young, and had not learned that political views should not be used as a means to a profitable end."

"But his politics had been acquired in some other place than America, the land of the free. He hinted of old scores, dating back hundreds of years, which were to be wiped out by younger and more vigorous generations. Notwithstanding his family connections he hated the Russians."

"Down with everything and hang the expense," was his motto, and he talked a lot about the iron-handed tyranny of the Russian government, while I sat around and swapped sympathetic sentiments."

"I noticed that often as we were talking together a gentleman with a bald head and a large white mustache used to pass along and lean on the rail or look at the sky when he came within earshot of us."

"Then I used to change the conversation to railroads or pork, which are far safer subjects than Russian politics for somehow I mistrusted this elderly gentleman, who spoke English like a German, drank his tea with a lemon and while he gave himself out as a commercial traveler, walked as though he were waiting for the clink of the spurs at his heels and the rattle of his sword at his side."

"He was registered on the passenger list as Mr. William Smith, which was

strange, considering that his handkerchief was embroidered with the initials 'J. K.' It takes a Russian to spell Smith with a K."

"As we reached Queenstown, Nadokoff, who had been looking ill and worried throughout the voyage, seemed to grow more ill at ease."

"At bedtime, the night before we reached Queenstown, he did not turn up in the stateroom, I waited till long after 'lights out,' then I grew anxious about him, and passed the word for the steward, who went to look for him."

"He had disappeared."

"The ship was anchored high and low by the watch, who were warned by the captain to hold their tongues about the matter, but no trace of him could be found."

"E's just been and gone and slipped overboard," said the stateroom steward; "they do sometimes, you know."

"Strange to say, as we were waiting round the dock for the morning mail, I saw Mr. Smith, who I knew, had retired to his stateroom an hour or more before, joined us in our search."

"Still stranger, as I was returning to my berth, I saw Mr. Smith disappearing down the passage, although his berth was situated on the other side of the ship."

"When I looked over the Nadokoff's empty berth I noticed that his portmanteau had been moved since I left the cabin. When I came to open my own portmanteau I found it locked. Then I remembered that earlier in the evening, as Nadokoff was going along to his stateroom from the smoking-cuddy on deck, I had given him my key, and asked him to get me a few cigars, which were stowed away in my flannel jacket."

"He had evidently jumped overboard with my key, but I was too troubled about him to worry about that, besides which I knew that my wife had a duplicate key on her bunch."

"At last I came down to the customs officer passed my portmanteau all right, and I did not open it till I reached my brother-in-law's house in Park lane, where my wife was staying. My wife had the key on her ring, and stood by as I unlocked the bag."

"You dear old boy," she cried, as the bag opened and showed a jewel case, which lay on the top of my clothes. "You have been wasting your money again on me at Tiffany's, I know. It's too wicked of you."

"I felt a bit uncomfortable, for the fact was I had been too busy in New York to remember my usual visit to Tiffany's, besides which I had never set eyes on the jewel case before."

"I'm afraid it is not for you, dear," said I, as I opened the case. My wife gasped as the lid flew up, and showed a bracelet forced in a heart-shaped mass of opals framed in a most wonderful setting of diamonds."

"Oh! how lovely," she sighed; "but, anyway, I hate opals; they are unlucky. But who is it for, dear?" she asked.

"I told her I did not know. Then I saw tucked in under the bracelet a small note. I opened it."

"Dear friend," it ran, "I can bear my life no longer, so to-night I shall jump overboard. My last request I am sure you will faithfully execute. Take this bracelet to the Countess Zalkinski,

and tell her it is a parting gift from her lover, Prince Ladislav Nadokoff. She lives in Park lane, quite close to your sister's house. Farewell, dear friend; may we meet in a kinder and less troubled world. Thine, Ladislav."

"I was so startled by the bracelet, and as women will, for its better inspection, was about to clasp it on her wrist."

"Don't dear," said I, hastily. I did not reason why, but somehow I disliked the idea of her wearing it."

"She put it back in the case obediently, but laughed at me for a superstition."

"Then I showed her the letter, and told her the story of my friend on the boat. Then she cried a little and offered to deliver it to the Countess Zalkinski, an offer which I gladly accepted, for I was beginning to look forward to my commission with some misgivings."

"I hate scenes," my wife likes them, so the next morning, after breakfast, she made a careful toilet, and prepared to visit the countess."

