Lubbock Morning Avalanche

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TESTIMONY IN GOOD CASE BEGINS

THIRD PARTY TO SELECT THEIR CANDIDATE

CONVENTION CALLED BUT COMPLICATIONS MAY CAUSE SPLIT

By The United Press

CHICAGO, July 3.—Delegates from minority parties claiming to represent the voting strength of from four to five million people of the United States, are in convention here today to organize a third political party, and atempt to select a "dirt farmer" President. It is predicted that Henry Ford will be the storm center of the convention.

Complications Enter Convention.

CHICAGO, July 3.—The third political party which the Farmer Labor party had hoped for out of the conglomerate mess of radical political labor unions, and other bodies who have become dissatisfied with the older parties, may develop an ultra-radical organization in which the Farmer-Laborites will have no part.

Instead of specializing whether Henry Ford, Parley Christiansen, or Senator LaFollette would be the most likely candidate for the proposed new party, the delegates Tuesday were wondering what would be the outcome of the Conference since the radical outsiders had swamped the meeting snowing under the Farmer-Labor delegates.

The conference is now adjourned awaiting further action, and some have predicted that a split would be brought about among the Farmer and Labor parties themselves.

Shelby Seething Mass Of Humanity Preceding Fight

By the United Press

SHELBY, Mont. July 3.—The little town of Shelby is ablaze today with the biarre crowds so foreign to the ordinary quiet cowboy city. City people, farmers, Indians, prize fighters, hattle holders, civilian constables with big guns on their hips, and girls in knickers, all have gathered to make up the motley crowd that has gathered here for the Dempsey-Gibbons fight which will be staged tomorrow. Forty thousand visitors are estimated to be in the city today, and prices of practically every commodity have soared sky high.

Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, has taken charge of the entire sale of the seats for the bout in order to make sure of getting the first hundred thousand dollars, which was lacking on the guarantee for the fight. However, he is assisted by an Internal Revenue Collector and twenty-five men on the grounds.

Gibbons is an amazing man on the last day before the match seemingly in perfect physical trim. He took a walk early today and went thru light exercises. Hiram Dempsey, father of Jack is on the grounds dressed in store clothes, and while whittling and chewing tobacco, told stories of Jack when he was a little boy.

Shelby perhaps is the most thoroughly policed community in the United States, northern detectives, special deputy sheriffs, special constables, bands from the police departments, and state and Federal prohibition agents, being on the grounds to see that peace is preserved.

WEATHER

N. Car., S. Car.—Partly cloudy Wednesday.

Fla.—Local thundershowers Wednesday.

Extreme N. W. Fla, Ala., Miss.,—Unchanged.

La.—Wednesday partly cloudy, light easterly winds on the coast.

Ark.—Wednesday partly cloudy.

Okla.—Wednesday partly cloudy.

E. Texas—Wednesday partly cloudy, light to moderate easterly to southerly winds on the coast.

W. Texas—Wednesday partly cloudy, local thundershowers in the Panhandle.

Cotton Region Summary

Temperature continues below normal with minimum generally 60 to 70 and maximum 80 to 90, except around 90 in N Carolina.

Mostly light to moderate showers have fallen in the Atlantic and Gulf states.

POSSES SCOURING COUNTRY IN SEARCH OF ESCAPED MINNESOTA BANDIT

By the United Press

LITLE FALLS, Minn., July 3.—The tail of Edmund Rust, a desperat, was picked up here today wherit was learned that he had fougt a gun duel with a railroad speci agent on top of a freight train.

A ozen posses are seeking Rust following his shooting to death of Sherf Fulker on a passenger train yesterday while he was being taken to th penitentiary. While hand cuffe he grabbed Fulker's gun, and shot m, later forcing pasengers on the tin to unlock the cuffs. He then umped from the window of the tin, stole an automobile and made his getaway.

FRANCE BEET SUGAR SHOWS HUGE PROFIT

PRIS, June 3.—Beet sugar farms of France made a profit of 2,000,000 francs ($125,000), on their crops in the past three years and sugar refineries made a profi of 520,000,000 francs ($32,000,00) during the same period in refing (his sugar, according to an investigation of the French ministry of agriculture.

In 1922 and 1923 the refiners made profit of 219 per cent upon their capitol and the previous year they made a profit of 315 per cent. The report adds that the refiners also made a profit upon speculations in sugar, which cannot be traced.

POPE DIRECTS APPROPRIATION OF RELIEF FUND FOR REFUGEES

By the United Press

ROME, July 3.—Pope Pius has directed that a sum be appropriated for the serving of a daily breakfast to the eight hundred Greek Orthodox children who are gatherd at Constantinople as refugees.

They are remnants of the Asia Minor exacuation who are now gathered in the filthy refugee camps along the Bosporus, and are living under unspeakable conditions, being faced with a typhus cholera epidemic.

NICE RAIN FELL IN DAWSON COUNTY

Special to the Avalanche

LAMESA, July 3.—On Sunday night a nice rain of between a quarter and a half inch fell over Dawson county and the South Plains. This rain was very fine and about the amount needed.

Crops are looking fine and the past two weeks of warm weather has caused a very rapid growth. Prospects are good for a bumper feed crop and cotton is fine but late.

The movies are popular because actions speak louder than words.

Wouldn't it be great if you could send the baby to the laundry?

ARTILLERY UNIT TO ENTRAIN FOR CAMP

OFFICERS AND MEN TO LEAVE TODAY FOR SUMMER CAMP

A number of the members of Battery C, 131st Field Artillery, in charge of Captain Conley and Lieutenants Mitchell and Griffith will entrain this morning for San Antonio where they will spend two weeks in intensive training at Camp Stanley.

According to information given out by one of the officers late Tuesday evening the soldiers are in fine trim for the work they will be given in camp, and all are elated over the trip, some of the boys declaring that it will be a regular vacation for them as they like outdoor work, and are not given such opportunities as are offered in camp for physical development.

The members of Battery C, 131st Field Artillery, are splendid representatives of the south plains country, and Lubbock people are proud of each and every one of them.

The me nhave worked with their officers with a friendliness that cannot be fouhd away from Army life, and discipline has been especially good.

Though a little "hard luck" has been suffered by the Battery in the loss of its warehouse and stable buildings by storm several weeks ago, Lubbock businessmen are awake to the advantages of having such organization located here and they may be depended upon to meet any demands that will be made upon them in the way of financing a rebuilding program.

SNEAD WILL RECOVER FROM WOUNDS

THOUGHT TO BE OUT OF DANGER FOLLOWING SHOOTING AFFRAY

PADUCAH, June 3.—John Beal Sneed, prominent in some of the most thrilling shooting scrapes in the history of Texas, and who was shot at 2:30 noon Monday by C. W. Berry, who used a shotgun loaded with buckshot, will in all probability recover from the wounds, according to information from the Quanah hospital in which he is being treated.

Berry, who gave up to officers shortly after the killing, which took place in front of the Zana Theatre, has announced that he will plead self defense when a case is brought against him in court. He had no further comment to make on the killing, in spite of the fact of the fact that he was questioned.

Sneed and Berry are familiar characters in Texas criminal history, and for this reason very little interest is being shown in the affair here, however many inquiries have been received at the Quanah hospital concerning the condition of Sneed.

Berry is under an indictment charged with assault with intent to kill.

DATE SET FOR HEARING OF ARNOLD SWINDLE CASE AT HOUSTON

By the United Press

HOUSTON, July 3.—The case of Virgil T. Arnold, a member of the Legislature, who is charged in sixteen misdemeanor indictments of swindling, will be heard in the County court here July 25th.

The charges grew out of the alleged failure of Arnold to turn over the full compensation due to an old negro woman for the death of her husband. Several hundred dollars, it is claimed, which belonged to the negro, was left in his possession and, it is alleged that he failed to turn the full amount over to the woman upon hi ssettlement with her.

