

And sunshine gladdens the land.
The beautiful Easter card used at the eating houses of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway for the Easter Sunday diner will be sent free on application to W. G. Crush, G. P., and T. A., Dallas, Tex.

CATTLE.

Charles McFarland of Aledo bought 100 yearlings from Parker county this week for shipment to the Territory. Price not stated.

Mr. C. T. Shropshire shipped 900 head of cattle from this city Tuesday to the Indian Territory. This is the second large shipment Mr. S. has made this season.—Brenham Banner.

Stockmen are holding two-year-olds at \$18 a head in this county, but hardly expect to sell at that price.—Lubbock Leader.

Billy Childress ships 2500 steers tomorrow. Claud Anson was in the city Monday delivering 1000 steers to B. Pulliam. The trade between Ralph Harris and Ed Good is off, Mr. Harris taking back his cattle.

John F. Bustin recently sold to M. Z. Smitten 200 steer yearlings in Andrews county at \$12 per head.

Bird & Mertz delivered 2500 head of steers to Winfield Scott at Miles Station Tuesday for shipment to the Creek Nation. I. T.—San Angelo Standard.

The O. X ranch has sold 1300 yearlings at \$18 a head, delivered in Childress.—Index.

A. L. Hall of Minco, I. T., purchased 500 head of yearling steers from R. E. Gatewood and W. D. Carter and will ship them to Chickasha, I. T., to put on pasture.

Fenchler Bros. of El Paso sold to Tude Purcell and Dave Harrington 3000 stock cattle near Midland. Terms private.

C. A. Goldsmith sold and delivered last Friday C. C. Slaughter at the Buffalo ranch 400 twos at private figures.

T. J. Martin and Ed Fenlon sold their steers, we learn, at a little better than \$16. Fenlon is said to have the best twos in the country.—Stanton News.

George Elliott sold to J. W. Walcott 700 cows at \$15 per head. Connell & Pemberton Bros. have bought 400 head of yearling steers from Sam Holloway at \$10.75.

Heard & White sold to Connell & Pemberton Bros. 400 yearling steers at \$10.75.

E. W. Clark sold to A. A. Hartgrove's one-half interest in the YX and SBC cattle. The stock is valuable property and brought good prices.

John Sheldon bought of F. E. Crowley 200 two-year-old steers to be delivered at Mobette, Texas, June 1, 1896. This was a good graded bunch and brought good prices.—Midland Gazette.

E. M. Dargott of Fort Worth and George Harris sold 391 head of yearling steers to A. S. Hall of Minco, I. T., who shipped them to Chickasha. Prices paid are private.

Mr. Washington passed through Friday with 1800 head of steer cattle from Sterling county bound for the Indian Territory.

Leslie Kyle of the Carlisle ranch was in town several days recently. He will ship out all of their cattle, about 3900 in number, in a few days.—Colorado (Texas) Spokesman.

George Slaughter of the long S ranch is in the city with the first herd of the year. He is shipping a bunch of three-year-olds for feeders.

Snyder Bros. of Georgetown will pass over our trail with 6,000 head of old Mexico cattle to their ranch in Sherman county in about ten days.

A. G. Boyce, manager of the XIT ranch on the 20th will send out the first herd of steers on the trail to Montana. Four others will follow one week apart.

Frank and Andy Long, who will be here in a short time with 5,000 head of 2, 3 and 4-year-old steers to sell to Montana and Dakota speculators.

The Western Union Beef company are driving three herds from Bailey county and one herd from Midland. They will reach here some time in the next two weeks.

James Bros. & Brown will drive here 1,000 TIP steers for delivery to Kansas parties.

George Slaughter of Runningwater will ship 1,000 long S steers to Kansas City today.

John Slaughter of Colorado City is on the edge of the plains with 2,000 steers coming to Amarillo.

Ira Havens and four other cattle men from Pecos City are on their way to Amarillo with herds of cattle.—Champion.

Pittman, Reed & Co. of Cleburne, Tex., marketed a train of cattle in St. Louis Saturday, 907-pound steers at \$3.30 and 9-10-pound steers at \$3.35.

The J. B. & J. E. Dale cattle from Bonham, Tex., averaged 1,135 pounds and sold at \$3.75.

E. P. King of Farmersville, Tex., marketed 222-pound hogs at \$3.65 and cattle, including 808-pound steers, at \$3.75 and 1,367-pound oxen at \$3.70.—St. Louis Reporter.

Bird & Mertz bought 1,000 4-year-old steers from Burton Wade last week at \$20 per head.

Bird & Mertz shipped out 2,100 steers to the Osage nation last week and will ship 1,600 more on the 12th inst. D. C.

The skeleton in many a household is the peculiar weakness of the wife and mother, or of the child. It is a mother and is not. Happiness is destroyed by the presence of the secret sickness that may lurk like a grinning death among the most luxurious homes. The most terrible thing about this condition of affairs is that it is entirely needless. There is a remedy in the world, and every woman in the world should not be strong and healthy and capable of fulfilling her whole duty as a wife and mother. Many women go to a doctor for treatment, the first thing he will insist on will be "examination" and "local treatment." This must of course be distasteful to every modest woman. They are generally as unnecessary as they are abortive. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures positively, perfectly, permanently, all varieties of "female weakness" and disease. It is designed to do this one thing, and it does it. It is the only medicine now before the public for woman's peculiar ailments, adapted to her delicate organization by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skillful specialist in these maladies. It cannot do harm in any condition of the system. Its sales exceed the combined sales of all other medicines for women.

Every woman will be healthier and happier for following the friendly, practical counsel contained in Dr. Pierce's great universal doctor book: "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is the most comprehensive medical work in one volume in the English language. It contains 100 pages, fully illustrated, 68,000 copies have been sold at \$1.00 each bound in cloth. The profits are now used in printing half-million copies to send to one-cent stamps (to pay cost of mailing only) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 63, Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Send promptly before all are given away if in want of one. They are going off rapidly.

On the 14th inst. the senate committee on agriculture authorized a manager to make a favorable report upon the animal industry bill. The bill is a re-enactment of the existing laws bearing upon the subject of animal and meat inspectors with numerous important additions.

Among the additions are provisions putting the inspection of meat products and live stock, the extermination of infectious and contagious diseases, the regulation and transportation of live stock and the prevention of the exportation or importation of diseased stock in the direct charge of the bureau of animal industry.

Stock exposed to contagion as well as those already affected are included within the inhibitions of the bill. Transportation companies are forbidden under a penalty of \$100 to receive or ship infected animals for interstate commerce. The owners of cars which have contained diseased cattle are required to disinfect them thoroughly.

Inspection of live stock whose meat is to be exported is exacted and shippers of meat products are required to mark plainly packages so as to indicate the species of the animals contained therein.

No slaughter of animals at abattoirs having government inspection is to be allowed on Sundays or holidays or at night in the absence of an inspector. Inspectors are authorized to condemn such animals or carcasses as are found to be diseased and if necessary to destroy them.

It is made unlawful to import carcasses of diseased cattle or other live stock which have not been inspected or certified.

The secretary of agriculture is authorized to maintain the expense of the United States microscopical examinations of swine carcasses at the time of slaughter wherever and whenever he may deem it expedient, especially in reference to hog meat intended for export.

Provision is made for sending veterinary surgeons to districts where horses, cattle or hogs are suffering from infectious diseases.

Penalties for disregard or disobedience of the law are provided in all cases and in several instances fines amounting to \$5000 are imposed.

NEW MEXICO.

QUARANTINE RAISED.

Word was received by the government and territorial inspectors Tuesday that the quarantine against the admission of Mexican cattle until further notice and Messrs. Price, Hall, Brown and the Kings had been removed at once started in to get the four thousand head across the line. Shipments will be made from here until all the cattle are sent to Eastern markets. The quarantine against the admission of the sanitary board will be held shortly at Las Vegas and it is not thought that any further quarantine restrictions will be imposed.—Deming Headlight.

CURRENT PRICES.

The Springer Stockman says cattle buyers in Southern New Mexico have offered \$9 for yearlings, \$12 for twos and \$15 for threes, with figures and considered very fair when compared with prices prevailing for the last few years. In Northern New Mexico sellers are holding stockers at \$12.50 for twos, \$15 for threes and \$18 for four-year-olds. Local cattle shipments are beginning and will continue until the summer months. From all indications the spring shipments of cattle this year are going to be unusually large.

THE CASE OF ISRAEL KING.

A headlight correspondent saw and had a talk with Mr. King at Juarez on Tuesday. He was confined in a large house, which he said was a prison for all degrees and reputations. The strictest regulations were enforced and only a minute's talk was permitted, and that in the presence of a guard. King is compelled to bring his mail in a small room with eight other prisoners, and while in good health, is very anxious to secure his liberty. Coleman and Ward are receiving similar treatment. All are well. Mr. King expressed himself as especially concerned about his business interests, as important deals demanded his attention. Just now he has a large number of cattle which he is unable to dispose of. The line which the quarantine is raised and his situation will result in great loss financially to him. He is not allowed to transact any business and is permitted to write to his wife in this city.

Immediately after the arrests Americans in El Paso offered to provide any money which might be needed in the absence of the judge prevented its acceptance. The American consul, General Buford, has the case in hand and has been doing all he could to secure their release. The sanitary committee has been very lenient and the stench arising from so many prisoners being confined in such small space is very noticeable and unpleasant. The average 222-pound steers, which was only exceeded in any previous March in ten years but once and that was in 1890, when the average weight was 243.—Kansas City Packer.

AGAINST THE KATY.

A Famous Cattle Case Decided in Favor of the Cattlemen.

The supreme court of Kansas has just decided an interesting railroad case, which threatens to mulct the Katy in the sum of \$88,000 for the alleged transportation of diseased cattle into that state. The case has been pending since 1892 and involves the legislative act for the protection of cattle against contagious diseases, and the judgment of the supreme court is final. The case was instituted originally by Charles Hahes of Chase county against two cattle firms and the Missouri Pacific, who shipped 2,300 Texas cattle from Texas and unloaded them in Lyon county, whence they were driven to Chase county. Hahes had 49 head of native cattle on the range, which came in contact with the Texas cattle and contracted splenic fever and died. He sued for \$2500 damages. Besides the two firms and the railroad company, 145 other owners of cattle in the territory were named as defendants. The latter filed separate answers claiming damages, and the aggregate amount sued for and proved was \$68,000.

The district court of Chase county gave judgment for the cattlemen. The railroad company took a bill of exception to the supreme court, claiming that it had received the cattle from Texas and Pacific railway, and, therefore, was not the party liable; that it had no share in driving the infected cattle over the range, that the loss of the bureau of animal industry, created by congress, abrogated the state law. The decision overrules all these points and gives judgment against the railroad company, which will probably now take the case to the United States supreme court.

ARIZONA.

The Erie Cattle company have purchased the cattle interests of Burt Cogswell and St. Bryant in the Chiricahua mountains.

The second shipment of the Al bar cattle, valued at \$200,000, was made from Flagstaff last Sunday.

Robert Hannegan is in and around Clifton with an Eastern cattleman buying all the steers he can find at the fol-

BUCHANAN'S CRESYLIC OINTMENT.

Standard for thirty years. Sure death to Screw Worms and will cure Foot Rot.

It beats all other remedies. It won

First Premium at Texas State Fair Held in Dallas, 1895.

It will quickly heal wounds and sores on cattle horses and other animals. Put up in 4-oz. bottles, 1 lb. 1 lb., 3 and 5 lb. cans. Ask for BUCHANAN'S CRESYLIC OINTMENT. Take no other. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

CARBOLIC SOAP CO.,

Manufacturers and Proprietors. GEO. H. THOMPSON, Treas. N. Y. City.

The White Elephant RESTAURANT.

W. H. WARD, Prop.

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Get our Great Catalogue and Buyers Guide. We'll send it for 15 cents in stamps to pay post postage or expressage. The Book's free. 700 Pages, 12,000 illustrations, 4,000 descriptions, everything that's used in life that you want you ought to have. Write for it. We'll send it to you free of charge. One profit from maker to user. Get it.

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Successful Incubator. Our magnificent incubator giving full information regarding artificial hatching & brooding of all birds. Write for it. We'll send it to you free of charge. One profit from maker to user. Get it.

\$5000 REWARD. Will be paid for any case of Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture or Blood Poisoning. Write for it. We'll send it to you free of charge. One profit from maker to user. Get it.

Medical Treatise which contains much valuable information for all who suffer from all Private Diseases. GUARANTEED in all Private, Skin, Blood and Nervous Diseases. ALL CONSULTANTS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Address Dr. E. A. HOLLAND, PERRY BLOCK, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

do before the calf is three weeks old the horn will never make its appearance, but instead of a horn there will be a depression. I have been using the above remedy for the last three years, and there is none better. I have used white potash (lunar caustic) but lye is the best remedy. THOS. E. OWEN.

DEATH OF EDWARD FENLON. We regret to announce the death of Major Ed. Fenlon at Midland on Saturday night last, April 11th, after a long illness. He was up to that time he was apparently in his usual health, it is now recalled that when at the Fort Worth convention he stated to friends that he had not been able to entirely shake off the effects of a recent attack of la grippe. The immediate cause of his death is stated to have been congestion of the brain. Mrs. Fenlon, wife of the deceased, was on a visit to relatives in Kansas City when apprised of his illness. Upon reaching Denison on her journey home she received a telegram announcing his death and requesting her to come to the funeral. She remained at Fort Worth. Mr. J. C. Lovins, secretary of the Cattle Raisers' association, of whose executive committee the deceased was up to recently a valued and active member, and other sympathetic friends, accompanied Mrs. Fenlon and family to the depot here Sunday, where the remains were met en route to Leavenworth, Kansas, at which place interment took place Tuesday.

Major Fenlon has been for years the manager of the Texas interests of the Wagon Cattle company, its large ranch being near Midland. He was a brother of Colonel Thomas E. Fenlon, the well known Missouri Democrat politician, and one of his daughters is the wife of Lieutenant Tyree R. Rivers of the United States army. Major Fenlon was for many years one of the brainiest men in the Cattle Raisers' association of Texas, and served for years upon the association executive committee, declining a reappointment at its meeting here last March. There were but few more cultured and refined gentlemen than Major Fenlon. He was 63 years of age and during the late war served gallantly in the union army.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

as mercury will surely destroy the system and thereby derange the whole system when entering through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, O., by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists; price, 75c per bottle.

MINERAL WELLS, TEXAS. Rapidly becoming the greatest watering place of the South, it is reached only via the Weatherford, Mineral Wells and Northwestern railway. Excursion tickets are on sale with the principal roads of the state. All Santa Fe and Texas and Pacific trains make connection at Weatherford, Tex., for Mineral Wells. For further particulars address W. C. FORBES, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Weatherford, Texas.

GRAND COMMANDERY KNIGHTS TEMPLAR. San Antonio, Tex., April 21st to 24th. For this occasion the M. K. & T. will sell round trip tickets at rate of five dollars (\$5.00) for the round trip, on April 20th and 21st limited for return to April 25th.

J. E. COMER, C. P. and T. A.

Black Leg

and Anthrax can be Prevented by Vaccination.

