Buy War Stamps
Help Finance the War and Inculcate Thrift.

Wichita Daily Times

Weather Forecast

West Texas: Tonight and Saturday, generally fair.

Volume XII. WICHITA FALLS TEXAS, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1918. NUMBER 52

MILLIONS SPENT BY GERMANY HERE FOR PROPAGANDA

GREAT SUMS USED IN EFFORTS TO CONTROL PUBLIC OPINION IN UNITED STATES.

MANY BANK ACCOUNTS

Count Von Bernstorff and Dr. Albert Had Accounts in Sixteen New York Banks.

By Associated Press

NEW YORK, July 12.—The trail of propaganda financed in America by money raised in this country through the sale of German war bonds is still one which is long and unexplored by the American investigators, it was learned authoritatively here today.

Count Von Bernstorff and Dr. Heinrich Albert, who was German commercial attache in the United States were given carte blanche by the German government, according to evidence declared to have been uncovered by the New York state attorney general's office. The money which is alleged to have been used to control the stock of the New York Evening Mail, according to Deputy Attorney General Becker's belief, is only a small portion of great sums said to aggregate millions, which German agents used in this country to influence public opinion—so it would be favorable to Germany. The purchase of control of newspaper columns is said to be only one phase of the inquiry.

Count Von Bernstorff and Dr. Albert had accounts in sixteen New York banks, Mr. Becker said. The total of these deposits, none of which came from Germany, for the reason that sale of German bonds in America supplied funds considered sufficient for the propaganda purposes, has not yet been learned. The reason, Mr. Becker added, was because of the successful methods of concealment pursued by Von Bernstorff and Albert, through a system of drawing only cashiers checks in transferring accounts and making payments. These transfers were frequently made overnight.

Evidence indicated further, Mr. Becker declared, that large sums were sent to South America for propaganda work in Latin American countries. This phase of the inquiry has as yet been only little developed.

ASKS REPEAL ZONE RATES ON SECOND CLASS MAIL

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Jesse H. Neal of New York, executive secretary of the Associated Business Papers Inc., comprising six hundred trade papers, testifying before the House ways and means committee today for repeal of the zone increased rates for second class mail, said the present rates are no more a subsidy than low rates on grain are a subsidy for the farmer and spoke of the war work accomplished by the newspapers.

MORE BALL PLAYERS ORDERED TO USEFUL WORK

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Edward Ainsmith, catcher of the Washington American league club, has been ordered to engage in some useful work or be placed in class A-1 of the draft by his local draft board, it became known today. Joe Judge, first baseman of the club, has been served with a similar notice.

PEACE NEVER CONCLUDED ON BATTLEFIELD ALONE

By Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, July 12.—During a debate Wednesday in the Prussian upper house Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, a former German minister of colonial affairs, argued that a peace was never concluded on the battlefield alone. Without co-operation of diplomacy, he declared, no peace could be established.

PRESIDENT WILSON SIGNS PENITENTIARY BILL

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—President Wilson today signed the bill providing for equipment of the United States penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., for manufacture of government supplies and compensation of prisoners for this work.

POSTPONE PROHIBITION LEGISLATION UNTIL AUG. 20

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—An agreement was tentatively reached today by the Senate leaders for postponement of prohibition legislation until August 20 for a vote late today or tomorrow on the administration wire control legislation and for suspension of Senate business until August 19 under a "gentleman's agreement" for three day recesses.

GERMAN PEOPLE WANT TO ESCAPE AERIAL RAIDS

By Associated Press.

GENEVA, July 12.—Another campaign has been undertaken along the Rhine in order to prevent Allied bombardment of Rhine towns.

The Landtag of the Duchy of Baden has been asked to pass a resolution requesting the government of the Grand Duchy to exercise its influence with the imperial authorities to come to an arrangement with the belligerents to abandon the aerial bombardment of towns outside of the military operation.

FOOD CONTROL IN ENGLAND TO GO ON AFTER THE WAR

By Associated Press

LONDON, July 12.—Food control in England probably will continue for at least a short while after the ending of hostilities, according to John R. Clynes, the new head of the food ministry. Discussing this situation with the Daily Telegraph, the new controller said:

"Whether the food ministry will be continued after the war depends on how long the war lasts, but it is clear the conditions created will not suddenly disappear when it is ended and for a considerable time the Allied nations will be required to act in co-operation both as regards supplies and prices until normal conditions reappear. Unfortunately, those conditions will be delayed until the forces of food production can be brought to a point where all kinds of necessities again are bountiful. When that time arrives it will be for the nation to say whether it is prepared to go back and pursue the usual channels."

The food controller paid tribute to the American "spirit of patriotism" which has been willing to undergo sacrifices in order to feed England. He said he would welcome H. C. Hoover, the American food administrator, who is expected in England shortly, and opportunity of discussing with him many of the great business and financial questions of the food problem.

The policies of the late Viscount Rhondda would be continued by the ministry, Mr. Clynes declared.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS CONTROL MOST OF WESTERN SIBERIA

By Associated Press

LONDON, July 12.—Virtually all of western Siberia is in control of the Czecho-Slovak according to a Reuter dispatch from Pekin dated July 10. The dispatch states that the bolsheviki have been overthrown in the whole region from Tobolsk east of the Urals to Semipalatinsk 150 miles to the southeast, near the Chinese frontier. The trans-Siberian Railway is under Czecho-Slovak control from Tcheliabinsk, in the Ural mountains at the junction of the branches of the road which leads to south and north Russia, to Krasnoyarsk, 1,300 miles to the east.

The report confirms earlier dispatches to the effect that the bolsheviki at Ikurtsk have been defeated by the Czecho-Slovaks.

SWISS VIEW WITH DISFAVOR GERMANY'S PLANS ON RHINE

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Germany's plan to establish on the Rhine between Basle and Strasburg, a series of dams for factories which would interrupt the current of the river and interfere with the free waterway between Switzerland and the sea is causing much adverse comment among the Swiss. A dispatch from Berne today says the federal council has been called upon to open diplomatic negotiations with the German government in order to prevent the work.

ITALIANS CAPTURE QUANTITIES WAR MATERIAL AT BERAT

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Occupation of Berat and the capture of quantities of war material and many prisoners by the advancing Italian army in Albania were announced today in an official dispatch from Rome.

The message also told of losses inflicted upon the Austrians in surprise attacks at Conca Laghi and in Val D' Assa and of the repulse of enemy attacks on the southern slopes of Sasso Rossa. Bad weather was reported in the Altipiano of Asiago.

FEWER STYLES OF BEDS YET PLENTY OF VARIETY

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Davenport and metal bed makers have reached a tentative agreement with the war industries board to reduce their styles of beds to thirty and davenports to twenty. An announcement today says the manufacturers also are asked to use lighter metal tubing wherever possible and to discontinue the use of wool or mohair in covering davenports.

RUSSIAN RAILWAY MEN ARE ON STRIKE

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12. (Havas Agency.)—Russian railway men are on strike in several districts, according to a Zurich dispatch quoting the Liepzig Neuste Nachrichten. The strike threatens to become general, the newspaper reports.

JUDGE CLARK NAMED AS ADVOCATE GENERAL OF NAVY

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Captain George R. Clark was nominated today by President Wilson to be judge advocate general of the navy with rank of rear admiral, for a term of four years. Captain Clark was detailed to the position some time ago.

GERMANY READY TO RECEIVE ALLIES' PEACE OFFERS

By Associated Press

LONDON, July 12.—There is the closest union between the political leaders in Germany and German army leaders regarding their readiness to receive peace proposals from the Allies if they are offered in a spirit of sincerity. This statement was made in the reichstag by imperial Chancellor Von Hertling, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

The program of Germany's foreign policy, the chancellor added, was laid down in Germany's reply to the papal peace note and it would be adhered to. That would be a righteous peace and Germany has not and will not change her policy, however strong the idea of destruction was expressed in speeches in Allied countries.

The recent utterances of President Wilson and Foreign Secretary Balfour, he continued, forced Germany to continue the struggle.

Admiral Von Hintze, the new German foreign secretary, in succession to Von Kuehlmann, made a binding declaration to Count Von Hertling that he was willing in every way to follow the imperial chancellor's policy.

Chancellor Von Hertling told the Reichstag main committee that the government intended vigorously to prosecute the reforms already begun. He commented on the problems in the east and in the west and concluded with remarks on the government's future program regarding the declaration made in November 1917, which had been accepted by a large majority in the reichstag. The change in the foreign ministry, the chancellor said, was not caused by any real differences of opinion but arose out of personal discussions revealing matters which cannot be made public.

TURKEY HAVING DIFFICULTY IN LEARNING FACTS

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Turkey has informed the United States through the Swedish foreign office that so far the true facts as to the reported seizure of the American consulate and sacking of an American hospital at Tabriz, Persia, by Turkish soldiers, have not been ascertained but that it will be done at the earliest possible moment.

The United states asked for an explanation of this incident, which if regular Ottoman troops were involved might mean a declaration of war, through both Spanish and Swedish diplomatic channels. The attack was reported June 19 by the Spanish consul, who took charge of the consulate when the American consul with a large party of Americans and other foreigners left the Persian city at the approach of the Turks.

It is assumed here that the Turkish government is having great difficulty in communicating with its forces in Persia.

HOG ISLAND YARD NEARING COMPLETION

By Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Rapid progress is being made toward the completion of the Hog Island ship yards according to Francis T. Bowles, director of operations who today announced that thirty five keels had been laid and that the number of workers at the yard had reached 28,500. This, Mr. Bowles said, is but 1500 short of the number of employes that will be required to operate the yard at full capacity. All the ways are to be completed early in August.

5 YEARS IN LEAVENWORTH FOR GERMAN PASTOR

By Associated Press.

DUBQUE, IOWA, July 12.—Five years in Leavenworth prison was the sentence given Rev. Wilhelm Schunsel, of Pomeroy, Iowa, here yesterday on conviction of violating the espionage act. He is pastor of a German Lutheran church and in a sermon seven months after the declaration of war, preached in German, he is accused of urging young men not to join the United States army.

M. GUILBEAUX ARRESTED BY SWISS AUTHORITIES

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12. Havas Agency.)—A Geneva dispatch reports the arrest by the Swiss authorities of M. Guilbeaux, director of the Revue Domain, charged with being implicated in cases of persons in France accused of corresponding with the enemy. It is alleged that M. Guilbeaux also was an agent in Switzerland of the bolshevik government of Russia.

SPANISH GRIPPE SPREADING OVER SWITZERLAND

By Associated Press.

GENEVA, Thursday, July 11.—Spanish grippe continues to spread rapidly in Switzerland. The military authorities announced today that on July 9 there were 6.80 cases in the Swiss army and among interned troops. The death rate has been comparatively small.

At Lusanne, the authorities have closed the schools and prohibited meetings in private buildings and visits to patients in hospitals.

At Berne the telephone service has been disorganized by sickness of employes.

BRITISH DROP MANY BOMBS ON CONSTANTINOPLE

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 12.—Air force contingents acting with the British navy dropped a half ton of bombs upon the city of Constantinople on July 7, it was announced by the admiralty today.

OFFICIAL

FRENCH.

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12.—The village of Longpont on the Suvieres River east of Villers-Cotterets has been captured by French, says the official statement from the war office today.

The French also continued their progress north of Chavigny farm and east of Faverolles, Javage farm, northeast of Faverolles also was captured.

In raids north of Montdidier and in Champagne the French captured fifteen prisoners. The official text reads:

"Our troops continued their progress north of Chavigny farm and east of Favorelles. Last night our troops occupied the village of Longont and the Javgne farm.

"Two raids, one north of Montdidier and the other in Champaigne, resulted in the capture of fifteen prisoners.

"The German artillery was rather active on the left bank of the Meuse Verdun region)."

BRITISH.

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 12.—Further raiding operations were carried out by British troops last night, notably in the Flanders area, near Merris and Meteren, the war office announced today. Prisoners were taken in a patrol encounter in the Kemmel sector on this front.

Another British party raided the German lines near Hamel, south of the Somme. A patrol clash in the neighborhood of Gavrelle, northeast of Arras also aresulted in the taking of prisoners.

In the operation in the vicinity of Merris the British took 120 prisoners.

FIVE AMERICAN BOMBING PLANES FAIL TO RETURN

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12. — Five American airplanes which went on a bombing expedition have failed to return, General Pershing's communique reported today. Berlin reported five American airplanes in German hands yesterday.

General Pershing's communique was the first announcement from American sources of the loss of the machines. It gave no details, but yesterday's report from Berlin, which came by way of London, declared that the five machines were part of a squadron of six which started out to bomb Coblenz. The crews of the airplanes, the German report said, were taken prisoners.

The communique, dated July 11, follows:

"In the Vosges a raid attempted by the enemy broke down with losses before our lines had been reached. The day passed quietly at other points.

"As the result of a bombing expedition last evening five of our machines are missing."

CHOLERA INCREASING IN PETROGRAD

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 12.—Owing to the grave shortage in food, cholera is on the increase in Petrograd, and hundreds of persons are daily falling victims to it, says a Russian wireless dispatch received here today.

CHARGE WHOLESALE DRUG MEN VIOLATE ANTI-TRUST LAW

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Conspiracy with the purpose and effects of stifling competition in the wholesale drug trade was charged by the federal trade commission in a complaint today against the National Wholesale Druggists Association, the Title Guaranty and Trust Company of New York, the organization's treasurer, and numerous individuals including the Association's officers.

Verbal and written notices are alleged to have been given to manufacturers that certain customers or prospective customers were not entitled to recognition as legitimate jobbers, according to the association's standards.

GERMANS HAVE NO MONOPOLY ON POTASH

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 12.—An article in the Evening Standard quoting a German professor named Roth, says potash will be an excellent trump card for Germany on the day of peace negotiations. The article then proceeds to show the illusory nature of the supposed German monopoly, enumerating other sources of potash including new methods of getting it by the utilization of the by-products of a flourishing industry. It follows that the Germans, the article concludes, have a good deal less to bargain with than they imagine.

AMIENS NOT HARRASSED SINCE JUNE 25

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12.—German guns and bombing airplanes have not harrassed the city of Amiens, one of the objectives in the German drive of March 21, since June 25. Previous to that and during the fighting along the Somme, the bombardment of the city has been so heavy that the civilian population had been removed.

GOVERNMENT HAS LIST OF OWNERS OF GERMAN BONDS

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, July 12.—A fairly complete list of the holders of German government bonds in the United States is among the assets of secret service men fighting German propaganda, it was said today by officials discussing the disclosure yesterday of large holdings of the Busch family.

Names of nearly 20,000 individuals are on the list, which has been built up by secret investigations made during the last two years. A wide distribution was given to securities and they were issued in denominations of as small as $50.

Approximately six different issues of the bonds were made in the United States in order to evade the English blockade, and to make the bonds valueless if seized, most of them bore a provision that they should be considered invalid unless counter signed by Count von Bernstorff, former ambassador to the United States. They were underwritten in good sized blocks by various banking houses and syndicates, the Trans-Atlantic Trust Company, officers of which were arrested yesterday for internment, being an active agent.

An estimate of the total amount secured by the Germans through bond sales was refused today by officials. It is known to have been large, though probably below the $100,000,000 figure quoted.

The property in the bonds is technically classed as American holdings of investments in Germany and is thus not necessarily subject to seizure by the alien property custodian. Futher revelations of the use made of the money secured is likely to be made from time to time, officials said when internment proceedings are brought in court.

GERMANY OUTSIDE SOCIETY OF NATIONS

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12.—Germany has excluded herself from the society of nations and will remain outside as long as she is embarrassed by militarism and the door will not be opened until she has changed, says Andre Lebri, who is writing a report on a league of nations for the foreign affairs committee of the chamber of deputies. In a statement to the Petit Parisien, Deputy Lebri adds:

"The Allies have organized at Versailles an inter-Allied war council, why should they not organize there an inter-Allied committee to study the idea of a league of nations. This would be a sort of a small sized inter-Allied peace parliament to do for peace what the war council seeks to do for war. The two actions are parallel and complimentary. This first international parliament would be the germ of a league of nations. Why not seize on the occasion of the anniversary of July 14 to create it."

BELGIAN ROYALTY RETURN TO BELGIUM IN AIRPLANE

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12. (Havas Agency.)—The king and queen of Belgium, who had been visiting England, have returned to France by the same means which they used in crossing the channel to England—through the air. The return passage, the newspapers say, lasted thirty minutes.

PRESIDENT PREPARING VETO MESSAGE

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Members of congress were informed today that President Wilson has begun drafting a message to congress vetoing the $28,000,000 agricultural appropriation bill because of the amendment providing for increasing to $2.40 per bushel the government's minimum guarantee for wheat. Although an attempt may be made by members from wheat producing states to override the veto, it is generally believed the bill will be re-enacted with the wheat amendment eliminated.

BELIEVES DEFECTIVE PLANE CAUSED MITCHEL'S DEATH

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Guston Borgium, the sculptor, in open letter read into the American investors Association dinner last night said the accident which killed Former Mayor Mitchel, in his belief, was not due to failure to strap himself in the plane. He intimated it was due to a defective plane.

BRAZIL APPROVES COMPULSORY ARBITRATION

By Associated Press.

RIO JANEIRO, July 12.—The compulsory arbitration treaty between Brazil and Peru has been approved by the Brazilian congress. It will become effective without delay.

145 TEXANS CALLED FOR VANCOUVER BARRACKS

By Associated Press.

AUSTIN, TEX., July 12.—Provost Marshal General Crowded today wired a call to the Texas selective service for a movement of 145 men to Vancouver Barracks, Vancouver, Washington, July 29.

BRITISH NOW HAVE 2,000,000 FIGHTING MEN IN FRANCE

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12.—The British fighting forces in France now aggregate two million men, says the Havas correspondent on the British front. This equals the number on the front in 1917.

SUGAR EQUALIZING BOARD CREATED BY PRESIDENT

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Prices of sugar to the consumer will be equalized and the distribution made better despite a threatened shortage, food administration officials predicted today, by the operations of the sugar equalization board, created by President Wilson upon recommendation of Administrator Hoover. The new organization is also expected to facilitate joint dealings with the Allies in foreign sugar and aid in adjustments of differentials in overseas freight rates.

The board will have authority to acquire sugar produced at factories where the cost of beets and by reason of other factors will not permit the product to be sold at a reasonable price. It will be possible through the operations of the board says a food administrator "to work out a price for the public upwards of one cent pound less than would be the case if the price of sugar were advanced to a price that would cover the high peaks in coast from all quarters.

"Application for incorporation of the board with a capita of $5,000,000 has been made in New Jersey. The capital will be supplied by the President from his special war fund. Offices of the board will be established here with Mr. Hoover as chairman and George Rolph, sugar director in the food administration, president.

HUNS TAKE FOOD RUMANIA'S POOR IN BAD PLIGHT

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12.—Rumania's peasant population is in a more precarious condition from lack of food and clothing than at any time since Rumania entered the war. Reports reaching the Associated Press from authoritative sources indicate that all crops this year are failures.

What little food that was has been requisitioned by the Germans. The bread ration has been reduced further and amounts to less than half a pound daily.

The crops in Bessarabia are uncertain and are in almost as poor a condition as in Rumania.

The greater part of those countries which once teemed with agricultural products of every kind are now great barren wastes.

INVESTIGATING METHODS OF HANDLING WOUNDED

By Associated Press

PARIS, Thursday, July 11.—General Meritte Ireland, surgeon of the American expeditionary forces in France, is engaged in an investigation of methods employed in handling and treating the wounded in the recent battles in which American troops were engaged.

General Ireland has detailed several of the leading surgeons from the regular medical corps and the medical reserve corps to visit the hospitals and confer with the medical officers on the subject. The soldiers themselves also are to be questioned as to how they were pleased with the treatment they received and if they had been neglected in any way.

UNARMED PEASANTS MARCH ON MOSCOW UNDER TCHERNOFF

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 12. (Havas Agency.)—M. Tchernoff, a leader of the Russia social revolutionists, is marching on Moscow at the head of numerous bands of unarmed peasants, says a dispatch from Stockholm to the Matin. Part of his force has arrived in the outskirts of the bolshevik capital.

A dispatch received in Paris July 9 reported that M. Tchernoff and three other members of Kerensky cabinet had been arrested in Moscow as alleged leaders of a revolt against the bolsheviki. German reports have declared that the social revolutionists were responsible for the abortive revolt.

CHURCH COUNCIL SENDS GREETINGS TO PERSHING

By Associated Press

NEW YORK, July 12.—The federal council of the Church of Christ in America which sent greetings to General Pershing and the American army in France through the Rev. Charles S. MacFarland, received a cable message from Dr. MacFarland today saying that General Pershing asked the churches "to send over their very best ministers or chaplains."

General Pershing says, the clergyman cabled, that ministers "are very important influences in the highest efficiency of the army."

HEARING TO DETERMINE OWNERSHIP OF COMPANIES

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 12.—A hearing to determine whether the majority of the stock of three chemical companies in the United States is American owned or German owned was begun before Morton E. Lewis, state attorney general, and A. Potter Palmer, alien property custodian.

GEN. PETAIN IS GIVING LITTLE REST TO GERMANS

FRENCH TROOPS AGAIN DRIVE INTO MARNE SALIENT NEAR VILLERS-COTTERETS.

By Associated Press.

General Petain is giving the Germans on the westerly side of the Marne salient little rest in their position east of the forest of Villers-Cotterets. Last night his troops again drove in on this front and made substantial progress.

The most tangible result reported from this latest fighting is the capture of the village of Longpont, to the outskirts of which the French had advanced on Wednesday night. A farm in this neighborhood also was taken.

The French lines were likewise driven ahead in the Chavigny farm situated north of Longpont. A forward push also was given the line in the area south of Longpont, east of Faverolles.

The extension of the front under attack to the Faverolles region is noteworthy as showing that the process of straightening out the line between the Aisne and the Marne is being carried still further south and is threatening the local salient held by the Germans between the Longpont district and the American sector northwest of Chateau Thierry.

The series of operations carried out by General Petain on this front during the present week has been generally regarded merely as of local importance designed to straighten the line and fortify it against German offensive. The possibility is not overlooked, however, that these may be a prelude to more important attacks.

The time has not been considered opportune for General Foch, the Allied commander in chief, to abandon his defensive role and turn to the aggressive on a large scale but it is not impossible that the feeling out operations which are in progress on the French and English fronts have more than a purely local purpose.

Last night's actions on the British front were all in the nature of scouting operations. The majority of them were on the Flanders front where during the day yesterday Field Marshal Haig's men had conducted a raid in force in the vicinity of Merris, northwest of the Nieppe wood on the road to the railway junction of Hazebrouck, bringing in more than 120 prisoners. Additional raids last night in the Meterin and Kemmel sectors on this front resulted in the taking of more prisoners.

On the assumption that the Germans if they decide to open up their attack on a new front when they resume their offensive, will strike somewhere between Rheims and Lorraine, some interest may be attached to the report in the French official statement today that the enemy artillery is displaying rather marked activity on the front northwest of Verdun, within this area.

Germany Hesitates.

Germany still hesitates to challenge the Allies to heavy fighting by a resumption of offensive movements. Initiative local engagements and raiding operations are in the hands of the Allies' troops and they continue to harrass the enemy at many points between Ypres and Rheims.

British troops on several sectors have raided the German lines on the Flanders and Picardy battlefields, the Australians in one place bringing

(Continued on page 5.)

MUTINY AMONG AUSTRIAN TROOPS FROM BAD FOOD

By Associated Press

CORFU, July 12—A serious mutiny among the Austrian troops in one of the occupied districts of Serbia is announced by the Serbian press bureau here. The garrison at Kraguevatz, the former Serbian arsenal, broke into rebellion because of bad food, the statement declares, and many of the officers were killed.

The mutiny was suppressed after a veritable battle in which machine guns and artillery were freely used.

GOVERNMENT CONDUCTING IMPORTANT EXPERIMENTS WITH GAS AT PETROLIA

F. M. Lege, vice president and general manager of the Lone Star Gas Company, and G. O. Carter, consulting engineer, representing the army and navy department were in Wichita Falls this morning on their way to the Petrolia and Walters, Okla., gas fields, for an inspection trip. The gas supply of Walters, Okla., is now being turned into the Wichita Falls gas mains and will be used to supply this city alone, the gas company states, and these visitors are giving assurance that the gas situation this winter will be all that could be desired, and that there will be no lack of gas such as was experienced this past winter.

Mr. Carter's interest in the gas field at this time is in connection with some important government experiments which are being conducted at a labratory in Fort Worth with natural gas, it is understood. The following clipping from this morning's Fort Worth Record will be of interest locally, as it concerns the gas situation in this city:

The following statement was made by Mr. Carter to reassure the people of Fort Worth, Dallas, Wichita Falls and other places using natural gas supplied by the Lone Star Gas Company:

"About a year ago the war and navy departments decided to develop apparatus for obtaining certain products from natural gas. A thorough investigation indicated that the gas from the Petrolia, Texas, field supplying Fort Worth was best suited in many ways for the first plant and that Fort Worth with its readily available electric power, was the best place to utilize the Petrolia gas. The Lone Star Gas company's officials agreed to aid the government in every way to obtain important war products and have co-operated in the work ever since. This assistance to the government, and having the government plant at North Fort Worth, has seriously complicated matters for the Lone Star Gas Company and that company has not been permitted to let its patrons know what its future plans were. After the very severe conditions of last winter the people of Fort Worth, Dallas, Wichita Falls and other places using natural gas from the Lone Star Gas company probably feel uneasy about the supply for next winter. The government assures that that the Lone Star Gas company is to be permitted to bring into Fort Worth gas from the new Keyes field in Cotton county, Oklahoma, and believes that the gas supply will be more than enough.

Silence Explained.

"It is understood that the management of the Lone Star Gas company has been subjected to many annoyances and even threatened loss of business while in a position where the reason for its silence could not be explained. The government takes this occasion to express its appreciation of the help given by the Lone Star Gas company, which was given when no financial benefit was to be expected.

"The government's interest in the natural gas situation will probably continue until the end of the war and the interests of natural gas consumers will be carefully considered and protected."

Following Mr. Carter's statement, F. M. Lege Jr., first vice president and general manager of the Lone Star Gas company, which supplies the distributing companies in the cities of Dallas, Fort Worth, Wichita Falls, Sherman, Denison and some twenty-odd additional cities and towns in North Texas with natural gas from Oklahoma and Texas, made the following statement:

Important Work.

"We have for the past year been working with the war and navy departments and the bureau of mines, who have been developing apparatus for obtaining certain products from natural gas on a very considerable scale. This work has been purely patriotic from the standpoint of the Lone Star Gas company, the idea being to do our full share to help in the war. At the request of the above mentioned agencies of the government, we have been unable previous to this time to make any statement whatsoever with reference to the service we have been able to render the public. However, we are now glad to state that the indications are that we will be able to make the necessary contracts for our gas requirements on what is known as our eastern line, and we will also be able to utilize gas that we have contracted for on the western line in what is known as the Keyes field; and therefore, are quite confident that no trouble will be experienced during the coming winter due to our inability to deliver ample gas for domestic purposes at the city limits of the various cities and towns that we serve.

Can't Get Pipe.

"I have recently made several trips to Washington to consider how the system could be handled so as to provide the necessary gas to the cities and towns served and at the same time provide the special gas required by the government at Fort Worth, where power and water are most available. A proposition was considered in connection with the new gas field being developed to the west of Fort Worth. The matter was referred by the above mentioned governmental agencies to the council of national defense, with the recommendation that necessary pipe be furnished, and this request was refused, as it was possible to undertake the same work for the government at the existing gas fields, although at considerable financial expense and inconvenience. This was preferred to turning a very considerable amount of ship plate into steel pipe of large size necessary for pipe construction, the requirements for ships, as every one knows, now being such that it is of paramount importance."

JOHN DREW UNDERGOES OPERATION FOR CATARACT

By Associated Press

NEW YORK, July 12.—John Drew underwent an operation for the removal of cataracts from his eye at a hospital here yesterday. The surgeons announced the actor's sight, which has been affected for several years, will be restored. It has been necessary of late for Mr. Drew's wife and daughter to read his lines to him when he has been studying new plays.

CASUALTIES

ARMY.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The army casualty list today shows:

Killed in action 9.
Died of wounds 7.
Died of disease 7.
Died of airplane accident 2.
Died of accident and other causes 4.
Wounded severely 15.
Wounded slightly 1.
Wounedd, degree undetermined, 2.
Missing 5.
Total 52.

Southerners in the list include:

Killed in action: Lieutenant Harry M. Coppinger, Oklahoma City, Okla.

Died from accident and other causes: Corporal Guy M. Cox, 815 Owings street, Denison, Texas.

Wounded severely: Lieutenant Manton W. Williams, Clinton, Texas; Private Jake L. Dyer, Novice, Texas.

Missing in action: Private John W. James, Oil Trough, Ark.

The list:

Killed in Action.

Lieutenants Wilmarth Brown, Washington, D. C.; John Cannon Paisley, Gibsonville, N. C.; Augustus M. Trotter, Camden, S. C.; Sergeant Peter G. Miller, Lancaster, Pa.; Privates Sherman L. Conklin, Newark, N. J.; Steve Dussanki, Schnectady, N. Y.; Harry F. Jones, Roanoke, Va.; Walter Santimaw, Postdam, N. Y.

Died of Wounds.

Captain George R. Spalding, Columbus, Ky.; Lieutenant Robert E. Ball, Wollaston, Mass.; Privates John W. Bresnihan, Rochester, N. Y.; Harry L. Erisman, Sterling, Ill.; John V. Fennes, Rochester, N. Y.; Herman Klein, New York City; Walter F. Ryan, Portage, Wis.

Died from Disease.

Lieutenants George Macnish, Stevens Point, Wis.; Goodwin Warner, Jamaica Plains, Mass.; Sergeants Frank A. Browne, Petersburg, Va. Walter R. Lux, Fort Shaw, Mont.; Fireman Constance Henricks, Havre, France; Privates James H. Ensley, Ainsworth, Neb.; Ray U. Nicholdson, Scotts Mills, Ore.

Died of Airplane Accident.

Lieutenants William D. Robbins, Raleigh, N. C.; John C. Wilfred, Asheville, N. C.

Died from Accident and Other Causes

Captain Karl H. Deuber, Benicia, Calif.; Sergeant Arnold J. Peterson, Beloit, Wis.; Cook Harry E. Hollingsworth, La Harpe, Kans.

Wounded Severely.

Lieutenants Charles H. Cooke, Cusseta, Ga.; William H. Osborne, New York City; Harold H. Tittman Jr., St. Louis, Mo.; Corporal Thomas Brace, Detroit; Privates Louis J. Allen, Good Hope, Ill.; Frank J. Blanchard, South Manchester, Conn.; Conrad D. Ekbloom, Yonkers, N. Y.; Nikolas Geanaris, Cania, Greece; Clyde W. Hall, Lafayette, Ind.; Samuel T. Johnson, Dot, Va.; Clinton Lampheer, Dolgeville, N. Y.; Blair L. Renand, Keewaydin, Pa.; Max A. Seitz, Detroit.

Wounded Slightly.

Private Joseph L. Eastland, Pittsfield, Mass.

Wounded, Degree Undetermined.

Lieutenants Edward M. Ogle, Terre Haute, Ind.; Charles J. Riley, Pleasant Hill, Ill.

Missing in Action.

Privates Harry Christian, Filbert, W. Va.; Harry Clohessy, Brooklyn; Theodore Grimes, Springfield, O.; Charles W. Preston, Wynnewood, Pa.

Shriners, Attention!

All Shriners living in Wichita Falls and vicinity are notified that a meeting will be held at the Masonic Temple Thursday night, July 11, at 8 o'clock for the purpose or organizing a Shriners' Club.

The attendance of all Shriners is urged.—Frank Collier and George Keith, Committee. 50-2tc

7 MILLION RUBLES GERMANY'S CLAIM AGAINST RUSSIA

By Associated Press

PARIS, July 12. (Havas Agency.)—Germany's claim for indemnity from Russia amounts to the round sum of 7,000,000 rubles, according to a report printed in the Berlin Vossische Zeitung, of the work done by the mixed commission named to take up consideration of claims growing out of the conclusion of the Brest-Titovsk peace.

This commission has concluded its sessions, during which the German representatives, says the newspaper, presented claims aggregating the amount named for war damages. Immediate settlement of the claim is asked, it is stated.

3-Pound Cotton Bats

49c

Saul's Help Move Sale

The Official Condensed Statement of Condition

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

—OF—

WICHITA, FALLS, TEXAS

As made to the Comptroller of Currency at Washington, D. C., at the Close of Business, June 29, 1918.

OFFICERS

R. E. Huff, President
W. M. McGregor, Active Vice Pres.
F. M. Gates, Vice President
C. E. McCutchen, Cashier
J. R. Hyatt, Ass't. Cashier
WM. E. HUFF, Asst. Cashier
CARTER M'GREGOR, Asst. Cashier

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$2,782,823.58
U. S. Bonds and Premiums		302,156.25
U. S. Liberty Bonds, War Savings Stamps and Certificates of Indebtedness		288,740.86
Other Stocks and Bonds		54,121.82
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank		17,250.00
Furniture and Fixtures		19,225.00
Real Estate		200.00
Cash in Bank	$127,239.26	
Cash with U. S. Treasurer	15,000.00	
Cash with other Banks	767,352.84	
		909,592.10
TOTAL		4,374,109.61

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 300,000.00
Surplus and Profits	332,794.75
Currency in Circulation	292,500.00
Bonds Borrowed	100,000.00
Notes with Federal Reserve Bank	444,945.00
Deposits	2,903,869.88
TOTAL	4,371,109.61

Official Statement as made to the Comptroller of Currency at the close of business June 29, 1918.

City National Bank

Loans and Discounts		$3,841,598.77
U. S. Bonds at par		250,000.00
Certificates of Indebtedness) Liberty Loan and Other Bonds)		625,256.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock		12,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures		20,000.00
Real Estate		9,184.45
Int. earned but not collected		6,000.00
Cash in Bank	$ 68,608.69	
Cash with U. S. Treas.	12,500.00	
Sight Exchange	408,788.33	
TOTAL		489,897.02
		$5,253,930.24
Capital Stock		$250,000.00
Surplus and Profits	$ 225,000.00	
Res. for Taxes	12,000.00	
Res. for Interest	32,500.00	269,500.00
Circulation		250,000.00
Individual Deposits	$3,241,257.03	
Bank Deposits	560,434.85	
Dividends Unpaid	12,600.00	
TOTAL DEPOSITS		3,814,291.88
Rediscounts		647,838.36
Bonds Borrowed		22,300.00
		$5,253,930.24

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

National Bank of Commerce

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS

THE FAMILY INCOME

In these days of high prices a woman needs every possible accommodation in handling household expenses.

Why not give your wife the assistance and convenience in handling money matters which a Checking Account in this bank will afford?

We welcome both small and large accounts, and extend to our Women patrons the most courteous and helpful service at all times.

CAMPBELL-ANDERSON CO.

WICHITA FALLS STYLE AND QUALITY STORE

Ties-Ties

Men's Four-in-Hand or Batwing Ties, 75c values, remodeling sale price for Saturday 50c

See them in our south window.

For Saturday we will have great remodeling sale bargains in all departments.

CAMPBELL-ANDERSON CO.

MACK TAYLOR DRUG CO.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Phones 184-882 812-814 Ohio Ave.

