

The Stock Yards and the Farmers' Association.

NO. 44---VOL. 15.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1895.

ESTABLISHED APRIL, 1880.

FARMERS-SWINE-RAISERS.

A Notable Collection of the State's Best Men, Those Who Are Doing More for the Material Advancement of the State Than Any Other Class. What Was Said and Done.

There was no band at the depot to meet the members of the State Swine Raisers' association or the farmers who came to Fort Worth Tuesday to deliberate as to what is best for the agricultural interests of the state, but when they arrived at the Stock Yards, they found in genial manager, W. B. Skinner, prepared to receive them, and make them welcome.

Before either body met they were inducted into the intricate mysteries of hog selling, handling and slaughtering, as a number of the farmers and swine raisers had shipped in car loads of their choicest porkers, which they watched go through the various evolutions necessary before becoming a salable commodity.

Right here, and before it is forgotten, the Journal wants to voice the experience of its representative and the expressions of the guests present, that "Papa" Hale delivered himself with glory as a hotel man, in the dinner he set before his hungry guests. It was simply high art in the selection and preparation of what was best calculated to incite and appease the appetite of man.

The attendance at the Union Stock Yards was large and was composed of representative men from all parts of the state. The meeting of the Swine Breeders' association was held in a hall near the Stock Yards hotel and the Farmers' congress met for organization in the large hall of the hotel building.

The Swine Breeders' association was called to order about 11 o'clock by the president, W. H. Pearce of Denton. In opening, Mr. Pearce expressed his pleasure at meeting so many representative men and his hopes for a harmonious and successful meeting. He especially emphasized the point that this was a non-political organization and no politics must be discussed. It was hogs; that was the subject of peculiar interest to this assembly.

The following were appointed a committee on program: Messrs. Singleton, M. Lother, King and A. J. Nance. Mayor B. B. Paddock was introduced to the association to make his address of welcome. Mayor Paddock, in his own apt and felicitous style, greeted the Swine Breeders' association on behalf of the city of Fort Worth. The mayor said that he felt like he was out of his own bailiwick, for two reasons. One was that the Stock Yards were without the corporation of Fort Worth, and also because he was expected to speak to an assemblage about whose occupation, the breeding of swine, he was absolutely and densely ignorant. Notwithstanding the mayor's modest disclaimers, however, before he had finished he made some valuable and practical suggestions.

He told the members of the association that they were on the confines of the grandest city of the grandest state in the Union, and the mayor made the assertion with an earnestness that left no doubt of its sincerity. He extended a hearty and cordial welcome to the assemblage and told them if they saw anything they wanted, to take it. Fort Worth felt a deep interest, he said, in the proceedings. Fort Worth, extending his hand, brought here the finest packing house south of St. Louis, and unless the stock raisers took an interest in it, it would fail. The farmers of the South had too long kept their smoke-houses in St. Louis. For the last thirty years they had been sending thousands of their hard-earned dollars out of the state for products that should be produced at home. There is no reason why we can't raise as good hogs in Texas as anywhere in the world.

Thanks were tendered Mayor Paddock by a rising vote.

The response to Mayor Paddock's address was made by R. P. Butler, "Uncle Snort," of Waxahachie. Mr. Butler is one of those genial wits who are always called upon on such occasions, and his response was humorously enjoyable.

Colonel W. E. Skinner, in behalf of the Stock Yards, said he would turn the whole thing over to the association and if that was not enough they could annex Fort Worth.

Mr. J. T. Trezevant, president of the Texas State Fair and Dallas Exposition, was introduced by President Pearce. Mr. Trezevant quoted the couplet:

"Oh, Simon, Simon, what's a pig,
That you should chop and wall?
Bear you like a butcher's boy,
And you shall have the tail."

The quotation put Mr. Trezevant into a reminiscent mood and he told of the joys of his boyhood, when, with his little nigger chum, he experienced all the greasy delights of hog-killing time, with its spare-ribs, backbones and other delicacies of porkdom. Mr. Trezevant declared that this smoke-house experience was all he really knew about hogs. He then spoke in glowing terms of the Dallas Fair and stated that no effort would be relaxed to keep the fair up to the highest mark. To show what had been accomplished, he made a comparison he said that the St. Louis Exposition in forty-eight days took in \$108,000, and the Dallas Fair in sixteen days took in \$109,000. On behalf of the fair, he extended to the association a hearty welcome and invitation. The fair association desired the Swine Breeders' association to prepare the premium list at the fair. Mr. Trezevant concluded by saying that when he visited Oak Cliff, Fort Worth and other suburbs of Dallas and found such fine men as the mayors he would return and find Dallas not only the largest city in the state, but the largest city in the Union.

A rising vote of thanks was returned to Mr. Trezevant.

Mr. Armstrong of the Dallas packing house was called upon, and in response he told of the large increase in hog products there had been in Texas since his house began operations. It was destined to be a big business in Texas in the future. If the swine breeders would get the hogs the packers would cure them.

Messrs. Cavitt, Prather, King and Singleton were appointed a committee to meet the Dallas Fair representatives in regard to the premium list.

Colonel Skinner announced that the members of the association would be furnished with tickets to Roland Reed's performance at the theater last night.

Colonel Aaron Coffee of McKinney read an address upon the importance of more hogs and less cotton, containing many practical suggestions.

The association then adjourned until 2 o'clock p. m., and went to dinner. The Swine Breeders' association resumed its session at 2 o'clock p. m. The program committee made its report, and the subjects submitted were taken up and discussed.

"Growth and Care of the Boar" was discussed by H. E. Singleton of Lebanon.

on. Mr. Singleton is one of the most extensive swine breeders in the state. He is thoroughly posted on the subject, and his address was heard with the greatest attention throughout.

"The Growth and Care of Pigs" was well handled by W. M. Bachman.

The association adjourned for forty minutes to go to the hotel and hear an address by Hon. Hector D. Lane of Alabama.

"The Cheapest Way to Produce a Car Load of Hogs" was a subject Mr. T. C. Slaughter, an extensive swine breeder, discussed in a manner highly interesting and instructive.

"Feeding Hogs for Market" was a subject on which Jot J. Smith of Johnson made some valuable suggestions.

The Value of Grazing as an Adjunct to Grain Feeding for Hogs, E. F. Wedel discussed intelligently.

All of the subjects were discussed in a general manner; questions were asked and answers given by the speakers.

Mr. E. Skinner was on the program for a topic, but was granted permission to take it up the next day.

The association adjourned until tomorrow morning.

The following are the members of the association: W. S. Ikard, Henrietta; W. B. Morrow, Calvert; W. H. Pearce, Denton; E. B. Singleton, Lebanon; T. Jones, Belcher; F. A. Gully, A. K. Bradley, Ennis; R. M. Taylor, T. G. Ford, Allen; Jeff Welborn, New Boston; E. S. Peters, Calvert; William Dyches, Granger; J. C. Cates, Plano; J. R. Riley, Frost; J. Terrell, Terrell; G. W. Curtis, Washington; Aaron Coffee, McKinney; N. O. Scott, Ladonia; V. A. Davis, Red Oak; M. E. Somers, Lavaca; T. E. King, Taylor; A. L. Murchison, Farmersville; J. A. Sanders, Hansley; J. M. Sanders, Hansley; A. P. Price, San Antonio; E. Griggs, Plano; M. H. Bachman, Bowmar; E. F. Hawkins, Midlothian; J. Richardson, Ellis county; W. E. Dunbar, J. W. Emery, J. B. Wilson, Waxahachie; A. A. Pittuck, Frank Holland, Granger; J. A. Wilcox, W. H. Cooper, Holland; J. J. Robertson, Belton; A. Gillett, Wrightsboro; J. D. Anderson, J. A. Wilcox, W. H. Cooper, Holland; B. M. Kite, Hill's Prairie; A. Bradford, Taylor; T. M. Bradley, Ennis; W. R. Cavitt, Bryan; W. M. Kerr, Vineland; T. G. Nankin, Kaufman; W. V. Patislo, Donelson; J. R. Herndon, McKinney; C. C. Leatherwood, Waxahachie; W. P. Wynne, Poolville; W. A. Rhea, McKinney; T. C. Slaughter, Prosper; E. F. Wedel, Heidelberg; R. D. Lightfoot, Ravenna; Ed L. Oliver, Cooper; J. A. H. Welch, Minden; H. C. Cornelius, Lebanon; F. W. Brown, Calvert; Dowell A. Smith, McKinney; J. C. Slaughter, Taylor; C. E. Hart, Cleburne; A. J. Nance, Bolivar; G. W. Jones, Garland; Jot J. Smith, Grandview; M. Lathrop, Marshall; W. R. Hale, Campbell; J. E. McGinnis, Gatesville; W. Frunt, Aurora; W. H. Scarborough, Fruitland; H. T. Jones, Cleburne; William L. Prather, Waco; General T. N. Waul, Galveston; J. S. Richardson, Boyd; L. C. Porter, Garvin.

SPECIAL PREMIUMS.

Before adjournment, J. L. Pennington, live stock agent of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad, for his company, offered \$250 for the best carload of pork hogs, \$150 for second car, and \$100 for third car. Texas-raised hogs to be sent by Texas hog-raisers, the prizes to be awarded by a committee of four from the entire body and one from the stock yards.

W. E. Skinner offered a premium for the Packing House Company of \$100 to the man who ships the largest number of improved hogs to the packing house from now until the other prizes are awarded, and also several consolation prizes to five others, according to the number shipped. Mr. Skinner read a telegram from Mr. G. W. Simpson, president of the Packing House Company, expressing his best wishes and congratulations to the association.

At 2 o'clock Mr. D. O. Lively, associate editor of the Stock and Farm Journal, called the crowd in the Farmers' congress would be organized.

The chairman in a forcible manner announced the necessity of organization by the farmers of Texas. The overproduction of cotton was the enemy of agriculture, and it now behooves the farmers to co-operate and seek a remedy for the existing troubles. He called for an enrollment of names and there was a very general response on the part of all who were present.

Senator O. P. Bowser's bill creating a state board of agriculture was discussed by Maj. A. J. Ross, state commissioner of agriculture, E. L. Huffman, Mr. Lively, E. S. Peters and others, and on a vote being called was the dorse by the congress.

A letter from Senator Bowser was also introduced.

Hon. Hector D. Lane, president of American Cotton Growers' Protective Association and commissioner of agriculture of Alabama, addressed the Farmers' congress and Swine Breeders' Association upon the subject of the cotton acreage in the Southern states. Mr. Lane was thoroughly prepared with the most convincing arguments and his address was of a most practical kind and eminently adapted to the present state of affairs in Texas and the South generally.

E. S. Peters of Calvert offered the following resolution, which was passed: To the Honorable Railroad Commissioners of Texas: The freight on cotton from Calvert to Houston is 50 cents per 100 pounds, 125 miles haul. If they charge the same rate per mile from Calvert to Waxahachie, Mass., it would amount to \$50.13, or the price of 2 1/2 bales of cotton at present prices, to pay the freight on one bale of cotton. This unjust discrimination should be repealed in the interests of the agriculturists of the state, and you are petitioned to give this your attention.

The bill of Senator Bowser, creating a state board of agriculture, and providing for farmers' institutes, was then read and discussed, after which it was introduced and a memorial calling for its adoption ordered passed.

Mr. Shaw presented credentials from Hon. John B. Long, president of the State Grange, appointing Mr. Shaw to represent the Grange of Texas at the Farmers' congress and Swine Breeders' convention, and expressing Mr. Long's regrets that he could not attend, together with his best wishes for the two conventions.

On motion of D. O. Lively, seconded by E. L. Huffman, the thanks of the congress were tendered Hon. Evan Jones, president of the State Alliance, for his support and co-operation with the aims and objects of the congress.

Resolutions were passed endorsing Jackson Cotton Planters' resolutions.

The second day's session of the Swine Breeders' meeting was started by W. E. Skinner reading a paper relative to the importance of the swine industry.

On motion a vote of thanks was rendered to Mr. Skinner for his address.

Mr. Slaughter said he was very well satisfied with the results of his address.

here. He had found he could get from 10 to 15 per cent more here than elsewhere.

President Pearce called Mr. Cavitt to the chair and made some timely remarks upon the subject of diseases of swine and the means of prevention. He said he had just passed through a siege of cholera with his hogs, and that he was greatly baffled in knowing how to treat the disease. He had found that the more fat and higher the hogs, the more fever there was in them. He had found the use of sorghum and other green food very advantageous to hogs; had used some concentrated food, but in very small quantities. Mr. Pearce advised cleanliness in raising hogs. Some people, he said, threw corn into a pen knee deep in mud; their hogs did not thrive, and they would say there was no profit in hog raising.

At 10 o'clock Mr. Skinner announced that the association was invited to the packing house to see the operation of hog slaughtering, and the members accordingly adjourned until 1 o'clock and proceeded to the packing house for an inspection.

The association was called to order after having been fortified by a splendid dinner, which Miss Host Hale served.

"Uncle Snort" came to the front and said he was intensely interested in the subject that had been broached at the morning session—the diseases of hogs and the remedies.

"Uncle Snort" to an unorthodox position as to the necessity of clean treatment and clean water in raising hogs. He advanced the idea that hogs could be very well without cleanliness. His theory was that the Almighty created the hogs with a different kind of a stomach from other animals, in fact, that the hog could stand more dirt than any other beast alive; it was his nature, the hog would drink muddy water with the same calm indifference that a Dallas man drinks Fort Worth beer. "Uncle Snort" said it was all on account of the hog's insides, and that the hog could be constructed on the hardy, Waterbury watch principle, and did not require delicate usage. He was going on to illustrate by a comparison with chickens and ducks and roosters went, it was the untimely demise of a famous red bantam rooster, the rooster he once owned, when President Pearce sternly interrupted him, telling him nothing could be gained by such a line of hogs that he held away in that meeting.

Several members jumped on "Uncle Snort's" position about hogs not needing clean food and drink. Mr. Slaughter rubbed "Uncle Snort" the hard with some questions, and he finally acknowledged that clean water and food was better, but if muddy it would do, provided nothing better could be had.

It was suggested that hog diseases frequently came from overfeeding. Mr. Le Baron and others spoke on the subject.

Mr. Cavitt of Bryan made a very excellent talk upon the importance of the work the Swine Breeders' Association was accomplishing. It was the entering wedge for breaking up the old system of cotton raising in the state. When the farmers of Texas commenced raising hogs they would find that there were other crops that were profitable. Not one twelfth of the cotton used in Texas was raised in the state. The state is growing; there is a largely increasing demand for hog products; by getting the people of Texas interested in hog raising, they would soon want to raise other crops. No other crops increased, cotton would decrease. This is the most important organization in the state; in three months it had grown from 50 to 100 members, after having started with a mere handful six years ago. Important points were to consider the kind of hogs, how to breed, how to keep the young, how to fatten, and a very important point was how to treat diseases in the hog.

Mr. Holland pushed the subject of the subject of hog diseases in this country; we had to turn to Germany for information on the subject. Truly, the association was at the helm of a most important enterprise. To think of it, \$200,000 per year to bring pork products into this state!

Three banks in the town of Waxahachie, Tex., had lost out \$75,000 in one year by bringing bacon there. No wonder there was a cry of hard times. We are not directing our attention to these packing houses. We should take hold of the hog buyer.

Mr. Cavitt touched upon the subject of clean food and water for hogs, addressing his remarks to "Uncle Snort."

Mr. Lively, E. S. Peters and others, and on a vote being called was the dorse by the entire association.

A. J. Nance of Bolivar was introduced and expressed his pleasure on being elected to the interest in the work of the association.

Further discussion on cholera took place, in which several members participated.

Mr. Holland offered a resolution that the history and proceedings of this meeting of the Swine Breeders' Association be published in pamphlet form and 500 copies be distributed to the members. Mr. Skinner offered to pay \$25 toward the publication if the association would defray the remaining expense.

Mr. Cavitt touched upon the subject of clean food and water for hogs, addressing his remarks to "Uncle Snort."

Mr. W. E. Skinner's name was proposed and he was elected an honorary member of the association.

"Farmer" Shaw was introduced and made some very timely remarks upon the subject of an equitable division of profits in the hog trade between the raiser and the men who supply the consumer. Under the present system such great houses as Armour, Swift, Fairbanks and Nelson Morris get the lion's share of the profits and the producer only a small share. The great packing houses absolutely dictate the terms. Mr. Shaw said the great salvation for the hog producer was the packing house established competition, so the big houses could not have it all their own way.

The following resolution was passed: Whereas, It has pleased the Great Ruler to take from our midst R. A. Corbett, an honorable and respected member of the Texas Swine Breeders' Association;

Resolved, That we have learned of his death with much regret and realize the loss of his usefulness to the association and to the state, and we hereby tender to his family our most sincere sympathy.

By the committee. W. R. CAVITT, A. J. NANCE, H. E. SINGLETON.

Mr. Cavitt called the attention of the members to the state experiment station at Bryan, with which he is connected, stating if any member desired information, literature would be supplied.

On motion of Mr. Singleton the program of the day was placed aside for the transaction of other business.

A communication was read from Mr. W. J. Cooper of Holland, Tex., expressing his regrets at not being able to attend on account of sickness, with

his good wishes.

Mr. Skinner offered some very nice resolutions, tending the thanks of the association to the press of the state for courtesies shown. Unanimously adopted.

Messrs. Le Baron, Singleton and Cavitt were appointed a committee to select an expert judge out of the state for the next state fair. The president was added to the committee.

A good deal of discussion arose over a resolution offered by Mr. Cavitt to appoint a committee on program for the next annual spring meeting. The resolution was carried. Messrs. Lowther, Singleton, Cavitt and Shaw were the committee appointed. On motion the association adjourned.

The following resolutions were offered and of course met unanimous approval: Resolved, that the thanks of the association are hereby extended to the

St. North reception committee, Messrs. Oscar White and Nat. Washer, and through said committee to the citizens of Fort Worth, for its lavish hospitality, extended to us, and the generous measure in which this enterprising city has manifested its appreciation of the work of the association, for complimentary tickets to its elegant opera house, for free license to take the entire city if needed for our purposes, and of Bryan as a new locality to the individual members of the association.

That this association fully appreciates the services of Col. W. E. Skinner, manager of the State Agricultural House Company, in behalf of this association, and his name as an honorary member; also, for free transportation on street car lines, and also for the cable paper, read before this association.

That we thank the representatives of the Santa Fe Railroad Company for the generous offer of premiums for pork hogs raised in Texas, and to the Fort Worth Packing Company for liberal premiums offered through Col. Skinner.

That we heartily thank the press of the state for liberal services in behalf of this association, and this meeting.

The second day's session of the Farmers' Congress, which was more properly speaking, a very interesting conference, opened with a short meeting at 10 a. m. yesterday, and adjourned a few minutes later.

The principal business of the afternoon session, which opened at 1 p. m., after a most excellent dinner, in which the host distinguished itself, the consideration of the matters before the meeting was resumed, the principal business being the preparation of the following address to the farmers of Texas:

We, the Texas Farmers' Congress, in session at Fort Worth, February 19 and 20, appeal to our co-workers everywhere to unite in the support of their action the recommendations made by this body at this time, to-wit:

We believe that unless the cotton acreage of this state is reduced 25 per cent that destitution, starvation and dire poverty will be the result. When the crop of 1895 shall have been gathered, the fact that over 3,000,000 bales of cotton, over and above the present commercial demand, will be held over against this year's supply makes it a very serious situation. We, as practical farmers, regard it as a dangerous policy to place all of our dependence on a single crop, irrespective of the prospective profit there may be in same, for even in Texas crops have been known to fail, and we strongly urge a general diversification, giving the land of Texas a more diversified use, and its people to support a farming population many times the number that are now engaged in agricultural pursuits. We believe that with a reduced acreage of cotton and such diversified crops as wheat, corn, sorghum, etc., we can raise a surplus crop and that the farmers of Texas will be prosperous.

Recognizing the fact that the live stock range interests and the farming interests of Texas are identical, we strongly urge upon the farmers that they turn their attention to raising and feeding cattle and sheep, as do the farmers of other states. There are few farmers in Texas who can't fatten a few head of cattle or sheep, and by the conversion of a surplus feed—grain and fodder—into live stock they can realize more profit than by the sale of such product direct to the grain buyer.

We know that in hog raising, both for home and market supply, lies much of the future prosperity of the farmers of Texas, and we therefore urge upon the farmers that they turn their attention to raising and feeding cattle and sheep, as do the farmers of other states. There are few farmers in Texas who can't fatten a few head of cattle or sheep, and by the conversion of a surplus feed—grain and fodder—into live stock they can realize more profit than by the sale of such product direct to the grain buyer.

We urge that the farmers of Texas leave every encouragement in their power to the establishment of factories of every description and we recognize fully that unless the agricultural classes of Texas cease the exportation of raw material they can never arrive at that degree of home support necessary to the prosperity of a people. We invite especially the location of cotton mills in Texas.

We thoroughly endorse the establishment of a Bureau of Agriculture in Texas for the collection and dissemination of live, reliable agricultural information and we ask that farmers throughout the state use their influence on their representatives in the legislature of the state toward having such a board established without delay. We believe that an agricultural bureau is of more importance than other expected to be sustained by the state, and while we urge economy in the administration of public affairs, we believe that the returns that will result from the establishment of such a bureau will more than warrant the expenditure necessary for its establishment. We strongly urge upon the farmers of Texas the holding of meetings in the different counties, at which the farmers of the state may be interested looking to the dissemination of information relative to the necessity of the reduction of the cotton acreage as might be considered necessary. And at these meetings we hope that representative men will be appointed to attend the next meeting of the State Farmers' Congress to be held at Dallas during the session of the Texas State Fair and Dallas Exposition in 1895.

L. J. CARAWAY, President, D. O. LIVELY, Secretary.

General T. N. Waul, of Galveston; W.