Over 15,000,000 animals already successfully vaccinated and Mortality stopped. Full particulars of

PASTEUR Anthrax Vaccine Co., Ltd. (United States and Canada). 315 Bialto Bldg., CHICAGO.

Why not Purchase your Louisiana Cypress Water Tanks, Sash, Doors and Blinds

Callahan & Lewis Manufacturing Co., LIMITED, PATTERSON, LA.

Who are headquarters for everything in his line. We can make your water tanks to any point, North or South, on Water Tanks and in the correspondence. We operate our own sawmills. Don't fail to write for our prices. We make 20 sizes of Cypress Water tanks.

TRANSIT HOUSE,

L. E. HOWARD, Manager

UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO.

The Leading Hotel for Horse and Cattlemen in the United States. Rooms with room, \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day. Board without board, 50c, 75c and \$1 per day.

Great Rock Island ROUTE. This map shows a modern "up-to-date" railroad, and how it has its own line to the principal large cities of the West.

IT IS THE Great Rock Island ROUTE

And has double daily fast express train service from Texas as follows:

Don't overlook the fact that train No. 2 saves you a whole business day en route to Colorado.

Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars on all trains.

City Ticket Office corner Fifth and No. 4. Lv. Fort Worth.....10:40 a.m. Lv. Bowie.....1:31 p.m. Ar. Chicago.....2:30 p.m.

No. 2. Lv. Fort Worth.....8:10 p.m. Ar. Bowie.....10:40 p.m. Ar. Chicago.....1:10 a.m.

Ar. Kansas City.....6:35 p.m. Ar. Chicago.....9:55 a.m. Ar. Denver.....7:25 a.m.

W. T. ORTON, C. T. A.

RIDE ON THE SANTA FE LIMITED.

The new night train on THE SANTA FE

Pullman Buffet Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars.

The Quickest Time Between North and South Texas and a solid vestibuled train between

Galveston and St. Louis.

THE GREAT Live Stock Express Route.

Limited Live Stock Express Trains now running via the Chicago & Alton R. R.

Between Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Hibbs and intermediate points. Full particulars of this line and thereby insure prompt and safe arrival of your consignments. The pioneer line in low rates and fast time.

Shippers should remember their old and reliable friend. By calling on or writing either of the following stock agents, prompt information will be given.

J. NESBITT, General Live Stock Agent, St. Louis. A. WELSON, Live Stock Agent, Fort Worth, Texas.

JOHN R. WEISER, Live Stock Agent, U.S. Yard, Chicago. FRED D. LEETS, Live Stock Agent, Kansas City Stock Yards. F. W. BANGERT, Live Stock Agent, Midland Stock Yards, Ill.

To Cattlemen: We Recommend Our Special Brew

"Extra - Pale" BOTTLE BEER

For Table Use. Try It and Draw Your Own Conclusions.

TEXAS BREWING CO.

MARKETS.

FORT WORTH MARKET.

Since last report 3622 hogs have been received at the yards, and in the face of a low, but representative, sale of which will be found below. As usual the shipments were from all parts of the country, the following being contributing points: Commerce, Mineral Wells, Chico, Bridgeport, Seymour, Southmayd, Hillsboro, Ennis, Marlin, Granbury, Itasca, Alvarado, Naples, Gonzales, Reisli, Willis Point, Abbott, Kemp, Sunset, Caldwell, Lometa, Pottsboro, Whitehouse, Waxahatchie, Bartow, Fate, Lone Oak, Welmor, Taylor and Tarrant county. A few small consignments of cows were handled at prices running from \$1.50 to \$2.40, and a part of steers averaging 712 pounds brought \$2.70.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

By the Standard Live Stock Commission Company During the Past Week.

Hogs.	Ave.	Price.
63	225	\$3.25
18	303	3.10
13	230	3.27
74	196	3.20
189	179	3.10
79	170	2.85
39	244	3.30
13	226	3.27-1-2
40	191	3.05
18	201	3.25
70	193	3.20
63	193	3.10
52	240	3.10
53	190	3.12-1-2
18	125	3.10
59	211	3.10
27	348	2.85
63	250	2.85
84	157	2.70
72	257	2.70
55	243	3.10
42	223	3.05
71	169	2.75
41	209	3.10
17	185	3.00
77	188	3.00

Steers.	Ave.	Price.
80	712	\$2.70

Cows.	Ave.	Price.
1	805	\$2.40
2	800	2.35
9	711	1.95

Top hog.	Ave.	Price.
13	217	\$3.15-3.20
18	303	2.25-2.55
74	196	2.75-3.00
189	179	3.00-3.50

BY WAGON.

Hogs.	Ave.	Price.
13	217	\$3.12-1-2
18	303	3.00
2	235	3.00
2	480	2.90
5	270	3.00
5	325	3.05
1	350	3.00
1	170	2.50
6	182	3.00

DALLAS MARKET.

Report from A. C. Thomas' yard: Extra fat steers.....\$2.50 @ 3.00
Fair to good steers.....2.25 @ 2.35
Common to fair steers.....1.70 @ 2.20
Choice veal.....1.00 @ 2.00
Common to fair veal.....2.25 @ 3.00
Extra choice yearlings.....2.00 @ 2.30
Fair to good yearlings.....1.75 @ 2.00
Common to fair yearlings.....1.50 @ 1.70
Choice milk cows, per head.....15.00 @ 20.00
Choice springers, per head.....15.00 @ 20.00
Bulls and stags.....1.00 @ 1.75
Choice corned hogs, weighing from 200 to 300 pounds.....3.00
Choice corned hogs, weighing from 250 to 300 pounds.....3.00
Stock hogs.....2.50 @ 2.75
Choice fat 95 to 100-lb. mut- ton.....2.50 @ 3.00
Choice fat 70 to 80-lb. mut- ton.....2.25
Common to fair mut- ton.....1.75 @ 2.00

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

New Orleans, April 16.—The receipts of beef cattle continue light and the market closed bare of beefs, cows and heifers. Quotations ruled steady and good stock is in demand. The calf and yearling market rules firmer and more active, and is bare of good Texas calves, good stock selling for full quotations. The hog market shows no material change; supply large; trading very dull and quotations are weak. Sheep—Dull and weak. Cattle—Good fat beefs, per pound, gross, 3 1-4 @ 1-1/4; good fat grass beefs, per pound, gross, 2 3-4 @ 1-1/4; fair fat beefs, per pound, gross, 2 1-4 @ 1-1/4; thin and rough old beefs, per pound, gross, 1 1-2 @ 1-1/4; good fat calves, each, \$8.00 @ 11; fair fat calves each, \$7.00 @ 10; thin calves, each, \$4.50 @ 5.00; good fat yearlings, each, \$10.00 @ 12; fair fat yearlings, each, \$8.00 @ 10; good milk cows, \$20.00 @ 25.00; fair, \$15.00 @ 20.00; springers, \$17.50 @ 20.00. Hogs—Good corn fed per pound, gross, 3 1-2 @ 3-1/4; common to fair, per pound gross, 3 @ 3-1/4. Sheep—Good sheep per pound, gross, 1 1-4 @ 1-1/2; common to fair each, \$1.25 @ 1.75. Respectfully yours, ALBERT MONTGOMERY & CO., Limited.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 15.—Sales of cattle today were on a basis of \$3.50 @ 4.50 for common to extra choice dressed beef and shipping cattle, with transactions largely at \$3.75 @ 4.15 for fairly good to choice, and export beef were wanted around at \$3.90 @ 4.10. Cows continued to sell briskly at higher prices relative to sheep; sales mostly at \$2.00 @ 3.50. Bulls did not sell so much as good advantage as cows and heifers, and choice natives sold off at \$4.50 @ 4.75, owing to increasing receipts, while plenty of common to good calves went for \$3.25 @ 4.50. Texas cattle were in good demand at \$3.25 @ 3.50 for steers, and \$2.25 @ 3.45 for oxen, bulls, stags and cows. Trade in hogs was slow, at a decline of 5c. Heavy hogs catching the worst, and lights showing the least weakness. Common to choice heavy droves found purchasers at \$3.20 @ 3.65; choice mediums bringing \$3.70; choice mixed \$3.30, and prime assorted light \$3.85 @ 4. Sales were largely at \$3.50 @ 3.65. Heavy weights are arriving in greatly excessive numbers. Sheep—Sales slow at a decline of 10c. Common to choice sheep were selling at \$2.60 @ 3.75, very few going below \$3.25 or above \$3.60, with westerns in demand at \$3.60 @ 3.65. Lambs sold at \$3.75 @ 4.00, few going under \$4. Receipts—Cattle, 9,000; hogs, 22,000; sheep, 14,000.

CHICAGO MARKET NOTES.

Chicago, April 14.—Receipts of cattle last week were about 15,000 more than the week before, and prices during the first half of the week averaged about 25 cents better than during the same period in the previous week, but before the close of Wednesday's market values had started on a downward course, and since that time all the gain of the early part of the week has been lost. The bulk of the good to choice beef and shipping steers are selling at \$3.30 @ 4.20, and it takes something of very extra quality to reach \$4.30. Other food products are so cheap that the demand for them of all kinds has been reduced to the minimum, and it seems that recovery in prices for good beef steers must be slow for some time to come. Desirable stockers and feeding cattle have been scarce all week, and demand equally limited, prices holding within about 10 cents of the high time. Fluctuations in prices of cows and veal

stock have also been comparatively narrow and current prices are within 5c to 10c of the values of a week ago. Bulls have sold well, about 25 cents above opening values of ten days ago. Under small receipts Texas cattle have made and held a gain of about 10c to 20c on values of ten days ago. A good many choice heavy Texans have been marketed around \$3.95, and prime 1330-pound meal-fed steers sold up to \$4.15. There is still a very feeble and unreliable undertone in the market for native cattle, the demand continuing weak and spasmodic. Receipts yesterday were far in excess of the demand, being estimated at 20,000, and today but 2500 fresh arrivals are on the market. Until there are developments favoring better demand both at home and abroad, a continuation of this condition is probable, though we hope for gradual improvement from now on. We quote: Extra beefs, 1200 to 1450 lbs., \$4.30 @ 4.55; choice to prime steers, 1450 to 1800 lbs., \$4.05 @ 4.30; fair to good, 1800 to 2500 lbs., \$3.70 @ 4.00; common to medium, 900 to 1350 lbs., \$3.25 @ 3.50; bulls, poor to extra, \$1.85 @ 2.25; feeders, 900 to 1100 lbs., \$3.40 @ 3.90; stockers, 500 to 900 lbs., \$2.65 @ 3.50; cows and heifers, choice to extra, \$2.35 @ 3.75; common, \$2.00 @ 2.50; calves, common to choice, \$2.25 @ 3.10; grass Texas steers, \$2.70 @ 3.25; fed Texans, \$3.25 @ 4.10.

Sales of Texans included many fed cattle from Naches, Miss. Not many cows or bulls were included in the supply. A. P. Smith sold 1161-lb. steers at \$3.80; L. S. Koerber, 56 Mississippi steers, \$3.85; W. B. Dorsey, 220 head Mississippi steers, 978 lbs., Ashburn & Co., 85 steers, 1103 lbs., \$2.50; 19 oxen, 1355 lbs., \$3.40; Ashburn & Poag, 23 steers, 1105 lbs., \$3.55; Ashburn & Haul, 1023-lb. steers, \$3.60; Walte & M., 1114 to 1117-lb. steers, \$3.65; J. Ehrmann, 1107-lb. Mississippi steers, \$3.65. Values today in the hog market are about the same as one week ago. The packers have not permitted values to improve under the stimulus of small receipts, but have rather regulated themselves to fit the small supply, and values for good grades remain around \$3.75. The bulk of the good heavy hogs are going at \$3.70 @ 3.75, with extra shipping grades at \$3.80, a good many low grade heavy packing being at \$3.50. Light weights form a small portion of the arrivals, and still command considerable premium, especially the light-light bacon grades or anything of the Shing sort. The demand has fallen off much as compared with that realized during the greater part of last month. The prospect for light receipts for the next few days is good, as less attention will be given to marketing during the rush of spring work, but the demand from all sources is unquestionably very meager, and until there is a decided upward movement in prices for the product, there is little upon which to build hope of a higher range of values. We quote good to fancy heavy shipping at \$3.65 @ 3.75; fair to choice heavy packing, \$3.60 @ 3.75; rough lots, \$3.25 @ 3.50; good mixed and mediums, \$3.60 @ 3.72-1-2; selected medium barrows, \$3.75 @ 3.80; assorted light, 140 to 180 pounds, around \$3.90; common to choice light mixed, \$3.70 @ 3.85.

The prices of sheep are almost identical with one week ago. Short stock of both sheep and lambs have been in favor with buyers, and the best selling prices are 20c to 25c of top prices for woolskins. The demand runs chiefly to light weight, sheep ranging 90 to 140 pounds and lambs 75 to 85 pounds selling best. Choice to prime native wethers, \$3.70 @ 3.85; fair to prime Westerns, \$3.45 @ 3.80; fair to choice Western feeders nominally, \$3.00 @ 3.30; medium to choice mixed natives, \$3.20 @ 3.60; good to choice Texans, \$3.40 @ 3.75; choice and Texas culs, \$3.20 @ 3.40; choice to prime yearlings, \$3.75 @ 4.00; 4.00; good to prime spring lambs, \$4.10 common to fair spring lambs, \$3.20 @ 4.05. "JEROME."

St. Louis Live Stock.

St. Louis, April 15.—Cattle receipts, 3200; shipments, 600; strong, 100 high. Export steers, \$4.15 @ 4.30; fair to good, \$3.65 @ 4.10; butcher steers, \$3.25 @ 3.75; light steers under 1000 pounds, \$2.80 @ 3.75; bulk of sales, \$3.00 @ 3.50; and feeders, \$2.50 @ 3.75; cows and heifers, \$2.35 @ 3.50; mostly \$2.45 @ 3.25; Texas steers, \$2.80 @ 3.30; bulk of sales, \$2.60 @ 3.50; cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ 3.50. Hogs—Receipts, 8900; shipments, 1600; opened 5c lower and closed weak to 10c lower. Heavy, \$3.35 @ 3.65; mixed, \$3.20 @ 3.60; light, \$3.50 @ 3.70. Sheep—Receipts, 4200; shipments, 800; slow; natives, \$3.25 @ 3.75; Texans, \$3.20 @ 3.60; lambs, \$3.67 @ 50.

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Mo., April 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 3800; shipments, 1500. Strong and active, Texas steers, \$2.40 @ 2.80; Texas cows, \$1.90 @ 2.70; beef steers, \$3.00 @ 3.40; native cows, \$1.50 @ 2.30; stockers and feeders, \$2.60 @ 3.75; bulls, \$2.30 @ 3.10. Hogs—Receipts, 18,500; shipments, 2,300. Weak, 10c lower. Bulk of sales, \$3.40 @ 3.55; heavies, \$3.35 @ 3.50; packers, \$3.45 @ 3.60; yorkers, \$3.35 @ 3.60; pigs, \$3.35 @ 3.60. Sheep—Receipts, 4100; shipments, 2700; slow. Muttons, \$2.40 @ 3.55.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, April 15.—Cotton—Easy. Middling, 7 1/8; net receipts, 10,000; gross, 1344; exports to Great Britain, 4063; continent, 2194; forwarded, none; sales, 841; spinners, 241; stock, 146,532. Net receipts—Net receipts, 51,159; exports to Great Britain, 4255; continent, 13,113; stock, 492,002.