Messaline and Taffeta Petticoats, our cut price $3.95 and	$5.45
Georgette Crepe Waists, $7.50 values, on sale	$4.90
Silk Poplin Skirts, $7.50 values, our cut price,	$4.95
Crepe de Chine night gowns, $7.50 values, our cut price	$4.95
Italian Silk Unionsuits, all sizes, price	$3.90
Italian Silk Chemise, all sizes, price	$2.70
Italian Silk Knickers, all sizes, price	$2.95
Italian Silk Vests, all sizes, price	$2.50
Italian Silk Camesoles, all sizes, price	$2.70
Arrow Shirts	$1.25
Arrow Shirts	$1.50
Arrow Shirts	$2.00
Arrow Shirts	$2.50
Arrow Shirts	$3.00
Arrow Shirts, silk	$5.00
Arrow Shirts, silk	$6.00
Arrow Shirts, silk	$10.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	50¢
Keiser Cravats, silk	75¢
Keiser Cravats, silk	$1.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	$1.50
Keiser Cravats, silk	$2.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	$2.50
Keiser Cravats, silk	$3.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	$3.50
Keiser Cravats, silk	$4.00
Ladies' Leather Purse, $1.50 value, our cut price,	$1.00
Gents hose	35¢
Gents hose, silk	65¢
Arrow Soft Handkerchiefs	2 for 25¢
Arrow Collars	20¢
Arrow Collars	2 for 35¢
Arrow Collars	3 for 50¢
Big Bath Towels	25¢
Wash Rags	5¢ and 10¢
Suit Cases and Traveling Bags, prices from	$2.50 to $50.00
Tennis Rackets, prices	75¢ to $8.00
Base Ball Gloves and Mits	25¢ to $5.00
Ukuleles	$5.00 and $10.00
Violen	$10.00 to $25.00
Guitars	$5.00 to $18.00
Mary Garden Perfume	10¢
Thedford's Black Draught, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
S. S. S. Blood Medicine, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Doan's Kidney Pills, 60c size, our cut price	50¢
Bayers Tablets of Asperin, per dozen	15¢
Dodson's Livertone, price 60c, our cut price	50¢
Mentholatum, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Mentholatum, 50c size, our cut price	40¢
Odo-ro-no 30c size, our cut price	25¢
Nujol American Mineral Oil, 75c size, our cut price	65¢
Sal Hepatica, 30c size, our cut price	25¢
Sal Hepatica, 60c size, our cut price	50¢
Sal Hepatica, $1.20 size, our cut price	$1.00
Syrup Pepsin, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Syrup Pepsin, $1.00 size, our cut price	80¢
Bath Towels, regular 75c value, 24x48, our cut price	49¢
Wine of Cardui, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Nonspi 50c size, our cut price	$45
Aviation Special Tooth Paste, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Woodbury's Soap, 25c, our cut price	20¢
Mavis Talcum Powedr, 35c size, our price	25¢
Colgate Shaving Soap, 10c, our cut price	5¢
Colgate's Dental Cream, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Oriental cream, $1.50 size, our cut price	$1.35
Hind's Honey and Almond Cream, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
La Creole Hair Tonic, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Mahdeen Hair Tonic, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Masatta and Sweet Pea Talcum, 25c size, cut price	15¢
Mennen's Borated Talcum, 25c size, our cut price	19¢
Palm Olive Soap, per cake	10¢
Pear's Scented Soap, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Pear's Unscented Soap, our cut price	15¢
American League Balls, $1.50, our cut price	$1.25
Arrow soft handkerchiefs, 2 for	25¢
Bromo Quinine Tablets, 30c per box, our cut price	25¢
Castoria, 35c size, our cut price	30¢
Chamois Skin, $1.50 size, our cut price	99¢
Nuxated Iron, $1.00 seller, our cut price	85¢
One pound box whipped cream chocolate, regular 80c value—our price	39¢
Golf Balls	75¢ and up
Golf Sticks	$2.50 and up
Mack Taylor Letter File, 50c, our cut price	35¢
B. V. D. Underwear, cut price	$1.15
Colorite	25¢
Freezone, 35c size, our cut price	30¢
Gillette Razor Blades, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Glover's Mange Remedy, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Horlick's Malted Milk, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, $1.20, our price	$1.00
O'Cedar Oil, 1 gal. can, regular price $2.50, our cut price	$2.10
O'Cedar Oil, $1.00 size, our cut price	80¢
O'Cedar Oil, 50c size, our cut price	40¢
O'Cedar Oil, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Baby Ben Clocks	$3.00
Big Ben Clocks	$3.00
Orchard White, 40c size, our cut price	35¢
American Alarm Clock, $1.25 value, our price	$1.00
Eastman Kodaks	75¢ to $25.00
Premium Pencils, big value—2 for	5¢
Sempre Govine, 60c size, our cut price	45¢
Putman Dye, any color, 2 packages 20c, our cut price	15¢
"Walnutta" Hair Stain, price 60c, our price	50¢
Tennis Balls, now 60c, our price	50¢
$1.50 Fountain Syringe, our cut price	98¢
47-11 Soap, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Kodak Films—all sizes	25¢ to 40¢

Visit our Victrola department—over 7,000 Victor Records to select from.

Edison Phonograph No. C. 100	$100.00
Edison Phonograph No. C. 150	$150.00
Edison Phonograph No. C. 200	$200.00
Edison Phonograph No. C. 250	$250.00
Victrolas	$22.50
Victrolas	$32.50
Victrolas	$60.00
Victrolas	$90.00
Victrolas	$115.00
Victrolas	$175.00
Victrolas	$225.00
Victrolas	$275.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$25.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$35.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$65.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$75.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$15.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$20.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$25.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$35.00

MACK TAYLOR DRUG COMPANY

SPENCER SPEAKS HERE IN BEHALF OF CANDIDACY

MONTAGUE COUNTY MAN HEARD WITH CLOSE ATTENTION BY GOOD SIZED CROWD.

OUTLINES PLATFORM

Would Make Excess Profits Pay Big Part of War Debt—Other Views.

Hon. Charles F. Spencer of Montague spoke to a good sized crowd on Eighth street near the War Savings Bank Thursday night in behalf of his candidacy for congress.

This was Mr. Spencer's first speech in Wichita Falls and he was given close attention throughout. The speech closed a busy day for Mr. Spencer here and after his speech he declared that there was a good prospect for his carrying Wichita county.

Judge P. A. Martin presided at the meeting. Mr. Spencer was introduced by W. F. Weldon, who told of an intimate acquaintance with the Montague county man extending over many years. He said that he had known the Judge as a spindle-legged boy carrying water for fifty cents a day for the hod carriers working on the Wise county court house at Decatur; he had seen him go into the farmers' fields and shock their wheat; he had seen him teaching school; then go into his father's law office and after twelve months study successfully pass the bar examination and be licensed to practice law. He said that he had then known his career as a lawyer and public official; had seen him elected county attorney of Young county, then re-elected and afterwards appointed district judge and then elected to that office. He paid high tribute to Judge's Spencer's character and ability.

Mr. Spencer spoke for more than an hour holding the closest attention of his audience throughout. He declared his position on a number of the issues now before the people including taxation, railroads, immigration, homes for the homeless and others.

In beginning his speech he said that all things else were subordinate to winning the war. This was the prayer and hope of every fireside in the country, he said. "I would almost as soon doubt the existence of the Supreme Being," declared the speaker, "as to doubt the outcome of this war." He said that victory would be won when the American flag floated over the Potsdam palace and German militarism was destroyed.

He pointed to conditions prevailing in this country as constituting almost as great a menace as Germany. In one year of war, he said, the war debt had mounted to 22 billion dollars; if the war lasted two years more, he said, it had been estimated that this would mount to more than 50 billions, or practically one half of all the property value in this country. The problem of distribution of this debt so as to result in the least possible harm, he said, was one of the most important before the country. He said that the burden ought to be distributed so that every man paid his part from the millionaire to the poor widow. He said that he was in favor, first of a law reaching out and taking from the gigantic corporations some of the excessive profits they had wrung from the people. He said these corporations should not be permitted to fix prices on the necessities of life far beyond the abilities of the people to pay.

He cited statistics showing war profits by the sugar trust, the shoe manufacturers, the packing industry and the steel trust, and declared that the people were being made commercial slaves to the big industries. He said that he favored an income tax but that this was of no real benefit in reaching the excess profits of the big corporations. He declared for a heavy excess profits tax that would take the burden of the war taxes off the masses of the people or would compel the corporations to forego their excessive profits in which case the people would be able to pay the taxes themselves.

As to immigration, he said that he was in favor of a law absolutely prohibiting Austrians and Germans from coming to this country so long as a military rule prevailed in those countries. In discussing this matter he asked before drawing his own conclusion: "What are you going to do with them" A voice from the audience said "Send 'em to hell."

The speaker said that at the beginning of his campaign when control of the railroads had just been taken over by the government that the results of the experiment ought to be learned before any decision as to a permanent policy was reached. He said he believed the experiment had now gone far enough and had proven so satisfactory that he was warranted in declaring for permanent government ownership and control of the railroads of the country.

He declared the farm loan law was good so far as it went but that it was inadequate and he favored mending the law so as to permit loans to the amount of eighty per cent of the value of the land instead of fifty per cent.

He closed with a brief sketch of his own career. Applause greeted a number of Mr. Spencer's points.

SHRINERS CLUB ORGANIZED HERE; MANY JOINING

Organization of a Shriners Club was perfected at a meeting of local Shriners held at the Masonic Hall Thursday night. Between forty and fifty Shriners attended the meeting. Frank Collier was elected president; W. Y. Hammack, first vice president; Otto Stehlik, second vice president and E. G. Hill, secretary and treasurer.

A membership committee was appointed. It is made up of E. G. Hill, W. D. Cline, Sanders Walker, Leon Loeb of this city; R. O. Harbin of Petrolia and Noble Carl of Burkburnett.

The object of the organization is to promote good fellowship among the Shriners and provide entertainments for their families. Meetings are to be held in the Masonic Hall and the expenses of all entertainments are to be pro-rated. Dues are to be $1 per year.

All Shriners living in Wichita Falls or vicinity are invited to join the club, no matter to what temple they may belong. Among those who joined last night were Shriners from West Virginia and Salt Lake City. It is expected to have a membership of 150 or 200 within a few months.

ODELL TO SPEAK HERE SATURDAY NIGHT FOR HOBBY

Hon. D. W. Odell of Cleburne will speak here tomorrow night in behalf of Governor W. P. Hobby. Mr. Odell will speak tomorrow afternoon at Henrietta and after his speech there will drive here to speak tomorrow night.

His address will be made from the First National Bank corner on Eighth street.

Mr. Odell will probably be the only Hobby speaker who will appear in Wichita Falls.

MASONS PRESENT WRIST WATCH TO W. E. BROTHERS

In appreciation of his services as past master, the Masonic Lodge last night presented W. E. Brothers a wrist watch. The presentation speech was made by Rev. N. F. Grafton. At last night's meeting six candidates received the entered apprentice degree.

Dr. R. E. Huff Jr., Dentist. Graduate Northwestern University, Chicago. 410 First National Bank Building. Telephone 1707. 28-tfc

Tennis Slipper
39c
Saul's Help Move Sale

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHING FORCE IS ANNOUNCED

A number of changes in and additions to the personnel of the teaching force of the Wichita Falls public schools have been announced for the coming session, both in the high school and grade school faculties, although a large part of last year's teachers will be in the schools again this year.

The majority of members of the faculty have already signed contracts, but in a few cases final arrangements have not been completed. The list as it stands at present follows:

Principals: H. E. Bell, high school; J. T. Rundell, Alamo; Miss Eva Stratton, Sam Houston; Miss Bessie Stewart, San Jacinto; Miss Kate Burgess, Travis; R. M. Johnson, Austin.

Grade school teachers: Miss Ila Cook, Wichita Falls; Miss Robbie Lancaster, Miss Violet J. Davis, Bruceville, Miss Ida Moore, Wichita Falls; Miss Kate Haynes, Wichita Falls; MMrs. Lula Jones, Miss Norma Brown, Miss Olga Morris, Wichita Falls; Miss Ida Doty, Miss Florence Kell, Miss Jennie Robertson, Wichita Falls; Miss Frances Smith, Miss Louise Denny, Mrs. Susie Potts, Cumly; Miss Gussie Kiel, Wichita Falls; Miss Myra Belle Preston, San Marcos; Miss May Belle Jones, Miss Loumie Vaughn, Wichita Falls; Miss Rosalae Thompson, Whitesboro; Miss Mayme Patrick, Childress; Miss J. N. Daily, Terrell; Miss Willie Monk, Mrs. Vella R. Walker, Wichita Falls; Miss Charlie Jones, Austin, Miss Jessie Sammons, Wichita Falls; Miss Selma Cloud, Wichita Falls; Miss Ada Anderson, Wichita Falls; Miss Ivy Little, Miss Frances Hunter, Wichita Falls; Miss Bovie McGill, Robert Holloway, Comanche; Doyl Jackson, Stephenville; Miss Helen Jones, Honey Grove; Mrs. R. M. Johnson, Wichita Falls; Miss Era Dawson, Miss Caddo Gorman, Miss Mary Boynton, Austin, Miss Jewell Niece, Fort Worth; Miss Willie Veazey, Mrs. M. McDonough, Fort Worth; Miss Catherine Brothers, Wichita Falls; Miss Biddie Smith, De Leon; Miss Sophronie Pouder, Spur.

In the English department at the high school: Miss Annie Laurie Roble, Miss Chella Hendrick, Bowie; Miss Lenora Barrett, Anson; J. T. Summerhill, Wichita Falls. History: Miss Lalla Boone, Miss Johnie Colbert, Austin; Miss Willie Price Mizell, Waxahachie; V. H. Robinson, Wichita Falls. Mathematics: Miss Marguerite Mizell, Waxahachie; L. H. Potts, Wichita Falls; J. W. Williams, Wichita Falls. Latin: Miss Hilda Masters, J. N. Dailey, Terrell. Modern Languages: T. M. Clark, Portland; Miss Nellie Elkin, Midland. Science: Miss Lena McKee, Wichita Falls. Reading and Public Speaking: Miss Ella Day. Domestic Science and Domestic Art: Miss Lucy Martineau, Zanesville, Ohio; Miss Vira Hinckley, Wichita Falls. Manual Training: Miss Elsie Flint. Industrial Art: Miss Mignon Martineau, Zanesville, Ohio. Glee Club and Harmony, Miss Jessie M. Agnew.

Regular dinner, 35c; Hoover dinner; 25c. Hendricks Eat Shop. 803 Indiana. 48-tfc

UNITED STATES WANTS WORKERS FOR ARMY AT HOME

The Wichita Falls bureau of the United States Employment Service, Department of Labor, has received a call authorizing it to take applications of men for service in the United States army to remain in the United States. An indefinite number of refrigeration engineers, steam engineers, chemical workers (not chemists) and electricians are wanted. The bulletin, announcing the call advises that no 1918 registrants may be inducted and that only those 1917 registrants who have been placed in the limited service class may be inducted for this service. Men over and under the age are wanted to offer their services for this work.

Applicants for this service should call at the office of the Employment Bureau, in the city hall building, and get any further information they may desire. They will fill out an application blank for enlistment, furnishing full information concerning themselves and will be required to give two letters of recommendation.

SEVEN STARS IN CITY NATIONAL'S SERVICE FLAG

Formal presentation of a satin service flag on which there are now seven stars, representing as many men who have gone from the bank to the nation's service, will take place at the City National Bank at five o'clock this afternoon. The flag has been given the bank by the young lady employes of the institution, and Miss Fannie Fowler will make the presentation speech, C. W. Snider, cashier, to accept in the name of the bank.

The first man to leave the City National aBnk to enter the service was J. L. Gober, now Lieutenant Gober of the Air Service, who was commissioned last fall at Kelly Field. The other stars stand for: Lieutenant Lester T. Burns, Sergeant J. E. Gill and Sergeant Chester Powell, Camp Bowie, J. O. Andree, Ben C. McAdams and J. C. Afee of the national army, Camp Travis. Mr. McAfee will leave with the next increment of selective service men from Wichita county, but his star was put on in anticipation.

The banking force will be entertained with ice cream and cakes following the presentation, this to be the treat of the City National.

SAVE THE WHEAT!
NO BREAD AND BUTTER FOR ME WHEN I CAN HAVE

POST TOASTIES
(MADE OF CORN) says Bobby.

HELP MOVE MY STOCK AND HELP YOURSELF!
SALE LASTS 6 DAYS
Come Every Day
Saul's
OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICT
617 Indiana Ave.

Perkins-Timberlake Co.
ASSOCIATED STORES
820-822 Indiana Avenue
820-822 Indiana Avenue
Many Wonderful Bargains Offered Tomorrow in
Our Great July Clearance Sale!
Perkins-Timberlake Co. TELEPHONE 168 Perkins-Timberlake Co.

Until July 15th
will sell the remainder of our
"All Green" Electric Fans
(12-inch Special Non-oscillating)
Let us place this Fan in your home for ..... $7.78 balance on easy terms in monthly installments.
10% discount for cash.
No extra charge for 8 feet of green attaching cord and green plug.
BUY YOURS NOW.
Wichita Falls Electric Company

The Biggest Clothing BARGAINS
OF THE SEASON WILL BE FOUND TOMORROW AT
RIGGS
SUITS $7 | SUITS $10
Saturday, July 13
will be the lucky day for you men who are in need of a suit of clothes.
A CLEAN-UP OF ALL SUMMER SUITS —YOUR CHOICE ONLY $7 AND $10
More than 100 of these hand tailored suits consisting of palm beach, mohair and kool kloth are here for you to choose from —strictly high grade hand tailored garments, most of them made by D'Ancona and Co., Schoenbrun & Co., Chicago and American Art Custom Tailors of Cincinnati. This is the kind of high class and dependable merchandise
RIGGS
is making a clean-up for less than half the price of regular hand-me-downs.
SUIT Values up to $20, your choice $7
SUIT Values up to $25, your choice $10
See these wonderful suit bargains in our window, then come in and get yours and invest the money you save in war stamps.
Remember this extraordinary clothing event starts tomorrow and will be continued 'till every suit is closed out—
BRAN NEW FALL AND WINTER SUITS
Hundreds of men's pure all wool hand tailored suits for fall and winter wear have arrived and are now on display in our show cases—$40 to $60 values selling at $22.50, $25, $30 and up to $40.
WHY PAY MORE?
Panama and straw hats ½ price
RIGGS
816 INDIANA

THE WICHITA DAILY TIMES

THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY
Printers and Publishers)

Published every week-day afternoon (except Saturday) and on Sunday mornings.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
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Editorial Room 1671

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By Carrier or Mail, per month ..... .50
By Mail in Wichita County, outside Wichita Falls, in Clay, Archer, Young, Baylor and Wilbarger counties in Texas and in Cotton county, Okla., per year 3.00
By Mail, outside foregoing exceptions, per year 5.00

Carrier boys are not allowed to collect for subscription to the Times, except in the factory district and on north side of river. Our collector will call on you or else you will receive a statement from us through the mail. Times Publishing Co.

As it did for Charles W. Spencer, the Times bespeaks for Lucian W. Parrish a good hearing when he speaks here tonight in the interest of his candidacy for congress. The importance of selecting the biggest and best man in the race for our congressman cannot be stressed too much. The Times hopes the best man of the three in the race wins. It is up to the voters to pick this man.

CAN'T STAND OWN MEDICINE.

German municipalities and provinces along the Rhine are petitioning the German government to enter into negotiations with the allied governments with a view of stopping the aerial bombardments of towns and cities.

The Hun is getting a dose of his own medicine and he can't stand it. The Germans started all this business of dropping bombs upon towns and cities indiscriminately, or rather discriminating by dropping bombs upon women and children in undefended cities. The more women and children that have been mangled in the air raids of the Germans, the greater has been the rejoicing in Germany. Holidays have been proclaimed through out Germany and the victory bells rang following some of these Hun exploits and the populations of some of these same cities that are now being raided by the allied airman have exulted over the mangled babies in Paris and London.

Now perhaps their own women and children are being mangled and their own homes destroyed and immediately they set up a cry of "Hold! Hold! Mercy! Let us stop this thing!"

But the Allies are winning an undoubted superiority in the air and this superiority will grow more pronounced as time goes on. Already the first Caproni and Handley-Page bombing planes are coming from the manufacturers in America and soon production will be on a quantity basis. Great fleets of these planes will soon be ready to fly in Germany leaving a path of death and destruction in their wake. Everything of a military value along the Rhine and yet much further into the interior of Germany will be blown from the face of the earth. The Germans in terror will cry Hold! Hold! but the destruction will not stop until the very idea of domination by might and terror is blown out of the German mind.

600 ALLEGED SLACKERS BEING HELD IN CHICAGO

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Of the five thousand young men rounded up in yesterday's slacker raid, about 500 are still held today for further investigations.

The municipal and other lock-ups were inadequate to the task imposed upon them and the building of the state council of defense and the headquarters of a number of draft boards were converted into temporary prisons.

With few exceptions those who did not have their classification cards with them took their detention good humoredly while waiting for the credentials to arrive. Only one serious incident was reported. It was the shooting by a government agent of Helga Gustavson. He attempted to escape from the officers who wished to examine his New York registration card more closely. He is in a serious condition.

HALF MILLION PRISONERS HAVE BEEN EXCHANGED

By Associated Press.

BERNE, SWITZERLAND, July 12. More than 500,000 invalid and sick prisoners of war of different nationalities have been exchanged and repatriated through Switzerland since the beginning of the war, according to official statistics. The number of officers and men interned at Swiss health resorts were 400,000. Since 1914 the Swiss postal system has transmitted between belligerent nations for prison camps more than 5,000,000 letters and 10,000,000 money orders amounting to more than 139,000,000 francs.

ONE OF MURDERERS OF VON MIRBACH ARRESTED

By Associated Press

LONDON, July 12.—One of the murderers of General Count Von Mirbach, German ambassador to Russia, was arrested Thursday, according to a Moscow dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung, which is transmitted from Copenhagen by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

DR. DERBYSHIRE TELLS OF NEED FOR Y.M.C.A. WORKERS

IN ADDRESS BEFORE ROTARY CLUB PAINTS PICTURE OF CONDITIONS AT FRONT.

3,000 MEN WANTED

Local Committee Named to Recruit Men for Y. M. C. A. Work Across Atlantic.

Painting a startling word picture of the living conditions that confront soldiers in the front line trenches and the terrible experiences which result in utterly dehumanizing the men during their service in the front, Rev. Dr. Derbyshire told the Rotary and Lions Clubs at the Rotary luncheon today of the work of the Y. M. C. A. on the battle front in France, of reclaiming these men, hard in body, soul and spirit, from their days or weeks of killing, and ended with a stirring appeal to the business men of Wichita Falls to send representatives to serve in the Y. M. C. A. from the men who are above the ages of the men the government has asked to bear arms, men who are successful business men, of Christian character and common sense. C. W. Spencer, W. D. Cline, J. W. Culbertson, J. A. Kemp and T. R. T. Orth were named the local recruiting committee to secure as many recruits from Wichita Falls as possible. This committee was to hold a conference with Mr. Scott of San Antonio, chairman of the Texas Y. M. C. A. War Council who was present also at the luncheon, this afternoon to lay plans for the recruiting work in this section. It is understood that several prominent business men, over the draft age, are expecting to volunteer for immediate service, though no definite announcement can be made at this time.

Dr. Derbyshire, just back from the French front line trenches where he took part in the Y. M. C. A. work with the French soldiers, described the condition in which the Y. M. C. A. rest huts, only a few miles from the front trenches, received men who have been relieved at the front for a short resting period.

Almost Dehumanized.

"They come to us dirty," he said, "covered with blood, grime and vermin, hard as nails, or as a rock that you may pick up from the road. They are almost dehumanized. They revert to the caveman type up in the front lines, living in dugouts, in caves, in little holes in the ground, in the rain and the mud, and worst of all, with the rats in the trenches. I wish you could see those rats that those fellows who are fighting for us over there have to live with, sleep with, and eat with them almost running over the food. They are as big as kittens and a fellow has to keep his face covered with his blankets at night to keep them from running all over his face. There are few things that break down the morale of a man quicker than to keep constant company with these trench rats. And when a man kills, kills, kills, for days and sees his best friend, perhaps his brother, killed by a shell, perhaps torn to pieces so his mother wouldn't recognize him, and has to go on killing, he comes back to the rest huts weary in body and soul and worse than that practically dehumanized, with every feeling gone from him.

To Furnish Diversion.

"And the object of the Y. M. C. A. is to soften these men up, to give them something to think about, home, the future, to entertain them and occupy their minds, while they are resting up their bodies for the fight that is to come. Some people still retain the old idea that Napoleon worked out a system for that the best fighting man is a soldier hardened and with all thoughts of the past, the future, good or bad, gone out of his mind. But General Pershing has sent a message to us, the Y. M. C. A. workers, asking that we teach the men the value of learning how to live, and not to die. That's the Y. M. C. A.'s job, keeping the love of life and the memory of home and loved ones alive in the soldiers at the front, and it takes the very best men that we can send to do this."

Dr. Derbyshire said there had been some criticism of the Y. M. C. A. sending women to the huts at the battlefront, quoted his friend Conings-by Dawson, the noted author, now a Captain in a Canadian unit, as saying it was wrong to bring women to the front, where the soldiers could see them and have memories of home and their loved ones around. But refuting this argument he told the story of an old soldier in the American forces, a profane fellow, known as "hard boiled, who when the first woman came to the Y. M. C. A. hut in a certain sector of the American front, sat and looked at her for two hours, never saying a word, just following her with his eyes as she went about her tasks. Finally the woman asked one of the men to find out what the soldier wanted, so the Y. man went to him and asked him what he had on his mind. The profane old fellow, with a characteristic expression said, "Get t' —— out'er here. Can't a guy even look at a good woman?"

Good Women Needed.

"Men, that expresses the whole situation. Nothing more can be said of the need for good women to be in these Y. M. C. A. huts in the battle line, as well as for good men. The best isn't too good for these men who are fighting our fight."

Dr. Derbyshire advised his hearers to get over any idea that they may have that the war will be over within a few months, and for that reason postpone any action toward getting into the war work of the Y. M. C. A. It is the general opinion in France, he says, that the war will continue for two years at the least, that it will take that long to use up Germany, but that the Allies are going to do it. But there is every need for quick action, here as well as at the battle front in order that the soldiers, when they get to the front line, serve their time there and are sent back for a rest, find something to rest them, and so this appeal is being made to the people of Texas for 3,000 business men to go to France by September 1, to make up the forces that will sustain the morale of the fighting men of the first line.

Mr. Scott spoke following Dr. Derbyshire's talk, giving an outline of the wor kof the recruiting board, of the work of the recruiting board, pointed to serve for Wichita Falls and vicinity.

Other speakers at the meeting were: I. H. Roberts who presented some Rotary emblems, brought from the International Convention at Cincinnati, to the clubs; W. D. Cline, who spoke briefly of the coming drive of the Salvation Army for the second War Fund; and T. R. T. Orth, who brought the message that President McFall would return soon, his wife's health being much improved.

Dr. C. R. Hartsook, the vice president, presided. There were several guests present, in addition to the guests of honor, including Major Alfonte, commanding officer at Call Field, and Major Curtis M. Atkinson, chief medical officer of the post. These two officers are honorary members of the club.

PRINT PAPER PRICE REOPENED BY COMMISSION

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The federal trade commission will reopen the print paper case July 29 at the request of the manufacturers. The trade commission fixed a price of $3.10 per hundred pounds for roll in carload lots before the wage increase was granted.

Flow of Troops Has Impressed The Britishers

Associated Press Mail Correspondent.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN England, June 11.—America's increased flow of troops into France has brought to the British public a realization of the magnitude of the movement. The comings and goings of force after force have impressed the residents of England with the might of their new ally as nothing else has.

Since the first days of May the growing volume has been apparent. Wave after wave of the American troops have moved forward from the ports of arrival through the country to rest camps and from them on to the ports of embarkation with only enough pause to get the sea wobble out of the men's legs.

The number of rest camps—the name that has come to be applied to what really are concentration camps—has been increased, and British traffic men are finding themselves heavily taxed to maintain uninterrupted the shuttle of shipping between England and France. The British are doing that part of the work and American officers have been high in their praise of the efficiency displayed.

Americans are in command of the men they land and are responsible for them in the temporary camps and up to the point of going to the piers where ships are waiting to carry them to France, but the transportation both across the country and overseas is in the hands of men who have been moving the British millions since 1914.

It is at the rest camps that the American soldier gets his first real stop in the voyage he began at an American port. At the port of debarkation he is given scarcely a pause and no opportunity whatever to look around. From the ship that brought him over he is marched directly to a waiting train. Then the journey to camp is begun. But the trains are fast and the country is small so the journey never is long.

When the train stops there is a march, usually for two or three miles but in some cases the column must move on foot for ten or twelve miles before camp is reached. To the Britisher who sees passing every day the thousands of men the sight is impressive.

In London, at General Biddle's headquarters, statistical officers and officers of the quartermaster corps continuously go over tables of figues that vary only as the size of convoys vary, and direct the distribution of each new lot of arrivals, and eventually their re-shipment to France.

COFFEE CROP DAMAGED BY BAD WEATHER

By Associated Press.

RIO JANEIRO, July 12.—Unusual cold and heavy snow is reported from all parts of southern Brazil and the coffee plantations in the state of Paulo have been damaged seriously. Early reports placed the loss at 600,000 contos. The coffee production of Sao Paulo in 1918, 1919 and 1920 probably will be curtailed as thousands of plants have been destroyed in many sections.

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

DOSCH ELECTRIC
706 9th Street. Phone 220



Reading Musical Notes

is difficult if your eyesight is not perfect. The many lines and directions; the sharps, flats and octaves; and the finer points of the selection are slurred over if you cannot read every thing quickly and easily. Let our optical department examine your eyes and tell you what is required.

Haltom & Friedly
OPTICAL PARLOR
Entrance Through Jewelry Store
614 Eighth St. Phone 575

IF YOU HAVE NOT VISITED

Piggy-Wiggly

You have missed seeing the really, modern, sanitary, scientific plan of handling and sellin groceries.

WE INVITE YOU TO COME TOMORROW OR ANYTIME AT YOUR CONVENIENCE.

And whether you wish to buy or not, you will be cordially welcomed.

You will find here a line of the most select, standard groceries, weighed on automatic scales and put up in tight packages without being touched by human hand.

Economy is the watch word—and our prices you will find are from 10 to 20 per cent lower than equally standard gods can be bought for under other store plans.

WE DO NOT CASH CHECKS

PIGGLY-WIGGLY
811 Ohio Avenue
Across the street from Mack Taylor Drug Store

A Saving Both of Food and Money

Here are some hints that will help you economize.

Regard your refrigerator for what it is, the greatest conservator of food in the world.

Keep your good refrigerator at top notch efficiency. Don't skimp on ice. Keep plenty of our pure ice on hand all of the time, so that the fruits, vegetables, meats, etc., on storage will be kept fresh and palatable. If you keep a watchful eye on your ice supply you will never lose any food by spoilage, and much food that you would ordinarily consign to the garbage pail can be preserved 'till another day and served again.

You can save money by taking a plentiful supply of ice. Ice is cheap. It is far better to buy a little more than you need than not enough. The important thing is to keep the good ice chest at a steady temperature.

If you do that, the ice won't melt so fast. And the foods will keep better.

Don't put hot dishes in the refrigerator. The heat raises the temperature and, as a result, the ice melts quickly.

Don't leave the refrigerator doors open one minute more than necessary. The inrushing warm air counteracts the chill from the ice.

Peoples Ice Co.
Phone 81-259

Natura's Best Remedy
Wichita Mineral Water
S. W. STOUT, PROP.
1600 Holliday St. Phone 33

WHITE & RAGSDALE
Petroleum Geologists
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Maps North Texas Oil Fields
Room 2 Ward Bldg. Phone 2816

Men's Linen Collars Slightly Soiled
5c
Saul's Help Move Sale

F. A. BLACK, D. C.
Chiropractor
Consultation and Analysis FREE
Lady Attendant
Office Hours Only
Office 702 Indiana. Phone 2208.
9 to 12—1:30 to 5

You'll Never Find Any Dirt Under My Rugs!

Cleaned Electrically

Follow this suggestion—utilize electricity in your home. What would you think of a miller whose mill was located beside a water fall who ground wheat by hand power?

Yet many house wives do just that when they drudge daily with a broom or other methods.

THE OHIO TUEC SUCTION CLEANER makes the home cleaner, neater, and more healthful—hence happier. It is doing so in thousands of bright cherry homes throughout the country and it will do the same for yours.

Ask us to demonstrate the OHIO TUEC. A trial will convince.



NUNN ELECTRIC CO.
816 Indiana Avenue Phone 837
When in Dallas Visit Our Store, 1618 Main Street

45 SOLDIERS IN AIR SERVICE ARE NATURALIZED HERE

Forty-five soldiers, in the Air Service at Call Field, became citizens of the United States of America this morning, Judge E. R. Meek and the Federal court of Wichita Falls, the Northern District of Texas, sitting in special session for the purpose of naturalizing these soldiers. The naturalization took place under a special act of Congress, recently passed, simplifying the process of naturaliastion for soldiers in the United States army. Seven countries, England, Italy, Russia, Denmark, Sweden, Turkey and Switzerland were represented in the applications for naturalization.

Following the administering of the oath by the clerk of the court, Lewis C. Maynard, Judge Meek declared the soldiers citizens of the United States by the order of the court, and gave them a short talk on the duties and privileges of citizenship. The oath was administered to the men with regard to their nationality, the citizens of each country being grouped together for the oath renouncing allegiance to their former country and swearing allegiance to the United States of America and it's government.

Two civil cases were disposed of by dismissal at this special session of court. These were, W. B. Chauncey, trustee in bankruptcy, vs. Fred Schwendt of Crowell, and W. B. Chauncey, trustee in bankruptcy vs. Garlington Grocery Company. Judge Meek and Mr. Maynard returned to Dallas this afternoon, after completing their business here.

FEDERAL OFFICER COMING SATURDAY FOR INSPECTION

All members of Troop E of the North Texas Brigade of Cavalry, both officers and enlisted men, are called to be at the National Guard headquarters at 7:30 Saturday morning to prepare for Federal inspection, the officers of the troop announce. The Federal inspecting party, including Colonel Wallach and Colonel Ingerton, will be here on Saturday, according to the latest advices and the organization must be in readiness for the inspection. Major Napier returned today from Camp Stanley to be present at the inspection. He urges the necessity of every member of the local troop be on hand early Saturday morning.

Major Napier states that it is the understanding at present that the Texas cavalry will be stationed at Alpine or at Fort Stockton, near El Paso, as soon as Federalized. A definite date for the mobilization of the troops and their entrainment for the camp is expected to be announced following inspection.

11 RECEIVE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS FOR GALLANTRY

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The Distinguished Service Cross has been awarded by General Pershing to 11 more officers and men of the American expeditionary forces for gallantry, the official communique from American headquarters in France today announced.

Lieutenant Colonel Logan Feland and Major T. H. Turrill, of the marines, received their crosses for their part in the fight at Belleau wood on June 6.

The others cited to receive the cross, seven of them for their work at Seicheprey on April 20 and 21 were:

Sergeants Benjamin James and Joshua H. Broadhead; Corporal James R. Thornlee, Privates H. R. Johnson, J. C. Parent, Edward L. Dion, Jeremiah Tryon, Frank P. Gordon and Willard S. Pauley.

The award to Broadhead and Gordon were made posthumously.

PARALYZED WITH FRIGHT RUN OVER BY TRAIN

By Associated Press.

TEMPLE, TEX., July 12.—Mrs. Clay Kegley wife of a young farmer near here, was paralyzed by fright when a freight train approached her as she was walking to church on the tracks last night and she was unable to step off the tracks. She was killed.

$175,000,000 MORE CREDIT TO GREAT BRITAIN

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 12. — Great Britain was granted today an additional credit of $175,000,000 by the treasury department, making the total loans to her to date $3,345,000,000 and the total credits to the Allies $6,266,590,000.

Market Report

Cotton Market

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 12.—There was renewed buying on the Texas drouth situation in the cotton market here at the opening today. First prices were 9 points lower on July but generally 2 to 8 points higher with the tone steady and July soon worked up to 27.98, or four points net higher while October sold at 24.99, and December at 24.41, or 22 to 26 points net higher. Early wires from Texas said there had been showers in some sections but that drouthy central and western sections of the state were still dry and it was expected that the weather reports later in the day would show even higher temperatures. The advance was checked by realizing toward the middle of the morning, however and there were setbacks of several points later on showers south and west of Houston.

It seemed that the urgent demand from shorts had been supplied on the early advance and selling on the private rain news from Texas sent new crop deliveries about 6 to 10 points net lower before the end of the morning with October touching 24.67 and December 24.09. The market was steadied by renewed covering at this level however and there were rallies of 15 or 20 points shortly after midday.

Trading was quiet during the early afternoon. The detailed weather report for the Houston district proved about as expected and created no fresh interest with October ruling around 24.76 and December 24.15 or about 3 points higher to 4 points net lower.

Cotton closed barely steady.

New Orleans Cotton.

By Associated Press.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—After a decline of six to nine points on the opening today cotton steadied on the continued drouth over Texas and rose to a level 25 to 32 points above yesterday's close. Offerings were light at the advance.

Private reports of scattered rains in Texas caused selling under which the market in the trading up to noon fell 2 to 19 points under yesterday's close.

The market became nervous and unsettled. At 1 o'clock the trading months were 12 points up to 1 point off compared with the final quotations of yesterday.

Cotton closed steady, 8 points down to 6 points up.

Liverpool Cotton.

By Associated Press.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—Cotton spot quiet; prices steady. Good middling 22.67; middling 22.04; low middling 21.51; good ordinary 20.52; ordinary 19.99. Sales 2,000 bales, including 1500 American. Receipts 19,000; American 10,500 bales. Futures closed quiet. New contracts July 21.90; August 20.71; September 19.77; October 19.28; November 19.00; old contracts fixed prices July 20.89.

New York Stocks

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Shippings and specialties imparted some degree of strength to the general list in the early dealings of today's stock market. Marine proferred gained almost a point while Atlantic Gulf and Sumatra Tobacco rose 2 points. Industrials showed perceptible improvement under lead of U. S. Steel and Crucible Steel and equipments were fractionally better. Most of these gains were materially extended during the first half hour. Liberty Bonds were steady.