S. Neely, of Crowley; and W. R. Cole, of Dallas, were elected members of the association, and the following executive committee was named:

M. L. Silkes, Christian, Palo Pinto county; E. S. Peters, Calvert, Tex.; W. R. Cole, Dallas; A. J. Ross, Austin; Thomas Mastin, Grandview, Tex.; L. B. Trefalgar, Bailey, Tex.; General T. N. Waul, Galveston; President L. J. Caraway, Grandview; Secretary D. O. Lively, Fort Worth.

The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the president with the understanding that they would meet on some day at the Dallas State Fair this fall, the date to be named hereafter.

Permanent organization was effected by electing L. J. Caraway president and D. O. Lively secretary, with instructions to the secretary to prepare by-laws to be submitted to the executive committee at a meeting which will be called soon. Before the farmers left town they assuaged their sorrows with Fort Worth beer and felt that there was at least one good thing in life which they had not missed altogether.

ASSOCIATION NOTES.

Secretary Pittuck is a gentleman of quiet manners and has been very faithful in the performance of his duties.

Mr. Jot T. Smith of Grandview, the well known stock man, was one of the most interested members. Mr. Smith was called upon and said he had never made a speech in his life but he was full of valuable suggestions.

President Pearce makes a good presiding officer. He is most kindly disposed toward the members of the press, which was duly appreciated.

R. F. Butler, better known as "Uncle Snort," is one of the popular members of the association. Mr. Butler comes from the fine little city of Waxahachie. His note de plume is well known to agricultural papers. He is a gentleman of genial humor and takes in good part the good natured pleasantries perpetrated on him during the meeting.

Thirty odd new names have been added to the roll of the association recently.

As representatives of good, solid, sensible citizens, the Swine Breeders' Association and Farmers' Congress are models.

Manager W. E. Skinner of the Union Stock Yards certainly deserves great credit for the deep interest he has exhibited in the meetings, as well as for the hearty generosity he displayed in his attentions to the guests at the stockyards.

Among the newspaper representatives present were William Shaw of the Texas Farmer, Dallas; W. R. Cole of the Southern Mercury, Dallas; O. F. Dornblaser, editor Hill County Reformer, Grandview; Sen. C. W. Jones, editor of the Texas Herald, Cleburne.

Gen. T. N. Waul of Galveston was one of the most interested observers of the proceedings of the Swine Breeders' association.

The man with the "sure cure for hog cholera" made his appearance.

"More hogs and less cotton" is the motto of the swine breeders.

DON'T BE IMPOSED UPON.

When you ask for Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Go to a reliable dealer. He will sell you what you want. The ones who have something else to urge upon you in place of the taking of the extra profit they'll make. These things pay them better, but they don't care about you.

None of these substitutes is "Just as good" as the "Discovery." It is the blood cleanser, flesh-builder, and strength-restorer so far-reaching and so unfailing in its effects that it can be guaranteed. In the most stubborn skin, scalp, or scrofulous affections, or in the most delicate cases, it will cure a torpid liver or by impure blood—if it ever fails to cure, you have your money back.

HAILED WITH JOY.

The Opening of the Delaware Hotel Places Fort Worth Where She Stands Head and Heels.

When that princely hostelry, the Arlington hotel, burned, there was a murmur of general regret all over the state at the loss of what was the pride of the city, but but Texas. It was generally said that it would be a long time before Fort Worth would secure the counterparts in hotel management of Messrs. McLean & Mudge, the two gentlemen who made the Arlington famous throughout the country. When it was announced that these gentlemen would have charge of the hotel that would take the place of the old Belkwick the expectation of the public ran high but the fact did not expect as much as they have been given by McLean & Mudge in the Delaware. In the first place a magnificent brick addition was built, adding a third to the hotel's size. Every room in the entire hotel was completely gutted, and new laths, new ceiling, new plastering, new floors, new paper, and from bottom to top everything except the walls that has been placed in is new. The rooms are a revelation to the average man who stops in hotels. The paper and carpets, the curtains and furniture is different in each room, and all is arranged with a view of pleasant contrast. There is not a room in the whole house that would not make a fit bridal chamber for the swellest couple that ever started on a tour.

To the man who ever eat a meal at the Arlington mention of the table this hotel affords would be entirely superfluous, although in the Delaware they are, if possible surpassing the reputation they established at the Arlington. From experience in every hotel in Texas and many in other states the writer can truthfully say that at no time has he found a menu such as is presented by the Delaware.

Fort Worth hotel men of long experience Messrs. McLean & Mudge know that no inconsiderable part of the Fort Worth trade is afforded by the stockmen who visit the city, and they have been anxious to say that special attention will be paid to stockmen while guests of the Delaware. No matter where you have been stopping give this hotel a trial the next time you visit Fort Worth, and it is almost certain that appreciating genuine excellence you will continue to stop when in Fort Worth at Hotel Delaware.

Don't ask us if the Journal Sewing Machine is as good as some other sewing machine. It is almost unequalled and there is no better machine made. Our guarantee relieves you of all risk. See full description in another column.

Order your stencils, seals, rubber stamps, etc., direct from the Texas Rubber Stamp Co., 350 Main st., Dallas.

SHEEP AND WOOL.

The recent snow covered the ground to the depth of six inches in many parts of New Mexico as they were in fine condition when the cold snap came, and sheep in that condition can find something to eat if the snow is not too deep.

From what the Journal can learn there will be little or no loss among the sheep of Texas, as they were in fine condition when the cold snap came, and sheep in that condition can find something to eat if the snow is not too deep.

SHEEP NOTES.

R. H. Wyatt sold to John Huffman of San Angelo 250 head of muttons at \$1.55 a head.

G. E. Jackson of San Angelo sold to John Lovelady his flock of muttons at \$1.55 a head.

John Wyatt sold 351 head of muttons, mixed wethers and wethers to John Huffman of San Angelo, at \$1.50 a head.

Lambing is in full swing on some of the ranches at present and although the weather for the past few days has been most severe, no losses are reported.

D. H. Sherrard of Kansas is in Sonora wanting 1500 2-year-old wethers. Mr. Sherrard is in poor health and intends driving the sheep to his home in Decatur county, Kansas.—San Angelo Enterprise.

MUTTON OR WOOL.

Mutton sheep breeding is a higher sport than raising better facilities and more skill than the mere raising of sheep in countless flocks for wool as in Australia, South America and in Asiatic Turkey and Persia. The breeder, therefore, who raises mutton sheep only to compete with the breeders of improved sheep on high-priced land with well-improved farms while the breeder of sheep for wool alone has to compete with the millions of cheap sheep on the ranches of wild land, cheap labor and large flocks that sell their wool cheaper than we can afford to raise it on our high-priced farm lands. These ranchers cannot raise mutton sheep; they cannot successfully breed the large mutton breeds in large flocks without shelter and grain feed for the small farmer who raises them to perfection, and with his spring lambs and large mutton sheep and some wool he finds his sheep are much more profitable than when wool was the only object. The markets of the world are changing and are controlled by the products of the world.—Exchange.

WOOL GROWERS.

At a mass meeting held by the Texas Wool Growers' association and citizens of San Angelo, February 19, the following was adopted:

Whereas, owing to the general depression in the wool growing industry, caused by reduction in duties and low price of wool abroad and consequent shrinkage in price, American wool, amounting in the past two years to at least 50 per cent, of the wool grown, which were selling two years ago at 15 cents per pound, are now selling at 10 cents per pound, and the wool of Texas markets at from 14 to 20 cents are selling today from 6 to 8 cents thereby entailing an enormous loss on the wool growing industry and all other industries directly and indirectly dependent upon it; therefore,

Resolved, That we, the business men and wool growers of San Angelo and Tom Green county, in mass meeting assembled, realize that the present freight rates are inequitable and unjust; that the present wool rate of \$1.55 to New York is the same rate that was effective when wools were bringing double the present prices, and that the freight rates being based

CATTLE.

The loss of cattle as a result of the recent severe weather was much heavier in South and Southeast Texas than in the West or Northwest. It is estimated that in Southeast Texas the loss will amount to 25 per cent, and in South Texas 10 per cent.

A stockman who has just returned from Texas says that Captain Kennedy, Mrs. King and the Coleman-Fulton Pasture company have in all about 100,000 cattle, which are tolerably well bred. Mrs. King was offered the well bred \$10 a head for 1000 yearlings, whereas the general run of cattle of that class bring now \$7 to \$9, and last year the price was \$8 to \$9, with \$7 the average. The difficulty in grading is getting the imported bulls acclimated. Dr. Taylor, who has his cattle in McMullen county, some time since purchased 100 Hereford and Angus bulls and one thirty-five lived. Dr. Taylor is now feeding 6000 steers at Temple and Brenham—Drovers Telegram.

An interesting experiment is on foot among the citizens of San Angelo, Tom Green county, to test the beef producing qualities of milo maize, which is raised so successfully in this district on dry land. An accurate record has been kept and is obtaining subscriptions for the purpose of giving the matter a thorough test. It is proposed to take two bunches of feeders and feed one lot on cotton seed and meal and huls, according to the most approved methods now adopted for fattening cattle, and the other lot on crushed milo maize seed with the stalks for roughness. An accurate count will be kept and the net gain recorded each day with final results when the beef is sent to market. It is hardly necessary to call attention to the importance of the results of this test. If milo maize possesses the same fattening properties for cattle as cotton seed, the West will no longer ship its feeders to be fed in East Texas. What this fact means to the West need not be elaborated. There is millions in it.—San Angelo Standard.

HEREFORD SALES.

Rhine, Tex., Feb. 15, 1895.
Editor Journal:
I herewith give you a statement of sales recently made from our Hereford herd.
C. Hayden, Choteau, I. T., five thoroughbred Hereford bulls.
W. D. & J. L. Johnson, Pecos, Tex., twenty-one thoroughbred Hereford bulls.
John W. Flynn, Meridian, Tex., one thoroughbred Hereford bull.
Yours truly,
B. C. RHINE.

SCRUBS WANING.

That the day of scrub Texas cattle is rapidly passing away, the following excerpts from a recent issue of the National Live Stock Reporter will show.
"Yesterday John Lutz had a train of cattle on the market from Meridian, Miss., some of them Mississippi cattle and others fed Texans. The best load, 289 pounds average, sold at \$4.25, and fed Texans, also 140 head 1123 pounds average at \$3.65.

"W. S. & J. B. Kark of Henrietta, Texas, had a small fancy bunch of seven-eight year old Hereford yearlings averaging 970 pounds, and sold to Mat Courtney for St. Louis Dressed Beef Co. at \$4.40. These are from the prize winning herd of Herefords which Messrs. Kark have been improving for eighteen years."

TEN PER CENT LOSS.

Mr. A. H. Pierce, better known as "Shanghai Pierce," one of the wealthiest, most jovial and best informed cattlemen of Texas, has returned to Galveston from the Cattlemen's convention at San Antonio, and was asked yesterday by a News representative what he thought the present snow storm would result in to the industry. "It will result in a loss of fully 10 per cent," he replied, without stopping half a minute to figure over the matter. "I should say that any prairie pasture would be big luck to get off with 10 per cent," he repeated. "The fellows at the San Antonio convention were feeling very jubilant over the good condition of cattle. It has been a long time since stock was in as good condition as just previous to this storm, and had they not been in such good condition the loss would be much greater. Cattle on sage grass are bound to suffer, while those on mesquite grass will be very badly off. Cows with young calves will especially suffer. The range has been very good all winter and this snow will help it. I think that by tomorrow (Saturday) everything will be all right, and that no further damage will result than that I have already spoken of."

During the storm cattle piled up on the railroad tracks and seriously interfered with the running of trains. In many cases cattle were killed on the track.—Galveston News.

COTTON SEED MEAL.

The following paper was read before the Texas Live Stock Association at its recent meeting at San Antonio by Marion Samson of Alvarado, and contains a great deal of valuable information regarding cotton seed meal feeding, a subject of interest to cattlemen everywhere.

There are several features of this subject which may be discussed with interest and profit to the Texas feeder, and especially in its relation to the future.

The history of Texas feeding up to the present is of little interest except as an object lesson, guiding us in our future course and enabling us to engage in the business with the intelligence that leads to profitable results. That cattle feeding in Texas has in many instances been carried on in a manner almost reckless will probably be conceded by all who have had occasion to investigate the subject. It seems to be a well established fact that the feeder of Texas cattle will stay in the business regardless of the cost of cattle or feed, as compared with the often low prices in the markets on which he must depend to dispose of his cattle. The feeder, as is often the case, often paying more for his cattle than they would bring on the Eastern markets at the time of purchase, must work with intelligence and skill if he looks forward to even a low rate of profit.

Hereafter the raisers of cattle must depend largely upon the feeders of Texas for a market, or do their own feeding, for there are few localities in the state in which the grass will finish the cattle ready for market at anything like remunerative prices. Viewing the

cattle feeding of the future from this point, it will be found necessary to inquire into every detail both as to the quality of the cattle and the kinds of feed that will secure the best results. This brings us to what I regard as the most important factor in the business, and the greatest and the grandest feeding country on the American continent. It is impossible for a feeder, however skillful, to make a good quality of beef without the proper material to begin with. Hence the future of cattle feeding in Texas depends more on the raiser than on the feeder. If the Texas feeder is furnished with good, well-bred cattle, he will pay remunerative prices for them, and on his part will make a quality of beef that will compare favorably with any produced in the United States. We produce in abundance every kind of feed that can be grown in other states, and have the further advantage of making one-third of all the cotton seed grown in the Union, a feed not produced at all by any other cattle-raising states.

I hope to be excused if I seem to lay too much stress on the quality of cattle necessary to make cattle feeding a success in this state. Let the raiser of cattle furnish well-bred steers of good style and quality, and Texas can be depended on to furnish the best kinds of feed, and in abundance sufficient to feed every steer raised in the state. Then it will be left with the feeder to adopt the best methods of feeding and maturing beef of the very best class and quality. I feel confident that every feeder will then be forced to do his best or go out of the business.

I have heard the statement made by experienced feeders that in no instance has a strictly cold-blooded Spanish steer ever made a feeder one dollar profit, and my own experience in handling cold-blooded cattle will not incline me to take issue with the above assertion.

As evidence that the feeder will pay a good price for good cattle, I cite you to several feeders in Texas who have paid as high as \$30 to \$35 for these cattle this season, while many common cattle have gone into feed at from \$15 to \$17. Much more might be said of the necessity for well bred cattle to make future feeding in Texas the success it should be. I do not wish to be understood as saying that Texas produces no good feeders. There are many such raised here and the sales of Texas cattle, properly fed, when compared with those show their standing and merit in the Eastern markets.

Much may be said on the subject of feeding; the best kinds of feed, the manner in which given, the quantities and proportions to produce the best results most economically. It is not my intention to take up all these details. Besides I am to say something on the subject of cotton seed and cotton seed meal and huls, and as to the relative merit of cotton seed and meal and huls.

The most reliable figures obtainable place the number of cattle on meal and huls the present season at about 200,000 and on cotton seed 35,000. This fact of itself settles the question in favor of meal and huls.

Yet we must admit that seed when properly fed on grass will make as good beef as any other feed we have used in Texas. That the feeder of Texas in the past has made more money out of seed than any other feed I do not question. Yet the future use of raw cotton seed in Texas I do not think of importance enough to discuss at length. For many seasons it is the fact of use Chief among these reasons is the fact that seed can only be fed successfully on good pasture and good pasture land in the cotton raising districts of Texas is now too high priced to admit of its use as pasture alone. Another and perhaps the main reason for abandoning the use of raw seed was the sharp competition between millmen for the last two years, putting seed practically out of the reach of the feeder. Yet, should the present low prices of seed continue, it will doubtless cause many feeders to return to the use of raw cotton seed; especially will this be so where pasture lands are cheap and in reach of the seed. There are many feeders who will never abandon seed for any other feed so long as they can get them fed down in pasture at \$6 to \$7 per ton; and, judging from past experience, such feeders for standing in the business are quite as good or perhaps better than those of his neighbor who uses any other kind of feed.

As to meal and huls, in order that you may realize to what immense proportions the industry has grown in so short a time, I give a short history of the enterprise. In 1834 the first mill was built at Natchez and was a failure. In 1847 Mr. Frederick Good of New Orleans made another venture, and a very heavy loss. In 1857 Mr. Paul Aldridge of New Orleans went to Mississippi and watched the manufacturing of the Egyptian seed and the machinery used, came back to New Orleans and established a mill, but found it difficult to induce the farmers to load up their seed and take them to his mill and the various shipping points, they thinking only of the cotton and considering the seed of too small a business to bother with. So with eighteen months' hard labor, with men traveling over the country on horseback, he secured only 1764 tons. Later the mills found huls accumulating, and it was with considerable expense that they were carried off and dumped into the low places, that being the easiest way to dispose of them. During the late war feed stuff became scarce in Mississippi and the farmers were compelled to allow their cattle to graze off the huls that had been thus disposed of, and to their surprise the cattle thrived.

In 1866 there were only seven mills in the United States, in 1872 there were fifty, and in 1880 there were forty-five, and now we have 205, of which Texas has eighty-four. The crush of the United States is about 1,500,000 tons. Texas averaging about 300,000 tons, this makes an average of 300,000 tons of meal and cake annually in the United States, and 250,000 tons for Texas alone. Previous to the 80's our meal and cake were sent principally to Europe. About 1881-82 New England began to take our meal as a feed stuff for cattle, and by 1887 it was being largely used there, and its value was becoming generally known throughout New England. About 1890-95 the dairy people of Massachusetts and a few cattle feeders were using meal and huls exclusively. The feeding of meal and huls began in earnest in Texas about 1890, and now we make in Texas alone enough huls to feed 155,000 head of cattle and cattle and meal enough to feed 600,000 cattle. Thus it will be seen that by supplementing the huls with sorghum, straw and ensilage—to say nothing of

feeding the meal on grass, which is now done successfully—it is possible for Texas alone to feed 600,000 cattle on the products of cotton seed. All this comes under the head of the possibilities of the future feeding of cattle in Texas.

Now, when we add to the above estimate the immense crops of corn and oats annually raised in Texas (of which a large percentage goes into the feeding of cattle) it swells the possibilities of the future cattle feeding in Texas to such proportions as to challenge the credulity of those not familiar with Texas in her present greatness and her prospects for future developments.

CORRECTLY INFERRED.

From the drift of thought in the editorial columns of our Texas exchanges we draw the conclusion that the cow is in great demand this year and that a big crop will be had. With the new era in cattle feeding in Texas holders have had their eyes open to the advantage to be gained by feeding for beef instead of grading for carcasses, and the stimulus for cows may be taken as an indication of the desire of Texans who let their herds dwindle to enlarge operations. If this view be correct, there is likely to be a smaller percentage of cattle marketed for beef in the Lone Star state this year.

The shortage of cattle was heralded by various papers as many as three years ago, is just putting in an appearance. By the end of February, if the present rate of decrease is maintained, the supply at the four leading Western markets for the two months will have shown a falling off of 125,000 head or more from a year ago. While values of cattle have not yet responded in advance commensurate with the decreased supply, the reason is not hard to find. If the shortage continues to be felt after the large supplies of beef in the cookhouse has been lessened, prices may be expected to make a grand stand advance.—Drovers Telegram.

FEW LOSSES AT QUANAH.

Straw Stacks Played a Good Part in Saving Cattle.
Quanah, Tex., Feb. 17, 1895.

Editor Journal:
Replying to your favor of the 15th instant, will say that the recent cold spell has reduced stock very much, and some thin Eastern cattle are being sent here. The snow has been on the ground twenty-one days, but most of it has melted today.

Should the weather be favorable from now on, the loss will be light, otherwise it will be heavy. People who had their cattle in pastures were in most cases able to find straw stacks to turn them on, consequently got through all right.

Yours truly,
WM. J. GOOD.

LOSSES WILL BE LIGHT.

In the Big Springs Country No Sheep or Cattle Have Died, Though 10 Degrees Below Zero Was Reached.
Big Springs, Tex., Feb. 15, 1895.

Editor Journal:
Your letter of inquiry received. It is a little early to give any positively reliable answer to your questions, as reports from the country to date are somewhat meager, but, as far as can be learned, losses will be light. The fact that all kinds of stock were in fine condition when the bad weather set in. I do not apprehend any loss only in old cows or perhaps some young heifers that were calving. No loss in sheep whatever. The snow is melting rapidly today, and if we can have as good a day tomorrow we will be all O. K. and with average weather from now on the cold season of the year by March 15 we will be "out of sight."

Yours respectfully,
J. I. McDOWELL.
P. S.—On the morning of February 16 the mercury stood at 10 degrees below zero, the coldest on record here.

LIVE NEWS ITEMS.

A Budget of Information About Callahan County Stock and Stockmen.
Baird, Tex., Feb. 13, 1895.

Ed. Journal:
The recent cold spell has been the severest we have had in this section for several years. Stock are suffering to some extent, but a great many are being fed. The stockmen say that cold weather has been very severe on the cattle, but they have not experienced any great losses.

Callahan county men fed their cattle, and but for this fact the storm would have cost them thousands of dollars.

J. H. Hill, a Callahan county stockman, was in Baird Monday. He reported that in his section the weather was doing nicely. He thought that outside of East Texas and Louisiana cattle that the recent cold spell would not do any serious damage.

Wm. Corn, a stockman from Weatherford, passed through our city Monday en route west, and reports the weather very severe on live stock. But by feeding very few cattle will die.

Powell and Wise have been feeding about 200 head of bulls, and shipped a car load out Monday night to St. Louis.

J. W. Ross is feeding a lot of stock cattle and reports them getting along very nicely.

Ellis Richardson is feeding a fine bunch of one-year-old steers at his ranch north of here.

L. Hearn & Sons are feeding between 800 and 1000 head of cattle at their ranch south of here, and report them as doing nicely.

Messrs. Webb and Webb sold a car load of young mules to W. E. Kennard Monday.

There has been no contracts let so far for cattle, but the outlook is very flattering for the coming spring, so say the stockmen.

A CHARACTERISTIC LETTER.

From the Bright Editor of the Colorado Times—Stock Losses Light—A Good Season in the Ground.
Colorado, Tex., Feb. 19, 1895.