New Orleans Cotton.

Consolidated—Net receipts, 22,933; exports to Great Britain, 15,566; France, 440; continent, 31,710. Total since September 1—Net receipts 4,853,116; exports to Great Britain, 1,400,929,503; France, 443,617; continent, 1,540,035.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, April 15.—Cotton—Easy. Middling, 7 1/8; good ordinary, 7 1/8-16. Net receipts, 1279; gross, 2007; exports to continent, 10,919; sales, 6200; stock, 155,346.

New Orleans Cotton.

New Orleans, April 15.—Cotton—Quiet. Liverpool, April 15.—Cotton—Quiet; moderate business. American middling, 4 3/8. Sales of the day were 8900 bales, 500 for speculation and export, and 3700 American; receipts, 13,000, including 11,600 American.

New Orleans Cotton.

Futures—Opened quiet at advance, and later reacted and closed quiet but steady. American 1 m. c., April 4 1/8; April-May, 4 1/7; May-June, 4 1/6 @ 4 1/7; June-July, 4 1/4 @ 4 1/5; July-August, 4 1/3; August-September, 4 1/2; September-October, 4 1/4 @ 4 1/5; October-November, 3 5/8 @ 3 5/4; November-December, 3 5/8 @ 3 5/8; December-January, 3 5/8 @ 3 5/8. The tenders of today's deliveries were 4100 bales, new dockets.

St. Louis Cotton.

St. Louis, April 15.—Cotton, quiet; middling, 7 5/8. Sales, 237; receipts, 467; shipments, 824; stock, 54,492.

St. Louis Cotton.

St. Louis, April 15.—Wheat advanced 7-8 above yesterday. Spot lower. No. 2 red cash 69 asked for elevator. No. 73 track; May, 59 3/8; July, 61 1/8 bid. Corn—Considerable strength display-

ed in future market and there were more buyers than sellers. Spot higher: No. 2 mixed cash 27 1/8; May, 27 3/8; July, 28 1/8. Oats—Futures stronger; spot dull: No. 2 cash, 18 3/4; May, 18 7/8; July, 19 1/8-1-8. Flax—Steady, \$8 East track. Barley—Nominal. Corn meal—40 @ 45. Bran—In demand only for near by shipments, east track, 48. Flax seed—Steady, \$2. Timothy seed, \$2.50 @ 3.10. Hay—Stronger for choice prairie, \$5.40 @ 9.00; timothy, \$6.00 @ 11.50. Eggs—Lower; fresh, 8 3/4. Whisky—\$1.12. Butter, cotton ties and baling, unchanged. Pork—Higher; standard mess, \$8.80; lard, \$3.30; lard, steady; choice, \$4.80 @ 4.85. Bacon—Boxed shoulders and longs, \$5.00; ribs and shorts, \$5.25. Dry salt meats boxed shoulders, \$4.37 1/2-3; longs, \$4.50; ribs and shorts, \$4.75. Receipts—Flour, 2000; wheat, 17,000; corn, 16,000; oats, 12,000. Shipments—Flour, 4000; wheat, 5000; corn, 135,000; oats, 13,000.

Chicago Grain. Chicago, April 15.—Wheat ruled quiet and inactive, at times the range being 1c. The grain developed was a little mixed and the course of prices rather uncertain. The opening was firm at 1-4c advance, and after going up a fraction more, eased off at 5-8 @ 5-16, rallied 1c, changed some and closed firm. The weather crop bulletins were generally more favorable in the winter wheat districts, but up in the west the past week was said to have been cold and wet and spring work delayed in consequence. The market had a second rally on the prediction by the signal service of colder conditions for the Dakotas and Minnesota, with rain and snow. The rally, however, became dull and the absence of any outside business of consequence made the advance difficult to maintain. The corn market was firm and averaged higher than the closing yesterday. A moderately active market was reported for oats. The range was confined to 1-8c for May and 1-4c for July. Provisions did not move very far from the point they closed at yesterday. The large receipts of hogs at the yards started the market with a downward inclination and under the influence of the closing strength in wheat it became firmer. Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat, 20,000; corn, 170,000; oats, 180,000; hogs, 27,000.

New York Produce. New York, April 15.—Wheat—Exports, 625,200; spot, dull; quotations all for lake and rail. No. 1 hard, 76 1/2-3; No. 1 hard, 74 elevator. Options opened firmer, covering orders, but soon weakened under favorable crop reports, both home and foreign, and easier cables, after which it rallied on rumors that a big Chicago operator was ill, becoming strong in the final half hour, helped by the favorable winter wheat reports and closed 1-4 @ 3-8 net higher; No. 2 red, 74 1/2-3; No. 3, 74 1/2-3. Hides and Wool—Dull. Leather—Steady. Copper—Steady; brokers, 10 3/4; exchange, 10 3/4. Tin—Dull; straits, \$12.25 @ 13.75. Plates—Steady. Coffee—Options opened steady; unchanged. Later the market broke under London cables, closed barely steady with prices 15 points net lower. Sales, 26,550 bags, including March, 1080 @ 1090; April, 1310. Spot coffee, Rio, steady; No. 17, 13 7/8 asked; mild, steady; Cordova, 16 3/4 @ 18. Sales, 500 bags Maracaibo. Warehouse deliveries New York yesterday, 12,804 bags; New York stock today, 280,903; United States stock, 419,075, against 561,095 last year. Sugar—Raw, quiet. No. 11, 11 1/2 @ 11 3/4; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-4 bid. Refined, firm. Cotton seed oil—Slow and featureless.

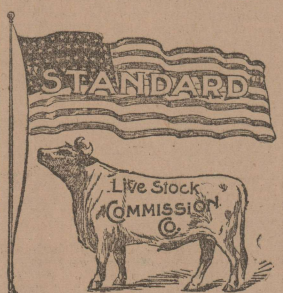
American Wool Market. Boston, April 15.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to morning of the wool trade: The sales for the three principal markets during the week were under view and have amounted to 2,237,000 pounds, of which 1,632,101 pounds were foreign. This is a larger aggregate than in any recent week, but the increase is mainly in foreign stock. The demand for domestic wool at date is comparatively slight; further export movement of domestic wool to England and Belgium has been a none too recent incident of the week. If this movement develops considerable proportions in the near future, the material effect on the domestic market situation must be pronounced; the feeling that a possible outlet exists for the large stocks held at this time will have a measurably good effect in restoring confidence. Sales for the week were 1,632,101 pounds compared with 94,860, 501 pounds a year ago. The Boston sales for the week are 1,555,000 pounds, 688,300 pounds domestic, 867,200 foreign. Sales since January 1 last, 34,794,800 against 59,161,055 a year ago.

New Orleans Provisions. New Orleans, April 15.—Hog products dull, pork off, 1-2. Lard—Refined tierce, 4 1-4. Boxed meats—Dry salt shoulders, 4 5-8; sides, 4 5-8; bacon sides, 5 1-8. Hams—Choice, sugar cured, 8 3-4 @ 9 1/4. Coffee—Rio firm; ordinary to fair, 16 1-2 @ 17 3/4. Flour—Steady; extra fancy, \$3.65 @ 3.75; patents, \$3.60 @ 3.90. Corn—Quiet. Bran—Dull, 55 @ 56. Hay—Easy; prime, \$13.50 @ 16.00; choice, \$17.50 @ 18.50. Corn—Quiet. No. 2 sacked white, \$3.24 @ 3.26; mixed, \$3.23 @ 3.25. Oats—Quiet; No. 2 sacked, 26 3/4. Sugar—Firm; open kettle, 23 7/8-7; centrifugal whites, 4 5-8 @ 4 7-8; yellow, 4 7-8 @ 4 9-16. Molasses—Quiet; centrifugal, 5 @ 15. Rice—Rough receipts, 400; sales, 3400. Firm 90 @ 92.50. Clean steady; demand fair. Sales, 715; ordinary to good, 2 @ 4c.

Kansas City Provisions. Kansas City, Mo., April 15.—Wheat—Steady; No. 2 hard, 63c; No. 3, nominal 50 @ 54c; selected, nominally, 55 @ 60c. No. 2 spring, 60 1-2-3; No. 2 red, 74. Corn—Demand fair; No. 2 mixed, 24c; No. 2 white, 24 1-2c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 17 @ 18c; No. 2 white, 21c. Rye—No. 2 2 1-2 @ 2 3/4c. Hay—Firm; timothy, choice \$11 @ 11.50; prairie choice, \$7.50 @ 8. Butter—Creamery fancy, 16; dairy 11c. Eggs—Unsettled; fresh 8 3/4-4c. Liverpool Grain. Liverpool, April 15.—Wheat—Spot, steady; American; No. 2 red spring stocks, 5s, 7 1/2-3d. No. 2 red spring stocks, exhausted. No. 1 hard Manitoba, 6s, 7d. No. 1 Cal, 7s, 5 1-2d. Futures—Dull, 1 1/4 @ 1-2 lower. April, 5s, 6d; May and June, July and August, 5s, 7d. Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, 3s, 1 1-2d. Futures—Firm, 1 1/4 @ 1-2 higher. April and May, 1 1-2d; July, 2s, 1-2d; August, 3s 1-2d; September, 3s 1-2d. Flour—Demand fair; freely supplied; St. Louis fancy winter, 7s, 3d.

FOR A STANDARD RALE. The following is self-explanatory: To the Glens of Texas: The American Cotton Growers' Association has adopted a standard size for cotton bales, viz., 28 inches in width by 58 inches in length, or less. This was done that freight rates might be cheapened, the cotton better covered and the loss from wet, waste, dirt and theft reduced. The compresses, buyers, railroads and

The Standard now has a branch office at Fort Worth, R. K. Erwin in charge, J. P. Butz, salesman, where the same care will be given consignments as has characterized the Chicago house. Consign your hogs and cattle to the Standard Commission company at Fort Worth, R. K. Erwin, Manager.



CAPITAL STOCK \$200,000. THE STANDARD would be pleased to hear from all cattle men in Texas and the Indian territory who contemplate shipping, and we will furnish markets on application. We make a specialty of the Texas trade, and if good care of stock in the yards and good sales is what you desire, then send us a trial shipment and we will endeavor to make you a permanent customer. Write us. STANDARD LIVESTOCK COMMISSION COMPANY Room 173, New Exchange Building, U. S. Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill. W. A. SANSOM, Manager, formerly of Alvarado, Texas.

Fort Worth and Denver City RAILWAY. MORGAN JONES, Receiver.

Short Line From Texas to Colorado.

CHANGE OF TIME, Dec. 15, 1895. Through trains leave Fort Worth at 11:15 a. m., arriving at Denver at 6:20 p. m., passing through

TRINIDAD, PUEBLO

And the Great Wichita, Red River, and Pecos River valleys, the finest wheat, corn and cotton producing country in the world.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING THROUGH THE MOUNTAINS FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS WITHOUT CHARGE. For further information address D. B. KEELER, G. P. and F. A. E. W. and D. C. R. Fort Worth, Texas.

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A. C. THOMAS, Commission Dealer IN LIVE STOCK. Liberal advancements made and prompt attention given to all stock consignments to me. Correspondence solicited. Market Report Free. CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, Dallas, Texas.

steamship lines have taken this matter up and the result will be that bales larger than standard will have a penalty taxed against them by the buyers. The farmers cannot afford this. Will you not help them by giving them standard bales or smaller. If your gin runs out, standard bales will be sold at a discount. Please call on me and mail inclosed postal card and oblige. E. S. PETERS, President Texas Division American Cotton Growers' Protective Association. Waco, Tex., March 13, 1896.

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY. One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all Kidney and Bladder Troubles, removes Gravel, cures Diabetes, Seminal Emissions, Weak and Lame Back, and all irregularities of the Kidneys and Bladder, in both men and women. Regulates Bladder Troubles in Children. If not sold by your druggist, send for a small bottle by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle in months' treatment will cure any case above mentioned. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, postoffice box 218, Waco, Texas. Also sold by J. P. Nicks & Co., Fort Worth, Texas. TESTIMONIAL. Cisco, Tex., Feb. 25, 1896. Dear Sir: I have used your Great Discovery for kidney and bladder troubles and have been very greatly benefited by it, and I can fully recommend it to anyone suffering in same manner. Respectfully, J. H. HOLCOMB, President First National Bank.

BET SUGAR FACTORY. E. Salch, the engineer of the new beet sugar factory at Edgely, N. M., is there, and busy locating the site. Work will be commenced immediately, and the factory, costing \$180,000, will be completed in October in time to handle the season's crop. The capacity will be 225 tons of beets daily. The amount planted will be between 2500 and 3000 acres, with an average yield of 15 to 20 tons to the acre. The buildings will consist of one main one, 150x70, with two wings, one 100x40, and one 40x60, all to be three stories high and constructed of the native limestone. The site is just south of the city, and within a mile and a half of the courthouse.

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED In irrigation and fruit growing matters send your address on a postal card for a sample copy of "Practical Irrigation and Fruit Growing," Roswell, N. M. Monthly. Illustrated.

Uncommon Ardo: "Did the newly wedded couple seem happy?" "Yes, indeed; they had to have heart-shaped feet at their bridal feast, but the ices just wouldn't stay frozen."

ST. LOUIS. CHICAGO. KANSAS CITY. EVANS-SNIDER-BUEL COMPANY, Live Stock Commission Agent. Capital, \$200,000. Surplus, 200,000. Annual Business, \$20,000,000. Perfectly Equipped to Handle all Business Entrusted to Our Care. DIRECTORS: M. P. BUEL, Pres. C. A. SNIDER, Vice-Prest. ANNY J. SNIDER, Treas. A. T. ATWATER, Sec'y. T. JEFF DANIEL, G. M. WALDEN. H. M. POLLARD, Gen'l Counsel. Offices: ST. LOUIS, National Stock Yards, Ill. CHICAGO, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill. KANSAS CITY, Kas. City Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.

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KANSAS CITY. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS. KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS. UNION STOCK YARDS. NATIONAL STOCK YARDS. Large or small consignments solicited. We make a specialty of handling Texas trade. Money loaned on cattle in feed lots or pastures in Texas and Indian Territory. George W. Barfoot, Nacoma, agent for North Texas and Indian Territory. Green Davidson San Antonio, agent for Southern Texas.

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GEO. R. BARSE, President. J. H. WAITE, Sec. Treas. THE GEO. R. BARSE LIVE STOCK COMMISSION COMPANY. PAID UP CAPITAL STOCK \$250,000. Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago. Liberal advances made to parties feeding stock. Market reports furnished on application. Address all communications to our house at Kansas City, Mo. Represented in Texas by Uncle Henry Stephens.

SAN ANTONIO.

Branch Office of Texas Stock and Farm Journal, 302 Dolores street, Jerome Harris, Manager.

John T. Lytle, who is well and favorably known among the stockmen of Southern Texas, spent several days in the city this week.

H. W. Earnest of San Marcos, who owns cattle in LaSalle county, was a visitor here this week, and is also traveling in the interest of Francis Smith & Co.

Andrew Armstrong of Cotulla, and a prominent ranchman of that section, was a visitor to the city this week, and was looking to be in his usual good health.

