

TRAIN DROPS IN STREAM AND 100 OR MORE LIVES ARE LOST

WORLD'S FAIR FLYER OF THE MISSOURI PACIFIC ON THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE TRACKS FALLS INTO A RAGING CREEK AND BUT ABOUT TWENTY-FOUR PASSENGERS SURVIVE, WHILE OTHERS ARE SWEEPED TO THEIR DEATH

WATER SWEEPS THE COACHES A MILE AWAY

As It Is Making Fast Time Plunges Through the Black Mantle of Night, Going Through a Trestle Over a Swollen Stream and Sleeping Passengers Are Killed Without Warning. A Disastrous Accident the Result of Which Is Not Fully Known—Some Are Identified, but It Is Easier to Give a List of Survivors Than That of Victims.

PUEBLO, Col., Aug. 8.—Train No. 11, the Missouri Pacific flyer, crashed through a bridge over Arroyo or Dry creek near Eden on the Denver and Rio Grande railway about eight miles from Pueblo, at 8 o'clock last night.

Dry Creek, which is one mile north of Eden, is fifty feet wide, thirteen feet deep and steep banks. The water was flowing over the trestle as the train started across. The engine got almost over, but slipped back and the baggage car, smoker and chair cars plunged into the torrent. The engine fell on its right side. The diner and sleeper did not go down.

Dry creek empties into Fountain creek, less than half a mile below the wreck. There was no water in Dry creek two hours after the accident.

The bodies of two women and a girl, the latter probably 10 years old, which were the first to be recovered, were found half mile below the wreck. These two were among the occupants of the chair car. The bodies, when found, were covered with mud and have not been identified.

Chief of Police Shoube of Pueblo and twenty-five police are on the ground, with 200 people assisting in a search for the bodies. It is thought that 125 lives were lost.

Undertaker Collier is at the scene and the bodies are being placed in boxes and brought to this city.

The body of the engineer was found 200 feet down stream.

The chair car was found a mile from the scene of the wreck, half filled with sand, under which a number of bodies were buried.

The express car was found near the scene of the wreck, with the safe open and the contents gone.

The latest estimates at noon of the loss of life put the total at 100 or more. It is believed there were fully 125 people on the ill-fated train, and only about two dozen survivors have been accounted for.

With the breaking of day the fully horror of the scene, which was concealed to a great degree by the mantle of night, became apparent. Wreckage is visible in all directions, dead bodies being visible here and there in a pile of debris from cars, drifted down and mud.

Many bodies were carried down to Fountain creek by a wall of water which had force enough to carry several coaches nearly four miles away from the point where they went through the bridge.

The known dead are:

DR. W. H. MOCK.
MISS ELLA WOOD.
W. N. LAMMOON.

MRS. W. N. LAMMOON.
MISS MINNIE SELBY, music teacher.
LOWELL DURMAN, clerk.

The missing are Engineer H. S. Himan, Denver; Conductor James H. Smith, Denver; Messenger Thomas H. Reese, Denver; and probably from seventy-five to eighty passengers.

The following is the list of those saved, so far as can be ascertained: J. M. Killen, Pueblo; — Gilbert, Pueblo; Fireman Mayfield, Pueblo; — Fisher; C. C. Marion, Fort Scott, Kan.; Peter R. Braun, Malden, Mass.; H. H. Dorn, Cleveland; Miss Jessie Deerson, Salt Lake City; H. C. Crabbe, Salt Lake City; Mr. and Mrs. Dinazzi and daughter, Texarkana, Ark.; Mrs. Frasier, Goodrichville, Tenn.; Mrs. Ed Seerluis, Jonesville, Ga.; Edward Anderson, Pueblo; C. S. Galbreath, Durango; Mrs. and Miss Bell, Denver; J. O. Vincent, dining car conductor, and crew of six men; D. A. Wilbert, Pueblo; R. C. Wilson, Coffeyville, Kan.

When Division Superintendent Bowen arrived on the scene of the wreck the missing cars had not been located and the passengers and the train hands who accompanied him, organized searching parties to follow the course of the river. Three cars were found close to the shore in the Fountain creek, which is a Dry creek tributary and which in turn flows into the Arkansas river. Most of the dead in the cars were buried under debris. The bodies of three young women were washed upon the bank of the river three-quarters of a mile below the scene of the wreck.

J. M. Killen of Pueblo, a hardware merchant, was swept down the stream, but crawled from the wreckage a mile below the scene of the accident. He was so badly injured and so exhausted from the struggle in the water that he was unable to talk coherently.

Upon the news reaching Pueblo special trains bearing all the available surgeons and the Rio Grande and the Missouri Pacific officials left for the scene. About 11 o'clock a second train carrying stretchers, coffins and a number of officials was sent out from the union station.

About 1:45 o'clock this morning the relief train returned to the city, bringing those who had escaped with their lives, numbering about 17, all so far as known not to have fallen victims to the disaster.

So far as the officials of the road can determine the engineer evidently did not see the trouble until too late to stop the train, which was going at a high rate of speed. Whether the engine and the torrent of water from a cloud burst struck the bridge simultaneously or the torrent had already undermined the structure is not known, but reports at the Denver office say the air brakes were turned on and that this saved the diner and sleepers from being precipitated into the creek.

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heaviest rain and windstorm that has swept over that portion of the state in years. The floods have caused considerable damage to property of all description and has seriously interfered with the running of trains and nearly all the lines leading into the southern part of the state are experiencing washouts.

From Colorado Springs, as far south as New Mexico line, and west to Saldaña, the storm held sway. Only meager details of the damage done has reached here, because of the semi-demoralized condition of the telephone and telegraph wires. On the Continental divide near Buena Vista, snow fell and the weather turned very cold. Two rock slides are reported to have occurred between Durango and Silverton on the Rio Grande.

ANNIVERSARY OF A MASSACRE BY INDIANS

Sixty-Four Years Ago Today Occurred the Comanche Invasion of Town of Linnville

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 8.—Today is the sixty-fourth anniversary of the culmination of what is known in Texas history as the "Comanche invasion," during which a large number of Texans were murdered by the Comanches, and many thousands of dollars worth of property destroyed or stolen.

August 8, 1840, after partially destroying Victoria and leaving a trail of blood and ruin in their wake to Plum Creek, in Caldwell county, 400 Comanche warriors

entered Linnville, a prosperous and flourishing town on Lavaca bay. The men were nearly all absent and many women and children were killed, the town looted and burned to ashes.

It is said that only three families escaped unharmful, and they took refuge on a schooner that happened to be in the bay.

Some of the women were held in captivity, and with these and their valuable booty the Indians retreated west toward the mountains in great haste. They were destined to pay dearly for their numerous atrocities, for the news of the burning of Linnville spread rapidly and the men assembled quickly and under the leadership of such tried and trusted officers as Captain Ben McCulloch, Ed Burseson, Matthew Caldwell, C. L. Owen, T. W. Ward, J. W. E. Wallace and Monroe Hardeman, organized and went in hot pursuit.

They were overhauled, charged with desperate determination, twenty-one known to have been killed and great numbers wounded. Seeing the uselessness of trying to escape with their prisoners and booty, they shot some of their captive women, and left the stolen property. Mrs. Watts, one of the captives, was found with her body pierced by an arrow. It was withdrawn, she recovered and died in Port Lavaca thirty-eight years afterward.

A MILLION AND A HALF FIRE
STRASBERG, Aug. 8.—Damage by fire which raged in the lower quarter of the city this morning and which destroyed a large orphan asylum and Magdalene church, amounts to \$1,500,000.

WEATHER INDICATIONS
Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Indian Territories—Tonight and Tuesday, showers.

East Texas (no th)—Tonight and Tuesday, scattered showers.

Warmer tonight, extreme west portion.

East Texas (south)—Tonight and Tuesday scattered showers.

Light to fresh northeast winds on coast.

WAR SHIPS HASTEN A REPLY

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sunday, Aug. 7.—The announcement of the dispatch of the American European squadron to Smyrna has perturbed the Porte and will doubtless hasten the question at issue between the United States and Turkey in a manner satisfactory to the former. The Porte promised American Minister Leishman a reply favorable to the American demand for the same favored treatment in the matter of schools, hospitals and charitable institutions as is accorded to other powers will be given August 2. Giving the answer was then postponed to August 4, but up to the present time no answer has been received. The Porte recognized the demand but thus far has failed to execute the necessary measures and the American legation has now sent a communication to the Porte pointing out the necessity of speedy and final settlement, the issuance of necessary orders and official acknowledgment by Turkey of the American demands and there will be no monetary claim.

A CONFERENCE

The Emperor and His Ministers Meet at Peterhoff Palace to Talk Over Dispatches Which Are Received

A RETREAT NORTHWARD

Advices from Kuroki's Headquarters State That Russians Are Now Moving Rapidly and He Has a Pursuing Force Close Behind Them

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 8, 5:35 p. m.

An important conference on the military situation was held at Peterhoff palace today. The ministers of war and marine, Grand Duke Alexis, high admiral, General Motte, one of General Kuropatkin's aides-de-camp, who has just arrived from the front with personal dispatches for the emperor, and others were present.

RUSSIANS ON THE RETREAT NORTHWARD

GENERAL KUROKI'S HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, via Pusan, Aug. 7 (delayed in transmission).—The Russian force in front of General Kuroki's army are reported retreating northward. A part of it is encamped at Anping, twelve miles from Liao Yang. Guns were heard this morning on the Japanese right meaning possibly the Japanese are following the Russian retreat.

In connection with the death of Lieutenant General Count Keller, killed by shrapnel July 29 while watching a battle at Yangsee Pass from a battery position above Maowan, the Chinese living there say Russians removed two coffins from that place with great ceremony.

KUROKI THREATENS TO ATTACK MUKDEN

BERLIN, Aug. 8.—The Tageblatt this morning prints the following dispatch: "Liao Yang, Aug. 7.—Western Russian forces north of Hai Cheng suffered a heavy attack today. Many wounded Russians are here. There is current a rumor General Kuroki is threatening Mukden from the north."

NO CHANGE IN PLANS
ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 8.—Lieutenant General Sakharoff reports that up to noon yesterday there had been no change in the Manchurian armies plans of operations.

DETAILS OF THE SIMOU CHENG BATTLE

LIAO YANG, Aug. 8.—A correspondent of the Associated Press who was with the third battery throughout the fighting at Simou Cheng, July 31, says a large battery in an early morning battle forced two of the Russian cavalry companies to retire, but the heavy artillery fire of the Russians, together with a terrific cross fire from the Irkutsk and Yenisei batteries, prevented the enemy from capturing the vacated position.

The Japanese with several columns again tried to force the Russian center

ter at 10 o'clock, but the Russian batteries drove them back in confusion.

At noon the Kosloff battalion attacked the Japanese positioned in the hills on the Russian left under cover of a heavy fire from the third and fifth batteries. The Japanese met the attack with shrapnel but the Russian artillery temporarily silenced the Japanese fire and enabled the Kosloff battalion to carry the position.

The Japanese commander in chief's headquarters flag appeared on the left but the Japanese were driven back by the fierce fire of the third battery and the Savitski battery, the commander of which received a message of thanks for his services.

In the meantime the Kosloff battalion lost 40 per cent of its men and called for reinforcements, which were sent from the Irkutsk and Yenisei battalions, who fought their way to the support of their comrades over a road which the soldiers say was literally paved with Japanese corpses. The fifth battery then became an object of interest. A battery of heavy calibre Japanese guns was brought up from the rear and sustained an unequal action for some time, but lost two-thirds of the men and was forced to retire, with six of its great guns shot to pieces. These were left on the position useless.

The Russians managed to disable four other Japanese guns in the course of the day. The Voronezh battalion was thrown against the Japanese position—in the afternoon and got within 20 yards under a fierce fire and then took the bayonet and carried the Japanese position, but lost half its men and was surrounded and forced to retreat. Later in the afternoon the remnants of the same battalion ambushed and almost wiped out a whole Japanese battalion. The Japanese made a final attempt to break through the Russian lines at 7 o'clock in the evening but were repulsed and the Russians held all their positions until nightfall, when they retired on Hai Cheng.

The Red Cross agents worked bravely all day under fire.

POLICE ARE WANTED AT THE POLLS ON WEDNESDAY

Government Officials in Territory Have Been Called on to Provide Peace Officers

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Aug. 8.—Information has reached the government officials here that the presence of the Indian police will be required at the various polling places throughout the Chickasaw Nation at the general election of next Wednesday, August 10.

On that day occurs the tribal election in the Chickasaw Nation, and the campaign has been a bitter one.

In the elections heretofore large quantities of whiskey and other intoxicants have been introduced, and these, together with money, has been used in an attempt to influence the voters.

The government is interested in seeing to it that these practices be prevented and that the last election of the Chickasaws be held in a peaceable manner. In order that this may be brought about trusted members of the Indian police will be designated and instructed to report at Tishomingo, Colbert, Oakland and Stone-wall, Chickasaw Nation, on the day of the election.

FORT WORTHITES AT WAUKESHA
WAUKESHA, Wis., Aug. 6.—The following Fort Worth folk are registered at the Fountain Springs house, Waukesha:

Mrs. Sam Davidson.
Miss Alice Davidson.
Miss Lucile Davidson.

JEWELS GONE

Residence of Wealthy Society Folk at Newport Robbed and Diamonds and Pearls of Great Value Taken

ADVISE POLICE OF THEFT

Great Mystery Surrounds the Robbery, of Which a Prominent New Yorker Is Victim. No expense to Be Spared to Recover the Gems

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The most extensive jewelry robbery ever perpetrated in this country, involving a loss of \$200,000, is reported by the Herald to be engaging the attention of the police, and scores of private detectives in eastern cities. Great secrecy surrounds the robbery, which appears to have been committed about June 21 in the Newport residence of a prominent New Yorker, whose name is withheld.

Diamonds and other precious stones valued at the sum mentioned are missing. The matter has only become public through the publication of a list of the missing jewels. Orders have been issued to spare no expense or labor to find the robbers and restore the gems, and every suggestion that could aid in the discovery has been covered, but thus far the case is still involved in mystery. No effort has been relaxed, however, and the detectives are confident that they will clear up the case.

For a week past notification of the robbery has been quietly given to pawnbrokers and diamond dealers throughout the country in order that no opportunity should be offered for the disposition of the articles. Among them are:

One ladies' pearl collar or neck piece, frequently described as a "dog collar," with diamond clasps, pearl in center of clasps; valued at \$20,000.

A rope of twenty-five white and ix black large pearls, with black pearl clasps, diamond rondels between them.

One rope of seventy-seven large pearls, graduated in size; seventy-six rondels between pearls, with a solitary pearl clasp.

One pearl brooch, bar of three very large pearls, consisting of one pink, one white and one gray or black pearl.

One Cabochon ruby and diamond bracelet, five rubies, about three or four karats each.

It is known that the victims of this gigantic robbery are among the wealthiest and socially most prominent of the summer residents of Newport. For this reason as well as aiding the thieves might have gained from the excitement following publicity, the utmost secrecy has been maintained concerning the case.

As soon as the loss of the jewels was discovered Chief of Police Edwards was in charge of the Newport department, was quickly summoned to the house and given full information as well as a description of the missing article. He was cautioned, however, to exercise care and discretion in pursuing the investigation. In this first consultation the theory was advanced that the robbery had been committed by some one on the inside, or in other words by a person who knew of the existence of the jewels as well as their great value and who may have had easy access to them at times.

This was one reason for the maintenance of secrecy, the hope being entertained that if the thief, or thieves, not fled with the gems and knew that the matter had been placed with the police negotiations might be opened for the return of the jewels intact if immunity from punishment were guaranteed the guilty persons or persons possibly for a large financial reward. These waiting tactics proved futile, however, and the case was placed in the hands of private detectives, accompanied by a large reward.

Every scrap of information that might possibly lead to discovery was also placed in the possession of the detectives and they immediately set to work along new lines which, in spite of the lapse of time since the robbery, they hope to bring to a successful end.

Since the beginning of the present Newport season there has been an unusually large number of robberies in wealthy residences there and the theory has been entertained that the present case may be the culmination of a series of crimes organized and executed by a daring band thoroughly familiar with conditions of the resort.

Only the larger and most important gems are mentioned in the list, and there is said to be good authority for the statement that the total value of the stolen articles will reach \$200,000.