The mid-day reaction carried Reading a point under yesterday's final price but this soon was retrived. Lackawanna Steel broke 1⅜ and U. S. Steel lost all but a fraction of its advance. The market hardened again after 1 o'clock.

Leaders were variable again in the hour but minor specialties showed extreme advances of 1 to 2 points. The closing was firm. Liberty 3½'s sold at 99.60 to 99.66, first fours at 93.96 to 94.10, second fours at 93.96 to 93.96 to 94.16 and 4¼'s at 5.84 to 95.96.

BIRTH CONTROL ADVOCATE WILL BE RELEASED

Special to The Times

CLEVELAND, July 12.—Dr. Ben Reitman, of Chicago, serving a six months sentence in the Warrensville workhouse for spreading birth control propaganda, was to be released today, according to Superintendent Burns of Warrensville farm.

Seven hundred dollars of the $1,000 fine attached to the sentence has been paid by Chicago friends, Burns said, and two months have been taken off the sentence for good behavior.

Grain Market

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Sharp advances in the value of corn took place today owing more or less to active demand from millers and to prospects that the movement of corn to primary centers might soon be curtailed. Continued need of greater heat and moisture tended also to put the bears at a disadvantage. Opening prices which ranged from ⅛ to 1⅜ higher with August 1.60 to 1.60½ and September 1.60 to 1.60¾ were followed by decided further gains.

Oats bulged with corn. On the advance, however, hedging sales became noticeable and acted as a check on the bulls. After opening unchanged to 3 higher with August .71 to .72¼ the market steadied at a slight further gain.

Subsequently a material reaction was caused by announcement that President Wilson had begun drafting a veto of the bill increasing the guarantee price of wheat and that attempts to override the veto probably would fail. The close was nervous, 1¾ to 2¼ net higher with August 1.61¼ to 1.61⅝ and September 1.61 to 1.61⅛.

Higher quotations on hogs and grain lifted provisions.

	OPEN.	HIGH.	LOW.	CLOSE.
CORN—				
July	1.60	1.64	1.59¾	1.61½
August ...	1.60	1.63¾	1.60	1.61½
Sept.	1.60	1.63½	1.59¾	1.61
OATS—				
July	.75	.78	.75	.75½
August	.71	.72⅞	.71	.71⅝
Sept	.70	.71⅞	.70½	.70¾
PORK—				
July				44.75
Sept	45.50	45.50	45.25	45.25
LARD—				
July				26.30
Sept	26.35	26.35	26.27	26.30
RIBS—				
July	24.35	24.35	24.30	24.30
Sept	24.80	24.82	24.72	24.75

Kansas City Cash Grain.

KANSAS CITY, July 12.—What number 2 hard 2.26@2.33; number 2 red 2.21.

Corn number 2 mixed 1.73@1.79; number 2 white 2.08@2.12; number 2 yellow 1.78@1.80.

Oats, number 2 white .78@.78½, number 2 mixed .75@.75½.

Chicago Produce.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Butter, unchanged.

Eggs, receipts 8,797 cases, unchanged.

Potatoes, receipts 30 cars, unchanged.

Poultry, alive, unsettled; fowls 29½; springs 35.

Livestock

Fort Worth Livestock.

FORT WORTH, TEX., July 12.—Cattle, receipts 6,500. Beeves $6.00@16.00; stockers $6.00@8.00; heifers $6.00@8.50; cows $4.75@8.25; bulls $6.00@7.50; calves $6.00@12.50.

Hogs, receipts 1,000; heavy $17.50@17.60; light $17.40@17.50; medium $17.25@17.50; mixed $16.75@17.25; common $16.25@16.75; pigs $10.00@16.00.

Sheep, receipts 500. Lambs $12.50@16.00; yearlings $12.00@13.50; wethers $11.50@12.50; ewes $10.50@12.00; culls $6.00@8.00; goats $5.00@7.75.

Kansas City Livestock.

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 12.—Hogs, receipts 4,000; 5 to 10 higher. Bulk $17.40@17.65; heavy $17.60@17.70; light $17.35@17.60; pigs $16.50@17.00.

Cattle, receipts 3,000, including 700 southerns. Steady. Prime fed steers $17.50@18.35; dressed beef steers $13.00@17.25; southern steers $8.00@15.00; cows $7.00@13.00; heifers $8.00@16.00; stockers $7.50@15.50; calves $8.00@14.25.

Sheep, receipts 1,000. Steady. Lambs $16.00@18.75; yearlings $14.00@17.00; wethers $12.00@14.50; ewes $8.00@12.50; stockers $6.50@16.50.

HUNG JURY IN CASE AGAINST SHERIFF HAWKINS

A hung jury resulted in the trial of the suit, E. L. Kimbrough vs. G. A. Hawkins, sheriff, et al, in the 78th district court. Kimbrough was suing for $5,000 damages alleging false arrest of his wife by members of the sheriff's department. The jury was said to be divided, eight for the plaintiff and four for the defendant.

In the 30th district court trial of the suit, John E. Roller vs. the Whale Oil Company, continued this afternoon. The trial was begun Thursday morning.

Deeds Filed For Record.

R. H. Gracey and wife to J. Sparkman, lot 7, block 12, Floral Heights addition to the city of Wichita Falls, $8,500.

TAX COLLECTOR'S OFFICE OPEN 'TILL EIGHT O'CLOCK

All women of Wichita county who haven't registered at 8 o'clock tonight will have to wait a year to get to vote, for at that hour the registration booth in County Tax Collector Bullard's office at the court house, will close and no more registrations can be accepted. At three o'clock this afternoon 2011 had registered, and there were prospects that the registration would reach the 2200 mark, thus exceeding the early expectations.

The new supply of blanks ordered by Mr. Bullard has been put into service and if the rush continues this new supply may be exhausted. As the last registration day drew to a close the registrants came thicker and the candidates who have been lining the corridors of the court house became more assiduous and the walks about the building became more thickly strewn with cards.

So far the honors of oldest registrant in this county lies with Mrs. L. A. Dunn, who registered last Saturday at Iowa Park. Mrs. Dunn is 87 years of age but declared herself intensely interested in voting.

Military Escort For the Body of Lieutenant Ross

With a military escort of thirty cadets, carrying rifles, the body of Lieutenant Harry J. Ross, who died following a fall in a plane at Call Field Thursday at noon, was taken to the Union Station this afternoon and sent to the home of the young officer's father, Edwin J. Ross, of Philadelphia. Lieutenant Gallagher, an intimate friend of the aviator, accompanied the body to Philadelphia.

Lieutenant S. A. Emerson, who was in the plane with Ross when the fatal accident occurred was said to be all right this afternoon, having escaped with some minor scratches and bruises.

ANGELUS BELLS TO BE RUNG DAILY

In accordance with a custom, carried out in a number of places in the United States, and which will probably be made more general by the passage of the resolution urging prayer for the victory of the Allied arms, now up in the House, the Noon Angelus will be rung on the bells of the Church of the Good Shepherd each day, reminding the people to stop to pray for peace and victory.

To Whom It May Concern.

I will not be responsible for any debts or obligations contracted by any one other than myself from or after July 11, A. D., 1918.—Nick Pappas.

52-6tc

Pictures of 73rd Aero Squadron.

Friends desiring group photos of the 73rd Aero Squadron, which recently left Call Field, may procure them by calling at Bartlett's Studio 710 1-2 Ohio, between 3 and 5 p. m. Sunday. Prices 50c, 75c and $1.00.

52-2tc

GENERAL PETAIN GIVING LITTLE REST TO HUNS

(Continued from page 1.)

back to prisoners. Between the Aisne and the Marne, French patrols have penetrated the enemy positions near Roussaires, south of Corcy, the scene of the latest French gain, which the Germans have made no attempts to dispute. On the Marne front American troops have routed a German patrol which attempted a raid. On this front as well as on most of the British front from Ypres to the Somme the weather has been rainy and stormy.

Air operations have suffered from the unfavorable atmospheric conditions and artillery activity has died.

Claims Capture American Aviators.

Berlin claims that five airplanes out of an American squadron of six which attempted to raid Coblenz fell into German hands, the crews being made prisoners. There is no confirmation of this report from any source. British airmen have dropped bombs on Offenburg, a manufacturing town southwest of Karlsruhe, Germany. American aviators on the Toul sector have accounted for two enemy machines. Austrian forces in eastern Albania continue to retire before the pressure of the advancing Franco-Italian detachments. In the Tomorica valley the enemy is fleeing northward before the French who have reached the valley from the east and and occupied several villages. Italian troops on the west have occupied the commanding peak of Glumaka, capturing 250 prisoners. This height commands the district between Beral and the Tomorica.

Bolshevik troops report having gained successes over the Czecho-Slovaks troops in eastern Russia and Siberia. It is claimed the Czechs have been driven from towns on the Volga both northeast and southeast of Moscow. General Miravieff, commander of the bolshevik forces, operating against the Czechs, has checked, according to an official Russian wireless dispatch, after a futile attempt to start a counter movement against the bolshevik.

Hear Hon. Lucian W. Parrish, candidate for Congress, speak on the issues of the day at the corner of Eighth and Indiana tonight. 52-1tc-adv

Men's Kool Kloth Suits

$6.49

Saul's Help Move Sale

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 in 1

WHITE LIQUID

White Shoe Dressing

WHITE CAKE

FOR MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

W. H. H. DAVIS CORPORATION, LIMITED, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Going Out of Business

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY

Used Player Piano $100

Used Player Piano including fifty rolls of music $260

Two upright pianos second hand, good condition, your choice $35



Other pianos both new and second hand at a rediculous low price.

Yes we are quitting business, our sheet music is all sold. Small goods of all description are gone, nothing left but pianos and they will not last long.

Your last opportunity to buy a piano cheap, (Easty Terms).



Aeroplane Quality—Submarine Price

Harrison-Everton Co.

Saturday Is Men's Day *in the* Annual Summer Clearing Sale

Men of economical turn of mind will find many remarkable bargains in summer and early fall suits, as well as in straw hats, underwear, odd pants and shirts

One rack men's summer suits, blue flannels, light and dark cool cloth, values $12.50, $15.00 and $18.00 at .. $8.75

One rack of men's woolen suits—blue serge, grey tweeds and grey mixtures, good range of sizes—regular values $22.50, $25.00, $27.50, splendid suits—heavy enough for fall wear—sale price $15.00

One rack of light color palm beach, $7.50 and $8.50 values at $4.95

All other summer suits, woolens included ..... 1-4 OFF

One table men's felt hats at $1.00

All straw hats ..... Half Price

One lot boys' summer hats 50c

All sizes in a good athletic union suit at 50c

10 per cent off on all men's odd pants.

One rack boys' woolen suits, values to $10.00, on sale at $5.00

25 per cent off on all boys' suits.

20 per cent off on boys' wash suits.

Men's $5.00 fibre silk shirts, Saturday only $3.95

Buy War Savings Stamps with your savings

P.B.M.C. DEPARTMENT STORE

Special values for men and boys in our shoe department.

Oil Well Supplies at Bargain

1380 feet 28 lb. 8-inch casing.
2000 13 lb. 6 1-4 inch casing.
3000 feet 20 lb. 6 5-8 casing.
3000 feet 2 inch tubing, 1800 lb. test.
3000 feet sucker rods.
1500 feet of pull rod.
Five turn buckles.
Five 100-barrel galvanized tanks.
Will sell all or any part of these supplies at sacrifice prices.

Western Oil Company

912 Lamar Ave. Wichita Falls, Texas

Phone 2553 from 6:30 a. m. 'till noon.

Plaza Cafe

807½ Indiana Avenue

A Regular Place for Regular People at Regular Prices

H. O. GOSSETT, Proprietor.

Phone 2499

Phone 1191 The Old Stand—415 7th

L. COHEN—Novy Iron & Metal Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

Highest cash prices for Scrap Iron, Bottles, Metal, Rope, Bones, Sacks, Rubber, Empty Wood Barrels and Junk of All Kinds

Carload lots a specialty—Don't fail to call or wire before you sell

HERE IS
A MAKE-ROOM SHOE SALE AT HARRY'S

Saturday, July 13th, we are going to put on sale for **Ten Days Only,** every Pair of Shoes in Our House. We are doing this because we need room for new fall goods that will soon arrive, and it will mean a saving in price to you that will appeal to you, if you read the prices in this ad and pay us a visit. We can shoe every member of the family as our stock is complete, and we carry an enormous stock of shoes

Read This Ad and Don't forget the Date–Ten Days Only–Starting Saturday, July 13th 8 A.M.



Men's Low Shoes

We carry a line of popular priced men's shoes that are as good as the best. All sizes, all widths, any style last or shape and every pair guaranteed by us to give perfect satisfaction. Mahogany calf dark brown oxfords in English and other lasts, all sizes and widths.

$12.00 grades on sale at **$8.95**
$10.00 grades on sale at **$6.85**
$8.00 grades on sale at **$5.85**
$7.00 grades on sale at **$4.85**

Same styles as above in black vici kid, or glazed kangaroo, prices same as above.

$6.00 Low Shoes $2.85

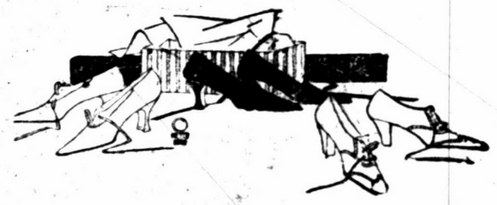
We have a line of broken lots in men's low shoes, in black and brown, all sizes but odd lots. They are all new styles and new goods we are sure to fit you in some style. We can save you from $2.00 to $4.00 on a pair of these if we can fit you in the style you want. Don't miss this chance.

High Shoes for Men

HIGH SHOES FOR MEN

English Walkers, straight lasts, and other shapes, black vici kid or gun metal, black glazed kangaroo, brown vici kid, or brown calf skin in fact any leather you want, al sizes, AA to EE in width.

$12.00 grades on sale at **$8.95**
$10.00 grades on sale at **$7.85**
$9.00 grades on sale at **$6.85**
$8.00 grades on sale at **$5.85**
$7.00 grades on sale at **$4.85**
$6.00 grades on sale at **$3.85**
$5.00 grades on sale at **$2.85**



Ladies' White Low Shoes

All new this seasons styles all sizes and widths.

Read These Prices

Ladies white kid lace oxfords, high L. X. V. covered heels, hand turn soles, worth $10, sale price **$6.85**

Ladies white kid pumps, leather or wood heels, broken sizes, worth $7.00, sale price **$3.85**

$5.00 Values $2.85

15 styles of ladies' white canvas and linen pumps, high and low heels, all sizes and widths, all new goods, and latest styles. We are going to move these goods at once and the supply want last long at this price so hurry here and get a pair of these $7.00 values at **$2.85**

$7.00 Values $2.85

White kid combination pumps combined with grey and brown kid quarters with white vamps, al sizes, $7.00 value at **$2.85**



White Boots, $7.00 Values at $2.85

Genuine white sea island boots, high covered heels, hand turn soles, all sizes and widths, $7.00 values at **$2.85**

$12.00 WHITE KID BOOTS FOR $7.85

While they last we will sell our best grade of white kid boots at a price never heard of before. Get here quick, $12.00 values at **$7.85**

$1.50 Baby Mary Janes **95c**
$4.00 ventilated oxfords for men .. **$2.95**
$3.00 misses' white baby dolls **$1.35**
$1.50 white tennis shoes **95c**
$1.00 white tennis shoes **65c**

$1.00 Silk Hose at 49c

These all ladies boot silk hose in black and white and all a dandy value. Don't miss this bargain. 4 pair to a customer.

$2.00 Silk Hooe at 95c

These are ladies' fancy pure thread silk hose and come in many different patterns.

$3.00 Baby Slippers at 95c

These are in patent, white or dull leathers, sizes 2 to 8, all new goods and new styles. Get your baby 3 or 4 pair while you can save a dollar a pair on them.

$1.00

Can you wear a small size shoe or slipper? We have about 200 pairs of ladies odd and end slipers and shoes, all small sizes, 2 to 4½ only, if you have a small foot we can give you a bargain as sure if these are worth up to $7.00 a pair. Come early and get best pick.

We do not fit these

Harry's Sample Store

Remember the date, Saturday, July 13th 10 days only.

Basement Kemp & Kell Building

PHONE 1535

Walk down stairs and save a dollar

Ladies' Lace Oxfords



These goods just arrived in our house and are as classy as they can be, all sizes AA to E, come in black finish kid, grey washable kid, and white washable kid. We are going to put these out at a price that will move them quick.

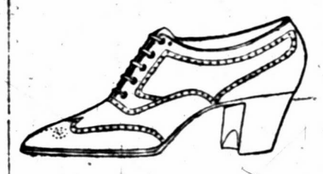
$10.00 grey oxfords at **$7.85**
$10.00 white oxfords at **$6.85**
$10.00 black oxfords at **$6.85**
$8.00 black oxfords at **$5.85**

Ladies' Black Pumps on Sale



These are all new styles and up to the minute in quality and loks.

$10.00 values at **$7.85**
$9.00 values at **$6.85**
$8.00 values at **$5.85**
$7.00 values at **$4.85**
$6.00 values at **$3.85**
$5.00 values at **$2.85**



Sport Boots and Oxfords, $6.00 Values $1.95

These come in buck and canvas, trimmed in white, brown and green leather trimmings. They will make elegant walking shoes and are a wonderful value.

White and Palm Beach Oxfords for Men



A new stock of these goods will be sacrificed at out of season prices. We have them in all sizes and widths.

$6.00 grade on sale at **$2.95**
$5.00 grade on sale at **$2.45**
$4.00 grade on sale at **$1.95**
$3.00 grade on sale at **$1.45**

Men's Work Shoes, $5 Grade, on Sale at $2.95



Here is a line of men's work shoes that cannot be equaled anywhere for the money. They are all oak soles and the best of solid leather. We stand behind every pair we sell. Black or brown, all sizes. One pair to a customer, $6.00 values on sale at **$2.95**



White

FLEXO-SOLE

Canvas shoes for misses' and children $3.00 values

$1.45

Here is a shoe for your girl or boy that is a winner for summer wear, it is made with an extension sole and is very flexible, and will give elegant service. We have these in all sizes from 8 to 2. Don't wait until they are gone or the sizes broken. We are selling these below cost to make room for fall goods.

$3.00 values at **$1.45**

Wanted To Buy Second-Hand Furniture and Stoves!

Star Furniture Co. Phone 1011

SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE—Tree spraying. I actually kill the bugs. Phone 1347 or 2588. 33-tfc

SCHMIDT SPRINGS—Ten miles north of Wichita Falls, is open to the public for picnics. A charge of 50 cents for each car is made. No shooting allowed. A. Schmidt. 49-5tp

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

PLUMBING—Quickest yet repair shop. Anderson Plumbing Co., 910 1-2 Indiana. Phone 2588 or 1347. 9-tfc

WANTED—To rent two unfurnished rooms. Call 1922. 51-3tc

WANTED—To buy, small safe. Phone 2089. 42-tf

WANTED—to buy a baby sulky, must be in perfect condition, for cash. Phone 1565. 52-tfc

I WILL PAY the highest prices for rags, iron, bones, all kinds of metal and rope. Wichita Junk Co. 47-26tc

BANDY'S DAIRY one mile southeast of town. To whom it may concern: We will take ten or twelve good milch cows, giving from 1 1-2 to 2 gallons per day, and will pasture on good grass until 1st of October. Any one wishing to let their cows out for feed call 183 and we will call for them. 48-tfc

WANTED—To rent furnished cottage for indefinite length of time; do not answer if place can not be rented for winter. Phone 1536. 51-3tc

WANTED—To buy old junk cars. L. Cohen Iron & Metal Co. 51-3tp

WANTED—We have several customers for nice homes. If you want to sell, phone 87. Anderson & Patterson. 51-10tc

WANTED—To rent by couple without children, small, modern furnished or unfurnished cottage or bungalow. Phone Mrs. W. A. Muller, American hotel. 51-3tp

DRY CLEANING and pressing plant for sale, 704 7th street. 51-3tc

WANTED—Bring your clothes to 301 Travis street. Also plain sewing; prices reasonable. 52-6tp

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

EVANGELIST BROWN in his sermon to mothers, stated he purchased The Book of Knowledge for his children and if he could not replace it, he would not take $1,000 for the set. If you care to examine this wonderful book, address, Box 825, Wichita Falls, Texas. 34-tfc

FOR SALE—One general electric 14 inch fan; first comer gets it. Phone 2484. 52 3tc

FOR SALE—Cheap restaurant at Burkburnett, doing good business. Apply 306 Lee and see owner. 50-3tc

DAVINETTE, Rocker and Victrola for sale. Phone 9025F1-1. 52-3tp

FOR SALE—Complete furnishings of 12 room boarding house, close in on car line. Phone 2142. 29-tfc

FOR SALE—Slightly used piano. Same can be seen at McFall Transfer and Storage, 613 7th st. 29-tfc

WINONA MILLS, Underwear, Hosiery and Sweaters. Orders taken now for fall delivery. T. M. Smyre, sales agent. Phone 278. 37-30tp

FOR SALE—Messenger service 1915 Ford car, $350.00; also piano $150.00. Phone 2094. 51-3tp

FOR SALE—One good gas cook stove and kitchen cabinet, 1511 14th street. Phone 1201. 51-2tc

FOR SALE—Three ceiling fans. Phone 632. 551-6tp

FOR SALE—Billiard parlor and bowling alley, making good money. Good reason for selling. A bargain. Phone 2238. 48-6tp

FOR IMMEDIATE sale at a bargain, L. C. Smith typewriter No. 8, good as new. One 5x7 Graflex with carrying case, fast Anastigmat lense and numerous appliances. Call at 1201 Bluff. 50-tfc

FOR SALE—Several different makes and sizes of slightly used gas and kerosene and steam tractors, all kinds an sizez tractor plays; 15 h. p. Fairbanks & Morse portable engine; 18 h. p. P. & O. portable engine. Write us your wants and get figures.—Clark Machine Co., Wichita Falls, Texas. 50-6tp

FOR SALE—Furniture or part of furniture for 5 room cottage with privilege of renting house. 807 Lamar. Phone 2075. 52-6tc

DRESSMAKING

SPIRELLA CORSETS made to measure; trained corsetier. Phone 1393. 311-tfc

DRESSMAKING, alterations. 705 9th street. 49-12tc

MISCELLANEOUS

THE CARTER mineral water is the best. Try it. Sample free. Phone 9010R15. 52-6tp

FOR TRADE OR LEASE

FOR TRADE—9 or 10 three and four-room resident houses to trade for grass land. See J. S. Beard, 800 Lamar, owner. 29-tfc

LIVESTOCK

STRAYED—One black horse mule, 15 hands high, weighs 1200. Return to Peoples Ice Co. and receive reward. 47-tfc

FOR SALE—Fresh cow and heifer calf. 1508 11th st. Phone 1974. 43-tfc

FOR SALE—One Jersey cow 3 to 4 gallons milk per day, no calf. One Ford delivery car. H. D. Chappell, Scotland, Texas. 49-6tp

Ponder

THE SECONDHAND MAN

Buy, sell, repair and upholstering.

Phone 718.

FOR RENT—Bed Rooms

FOR RENT—Southeast bed room. 1316 12th street. 52-3tp

FOR RENT—Lovely southeast front bed room with garage, gentlemen preferred. 1106 Burnett. Phone 549. 41-tfc

FOR RENT—Upstairs southeast bed room. 904 Austin. Phone 1426. 34-tfc

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front bedroom southeast exposure. 1202 Scott. Phone 967. 46-tfc

FOR RENT—Nice large bedroom, gentlemen preferred. 600 Scott. Phone 1094. 47-tfc

FOR RENT—Nice cool southeast bedroom with bath, $2.50 per week. Apply 514 Travis. Phone 2436. 50-tfc

NICE bed rooms for rent by day or week. Globe Rooms, 713 1-2 Indiana. 52-6tc

FOR RENT—Bed room, close in. 1006 7th street, phone 1860. 52-tfc

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished southeast front bedroom connecting bath, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Phone 2210. 1213 Scott. 50-3tp

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS

FOR RENT—Furnished light housekeeping rooms; no children. 1311 8th. Phone 235. 31-tfc

FOR RENT—2 furnished light housekeeping rooms with bath, 512 Burnett. Phone 1594. 52-3tc

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished southeast corner rooms, with connected bath, close in on pavement, for one month. Call 2851. 551-tfc

FOR RENT—2 furnished light housekeeping rooms on car line. 1319 11th street. 52-3tc

FOR RENT—Part of my home furnished for rest of summer. 1501 Travis. Phone 17. 45-tfc

FOR RENT—Two light housekeeping rooms to couple without children. 1404 Austin. 46 6tp

FOR RENT—Two furnished light housekeeping rooms. 1005 5th street. 50-3tc

FOR RENT—2 furnished housekeeping rooms close in, 1003 Travis. Phone 1483. 50-tfc

FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms at 1210 Indiana. No objection to children. Phone 1522. 42-tfc

FOR RENT—One light housekeeping room, furnished. 1205 Austin, phone 101. 51-tfc

FOR RENT—3 furnished light housekeeping rooms. 211 Elm st. 52-3tc

UNFURNISHED ROOMS

FOR RENT—2 unfurnished rooms, all modern conveniences. Apply 1911, 9th st., or phone 231. 51-tfc

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD and rooms at 1104 Holliday, modern, one block car line, one block High school. Phone 1987. 52-3tp

RESIDENCES—For Rent

FOR RENT—Several houses well furnished for light housekeeping rooms; close in. Inquire 722 7th st. Phone 2590. 50-3tp

FOR RENT—Offices and Stores

FOR RENT—Store room at 807 1-2 Ohio ave. Phone 632. 52 6tp

FOR RENT—Nice store building on Seventh street. Price $35 per month. Thomas & Bland. 47-tfc

FOR RENT—Nice large office rooms in Hines Bldg. Will fix up to suit occupants. Phone 496 or 373. 25-tfc

FOR RENT—25 foot store room on Ohio ave., between 6th and 7th sts. Will lease on good terms. L. T. Granberry, 505 K. & K. Bldg. Phone 860. 41-tfc

APARTMENTS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment, Kemp Kort. Three rooms and bath. Phone 1739. 51-3tp

FOR RENT—Furnished apartment up to October first. Phone 312. 51-3tp

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—One of best business corners in city—not a saloon corner. Phone 64 or 65. 306-tfc

FOR RENT—Garage at 1009 10th st. 39-tfc

FOR RENT—Garage Ninth and Huff. A. R. Watland, Penney Co. 52-3tc

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Boy's blue sailor suit, size 5. Phone 1721. 50-3tp

OIL LEASES FOR SALE

I HAVE a very promising oil lease south of Burkburnett, with deep tests going down on two sides, that I will give a man a bargain on, as I cannot look after it. R. E. Powers, Durant, Oklahoma. 52-3tp

FARMS AND RANCHES

TO SELL—320 acres best land 5 miles southwest Clovis, well improved, nice growing crop and stock and farming implements. Am forced to sell on account going to war. W. H. Rutter, Route A. 48-5tp

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD and rooms at 1203 Burnett st. Phone 1868. 46-12tc

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—Reliable salesman to sell a first class reliable oil lot and stock proposition combined. With holdings in Ranger and Electra oil fields; good position for either men or women. C. R. Cox, 517 7th street. St. James Hotel. 24-26tp

WANTED—Laborers for either day or night crew, good wages. Apply 1806 Bluff. 34-tfc

WANTED—Man to dig four or five water wells, for half machine and expenses and board furnished by me. Box 36, Scotland, Texas. 50-4tp

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—Maid at Westland Hotel. 34-tfc

WANTED—Cook at 810 Lamar, colored woman preferred. 31-tfc

HELP WANTED—Female; competent help at Pond's Laundry. Highest wages paid. 38-tfc

WANTED—Woman for general housework, good pay to the right party. Phone 2319. 48-6tc

WANTED—Woman, colored or white, to help do cooking, at Ohio Cafe. 625 Ohio. 51-3tp

CHAMBERMAID wanted at Alpine hotel. 52-3tc

WANTED—Young women 17 years of age and over for telephone operating; a vocation that combines good wages, generous treatment, permanent employment and definite advance. Salary of $7.00 per week paid when entering school. Apply to the chief operator, Telephone building, Scott and Ninth streets. Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Co. 41-tfc

SITUATIONS WANTED

POSITION WANTED—By experienced lady stenographer. Phone 1425. 50-3tp

POSITION WANTED—By combination bookkeeper and stenographer, by young lady of experience. Can furnish best of reference. Address, B 100, care Times. 43-tfc

USED AUTOS FOR SALE

1917 FORD touring car, cheap; extra accessories. See J. W. Pond. 50-tfc

FOR SALE or trade, 1917 5 passenger Dodge in good condition. Must be sold by Saturday. O. F. Marchman, 723 Ohio. Phone 2851. 51-2tc

FOR SALE—Practically new Dodge touring car with Cord casings, $950.00. New Velie roadster at a bargain. Columbia Auto Sales Co., 809 Ohio Ave., phone 828 or 506. 49-tfc

FOR SALE—Oakland six roadster at a bargain. Good condition. Terms. Phone 2816. 45-tfc

FOR SALE—One new light six Buick $1350.00; one new eight six Buick, $1200.00; one big six Buick, $1450.00. Lloyd Weaver Automobile Co. 618 Scott. Phone 740. 47-6tc

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a new six cylinder Overland five passenger, run less than 200 miles. Absolutely good as new. See me quick. Wichita Velie Motor Sales Co. 812 Scott street. 49-5tp

FOR SALE—Five passenger Ford in good shape. Can be seen at Spradling Garage, 717 Wall street. 50-3tp

FOR SALE—5 passenger Chevrolet, new tires, looks and runs like new, price $375.00. Standard Garage, 704 Scott ave. 51-6tp

FOR SALE—Dodge touring car, been run 7000 miles, in A-1 condition. This is a bargain for quick sale. Phone 353, 515 8th st. 52-3tp

FOR SALE—Ford car at Ponder Furniture Co. 52-3tp

FOR SALE—City Property

$150.00 cash, balence $25.00 per month get possession of good four room house on Burnett street; extra large lot. A real good buy.—Roy R. Nanny. Phone 635. 50-3tp

WANTED—You to list your property with us for sale. We have several buyers. Thomas & Bland. Phone 99. 51-tfc

NINTH STREET bargain, five large rooms, nice lawn and trees, garage and outbuildings, small payment down, balance on easy terms. Price $3150.—Roy R. Nanny. Phone 635. 50-3tp

LIST your property with N. A. Moore. Phone 1378. 49-tfc

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Have one new six room house and one five room house on Scott, close in, both modern and in good condition, clear of encumbrance. Would sell at a bargain or trade for home in Southland or Floral Heights additions. Now rented for $50.00 per month.—Roy R. Nanny. Phone 635. 50-3tp

FOR SALE—8 room modern home on corner lot on 10th street, owner leaving city and desires to make quick sale. This house was built for a home and not for speculation. See this place now. Thomas & Bland. Phone 99. 51-tfc

OIL EXCHANGE

"Your Surest Place To Keep Posted"

New wells coming in every day. Profits enormous. Every week you hear of some of your local friends who have struck it rich in the oil business. The quickest and greatest returns in the world have been made in oil.

It is to your interest to be posted. We handle everything pertaining to the oil business and can make and save you money. Call and see us.

HUEY & COTTON

Office next door to Hearn Hotel Phones 2036 and 1473

FOR SALE—City Property

SIX ROOM house for sale, five blocks from business center, terms. D. M. Jones. Phone 44. 270-tfc

FOR SALE—Practically new 8 room house in Floral Heights, southwest front, concrete foundation, storm cellar and cistern; elegant plumbing system, a beautiful location, $4200. Phone 1670. 45-10tp

5 ROOM house on Travis near river, in good repair, $50.00 cash, $20.00 monthly payments. Phone 2121. 294-tfc

A REAL HOME, best location and lot in city, 7 large rooms, sleeping porch, bath room, 2 nice pantrys, nice orchard and vineyard in back lot; house strictly modern throughout. Will make great sacrifice if sold at once. Phone 2461, or see place located 1610 11th street. 47-tfc

LIST your property with N. A. Moore. Phone 1378. 49-tfc

FINEST location on Tenth street, corner lot, 6 room bungalow nicely finished, garage, every convenience, very low price $4750.00. Terms. R. H. Chandler, phone 1352. 50-3tc

FOR SALE—$5500.00 will buy 8 room modern house on one of the best east front lots in the city. If you want plenty of room, good location and your money's worth call us about this place at once for it must sell quick. Good terms. Thomas & Bland, phone 99. 51-tfc

FOR SALE $50 to $100 down, balance monthly, seven houses in Floral Heights. Phone 1352. 52-3tc

BRICK BUNGALOW—Owing to owners financial condition he offers to sacrifice this new six room brick bungalow in Southland addition; modern in every way. Out-buildings and on corner lot. Will sell for less than actual cost of building. Attractive terms. Price $3500.—Roy R. Nanny. Phone 635. 50-3tp

FIVE ROOM brick cottage, modern throughout and very desirable part of city in Floral Heights for sale at bargain at once. Phone 2160. 280 tfc

TWO houses on Lamar, $100.00 cash, balance like rent. Phone 1352. 52-3tc

SIX ROOM cottage, 3 plumbing fixtures, French doors, finished in ivory, built in cabinets, all new, built less than year. Call 825. 804 Travis. Sell or trade quick. 49-tfc

$1650.00 will buy five room, modern house, one block off pavement, house in good condition. Will take in Ford car as first payment; balance easy.—Roy R. Nanny. Phone 635. 50-3tp

$850 BUYS four room house on Taylor street, $250 cash, balance $15 per month, full size lot, east front, a nice little home. Roy R. Nanny, phone 635. 50-3tp

ON 9th street, 5 room bungalow, must sell, $2800.00. Small cash payment. R. H. Chancellor, phone 1352. 52-3tc

BEST BUY on 8th street, four large rooms, modern in every way, owner offers to sacrifice if sold by the 15th of this month, $2250, cash $500, balance payable easy monthly payments. Roy R. Nanny, phone 635. 50-3tp

FOR SALE—6 room cottage with sleeping porch, all modern conveniences. Phone 884. Mrs. T. S. Freeman. 51-3tc

FOR SALE—5 room modern house, 13th street. Terms. Phone 2155. 52-tfc

CLOSE IN on Travis, large roomy, two story home, garage and all out buildings, orchard on large corner lot. Price only $4500.00, terms. Phone 1352. 52-3tc

FURS IN WAR TIME RISE SHARPLY IN PRICE

The spring fur sale in London showed a sharp advance in certain varieties of skins, according to the report of Consul General Robert P. Skinner, which says:

"The American buyers purchased freely of the finer furs, but the main support came from the home trade. Orders from France were small, buyers therefrom being unable to attend.

"Compared with the January, 1918, sale, Australian opossum declined 20 per cent; fox red Australian, sold readily at an advance of 15 per cent compared with the spring sale of 1917, black bear rose 30 per cent and brown and white, 50 per cent. Mink advanced 25 per cent. Kolinsky rose 40 per cent as did civet cat. Beaver advanced 100 per cent, but prices did not reach those obtained in the winter sale. For gray fox the demand slackened, but old prices were realized, while red fox advanced 70 per cent. Squirrel rose 60 per cent and mole 20 per cent; for the latter there was keen competition. White hare advanced 110 per cent; nutria rose 90 per cent. Spring musquash advanced 60 per cent; winter, 80; fall, small and shot, 90, and southern, 120. Skunk advanced 50 per cent; American opossum, 35 per cent, and raccoon, 25 per cent."

Hear Hon. Lucian W. Parrish, candidate for Congress, speak on the issues of the day at the corner of Eighth and Indiana tonight. 52-1tc-adv

Try a Times Want Ad.

Political Announcements

For District Attorney:
FLETCHER S. JONES

For District Clerk:
A. F. KERR

For County Tax Collector:
J. P. JACKSON
M. L. TITTLE
E. S. WHITELAW

For County Tax Assessor:
T. E. RAGSDALE

For County Clerk:
M. P. KELLY
WILL T. HARRIS

For Sheriff:
R. L. (BOB) McFALL
G. A. (GEORGE) HAWKINS
FRANK L. BURNS
J. L. HUFFINE

For County Treasurer:
T. W. (TOM) McHAM

For County Attorney:
JOHN DAVENPORT
ED YARBROUGH

For County Judge:
SHIELD HEYSER
W. T. CARLTON
J. P. JONES

For County Commissioner, Precinct 1:
M. K. EMMERT
ST. CLAIR SHERROD
JOHN FORE

For Justice of the Peace Precinct No 1, Place 1:
R. V. GWINN

For Constable Precinct 1:
W. W. HUMPHRIS
J. B. NAIL
R. L. RANDOLPH

For Justice Peace, Precinct Place 2:
C. J. (DAD) ARRINGTON
P. H. LEATH

Lodge Directory

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen meets every second and fourth Tuesday nights of each month at new Odd Fellows hall, 708½ Seventh.—E. L. Richardson, Cor.