F. O. Skidmore of Beeville, and one of the first stockmen in that county, was in the city and reports his section as having all the rain needed up to this time.

B. L. Naylor returned to the city this week after shipping out a lot of cattle to the Territory from Beeville and Sabinal. He reports all of his cattle in fine condition.

West Bros. & Bennett purchased the past week from Ed Lassiter one thousand and one hundred and one yearlings, giving other cattle in consideration for the trade.

H. B. Woodley of Austin passed through San Antonio last week from Sabine, where he has been looking after some cattle he has on pasture in that section, and reports his stock doing well.

A. W. Hilliard of Kyle, an old friend and representative of the Stock Journal, paid us a visit during the week, and reports rain, and better crop prospects in his section than for several years past.

Willis Hunter, who is ranching in Live Oak county, came up from his ranch, bringing with him two loads of hogs raised on his ranch, which he sold here to a local dealer at 3 cents per pound.

The West, a member of the firm of West & Bennett, was down on a visit from his ranch near Brownsville this week, and reports his section having had fine rains, and that stock and grass both were looking fine.

J. T. Dickson, the live stock agent of the Wabash line, was in the city during the week, and expressed himself as pleased with the patronage extended his road by the cattle shippers from this section.

J. L. Hume, from Austin, one of the pioneers in the cattle business of Southern Texas, spent one day in the city the past week. Mr. Hume is also a feeder and has fed the past season at Austin a large lot of cattle.

William Hunter, the popular and well-known representative of the Strayhorn-Hutton-Evans commission company, was a visitor to San Antonio this week, and after looking over the situation, has returned to Fort Worth.

D. A. Nance and J. W. Earnest passed through San Antonio during the week on their way to look at some cattle. Mr. Nance reports having shipped out all of his feed cattle except five loads, and so far has made a little money.

Colonel J. C. Carr of San Antonio, in company with Mr. Carter, a government claim agent, left for Pearsall this week to meet the stockmen who have filed their claims for loss of stock, committed in this section years ago by the Indians.

James Storm of Del Rio, who is at present shipping a large lot of cattle to the Indian Territory, was in the city this week, and a guest at the Southern hotel. He left for Del Rio to look after a shipment of cattle from there to the Territory.

John Black of San Antonio returned to his home this week. He has been engaged for some time shipping out a lot of cattle purchased by him for the Territory, and on account of shortage of cars, was compelled to wait on the railroad for a few days.

J. H. Pressnal, who has a large cattle interest in Dimmitt county, was in the city this week from his ranch, and reports his stock looking well, and that he has obtained a fine flow of water from a well only two hundred and seventy-five feet deep.

J. M. Doble of Lagarta, who owns a ranch and cattle in Live Oak county, returned from El Paso this week, and has decided, owing to good rains, to let his cattle remain in Texas this year rather than ship to the Territory.

James Beaumont, the live stock agent of the Southern Pacific system in Southern Texas, was with us one day during the past week looking after shipments of cattle to the Territory, and reports a heavy traffic in cattle over his line at present.

C. C. French from Fort Worth and who is representing the Fort Worth Stock Yards company, spent a day in the city and reports his success as fairly good in inducing the stockmen to patronize a home market.

Ike T. Pryor of Columbus and G. F. Walker of Eagle Lake, jointly interested in cattle in Colorado and Encinal counties, passed through San Antonio this week on their way to Encinal where they are shipping out a large lot of cattle to the Indian Territory.

W. T. Way, the popular and efficient representative of the Strayhorn-Hutton-Evans Commission Co. has just returned from a trip to Cuero and Beeville in the interest of his firm, where he secured some shipments of fat cattle from each place to his firm at St. Louis.

John W. Kokenutt and A. S. Gage, both prominent stockmen of Alpine in the city this week, and circulating among the Epworth League. They both report the recent rains not extending farther west than Del Rio, but add that the country is looking well and everything encouraging.

M. D. Bennett of the firm of Bennett Bros. of Cuero, who are large stock dealers, was in the city the past week and reports his brother, R. M. Bennett, much improved from his recent severe illness, caused from nervous prostration, and is hopeful now for his entire and speedy recovery.

D. R. Fant returned the past week from his ranch in Cameron county, and reports his grass and cattle both in fine condition. Says his corn that he planted in January is as high as his shoulders, and is now being ploughed out for the last time. To Northern people this sounds like a "big" corn story.

William Jennings of Pearsall paid us a visit this week, and after looking over his cattle to the Territory, but on account of the scarcity of cars is compelled to wait a few days on the railroad. He reports a train of grass cattle shipped by Blocker, Coleman & Jen-

nings as weighing 929 pounds and averaging \$2.80 in St. Louis.

William Ragland of this place, who represents the Chicago Live Stock Commission company in Southern Texas, has just returned from a trip to Beeville and Alice in the interest of his firm. He reports floods of rain at Beeville, but says the country around Alice is still dry and needing rain badly.

The citizens of Taylor have resolved to have a fair this year as heretofore on the 10th of September. They are continuing for four days. It was determined at one time by the management not to have any fair this year, but the citizens of Taylor have promised the aid and assistance of the management and have announced the date, and are already arranging a programme and all details.

There seems at present to be a famine among all the railroads leading into Southern Texas for stock cars, and shippers are demanding cars faster than the roads can supply them. There is great trouble in regard to the shipments of cattle to the Territory, is that all the shippers get ready and want to go at the same time, thereby creating a demand for stock cars that the roads cannot supply.

Dr. J. B. Taylor, a prominent ranchman and feeder, came in from his McMiller county ranch last Thursday, and left Friday for Temple, where he expects to ship out three trains of his feed cattle, one to Kansas City, one to St. Louis, and one to Chicago. He reports immense rains in McMiller county, and all the streams very much swollen. Says he will let what cattle he has take their chances in Texas to get fat rather than ship them to the Territory.

There is now on every road in Southern Texas large numbers of cattle awaiting transportation, the roads are doing all in their power to accommodate the shippers, but it is simply impossible to secure a sufficient amount of cars to move all the cattle in a given time. It is estimated that it will require thirty days to move all the cattle in Texas destined for the Territory, and even in this time the capacity of all the roads are taxed to their utmost. It requires several days, at least a week, to get the loaded cars to the Territory and return them empty, and it occurs to us that the roads are doing exceedingly well to move in this time all the cattle that are offered, and shippers should exercise all the patience possible towards the roads regarding the handling of stock as promptly as they would do otherwise.

San Antonio from now until the 1st of May is to have in its midst a large number of visitors. The first in order is the Epworth League, which commencing on the 14th inst., will hold an annual session here. It is estimated that there will be at least five thousand members of the League here, and then take into consideration the number of visitors who are not members of that body, and we will have to entertain some fifteen thousand people. The hall at San Pedro Springs has been provided for the meeting of this body, and every preparation made for their entertainment. Following directly upon the convention of the Epworth League, is the Battle of Flowers, which occurs on San Jacinto day, the 21st inst. All preparations are being made for this occasion, and no doubt that at least twenty thousand visitors will be here to witness this novel entertainment. Immediately after the "Battle of Flowers," on the 22d inst will come the Knight Templars, a very large and strong organization to attend their annual meeting and with their friends will constitute a large crowd. After the Knight Templars, commencing on the 23d inst, the Sangerfest will open at the large and elegant hall on Alamo street. It is expected that the people by those who are in a position to know that this meeting in point of numbers will be as large, if not the largest, that has ever been held in the state, and will continue for four days, furnishing one of the best musical treats that has ever been offered to the public in San Antonio or in the state.

The railroads have all without an exception, and with accustomed liberality offered a round trip rate of one fare to all who wish to visit the Alamo City on the several occasions named, and it is confidently believed that a large number will be taxed to their utmost to handle all the people who will visit the city in the next fifteen days.

The San Antonio Daily Express of the 21st inst. contains the following article from Sabinal: A big irrigation scheme is on foot in this county. A Mr. Scott of California is projector of the enterprise. Work has already begun on a ditch about twenty miles north of here on the Rio river. The proposed to make the ditch eighteen or twenty miles long, thereby covering a vast scope of very fertile land. The water will be taken from the Rio river. The people of this county are watching the enterprise with considerable interest, as its success means much. Irrigation is the only solution to the drought problem, and the people are fast coming to recognize this.

This is a move in the proper direction and if successful means much for this section of the state. The Rio river affords an abundance of water. The round to irrigate thousands and thousands of acres of land, and with a dam across it where it comes out of the canyon can be made a reservoir which would afford all the water required for irrigation. The country through which this ditch will pass is generally level, and the cost would be very small. Our people, especially the farming class, do not appreciate irrigation as they should. With a country whose soil is good and fertile, and where every condition of climate and growing seasons is just what is needed, water could raise one and two crops each year from the same land. Of course it will require experience and education to get our farmers to take hold of such an enterprise, but they will have to go to California and witness the results of irrigation in that state. And as Mr. Scott is from that state, where they have made the most as well as a business, there is but little doubt of his final success. The only drawback southwestern Texas has is the protracted drought, and if we can overcome this by irrigation we have the finest soil and the best climate in the United States for raising vegetables and crops of all description that will pay under this system. It does not require a very large tract of land for one man to cultivate with irrigation—twenty acres being considered the outside that one man can care for—and this amount of land can be made to yield a greater income than hundreds of acres under our present system of cultivation. The last legislature of the state passed a law favorable to irrigation, but it was not carried. Some people were formed to engage in this enterprise in this same section of the country, but from some misunderstanding were abandoned, not, however, on account of the impracticability of the scheme, but for a lack of the funds to carry out the work.

Those who own lands that can be reached by this ditch ought to give support to this enterprise; even if they should have to give away one-half of their lands to the promoter of this scheme, the other half would be worth the land doubled in value, and would pay to the owner each year a large dividend on the investment, if only the proper care and labor is bestowed upon it. The production of the variety of crop

that can be grown on this soil and in this climate.

The people of Uvalde county are to be congratulated in having a citizen (although from California) who is able and willing to put his money and energy into such an enterprise. And with the large amount of nice, pure running water that can be used in this business, we have no fears of such an enterprise. The only reason that an enterprise of this character has been so long delayed is from the fact that a man of experience and means has not been found before this who was willing to take hold of the matter in earnest and to push it to a completion.

HORSES AND MULES.

CONCERNING HORSES. Would it pay our southern farmers to raise good horses for export? Our seaports are accessible.

There is quite an export movement of horses going on, with a very considerable number of them. A Buffalo, N. Y., paper referring to it, says: Though exporting horses from Buffalo market this year has just begun, and may be said to be only a drop in the bucket as to what will be a little later in the season, still, a number of car loads are being shipped across each week. Last week ten loads went, and this week nine have and will be sent. Those shipped this week are: Robert Adams, two loads high-class horses, to London; R. Vervack, two loads, high-class and chunks, to London; Kellett Bros., three loads chunks, for van and bus out to London; John Aspinwall, one load chunks, to Liverpool; H. Hodgkinson, one load chunks and high-class, to Preston, England. One of Mr. Adams' loads was sent from here Tuesday night by express, to give the horses a day's longer rest than those sent by freight, before putting them on board ship. This picked load of Mr. Adams' was one of the best load of drivers' horses ever carried. The number of horses imported during the eight months ending August 31, 1895, was 22,755, against 15,614 for the same months of the previous year, says the London Veterinary Journal. The greater part of the increase in numbers was from the United States and Canada.—New Orleans Playmate.

A correspondent of the Southern Farmer has this to say on the above subject: Well-bred Morgan seems to fill the demand for family horses better than any other breed, and these horses are kind and intelligent and trusty. Before these, or any other horses, are placed on the market of family horses they should go through a thorough training or education to fit them for the place which they are intended for. They should be thoroughly accustomed to the cars. The writer knows of a farmer in Wisconsin who makes stock-raising a business, especially that of growing horses for family use, and he says that the best way to get to know them in a pasture through which the cars pass every few minutes. A bridge spans the cut through which the cars pass, and the horses are compelled to pass over the bridge. The farmer and they soon get accustomed to the cars, and there are few other things that will frighten a horse that has become used to the cars. This fits the horse for the place which he must fill after he is placed on the market, and he will bring a good price at any time if his color, disposition, size and intelligence are what is desired in the family horse. Very little attention is given this branch of the business in the South, and such horses are in as much demand here as most anywhere else, and it does seem that such horses could be bred in the South to advantage, but there are no farmers who are making this business a specialty in the South. Horses must be fitted for his work, educated to it, and if we train a horse to be a trotter, then we must expect him to fill any other place at the same time, for he cannot be a good trotter and a good plow horse at the same time.

DON'T. A writer under the head of "Don't," says: "Don't water your horse after feeding; it retards digestion; always water before."

Don't feed your horse exclusively on "cheap" corn. The most valuable feed is "Fancy timothy hay, heavy white oats and two sloppy bran mashes a week is the doctrine of the church in the case of the average draught or driving horse at every-day work. Don't use heel or toe calks on front shoes of driving horses in the mild months if you can possibly avoid it; a plain flat shoe is best for the foot and upper joints.

Don't play the hose on a horse's body at any season of the year, or allow it to be used to wash off the legs; let the mud dry on and be washed out next morning. This is a custom adopted among the most valuable driving animals, whereas the too free use of water produces cracked heels, mud fever, congestive chills or pneumonia in many instances.

Don't be persuaded by the "colored" imagination when your horse is sick that he has "bots" or "kidney worm," when he is probably suffering from an attack of colic or catarrhal fever. The first-mentioned diseases are on a par with "hollow horn," "wolf-on-the-tail," and the other ridiculously important additions to pathology of the attendants in cow stables. The poor, inefficient "bot" is present in every horse which has been at pasture, only producing trouble when in such tremendous numbers as to mechanically obstruct the caliber of the intestines.

Don't be swayed from the foot in investigating lameness in front. Twenty-four out of twenty-five cases of lameness are from the knee down.

Remember that the man about the barn who exercises good judgment in the corner teeth are shells only. At 2 years old these teeth are strong and well grown, and the corner teeth are well filled up. At a little below three years old the corner teeth of each jaw fall out and are replaced by permanent ones. A little before 5 the two remaining teeth are shed, and in their place come permanent ones. The upper milk teeth usually come out first, thus the lower teeth are completed as to their growth. The corner tooth, however, is imperfectly developed, being a shell only, but at 6 years this shell has filled up and is a complete tooth. This is the difference between a 5-year-old and a 6-year-old. The tushes appear between 1-2 and 4 years old, and they require nearly two years to arrive at their full growth. These teeth, as the horse

grows older, get blunter and shorter, and to an experienced judge, are a sure indication of age.

Up to 6 years old the mouth is in a declining and periodical state of structural change, and there is no difficulty in determining the age up to that age. But after that the age must be determined largely by the shape of the mouth and the appearance of the teeth, called the mark. At 6 years old the cuts leave the two center teeth above; at 7 the next two above and at 8 the outer or corner teeth above. At 9 the two center teeth below lose the cuts; at 10 the next two below, and at 11 the outer or corner teeth below. These changes are nearly or quite the same in all horses, so that after a little practice, the close observer rarely makes a mistake.