TWO BISHOPS WHO CAUSED THE BREAK

The two French bishops who have caused a break in diplomatic relations between the vatican and France are Mgr. Gay, bishop of Laval, and Mgr. Le Nordez, bishop of Dijon.



BISHOP NORDÉ.

The pope commanded them to come to Rome, to answer charges filed against them. They refused, backed by the French government, which pays their salaries. Later Mgr. Le Nordez gave in and is now on his way to Rome.



BISHOP GAY.

THE FINDING OF THE DEMOCRATIC MOSES AND THE START FOR THE PROMISED LAND



MR. CLEVELAND SAYS: "IN JUDGE PARKER THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY HAS FOUND ITS MOSES."



WHEREUPON THE EXPEDITION PREPARES TO START OUT IN SEARCH OF THE PROMISED LAND.

LUBBOCK READY TO CONTRIBUTE TO A RAILROAD

West Texas Town Prepared to Raise a Bonus for the First Line Constructed

LUBBOCK, Texas, Aug. 5.—A party of railroad surveyors have completed a survey from Umler, on the Pecos Valley railroad, to within three miles of this town. The same parties are now engaged in running a line from here to Amarillo via Plainview.

Lubbock stands ready to give a handsome bonus to the first railroad that built into the town.

A new cotton gin will be erected here within the next few weeks.

FOR FACTORIES

Captain Sam Evans Makes a Proposition to Bring About the Location of Plants to Supply Needs of Tarrant

EACH ONE IS TO HELP

Suggests That All Property Owners Take Stock on the Basis of a Percentage of His Holdings—Amount Necessary Can Be Thus Provided

"That which is most needed in Fort Worth, Tarrant county, and Texas generally, is cotton and woolen mills, tanneries, boot and shoe factories, and large harness and saddle factories," said Captain Sam Evans to The Telegram today. Continuing the captain said: "How can they be obtained by our own people? I'll tell you: We have \$150,000,000 of land in Tarrant county. Rating the land at \$10 per acre, 10 per cent stock taken by the land owners would amount to \$5,000,000. Then say 10 per cent on banks, bonds and other securities, on merchants and city property and railroads. We would have money to spare after completing in the most modern style each one of these much needed factories. And they would be our own, and owned by our home people.

"What benefit would they be? They would stimulate industry, furnish employment for the idler hands—profitable employment, too—increase the value of land and real estate in the county. Hills would be leveled down and valleys filled, and rivers and creeks and all streams made useful to man. Farmers would find a home market for their grain and produce. Gardeners and fruit men a home demand for their vegetables and fruit. Merchants would sell more goods. Bankers would receive more deposits and their exchange would double. Blacksmiths would do more business. Carriage factories would sell more wagons. In fact, all industry would be doubled. Then why stand idle and wait and sleep until foreign capital cracks the nut and eats the kernel?"

"For fifty years we have been paying for baling, bagging, compressing, commissions, sampling and selling and 300 per cent on manufacturing all this, which could have been saved by using our own labor and factories and manufacturing our own raw material.

"I hope The Telegram will be kind enough to take hold of this matter in earnest. Educate the people through your paper to the importance of these enterprises. See the Board of Trade, bankers and wholesale merchants and teach them if you can the necessity of these enterprises. It will be an easy matter to teach the intelligent farmer, for the reason that his profits would be greater. If he wants to sell his lands he can sell them for more without an agent, because every acre of land would double in value in a short time."

RAILROAD NEWS

GOULD'S TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE

It has been the desire of George J. Gould for many years to have a transcontinental line that will compete with the Hill and Harriman between Kansas City and Denver, and to do this Mr. Gould has decided to shorten the Missouri Pacific several hundred miles.

Surveys have been made with a view to carrying out the Gould idea that the new line will be across the northeastern portion of Colorado and the northwestern part of Kansas. Such a line as contemplated will, it is said, open up immense grain fields that are now far from any railroad connection.

It will only be necessary to build from Leonard, Kan., to Denver. The Missouri Pacific gets into Denver after miles and miles of winding through Kansas. The line now passes through Pueblo and reaches Denver over the tracks of the Rio Grande.

By building the new road the Missouri Pacific would have its own tracks into Denver or would connect with the Moffat road a short distance outside and come in over its tracks.

In connection with the new line through Kansas it is stated that the Green River and Salina cut-off on the Denver and Rio Grande will be made and that line will build from Cedar City, Utah, to connect with the Clarke Short Line to Los Angeles. The Missouri Pacific will connect with the Rio Grande at Denver and will have the shortest line into Los Angeles over the Clarke road.

COLORADO SOUTHERN EXTENSION
It is authoritatively asserted that the Colorado and Southern will soon begin an extension from Fort Collins to Cheyenne, a distance of forty miles. This extension is to be made for the purpose of getting some of the freight business coming from the mines of Wyoming.

If the Colorado and Southern carries out its present plans it will have a short line between Denver and Wyoming points and will control almost the entire traffic from the mines of that state, as well as the heavy cattle shipments.

The Colorado and Southern will also

make improvements on the Cheyenne and Northern branch of that system.

FRISCO TO EXTEND

It is understood here that the Frisco system intends to extend the Fort Worth and Rio Grande branch north from Brownwood to Rising Star, in Eastland county, thus penetrating one of the richest parts of the state now without railroad facilities. The distance will be about thirty-five miles.

A meeting of representatives of the Frisco and the citizens of Rising Star was held last week, at which the scheme was discussed. Among the railroad officials present at the conference were Vice President and General Superintendent Pickinger, General Freight Agent Preston, beside several stockholders in the Rio Grande, and the result of the meeting is said to be very satisfactory, although nothing of the details can be learned here. It is said that the farmers along the proposed extension will aid the extension.

GALVESTON'S CLAIM

Cotton Rate Situation is Disposed of for the Present Season.
AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 3.—The railroad commission has taken up and disposed of at least for the present the application of the Galveston Chamber of Commerce for a revision of the cotton rate now applying.

When the matter was under consideration, Commissioner Mayfield moved that commodity tariff No. 1-D, establishing rates for the shipment of cotton in bales, be amended by making a reduction of 4 cents per 100 pounds in the maximum rate, with proportional reductions according to mileage of the rates applicable for distances less than the maximum distance, and that section 3, rule 3, of the regulations respecting the compression of cotton, be amended by making the maximum at 8 cents per 100 pounds to be paid by railroad companies for compressing cotton, and that public notice be at once issued of a hearing by this commission on the proposition of establishing rates and regulations upon the basis above outlined July 30, 1908.

Chairman Storey moved an amendment so as to make such other changes in the present rates, rules and regulations as may be considered advisable.

Commissioner Colquitt said: "I agree to set the matter contained in Mr. Mayfield's motion, but move to add the following:

"That at said hearing the question of amending any or all of the rules affecting the compression of cotton that may be deemed advisable by the commission shall be made so as to provide the rates for transportation alone and require the payment of the compressing or preparation of shipment for market by the shipper."

Neither motion was adopted, and the matter came to a sudden end for the time, and Chairman Storey was instructed to write Julius Runge of Galveston the following letter:

"Dear Sir: I am directed by a unanimous vote of the commission to say that the various propositions before the commission to change the rates, rules and regulations governing the transportation and compression of cotton, which were before this commission, will not be further considered during the present cotton season. Very respectfully,
"L. J. STOREY, Chairman."

GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC
Has stood the test twenty-five years. The first and original tasteless chill tonic. 50 cents.

MORRIS HAS A MAN LOOKING AT PACKING

It Is Understood the Packers Are Trying to Get Charge of the Old Plant Here

When the Swift and Armour Packing Companies concluded to locate in Fort Worth it was generally conceded among those familiar with packing house firms and packing house business that other firms would eventually come here. On several occasions reports gained currency that Nelson Morris and Cudahy both contemplated building plants in Fort Worth but thus far nothing definite has transpired. It was stated at the time, however, they would likely be no other firms to locate in Fort Worth until the Swift and Armour companies had demonstrated that there was room for additional companies, which would probably be one year. The two plants have, as is well known, done a very satisfactory business, and this, it would seem, has spurred the other companies to make an investigation. It is now learned that this has been done recently by the Morris company, which is reported to have sent a representative here to look over the situation.

It is stated today that the Morris plan is to secure control of the old plant of the Fort Worth Packing and Provision Company, now being used by the Swift and Armour Companies, and remodel it by putting in late and improved machinery, which can be used for their business until such time as will justify them in building a modern plant.

The Telegram learned that the movements of the Morris representative were so guarded that only a few of the interested parties knew that anything was going on. That there is something going on is not denied by parties who seem to be on the inside of the transaction.

FOR LEGISLATION

Organized Labor Will Ask the Next Session to Take Up Several Bills Having a Direct Bearing on Industries

SOME ARE FOR SAFETY

Proposed Law for Danger

Lights on Switches on Main Line—Telegraphers to Pass Examination Before Handling Train Orders

When the next state legislature meets the legislative committees of the allied railroad unions in Texas will go before it with several bills that they will insist on having passed and made laws. The railroad orders will be assisted by the State Federation of Labor, the plans having recently been adopted at a conference held in Fort Worth.

The latter organization, as has been frequently referred to in this paper, will take an active interest in politics from now on and will heartily fight any measure that goes before the legislature which antagonizes organized labor in Texas. One of the plans adopted and which will be pursued is to ascertain just how each member of the legislature stands on all questions affecting union labor. If it develops that members are not favorable to unionists, the labor union people throughout the state will be "ferocious" him.

Copies of the different bills proposed have already been submitted to legislative candidates in many counties. Some of the measures are very important. One bill will require railroads to place switches on all main line switches and keep the same lighted from sunset to sunrise, and also place derailing switches on all sidings where cars are left standing. The purpose of this bill is obvious. Many of the roads in Texas already have these switches, and the object of the railroad laborers is to compel all companies to follow suit.

A telegraphers' bill is to require all telegraphers who handle train orders to pass a satisfactory examination as to their competency. The necessity for having competent men to handle the important and complicated orders controlling the movement of trains and involving the safety of the entire traveling public, is too obvious to require explanation.

Another measure is the assumed risk bill, the purpose of which is to relieve employees of assuming the risk occasioned by the use of defective equipment and machinery when they are cognizant of such defects by providing that in order to sustain a plea of contributory negligence, it must be shown that the injured party knew of the defect which contributed to his or her injuries and that he or she continued in the service thereafter with the intention of assuming the risk.

A bill to prohibit railroad companies from operating trains with less than a sufficient crew to safely handle the same—requiring one engineer, one fireman, one conductor and one brakeman on all passenger trains, and two brakemen on all freight trains, and that all light engines over the road shall have one engineer, one fireman and one conductor. This bill, the railway employees claim, is in the interest of public safety, and should become a law in Texas. They claim that experience has shown that trains can not be operated safely with a less number of trainmen.

Other measures of a lesser significance are also to be presented to the next state legislature which will be asked to pass them.

FIRST ANNUAL BALL ROYAL ACETES
W. M. Baright Lodge No. 35, at Lake Erie, Wednesday, August 10. Music by the orchestra. Admission, 50 cents. Free. Everybody invited and a good time is assured.

THE CROPS IN TEXAS

Farmers at Waxahachie have started to pick the cotton crop, but have been stopped several times during the past week by the heavy rains.

Government experts at Smithville have found the cotton crop in most excellent condition. A demonstration farm is being conducted near there by the government. Worms and weevils are doing but little damage to the cotton crops in Van Zandt county.

The finest crop prospects that were ever on record are the conditions for the crops at the present time in the Panhandle. Corn and cotton are well along, and never looked better. The people of that portion of the state are all rejoicing at the future outlook, which is so exceptionally bright.

One of the severest rain storms of the year fell at Temple Saturday night. Old settlers say that this is the first wet August since 1882 in Bell county, when the banner cotton crop was raised. That year there was no weevils.

A considerable not sufficient rain has fallen to make a good cotton crop and the yield will not be as large as usual. The cotton crop is spotted and the best crops are in those portions of that territory where the most rain has fallen.

The farmer who brings in the first bale of cotton this season to Bonham will receive \$65 in money and a 50 cent ticket, good at a local hotel. It is to be paid for at the rate of 15 cents a pound.

Vince Becuda of Felipe has sold the first bale of cotton to the city limits. West. It weighed 481 pounds and sold for 16 cents a pound, beside receiving for it a premium of \$32.75.

Good rains fell at Austin, Laredo, Midland, El Paso, Houston, Lampasas, Delcatur, Pecos, Mineral Wells, Granger, Sunset, Temple and Belton on Saturday and Sunday.

GOES TO OKLAHOMA

SHERMAN, Texas, Aug. 3.—Dr. James A. McLaughlin, for the past seven years with the faculty of Austin College in this city and widely known as one of the state's ablest educators, has accepted the superintendency of the public schools of Mangum, Okla., and will move his family there in a short time.

COTTON AND POTATOES

SHERMAN, Texas, Aug. 3.—P. L. Britt, who resides just outside the city limits, south, reports having grown a fine cotton crop on land, from which he finished

digging an immense yield of Irish potatoes on the last day of May. From twenty acres he gathered no less than 2,100 bushels of potatoes and immediately planted nineteen of these acres in imported King's Early cotton, which is now full of blooms and cholls and promises a yield that it realized, assures a total revenue of considerably over \$100 per acre on the two crops.

He also has an acre or so in late potatoes, which are doing nicely.

RAIN NOT NEEDED

TEMPLE, Texas, Aug. 3.—One of the hardest rains of the year fell here last night, continuing for a number of hours, during which time an immense amount of water fell. The rain was not needed and is the third rain had this month. More rain has fallen in August of this year than has been known before since 1882, when a tremendous cotton crop was raised.

DAMAGE TO CROPS

DENISON, Texas, Aug. 7.—Sharpshooters and boll worms are beginning to do considerable damage to cotton in spots. The cotton is being eaten and at night is very favorable to the cotton pests. The first bale is looked for not later than the 15th.

COMPLAINT OF TOO MANY DOGS AT LARGE HERE

Citizens Discuss the Presence of the Canines and Say They Are of No Benefit

"Dogs, dogs, dogs. Did you ever see so many worthless curs running about the streets as in Fort Worth?" said a well known citizen this morning.

"Why, I am willing to wager that this city has almost as many dogs as it has children, and the great majority of the dogs are absolutely good for nothing. People should pay for their dogs, and run at large and destroy other folks' flowers and gardens. A man would probably have less cause to kick if these animals were good for anything, but the great majority of them are not worth the space they occupy on this mundane sphere."

"There was a time," this citizen continued, "when the dog was a very desirable animal to have, but the time has passed when he has any useful purpose. Find if you can one single thing that a dog is now good for? Very few men use them for hunting, as that sport has almost died out. There is today little use for the hounds or setters for hunting, as they were used by our forefathers. Hunters are not in it any more with the traps that modern genius has invented or a tabloospoonful of some good rat poison; as a sheep guardian he has about played out in this part of the country, where sheepmen do not walk enclosed and usually find it safest to put the sheep in the corral at night; then, too, one herder can keep the sheep in line better than a dozen collies. Why, when it comes to drawing and serving as a beast of burden, about the only place that he is used at all is in Alaska, and even there he eats so much and pulls so little that he is a very expensive luxury. The reindeer has him beat a mile. As a watch dog he is absolutely worthless, as he is easily deceived by a stranger, and he is a less powder, revolver, chloroform and strychnine. As a diet of food no one but a Chinaman wants to eat him, and I wish that the Chinese would swoop down on Fort Worth some night and take every licensed dog, and then, for a while, been studying it out for some time and I am unable to find any real good purpose the majority of the dogs on our streets are good for. Yet they are here and daily jeopardize the lives of people, besides laying all liable to be bitten or maimed. Then we must feed them, too, and have their nightly serenade. Fifty or more in the chorus.

As a tracker of criminals he has also had his day. He is still used for this purpose, but those criminally inclined know how to shake him off their trail as easily as if he had never started. Many sheriffs and officers having dealing with the law, are not able to find him, but with very poor results. The locomotives, the telephone and the telegraph has beaten him in this. About the most that one of these animals can do now is to track some innocent man and usually succeed in getting him into trouble, which takes a good deal of effort on the party's part to get out of, when perhaps at the time of the crime the party might have been fifty miles away. Fact is, that even the daily jeopardize the lives of people, besides laying all liable to be bitten or maimed. Then we must feed them, too, and have their nightly serenade. Fifty or more in the chorus.