Editor Journal:
Special inquiry about the recent snow and continued cold weather upon cattle falls to ascertain that any damage has resulted except among the Eastern or Mexican cattle that were shipped to the different ranches late in the fall and in bad condition. Losses so far show a very light per cent. Nothing definite, however, has been reported from a definite source that if the earth is so wet on a high embankment it must be also very wet where every particle of the snow has gone into the earth. The people generally are greatly encouraged, and if subsequent reports show no great damage to cattle we are simply flying.

The Journal is a very popular paper here and is becoming more so by being clubbed with the Colorado Times.

Yours for the stuff,
R. R. LIVELY.
Will send you a report on the cattle interests tomorrow night, when I shall have seen more ranchmen. The snow is nearly all gone now and the weather pleasant.

Procrastination Is The THIEF OF TIME.

Don't procrastinate, but do something for yourself at once. Your delay is not only costing you time, but money also. Disease is a hard task-master when once it gains possession of the human body. A small fire is easily trodden out, which, when left to itself, rivers can not quench. Look to your physical health, for a sound mind can only dwell in a sound body. There is no one so well able to restore your natural faculties as the expert specialist. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have made those delicate, especially blood diseases, peculiar to men and women, a life study. They will give you their time and attention free of charge if you will call on them for a consultation at office or by mail.

SPECIALTIES: Syphilis, blood poisoning, nervous debility, gleet, unnatural discharges, light emissions, kidney and urinary difficulties, piles, ulcers, rheumatism, catarrh, and diseases of womanhood. Special treatment given by sending for symptom blank No. 1 for men, No. 2 for women, No. 3 for skin diseases, No. 4 for catarrh. Address or call on

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
129, 1-2 W. Commerce Street, San Antonio, Tex.

RIDE ON THE RED EXPRESS.

The new night train on

THE SANTA FE.

Pullman Buffet Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars.

The Quickest Time Between North and South Texas and a solid vestibuled train between

Galveston and St. Louis.

ON ITS OWN RAILS



TRAINS ON THE MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

Now Run Solid

St. Louis

Chicago

Kansas City

WAGNER BUFFET SLEEPING CARS

FREE CHAIR CARS.

THE GREAT

Live Stock Express Route.

Limited Live Stock Express Trains now running via the

Chicago & Alton R. R.

Between Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, High and intermediate points. Bill all shipments of live stock, and have prompt and safe arrival of your consignments. The pioneer line in low rates and fast time.

Shippers should remember their old and reliable friend. By calling on or writing either of the following stock agents, prompt information will be given.

General Live Stock Agent, St. Louis, J. A. WILSON.
Live Stock Agent, Fort Worth, Texas, J. N. BENTLEY.

JOHN R. WELSH,
Live Stock Agent, U. S. Yard, Chicago.
FRED D. LEEDS,
Live Stock Agent, Kansas City Stock Yards.
F. W. BANGERT,
Live Stock Agent, National Stock Yards, Ill.

"TEXAS PANHANDLE ROUTE."

Fort Worth and Denver City RAILWAY.

MORGAN JONES, JOHN D. MOORE
Receivers.

Short Line from Texas to Colorado.

CHANGE OF TIME.
July 1, 1894.

Through train leaves Fort Worth at 10:55 a. m., arriving at Denver at 5:55 p. m., passing through

TRINIDAD, PUEBLO.

And the Great Wichita, Red River, and Peace river valleys, the finest wheat, corn and cotton producing country in the world.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING THROUGH PULLMAN AND FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS WITHOUT CHANGE.

For further information address D. B. KEELER, G. P. & F. A. F. W. & D. C. R., Fort Worth, Texas.

DOUBLE BREKIDGERS \$5.00. RIFLES \$2.50. WATCHES \$1.00.

GUNS. All kinds cheaper than elsewhere. Catalogue sent free. POWELL & GLENN, 1015 Main St., Chicago.

STANDARD FOR THIRTY YEARS.

BUCHAN'S CRESYLIC OINTMENT

Sure Death to Screw Worms and will Cure Foot Rot.

It will quickly heal wounds and sores on cattle, horses and other animals. Put up in 4 oz. bottles, 1-2 lb., 1 lb., 3 and 5 lb. cans. Ask for BUCHAN'S CRESYLIC OINTMENT. Take no other. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

Carbolic Soap Co., Manufacturers, New York City

ALBERT MONTGOMERY,

COMMISSION MERCHANT for the Sale of LIVE STOCK.
Stock Landing, New Orleans, La. Consignments solicited. Market reports free. P. O. Box 298.

A. P. NORMAN,

Commission Merchant for the Sale of Live Stock.
Stock Yards, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

A. J. SAUNDERS. G. W. SAUNDERS.

A. J. & G. W. SAUNDERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE SALE OF LIVE STOCK,
STOCK LANDING, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

JOHN MUNFORD,

Commission Merchant for the Sale and Forwarding of Live Stock,
Stock Landing, (Box 654) NEW ORLEANS, LA.

MENRY MICHELL. GEORGE MICHELL.

HENRY MICHELL & BRO.
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
STOCK LANDING, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

THOS. B. LEE. R. B. OVERSTREET. A. A. WALTERS.

President and Manager. Vice President. Secretary.

Texas Live Stock Commission Co.
INCORPORATED. CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000.

FOR THE SALE OF TEXAS CATTLE AND SHEEP ONLY.
CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, ST. LOUIS.

WM. RAGLAND, Agent, San Antonio, Texas

SEEDS. RARE, FREE-BLOOMING FLOWERS. FREE.

The great satisfaction given by our Free Trial Boxes in past seasons induces us to make a still greater trial offer this season, to induce EVERYBODY to try our SEEDS. This lot of fresh seeds will grow readily and cannot but make thousands of permanent customers for us. Our lot contains 1 LOVELY TUBEROSE BULB. 1 MOTTLED GLADIOLUS BULB and One Packet each of: ASTER, Gay McKinley, Over 50 grand colors. FOLIAGE PLANTS, For decorative foliage. FORGET-ME-NOT, New Striped, Lovely Large Flower. PINKS, Bell's Show Mixed. THESE ARE THE BEST MIXTURES IN THE WORLD. UNIM, Perpetual Flowering, Blooms All Summer. PETUNIA, Bell's Show Mixed. POPPY, Rivardale Mixture, Grandest Out. PHLOX, Bell's Show Mixed. WONDERFUL MEXICAN PRIMROSE, 25 cents. VERBENA, Bell's Show Mixed. 24 Sorts for White Bouquets. 24 Sorts for Yellow Bouquets. 24 Sorts for Mixed Bouquets. BOOK ON SUMMER GARDENING, Free. Remember one packet each of the above flowers and the two bulbs by mail, for only 25 cents, and in each box we put a 2-cent check which will count the same as 25 cents in cash on any \$1.00 order for seeds you may send us. So this trial lot really costs nothing. We have about 1,400 of the choicest flowers, and want every one to have some. Catalogue sent free. THESE FLOWERS ARE WORTH \$2.00. If you want forty vegetables send 10 cents, for 6 sample packets. J. J. BELL, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

17 FREE! For one year, with every order for boxes, the bright floral magazine, THE BELLFLOWER.

Collins & Armstrong Co.,
Fort Worth, Tex.

The Largest Wholesale and Retail Piano and Organ Dealers in the Entire Southwest.

Do you want to buy an instrument soon for yourself, for the church or school, either on the installment plan or for cash? Then write to us for prices and terms.

To exchange your old piano or organ in part pay towards a new one? Buy of us, you can select from our line of twenty-four different makes an instrument fully warranted that cannot fail to satisfy you.

SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUES AND PRICES OF PIANOS AND ORGANS

Or else buy from agents, who sell our line in nearly every town and city in Texas. Patronize reliable home dealers you know, and especially look out for newspaper frauds. North who have no authorized agents and try to sell to families direct, for all is not gold that glitters.

Never buy on open account of companies who do not take notes; you may lose receipts and have to pay twice thereby. Always give notes when you buy for each payment and save trouble. Write for our book of information for customers.

COLLINS & ARMSTRONG CO., Fort Worth, Texas.

In writing please mention the Jour. na.

HOLLINGSWORTH & SONS,
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Dealers in All Kinds of Agricultural Implements

BEST GOODS OFFERED IN THE MARKET AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Keystone, Morgan Spading, Clark's Cutaway Harrows, with Seeders; Stalk Cutters, Cultivators, Southern Age Works Plows, of Atlanta, Ga., wood and steel beam; Norwegian wood and steel beam; Moike, South Bend and Hall's Chilled Plows, with a full line of repairs for each. Also a full line of repairs for Oliver Chilled and Avery Plows. A full stock of Moline Plow Co.'s goods. Strawbridge Broadcast Seeders.

Empire and Standard Cane Mills, Galvanized and Copper Evaporators and Iron Furnaces. A full line of Heel and Solid Sweeps, Plow, Clevises, Single Trees, Wood Rollers, etc.

On February 1 we purchased the Stratton-White Co.'s stock of agricultural implements, and will continue the business at the old stand. We have added largely to the stock, and can supply your wants with everything needed in this line.

Drumm Seed and Floral Co.,
Fort Worth, Texas.

Everything in Seeds, Bulbs, Plants, Shrubs and Trees,

For Farm, Garden, Orchard and Lawn.

Send for Catalogue.

Investigate SACALINE, the Coming FORAGE PLANT.

HOTEL WORTH.

MAIN STREET, FROM SEVENTH TO EIGHTH,
FORT WORTH, TEX.

Newly and handsomely furnished and well appointed makes it second to none in the South.

W. P. HARDWICK, Proprietor.

LYON'S SHEEP & CATTLE OINTMENT.
1,000,000 CANS SOLD IN TEXAS.
Used by 50,000 Stockmen and Farmers.
Death to SCREW WORM!
Cure for FOOT ROT!
50 Per Cent. Stronger Than Any Other OINTMENT.
Try it and You'll Use No Other.
Lyon's Sheep Dip.
No Poisoned SHEEP. No Damaged WOOL.
SURE CURE FOR SCAB.

MARKETS.

FORT WORTH MARKET.

The supply of cattle has been very light on this market for the week past, but hogs came in strong. The cold weather that has prevailed for so long was expected to put a check to receipts, but up to the time the weather broke and warmer days came, the supply has been good. Prices ruled steady throughout the week on both hogs and cattle, and at this writing there was a slight advance in hog prices, with the demand strong at the advance. An event at this market this week was the meeting of the State Swine Raisers' association and Farmers' Congress, both bodies visiting the yards and packing house, on Wednesday they watched hogs and cattle from the cars to the cooling rooms. The following sales, representative of the week's market, are taken from a report furnished by J. F. Butz & Co., commission men at the yards:

HOGS.

No.	Ave.	Price.
55	174	\$3.00
30	127	2.25
61	221	3.50
24	135	2.30
63	243	3.75
5	232	3.40
20	205	3.40
71	280	3.40
13	233	3.45
7	250	3.40
6	272	3.40
18	272	3.40
3	236	3.40
3	230	3.35
5	268	3.40
10	215	3.35
21	278	3.50
8	155	3.00
69	241	2.70

CATTLE.

No.	Ave.	Price.
1 bull	117	\$1.75
1 cow	1360	2.25
8 cows	760	1.60
1 cow	1100	2.30
27 cows	865	2.30
1 bull	980	1.70
28 steers	858	2.95
2 cows	725	2.00

SELLERS AND CONSIGNMENTS.

S. B. Stone, Itasca; G. C. Berry, Koper; J. J. Smyth, Grandview; J. Maddox, Mineral Wells; B. Wackett, Mansfield; W. A. Fulton, Buffalo; J. C. Washington, Marietta; A. C. Harp, Townwell; M. A. Wilson, Bartlett; and Young & W. of Bridgeport were in with hog shipments.

The Brownwood Cotton Oil company shipped in a nice bunch of cattle. J. P. McMurray sold a part of a shipment he unloaded at this market. R. R. Bostwick, a local dealer, sold cattle. J. C. Boydson, F. Richter, T. P. Holland, Brewster; W. P. Austin, L. Luttrell, J. E. Stant, L. W. Newton, J. S. Loving, J. J. Putnam, V. S. Wardlaw, P. H. Evans and J. D. Farmer, local dealers, sold hogs. P. H. Evans sold 548 head of hogs, a part of the big bunch he has been feeding at the yards.

CHICAGO LETTER.

Chicago, Feb. 18.—Receipts of cattle continue very light, and natives have at last been influenced toward a higher point. Still, the demand is irregular, and the feeling in the trade is not as healthy as cattlemen would like to see it. That the situation is improving is quite certain, and a few weeks more of light receipts will surely benefit the market very much. Dressed beef men are fast getting rid of the supplies on hand, and within a short time the demand from that source will be good.

The export demand is still quite good and fully up to the usual standard, considering the receipts. Texas cattle are coming quite liberally now, the receipts during the past week being 6200 head, against 3000 the previous week, and 5500 a year ago.

Prices became stronger during the week, and cattle of very good quality were received. Sales were made the highest of the season, and 75c higher than a year ago at this time. We think the prospects are very good for Texas cattle from now until grass time. The following were the principal sales made during the week:

184 steers.....1245.....\$4 15
 350 steers.....1004.....3 35
 350 steers.....852.....3 65
 70 steers.....858.....3 60
 132 bulls.....1200.....3 00
 40 steers.....1290.....3 25
 110 steers.....1224.....4 35
 60 steers.....1039.....3 30
 60 steers.....1240.....4 30
 114 bulls.....1210.....2 90
 57 steers.....1231.....4 45
 70 steers.....1241.....4 45
 152 steers.....1082.....4 40
 199 steers.....1173.....4 20
 291 steers.....907.....3 30
 126 steers.....990.....3 30
 183 steers.....909.....3 30
 82 steers.....1112.....4 05

Receipts of sheep were quite heavy last week, and prices received about 25c on sheep and 50c on medium lambs. The demand was good most of the time, but arrivals were too heavy, and the quality rather poor.

The export demand is still good, and we anticipate some advance this week. Sheep sell at \$2.25@4.50, lambs \$3@5.50.

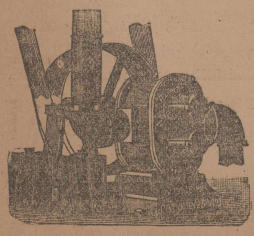
GODAIR, HARDING & CO.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 20.—About 12,000 cattle comprised the supply of today's market. It was not quite sufficient to supply the rather light demand and naturally the feeling was firmer. The offerings were all promptly taken and useful stuff averages a little higher than for yesterday, or fully 10 to 15c higher than at the close of last week. Common to extra were quoted at \$3.60 @5.60, stockers and feeders \$3.50@4.10, cows and bulls at \$1.50@4.10, and Texas cattle at \$2.00@4.40. The hog market got a severe setback. After opening well up to yesterday's closing prices, it had fallen 10 to 15c before 9 o'clock and although the lower prices at which the hogs were offered led to freer buying, the feeling continued weak to the finish. The receipts proving several thousand head larger than was expected.

HOW IS THIS?

Irrigation Made Easy. Crop Failures Unnecessary.



SHEEP, SHEEP, SHEEP—H. C. ABBOTT & CO., EXCLUSIVE SHEEP HOUSE.
 SHEEP COMMISSION MERCHANTS. If you are feeding sheep write to us; if you are going to ship your sheep write to us; for full particulars in regard to sheep write to us. Remember we handle sheep only; nothing but sheep. H. C. Abbott & Co., Live Stock Exchange, Station A, Kansas City, Mo.

ed was the immediate cause of the break. Early in the day two loads of fat hogs changed hands at \$4.37 1/2, and there were several trades at \$4.30 @4.35, but any time after 9 o'clock \$4.02 was to all intents and purposes the top of the market. The greater part sold at \$3.80@4.15, or at \$3.80@3.95 for light, and \$3.90@4.15 for averages of over 200 pounds. There was comparative steadiness in the sheep market. So far this week the arrivals have been moderate and the demand good.

St. Louis Live Stock.

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 2600; shipments 1400. Market quiet, firm for natives; Texans a shade higher; native steers, light to good butchers, and shipping \$3.25@5.00; cows \$2.50@3.00; stockers and feeders \$2.50@3.50; Texas steers, fed \$3.25@4.37; grass steers \$2.40@3.60; fed cows and heifers \$2.60@3.80; grass cows \$1.80@2.50. Hogs—Receipts 4000; shipments none. Market 5@10c lower, good heavy \$4.15@4.20. Sheep—Receipts 2800; shipments none. Market active, steady for better grades; others 10c lower. Native mixed \$3.35@3.45.

Kansas City Live Stock.

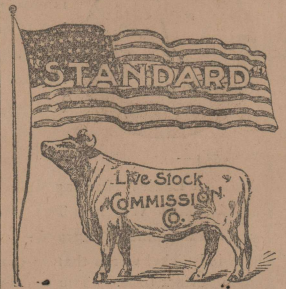
Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 4700; shipments 1500; market strong to 10c higher; Texas steers \$3.20 @4.00; Texas cows \$2.00@2.75; beef steers \$3.30@5.10; native cows \$1.30@3.90; stockers and feeders \$2.00@4.25; bulls \$1.55@3.50. Hogs—Receipts 12,300; shipments 1500. Market weak to 10c lower; bulk of sales \$3.70@3.85. Sheep—Receipts 6100; shipments 400. Market steady.

St. Louis Produce.

St. Louis, Feb. 20.—Wheat—Higher; 50 5-8c; May 52@52 1-8c; July 52c. Corn—Higher; cash 40 1-2c; May 41 3-4c; July 42 3-8c. Oats—Higher; cash 29 1-4c; May 29 7-8c; June 30c. Pork—Easier; jobbing \$10.20. Lard—Lower; prime \$8.25; choice \$6.40.

Kansas City Produce.

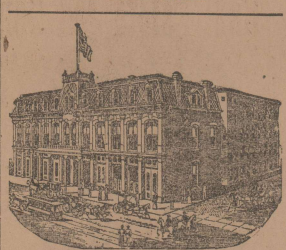
Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 20.—Wheat—Dull; No. 2 hard 52c; No. 2 red 51 1-2@52c; rejected 47 1-2c; sample sales f.o.b. Mississippi river No. 2 hard and No. 2 red 57@58c. Corn—Firm early; easy at close. No. 2 mixed 40@40 1-2c; No. 2 white 40 1-2c. Oats—Unchanged.



CAPITAL STOCK \$200,000.

The STANDARD would be pleased to hear from all cattle men in Texas and the Indian territory who contemplate shipping, and we will furnish markets on application. We make a specialty of the Texas trade, and if good care of stock in the yards and good sales is what you desire, then send us a trial shipment and we will endeavor to make you a permanent customer. Write us.

STANDARD LIVE STOCK COMMISSION COMPANY.
 Room 173, New Exchange building, U. S. Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill.
 W. A. SANSON, Manager, formerly of Alvarado, Texas.



The Maverick,
 G. O. M. WHITE, Proprietor.
 Street cars pass the door to and from all depots. Rates \$2.00, \$2.50.
 Stockman's trade solicited.
 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

MINERAL WELLS, TEX

Rapidly becoming the greatest watering place of the South, it is reached only via the Weatherford, Mineral Wells and Northwestern railway. Excursion tickets are on sale with the principal roads of the state. All Santa Fe and Texas and Pacific trains make connection at Weatherford, Texas, for Mineral Wells.

For further particulars, address:
 W. C. FORBESS,
 Gen. Freight and Pass. Agent, Weatherford, Tex.

TIME TABLE.

Double Daily Trains, Except Sunday

Effective, April 30, 1894.

Daily Except Sunday.

Leave Weatherford 7:00 a. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 8:50 a. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 7:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 8:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 11:00 a. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 12:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 11:00 a. m. Arrive Weatherford 12:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 1:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 2:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 1:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 2:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 3:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 4:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 3:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 4:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 4:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 5:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 4:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 5:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 5:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 6:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 5:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 6:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 6:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 7:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 6:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 7:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 7:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 8:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 7:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 8:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 8:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 9:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 8:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 9:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 9:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 10:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 9:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 10:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 10:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 11:50 p. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 10:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 11:50 p. m.

Leave Weatherford 11:00 p. m. Arrive Mineral Wells 12:50 a. m.

Leave Mineral Wells 11:00 p. m. Arrive Weatherford 12:50 a. m.

CAPITAL



EVANS-SNIDER-BUEL CO.,
 Livestock Commission Agents.

The Largest Exclusively Live Stock Commission House in the world. Perfectly equipped to handle large or small consignments with equal facility and advantage. Money loaned to the trade. Market information furnished free. Customers' interests carefully protected by members of the company. National Stock Yards, St. Clair County, Ill. Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill. Kansas City Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo. Texas Department, Fort Worth, Texas. All communications should be addressed to:
EVANS-SNIDER-BUEL CO.,
 Fort Worth, Texas.

DRUMM-FLATO COMMISSION CO.
 LIVE STOCK SALESMEN AND BROKERS.

COMMISSION CO.
 CAPITAL \$200,000.

KANSAS CITY. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.
KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS. UNION STOCK YARDS. NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

Large or small consignments solicited. We make a specialty of handling Texas trade. Money loaned on cattle in feed lots or pastures in Texas and the Indian Territory.

A. C. Cassidy, W. L. Cassidy, A. L. Kechler, E. S. Coddington, G. W. Dow, Cashiers, St. Louis.
 T. E. Simmons, Kansas City.

CASSIDY BROS. & CO.
 Live Stock Commission Merchants and Forwarding Agents.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS, EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.
KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, MO.

E. B. CARVER, Manager of Texas and Indian Territory, P. O. Henrietta or Fort Worth, Texas.

SAM'L SCALING, St. Louis.
GEO. S. TAMBLYN, MANAGER, Kansas City Mo.
W. L. TAMBLYN, Chicago.

SCALING & TAMBLYN,
 Live Stock Commission Merchants.

National Stock Yards, East St. Louis, Ill.
Kansas City Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill.