MEN INDICTED IN GOOSE CREEK FLOGGINGS MAKE BOND

By the United Press

HOUSTON, July 3.—All of the men who have ben indicted by the Harris County grand jury in connection with the alleged Goose Creek floggings and mob rule, have appeared before the proper authorities here and made bond.

Arthur Forden, Walter Harvey, Bill Darby and Bill Allen, all of whom were indicted on felonies, charged with assault with prohibitive weapons, have made bond for $2,500 each. Five additional men who were indicted on six misdemeanor charges of aggravated assault, made bond for $200 each.

These cases in all probability will come up in the next term of court.

RECOGNITION OF MEXICO DRAWING CLOSER, REPORTED

By the United Press.

MEXICO CITY, July 3.—American Delegate Warren to the American-Mexico Recognition Conference now in session, reports that both countries are progressing and getting closer together. However, no further word has been received regarding the proposals to confiscate a portion of the ranch of William Randolph Hearst in Chicahua.

JEFFERIES TO REFEREE WILLARD-FIRPO BOUT

By the United Press.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Jim Jefferies former chavyweight champion of the world in the fight ring has consented to referee the Jess Willard-Louis Firpo fight which will be held in Jersey City on July 12th, Tex Rickard, the promoter of the fight announced here today.

NEFF TO MAKE FIRST SPEECH AT HAVANA

United Press

AUSTIN, July 3.—According to cable advices received here today, Governor Neff, who accompanied the West Texas Chamber of Commerce booster trip, will make his first speech of the tour tomorrow at Havana, Cuba. His address, it is stated, will cover mainley Independence Day and its significance.

KEARNS TAKE CHANCE AND STAGES FIGHT

Unifed Press

GREAT FALLS, Mont. July 3.—After an all night conference, Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager decided to take a "stud game" chance on the Dempsey-Gibbons fight, and said that he would send Dempsey into the ring tomorrow.

Kearnes said that he was actuated by the desire to be a "good fellow" and added that he had done his part, inasmuch as he did not declare the contract for the bout invalidated at midnight when the final payment of one hundred thousand dollars due him was not paid, and when he was within his legal right to declare the fight off.

This agreement was reached after the backers of the fight had declared that they could not raise the necessary funds.

AMERICAN PEOPLE WANT RELIGIOUS LAYS SAYS GEST

LONDON, July 3 (United News).—Gest, it would seem, has got religion. The American impresario has decided that the "masses," as he calls them, are fundamentally religious and want religion in their plays. Gest is going to see that they get it.

"American people are turning their thoughts toward religion," the New York theatrical producer told English interviewers. "The theatre must help in this new religious movement. There must be cooperation between the church and the theatre to fulfill peoples' aspirations for the religious. Men and women who had she their old religious ideas want to get them back again."

And so, the producer of these no-so-religious affairs, "Aphrodite" and "Mecca", is over here to take religion back to America.

Among other bits of salvation which Gest intends to pack his steamer trunk is "The Miracle," a religious play. He is also engaging a numbe rof English artists for the cast.

Americans are becoming bored with naughtiness, Gest said, and cited the success of "The Fool" and "The Light of the World," to show what the people want now is religion.

AMERICAN PASSPORT SYSTEM SEVERELY CRITICISED

PARIS, July 3 (United News).—Americans in Europe are incensed at the high cost of American passports and the red tape connected with them. Many are so angry that they have started to write letters to the public prints.

"If there is any one single virtue or value in the present American passport system, I have yet to hear of it," says Willis V. Hunter, San Francisco business man.

"There is no privilege it bestows for ten dollars that passports of other countries do not serve to their citizens at a far lower price.

"I defy any government official, United States Senator, diplomatic representative or plain business man like myself to successfully defend the present system by which the state department grants passports to Americans."

ENGLAND JOINS IN AMERICAN JUBILEE

By the United Press.

LONDON, July 3.—Great Britain apparently has long forgotten the origin of the Fourth of July, and this year is joining with Americans with more enthusiasm than has ever been exhibited by them in celebrating Independence Day which means so much to America.

The English will pay tribute to Walter Hines Page, the wartime American Ambassador to the court of St. James, and will unveil the memorial tablet of former Ambassador Page in Westminster Abbey. This tablet describes Page as a friend of Great Britain.

The celebration tomorrow will include a reception of the American Embassy, in connection with the London Post of the American Legion.

American Embassey at Berlin Open

BERLIN, July 3—In keeping with the customs of the American people the world over, the American Embassy here will keep open house all day Wednesday, in honor of the Fourth of July. Other than this, no special observance of the day will be had in the American colony.

JURY COMPLETED AT 10:00 O'CLOCK AND GIVING OF TESTIMONY BEGAN AT AFTERNOON SESSION TUESDAY

Testimony Very Much The Same As Offered In The Trial Of Tom Ross—Court Holds Today

Today is the Fourth of July, but Judge Mullican says we cannot afford to hold up the court proceedings on account of it, so the trial of the state of Texas vs. Milt Good, will proceed in regular order. This is one of the biggest cases ever tried in Texas, and it is attracting state wide and we might say nationwide attention, and it is one of tremendous expense. Witnesses having been brought here from many places a long distance which makes the cost of the case heavy, and for that reason Judge Mullican is anxious that the greatest possible speed be made, at the same time being careful not to rush things faster than the fair and impartial trying of the case will justify.

Many witnesses were examined yesterday afternoon and good progress is being made. Both sides are looking well to the interest of the case, and it will be a hard fought legal battle from the beginning to the end.

There was not a full house today, as it was not generally understood that testimony would be reached, but it is expected that there will be large number in attendance today.

The defendant was joined by his wife and one son, who sat beside him through the afternoon session.

LIST OF JURORS SELECTED IN GOOD CASE

T. J. RICHARDSON, Farmer.
T. R. KINCAID, Farmer.
C. W. LAMB, Farmer.
J. R. HAMILTON, Farmer.
S. H. BARKER, Farmer.
W. W. THEDFORD, Farmer.
CONNELL PHILLIPS, Minister
W. D. DAUGHERTY, Farmer.
KNOX LANDERS, Farmer.
C. O. MARRICLE, Farmer.
J. D. THOMAS, Farmer.
J. W. HUNTER, Farmer.

Testimoney starts in the good case

The afternoon session was called for 1:30 and at that time the jury entered and took their places in the jury box. The roll of both state and defense witnesses were called, and though a number were absent at the time, the attorneys for each side announced that many of them were on their way to Lubbock and would be here in time to testify when needed.

Judge Mullican announced that the witnesses would be placed under rule, and the regular rules governing them would apply and cautioned them strictly that they must adhere to the instructions.

The charge was read by the District Attorney, to which the defendant's attorney answered "not guilty."

Sheriff Britain First Witness For State.

Sheriff Frank L. Brittain was the first witness called for the state, and testified substantially the same thing that he did in the Tom Ross case, the two cases being companion cases and came out of the same transaction. He related how he had started to church, but stopped in at the Gaines Hotel, and engaged the people there in conversation and did not go to church. He stated that Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Roberson were there also Mr. Dave Allison, Judge N. R. Morgan and District Attorney McGuire, and Will Cunningham. He explanied in detail about the size of the hotel lobby the location of the tables and the chairs and where the people were sitting. He stated that there was a table about four feet long located in the northwest part of the room, as which Roberson and Allison were seated. Mr. Roberson at the north end of the table facing the southeast and Mr. Allison was at the other end of the table almost facing north. Judge Morgan was seated in a rocking chair just to the right of the front door of the hotel, out several feet from the front of the building in a rocker, that Judge McGuire was seated in the east side of the lobby, and that he (Brittain) was just a few feet further south, and was talking to Judge McGuire, when Mr. Lockhart came in from Lamesa, or he supposed from Lamesa, and inquired of Mrs. Averitt, if he might get supper as it was after supper time, and all the other guests had had supper. He was informed that supper would be ready in a few minutes, and he went to the wash room where he remanied a short time and returned taking a seat near the table where Mr. Roberson and Mr. Allison were seated. He did not remain long till he was called to supper.