If you can tell me one really good reason why a dog should have the existence in any civilized community like this of today, I'll tell 'em up."

WHEN VISITING FAIR RIDE FERRIS WHEEL

The great expositions held during the last fifteen years have produced some marvelous examples of engineering and constructive ability. One of these, the Eiffel Tower, was designed and built by a Frenchman at Paris for the exposition of 1889; the other, the Ferris Wheel, was designed and built by the World's Columbian exposition at Chicago, in 1893.

Paris again held a great exposition in 1904 but failed to produce anything to take the place of the Eiffel Tower. In America, St. Louis, in 1904, planned and produced the greatest exposition the world has ever seen. Scores of things more wonderful and more attractive than the Ferris Wheel, but as Paris failed to outdo her own Eiffel Tower, so did St. Louis fail to equal the far-famed Ferris wheel of the World's Columbian exposition of 1893.

Arrangements were accordingly made to bring the Ferris wheel to the Louisiana Purchase exposition, and it was given a location near the geographical center of the grounds.

The problem of moving the Ferris wheel from Chicago to St. Louis was stupendous—4,200 tons of material, including the 70-ton axle, besides engines, boilers and derricks and falsework, had to be transported over a one hundred and seventy-five freight cars were required to move this material.

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The wheel is built upon the bicycle principle, with immense tension spokes, 2 1/2 inches in diameter. The wheel is 250 feet in diameter and stands 264 feet high. In reality it is two wheels securely braced together. Between the outer rims of these wheels the eleven-ton cars are suspended on 6 1/2 inch pins, 6 feet long. These cars are 13 feet wide, 26 feet long, 9 feet high and will carry 60 persons each. There are 36 of them, so the total capacity of the wheel is 2,160 persons. At several times in its history the wheel has been filled to its capacity. The axle of the wheel is a solid steel forging, 32 inches in diameter and 45 feet long.

The solid bronze bearings upon which it rests are each 6 feet long and contain nearly two tons of metal. The weight of the wheel is carried upon two four-post towers, each square on top and 40x50 feet at the base. These in turn rest upon solid concrete and steel beam pillars, which are carried down to solid rock, 26 feet below the surface of the ground. The towers are anchored in its history the wheel has been filled to its capacity. The axle of the wheel is a solid steel forging, 32 inches in diameter and 45 feet long.

The side vibration of the wheel in an 80-mile an hour wind is less than half an inch. The wheel is run by a double reversing engine with cylinders 30x43 inches, capable of developing 2,000 horse power. The power is applied through a series of cogs to a sprocket chain which engages wide cogs on the outside of each rim.

Two revolutions are given each passenger and the time required is from 20 to 30 minutes. The view during this half hour ride is most interesting and instructive. Gradually, as the majestic and mighty wheel rolls one up higher and higher, a grand panorama unfolds itself to view. A fifty million dollar exposition in all its grandeur is before you. Eye has not seen nor ear heard of a more striking spectacle than the night view of the great exposition from the top of the Ferris wheel.

When you come to the fair, do not fail to ride upon it.

NAMES OF COUNTIES

Story of Manner in Which Subdivisions of the State Were Designated by the Fathers of Texas

HISTORY IS INTERESTING

Information Regarding the Men Who Were Important Factors in the Early Work of This State

BY HARRY HAYNES.

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 7.—The following is the fourth installment of the history of the names of Texas counties.

Johnson county was named for W. T. Johnson, a native of South Carolina, who came to Texas in 1839. He was a member of congress of the republic, commanded a company in the Mexican war, was a member of the reconstruction convention in 1866, and died in Austin soon after.

Jones county was named in honor of Anson Jones, who landed in Brazoria in 1836. He took part in the battle of San Jacinto, represented Brazoria county in congress, was minister to the united president of the republic when it was annexed to the United States and became a statesman.

Karnes county was called for Henry Karnes, a native of Tennessee, but came from Arkansas in 1835, was in the battle of San Antonio, commanded a cavalry company at the battle of San Jacinto. He was an intrepid Indian fighter, and died in San Antonio in 1840 from the effects of a wound received in a combat with an Indian chief.

Kaufman county was named in honor of David S. Kaufman, who came to Texas in 1836 and elected to the congress of the republic in 1838. After annexation he was thrice elected to the congress of the United States and died in the city of Washington, December 18, 1851.

Kendall county was so called as a compliment to George Wilkins Kendall. He was with the ill-fated Santa Fe expedition, was captured by the Mexicans and tortured without mercy. He was editor in chief of the New Orleans Picayune.

Kerr county was created in 1856 and named for James Kerr, a surveyor, who came from Missouri to Texas in 1825. He was a member of the San Felipe convention of 1833 and of the executive council of 1835 and died in 1850.

Kimble county was named in memory of George Kimble who came to Texas at an early day, was in the fall of the Alamo and laid his life like a hero on the altar of Texas' freedom.

Kinney county is named for H. L. Kinney, who came to Texas in 1838. He is one of the founders of Corpus Christi and served three terms in the legislature after Texas was annexed. He was killed in Matamoros in 1841.

Lamar county was organized in 1849 and christened in honor of M. B. Lamar who came to Texas in March, 1835, walked from Velasco to Houston's army and enlisted as a private. In the skirmish on April 20 he so distinguished himself that he was placed in command of the cavalry. He was secretary of war, vice president of the republic and subsequently elected to the presidency.

La Salle county was named for Cavalier de La Salle, a courageous French explorer who landed in Texas at Matagorda bay January 18, 1685. In an effort to make his way to the mouth of the Mississippi river which he discovered on a previous voyage he was

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killed by a member of his party of explorers.

Leon county was carved out of Fayette, Burleson and Washington in 1873 and named in honor of General Robert E. Lee, a general in the Confederate army in the war between the states, and one of the most renowned soldiers in the annals of time.

Leon is one of the old counties of the state, having been created in 1846. The supposition is that it was called for Alonzo de Leon, an early Spanish explorer.

Liberty county has existed as a subdivision of the various notions to which Texas has been subject since 1806, has had various Indian and Spanish names, but was christened "Liberty" in 1830 by a popular vote for the reason perhaps the people not only loved liberty but loved also the name.

The counties of Limestone, Freestone and Live Oak were probably named owing to local conditions and the people were partial to these names.

Fayette county was taken from Washington and Bastrop counties in 1837 and named in honor of Marquis de La Fayette, a French patriot who placed the American people under obligations to him by the service he rendered during the revolutionary war.

Madison county was created in 1853 and named in honor of James Madison, the fourth president of the United States, serving two terms, having served as secretary of state during both terms of Jefferson's administration. Madison county was named in honor of Francis Marion, an intrepid soldier and general during the American revolution, and bore the sobriquet of the "Swamp Fox."

Mason county was named in honor of Captain G. R. Mason, a soldier in the regular army of the United States, who endeavored himself to the people of Texas by his valuable service on the frontier in the fifties.

Maverick county was so called as a compliment to S. A. Maverick, who settled in San Antonio in 1835 and died in that city in 1870. He was a member of the convention that declared for the independence of Texas, though not present when the declaration was signed. He was a member of congress of the republic and of the state legislature after annexation.

McCulloch county was named in

memory of Ben McCulloch. He came to Texas in 1836, commanded a battery in the battle of San Jacinto, a member of congress of the republic, and legislature after annexation, commanded a company of rangers, served with distinction in the Mexican war, was a major general in the Confederate army. He was killed at Elk Horn in 1863 and brought to Austin and buried.

McLennan county was created in 1859 and christened in honor of Neil McLennan, an early settler and pioneer who rendered the state eminent service. He was in several Indian campaigns.

McMullen county was named in honor of John McMullen, who came to Texas at an early date, was a member of the council of 1835 and served the colonist as an empresario and rendered them much service in locating their land grants.

Milam county was named for Van R. Milam, who came to Texas in 1836, filled several important positions in the republic and died in 1847.

Menard county was created in 1859, and named in honor of Michael B. Menard, who came to Texas from Illinois in 1831, was the twenty-first man to sign the declaration of independence, a member of the convention of 1836 that framed the constitution and organized the provisional government, a member of congress of the republic and founder of Galveston. He died in 1854.

Milam county was named in honor of Benjamin R. Milam, who came to Texas in 1828. He had a most remarkable career. He once remarked that he had been in almost every prison between the Rio Grande and City of Mexico. He was in the Nacogdoches fight in 1835 and instantly killed in storming the Mexican fortifications at San Antonio, December 7, 1835.

Montague county was so called as a compliment to Daniel Montague, one of the early settlers, who rendered much valuable service to the state as a citizen and surveyor.

Sabine county was so called for the Sabine river, a historic stream which forms a part of the boundary line between Texas and Louisiana.

Nacogdoches county was first settled in 1715 and named for the Nacogdoches, a tribe of Indians now entirely extinct.

CHIEF MADDOX HAS NEW HORSE NAMES HIM FOR THE TELEGRAM

"He's a beauty, isn't he?" said Chief Maddox of the Fort Worth fire department, as he reined up a beautiful bay horse in front of The Telegram building.

Several Telegram employees stood by and admired the new steed, hitched to the chief's wagon.

"Geef! He is nice," tittered one of the girl stenographers. "I'll bet his name is Napoleon or Caesar or something grand," she went on.

Chief Maddox smiled despite himself. "Napoleon! Caesar!" he ejaculated so loud that the new horse jumped—"not on your life. His name is 'Telegram.'"

A chorus of abs were up and then the girl stenographer spoke again. "Oh, I know you named him 'Telegram,'" she said, "because he is always ahead of the others."

Chief Maddox smiled knowingly. "Yes, sir (I mean yes, miss); that's just why

I named him Telegram, because he gets there first."

THE NEW HORSE
Chief Maddox bought the new horse, which is a beautiful 6-year-old bay with sweeping black mane and tail, in Tom Gibson county.

The animal is a little nervous as yet and this morning when the chief let him out was inclined to believe that he was running away. "I have only driven him twice," said Mr. Maddox, "but he will soon get all right."

"Tom," the horse that was formerly driven to the chief's wagon, has had bad feet and on that account had to be displaced. He will be used to draw the

THE TELEGRAM.

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The Telegram absolutely guarantees a much larger paid circulation in the city of Fort Worth and surrounding territory than any other daily newspaper printed.

RAILWAY INFLUENCE

There can be no question of the fact that the railways of the country are attempting the exercise of too much influence in administration of the affairs of the country as a whole.

There is evidence of too many favors being distributed not only to influence legislation, both state and national, but even in county affairs there is too much of an effort to stand in with certain officials in the hope of controlling the situation. While in small matters the annual pass is depended upon to do the desired work, yet these big institutions do not hesitate to put up almost any kind of a slush fund when they deem it necessary.

The average railway in its dealings with the world is inspired to a great extent by the belief that the hand of every man it comes in contact with is raised against it. There is more or less reason for this feeling, as the old idea that corporations have no souls is still a dominant one, and the heart of the average layman does not beat with much appreciation for the corporation. Especially is this true when there is ground for the belief that the corporation is operated without any regard for the rights of the people who created it. Railway managers have manifested too much disposition in the past to grind the people between the upper and nether millstones for the people as a whole to show

ought but a retaliatory spirit. And that fact more than any other is responsible for existing conditions. The railways lay heavy hands upon the people through the medium of enforced tribute, and the people in turn lay heavy hands upon the railways through damage suits, high rates of taxation and laws that are very often drastic and radical in their effect. It is then the railways begin to spar for an advantage, and they usually find it by placing the servants of the people under obligations to them through the issuance of passes.

In every county in this state the county commissioners' court has the exclusive right of placing the final valuation upon all property subject to taxation, and in the great majority of the counties the disposition always is to place the valuation of railway property very high. If the free passes that are being held by county commissioners were stacked up in one pile the people of this state would be thoroughly amazed at the height of it. The great majority of the damage suits against railways are tried in district courts, but many are determined in the county courts. If the people could know the number of free passes that are issued to district and county judges, they would marvel at railway generosity. Every two years the representatives of the people assemble at the state capital at Austin for the purpose of enacting laws, and the number of free railway passes given in legislative session is generally sufficient to provide for the passage of any measure that meets with railway disapproval. Even high state officials in the past have not been averse to carrying these evidences of railway esteem concealed about their person.

There is no doubt but that the railways of the country feel that they have the right to bestow these favors, and the recipients also feel they have the right to receive and enjoy them, but they have not. The acceptance of a railway pass by a servant of the people is a violation of the obligation due from that servant to the people, from the fact that it places the individual under an obligation to the corporation using this form of debauchery as a means of circumventing the people. It can but result in more or less debauchery of the public service, for no man can faithfully serve two masters. That is an established fact, and accounts for the determination on the part of the people to put a summary stop to the free pass evil. But the railways do not stop here.

Every year there is more evidence of a desire on their part to break into state politics. They have a method of affording employment to bright members of the state legislature in various capacities, and they also employ bright young lawyers all over the country. These are encouraged to strive for the state legislature and other positions coming in touch with the railway situation, in order that the railways may always count upon a worker in places where he is badly needed.

There are consolidation bills and other measures to come up for consideration where a friend in need is a friend indeed, and it is thus the railway influence is constantly and insidiously permeating many branches of our state government.

The people of Texas are not going to submit to railway domination in this state, and the railways might as well call off the effort. With the spectacle of California, West Virginia and other states tied hand and foot by railway influence, the people of this state are not going to be led into the same sort of a trap. Even now there is a growing sentiment among the people that representatives of the railways have been allowed too much latitude. That there is too close a connection already existing in many quarters, and that the future indicates more trouble along that line.

The election of a prominent railway attorney as chairman of the state democratic executive committee is believed by many to presage the effort of that influence to dominate the next state election, and if true there is certainly going to be something doing. The new chairman is a very able man, and a democrat, but there are thousands of Texas democrats, who, while leaving his honor and integrity unquestioned, feel that a great mistake has been made through the comfort and encouragement it will afford the railways.

The Telegram does not take a pessimistic view of the situation, but has confidence in the ability of Texas democracy to extricate itself from the depths of any sized hole in which it may flounder. But at the same time we believe that the rights of the people should be carefully and zealously guarded, and there should be no temporizing with a situation that is calculated to cause future trouble. There is no place in the politics of this state for the railways, just as there is no reason why they should debase the public service through the almost indiscriminate distribution of a right to ride free, and a halt must be called before the matter proceeds further. There is danger in the situation as it stands, both for the people and the railways, for when the day of reckoning comes it will be keenly felt. The people of Texas will never submit to railway domination, and dreams that are being indulged in along that line are purely chimerical.

WHIPPED HER BOY TO MAKE HIM PRAY

The other day in the city of Des Moines a humane officer was called in to arrest a woman for beating her 4-year-old son with a buggy whip.

The woman did not deny the accusation, but said she whipped the boy because he would not say his prayers.

There were weils on the little fellow's back to show the mother's cruel blows. She claimed she was justified. She had often been whipped when a girl for the same offense. Only by the threat of immediate arrest and fine was she prevailed upon to refrain from such punishment in the future.

The woman was conscientious about the matter. She thought she was chastising her child for his good. Her training had taught her to believe the boy's future would be imperiled save by compulsory daily devotions.

Do men remember how differently their mothers went to daily prayers? Ah, that was infinite material tact! How her smile and low, sweet words compelled. How lovingly she beguiled the boy to his knees beside the trundle bed to say—

"Now I lay me down to sleep."

Sometimes he was sleepy and mumbled. Sometimes he purposely missed a word or interpolated. But there was no way through that sweet compulsion save by the familiar formula to "Amen" and mother's good-night kiss.

Oh, but that was so long, long ago!

However, the poor, ignorant mother who whipped her boy to compel him to pray, loved him doubtless. Her mistake is the mistake of millions of devotees of every kind who imagine that duty is a greater word than love.

VACATIONS IN WASHINGTON

Russell Sage doesn't believe in vacations. Uncle Sam does. And in some respects Uncle Sam goes to one extreme as Sage does to the other.

It is said that 30,000 employees in Washington, principally clerks in the departments, are legally entitled to thirty days vacation every year.

That is all right. By reason of the short hours of labor a department clerk needs a vacation less than some other people, perhaps, but the vacation is not without its benefits both to the department and the clerks.

In addition to the legal thirty days vacation each clerk is entitled by law to thirty days "sick leave" every year. When he takes his sick leave his salary goes on the same as it does during the vacation period.