"I gave her the bracelet and my blessings, and told her to break the news gently to the countess, who might still be fond of her old lover, and how to dodge the count, if such a person existed, and to be the game through on the pretense of calling for a subscription for a home for lost dogs."

"My wife had not left the house many minutes before Jeannette, my sister's maid, made her appearance at the door of the breakfast room."

"If you please sir," she said, "there's a gentleman waiting to see you. Then, with a giggle, 'E's got a policeman with him.'"

"Show him in, and the cop as well," said I, beginning to feel a little uncomfortable, for I remembered that I was in a foreign country."

"In a minute, who should walk in but Mr. William Smith. The policeman, besides which I had never seen him, seemed to me that he knew Jeannette, and that he came as near winking at her as a policeman could."

"Mr. William Smith, I believe," said I, rising.

"Forgive me—Mr. Goldrock," said my visitor politely, "but William Smith is merely my nom de guerre. I am Ignatius Katsochiff, of the Russian Imperial police."

"Oh, Lor!" I murmured, under my breath. "What have I been doing? Pleased to meet you, Mr. Katsochiff," I replied, politely. "What do you want of me?"

"You remember a young man who shared your stateroom on the Umbagog?"

"Just a bit!"

"He jumped overboard the night before that vessel reached Queenstown," he continued.

"That's so," I assented.

"What I require to know is: what became of a certain bracelet in his possession?"

"Then you won't find out from me!" I replied, rather shortly, for I did not feel like giving away poor Ladislav's love affairs to a "trap," and a Russian "trap" at that.

"Look here," he said furiously, "if you do not tell me at once, I have an order for your arrest from the chief commissioner of the English police."

"I beckoned to the policeman who

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Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, ST. LOUIS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

"SUNSET ROUTE."

The Best Service in the South
Between Points in
Louisiana, Texas, - - -
- - Mexico and California.

Nothing superior to the "Sunset-
Central Special" or Pullman Standard
and Excursion Sleeping Car Service,
sections, to Hapitons mfwywywyprnd
sections, to all points

**North, East, Southeast
and West.**

Ask Ticket Agents for Particulars.

**S. F. B. MORSE, Passenger Traffic
Manager, Houston, Texas.**
**L. J. PARKS, Gen. Pass & Ticket
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HEALTH PLEASURE REST

In the Mountains of Tennessee
2,200 Feet Above Sea Level

**COOL NIGHTS
PURE FRESH AIR
MINERAL WATERS**

Monticello, Lookout Mountain, East
Brook Springs, Monte Sano, Estill
Springs, Nicholson Springs, Boer-
sheba Springs, Pinnacle, Kings-
port Springs, and many other
favorable Summer Resorts located on

**Nashville, Chattanooga &
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Send for elegantly illustrated pam-
phlet describing above summer resorts.

E. D. WOLFE,
Traveling Pass. Agt., Dallas, Tex.
J. W. BOTTORFF,
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CHICAGO Kansas City

Great
**Rock Island
Route**

THE RIGHT ROAD.

Another Railroad...

FROM
TEXAS
TO THE
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THE
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EFFECTIVE MARCH 10, 1901,
ANNOUNCES THE COMPLETION OF ITS
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TO
**DENISON AND SHERMAN
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It Shortens the Distance.
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YOU SHOULD HAVE A COPY

of "A Letter from Mr. Reeves to Mr. Harvey," a worthy tribute to the Manager of the Santa Fe Eating House and Dining Car Service, the finest in the world.

"To California and Back" is descriptive of the most interesting of all trans-continental trips, and tells of the wonder-fully scenic and unique western country traversed by the Santa Fe; Grand Canyon of Arizona, Petrified Forest, ruins of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, Adobe Pueblos, etc.

Both publications are yours for the asking.

On sale July 15, August 6 and 20, September 3 and 17, to all point in California, Homeseekers' excursion tickets.

Rate from Dallas, \$2.00.

Detailed information may be had on application to agents, or

W. S. KEENAN, Gen'l Pass'r Agent,
CALVESTON.

MARKETS

(Reported by the National Livestock Commission Company.)