W. H. GODAIR, CHAS. E. HARDING, A. G. GODAIR, F. J. GODAIR

GODAIR, HARDING & CO.
 Live Stock Commission Merchants

UNION STOCK YARDS, Chicago, Ill.
NATIONAL STOCK YARDS, East St. Louis, Ill.

GEO. R. BARSE, President. GEO. HOLMES, Vice-Pres. J. H. WAITE, Sec.-Treas.

THE GEO. R. BARSE LIVE STOCK COMMISSION COMPANY.
 PAID UP CAPITAL STOCK \$250,000.
 Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago.

Liberal advances made to parties feeding stock. Market reports furnished on application. Address all communications to our house at Kansas City, Mo. Represented in Texas by Uncle Henry Stephens.



The only Texas house. Organized and conducted by Texas people. A NEW COMPANY, with a reputation to make. Send us a trial consignment. Write to us.

J. F. BUTZ & CO.,
 LIVE STOCK COMMISSION AGENTS,
 Room 2, Exchange Building, Fort Worth Stock Yards, Fort Worth, Tex.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

A. G. EVANS, President; T. S. HUTTON, Vice-President; A. D. EVANS, Secretary; SAM HUNT, Treasurer.

Evans - Hutton - Hunter
 COMMISSION COMPANY,
 Live Stock Commission Merchants.

National Stock Yards, Illinois.—Cattle Salesmen, Daniel H. Sprecher and Joe Berry (formerly with Greer, Mills & Co.); Hog and Sheep Salesman, V. Bedford Cash. Kansas City Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.—Cattle Salesman, G. O. Keck; Hog and Sheep Salesman, Mike Steele. Also have arranged with R. Strahorn & Co. to handle our Chicago business.

WM. HUNTER, Fort Worth, Manager for Texas.
 We make a special feature of the Texas trade.

GEO. W. CAMPBELL. A. B. HUNT. J. W. ADAMS.

CAMPBELL, HUNT & ADAMS
 Live Stock Salesmen, Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.

Rooms 31 and 32, Basement of East Wing.

Represented at the U. S. Stock Yards, Chicago, by the Standard Live Stock Commission Company.

THE DELAWARE,

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

McLEAN & MUDGE, Proprietors.

EST. STRAHORN. Established 1861. JESSIE SHERWOOD

R. STRAHORN & CO.

Live Stock Commission

Room 85, Union Stock Yards, Chicago.

GEO. BEGGS, General Live Stock Agent for Texas, Fort Worth, Texas.

For Good Sales and Prompt Returns Consign Your Cattle, Hogs and Sheep

TO

BEN L. WELCH & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Correspondence and Consignments Solicited. Market Reports Furnished on Application. Reference: Bankers and Merchants of Kansas City and Live Stock Men Generally.

C. I. Dickinson. C. T. McIntosh, Late of Atlanta, Ga. We refer you to any bank of Fort Worth.

C. I. DICKINSON & CO.,

REAL ESTATE, RANCHES AND FARMS.

City Property, Stocks, Bonds and Merchandise Bought, Sold and Exchanged.

Prompt attention to all business put in our hands. We have small and large farms in every county in the state of Texas, and have special inducements to offer parties wishing to buy. We pay special attention to exchange business.

First floor Powell Building, 208 Main Street, Fort Worth, Tex.

NEW COTTON BELT TRAIN

To the Traveling Public.

We take pleasure in announcing that, commencing September 30, 1894, the "Cotton Belt Route" will restore trains Nos. 1 and 2 on the Fort Worth division, giving us double daily service between Fort Worth and Memphis, in addition to our present double daily service between Waco and Memphis.

Please Note the Following Schedule:

No. 2.	No. 4.	No. 3.	No. 1.
6 55 p m	7 45 a m	8 05 p m	8 55 a m
2 00 p m	7 50 a m	8 00 p m	12 05 p m
9 13 p m	10 05 a m	5 50 p m	6 35 a m
12 02 a m	1 00 p m	2 55 p m	3 25 a m
9 05 p m	9 20 a m	6 30 p m	7 05 a m
11 08 p m	11 25 a m	4 30 p m	5 03 a m
12 45 a m	12 58 p m	2 52 p m	3 27 a m
1 15 a m	1 55 p m	1 55 p m	2 50 a m
3 35 a m	4 35 p m	11 20 a m	12 05 a m
6 50 a m	7 35 p m	8 15 a m	9 05 p m
10 18 a m	10 50 p m	11 25 a m	12 25 p m
1 20 p m	1 35 a m	4 50 a m	5 35 p m
8 35 p m	5 35 a m	12 12 a m	2 35 p m
5 45 p m	8 45 a m	10 25 p m	10 30 a m
		7 00 p m	7 40 a m

These trains are full equipped with Through Coaches, Free Reclining Chair Cars and Pullman Buffet Sleepers, between Fort Worth and Memphis and Waco and Memphis, without change.

The Cotton Belt route is the only line operating solid through trains without change between Texas and Memphis. We trust that this unexcelled train service will receive due appreciation at your hands by our receiving a good share of your patronage to the old stage.

A. A. GLISSON, S. G. WARNER, A. W. LaBEAUME,
 T. P. A., Fort Worth, Tex. G. P. A., Tyler, Tex. G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

"SUNSET ROUTE."
 Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway,
 Texas and New Orleans Railroad,
 Southern Pacific Company,
 Morgan's Steamship Line.

TWO DAILY
 Daily Through Trains between San Antonio, New Orleans, with Pullman Buffet Sleepers; also between Galveston and New Orleans.

DAILY
 Through Trains between New Orleans, California and Oregon Points, with Pullman Buffet and Tourist Sleepers.

"Sunset Limited"
 Festive train, lighted with Pintsch gas and equipped with the latest conveniences and with dining car. Leaves New Orleans and San Francisco every Thursday. Time between New Orleans and Los Angeles, two and one-half days; and San Francisco, three and three-quarter days.

Through Bills of Lading via "Sunset Route" and Morgan Line of Steamers to and from New York, all points East and West.

For information call on local agents or address
 H. A. JONES, G. P. A., Houston, Tex. C. W. BEIN, T. M., Houston, Tex.
 L. J. PARKS, A. G. P. & T. A., Houston, Tex.

SAN ANTONIO AND ARANSAS PASS
 RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE GRE
Live Stock Express Route

From Texas Points to the Territories and Northern Markets.

All shippers of live stock should see that their stock is routed over this popular line. Agents are kept fully posted in regard to rates, routes, etc., who will cheerfully answer all questions.

E. J. MARTIN, General Freight Agent, San Antonio, Tex.

Dr. Gies' Infallible Remedies!
 Of world-wide fame. For Self-Cure of Venereal Diseases; absolutely void of Mercury. Specific No. 1, for Gonorrhea; Specific No. 2, for Soft Chancres, Hard Chancres and Syphilis. Price for each, \$3, express paid. Specific No. 3, for the blood, to be taken in connection with Nos. 1 and 2; price, \$1. For Gonorrhea, send for Nos. 1 and 2; for Soft and Hard Chancres or Syphilis send for Nos. 3 and 2. We will guarantee an absolute cure. Special directions and all necessary paraphernalia accompany each remedy. Send money by express or postoffice order. Give nearest express office.

INFALLIBLE REMEDY CO., Fort Worth, Tex.

IRRIGATION.

A Missouri irrigator tells of his method in an exchange as follows: My irrigating is sufficient for a seven-acre tract. Am situated on what is called second bottom land, the Missouri river being about 200 yards off. By boring 30 feet we strike an unfailing vein of water into which are driven tubular wells. We use a centrifugal pump, which requires two-horse power to raise water into reservoir, 20 feet above ground. Find horse and boy cheaper than engine and pump. Will reservoir of 4000 gallons an hour, it being drawn out about the same rate. Can discharge over 40,000 gallons per day. Many good results accrue to irrigation. Last season the strawberry harvest was greatly prolonged, which converted the small berries, which usually come at the end of the season, into full size. The cauliflower and egg plant were also greatly benefited, yielding over \$400 per acre. Irrigation plant cost about \$350.

Messrs. John and R. J. Hassard, of Coleman, Texas, are in the city looking after cattle with which to stock their ranges. They find the Mexican cattle of rather a low grade for the North Texas pastures. The former is somewhat interested in irrigation and talks most interestingly of a home-made pumping irrigation plant which is operated by an enterprising farmer in the San Saba valley, west of Menard. The San Saba, there, is a bold, rapid stream and the farmer who is somewhat of a mechanic, built him an iron dam, confining the stream and giving it some fall with greatly increased velocity. Over this stream he erected a frame work on which he hung a home-made undershot wheel, some eight feet in diameter, with blades a little over a foot square and dipping a few inches into the water. The shaft of this wheel was made to operate a crude reciprocating pump, also of home manufacture. The entire outfit is wasteful and ill suited to its purpose, nevertheless the enterprising farmer is enabled to irrigate with it some fourteen acres of land and the products of this he has enjoyed while all around his neighborhood have almost come to want from drought and repeated crop-failures. So successful has been his venture, that he now has capital laid by which he is able to put in improved machinery which will irrigate 200 acres of his farm. He has an easy competence within his reach. A dozen ranch men and farmers in this county could have become independently rich in the last decade by the adoption of the Menard county man's home-made irrigation plant. In this valley, however, there is no necessary to float the undershot wheel on a boat or pontoons, anchored up the stream.—Eagle Pass Guide.

ARTESIAN WELLS.

"The French are turning the desert of Sahara into a garden by means of artesian wells, and already 12,000,000 acres have been made fruitful. There are 30,000,000 acres more waiting to be converted." Read the above a second time, and then never again dispute the possibility of irrigation in the Panhandle.—Exchange.

PROSPER ON FIVE ACRES.

Irrigation does not mean that you can put in 100 acres of corn and wheat. It means that you can grow prosperous on five or ten acres. If you must put in 100 acres of wheat, all right, but put it in, but also go to work with your little irrigated farm. Put out a choice variety of fruit trees, blackberries, raspberries, etc. Put out an acre or two of alfalfa, put in an acre of potatoes, cabbage and onions. If the rain comes your wheat and every thing else will be all right, but if the drought comes, go to work with your water plant and succeed anyway.—Great Bend Tribune.

PLAINS IRRIGATION.

A special from Plainview, Hale county, Tex., to the Dallas News says: The White River Land and Irrigation company has been chartered to put in a system of irrigation along White river draw. This company will secure their water from the underflow. All this section of the plains is underlaid by a stratum of honeycombed rock from 15 to twenty feet in thickness, through which flows an ample flow of water. The dip is from the northwest to the southwest. The company will cut ditches from three to four feet up the course of the draw, where it is only seven feet to water, and thus penetrate to the bottom of the water-bearing rock and draw off the water, which will be stored in reservoirs for distribution over the country. Every one acquainted with this water stratum predicts that the company will secure enough water to irrigate a large area of Hale county.

RAISE DORA CORN.

I saw in the Dallas News a short time ago a communication from an Eastern Texan advising us in Western Texas to move to where it rains and not make such a fuss about irrigation. Now, sir, I do not expect much from the present legislature for our benefit; for a body that will keep their own pay to the top figure cannot be depended upon for a due regard for the needs and interests of the people. But I suppose they will allow us to do our own irrigating, and I will say to our Eastern farmer friend that we had rather stay and irrigate than to go East where we would have to take a good portion of our farm with us when we went to town. If we will only go to work and make tanks and store water enough for irrigating gardens at first we will see for ourselves the pay that is in it.

But that is not what I intended this for. I have been asked by a center how he can live here while the owners of lands are getting them under water. I told him to get him two or three cows and a few hogs and let his wife raise a few chickens and raise a garden. Sweet potatoes, tomatoes, cabbages and melons will grow almost any season. Plant sorghum enough for your stock; when I say stock I mean all, especially hogs. They will eat it from the time it is two feet high until it is cured. If you can close enough to water, plant a small patch in cabbage, beans, okra, etc., and a few buckets of water in the evening once a week will make it. You might hurry home from town Saturday evening and water your garden instead of staying till night complaining of hard times.

Now comes what I think a more important crop than cotton, and that is Dora corn. It will yield from thirty to seventy-five bushels per acre, and is as good as any corn that is raised here. Horses will eat it in preference to any other corn and keep as fat on it. Cows will fatten on it; chickens will lay enough extra eggs to pay for what they eat; hogs will grow and fatten on it, and the lard will be as hard as corned. I have tried only the white, but my neighbors that have tried the red variety say it is as good and more productive. The white makes good bread. It will grow anywhere and any season that sorghum will. I forgot to say to my center friend to make at least one barrel of molasses. It will please the children. If he will try the above he will not have so much time for cotton and fault finding.—S. P. Rowlett in Abilene Reporter.

HOGS TO MEXICO.

Twelve cars of heavy hogs left the yards yesterday for the City of Mexico, having been purchased on Monday and Tuesday by Morris & Butts. It was the third shipment of the past three

months. The shipment averaged 315 pounds. Heavy hogs are shipped because the duty is per head, instead of per 100 pounds. Talking about the shipment, Mr. Butts said: "There are two duties which will have to be paid before those hogs reach their destination. The first is what is known as the frontier duty, that is immediately after crossing the line into Mexico, and the second the municipal or Federal district duty, which will be paid before entering the City of Mexico. It makes no difference whether those hogs came from Chihuahua or any Mexican state, they would have to pay a duty before entering another state. Each Mexican state has a heavy protective tariff, the same as if animals, or anything for that matter, should have to pay a duty which was taken from Kansas to Missouri or from any state to another state in the United States. The frontier duty, which will be levied upon these hogs, in this case at Paso del Norte, amounts to about 2 cents a head, which is equal to two and one-half American pounds. The Mexicans use the French system of weights and measures, which was brought into use in that country by Maximilian. The American hogs are made mostly into lard. It is a mistaken idea that there are no hogs raised in Mexico. In the states of Jalisco and Michoacan are quite a number which are shipped to the City of Mexico, the same as hogs are shipped to the city of Kansas City from Kansas and Nebraska. These hogs are fed on corn and also a pea about as large as the end of one's thumb, which is called garbanzos. When I was engaged in the packing business in Mexico I found that these Mexican hogs produced 5 per cent more lard than the American hogs shipped there. The Mexicans do not market their hogs until they are 2 years old. The poorer class of people in Mexico eat very little meat, relying on ground corn and vegetables for sufficient nourishment to sustain life. The cattle-raising districts of Mexico are confined chiefly to the states of Chihuahua, Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Sonora."—Drovers' Telegram.

Caution—Buy only Dr. Isaac Thompson's eye water. Carefully examine the outside wrapper. None other genuine.

A TEXAS BONANZA.

To enable us to wind up the business of a defunct cattle company, we will sell 30,000 acres of fine land, located in solid body on the Fort Worth and Rio Grande railroad, and within fifty miles of Fort Worth, at \$2.50 an acre. This property is in the heart of a good agricultural district. It is all fine grazing, and fast to the first class agricultural land. It is well watered and fairly well improved. It is well adapted for a feeding or fine stock farm, or for colonization purposes. It is just the thing to cut up into small farms and sell to actual settlers at an advance of 100 per cent.

Terms, one-third cash, balance on time to suit at 6 per cent interest. We will not sell this property in suits to tracts, neither will we exchange it for other properties. The price at which it is now offered is about one-half its actual value.

It will bear investigation, and will please any one who wants a good solid paying investment. Address GEO. B. LOVING & CO., Fort Worth, Texas.

Every Day in the Year.

The "Great Rock Island Route" runs a solid vestibule train to Kansas City and Chicago, leaving Fort Worth at 8:15 p. m.

This train also lands you in Denver or Colorado Springs for breakfast second morning, only one business day out.

For Nebraska, Omaha and other Eastern Nebraska cities, it saves a whole night's ride as via any other line.

The equipment, road bed and motive power are strictly first-class and "up to date."

Our rates are cheap as consistent with first-class service and the requirements of safety.

If you are going East, North, Northeast, West or Northwest, call on the nearest ticket agent for maps, information, and etc. or address the undersigned.

J. C. McCABE, G. T. & P. A., Fort Worth, Texas.

Dr. F. W. Hopkins,

VETERINARY SURGEON, Late Veterinary Surgeon U. S. Army and graduate with honors at Columbia and American Veterinary Colleges.

Will treat your Horses, Cattle and Dogs. Phone 71. P. O. Box 210 Fort Worth, Texas.

References: M. C. Hurley, President Union Stock Yards Bank; K. M. Van Zandt, President Fort Worth National Bank; W. J. Boaz, Vice-President American National Bank; R. E. Maddox, Madoxia Stock Farm; Fort Worth Packing Company.

The Southern Poultry Journal

Is the only second-class poultry journal in the South.

Has but one competitor on earth. Its editor has not been "a fancier all his life" has set hens and raised chickens only nine years.

Its printer is one of the "unpractical" kind.

This is a new departure, try us. Subscription price 50 cents per year.

It reaches more buyers in the Southwest than any of the first-class journals, therefore the best advertising medium. Sample copies free.

SOUTHERN POULTRY JOURNAL, Nehces, Texas.

Rudy's Pile suppository

Is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation, or money refunded 50 cents per box. Send two stamps for circular and Free Sample to MARTIN RUDY, Registered Pharmacist, Lancaster, Pa. No postals answered. For sale by all first-class Druggists everywhere. H. W. Williams & Co., Wholesale Agents, Fort Worth, Tex.

The Stock Journal Sewing Machine is one of the best machines made. It is one of the oldest and best known makes on the market, and our name is put on it simply because we sell them so low an agent could not afford to handle them if the old name were used. Thousands of these machines are sold yearly by agents at from \$20 to \$30 more than we ask for them.

Schmitt & Martinson, blacksmiths, do all kinds of work, such as repairing, fine painting, trimming and horseshoeing. New work built to order, and satisfaction guaranteed. Second-hand buggies and phaetons for sale. Cor. Taylor and Weatherford Sts., Fort Worth, Tex.

Schmitt & Martinson, blacksmiths, do all kinds of work, such as repairing, fine painting, trimming and horseshoeing. New work built to order, and satisfaction guaranteed. Second-hand buggies and phaetons for sale. Cor. Taylor and Weatherford Sts., Fort Worth, Tex.

The Stock Journal Sewing Machine, fully described elsewhere in this paper, is fully guaranteed to be as good a machine and as handsomely built as any machine made. It is not an ordinary Cheap John affair, and our offer of fifteen days' trial makes the customer perfectly safe.

All genuine Spooner Horse Collars have this trade mark. Others are imitations and of inferior quality.

FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS CO.

Competitive buyers now located here for Fat Cows, Light Beef Steers and Feeders.

SEND -- IN -- YOUR -- CATTLE.

Competitive Hog Buyers now on the market. Heavy and light hogs in demand.

SEND IN YOUR HOGS.

Government recognized separate yards for handling of cattle that are privileged to enter Northern states for feeding or breeding purposes.

Bill Your Cattle Privilege Fort Worth Market.

Write for Market Information.

G. W. SIMPSON, W. E. SKINNER,

President. General Manager.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS

Are the most complete and commodious in the west and second largest in the world. The entire railroad system of the west and southwest centering at Kansas City has direct rail connection with these yards, with ample facilities for receiving and reshipping stock.

	Cattle and Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.	Cars.
Official Receipts for 1894.....	1,772,545	2,547,077	589,555	44,237	107,494
Slaughtered in Kansas City.....	959,846	2,050,784	387,570		
Sold to Feeders.....	308,181	11,496	69,816		
Sold to Shippers.....	409,965	468,616	45,730		
Total Sold in Kansas City in 1894.....	1,677,992	2,530,896	503,116	28,903	

CHARGES—YARDAGE: Cattle 25 cents per head; Hogs, 8 cents per head; Sheep, 5 cents per head. HAY, \$1.00 per 100 lbs.; BRAN, \$1.00 per 100 lbs.; CORN, \$1.00 per bushel.

NO YARDAGE IS CHARGED UNLESS THE STOCK IS SOLD OR WEIGHED. C. F. MCREE, General Manager. E. E. RICHARDSON, Secy. and Treas. H. P. CHILD, Asst. Gen. Manager. EUGENE RUST, Gen. Superintendent.

THE UNION STOCK YARDS,

CHICAGO.

Consolidated in 1855.

The Largest Live Stock Market in the World.

The center of the business system, from which the food products and manufactures of every department of the live stock industry is distributed from.

Accommodating Capacity: 50,000 Cattle, 200,000 Hogs, 30,000 Sheep, 5000 Horses.

The entire railway system of Middle and Western America centers here, rendering the Union Stock Yards the most accessible point in the country. The capacity of the yards, the facilities for unloading, feeding and reshipping are unlimited. Packing Houses located here, together with a large bank, capital and some one hundred different commission firms, who have had years of experience in the business; also an army of Eastern buyers insure that the best market in the whole country. THIS IS STRICTLY A CASH MARKET. Each shipper or owner is furnished with a separate yard or pen for the safe keeping, feeding and watering of his stock, with but one charge of yardage during the entire time his stock remains on the market. Buyers from all parts of the country are continually in this market for the purchase of stock cattle, stock hogs and sheep.

THE GREATEST HORSE MARKET IN AMERICA.

The Dexter Park Horse Exchange

With its dome lighted amphitheater, with a tunnelled driveway through the center an eighth of a mile long, and a seating capacity of 6000 people, is the greatest horse show arena in the country for the sale or exhibition of "trappy" horses. The capacity of the yards, the facilities for unloading, feeding and reshipping are unlimited. Packing Houses located here, together with a large bank, capital and some one hundred different commission firms, who have had years of experience in the business; also an army of Eastern buyers insure that the best market in the whole country. THIS IS STRICTLY A CASH MARKET. Each shipper or owner is furnished with a separate yard or pen for the safe keeping, feeding and watering of his stock, with but one charge of yardage during the entire time his stock remains on the market. Buyers from all parts of the country are continually in this market for the purchase of stock cattle, stock hogs and sheep.

N. THAYER, JOHN B. SHERMAN, J. C. DENISON, President. Vice-Pres., Gen. Mgr. Secy. and Treas. WALTER DAUGHTY, JAS. H. ASHBY, D. G. GRAY, Asst. Sec. and Asst. Treas. Gen. Supt. Asst. Supt.