Now the city of Washington is frequently extolled as one of the healthiest in the country. So that it seems rather strange that a majority of the government employees should be sick for a month once a year regularly. But so it is. Your Uncle Sam is very generous to his paid workers—generous to the verge of extravagance. However, his money comes easy and it is not strange that it should go easy.

Did the notification committee members wear overcoats to Indianapolis or did the candidate for vice president thaw out for the occasion.

Come to think of it, didn't Judge Parker learn that silence system from Jim Wells. No one ever heard the Brownsville man say anything.

Can Governor Hogg live down the attack on Parker as he did the liver and lights speech of many years ago?

Sully evidently has a couple of Mexican dollars left out of the crash. His lawyer is named Don Pesos.

There really must be something in all this talk about the yellow peril. Just look how the Russians flee from it.

Joseph W. Folk has reaped the reward of not getting shelved.

MY CHANGEABLE LOVER

(Original.)

I have a lover.

My lover's name is Jack. Jack is at times feminine, at times masculine. Strange to say, I like my lover best when he is feminine. I suppose, to be strictly grammatical, I should say "when she is feminine," but there is no word in the English language which stands for "he or she." We use "he" at times to stand for both. Therefore whether he is acting like a mah or a woman I shall call him "he."

Sometimes Jack pays me compliments, sometimes tells me the truth—if it is the truth—blurted it out suddenly and gruffly. He often criticizes my dress, at times approving of my costume, at times deprecating it. I was dressed for a ball the other evening and, suddenly looking up, saw Jack regarding me intently. As my gaze met his an expression of admiration suddenly lighted up his face.

"You are very pretty, dear," he said. "I'm glad you like my costume," I replied. "Have you any suggestions?"

"It is perfect. You might take that rose from over your right temple and put it farther back. There; that will do. It is a great improvement."

I walked away from him, turning my head, while he kept his eye fixed on the rose.

"Very pretty," he said. "And your train follows you gracefully. You are sure to have plenty of attention this evening. Your card will be filled before you have been in the ballroom ten minutes. Then, when the fellows come up and ask for a dance, you will toss your head, hold out your card and note their disappointment. It will be delightful."

If Jack would always talk to me like this I would like him better. But he doesn't. Sometimes he looks at me in a most unsatisfactory way and says what he looks.

"You're a dowdy looking thing," he said to me the other day. "That dress hangs on you in wrinkles and makes you appear as old as your grandmother."

"Well, I can't help it," I replied. "Mme. B. has tried three times to fit me and failed every time. She'll not have another chance."

This is where Jack is feminine, when he is prattling about dress. But sometimes he talks to me about my good and weak points. He is very changeable. I read him some verses lately that I had just written, and he was in ecstasies over them. I read them to him again in a week, and he called them rubbish.

Jack's only rival is Ernest Field. He is very different from Jack, being always manly. He rarely notices my dress or compliments me, but when he does I prize it far more than Jack's shifting opinions. I read him the verses that Jack at first admired, then called rubbish. He listened respectfully till I got through, then said, "Very pretty," in a bored kind of a way. "Shall we go for a walk?"

I could have scratched out his eyes.

After that Jack called me a fool to waste my time dribbling over commonplace sentimental rhymes. Occasionally he is very sensible, but I have noticed that I get the benefit of his good sense after Ernest has rapped me over the knuckles. The next time I saw Ernest I told him that I was ashamed of my poetic effusion and would not offend again.

"Your verses are much better than the average," he said, "but only a genius can avoid being commonplace in verse."

Yesterday Ernest told me that he would call this evening and would have something very special to say to me. It quite took my breath away, for I knew very well what that something would be. How could I give up Jack?

When Ernest was announced I had been ready and waiting for him half an hour. It was the longest half hour I had ever known. Jack and I were reading—I was pretending to read—at the time in the library. I looked up from my book, and Jack looked up at the same moment. He knew what I was waiting for, and I saw him shiver. There was a sharp ring at the bell, a heavy step in the hall—it seemed as if an undertaker had come to measure me—and the maid came in to tell me that Mr. Field was in the drawing room. I gave Jack a half assuring look and went to meet my fate, whatever it might be, for I was in a state of indecision.

I hoped Ernest would lead up to what he had to say gradually, but he didn't. He began by saying that a better understanding should exist between two people who had been so much together, and he had called to do his part in bringing that understanding about. That part was to tell me that he loved me and wished me to be his wife.

Perhaps it was the way he did it. At any rate, I said after a short silence that he was too late; that I already had a lover who was the only one to whom I could entirely give myself. I was very sorry if he had construed a friendliness on my part to mean love. I had not intentionally misled him.

The expression that came over his face was one of terrible disappointment. It was surprising to me after his very methodical proposition. It broke down my resolution.

"I only wish," he said, "that I were in his place. God grant that he may make you happy, as you deserve."

"Ernest," I said in a comforting tone and reaching for his hand, "my lover has a fault which may after all kill my affection for him. He is very changeable. Do you wish to see him? Look!" I pointed to my reflection in a mirror.

"Jaqueline!" he exclaimed, radiant, and took me in his arms.

ELIZA L. WHITCOMB.

JUST TO MAKE YOU HUNGRY

Some Good Things About
A Good Thing to Eat.

Sayings and Doings That
Helped to Make a Great
Food Popular.

Whether you live to eat, or eat to live,
—Unecda Biscuit.

My mere having would be a source
To make me hunger more.

—Shakespeare, *Macbeth*, iv., 5.

When you order crackers sent with your
other groceries and don't want them sent by
your other groceries, tell the grocer
Unecda Biscuit.

When your grocer sends you something else,
and you feel afraid to risk it,
Send it back with a little note,
And say Unecda Biscuit.

When your appetite says Unecda
Biscuit, you can't deny it.

An old colored woman went in one of
our stores last week and asked the clerk:
"Is you got any sola crackers?"

Whereupon the clerk replied: "No;
Unecda Biscuit."

The old woman became highly indignant
at the insinuation, and informed him
that she didn't "need no biscuits," and
had a whole spider full at home, "thank
you."

For a munch or a lunch—Unecda Biscuit.

If all the air tight packages used by
the National Biscuit Company in one year
were laid end to end they would make a
string long enough to reach around the
world eighty-seven times.

For the man who works from sun to sun—
Unecda Biscuit.

For the woman whose work is never done
—Unecda Biscuit.

When San Francisco folks are eating
Unecda Biscuit for breakfast, New Yorkers
are having them for lunch, and the people
in between are just getting hungry for more.

The rain comes down obedient to
The law of gravitation;
The common cracker soaks it up,
And causes aggravation.

How Johnnie recited the alphabet:
A B C D E F G H I
J K L M N O P Q R
S T Unecda Biscuit

To encourage the appetite—Unecda
Biscuit.

The more we make the better they take,
Growing better with every bake.

TRYING TO FIND MURDER EVIDENCE

DALLAS, TEXAS, AUG. 5.—The sheriff's department is attempting to accumulate evidence against the negro, Martin Smith, who is now confined in the Dallas county jail, suspected of the murder of William Hunter, another negro, whose dead body was found lying near the railroad track two miles east of Garland about three weeks ago.

Two negroes, who claimed to know Hunter, informed the department that they could fully identify the remains if exhumed. Deputy Sheriff Jack Witt and Alton Seale were dispatched to Egypt, a small settlement near Reinhardt, where the remains of Hunter were interred, and the body of the dead negro exhumed. Decomposition had gained such headway that the features were wholly unrecognizable, but the two negroes who went with the officers positively identified the clothing on the corpse as being that of Hunter. Part of the dead negro's clothing had been kept in the undertaker's office at Garland for identification, and the coat and hat were also identified.

CULBERSON TO SPEAK

SHERMAN, TEXAS, AUG. 6.—Senator Charles A. Culberson has accepted an invitation to attend and address the old settlers' reunion to be held here August 24 to 27 inclusive. It will be the biggest event in the history of the association, which is noted for its brilliant functions.

ARCHBISHOP'S VISIT

He is Expected to Tour Texas When He Reaches America

SHERMAN, TEXAS, AUG. 6.—The approaching visit of the archbishop of Canterbury, primate of all England, the first Anglican archbishop to come to the United States, creates great interest in the Episcopal church here and in all Texas. It is expected he may tour this state to

see the condition of non-established churches of his faith. Dr. Miller, rector of St. Stephen's, Sherman, thinks, the archbishop's visitation may expedite the formation of provinces in the United States and the election of archbishops or metropolitans. He thinks the province in this section will comprise Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas and the twin territories.

Prescription No. 2851 by Elmer A. Amend, will not cure all complaints, but it will cure rheumatism.

E. F. SCHMIDT,
Houston, Texas, Sole Agent.

HE IS ACQUITTED

TEMPLE, TEXAS, AUG. 8.—Ed Collins, a white man living near Troy, has been on trial in the district court at Belton for the past several days on a charge of statutory assault on the person of a young girl living near the same place. The case has been bitterly contested and late last night the jury returned a verdict acquitting the defendant of the charge.

A TRAVELING MAN'S WILL

TEMPLE, TEXAS, AUG. 8.—The last will and testament of Grey Lewis, the well known traveling man who died at his home in Temple of an operation for appendicitis several weeks ago, has been admitted to probate and letters testamentary have been granted by the district court to A. F. Bentley of Temple and the widow, Mattie Bush Lewis, as executor and executrix respectively. The deceased left insurance policies payable to his widow and children as beneficiaries amounting to \$15,000 and his estate, aside from this, amounted to a considerable total.

DENISON, TEXAS, AUG. 7.—The largest mattress factory in North Texas has been established here. It covers a quarter of a block. It is having all the work that it can do. It commenced from a small beginning about two years ago. Mattresses are sent all over Texas and the Indian Territory.

ONE CENT PER MILE

August 15 From Texas Points to

"Cool Colorado" @ Return

Via FORT WORTH and

"The Denver Road"

The above, with the provision that all tickets shall be

GOOD FOR RETURN WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS

and that stop-overs shall be allowed at pleasure, either going or returning, or both, at all points north of and including Trinidad, Colorado—(Look at your map)—has been arranged for, and as we are determined that, as our patron,

"YOU SHALL BE SATISFIED"

We have arranged to place in commission for this EXTRAORDINARY OCCASION the choicest of our high-class equipment, including Coaches, Cafe Cars and both Excursion and Palace Sleepers, and also to have our Experienced Traveling Representatives accompany and acquaint you with the NUMEROUS POINTS OF INTEREST en route, also according such ECONOMIC SUGGESTIONS as will reduce your whole necessary expense to what, all things considered, may be regarded an Amazing Minimum.

Such low rates and extraordinary provisions have never before been offered, nor will they be again this year. For further particulars write, wire or phone your nearest Ticket Agent, or

A. A. GLISSON, GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, FORT WORTH.

P. S.—Excursion Sleeper accommodations cost but about one-half the Palace Car rates. Also, as in connection with the above, low rate side trips from Colorado Springs, Denver and Boulder into the heart of and over the mountains have been arranged.

Budweiser's Greatest Triumph

Declared superior to best Bohemian Beers by the Experimental Station for the Brewing Industry of Bohemia, at Prague.

Bohemian Beers—for centuries the acknowledged standard of quality—have been patterned after by brewers of all countries.

Budweiser

The Product of Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

IS BOTTLED ONLY AT THEIR HOME PLANT AT St. Louis, U.S.A.

A visit to the World's Fair City should include a trip to and through the Anheuser-Busch Brewery. All are welcome.

Orders Promptly Filled by

AUG. A. BUSCH & CO., Distributors, Fort Worth, Tex.



"MARTIN'S BEST" WHISKEY

In Full Measure Bottles

Quarts, Pints & Half Pints

Take One Home with You

Passenger Service Exclusively

MANITOU STEAMSHIP CO.

For the Tourist who desires to unite pleasure with comfort at moderate cost.

For those Seeking Health in the balmy and invigorating Lake Breezes.

For the Business Man to build up his shattered nerves.

Three sailings each week between Chicago, Frankfort, Northport, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs and Mackinac Island, connecting for Detroit, Buffalo, etc. Booklet Free.

JOS. BEROLZHEIM, G. P. A. Chicago

ALWAYS ON TIME

Swift's

Premium Hams and Bacon

Unsurpassed for flavor, quality and appearance. Each piece is U. S. Government inspected and wrapped in white parchment paper.

BRANDED ON THE RIND:

SWIFT'S
PREMIUM
U. S. INSPECTION

SWIFT & COMPANY, U. S. A.

Ready Reference LIST

Fort Worth Business Concerns that The Telegram Recommends to the Readers of the Paper.

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of Fort Worth, Texas.

Capital Stock, Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$500,000.
D. B. Loyd, pres.; W. E. Connell, cash.; M. C. Bennett, vice-pres.; W. P. Andrews, asst. cash.; H. I. Gahagan, 2d asst. cash. Directors—M. B. Loyd, D. C. Bennett, W. E. Connell, Geo. Jackson, Zane-Cetti, S. B. Burnett, R. K. Wylie, R. B. Masterson, J. L. Johnson, G. T. Reynolds, W. T. Waggoner, G. H. Connell, John Scharbauer.

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Engineers, Founders and Machinists. Architectural Iron Work, Railroad and Bridge Castings, Welding, Drilling Machines and tools, Horse Powers, Pumping Jacks, Hydraulic Cylinders, Head Cranes and other repairs for Cotton Oil Mills and Refrigerating Plants.

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THE "BEST FLOUR"

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Places you in direct and instant communication with all important towns in Texas and Arkansas and many in other states. Its use will often save you a fatiguing journey.

Try a Round Trip Talk
The Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Company

THE BEST NEW YORK HOTEL
On 45th street between 5th avenue and Broadway is located the famous Hotel Gallatin. This house is in the heart of the fashionable district of New York and convenient to theaters and big stores. During the summer months extremely low rates are made to transient guests. All rooms have electric lights, private telephone and private baths, yet the rate is only \$2 a day for two people.

Probably the highest sum ever paid for a sermon goes each year to a lucky German preacher, who receives \$4,500 for his effort. In 1899 a wealthy French baron named Favart, who lived in Eibelfeld, died, and bequeathed his money to the Protestant church there, on the condition that it should be invested and the interest given annually to some clergyman, chosen haphazard from those holding the poorest livings on the sea, on condition that he preach a short sermon extolling the good deeds of the dead baron.

CHEAP RATES TO MEXICO

—VIA—
I. & G. N.

\$17.75 MONTEREY AND RETURN
\$19.65 SALTILLO AND RETURN
\$26.50 SAN LUIS POTOSI AND RETURN
\$30.50 CELAYA AND RETURN
\$33.25 MEXICO CITY AND RETURN

Tickets on sale August 10 and 11. Limits: Monterey and Saltillo, 10 days; other points, 30 days.
Phone 219. 809 Main St. R. W. TIPTON, C. P. A.

AN HOUR AND ONE MINUTE NEEDED TO WIN IT

Story of How Fort Worth Took the Game from Corsicana Sunday Afternoon

It took Fort Worth just one hour and one minute to win yesterday's game from Corsicana. The time was a record maker for the local grounds. The work of both teams was eighteen karat, that of Corsicana's infield being noticeable fast.

Not only was the game fast, but the plays were of the kind popular with ball enthusiasts. Every Panther hit the ball and only four Oilemen palm leafed. The ball was hit and hit hard, but the fielders were in fine fettle and some several promising safeties died in infancy.

Corsicana put up a strong game, the best since the new series began. Though the redoubtable Maloney and the eloquent "Mickey" Coyle were missing, there were plays that would not be looked for in a corner lot game and give promise of Corsicana still being in the game for keeps.

Boyd, first up, lined out to Willis. Mott hit safe to left, punished second, then boldly stole third. He scored on Walsh's double to right. Deskin flied to Poindecker and Walsh made the mistake of starting to change his lodgings.

In Fort Worth's half Sullivan singled and stole second. Hubbard refused four and was indorsed by the umpire. Disch's sacrifice advanced both, but Sullivan was hung up at the plate by Fields, who took charge of Willis' five-inch rapid fire ammunition. Poindecker went out via second to first.

Salm started the second with a safety past Hubbard. Boles scooped up Miller's try, and threw to Reitz to head off Salm. Reitz dropped the ball and Miller made first. The prettiest play of the game followed. Fields' hit to Willis, who threw to Reitz, "Yate Miller" Reitz threw to Willis in time to interfere with further progress of Fields.