In a few minutes, Mr. Charley Richards came in and inquired in Judge Lockhart was there, and being told that he was in the "dining room eating supper he sat down in the chair that Mr. Lockhart had been occupying and waited till Mr. Lockhart came out, and then told him he wanted to speak to him, and the two went out on the front porch and were gone some fifteen or twenty minutes, when Mr. Lockhart returned to the lobby of the hotel by Mr. Richards did not. When Mr. Lockhart returned to the witness testified that he (Lockhart) moved the chair that he had been sitting in to the east part of the building, over near Mr. McGuire, Mr. Will Cunningham was also in the lobby and Bill Birdwell, who were seated near the stove, in the southwest part of the building. All these men had taken supper in the Gaines hotel that evening except the sheriff. Mrs. Roberson had retired before the witness arrived. He stated that Mr. Allison was complaining of having the headache, and was sitting with his hands over his forehead part of the time. Mr. Brittian stated that his attention was directed to a slight noise at the front of the building and he turned to look in that direction.

Atorney Moses said:

Q. What did you see when you looked in that direction.

A. The barrel of a shot gun or a rifle.

Q. How much of that gun barrel did you see.

A. About a foot and a half.

Q. Did you see a man?

A. Yes, almost immediately after seeing the gun barrel; a man appeared right behind it.

Q. Did you know who that man was?

A. It was Tom Ross.

Q. Which way was it pointing?

A. In a northwesterly direction toward Mr. Roberson, and then moved further south toward Mr. Allison.

The witness then reiterated the testimony that he gave in the case of Tom Ross, recently tried, and told practically the same story about how the men in the lobby got out of the building, how he went to get his gun and came back to the hotel.

He told of the conversation that he had with Mr. Ross over the telephone, that Ross told him he was out at Soon Birdwell's and was out of gas, and wanted him (Mr. Brittain) to come and get them that they were ready to give up, and to come or send after them, but not to bring a crowd out there. He told of their arrival at the jail, and that they surrendered two large automatic pistols to him.

Judge Morgan Testifies.

Judge Morgan an eye witness to the homicide followed closely the same testimony that he gave in the Ross case, though not quite so extensive, he related in substance the same location of the people in the room as did sheriff Brittain, and related about the same instance in regard to the general occurrances that happened during the evening. He told of having gone to the drug store and getting some medicine for Mr. Allison, and told of the shooting that took place soon after his arrival back to the hotel.

He was questioned about whether either Roberson or Allison made any movements about the time the men entered the door and began firing to which he testified that they did not so far as he could tell. He stated that after the shooting was over so far as the men were concerned that Mr. Roberson came running down the stairs, and went immediately to her husband, and then to the front door, and fired

(Continued on page four)

Winners of Lubbock County Poultry Judging Contest Will Go to A. & M. College July 23rd for State Contest

Curtis Grimes, son of W. C. Grimes, of Acuff, and Mary Bowles, daugther of Mrs. J. C. Bowles, of Shallowater, were winners in the Lubbock County Poultry Judging Contest held here recently.

The County Federation of Women's Clubs has already announced that that organization will take care of the expenses of Miss Bowles in going to the State Contest which will be held at College Station, A. & M. College, during the week beginning July 23rd, however no definite arrangements have been made to defray the expenses of the Grimes boy, and it is planned by Miss Mabel Marsh, County Home Demonstration Agent, to devise means of having the people of the Acuff community raise the necessary money, which is about fifty dollars.

Several plans have been considered by Miss Marsh, however she is of the opinion that she will finally have all of the people of the community donate to the fund by giving one hen or more from each farm home, the same to be sold and the money used to send the youngster to College Station.

The winners in the county contest had some mighty close competition to contend with and the general opinion is that they will make a creditable showing in the State contest, as both have studied hard and give splendid reasons for their decisions in judging.

Miss Marsh will drill them some time before they enter the State contest, and much may be expected of them.

CROP CONDITIONS

South Texas—Weather during the past month was favorable. The crop is fruiting well; however, there is some complaint of damage by boll weevils and other insects. Rain followed by hot, dry weather would be beneficial.

Central Texas—Weather during the past month has ben fairly favorable; however rain is needed within the next ten days. There is very little complaint of weevil or other insect damage.

North Texas—Weather conditions the past month have ben favorable. Rain would now be welcome, but the plants are not suffering. There are scatterted compalints of insect damage. The crop is fruiting well.

East Texas—Weather during the past month has been favorable and the plant is fruiting nicely. There is very little weevil damage reported. Warm dry weather is needed.

West Texas—Weather during the past month has been favorable. Reports from some localities show that the plant is fruiting; however, in most cases the plant is still too small. There has been considerable complaint of grasshopper damage. A rain within the next ten days would be beneficial.

Summary—Texas as a whole is in good condition. We make the condition of the state 76.1 percent.

East Oklahoma—Weather for the first part of the month was unfavorable; however, the latter part of the month good progress was made by the crop. The plant is still too young to be putting on fruit. There is practically no complaint of weevil or other insect damage. Hot, dry weather is needed.

West Oklahoma—Weather during the greater part of the month was favorable. The plant is still too small to be putting on fruit. There is no complaint of weevil or other insect damage. Hot, dry weather is needed.

Summary—With the continuation of weather as had during the past ten days the crop should make good progress. The condition of the State is 67.3 percent.

A. L. WOLF & COMPANY.

SOME FINANCIER TOO SLICK FOR A BANKERS EMPLOYEE

A neighbor of mine dropped in at meal time recently to tell me of a St. Loius banker friend who met in a self-serve restaurant one of his own employes. As the banker and his clerk sat munching their simple rations, the employe happened to look at his watch.

"Handsome watch, that," remarked the banker.

"Yes," replied the clerk, "it is a nice watch. Funny thing about that, too"—and he went on to tell how he happened to buy the watch. It seems that he was short of money at a roadhouse one night and was obliged to cash a check for $40, though he chanced at that moment to have no funds to his credit. The next morning he tried to borrow money to deposit before the check should come in but was unable to raise more than $5. While wondering what to do, he happened to see the sign of an installment jewelry place There he bought a $75 watch on a down payment of $5—after proving that he had a good business connection—and a few minutes later he pawned the watch for $40, which he promptly deposited against the check of the night before.

"I should immediately have discharged the fellow," the banker said, in telling the clerk's story. He was too slick a man to have around a bank. But I didn't and now—well, sure enough, last week he got away with $32,000."—Fred Kelly in The Nation's Business.

MR. DAIRYMAN

Ship us only first grade cream. We are not in the market for second grade. We pay express charges and better prices for No. 1 Cream. Honest tests and weights. El Paso Creamery Co.

AMERICAN RELIEF WORK IN RUSSIA CONTINUES

MOSCOW, July 3.—The American Relief Administration has reached the peak of its 1923 Russian child feeding program. Committed to feed 3,012,000 children during the month of June, it reached the highest total of the year. This average will be maintain during July, rations for this month being turend over directly to the kitchens and closed institutions when the districts closed at the end of June.

With the peak reached the A. R. A. is distributing thru nearly 10,500 towns and villages thruout Russia to 10,000 kitchens and closed institutions. Among the latter are orphanages, hospitals, homes for the aged and schools. About 150,000 adults, sick in hospitals, students, and confined in homes, are being given rations in addition to the children.

The feeding operation which remains directly under the control and supervision of the A. R. A. until the liquidation has been completed, extends eastward as far as Siberia; south into the Caucasus, Crimea and Ukraine; north to Petrograd and its environs, and westward to the Polish frontier. The distribution of food is effected from eighteen district centers, each under the direction of an American supervisor and American staff. About 3,000 Russians are now employed by the A. R. A.