Knights of Pythias Lodge.
Meets Friday night. Initiation in the Rank of Esquire.
Dr. J. W. DuVal, C. C.
H. P. HODGE, K. R. S.

Wichita Falls Lodge No. 635 A. F. & A. M. stated meetings first and third Friday nights in each month.
C. M. CROWELL, W. M.
C. M. DODGEN, Sec.

Wichita Falls Chapter No. 202, R. A. M. stated convocations second Friday nights in each month.
M. M. COOKE, H. P.
C. M. DODGEN, Sec.
Work in the Chapter tonight
Work in Council Saturday night.

Wichita Falls Commandry No. 59. Regular conclave fourth Friday night in each month.
N. M. CLIFFORD, E. C.
J. W. WALKUP, Rec.

Wichita Falls Chapter No. 237 meetings first and third Tuesday nights of each month.
MRS. JESSIE CARITHERS, W. M.
MRS. NANNIE M. JENNE, Sec'y.

Wichita Falls Lodge B. P. O. E. ELKS.
Meets first and third Monday nights of each week at Elks' Hall.
J. WILKIE TALBERT.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.
Wichita Falls Council No. 1429 Knights of Columbus, meets every second and fourth Tuesday at 8 o'clock. Harrison-Everton Hall. Visiting Knights welcomed.

MODERN ORDER PRAETORIANS.
Council No. 359 meets Second and Fourth Thursday nights in lodge room above Overland Sales room, Eighth and Scott.
F. E. JOHNSON, Recorder.



Especial Attention Given to five gallon orders. Rural Phone 9001, Ring 14.

10th St. House Now Vacant!

Five room house at 2606 Tenth Street ready for occupancy. Price like it stands to owner, $3750.

$4,000.00 worth of Vendor Lien notes, secured by 320 acres of land, bearing 8 per cent interest.

$7.50 worth of extra good City Vendor Lien notes ready for delivery.

We stil want to buy some house to move.

Stehlik and Baber, Exclusive Agents—Phone 2331

THEY ALL SAY

SOME DAY

I'm going to build in the

RESTRICTED DISTRICT of Floral Heights

—they feel that this is their ultimate home-location;
—ideally located—close in, yet away from the noise and dust;
—a five minute drive from the business section;
—high elevation;
—building restrictions.

Make your decision to buy NOW! See us for prices and terms.

HUEY & COTTON

Office Suite 305—Kemp & Kell Bldg. Phones 1478 and 2036

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708 9th Street. Phone 2[illegible]

Phone 231 or 232

For your groceries, fresh meats, nice fresh vegetables, fruit, etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

BLACKARD BROS.
710 9th Street.

Wanted!

We have several customers wishing to buy residence property. If you have something, priced right, list it with us for prompt action.

Conservative Loan Company of Texas
PHONE 2167
705 Ohio Ave.

GOOD?

Well you know it. Sure enough honey made by southwest Texas honey bees.

KING'S

"Cash and Carry" Grocery
721 Seventh Street.
'The Patriotic Store'

For City Loans, Farm or Ranch Loans—
For Fire and Tornado Insurance see
FRED T. COUPER
205 First National Bank Bldg. Phone 382

J. H. Patton W. S. Gullahorn
PATTON & GULLAHORN
Office 712½ Ohio Ave. Phone 2375. Real Estate and Investments. Oil Leases a Specialty. We handle Farm and Ranch Lands Everywhere. Buy and Sell City Property.

ANDERSON & PATTERSON
Insurance of all kinds—Loans, Real Estate and Rentals—615 Eighth

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We clean and block all Hats—we make old look like NEW.
LADIES—All kinds of fancy shoes our specialty. We're expert shoe dyers
SUITS CLEANED, PRESSED, SHOES REPAIRED
CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED
Phone 580 618 8th St

Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works
BETTER SERVICE
Phone 620

OUR SUPPLY OF COAL
May surprise those who wait too late to order their winter supply. A new order to restrain coal shipments from counties which have sufficient wood or gas supply may be issued in the near future. We are filling orders just as fast as possible and will endeavor to fill all orders that are given early. Government prices are at bins. Extra charge for delivery. Terms are cash absolutely.
Maricle Coal & Feed Co.
707-10 Phone 437

Professional Cards

ATTORNEYS

ROBERT E. HUFF
Attorney-at-Law
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CARRINGTON, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN
Lawyers
Room 120 First National Bank Building

W. F. Weeks Harry C. Weeks
WEEKS & WEEKS
Attorneys-at-Law
512 First National Bank Building

J. M. BLANKENSHIP
Lawyer
Civil and Criminal Law
Office Phone 1327. 207 K. & K. Bldg.

J. R. OGLE
Attorney-at-Law
Notary Public
Room 311 K. & K Building. Phone 2862

T. F. HUNTER
Attorney-at-Law
Suite 204-206 First Nat'l. Bank Building
Phone 421

RALPH P. MATHS
Attorney
Office: Room 216 First National Building
Phone 719

H. W. Nicholson C. B. Felder
NICHOLSON & FELDER
Attorneys-at-Law
Offices: 310 First National Bank Building

J. M. Bonner T. H. Greenwood
BONNER & GREENWOOD
Attorneys-at-Law
Phone 121
Ward Building Wichita Falls

SMOOT & SMOOT
Lawyers
Office in Fridberg Building

John C. Kay J. W. Akin
KAY & AKIN
Attorneys-at-Law
Office: 416 First National Bank Building

W. LINDSEY BIBB
Attorney-at-Law
Room 4 and 5, over National Bank of Commerce

MARTIN, BULLINGTON, BOONE & HUMPHREY
Rooms: 511—12 13 14, K. & K. Building

Bernard Martin B. G. O'Neal
MARTIN & O'NEAL
Attorneys-at-Law
Office Room 206 K. & K. Building

W. E. Fitzgerald H. F. Weldon
FITZGERALD & WELDON
Attorneys-at-Law
Office: 304-306 First Nat'l. Bank Building
Phone 117—Notary in Office

FLETCHER S. JONES
Attorney-at-Law
Associated with Carrigan, Montgomery & Britain. 320 First National Bank Bdg. Phone No. 7 Wichita Falls, Texas

W. B. Chauncey John Davenport
CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT
Lawyers
211 K. & K. Building Phone 1424
Practice in all the Courts

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

DR. L. COONS
Has moved his office from Taylor Bldg., to First National Bank Bldg., room 301-2. Office phone 137. Residence Phone 11.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

DR. JUDGE R. E. RICHARDSON
Licensed Graduate Veterinary and deputy interstate inspector and general practice. Residence phone 1078; Office phone 83. Office: 510 Ohio

DENTISTS.

DR. W. H. FELDER
Dentist
605 Seventh Street

ARCHITECTS AND CIVIL ENGINEERS

SANGUINET, STAATS & PATE
Architects
507 K. & K. Bldg. Wichita Falls, Tex.

ISBELL & METCALFE
Civil Engineers and Surveyors
Room 4 and 5 over National Bank of Commerce. Office Phone 702; Res. 705.

GUARANTEE ABSTRACT AND TITLE COMPANY
W. F. Turner, Manager
702 Seventh St. Office phone 631
Courthouse Phone 1961

M. M. COOKE
Civil Engineer
Office Phone 630. Res. Phone 1788
Room 508 Kemp and Kell Building

50 CENT MINIMUM FOR GAS COMPANY IS AGREED UPON

THIS MINIMUM WILL BE EFFECTIVE DURING SUMMER MONTHS —$1.00 IN WINTER.

Settlement of the minimum gas charge question was effected at the meeting of the Wichita Falls council last night, the council and representatives of the North Texas Gas Company agreeing on a minimum charge of 50 cents a month, to be in force until November. C. B. McKinney, president of the company, and J. B. McCabe, secretary and treasurer, both from Denison, together with H. P. Hodge, the local manager, and A. H. Carrigan, the company's counsel, represented the North Texas Gas Company at the council meeting.

The company had announced its intention of charging a $1 minimum to all customers. It had previously raised the rate per thousand cubic feet to the maximum allowed in the charter, 50 cents. Mayor Marlow and the city council protested against the charging of a $1 minimum through the summer and asked for a conference with the officials of the company, in the mean time advising gas consumers not to pay their bills until a settlement is reached. The gas company agreed that the 10 per cent discount allowed for payment of bills before the tenth of the month should be allowed all bills on which payment was deferred while waiting this settlement, and also to refund money to patrons who paid their bills without protest, if they had not used as much as 2,000 cubic feet of gas, the refund to represent the difference between the charge for gas actually consumed and the $1 minimum.

The conference with the gas company formed the most important business at the Thursday night meeting, the council doing little else, outside checking the regular monthly reports of the city officers. The Gulf Refining Company was granted a permit to install a gasoline filling station at the corner of Ninth and Lamar, where they will build a "drive-in station."

The ordinance permitting the Wichita Valley railroad to build a side track to the new mill was passed on the second reading.

The council members present were: Mayor J. B. Marlow, Aldermen Reed, Lea and McCutchen.

LUCIAN PARRISH SPEAKS TONIGHT AT EIGHT-THIRTY

The Wichita County Parrish Club has completed arrangements for Mr. Parrish's address here tonight. It will be given from a float near the War Savings Bank on Eighth street. It will start at 8:30 o'clock.

Mr. Parrish will be introduced by District Attorney Leslie Humphrey, who has known him intimately for many years.

Before the speaking the band will play.

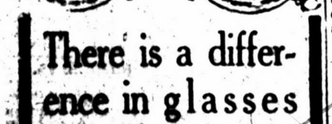
This will be Mr. Parrish's first speech in Wichita Falls during the campaign and the Clay county man has hundreds of friends here who are preparing to give him an enthusiastic reception.

Mr. Parrish addressed a meeting of women voters in the county court room at the court house this afternoon. He spoke at Alvord last night and was delayed in reaching here this afternoon, but came in time to speak to the ladies a number of whom were gathered to hear him.

The Wichita County Parrish Club extends a special invitation to women voters to come out to hear their candidate tonight.

We have a few of those $2.50 and $3.00 coupon books left, which we are going to sell at 10 per cent discount. Cash. $3.00 books for $4.50 and $2.50 books for $2.25. These books can be bought at these prices till Monday night. These books buy sugar and picnic hams at 25 cents per pound and all other first class meats, butter, bread, eggs, lard, bacon and everything in our market. Sanitary Meat Market, 616 7th st., phone 2527. 51-3tp

DR. J. W. DU VAL
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat
Glasses Fitted.


There is a difference in glasses ground to fit your eyes.
Decide to have your next glasses ground to fit—you will be agreeably surprised
FONVILLE OPTICAL CO.
WE GRIND ALL OUR LENSES
Phone 2161


You can fill it with your eyes shut
A Good Fountain Pen

—is one that will write the instant you touch it to the paper, that will not spread more ink than wanted whether you write fast or slow—we sell and recommend the
Conklin Self-Filling, Non-Leakable Fountain Pen
The beauty of these pens is that they can be carried anywhere, in any position, up-side-down, in the pocket or in a ladies' purse
They Never Leak and Remember We Guarantee Them to Satisfy or you get a New Pen
Price $1.00 to $10.00
First Attention To All Orders For The Sick
Palace Drug Store
Phone 34-35
Special Attention Given Our Prescription Dept.

REV. M'CANN HERE TO BEGIN WORK AT CALL FIELD

Rev. R. W. McCann, of San Antonio, who recently resigned his position as pastor of the Central Baptist church at that place, in order to take up work in the army under the auspices of the Baptist Mission Board, has been sent to Wichita Falls and will be associated with the First Baptist church here in carrying on his work at Call Field. During two years service at pastor of the Central Baptist church at San Antonio, Rev. McCann was very successful in an aggressive and continuous work for the betterment and growth of church and community, and the members of his church, in expressing their regret at his resignation, adopted resolutions praising his efforts and success, citing the following qualities of his work with them:

"Due to the high tide and spirit of evangelism he has ever held our church to, our membership has increased to more than 3 times as many as when he first became pastor.

"The offerings fostered by our denomination have increased from 50 percent to 100 percent.

"Under his leadership some of the church property has been converted into a commodious home for a church parsonage, and enhanced its worth to us at least $2,500.00.

"He has ever striven to lead our church to its highest usefulness in the work of evangelizing our army men, and his labor has been richly rewarded in witnessing 1066 men confess Christ as the Saviour and 532 back-slidden Christians renew their loyalty and duty to their Lord.

"Knowing his work to be without a parallel in the history of our church, we, the church, now assembled, do, by a vote, and prayer most heartily commend him to our Christian brethren everywhere, as a most successful and untiring minister and servant of our Lord."

Rev. McCann has an office at the First Baptist church and will begin his work in the Y. M. C. A. at Call Field immediately.

THREE ARRESTS FOR INTOXICATION IN JUNE

The police department during the month of June was more remunerative than during the mouth of May, the report turned in to the city council Thursday night shows $315 in cash being collected during June in comparison with $300 during May. Fines assessed during last month amounted to $420, while there were $494 in fines assessed during May.

In addition to the $315 paid in cash in fines last month fines amounting to $8.50 were served out in jail and street work to the amount of $2.50 done. There were only three complaints of drunkenness on the docket during June, one of these being a "horse liniment" drunk, while the two others were Juneteenth celebrators on left-over whiskey.

WORK IS PROGRESSING ON ELECTRA BRIDGE

(Frederick Leader.)

Work on the Oklahoma-Electra bridge across Red River, five miles east and 13 miles south of Frederick, is going forward rapidly. Report was made to The Leader today that the piling was all placed with the flooring following rapidly. It is expected that the bridge will be open for traffic within a short time.

The bridge will connect Frederick with Electra and its oil fields, and will prove a source of great convenience to farmer residents on both sides of the river.

It is being built by a corporation, and will be maintained by toll charges.

TO ALL PRAETORIANS.

Please call at collection window of First National Bank and get your receipt as I will not be able to call on you this month. Thanking you to attend to this I remain,

Yours truly,
F. E. JOHNSON,
Recorder.
51-2tc

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Genuine Panama Hats
$1.98
Saul's Help Move Sale

Bathing Suits
all prices.
Bathing Shoes, Caps, Ear Stopples and Water Wings.
Wilfong & Woods
OFFICE SUPPLIES AND SPORTING GOODS
704 Ohio Phone 10

PLAZA AIRDOME
TONIGHT
The Big Musical Comedy hit of the season
Complete change of program every night
New Songs New Scenery
High Class Pictures
Coolest Spot in Town

STREET CAR AND AUTO COLLIDE; TWO WOMEN HURT

Mrs. A. E. Davis, of Holliday, was seriously injured and Mrs. J. R. Morgan, of Mankins, was slightly hurt when the automobile in which they were riding, collided with a street car at the intersection of Austin and Thirteenth streets, about twelve-thirty this afternoon. The automobile a five passenger Saxon, was knocked about forty feet into a ditch at the side of the street and was badly damaged. According to eye witnesses, the street car was going west up Thirteenth, the automobile going south on Austin. It appeared that neither the driver of the automobile nor the street car motorman was able to see the danger until too late, the nature of the buildings at the intersection making a view from either direction of Thirteenth street impossible. Neither occupant of the automobile was thrown from the car. Mrs. Davis was badly injured about the face and head with probable internal injuries.

Mrs. Morgan was only slightly bruised about the forehead. Both were immediately taken into neighboring homes where their injuries were given the necessary attention. The automobile belonged to Mrs. Davis, who was driving at the time of the accident.

LOCAL BREVITIES

B. F. Johnson returned this morning from Dallas, where he yesterday o. k.'d the proofs for the oil map of the Texas and Oklahoma oil fields, which is to be distributed as an advertisement of Wichita Falls as an oil center. Mr. Johnson also did some work on the proposition of a new hotel for Wichita Falls, and expects to have a more definite plan for the stock company organization to be presented at next week's meeting of the Chamber of Commerce directors.

Dr. J. F. Reed received a telegram yesterday announcing the death of his youngest sister, Mrs. Lillian Stovall, at Nashville, Tenn. Dr. Reed was unable to go to Nashville to attend her funeral on account of the illness of Mrs. Reed.

L. H. ROBERTS
CEMENT WORK
GENERAL CONTRACTOR
Walks, Curbing, Steps, Cement, Work, Floors, Foundations
Street Crossings
Telephone 504

GO-GETTERS!
We want your grocery orders and are in a position to save you 15 to 25 per cent. Come Saturday and Monday and take advantage of these wonderful bargains.

Swift premium hams 34c and ...35c
Dry salt bacon ...30c
Best picnic hams ...28c
Best creamery butter 50c and ...55c
Best country butter ...55c
Big line of dried fruits of all kinds to sell cheap.
2 cans California table peaches .$1.00
Fine creamery cheese two lbs. for 65c
Best onions per lb. ...5c
Pure South Texas strained honey in jars at $60 and ...$1.00
2 cans pineapple ...25c
No. 1 cans corn ...10c
No. 1 ½ cans best tomatoes, 2 for 25c
Best rice flour, per lb. ...11c
10 lb. sack best corn meal ...60c
4 bars small Ivory soap ...25c
5 bars Cotton Bole, Clean Easy or Labor Saving soap ...25c
15c bars Palm Olive or Cream Olive soap ...10c
Large bucket White Swan or White House coffee ...$1.25
4 cans Pet milk ...25c
2 large cans milk ...25c
30c bottles Armour's Grape Juice 20c
25c cans best sweet potatoes ...20c
40c cans Good Luck Baking Powder for ...30c
5 cans Babbitt's Cleanser ...25c
Big line of fresh cakes of all kinds to sell cheap.

McCARTY & McCARTY
"Where Price and Quality Count."
Phone 80 716 Indiana Ave.
We deliver all orders of $2.00 or more free.

MEMORIAL
RELIABILITY—When the best citizenship say—"They are the most reliable," you know they speak the truth. Ask about us in this country and see what they say, your interest and our interest makes us wholly reliable. Wichita Marble & Granite Works Phone 449—A. G. DEATHERAGE, Prop.—406 7th St.
BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
SCULPTURE

HARPER COMPANY DRILLING DEEP TEST AT BACON

R. E. Powers, a prominent land owner of Durant, Oklahoma, is spending a few days in the city, having come over to look after the interests of the Harper Oil & Gas Company, which is drilling a deep test at Bacon Switch, about eight miles north of Wichita Falls. This company, of which Mr. Powers is vice president, is one of the strongest in the field and has among its stockholders Col. Munston and Col. McDougall, millionaire capitalists of Denison, Texas, and Tom Rodgers, president of the Denison Bank and Trust Company; Zach Wright, cashier of a bank at Tioga, Texas, and O. R. Nicholson, a banker and big land owner of Durant, Oklahoma.

The Harper Oil & Gas Company has a large acreage and is determined to make a thorough test of their holdings. Frank Harper, an old experienced oil man from the eastern oil fields, is in charge of the drilling. Mr. Powers expresses himself as well pleased with the prospects for a good well, judging from the structures so far encountered and says that the work will be vigorously pushed from now on.

Wichita Falls people will watch developments at this well with much interest, as its success would mean bringing the producing field several miles closer to the city.

MORTUARY

Funeral services for Mrs. Ellan Josephine McCarty, age 50, who died early Thursday morning, were held from the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Rieland, 505 Mississippi, at six o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Harriat Lowder died this morning about five o'clock at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. H. Tjaden, 1700 Six and one-half street. Funeral services will be held from the home at three o'clock Saturday afternoon. Rev. H. F. Draper conducting the services.

For tomorrow we will have beans, celery, lettuce, green asparagus, radishes, beets, cauliflower, peppers and fresh tomatoes. Blackard Bros. Gro. Phone 231 and 232. 52-1tc

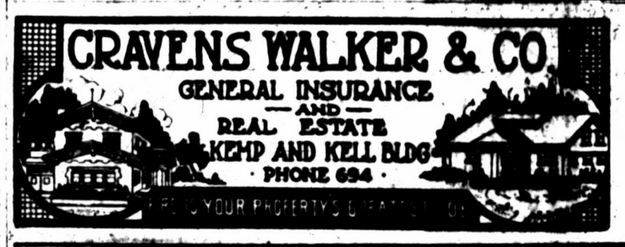
Hear Hon. Lucian W. Parrish, candidate for Congress, speak on the issues of the day at the corner of Eighth and Indiana tonight. 52-1tc-adv

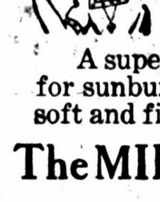
First Anniversay Sale
July 13th, 1918
Denotes the beginning of ouur second year in Wichita Falls.
Extra ordinary values will be offered on this date. Watch our windows for specials.
F. W. Woolworth Co.
5-10-15c Store
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On your trip or to your home—nothing will help you more to while away these hot days than reading a good book.
Our tables are now overflowing with good summer reading suitable for all ages.
Drive by and get several to read on your trip.
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You can conserve in your expenditures if you will let us dry-clean your last spring's suit.
Phone 404 DE LUXE DRY CLEANERS "We Clean Everything" A. J. VIETS. Prop. 614 Scott

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A superior Vanishing and soothing cream for sunburn and tan. Leaves the skin clear, soft and firm. 25c and 50c jars.
The MILLER DRUG STORE
H. T. THORNBERRY, Prop.
Phone 193 8th and Ohio Free Delivery

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Others wonder how we can do this. We don't sell at cost—we make a profit on every article we sell—however we do not try to get rich on one customer. We believe many small profits beat a few large profits in the long run.
We make the price—to see is to believe.
WICHITA TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE.
707 Eighth St. R. H. HOLLINGER, Prop. Phone 2222

A Full Fresh Pound Durhams Desiccated Cocoanut 35c
WHERE??????????
BERT BEAN COFFEE HOUSE
WE ROAST COFFEE EVERY DAY.
Our teas are blended to meet local requirements.
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BERT BEAN COFFEE HOUSE
824 Indiana Ave Telephone 38

Buy War Stamps
Help Finance the War and
Inculcate Thrift.

Wichita Weekly Times

SAVE SUGAR
FOR THE MAN WHO FIGHTS

Volume XXVIII. WICHITA FALLS TEXAS, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1918. NUMBER 3

COUNTER REVOLUTION GAINS GROUND IN PARTS OF RUSSIA AND SIBERIA

ANTI BOLSHEVIKI MOVEMENT GAINS THROUGH SIBERIA

CZECHO-SLOVAK CENTER OF RAPIDLY SPREADING COUNTER REVOLUTION IN LAND

BOLSHEVIKI FLEE

Many Reported Trying to Escape into Mongolia—Reactionary Element at Harbin.

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—The situation in Siberia is undergoing important changes and the counter revolution assisted by the Czecho-Slovaks is spreading all over western Siberia, says a dispatch to the Times from Pekin dated July 4. The bolsheviki are being driven westward from Irkutsk and many are endeavoring to escape into Mongolia.

Referring to the Czecho-Slovak movement as a basis for the struggle against bolshevikism in Siberia, the correspondent predicts that it will lead to the elimination of the bolsheviki in a short time. The question of intervention, however, is still pressing, he adds, because Russia is torn with political difficulties and personal jealousy and there is urgent need of a responsible government.

Political circles in Harbin are discussing the danger of a new government in the eastern provinces which may be formed of elements favoring the old regime. Pro-Ally forces at Harbin have declared for an immediate summoning of the constituent assembly which would appoint a provisional government, the real need of the situation.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS WANT TO FIGHT ON WESTERN FRONT

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—Czecho-Slovak troops now operating in Russia desire to fight on the western front and do not want to be mixed up in Russian internal affairs. A memorandum to this effect has been presented to the Japanese foreign minister and the Allied ambassadors in Tokio by Colonel Vladimir Hurban on behalf of the Czecho-Slovak national council, says the correspondent of the Times at the Japanese capital. The memorandum says among other things that the conflict between the Czecho-Slovaks and the Russian soviets must be settled for the following reasons:

"Our forces are acting in Russia according to the orders of the Czecho-Slovak council which can only be modified by Prof. T. G. Masark in agreement with the other members of the council. The orders are to transport the forces to the French front.

SAYS CONSCRIPTION NEAR IN RUSSIA

By Associated Press.
PARIS, July 10.—Speaking at the opening today of the general congress of Russia soviets, Leon Trotzky, the bolshevik minister of war said, according to a dispatch received here from Basel, this morning: "Russia is on the eve of a general military service conscription." Trotzky also emphasized the necessity of Russia having a powerful army.

FINLAND WANTS FOOD FROM ENTENTE POWERS

By Associated Press.
STOCKHOLM, July 10.—General Mannerheim, commander of the Finnish government forces today visited Mr. Morris, American minister to Sweden and asked what chance there was of Finland getting food from the Entente powers. The general painted Finland's food situation in darkest colors. Mr. Morris told him there was little chance of Finland getting supplies while controlled by Germany.

DISCIPLINE BREAKING DOWN IN SECOND GERMAN ARMY

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—Indications of a breakdown in discipline in the second German army are found in two orders issued by General Von Der Marwitz which have fallen into British hands, says the correspondent of the Times at British headquarters in France. In the orders General Der Marwitz makes this complaint:

"Discipline, which is the keystone of our army, is seriously shaken. Cases of soldiers refusing to obey orders are increasing to an alarming extent."

FINNS TO REFUSE TO GIVE FOOD TO JEWS AFTER SEPT. 30

By Associated Press
STOCKHOLM, July 10.—The Finnish government has ordered all Jews expelled from Finland before September thirty and has instructed all communities to deny food to Jews after that date, according to reports reaching the Jewish press bureau here.

NEW PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT FOR SIBERIA SET UP

REPORTED TO HAVE SUPPORT OF PEOPLE AND WILL CONTINUE TO FIGHT CENTRAL POWERS

TO RESTORE ORDER

Vladivostok Seat of New Government Which Will Summon Constituent Assembly.

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—A new provisional government for Siberia, which has the unanimous support of the population and which will continue to fight the central powers has been established at Vladivostok, according to a Times dispatch from Tokio quoting the Vladivostok correspondent of the Asahi. The new government intends to summon a constituent assembly and to restore law and order throughout the country.

The program of the new government includes the liberation of Siberia from the bolsheviki; the avoidance, if possible, of foreign intervention; universal suffrage; establishment of provisional councils and a labor bureau; distribution of the land among the landless and control of economic activities.

Siberia will thus, adds the correspondent of the Times, become the first democratic state in the history of Russia, and it is hoped, the forerunner of a great Russia.

The flag adopted by the new government consists of two stripes of white and green.

JAPAN'S DUTY TO SAVE RUSSIA SAYS DR. TAKAHASHI

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—Dr. Saku Takahashi, professor international law at the Tokio University, arguing in ex-Premier's new magazine, Taikwan, for Japanese intervention in Siberia, is quoted by the Times as saying:

"Japan's defeat of Russia exposed Russia's weakness especially to the kaiser, hence Japan is probably responsible for Russia's collapse and it is Japan's duty to save her. I think President Wilson erra in placing bolsheviki professions on a plane comparable with the democracy of the United States.

"When we think of the danger to Siberia which threatens the future of Japan, a danger from a nation far more to be dreaded than ever was Russia in the old regime, it becomes our right to intervene in Siberia."

Professor Takahashi says Siberia should be aided by supplying the people with necessaries and by conserving the means of transportation. Japan, he says, must send an army strong enough to gain the confidence of the anti-bolsheviki and to protect the men, material and railways. He proposes to make Siberia a buffer state to counteract German penetration in the Far East.

ANOTHER STATE ORGANIZED IN NORTHERN RUSSIA

By Associated Press.
AMSTERDAM, July 10.—Simultaneously with the establishment of the White Sea republic according to advices from Moscow, another state was created in the north of Russia under the name of the Wologdaczhe republic. It comprises all of northwestern Russia from the White Sea to the Asiatic frontier. The Wologdaczhe republic is said to be in sympathy with the aims of the Entente Allies.

ARTILLERY DUELS NORTH OF MONTDIDIER REPORTED

By Associated Press
PARIS, July 10.—Artillery duels on the front north of Montdidier and south of the Aisne, near Chavigny, where French troops have recently made inroads upon the German lines, were announced by the war office today.

The statement reads:

"Activity was displayed by our own and the enemy's artillery north of Montdidier and south of the Aisne, in the region of Chavigny farm. In the Champagne French troops carried out several raiding operations which resulted in the taking of prisoners.

"On July 8, seven German airplanes were brought down and two captive balloons set on fire and destroyed by our air forces."

ALLIES AIDING NON BOLSHEVIK ON MURMANSK COAST

LOCAL POPULATION HAS AGREED TO JOIN ALLIES AND SECEDE FROM BOLSHEVIKI.

FIRST INTERVENTION

This Occurred in April When Detachment of Anglo-French Troops Aided Red Guards.

By Associated Press
LONDON, July 10.—Measures taken by the Allies to aid non-bolshevik Russians on the Murmansk coast and protecting the Murmansk railway and the ice free port of Kola are summarized by the Daily Express from Russian newspapers.

While the bolsheviki opposed the landing of Allied troops and even agreed to trade the Murman coast to Finland, the local population has decided to join the Allies and secede from the bolsheviki.

The first Allied intervention occurred early in April when Finnish white guards, assisted by Germans faced the red guards at Kem. The red guards were reinforced by an Anglo-French detachment that had come up on an armored train. The next Russian report mentions the landing of a force of British marines to co-operate in the defense of the coast. Defensive measures were said to be under the leadership of three men, a Russian, a Britisher and a Frenchman.

Two British and one French warships and some British trawlers were in the harbor of Kola in addition to a Russian squadron.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Copenhagen dated Monday quotes German papers as saying that there are 25,000 bolshevik troops left on Kola peninsula.

DRAFT RESISTERS ASK FOR CONFERENCE

By Associated Press.
LITTLE ROCK, ARK., July 10.—Members of the so-called Atkinson gang of draft resisters near Heber Springs sent work to the national guardsmen and county posseemen this morning that they wanted to confer with members of the possee before deciding to surrender.

Second Lieutenant Robert Praether of the Arkansas national guard machine company volunteered to go. He left with several women members of the draft resisters families and this afternoon was some where in the hills near Heber Springs. If he does not return before night members of the national guard and civil posses will go to his rescue.

Following the arrival at Heber Springs this morning of Colonel Ellis and Majors Brandon and Dobyns of the national guard, a mass meeting was held in regard to declaring martial law.

On a report this afternoon from Colonel Ellis, Governor Brough ordered the national guard to return to Little Rock tomorrow morning. A large number of home guards is being recruited at Heber Springs and the governor directed that they be supplied with high powered rifles and an adequate supply of ammunition. If Lieutenant Praether does not secure the surrender of the draft resisters the possemen will continue their round up.

DECREES ISSUED IN PANAMA TO BETTER CONDITIONS

By Associated Press.
PANAMA, July 10.—Decrees looking to the bettering of Panama and Colon so that American troops now on duty in those cities may be withdrawn were issued by the government today to be effective July 15. The sale of liquor will be restricted and no liquor at all will be sold to soldiers; the opium traffic is outlawed and certain sanitary regulations will be enforced in prohibited areas.

LIEUTENANT MEISNER BECOMES AMERICAN ACE

By Associated Press.
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN France, July 10.—Lieutenant James A. Meisner of Brooklyn won his fifth aerial victory, thereby becoming an ace, by bringing down in company with Lieutenant Hamilton Coolidge of Boston, an enemy two seated airplane over Chateau Thierry. The German machine fell in flames.

MORE OFFICIALS NAMED FOR ROCK ISLAND LINES

By Associated Press.
CHICAGO, July 10.—Henry Lucas has been appointed auditor and L. D. Parkinson local treasurer of the Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf Railway. Their headquarters will be at Fort Worth.

T. H. Beacon is named general manager of all lines in the Rock Island system, it was announced here today.

Snow Fell Quarter Hour at Boulder Colorado Today

By Associated Press
DENVER, COLO., July 10.—Snow fell for a quarter of an hour this morning at Boulder, near here. This is the latest that a snowfall has ever been recorded there.

Death Toll in Nashville Wreck 115; 87 Others Injured, Some Seriously

By Associated Press.
NASHVILLE, TENN., July 10.—W. P. Bruce, federal general manager of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway, in a statement issued today placed responsibility for the collision yesterday near this city, in which more than one hundred persons were killed, on the crew of the westbound train which collided, head-on with an eastbound train en route to this city from Memphis and St. Louis.

"The accident was caused by the train crew of Number 4 (westbound) overlooking train number 1 (eastbound), a train of superior right, when it (number 4) left the shops junction without orders to go beyond the shops as against number 1, the ruling train," Mr. Bruce said in his statement.

Railroad officials said today that their list of casualties showed only 89 persons killed in the wreck. Unofficial newspaper estimates which place the number of dead at more than a hundred were declared by railroad officials to be incorrect.

By Associated Press
NASHVILLE, TENN., July 10.—At noon the death list as the result of the collision of two Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis passenger trains in the outskirts of this city stood at 115, fifty white persons and sixty five negroes and more than one hundred others were being cared for in hospitals here. It is feared that a number of the injured are badly hurt.

Pending an inquiry, which is to be conducted by a representative of the railroad administration, no official announcement has been made as to the cause of the accident.

Rescue parties continued to search the wreckage this morning for victims of the disaster, the worst in the history of the road.

Two soldiers were among those killed while another escaped with only slight injuries. The latter, however, was pinedd under the wreckage for three hours, refusing to permit rescuers to cut away the timbers which held him a prison until others, more seriously hurt, were taken out.

Every energy was being put forth today to alleviate the sufferings of the injured, civilian relief organizations joining with the Red Cross in that work.

All of the white persons killed except two were residents of Tennessee.

W. L. Maypother, federal manager of the railroads for this district, announced today that a formal inquiry will be held Saturday to definitely fix responsibility for the wreck.

NO DECISION AS TO MILITARY AID HAS BEEN REACHED

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, July 10.—The government regards the situation in Russia as so rapidly and constantly changing as to make it impossible to come as yet to any decision as to what military aid may be extended by the United States. This was stated authoritatively today.

All of the plans so far submitted which involve military action, the United States government feels, involve at the same time a weakening of the western front. It is the decision of the government that nothing must be permitted to detract from the military strength in France and Belgium.

The project for extending economic aid, it was stated, is going forward favorably. While the situation surrounding the question of military action continues to be so kaleidoscopic it was stated, no announcement of policy is possible.

TWO LOCAL PASSENGER TRAINS TO BE DISCONTINUED

By Associated Press
AUSTIN, TEX., July 10.—W. G. Crush of Dallas, general passenger agent of the Katy, today obtained the consent of the railroad commission to discontinue the operation of two local trains, one between Houston and Galveston and the other between Temple and Belton. This step was deemed advisable as a matter of economy.

HOME NEWSPAPERS WANTED BY SOLDIERS OVERSEAS

By Associated Press
LONDON, July 10.—"More home newspapers" is the constant appeal from the American soldiers in the camps and hospitals in Great Britain says an American Red Cross report made public today.

REPRESENTATIVES OF OIL INTERESTS GO TO WASHINGTON

By Associated Press.
TULSA, OKLA., July 10.—Bearing copies of the resolutions passed by the producers, John H. Markham Jr., and Frank Haskell, representing that part of the oil business, left Tuesday night for Washington, D. C., to submit them to the national petroleum war board.

Secretary Walsh of Kansas City, representing the refiners association, left at the same time on a similar mission. The hearing will be held in Washington Friday.

Contrary to the request of the war service board, the resolution were not prepared jointly as no agreement could be reached between the producers and the refiners.

WILL JOIN GERMANY IF ALLIES INTERVENE

By Associated Press.
AMSTERDAM, July 10.—A declaration that the soviet government of Russia would ally itself with Germany in case of Anglo-Japanese intervention in Russia is contained in a Moscow wireless message printed in the Vienna Neue Freie Presse, according to an undated message to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger. The Vienna newspaper quotes the concluding sentence of the dispatch as follows:

"If the Japanese and English should occupy Russian territory the soviet government would immediately join Germany."

TEXAS LIEUTENANT SLIGHTLY WOUNDED BUT VERY HAPPY

By Associated Press.
HOUSTON, TEX., July 10.—"Slightly wounded but happy," read a cable gram from Lieutenant Arthur Tilgham to his mother, Mrs. T. E. Snodgrass, Houston, sent from Paris, arrived only two days ahead of a letter from Lieutenant Tilgham describing the same wound.

Lieutenant Tilgham joined the colors in Chicago at the outbreak of the war and won his commission in the officers training camp at Fort Sheridan, Chicago. He sailed for France the latter part of January.