The full-grown horse has 24 back teeth—6 on each side of the jaw. These are called molars or grinders. He has 12 front teeth—6 in each jaw. Mares have no tushes.

Horse traders, by filing, marking and sharpening the teeth of a horse, are often able to deceive the novice as to the age of a horse. But a close investigation by any one that understands about a horse's mouth will disclose the fraud.

The largest mule that ever walked on American soil is now, or was recently, the property of one George H. Johnson, a farmer living a few miles east of Honey Grove, Tex. His muleship is exactly 18-1/2 hands, or 6 feet 2 inches in height, being exactly 73-1/2 inches higher than the famous Los Pecos (Old Mexico) mule, which was so widely advertised in 1890-91 as being "the most gigantic specimen of the mule family that the world has ever known." The Honey Grove mule is not slim and raw-boned, but is built in proportion to his height, weighing 1,619 pounds.

REMARKABLE CURES IN DALLAS, TEXAS.

VENO IS CREATING NO END OF EXCITEMENT AT PHOENIX HALL.

He Makes Cripples Lay Down Their Crutches and Walk, and Cures the Weak, Nervous and Dyspeptic in a Most Remarkable Manner.—Rev. J. H. Rosencrans, State Evangelist Gives Public Testimony—Physicians Say the Cures Are the Most Remarkable They Have Ever Witnessed.

They Are Performed by VENO'S CURATIVE SYRUP AND VENO'S ELECTRIC FLUID, Two of the Most Phenomenal Medicines in Existence—Sold by Druggists.

Dallas News, Nov. 10, 1895. Phoenix hall last evening was the center of scenes and emotions, and those present were dumbfounded. Veno, a foreign doctor, who is the medical marvel of two hemispheres, demonstrated the extraordinary power of the Veno medicines. Cripples and sick people went upon the stage and in thirty minutes were dancing for joy. While we see such things we must believe. Rev. J. H. Rosencrans, State Evangelist, No. 114 Pavillion street, Dallas, who has suffered terribly from rheumatism in his arm, went upon the stage. Veno's arm and in thirty minutes he could use his arm freely without pain. He demonstrated this to the audience. Chas. M. Connelly, janitor Odd Fellows hall, hobbling upon the stage, very lame and suffering terrible pain. He had spent \$25 in five weeks on medicine, which did no good. In twenty minutes Veno had him jumping, dancing and stamping his feet. He walked home without his cane.

Several other remarkable cures were performed and physicians present gave evidence that they were the most remarkable they had ever witnessed. VENO'S CURATIVE SYRUP is the best and only scientific cure. It permanently cures malaria (chills and fever) and thoroughly cures (cough, constipation and liver trouble). It strengthens the nerves, clears the brain, invigorates the stomach and purifies the blood, leaving no ill effects. This is the best for its body. The famous Llandrinod water, the great germ destroyer and blood purifier, and when used with VENO'S ELECTRIC FLUID will cure the worst and most desperate cases of rheumatism, paralysis, sciatica, neuralgia and all aches and pains. No home should be without these medicines. They are sold at 50 cents each twelve for \$5. Ask your druggist to get Veno's Curative Syrup and Veno's Electric Fluid for you.

CUBAN CHILL CURE positively stops chills in one night. 25c. At drug stores.

NOTICE. The undersigned by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Hon. County Court of Duval county, will offer for sale on Tuesday, May 5, 1896, at the courthouse door of Duval county, the highest bid for cash for the pasture belonging to the estate of Mrs. C. J. Dix, deceased, situated in said Duval county, and containing nine thousand and ninety-four acres of land. Said pasture is in a healthy, well fenced and with ample water facilities and ready for immediate occupancy. All persons desiring a ranch for stock raising or farming will do well to give this consideration. The pasture is eleven miles from San Diego, and four miles from Benavides, on the line of the Texas Mexican railway. Persons desiring to visit the ranch or for further particulars in reference to same can apply to Mr. James O. Luby, San Diego, or to Captain John J. Dix, at Benavides, Texas. GEORGE BODET, Administrator Estate of Mrs. C. J. Dix.

Bulls for Sale. 100 pure-bred Hereford yearlings, raised above the quarantine line, at \$25. 6 pure-bred and 7 high-grade Short-horns, 1 to 3 years of age, well above the quarantine line, at \$50 for the pure-bred and \$30 for the grades. 36 pure-bred and high-grade Aberdeen-Angus, located and raised in Colorado, at \$30 for calves and \$50 for yearlings and twos. 50 high-grade Durhams and Herefords, raised above the quarantine line, at \$25. 125 grade Short-horn yearlings, raised below quarantine line, at \$27.50. 75 high-grade Durhams, located at Fort Worth, at \$27.50. 30 high-grade Hereford-Durham yearlings, raised below quarantine, at \$27.50.

GEO. B. LOVING & CO. Cattle Commission Dealers, Fort Worth, Tex.

FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS CO.

Competitive buyers now located here for Fat Cows, Light Beef Steers and Feeders.

SEND IN YOUR CATTLE

Competitive Hog Buyers now on the market. Heavy and light hogs in demand.

SEND IN YOUR HOGS.

Government recognized separate yards for handling of cattle that are privileged to enter Northern states for feeding or breeding purposes.

Bill Your Cattle Privilege Fort Worth Market.

Write for Market Information.

G. W. SIMPSON, W. E. SKINNER,

President. General Manager.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS

ARE THE MOST COMPLETE AND COMMODIOUS IN THE WEST.

And second largest in the world. The entire railroad system of the West and Southwest centering at Kansas City has direct rail connection with these yards, with ample facilities for receiving and reshipping stock.

	Cattle and Calves	Hogs	Sheep	Horses and Mules	Cars
Official Receipts for 1895.....	1,699,652	2,457,697	864,713	52,607	103,369
Slaughtered in Kansas City.....	922,167	2,170,827	567,015		
Sold to Feeders.....	339,221	1,376	114,443		
Sold to Shippers.....	218,505	273,939	69,734		
Total Sold in Kansas City in 1895.....	1,539,234	2,346,202	749,244	41,588	

CHARGES—YARDAGE: Cattle 25 cents per head; Hogs, 8 cents per head; Sheep, 5 cents per head. HAY, \$1.00 per 100 lbs.; BRAN, \$1.00 per 100 lbs.; CORN, \$1.00 per bushel.

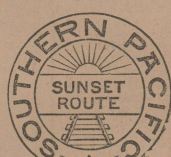
NO YARDAGE IS CHARGED UNLESS THE STOCK IS SOLD OR WEIGHED. C. F. MORSE, V.P. & Gen. M'n'gr. E. E. RICHARDSON, Secy. and Treas. H. P. CHILD, Asst. Gen. Manager. EUGENE RUST, Gen. Superintendent.

EXCHANGE STABLES,

E. B. EDWARDS, Prop.

Livery, Boarding, Commission and Sales Stables.

Cor. Rusk and First Sts., Fort Worth, Tex.



Mexico...

...Excursions

\$25 ... San Antonio to Mexico ... \$25

AND RETURN VIA THE

Sunset Route.

ONLY LINE RUNNING THROUGH Tickets on sale at San Antonio April SLEEPERS TO CITY OF MEXICO, 17 and 18. Also on April 24 and 25, 1896.

\$5.00 to San Antonio and return April 13 and 14. One Fare to San Antonio and return April 21 and 22.

Apply at Sunset Route ticket office for information concerning other special excursion rates.

C. W. BEIN, Traffic Manager. L. J. PARKS, A. G. P. & T. A.

The Live Stock Market of St. Louis. THE ST. LOUIS

National Stock Yards

Located at East St. Louis, Ill., directly opposite the City of St. Louis.

Shippers Should See that their Stock is Billed Directly to the

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

B. O. ENOX, Vice President. CHAS. T. JONES, Superintendent.

ROUTE YOUR LIVE STOCK VIA

There is More Wind Used.

By some manufacturers and dealers in selling their goods than it would take to run the 35,000 DANDIES that are now in daily use in all parts of the civilized world.

Drop us a line and we will back our assertions with prices bound to convince that we have the right kind of goods to blow about. We carry everything needed for pumping or power work.

CHALLENGE WIND MILL, AND FEED MILL CO., DALLAS, TEXAS. Factory, Batavia, Ill.

SIDE COMBS

These side combs are over two inches long by one inch wide, triple edged, now very fashionable. Sample sent by mail 25c. ELYN & CO., 45 BOND ST., NEW YORK.

JOSEPH L. LOVING, Commission dealer in Cattle, Fort Worth, Texas.

403 Main Street, Santa Fe Ticket Office. Has all kinds and classes of cattle for sale. Correspondence with buyers and sellers solicited.

The Only Line from Texas Having Its Own Rails

To Kansas City and St. Louis.

which can reach either of the three northern markets without going to the other. We can also bill to Kansas City and St. Louis with privilege of Chicago.

FAST TIME, GOOD SERVICE.

For information write or call on S. J. Williams, L.S. Agt., M. & K. & T. Ry., San Antonio, Tex.; J. K. Rosson, L. S. Agt., M. & K. & T. Ry., Fort Worth, Tex.; A. R. Jones, G. L. S. Agt., M. & K. & T. Ry., Fort Worth, Tex., or any other official or agent.

HAVE YOU ONE OR MORE COWS?

If so, whether for pleasure or profit, household or dairy, you should know of the

CENTRIFUGAL CREAM SEPARATORS.

The De Laval Separator saves at least Ten Dollars per Cow per year over and above any other Separator or Creaming System. All other separators are merely inferior imitations, infringing the De Laval patents. Many users have already been convinced.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE and any desired particulars. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED as a condition of sale.

BRANCH OFFICES: THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO. 74 Cortlandt St., New York, ELGIN, ILL.

GENERAL OFFICES: THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO. 74 Cortlandt St., New York, ELGIN, ILL.

DAIRY.

THE AYRSHIRE COW.

The Ayrshire cow, bred in Scotland for more than a hundred years, has always been a popular cow with those who have known her best as a milk producer or a butter cow. She has proved herself to be a profitable cow for the farmer under the most adverse conditions, paying a large dividend to her owner; in fact, she is often called the "rent payer."

Her hardy constitution fits her for enduring the climate of Canada, New England and the eastern states, and enables her to do well under the harshest and poorest feed, as well as to resist disease.

Her average weight of about one thousand pounds, is the favorite size for the dairy, and for market cows, and her red and white spotted color, gives her an attractive look that is pleasing to the eye. Her large shapely udder and deep wedge shape both impress the beholder with her great milking capacity and gives her the ideal form for a dairy cow.

Numerous experiments indicate that the Ayrshire cow will give a larger quantity of good milk than the food consumed than any of the other dairy breeds.

The Ayrshire cow has usually been kept for the production of milk for town and city trade, and little attention paid to her butter producing qualities, but since the introduction of the Babcock test there has been more attention paid to her butter making and very good records have been made.

At the New Hampshire experiment station, with four cows of each breed the average results for a full year's test was as follows:

Pounds of milk—Ayrshire, 5,345; Jersey, 4,347; Holstein, 5,971.

Pounds of butter—Ayrshire, 267; Jersey, 281; Holstein, 207.

Cost of keeping—Ayrshire, \$44.43; Jersey, \$46.49; Holstein, \$50.12.

Pounds of milk to pounds of butter—Ayrshire, 21.1-2; Jersey, 18; Holstein, 23.

At the Vermont experiment station in 1895, Reina Myrtle, 9530 A. R., as a farrow cow, raised for experimenting with different kinds of food, gave the largest milk and butter record ever obtained at the station from any cow of any breed in one year; 12,175 pounds of milk, 646 pounds of butter.

C. M. WINSLOW
Brandon, Vt.

FODDER CORN FOR MILK COWS.

By the term "fodder corn" I mean corn grown for feeding to stock milk cows principally without husking, either in a green condition in summer and early autumn to supplement the poor pastures, or to cure for late fall and winter use. The soil of my farm is a gravelly loam with underlying hard pan, and is stony but produces excellent crops of fodder corn, which by my method I find to be one of the cheapest and most profitable crops I can raise. I will give my method as it may be of use to farmers similarly situated in other parts of the country.

When fodder corn—or corn fodder—first began to be raised here many years ago, there was no experience to be of help in the matter. Western or Southern dent corn was sown broadcast, at the rate of three bushels to the acre. Of course cultivation was out of the question. On rich land there would be an immense growth of stalks but without ears. Experience soon proved this to be of little value for feeding purposes. I am sorry to say that some still follow this practice, but there is a better way. For years a variety known as the Sanford corn, of good size, hardy and productive, has been used for this purpose, and is probably now the leading kind in New England.

In autumn I turn over nicely such parts of my meadows as are beginning to fall in, producing a satisfactory crop of hay, and then sow the remainder. There is no manure applied to this crop. In spring the land is well harrowed and cleaned of any stones or other obstructions to good cultivation. Plant in rows three feet and hills two feet apart. Use a horse planter with 300 pounds of some standard superphosphate and one-half bushel of seed to the acre, all performed in one operation and better than could be done by hand. This is all of the fertilizer used, unless in some cases a light top dressing of wood ashes is given later in the season. As soon as the corn is fairly out of the ground the cultivation commences.

First, a weeder or light smoothing harrow is used, going lengthwise of the rows. This lightens the surface soil, destroys germinating weeds and does not injure the corn. This operation should be repeated two or three times. Then finish with the cultivator and hand hoe if necessary. If too thick the corn should be thinned at this time. The aim should always be to secure a goodly amount of ears as this is what gives the fodder its increased value. In a short time after getting well started the corn, which is a vigorous grower, sending its roots well down into the soil and standing erect, so covers the ground as to prevent the growth of weeds or grass. Here ends the cultivation.

After the corn gets its growth the fields are a sight to behold, and when the time comes for harvesting, which should be when the ears are well developed, there will be some work to do, but it will pay. All wanted is fed green and the rest cut up at the roots and put in large stocks to cure. It is as easily put up as the common field corn, only there is a good deal more of it. For many years, since pursuing this method here described, the average yield must have been five tons of cured fodder to the acre, on land that would not have produced more than one ton of hay. Have had it go as high as eight tons. We calculate this cured fodder is as good, ton for ton, as the best hay for cows giving milk. The past winter, since we had it, it has been very gratifying. The first part of the winter it was fed altogether, then once a day with one feeding of hay. In this way it lasted until nearly March and along with the grain it produced a good quantity and quality of milk, rich in butter fat.

Here are the facts in the case, and any one interested can readily see that

WEAK MEN

CURED AS IF BY MAGIC.

Victims of Lost Manhood should read

once for a book that explains how

it is easily, quickly and permanently

restored. No more suffering from

weakness can afflict you. Get this timely advice.

Book tells how full strength, development and tone are imparted to every

portion of the body. Sent with positive proof of its value to any man on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

this is a cheap and valuable crop, adding largely to the feeding resources of the farm. Of course others similarly situated can do just as well, as there is no secret or trick about it.

E. R. TOWLE,
Franklin County, Vermont.

ABOUT CHEESE MAKING.

"A Reader," in Justice,

asked some questions on the above.

Mr. Tom A. Minter of Amarillo, who

has had considerable and successful

experience in cheese making, kindly

replies as follows:

Amarillo, Tex., April 11, 1896.

Ed. Stock and Farm Journal.