Americans Pay Homage to First Ally Of Their Republic

By the United Press.

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, July 3.—The first celebration of the fact that Sweden officially recognized the independence of the United States before any other country in the world will take place here on July 4, as the feature number on the program of "Sweden-America Week" in conection with the Tercentenial Jubilee Exposition in Gothenburg.

Some five thousands American visitors, many of them Swedish birth or descent, will assemble that week to see the fair, will have a glorious fourth to the tune of firecrackers, brass bands and ice-cold lemonade, with plenty of fire works in the evening.

But the big thrill is to be the unvelling of a statue presented by Americans to Sweden. This is a statue of Gustaf III, King of Sweden, who made his country what Benjamin Franklin called "America's first ally."

The particulars concerning the making of America's first treaty of amity and commerce with any nation have just been told in an article just published here by the American Consul-General, D. I. Murphy.

It was more than 140 years ago, on April 3, 1783, and five months to the day before England signed the treaty of peace that ended the Revolutionary War, that Benjamin Franklin and the Swedish Ambassador to the Count of Versailles, Count Gustaf Philip Creuntz, met in Paris and signed the historic document.

Provides Firm Peace.

It provides that "there shall be a firm, inviolable and universal peace and a true and sincere friendship between the King of Sweden, his heirs and successors and the United States of America," and that the conditions agreed to "shall be perpetual and permanent."

So far the treaty has held perfectly. There has, indeed, never been any political friction whatsoever between the two countries.

The Jubilee Exposition in Gothenburg, which continues thruout the summer, commemorates the founding of the city, three hundred years ago, by Gustavus Adolphus II, the hero of the Thirty Years War. His statue in the old square of this city will also be decorated by the Americans on the Fourth of July. It was his daughter, Queen Christina, who in 1637 sent the first expedition of Swedes to America. New Sweden, the colony which they established became the foundation for the present Delaware.

DO YOU LOVE

Good music, good singing and real preaching? If you do, join in with the Baptist next Sunday, July 8th, the beginning of a great Revival. Tabernacle to be erected at corner of 13th and Ave L, one block south of Lubbock Sanitarium.

Dr. P. F. Evans of Fort Worth will do the preaching, there is no better evangelist in Texas. The singing will be conducted by Joe Canzoneri, the sweet singer from Italy. He is regarded as one of the greatest singers now in the United States. This meeting is a Baptist meeting and our goal is to save souls, but we ask every Real Christian to help make this one the greatest meetings ever conduct on the Plains.

Every man, woman and ch has a special invitation to attend these meetings. If you are a singer come and join our great choir, and sing to the glory of God. For ther information, call or see W. A Bowden, pastor. 10-3

U. OF T. FACULTY MEMBERS IN NATIONAL ASS'N.

AUSTIN, July 3.—T. H. Kelby, director of the Extension the University of Texas, has just been notified of his election as a mber of the Executive Committee the National University Extensi Association. In addition to th University of Texas, the other stitutions which are members of the association are as follows: The Universities of Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, State of New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Orgeon, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, South Carolina, South Dakota, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania State College, State University of Iowa, Iowa State College, Massachusetts Department of Education, Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College, University of Southern California and State College of Washington.

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Lubbock

Fourth of July

More Glorious Each Year

Scarcely a day on the Calendar stands out like the Fourth of July. Its gala celebrations are long anticipated. But it means mor than that. This outward expressin of keen enthusiasm is a symbol of the deeper significance of the Fourth of uly.

STORE REMAINS CLOSED ALL DAY TODAY JULY 4TH.

Hemphill-Price Co.

Successors to BAKER-HEMPHILL CO.

R. & R. Lindsey

YOUR THEATRE

LUBBOCK IS A FINE TOWN BECAUSE IT HAS FINE PEOPLE

"3 JUMPS AHEAD"

Is a fine picture because it has a fine actor

TOM MIX



"3 JUMPS AHEAD" WILLIAM FOX PRODUCTION

A SPECIAL 4th JULY PROGRAM

—also—

'The Mummy'

2 REELS OF FUN

Adults 35c Child 10c Loges 10c

BY ALL MEANS DON'T FAIL TO SEE

"What Fools Men Are"

HERE TOMORROW



You'd Think He had a Brand New Suit---

Looks like one. Fits like one. But it isn't! It's our French dry cleaning method that makes old suits look new and helps many men with their clothes problem.

Women, too, have found the Lubbock Tailoring Company's plant a boon to their dressing problems.

If you will phone 85 our wagon will come for and deliver your clothes.

LUBBOCK TAILORING COMPANY

Eric Posey, Mgr.

That Good Gulf Gas 22c.

Pearson's Grocery

PHONE 609



The scene that thrilled or interested you may never be repeated. It's too late. But, if you'd brought your Kodak it would have lived for all time.

When you travel for pleasure make Kodak your pal.

City Drug Store

E. L. ROBERTSON, Prop.
"Rexall Store"

A Community Score Card

Americans understand score cards. Even small boys appreciate the significance of a baseball score, though they do not realize why it is such argue hotly as to what their favorite team might have done or not done to make a record more to their liking. Similarly with bridge, golf, tennis, ping-pong, and the rest.

Americans are good sports. They play the game with spirit and pep. A defeat is a stimulus to train for better success next time. What would they do if community building were a great national game like baseball? What is needed to make citizenship the most absorbing of all sports?

The National Amateur Athletic Federation of America has recently entered upon a campaign to develop physique by means of a standardized score card. A preliminary table of scores in running, jumping and throwing has been set up, and competitions are being organized among the boys and girls in numerous communities to discover how well they are able to achieve the standards set. For example, a normally developed boy of 14 should be able to make a running broad jump of 13 feet. For the boy of 16 the standard score is 14 feet, while the boy of 18 is under-developed if he cannot jump 15 feet.

The development of such inter-community contests between winning teams in a community, then in a state and then in a nation would lead ultimately to a national field day in which the best specimens of physical development all over the country compete for the winning of national honors. Such an enterprise would probably do more than any other device for increasing the physical stamina and virality of the American people.

Why Not Apply It To Community Life?

A striking example of the application of this same principle to community life is the case of a well known western city, which was in the grip of a grafting political ring. An investigation of the situation revealed the fact that only 37 per cent of the legal voters actually cast their ballots at local elections. Further study of the occupations of the citizens who did not vote indicated that they were the lawyers, the clergymen, the school teachers, the bankers and the more intelligent residents and business men. In order to remedy this situation a campaign was started through the schools. Instruction was given to the boys and girls concerning the duty of voting and concerning the issues of elections. The children were relied on to carry the message home to their parents.

A typical case is that of one boy 12 years old who, when he went home from school to luncheon on election day asked his mother if she had voted. She said, "No." When asked if she was going out to vote that afternoon, she again said, "No."

After lunch the boy seemed in no hurry to return to school and his mother inquired why he did not go. He replied in effect that the school was there for him to attend if he wished, but it was no more his duty to go to school than hers to vote. Needless to say, she voted.

In order to give a greater drive to the campaign, a competition was arranged between the school districts in that town, and a banner offered for that district in which the highest per cent of the legal voters actually voted at election.

Competition Stirred Between School Districts.

The children contested with one another to induce the older people to go to the polls. Each voter on leaving the polls was given a ticket indicating that he had voted. The children outside collected these tickets, and the score was made up by comparing the number of tickets collected in the district with the total number of legal voters there. By this process the percentage of voters in that town rose rapidly from 37 per cent to 83 per cent. A new town government was installed, and the city has taken on a new life.

It will be noted that this method of getting out the voters is radically different from that ordinarily practiced. Instead of bringing the voters to the polls in automobiles by members of the political parties, each bent on winning the election for partisan purposes, it is the children who urge their parents to do their duty and who enlighten them on the real issues involved.