Dallas, Texas, July 8.—The run of hogs last week was light, the general quality being fair to good, and sold for good prices, considering the market was from 10c to 15c lower than the previous week's quotations. Northern markets were from 15c to 25c lower than the previous week's quotations. Two loads of sorted top hogs brought \$5.65 last week, top price being \$5.50, which makes about 15c decline for the week, although top hogs this week were not as good as last week. Light weights and rough heavies sold from \$5.00 to \$5.30, fair to good \$5.30 to \$5.50. Receipts of cattle were heavy; the quality was not as good as last week, but the market was the bulk of sales were made at about 25c decline from last week's prices. Lower markets in the North and a majority of half fat offerings were responsible for our decline. Good fat cattle will always find ready sale at satisfactory prices on this market.

Quotations today as follows: Prime steers, 900 pounds and up, \$5.50 to \$5.75; choice fat steers, 700-900 pounds, \$5.00 to \$5.25; medium fat steers, 600-700 pounds, \$4.50 to \$4.75; feeders and stockers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; choice cows and heifers \$2.50 to \$3.00; fair to good cows \$2.25 to \$2.50; medium fat cows \$2.00 to \$2.40; choice mutton 90-110 lb \$3.00 to \$3.50; stock sheep \$2.00 to \$2.50; stags and ewes \$2.00 to \$2.50; bulls 200-300 pounds \$3.00 to \$3.50; choice hogs, 175 pounds and up, \$5.00 to \$5.50; mixed packers \$5.00 to \$5.50; rough heavies \$4.00 to \$5.00; light fat hogs \$4.50 to \$5.25; stock hogs \$3.00 to \$4.00.

(Reported by S. M. Sample.)

Dallas, Texas, July 9.—Our markets have not been very heavy for the last week, but plenty for the demand. We think by the last of this week, or the first of next week, with light receipts, our market will be in better condition, although we do not look for any advance in prices unless it should be on first-class stuff. No change from last week's quotations.

CHICAGO.
Chicago, Ill., July 8.—Cattle receipts 22,000, including 1,400 Texans. Market firm; good to prime steers \$5.20 to \$5.40, poor to medium \$4.00 to \$4.50; stockers and feeders weak at \$2.35 to \$4.40, cows \$2.45 to \$4.00, heifers \$2.00 to \$4.50, canners \$2.00 to \$2.40; 450 calves \$1.50 to \$2.50; stags \$2.40 to \$3.50; Texas bulls \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Hog receipts 28,000. Market steady; good to choice hogs \$5.60 to \$5.75, light \$5.40 to \$5.50, bulk of sales \$5.35 to \$5.65.

Sheep receipts 20,000. Market 10c higher; good to choice \$3.00 to \$3.25, Western sheep \$2.80 to \$3.15, yearlings \$3.45 to \$4.20, native lambs \$4.00 to \$5.00, Western lambs \$3.75 to \$5.00.

KANSAS CITY.
Kansas City, Mo., July 8.—Cattle receipts 3,100 natives, 300 Texans and 100 calves. Market steady; choice dressed beef steers \$5.00 to \$5.50, fair to good \$4.00 to \$4.50, stockers and feeders \$3.00 to \$3.50; Western dressed steers \$4.50 to \$5.50, Texas and Indian \$4.15, Texas grass steers \$3.00 to \$4.00, cows \$2.40 to \$2.50, butchers \$3.00 to \$4.00, canners \$1.75 to \$2.75, bulls \$2.65 to \$4.50, Texas and Indian steers \$2.75 to \$4.50, do cows and heifers \$2.00 to \$2.50.

Hog receipts 7,200. Market strong to 5c higher; heavy \$5.50 to \$5.65, 1-2, light \$5.40 to \$5.55, pigs \$5.00 to \$5.65.

Sheep receipts 1,300. Market quiet; lambs \$4.00 to \$4.50, Western \$3.50 to \$4.00, yearlings \$3.50 to \$4.00, culls \$2.00 to \$2.50, Texas grass sheep \$2.25 to \$3.50.

ST. LOUIS.
St. Louis, Mo., July 8.—Cattle receipts 5,700, including 3,000 Texans. Market steady to shade; native steers \$3.50 to \$4.00, dressed beef and butchers \$4.00 to \$4.75, light \$4.00 to \$4.75, stockers and feeders \$2.75 to \$4.00, cows and heifers \$2.00 to \$3.00, canners \$1.50 to \$2.50, bulls \$2.25 to \$4.50, Texas and Indian steers \$2.75 to \$4.50, do cows and heifers \$2.00 to \$2.50.