I would suggest to "A Reader," writing

from Archer county, that his trouble

with cheese being "dry, hard, and

crumbly when cut," is due most likely

to allowing the curd to remain in the

whey until acidity is too far developed,

and the milk being too ripe at the

commencement of operation. My ex-

perience of like trouble have always been

traced easily to those causes. He

should have his thermometer tested, it

is quite possible that it does not reg-

ister correctly, and causes him to al-

low the actual temperature during

cooking to run too high, which should

not go over 102 degrees or under 95

degrees. If he is sure the thermometer

before acidity is perceptible. If he

will inclose 25 cents to J. H. Howter,

Care Creamery Package Mfg. Co.,

Chicago, Ill., for a new one, it will

making, it will be very useful to him.

TOM A. MINTER.

TRANSFERS OF JERSEY CATTLE.

The following is a complete list of the

transfers of Jersey cattle sold since

registration to Texas parties for the

week ending April 7, 1896, as reported

by the American Jersey Cattle Club, No.

8 West Seventh street, New York, N. Y.

J. J. Hemingway, secretary:

BULLS.

Buttercup of Athens, 35,940—J. L. Wil-

liamson to J. J. Lucas, Pecos, Texas.

Canfield's Ash of Brushy, 43,692—S. L.

Burnap to S. Greg, Gregg, Texas.

Hall Calne, 41,894—T. H. Thornton to

L. Carson, Grand Rapids, Ohio.

Mayr's Fogg, 2,491—E. Ward and

J. T. Dalton to J. T. Tyler, Coupland,

Texas.

Alice Murrah, 61,054—J. W. Hardin to

Parks & Parks, Morgan, Texas.

Duchess Star, 24, 97,000—B. P. Corbett

to J. A. Boyd, San Antonio, Texas.

Jessie of Belle Mead, 70,233—R. A.

Swinden to L. Brook, Katemey, Texas.

Jessie of Belle Mead, 70,233—L. Brook to

C. C. Bungardner, Brady, Texas.

Royal Nannie, 34,344—W. T. Carroll

to J. T. Deen, Athens, Texas.

ply such a standard practically to the

work in hand?

It is manifestly out of the question to

conduct official tests for an entire year.

In fact, it appears at the present time

as impracticable as desirable. The Short-

horn association itself to conduct any of-

ficial tests, even for short periods. How

then can the matter be formulated so

that our record may be surrounded by

proper safeguards as to the authenticity

of reported yields, and how may we

fairly predicate, upon a comparatively

short test, an assumption as to a

cow's ability to produce as much as

200 pounds of milk per year? Touching

the first proposition we recommend

that the secretary of the association

ascertain if the officials of the various

agricultural experiment stations will

undertake to supervise the testing of

such cows as may be offered for reg-

istry from their respective states; the

owners of the animals bearing the nec-

essary expense of care. In some states

the station officials have voluntarily

offered to do such work, and as it

tends to bring those institutions

into closer relations with the com-

munity, we believe that they will be glad to

extend this practical aid to progressive

farmers. In order that an estimate as to

the probable average cost of such tests

may be made, we suggest that members

of the association, it is necessary of course

that the nature of the test first be de-

termined, and upon this point we sub-

mit the following:

We recommend that the Babcock test

be made the basis of computation. It has been demon-

strated that this affords the most ac-

curate of all estimates as to the yield

of all estimates as to the yield of milk

in its application, and is now in daily

use among the leading creamery men

and owners of private dairies in all

the states. We take it to be imprac-

ticable to insist upon a seven day

test. The only question then is as to

what results must be had to qual-

ify cows for registry. It has been

shown that a cow that will yield 7.72

pounds of butter in seven consecutive

days, (see Gurley's "American Dairy-

ing," page 18), if the test be made three

months after calving, will produce

in the twelve months; the average period

of lactation being estimated at 8.4 months.

As this is 77 lbs. above the establish-

ed line between profit and loss in a

dairy cow, we suggest that a require-

ment of one pound per day for a

period of seven days will supply at

least prima facie evidence that we have

not less than a 200 pound cow—one

that is capable of rendering profitable

service in a dairy herd. It must be

borne in mind that this is a minimum

requirement. In actual practice we

do not think that this yield will in a

large number of cases be materially ex-

ceeded. Our recommendation, therefore,

upon the point of Eligibility of Females

by Performance, is that All must have

Produced not Less than One Pound of

butter per Day for a period of seven

consecutive days, as shown by the

Babcock Test, Supervised and Certified

to by duly Authorized Representatives

of the Various Agricultural Experiment

Stations.

We recommend that the Society re-

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 A YEAR

Entered at the Postoffice, Fort Worth, Tex., as second-class matter.

Secretaries of agricultural and horticultural meetings, fairs and shows, are requested to furnish dates of futures for publication in the Journal.

The office is seeking the man in Martin county. The Stanton Weekly News is advertising for one or two live, energetic, competent candidates for treasurer and as many for assessor of that county.

A citizen of San Angelo is said to have invented a heading machine for milo-maize, Kafir corn and sorghum. If it proves a success, and the machines can be sold at a moderate price, the inventor's fortune is assured.

One of the very hopeful signs of the times in the western live stock business is the unusual demand for pure-bred live stock. It has been over a dozen years since the fine stock trade has been in as healthy a shape as at present.

"They do things better in Mexico"—sometimes. The Eagle Pass Guide of the 11th inst. under the head of Mexican news, states that "the market inspector of Mazatlan had eleven milkmen jailed for putting water in their milk."

The Chicago Drovers' Journal remarks: "It is claimed now that a large share of the cattle on feed are in the hands of strong feeders who have corn and money to hold, at least until the cattle are thoroughly ready to market, if prices are not suitable before. If that is the case it probably means too many ripe heavy cattle after awhile."

A brand new idea to most of us—and a good one—is given in the poultry department today, in speaking of the thrifty housewife, who called art to nature's aid by painting her Plymouth Rock hens sky blue, pea green, canary yellow, etc., in order to enable the little ones to recognize them. It's a wise chick that knows its own mother—when they are all as much alike as a flock of Plymouth Rocks.

The Southern Trade Review has answers from correspondents in all the cotton states giving estimates of acreage for 1896. The planting is fully under way in the far south and will be very soon in full operation over the entire south. On the whole the increase is not much larger than can be accounted for on the ground of natural development, and there is a marked tendency toward diversified crops.

The Tokio Emporium Exchange of Tokio, Japan, sends the Journal a circular letter asking for "an article about the entire shipment at sea, insurance, etc., of the particular livestock, in which the Journal is interested." Also asks for particulars of the state of these industries in India. The Journal fears that its editorial force must be considerably increased and enlightened before it can tackle the above in an intelligent manner.

Government experiment stations are doing good work in various parts of the country in showing producers the most economical ways of handling live stock. The Wisconsin, Iowa and Kansas stations have done some notably good work in this line.—Drovers' Journal.

To these should be added Texas and Arizona, from both of which stations we have received and published some intensely practical and useful bulletins recently, amongst which are some in this paper.

A heavy rain, accompanied by severe gales, which in places were almost cyclones, fell over a wide scope of country Saturday night and serious disaster and damage is reported from many points. The rain was badly needed, and will almost insure good grain crops in the western country. Wheat and oats were at a critical stage, reports from the Panhandle country being to the effect that they were needing rain. Grain prospects in that country now may be said to be better than at any time since the spring of 1891.

A recent consular report to the German government from Otto Deederlein, German consul at Leipzig, on the results of two recent experiments in plowing with two styles of electric outfits, it is claimed that a depth of 9-14 inches and 13-34 inches were attained at respective costs of \$1.29 and \$1.65 per acre. Compared with the cost of steam plowing or plowing with oxen in that country, the cost was about one-half and the experiment was deemed a success. It is only a matter of a short time when the electric plow will be in general use in this country.

A correspondent this week writes for the Journal because, as he states, he "wants to do some trading and there is no paper that keeps one well informed." Our correspondent's head is level on this point. The Journal, in addition to furnishing the latest market reports up to going to press, and news of all the latest deals at home, obtained and presents a concise summary of all the cattle transactions of any importance all over the state each week, thus keeping its readers thoroughly posted in all details. This is but one of the many val-

uable features to which close attention is paid, and further improvement constantly aspired to.

The Index of Childress is agitating vigorously for a flour mill for that little city, with some prospects of success. Childress lost thousands of dollars worth of trade the past few years caused by the farmers of the immense territory to her north, west and southwest having to go further east to market their grain. The prospects for a wheat crop in that section this year are good, and there never will be a more favorable time for the erection of a flouring mill than the present. Childress is literally the gateway to the plains and should, from her geographical advantages, have the trade of a large portion of that section.

Since the days of St. Paul, when the apostle tells us the Athenians were always desiring to hear or to see some new thing humanity has not changed. And we nineteenth century people are very much in that respect like our Grecian forefathers. Old methods, old plans constantly being discarded—superseded by newer ones. Most of us can look back a few years and view with a somewhat contemptuous feeling the laborious means then employed, in agricultural and other branches. And yet it is possible, if as we are told, electrical science is yet in its infancy that twenty years hence our children may look back with pity upon the present methods, which will appear to them as crude as those of our forefathers do to us.

The announcement elsewhere of the death of Major Ed. Fenlon of Midland, Texas, will be read with much surprise and deep regret by his large circle of friends and acquaintances throughout the state. Major Fenlon has been identified with the cattle interests many years, and was a member of the Cattle Raisers' association of Texas, and for several years one of its executive committee, declining a reappointment at the recent meeting here. Major Fenlon was amongst the familiar figures at the late convention and appeared in his usual health, although he stated that he had had some little trouble from the effects of an attack of la grippe some time since. Truly, "in the midst of life we are in death."

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.
This country must in future be counted amongst our formidable competitors for the trade of the world. An enormous expense of her agricultural area which but a short time since was almost exclusively pastoral has been shown. The change is remarkable and cereals now form a more important part of the export trade than hides, meat and wool, although there has been an increase in these shipments. In 1894 1,608,000 tons of wheat were exported, chiefly to Europe, and the total shipments of cereal products this year amounted to 1,881,000 tons. Although there was a falling off in the wheat crop last year, the shipment of cereals were 309,000 tons more than in 1894, when a record was established.

Such facts as these all show that American farmers must change their methods by conversion of grain into finished products if they expect to make any money.

HOME INDUSTRIES.
"Texas Sandwich," albeit a comic paper, makes a specialty of advocating home industries and is doing the state splendid service in that line. In its last issue mention is made of some parties who visited Dallas a few weeks back "with a stock of cocoa-cola rugs and pictures, representing California scenery, and with great gusto proceeded to unload them on the people at extravagant prices," which an experienced dealer informed the Sandwich were regularly retailed in Dallas at little over half the money. The above transactions were duplicated in Fort Worth about that time, presumably by the same parties. Under the seductive eloquence of the distinguished looking gentleman handling the goods (if a resident of Texas he would have been a colonel or a major, sure), ladies outbid each other for pictures and rugs, and paid prices for the latter which a practical carpet dealer who was amongst the on-lookers, informed a Journal man, was at least 25 per cent over its ordinary retail figures.

THE FORT SILL COUNTRY.
Agitation for the opening of the Fort Sill country has been renewed since the enactment of the Wichita Falls tragedies, which by some process not exactly clear, was adjudged in the various hearings and resulting at the different meetings following the affair to be directly in consequence of the present condition of that country, which is not yet open for settlement. That the Indian Territory in general is a rendezvous for the outlaw element cannot be denied. That the Fort Sill country in particular must be specially included is not so clear. There are settlers living all along Red river, within a mile or two of the Kiowa and Comanche country just across the river, who have been there for years and never yet molested. Of this there is abundant living witness. On the other hand, it is natural and laudable enough that the good people resident in the adjoining towns should desire the settlement of that fair land with thrifty citizens who would add to the country's population and business resources. It looks, however, at this stage of the proceedings, as if they were being worked to considerable advantage by blather-skites and land boomers who see in the present crisis an opportunity to get in some good licks, and are working it for all it is worth.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.
The program for the tenth annual meeting of the above society will be found in our columns today. As announced last week, the meeting will be held at Tyler in the Fruit Palace building, and in connection with the exhibit of the latter, on July 8, 9 and 10 next. Amongst all our state institutions

none should hold a nearer and dearer place in Texan hearts than the Horticultural society. Its objects, as forcibly outlined in the program announcement are: "To extend the growing of fruits, vegetables and flowers all over the state to take the knowledge of the few and distribute it as to become useful to all, to search out varieties best suited to Texas and localities and to experiment for methods to combine with these varieties so as to produce the very best for the market and home consumption, beautifying home by landscaping, shade and ornamental trees and the establishing of public parks are also considered."

What other institution is calculated to do more or as much toward beautifying our homes and rendering them healthful, prosperous and happy by encouragement of the culture of luxuriant and graceful shade trees, lovely flowers and nature's own health preservers—delicious fruits and vegetables. Nor is this all. The advancement of these industries does much toward the abolition of the one crop idea once so prevalent in Texas and opens up new fields for revenue, and a partial emancipation at least from the thralldom of King Cotton. It is gratifying to note evidence that the society's work is being appreciated. The membership and finances being reported in a most flourishing condition. The program for the coming meeting contains addresses on appropriate subjects, all of which are of vast and practical interest to farmers and orchardists, and are assigned to men most of whom have made a successful life study of the business and rank amongst the highest authorities.

A grand additional attraction will be provided by the management of the Texas Fruit Palace, which opens July 4 and continues till July 18. Magnificent decorations, fruit and flower exhibits, the State Volunteer encampment, the celebrated Mexico Military band, a New York opera company, games of baseball are a few amongst the many attractions to be provided. The railroad companies will give cheap rates, and the opportunity of a life time is offered to participate in an entertainment of the highest order, in every sense of the word.

FUTURE EVENTS.
Texas State Horticultural meeting, at Tyler, July 8, 9 and 10.

Milam County Farmers' Institute and Fair at Cameron October 1, 2 and 3.

Hill County Fair association at Hillsboro October 23, 24 and 25.

Williamson County Livestock Fair association at Taylor May 6, 7 and 8. An elaborate program and prize list being prepared, including a purse of \$1,500 for races.

The Texas State Sportsmen's and Game Protective association will open its annual tournament in Houston, April 20, to continue five days. The association has for its objects the promotion of the game birds of the state from wanton slaughter, the encouragement of the breeding of high grade field dogs, and the improvement of wing shooting. An elaborate program has been arranged for the meeting in Houston and many valuable prizes have been offered to insure the success of the tournament.

LITERARY NOTICES.
From the Arkansas Agricultural Experiment Station at Fayette, Ark. (Prof. R. L. Bennett, director), we have received copy of bulletin 39, containing valuable information on spraying fruits with results of station experiments; also reports on several hundred varieties of strawberries and grapes tested at the station.

"Statistics of the Dairy," issued by the United States department of agriculture, under the direction of Dr. Salmon Henshaw, will begin in the number for April 25.