Another important problem of a similar sort arises from a consideration of the ratio between the number of school children enrolled and the average number in daily attendance. For the country as a whole this ratio is in the neighborhood of 75 per cent. In other words, there is maintained by the public a school plant and equipment adequate to take care of the total school enrollment, but one-quarter of the students are absent every day. When the total expenditure of a state for public schools is $100,000,000, this means that $25,000,000 worth of schooling is unused an dtherefore in a sense wasted.

Score Card Shows What Should Be Done.

What are the reasons for this condition? Is there so much illness that the children cannot attend regularly? If so, the health and sanitary conditions of the community call for remedy. If on the other hand, the cause is stupidity of a dynamic document. They accept it as a record of observed fact, and the school instruction, which bores the children to extinction so that they are continually playing hooky or staying at home on flimsy excuses, the educational processes of the schools call for remedy.

These two practical cases indicate the kinds of question that might well be raised for communities by score cards. To determine relative merits of various communities, a numerical scale must be established. For example, in the case of the voters, it might give suitable weight to this factor if 25 points on a score of 100 are assigned to the community voting. The score card would then rub somewhat as follows:

What percentage of your electorate vote at election? If more than 90 per cent, score 25; if from 80 to 90 per cent, score 20; if from 70 to 80 per cent, score 15; if from 60 to 70 per cent, score 10; if from 50 to 60, score 5; if below 50 per cent, score 0.

The success of a score card of this sort for measuring community activities depends, like every other score card, on the skill with which the numerical values of the score are determined and the manner in which the rules of the game are set. If the score is too high it will discourage the players. If it is too low it will act as an adequate stimulus to improvement.

Besides taking a day off for July Fourth, those with fireworks take a few fingers off.

Subscribe for the Avalanche

MILKER PURCHASED BY DAIRYMAN OF SLATON

The Rix Furniture Company, of Lubbock, has just delivered a De Laval Milker to R. W. Blair, owner of a jersey farm near Slaton.

The aparatus will milk two cows at a time, and will take the place of three employees, thereby affecting a saving to the dairyman and the system indeed is more sanitary than the hand-milking method.

Mr. Rix stated that Mr. Blair was one of the most progressive dairymen in the county, and in selecting a milker he took the very best offered by the DeLaval people.

Progressiveness is everywhere in Lubbock county.

Sales Force Meeting Conducted at Barriers' Tuesday

Raymond Barrier, manager of Barrier Brothers Department Store, is of the opinion that a friendly, congenial force of employees who are satisfied with their positions makes for better business thruout the year, and has instituted a very successful plan in keeping all of the force interested in the work, by holding a regular weekly meeting at which time talks are made giving the employees first-hand information concerning their various departments and touching upon such other matter as are common in the operation of a business of the magnitude of the Barrier store.

Tuesday morning's meeting was by far more than a business proposition, as W. C. Rylander, manager of the Big 3 Insurance Agency made a short, interesting talk, in which he insisted that courtesy practiced thruout the day is the greatest asset to anyone in the sales business, and also insisted that by each member of the force having a set purpose in life, the entire institution would be greatly benefitted.

Mr. Rylander's talk was enjoyed, and at the conclusion of the meeting the members of the force went about their work feeling that they were better equipped to meet the problems of the week that was before them.

The Barrier Brothers are alert to every opportunity to increase the efficiency of their business methods, and are doing some mighty good work in this connection, in fact that store has already taken a prominent place among the really big institutions of West Texas.

WOMAN HAT BUYERS HAVE HUSBANDS OF A KIND

Ed. Norwood, publicity director for the Ringling-Barnum & Bailey circus, tells this story which he declares is true:

An old man approached the ticket wagon on the circus grounds and asked for three seats for the afternoon performance.

"Sorry, but we're sold out," the ticket seller told him.

"You mean to say that you haven't even three seats you can sell me?"

"That's about the situation."

"Well," opined the old man with acerbity, "I call that derned poor management!"

Then there's the old story about the woman who entered a men's furnishing store to buy for her husband a hat, such as she had seen in the window, but couldn't recall his size.

"Funny I don't remember it," she added, laughing; "I've been buying his hats for years."

The proprietor promptly got out a hat, size 6 3-4 and handed it to her.

"How do you know this will fit him?" she asked.

"Because," he told her, "we find that 6 3-4 always fits a man who habitually lets his wife buy his hats for him."—Fred Kelly in The Nation's Business.

W. B. Atkins Home Sold to Oil Man; 2 Homes Planned

W. B. Atkins, manager of the Higginbotham-Bartlett Lumber Company has announced the sale of his beautiful home on Broadway to R. F. Brown, an oil man of Breckenridge, Texas.

Mr. Atkins has seuced the home owned by Mrs. O. F. Peebler, and will move into it. Dr. and Mrs. Krueger, of the Lubbock Sanitarium who have been rooming at the Atkins home, will go with them to the Peebler home, where they will remain until a brick home, plans for which are being prepared at this time, is completed. Dr. Krueger will build a home that will be a credit to Lubbock, and it will be completed sometime this fall.

Mr. Atkins stated that he will remain in the Peebler home until he has time to have another home built. The home he has just sold is one of the most beautiful and substantial on the South Plains, and his friends are glad to know that he is to add another such home to Lubbock, work on which will start in the near future.

Mr. Atkins has been a persistent in his work of building Lubbock, and may be depended upon to keep the good work going.

PIONEER OF WEST TEXAS VISITING RELATIVES HERE

Jim W. Douglass, grandfather of Jim and Neal and Miss Gladys Douglass, of Lubbock, is here visiting them, and incidentally attending the Milt Good trial in District court.

Mr. Douglass was identified wit the development of West Tex and Eastern New Mexico a number of years ago, having gone to Texlso when the town was a trading post comprising only three or four business houses, the majority of which were saloons.

He is well pleased with Lubbock, and knowing the quality of Plains soil, is not surprised at the developments that have been made here during recent years.

SPIKES BROTHERS
THE CASH GROCERS

If you have no desire whatever to save money you will be pleased with the class of groceries we sell, and if you want to save money you will be pleased twice.

SPIKES BROTHERS
THE CASH GROCERS

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A prescription is an important piece of paper. Be careful where you take it.

Only the best obtainable drug are used by our prescription department. Our stocks are always fresh and that insures that your medicines will be of full, standard strength and potency.

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"Service Above Everything Else"

Wilson Abstract Co
Prompt, Efficient Service
One of the best equipped Abstract Plants in Texas, covering Lubbock, Hockley and Cochran Counties.
R. I. Wilson, Mgr.

GET A HAM 18c PER LB.
Pearson's Grocery
PHONE 609

Our Motto:—"SERVICE"
LONE STAR STAGE, LUBBOCK TO SPUR
Every Day In the Year

Lv. Lubbock To		6:00 Morn.	Lv. Spur To		2:00 Eve.
" Idalou	$1.00	7:00 "	" Crosbyton	$3.50	4:30 "
" Lorenzo	$1.50	7:30 "	" Ralls	$4.00	5:00 "
" Ralls	$2.00	8:00 "	" Lorenzo	$4.50	5:30 "
" Crosbyton	$2.50	8:00 "	" Idalou	$5.00	6:00 "
Ar. Spur	$6.00	11:00 "	Ar Lubbock	$6.00	7:00 "

Leave Lubbock on arrival of through train 5:53 morning from Sweetwater to Clovis. See the Manager and arrange for short stop fo business only. Persons or articles entrusted to our care will betaken care of. Courtesy to all. Cadillac and Dodge Car. Experienced Drivers.
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To-Day would be an Appropriate day for Lubbock Housewives to Declare Their Independence-----

Let the inspiration of Independance Day stimulate your vision of PERSONAL independence thru the use of labor saving electrical appliances.

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H. L. Allen, Mgr.

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'OCATIONAL EDUCATION NEEDED TO RE-JUVENATE THE SOUTH.