Though the second brought in a couple of hits for Fort Worth, Willis won the game in the third. With two down, Disch sky rocketed to right for two stations. Willis, next up, watched for one that suited him and marked it "Lake Erie." It started on its destination and maybe it is still going. It had not been returned at last enquiry.

Neither side counted for the remainder of the game. Disch added one hit for Fort Worth in the eighth and similar credit was given Fields and Deskin for Corsicana. Deskins being a double, the only one of the game for the oil men.

The score:

FORT WORTH	AB.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Sullivan, If.	4	0	1	2	0	0	1
Hubbard, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3	0	0
Disch, cf.	3	1	2	0	0	0	0
Willis, 1b.	3	1	13	0	0	0	0
Poindecker, rf.	3	0	0	1	1	0	0
Quiesser, c.	3	0	0	4	0	0	0
Boles, 3b.	3	0	1	2	2	2	0
Reitz, ss.	3	0	1	3	3	0	0
Christman, p.	3	0	0	1	2	0	0
Totals	28	2	6	27	12	2	0

CORSICANA.

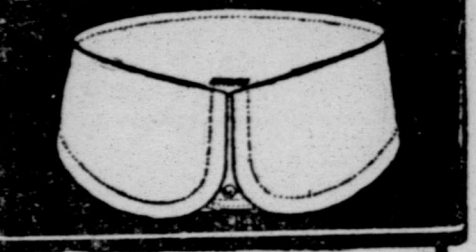
AB.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Boyd, cf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Walsh, rf.	4	1	1	3	0	1
Deskin, If.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Salm, 1b.	3	0	1	14	0	0
Miller, c.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Fields, ss.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Burke, 3b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Huffmeister, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	31	1	5	24	11	1

Score by innings—

Fort Worth.....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2
Corsicana.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
Summary: Two-base hits, Walsh, Fields, Disch; home runs, Willis; double plays, Willis, Reitz to Willis, Poindecker to Hubbard; struck out, by Christman 4; bases on balls, off Christman 1, off Huffmeister 1; stolen bases, Mott 2, Sullivan; wild pitch, Christman; time of game, 1 hour; umpire, O'Connor.

NOTES OF THE GAME
Ask Quiesser how it feels to catch for

DONARA
An Arrow Collar



Fifteen Cents Each
Two for 25 Cents
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

ARE YOU PUZZLED

Over what you want to eat for lunch or supper? If so, try a can of "Walker's Red Hot Chicken Tamales." They are delicious and so economical. M M M M M

Only 10c for large 1-lb. Lunch Size Can.
Only 15c for large 2-lb. Family Size Can.
Only 22 1/2c for large 2-lb. Hotel Size Can.

Ask Your Grocer.

It was Willis' day, a home run, then bench put outs and one assist.

Dunn was an observer from the bench. He may remain permanently on the pitching staff.

It is said that there will be no more of this kind of thing in the Texas league. Ardmore looks not with favor on the red.

If the present plans materialize Boles will be put back on firing line. When the season started Boles was one of the popular pitchers among the local fans. He is still a great favorite, as an all round, conscientious player.

Miller caught a game yesterday that would be hard to beat. Both teams seemed to lose interest in stealing bases after the first two innings. Quiesser came threw to second base.

Only one base on balls for each pitcher and neither hit a batter. The battery work of both teams put criticism away in moth balls.

Quiesser looks well in blue. He talks more, too.

Dallas follows Corsicana, then Ardmore for four games, a double header being scheduled for next Sunday.

The present Corsicana players do not seem to be up on rag chewing yet. They can play a sixty-minute game instead.

Don't Walsh know yet what is liable to happen when a fly is headed towards "Fonny's" garden?

DALLAS DEFEATS ARDMORE

DALLAS, Texas, Aug. 7.—A good, snappy and interesting baseball game with only one error on each side, was played between Dallas and Ardmore here yesterday. The locals had the better of the argument, Ardmore being unable to hit.

Both pitchers, Clarke and Hamilton, did excellent work in the game. Ardmore's fielding and general playing showed up well. If they had found the ball the game would have been theirs. The score:

AB.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Burke, If.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Dougherty, c.	4	0	0	10	2	0
Clayton, 2b.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Ragsdale, rf.	3	0	0	1	1	0
White, cf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Stone, 1b.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Blair, 2b.	2	0	0	2	3	0
Dugan, ss.	2	0	1	3	0	1
Hamilton, p.	1	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	27	0	2	24	11	1

DALLAS.

AB.	R.	H.	P.	O.	A.	E.
Andres, 2b.	4	1	1	1	3	0
Ury, 1b.	4	0	0	16	0	0
Maloney, cf.	2	1	2	2	0	0
Doyle, If.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Moran, c.	3	0	1	4	0	0
Johnson, 2b.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Jeffries, ss.	3	0	3	1	4	1
Melver, rf.	2	0	0	1	0	0
Clarke, p.	3	0	0	1	4	0
Totals	27	2	7	24	15	1

Score by innings:

Ardmore.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Dallas.....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—8
Summary—Sacrifice hits, Burke, Stone, Blair, Hamilton; two-base hits, Andres, Jeffries, Maloney; double plays, Hamilton, Dougherty and Dugan; Johnson and Jeffries; bases on balls, by Hamilton 7, by Clarke 6; passed balls, by Dougherty 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpire—Crotty.

TEXAS LEAGUE STANDING

Team	Played	Won	Lost	Per Cent
Fort Worth	49	32	8	.800
Dallas	49	23	18	.561
Corsicana	49	15	25	.375
Ardmore	39	10	29	.257

WHERE THEY PLAY

Corsicana at Fort Worth.

Ardmore at Dallas.

SOUTH TEXAS LEAGUE

GALVESTON 8, HOUSTON 6

GALVESTON, Texas, Aug. 8.—Galveston defeated Houston here yesterday in a drizzling rain, which prevailed during the game. The ball and diamond were both wet and errors were numerous. The Sand Crabs finally won out by a score of 8 to 6. Both pitchers were hit hard. The score:

Team	Score
Galveston	8
Houston	6

SAN ANTONIO 3, BEAUMONT 2

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 8.—San Antonio handed out a defeat to the Beaumont fellows here yesterday to the tune of 3 to 2. Pitcher Slater for the locals did marvelous work and had no errors. The Sand Crabs finally won out by a score of 3 to 2. The score:

Team	Score
San Antonio	3
Beaumont	2

MAD STONES TAKES POISON FROM BITE

A mad stone in the possession of Ernest Hadrá of Dallas was applied Saturday in that city with remarkable success to a wound received by Gib Hooper, colored, of this city.

Cooper was bitten on the knee by the dog and at once hurried to Dallas to have the mad stone applied, which was done with astonishing results. The stone adhered to the wound five hours.

"We were up with Hooper for a long time," said Mr. Hadrá yesterday, "and I was astonished at the manner in which the stone worked. If you can allude to it in that way, I believe it drew every particle of poison out of the leg and the thing like the proper support the game would have ended in the ninth inning with the score San Antonio 1, Beaumont 0. The score: R. H. E. San Antonio.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—3
Beaumont.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 5 6

COTTON BELT COLONISTS

The Cotton Belt Development Company, which is composed mainly of officials of the Cotton Belt road, has planned to locate a colony of thirty Italians along the line in East Texas. The Italians will come direct from Italy and are said to be experienced horticulturists. A town is to be established to be known as "Glo-hitti," in honor of an Italian count, who is to be connected with the colony, and whose representative is here, here looking over the country. The Italian ambassador will pay the colony a visit during the coming winter.

The Salvation Army is making marked inroads upon the Chinese colony in San Francisco.

SUNDAY AT LOCAL POST OFFICE IS INTERESTING

One Can Find Out the Names of His Neighbors If He Will Stand at Delivery Window

To learn who are his neighbors the Fort Worth citizen should visit the post-office Sunday morning between 10 and 11 o'clock, when the distribution of mail at the office takes place.

Above the various windows ranged along the fixtures appear numbers denoting the street numbers delivered at that window, and there ranged in long lines as if for the advance sale for another Patti farewell tour the people gather long before the appointed hour to receive their mail.

Standing thus, every movement of the bustling carriers is watched eagerly through the little glasses of the lock boxes, the constantly growing line possessing itself each succeeding Sunday with the hope that perhaps the work of distribution will be accomplished before the hour that day.

There the banker, leaving his team outside, and the workman, who lives on the street behind him, have their usual verging interests centered for the time being in the same object, namely, to ascertain the first minute the pile of letters and papers is properly distributed. This apparently trivial matter becomes one of vast importance by the side of which the great final problems of the time being into obscurity. Every movement and sound is caught by the alert senses and hoped to contain promise of the ending of the task.

Finally the big cases into which the carriers have been sorting the mail are rolled toward the windows and the crowd pushes closer to the opening. As the flaps are thrown back the first half dozen call off their addresses as though the carrier could remember all at once and the one calling loudest is therefore generally rewarded.

At the general delivery windows, one for women and the other for men, the longest lines are to be found, these being frequently coiled like a snake in order to get into the room with the carrier. These lines the initiated will detect a man apparently with no special business but who can nevertheless be seen to closely scan the faces of all the letter seekers. It times he will saunter with the carrier of the window so that he could if he desired catch the name given by persons at the windows. He also seemed to keep a close watch on the clerk handing out the mail as though watching for a secret sign or indication.

This man is a "plain clothes man," never a Sunday passes at the postoffice but he is there. Many important captures of criminals have been made in this way in the past, and it is a time honored custom of the profession to watch the general delivery windows for crooks.

This man is, of course, frequently changed, and if necessary stands in line with the people or in some other manner avoids attracting attention so that few become aware of the system employed.

Although the windows remain open a full hour, the majority of the people call within the first fifteen minutes and are then followed by the stragglers, while the carriers become anxious to return to the place of those who waited for them.

AN UNWRITTEN LAW

(New Orleans Picayune.)

An interesting story is told of Lieutenant Governor Thorne of Kentucky. Governor Beckham, the chief executive of the state, was a delegate to the St. Louis democratic convention. While he was absent the duties of the office devolved upon the lieutenant governor. On the second or third day of his temporary incumbency of the executive chair a young woman, the mother of a three-month-old babe, was brought to the Kentucky penitentiary to serve a term of ten years imprisonment for murder.

As the woman, with the babe in her arms, entered the penitentiary a delegation of men and women covered the office of Acting Governor Thorne with a request for her unconditional pardon. The story of the alleged crime, trial and conviction of the woman, as related to the acting governor, was, briefly, as follows:

The young wife was living happily with her husband, when another young woman, with equal or superior personal charms, came upon the scene and won from the wife, soon to be a mother, the affections and the attentions of the husband in plain English, a weak man and husband was seduced by a brazen woman. The enraged wife met the brazen seducer in the road and killed her. The wife was arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of ten years.

The acting governor pardoned her before she had served twenty-four hours, and he gave his reason in the following language:

"There is a certain sentiment in Kentucky called unwritten law, which has prevailed in many cases under my observation. When men have been acquitted by judge and jury in similar cases their decision has met with applause."

And this lieutenant governor was right. What is good for the man in such a case is good for the woman, and that is all that can be made of it.

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE

Thomas H. Arnn has been transferred from the St. Louis and Malden railway postoffice to the Thebes, Illinois and Jena-shore railway postoffice.

Harry H. Miller of the Shreveport and McKinney railway postoffice has been promoted from class No. 1 to class No. 2.

Thomas W. Breen of the Amarillo and Fort Worth railway postoffice has been promoted from class No. 2 to class No. 3.

Thomas J. Pennington of McNeill, Ark., has been appointed to the Memphis and South McAlester railway postoffice.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. F. H. H. H.

F. A. MITCHEL.

OVER THE TICKER

(Original.)

She was a splendid girl, but I knew she should marry money. This was my thinking, not hers, of which I knew nothing. A long time I worshipped her. Then when the great Wall street boom came on I invested a few thousand dollars and gained a fortune. I was worth \$200,000. This result was not fully attained till the summer of 1902. Hearing that Marguerite was at the seashore, I went there. I pretended to be much surprised to meet her, but this was all assumed. I had gone there to woo and win her if I could. I didn't have much trouble inducing her to accept my attentions—indeed, she would decline to make engagements with very rich men to be with me, though she knew nothing about my circumstances. September came on, and many people left the coast. Enough remained to keep up the daily attendance on the beach and at the hops. One morning Marguerite and I were sitting on the shingling sands looking at the bathers. I had got pretty near to a proposal the night before and was just about to close the matter up so far as my part was concerned when I heard a cheery voice behind me, and Billy Allen clapped a hand on my shoulder. I introduced him to Marguerite, and we all three chatted together. Billy said there was a flurry in Wall street and suggested that we go to the hotel and look at the ticker. Marguerite said she would like to go, too, so we rose, sauntered together up the beach and were soon bending over the tape. I explained matters to Marguerite.

"Those letters M. O. P.," I said, "stand for Missouri Pacific common stock. It is a great favorite at present and is usually referred to as 'Mop.'"

"A good name for a poodle," interposed Marguerite.

"Now, a holder," I said, "of 100 shares of 'Mop' makes or loses \$100 for every point it goes up or down. On 1,000 shares the change is \$1,000, on 10,000 shares \$10,000, and so on. Supposing we have, say, 20,000 shares, let us see what one makes or loses as the quotations vary."

I held the tape and read the quotations on the stock.

"A quarter, a half, three-quarters rise. We're ahead \$15,000. Back she goes a quarter, a half, seven-eighths, one point. We've lost our \$15,000 and \$5,000 besides. Still she goes down. A half, three-quarters, a point, a point and a quarter, a half, three-quarters. Great heavens, is she never going to stop? Two points, a half, three-quarters, three points. We've made a big loss. We're out \$60,000."

"It quite takes my breath away," said Marguerite with a gasp.

"Oh, you would soon get used to it," I replied.

I am not much of an admirer of myself and didn't think I was doing anything remarkable, but Billy, who knew I was "long" of exactly 20,000 shares of "Mop," looked at me in amazement. There was some reaction (which, as I explained, regained some of our hypothetical losses), and then down went the quotations, so that when we left the ticker I was out \$85,000. Marguerite went upstairs for a short nap before lunch, and Billy and I went out on the piazza to talk it over. I made up my mind that I would take advantage of the first reaction and sell out.

The next morning I met Marguerite on the piazza. I excused myself for not having seen her in the evening by saying I had Billy on my hands and proposed that before we went to the beach we should take a look at the ticker. We did so, and I saw that several stocks of which I had a few thousand shares each followed "Mop's" example and slid down to a point that left me barely \$10,000 if all my shares were sold at the prices quoted. I resolved to save that baggage for future operations and, excusing myself from Marguerite for a few minutes, went to the telegraph office and sent a message to my broker to sell all I had "at the market." Then I rejoined Marguerite and we went to the beach.

That evening while we were sitting together on the piazza looking at the ocean slowly lapping the shore as a lion may lick his chops after devouring somebody I said to my companion:

"Marguerite, you are the only woman I ever saw whom I wanted to marry, and I resolved three years ago that if I ever made enough money to take proper care of you I would ask you to be my wife. Yesterday morning when Billy Allen came up I was worth \$200,000 and was on the eve of putting the question to you. We went to the ticker and saw \$60,000 pass away in less than half an hour. The rest, except \$12,000 which I have saved from the wreck, went yesterday afternoon and today. I tell you this because it is due to you and myself that you should know why, after all I have said to you, I do not complete what I have begun."

She sat looking at me with eyes opening wider and wider till I had finished.

"Do you mean to tell me that that supposititious case was your own?"

"I do."

"Then all I have to say is that I'd rather marry a man with such splendid nerve than one with a million."



"B and B" Laundry Soap

Is the Biggest Bar and Best Soap of its kind on the market for the money. For Washing, Scrubbing, Cleaning and general utility, "B and B" Soap is unequaled. All Fort Worth dealers sell and recommend "B and B"—REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

MADE BY **ARMSTRONG PACKING CO.** Dallas, Tex

Scott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules



A POSITIVE CURE
For Inflammation of Bladder and Kidneys. NO CURE NO PAY. Cures quickly and permanently the worst cases of Gonorrhea and all other urinary troubles. Long standing. Absolutely harmless. Sold by druggists. Price \$1.00, 3 boxes, \$2.75.

Sold by Weaver's Pharmacy, 504 Main st.