Messrs. Frederick Warner & Co., N. Y., announce that the forthcoming work "The Public Men of Today Series" will be "Senior Castelar," by David Hanay. They have also in preparation a popular biographical sketch of "The Pope, Leo XIII," by Justin McCarthy. They are just issuing "Le Cashe Idylls," by J. Marshall Mather, long resident in charge of a parish in a most interesting part of the country; and whose intimate acquaintance with the life of his district has resulted in a delightful series of stories and sketches, in which the quaint humor of the dialect and speech, and the shrewd character and deep religious feeling of the people are excellently made to illustrate a comparatively little-known type of humanity. They have also in preparation a second series of "Wayside and Woodland Blossoms," a pocket guide to British wild flowers, printed in natural colors; the first series of which proved so successful last season.

MOSLEY'S CREAMERY.
While butter is not bringing big prices this year it has more than held its own with other farm products, which it has done since beginning of hard times in 1893. The most successful dairymen seem to be those who keep up with the times in the matter of means and methods make butter in their own dairies. In this connection we call attention to Mosley's Occident Creamery, an advertisement for which will be found in this issue. For further information address the manufacturers, Mosley & Pritchard Manufacturing Company, Clinton, Iowa.

DAUGHTERS OF THE REPUBLIC OF TEXAS.
Galveston, Texas, April 20th, 21st, 22d. For this occasion the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway will sell round trip tickets April 19th and 20th, limited for return to April 23d, at rate of one fare (\$9.75) for the round trip.

J. E. COMER, C. P. and T. A.
LOW RATE EXCURSIONS TO MEXICO.
On April 17th and 24th, the International and Great Northern railroad will sell tickets to Monterey and City should plant the rows the proper distance apart, so a wagon will pass centrally over one row without interfering with rows on either side.—San Angelo Standard.

A MILK MAIZE HEAD CUTTER.
Our townsman, Mr. H. H. Parks, has invented a heading machine to head milk maize, Kafir corn and sorghum. Mr. Parks is now in Chicago superintending the getting out of the first lot of machines. He proposes to attach three machines to any common farm wagon and head three rows of milk maize, Kafir corn and sorghum. With an eye to having the crop harvested with this machine, farmers should plant the rows the proper distance apart, so a wagon will pass centrally over one row without interfering with rows on either side.—San Angelo Standard.

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY.
FOR SALE.

THOSE WISHING TO BUY horses, mules, sheep or hogs can find out where they can be had by addressing, enclosing stamp for reply, T. A. Evans, Hutto, Texas.

FOR SALE.
Ten yearling Shorthorn bulls, good colors, good individuals, and fine fix for service.
J. D. CALDWELL, Brownwood, Texas.

SHORTHORN BULLS

FOR SALE—I have for sale two carloads of high-grade shorthorn bulls, ready for use. Write for prices. J. W. Burgess, Fort Worth, Tex.

MIXED CATTLE FOR SALE.
We have for sale 200 cows, 600 steer yearlings, 100 hogs and two-year-old heifers and 25 cows and calves. For particulars address
FIELDS & PARKER, Giddings, Texas.

BULLS. BULLS.

I will show two car loads of the best two-year-old short horn bulls in the state for the price, \$80. A large lot of coming yearlings with some Herefords also for sale.
W. P. HARNED, Bunceton, Cooper County, Mo.

400 Steers For Sale.

I have 400 four and five-year-old steers for sale; all raised in Irion county, and well graded with Durham, Hereford and Devon.
Price, \$23, delivered in the shipping pens at San Angelo.

JOE FUNK, Arden, Irion county, Tex.

BARGAINS IN HOLSTEINS.

Being overstocked, will sell the following at prices named, f. o. b. cars here:
5-year-old registered Holstein bull, out of Imperial Malletta, first prize winner in New York over thirty competitors.....\$60
8-year-old cow, registered.....\$30
2-year-old heifer, eligible for registry 60 yearling bull, eligible for registry 50
Cow and heifer are with calf to above named bull.
If needing Holsteins, it will pay you to investigate the above. Address (mentioning Journal) W. S. IKARD, Henrietta, Tex.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHNSON & BASS, RUSSELLVILLE, KY., BREEDERS AND DEALERS IN KENTUCKY

Mammoth Jack Stock.

Have been breeding Jack Stock fifteen years, and are the largest breeders in Kentucky. Jennets and jacks all ages for sale at all times.

THE SOUTHLAND QUEEN

Is the only Bee Journal published in the South, and the only bee-keepers school known is taught through its columns by that world-renowned teacher, Mrs. Jennie Atchley. How to raise queens, bees and honey, and how to make bee-keeping a success is taught in the school. Steam bee-hive factory and all bee supplies. Sample book and catalogue free to any address. Price, \$1.00 a year. The Jennie Atchley Co., Beeville, Texas.

Elmwood Stock Farm.

Will stand my registered trotting stallion Investigator, 2723, record, 2:13 1-4, descended from Hambletonian 10, and Gen. 2:22. The best combination of royal blood, individuality and speed in Texas, at my barn this season. Service fee \$25.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

For mules, cattle or real estate, an excellently bred saddle and all-purpose stallion. Just the horse to cross on grade or Texas mares. His colts are large and stylish. Also several head of high grade mares and fillies.

For further particulars address or call on
F. E. ALBRIGHT, 209 Main street, Fort Worth, Tex.

Twenty million dollars sound like a pretty big sum to spend annually as a nation for the satisfaction derived from chewing gum, yet that is what the Americans do. There are at least five immense chewing gum factories, a dozen of moderate size, and innumerable insignificant firms in the United States. One company alone sells \$5,000,000 worth every year, including, of course, the quantity exported.

National flowers have been adopted in various countries as follows: Greece, violet; Canada, sugar maple; Egypt, lotus; England, rose; France, fleur de lys; Germany, corn poppy; Italy, carnation; Hungary, carnation; India, lotus; Japan, cherry; Mexico, cactus; Prussia, linden; Saxony, pimpernel; Scotland, thistle; Spain, pomegranate; Wales, leek.

A DOCTOR'S SPRING MEDICINE.

In Good Counsel There Is Safety—A Medical Book Free.
John H. Hall of Newton, Ga., writes: "I was bedridden for fourteen months. Nothing gave me relief until I tried Pe-ru-na. All medicines failed; all doctors failed. The Pe-ru-na cured me. I am now 68 years old and am in good health. Pe-ru-na did it. It is a wonderful medicine. Each bottle is worth its weight in gold. I recommend it to all sufferers."

While the multitude of sarsaparillas are vying with each other as to which is the sarsaparilla, the people go right along and use Pe-ru-na as the ideal spring remedy. If the direction is good, nervous, and sleep normal, all is well. Pe-ru-na will secure all these. What more can any or all medicines do? Medicine can not take the place of food, rest, or exercise. Another thing which makes Pe-ru-na such a popular remedy is the fact that it is the regular prescription of an eminent physician and surgeon. Dr. Hartman is too well known to fail to inspire confidence to all who take Pe-ru-na. Dr. Hartman's spring book sent free. Address The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

A MILK MAIZE HEAD CUTTER.
Our townsman, Mr. H. H. Parks, has invented a heading machine to head milk maize, Kafir corn and sorghum. Mr. Parks is now in Chicago superintending the getting out of the first lot of machines. He proposes to attach three machines to any common farm wagon and head three rows of milk maize, Kafir corn and sorghum. With an eye to having the crop harvested with this machine, farmers should plant the rows the proper distance apart, so a wagon will pass centrally over one row without interfering with rows on either side.—San Angelo Standard.

THE RED CROSS STOCK FARM

P. O. Box 225, AUSTIN, TEX

Breeders of—
Holstein Cattle, Berkshire Hogs, Bronze Turkeys, Thoroughbred Poultry, and Scotch Collie Shepherd Dogs
We can supply families and dairies with fresh cows at all times. This is our specialty.

LINWOOD SHORT-HORNS

AT AUCTION.

On Wednesday, May 6,

This entire herd of Scotch-bred cattle, including sixty-three head of richly-bred Cruickshank Victorians, Lavenders, Secrets, Butterlys, Brw with Buds, etc., the Linwood Golden Drops, and other valuable breeding stock, will be sold at public sale at the home farm, adjoining Lincoln, R. 27 miles west of Kansas City, Mo. Catalogues now ready and sent to any address on application.

W. A. HARRIS & SON.
COL. FRED M. WOODS, Auctioneer. Linwood, Leavenworth Co. Kan.

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY. SWINE.

REGISTERED POLAND CHINA PIGS of the George Wilkes family for sale. Satisfaction guaranteed. M. R. Kennedy, Taylor, Tex.

Fine Blooded cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, sporting dogs. Send stamp for catalogue. 150 engravings. N. P. Boyer & Co., Coatesville, Pa.

V. B. HOWEY, TOPEKA, KAN., breeder of thoroughbred Poland-China and English Berkshire swine.

FOR SALE. I have for sale, and keep constantly on hand a good stock of thoroughbred Jersey Red Swine. Also pure bred Holstein-Friesian Cattle.

FOR PRICES WRITE TO
P. C. WELBORN, Handley, Texas.

W. H. Pierce, Denton, Tex., breeder of large English Berkshires. Two boars, each winning first in class and first and second in sweepstakes and good head of four hogs. Winning three firsts and one second. Anxious to sell brother to sire of sweepstakes and sows of equal blood, for sale.

Western Reserve Herd

of Improved Chester White Swine; more prize winners than any herd east or west. World's Fair Catalogue free. F. A. BRANCH, Medina, Ohio.

Wm. O'Connor, Taylor, Tex., breeder of large English Berkshires. Two boars, each winning first in class and first and second in sweepstakes and good head of four hogs. Winning three firsts and one second. Anxious to sell brother to sire of sweepstakes and sows of equal blood, for sale.

190—POLAND CHINAS—190

April and May, September and October farrows. The get of King Ozark 9335, Prevall 12005, Free Trade U. S. 13983 and Cox's Wilkes 13979, combining the blood of world renowned hogs. Very cheap, quality considered. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. For full particulars write
COX & BUNTINGTON, Golden City, Mo.

FAIRVIEW STOCK FARM.

Thoroughbred Holstein-Friesian Cattle. Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens. M. B. Turkeys. Also Poland-China hogs. Headed by the boar Sensation D, who took first in class and sweepstakes at Dallas Fair. The only Black U. S. month hogs bred in Texas. Home of Ideal Black U. S. Jr.

B. F. WEDEL, Heidenheimer, Tex.

STRICTLY CHOICE PIGS

From the best Poland - China strains ready to ship. Also M. B. Turkey eggs \$1.00 for 15. B. P. H. eggs \$2.50 for 9. For catalogue and particulars address
H. C. TAYLOR & SON, Roanoke, Mo.

THOROUGH BRED BERKSHIRES, Poland-China and Essex Hogs.

Very best stock. Catalogue on application. Address
W. L. FOSTER, Shreveport, La.

Lone Star Herd of Prize Winning Berkshires.

Show pigs a specialty. Can please the most fastidious. Have booked orders since February to best breeders of the country, including some of the best, as far east as New York. Close attention to correspondence.
ED. L. OLIVER, Cooper, Tex.

FOR SALE.

Fine Tennessee bred Jacks and Jennets and large high class English Berkshire hogs. We handle the best of stock and prices reasonable. King Pitt, 32,37A, bred by Metcalf Bros., East Elmo, N. Y., and Columbus II, 33,712A, herd boars. Our sows are high bred and good individuals. Write us for catalogue free.
JETTON & REED, Aspen Hill Stock Farm, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Poland-China Swine

Of the most fashionable breeding. Pigs cheap for quality of stock.

Chickens and Turkeys

Turkey eggs from prize winners, \$3.00 for 12. Lt. Brahma, B. Plymouth Rock and S. Hamburgs, \$2.00 for 15. Eggs from prize winning B. Cochins, \$2.50 for 15. For particulars.

W. R. MICKLE, BIRDVILLE, TEXAS.

J. G. CASIDA & SONS, CHULA, MO.

breeders of high-class Poland China and Chester White Hogs. Stock from Guy Wilkes 24, Black Wilkes, L. S. Tecumseh and J. H. Sanders strains. Also Bronze Turkeys, L. Brant, L. Wyandotte, White Leghorns and B. Langshans. Write for terms and particulars.

DEAD EASY.

Lice, flea and bedbug exterminator kills by fumigation.
White Leghorns, first prize winners, at N. T. Poultry association, in my yards. Come and see me.
MRS. CORA K. HAWKINS, East Tenth street, Fort Worth.

THE IMPROVED VICTOR

Incubators by Steam. Absolutely self-regulating. The simplest, most reliable and cheapest first-class incubator in the market. Circulars free.
GEO. EITEL & CO., Quincy, Ill.

SMOKE YOUR MEAT WITH

KRAEMER'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE
SEND FOR CIRCULARS TO E. KRAEMER & SONS, MILTON, PA.

HOUSEHOLD.

Address all letters to this department to Mrs. E. Buchanan, 814 Madison street, Fort Worth, Tex.

Correspondents are kindly requested to write on only one side of each page. Please do not forget this.

Fort Worth, Texas: Dear Mrs. B. and Household—I think it no harm, as I live close to Fort Worth on a farm, that I write the Household a letter, as my duty I never shrink. There is something I want to know about the little Turk. I am not a bit fearful but am always cheerful; my debts I have always paid. I am an old maid; I love a good book and am a cook; can make a good custard, have fell in love with Fluredy Mustard. My first sweetheart was a cowboy and no difference with people say I will love the cowboys till my dying days. I have no father or mother, but have a cowboy brother. They often send them to the pen, but they are noble men. As poetry I can not well compose, next time I will come in prose. You may think me a little crazy, but I don't think life worth living without a little praise. It may be a little bold, but I want to praise all the members of the Household. This letter may not be in good taste, but hope it will not go to the basket of waste. As this is my first, the waste basket I dread worst. As it is getting late, I will bid you good day. My name is Merry May.

P. S. Please ask some of the old members to write something on turkey raising, as I am a new bird and inexperienced in turkey raising.

OUR LETTERS.
I wish to call attention this week to the editorial on page 4, last week's Journal, addressed to Our Household Department. I hope every member of the Household will read it carefully. Of course Our Household is dependent on the letters for its interest. We now have over one hundred regular members of the Household. We wish to keep every one of them; not one can be spared, not only that, we wish to add to our membership continually. We wish our Household to be the largest and most interesting in the state. Even more—where, to do this and publish all the letters we would like to, the letters must be as concise and much to the point as possible. We have some beautiful letters. Let every writer make a letter writing an art. To do this, it is only necessary to say what you have to impart in as few good English words as possible. Make your letters as clear, as brief as possible. If you have a pen-picture to draw, as some of you do draw beautifully, do it with as few strokes of the pen as possible. One of the objects of life is to improve as we go through, you know.

Our first letter is from another Old Bachelor. He is very welcome. He knows what he wishes to say and says it in a few words. The next is from a new member, Harvey Irwin. Indeed, he is admitted to the inner chamber of our circle. I hope he will prove a better Household member than biscuit-maker. I call especially attention to Mrs. Hawkins' letter of this week. What do you think of it? How many agree with her? Now, I have never taken issue with any in the Household, but I am going to with Mrs. Irwin. I do not believe our girls are sinners because they love to dance. Dancing can be made a sin, of course. So can anything, but our sweet young girls are not sinners because they dance. It is natural for the young to love it. They have no thought of evil in it. It is, in a sense, a poetry, made by motion keeping time with music. Youth has an excess of life and spirits and must throw them off in some way. If it is not dancing, it may be something worse. Never will I believe young girls are sinners because they dance. They are as innocent of harm as babies. All they think of is a good time. And young people have a right to have a good time. I am decidedly a friend to dancing. I try to study the figures and understand their needs. It is a duty of our older ones.