JOHN A. McSHANE, Pres. W. A. PAXTON, Vice-Pres. J. C. SHARP, Secretary and Treasurer.

SOUTH OMAHA UNION STOCK YARDS CO.

Largest Feeder Market in the World. Over 200,000 Feeders Sent to the Country in 1893.

RECEIPTS FOR NINE YEARS:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
1885.....	114,163	130,867	18,985	1,950
1886.....	144,457	390,187	40,195	3,028
1887.....	235,723	1,011,706	79,014	3,202
1888.....	340,469	1,285,601	108,093	5,035
1889.....	467,340	1,206,695	159,063	7,595
1890.....	606,699	1,673,314	156,185	8,318
1891.....	693,044	1,462,423	170,849	8,892
1892.....	738,156	1,705,657	185,457	11,269
1893.....	852,642	1,436,271	242,581	12,269

We Want 150,000 Texas Cattle This Year.

W. N. BABCOCK, General Manager.

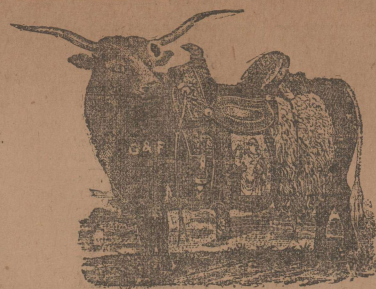
The Live Stock Market of St. Louis. THE ST. LOUIS

National Stock Yards

Located at East St. Louis, Ill., directly opposite the City of St. Louis.

Shippers Should See that their Stock is Billed Directly to the NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

R. G. KNOX, Vice President. CHAS. T. JONES, Superintendent.



S. C. GALT & FRAZER, Makers of the PUEBLO SADDLE, PUEBLO, COLO. Awarded the highest premium at the World's Columbian Exposition.



BLAIR BROS.,

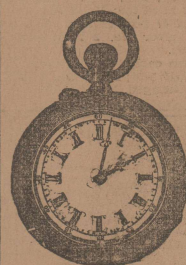
Fort Worth, Tex. FINE OLD WHISKIES.

People in the country can now buy Whiskies of us by the gallon at wholesale prices.

We sell four year old Whiskies at \$2.50 per gallon. Five year old Whiskies \$3.00 per gallon. Old Rye Whiskies \$3.50 per gallon. Mail orders receive prompt attention. Send money by express or P. O. money order. Cor. Fourteenth St. and Jennings Ave.

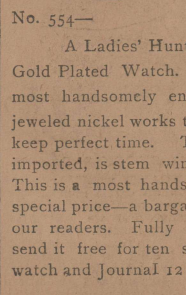
Some Watch Talk.

The enormous number of our Premium Watches sold since we introduced it has led us to confer with some factories for more pretentious Watches. Below we present a list of what, after a personal visit to the factories and wholesale dealers, we consider the best Watch bargains in America. We are not offering these Watches for profit; we are not in the jewelry business, but we want circulation and circulation we must have.



No. 544—

This is a Coin Silver, engraved Chatplain Ladies' Watch, exact size of cut. It is stem wind and stem set, select jewels, cylinder escapement, correctly timed, tested and fully warranted. We give this Watch free for a club of 8 subscribers, or send it prepaid and the Journal 12 months for \$5.00.



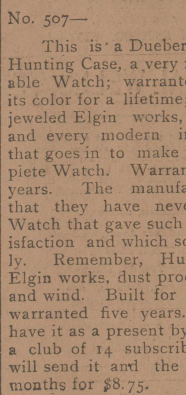
No. 554—

A Ladies' Hunting Case, heavily Gold Plated Watch. This Watch is most handsomely engraved, excellent jeweled nickel works that run well and keep perfect time. The movement is imported, is stem wind and stem set. This is a most handsome Watch at a special price—a bargain to us and to our readers. Fully warranted. We send it free for ten subscribers, or the watch and Journal 12 month for \$6.00.



No. 507—

This Watch is our pet and is a good full value. It is a watch built for use—hard constant use. It is genuine Silverline, open case, with extra heavy beveled French crystal glass. The case is perfectly plain smooth; full jeweled, Trenton works, quick train, adjusted and close. It is regulated for all climates and positions, and is especially recommended when one wants an extra strong, reliable Watch. It is guaranteed to keep its color a lifetime. Sent for eight subscribers, or the Journal for 12 months and watch for \$5.00.



No. 507—

This is a Dueber, Silverline, Hunting Case, a very fine serviceable Watch; warranted to keep its color for a lifetime; it has full jeweled Elgin works, quick train and every modern improvement that goes in to make up a complete Watch. Warranted for five years. The manufacturers say that they have never made a Watch that gave such unusual satisfaction and which sold so rapidly. Remember, Hunting Case, Elgin works, dust proof, stem set and wind. Built for service and warranted five years. You can have it as a present by sending us a club of 14 subscribers, or we will send it and the Journal 12 months for \$8.75.



No. 520—

Heavy Hunting case, elegant in design, extra heavy, gold plated, and in appearance equal to any filled case made. It is fitted with either Elgin or Waltham movement, full jeweled works, stem set and stem wind and fully warranted ten years. It's a hummer and is as pretty a watch as is made. Sent for club of 12 subscribers or mailed free and Journal 12 months for \$8.50.

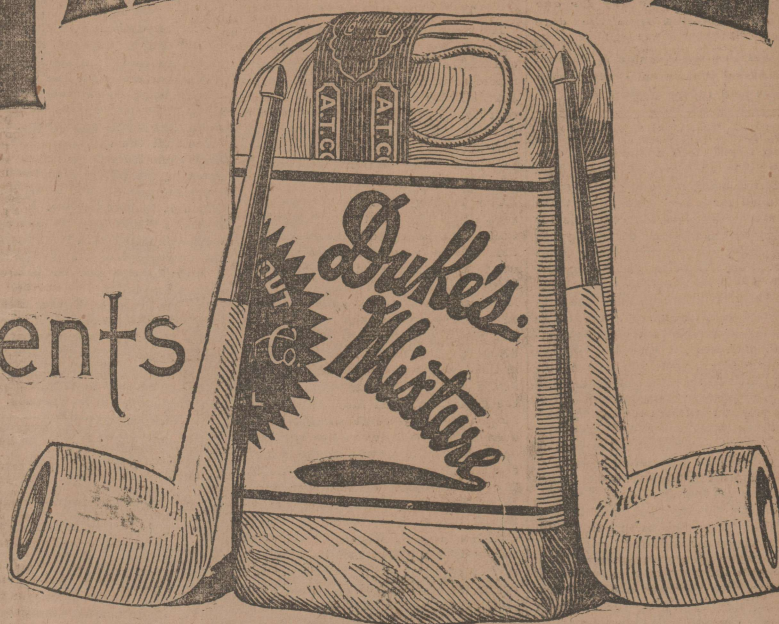
Address, TEXAS STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL, Fort Worth, Texas.

A French Briar PIPE GIVEN AWAY with every

POUND BALE OF DUKES' MIXTURE

price **35** cents

Also packed in 2oz. packages for 5¢



SLADE'S WAR STORY.

He Describes a Battle Which History Does Not Mention.

History has wronged me. I was once the hero of a real battle, and no mention has ever been made of the fact. In fact, the battle itself has never, to my knowledge, been written of, and I write this hoping it may meet the eye of some one who knows more of it than I do, although I was present. A conflict of the magnitude of this, fought between the Japs and Chinese would be flashed athwart thousands of miles of cable wires and published under "scare" heads in our leading journals. Perhaps the reason history has neglected to enumber its pages with my pet battle is that stirring scenes were plentiful all over the country just then. Just at this period reporters didn't have to scour a continent to find all the carnage the most enterprising journalist wanted for his columns. Cannage in those days was the rule—not the exception. A day without a fight would have been a notable one. I never was particular about dates and, although I am writing a true account of one of the battles of our great civil war, yet I am not going to bother myself further about the date of it than to state that it was two or three days before the great battle of Chickamauga, and about ten or twelve miles further up the creek than where this notable battle was fought. It must have been along in September, for I remember it was about the time of year boys of my age used to roam the woods and spend the day in gathering chestnuts. In those schoolless and unrestrained days we did as we pleased, and went barefooted over the hills so much that we could easily stamp the nuts from the bristly burs with our bare feet. It was while thus engaged that we boys learned that a "Yankee" army had camped about three miles from my mother's house. Now, although Capt. Bragg and Mr. Rosecrans had been maneuvering in the country for a few days, yet we had seen nothing more of war than an occasional foraging or scouting party, being situated a little out of the beaten path of war. But if we had seen little of the pomp and circumstances of glorious war, we had heard enough of the gay flags, the grand music and the big guns that went with an army to excite our curiosity. So the next worst boy in the neighborhood and I decided to slip off next morning and pay a visit to General Neigly, whose command we heard it was near us. Barefooted, copperas-pantalooned, wool-hatted and impudent, at the appointed time we strolled through the enemies camp. At first we were a little shy, but as we became aware that boys would not be shot we grew bolder and made ourselves entirely easy.

Here is a sample of conversation with the enemy:

"Say, bub, what's your father?"

"He's dead, sir."

"Where's your brothers?"

"In the army."

"With the Rebs?"

"No; they're in the Southern army."

"Yes, an' we're down here after 'em."

"Yes, an' you'll find 'em over the mountain thar, an' then you'll come back faster than you went."

Our impudence soon made us pretty well known, and the boys in blue many hearty laughs, but finally the conversation began to run something like this:

"Say, you boys better get out of here, there's goin' to be a fight, an' you'll get killed," and indeed the pickets were already pretty hotly engaged.

"Oh, we want to stay and see you form a line of battle, see all your flags an' hear the music, for in our innocence we imagined that a battle was brought on in a very formal manner, with banners flying, drums beating, and everything on dress parade.

"Well, you'll hear the music pretty soon if you don't get out of here."

Thus we strolled from place to place, always finding something new to interest us. Now it would be a negro picking a banjo and singing comic songs, while the boys around him would laugh and clap their hands, and then all our attention would be invited to a mounted artillery officer, who could swear more and louder than any one we had ever before seen, and the men and

horses he was cursing could move big guns around more carelessly and with more speed than we thought possible even with six big horses to the gun and a man riding every "near" horse.

"Right wheel there, blank, blank you; cut that tree away, there!"

How those words rang in my ears, as if it were only yesterday I heard them. Nearer and more rapidly sounded the muskets of the pickets, and a fine-looking man, a Lieutenant, they said he was, was brought from the front, his brilliant uniform all stained with blood, and laid in the front room of the widow Davis' elegant home—dead. Surely there was going to be a battle, but what did Gen. Neigly mean? Did he have no pride about him? Was he going into action without having his men in a straight line and without flags flying and a band playing in front of his column? Such conduct would certainly destroy our cherished ideas of war.

When this lieutenant was brought in dead and the musket shots on the picket line got so thick we couldn't count 'em, we could hardly doubt that there was going to be a fight, and we decided to go home and let Gen. Neigly go on and disgrace himself if he would by failure to conform to our ideas of the proper ceremonies to be observed on going into battle.

So we started in the direction opposite to the one in which the pickets were fighting. We crossed the little Chickamauga creek, and upon a hill about a quarter of a mile from where we had been spending our time, and where John Davis had a fine residence, we came upon a long line of hastily thrown up logs, rails and stones, and in Mr. Davis' yard were planted or stationed the big cannon we had seen moved about so recklessly. These very earnest looking war measures caused us to lose all interest in the performance of the military bands, and we yearn for home with a very earnest yearning, and we lost no time in getting into the woods as we supposed in the rear of our friends, the enemy. We were scurrying through the brush and talking glowingly of the sights we had seen when we were startled with, "Hold on, thar, Bob!" We held on, and a man came forward from the woods and said kindly, "Boys, you can't travel through the woods—go back to the main road—you're liable to get shot here, run on, now."

We needed no second telling. We knew the way home as well one way as the other, and we hastened to gain the road and trotted briskly along in the dust for it seemed to us that the battle was getting closer to us all the time. We hadn't gone far, however, until we heard a saber clanging along on the ground, and looking through the brush we beheld a soldier approaching us. "Wait boys," he said, "no one is allowed to pass out here without permission of Col. Taylor. Come with me."

I do not know till this day whether Col. Taylor was a myth or whether there was an officer in the fight at Davis Cross Roads. Any way, puffed up with the importance of the idea of being big enough to require a pass to go through the lines of an army, we followed our captor a hundred or so yards into the timber, and came upon a body of men lying down with their guns stacked near by. With much pomposity, I asked for Col. Taylor. He was not there then. When would he be there? Oh, soon. Was that him coming? No. That other man? No. Would he be riding or walking? He would come in an or cart. Then I occupied my time in looking for a man driving an ox cart through the brush, and I did not know why the soldiers laughed so. There was no use now trying to count the shots. They came too fast. I wanted to get home now bad. I felt how pleasant it would be to go take the thrashing I had so well deserved by running away in the morning. "Oh, I'm hungry," I want to go home—they'll be uneasy about me."

"Never mind, bud, they'll send my dinner to me soon, and you can eat with me."

"Yes, I wouldn't eat your old Yankee grub." Just then the earth lifted itself up about five feet and fell suddenly back, the trees quivered, and the air was filled with a mighty roar. They hit the ground, and the cannons in John Davis' yard. Hitherto they had been killing each other with small arms. The earth flopped about some more and there was a whole lot more sound let loose in our immediate front.

Want to go home? Who? me? No, I reckon not. Just then a courier on horse dashed up. I remember

the words and the scene as well as if I witnessed and heard them now.

"You are ordered to place men a mile farther west."

Up jumped an officer, out flashed his sword, and, "Company K fall in!"

Right shift, shoulder arms—quick time, march!"

And a streak of blue trotted west, bending their heads and dodging their guns to miss the brush.

"Come here, Bud," and I approached the man who seemed to command that part of the men left there.

"What is your name?"

I told him.

"Where do you live?"

I told him.

"Where is your father?"

"Dead."

"Your brothers?"

"In the Southern army."

"Have they been at home lately?"

"No sir."

"Who sent you in here?"

"No one. I ran away."

"Did you see any one you knew here today?"

"No sir."

"Anybody give you any papers to carry out?"

"No sir."

"Let me see," and he took off my copperas pants, flapped my home-spun shirt tail in the breeze a few times to see if there were any papers tucked in there.

"Boom! boom! boom!" went the cannons in Davis' yard.

"Lieutenant, this is no place for children; take these boys through the picket line, and then two of the happiest boys there ever trotted through these woods paced along behind the courier as he went to the rear, leaving orders with different officers as he went. Just before reaching the picket he reached in to his saddle pockets, drew out some bunches of luscious grapes and handed them to us saying, "Poor little fellows, I expect you're hungry—now here you are—pass these boys. Now get from here; there's going to be hell to pay here."

Did we, sure? Well you've seen antelopes destroy distance, and that will give you an idea of our movements.

How the cannon boomed and how the earth trembled, and oh, how the mischief we did run, and how we promised we'd never run away again; how we ran away next day and went to the same place and saw cannon without wheels, wheels without cannon; muskets, bayonets, knapsacks, hats, caps, dead horses, men without arms, without legs, without heads, men mangled in every conceivable manner—all dead, and all in blue. The only live men we saw were a few dirty, dusty ones in battered gray, and they—evidently a rear guard, did not remain. Picking up a few of the spoils of war they rode away, and seemed to be in a hurry to get over Pigeon mountain, where the Confederate forces lay. How glad I was that I did not find among the mangled dead on the battle field the kind hearted lieutenant who passed us through the pickets and gave us the grapes.

It is possible I am incorrect as to who commanded the Federals in this fight, and I haven't the slightest idea who commanded the Confederates. Whoever he was he won all right, although he didn't remain to occupy the ground. In a few days we almost forgot this little affair, as we stood for two days listening with horror to the incessant booming of the cannon a few miles lower down on the Chickamauga.

MRS. JOHN G. CARLISLE'S KENTUCKY COOK BOOK.

The Queen and Crescent Route offers its patrons a rare chance to secure at a low price that handsome publication. It is a compilation of new recipes never before published. A book of 256 pages, containing a careful selection of practical cookery suggestions to every housewife in the land. An edition de luxe printed on heavy enameled paper and bound in white vellum, with chrysanthemum design on cover in five colors with gold, and in every way a most elaborate specimen of artistic book-making.

Mrs. Carlisle has been assisted in this collection by Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Walter Q. Gresham, Mrs. Gen. Crook, Mrs. W. A. Dudley and other housekeepers of equal note. The retail price is \$2.50, but we will send it to any address postpaid on receipt of 75 cents. Don't miss the opportunity.

W. C. RINEARSON,
G. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio.

SPECIAL AGENTS 14 KARAT

275

THE NATIONAL MFG. & IMPORTING CO.,
334 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

IS IT AN INDIAN UPRISING?

Word comes from the Agencies that Chiefs Jack Ross and Hi Warah soon to follow, all bent on demolishing the settlers' fences. Nothing in the line of a wire fence can withstand their assaults, except one which is called **The Page**. This is made of Coiled Steel Wire and is so elastic that some claim it "hoodoo" its enemies. The settler who has this is perfectly safe.

HAWKEYE GRUB & STUMP MACHINE.

Makes a clean sweep of Two Acres at sitting. A man, a boy and a horse can operate it. No heavy chains or ropes to handle. The drop on pivot on first year will pay for the machine. Send postcard for illustrated Catalogue, giving price, terms, testimonials and full information concerning our **Great Grub and Stump Machine**. Two Horse Hand Key and other appliances for clearing timber land.

HATCH CHICKENS BY STEAM

WITH THE MODEL EXCELSIOR INCUBATOR.

Thousands in Successful Incubation. SIMPLE, PERFECT, and GUARANTEED. Guaranteed to hatch a larger percentage of settable eggs at less cost than any other incubator. Send for free literature. Circular free.

THE IMPROVED VICTOR INCUBATOR

Hatches Chickens by Steam. Absolutely self-regulating. The simplest, most reliable, and cheapest first-class hatcher in the market. Circular free.

At 4 Price

Gold and Silver Watches, Bicycles, Tricycles, Guns and Pistols, Cars, Buggies, Wagons, Carriages, Bells, Sleighs, Harrows, Cart Tires, Sinks, etc.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR OF THE BALAMO CITY Business College

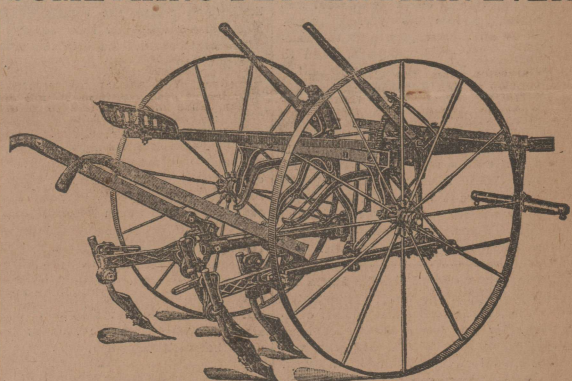
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

ANSY PILLS!

SAFE AND SURE. SEND 4c. FOR WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., PHILA., PA.

1895 **STANDARD** 1895

SOMETHING BETTER THAN EVER



1895 No. 4, Steel Frame, Parallel Beams, Steel Standards, With Patent Lever Safety Slip. Saves Damages, Saves Time, Saves the Knuckles, Prevents Breakage.

EXPLANATION.

The old slip or pressure bolt arrangement which we heretofore used, and which other manufacturers are using now, was good enough so long as there was nothing better. It has several serious objections, however, some of which are:

They caused a large list of breakages, instead of being a safety device. Too quickly worn out. Too easily lost. Too much time lost in resetting shovels. Skinning the knuckles, etc., etc.

Our Patent Lever Safety Slip Bolt was carefully and thoroughly tested in a series of experiments, extending over several months, and is all right.

OPERATION.

When the shovel strikes any unyielding obstruction it is turned back—the driver without leaving his seat reverses the lever, raises the beam enough to let the shovel swing back into place, then turns the lever back to original position; drops the beam and goes ahead—Time consumed less than 14 minutes, and without hitting the ground. It is safe, sure and quick—a positive protection to other parts of the cultivator.

RESULT.

The purchaser of a Standard Cultivator has a "dead knuckle" on a good thing, and that is what everybody wants.

EMERSON, TALCOTT & CO.,
J. M. WENDELKEN, Manager,
DALLAS, TEXAS.

WOOD & EDWARDS,
Formerly with John B. Stetson, Philadelphia.
Hat Manufacturers and Repairers
No. 344½ Main St., DALLAS, TEX.
Silk, Derby and Stetson hats cleaned, dyed, stiffened and trimmed equal to new for \$1.35. Work guaranteed first class. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.

FOURS FOR A GOOD HARVEST

If you plant Gregory's Seeds. These seeds, famous through many years, have turned the tide of success toward a great many sowers. Perhaps they are all that you lack. The whole story about **GREGORY'S SEEDS** is told in Gregory's Catalogue for 1895—a book that helps solve all the problems of planting; see you right when in doubt; gives in detail the best farming knowledge right up to date. It's free. Ask for it. J. J. H. GREGORY & SON, Seed Growers, Marblehead, Mass.

BURTON P. EUBANK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Practice in all Courts, State and Federal, - - Hurley Bldg., Ft. Worth, Tex.

Texas Stock and Farm Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

The Stock Journal Publishing Co.,
407 Main Street, Opposite Hotel Pickwick,
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 A YEAR

Entered at the Postoffice, Fort Worth, Tex., as second-class matter.

Subscribers, Attention!

Look at the address label on the Journal sent to you. The small figures opposite your name show the expiration of the time paid for. If you find you are delinquent, please remit at once by postal note or money order, \$1 to pay for one year's subscription from the date named.

Subscribers who desire a change of address will please give both present and future postoffice.