MEN
Young, middle aged and elderly—if you are sexually weak, no matter how long you have been undeveloped; have stricture, varicocele, etc., MY PERFECT VACUUM APPLIANCE will cure you. No drugs or electricity. 75,000 cured and developed. 10 DAYS TRIAL. Send for free booklet. Sent sealed. Guaranteed. Write today. R. V. M. M. 208 Tab. Bk. Denver Col.

HOTEL WORTH

FORT WORTH, TEXAS
First-Class, Modern, American plan. Conveniently located in business center.
MRS. W. P. HARDWICK,
O. P. HANEY, Managers.

DELAWARE HOTEL

M. D. WATSON, Prop., Fort Worth.

THE BANK OF COMMERCE OF FORT WORTH, FOURTEENTH AND MAIN STREETS

OFFERS TO DEPOSITORS EVERY FACILITY CONSISTENT WITH GOOD BANKING AND LIBERAL ACCOMMODATIONS AT REASONABLE RATES AND ARE PREPARED TO TAKE CARE OF ANY ACCEPTABLE BUSINESS OFFERED.

YOUR DEPOSIT ACCOUNT SOLICITED.

PURVIS & COLP

Stylish right-up-to-the-minute LIVERY AND CARRIAGES. First single drivers in North Texas. New Buggies, New Carriages. Try us. Phone 86.

TAKE A PLUNGE IN THE SURF!

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 23 the excursion of the year will be operated from points north of Temple on the Santa Fe to Galveston.

This is an opportunity to enjoy the splendid bathing afforded by the surf on Galveston beach. If you enjoy fishing you can make a trip to the North Jetty and have a good day's sport—there is a comfortable pavilion out there and this year the FARPON and other game fish are unusually abundant.

The work of raising the grade to a level with the great sea wall is now progressing and to see this work alone will well repay you for the trip.

To make it an object to take the trip, a rate unusually low even for excursion has been put on, but there is no room here to explain.

Santa Fe
Ask the Santa Fe
Agent, he knows.
W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A.
Galveston

MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not irritating or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00 or 3 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

THE ASTROLOGER

Gustave Meyer Predicts Dire Calamities for the Month of August on Land and on Sea, as the Stars Show

WARNING TO ROOSEVELT

President Is Advised to Be Careful, and If He Lives Through the Month of August He Is Sure to Be Elected in November

HOBOKEN, N. J., Aug. 5.—To the Telegram:

The following is an interpretation of what the "starry messengers" signify and impart to me on the "Coming Events" for this month of August, according to astrology, the "science of the stars" and which is taken from the new moon, that occurred on July 13 at 9:20 a. m. in Washington, D. C. moon, and from that lunation I find the following facts to be in evidence, and therefore form the following judgment on the "Coming Events" for this month of August for our government, etc.

This will prove to be a most remarkable and eventful month for the United States, and as the lunation fell in the third mansion of the heavens in conjunction with the planet Venus and was afflicted by an evil aspect of the planet Jupiter, and as the planets Mars and Neptune were also posted in conjunction therein as well, this shows that great railroad calamities will continue to occur, and that great postoffice robberies or trouble in postoffices will be much in evidence, therefore it would be well for the postoffice and railroad authorities to be more precautions than usual.

As the fortunate planet Jupiter was posted and afflicted in the fourth mansion this shows that the month of August will be a very evil month for miners, farmers and land or real estate owners, and that floods or tidal waves will be in evidence, as will earthquakes and remarkable atmospheric disturbances or "a war of elements," such as electrical storms, etc., which will cause considerable loss of life and property, and summer resorts will be very unfortunate, and we shall hear of great calamities occurring at such places, and also in theaters or places of amusement, etc., and of the fall of public buildings, and calamities in mines and underground places of employment. Children will be most exceedingly unfortunate, and pleasures will be greatly handicapped, and speculators will also be very unfortunate, great slumps will occur in the speculative world, especially so in Wall street, New York, and many prominent firms will go to the wall, so to speak, or fail.

Some great trouble is indicated to occur to our navy, or naval vessels, therefore it would be highly advisable for our navy department to warn all of our naval commanders to be more precautions than usual, and much loss of life and property can then be saved. August will be a very evil month for the fair sex and for love affairs and marriage, and also for forming partnerships, or engaging in law suits, and we shall hear of considerable trouble occurring to the press and clergy, or literary, professional or scientific people; church attendance will be unusually small, or religion will be apparently on the decline, the morals of the people will be below par, and I regret to add that in a few years hence churches will be comparatively speaking, empty, as people will be using broad minded views or philosophy of their own, which will bring about this radical change in the religious world.

Great calamities will be much in evidence in the water, therefore it will be highly advisable for all pilots and sea captains to keep their weather eye open, more so than usual.

As the evil planet Uranus was posted in the eighth mansion, this shows that mortality will be unusually large, and that many deaths will occur in a peculiar and unexpected manner, and through suicide, and that much trouble or a bereavement is indicated to occur in President Roosevelt's cabinet, and that Uncle Sam should guard well any plans or secrets that he possesses, otherwise such will become exposed to foreign powers who will profit through same.

of making such and should guard himself both in speech and actions, otherwise he will experience a very close call from the grim reaper, and should also guard his good name and honor from becoming involved in any scandalous or disgraceful affairs, or he will be in danger of a fall from grace, and his popularity will be on the wane. However, if he should live beyond August the planetary conditions are such in his individual horoscope which signify the fact that as he will have the sun posted high up on the mid-heaven or in the tenth mansion of the heavens during autumn months that he will then rise in life to eminence and fame, and will be more popular and sociable than usual, and above all will positively be elected to the presidency of the United States in November by a very large majority. However, during his administration there will be four attempts made to assassinate him.

Much trouble is indicated to occur to our soldiers and diplomats abroad, and Uncle Sam should not trust his foreign friends too far, if he would avert foreign complications, and should use "kid glove" diplomacy.

Great swindling will be much in evidence in the race track and speculators will lose heavy or be quite unfortunate. The minds of the people will be in a turbulent and war-like state, and the public health will be way below par. Relative to foreign affairs, Germany, France, England, Spain, Japan, China, and above all Russia in particular will continue to be as usual very unfortunate, and will experience heavy reverses, or disastrous defeats on land and sea, and will soon begin to realize that her days are surely numbered, or that she had at least met her Waterloo, and that her finish is not far off, and the little brown men will gain new laurels for their brow, or be more victorious than usual.

Throughout the whole world strikes, riots and revolutions between master and man will be much in evidence. I remain, Sincerely,
GUSTAVE MEYER,
The Nation's Counselor.

Note—Anyone interested in astrology will receive some very interesting and instructive literature on this subject by sending four cents in stamps and request for same to Professor Gustave Meyer, American Astrologer, offices 124 Bloomfield street, Hoboken, N. J.

REGULAR SESSION OF R. E. LEE CAMP

Captain Evans Offers Resolution Encouraging Location of Factories in This City

The opening of Lee Camp, U. C. V., yesterday was by an invocation offered by Chaplain Wright, after which the minutes of the previous meeting were read by Assistant Adjutant Ball.

Two applications for membership were received, and the committee referred to the examining committee.

The committee to arrange for an old fiddlers' entertainment at Mineral Wells held a meeting after the meeting adjourned to discuss the matter. Major McGinnis announced that it was his opinion it would not justify the camp to give the entertainment, as the Mineral Wells hall was entirely too small.

Chaplain Wright moved that a committee of three be named to prepare a resolution on the death of J. J. Rogers, Comrade J. I. Wright, C. C. Cummings and M. T. Pankey were appointed by Commander Taylor.

Referring to the death and burial of Comrade Rogers, Chaplain Wright said that there was a lack of interest by comrades in attending the funeral of deceased members of the camp. He hoped that hereafter comrades would turn out to funerals of comrades.

Colonel Abe Harris also spoke upon the same subject and said, in case of a death, members should wear their mourning badges.

On next Saturday afternoon Rev. Lambdin will speak to the comrades, and on the following Sunday Rev. Luther Little will address the camp.

Permission was granted the ladies and those interested in humane matters to occupy the rooms of the Sons of Confederate Veterans on Thursday night. At this meeting the organization of the humane society will be perfected.

A resolution was offered by Captain Sam Evans, favoring the establishment of manufactures in Fort Worth. On motion

MELLIN'S FOOD
FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS
No more wakeful nights if you give your baby Mellin's Food. Mellin's Food babies sleep well.
A postal request will bring a sample of Mellin's Food right to your home.
MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Following is the resolution:

Resolved, That R. E. Lee camp as a camp and individuals do all they possibly can for the upbuilding of Tarrant county and Fort Worth as an industrial and manufacturing point by assisting and advocating cotton and woolen mills, a tannery, a boot and shoe factory and a canning establishment. Let us furnish our young people something to do that will be profitable to them and to humanity; assist them in building up the morals of the country. We are told of baseball, saloons, dance halls, gambling parlors and hypocritical smokes pretending to be great agents of the great Jehovah, leeching the vitality out of ignorant and superstitious people. Let us do something to build up the morals of the country, lift up down-trodden humanity and make people more contented by destroying strikes and lockouts.

It is not likely anything will come of the resolution, as the constitution of the order prohibits action being taken on matters other than those having connection with the affairs of the camp.

TEXAS NEWS BRIEFS

Nearly \$1,500 has been raised in Beaumont for the Texas World's Fair fund.

Callie Scott, a negro woman, burned to death at Houston yesterday by the explosion of a lamp.

A state convention of the members of the Epworth League will open at Houston tomorrow.

Eleven men joined the army at Dallas during the past week. Two others were taken on probation.

Wallis Frank was found guilty of murder in the court at Marlin and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty-five years.

The depot at Holland, a station on the Katy, is closed and people who desire to travel must get on the trains on that road without tickets.

A barn belonging to Dr. D. W. Black at Rosebud was struck by lightning Saturday and together with contents was destroyed. Loss, \$500.

On the 28th inst. a big revival meeting is to be held at Corsicana. The meeting is to be in charge of Rev. J. B. Berry of Fort Worth.

An Elks lodge was organized at Weatherford Saturday evening. Nearly a hundred charter members were initiated. A banquet followed the ceremonies.

E. Y. Horn of Terrell has gone to Denison to take a position on the staff of the Herald. He was formerly connected with the Transcript at that place.

The large revival meeting at Hillsboro has been very successful. Over thirty converts have so far been taken into the church.

Corpus Christi citizens are trying to secure the Epworth League state meeting for that place in 1905. Representatives are attending the meeting at Houston.

Colonel W. A. Hewitt of Austin is dead at the home of his daughter at Breckenridge. He was a well known citizen of the state and had a host of acquaintances.

J. J. Borders, a passenger on a train near Kilgore, on Saturday attempted to kill himself by shooting in the head. He was returning from a trip to Georgia.

The 2-months-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Lum Furr, who live east of McKinney, fell into a kettle of boiling water yesterday and was instantly scalded to death.

Fire destroyed a two-story building at Mount Pleasant Sunday. The building was opposite the Cotton Belt depot and was being used as a negro restaurant. Damage, \$250, no insurance.

Mrs. J. R. Arnold of Decatur, while engaged in making tea, was severely burned by the explosion of the bucket in which the tea was brewing. She was badly burned about the face.

T. T. McCain stabbed his wife at Rockwall Sunday and then tried to kill himself. His wife is in a serious condition, while he is dead. The community is considerably wrought up over the affair.

At Waco the remains of a baby have been found. It is said to have been murdered by twisting a cord about its head until the skull was crushed in. The officers are investigating the case.

Trouble at Orange between some of the negroes and white people has started. Negroes have been ordered to leave town, but have so far refused to go. Trouble is expected between the two factions.

A section man on the Aransas Pass Railroad at Cuero got on a rampage Sunday at a boarding house and seriously injured a woman and a man with a Winchester rifle.

The Dallas County Good Roads Association held a meeting Sunday for the purpose of discussing ways and means for the betterment of the roads of that county.

H. AND T. C. SPECIAL RATES
\$9.70 to La Porte and return. Sell August 8 and 9. Limit August 12. Account Epworth League meeting.
\$10.60 to Galveston and return. Sell August 13 and 14. Limit August 21. Account annual reunion Scottish Rite Masons.
\$2.35 to Ennis and return. Sell August 8 and 9. Limit August 16. Account Baptist Association.
\$6.45 to Austin and return. Sell September 13 and 14. Limit September 22. Account Colored Baptists.

For further information call at city office, 311 Main street, Worth Hotel building.

In the possession of Prince Borghese some time ago were six slabs of marble which could be bent at will. The peculiarity is believed to be due to the effect of fire. They were excavated at Mondragon, near Naples, and have a grain like Carrara marble.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

The Peacock Military School—West End, San Antonio, Texas.

100 Cadets. Educate your boy in this dry and elevated atmosphere. A thorough military school. Lieutenant C. C. Todd detailed by secretary of war as professor of military science and tactics. Six university graduates, four thorough military instructors in the faculty. Elegant material, equipment, commodious buildings, spacious campus, athletics, gymnasium. Two cadets to room on single iron bed. Three miles from city by lake of 70 acres. Boating, swimming, fishing, shooting. Cigarette smokers not admitted. Character qualification for admission. Write for catalogue. WESLEY PEACOCK, Ph. B. (University of Ga.), Principal.

Lancaster Military Academy

LANCASTER TEXAS.

Principals George Wharton, A. M., James F. Greer, A. M., John A. Miller, A. B., Director of Music, Clarence S. Morse, graduate of music department of Harvard University also of New England Conservatory of Music. A strictly first class Select Boarding School for Boys and Girls, limited to fifty of each, military discipline and drill under a Commandant, for boys, also athletics under a competent director, a beautiful Campus of 9 acres, splendid buildings, separate homes for boys and girls, a healthful location, artesian water. 140 pupils enrolled first year. Art and Elouction taught by best artists. Write for catalogue. Mention The Fort Worth Telegram.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS 1904. GOVERNMENT HILL.

WEST TEXAS MILITARY ACADEMY

A Boarding and Day School for the moral, physical and military training for boys. Prepares carefully and thoroughly for business life, for college or university, or for West Point—Government Commandant. Subject to government inspection. Strict discipline. Sanitary conditions perfect. Terms reasonable. Next term begins September 15, 1904. Send for illustrated catalogue.

THE CLARK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Horace Clark, Jr., President and Director, 104 East Crockett street, San Antonio, Texas. Affiliated with the New England Conservatory of Music at Boston and the Virgil Conservatory of Music, N. Y. Fully equipped corps of instructors in all branches of music. Second season begins Wednesday, September 7. 150 enrollments the first year. A great success. Why? Best instruction. Teachers who can teach. Moderate tuition. Pupils who can play.

The Lowest Ever

on
AUGUST 15th

Denver \$16.10
Colo. Springs \$14.60
Boulder \$16.70

Rock Island System
V. N. TURPIN, C. T. A.,
Cor. Fifth and Main,
Telephone 127. Fort Worth, Tex.

Special FRISCO Rates!

CHAIR CAR EXCURSIONS \$13.60
To St. Louis, August 13 and 27.

BOSTON AND RETURN \$43.15
August 11, 12 and 13.

LOUISVILLE, KY., AND RETURN \$28.35
August 12 and 15.

Wheat Building.
Phones No. 2. J. B. MORROW,
C. P. & T. A.

SPECIAL CARS VIA INTERURBAN

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ST. ANDREWS SCHOOL

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. 1017 Lamar street. Reopens September 21. Catalogue upon application.

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Main University, Austin

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WM. L. PRATHER, LL. D., President.

Coeeducation, Tuition FREE. Matriculation fee, \$30 (payable in academic and engineering departments in three annual installments.) Annual expenses, \$150 and upwards. Proper credit for work in other institutions.

Session opens September 28. Largest and best equipped libraries, laboratories, natural history and geological collections, Men's and Women's dormitories and gymnasiums in Texas. Board at cost.

Academic Department: Courses of liberal study leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and courses leading to State Teachers' Certificates.

Engineering Department: Courses leading to degrees in Civil, Electrical, Mining and Sanitary Engineering.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—A good office boy. Apply to Drs. McLean and Barber, First National bank.

WANTED—700 men to buy a pair of Suits Royal Blue \$2.50 shoes. Apply at Monnig's.

WANTED—Your pants to press at 10c. Suits pressed, 50c. Phone me. Cut Rate Tailor. New phone 693. 403 Main.

THE left hind foot of a grave yard rabbit is a purely fictitious good-luck talisman—Telegram want ads have displaced it.