Our next letter is a good one from a new member. I do not know if she comes from here. She might teach one the lesson of contentment, but most any one would be contented most anywhere with a truly good husband. Our next is from Bar Z. His letter is good. Will some one please tell our poetess at top of page something about turkey raising? The Household rejoices in its own poet this week, you will see.

What has become of some of our old members? New love never takes place of the old, you know. Each creates a love for himself and herself.

NET ANOTHER BACHELOR.

Dear Mrs. B. and Household—I have been an interested reader of the Household columns for some time, and as I have not seen anything from what little Neil calls the bitter crabbed kind, thought I would see if you would admit one into your charmed circle. If there is any man that appreciates woman it is the old bachelor. Husbands and brothers ought to do all they can to lighten the burdens of their wives and sisters. There are so many little things they could do if they would only think. I believe it is because she is unappreciated that we have many new women. Well, it seems like "the snow-plumed angel of the north has dropped his icy spear again; the mossy earth looks forth, again the streams gush clear. I think the springtime like our youthful days the most beautiful part of our years. Once in a while there comes a northern, but it is soon over with, and all is sunshine and happiness again. I fear I am staying too long, so goodbye, Success to the Household.

OLD BACHELOR.

RANCH LIFE.
Dear Mrs. Buchanan—Kindly admit me to the charmed circle of your charmed circle to chat with the boys and girls a while. I ask would it not have been more appropriate for Critto to have signed her nom de plume "Pepper"? And my dear Miss or Mrs. Critto, you can't have it all cut and dried in this world, and bless your dear soul, don't you know that sentiment and

some "buncombe" relieve the monotony of this life?
Now, do please let the girls alone, we boys enjoy it, let them give their actual experience on the ranch.
"Germs," germs, whoever! Just look at you Webster, boys, and see "where are we at?" No, "germs" are not all dead, but we have had an awful hard time of it since '89, but have profited by experience; and I'll tell you what we are doing now. We are "rite smart" bunch of our own cows, honestly, too, and are mixing some hose with it, and we are dropping the longest horns and getting improved blood in our little herd, we are mixing more feed and less "shoe," as some think, for the winters, and by and by we will have enough of the "wherewith" ahead to build a nice, comfortable home, that's what we are working for.

We have loafed most of the winter, if you call keeping an eye on the stock or running down and killing a "lobbe" wolf or a mountain lion with the stag hounds, and a 38-er mare, when the opportunity presents, for we like a little excitement other than busting a branch or roping a steer.
But now we will get out and hustle, and that means from daylight to dark every day in the week, during the summer. Saddle horses together and get in shape, overhaul the grub box and wagon, haul supplies 100 miles from the nearest town, get plenty of shoes for the saddle horses, for you know we "germs" do our own shoe mending and cooking. The latter reminds me of my first experience in biscuit making, as I forgot both soda and salt, with sour milk, and you could actually knock a steer down with one. "Adios," HARVEY LEWIS.

ADVICE, RECEIPT, PRESCRIPTION.
Mrs. Buchanan, Dear Edith—It has been some time since I wielded my pen in the household, either pro or con. I have watched with interest the growth of our department from a mere handful to nearly 100; and it has been a positive relief to turn from so much common sense to chaos. Let me fasten a few words on the members of the Household. I have found that all work and no play makes Jack decidedly a dull, if not a vicious boy. I join with Reader No. 2 in requesting fair play to all our members. If our critic wants common sense, and can't find it in our department, let her turn to the other part of the paper. So far as receipts are concerned, if received, they are wanted, just hold up your hand, but for a miscellaneous, snap-shot affair, please don't. That reminds me that some one wanted a hand lotion. I feel like a rose water, I use citric acid, 10 drops, or glycerine cut with carbolic acid, 1 drop to a nickel's worth, rub in at night. A stocking leg, with a hole for the thumb drawn on, and which to the robe, keeps from soiling, and helps the healing and whitening process; a loose covering slipped on while at work, dodging in and out, keeps the hands in better shape. Let them go. Goodness knows they soon enough will have to put their shoulders to the wheel in a common sense practical way. The Edith has kindly given us three columns about which to us as please. So I mean we can talk poetry, flowers, cow-boys and all, and who dare intermingle with our joy. In closing, let me say to Critto. O, if not for your doctor, since you've ventured to prescribe, Don't let your patient think of you as one who'd merely gibe; Don't taunt a sick man on his bed, but tell him, if so be, You know yourself, how he shall set about his remedy.

I believed some one proposed no more de plumes, but a very good idea, so I will merge with Nebraska Girl to MRS. CORA K. HAWKINS.

"NEW WOMAN" ANALYZED.
Dear Mrs. B.—Few people know what a new woman really is, notwithstanding one is never at a loss to hear pro and con opinions on the subject. Most people, however, derive their idea of a new woman from the illustrations seen in comic newspapers—papers whose source of jokes has always been the failures of womankind. One's picture of a woman in bloomers and astride a "bike." With men the sole cause of offense is the bloomers, for if there is anything under the skirt, it is the usurpation of their pants and sphere by womankind. I say let the new woman come, if she is an improvement over the old sort. What a grand thing a new woman is, if she is a departure in the wrong direction, she will soon pass into oblivion, as have all other unwholesome vagaries of womankind. From time immemorial the new woman has attempted to accomplish that was different from the old regime of things received at first the condemnation of men and timid women. The appearance of woman in the world of business received every discouragement, and yet, to-day the thousands of women and girls earning an honest living as clerks, stenographers, etc., show the wisdom of the move, and they honor the name of those who rang the death knell to the reign of the wash tub ideas. New ideas always have enemies. The advent of the splendid reaping machine, was fought against by our forefathers, who thought they knew it all, and were content with the scythe and cradle, but the reaper is here and where is the scythe? In the same manner, the new woman now oppose bloomers, bicycles and other accoutrements of the new woman become of a different manner of thought. After all this hubbub is a tempest of the tea party. What should the new woman do? If she is of good results, the name of woman will not be blemished, only those who come in contact with heat are burned. Let's give the new woman a chance. Pardon me, Mrs. B., for staying so long this time, and though I have never written to the household before, I have been an ardent admirer so long, that I want to know you all, without an introduction. BAR Z.

Oak Home.
Dear Mrs. B.—I come not this time to tire you with one subject, but I must confess that I do feel a little dread of the waste-basket. As I have so many I wish to speak to this time, first I will render my many thanks to several members for kind words.

I am going to tell of my home about May, when I get everything arranged for summer. Winchester Wright, I almost know you are a bachelor. I imagine how you keep house. I married a bachelor and a cow boy, or a stockman rather, but bear in mind that I am not a cattle king's wife, as we are worth only seven or eight thousand. One of our members of the Household spoke in one of her letters about hired hands being such a trouble. Well, yes. They make us have more to do, and some of them are not as thoughtful as they should be. They take the tired mother's rocking chair when perhaps she hasn't had time to sit down all day after supper, and then can't half rest on account of the hired hand having her chair, while he is reading the very book she wants or the latest paper. Of course that would be impolite of any man, and there are so many men who will always take the best chair and if a lady comes in he will lean an inch forward, but don't rise and say do you want this chair, instead of leaving the chair and getting another. Dear me, I am about to write on one subject at last. Dear dancing girls, you did not ask my advice, but if you only knew how sad I felt for you who expressed a love for dancing. I think you would pardon me. Please read the fifth chapter of Galatians from the seventeenth to the twenty-second verses, and see what we are so positively forbidden from doing. dancing we are taught in the Bible is revelry, and we are told plainly in this

chapter what end comes to all who engage in revelry, and also to all other acts mentioned in this chapter. We would do well to keep the whole in view. If any one is not confident they know the meaning, please see the unclean in dictionary. If any one is so unfortunate as not to have one, if they wish I will send them the definitions. I am thankful today I love the Saviour so much; His commandments are not grievous. We must first love the Saviour, and who can keep from loving one so good to die on the cross for us? Oh, sinner, do not slight His mercy; stand and count the cost when a sad ending of a soul that is lost. I was a dear lover of dancing for several years, but I would not give the sweet peace I now possess for all this world if it were open to me for a great many years. The clear conscience and hope of heaven is happiness for any one. My motto is to live every day like I would want the Saviour to find me when He comes, as my prayer is to may find you, dear sinner, ready too. Who knows? He may come for us tomorrow. Now a few words about my hobby, which is my home, and that is a big hobby, it takes so much to complete a happy home. I dearly love flowers; have some blooming now. I love children, especially my own dear ones. Dear Nellie, I do sympathize with you or any one childless. They know not the most sacred ties of earth. I am also very fond of embroidery painting and music, yes, and reading, too, in fact I am fond of everything excepting or that tends to make home happy. I do not have much time to paint, embroidery or practice music, and I have no time for novels. I think there is none so good, but we can find something better. I could write so much more, but I have written more now than will be acceptable I fear. I am LUNA BONITA.

FROM THE B. I. T.
Checotah, I. T.
Dear Mrs. Buchanan—Although I have not had your copies of your pleasant Household, I am quite pleased with it, and beg admittance to your charming circle. I live on a ranch about six miles from the M. & N. R. R., but in the town of Muskogee and Checotah. We are surrounded by thousands of acres of prairie land, inclosed for the purpose of pasturing cattle.

The grass is just peeping up, but within a fortnight it will be covered with Texas cattle. I used to imagine ranch life would be very lonely, yet I rarely have a moment of loneliness. I think one living in the country (especially with a nice husband) has more opportunities of taking trips than our sisters of the city; and then, how nice it is for us to get back home again. You can go out to the garden to see if anything has peeped up during your absence, and you can find so many stray eggs that the boys failed to get while you were gone, and your room is just perfection, you haven't seen anything to compare with it; and you just have not had a good, old-fashioned sleep during your absence. I was quite interested in "Uncle Gus," description of early life in Texas. My husband and I attended the Cattlemen's convention in your city, and after its adjournment went to Checotah about an hour's run from Fort Worth. We were met by a friend who took us about six miles in the country to visit my husband's grandfather, who was one of the early settlers in Texas. He is now 87 years old, but still delights in relating thrilling scenes that occurred during his early manhood. He has written a book on the subject, which he has just published. I liked "Mary Anne's" letter so much. I hope she comes quite often. I have not had the pleasure of meeting "Cowboy." I hope he will come again soon. With kind thanks for your attention so long, dear Mrs. B. and Household, I am very sincerely, IONE.

TO STUDENTS.
Dear Mrs. Buchanan—I have been keeping up a course of study for several weeks past and it is simply splendid. Thinking that among those who read the Household letters there may be girls and boys who would like to improve themselves at home, I would like to tell them of it. If there is any one who would like to have a prescribed course of reading and study with nice prizes to know the whereabouts of her husband, Pat P. Dwyer, who left Marlton on January 5, and has not since been heard from. The lady is in indigent circumstances and will appreciate any assistance the Texas press may render in finding her missing husband.

Sabine Pass, Tex., April 6.—The three branch pilots of the port of Sabine Pass have made an affidavit certifying "that there is now over the bar at the entrance to Sabine Pass harbor a channel 100 feet wide and 24 feet deep, and hereby certify that we can pilot into and from the harbor all vessels drawing up to 23 feet of water with perfect safety." The reason for this is that the last government chart only gives Sabine Pass 16 feet.

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not censure "Brand New Girl," because I think she is a boy, and I will admit, though, that our sphere is bound to the north by ignorance, on the east by prejudice, on the south by selfishness and on the west by superstition, but come out, boys, and speak your sentiments as you see fit, even though it expose our ignorance. Let me hear from some one else on the subject, as I have had my say.
H. B.
(Some letters and receipts unavoidably held over for lack of space.)
—ED.

NEWS AND NOTES.

A citizen of Waco has obtained the necessary city council permit to erect a small packing house in that city.

W. L. Lyon, a cow boy employed on a ranch in Oklahoma, was fatally gored by a mad steer a few days ago.

Cisco parties have made all arrangements for the erection of a \$100,000 oil mill. The erection of a cement press in the near future is also probable.

Several destructive prairie fires have been raging in Arapahoe county, Okla., this week, and many thousands of dollars' worth of damage has been done.

Bud Gardner, son of J. W. Gardner, a prominent citizen of the Chickasaw nation, was thrown from his horse and killed on April 10 near Wynnewood, I. T.

An extensive prairie fire occurred last week in Hale and Crosby counties, a few miles north of Estacado. It spread over an extensive tract of country, including the Z-L ranch, and came very near destroying the town of Emma.

Cripple Creek, Colo., was visited on the 12th inst. by the severest and most destructive blizzard ever known in that district. An immense amount of damage was done and several lives of prospectors and others reported lost.

There was organized at Seymour this week an association for holding an annual cowboys' reunion there. The first will be held this summer, provided the co-operation and good will of western counties can be secured.

According to Topeka advices, the reduction in grain rates to the gulf ports is bearing fruit. A Junction City firm has an order for a ship load of corn from Liverpool, and the Katy is now hauling it to Galveston for export.

The Journal recently reported several cases of glanders among horses and mules at Nacogdoches, Tex. It is now stated on what is said to be reliable information that a farmer near Dumas, when the disease was contracted the disease from some mules and died of it.

Further reports of the great storm last Saturday and Sunday serious damages resulting from a terrific snow storm in Raton, N. M., and Denver, Colo.; also at Albany, Tex., where a whole family named Polig were seriously injured. Waco, Mansfield, Blum, Hillsboro and Waxahatchie also suffered considerable damages.

Various reports of damage and casualty are reported as caused by the storm on the night of the 11th inst. At Colorado City a young man named Solomons was struck by falling timber and killed. At Fort Worth, Weatherford, Reagan, Cresson, Alvarado, Walnut Springs, Denton and Chico considerable damage was done to property, but no loss of life reported.

Mrs. P. T. Dwyer of Marlton, Tex., formerly Mrs. M. B. Ellis of Temple, desires to know the whereabouts of her husband, Pat P. Dwyer, who left Marlton on January 5, and has not since been heard from. The lady is in indigent circumstances and will appreciate any assistance the Texas press may render in finding her missing husband.

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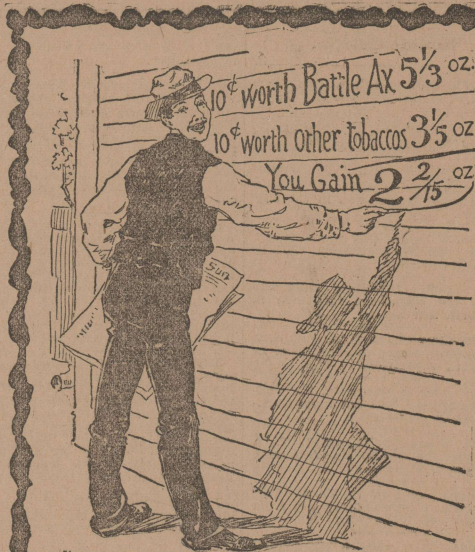
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