Lieutenant Tilgham's letter to his mother says: "Don't worry if you see me amongst the list of the wounded. I got a couple of small holes in my left arm. It was fragments from a bursting shell—shrapnel.

"The battle lasted three days. It was open warfare. At each push they made we never gave way an inch. They would advance in columns of squads and platoon fronts. The machine guns and rifles in my company piled them up in heaps four deep. They would come forward shouting 'Die Wacht Am Rhine.' I made the fellows under me hold their fire until the Germans were close up, 200 or 400 yards and then we let them have it. The Germans would go down fast. I used a rifle some and picked off the close ones. I shot for the steel helmet because the clang of the steel reminded me of the ring of the bell in a shooting gallery. There was a droll way the helmets would topple off backwards.

"Off and on during the night and the next forenoon we were shelled. My fellows laughed and joked about the different ways we learned to duck for shelter when they opened up on us. At about 2 in the afternoon they made their second attack, first dousing us with shell fire.

"It was in this shelling that I got mine."

U. S. HAS NOTHING TO DO WITH MEXICAN REVOLUTION

By Associated Press
LAREDO, TEX., July 10.—Secretary Lansing today telegraphed American Consul Sholes here that any statement to the effect that this government assists, sanctions, or sympathizes with any revolutionary movement in Mexico is ungrounded and should be emphatically denied. The significance of the communication is not known here.

The telegram follows:

"You should emphatically deny any statement to the effect that this government assists, sanctions, or sympathizes with any revolutionary movement in Mexico."

AMERICAN FOOD SACRIFICES HAVE GREATLY AIDED ALLIES

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—The people of the United States by self imposed food regulations have aided greatly in maintaining the food supplies of the European Allies, declared Sir William A. M. Goods, laison officer of the food administration with the American food administration, in an address here today.

From July, 1917, to April, 1918, he said, the United States exported to the Allies 80,000,000 bushels of wheat and other products. It was calculated by Herbert Hoover that 50,000,000 of this represented the voluntary sacrifice of the American people.

GERMAN ACTIVITY EAST FROM AMIENS

By Associated Press.
LONDON, July 10.—Considerable activity was developed early this morning by the German artillery and machine guns in the region east of Amiens, from the vicinity of Villers-Bretonneux to the Ancre, says today's war office report.

On the Flanders front, the British carried out an operation in the vicinity of Merris, northeast of Nieppe wood by means of which the line was advanced a short distance and prisoners were taken.

The Germans delivered local attacks in the Villers-Bretonneux area, but these were repulsed.

HUNS PREPARING ATTACK TO RECOVER HIGH GROUND CAPTURED BY AMERICANS

NEW AND HIGHER TAXES ON MANY ARTICLE PLANNED

LEVIES PROPOSED ON LONG LIST OF LUXURIES AND NECESSITIES.

CLOTHING AFFECTED

Tax Added to Hotel Charges, Gasoline, Watches and Jewelry and Toilet Articles.

By Associated Press
WASHINGTON, July 10.—Provisions for framing the new war revenue bill went forward in the ways and means committee today with attention centering upon the list of suggestions for new or higher taxes on luxuries and necessities submitted yesterday by the treasury department.

Besides doubling present taxes on liquors and tobaccos, quadrupling soft drink levies and making general increases in other existing rates, treasury suggestions include taxes of fifty per cent on retail of watches, jewelry and clocks, except those sold to army or navy men; twenty per cent on automobiles, bicycles, musical instruments, etc., ten cents a gallon for gasoline to be paid by the wholesaler; ten per cent on hotel bills for rooms over $2.50 a day on American plan over $5; ten per cent on all cafe or restaurant bills; extra taxes of unstated amounts on hat suits selling for more than $30; women's suits over $40 and coats over $30; men's hats over $4, shirts over $2, pajama suits over $2; hosiery over 75 cents, shoes over $5, gloves over $2; underwear over $3; all footwear and canes; women's dresses over $25; skirts over $15; hats over $10; shoes over $6; lingerie over $5; corsets over $5 and all furs. Taxes on children's clothing including suits over $15; purses, toilet articles over $5.

In addition to all these taxes which would be levied upon the consumer, the list proposes adding the present moving picture admission tax and imposing a tax of five per cent on moving picture theater rentals with the present film tax eliminated.

A ten per cent tax on "wire" is intended to apply to telegraphs, telephone and other wires whose use is leased, is another of the new proposals. The retail tax principle is new in the United States, although it has been levied in England, France and Germany.

GERMAN ASSAULT IN BRETONNEUX REGION A FAILURE

By Associated Press
WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN France, July 10.—Last night's German assault in the Villers-Bretonneux region was preceded by an intense enemy bombardment of the town and the beginning territory. At 8 and 9 o'clock the Germans made rush for the defensive positions were easily thrown back all along the line.

Villers-Bretonneux was again heavily bombarded early today and the German artillery and machine guns were active from the Vaire wood hortward to the Ancre.

The futile German attempt last night was launched in an effort by the enemy to re-occupy trenches east of the village which the British had completed.

On the northern battle front the British attacked German trenches to the northwest of Merris and advanced their lines 250 yards on a front of 1,200 yards.

RETIREMEN VON KUEHLMANN PAN GERMAN VICTORY

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, July 10.—According to an official dispatch from Switzerland today the retirement of Von Kuehlmann, as German foreign minister and the appointment of Von Hintze to succeed him, is looked upon as a victory for pan-Germans. It is also recalled that a few days ago the social democrats announced in the socialist paper, Vorwaerts, that if Von Kuehlmann was forced to go, Chancellor Von Hertling would be obliged to retire.

KAISER REPORTED SICK WITH THE SPANISH GRIPPE

By Associated Press
ROME, July 10.—Prince William has fallen a victim to the influenza that has been so prevalent in the German army, according to advices from Swiss sources that have reached the Epoca. These advices state that the emperor has gone home from the French front because of the attack of "Spanish grippe" as it is called and that several members of the emperor's family are also suffering from the same malady.

By Associated Press.
There are indications that the Germans are preparing an action of some magnitude to recapture the valuable high front east of Aencre, north of Villers-Bretonneux.

Local attacks ocurred in the southern part of this region last night but the British had little trouble in dealing with them.

This morning, however, the enemy artillery opened a bombardment of considerable intensity, in this sector over a front of approximately eight miles, from Villers-Bretonneux north across the Somme to the Ancre.

The only infantry operation within the past 24 hours in which progress is reported is a report by the official French communique that the Germans have been driven from Cachy, which is north of Moreuil and on the Lassigny region in the northern part of the Marne front where the French recently made extensive local gains of ground.

The region north of Mortefontaine, where a considerable volume of hollage is reported, includes the Castigny sector, held by American troops.

The actors of the Marne salient held by the Americans were unusually quiet yesterday and last night, the artillery firing being far below the normal.

Such fire as the American gunners indulged in was mainly directed against the Germans in the neighborhood of Hill 240, west of Chateau Thierry.

Local Operations.

Berlin's Claims.

DEATH TOLL OVER 100 WHEN COLUMBIA SINKS

Steamer Carrying 500 Excursionists Goes Down In Illinois River Near Peoria.

By the Associated Press.

PEORIA, Ills., July 6.—With sixty three bodies recovered and the total number of dead estimated at 100 to 150 persons, government, state and county officials tonight began inquiries into the cause of the wreck of the excursion steamer, Columbia, Friday night.

Survivors have charged the big steamer carrying 500 passengers on a return trip from Peoria to Pekin, Ills., was driven against a sand bank scarcely ten feet from shore and about five miles south of Peoria during a heavy fog. First reports was that the craft had struck a snag or sumerged log.

While the orchestra continued to play on the dance floor a death trap for 200 dancers, the vessel, it was said, backed into deep water where it suddenly broke in two and settled on the bottom of the river with only the pilot house and part of the superstructure above water. Officials are investigating to learn why the craft was not beached after the first indication of trouble. Harry Smith, Chief of Police of Pekin, today said.

He has reports that the "drinking on board the Columbia the night of the tragedy was carried to extremes."

The Columbia, was condemned eight years ago, according to R. V. Downes, federal inspector of hulls of St. Louis, who also began in investigation.

It was on the return trip to Pekin that a faint jar from the stern end gave the first indication of the tragedy.

The Lights Go Out.

"It was a hard blow," Captain Herman Mehl said. "She had worked over pretty well to the Peoria side of the river because of the heavy fog. She then backed off, squared away and headed down stream again. Lots of people rushed to star board and she listed a bit. Then the lights went out and she settled in a couple of minutes."

L. L. Davison, second engineer, who was on watch at the time she struck, said he was running on a "slow bell" and that after the crash the pilot, Tom Williams, gave him the "stop bell". Then he said, the ship backed off and again headed down stream on a "slow bell." A few minutes later the water reached the dynamoes and the lights went out.

The tragedy struck without warning when the five hundred merry makers aboard, after a night's outing at Alfresco Park in Peoria, were ending the evening's entertainment with dancing and concerts.

On With The Dance.

For an instant the orchestra paused but a cry of "On with the dance" caused them to continue until suddenly the lights flickered out and there was a rush of water through the windows.

Carried down the steep incline of the deck in a struggling heap the crowd became a howling mob in the darkness, fighting to escape through two narrow doorways.

Many persons swam to shore without assistance, among them being the leader of the orchestra, Arthur Knapp, of Chicago.

"We were playing when I felt the boat suddenly list to the lee side," said Knapp, "I knew something was wrong and I made for a skylight.

"I broke this with my fist and crawled through. When I reached the upper deck, I jumped off and swam ashore."

Wait to Daylight.

After the survivors had been cared for, it was found impossible because of the darkness to continue the search for bodies, and this was halted until daylight.

At sunrise scores of village workers hacked at the wreckage while two divers began bringing out the bodies.

The remains were lifted into launches and taken to Pekin for identification. The homes of practically all of the victims were either in Pekin or Kingston Mines, a mining settlement about six miles south of Pekin.

The excursion party started from Pekin, fifteen miles distant from here early in the evening, spent several hours at Alfresco Park near this city and when the return trip to Pekin was about half completed the steamer ran into the Peoria shore during a fog, smashing a big hole in her bow. The pilot signaled full speed astern and as soon as the vessel pulled clear of the log or rock she began to settle and sank carrying many persons down.

Panic Occurred.

Soon after the steamer struck a panic occurred among the passengers and many jumped into the water without securing life preservers. Those who could swim reached the shore, which was only a few feet away. The second deck of the boat where the dance hall is located, was crowded when the crash came and it was here that many were crushed to death in the panic.

Ray Jones, fireman on the steamer, estimated that between 150 and 200 persons were on the floor when the boat struck and he believed many of these had perished. When the boat settled on the bottom the water reached the staterooms immediately below the pilot house on the listed side. The pilot when he found his boat was sinking sent up distress signals and within a short time boats from various directions came to the rescue and began to pick up those struggling in the water but on account of the darkness their efforts were badly hampered.

Dawn disclosed the mist enshrouded upper decks of the boat to the watchers on the bank. Under the direction of Sheriff Jack Wilson of Tazewell county, volunteer workers scrambled aboard the craft. Weird memories of an excursion crowd were seen on every hand.

A pair of lavender boudoir slippers were fished out of the stream.

With their arms thrown up in queer attitude of defense bodies were pulled out from beneath the decks.

If they were identified tags were attached to the baskets in which they were placed and then were taken to shore. If none of the officials, the crew of Pekin or Kingston Mines residents knew the blue distorted faces they were carefully covered and hurried to Pekin.

Almost at the same hour hearses began arriving in Pekin from the scene of the disaster bringing the first of the bodies of the victims.

A great crowd surrounded the morgue in the little river city and pathetic scenes were enacted by relatives seeking missing ones. Soldiers detailed from Camps Bradley and Herring were in Pekin early to preserve order.

Coroner E. L. Clary of Tazewell county swore in his coroner's jury and left with the members for the scene.

Survivors of the steamer charged the steamer, loaded with 500 excursionists, ran onto a sand bank in a dense fog and did not hit a sunken snag as was at first reported. It was declared that although the ship was within ten feet of shore at this time she was backed out into deep water without waiting to ascertain or learn the extent of the injury she had sustained. As the ship reached midstream she suddenly broke in two and sank.

SORROWFUL SCENES AS BODIES BROUGHT HOME TO PEKIN

By Associated Press.

PEKIN, ILL., July 6.—While stretcher bearers carried bodies up the main street tonight to the morgues, scores of women and children, most of them in tears, lined the curbs, trying for a glimpse of lost relatives. Somewhere in the distance a cornet was playing "Nearer My God to Thee" and as each additional body was brought up the noise in the saloons increased.

Mostly Women and Children.

At dusk more than sixty bodies had been brought down the river and placed in the morgues for identification. Virtually all were from Pekin and a majority were women and children. The bodies were for the most part quickly identified.

Old time river men were being interrogated tonight by officials investigating the disaster in an effort to learn the condition of the sunken steamboat, which, they asserted was condemned fifteen years ago.

They declared the Columbia was placed on the ways for overhauling a few months ago, but little was done toward repair with the exception of painting and interior decoration. The vessel was launched at least forty years ago according to local river men.

Tales of Horror.

Survivors stood about in little groups tonight telling tales of heroism and horror. When the fate of the boat seemed sealed, according to witnesses, Clyde Witcher, a Pekin man, embraced his wife, then his two children and the little family perished, clasped in each other's arms. Their bodies have been recovered.

In the hands of the body of another man, found late today, was a quantity of his wife's hair. His attempt to save her failed and her body was brought up shortly after the searchers found her husband's corpse.

Out of the first fifty-three bodies checked at the Pekin morgue, only seven were men. Six were babies. Chief of Police Smith of Pekin declared that the list of dead will reach one hundred and fifty.

Captain T. A. Collin, of Camp Bradley, in charge of the rescue work at the wreck, said tonight that all bodies had been cleared from the dance floor but that he expected to find more on the lower floor where it was impossible for the divers to reach them without the aid of wrecking tugs which were on their way from Chicago. He said he thought that the list of dead would be more than 100.

WESTERN FRONT IN STATE OF TENSION

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN France, July 8.—Although the entire front continued in a state of tension in expectation of a renewal of the German drive, the enemy effort has not yet developed. Comparative quiet prevailed in all the American sectors.

There has been an increase, however, in the aerial activity, chiefly in the patrolling branches.

ASSASSINATION MAY HAVE FAR REACHING RESULTS

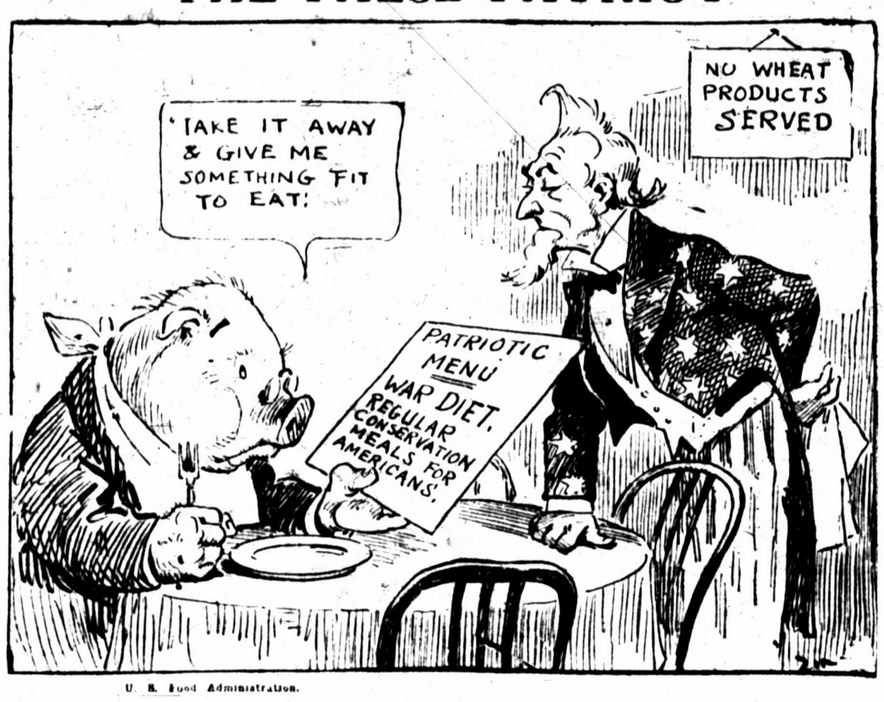
LONDON, July 8.—The assassination of Count Von Mirbach, the German ambassador to Russia, is viewed by the newspapers here as an event which may have far reaching results.

The Mail and the Express compare it to the murder of Archduke Francis Ferdinand at Sarajevo four years ago.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON WEST SIDE MARNE SALIENT

PARIS, July 8.—There was some activity last night by the artillery on the westerly side of the Marne salient between the forest of Villers-Cotterets and the river Marne, today's war office statement shows. No infantry engagements took place.

THE FALSE PATRIOT



U. S. Food Administration.

DEATH TOLL IN STEAMER DISASTER WILL REACH 93

By Associated Press

PEORIA, ILL., July 8.—That there was something wrong with the steamer Columbia several hours before she sank to her watery grave in the Illinois River, late Friday night, is the story told by William Tinney of Pekin, who with his wife, was one of the survivors.

Ninety three persons went to their death on the steamer when it went down with more than 500 excursionists on board. This estimate was made by Coroner Clark this morning after three more bodies had been taken from the hull. The total number of bodies recovered so far is 79.

Mr. Tinney, here this morning, said: "My wife and I were on the boat with Mr. and Mrs. George Hines. Mr. Hines is an old river man and on the trip up the river from Pekin he noticed that the boat was drawing too much water, indicating in his opinion that she was slowly sinking. He wanted us to get off then but we did not think there was any immediate danger, and prevailed upon him to remain on board until Peoria was reached. Mr. Hines went down to the engine room to tell the engineer his suspicions and he says the engineer admitted it looked like something was wrong. So far as I know, however, no immediate attempt was made to ascertain the cause. When we reached Peoria, Mr. and Mrs. Hines refused to make the return trip on the boat. My wife and I took a chance. We got out of the death trap, but not before my wife had been severely bruised and we both had a narrow escape from perishing."

251,000 AMERICANS ON FIGHTING LINE IN EUROPE JULY 1

By Associated Press

WASHINGTON, July 6.—American troops actually on the fighting line in Europe July 1 numbered 251,000, according to information given today by General March, chief of staff, and other members of the war council at their weekly conference with members of the Senate military committee.

This was the high water mark for the United States in its front line participation, the Senators were told, but of the million odd Americans now overseas or en route, a substantial portion, it was stated, soon will be trained enough to insure a steady and large increase for the combat trenches.

Shipments of American troops, the Senators were told, are expected during the next few months to be some what less than during the recent three months period.

Several reasons were assigned. Among them was the shipping situation with doubt of ability to retain bottoms recently secured from the Allies, and another the fact that a large part of the troops given preliminary seasoning in this country already have been sent over, green troops taking their places to a large extent in the training camps.

CARLTON SAYS STRIKE PLAN FAILED TO RECEIVE SUPPORT

NEW YORK, July 8.—President Newcomb Carlton of the Western Union gave out the following statement this morning:

"The cold facts are these: On Sunday afternoon strike meetings were called by the Commercial Telegraphers Union in all the principal cities. In many cities there were so few present that the meetings were abandoned. Out of our 40,000 odd operating employes ,exactly 56 attended and joined the union for the purpose of a strike. This is the one and only reason why the proposed strike was called off."

LOCKOUTS AND STRIKES ACCOUNT FOR 242 MEN

CHICAGO, July 8.—Reports received by S. J. Konenkamp, president of the Commercial Telegraphers Union, indicated that lockouts and strikes account for the absence of approximately 242 men from their keys in Western Union offices today. There was no trouble in Chicago.

42 SELECT MEN LEFT SATURDAY FOR CAMP TRAVIS

Saturday afternoon forty-two selective service men, three of these transfers from other boards, left Wichita Falls for Fort Sam Houston to enter the National Army. The party was in charge of W. M. Huey and George S. Wheeler. Those leaving on this call were:

Geo. Wayne Knight, Jesse S. Middleton, David Joshua Bryan, Frank Alvis Fehner, Paul Harrold Zink, Nero Herman Smith, Joe Earnest Bartosh, Thomas Fischer May, John Edward Tucker, John Sawyer, Geo. Seymour Wheeler, James Kellie Cooper, Hugh Ed Wolf, Thomas Luke Warren, Thomas Wiley Skelton, John L. Cooper, Benjamin O. Badgley, Arcade Kelley, Adolph Michan, Holly Green, Edgar F. Burrows, Seahworth Flahive, Milton D. Hood, Joe Wright, William M. Huey, Guy F. Miller, George Case, James D. Drennan, Carl Yeager, Joseph Henry Malcolm, Lawrence S. Daniel, Montie Mahanay, Joe F. Clanton, Wylie Green Lynn, Charley C. Dunn, Arthur Glenn Stanford, Clifford B. Moore, Charley Dodson, Elmer Gresham.

Transfers: Knowles, C. E. Jackson, John Withers Lee.

PROHIBITION HAS RIGHT OF WAY IN SENATE NOW

WASHINGTON, July 6.—With the failure of congress to adjourn tonight until next month, war time prohibition will have the right of way in the Senate when the upper house meets at noon Monday and leaders were prepared for a bitter contest.

Prohibition advocates won a preliminary victory in the Senate tonight. Senator Sheppard of Texas undertook to have the Senate call up the $11,000,000, emergency appropriation with its prohibition amendment but was blocked by a motion until August 12. Later the Senate voted to give the measure right of way after the recess which then was expected.

With recess plans failing, the emergency attains its privileged status.

EXAMINATION NEW REGISTRANTS IN CLASS F ORDERED

WASHINGTON, July 6—State draft executives were directed by Provost Marshal General Crowder today to have local boards call up for physical examination immediately all new registrants under the selective draft law who have been placed in class one. District and local boards and medical advisory board bodies will be instructed to speed their work so as to have new class one available for call to the colors in August.

JAPAN PLANS TO PERFECT NATIONAL DEFENSE

LONDON, July 8.—Measures of perfecting the national defenses of Japan were decided on a plan for cooperation between the army and navy was adopted by the council of field marshals and admirals recently in Japan, says a Tokio dispatch to the Times dated July 1. The army, it is stated, will comprise 21 corps, with two divisions to the corps and three regiments to the division. The changes will not necessarily be effective immediately.

FERGUSON MEETING HERE IS POSTPONED

Postponement of a Ferguson meeting originally intended for this week for Wichita Falls, is made necessary by reason of the fact the former governor can not be here to present his candidacy in person. Ferguson supporters here received a communication from Ferguson this morning stating that he would be unable to be in Wichita Falls this week, consequently the meeting has been postponed indefinitely.

AMERICAN FLYERS WIN ADMIRATION FROM ITALIANS

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Sunday July 7.—The Italian commandant under whose direction the American fliers are working on the Italian front, has only one fault to find with them. They never want to remain on the ground. Regardless of the weather, the viciousness of the barrage or the vigilant enemy chasers they want to be in the air after the enemy.

A few days ago Lieutenant Alexander O. Craig of New York, while flying over Austrian territory was attacked by a chaser plane. By skillfully handling his own machine after a few minutes of jockeying he put his adversary at a disadvantage and maneuvered his own gun into such a position that a burst of machine gun fire shot the attacker dead and sent his plane to the ground in flames.

Lieutenant Craig's exploit received official recognition as an officer in an Italian observation balloon had watched the combat from beginning to end through field glasses.

Lieutenant Harry L. Holtz of Burleigh, Idaho, showed he could combine great coolness in danger with a thorough understanding of Italian habits and customs. On his way back over the Australian lines after a deep raid into enemy territory his plane was struck by a burst of shrapnel from anti-aircraft guns. One fragment lodged in the body of Holtz's machine, another tore a hole in the right wing while a third splintered one of the left wing spars, at the same time cutting one of the control cables to such an extent that a singel strand of steel was left.

Lieutenant Holtz calmly pointed out the break to the Italian mechanic accompanying him to show the imminent danger they were in. The mechanic, without a moment's hesitation, climbed out and fought his way to the wing against a tremendous wind pressure. Then lying flat on his face and bracing his feet against the strut he grasped the damaged cable with one hand on each side of the break.

SUITS AGGREGATING $3,280,000 FILED BY DEPORTED MEN

BISBEE, ARIZ., July 6.—One hundred and sixty civil suits asking upwards of $3,280,000 as the aggregate sum of damages alleged to have been sustained by the plaintiffs through their deportation from the Bisbee district July 12, 1917, were filed here today in the behalf of 160 of the 1,186 striking copper miners and their sympathizers deported then.

NINE YEAR OLD BOY DROWNED IN WICHITA RIVER

(From Monday's Daily.)

Stepping into unexpected deep water while wading along the banks of the Wichita river near the railroad bridge in the northern part of the city about noon Sunday, Lee Lions, nine year old son of Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Hughey was drowned before the little boys wading with him could summon help. The little boy was with a number of other children about his own age. When he was observed to be in danger, the boys called to a man standing on the wagon bridge now under construction, who was able to recover the child's body, but all efforts at resuscitation were unsuccessful.

Mrs. Hughey has lived in Wichita Falls all her life and Mr. Hughey has been in the transfer business here about eight years. A number of relatives of both Mr. and Mrs. Hughey are residents of this city. They are Mrs. W. L. Neal, Scott Hughey, Mrs. Daisy Oates, Mrs. Rosa Arledge, Mrs. W. L. Ruth, Shirley Oates and Mrs. Hillard. One other child, a three year old girl, is left.

Funeral services were held this morning at eleven o'clock from the home at 304 Austin.

U. S. BELIEVED READY FOR INTERVENTION IN RUSSIAN SITUATION

President Holds Conference With Cabinet Members and Military Officers At White House.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—President Wilson called into conference today Secretaries Lansing, Baker and Daniels and Admiral Benson, chief of operations of the navy. There was no statement of the purpose, but a report spread that the conference had to do with the Russian situation.

It is known that the president has been earnestly urged by representatives of the Allies during the past week to approve American and Allied military intervention in Siberia and that the subject has been given renewed serious consideration.

General March, chief of staff of the army, joined in the conference soon after two naval officers appeared at the White House carrying a large map of Russia.

In some quarters it has been said that since the United States regarded intervention purely as a military problem the president, heretofore an opponent of military action on the ground of impracticability would be guided by the decision of the supreme war council and Feneral Foch.

FORMIDABLE REVOLT HAD BEEN PLANNED

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 8.—Framents of news from various sources indicate that the assassination of Count Von Mirbach, the German ambassador to Russia was accompanied by a formidable uprising against the bolsheviki in Moscow. A Russian wireless dispatch claims that the uprising has now been completely suppressed and the tone of the message indicates that the suppression was accomplished with sanguinary violence, the orders being that all who showed resistance to the bolsheviki should be "shot on the spot."

The Russian wireless also circulated the following signed by M. Araloff, the chief Moscow commissioner:

"The social revolutionists, by fraudulent means, captured for a few hours a small part of Moscow and the government telegraph office whence they issued false reports of the suppression of the soviet in Moscow. I beg to announce that the mutiny was caused by a group of cheeky fools and was suppressed without difficulty by the Moscow garrison. The mutineers have been arrested and order has been restored."

"The counter revolutionary rising in Moscow has been suppressed and social revolutionaries are making a most ignominous flight. Orders have been issued to arrest and to disarm all members of the social revolutionary detachments and to shoot on the spot all who resist.

"Several hundred participants in the rising have been arrested, among them Vice Chairman Alexandrovitch while special orders have been issued to secure all members of the executive committee of the social revolutionary party.

"The red guards must continue watchful. The mobilization of our forces must continue and all social revolutionaries must be disarmed to the last man."

HUNDREDS UNDER ARREST IN MOSCOW FOLLOWING PLOT

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 8.—Several hundred Russians including the social revolutionary leader in Alexandrovitch, have been arrested in Moscow.

KAISER BREAKS OFF NEGOTIATIONS

LONDON, July 8.—As soon as Emperor William heard of the assassination of Count Von Mirbach, the German ambassador to Russia, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Russia, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Russia, he ordered Secretary Von Kuehlmann to break off negotiations with the delegates in Berlin.

UKRAINIAN CABINET HAS RESIGNED

AMSTERDAM, July 8—The Ukrainian government cabinet has resigned and M. Markievitch, a socialist federalist, has been charged with the formation of a new cabinet, according to Lembugr dispatches to the Vienna Neue Freie Presse.

FIGHTING TOOK PLACE IN STREETS OF MOSCOW

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Fighting took place in Moscow between bolsheviki forces and revolutionary socialists following the assassination of Count Von Mirbach, the German ambassador, according to an official dispatch today from Switzerland.

On leaving the German embassy, the dispatch says the assassins took refuge in a house occupied by the revolutionary socialists. This building was defended by machine guns.

ASSASSINS PROTECTED BY MACHINE GUNS

AMSTERDAM, July 8.—According to a Moscow telegram to the Frankfurter Zeitung, the two assassins of Count Von Mirbach fled after committing the crime to a building occupied by socialist revolutionists, where they were being defended with machine guns.

It is declared in the advices that the assassination of German ambassador was to have been the signal for a big revolt under the leadership of the social revolutionists but that this failed to materialize on the scale that had been planned.

SEVERE FIGHTING TAKES PLACE IN STREETS OF MOSCOW

By Associated Press

LONDON, July 8.—A serious counter resolution has broken out in Moscow, according to a semi-official Wolff Bureau telegram dated on Sunday from Moscow and transmitted to London by the Exchange Telegraph Company's correspondent at Copenhagen. Fighting of great severity is taking place in the streets between the bolsheviki troops and social revolutionaries.

A message received in London today from the Russian wireless service dated Sunday evening at Moscow, says that a counter revolution was started in the Russian capital but that it has been suppressed.

U. S. LIKELY TO SEND AID TO CZECHO-SLOVAKS

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Intimations were given in official quarters today that a formal announcement in regard to the present attitude of the United States government toward Russia might be expected shortly.

The situation of the Czecho-Slovak legions not only in Siberia but in the neighborhood of Samara in Central Russia, was one of the principal subjects under discussion at the White House conference in connection with the whole Russian problem. It is understood that the conclusion was reached that aid should be extended to these soldiers and this could be done without any violation of the neutrality of Russia, assuming that Russia had dropped out of the Entente Alliance through the forced Brest-Litovsk treaty.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lory left today for Platteville, Wis., where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

FRENCH TROOPS HIT SMASHING BLOW EARLY TODAY

By Associated Press.

French troops hit the German lines a smashing blow early this morning in the area almost directly north of Paris, where the Germans were stopped after five days of fighting in their thrust toward the capital in the last and least successful of all their 1918 offensives, about a month ago.

The attack was delivered along a 2½mile front and at some points General Petain's troops pushed into the enemy positions for the distance of a mile. Two farms were captured and a counter attack which was delivered against one of them was repulsed. Some 450 prisoners were taken.

The area chosen for the blow was just south of the Matz River region northwest of the Compiegne forest, on the front between Montdidier and the Oise. The point of the German wedge projected here in the neighborhood of Antheuil and it was just to the west of this town, astride the Compiegne road that the French drove in, taking valuable high ground on both sides of the highway.

The attacking forces were assisted by tanks in their drive. Apparently all the terrain gained has been maintained intact.

The new advance will serve still further to protect the important railway junction of Estres St. Denis, which lies seven miles southwest of Antheuil.

Further to the southeast along the line the French gained additional ground on the Marne front, east of the Retz forest by forcing the Germans back further in the vicinity of the Chavigny farm.

On the British front there were only raiding operations. The Germans, however, apparently contemplating a further effort to regain the positions recently taken by the Australians with American assistance, in the Amiens area south of the Somme. The German guns last night were actively bombarding the British lines in this region.

The French war office reports considerable artillery activity to the west and north of Chateau Thierry on the Marne front. It is in this sector that the Americans on this front are holding several miles of the line.

Germans Drilling for Attack.

For several weeks the Germans have been drilling and instrucing special attacking divisions behind the German lines leaving the front positions to be guarded by mediocre troops. German aerial activity has decreased in the past few days and it is probable the airmen also are making ready for the next onslaught. The German artillery fire has increased to above normal only on certain sectors.

It is not unlikely the enemy will depend on the elements of surprise in the impending blow as he did on March 21 and in the attack against the Chemin-Des-Dames. While the Germans have been spreading reports of an attack against the British, it is known they have not constructed defensive works on the front between Soissons and Rheims. The usual interval between enemy offensive movements has about expired.

Entente Air Raids.

Entente airmen are keeping up an active bombardment of the area behind the German lines. British flyers again have invaded Germany, dropping bombs on Kaiserlautern, east of Metz and on Luxemburg. In aerial fighting British and French airmen have accounted for 25 German machines.

Patrol activity and local operations are increasing in number on the Italian mountain front.

In western Albania, French and Italian troops are withstanding strong counter attacks by the Austrians. All positions have been maintained on the heights of Bolnia and slight progress made elsewhere.

Reports from Russia.

Various reports of happenings in Russia in connection with the murder of German Ambassador Von Mirbach lack official confirmation. Germany, apparently has not yet acted. An advance toward Moscow has not been reported although the Germans have had large forces of troops near Smolensk 250 miles west of Moscow.

GERMAN PRISONERS FIGHTING IN SIBERIA

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The first definite news of an armed body of German and Hungarian prisoners in Siberia was contained in a report received today at the state department from the United States Consul at Vladivostok, telling of the capture by Czecho-Slovak forces of six hundred prisoners and the town of Nikolsk, about eighty miles northwest of Vladivostok. The Czecho-Slovaks lost forty killed and 200 wounded. They were opposed by a large force of bolshevik red guards and armed German Hungarian prisoners.

The defeated red guards and prisoners took armored trains and retreated toward Haborzsk on the Amur River.

The population of Nikolsk was reported very friendly to the Czecho-Slovaks. Prisoners taken are being held and examined in an effort to learn where they got their arms.

The consul reported that the bolsheviki hanged several members of the Nikolsk city administration and a number of railway employes.

BELGIAN AVIATOR DOWNS SIX GERMAN MACHINES

BELGIAN HEADQUARTERS, June 27.—Jan Olieslagers, who was the leading Belgian aviator seven and eight years ago and who established various records in those days of the development of the airplane, has just been credited with downing his sixth German airplane. Since the war Olieslagers has been the leader of the Belgian air fighters. Before taking up aviation he was a racing motorcyclist, creating many world's records on the continent.

AUSTRIANS HAVE MALTREATED THOSE OF ITALIAN BIRTH

Associated Press Mail Correspondent.

LONDON, June 28.—Italians from the Trentino drafted into the Austrian army and made to fight under Austrian banners under duress, have suffered maltreatment at the hands of their Austrian commanders, according to the story of an Italian captain made public here. The narrator's name has not been disclosed, but it is stated that he was a native of the Trentino, drafted by the Austrians, sent to the eastern front, captured and sent back to Italy where he is serving in the Italian army.

In the early days of the war, the captain said, storm troops of the Austrian army in the east were Italians pressed into service, forced into almost certain death by an advance, and absolutely certain of death dealt from their own trenches if they wavered. The Italians were constantly objects of "contempt, distrust and brutality."

The captain pointed to the official Austrian casualty lists in substantiation of his claim that Trentians were mobilized by Austria and forced to work in the trenches.

"A large number of Austrian subjects of Italian ancestry were condemned for political reasons," the officer said. "They were sent in groups into Galicia. En route they were subjected to varied and constant brutalities from their escorts.

"The full tale of the sufferings of these victims of Austro-Hungarian ferocity can never be told. Hunger, thirst, floggings, bayonet thrusts were only a prelude to the real martyrdom to which they were predestined. They were attached to Hungarian and German companies in the ratio of one man for every platoon and led lives of hideous torture in front line trenches, separated from other soldiers, treated as traitors, insulted and maltreated by 'comrades' under direction of officers. They were regularly chosen for the most dangerous operations where desertion was impossible."

One-third of the population of 300,000 in the Trentino have been interned, the captain said. Whole families were hurried to concentration camps for the duration of the war on the slightest pretext. The more intellectual inhabitants seemed to be particularly singled out.

"Two whole families were interned because their children while playing shouted at a gendarme," he continued. "A woman who had objected to improper attentions of an Austrian officer, met the same fate."

SECRETARY WAR ASKS SETTLEMENT WEAVERS' STRIKE

By Associated Press

LAWRENCE, MASS., July 9.—Secretary of War Baker in a message today to William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, said he had asked Henry B. Endicott, executive manager of the state committee on public safety, to try to settle the strike of 1600 weavers in three mills here.

EASTLAND CO. VOTES $50,000 ROAD BONDS

EASTLAND, TEX., July 9.—The bond election for $50,000 held Saturday in Eastland county special road district No. 5, Carbon to Rising Star by way of Okra, carried by a vote of 45 to 5. This is a narrow district connecting Rising Star, in the south part of the county, with Eastland. This road connects with the oil belt highway at Carbon and is about eighteen miles in length.