Hog receipts 5,100. Market steady; pigs and lights \$5.75 to \$5.85, packers \$5.75 to \$5.85, butchers \$5.00 to \$5.50.

Sheep receipts 1,200. Market active; native muttons \$2.50 to \$3.25, lambs \$4.00 to \$5.00, stockers \$1.50 to \$2.00, culls and bucks \$2.00 to \$2.50.

NEW ORLEANS.
New Orleans, La., July 6.—The receipts of cattle, large and small, have been light the past week, and an active demand for desirable quality of both. Hogs and sheep in good request. If suitable in quality. Outlook favorable for next week.

HOUSTON.
(Reported by T. B. Saunders Commission Company.)
Houston, July 8.—Choice beefs \$3.00 to \$3.25, medium beefs \$2.50 to \$2.75, choice cows \$2.00 to \$2.25, medium cows and heifers \$1.50 to \$2.00, 62.5, bulls and stags \$1.75 to \$2.00, work oxen \$2.00 to \$2.25, choice yearlings \$2.75 to \$3.00, medium yearlings and heifers \$2.00 to \$2.50, \$3.25 to \$3.75, common calves \$3.00 to \$3.25, choice muttons \$3.00 to \$3.25, corn fed hogs, tops \$2.00 to \$2.50.

At the A. and M. College And Texas Experiment Station

College Station, Texas.

J. H. CONNELL, Professor of Agriculture and Director of Experiment Station.

PRESERVING SPECIMENS FOR EXHIBITION.

Since the meeting of the Farmers' congress has been put off so late that nearly all the fruit and vegetable crop of the state will have been harvested and gone when the meeting begins, I wish to republish some of the results of our experiments carried on here in preserving fruits in their natural colors, in order that those who desire to put up specimens for exhibition may have the benefit of this information now.

In the first place, fruit should be ripe, not soft, and perfectly sound. For peaches and apples, take 95 parts of pure distill water and pour into this five parts of formaldehyde. Stir this preparation just a little and do not leave it exposed, since the formaldehyde will soon evaporate. Place the fruit in a jar, and pour the preparation over it and seal the jar tight. For grapes, take 10 parts of water and two parts of formaldehyde. We have obtained some good results from these two formulas, but I do not recommend them as being perfectly reliable for all varieties, since varieties vary so much in sugar content. When the varieties are very acid, we have found that a good tablespoonful of ordinary bicarbonate of soda placed in a three-quart jar of fruit has often done much good in helping the formaldehyde to preserve the color.

We frequently have inquiries about where to buy these things. The formaldehyde can either be purchased as a 40 per cent solution of the local drug stores, or it may be ordered through them. It is quite costly, but a little does a great deal.

The ordinary Mason fruit jars are about the cheapest jars that can be bought, and if they are suitable in size for the purpose wanted, they can often be purchased in the grocery stores. Regular museum jars will usually have to be ordered from large firms of the north. The local drug stores usually know where such things can be purchased.

R. H. PRICE,
Professor of Horticulture,
College Station, Texas.

GRAIN MARKET.

Dallas, July 8.—New wheat has begun to move somewhat freely and shows to be of good quality. Wheat—No. 2, 740 lb, \$1.10; No. 3, 740 lb, \$1.05; No. 4, 740 lb, \$1.00; No. 5, 740 lb, \$0.95; No. 6, 740 lb, \$0.90; No. 7, 740 lb, \$0.85; No. 8, 740 lb, \$0.80; No. 9, 740 lb, \$0.75; No. 10, 740 lb, \$0.70; No. 11, 740 lb, \$0.65; No. 12, 740 lb, \$0.60; No. 13, 740 lb, \$0.55; No. 14, 740 lb, \$0.50; No. 15, 740 lb, \$0.45; No. 16, 740 lb, \$0.40; No. 17, 740 lb, \$0.35; No. 18, 740 lb, \$0.30; No. 19, 740 lb, \$0.25; No. 20, 740 lb, \$0.20; No. 21, 740 lb, \$0.15; No. 22, 740 lb, \$0.10; No. 23, 740 lb, \$0.05; No. 24, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 25, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 26, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 27, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 28, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 29, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 30, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 31, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 32, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 33, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 34, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 35, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 36, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 37, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 38, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 39, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 40, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 41, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 42, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 43, 740 lb, \$0.00; 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No. 407, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 408, 740 lb, \$0.00; No. 409, 740 lb,

Things at Home and Abroad.