The quarantine order shutting out Mexico breaks into a number of contracts made by American buyers, and an effort is being made to get the order suspended for a few days to let these men save themselves, on contracts for delivery within the next ninety days.

Fort Worth is better than ever prepared to take care of the cattle-raiser's convention, which meets here the second Tuesday in March. Even with her increased hotel facilities the city's capacity promises to be taxed at the coming meeting, as it will be the biggest in the history of the association.

The relation between the farmer and the range stockraiser are becoming more cordial every year. The fact is they have found each other necessary for their joint prosperity. One wants to mature his live stock and the other to sell his surplus feed, and besides this plan keeps the money at home. It is a happy combination.

The establishment of a state bureau of agriculture has been a crying need in this state since its development into an agricultural commonwealth. There is one in sight now, and the farmers of Texas have an opportunity of telling how near and dear their interests are to the men they put in office. The result will be quite interesting.

The wool growers of the San Angelo country have petitioned the railroads to reduce the rates on wool, showing that the rates now charged are the same as were in effect when wool was bringing double its present prices. This is an honest plea and the railroads of the state should hearken to the petition these people will present.

It is a well accepted fact that the interest in large industrial bodies is best promoted and its usefulness perpetuated by the division of the honors it bestows with a regard to men and locality. With locality considered the special fitness of George W. Fulton for the presidency of the Texas Cattle Raisers' association should make his election to that position assured.

The prizes offered by the Santa Fe railroad, and which were supplemented by the Fort Worth Stock Yards company, for the best carloads of hogs shipped to Fort Worth this year, will call out all of the hog talent in Texas. These concerns have the swine raising interest of Texas very high in their minds, and have adopted a splendid method to incite the farmers to better and grander accomplishments.

Whether or not hogs can be raised for market purposes at a profit in Texas, as they can be raised for home bacon and lard purposes cheaper than they can be bought when they come from the market. This also applies to other home consumption products, and when this is fully understood by the farmers of Texas, the only use they will have for the factor or broker will be in the disposition of what is purely surplus.

There were not many in attendance at the Good Roads convention, which met in Houston Tuesday, the 19th, but much work was done. Permanent organization was effected, resolutions adopted, a plan of action mapped out, and a committee appointed to wait on the legislature, who will urge that the state convicts be worked on the public roads. Texas is behind the century in the matter of public highways other than railroads, and the work of this convention was a meritorious move in a good cause.

Attention is invited to the paper read by M. Sansom of Alvarado before the recent meeting of the Texas Live Stock association at San Antonio on cotton seed meal feeding, which appears in another column. The valuable information contained in this article should be read by every stockman and farmer in Texas, and the Journal takes pleasure in laying it before its readers. A number of valuable papers were read before this association, and the Journal will reproduce them as fast as space will permit.

Within twenty days the Texas Cattle Raisers' association will meet in Fort Worth in Nineteenth annual session, and from present indications no meeting has been held that will approach the magnitude of this one. From all over Texas, and adjoining states and territories, the cattlemen will all come, and adding the vast number that will be present representing the various interests connected with this industry, the attendance will be unprecedented. This convention will discuss in fullest measure everything connected with cattle raising, and as there is not a

more substantial body of men engaged in any industry than in cattle raising, it is safe to predict that their deliberations will result in conclusions beneficial alike to the cattle industry and the state at large. The subjects to be discussed have not as yet been selected by the committee that will have this matter in charge, but as before stated, they will embrace every phase of the industry conceivable. The committee on arrangements will hold a meeting Saturday, and will determine definitely the program of the meeting. An effort will be made to have the railroads entering Fort Worth suspend their pass agreement and extend the courtesy to which cattlemen have become accustomed. Whether or not they do this, they have signified that they will make a very low rate for this meeting. A royal program of entertainment will be arranged, and every man in Texas who feels an interest in the cattle business should be in Fort Worth when this meeting takes place.

THE NEW QUARANTINE.

The recent enforcement of the Secretary of Agriculture extending the quarantine line to the Pacific coast, a report of which appeared in last week's Journal, was a wholesome and beneficial move. While it is true that it shuts out a good sized healthy area, and works a hardship on those owning cattle in these districts, its general effect is to the good.

The healthy area that these new regulations bar, is that of Northern Chihuahua, and the western part of Sonora and Sinaloa, Mexican states, where the altitude is so high that cattle moved from there to the low altitudes of the infected districts, sicken and die like sheep with the rot. There is but little left for those who own cattle in the districts mentioned other than to fatten and ship to market as soon as the grass is so that they can, unless Mexico will, by establishing a rigid quarantine line between her safe and dangerous area, prevail on the American authorities to let these cattle in. The short season of the year when cattle from the Mexican states can be moved usually finds them in such a condition that it would be a loss of money to sell them, and if the cattle raisers of the country mentioned are depending on the United States for a market, the quicker they can get out of the business the better it will be.

To the Texan north of the line who expected to replenish his depleted pastures with cattle from the healthy altitudes of Mexico, the new provisions will be a disappointment, but to the man having cattle to sell it will be a direct benefit, as it will serve to stiffen prices materially on stock cattle, if not on the beef markets, by removing the possibility of an uncertain number of cattle from Mexico, and narrowing the limit from which the ranges of the Northwest must draw their supply.

The only changes made in the Texas line puts Greer county in the safe district. It is provided that cattle which have been in the counties of Wilbarger, Baylor, Throckmorton, Shackelford, Jones, Nolan, Coke and the northern half of Pecos counties since January 1, 1895, and have not come in contact with cattle from the infected area, may be shipped to Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, North and South Dakota, providing a permit is obtained from the secretary of agriculture, who will detail inspectors to see that the regulations are complied with. Cattle from these counties to the states mentioned will not be allowed to be reshipped to other states or territories for grazing purposes before December 1, 1895.

TWO IMPORTANT MEETINGS.

Within the week two very important conventions have been held in Fort Worth—the Farmers' Congress, and the Texas State Swine Breeders' association.

The latter association is engaged in a work that is of great moment to the future agricultural interests of Texas; and it is to be regretted that every word relating to practical swine raising uttered in the meetings of this body can not be incorporated into bulletins to be put in the hand of every farmer in the state. The State Swine Raisers' association is composed of practical hog raisers, whose experience in that industry as it relates to Texas, would be of immense benefit to every man who is now or who expects to be engaged in raising pork for home or market supply. If the recommendations made by the Farmers' congress are carried out, this will be done, and when the farmers or consumers learn more of hog raising, the swine raiser, or producer can sell more hogs. Their interests dovetail nicely.

The Farmers' Congress was well attended, especially when it is considered that the work of securing an attendance was begun late, and then only taken up by a very few papers, and fewer public men. However, the necessity of holding such a meeting existed, and a number of earnest practical farmers took advantage of the opportunity offered and lent their valued presence. There were none present who had aught to sell, there were no axes to grind, and every man who spent his time and money coming to the Farmers' congress, did so with the single end in view of deliberating as to what was necessary for the advancement of the agricultural prosperity of their state.

Much and valuable work was done, work that will make itself felt in the reduction of the cotton acreage of the state and the application of diversified and intensive farming, with stock raising and feeding included.

It was the unanimous sense of this body that unless the cotton acreage of Texas be reduced and a less crop than that of 1895 raised, actual destitution will result. In consequence, the farmers of Texas are asked to cut off at least 25 per cent of the acreage of 1894, and turn their attention to producing more of the necessities of life, and to the raising, breeding and feeding of improved live stock, a branch of

agriculture heretofore neglected by the Texas farmers.

Manufacturers were asked to locate in Texas, and the support of the farmers of Texas pledged them. The exportation of raw material, which comes back to the farmer with cost of manufacture and freights two ways added, was deprecated.

Another, and one of the most important acts of this congress was the endorsement of a bill to be introduced before the Texas legislature providing for the establishment of a bureau of agriculture. There is no state whose agriculture is as important as in Texas, where less attention is given by the state to the fostering and promotion of this industry. Other states with less agricultural interests expend many thousands of dollars annually in the collection and dissemination of practical agricultural information and consider the money well placed. Nothing in this direction further than the collection and printing of two year old statistics has as yet been attempted in Texas.

At this particular juncture it would be unwise to ask the legislature of Texas to make an appropriation for any departure from the present system of using the state's finances, but the bill indorsed by the Farmers' congress asks for no appropriation. It provides that the expenses of this board shall come from the proceeds of 100,000 acres of the public domain—of which the state has 4,000,000 acres, and from which it is deriving but little if any revenue. There will be but little expense connected with the sustenance of the proposed board, and the good that it will do can not be computed in dollars and cents.

For the good of Texas, and in the name of the farmers of the state, Texas Stock and Farm Journal trusts that the legislature will lose no time in providing for this bureau, and it is to be hoped that none will be narrow enough to oppose its creation.

PERSONAL MENTION.

John Lawrence of Gainesville, a cattle buyer, was in Fort Worth Wednesday.

C. Wilson of Cottonwood Falls, Kas., a prominent cattle buyer and shipper, was in Fort Worth Wednesday.

Webster & Hannum, manufacturers of a celebrated green bone cutter, have an ad in another column. Write them for a catalogue, as every poultryman should have a green bone mill.

P. J. Coulson, the county judge of Lamb county, has an ad in the "For Sale" column of this week's Journal that should be read by every stockman in the country.

On several different occasions the Journal has referred to the Wonder Journal, an advertisement of which has been in its columns. The agency of this pump in Texas has been taken by W. A. Flint & Co., with offices at San Antonio and Abilene, and the man who anticipated the use of a pump for irrigation or any other purpose will not be consulting his own interests if he fails to investigate the merits of this pump before purchasing.

J. R. Keeny of Dallas, state agent for the Page Woven Wire Fence company, was a caller at the Journal office Wednesday. Mr. Keeny is representing one of the best fences on earth, and in another column he has an advertisement in which he asks for live, responsible men to correspond with him at Dallas with a view of representing the Page fence in different counties of the state. This is a good opportunity for farmers and stockmen to make a nice little amount of money on the side as well as attend to their regular business.

NEWS AND NOTES.

Isaac P. Gray, United States minister to Mexico, died last week.

The house of representatives rejected the gold bond resolution projected by Grover Cleveland.

A good deal of smuggling is reported as going on between Mexico and Texas in the Eagle Pass district.

Twenty-five ghostlike vessels are missing from the port at New York, and they are supposed to have been lost in the recent storm.

The war scare between Mexico and Guatemala is over, the latter country having accepted Mexico's ultimatum regarding the boundary line.

The settlers in the Cherokee outlet are in a piteous state of starvation, and unless aid is extended them, many will starve and freeze to death.

NO LOSSES AT CLARENDON.

The Snow All Melted and Early Grass Assured.
Clarendon, Tex., Feb. 18, 1895.
Editor Journal:

The snow is about all gone, and cattle are looking remarkably well. There have been no losses to amount to anything yet, although cattle have drawn considerably. They do not think there will be any heavy loss unless we have some more storms like the ones just past, which was the coldest since '86, and lasted longer. There is a good season in the ground which will insure early grass.

I wish the Journal would come twice a week.

L. C. BEVERLY.

Horsemen and turfmen should not overlook the great Texas state fair and Dallas exposition stakes, that are announced to close February 15. The meeting takes place October 19 to November 3, when racing in North is all over, and by dropping down to the "Sunny South," horsemen can prolong the trotting season to well high "Yuletide." This association has prepared a grand schedule of events, none of them for less than \$1000, and our Texas friends not only "hang up the money," but pay it out, every cent they offer, to horsemen as soon as won. This association is one of the best managed ones in the South, is elegantly equipped for the care and comfort of both horses and horsemen, and its meeting is both successful and pleasant by other good meetings in adjacent territory.—Western Horseman.

A PERFECT RAILROAD.

Every man, woman and child in Texas knows that the "Katy" railroad has the best equipment and does more for the comfort of its passengers than any road in the state. If they have not already, they should adopt as their motto, "Nothing is too good for the Katy." In Fort Worth they have fitted up an office that very nearly "lays over" anything of the kind in the state. Everything about this office is up to the latest development in the decorative art inside and outside. It is in the Main street corner of the Delaware hotel building, is a roomy light, comfortable White, blue and gold is the combination that has been called into use in the interior decoration, and white, black and red have been judiciously combined in the outside. The attractive, which has been done in such a way that nobody ever fails to stop and read the legendary statement made on plate glass window front and

BRIAR PIPE GIVEN AWAY



for 35 cents
Every pipe stamped
DUKES MIXTURE or
2 oz. PACKAGES 5¢

Green Bone Cutter.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay and little chicks grow like Green Cut Bone. Warranted to double egg yield and reduce grain bill one-half. Our Green Bone Cutters are the best on earth, and the only ones receiving an award at the World's Fair. Send for catalogues and valuable article on Feed, free. WEBSTER & HANNUM, 162 Albany St., Cazenovia, N. Y.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!

That Are Made to Order,
And that Fit and Wear Well,
Are Made by

H. L. BOTTOMS,
SHIRTMAKER,
212 Main St., Fort Worth, Tex.

Send or call and give us your measure. No matter what your size or shape, I can fit you.

THE CLUB SALOON,

Opposite Temporary Courthouse,

PETE STROMSTADT, Proprietor.

THE FINEST

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Seventh St., bet. Main and Rusk,
Fort Worth, Tex.

Elegant, Free Lunch from 11 to 1 o'clock.

SEEDS. SEEDS. SEEDS.

TRIUMPH POTATOES and ONION sets, Beans, Peas, and all garden seed in bulk. We test all our seed before sending them out.

TREES AND PLANTS.

Fruit Trees for this climate, Shade Trees of all kinds, Roses Greenhouse Plants, Bulbs, Flower Seed, etc. Saccaline, the new forage plants, alfalfa and other field seeds. Send for catalogue and prices. BAKER BROS., Fort Worth, Texas.

We make a specialty of growing SEED POTATOES. We select the best varieties, true to name, and grow them in the cold north, and store them in cellars built specially to preserve their vigor. Before you buy, send for our illustrated Farm Seed Catalogue. Edward F. Dibble Seed Company HONEOYE FALLS, N. Y.

plastered wall. With an ornate office like this, it follows that the people placed in charge of same should be as thorough up to date as their surroundings. This has been done. In front to the right as you enter, is the desk and other paraphernalia that goes with the ticket office—all elegant new furniture—presided over by that well-known railroad man, W. H. Winfield, who has been connected with the passenger and ticket department of railroads as far back as the Civil War. He is a regular walking encyclopedia on everything pertaining to railroad tickets, and is ably assisted by O. A. Carline, who only lacks age of being in the business as long as Winfield. Down the railing and back of the ticket department, is where you will find J. P. Maloney, general live stock agent of the Katy, S. R. Ely, better known as Sam, the commercial agent, and P. C. Rhea, chief clerk. The "Katy" keeps none but the best men, and the "tops" of the lot are in charge of the Fort Worth office. These gentlemen like good company, and on the left side and extending to the rear, can be found the offices of Col. Wm. Hunter, of the Evans-Hutton-Hunter live stock commission company, whom every stockman in Texas knows and likes; Geo. Beggs, who ably represents R. Strahorn & Co., of Chicago, an old and well-known live stock commission company, and last, but not least, is Miles French of statesmanlike appearance, who lives only in the interest of the Kansas City stock yards, some of his friends having irreverently remarked that he would go to the K. C. yards when he dies.

A beautiful convenient office and a fine lot of men is what a visitor to the corner finds, and in behalf of the whole "kit and flin," the Journal urges upon every man who visits Fort Worth to drop in the "Katy" office and see the elements that go toward making up a perfect railroad.

R. W. Walker, printer and stationer, 200 Main street, Fort Worth, Tex. New presses, type and stationery. First class work in every respect. Special attention to mail orders.

Fertilize the orchard. The fruit tree is a heavy feeder and soon exhausts the soil, no matter how rich. Wood ashes, kainit and cotton-seed meal are all good for the orchard. One thousand pounds of kainit and 800 pounds of cotton-seed meal to the acre will pay handsomely. Try them.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

ATTENTION STOCKMEN.

For Sale or Lease.
Sterling county school lands, situated in Lamb county, Seventeen Thousand and Seven Hundred and Twelve Acres in a solid body (square); good grass, solid turf, good winter protection; well on north side, and good dirt tank on south side; fenced on east and south by Capitol Syndicate. Would like to have bids for sale and lease. Commissioners' court reserves right to reject any and all bids. Address me at Sterling City.

P. D. COULSON,
County Judge.

WANTED.

The Page Woven Wire Fence company have established an agency in Texas, with J. R. Keeny in charge. By addressing Mr. Keeny at 356 Jackson street, Dallas, live, responsible men who will take county agencies can learn of a chance to make money.

FOR SALE.

Six thousand 2-year-old steers and 2000 cows. For prices apply to FLEMING & DAVIDSON, Victoria, Tex.

BUFFALO GRASS RANGE LANDS FOR LEASE.

The Union Pacific Railway company have upwards of 2,000,000 acres fine range in Kansas and Colorado to lease on favorable terms. Address C. J. COLBY, General Agent, 918 Nineteenth Avenue, Denver, Colo.

FOR SALE.

\$50 4 and 5-year-old steers in the spring, 300 1-year-old for spring delivery. Car high grade Hereford bulls. Also pure bred Poland China pigs. Prices to suit the times. M. R. KENNEDY, Taylor, Texas.

HOLDSTEIN GRADE COWS.

Will exchange a 40-acre tract of Tarrant county land for a good bunch of high-grade Holstein cows, fresh in milk. Address Holstein, P. O. Box 225, Austin, Texas.

ARTICHOKES

Even in DRY SEASONS The White French yields 900 bushels per acre. Easy on Artichokes free. Seed \$1 per bu. J. P. Vissering, Melville, Madison Co., Ill.

TO TRADE FOR CATTLE.

\$4000 good securities, consisting of coupon mortgages and tax sale certificates. All drawing a high rate of interest, to trade for cattle. For particulars address E. N. McPHERLIN, Holyoke, Col.

COTTON SEED

Meal Cake

The experience of practical feeders has demonstrated that meal cake will equal meal in fattening cattle, and requires no hogs. It can be fed on the grass, and a four-year-old steer can be fattened for \$5 at the outside. Cake prepared ready for feed can be had from the Wolfe City Oil Co., Wolfe City, Texas.

Cotton Seed Meal at market price.

ATTENTION, CATTLE SELLERS.

About 2000 head yearling and two-year-old steers for cash. Also to exchange clear Omaha property and cash for 3000 to 5000 head of well graded stock cattle. Address Wm. T. Wells, Eleventh and Nicholas streets, Omaha, Nebraska.

FOR SALE—APRIL DELIVERY.

A select bunch, between six and seven hundred yearlings, fine colors, good grades, including nearly one hundred head of long ages and coming two's, dehorned, now on full feed. For price and further particulars, address G. L. Blackford, Denison, Texas.

WANTED.

Car Load Well Bred Hereford Bulls—Parries having such for sale will kindly address the undersigned, giving full particulars of grade, location and price. The bulls must not be less than three-fourths, two years old in spring 1895, and in good flesh.

GOMEZ CATTLE CO., Kent, (El Paso Co.) Texas.

FORT WORTH.

Is the place to get near for the farmer and fruit grower; the stockman owning a small pasture in Texas raising his own feed and fattening his own stock is the man that gets there these times. I have for sale 4000 acres, forty miles from Fort Worth, nine miles from each of two railroads, fenced and cross fenced, 300 acres of creek valley in cultivation running water some timber, house, barn and orchard. Land is rolling prairie, well grassed, 80 per cent reliable and of deep rich black soil; retail value, \$12 to \$15 per acre. For sale in a body at \$8 per acre. Send for my list of lands for sale and illustration circular about Fort Worth packing house and stock yards.

S. M. SMITH,
Board of Trade Building, Fort Worth, Texas.

CATTLE FOR SALE.

Large list of cattle of any age, class or grade, for sale. Parties interested in the purchase of cattle of any description would do well to call upon or correspond with me.

B. F. DARLINGTON,
Opposite Southern Hotel, San Antonio, Texas.

Harwood & Lebaron Bros.

Pentress, Texas.
Berkshire Swine and Jersey Cattle of best breeding. Write us for pedigree and prices.

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY.

HERFORD CATTLE AND IMPROVED DELAINE SHEEP. Write for Catalogue and Prices.

S. W. ANDERSON, Abilene, W. Va.

M. H. ALBERTY, Cherokee Kas.

PIGS
For the next 30 days I will sell Poland China and Duroc Jersey Swine and Holstein Friesian Cattle at reduced prices to make room for spring litters. Pedigrees with every animal sold. We can sell you anything you want. Write, mentioning this paper.

SAN GABRIEL STOCK FARM

D. H. & J. W. SNYDER, Props.

GEORGETOWN, - - TEXAS.

BREEDERS OF PURE BRED

Percherons and French Coach Stallions

A fine list of which are for sale.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

BREEDERS' DIRECTORY.

Buck Quarry Herd.

N. E. Mosher & Son, Salisbury, Mo., breeders of the choicest strains of Poland China Hogs, Hereford Cattle, M. B. Turkeys, etc. Bk. Langshan Chickens. Young stock for sale.

W. R. MICKLE, Birdville, Texas. Light Brahmas, Buff Cochins, Brown Leghorns, Pekin Ducks, Toulouse Geese and Mammoth Bronze Turkeys. Chickens or Duck eggs, \$2 for 15 or \$3 for 30. Turkeys and geese \$1.50 for 7 or \$3 for 15. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. W. THEMANNSON, Wathena, Kansas, near St. Joseph, Mo., Poland-China Boars. Gilts bred to Graceful F. Sanders, 13095 S.; he is by J. H. Sanders 27219 O., and out of Graceful F., 53408 O. Sire and dam both first prize winners at World's Fair and descendants of Black U. S. 13471.

ELMWOOD POULTRY FARM, R. A. Corbett, Proprietor. The oldest established poultry yard in Texas, and have won more first premiums than any breeder in the state. Breed the following standard breeds: Barred Plymouth Rocks, Black Langshans, White Minorcas, Brown and White Leghorns, and Silver Spangled Hamburgs. Eggs for hatching, \$2 for 15; \$3 for 30. R. A. CORBETT.