A petition for a bond issue for $45,000 has been presented to the commissioners' court for a road bond election in a special district from Carbon to Long Branch, a distance of only a few miles. This also connects with the oil belt highway at Carbon.

CORPORAL BUCKLEY ESCAPES FROM GERMANY

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 10.—Corporal Everett Buckley of Kilburne, Ills., an aviator in the French service who was captured by the Germans at Verdun, has escaped from Germany. According to a dispatch from Zurich to Le Journal he reached Switzerland Tuesday morning.

OVER 3 BILLION CORN CROP IS GOV'T. FORECAST

TOTAL OF WHEAT YIELD IS ESTIMATED AT 891 MILLION BUSHELS.

MOST CROPS LARGE

Practically All Are Much Larger Than Average For The Past Ten Years.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Prospective corn production this year is 3,160,000,000, the department of agriculture announced today in its first forecast of that crop, basing its estimate on conditions existing July 1.

The total wheat crop, combining winter and spring varieties, was forecast at 891,000 bushels.

A reduction of forty million bushels in the prospective wheat harvest was shown today in the department of agriculture's July forecast which is 891,000,000 bushels compared with 931,000,000 forecast in June. Deterioration during June reduced the prospective winter wheat crop by thirty million bushels and the spring wheat crop by ten million bushels.

Wheat remaining on farms July 1 is estimated at 8,283,000 bushels.

Interest in today's monthly crop report of the department of agriculture centered about the forecasts of prospective production of the country's great food crops, especially wheat and corn.

The report gave the first official indication of this year's prospective yields of corn, white and sweet potatoes, tobacco, flax and rice; revised estimates of the enormous wheat crop and the yields of oats, barley, rye, hay, apples and peaches, estimated from their condition on July 1 and the quantity of wheat remaining on farms.

The forecasts of production announced today, with the forecasts announced from June 1 conditions and statistics of last year's crop and the average for the five years 1912-16, quantities in millions of bushels, i.e., 000,000's omitted) follows:

Crop.	July Forecast	June	1917	5-Yr.-Av.
Winter wheat	557	587	418	552
Spring wheat	334	344	233	257
All wheat	891	931	651	809
Corn	3160	....	2179	2761
Oats	1437	1500	1587	1296
Barley	230	235	209	202
Rye	89.6	91.0	60.1	44.7
White potatoes	406	....	443	362
Sweet potatoes	91.1	....	87.1	63.5
Tobacco (lbs.)	1184	....	1196	1033
Flax	15.8	....	08.5	17.6
Rice	43.4	....	36.3	28.9
Hay (tons)	102	107	94.9	95.4
Apples totals	105	203	175	214
Peaches	40.3	42.9	45.1	49.6

Acreage planted to various crops and announced for the first time are:

Corn, 113,835; white potatoes, 4,113,000; sweet potatoes, 949,000; tobacco, 1,452,900; flax, 1,967,000; rice, 1,120,300.

Acreage figures for last year were, corn, 11,755,000; white potatoes, 4,290,000; sweet potatoes, 935,000; tobacco, 1,447,000; flax, 1,809,000; rice, 964,000.

Wheat remaining on farms July 1 last year amounted to 15,611,000 bushels; and the five year average is 39,066,000 bushels.

Condition on July 1 of the various crops was announced as follows:

Winter wheat, 79.5 of a normal, spring wheat, 86.1; all wheat, 81.9; corn, 87.1; oats, 85.5; barley, 84.7; rye, 80.8; white potatoes, 87.6; sweet potatoes, 86.4; tobacco, 83.1; flax, 79.8; rice, 91.1; hay, 82.2; apples, 59.7; peaches, 46.5.

TRYING TO TRACE MONEY USED IN PURCHASE OF MAIL

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Several banks and brokers are under investigation by the alien property custodian in an effort to trace the origin and handling of more than a million dollars paid the New York Evening Mail. All persons who participated in the transaction will be asked to tell what they know about it.

It is alleged that the German government became owner of the paper through Dr. Edward A. Rumely, now under arrest in New York on charges of perjury in connection with statements to the alien property custodian. Under the law the money involved in the sale can be seized by the government if the transfer was made after the United States went to war even though the money is now held by Americans.

Department of justice officials who directed the investigation which led to Dr. Rumely's arrest, said today they had found no evidence of a reported thirty million dollar German fund to buy American newspapers, and that so far as they know the Mail was the only paper the German government sought to take over.

DRY CLAUSE RULED OUT AGRICULTURAL BILL BY SENATE

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The wartime prohibition amendment to the emergency agriculture appropriation bill, Senator Saulsbury, president pro tempore of the Senate ruled today is not germane and should be stricken from the bill as an attempt to provide general legislation on an appropriation measure. Senator Jones of Washington, a prohibition advocate, appealed from the decision.

NEW REGISTRANTS BEING CLASSIFIED BY DRAFT BOARD

Classification of the new registrants has been begun by the local draft board, the questionnaires of all registrants with the exception of thirty-five, having been returned to the board, with the questions answered. The classification cards will be issued as soon as possible after the registrants are classified. In the meantime the board wishes to hear from those whose questionnaires have not been received. Any one knowing the whereabouts of any of the registrants whose names are given below as not having made the proper return of their questionnaires is asked to notify the board, as it is necessary, if trouble is to be avoided that they either turn in their questionnaire or give an explanation. These registrants who have not yet been heard from are:

Wallace Luke Finley, Box 485, Wichita Falls; William Fred Ernest Wichita Falls, Texas; Charlie M. W. Groom, 409 Travis, Wichita Falls; John Frank Kessel, Wichita Falls; William Sam Edgerman, Sweetwater, Tex.; Charles Hamilton Campbell, Lindsay, Okla.; Jim L. Chafin, Pearl, Texas; Herbert Hudgins, 1300 Scott, Wichita Falls, Silas A. Denton, 603 Seventh, Wichita Falls; Harold Bruce Savage, 1206 Marshall, Wichita Falls; Pinkney Henderson Oates, Vernon, Texas; Asa Adam Lohman, Route 3, Seymour, Texas; Charles Thomas Tompkins, Wichita Falls; William Clifton Foster, Slocum, Texas; George W. Page, Big Springs, Texas; Porter Ewing McClure, Burkburnett, Texas; Andrew Roberts, Wichita Falls, Texas; Walter Bills, 207 Garden, Wichita Falls; Alphonse LeBlanc, Wichita Falls; Jim Allen, 315 Mill, Wichita Falls; Charlie Herbert Taylor, 404 Humphrey, Wichita Falls; Edward Rice Vaughn, Waxahachie, Texas; Walter S. E. Rice, Electra, Texas; Willie E. Low, Chillicothe, Tex.; Artie B. Crocker Pounds, Memphis, Texas; Wilhelm Theador Peterson, Tuler, Minn.; Oscar Peeler McAnally, Cameron, Texas; Egbert Rice Lizar, Electra, Texas; John Homer Lafayette, Panhandle, Texas; Trevenion Ghent Markley, Wichita Falls; Holcomb Prentiss Wright, 925 Sixth, Port Arthur, Tex.; John Barnett Harden, Childress, Texas; Eunice Howard Richardson, Iowa Park, Texas; Albert Banks, Wichita Falls, Texas.

Ford Candidacy Upsets Michigan Political Dope

DETROIT, July 10.—Developments that find no precedent in the political history of the state have given Michigan's primary campaign this year an unusual interest which centers largely in the race for the senatorial nomination. The primary election will be held August 27.

The democrats in state conference precipitated a situation that promises to upset early calculations. The conference endorsed Henry Ford as democratic candidate for the senatorial nomination, despite the fact that he had been regarded as a republican possibility, and invited the republicans to unite with them in supporting him. Then came Ford's announcement, after a conference with President Wilson, that he would accept the nomination if it were tendered him. He did not specify however, whether he would make the race as a republican or democratic candidate, and the situation was further complicated.

The action of the democratic state conference has been denounced by Michigan republicans as an attempt to split their party. Chas. E. Osborn, former governor and a candidate for the republican senatorial nomination, has declined flatly to accept the democratic proposal that he with two other republican candidates withdraw from the race, and has indicated his intention of making a vigorous campaign. Fred M. Warner, also a former governor, who had announced his candidacy, withdrew from the race, but coupled with his withdrawal a statement supporting Ford as the republican, but not the democratic candidate.

Truman H. Newberry, who served in Roosevelt's cabinet, is the other republican mentioned for the nomination. Mr. Newberry has never made a direct avowal of his candidacy, but the Newberry campaign committee has announced its intention of making a vigorous campaign in his behalf.

Mr. Ford has had nothing to say since his statement that he would accept nomination if tendered him. It is understood he will make no campaign. Should his name go on both republican and democratic tickets at the primary, under the law, he must choose within five days after canvass of the ballots the ticket on which he will seek election.

Governor Albert E. Sleeper, republican, is a candidate for renomination. John W. Bailey, of Battle Creek, is a candidate for the democratic nomination for the governorship.

WOULD MAKE ALASKAN WATERS SAFE FOR NAVIGATION

WASHINGTON, July 10.—"Every interest in Alaska should have the fostering care of the country, so that its development may be rounded and not partial," Secretary Redfield declared today in a letter to Governor Thomas Riggs Jr., outlining important work planned by the Department of Commerce for the benefit of the territory.

An essential preliminary to the development of Alaska, Secretary Redfield said, is that Alaskan waters should be made safe for navigation and he pledged the continuous services of the Coast and Geodetic Survey to that end. The hope of Alaska to have a coast dotted with fishing villages is regarded with especial favor by the Department, which will lend its efforts to bring this about. Mr. Redfield also pointed out the possibility of establishing a shipyard in Alaska and said that if such an enterprise were in operation now, the government would be glad to have it build two of four launches needed for the Fisheries Service.

Extension of the facilities for carrying on the work of the Coast Survey, Bureau of Lighthouses and Bureau of Fisheries is planned by the Department, including new vessels for each. A new district for the Steamboat Inspection Services has been made necessary by the growth of the work in the northwest and headquarters probably will be opened at Portland or Seattle. Plans are being made for salmon culture and for experiments with neglected species of fish foods by establishing a fisheries experiment station on Puget Sound.

65 REPORTED DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK NASHVILLE, TENN.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS COLLIDE HEAD-ON ON DUTCHMAN'S GRADE.

MANY ARE INJURED

Combination Coach on Local Train Ripped From End to End; Others Telescoped.

(BULLETIN.)

By Associated Press.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 9.—Sixty-five persons killed and 75 injured, twenty probably fatally, was believed late today to be a conservative estimate of the casualty as a result of the collision of two Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis passenger trains near Nashville early today.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 9.—Six coaches, crowded with passengers were demolished with a casualty list which some estimates place as high as 35 dead and 75 injured, when two Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis passenger trains collided at Belle Meade Park, a suburb of Nashville, this morning. The majority of those killed and injured were negroes. The sleeping cars attached to the trains escaped serious damage.

One of the trains, which met head-on, was eastbound from Memphis and St. Louis while the other was en route from Nashville to Memphis. At noon the cause of the accident had not been established. No official statement as to the number killed or injured was available at that hour.

As the engineers and firemen of both trains were killed the cause of the collision may never be known. One of the trains is said to have disregarded orders.

In one car every one was killed. There are said to have been several women passengers in this coach. Their bodies are still in the wreckage.

It was estimated that more than eighty persons were injured.

Between twenty and twenty-five of those reported killed were white persons.

COAL EMBARGO AGAINST COUNTIES WITH WOOD AND GAS

DALLAS, TEX., July 9.—Counties in Texas which have an adequate wood or gas supply will not get coal if there is a shortage next winter, Wiley Blair, state fuel administrator announced today. A survey of the fuel situation in Texas has just been completed and as a result of it an embargo against counties with plenty of wood and gas soon will be ordered.

SANTA FE WANTS REDUCTION INTANGIBLE VALUATION

By Associated Press

AUSTIN, TEX., July 10.—A protest was filed today with the state intangible assets placed by the board against that company amounting to $22,000,000. This is the same amount as fixed last year, but the company wants it reduced. The board is considering the protest and indications are no change will be made.

The board is also to finally adopt the amount of intangible assets against roads for 1918 amounting to $149,804,297, a decrease of $569,907.

POLITICAL MEETING AT IOWA PARK POSTPONED

The political meeting announced for Tuesday evening at Iowa Park, when the candidates for county offices would present their claims to the voters of that section, was postponed on account of a revival meeting in session at that place, candidates from this city stated today. The Iowa Park meeting will be held on July 23. On Friday of this week the candidates will go to Burkburnett and on Wednesday, July 17, a similar political meeting will be held at Electra, according to the schedule worked out by the candidates some time ago.

German Seaplanes Attack British Off Mouth of Thames

By Associated Press.

LONDON, July 10. Describing the German seaplane attack on British submarines C-35 and C-51 off the mouth of the Thames, July 6, a British semi-official statement relayed by the Amsterdam correspondent of the Central News Agency says:

"German airmen attacked the C-35 while her commander and crew were on deck. All of the crew were killed by machine gun fire but the commander kept firing his rifle at the aviators until he too was killed. The seaplanes having expended all their munition, they returned to the Flemish coast.

"Another squadron arrived while the submarine, C-51 was towing the C-35 and both vessels were attacked by bombs."

WAS ANNOYED SO RESIGNED FROM ARMY

LONDON, July 9.—A London daily prints the letter of a member of an Egyptian Labor unit to his commanding officer explaining his failure to return from leave. It reads:

To the Managing Director of the British Army:

Dear Sir: I am sorry not to be able to return to your army, but when I returned to Cairo I found that some devil had uprooted my wife. Good God! I am annoyed.

FOR SALE—Several different makes and sizes of slightly used gas, kerosene and steam tractors, all kinds and size tractor plows, 15 H. P. Fairbanks & Morse portable engine, 18 H. P. P. & O. portable engine. Write us yoru wants and get figures. Clark Machine Co., Wichita Falls, Texas. 3-1tp

ALLEGED THAT N. Y. MAIL OWNED BY GERMAN GOV'T; PUBLISHER UNDER BOND

DR. UNA HOWE HASSKARL KILLED IN AUTO ACCIDENT

By Associated Press.

DALLAS, TEX., July 10.—Dr. Una Howe Hasskarl, wife of Major Robert A. Hasskarl of the 111th sanitary train, Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, was killed five miles from here today when an automobile which she was driving turned turtle and rolled into a ditch.

Mrs. Hasskarl left Fort Worth Wednesday. Private W. C. Little of the Camp Bowie base hospital had been assigned to drive her car. She was on her way to her father, Dr. Howe, Atlanta, Texas. She planned to make her home with him while her husband was in France. Major Hasskarl left for an Atlantic port Monday. Little was unhurt.

Mrs. Hasskarl was pinned under the wreckage and her chest crushed.

New York Stocks

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Reading's reversal of a large fraction was the only conspicuous exception to the firm but sluggish opening of today's stock market. Other leaders tended moderately higher, including steels, shippings and some of the active equipments. Speculative issues were represented by Sumatra Tobacco at an advance of two points and Baldwin Locomotive and American Can which rose one point each. Liberty Bonds were steady.

Investment rails hardened later but industrials, shippings and specialties broke abruptly. The closing was heavy. Liberty 3½'s sold at 99.60 to 99.66, first fours at 94.00 to 94.06, second fours at 94.00 to 94.08 and 4¼'s at 95.96 to 96.04.

Beyond holding firm U. S. Steel made no response to its excellent tonnage report and other stocks were unmoved despite encouraging financial reports. Rails notably low grade issues were moderately active at fractional gains.

Livestock

Fort Worth Livestock.

FORT WORTH, July 10.—Cattle, receipts 12,000. Beeves $6.00@16.25; stockers $6.00@9.00; heifers $6.00@9.00; cows, $6.40@8.40; bulls $6.00@8.00; calves $7.00@13.75.

Hogs, receipts 800; heavy $17.50@17.60; light $17.40@17.50; medium $17.25@17.50; mixed $16.75@17.25; common $16.00@16.75; pigs $10.50@16.75.

Sheep, receipts 1,000. Lambs $13.50@16.00; yearlings $13.00@14.00; wethers $11.50@12.50; ewes $10.50@12.00; culls $6.00@8.00; goats $5.00@7.75.

Kansas City Livestock.

KANSAS CITY, MO., July 10.—Hogs, receipts 11,000; steady; 5 to 10 higher. Bulk $16.95@17.15; heavy $17.00@17.25; light $16.85@17.10; pigs $16.00@16.75.

Cattle, receipts 11,000, including 2,000 southerns; strong. Prime fed steers $17.50@18.35; dressed beef steers $13.00@17.25; southern steers $8.00@15.00; cows $7.00@13.00; heifers $8.00@15.00; stockers $7.50@14.00; calves $8.00@15.0.

Sheep, receipts 4,000; strong. Lambs $15.00@18.00; yearlings $13.00@16.00; wethers $12.00@14.00; ewes $8.00@12.00; stockers $6.50@16.50.

RUMELY'S BOND PLACED AT 35 THOUSAND DOLLARS

PUBLISHER CHARGED WITH PERJURY IN STATEMENTS AS TO OWNERSHIP OF PAPER.

OWNED BY GERMANY

This Is Charge of Attorneys For The State and Government Who Investigated.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Assertions that Dr. Edward Rumely, publisher of the Evening Mail, placed all his records at the disposal of the department during personal visits to Washington led to bail being fixed at $35,000 instead of $50,000 as originally asked by federal counsel, when Dr. Rumely was arraigned today before United States Commissioner Hitchcock on a charge of perjury.

Hearing in the case, involving allegations by the government that the Mail is owned by the German imperial government was deferred for two weeks.

Shortly after the arraignment of Dr. Rumely a federal grand jury began consideration of the case. It was said many witnesses would be called.

Perjury Charged.

Dr. Rumely was arrested here yesterday after a lengthy investigation arising out of an examination of the records seized in this country from Hugo Schmidt who was Germany's fiscal agent in America. He had sworn to A. Mitchell Palmer, alien property custodian, that the Mail was American owned whereas inquiry by federal and state officials has disclosed, according to the investigators that German money purchased the newspaper and paid for its publication.

Dr. Rumely brought to the federal building from the Tombs, objected through his counsel, Frederick J. Powell, to the higher amount of bail asked by Harold Harper, federal assistant district attorney. Powell said the defendant was a man of large resources, handling considerable money for the Mail and having pledged his personal finances to the Mail's notes and was a man "of high reputation."

During the period of investigation, counsel said, Dr. Rumely supplied government agents with all the information in his possession, placing copies of all his papers before the investigators and otherwise co-operating. After consultation with Mr. Rumely's attorneys Mr. Harper informed Commissioner Hitchcock he had no desire to demand bond which the defendant would not be able to furnish and consented to the smaller bond.

Market Report

Cotton Market

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The continued dry weather in the Southwest and apprehension of less favorable crop accounts led to further covering in the cotton market during today's early trading. There was also buying of early new crop deliveries by spot house brokers and further covering of July by Liverpool interests. The market opened steady at an advance of 4 to 15 points and before the end of the first hour sold 24 to 34 points net higher with July touching 28.15 to October 25.01. Some of the unfavorable crop advices from the southwest were accompanied by buying orders and stop orders were uncovered on the early advance.

The weekly report of the weather bureau proved more favorable than expected and was followed by realizing. July eased off from 28.23 to 27.90 or a point under last night's close while later months lost all but 3 or 4 points of the early advance with October selling at 24.70 late in the morning.

Cotton closed steady.

New Orleans Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.—After hesitation on the opening call today and a loss of three points on December, cotton moved up to higher levels on fear that the weekly crop accounts from the government would make unfavorable mention of drouthy conditions, especially in the western belt. At the end of the first half hour of trading prices were 22 points over yesterday's close.

At the highest the morning prices were 30 to 31 points up net. The weekly crop returns were more favorable than expected and the market slumped as a consequence, standing at the middle of the day 4 to 7 points under yesterday's close on the most active months.

The market became quiet with prices inclined to sag. At 1 o'clock the trading months were 11 to 12 points below yesterday's finals.

Cotton closed steady at a decline of 26 to 27 points.

Liverpool Cotton.

LIVERPOOL, July 10.—Cotton spot quiet; prices unchanged. American middling fair 23.55; good middling 22.24; low middling 21.71; good ordinary 20.72; ordinary 20.19. Sales 2,000 bales, including 1,700 American. Receipts none. Futures closed steady. New contracts: July 22.01; August 20.88; September 19.90; October 19.38; November 19.09. Old contracts: fixed prices, July 21.19.

Grain Market

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Bearish aspects of the government crop report brought about only temporary weakness in the corn market today. On the decline buying in which one of the largest houses was conspicuous led to a sharp rally. Opening prices which ranged from ⅝ off to ⅛ advance, with August 1.54⅞ to 1.55⅛ and September 1.55⅜ to 1.55½ were followed by a general upturn to well above yesterday's finish.

Oats swayed with corn. After opening ⅛ down to ⅛ up with August .70⅞ to .71, the market scored a moderate gain all around. Lack of support caused provisions to sag.

Subsequently stock yards longs who were said to have been good buyers of late did considerable unloading.

The fact that temperatures were below the seasonal normal throughout the belt operated as a bullish factor. Prices closed unsettled, ⅛ to ⅜ net higher with August 1.55⅜ to 1.55⅝ and September 1.56⅛.

	OPEN.	HIGH.	LOW.	CLOSE.
CORN—				
July	1.53½	1.54½	1.53½	1.53⅝
August	1.54⅜	1.56⅜	1.54⅜	1.55⅛
Sept	1.55⅝	1.56⅜	1.55⅜	1.56⅛
OATS—				
July	.74⅛	.74⅝	.74⅛	.74⅜
August	.70⅞	.71⅝	.70½	.70½
Sept	.69¾	.70⅞	.69¾	.69⅝
PORK—				
July				44.40
Sept				44.92
LARD—				
July	26.17	26.17	26.12	26.17
Sept	26.27	26.27	26.17	26.17
RIBS—				
July	24.15	24.15	24.15	24.15
Sept	24.72	24.77	24.60	24.65

Kansas City Cash Grain.

KANSAS CITY, July 10.—Wheat number 2 hard 2.28@2.33; number 2 red 2.19½@2.20½.

Corn number 2 mixed 1.64@1.68; number 2 white 2.02@2.05; number 2 yellow 1.70@1.72.

Oats number 2 white .78@.78½; number 2 mixed .75.

Chicago Produce.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Butter, unchanged.

Eggs, unsettled; receipts 14,625 cases; firsts .37@.38½; ordinary firsts .36@.36½; at mark cases, included .34@.37½.

Potatoes, higher. Receipts 62 cars; Louisiana, Arkansas and Oklahoma sacked Triumphs 2.60@2.90; do white 2.50@2.80; California white 3.00@3.10, California red 3.15@3.25; Virginia barrels 6.50@6.75; North Carolina barrels $5.50@6.00.

THE WICHITA TIMES

—By—

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WHICH?

The pen, the sword and the voice these three and the greatest of these is? We started it and we are willing for you readers to finish it. Anyhow editors and essayists are playing no small part in the winning of the war. That was a far-seeing Hun brain that planned a world-wide newspaper propaganda of Pan-Germanism. 'Made in Germany' was a trade mark that the sun never missed in his journey around mother earth. It did look as if "brains" were made in Germany too. But 'tis not so! Brains of balanced power up and down the habitat of man are working for man's welfare. The campaign of education that is sweeping over the world is a sure sign that men are thinking and that men are talking. Goethe's dying cry, "Mere Licht," contains within it both the damnation and the salvation of his countrymen. Light is what we all need and it is just what the Junker-class of Prussia does not want, for themselves or those under their control. Suppress the press. Muzzle the mouth and darkness will dwell in the land. For a nation to be strong and sane its people must see for themselves, read for themselves and think for themselves.

Upton Sinclair is out with a magazine of his own and light will shine into many a dark place because of it.

George Harvey's War Weekly is a flaming torch in more senses than one.

But we are not alone in this field of uplift for that keen-minded word-juggler of an Englishman, C. K. Chesterton, puts out a weekly too, dubbing it "The New Witness." If the following is a just sample of his 'word-ticklings' then we are for it strong.

The aims of The New Witness are:

1. Small nationalities must be saved. The great nations must be settled in their human and historic bounderies.

2. A complete Poland, with Posen and the Port of Danzig.

3. A complete France, with at least the whole of Alsace and Lorraine.

vedenta taken from Austria.

ledinta taken from Austria.

5. A complete Serbia, with Bosnia, Herzegovina and Crotia.

6. A complete Rumania, with Rumanian Transylvania.

7. A complete Denmark, with Danish Schleswig-Holstein restored.

8. Belgium restored.

9. Freedom for near Eastern peoples.

10. No voting in slavery. Western statesmanship must create new organs of nationality.

11. No needless internationalization.

12. The Prussian power to be treated especially and separately as guilty. It shall pay for the damage done, give its notorious criminals to our courts and lose his colonies and be forbidden forms of combination and armament. 'The Kaiser has the night-mare."

For Sunday afternoon recreation, get out your map and study these war-aims, for the more intelligently you understand this program as set forth in The New Witness the better can you do your duty in the winning of the war and thus help bring in the world-peace and the United States of the World. Democracy expects every son and daughter this day to do his duty! And give the Kaiser the night-mare in the day time!

GERMANY'S UNWITTING SERVICE

The crop of war-deeds that Germany is raising already is the bumper crop in the history of civilization. One of the weaknesses of human nature is to go to extremes. Excess is something common to us all. Liberty and license are twins. Germany has gone the limit and then some in this business of making war. We must realize that men make nations, and that a nation in some deep sense is just 'a man grown big!' And the traits of the many become the traits of the one. This Hun-superman, with all of his hellishness, has over-reached himself. The very thing he planned and fought to prevent, by his excess has made possible. Out of the mess of his havoc has come the miracle of humanity. The age-long enmity between Great Britain and the United States is now only an astounding fact of history. It was a German King, George the Third, that brought strife into the house of the Anglo-Saxon, and caused sons and sires to take sides. It was the same rule or ruin spirit of a blind autocracy that caused the war of 1812. But today we can gladden our eyes by gazing upon friendship and fraternity where for years enmity and jealousy existed. Well can we rub our eyes as we see this 'new thing under the sun' and exclaim "What fools we have been" Speaking the same language and possessed with the same strong, sure spirit of democracy; claiming as our God-given heritage the rights won at Runnymede, and demanding for ourselves as for others," "No taxation without representation" and "Equal rights for all and special privileges for none," we are realizing more and more with every day of the war that "we be brethren." So put this service down to the credit of Germany. But this is not all. Germany in her war of frightfulness has put the rope of defeat around the neck of her desires. European history has more pages in it telling of the wars between England and France that well nigh aught else. Miracle dictu, England and France have forgotten Waterloo and Trafalga and never more will make war. Through blood and tears both see in each other the embodiment of common ideals, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity. Beef-eaters and Frog-eaters, long willing enemies are now united by blood ties cemented by sacrifices that no enemy can ever break. So put this service down to the credit of Germany.

Now crown it with the memorable words of our own General Pershing "Lafayette, we have come." Thus Germany has brought together in an indissoluble union the three great Democratic nations of Earth and Time. These three nations, England, France and the United States, national neighbors by right of life, light and liberty shall by the grace of Almighty God not only "make the world safe for democracy," but what is just as vital, "make democracy safe for the world." And thus shall come a United States of the World. So put down to the credit of Germany, although we opine the Potsdam gang may refuse to take the strong dose of this credit of a medicine compounded in the mortar of war and pounded by the pedestal of human rights. So open your mouth and swallow it down, Germany, for the longer you wait the worse it gets.

FERGUSON AND THE ZONE LAW

"They passed the zone law in an effort to deny the poor lonely soldier, who is a thousand miles from home, thinking of an old father and mother back there, a chance to take a drink to relieve his loneliness." — James E. Ferguson in his speech at Paris.

According to Jim's idea the war department did'nt know what it was doing, and was merely pulling chestnuts out of the fire for the prohibitionists when it placed the ban on the sale of liquor to men in uniform. Carrying out Jim's idea bars ought to line the streets at the cantonment gates so that the lonesome soldier boys might have the better opportunity for the drinking that would bring visions and action and excitement and all the things that go with drinking. President Wilson and Secretary Baker and all the generals and officers being wrong about this matter of soldiers drinking, the State of Texas ought not to take the steps necessary to make the regulation fully offective, so far as the people of Texas could help make it so, according to his theory.

If the lonesome soldier boy ought to have alcoholic stimulants to relieve his lonliness, then the regulation prohibiting the sale of intoxicmants is wrong, the zone law is wrong, statewide prohibition is wrong and the state ought to make haste to put itself in opposition to President Wilson, Secretary Baker and the commandants of the training camps and immediately take steps to repeal all this iniquitous legislation.

There are some folks who believe all this yet will refuse to vote for Ferguson.

YOUNG FARMERS URGED TO ATTEND SHORT COURSE

Members of the canning and poultry clubs organized over the county thorugh the efforts of the food demonstrator are urged to attend the farmers short course offered at A. & M. College Station July 22-29 inclusive.

Miss Oliver feels that the benefit derived from the course will more than justify all expense. She will go to College Station at the time and will be glad to take charge of a party of club members. The courses offered and the object of the work are well explained in an article in the latest "Extension Service Farm News," issued from the college. The article says:

Instruction and entertainment for every member of the farmer families of Texas are promised in the ninth annual Farmers Short Course at A. and M. College which will be held July 22-29, inclusive. For the farmer and his older sons there will be brief but concise and practical courses in agricultural engineering, agricultural education, agronomy, animal husbandry, dairy husbandry, plant diseases and veterinary medicine, while for the farmers' wives and daughters practical instruction will be offered in poultry raising, egg production, canning and drying of fruits and vegetables, canning of meats and the manufacture of cottage cheese.

Arrangements have been made for a number of high-grade lectures, musical entertainments, motion picture shows, receptions and other entertainment features during the evenings, a large comfortable airdome having been provided by the college for this purpose. Favorite games will be provided for the younger boys and girls.

Railroads had promised the former rate of one cent per mile each way but due to the government direction of all lines this promise has been cancelled. However, efforts are being made to get a cheap rate though in view of war conditions no definite promises are made by the College authorities. Board and lodging will be furnished by the college at the rate of $1.25 per day and the expenses of the short course as a whole will be very reasonable.

Food production and conservation will be emphasized as a war measure and those attending will have the privilege of hearing some of the special addresses of a popular nature before the summer school of the college.

PLACE THE BAN ON SHYSTERS

The Texas Bar association at its annual meeting held at Wichita Falls last week, following an address by Major John C. Townes, supervisor of the selective service law in Texas, adopted a resolution condemning in unmeasured terms the acts of lawyers in certain localities for acepting fees and giving aid and advice to registrants on securing deferred classifications, and for attempting to secure the discharge of men already in service.

This action on the part of the bar association was expected, since the organization is composed of attorneys who not only know and appreciate the ethics of the profession, but men who are true to the oaths to which they have subscribed as attorneys and counselors. Nor de we mean to limit the number of honorable practitioners to members of the bar association. There are hundreds and thousands, perhaps, of attorneys, not members of the organization who are just as true to the standards and have equally as high regard for the ethics as those gentlemen whose names appear upon the association's roster; and these also will endorse and commend the resolution adopted by their brothers at Wichita Falls.

According to the statement of Major Townes, and he is in position to know, in as many as thirty counties of the State so-called lawyers have accepted employment from men called for registration with the view of service to have them placed in deferred classifications, as well as to secure the discharge of soldiers who have been pressed into service under the selective draft. In view of the oaths every licensed lawyer has taken, such practice constitutes conduct so reprehensible as to afford ample ground for disbarment; and the association very properly made provision for such proceedings to be instituted where the facts warranted such action.

There is far more in the practice of law than the mere earning of fees. It is the highest calling to which a man or woman may give ear, albeit the practice has oftentimes been prostituted and made to serve base and sordid purposes. The lawyer is sworn to uphold the law, to reverence and respect it, and although he accepts employment at times when it may appear the interest he represents is antagonistic to law and justice, the fact is he is only required to see that justice is done, that his client is given a fair and impartial trial and that the verdict is in accordance with the law and the facts. He is not expected, nor is he permitted, to bring about a miscarriage of justice; and when one so offends, he transcends his duty and obligations as a lawyer —an essential limb of the court.

Lawyers, so-called, who lend their skill to the evasion of the selective service act, give aid and asistance to the enemy, because every man they keep from the army, the country's strength is weakened to that extent. And the punishment meted out to them should be that provided in the "aiding the enemy act. — Denison Herald.

THAT WICHITA BUNCH.

The Times has received the following lines from the poet Lorry-Fet of the Wichita Bunch at Camp Travis:

Wop is a big man, six foot five,
In handling men he sure is live,
He can bawl like a calf and looks like a cow,
But in handling men he sure knows how.

He has first and second squad of the second platoon,
And drills hell out of 'em from morning 'til noon,
Now the men sure like him out of sight,
'Cause the work he gives them isn't light.

One man says his feet arn't mates,
But he is sure there doing right about face,
His feet are so big and his shoes so long,
He has to put his shoes in the yard, which is all wrong.

W. K. CASKEY.

The Wichita Bunch From A to Z.

John Trimble of the Katy railroad force,
From Uncle Sam wants no divorce.
John O. Andree of P. P.'s bank,
While in the service is quite a crank,
There's wop again, mentioned above,
Whom all the men are bound to love,
Cussing Bill Caskey of the Blair & Hughes bunch,
Is trying to keep off of K. P., I have a hunch.
Reaves Overbey of Iowa Park,
Has found that soldiering is no lark.
Ben McAdams, who was with C. W. Snider's bank,
Has been transferred to the 43rd Co., in rear rank.
Sam Flanery of the jitney hold-up League,
Is quite too fat to do much fatigue.
Harry Dickerson, the freckled faced boy,
Has found soldiering is full of joy.
Shelby Drake of the Red Ball Spread,
In driving a team the bunch he leads.
There are lots more of the boys we don't know,
But you can bet your sweet life the W. F. boys are rearing to go.
We have farmers and cooks and men of all trades,
But in Camp Travis buck privates they made,
But dropping this line and giving it right,
We have good officers that sure are white,
And take it from me we sure get fed,
And when nine o'clock comes we go to bed.
So come on boys and get in the draft,
If you try to keep out it will ruin your graft;
But if you are going to keep out just spend your mon,
Buy Liberty Bonds and we will swat the Hun.

—The Wichita Bunch.

CANDIDATES DRAW FOR PLACES ON TICKET AND OFFICIAL BALLOT IS MADE UP IN WICHITA COUNTY

Members of the Wichita County Democratic committee met this morning in the office of R. E. Huff, the chairman, and made up the official ballot for the coming Democratic primaries, drawing the places for candidates from U. S. senator down to the precinct offices. As was previously announced only those candidates who had paid their assessments were placed on the ticket.

The official ballot as made out by the committee this morning follows:

For United States Senator.
Morris Sheppard, Texarkana, Bowie County, Texas.

For Governor.
W. P. Hobby, Beaumont, Jefferson county.
James E. Ferguson, Temple, Bell county.

For Lieutenant Governor.
T. W. Davidson, Marshall, Harrison county.
John R. Moore, Palestine, Anderson county.
W. A. Johnson, Memphis, Hall county.
S. B. Cowell, Whitesboro, Grayson county.
L. H. Bailey, Houston, Harris county.
John M. Henderson, Daingerfield, Morris county.

For Chief Justice of Supreme Court.
Nelson Phillips, Dallas, Dallas county.

For Associate Justice Court of Supreme Court.
J. D. Harvey, Houston, Harris county.
Thomas B. Greenwood, Palestine, Anderson county.

For Associate Justice Court of Criminal Appeals.
R. H. Ward, San Antonio, Bexar county.
William Pierson, Greenville, Hunt county.
O. S. Lattimore, Fort Worth, Tarrant county.
C. A. Pippen, Dallas, Dallas county.

For State Treasurer.
John W. Baker, Crosbyton, Crosby county.
J. M. Edwards, Ballinger, Runnels county.

For Attorney General.
C. M. Cureton, Bosque county.
John W. Woods, Abilene, Taylor County.
Marshall Spoonts, Fort Worth, Tarrant county.

For Railroad Commissioner.
Clarence E. Gilmore, Wills Point, Van Zandt county.

For Comptroller of Public Accounts.
H. B. Terrell, West, McLennan county.
Sam H. Goodlet, Austin, Travis county.

For Commissioner of Agriculture.
Fred W. Davis, Gainesville, Cooke county.
H. A. Halbert, Coleman, Coleman county.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.
W. F. Doughty, Marlin, Falls county.
Annie Webb Blanton, Denton, Denton county.

For Judge Court of Civil Appeals.
Irby Dunklin, Fort Worth, Tarrant county.