Filipinos Surrendered.—The forces of the insurgent leader Bellarmino, who recently have been operating around Donsell, province of Sorsogon, were driven across the mountains by the Second Infantry and finally captured by the Sixth cavalry. Bellarmino with 1,000 men and 214 guns surrendered to Col. Wint at Albay, capital of the province of that name.

Congressional Deadlock.—The democratic congressional convention for the sixth district has been called for several days and as the Journal goes to press is still in session. The convention met Friday at Meridian, but after two days fruitless balloting, adjourned to Dallas. Wooten Odeu and Beall led in the voting through Wear and Johnson received firm support. The platform adopted simply pledged fealty to the party expressions for the past three years. The convention on the first day of its session declared itself against the nomination of a dark horse, but subsequent developments may cause it to revise this expression.

Biggest in Texas.—The biggest charter ever filed in Texas was that of the Houston Oil company of Texas with a capital stock of \$30,000,000, which was filed with the secretary of state July 5. The fee for filing this charter was \$16,070, which was paid in to the department of state, of the capital stock \$10,000,000 is preferred and \$20,000,000 common. The purpose of the corporation is to take over more than 1,000,000 acres of oil land in Texas, some of which in the Corsicana, Nacogdoches and Beaumont fields is already producing, and all of which will be promptly prospected and developed. The main body of the lands lies in the famous Neches Valley oil field between Nacogdoches and Beaumont, and is said to be promising as oil property.

The directors are: J. Wilcox Brown of Baltimore, president; National Trust company; Finis E. Marshall, cashier; Continental National Bank of St. Louis; Henry T. Kent of St. Louis; N. D. Silsbee of Boston, Mass., and the following well known Texans: S. B. Cooper, Beaumont; W. Wilson, B. F. Bonner, Joe H. Eagle and O. C. Drew, all of Houston. The names of John H. Kirby does not appear in the list of directors, but he is known to be the leading backer, together with the gentleman residing out of the state. The last six directors are said to have been nominated by Mr. Kirby.

Big Texas Lumber Company.—John H. Kirby of Houston filed last Thursday the charter of the Kirby Lumber company, with principal office at Houston; capital stock \$10,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 is preferred and \$5,000,000 common. The fee for filing was \$5,070. This company owns eight teen sawmills and 8,000,000,000 feet of

standing yellow pine stumpage. Directors are: John H. Kirby, James L. Kirby, John Thomas Kirby, W. Web willson, Marcellus E. Foster, B. Frank Bonner, Frank A. Reichardt, H. Baldwin Rice, all of Houston, and S. Bronson Cooper Jr., of Beaumont. Mr. John H. Kirby will be principal stockholder and president.

In speaking of the new company Mr. Kirby said: "We shall be able by doing business on a large scale to reduce the cost of production, pay better wages to labor and promote the material progress and prosperity of our state. Our forest is the heart of the state and we seek to do our share of the world's business in yellow pine."

German Statesman Dead.—Prince von Hohenlohe, former imperial chancellor of Germany, died at Ragatz Friday morning at 5 o'clock, after a brief illness.

Murderous Attacks.—At Houston one night last week the home of Mrs. J. Bartell was entered by some unknown person who struck Mrs. Bartell and her daughter, both of whom were killed. On the same night a similar assault was attempted on Miss Millie Roach whose parents reside in the same neighborhood. Miss Roach awakened and her screams brought her father to her aid, the assailant escaping.

Robbers Got \$40,000.—Three men held up a Great Northern train near Malta, Mont., July 3 and secured more than \$40,000 in cash, besides valuable securities. The Great Northern Express company has offered a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the desperadoes. Several passengers were wounded by shots fired by the robbers.

Jessie Morrison Sentenced.—At El Dorado, Kansas, last Friday, Jessie Morrison, convicted of manslaughter in the murder of a woman, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. Miss Morrison took the sentence calmly and returned to her cell quietly. An appeal will be made.

Philippine Government.—Civil government in the Philippines was auspiciously inaugurated July 4. Commissioner Taft was escorted by Gen. MacArthur and Gen. Chaffee from the palace to a great temporary tribune just outside the Plaza Palacio. Standing on a raised platform, the new governor of the Philippines, took the oath of office, administered by Chief Justice Aranello. A feature of the inaugural address of the new governor was the announcement that on September 1, 1901, the commission will be increased by the addition of three native members. Dr. Wardo Detavera, Denton, Legarda and Jose Luzuriga. Before September 1 departments will exist as follows: Interior, Justice and finance, Police, Education, Commerce and Public Instruction, Mines.