FOR SALE I have for sale, and have a good stock of thoroughbred Duroc Jersey Red Swine. Also pure bred Holstein Friesian Cattle.

FOR PRICES WRITE TO P. C. WELBORN, - - Handley, Texas

JACKS AND JENNETS

FOR SALE
I HAVE the largest and finest assortment in the state. Send for catalogue. A. W. HOPKINS, Fort Worth, Tex., Ill.

EGGS FROM PURE-BRED POULTRY
Mrs. Kate Griffith, Calumet, Polk county, Mo., has shipped fowls and eggs to most every state in the Union. Twenty years experience in all the leading varieties of thoroughbred poultry. Send for illustrated catalogue. Prices to suit hard times of the best Eastern stock. The sire to my mammoth bronze turkeys weighed forty-five pounds.

BEEES, BEES.

If you wish to know all about bees send for my catalogue which tells all about queen rearing. A large team bee hive factory. Mrs. Jennie Atchley, Beeville, Bee county, Texas. Please say you saw ad in this paper.

OAKLAND HERD

Has 60 bulls, cows and heifers for sale, single or car lots, by the noted Short-horn bulls Crown King, 111,13 and British Jubilee, 96,493; Light Brahmas and Mammoth Branz turkeys, P. Rocks. Write for prices or come and see the champion herd in North Missouri.

THO. W. RAGSDALE & SON, Paris, Mo.

YOUNG HOLSTEIN

Bulls and heifers, sired by the great premium-winners, Trionia, Mammoth Prince No. 554, H. H. B., and North Ridge Barrington No. 10347, H. F. H. B. Over 60 head for sale, including several mature cows from one of the most famous New England families; also three good young bulls, which will sell or trade one or all. Address W. D. Davis, Sherman, Tex.

Cape Jasmine Stock and Poultry Farm.

J. W. SMITH, Kilgore, Tex.
Herd of registered Poland-China swine headed by Royal Wilkes, he by Guy Wilkes, 2d, out of Waxana, one of Mr. Robin's best sows. Black Langshans, Brown Leghorns and White P. Rocks of most noted strains and good individualities. Eggs \$2 per 13; discount in large orders. Visitors welcome. Correspondence solicited. If fair dealing and good prices, low figures will please you, we can do it.

FOWLS AND EGGS FOR SALE.

From the best strains of Light Brahmas, Black Langshans, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Silver Laced Wyandots, Brown Leghorns and S. B. Hamburgs. Poultry \$1.50 to \$2 each, according to kind and qualities. Eggs, \$2 per setting. POLAND CHINA SWINE of the very best breeding. Pigs now ready to ship, at \$10 each; \$18 per pair; \$25 per trio. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence solicited. R. A. Davis, Merit, Texas.

Stock and Eggs from over 35 varieties land and water fowls, game birds and China hogs. Send stamp for fine 30-page catalogue, giving receipts and valuable information. P. MEYERS & SON, Stoutsville, Ohio.

J. D. CALDWELL,

Brownwood, Texas.
Breeder of Short Horn Cattle, Berkshire Hogs and Black Langshan Chickens.

HOUSEHOLD.

A SLEEP SECRET.

A physician in speaking of the various methods of inducing sleep, said: "I've tried them all, putting a cold towel on the head, bathing the feet in hot water, counting up to 1000, drinking a glass of milk and so on, and the best thing I've found is to use this. When I have worked all evening and find myself at bedtime in a state of nervousness or mental activity, I go to bed and place my right hand directly over the pit of the stomach. Whether it is the animal warmth of the hand acting on the stomach and drawing the circulation from the head, or some nervous action I can't say, but I know that I fall asleep in a few minutes. I believe that in a large majority of the cases of sleeplessness this simple remedy will prove effective. I have recommended it to many patients and they report surprising success."—Chicago Record.

A HELPFUL LETTER.

Some Valuable Garden Help.
Marble Falls, Tex., Feb. 10, 1895.
Ed. Journal:

For some time I have been reading the household page in your valuable paper with interest, and have often thought I would write a line or two, thinking, perchance, some one might be benefited therefrom, as I have always been by every sister's letter that has been printed.

My husband has been taking the Journal about a year, and it seems to me it has improved wonderfully in that time, and if we ranchers' wives will come to the front with our letters each week, telling of our experience in housework, training of our little ones, poultry raising, bee-keeping, gardening, and the like, we will be doing things that would interest women on a farm or ranch, we can soon have our entire household page full of cheerful, helpful letters, whereby we may all be benefited.

Lula E. McEnder Clark, your letters are very interesting. I, for one, would be glad to hear from you often. I have just finished my hot-bed for the sowing of seed for spring garden and as there may be some who would like to make one, but hardly know how to begin, I will tell how I made mine.

First, select a sunny location, protected as much as possible from the north. After determining the size you want your bed, excavate the earth to the depth of about six inches; then make a frame to fit the bed, twelve inches high in front, and fourteen at the back, with ends sloped to match—of one inch lumber.

Next go to the barnyard and shovel up fresh horse manure, piling it up near the frame, which you now have placed on the bed, and thoroughly saturate it with water. Leave it for a few days—until it begins to heat. Then, over, pile the second time, and let it heat; it then is ready to put in the frame. In putting it in each shovelful should be thoroughly shaken apart and if dry, made moist enough to pack down well.

Put in a layer and with the back of the spade beat it down firmly; then add another layer, treat it the same way and so on until within about eight inches of the top. Now put in six inches of rich mellow loam; bank up all around the outside of frame, with manure, packing it down as it settles, and leave it for a few days to ferment while you prepare the cover.

Make a frame to fit the top of the frame already on the bed, of about one by three strips—of lighter will answer, and nail on three or four cross sections; cover this with a firm quality of unbleached muslin. You may oil this—which some claim to be best—after giving two coats of linseed oil and white wash. Put your cover on as soon as completed. The temperature will run high at first; wait till it recedes to about 90 degrees, then plant your seeds, which should be sown only a little thicker than you wish them to stand.

Cabbage, tomatoes, pepper, and all vegetables that bear transplanting, may be sown, and even cucumbers and melons may be started here if planted in pasteboard boxes filled with soil and buried in the earth till the bottom is on or near the manure; put several seeds in each box, then thin to four of the thriftiest looking plants when well up, and thin again when removed to the garden. In doing this bury box and all, thereby not disturbing the roots.

The muslin frame answers the purpose of glass, which is really not necessary in this climate, by letting in the light and heat and shutting out the cold. Of course, on cool days or nights the bed should be covered with boards in addition to the muslin frame.

Vegetables started in this way are less trouble than when sown in boxes in the house, and besides they can be planted early enough to be strong thrifty plants by the time the danger of frost is past and it is warm enough to transplant to the garden.

The plants should be hardened a few days before transplanting, by gradually letting them get dry; but water thoroughly just before drawing them. I hope I have made these directions plain enough that any one who may wish to undertake it may have no trouble in following them. I made mine without any help from my husband or the hired man. By doing a little each day it did not tire me, and gave me outdoor exercise, which we are all too liable to neglect at this time of year when most of our work lies indoors.

MATTIE PHILLIPS HALLFORD.

CATTLE FOR SALE.

We have at all times a large list of all kinds and classes of cattle for sale, and can, as a rule, on short notice furnish buyers with just what they want, thus saving them the time, trouble and expense of hunting it up.

We now have on our books two hundred thousand cattle, and represent over one hundred Texas cattlemen who want to sell.

We have several thousand Central and Eastern Texas steer yearlings that we can sell in lots of from five hundred to twenty-five hundred head, at prices ranging from \$7 to \$8 per head.

We have several thousand 2-year-old steers located in Central, Eastern and Southern Texas, ranging in price from \$9.50 to \$12 per head, at prices ranging from \$7 to \$8 per head.

We can also sell any required number of Eastern and Southern Texas 3 and 4-year-old steers at prices ranging from \$12 to \$18 per head; the price varying according to the location and quality of the cattle.

We have several thousand Eastern and Central Texas cows that we are authorized to sell for spring delivery at from \$9 to \$12 per head. We have one extra good bunch of 2000 cows in the southern part of Central Texas at \$10. We can also sell any required

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

POULTRY.

number of 1 and 2-year-old heifers at prices in keeping with the market.

The cattle above mentioned are located below the quarantine line, consequently cannot be handled by Kansas, Montana or other Northern buyers. We have, however, located above the quarantine line a large list of all kinds and classes of cattle, and especially good selection of youngsteers.

We are authorized to sell the 1, 2 and 3-year-old steers out of several of the largest and best herds in the Panhandle, Arizona and New Mexico, and especially invite correspondence from buyers wanting this kind of cattle.

We also are authorized to sell several of the largest and best bred herds in Western Texas, and can make it to the interest of those wishing to buy cattle either with or without the ranges, to correspond with or call on us.

We invite correspondence with both buyers and sellers, and urgently request our friends and customers and the stockmen generally to call on us when visiting Fort Worth.

The proprietors of the Delaware, formerly the Pickwick hotel, Main Street, Fort Worth, Texas.

GEO. B. LOVING & CO., Commission Dealers in Cattle and Ranches.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CLEMENT & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 7c.

A Watch for \$1.50.

That's just what we've got, and we warrant it to be all right and to run all right too. It is American made, quick, wind, quick train, and a good time keeper. A delay of ten minutes has cost many a thousand times the price of one of these watches. See advertisement elsewhere, send \$1.50 and get a watch. Fort Worth, Texas, and get a watch free by return mail. We throw in a chain and charm.

When we sell a Stock Journal Sewing Machine we make nothing, hence we would rather have you raise us a club of subscribers and let us give you the machine, for then get 32 different readers who will stay with us year after year. Try it and see how easy it is to get subscribers for a live paper.

MARDI GRAS.

Excursion tickets will be sold to New Orleans on account of Mardi Gras at the rate of one fare for the round trip on February 23, 24 and 25, limited for return passage to March 10, 1895. For further information call upon ticket agent of the Texas and Pacific railway.

MARDI-GRAS.

On Tuesday, February 26, the great carnival will be celebrated at New Orleans, and, as usual, many Texas men will attend. For the occasion the Southern Pacific will make a rate of ONE FARE for the round trip. The selling dates will be as follows: All stations, El Paso to Mex. City, Feb. 22, 23, 24, and 25, good for return until March 24, 1895.

All stations east of Devers to Devers, February 23, 24 and 25, good for return until March 1st, 1895.

A special train of day coaches which will stop at local stations will be run from Houston to New Orleans, February 23, 1895, leaving Grand Central Depot at 8 p. m., arriving at New Orleans 9:43 a. m., February 24th, 1895.

For further information call on local agent, or address

S. F. B. MORSE, General Passenger Agent, New Orleans, Texas.

W. A. RIENHARDT, Traveling Passenger Agent, Houston, Texas.

L. J. PARKS, Assistant General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Houston, Texas.

THE INTERNATIONAL ROUTE.

The International and Great Northern railroad is the shortest and best line between points in Texas and Mexico and the principal cities of the North, East and Southeast.

Double daily train service and Pullman sleepers on night trains between Galveston, Houston, St. Louis, La-Redo, San Antonio and St. Louis, and between San Antonio, Austin, Taylor and Dallas via Heame. As a live stock route to Northern points it is the quickest and best. Lots of ten cars and over will be taken through in solid train and in the quickest possible time.

Shipments to Chicago via St. Louis are given the benefit of the St. Louis market.

Facilities for feed water and rest in transit are provided at San Antonio, Taylor, Palestine, Longview, Texarkana, Little Rock, Poplar Bluff, Cairo and St. Louis.

For further information call on nearest agent or address

J. E. GALBRAITH, G. F. YD P. A. D. J. PRICE, A. G. P. A. Palestine, Texas.

Important Information.

The "Rock Island Route" is now running through vestibule sleeping cars between Texas and Colorado, leaving Fort Worth daily at 8:15 p. m., and arriving in Denver at 7:45 second morning.

If you intend making a business or pleasure trip to Colorado this summer, call on your nearest ticket agent, or address the undersigned for folders, rates or information.

It is needless to add that we still continue to run the "Flyer" to Kansas City and Chicago out of change of cars.

Phase your tickets via "The Great Rock Island Route," and get full value for your money.

J. C. McCABE, G. P. A., Fort Worth, Texas.

You do not need to spend \$200 for a watch. A dollar and a half sent to the Stock Journal office, Fort Worth, Texas, will get a watch that is guaranteed to keep good time. See advertisement elsewhere in this paper.

and Cochins, thus spoiling the looks of two good breeds. They may be just as good a bird, but the beauty of the flock is spoiled. Vain regrets will not undo the mischief, for you will regret it just so sure as you do it.

CORA K. HAWKINS.

POULTRY PICKINGS.

Prepare for the young chicks by exterminating their pests—the rats. There are several ways of doing so safely, for once they get located on a place they are close stickers. Cayenne pepper put in their runs is good; they step in it, clean their feet with their tongues and "varmoss the ranch." Concentrated lye is also good to put in the holes. Should they take possession under a floor, bore holes in it, and drop pieces of copperas down, as large pieces as you can conveniently can; the dampness gradually dissolves the stuff. Whether it is the smell or what that drive them off I know not, but I do know they go. Poison is not safe any way if you keep the precocious Leghorns which will clean a place of mice if allowed to do so. They invariably get hold of a dead rat, which is sure to kill them.

Never sit a hen in an old nest box or one that has been used. It is very easy to move a hen and her brood to a new nest. I have carried them three miles and still stuck to the nest. Take the hen you wish to set, remove her to her new abode after night; close the box up, only letting her out at night to feed. She does not go back readily put her there and again fasten her in. It is safe to give her the eggs at this time, as if she did not intend to sit there she would be fussing to get out.

A small yard and a good rain proof box out doors is preferable for a setting hen than in putting her in with the other fowls.

It is not best to put the whole of a choice setting of eggs under one hen. Divide them up among two and even three hens is safer.

Dust them before you give her the new nest. Wood ashes is good, if you happen to have no insect powder. True it is ruinous to the plumage, but it is also ruinous to the lice, which is what we are after.

Don't waste time and money by letting half a dozen hens run with as many chicks—give them all to the mother that will take them all, and put the rest to work again.

Don't starve your setters so they will want all the chicken food. Keep her generously supplied with corn during the incubation period. When giving the chicks have a slat partition in the brood coop, so that the food can be put where the little fellows can take their time to eat it and not have it all taken from them.

Set your sour milk on the stove, after it separates or curds pour it into a flour sack to drain out the whey. The cheese is one of the best of foods for young fowls—particularly turkeys. Seasoned with cream, pepper and salt and sugar, this cheese makes a dish for the table that is not to be sneezed at.

If you want to see how famished your fowls are for grit (teeth) gather up all the broken dishes you can, take them to the yard and with a stone and ax pound them up fine enough for them to swallow.

Pekin ducks lay from 150 to 200 eggs a year and which are said to be more nutritious than hen eggs. The ducks weigh five pounds when ten weeks old. A grass run or mowed greens are necessary in order to make them profitable.

CORA K. HAWKINS.

F. W. AXTELL,

Wholesale Dealer in

Monitor Steel and Wood Wind Mills.

Baker Pumps, Cylinders, Tanks, Pipe Fittings, Water Supplies, etc.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

The Galvanized Steel Monitor and Steel Tower is perfection.

The tower presents but one-fourth as much wind surface as the ordinary steel tower, and is guaranteed to have double the strength.

\$15.00 TO \$40.00 A WEEK

Can be made taking subscribers for "House and Home," the best illustrated HOME JOURNAL published. Every subscriber will receive a handsome premium valued at \$5.00 in any store. Any one can, with spare time, do well. No experience required. Full instructions given. Send 20 cents for complete outfit, sample copies and full instructions, and you will make money fast. Address the HOUSE AND HOME CO., 641 N. Broad street, Philadelphia, Pa.

DR. ROBT. McELROY, SPECIALIST.

Syphilis, Genito-Urinary, Rectal, Female and Nervous Diseases. Treatment at Home. Call or write. Consultation free. Address, 1015 L. 2 Congress St., Houston, Texas.

MORPHINE, Opium and Whisky Cures at Home.

Remedy \$5. A cure guaranteed. Write for Book of Particulars, Testimonials and References. Tobaccos, the Tobacco Cure, \$1. Agents wanted. G. Wilson Chemical Co., (Incorporated under Texas laws), Dublin, Texas. Mention this paper.

Portable Well Drilling MACHINERY

Established 1887. Covered by patents. Machines drill any depth both by hand and power. No other well drilling competition. Send for free illustrated catalogue. Address, KELLY & TANEY, INC., WATERLOO, IOWA.

THE STAR COIL SPRING SHAFT SUPPORT AND ANTI-RATTLER.

Best selling always great satisfaction. Write for full description and price. Sold in Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Indiana. Address, KELLY & TANEY, INC., WATERLOO, IOWA.

THE DECATOR SHAFT SUPPORT CO. Decatur, Ill.

PERSONAL! BLOOD ROOT COMPOUND
Is nature's best blood purifier and blood builder. By causing pure, rich blood to flow through the entire system, it speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, General Debility, Dyspepsia and all nervous diseases. For weak kidneys and Bright's disease it has no equal on this God's green earth. It is no man's made medicine. It is a product of nature and man never dies or can make its equal. Sick people grow better from the first few doses. Weak and puny folks grow strong and healthy after using a single package. BLOOD ROOT COMPOUND is the greatest discovery of the age. 3,000 testimonials of its value. Price, \$1.00 a package of over ten doses. Our agent will supply you on order or address.

THE KING CHEMICAL COMPANY, 521 State Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

YARDS AT Fort Worth, Weatherford Sweetwater, Colorado, Itasca, Rhom and Boyd.

A. J. ROE,
—Dealer in—
LUMBER, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, MIXED PAINTS, ETC., ETC.
Throckmorton and Taylor, Sixth and Seventh Streets.

DR. SMALL, Specialist.
Cancer, Tumors, Dropsy, Asthma, Nervous Diseases, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, Bladder and Kidney Troubles, Female Complaints, Private Diseases, Treated Successfully.

Thirty years experience. Hundreds of testimonials. All correspondence given prompt attention, and strictly confidential. Send for testimony of Cancers Cured without the use of Knife or burning Medicines. Office room No. 10, upstairs, 513 Main street. Loc. Box 280, Fort Worth, Texas.

"CURRIE'S"
815 Main Street, Fort Worth.

Wines, - Liquors - and - Cigars,
Domestic and Imported.
Fort Worth Beer a Specialty. Merchants' Lunch Daily from 11 to 1.

FIVE DOLLARS.
For \$5.00 we send you enough Germania, the Great Blood Purifier, to cure almost any case of
Piles, Fistula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Catarrh.

We furnish written guarantee, and will refund the money in case of dissatisfaction. This is a home remedy that has never made a failure. Give us a trial, if you are looking for a cure, and save the one hundred dollars you are fixing to give some one to do no more good than the risk of \$2.00.

C. MATTHEWS, Manufacturer and Proprietor, No. 809 Taylor Street, Waco, Texas.

Quality First, Price Next

In selecting a Sewing Machine for a premium the Journal went out of its way to get a Machine that was not built for "cheap John" trade. The ordinary cast iron trap sold by faking newspapers was not good enough for our readers.

"The Best was None too Good For Us."

So it is to-day; the STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL is offering the best Sewing Machine made to its readers.

Look at the under side. See how simple, clean and neat it is; all patented improvements. But the Journal acting on its motto made a trade with the factory and to-day gives a machine that cannot be duplicated in

FINE DESIGN, ELEGANT WORKMANSHIP, DURABLE MATERIAL, FINE ATTACHMENTS, EASY OPERATION

by any other Machine made, regardless of price.

DO YOU BELIEVE US?

We have plenty of readers using the Machine and would be pleased to send testimonials. Write for full descriptions, or order the Machine on 15 days trial.

TERMS AND PRICES:

There are four ways to get it: 1st. To any one sending us \$22.00 we will send the Journal and this Machine, paying all freight. 2nd. To any one sending us ten subscribers and ten dollars for same and fifteen dollars additional, twenty-five dollars in all we will send the Machine prepaid. 3rd. To any one sending us twenty subscribers, and twenty dollars to pay for same, and eight dollars in addition, we will send the Machine prepaid. 4th. To any one sending us 32 subscribers and \$32.00 to pay for same, we will send the machine, freight paid.

Note—All subscriptions must be paid in advance. You need not send them all in at one time, go to work and send in as fast as you can get them and you will be credited with them and when you get up the number, the Machine will be sent as proposed.

REMEMBER:

We cannot send these Machines C. O. D. or on a credit, because to get them at the prices we do, we have to pay cash in advance. If after 15 days' trial the Machine proves unequal to any machine, we will refund all money paid out on it.

STOCK AND FARM JOURNAL,
Fort Worth, Texas.

Half the Money

Vacuum Leather Oil

is the care-taker.

25c. worth is a fair trial for your money back. You want it—save with each can.

For pamphlet, free, "HOW TO TAKE CARE OF LEATHER," send 1c. to Vacuum Oil Co., Rochester, N. Y.

PERSONAL.

When in San Antonio stop at the Maverick hotel, where special attention is given to stockmen. They have an ad in another column.

W. B. Henderson of Marshall, Texas, a well known traveling man, and also the proprietor of the Walnut Creek Jersey cattle farm, was in Fort Worth Friday.

W. R. Mickle of Birdville, Tarrant county, raises some very fine poultry, the eggs of which he offers for sale in the "Breeder's Directory" of the Journal.

T. B. Lee, president of the Texas Live Stock Commission Co., left Fort Worth Saturday for Chicago, intending to visit Kansas City and St. Louis on his way.

Ed Carver was in Fort Worth Monday, and expressed himself as being well pleased with the new quarantine provisions, and thinks that it will benefit the Texas cattleman.

R. B. Masterson, a well known cattleman of Mobeetie, Texas, was in Fort Worth Sunday. He expressed the opinion that there would be no loss to speak of in his part of the country.