YOUNG MAN—From Fort Worth or vicinity to prepare for government position. Experience unnecessary. Good salary. Permanent. Promotion. Fine opening. Box 570-B, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

CLOTHING

All Wool Blue Serge Coat.....\$3.00
\$3.00 All Wool Flannel Pants.....\$2.25
L. GORDON, 1513 Main St.

YOUNG MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in short time; mailed free. Moler Barber College, St. Louis, Mo.

MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, Dallas, Texas, wants men to learn barber trade; special offer this month. Write for terms.

AN EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR, who is well acquainted with city, wishes a position at once. Address, Box 132, city.

GOOD BOYS AND GIRLS to study violin, mandolin or guitar under experienced teacher. Only those who mean business need apply. Special rates this month. S. S. Schneider, 106 North Florence, or 593 Houston.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

—WE—
HAVE IT FOR LESS
RHODES-HAVERTY
Third and Houston Sts.
W. C. HATHAWAY, Manager.

WHAT you want and what you will get are two things which grow to resemble each other after you have used these want ad columns.

WANTED

A BRIGHT, energetic young lady wants to go into a hotel or rooming house business in or out of city, with gentleman who will furnish two or three months' capital. Address B. Telegram.

THE want ads are "the busy little bees of publicity"—and they may be harassed at your service when you use this page.

WANTED—500 overcoats; will loan money or buy them. Simon's Loan Office, 1503 Main street.

WANTED—A few boarders. A private home; first class neighborhood. Must give references. 611 East Bluff street.

WANTED—A couple without children to take all or a part of furnished cottage, close in, on South Side, one block of City Belt; bath, hot water, electric lights, barn and servant's room; cheap rent. Address L. care Telegram.

SITUATIONS WANTED

SITUATION wanted by a nice colored girl as nurse or maid to go traveling through summer. Apply 909 Monroe st.

WANTED—A permanent position as collector and adjuster for corporation or firm willing to pay reasonable salary for services rendered. Address, A-57, this office.

MIDDLE AGED LADY wants position as cook and housework. Apply 1415 South Main, side door.

SALESMEN WANTED

SALESMAN wanted for the new Patterson Door Locker. Call at Colonial Inn, Bonn.

PERSONAL

VIAVA—Mrs. L. G. Thomas. Phone 1284.
Rent your fans from Bound Electric Co.

OUR GLASSES

ALWAYS FIT
Our glasses stop headaches, straighten crooked eyes and relieve nervous disorders, when the eyes strain. We fit more glasses than all others in Fort Worth combined. We guarantee to satisfy. Examination free.
LORD, The Optician

WANTED—The ladies of Fort Worth to call at the Hygienic Beauty Parlors, room 1, 908 Main street. Efficient work; hair dressing, massage, manicuring, Turkish baths, pure toilet goods. Be beautiful! It is not only your privilege, but your right.

BIBLES

The genuine Oxford, at
CONNER'S Book Store,
707 Houston Street.

HOTELS

MANSON HOTEL, Fourth and Main, pleasant rooms, the best to eat in Fort Worth. Take advantage of our low rates for summer. Call or telephone. Old establishment. Mrs. R. J. Massey.

CASBY'S HOTEL, 1217 Tower Grove avenue, St. Louis, Mo.; 50c day; meals 25c. Get off train at Tower Grove station, walk three blocks north; everything new; ten minutes of fair; no extortion; secure rooms now avoid the coming rush; get up your clubs; accommodations for seventy-five persons.

LAUNDRY

WANTED—Your cuffs and collars, 14c each; shirts, 5c. The Penny Steam Laundry, 493 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FOR SALE

We have always sold for less than others, cash or time. For August we will undersell ourselves. We are overstocked and must sell. Your price buys.

NIX

The Furniture Man,
302-4 Houston St. Both Phones.

CARPET RENOVATING WORKS—Carpets, rugs, feathers and mattresses renovated, made to order. Phone 167 1 ring old phone.

Get your lawn mower sharpened at Bound Electric Co., 1006 Houston st. by an expert.

FOR BARGAINS in furniture and refrigerators, sold on small payments, see H. Telfair, manager, 206 Houston street.

"CALAMITY is man's true touchstone" and to lose your job is often to find one twice as good if you try The Telegram want ad way.

DR. ABDILL moved from Columbia to Dundee building, over Parker's drug store.

GLASSES FITTED by my method will permanently stop headaches, indigestion, constipation, neuralgia, dyspepsia, epileptic fits and straighten crooked eyes. No knife or medicine. Dr. T. J. Williams, Scientific Refractionist, 315 Houston street.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIP AGENCY, 710 Main, Fort Worth; low rates from the old country. T. P. Fenslon, agent.

WE HAVE a safe and speedy cure for eczema and all skin diseases. Also a sure dandruff cure. Both guaranteed. Price \$1. Write for testimonials. Bittling Eczema Cure Co., Pittsburg, Texas.

FOR FINE WATCH and jewelry repairing—see L. Friedman, the Swiss Watchmaker and Jeweler, 1505 Main street.

FINANCIAL

SIMON'S LOAN OFFICE makes loans on all articles of value. 1503 Main street.

I HAVE a limited amount of money to invest in vendor's lien notes. Otho S. Houston, at Hunter-Phelan Savings Bank and Trust Co.

MONEY TO LOAN on farms and ranches by the W. C. Belcher Land Mortgage Co., corner Seventh and Houston streets.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos, stock and salaries. The Bank Loan Co., 108 W. 9th St. Phone 2496-2r.

LOANS on farms and improved city property. W. T. Humble, representing Land Mortgage Bank of Texas, Fort Worth National Bank Building.

PUBLICITY that is still privacy—your friend need not know that you want another job if you advertise for it on this page.

TEXAS LOAN CO. salary and chattel loans. Phone 1013, 1 ring. 1310 Main.

TO EXCHANGE

"TO CATCH occasion by the foretop" is to begin to advertise for a new tenant as soon as you know the old one is to leave.

FOR EXCHANGE—320 acres near Vernon, fairly well improved, for \$1,200, residence in Fort Worth, Dallas or Sherman, Texas. Will give good terms and receive. Land worth \$3,500. W. H. Lewis, Vernon, Texas.

TEXAS BUSINESS CHANCE BUREAU will sell, exchange or buy your merchandise, farm, ranch or city property. E. T. Odom & Co., 308 Houston street, both phones.

WANTED TO TRADE—For horse, one graded Jersey milk cow and one yearling Jersey heifer; Dargatz of Jerseys. L. N. Nichols, Texas Printing Co.

WANTED—To exchange all kinds of literature for second-hand school books. Green's Book Store, 906 Houston street.

ROOMS FOR RENT

ELEGANT RIGS AT ALL TIMES
AND FOR ALL OCCASIONS. TRY
US. PHONE 49.

BURNS' STABLE

FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms, south side, pleasant, convenient. New phone 339.

ROOM FOR RENT, apply 310 Jackson.

MRS. R. C. MOORE, formerly of the Harold hotel, corner Tenth and Houston streets, has opened up a first-class rooming house, at 912 Monroe street.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS with privilege of phone and bath. 802 East Seventeenth.

FOR RENT—Nice furnished rooms, with or without board; phone and bath. 214 North Elm street.

THE COLONIAL INN, just opened. Newly furnished. Every room neat and parlor. Modern conveniences. Rooms and board \$4 a week and up. Furnished rooms very reasonable. 394 Fifteenth street. Old phone 1023. C. M. Oliver, proprietor.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished south room with modern conveniences, at 513 Taylor street.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board, near center of town. Old phone 2270. New phone 1317 red. Apply 513 East Sixth street.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms and one furnished room. 809 E. 17th st. Phone 2427.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping, desirable, cheap. 293 Rusk.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 404 Wheeler st.

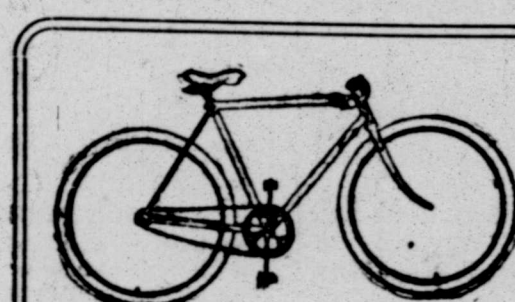
FURNITURE

FURNISH your house at \$1.00 per week. I have two houses full of goods. U. E. Lewis Furniture Co., west of court house, on Houston street, and I. X. L. store, corner of First and Houston. Phone 1229 1r.

ARTISTIC WIREWORK

ARTISTIC WIREWORK—Texas Anchor Fence Co.; catalogue, Ft. Worth.

AN UNUSED BICYCLE



Is a cumbersome thing in your store house. If you no longer ride, make a bargain offer of your wheel through

THE TELEGRAM'S FOR SALE COLUMNS

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR LEASE—Typesetting machine. We have in our possession a Simplex typesetting machine formerly used on the West Texas Stockman at Colorado, Texas, for which we have no use. This machine is complete with all necessary type, leads, etc., and is the very thing for an up-to-date country office. It can be obtained on very favorable terms. Stockman Publishing Co., Fort Worth, Texas.

FOR ALL KINDS of scavenger work, phone 918. Lee Taylor.

EXCHANGE—Furniture, stoves, carpets, mattresses, draperies of all kinds; the largest stock in the city where you can exchange your old goods for new. Everything sold on easy payment. Ladd Furniture and Carpet Co., 704-6 Houston street. Both phones 552.

Rubber Tire Setting.

WOOD & WOOD
401-403 Houston Street.

Eat the Best—
MODEL MOTHER'S BREAD
—Save the Tags

MONEY TO LOAN

TAKE NOTICE—Will loan \$15,000 on improved city property or first-class farm lands at 8 per cent interest for two, three or four years.

Will build seven-room two-story stone house, on either south or west side, on one of the best streets in the city, to suit purchaser on a small cash payment of \$500. Will also build house to suit purchaser on Homestead street. Lot 57x122 feet deep, east front, according to their own plans and specifications, and on St. Louis avenue on lot 50x103 feet, east front, for small cash payment on Homestead street proposition of only \$450, and on St. Louis avenue of only \$250.

Also some money on hand for building purposes. A. W. Samuels, 112 West Ninth st., between Main and Houston, down stairs. Old phone 533, 3 rings. New phone 988.

We do a general insurance business, fire, plate glass, liability and tornado. You will find out from our customers that their losses are speedily adjusted and without controversy. We handle nothing but old line stock fire insurance companies, the representative ones of the United States. A. W. Samuels, Fire Insurance Agent, Notary Public, 112 West Ninth.

FOR RENT

H. C. Jewell. H. Veal Jewell.
H. C. JEWELL & SON,
The rental agents of the city, 1000 Houston street.

TYPEWRITERS for rent; any make. Lyerly & Smith, 506 Main St.

NICELY furnished home on car line for rent. Quiet locality, good neighbors and cheap rates. Call 310 Bessie street, phone 1809.

FOR RENT—Five-room house; all modern conveniences, on Peter Smith street, between Adams and Henderson, \$25 per month. Apply, J. D. Kane, 903 Main street.

\$5 Reward!
For anyone sending me a renter for the north end of the old City Market.

W. E. HUFFMAN,
Old Phone 351. 14th and Rusk.

FIVE-ROOM house for rent on South Side, near car line, bath room, good outfitting, a large yard, shade trees, water furnished, \$15. McClung & Jewell.

FOR RENT—One-half of an 8-room house on Fahey street, with bath and phone privilege. Apply 510 West Belknap.

STOVE REPAIRING

REPAIRING—We repair all heating, cooking, gas, gasoline stoves and ranges; also repair and refinish all kinds of furniture. We do job work. All work guaranteed. Gasoline stove experts. Myers & Truman, 298 Houston. Old phone 1954-1r.

FOR SALE

ONE OF THE FINEST ranches in the state for sale by W. H. Graham, Cuero, Texas.

\$200 for \$375 upright piano, used three months. \$5.00 monthly. Alex Hirschfeld.

THE house you would most want to buy is probably not known to be for sale—but a "real estate" want here would likely uncover it.

FOR SALE—Ten fine Jersey cows; all fresh in milk; will sell on monthly payments or trade for dry cattle. 500 Victor boulevard, Glenwood. Telephone 1886.

FOR SALE—A brand new differential chain hoist, one and one-half tons capacity; thirty-three feet of chain. Cost \$30. A bargain if taken now. Can be seen at Telegram office.

Car load Express and Delivery Wagons received.

WOOD & WOOD
401-403 Houston Street.

ONE to ten vacant lots in Cunningham & Woodall addition at a bargain. Terms reasonable. 414 East Second street.

FOR SALE—Two National Cash Registers in AI order, cheap. 414 East Second st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Home at Arlington Heights, Frank H. Sanguinet.

FOR SALE—One wagon, a new tent, ice boxes, table. 1427 Evans avenue.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A new five-room cottage, on car line; good service; electric lights, gas, hot and cold water. Apply, room 303, Hoxie building.

FOR SALE—Nice driving horse and rubber tired runabout, cheap at Burns' Stable, corner Seventh and Rusk streets.

FOR SALE—Brand new Columbus phaeton, a bargain. 712 Macon street.

ALMOST NEW REFRIGERATOR, gas stove, kitchen cabinet and other household goods. 1013 Taylor. Call at once.

FOR SALE—We have quite a number of beautiful cottages in any part of the city, prices ranging from \$1,000 to \$4,000, on terms to suit; also a number of vacant lots in any part of the city. We buy, sell, rent and exchange real estate. Walter T. Maddox, Wheat Building.

FOR RENT—Four-room house, West Weatherford street. Apply 1200, Kane street, Mike Hurley.

WANTED TO BUY

WE want to buy your second-hand furniture, highest price paid in cash or exchange. Furniture Exchange, 308 Houston. Old phone 2585. New phone 771.

WANTED TO BUY—Clean rags. At Telegram Office.

WANTED—To buy a second-hand safe, about medium size. Address Safe, care Telegram office.

MODEL MOTHER'S BREAD
SAVE TAGS

DENTISTS

RELIABLE DENTIST—Dr. McCormick, southeast corner Third and Main sts.

RESTAURANTS

WHEN YOU WANT the best and the most for the least money, go to Kelley's Restaurant, 608 Houston street.

IT'S THE TRUTH—The "O. K." regular dinner satisfies, 25c. 908 Houston.

PLEASURE

MUSIC played while you eat at Kelley's Restaurant, 608 Houston st. Music furnished by the Pannola Music Company.

ROOM AND BOARD

BOARD AND ROOMS, 510 West Belknap. Phone 2143.

ROOMS and board, \$5 per week; everything nice and new. Over the J. J. Langavey Co., opposite City Hall. Phone 1960.

The Capera Bottling Company

Manufacturers and Bottlers of strictly high-class beverages.

"TIN TOP" A SPECIALTY
Family trade solicited, and any one having empty bottles please notify us.

Kuhen & Uglow,
SUCCESSORS.

Phone 242. FORT WORTH.

BUSINESS CHANCES

METAL GRILLE WORK—Texas Anchor Fence Co.; catalogue, Ft. Worth.

COUNTER RAILING

COUNTER RAILING—TEXAS Anchor Fence Co.; catalogue, Ft. Worth.

AWNINGS

AWNINGS made at Scott's Renovating Works and Awning Factory. Phone 157 1 ring, new phone 864.

MINERAL WATER

FOR FRESH Mineral Waters. "Crazy" and "Gibson" delivered promptly phone 2167. J. & Lee, Agent, 1062 Houston street.

BUGGIES AND WAGONS

If you are thinking of buying a runabout, surrey, phaeton or anything in the vehicle line, see others, then see us. Fife & Miller, 312 Houston street, W. J. Tackaberry, Manager.

If you want a Buggy or Wagon at best prices and on best terms, see H. A. WILLIAMS, 213-215 W. 2d st., Fort Worth.

High-Class, Up-to-Date Vehicles.

WOOD & WOOD
401-403 Houston Street.

EATING AND PLAYING

GOOD eating and good music at Kelley's Restaurant, everything in season, 604 Houston st. Music furnished by the Pannola Company.

BANK RAILING

BANK RAILING—TEXAS ANCHOR Fence Co.; catalogue, Fort Worth.