Sixteen additional provinces are reported without insurance, but as yet they have not been organized. Four provinces are not ready for civil government. The speaker predicted that with the concentration of troops into larger garrisons it would be necessary for the people to assist the police in the execution of order. Fleet launches will be procured, he said, which will facilitate communication among the provinces as well as aid the postal and revenue departments.

Civil Gov. Taft said that adults should be educated by an application of American methods. He said that there was a reasonable hope that congress would provide a suitable tariff—one that would assist in the development of the Philippines—instead of an application of the United States tariff. According to the civil governor there is an unexpended balance in the insular treasury of \$3,700,000 and an annual income of \$10,000,000.

Will Bar Premiums.—A Washington special says: Postmaster General Smita has decided to do away with second class mail privileges the large class of periodicals and publications which depend largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests or nominal subscription rates for their circulation. This sweeping reform, designed to put the postal service on a paying basis, is to begin next week by a modification of the postal regulations under existing law.

By the new regulations a vast amount of printed matter that now is for transmission at the rate of 1c, will be charged 3c a pound. The second class matter has grown until it now embraces nearly three-fourths of the entire weight of all mail matter handled by the government, and yet it brings in a revenue of less than \$4,000,000 a year out of the entire postal revenue of more than \$110,000,000. While it contains three-fourths of all the weight, it furnishes one-third of the revenue. To handle and carry the second class matter costs fully \$60,000,000 a year above what the government receives for handling and carrying it. In the regulations about to be issued by the postmaster general will endeavor to carry out the purpose of congress and of the executive by restoring a strict enforcement of the law. The new order will not interfere with legitimate newspapers and similar periodicals, but it will cut off the abuse by which numerous publications load down the mails with circulations induced wholly by merchandise offers of guessing contests that are either fraudulent in character or reduce the circulation to nominal rates. It is also likely to cut off trial books, which have secured admission as second class matter. Though promulgated next week, the order will probably not be made operative immediately in order that publishers may have an opportunity to conform to the new regulations.

A DAY ON A FAVORITE CAFE FOR 50 CENTS.—You can ride in a Cotton Belt Parlor Cafe Car for only fifty cents except have your meals at any hour you want. The new parlor cafe cars, which are a porthouse steak or a spring chicken down to a sandwich, take as long as you wish to eat it, and you will only have to pay for what you order.

Throughout this section for the past week has been the following and arrest of the Mexican, Gregorio Cortez, who shot and killed the sheriff of Karnes and Gonzales counties, and whose satisfaction was apparent even when he was shot and arrested. Officers and other friends of the dead sheriff volunteered for the search from all quarters. It is said that the main credit for his discovery belongs to Mr. Manuel Tom of Atascosa county—one of three brothers, wealthy cattlemen, who owned the land where Cortez was shot. Mr. Tom is said to be a modest, retiring disposition and averse to notoriety, possesses most wonderful instinctive powers in tracking criminals, and in this case followed the fugitive through several counties, in a country densely covered with brush, thickets, and squirts, etc., with the unerring instinct which enabled him to follow his man even when he doubled back, changed his course, etc.

San Diego, Duval Co., June 25.

A HAPPY CATTLEMAN.—There is hardly a cattleman in Texas who does not know of Dr. Frank Mullins of Fort Worth. Mr. Portwood, some 8 years ago, suffered with a cataract on one of his eyes and Dr. Mullins removed it, but since then the other eye has grievously afflicted in the same way. Again calling on Dr. Mullins he recently spent four days in Fort Worth under the good physician's care, and is now at home again with two good eyes and a happy heart. Dr. Mullins takes as much joy in doing a sufferer as the patient does himself. Both are to be congratulated.

SANTA FE SPECIAL RATES.—California—Account Homeowner's Excursions, one fare plus \$2, 1st and 2nd, limited to 21 days from date of sale. Buffalo—Account of Pan-American Exposition, various rates according to limit on sale daily. Colorado—Account Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, one fare plus \$2, July 15 and 16, limited Aug. 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, limited July 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, limited August 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, limited July 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, limited August 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, limited July 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, limited August 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 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