For U. S. Congressman 13th District.
Edgar P. Haney, Wichita Falls, Wichita county.
C. F. Spencer, Montague, Montague county.
Lucian W. Parrish, Henrietta, Clay county.

For State Senator.
R. L. Templeton, Wellington, Collingsworth county.
W. S. Bell, Foard county.

For Representative 101st District.
J. D. Parnell, Wilbarger county.

District Judge, 30th Judicial District.
Wm. N. Bonner, Wichita county.

District Attorney, 30th Judicial District
Fletcher S. Jones, Wichita county.

For County Judge.
J. P. Jones.
M. F. Yeager.
W. T. Carlton.

For County Attorney.
John Davenport.
Ed Yarborough.

For County Clerk.
Will T. Harris.
M. P. Kelly.

For District Clerk.
A. F. Kerr.

For Sheriff.
R. L. (Bob) McFall.
F. L. (Frank) Burns.
G. A. Hawkins.
J. L. Huffines.

For Tax Assessor.
T. E. Ragsdale.

For Tax Collector.
E. S. Whitelaw.
M. L. Tittle.
J. P. Jackson.

For County Superintendent.
E. C. Hall.

For County Treasurer.
T. W. McHam.

For County Surveyor.
M. M. Cooke.
J. S. Isbell.

For County Chairman.
R. E. Huff.

PRECINCT TICKET.

For County Commissioner, Prec. No. 1:
M. K. Emmert.
St. Clair Sherrod.
J. S. Fore.
Precinct No. 2:
R. L. Eeds.
S. A. Fisher.
Precinct No. 3:
George Mills.
E. A. McCleskey.
Precinct No. 4:
H. H. Haynes.
Justice Precinct No. 1, Place 1:
R. V. Gwinn.
For Justice Precinct No. 2, Place 2:
P. H. Leath.
C. J. (Dad) Arrington.
For Justice Precinct No. 4 (Electra):
J. G. Corder.
For Constable Precinct No. 1:
R. L. Pete Randolph.
J. B. Nail.
W. W. Humphries.
For Public Weigher, Precinct No. 3, (Burkburnett):
T. H. Beach.

GOT BACK OWN MEN AND IN ADDITION CAPTURED GERMANS

By Associated Press.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN France, Sunday, July 7. In the German counter attack against the new positions gained by the Australians and Americans around Hamel two Americans and five Australians were captured by the enemy. Volunteers were called for and an American party led by Corporal Raymond Powell brought back the captured men and a German officer, while twelve Australians brought the number of Germans to fifty.

The guns had put down a heavy barrage but the corporal led his chaps straight through this fierce fire and charged hot foot after the retreating enemy. The Germans retired to a strong point but the corporal with the other Yankees went in after them.

The story of this incident which occurred Thursday night, was related by an American officer who took part in the fighting. He also recounted a story he had heard of the grit of an American corporal. He continued:

"An Australian officer was telling me about one of our corporals who did what was considered a fine piece of work. This lad had charge of a machine gun squad. Early in the push all his comrades were knocked out by shell fire and he was left alone with the gun.

"He knew that the gun was needed so he started forward with it himself. It was no light job but he kept setting it up and working it until he got through to the objective where he made his final stand. He was pumping away vigorously at the Boches and the Australian officer was watching him with interest for he knew he was a green man and admired the way he was carrying on. Suddenly the corporal raised himself up and then dropped to his knee again with his head hanging.

"'What's the matter, Yank, are you hit?' called the officer.

"'No, sir,' replied the Yankee, 'but do you know this darned thing don't kick at all.'

"After fighting magnificently with his gun for so long the corporal had just made that big discovery and he simply stopped firing for a moment to inspect his gun with new interest."

DANGER OF SUGAR FAMINE AVERTED HOOVER ASSURES

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Definite assurances that there is no danger of a sugar famine were given by the food administration today and the food situation generally was declared to be better than at any time since America undertook the feeding of the Allied world.

MALE RESTAURANT WORKERS TO FIND OTHER EMPLOYMENT

After a conference with the restaurant and cafe owners of the city Sunday, members of the Wichita County Draft board announce that a satisfactory agreement has been reached and that the restaurant managers are ready to obey the "work or fight order" and dispense with men help except where absolutely needed. A list of employes and their duties was asked of each restaurant manager and by this means the board was able to ascertain just how many men would be affected by the new order which classifies the occupation of waiter in a restaurant as non-productive. Men are allowed in the kitchen and to do the heavy work only, the law making it imperative to employ women for waiting on tables and doing all other work that is not too heavy. Men cooks are permitted, by the ruling, as women could not stand the hot work in the kitchen.

Practically every restaurant and cafe in the city has either already employed women as waiters, or is making arrangements to do so, following the Sunday conference with the board. The men who are affected by this order are to be given time to find other employment, the board states, before any action will be taken. All men employes, other than those at the back, whether within the draft age or not, are affected by the "work or fight order" and must get into productive and essential employment.

EXPECT BATTLE WITH ARKANSAS DRAFT RESISTERS

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., July 9.—Arrest late today of five women, alleged harborers of draft resisters in Cleburne county was expected to precipitate a battle between the resisters and possemen, including state guardsmen and selectives sent out from Heber Springs.

The women are in a house ten miles from the neafest towns and in hills called the "infamous Alps." A country doctor, who is said to have dressed the wounds of Tom Atkinson, one of the gang leaders, also was to be taken, if found.

Six suspects are being held under heavy guard at Heber Springs.

Governor C. H. Brough today ordered Colonel Leonard Ellis and two other officers of the Fourth Arkansas National Guard to Heber Springs to conduct an investigation as to the advisability of declaring martial law.

Trial of the damage suit, Kimbrough vs. Hawkins, et al, for $8,000, began before Judge Scurry and a jury in the 78th district court this afternoon.

J. PURROY MITCHELL KILLED WHEN HE FALLS FROM PLANE

By Associated Press

LAKE CHARLES, LA., July 6.—An examination of the wrecked airplane from which Major John Purroy Mitchell, former mayor of New York and an officer in the aviation section of the signal corps fell to his death at Gersner aviation field early today, revealed that the safety belt was unfastened at the time of the accident causing Major Mitchell to fall when the plane went into a nose dive at a heighth of about 600 feet, Major Kirby, commanding officer at the field, declined to speculate as to why the belt was unfastened. It is a rule, he said, that all fliers fastened themselves in the plane with the belt before ascending. The investigation has not been completed, Major Kirby stated.

Major Mitchell, in excellent spirits, went out to the field early this morning with his instructor, Lieutenant John McCaffery, also of New York. The officers discussed flying up until the time the former Mayor took the air. The instructor remained on the ground to observe the student's climbing operations. When about 600 feet up Major Mitchell fell from his seat and his body struck almost at the feet of Lieutenant McCaffery. The body, which landed head first and was badly mangled, was left at the field until tonight when it was brought here. The airplane, a single-seater scout machine, went skimming on without a pilot for half a mile and then fell 500 feet and was completely demolished. The body was shipped from here tonight and is due to arrive in New York early Monday morning.

Major and Mrs. Mitchell came from San Diego, Calif., to Grestner Field June 19th. Major Mitchell intended to perfect himself in pursuit work while at the Louisiana Field. He was regarded among the officers and cadets as a daring and skillful pilot. His death caused deep regret in Lake Charles as well as at camp.

Business was practically suspended during the day.

FLAGS LOWERED AT HALF MAST IN NEW YORK

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, July 6.—New York city has prepared to honor the memory of its former mayor, Major J. P. Mitchell, with a public funeral as well as military ritts. Whether this ceremony will take place as planned rested tonight with Major Mitchell's widow, who has not made known her desire.

Flags were lowered to half mast by order of Mayor John F. Hylan.

Instructions were cabled tonight to Rome by the committee of American poets which has sent 112 ambulances to Italy, to name one of the vehicles for Major Mitchell.

MRS. MITCHEL AT FIELD BUT DIDN'T SEE ACCIDENT

BEAUMONT, TEX., July 6.—According to officers at Gerstner Field, near Lake Charles, where Major John Purroy Mitchel was killed today, the accident happened at 8:05 o'clock. Major Mitchel was in a single seater scout machine and had been in the air for about half an hour. The machine fell a distance of 600 feet in an isolated section of the flying field. Officers said they could not determine the cause of the accident.

Mrs. Mitchel was at Gerstner Field but did not witness the accident. She will accompany the body to New York tonight.

2 NEGRO SOLDIERS ROUT 40 GERMANS; CITED FOR BRAVERY

By Associated Press

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN France, Sunday, July 7.—Henry Johnson and Robert Robinson, colored soldiers from New York, have been cited for bravery while fighting with their unit in a sector of the French front. They put to flight in No Man's Land a party of Germans estimated to number forty. The citation comes from the French command.

HANEY ENTHUSIASTIC OVER HIS PROSPECTS

Edgar P. Haney, candidate for congress, came in today after a week's speaking tour in the eastern part of the district four days of which were spent in Wise county and three days in Montague.

Mr. Haney returned very enthusiastic over his prospects reporting a favorable reception to his candidacy at all the points visited. He returned to Montague county this afternoon and will speak at Bowie this evening.

After several more days in Montague and adjoining counties Mr. Haney will return to Wichita Falls and will announce a list of speaking dates in Wichita and adjoining counties.

RESOLUTION ON TELEGRAPH IS GIVEN TO SENATE

PRESIDENT OF TELEGRAPHERS' UNION CALLS OFF STRIKE, REQUEST SECRETARY LABOR

ANOTHER VERSION

Western Union Official Says Strike Failed Because Men Wouldn't Go Out—Lockouts Reported.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The Senate interstate commerce committee late today decided to report immediately without holding hearings of the House resolution authorizing the President to take over telegraph, telephone, cable and radio system during the war.

No change was made by the committee in the Senate amendment and in order to expedite its disposal in the senate Senator Smith by a divided vote was ordered to immediately present it to the Senate with a view to beginning debate tomorrow.

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, ILL., July 8.—The strike of telegraphers employed by the Western Union Telegraph Company, set for six o'clock this morning did not take place, the order for a strike having been revoked by S. J. Konenkamp, president of the C. T. U. A. after a long distance telephone conversation with Secretary of Labor Wilson in Washington last night.

Secretary Wilson asked the head of the telegraphers' union not to allow interference with the transmission of messages "of vital consequence in the prosecution of the war," and Mr. Konekamp announced that the strike had been indefinitely postponed.

80 UNION TELEGRAPHERS DISCHARGED IN NEW ORLEANS

NEW ORLEANS, July 8.—Members of the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America who reported for work at local offices of the Western Union Telegraph Company this morning were told that the company had no further need for their services. More than eighty men who had been refused admittance to the West Union offices were gathered at union headquarters for a special meeting of the local this morning. Union officials said that according to their reports less than a dozen non-union operators were at work.

32 MEN LEFT KEYS IN ATLANTA OFFICE

ATLANTA, GA., July 8.—Union telegraphers of the Western Union did not go on strike in the southeastern district in accordance with the latest order of S. J. Konenkamp, president of the national organization, except at Atlanta, where 32 men prematurely left their keys, according to P. C. Worthen, general superintendent of the Western Union. Mr. Worthen said his report showed conditions in the southern district normal.

A. F. Joyner, chairman of the southeastern executive committee of the telegraphers' union declared more than 100 operators had gone out from the local office of the Western Union.

UNION TELEGRAPHERS AT OKLAHOMA CITY FIRED

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., July 8.—Fourteen union telegraph operators employed here by the Western Union Telegraph and Cable Company, were notified today that their services were "no longer required because of undesirable affiliations." Eight members of the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America were dismissed yesterday.

WITH FOOT CAUGHT BOY DRAGGED 100 YARDS BY HORSE

With his foot caught in the stirrup, William Hair, seventeen year old boy, was dragged about one hundred yards before finally being kicked loose from the saddle by the wild horse he was riding, east of the city early Sunday morning. Unconscious and with his clothes torn from his body, he was picked up by friends and taken to the Wichita General hospital where his condition was pronounced very serious.

His scalp was lacerated and one leg fractured.

The boy is the son of Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Hair, living about a mile and a half from Wichita Falls. According to friends, the horse had never been saddled or ridden before.

SENATE COMMITTEE AGREES UPON LEGISLATION FOR NATIONWIDE PROHIBITION AS WAR EMERGENCY LAW

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Nationwide prohibition as a war emergency measure and water power legislation advocated by the administration were before congress when it went back to work today with all hopes of an extended summer vacation abandoned.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Legislation to prohibit the sale of distilled liquor, wine and beer after January 1, 1919, and to prohibit the manufacture of wine and beer after November 1 next was agreed upon today by the Senate agricultural committee.

The legislation is proposed as a substitute for the pending Norris amendment to the emergency agricultural appropriation bill, which would stop the sale of distilled liquor and wine on June 30, 1919, and prohibit the manufacture of beer three months after the bill becomes law.

Provision for the exportation of liquors already produced was considered by the committee and probably will be reported in some form before the Senate acts on the amendment. The changes had been discussed for a number of days, so that when the committee met today action was practically by unanimous consent without a record vote.

By fixing a definite date after which the sale would be prohibited of all intoxicating liquors, members of the committee believe that any charge of discrimintion would be avoided. They say wine growers would be enabled to dispose of this year's crop while brewers could make use of their entire supply of malt.

Belgium Under the German Heel

By BRAND WHITLOCK

Antwerp Falls

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At five o'clock that afternoon the Echevins Jacquemain, Lemonnier, Maes and Steen had gone to see the Military Governor, and had told him that all the administrative measures that Max had taken had been with the approval and with the accord of the College Echevinal and insisted that Max had not broken any of his pacts with the military authorities, and asked that all be arrested with Max. General von Luttwitz produced the letter that the Burgomaster had written to Dufaire of the Deutsche Bank; it was that for which he had been suspended. He should have written to the authorities, said the General, not to the director of the bank. He asked the Echevins to take the direction of affairs of the city. If they did not do so he would name a German Burgomaster, who would take the necessary steps to have the entire amount of the indemnity of war paid. Jacquemain proposed to General von Luttwitz that he be held as hostage in Max's place, but this the General, of course, refused to do. Then they came to the Legation.

We Wait News of Max.

Villalobar and I decided to go to General von Luttwitz, asking the Echevins to await our return. It was half-past seven o'clock, already dark, and a chill wind was blowing.

At the old Ministry for Foreign Affairs there were signs of perturbation and ill-humor; the sentinels were very nasty; we had difficulty in getting in. The young aide in the ante-room was very truculent, glancing contemptuously at our cards and saying curtly:

"What do you want to see the General for?"

Villalobar's Spanish pride bristled at once.

"Monsieur!"—he said, in a tone that might have blasted the young fellow where he stood. The officer handed our cards back to us saying that the General was at dinner and could not be disturbed. It was difficult to keep one's temper with such a boorish fellow as this youth, and it was unpleasant to adopt in dealing with him the only tone he understood; perhaps it was because we could not quite do the one that we succeeded so well in doing the other; we told him that we should state our business to no one but the General and in short, that we were not accustomed to speaking to aides-de-camp.

A flush of rage reddened the young cheeks that were scarred by the batafres of the prudent duels, but the phrase did its work; and young jackanapes clicked his heels and went in, came slamming out presently, shouted angrily to us that Monsieur le General wished us to wait, clicked his heels again, and flung out of the room in a fine show of temper.

"Quelle politesse!" ("How polite") said the Marquis.

We sat down and waited, cooling our heels if not our tempers, while the General finished his dinner. We waited long. German Generals are good trenchermen, and the wine that poor Davignon had left behind in his cellar was excellent. But all things come to an end, and finally the General came in. He had dined well, of course, and we had not dined at all; he came in, very friendly and with a certain loud laughing geniality, begged our pardon for having kept us waiting and showed us into his, or into Davignon's, private room. We spoke of the arrest of the Bourgmetre.

"Qu'est-ce que ca peut bien vous faire?" ("What affairs of yours is that?")

It was, of course, none of our affair, as we admitted, but our good offices were at his service in the exigency. Then he told us the whole story. It was, he said, the third serious difficulty he had had with Max, and when he mentioned Max's name he had to restrain his feelings; he said that the difficulty was that Max had been growing too popular and that his popularity had gone to his head, in the intoxicating way that popularity will at times.

Von Luttwitz Explains.

"That man has never written me a letter," he said, "in which there was not concealed some sharp pricking points," and he gave a vicious stab with his finger in the air to illustrate the effect of Max's piquancy.

"I said this to him the other day," he went on, "Monsieur Max, do you know what I think you are trying to do? I think you are trying to become the first president of the Belgian Republic!"

He spoke then of the first disagreement with Max, the affair of the famous affiche. "I had no intention of repeating what Max told me," he went on, "but I felt in duty bound to report it to my Government. They told it to the Commandant at Liege who affiched it."

Then he spoke of the next affiche, the one concerning the Belgian flags, which was subsequently covered with white paper, and at last came to the case under notice his own latest affiche and Max's letter to Dufaire of the Deutsche Bank.

"There was nothing left for me to do but to arrest Max," said General von Luttwitz. His face grew very hard as he sat there, and very red; his grey hair giving him a distinguished look.

"One or the other must rule here," he exclaimed, "he or I, and I am put here to rule. When this house burns, I'll burn with it, under the ashes of the door sill." He clenched his fist, then gave a rather harsh laugh. We made a last effort to get him to reconsider his decision and release Max, but he shook his head determinedly.

"He has already been sent away," he explained. "I gave him a fine dinner," he concluded, and relaxed more comfortably in his chair. He added that Max would be sent to a fortress at Namuru, in honorable confinement. That seemed to close the incident. He was prepared for trouble when the worst became known; he had posted guns everywhere. But he hoped to avoid it; he wished the Echevins to continue in their functions, and he asked us if we could help him by any suggestions.

"If the Brussels police continue at their posts and maintain order," I asked, "will you leave that work to them?"

"Yes," he said. "If we can keep order for three days, the worst will be over."

We left him then and returned to my Legation. It was about nine o'clock, and Messrs. Jacquemain and Steen were still waiting. We asked them to get M. Lemonnier and meet us again at the Legation at half-past ten.

Monsier Lemonnier was a lawyer in Brussels, and the ranking echevin. He had been indicted, by reason of his length of service, as Bourgmetre, but Max had been chosen instead. There were, therefore, certain points of delicacy in the situation. According to precedent, Monsieur Lemonnier, as ranking echevin would become acting Burgomaster, but when he arrived at the hour fixed, with his colleagues, he was reluctant to assume the duties of acting Burgomaster precisely because of the old ambition to fill that very post; he had a delicacy that did him honor, and a reluctance to seem to profit by the misfortune of his ancient rival. He was a large man, and determined, and he seemed fixed in his determination. It was a position, under the circumstances, doubly difficult for him, and one could sympathize with his reluctance. And yet, there were interests at stake, larger than any one man's delicacy, however creditable it might be to him; if local self-government could be maintained, so much at least might be saved.

Sitting there around that long table where so many problems were to be discussed during the troubled months and years of the future that was so kindly hidden from us, my thoughts went suddenly to another city far across the sea, and to its problems, which in coming to Brussels I had too fondly hoped to escape. It was a lucky thought, for all suddenly there flashed into my mind the peculiar coincidence that here was the same old problem that would not down, the old ineluctable struggle of the city to be free. The free city! And Brussels was one of the oldest free cities in the world!

I leaned forward toward Monsieur Lemonnier; in Belgium there is one chord in every citizen that vibrates instantly to the touch, and that is the chord of the old city spirit. It seemed strange to be stating the argument in another tongue, but I did the best I could, and I said to Monsieur Lemonnier:

Brussels, a Free City.

"This is not the first time that the city of Brussels has been occupied by a foreign power. Today it is the Germans, not so long ago it was the Dutch; before that was the French and the Austrians and the Spaniards." The Marquis smiled, and bowed. "Before that it was the Duke of Brabant with whom you struggled. But during all those occupations, during all those changes, there was one thing that always floated over the Hotel de Ville down there in the Grand' Plaza. That was the city of Brussels, that flag was the red and green.

Monsieur Lemonnier did not wait for me to finish. He leaned forward out of the deep chair where he sat.

"I'll do it!" he said.

And so it was settled. There were a few details to arrange. Would the police obey him? Yes.

The Echevins prepared an affiche informing the people that the college would continue in their functions, would maintain order, "feront marcher les affaires." ("Would keep things going.")

Villalobar and I wrote a note then to von Luttgitz asking him to post the affiche; and he thanked us for suggesting it. It was after midnight

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I was startled out of sleep by the heavy booming of cannoning, and then suddenly it was still, and the church bells were ringing in another Sunday. For days we had been waiting for the passes that would permit Gibson to go to Antwerp for the wheat, and out two mothers to leave. Their trunks had been packed and were waiting, and now more than ever, since we did not know what might follow the arrest of the popular Burgomaster, we were anxious to have them gone, and to know them safely out of Belgium. That morning the passier-schein came, and at ten o'clock they, with Gibson, in the motor piled high with luggage, drove away under the American flag. A little knot of people gathered in the rue de Treves to see the departure—a little knot that quickly grew to the proportions of a crowd, a fact not without a disquieting suggestion. They went away bravely and as they went we watched them, with hearts full, but a great load lifted from our minds. They expected to reach Maestricht that night and The Hague on the morrow.

The crowd outside melted away and the town was still. Villalobar came in and we chatted for a long time, oddly enough about the Spanish-American war, and the King of Spain, who felt that the future of America and the future of Spain were mysteriously bound together, and so tried to do away with every trace of feeling and bitterness.

And then M. Van Villenhoven, Charge des Affairs of the Dutch Legation, appeared to say that he had just been down to the Grand' Place and that a German lieutenant with some want of tact had selected that as a propitious moment to parade there some Belgian soldiers, prisoners of war. But as the morning wore away the atmosphere of the city became surcharged with a nervous quality that was not reassuring; the news of Max's arrest was spreading, and then by noon there were callers at the Legation anxiously inquiring if it were true that the American Minister had left. It was precisely what I had expected; the crowd that had gathered to watch the motor laden with luggage drive away had already done its work. A number of citizens suggested that some means be devised to counteract the effect of the rumor and in the afternoon, then, shortly after luncheon, I took an open motor, and with my wife drove all over Brussels. The day was fine, clear and cold, and in the sunlight crowds were gathered everywhere. Our motor carried the flag and we drove along the Boulevard Bischoffsheim to the Gare du Nord, the Boulevard Anspach, the rue Haute, the entire length of the rue de l'Escalier and all through the popular districts of the Marolliens; children were playing on the sidewalks and people were gossiping at the doors; there were carts everywhere with fresh English walnuts for sale, the women before them gesticulating with their stained hands. We drove through the Boulevard du Midi, rue Neuve, out to Laeken, and there just across the canal the only incident of the drive north worth mentioning occurred. The German sentinel stopped us and a great crowd gathered, and when they saw the flag they raised excited cries of "Vive l'Amerique! Vive l'Amerique!" The Belgian police rushed everywhere among the crowd crying:

"Alez! Alez!" ("Move on.")

It took the thick-headed German sentinel as long to read the passier-schein as though it had been Chitty in Pleading, but he finished finally, and we got away, and I can still see among the red and excited faces the Belgian with a pointed yellow beard shouting frantically as he swung his hat in the air:

"Vive l'Amerique!"

Everywhere people were waving their hats and shouting, but nothing happened, and we came back half frozen late in the afternoon.

The Antwerp Guns Boom.

We would fall asleep at night to the lugubrious booming of those heavy siege guns the Austrians had so ostentatiously dragged along the boulevards on their way to Antwerp; and we would awaken to the same sound in wan mornings of care. Now and then there would be the drumming of those iron heels on the pavements, and the exultant music of a military band, adding irony to despair.

Ah! ils sont tres gais, ils sont contents!" ("Ah, they are very gay, they are content!" said one of the servants one morning, bitterly.

The incessant thud and rumble shook the house so that it trembled, it rattled the windows in their casements; and it got on the nerves. The doom of Antwerp was not far away. One evening Baron von der Lancken said that the Germans had again taken Malines and that they would no more be dislodged. Then another day of heavy detonations, and another, and another. One by one the outer forts were falling, and then one morning the Baron came to say that the bombardment of the city itself was about to begin, and would I be so kind as to say to the Belgian Government that if the Belgians would promise not to use the towers of the cathedral and other monuments for military purposes they, the Germans, would promise not to bombard them.

"We do not wish a repetition of the affair of Rheims," von der Lancken said, "and we are tired of being called barbarians."

For the diplomatic representative of a neutral government it was a delicate question, for we were not to take any action that might have relation to military operations without instructions. The German authorities were most eager that the arrangement be made, and their interesting and original opinion was that this was not a military operation. They knew certainly far more than I about military movements and I could only say to them that if the bombardment of Antwerp was not a military operation I should like them to do me the honor, when they had a real military operation on hand, to let me know.

I was, of course, anxious to aid in sparing those monuments, and yet, so readily does doubt, poison even the most credulous mind in a world where agreements had a way of transmuting themselves into "chiffons de papier," (scrape of paper) that I was a prey to unworthy suspicions, and so sent a dispatch to Washington saying that if the Government desired, Gibson, then at Antwerp, could be instructed to bring the indications of the buildings to Brussels.

Then one morning—it was the sixth of October—we were getting off the English nurses, one hundred and twenty of them, that day and the doctors as well, including Wyatt, for all of which we were duly grateful—came Hermancito, always a very mine of gossip, and told me that the presence of military attaches proved that the Kaiser was in Belgium, perhaps in Brussels. Antwerp was to fall on the morrow; the city had been summoned to surrender and the time had expired at six that very day. The news spread abroad, in the way it used to do in those dumb days without a press. The city settled under a sodden melancholy; as the troops marched down the streets the men stood on the corners and watched them in despair.

The next morning—Wednesday, the seventh of October—Villalobar being at my house, at ten o'clock the Baron von der Lancken and a Colonel von Leipsig arrived; they came to ask us to inform the government at Antwerp of the Germans' intention to bombard the city unless they surrendered. They came officially, wearing their swords, and bearing official documents—the Hague Conventions, no less, or what was left of them—and on these they squarely placed themselves.



Cathedral of Antwerp showing much discussed Tower

Fort defending Antwerp

Refugees Fleeing from Antwerp

Article twenty-six was the rock that yet projected itself from the welter of chaos about us; they said that according to Article twenty-six it was their duty to use all means to notify the town, and inasmuch as the Belgians refused to receive any parlementaries, they had to have recourse to us. Curiously, almost at that very moment, I had a despatch from Washington about the preservation of historic monuments at Antwerp. It had all been arranged nicely and we set to work on a letter, citing the premonitory Article twenty-six and communicating to the local authorities at Antwerp the request made to us by the Germans. We decided finally to send the letter by Senor Sorela, Villalobar's white-bearded naval attache. He was to go in my motor with Adrien—one of our chauffeurs—to drive him and Baron von der Lancken to see him safely through the lines. I wrote a letter to Davignon and one to our Consul General, Mr. Dietrich, setting forth the facts, and Colonel Sorela departed in state under the Spanish and American flags, with a white flag to use at the lines.

News From the Capital.

Colonel Sorela, who, according to some Spanish rule, was a Colonel, even though he was in the Navy, and Adrien came back from Antwerp the next morning at three o'clock. They had had a wild adventurous time; it was with difficulty that they had got out of Antwerp, and once out they had even more difficulty in getting back into Brussels, for the bombardment had begun and shrapnel was bursting over the hood of the automobile. "Mon brave Adrien!" said Colonel Sorela enthusiastically, laying a hand on the little chauffeur's shoulder, as though he were giving him an accolade. Arrived at Antwerp, Colonel Sorela had gone to see General de Guisse, who did not at first understand and refused to receive the Colonel and his message. He would receive, indeed, no parlementaire, would not surrender, would fight to the death. But when Colonel Sorela explained that he had not come demanding a surrender and that he was merely placing the local population in possession of the information, the General thanked him for his services to the city of Antwerp.

Such was Colonel Sorela's official report, officially delivered with appropriate salutes. But it was his unofficial report that was the most interesting, and that I did not have from him until I had had it from Adrien. Arriving at three in the morning, Adrien had not been able to arouse the house and had patiently sat in his motor before the door until half-past five in the morning, when Joseph awoke from the sound slumber with which he was nightly blessed, and opened to him the great iron gates in the court yard. And when I came down—not at half-past five, by any means—Adrien came to me and with great blazing eyes told me an astonishing secret.

The English had arrived! Antwerp was full of them. Oh, there could be no mistake; he knew the uniforms—and they were everywhere, thousands and thousands of them, in short—the British army! All day we lived in the pleasureable excitement of the news, not daring to mention it, wondering if the Germans knew, and almost every minute expecting some great event to be born of it.

And then that afternoon at five o'clock came Gibson, with as many adventures to relate as Adrien, and great sacks of mail, and the news that the mothers had sailed the day before on the Baltic in the care of Richard Harding Davis. Gibson was accompanied by Harold Fowler, of the London Embassy, come to take out the English nurses. We could tell him that they were already out—but what of Antwerp, and the British army?

Ah, Antwerp! The army had gone, the Government had gone, the King and Queen had gone—out on the road in the night to Ostend.

But the British army? Gone, too; it had been only a little handful of troops, come too late—and Antwerp must fall.

We were up late that night hearing from Gibson and Fowler the news from London, reading a great mass of mail from America, the first in many weeks, and the newspapers full of good news indeed—long stories to the effect that I had sent protests to the Kaiser for having bombarded Antwerp from Zeppelins; that I had appointed Max secretary of legation in order to save his life; that I had gone out to meet the German general and ordered him not to lay a hand on Brussels. Too bad that the cinema man could not have been there!

Gibson within ten minutes after his arrival had taken to the Germans the list of monuments in Antwerp which in accordance with the agreement were to be protected in the bombardment, and one of the German officers with that peculiar sentimentality that seemed always to lie side by side with their ferocity, was particularly interested to know that the zoological garden was marked down as immune.

"Les pauvres betes!" ("The poor beasts!")

I do not think that a list of buildings to be protected was of much benefit, and, as it proved, hardly necessary. The bombardment of the inner city had not lasted very long and was then indeed nearly over.

There was no sound of firing the next day, and we had grown so used to the sound that the stillness left us vaguely uneasy, as though some normal thing were missing; we were like the women to whom Villalobar gave refuge in his Legation during the bombardment at Lisbon at the time of the revolution; at every report of cannon they screamed, until he had them sent to the cellar, and then, in a little while, they sent up to complain that they could no longer hear the guns. It was a strange, silent, portentous day. In the afternoon Madame Davignon came to inquire after the health of her husband; he was well, was he not. And safe, was he not? And I did not have the heart to tell her that as a result of his responsibilities and perplexities and worries he had just had a stroke of apoplexy.

The German Headquarters was deserted, for once they were not working there; there was an unwonted air of sombre quiet, as though life and affairs were in suspense; no one was to be seen until Conrad, the good natured, serviceable, kindly clerk, saw me and said:

"Anvers est tombee," and he added, diplomatically, "officieusement." ("Antwerp has fallen—officially.")

I went back to the Legation; de Leval was there.

"Antwerp has fallen," he said. He said no more, too much depressed to comment on the fact.

Later in the evening came Madame W., lovely in her mourning.

"Anvers est tombee! Je suis tout a fait ruinee!" ("Antwerp has fallen! I am completely ruined!" she said. She had large factories in and near Antwerp, and German soldiers, she had heard, were taking away all they contained, though later we were able to save something for her.

And then came Villalobar with a long face, and the same note. Antwerp fallen! The news was not only all over town, it was all over the world, for he had a telegram from Madrid.

Another caller arrived M. J., a Brussels lawyer.

"Is it true that Antwerp has fallen?" he demanded.

"Yes," I said.

And then a curious phenomenon occurred; an eccentric reaction of human nerves to a long dreaded catastrophe, at last arrived. He grew instantly livid with rage, his eyes blazed, he advanced toward me with clenched fists.

"How dare you!" he said "How dare you tell me that! It is not true! It is not true!"

He was furious, indignant, as though I had insulted him wantonly, as though I had impiously sullied some point of honor.

"It is impossible! It is impossible! Those forts were built to be impregnable. Nothing could overthrow them! Not the Germans, not you!" And he sank onto my table, beat it convulsively with his fists.

Down the long corridor there was the sound of voices and, strange in that mournful, the gay sound of women's laughter. Denys was there, Denys of the Belgian Foreign Office. What was the news? I heard him ask. Fallen, said a voice, and the laughter ceased.

Gibson came; he had seen the Germans; they had told him, and added: "And now we'll push the Belgian Government into the sea."

I had one more visitor that evening quite late, von S., a German officer. He came in from the field, cold and wet and weary. He sat down in a chair before the little open fire that burned in my room. He threw back his greyish blue overcoat, took off his cap, revealing his grey hair, arranged his long sabre between his knees and was for a moment silent. He was a distinguished man in appearance and not all the mire and dirt of war could hide a certain elegance that was implicit in his attire. He had lived long years in London, long years in France; he spoke all the European languages as well as he spoke German. He sat there a moment and stretched out a white hand toward the grateful blaze; a gold bracelet that he wore glistened in its warm light. Then, suddenly, with an impulsive gesture, as though the fire had burned his fingers, he withdrew his hand, passed it wearily over his face, and then covered his eyes with his palm.

AMERICANS FOUGHT WITH GREAT VALOR ON FOURTH OF JULY

IN BAPTISM OF FIRE YANKEE SOLDIERS CAME THROUGH WITH FLYING COLORS.

WITH AUSTRALIANS

Americans Went Over the Top And Fought Like Fiends, Overcoming The Enemy.

By Associated Press.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN France, Friday, July 5.—All the traditions of the United States army for valor were brilliantly sustained yesterday in the successful attack made against the Germans south of the Somme, when for the first time American infantrymen took their stand beside their British cousins and fought shoulder to shoulder with them against the common foe.

It was a baptism of fire for the Yankee soldiers on this front, staged on Independence Day and they came through with flying colors fitting comrades for the famous Australian warriors whom they were assisting.

"The Americans fought like fiends," declared one British staff officer.

They did all of that. They were magnificent, and folks at home may be proud of the part their boys took in this unique Fourth of July celebration in the shell-torn Villers of the winding Somme. They were fighting over ground which had already been stained with the blood of thousands of brave soldiers, but no better troops ever charged across the rolling fields than the pioneers from the American army.

Along with this it is possible to make the cheerful statement that their casualties were very small, according to the latest reports.

Virtually the entire body of Americans came through unscathed. This was probably due to the weak resistance which the Germans offered to the Anglo-American onslaught.

Yesterday's operations were specifically planned as a Fourth of July celebration which should bring the Americans into the British battle line for the first time.

American troops who were to take part in the memorial event were brigaded with the Australian Allies, who took the deepest interest in the forthcoming welding of the link of brotherhood. The plans were carefully rehearsed until every American knew his role as well as the hearty veterans from his majesty's army. Few people along the front knew of the forthcoming event, but the British staff officers were watching every move with the keenest attention. Those officers today were outspokenly delighted with what they had seen.

The Americans went over the top with the Australians, behind big tanks as though they had been doing the same thing all their lives. Then came the clash with the enemy infantry, among the shell hole defenses and trenches under the gray light of the early dawn. There was no hesitation.

GERMANY CAN HAVE PEACE TOMORROW LLOYD GEORGE SAYS

BRITISH PREMIER ADDRESSES AMERICAN SOLDIERS ON BRITISH FRONT.

GLAD THEY'RE THERE

Congratulates American General On Fine Body of Men—Discusses Kaiser's Follies.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON The British Front, July 5.—Until Germany accepts the conditions laid down by President Wilson she cannot have peace, and she can have peace tomorrow if she accepts them. David Lloyd George, the British premier gave this message to the American troops training on the British front after he had seen them at review today.

The arrival in France of one million American soldiers had made the German emperor realize that his defeat was certain. The emperor, the premier said, had had many illusions regarding the war. One of these was that the new American troops would not be capable of meeting those of Germany trained to the minute.

Premier Lloyd George reiterated forcefully that the Allies do not covet a single yard of German soil and do not desire to dispossess Germany of her rightful inheritance or the German people of their legitimate rights.

The British prime minister stood in an automobile in the center of the sunbronzed men who have recently landed in France. Beside him were Viscount Milner, the British secretary of state for war, and William Morris Hughes, the Australian premier. Lloyd George said in part:

"General, I want to congratulate you on being in command of such a fine body of men. When I see them I am glad they are on our side, not on the other. We are anxious that many more thousands come across the ocean. The fact, that you are here at all is a source of great joy to all of us.

"At the same time it is a source of great disappointment to the kaiser, who never quite expected you. He was assured by his advisers that America was so pacific there was no danger of her getting in. Of course a mistake was committed. He has gone from folly to folly. His next illusion was that even if you declared war you could not get here. His advisers said that all the ships would be sunk and there would be no means remaining to bring you across the sea.