W. P. Hawkins of Pleasant Hill, Mo., advertises some pure bred fowls and English fox hounds in the "Breeder's Directory" of the Journal. Write him before purchasing anything in his line.

If in the market for a 40-acre tract of Tarrant county land and have some good Holstein grade cows, you can make the deal by looking up an ad in the "For Sale" column of the Journal, and addressing Austin, Texas.

L. W. Krake, general agent for the National Stock Yards at East St. Louis, was in Fort Worth Monday. All of the stockmen know him, and he is a man of considerable experience and ability.

Lyons' Sheep and Cattle Ointment is a standard preparation and has been used by stockmen of this state for years. It is advertised on the cattle page of the Journal and every stockman should keep a supply of this valuable preparation constantly on hand.

Frank Moody, of the cattle brokerage firm of Moody & Andrews, Fort Worth, reports having made the sale of cattle in one of the recent cold days. One of these sales was 1000 cows to a Fort Worth buyer, and the other a mixed bunch of cattle to a local firm.

The Journal regrets to announce the death of R. A. Corbett of Baird, Tex., a well known poultry breeder, having owned the oldest established poultry yard in the state. He was, besides, a progressive farmer. The Journal extends its sympathy to his sorrowing family.

W. D. Jordan, agent of the Bureau of Animal Industry, was in Fort Worth Monday. He said: "The barring out of Mexican cattle is a good thing for Texas at this particular season, as it removes any fear of fever that might exist among intending purchasers from other states and territories."

Ed East of Archer City was in Fort Worth Monday and reported that he had not lost any cattle as a result of the cold weather. He said: "The barring out of cattle from Mexico will cut but little figure, as there was nothing down there that would in any way compete with Texas cattle."

Wright & Hannah, live stock commission merchants at Kansas City, have sent the Journal a "hand book of live stock facts and figures for ready reference," for which they will accept thanks. It is quite a handy little work and is just what its name implies.

Winfield Scott came in Thursday night of last week from a visit to his cattle in the Indian Territory. He said: "I have 5000 head of cattle, and Lillietta, I. and the loss has been very small—I think about five head. I am feeding them cotton seed, sorghum and let them have the run of a fine lot of straw stacks."

Horace Sims of Colorado, Texas, who has been putting in a couple of weeks in this city, expressed himself as being well pleased with the action of Secretary Morton in extending the quarantine line to the Pacific coast, thereby shutting out Mexico entirely, and thinks it will have a beneficial effect on the Texas industry.

The Lone Star commission company have the thanks of the Journal for a handsome card case and live stock sales record combined, one of the neatest things yet sent out by any of the commission firms. These people are bound to do well; they know what the people want, the article mentioned being proof of this assertion.

L. J. Caraway of Granbury, a prominent farmer, was a caller at the Journal office Monday, having come to attend the Farmers' Congress. Mr. Caraway is thoroughly well posted in the needed changes in the agriculture of Texas, and is a splendid debater. He has been taking the Journal a long time, and says that it is one of the best papers published in Texas.

M. H. Alberty, a breeder of fine stock at Cherokee, Kan., has an ad in the Journal offering some bargains in pedigreed swine of different breeds, and Holstein-Friesian cattle. You can get just what you want from this gentleman at very reasonable prices, as he wants to make room for the regular spring increase. Mention the Journal in writing.

Jno. R. Karner, a cattleman of Mexia, was a caller at the Journal office Saturday. He said: "The snow in my section of the country is very heavy. I came up here expecting to find everything covered, but there is nothing like the depth of snow there is in Limestone and adjoining counties. There will be very little loss with us, as we feed in times like this."

J. W. Overton of Tyler, a well known stockman, was in Fort Worth Saturday. He said: "I have been down in Louisiana for the past month, where I bought about 1000 head of cattle. I am holding them for the time, but expect to sell them during the convention. All of the ground in that country is covered with snow, and it is likely that cattle will suffer."

J. D. Suggs of Suggs, I. T., was in Fort Worth Friday, on his way home from attending the San Antonio convention. He said: "Cold spells like this very readily convince the cattleman that it is necessary to provide feed for his cattle in the winter. My cattle will make it through without a loss, as the snow is not as heavy in the Territory as in West Texas."

S. W. Anderson of Asbury, W. Va., has an advertisement in the "Breeder's Directory" of the Journal offering for sale Hereford cattle and Delaine sheep. Mr. Anderson owns the celebrated Muddy Creek herd of Herefords than which no better lot of cattle exists.

and Journal readers will make no mistake in consulting him before concluding purchase.

J. W. Field of Dallas, a well known stockman, was in Fort Worth Friday. He said: "I have sold out my cattle and ranch interests in West Texas, and am now traveling for the Texas Live Stock Commission company. I am alarmed at the continuation of the cold weather, but if the weather clears now the loss will be small. Cattle are not in condition to stand any more bad weather."

S. G. S. Thomas of Blanket, Tex., in a letter to the Journal says: "What little stock there is in this country is generally in good shape. The cold storms for the month past have been very severe, but our stock has held up remarkably well. Grass is fine, but our supply of grass is short. I do not think there will be any stock losses this winter in this part of the country."

The Journal acknowledges with thanks the receipt of a copy of the biennial report of the Live Stock Sanitary commission of Arizona, the compliments of Col. Cameron, the chairman of the commission. These reports make a fine showing of the value of the work done by the commission, and the Journal is of the opinion that the reports should be made by the Texas commission to do likewise.

There is not an implement concern in the United States which is better known than Aultman, Miller & Co., manufacturers of the celebrated Buckeye harvesting machinery. The Dallas branch of this firm has an ad in this issue, and the Journal is of the opinion in saying that any dealings its readers may have with this house will prove eminently satisfactory in every respect. Write for their catalogue.

The ladies department of the Journal is made brighter this week by a letter from Mrs. Hallford of Marble Falls, Texas, giving some valuable information on gardening, and especially on the raising of poultry. The ladies of the Journal are invited to write often. This the Journal at all times invites them to do, that its Household Department may be one of the crowning features of its pages, but unless the ladies come to the rescue it will be mediocre at best.

Kelly & Taneyhill, Waterloo, Iowa, manufacture all styles and grades of well drills and other machinery for many deep wells. The firm has been established nearly a quarter of a century, and is noted for the high character and efficiency of the supplies sent out. Our Texas people needing deep wells will find it to their interest to correspond with this Iowa manufacturer. Their advertisement is in another column.

J. D. Mitchell, manager of the Square and Compass ranch, north of Colorado City, was in Fort Worth Friday on his way home from a trip down through Louisiana, where he was looking at cattle with a view of buying. He said: "I am getting pretty much worried over the way this cold weather is holding on, and if it does not break up pretty soon it will cause a heavy loss. I do not anticipate any loss up to this time, and if it falls up now it will be a good thing for the country."

Wm. Harrel came in from Amarillo Sunday, and in answer to a question regarding the condition of the cattle on the range said: "We have had snow on the ground twenty-two days, and cattle are suffering very much. Not many of our native cattle have died, and unless we have cold rains in March they will make it through all right. What cattle were shipped in are dying some, and unless the weather clears up, and warm weather prevails, the loss will be heavy. I heartily approve of the extension of the quarantine line shutting out Mexico."

Sam Sherwood of Ryan, I. T., one of the best known cattlemen in the country, was a caller at the Journal office Saturday. He said: "None of my cattle have died as a result of the cold. There is no snow on the ground in my part of the Territory, but it has been very cold. I have fed all of my cattle through this cold spell. I gave them cotton seed, sorghum and the run of a stalk field, and they are coming through in fine shape. We do not look for many cattle from Texas this year, as our prospects for grass in this state are good."

D. R. Fant came in from his ranch in the Indian Territory Sunday. He said: "There is very little snow on the ground in the Territory, and there will be very little loss of cattle, as everybody in that country has fed through this cold spell. I have 3500 head in the Territory and will not lose one. From all accounts the biggest cattle loss will be in South and Southeast Texas. I heartily approve the extension of the quarantine line to the Pacific coast, and believe that it will be a good thing generally for the Texas cattleman."

J. W. Barbee, the Cotton Belt "hustler," came in Sunday from a fourteen day trip in the interest of his cattle. He was told by a Journal man of the new quarantine extension. He said: "While it will knock a good many trades in the head that I know of, I regard it as a good thing for the Texas cattle industry. The buyers of the Northwest looked with distrust on Texas cattle north of the line, on account of it having been rumored that the importation of Mexican cattle was being heavy, and this was what they take no chances. I am glad that the line has been extended."

Dr. Jno. Ennis of Chicago was in Fort Worth Friday, shaking hands with his numerous friends. He was connected with the land and immigration department of the I. and G. N. and Texas Pacific railroads, and has done as much toward attracting immigrants to Texas as any man in the country. He said: "I own several farms in different parts of the country, and take more interest in agriculture than in anything. I regard the future of Texas as assured, and in a few years this state will be furnishing everything necessary for home consumption, besides shipping fat cattle and farm products for the supply of other states."

M. L. Sikes of Christian, Palo Pinto County, Tex., came in Monday morning to attend the Farmers' Congress and Swine Breeders' meeting. Mr. Sikes is a stockman of many years' experience, and has been taking the Journal for fifteen years. He said: "While I have raised cattle more than anything else, I find that there is money in hogs, and regard Texas as an ideal hog country. The loss of cattle in Palo Pinto county has been pretty heavy as a result of the cold weather, where they were not fed. I have been feeding my cattle all winter, and they are in good shape. I expect to sell out all of my stock this year, as I am getting too old to devote my time to them."

Arthur J. Tisdale, manager of the Bell ranch in New Mexico, was in Fort Worth Monday, and paid the Journal office a pleasant call. He said: "We have had a splendid season in New Mexico, and cattle are doing well. There is a pronounced shortage of cattle in New Mexico, and cattlemen are going out of the business as fast as they can. In a free grass country like ours, the sheepmen soon force the

cattlemen out of business. If we had a lease law in New Mexico it would give the sheep and the cattleman an equal showing. With the exception of the Maxwell pasture and the Bell pasture of the New Mexico land is unfenced. I regard the barring of Mexican cattle as a good thing for my country, as well as Texas."

J. H. Paramore, a wealthy cattleman of Abilene, was in Fort Worth Monday night and said: "None of the native cattle have died in my country, but twenty-three days of solid cold with the grass covered with snow, has thinned them down considerably. A few of the cattle that were shipped in from East Texas and Louisiana have died, but by feeding the most of them have been saved. Nearly all of the cattlemen in my country have a good deal of sorghum on hand, and sell like this. A good many calves are coming now, but by watching and feeding the cows they will be all saved. I am glad to hear of the quarantine line having been extended so as to shut out Mexico, as I think it will be beneficial to the Texas interests."

Sid Webb of Bellvue was in Fort Worth Friday on his way home from a trip up through the Territory. He said: "It was very cold in the country, but there was no snow fall. My cattle have made it through the cold weather up to this time in good shape, but if the cold weather holds on I expect considerable losses. I will never try to winter another bunch of cattle without feed. The west is not much of a farming country, but there are very few seasons when a crop of sorghum, milo maize or like feed stuffs can not be raised, and the stockman who will prepare feed for next winter can expect losses. Stock raising and farming are much nearer together in this state than ever before. I am thinking of putting in a big sowing at my place this year, and am going to sow a big patch of sorghum."

S. B. Hopkins of Dallas, who owns a number of the best standard and distinguished horses in Texas, was in Fort Worth Friday. He said: "I am going to move my horses to the Panhandle in the spring, as the grass in that country is much better for horses than in this country. I am going to stock my Cook county ranch with cattle. I have 4000 acres of good grass land, and 500 acres in cultivation, on which I am going to raise feed. I think that there is more money in raising and feeding good cattle than in any other branch of live stock. However, good horses are in demand. I was offered \$2500 for Larry W., my stallion, but refused it, as he is worth more than that. There is money in good horses, but scrubs are the poorest property that any body can own."

W. P. Anderson, whom every cattleman of any pretensions from British Columbia to the City of Mexico knows, was in Fort Worth Friday on his way from the San Antonio meeting to Chicago, and paid the Journal office a short call. Everybody who knows Anderson is well aware of the fact that he does evangelistic work for the Chicago Union stock yards, and on this trip he distributed tracts in the shape of the twenty-third annual report of the company wherever the opportunity offered. He said: "We had a regular hallelujah meeting at San Antonio, and the citizens of that town certainly did the proper thing in entertaining their visitors. The resolutions adopted by the convention endorsing the rigid inspection of all the eatables and drinkables we export, and also urging that the same care be exercised regarding everything we import, were very important and should have the widest publicity. I am going on to Chicago tonight, but will be back here some days before the Fort Worth convention. If this weather will break right now it will be the best thing that could have happened for the cattle interests, as the snow makes the finest grass politer on earth."

Col. Wm. Hunter, of the Evans-Hunt-Hunter Co. was in the Journal office Monday, and after an amount of persuasion by a Journal man, unbosomed himself as follows: "The feeding business in Texas is only partly developed, and in many ways it is a most interesting and profitable one. I think that sorghum will mature all of her own cattle. There are a number of phases of this meal-feeding business which have attracted my attention. I think that sorghum that has been fed our right, when chopped very fine, make a much better and cheaper form of roughness than hulls. We sold some cows last week for \$2.50 that were fed on cotton seed and sorghum, which is a considerable profit. I think that sorghum cured in shocks makes a better combination with meal than when put in ensilage, as it does not scour cattle as well as the meal. I have a mill, and on the meal and hulls back to the starting point, if wanted for use there. This is well worth an experiment, anyway. The cattlemen have learned a lesson as a result of the recent cold spell, and in the future they will arrange for feed for such times as we have had."

J. P. Tucker, a well-to-do and prominent Tarrant county farmer, with farm near Handley, was a caller at the Journal office Friday. In answer to questions asked him by a Journal man he said: "There seems to be a disposition among the farmers around me to cut down their cotton acreage this year. I planted 100 acres in cotton last year, and will plant only eighty acres this year. I gathered 103 bales off the 100 acres I had in last year, besides what I sold to waste. I got 12 to 14-15 cents for my cotton, and made money, all of which was put in bank. The reason why I made money is because cotton was my surplus crop. I raised a great quantity of corn, oats, wheat and feed for my cattle, and made a good deal of money. I sold different kinds of farm produce all through the year, and never went in debt for a single thing. I raised a great many canteloupes, melons, and a lot of which come in very handy in their season for ready cash purposes. I see you have had a great deal of discussion about hogs in the Journal recently. I was raised in Kentucky and Tennessee, and know that hogs will be raised in Texas more than in those states. I killed hogs the day after New Year's, that were 12 months old and netted 500 pounds. In the old states we never thought of killing a hog until he was 18 months or two years old. With plenty of green feed, such as a good Bermuda pasture, rye and barley patches in their season and sorghum, with corn to finish on, hogs can certainly be raised at a profit. My folk and I regard the Journal as the best stock and farm paper a Texan can take, and we have tried them all."

TO CATTLEMEN.
As some of the friends and patrons of my father (the late Capt. A. G. Evans) may have inferred from circulars, etc., sent out by Evans-Snyder-Buel Co. that he was still connected with that company at the time of his death, I wish to correct that impression.

Consumption.

The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. *Prescribed free.* Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c. and \$1.

BASS'

Prairie Dog Poison

Corley Bros., Jones county, Texas, scaled 1896 prairie dogs, which they had poisoned with \$5 worth of Bass' Prairie Dog Poison, and estimated that over two-thirds died in the holes. Many others have done as well, and some better. If you want to kill your dogs write to us. One dollar per bottle (for peck wheat); enough for from 50 to 100 acres; \$1.05 by mail; cheaper in quantity. We also mix ready for use not less than a bushel at \$6 per bushel. Bass' Wolf Capsules are cheaper, safer, more certain and kill nearer the bait than strychnine. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Box of 150, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Used and endorsed by W. H. King, C. W. Merchant, R. H. Oldham, D. L. Middleton and hundreds of others.

BASS' Prairie Dog Poison wholesale by H. W. Williams & Co., Fort Worth.

STOCKMEN

AND FARMERS

Are invited to visit my store and get my prices. We can save you money in everything you need in the grocery line. This is no bait—we guarantee to save you money.

Jennings and Daggett Avenues, Opposite High School, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

A full and complete stock of farm and ranch groceries. Goods sold for cash at strictly wholesale prices and special low prices to large ranch and farm buyers. Orders received by mail will be carefully and promptly shipped. Money must accompany mail orders. A cordial invitation is extended to visit us and get our prices.

G. A. MORRIS,

Jennings and Daggett Avenues, Fort Worth, Texas.

L. P. ROBERTSON, Undertaker. THOS. WITTEN, Livery.

Robertson & Witten

Undertakers and Embalmers.

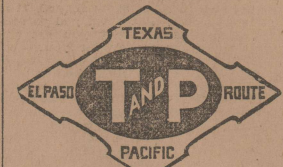
Special attention paid to telephone and telegraph orders.

Phone No. 23, office; phone No. 316, residence. Office 806 Houston street, near postoffice, Fort Worth, Tex.

TRAVEL IN COMFORT

By Taking Advantage of the Superior Train Service

Elegant Equipment and Fast Time Via the



THE SHORT LINE TO New Orleans, Memphis and Points in the Southeast.

TAKE THE "ST. LOUIS LIMITED." 12-HOURS SAVED—12 Between

Texas and St. Louis and the East.

The Direct Line to All Points in Mexico, New Mexico, Arizona, Oregon and California.

The Only Line Operating

Pullman Tourist Sleepers

FROM TEXAS TO CALIFORNIA.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

to ST. LOUIS, LITTLE ROCK, SHREVEPORT, NEW ORLEANS, DENVER, EL PASO, LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO.

sion and inform them that Captain Evans severed all connection whatever with that corporation several months before his death, and organized the Evans-Hunt-Hunter commission company. The other concern still holds its name under the "corporation laws," and it could be withdrawn only by consent of that corporation. My father, together with Thomas Hunter, William Hunter, Samuel Hunt and myself, organized the Evans-Hunt-Hunter commission company, of which I am stockholder and secretary, with headquarters at National Stock Yards, Ill., where I will always be glad to welcome our old friends and patrons. Yours truly, A. D. EVANS.

BUCKEYE BINDERS, BUCKEYE MOWERS, BUCKEYE TWINE.

THE BEST

The Market Affords.

Write for our new catalogue.

AULTMAN, MILLER & CO.,

Cor. Commerce and Lamar Sts., Dallas, Texas.

FARMERS AND STOCKMEN

We Have the Most Complete Stock of

Spring Wagons, Mountain Hacks, Buckboards, Drummers' Buggies, Family Hacks, Heavy Buggies,

AND EVERY KIND OF VEHICLE YOU COULD DESIRE.

WRITE US FOR PRICES AND CATALOGUES.

REPAIRING, TRIMMING, PAINTING, A SPECIALTY.

We Carry Stock of All Parts of a Vehicle.

203, 210, 212, 214 Fort Worth, E. H. KELLER. Throckmorton St. Texas.

ABSOLUTELY PERFECT WIND MILLS ARE THE

Great Star and Eclipse Mills

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY

T. M. BROWN & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Wrought Iron Well Casing, Pipe and Fittings, Steam Pumps, full line Engineers' supplies, Hose, etc. Manufacturers of Louisiana Cypress Tanks. Orders promptly filled and work completed on time. No delays. We carry everything in this line and you do not have to wait.

Corner Front and Rusk Sts.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.



WINTERS, DAVIS & CO.,

Real Estate and General Live Stock Agents,

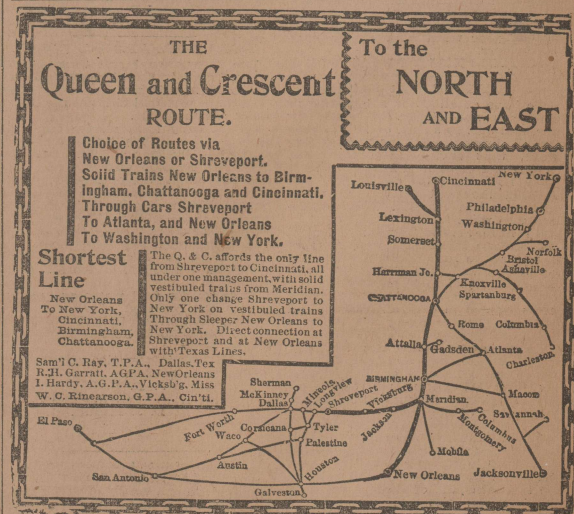
Office in the Hotel Worth Building,

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

LAND DEPARTMENT—We make a specialty of handling improved farms and large bodies of good farming lands suitable for subdivisions and sales to colonies throughout Northern and Central Texas. We have the names and addresses of several thousand farmers in the older states who want to come to Texas. We also handle ranches and large bodies of western lands, for sale to stockmen and investors.

LIVE STOCK DEPARTMENT—We buy and sell live stock on commission, making a specialty of cattle. Our Mr. W. S. Davis is in charge of this department, and being personally acquainted with nearly all of the stockmen of this state, he is prepared to make it to the interests of parties who want to sell to the live stock in our hands. We are located properly to catch this trade, and believe we can sell where it is possible to make a sale.

Stockmen, farmers, parties owning lands they want to dispose of anywhere, parties wanting to buy or rent land, buyers, dealers and growers of live stock, requested to write us, and when in the city to drop in and see us.



THE WHITE ELEPHANT RESTAURANT,

308 and 310 Main St. W. H. WARD, Prop.

EVERYTHING IN SEASON

The Only Complete Restaurant in the City.

DR. FRANK GRAY,

Practice Confined to diseases of the

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT. Special attention to surgical diseases of the eye and the proper fitting of spectacles. Catarrhs of the nose and throat successfully treated at home. Largest stock of artificial eyes in Texas. Refers by permission to editor of Texas Live Stock Journal.

Office in Peers' Building, Cor. Fifth and Main Streets, Fort Worth, Tex.