The South is on the eve of a mighty industrial development, declares Edward T. Franks of Owensboro, Ky., member of the Federal Board for Vocational Education. Influences now being felt in the Southern States promise to place this region in the forefront of American manufacturing enterprise, he asserts. As the Southern representative on the Federal Board, Mr. Franks has felt grave concern over the present backwardness of his native region in manufacturing and agriculture, but he believes that corrective influences are now at work, which foreshadow a great revival.

"The traditional mistake of the South in the past has been to ship its raw materials away to other sections of the country to be manufactured," says Mr. Franks. "Thus we have enriched other regions at the expense of our own under-development. The remarkable recent growth of the cotton manufacturing industry in the States of North Carolina, Alabama, and Georgia demonstrates what the South can actually do when it manufactures its products at home.

"The Southern Railroad recently issued a directory showing that there are now 15,964,381 spindles in operation in the Southern States. This represents 43.21 per cent of the total for the entire Nation. In 1922, mills in the South consumed 3,977,847 bales of cotton, which was 60.74 per cent of the total consumption in the United States. This immense Southern industry has sprung up almost entirely in the last three decades.

"Thus, in the year 1890, the total number of spindles in operation in the South was only 1,570,000, in comparison with 12,814,000 in the North. In the year 1880, the number of spindles in the South totalled only 561,000 in comparison with 10,092,000 in the North. By entering the manufacturing field herself, the South has overcome the advantage of the North in a comparatively few years, and is fast moving to a position of supremacy in this industry.

"During the year ending July 31, 1922, new spindles numbering 244,669 were installed in the South, while only 83,301 were installed in other parts of the country during the same period. On January 1, 1923, 27 new plants and additions were under construction in the South. These plants, when completed, will add 3,052 looms and 270,640 spindles to the Southern total.

"Similar industrial development has been accomplished in the South in the last few years in the tobacco and steel manufacturing industry. Wherever we have seriously attempted the task of manaufcturing our raw materials at home, success has been enormous."

The key to Southern success in manufacturing, according to Mr. Franks, lies in two steps: (1) the utilizing of unused water power: and (2) the intensifying of the skill of Southern labor by vocational education.

"The South has enough water power going to waste to operate every factory and spindle in her States," declares Mr. Franks. "We are superbly endowed by nature to be a manufacturing center, but we have neglected our adventures. Water-power development should be the foremost consideration of our industrial leaders.

"Again, the South has the advantage of possessing a great reservoir of intelligent, Anglo-Saxon labor. We have only to give vocational training to our workers, to develop the most highly skilled man-power of any section of America. This is an urgent problem for our public schools. The Federal Smith-Hughes Act has made available to the States generous Federal support for the vocational education program. By developing practical vocational schools, the South can overtake and equal the Northern States, which have so long help supremacy in skilled labor. The vocational training program is also needed by the South to increase the skill and productivity of her farmers."

Mr. Franks warns the South that it is facing an agricultural crisis just as exigent as the crisis in industry.

"We Southern people have carlessly allowed ourselves to assume that we are still the premier agricultural region of America," he states. "Unfortunately, the United States Census statistics tell a different story."

The United States Census of 1920 shows that 14,700,000 of the 31,600,000 farm population of the country reside in the South, or 46.5 per cent of the total, says Mr. Franks.

"Contrast this with the statistics of farm valuation: With 46.5 per cent of the farm population, the thirteen Southern States report only 28.9 per cent of the national live stock and crop output. Out farm property values are only 20 per cent of the values for the Nation as a whole. Our farm land values are only 19.6 per cent. The value of our farm buildings is only 20.2 per cent. The value of our machinery and equipment is only 16.6 per cent. The value of our live stock is only 24.5 per cent. The value of our live stock slaughterings is only 18.6 per cent of the national total. The value of our live stock products is only 16.1 per cent. The value of our crops prpducts is only 33.7 per cent.

"Such a discrepancy between population and output is alarming. It shows that the South has fallen far behind the national procession in agricultural efficiency. Is it not pertinent at this time for us to consider the reason why?"

Mr. Franks calls attention to the immense increase in the use of fertilizers in the South in late years as another indication of the agricultural crisis.

"In 1909, the annual fertilizer bill for the thirteen Southern States amounted to $69,603,409. By 1919, this figure had increased to $205,710,409. The fertilizer bill for the entire United States in 1919 was only $326,399,800. Almost two thirds of the total was used in the South. Exhaustion of the soil is becoming an imminent problem in many sections of the South.

"While we were thus increasing our use of fertilizers at this unprecedented rate, the productivity per acre in the principal Southern crops was either standing still, or declining, during the same ten-year period. Our corn crop in 1909, according to official United States Census statistics, showed a prdouctivity of 16.1 bushels per acre, in the thirteen Southern States. In 1919, despite the lavish use of fertilizers, the productivity had barely increased to 17.7 bushels per care.

"Our cotton crop in 1909 showed ap roductivity of 165.5 pounds per acre. In 1919, it showed only 167.5 pounds per acre.

"In the case of our tobacco crop there was an actual falling off. In 1909, the figures show a productivity of 767 pounds per acre. In 1919, the productivity had dropped to 683 pounds per acre.

"It is indeed an unhealthy condition for any region when its fertilizer bill trebles itself, while its production stands still or declines."

In Mr. Franks' opinion, the outstanding remedy for these conditions is Vocational Education.

"By setting up vocational instruction in the public schools, the Southern States can take a long step toward regaining their agricultural supremacy," he declared.

"Today the South is in the grip of a condition which has increased our acreage and decreased our production per acre. The purpose of Vocational Education will be to decrease the acreage and increase the production per acre.

"By improving the human element on our farms, we make possible a far-reaching economic development. Vocational education would bring to every community the knowledge of scientific methods of soil cultivation and animal husbandry. It would repay itself in dividends of increased output, and farm prosperity.

"Already, the vocational schools set up under the provisions of the Federal Smith-Hughes Act have demonstrated the economic worth of such training. In all of these schools, every pupil is required to put in six months per year of supervised or directed practice on an actual farm. The lessons which they learn in the vocational school are faithfully applied. Books have been kept upon the crop yield which these student farmers have obtained. They show that the vocational pupils produce a yield far in excess of the average yield per acre of the farmers of the State.

"In the Southern States, this fact has been shown strikingly in the case of the three major crops of corn, cotton, and tobacco.

"The Yearbook of the United States Department of Agriculture has published estimates of the crop output of 1921. Take corn! For the year 1921, the value of the output per acre of corn on the farms on the thirteen States of the South averaged $11.50. In those same States, the average output per acre of the vocational pupils was $27.50. Vocational instruction meant an increase of $16.00 per acre, over the old methods. Had the same productivity per acre been shown for the South as a whole, as was shown by the vocational pupils, there would have been an increase in the value of the 1921 Southern corn crop of $633,760,000.

"Likewise, cotton! The yield of cotton per acre on the farms in 1921 was 20.80. The yield of the vocational pupils per acre was $48.80. The vocational pupils showed a productivity of $28.00 per acre more than the farmers. Tad the same productivity per acre been shown by the farmers, as was evidenced by the vocational pupils, there would have been an increase in the value of the 1921 Southern cotton crop of $846,804.00.

THE HEART OF A LION.

Oh, for a few more judges with the heart of a lion like Judge Clark M. Mullican of Lubbock.

A witness before the grand jury on a bootlegging case didn't want to testify and pleaded a lapse of memory to every question put to him. He just couldn't remember things. Judge Mullican ordered a fine of $100.00 placed against him and ordered him put in jail until his memory improved. Three hours in jail away from the maddening mob; three hours in durance vile where quietude reigned supreme and the witness' thoughts were undisturbed by blasphemous sounds and permitted to co-ordinate and crystallize themselves—three hours were entirely sufficient to restore his memory, and he testified readily and coherently.