"But you are here, not a part of a force of a few thousands, but a part of a force of hundreds of thousands to fight for justice and the freedom of the world.

"Chateau Thierry opened the kaiser's eyes to another mistake. Yesterday in Paris I saw your comrades who fought at Chateau Thierry carrying their flag. And they carried it high, proud of the fact they had not lowered it on the battle fields of Europe. The French generals I have talked to have expressed delight with the fighting qualities of Americans. So the kaiser's advisers and the kaiser realize they have made another mistake.

"We are grateful you are here to fight, but of course you are not fighting only for America, not only for France which has suffered more than any nation in the world has ever suffered, you are fighting for the liberties of the world. In your faces alone we have a source of great hope. We see there determination to win and we are confident.

"President Wilson yesterday made it clear what we are fighting for. If the kaiser and his advisers will accept the conditions voiced by the President they can have peace with America, peace with France, peace with Great Britain tomorrow.

"But he has given no indication of an intention to do so. Because he will not do so is the very reason we all are fighting.

"What are we here for? Not because we covet a single yard of German soil. Not because we desire to dispossess Germany of her inheritance. Not because we desire to deprive the German people of their legitimate deserts. We are fighting for the great principles laid down by President Wilson.

"I am delighted to have seen these men near the field of the greatest battle the world has ever known. We stand here as a great American has said 'at Armageddon fighting for the Lord.'"

As Mr. Lloyd George concluded the countryside resounded with three cheers in regular American style. Previous to the review the premier and his party watched American and British troops training on nearby fields.

GERMAN AMBASS. AT PETROGRAD IS ASSASSINATED

By Associated Press.

BASEL, July 6.—Count Von Mirbach, German Ambassador to Russia, was assassinated today at Moscow, according to a dispatch received here.

General Count Von Mirbach has been active in negotiations between Germany and the bolsheviki. A dispatch July 5 from Moscow, dated Thursday, June 20, said Count Von Mirbach was that day successful in obtaining the release of six Finnish officials detained by Russia in exchange for Leo Kameneff, bolsheviki ambassador to Austria-Hungary, who had been held as a hostage in Finland.

Count Von Mirbach formerly was German minister to Greece. The bolshevik government consented to his nomination as ambassador to Russia last April. In May a dispatch from Moscow said the demands presented by the German ambassador would virtually make Russia a German colony. On May 27 the Russian government agreed to the appointment of Count Von Mirbach as an intermediary between Russia and the Trans-Caucasian government. On March 18 he obtained from Russia an acceptance of the German proposal for peace negotiations between the Bolsheviki and Finland.

REVOLVERS AND GRENADES ARE USED

PARIS, July 6. (Havas Agency.)—Two unknown men, asked for an audience with the German Ambassador this morning, then attacked him, wounding him with shots from a revolver. They followed this by throwing grenades. Von Mirbach died almost immediately. The assassins fled and have not been arrested.

BURNED PETITION TO PREVENT VOTE OF PEOPLE

ST. LOUIS, July 6.—Bruce Cameron superintendent of transportation of the United Railway here, burned the refe sadum petition in an effort to prevent a vote by the people on the United Railways 31 year franchise, circuit attorney Lawrence McDaniel announced tonight.

TOM WATSON CRITICALLY ILL AT JACKSONVILLE

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., July 6.—Thomas E. Watson, of Thompson, Ga., is critically ill here.

700 TROOPS FROM WRECKED TROOP SHIP RESCUED

OTTAWA, ONT., July 6.—A Canadian troop ship, the City of Vienna, has gone ashore on the Atlantic coast. All the troops and the crew were safely removed. Official announcement regarding the vessel was made here today through the office of the chief press censor.

It is thought the ship will be a total loss.

The rescue by an American patrol boat of 700 troops from the Canadian troop ship, City of Vienna, wrecked off the Atlantic coast, was reported here today. The American boat ran through a thick fog to reach the City of Vienna which went down soon after all hands had been taken off.

CASUALTIES

ARMY.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The army casualty list today contained 43 names divided as follows:

Killed in action 15.
Died of wounds 2.
Died of airplane accident 1.
Died of disease 5.
Died of accident and other causes 1.
Wounded severely 17.
Missing in action 2.

Killed in action: Private Lee Caudle, McCroy, Ark.

Severely wounded: Corporal Edward P. Hagedorn, Paoli, Okla.

Private Ray W. Miner, Ione, Iowa, previously reported severely wounded, should read Private Ray W. Minor, Boerne, Texas.

The remainder of the army list follows:

Killed in Action.

Lieutenants Thomas W. Desmon, Randolph, Mass.; Thomas Goodfellow, Peoria, Ill.; Sergeant Joseph A. Hauptman, Bloomington, Ill.; Corporals Roman Lemanski, Milwaukee; Eugene F. Murphy, Sayre, Pa.; Otis Oldenburg, Wilson, Mich.; Privates Guy Bell, Hillsdale, Mich.; George E. Doran, Milwaukee; Joseph Downey, Chicopee, Mass.; Tod E. Gillette, Tampa, Fla.; Francis M. Leslie, Scottsburg, Ill.; John Naujakitis, Homestead, Pa.; Peter Rahubik, Gilman, Wis.; Arthur F. Voss, Horicon, Wis.

Died of Wounds.

Lieutenant Stephen F. McGrorty, Falls Church, Va.; Private Chester O'Neil, Cleveland.

Died of Disease.

Sergeant Ernest A. Parsons, Wausau, Wis.; Corporal Clyde Gillispie, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Privates William Allen, Brooklyn; Joseph H. Kellenbach, Williamsport, Pa.; William B. Linster, Aurora, Ill.

Died of Airplane Accident.

Private Ernest Adams, Evanston, Ill.

Died from Accident and Other Causes.

Private Johnny Glyrick, Portsmouth, Va.

Severely Wounded.

William Mayes, Newbury, S. C.; J. Kenneth Rutherford, Yonkers, N. Y.; Frederick G. Wagoner, New York City; Corporals John F. Auchter, Milwaukee Bruskin, Nutland, N. J.; Joseph H. Handford, Hamilton, Ont., Charles J. Kennedy, Paterson, N. J.; John Quinn, Lansing, Mich.; Harvey J. Troyer, North Judson, Ind.; Privates Raymond L. Bayle, Strum, N. D.; Oran Emberton, Glasgow, Ky.; Carl J. Geney, Corunna, Mich.; Lawrence Ludovici, Philadelphia; Peter A. Molver, Kalispel, Mont.; John Wade, Owosso, Mich.

Missing in Action.

Privates John Mickleovich Jr., Bridgeport, Conn.; McKinley Pigg, Louisville, Ky.

Prisoner, Previously Reported Missing.

Corporal Leroy Cogleton, West Philadelphia; Corporal Ralph Harney, Framingham, Mass.; Privates Louis R. Ziegra, Deep River, Conn.; Joe D'Anna, New Milford, Conn.; Chester Dalman, Moundsville, W. Va.; Ernest A. French, New Haven; Clifford Markle, New Haven; Edward J. Murray, Southington, Conn.; George E. Newton, Hartford, Conn.; Walter S. Wolf, New Bedford, Mass.

MARINES.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 6.—The marine corps casualty list today contained 114 names divided as follows:

Killed in action 6.
Died of wounds 15.
Wounded severely 23.
Missing in action 18.
Wounded, degree undetermined, 52.

Southerners in the list were as follows:

Wounded in action severely: Corporal Warren S. Freund, Austin, Tex.; Private William R. Morgan, Emory, Texas.

Two separate lists of marines casualties were issued. The remainder of the first follows:

Killed in Action.

Captain Edward C. Fuller, Navy Yard, Philadelphia; Lieutenant Walter D. Frazier, Bridgeport, Conn.; Private Louis Chartier, Chicago.

Died of Wounds Received in Action.

Major Edward Cole, Brooklyn; Privates Ray E. Dornblaser, Georgetown, Ill.; John J. McGrath, Dayton, O.

Wounded in Action Severely.

Privates Alfred Mays, Huntsville, Ark.; Chauncey A. Norris, Altoona, Pa.; Leo J. Struif, Alton, Ill.; Benjamin Wierman, Lexington, Ky.

Wounded in Action, Degree Undetermined.

Sergeants Charles S. Thompson, Ravenwood, Mo.; Robert H. Donaghue, Wyona, Okla.; Richard Mazereeuw, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Corporals Joseph A. Dargis, Chicago; William T. Shaw, Greenfield, Mo.; Privates Howard Barras, Benavon, Pa.; Walter E. Gapps, Oakpark, Ill.; James L. Cavanaugh, St. Louis; James E. Clark, Bent county, Colorado; Dudley McA. Covell, Minneapolis, Minn.; Rossie B. Currie, Taltagad, Ala.; Earl W. Davis, Pueblo, Colo.; Robert G. Dickson, Waukegan, Ill.; Ohmer S. Ehrstine, Dayton, O.; William C. Foss, Coloma, Wis.; Henry Fox, Chattanooga, Tenn.; William Garrioch, Chicago; Franklin A. Haberland, Middleton, Wis.; Nedhmore W. Hamill, Detroit; Raymond E. Hattery, Massillon, O.; Richard C. Hawkins, Tipton, Iowa; Joseph Heinzen, Waterford, N. Y.; Geo. A. Hess Flint, Mich.; Frank W. Hubbard, Medford Ore.; Chris Jenson, Avoca, Iowa; Ralph H. Johnson, Mill Run, Pa.; Alfred H. Kirsch, Clayton, Mo.; George P. Kolalik, Ashley, Pa.; William C. League, Gainesville, Ga.; George F. Lodge, Chicago; John F. Leidenheimer, Knoxville, Tenn.; Edward J. Lindblad, Six Prong, Wash.; Harold T. Linnell, Minneapolis; Patrick H. Maguire, Harrisonville, Mo.; Oswald J. Martin, Gainesville, Va.; Leo A. Miller, Thief River Falls, Minn.; John H. Moore, St. Louis; Wilbur F. Moore, Louisville; Roy K. Mosner, St. Louis; Raymond F. Munser, New York City; Arthur J. Murphy, Chicago; Harry E. Nelson, Enumclaw, Wash.; Maurice F. O'Neill, St. Louis; John F. Rafferty, Cleveland; Bynum Randolph, Cook Place, Tenn.; Charles Shelly, Chicago; Carl Vermillion, Indianapolis; Charles E. Weld, Chicago; Anselm B. Zeingg, Minneapolis; Lawrence V. Stevens, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Second List.

The following southerners appear in the second list of marine casualties:

Died of wounds received in action; Private Phillip H. Hoover, Lequire, Okla.

Wounded in action severely: Sergeant Dana G. Lovejoy, Little Rock, Ark.

The remainder of the second list follows:

Killed in Action.

Captains John P. Burns, Corning, N. Y.; Harling E. Major, Crescent, O., Private Ralph T. Wright, Hibbetts, O.

Died of Wounds Received in Action.

Sergeants Harry W. Anderson, Chicago; George C Stine, Tower City, N. D.; Floyd C. Knight, Holton, Mich.; Privates Ora J. Douglass, Greenville, O.; Dewey A. Gruhn, Malcolm, Iowa; Paul F. Hartley, Upper Darby, Pa.; Richard Kimball Newton, Highlands, Mass.; Joseph E. King, San Francisco; Berrell A. Lemmon, Akron, O.; Claude H. Marlette, Memphis, N. Y.; Lee Roy Sarver, Henton, Ill.

Wounded in Action Severely.

Corporals Benjamin F. Haugh, Anderson, Ind.; William Prince, Hackensack, N. J.; Privates John W. Biggerstaff, Chicago; Frank W. Demski, Manistree, Mich.; Jos. E. Ellis, Cameron, Mo.; Louis Flaherty, Hyannis, Neb.; Dewey Graydon, Waterport, N. Y.; William O. Hillburg, Cobert, Mich.; Roy E. Lile, Richmond Heights, Mo.; Frank H. Luzenski, Detroit; Oland M. McFarland, Highland Park, Mich.; Edward J. Mansfield, Elizabeth, N. J.; J. Prinz, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Charles W. Spencer, St. Louis; Archie Tenner, Springfield, Ill.; Fred A. Uhlendorff, Chicago.

Missing in Action.

Sergeant Frank L. Guillod, Rochester, N. Y.; Corporal David D. Foster, McKeesport, Pa.; Privates Edward G. Applebee, Flint, Mich.; Lawson McV. Babbitt, Youngstown, Ill.; Theodore E. Bangs, Bengies, Md.; Emile Blais, Duluth, Minn.; Harry Bracken, Winsburg, Pa.; William K. Bray, Batavia, N. Y.; Sidney T. Carter, Vienna, Va.; Ernest J. Ferranti, West Bridgewater, Mass.; David J. Hillery, Buffalo, N. Y.; Ralph Lindley, Paoli, Ind.; William T. Nolan Jr., St. Louis; Joseph T. Ouzts, Edgefield, S. C.; Carl Richardson, Goreville, Ill.; Herbert C. Shaw, Baltimore, Md.

Note: Address of Second Lieutenant Edgar M. Poe, given previously as Jamestown, R. I., should have been Baltimore, Md.

ARMY.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—The army casualty list today contained fifty-names divided as follows:

Killed in action 6.
Died of wounds 13.
Died of accident and other causes 2.
Wounded severely 29.

Southerners in the list include:

Killed in action: Private Hage, Franklin, La.

Wounded severely: Sergeant Steve O. Stubblefield, Roxenburg, Texas; Private Jessie E. Hays, Hansford, Texas; Private John Tolleson, Waldron, Ark.

The remainder of the list follows:

Killed in Action.

Cook Walter L. Couch, Elmdale, Kans.; Privates Gust Anikewich, Hamtramck, Mich.; Bennie W. East, Dagnolia, Miss.; Lloyd Still, Wabaux, Mont.; Marvin Wright, Augusta, Ga.

Died of Wounds.

Sergeants Guido Castiglione, St. Paul, Brazil; Ray A. Wood, Highlands, N. J.; Cook Carmine Ienco, Central Rutland, Vt.; Private Elmer A. Chatham, Bath, Me.; Michael Gill, Hamtramck, Mich.; Merton V. Hair, Early, Iowa; Edward J. Miller, Alton, Ill.; George D. O'Loughlin, Stuart, Iowa; Joseph P. Schultz, Newark, N. J.; Thomas C. Seder, Ravenscroft, Tenn.; Arthur L. Sinnell, Babyton, N. Y.; William H. Taylor, Eldershot, S. D. Alexander E. Vautrain, New Orleans.

Died of Accident and Other Causes.

Privates James H. Booth, Mont Clair, N. J.; Harry V. Parker, Salisbury, Md.

Wounded Severely.

Sergeants John E. Crow, Raleigh, N. C.; William W. White, Houghton, Mich.; Corporals Frank W. Anderson, Roxbury, Mass.; Charlie R. Brantley, Georgetown, S. C.; James F. Coleman, New Haven, Conn.; Herbert Collings, Norwalk, Conn.; Harold F. Dolan, New Haven, Conn.; Norman C. Elliott, Webster, Mass.; Newman S. Gee, Caribou, Maine; James C. Goldrick, New Haven, Conn.; Charles B. Kenny, Norwalk, Conn.; Harry M. Lufkin, Providence, R. I.; Bernard T. Lynch, Brooklyn, N. Y.; John H. T. McCartin, New Haven, Conn.; Edward A. Olson, Pristol, Conn.; James E. Pitochelli, Tawtucket, R. I.; Clarence H. Riedle, Bristol, Tenn.; Carol Tieman, Dayton, Ky.; Jos. Duncan, Old Orchard, Me.; James E. Fitzwilson, New London, N. H.; James R. Loel, Chillicothe, O.; Jos. R. Stevens, Gerry, N. Y.; Privates Willis Bartlett, Pottsville, Pa.; Theodore Combs, Hamilton, Ohio; Santo Freni, East Boston, Mass.; Clarence M. Heskett, Center, N. D.; Geo. T. Hillfield, Brockport, Ill.; Ira R. Holsappte, Glendive, Mont.; Charles A. Khoury, Torrington, Conn.; Fred Krech, Portage, Wis.; William T. McGraw, Los Angeles; Raphael Papone, Middleton, Conn.; William J. Hugh, Scranton, Pa.; Franklin C. Rose, Coatesville, Pa.; Jos. Stilliteno, Haverhill, Mass.; Vincent Super, Bay City, Mich.; Edward Townsend, Danville, Ala.; Laird A. Wray, Seattle, Wash.; Adolph L. Young, Philadelphia, Pa.; Fred M. Young, Elmhurst, N. Y.

Prisoners, previously reported missing: Corporals Fred W. Chitty, New Haven, Conn.; Franklin J. Damon, Brookline, Mass.; Jos. Sabatini, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Bugler Jos. McNamara, New Haven, Conn.; Privates Leon S. Bernard, Hopkinston, Mass.; Richard Brightman, Fall River, Mass.; Edward Clark, Collinsville, Conn.

ARMY.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The army casualty list today contained 57 names divided as follows:

Killed in action 14.
Died of wounds 10.
Died of disease 1.
Wounded severely 18.
Wounded slightly 2.
Missing in action 11.
Prisoner 1.

Southerners in the list include:

Killed in action: Private Joe V. Salac, Buckholts, Texas.

Wounded severely: Private John F. Few, Rush Springs, Okla.

Wounded slightly: Lieutenant Geo. C. Walker, 251 West Summit Ave., San Antonio, Texas.

The remainder of the list follows:

Killed in Action.

Sergeant William A. Hamilton, Selmer, Tenn.; Corporal Peter A. Sieberz Milwaukee, Wis.; Privates George A. Brochu, Newark, N. J.; Albert J. Carron, Milford, Mass.; Henry Cumminskey, New Bedford, Mass.; Harvey S. David, Conesville, Ohio; William Deluca, Hartford, Conn.; Thomas Duncan, Moorehead, Ky.; Jack H. Insley, Carnegie, Pa.; Arthur Kennedy, New Orleans; John F. Lawson, Worcester, Mass.; Nik Skittino, Bell Harobor, N. Y.; John J. Stack, New York.

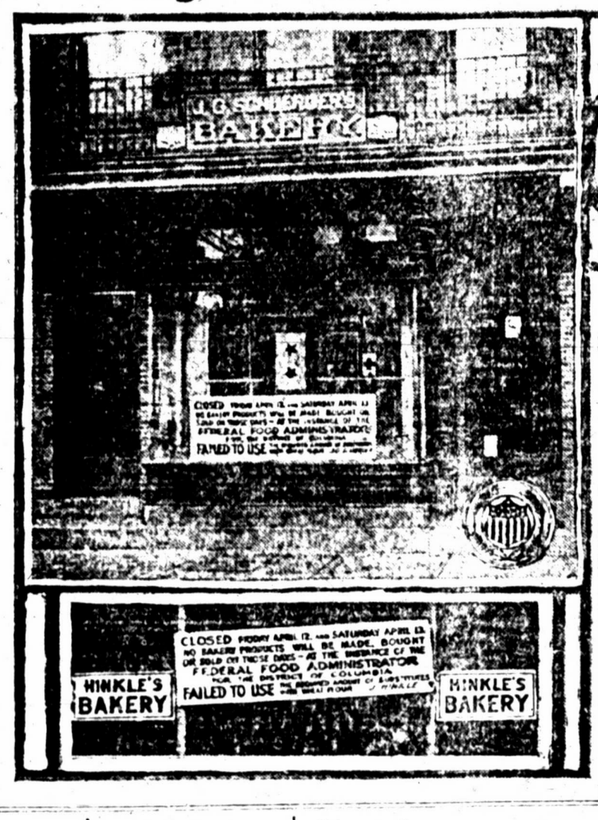
Died of Wounds.

Sergeant Matrin Popiacki, Baltimore, Md.; Corporal Charlie C. Robinson, Canton, N. Y.; Cook Charles H. Stipe, Medora, Ill.; Private Hubert S. Coon, Briggsville, Wis.; John Robowski, Syracuse, N. Y.; Anthony Pazych, La Salle, Ill.; Joseph Pechoca, Fall River, Mass.; Ernest C. Ross, Milner, Ga.; Joseph D. Rountree, Kinston, N. C.; John Rusinko, Scranton, Pa.

Died of Disease.

Captain James S. Moore, Atlanta, Ga.

Closed Stores, and Open Confession of Wrong, Follows Violation of Food Orders





U. S. Food Administration.

Swift Justice Overtakes Bakers And Stores in District of Columbia.

Federal Food Administrators are no respecters of persons. At least, not in the District of Columbia.

The pastry and baking department of one of the most exclusive and expensive grocerics in Washington and two smaller bakeries were closed for two days, all three being penalized for violation of the United States Food Administration regulation which requires 20 per cent of wheat substitutes in all wheat flour bread. On these days signs were displayed prominently, as shown in picture, announcing that the closing was by order of the Federal Food Administrator for the District of Columbia because of the non-observance of the food regulations.

Wounded Severely.

Lieutenant William J. Blake, Brookline, Mass.; Sergeant Gratton Angel, Spring Hill, W. Va.; Corporal Archie R. Ott, Horace, Kans.; Privates Homer W. Amburgey, Fagan, Ky.; Albert G. Bamford, Erie, B. C.; Austin Barkman, Middleburg, N. Y.; William D. Bofkins, New Rockford, N. D.; William B. P. Hall, Tacoma, Wash.; George Mayer, Cleveland; Arthur Miller, San Francisco; Henry F. Nepring, Valparaiso, Ind.; James E. Reynolds, Monroe, Utah.; James H. Smith, Skidmore, Mo.; Howard S. Staub, Rigerville, Pa.; Patrick Tangeney, Doocks Glemparch, Ireland; Robert E. Toombs, Minden, W. Va.; Luther S. Williams, Rutherford, Tenn.

Wounded Slightly.

Private John F. Hennessey, Corona, N. Y.

Corporal Hubert Parker, Charleston, W. Va.; Privates William D. Bell, Quincy, Mass.; Ray G. Estes, Whitefield, N. H.; Dominek Felippo, Andoli, Italy; George Fox, Geneva, N. Y.; James W. Grayson, Metheun, Mass.; Frank G. Gualtieri, Syracuse, N. Y.; Mario Lucchi, Lawrence, Mass.; V. Clinitick, Clinton, Mich.; Martin O'Brien, Whitman, Mass.; Clyde Lemperly, Hazel Green, Wis.

Prisoner.

Private Louis Peccerillo, New Haven, Conn.

MARINES.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Marine corps casualties today numbered 52 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action 17.
Died of wounds 10.
Wounded severely 13.
Missing 12.

Southerners included in the first list follow:

Killed in action: Corporal John W. Mofield, Mondo, Texas.

Died of wounds received in action: Private Mendon H. Hardwick, Aquilla, Texas.

Wounded in action severely: Privates Joseph H. Diket, Algiers, La.; Ratmond Ross, Del Rio, Texas.

The names are included in two lists bearing date of July 6 and 7. The remainder of the first list follows:

Killed in Action.

Second Lieutenant Thomas H. Miles Jr., Philadelphia; Sergeant Grover C. O'Kelley, Commerce, Ga.; Corporals John R. Danley, Lorrin, O.; Charles A. Martin, Sullivan, Ind.; David L. Thor, Chicago; James B. Whipple, South Wilton, Conn.; Privates Gunnar Dahl, Chicago; Thomas D Glen Jr., Atlanta, Ga.; David T. Morgan, Staunton, Ill.; Joseph F. Newitt, New Orleans, La.; Laverne T. Perrottet, Wheaton, Ill.; William Perchal, Chicago; Wallace B. Prichard, Holly, Mich.; William L. Rounds, Wadsworth, O.

Died of Wounds Received in Action.

Sergeant Clarence C. Knepp, Newton, Hamilton, Pa.; Corporal Richard W. Rose, Washington, D. C.; Privates Allyn T. Anderson, Wilmette, Ill.; James L. Killeran, Cambridge, Mass.; Carl S. Schreiber, Pittsburgh.

Wounded in Action Severely.

Corporal Sable L. Nienhouse, Spring Lake, Mich.; Privates John R. Devine, Dexter, Mich.; Lewis W. Doerner, Fargo, N. D.; Lloyd O. Madison, Toledo, O.; Torsten H. Milenis, Warren, Pa.; Guy B. Murray, Fairport, Mo.; Harold I. Turney, Columbus, O.; Walter Wehrle, Eureka, Mo.; Raymond H. Wilson, Cleveland.

The second list:

Killed in Action.

Privates Winston P. Burtner, Harrisonburg, Va.; Arthur E. Romer, New York.

Died of Wounds Received in Action.

Privates Frank A. Beevers, Salisburg Beach, Mass.; Harold F. Blackwood, Winchester, Tenn.; Harry V. Brooks, Henryton, Md.; Herbert L. Hill, Henager, Ala.

Wounded in Action Severely.

Privates Cedric E. Lyon previously reported missing), Hopewell, Va.; Carl C. Ouse, Genesee, Idaho.

Missing in Action.

Sergeant J. Jackson, Camden, N. J.; Privates George F. Brautigan, Cincinnati; William J. Dyer, Eagle, Idaho; Allen M. Ennis, Middletown, O.; Frank J. Fowler, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; Percy H. Hoskins, Villa, Pa.; Dewey Minor, Viola, Mich.; Walter E. Lange, Detroit; Ollie P. Montgomery, Lawrenceburg, Ky.; William T. Schwinke, Rochester, N. Y.; Edward K. Simpson, Orange, N. J.; Lionel E. Williams, Atlanta, Ga.

ARMY.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The army casualty list today contained 103 names divided as follows:

Killed in action 21.
Died of wounds 15.
Died of disease 4.
Died of accident and other causes 3.
Wounded severely 45.
Wounded slightly 1.
Missing in action 12.
Prisoners 2.

Southerners in the list include:

Died from wounds: Privates Oscar F. Paxton, Slaughter, La.; Melville O. Talley, Snyder, Texas.

Wounded severely: Lieutenant Arthur Tilgham, 1116 West Main St., Houston, Texas; Sergeants Percy Alexander, Forest La.; Elder B. Hacker, 4307 Willon St., Dallas, Texas; Private Luther Bradley, Morrillton, Ark.

The list:

Killed in Action.

Lieutenant William C. Peterson, Nort Crystal Lake, Ill.; Sergeant Jas T. Mascn, Huntsville, Ala.; Corporal Henry Diller, Pittsburgh; William P. Gallagher, Lima, O.; Christopher A. Mohr Jr., Hoboken, N. J.; Privates Henry J. Alima, Lenare, Calif.; Joseph J. Breton, Holyoke, Mass.; Antonio Cemato, Naples, Italy; Frank G. Doucette, Bangor, Mont.; Ashby P. Downey, Roanoke Rapids, N. C.; Geo. Dvorak, St. Louis; Clarence E. Harris, Spring, Ohio; Stanley Hobzinsky, South Bend, Ind.; Elzie H. Moore, Milton, Ill.; Donald Munro, Scotland; Clifton E. Ogier, Menlo, Kans.; Jasper W. Thomason, Newburn, N. C.; Henry E. Watkins, East Jordan, Mich.; Pliny M. Weber, Lancaster, O.; Oscar L. Woods, Coal Valley, Ala.

Died from Wounds.

Sergeants Charles E. Davis, Boone Terre, Mo.; Edgar Downey, Sidell, Ky.; Edison Miller, Delaware, O.; Corporal Isaac V. Boursaw, Groscap, Mich.; Privates John Buttero, Indiana, Pa.; John E. Carpenter, Ridgeville, Ind.; Harry Lestan, Philadelphia; Antonio Lozzie, Veto Reto, Italy; Lauren J. Massison, Lynn, Mass.; Richard J. Mullen, New York City; John Ostrowski, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Edward J. Stutz, Buffalo; Domineco Tognlott, Elko, Nev.

Died of Disease.

Privates Gyser Guanape, Surreyville, N. C.; Harry Daly, Charlotte, N. C.; Patrick Hearn, New York City; Ben Johnson, Kansas City, Kans.

Died from Accident and Other Causes

Cook Charles L. Emrich, Pittsburgh; Wagoner Floyd Hollenburger, Plymouth, Wis.; Private Melvin M. Carr, Elkhorn, W. Va.

Wounded Severely.

Captains Charles E. Speer, Baltimore; Joseph F. Williamson, Sebastopol, Calif.; Lieutenant James Sheeran, Chicago; Sergeant Arthur Harris, Mason City, Iowa; Corporals Harvey E. Adams, Roachdale, Ind.; John L. Gleason, Waverly, N. Y.; William L. Hoop, Pittsburgh; Bertram A. Turner, Paducah, Ky.; John R. Willson, New Castle, Pa.; Joseph Wolski, Chicago; Cook Stephen Woenek, Chicago; Privates Winston Arant, Mountain Creek, Ala.; Jack Atherton, Urbana, O.; Paul M. Baldyga, East Hampton, Mass.; Henry W. Barnes, Steubenville, O.; Michael Bayer, Cleveland, O.; Levi H. Cooper, Hillyard, Mo.; Clyde W. Day, Somerville, Tenn.; Prosper De Lee, South Bend, Ind.; John T. Elrod, Ottawa, Ohio.; Joseph F. Freedman, Boston; Charles D. Fulton, Boise, Idaho; Albert L. Harte, Boise, Idaho; Ernest Harris, Thompsonville, Ill.; Charles Jewell, Centerville, Mont.; Howard Karkia, Butte, Mont.; Robert Koppenhaver, Gilbert, Iowa; George O. Lindblad, Moose Lake, Minn.; Clement F. Noonan, Crosby, N. D.; Elmer Nusbaum, Wakarusa, Ind.; John O. Pearson, Elria, O.; Bert Polasky, Detroit; Sam Sakaro, Sunnyside, Utah; Bradley A. Sego, Krupp, Ky.; Jim Simonetta, Phillipsburg, N. J.; Joseph A. Sistek, Omaha, Neb.; Bruce A. Spencer, Campbell, N. C.; Herbert De W. Stanley, Choopee, Ga.; Elijah Todd, Atchinson, Kans.; Richard P. Werner, Pittsburgh; Christ W. Searnesu, Dysart, Canada.

Wounded Slightly.

Private Felice Barbiere, St. Louis.

Missing in Action.

Lieutenant Jay I. Carpenter, Rochelle, Ill.; Privates Matthew Casey, New York.; Alva N. Graves, Akron, Colo.; William T. McCarrisk, Elmira Heights, N. Y.; Robert S. Rankin, South Boise, Idaho; Joe R. Reiniche, Los Angeles, Calif.; William H. Stewart, Elkins, W. Va.; Avidei Stik, Volnes, Russia.; Tony Tocci, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Philip F. Warfield, Sunbury, Pa.; John L. Wilson, Utica, N. Y.; Hyman Wolfe, Chelsea, Mass.

Prisoners.

Lieutenant Harold Gile, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Private James E. Morton, Hamilton, Ont.

Prisoners, Previously Reported Missing.

Corporal Frederick R. Hyde, Chester, Vt.; Privates Burnett A. Herdman, Middletown, Conn.; Michael I. McDermott, New Haven, Conn.; Edward J. McGrath, New Bedford, Mass.; Charles B. Reese, Spring Hill, N. H.

MARINES.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The marine corps casualty list today contained five names divided as follows:

Killed in action 2.
Died of wounds 2.
Wounded severely 1.

The list:

Killed in Action.

Private Adrian J. Michels, Milwaukee; William J. Walker, Chicago.

Died of Wounds.

Sergeant Alcide N. St. John, Chicopee Falls, Mass.; Private Donald M. Blankenship, Rome, Ga.

Previously reported killed in action, now reported present for duty: Private Ivan C. Walker, Rockford, Ill.

Previously reported killed in action, now reported seriously wounded: Private George E. Michael, Dalmatia, Pa.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS OPEN TO WOMEN

Because of the numerous inquiries as to civil service positions which are open to women, the Civil Service Commission announces that the following is a complete list of positions open to applicants, with examinations to be held on the dates listed below. Those marked "Open" will remain open until further notice, examinations not being limited to any definite date.

Accounting and statistical clerk, July 1st.
Accountant, open until further notice.
Artist, July 2.
Bacteriologist, June 25.
Balance of stores clerk (open).
Blue-print clerk, (open).
Bookkeeper-typewriter, every Tuesday.
Clerk-bookkeeper (open).
Business administration (open).
Chemist (open).
Clerk, accounting and statistics (open).
Clerk, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, July 19.
Draftsman:
Copyist (open).
Electrical (open).
Engineering (open).
Mechanical (open).
Radio (open).
Topographic (open).
Ship (open).
Field examiner (open).
File clerk, July 10.
Finger-print classifier (open).
Index and catalogue clerk (open).
Inspector of undergarments (open).
Laboratory:
Assistant (open).
Physical, July 24.
Soil physics, July 2.
Laundress (open).
Law Clerk (open).
Marketing (open).
Messenger, every Saturday, in Washington and Alexandria.
Operator:
Graphotype (open).
Addressograph (open).
Multigraph (open).
Writer press (open).
Calculating machine (open).
Statistical machine (open).
Proof reader (open).
Physical (open).
Plant pathologist (open).
Production clerk (open).
Railway clerk:
Passenger rate clerk.
Freight rate clerk.
Tariff rate clerk.
Statistician (open).
Schedule clerk (open).
Stenographer-typewriter, every Tuesday.
Telegraph operator (open).
Trained nurse (open).

For information and application blanks apply to local post office or to United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

LIEUT. PUTNAM BECOMES LEADING AMERICAN ACE

By Associated Press.

PARIS, July 10.—Lieutenant David Putnam of Brookline, Mass., has formally become the leading American ace in succession to Lieutenant Frank Baylies who has been missing since June 17. Putnam's tenth victory on June 30 has now been verified officially.

In the month of June Putnam brought down seven German machines equaling monthly records made by the late Captain Guynemer.

GOVERNMENT PLACES TO BE FILLED

The United States Civil Service Commission announces the following positions open to both men and women. Applicants for examination should apply to the commission in Washington, D. C., or to their local civil service board, stating accurately the title of the examination desired. Inquiries in regard to civil service may be made at local post offices.

Operators.—Examinations will be held on July 24, August 21, and September 18 for positions as calculating machine operators with salaries from $900 to $1200 a year; multigraph and writer press operators at $1,000 to $1200 a year; operatives at $720 to $1,000 a year, and statistical clerks at $900 to $1200 a year.

Library assistants. — Examinations will be held on July 24 and August 21, to fill vacancies in departmental service, in Washington, D. C., Madison, Wis., or elsewhere, with salaries ranging from $900 to $1200 a year.

Assistant patent examiners.—Examinations for positions in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C., at the entrance salary of $1500 a year will be held July 24 and 25 and August 21 and 22. The requirements are: Mathematics, mechanical drawing, French or German, mechanics, and experience. Optional subjects are: Chemistry, engineering and physics.

Chemists.—Examinations for candidates to fill positions in Federal classified service in Washington, D. C., and elsewhere will be held continuously, and applications for examinations will be received at any time until further notice, due to the urgent need for chemists at this time. Entrance salaries for associate chemists range from $1,600 to $2,500 a year and for junior chemists from $1,020 to $1,800 a year.

DESERTIONS FROM BULGARIAN ARMY ARE INCREASING

LONDON, July 10.—Desertions from the Bulgarian army on the Macedonian front are increasing greatly, French headquarters in Macedonia informs the Saloniki correspondent of the Times.

All the deserters say that conditions in Bulgaria have become unbearable and that hopes of an ultimate victory have vanished.

OTTO NOT WANTED UNLESS HE BRINGS GERMAN SOLDIERS

By Associated Press.

ROME, July 10.—Austria has declined to accept the German general, Otto Von Below, as commander in chief of the forces on the Italian front because Germany refused to send twelve German divisions with him, according to the newspaper Epoca, which bases the statement on advices from a Swiss source.

Austria, it adds, has temporarily given up the idea of revenging herself for her recent defeat by Italy.

Dispatches from Rome through Paris on July 7 reported that Germany intended sending three army corps to the aid of Austria to be put under General Otto Von Below as commander in chief on the Italian front.

Political Announcements

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For District Clerk:
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M. L. TITTLE
E. S. WHITELAW

For County Tax Assessor:
T. E. RAGSDALE

For County Clerk:
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WILL T. HARRIS

For Sheriff:
R. L. (BOB) McFALL
G. A. (GEORGE) HAWKINS
FRANK L. BURNS
J. L. HUFFINE

For County Treasurer:
T. W. (TOM) McHAM

For County Attorney:
JOHN DAVENPORT
ED YARBROUGH

For County Judge:
SHIELD HEYSER
W. T. CARLTON
J. P. JONES

For County Commissioner, Precinct 1:
M. K. EMMERT
ST. CLAIR SHERROD
JOHN FORE

For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 1:
R. V. GWINN

For Constable Precinct 1:
W. W. HUMPHRIS
J. B. NAIL
R. L. RANDOLPH

For Justice Peace, Precinct Place 2:
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