INSURANCE

W. H. WILLE—Fire, tornado and plate glass insurance. 109 West Sixth street, Fort Worth, Texas. Telephone 1800.

C. W. CHILDRESS & CO.

INSURANCE

611 Main St. Phone 758.

STOCK FENCE

HOG AND STOCK FENCE—Texas Anchor Fence Co.; catalogue, Ft. Worth.

ATTORNEYS

R. E. BECKHAM, C. G. BECKHAM, lawyers, Fort Worth National bank bldg.

LEDGERWOOD & KASSEL, Attorneys at Law, Phone 1456-402 Wheat Building.

UMBRELLAS

WANTED—1,000 umbrellas to recover and repair. Corner Second and Main streets. Chas. Baggett.

MESSENGERS

Caswell's Messenger Service

ROOM 9, SCOTT-HARROLD BLDG. Phone 1659 Never Close BUSH CASWELL PROP.

OSTEOPATH

DR. HARRIS, Osteopath, fourth floor, Fort Worth National bank building. Telephones 733 and 1651.

LOST AND FOUND

FIRST-CLASS DRIVING RIGS OF ALL KINDS. BURNS' STABLE, PHONE 49.

FOUND—Pin stems for brooches, 10c each, at L. Friedman, Swiss Watchmaker and Jeweler, 1505 Main street.

LOST—Gold chain, watch box. Return to Telegram office for reward.

LOST—On either Main or Third streets, two \$10 bills and two silver dollars. Reward if returned to Telegram.

WIRE FENCES

IRON AND WIRE FENCES—Texas Anchor Fence Co.; catalogue, Ft. Worth.

REAL ESTATE

Real Estate Bargains

BEAUTIFUL 5-room house, just being completed, will sell for \$1,500; see us for terms. Two new houses, just completed, seven rooms, hall and bath, \$2,250; terms like you want. About forty 4 and 5-room cottages for sale cheap and on easy terms. Lots in all portions of the city. Money to loan on city property on the west, south and east side. We are building many houses. If you want a house, get in the push. Sell on almost any terms. 5-room house, close in, on east side, owner leaving city; can be had if taken at once for the small sum of \$2,200.

Haggard & Duff

Phone 840. 706 1/2 Main.

FOR SALE—Eight-room house, close in, modern conveniences. Address Agce Bros. Screen Co.

OWNER

MUST HAVE MONEY—Will take \$275 for east front, corner lot, on Washington street, two blocks from City Belt car line.

SMITH & BUCHANAN

Phone. 506 Main Street.

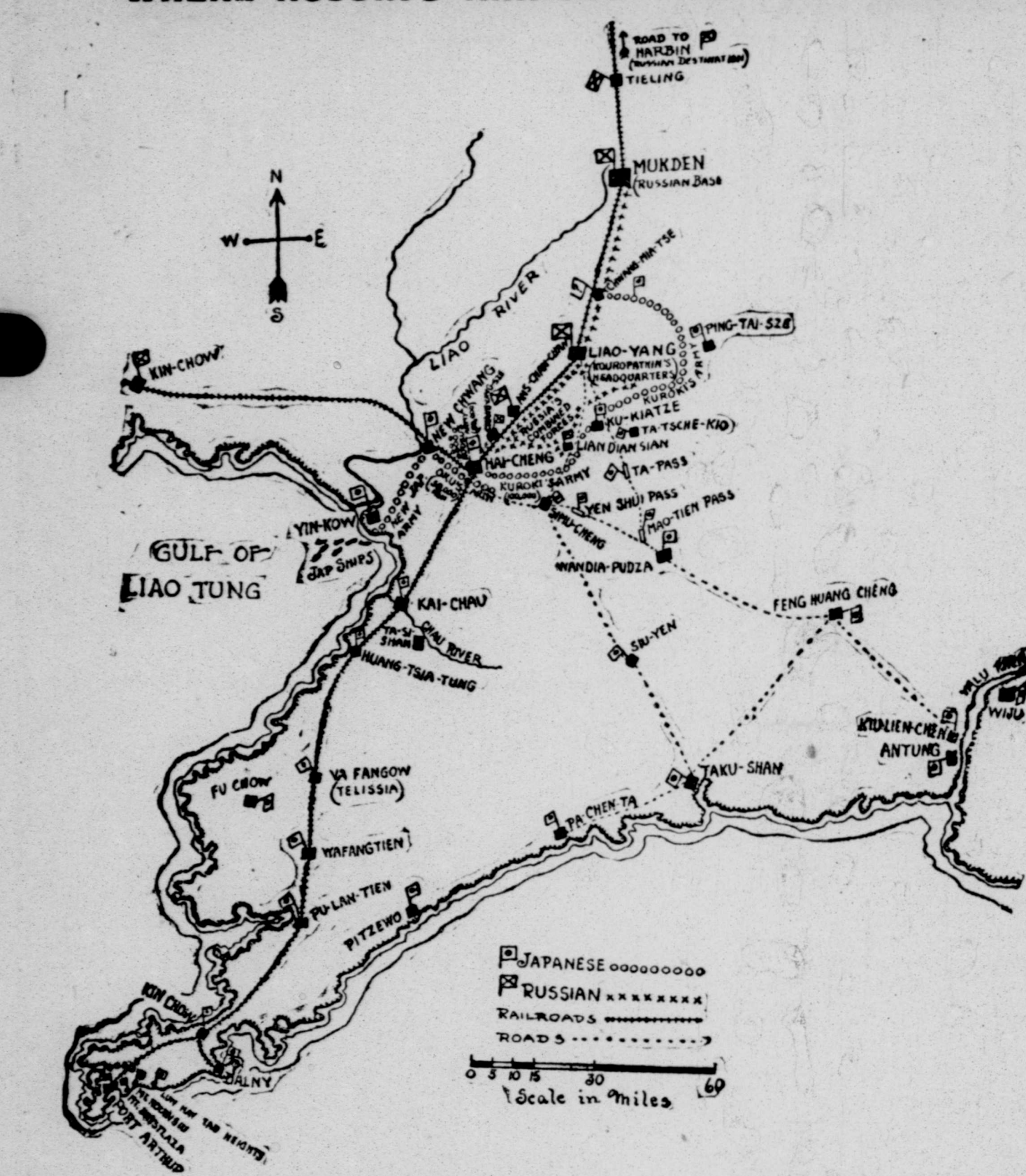
VACANT LOT BARGAIN—East front, corner, on Fifth avenue, \$300. Smith & Buchanan, 506 Main street.

FOR SALE—Seven-room, two-story, frame and plastered house, with hall, closets, porches, bath room, servant's house, barn, lot 50x140 feet to alley. Price, \$2,250; \$100 cash, and \$25 monthly. FIVE-ROOM cottage on south side, hall, closets, porches, hydrants, barn, sheds, south front, corner lot, 100x100 feet. Price, \$1,250; \$100 cash, balance \$15 monthly. J. A. INGRAM, 706 1/2 Main Street, over Wells Fargo Express Office.

FOR ANY KIND of a real estate deal see me. J. M. Warren, 611 Main street, Fort Worth, Texas. Phone 2358.

CIGARS

WHERE RUSSIA'S ANXIOUS EYES ARE TURNED



General Kuropatkin, by his continued withdrawal toward the north, has, according to reliable advice from the seat of war, been able to avoid thus far a decisive engagement with the Japanese forces enveloping his army. He has, however, retreated about as far as possible, and there is no doubt in the minds of those most closely in touch with the situation that the fight will occur within a day or two.

There is a possibility that the fight will not occur about Ans-Chan-Chan, as has

been generally believed, but that the field of battle may be transferred to the vicinity of Liao Yang. This possibility arises from the fact that the Japanese army under General Kuroki, which has been and still is menacing the Russian forces from the northeast, is drawing its lines closely around Liao Yang, and shows no disposition to advance further south. It is possible that Kuropatkin's plan is to get as near Mukden as possible before engaging the enemy.

The forces of the mikado, under Gen-

erals Oku and Nodzu, also continue their advance, and the encircling mesh is being drawn closer and closer. Dispatches from St. Petersburg state that the pessimism there is growing. It is known that official dispatches have been received at frequent intervals from the front during the past few days, and the fact that they have not been made public is accentuating the feeling of anxiety, as this silence by the dispatches is taken to indicate that the operations have no hopeful indications in them.

THE MEAT STRIKE

Claims of the Packers at Chicago for the Situation as it Appeared to Them During the Working Days of Last Week

WHAT THE UNION SAYS

Answer in Regard to Child Labor Law—Some of the Men Brought to Chicago Claim They Were Deceived by the Agencies Employing Them

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—The following is the claim made by the packers for last week:

The statement from the packers is given out by Edward Tilden.

"The progress made last week at all plants is satisfactory to the packers. More men are being employed daily. All contracts are being filled. The packers are satisfied and there is a normal supply of beef, mutton and provisions at all points in the United States, and sales are being made at lower prices than before the strike commenced."

"The rolls showed the number of men at work at all points to be a total of more than 29,000, made up as follows:

Armour & Co.	3,115
Swift & Co.	8,523
Nelson Morris & Co.	3,348
Libby, McNeil & Libby	621
Schwartz & Sulzberger Co.	1,926
Cudahy & Co.	1,431
Total	29,669

"A careful and correct record of cars shipped by the packers on Wednesday, August 3 (one day), from all points, shows a total of 831 cars. This volume can be better appreciated when it is stated that the shipments to market of the packers on this one day would make a solid train of refrigerator cars six and one-half miles long, which hardly bears out the extravagant assertions of the strikers of a great reduction in output."

"What purpose would be the actual conditions existing in the other packing centers last week was given by the packers as follows:

Fort Worth, Texas.—Full complement of men; killing and shipping normal, and all help offered, both in skilled and unskilled labor, that can be used.

Kansas City.—Nearly all semblance of a strike has disappeared; all packing houses operating with full force of men.

Omaha.—Reports from this point indicate that all plants are working with reduced forces, but are gaining daily, and at the present rate will reach normal output by the end of this week.

St. Paul.—Everything quiet; full force of men employed; and killing, loading and shipping progressing in about the same volume as before the strike.

St. Louis.—The effort of the packers to operate their plants at this point has been a complete success. All departments are running with full force of men in the force employed before the strike.

UNION SIDE OF CONTROVERSY

The union side of the controversy was presented in a statement as follows:

"Three days ago the meat trust spokesmen declared that the child labor law promoted by the union had done more harm than good in the stock yards industry. He continued: 'Many people hold that the best industrial condition is that in which all the members of a family wish can find employment at the same place. This was the condition in the packing industry before the passage of recent laws. Fathers, mothers and children worked together in the same establishment.'"

"His statement was unfortunate at this time, for it not only revealed the trust's heartless disregard of its workmen's homes and little children, but it vividly recalled the old days, when boys and girls 11 and 12 years old strained ten hours a day in factory because their fathers, the unskilled laborers, were paid \$5.50 a week, the wage to which the trust once more proposes to reduce them."

"The law of supply and demand," says the trust, "is far too deep to be shaken by any labor union." But there is a still deeper law—the law of human living. And if they can now force our families down to \$5.50 a week, then the public must pay the price. The charity bureau next winter will need more relief funds, the hospitals next winter will need more nurses. It may be that the reform schools will have to make room for more children."

COMPLAIN OF DEPARTURE

Complaints were numerous from the new workers brought into the plants that they had come to Chicago under misrepresentations by the employment agencies. Late in the afternoon twenty-five boys went from Armour & Co's plant to the union headquarters and asked for assistance to get away from work they said they could not endure. They were given union buttons and were taken in charge by a committee from the organization.

At the same plant sixty-five Italians, brought from Minneapolis, declared they had been hired to work in a furniture factory in Grand Rapids, Mich., at \$3 a day. They were told to "keep still and enter the buildings." A few got away and laid their case before the Italian consul.

The total additions to the working forces were 422 and the desertions 545. A "truck store" system has been established in some of the plants, where clothing is sold, so that the men will not need to go outside for wearing apparel.

FOREIGNERS RETURN HOME

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Fifty foreigners, nearly all former employees of the stock yards and packing houses, left early today for their old homes abroad. They were discouraged they said with the predicament that faced them, with no settlement of the strike in sight, living expenses high and their savings dwindling away before cold weather. The majority of them spoke no English, though they had been in the country for years. There were Bohemians, Poles and Italians in the number, and all were of a thrifty class, who had saved the greater part of the money they had earned in the yards.

DECLINES TO INTERFERE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—President Roosevelt declined to interfere in the case of John W. Burley, a negro, con-

signed in the jail of the District of Columbia under a sentence of death for the crime of criminal assault, the victim having been a little girl four and a half years old. The president directed the sentence of the jury to be carried into effect August 26 as decreed.

IN THE COURTS

BOY IS ARRESTED

A 16-year-old boy was today arrested by Officer Dick Howell in North Fort Worth, charged with an unmentionable crime. The boy was held in the sum of \$500. He is in jail.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Marriage licenses were today issued to R. O. Perry and Miss Augusta Monig; George Odom and Miss Emma Fugate; J. D. Uselman and Miss Mary Morrow.

COUNTY COURT

The following pleas of guilty were accepted in this court today:

Nettie Worthington, theft, was fined \$1 and given thirty days in jail.

Robert McMaines, theft; fined \$10 and ten days in jail.

The appraisal of the estate of Mrs. Sarah C. Ball was approved by the court today. The inventory was filed on Saturday.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

The regular fall session of the county commissioners' court will convene this afternoon. Claims will first receive attention, after which road matters will be taken up. The court will be in session four or five days.

MRS. BALL'S WILL

The inventory of the will of Mrs. Sarah C. Ball, which was recently filed for probate in the courts of this county, was filed Saturday for the probate clerk. The appraisers are W. E. Connel, H. G. Bury and John M. Scott. The real estate is estimated to be worth \$68,800, personal property \$613,500, with claims owing to the state amounting to \$41,324.25, making a grand total of \$118,634.25.

In the inventory is included real estate in Fort Worth valued at \$25,000, real estate in Galveston \$22,000, 640 acres of land in Coleman county \$800, 532 acres in Harris county \$15,000, 640 acres in Lampasas county \$800, 640 acres in Runnels county \$800, 7 1/2 acres in Somervell county \$100, 320 acres in Tyler county \$300, one-third interest in Retrieve plantation, Brazoria county, \$12,500.

The personal property is appraised as follows: Forty shares of the First National Bank of Beaumont \$4,000, 10 shares First National Bank of Brownsville \$1,000, 20 shares First National Bank of Galveston \$2,000, 12 shares First National Bank of Waco, \$1,200, 10 shares First National Bank of Yoakum \$1,000, 25 shares First National Bank of Wichita Falls, \$2,500, 15 shares Lavaca county National Bank of Hallettsville \$1,500, 20 shares Providence National Bank of Waco \$2,000, 52 shares American Manufacturing Company \$5,300, 40 shares Clarke & Courts Company of Galveston \$3,500, 1,000 shares Galveston Gas Company \$20,000, 500 shares Galveston Wharf Company \$30,000, 100 shares Galveston Rope and Twine Company \$100, 25 shares Galveston and Houston Investment Company \$200, 100 shares Texas Land and Loan Company \$9,000, 50 shares Texas Guarantee and Trust Company \$5,000, 1,200 shares New York and Texas Steamship Company \$95,000, 10 shares C. F. Monroe Company \$2,500, 100 shares Automatic Typewriter Company \$100, 100 Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company 4 per cent bonds \$100,000, 50 Baltimore and Ohio Railway 3 1/2 per cent bonds \$45,000, 24 Pittsburg, C. C. and St. L. R. R. 4 1/2 per cent bonds \$24,000, 20 Rome, Watertown and Ogdenburg 5 per cent bonds \$20,000, 20 West Shore Railway Company 4 per cent bonds \$50,000, 16 Utica and Black River Railroad 4 per cent bonds \$16,000, 77 United New Jersey Railway and Canal Company 4 per cent bonds \$7,700, 20 (1,000 shares) United States 4 per cent 1925 bonds \$26,000, 80 (\$1,000 each) United States 2 per cent bonds \$8,000, Galveston Gas Company 6 per cent bonds \$10,000, 22 (\$1,000 each) Galveston Wharf Company 6 per cent bonds \$30,000, 20 (\$1,000 each) Galveston Wharf Company 5 per cent bonds \$18,000, 5 Hunt county 8 per cent bonds \$5,000, 10 (\$1,000 each) Galveston Rope and Twine Company 6 per cent bonds \$3,000, two safes \$100.

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