In the murder case called at Lubbock Monday the defense asked for a continuance on a plea of the absence of nine material witnesses. It seems clearly a case of avoiding trial so time will work to the benefit of the defense. Two witnesses were arrested in another town charged with bottlegging, seemingly to keep them from making appearance. Judge Mullican ruled for the case to proceed and ordered a fine of $500.00 entered against each missing witness, and issued a bench warrant for their appearance.

A few rulings like those of Judge Mullican will have a tendency to discourage trial dodging by men who hope by jockeying with justice and stalling for time to defeat the purpose of the law, which is to protect society from the violence of the lawless by putting them where they are not a menace.—Canadian Record.

In ordering ice cream for the Sunday School picnic, better figure out a good ample amount and th[illegible] the order.

TESTIMONY IN MILT GOOD CASE BEGINS

(Continued from Page One)

two shots at the men who were leaving the hotel, and who had done the shooting. He stated that she opened the door with her right hand and with the left hand fired the six shooter at the men as they stood outside the door. She then returned and went to her husband first then to Mr. Allison, and she and (himself) Mr. Morgan were the only ones in the room till Sheriff Brittain and Mr. Birdwell came.

He was questioned closely regarding the firing of the shots and said that the shots were fired very rapidly. He said he saw Tom Ross, and Milt Good; and that Milt Good fired the last shot at Allison.

Mrs. Averitt Tells Of The Shooting.

Mrs. A. L. Averitt, who runs the Gaines Hotel stated that she had been running the hotel for some time, that she was there on the night of April the first, when the killing occurred. She related the incidents leading up to the shooting, about as has already been given by Mr. Brittian and Judge Morgan; and stated that she knew Milt Good, and that had stayed at her hotel a few times during the time she had been in the hotel business there, but was not a frequent guest there. She testified that Mr. Ross had not been at her hotel only one or two times during her stay there. She told who were there that night and how they were situated in the lobby when the shooting took place. She stated that Mr. Lockhart always stopped at her hotel when in Seminole, and had been making that his headquarters for a number of years.

She stated that when the shooting began she was in the kitchen and rushed out at the back door to go to a neighbors' for help, but when she saw no light any where she came back to the hotel, and went into the hotel office. No one was there but Mr. Morgan and Mrs. Roberson, but soon Sheriff Brittian came. She said there were many shots fired, she did not know how many. That they were fired in rapid succession, several at a time and then a lull and then another period of rapid firing.

She identified the screen door of the front of her hotel and also a rocking chair and a straight chair. These chairs were represented as the ones that H. L. Roberson occupied and Judge Morgan.

Mrs H. L. Roberson Was Called.

Mrs. H. L. Roberson, wife of the deceased, was called and testified of the occurrence. She stated that she and Mr. Roberson had been married since May 19, 1921, and gave an account of the various occupations that he had, before his marriage and after. She stated that at the time of his death that he was inspector for the Texas Cattle Raisers Association, that his territory embraced sixteen Texas counties, with Midland as his headquarters and two counties in New Mexico—Lee and Eddy. She described the duties of his office as being that of looking after the protection of the members of the association to investigate alleged cattle theft, to appear before the grand jury in the counties in his territory, and testify as to his fundling. There they had come to Seminole, that he might appear before the grand jury of Gaines county, that was to convene the Monday following the date of the killing. They she and her husband had arrived in Seminole at about six o'clock Sunday evening. That they came the regular road till they got to the Searbrough pasture when they changed their route and came in to Seminole over the Five Wells road. She stated that they arrived in Seminole about six o'clock, that they had supper about seven, and that W. D. Allison was there, that he was complaining of having a headache and that Judge Morgan volunteered to go get some medicine for him, and did. She named the parties who took supper there, and stated that she had gone to her room, and had undressed. That she had loked over a paper that was in the room after she had layed down on the bed that she had her glasses on, and that it was about 8:30 or maybe a litte later when she heard shots in the lobby below and she jumped out of bed, and rushed to the stairway; grabbing her kimona and throwing it over her left arm as she went; she was barefooted, and rushed down the stairway. She stated that the stairs come down on the south side of the building about half way, to a small landing, then they turn north and enter the lobby about half way along the west wall. When she reached the landing she saw her husband with his head laying back on the chair and blood flowing from wounds in the neck. He ran immediately to him, felt his face and found that he was dead. She felt for his gun—the big one on the left side, and discovered that the handle was broken, and then felt for the little one which was a small calibre automatic. This is the one she got, and ran to the front door, which was closed, and with her right hand pulled the door open about a third of the way to where it drags on the floor and with her left hand shot twice at the men, who were standing outside, and they left immediately. She recognized one of the men to be Ross, having seen him one time, at Lovington, New Mexico, when she and Mr. Roberson were over there when he was attending court. She then went back to her husband, and th[illegible] to Mr. Allison. She said she turned Mr. Allison over on his back, as she thought there might be some life left in his body, but found that both the men were dead.

She testified to taking from the floor three shotgun shells and several pistol shells, and stated that she had them with her in her room.

The defense questioned her regarding the "sawed off shotgun that it was stated that Mr. Roberson brought to Seminole with him. She said that the shot gun was hers. That Mr. Roberson bought it for her at her request, that she had asked him to have the barrel cut off because it was too long and unhandy to carry in the car. That the gun was hers and Mr. Roberson had nothing to do with bringing it to Seminole. She testified that Mr. Roberson has two pistols and one rifle with him.

Mrs. W. D. Allison Testifies.

Mrs. W. D. Alison, wife of the deceased, testified as to the official authority that her husband had. That he wasa deputy United States Marsha, and that he was an inspector for the Texas Cattle Raisers Association and a deputy sheriff of Garza county.

Cashier of the Santa Fe Depot Tells Of Conversation.

Mrs. Detro, testified that she was cashier of the depot at the Santa Fe Station at Brownfield, that she was acquainted with Milt Good, that on Friday evening before the shooting at Seminole on April 1st, that she sold Milt Good a ticket to Seagraves, that when he appeared at the window, she said "where to today," and he replied "just as far that way as you can sell me," indicating by motion of his hand that he wanted to go south. She stated that she told him "just for that I will sell you a ticket to Seminole" and he repied "nothing would suit me better. That is where I am going and I am rearing to get there." The witness states that she said "must be going down there to whip somebody's when Mr. Good replied, "yes, or get whipped," and she said "you must be hunting trouble" and he said "I dont' know but that I am." She sold him a ticket to Seagraves, the end of the road, according to her own testimony.

Brownfield Hardware Man Testifies.

Albert Enderson, hardware dealer was called as the next witness he told of a transactiont hat he had with Mr. Good, Friday afternoon before the killing of Roberson and Allison in Seminole. He stated that Mr. Good came into his store and asked for a $1.00 worth of .45 automatic pistol cartridges, which he sold him. This was about two o'clock he stated, and that he sold fifteen to Mr. Good for a dollar. He stated that nothing was said about what he was buying them for, and no comment was made except that Mr. Good remarked that it was rather high priced ammunition.

Jim Williams, Seagraves Banker, Testifies.

Jim Williams, banker of Seagraves, testifies that he saw Milt good get off the train at Seagraves on Friday afternoon that he was at the train to meet his wife (and she didn't come) and Good got off the train and had some grips, suit-cases or something of the sort, that he rode in his car up to the Johnson garage, where he went to have some car trouble remedied. That he got out of the car but Milt remained in the car and the two talked for quite a while. They were later joined by Walter McGonnigal. Soon Tom Ross came in to town in his car, and later the witness states that he noticed the two driving around town together, and noticed them leave town in the direction of Mr. Ross' ranch, just before sundown.

Guy Stark Sold Ross Ammunition

Guy Stark, hardware dealer in Seminole, stated that he had resided in Gaines county about eighteen years, that he had been in business in Seminole much of that time, that he was in the hardware business in December, and is still in the business, that he sold Tom Ross one box of .45 pistol cartridges and four boxes of rifle cartridges. On cross examination Mr. Stark stated that he kept a very good stock of amunition, but that it was not general or frequent thing to sell that high power ammunition.

Mr. Birdwell Tells Of Ross And Good Coming To His House.

Soon Birdwell, who resides northwest of Seminole stated that on Sunday night after he had retired that he was aroused by Tom Ross, who stated that he wanted to stay all night, and that Milt Good was with him, and asked if he too might stay there. He told them that they were welcome, and invited them in. After getting in the house they talked about things in general, and Ross stated that they had a little trouble down town, and wanted to phone the sheriff, and put in a call for the sheriff's office. Mr. Brittain was soon found, and Mr. Ross asked him "if anybody was hurt besides those two" and stated that they were at Soon Birdwell's and were ready to give up, and asked that he (Brittain) come after them, that he was out of gas, and that he would either have to come after them or send some one and asked that he not bring a "crowd." He said he would go out and measure the gas in his car and if he had enough to get to town on he would come on in, but after he went and measured the gas he phoned to the sheriff that he could not get to town with what he had, and that they would have to send him some gas or come after them.

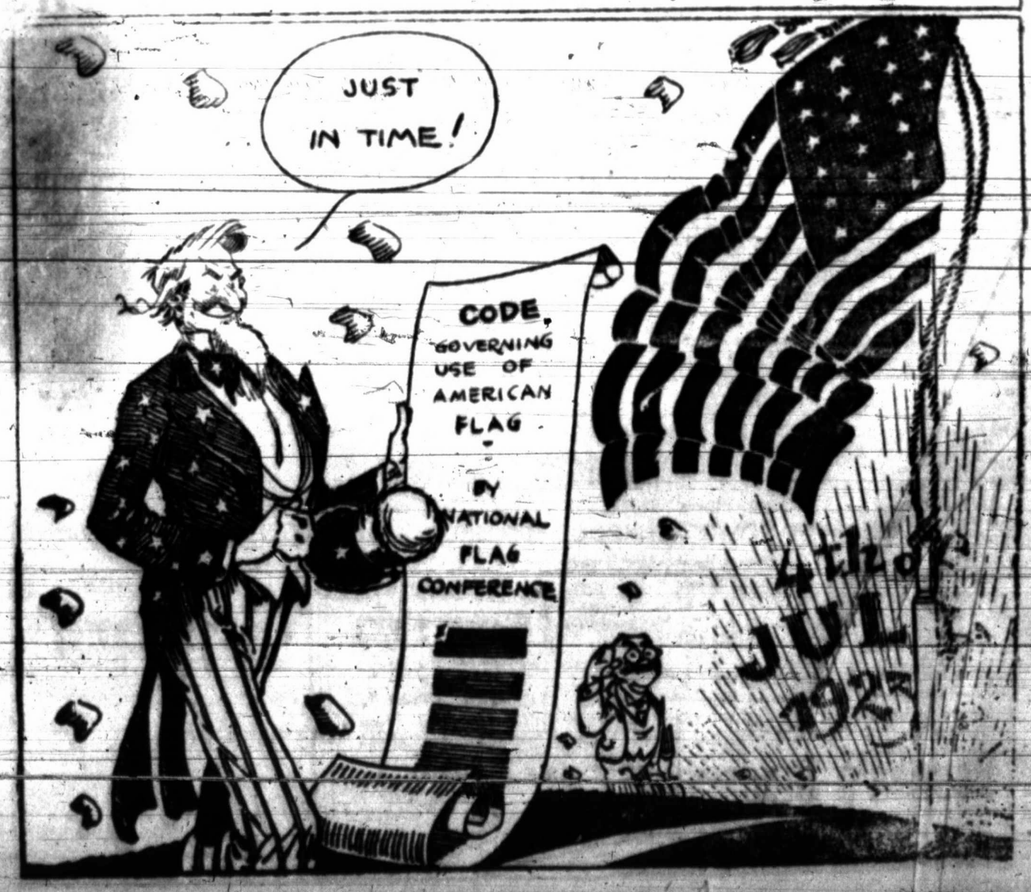
He stated that Ross and Good brought an automatic shot gun and two rifles, one thirty-thirty and the other a high power gun of some description. He stated that in a short time Forrest Sherman called Ross on the phone and stated that he had overheard the conversation about him being out of gas and that he would either bring his car and take them to town or would furnish them gas that they might drive their car into town. Mr. Ross accepted the use of the car, and in a short time Mr. Sherman was at this (Birdwells') place and left for town. Mr. Birdwell stated that Ross' car was left at this house and that he took it to Seminole the next day, together with the automatic shot gun and the two rifles, and delivered the guns to the sheriff, and left the car on the street, after telling Boon Harding, a brother-in-law of Ross, where he had left it. He stated that Miss Bessie Ross, daughter of Tom, drove the car home the next day. He stated that the car was a ford that it had the top down. He was asked about whether there was a pair of overalls in the car and he stated that he did not notice any.

Forrest Sherman Testifies.

Forrest Sherman testified of the incident referred to by Mr. Bardwell about having listened in on the conversation between Mr. Ross and the sheriff and volunteering his services. He stated that they did not

(Continued on Last Page)

Here's to Old Glory



... SPORT NEWS ...

HUBBERS TAKE EARLY LEAD AND ANNEX FIRST FROM CUBS TIGHTENING HOLD ON FIRST HALF SEASON

Opening their first game at home following a twelve day road trip in which they climb from five games behind to one game in the lead for the first half, the Hubbers yesterday anexed an easy win from the Clovis Cubs by an 8 to 5 count.

Jumping on the offerings of Murphy in the opening session, Jackson singled, and took second on Shepard's sacrifice, and scored on Sloan's single, Sloan having taken second on the attempt to catch Jackson at the plate. Brown then doubled with a hot one over short, scoring Sloan, Dean went out pitcher to first, Battle walked, Mueller walked, filling the bases. Allen then drove a long one to center, which was speared by Tucker, retiring the side.

In the second Wooldridge took first on File's muff of a throw from the infield, took second on Jackson's sacrifice, Shepard went out second to first. Wooldridge took third on a wild pitch, and scored on Rouths' error of Brown's grounder, Sloan having been allowed a free pass to first. Sloan and Brown then scored on Dean's ringing single over short. Dean later was thrown out at first Murphy to File.

Again in the fifth a walk and two errors filled the bases. Allen was then walked, scoring Brown, Wooldridge went out on an infield fly to Clary. Jackson singled, scoring Battle, and on Routh's muff of Shepard's grounder, Mueller scored.

At no time in the affair was Wooldridge in danger, giving up only three safeties until the ninth. The first count of the visitors came in the fifth when two errors and a walk chased a run. In the eighth a double, and a single scored a second. In the ninth, they jumped on Wooldridge for a single, a double, a triple, and a sacrifice fly, which netted them three runs, but they were unable to tie the count.

A double header is slated for this afternoon, the first game of the matinee program closing the first half of the season. But no cinch exists in the chase for the first half honors. If Lubbock loses today's exhibition and the Gassers win their contest against the Roswell Giants, Amarillo and Lubbock will be tied for first place honors. The second game opens the second half of the season.

The first game of this afternoon's double bill matinee wil be called at 3 o'clock.

The box score:

Clovis	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Clary, 3b	5	1	1	1	1	1
Mahin, 2b	4	1	1	1	3	0
Caffey, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Shaw, c	5	0	0	6	3	0
Tucker, cf	4	0	1	4	0	0
Wise, lf	4	0	0	0	0	0
File, 1b	3	2	0	9	0	2
Routh, ss	3	0	1	2	0	3
Murphy, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Kennedy, x	1	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	34	5	6	24	9	6

x Hit for Murphy in 9th.

Lubbock	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Jackson, rf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Shepard, 2b	4	1	0	2	7	1
Sloan, rf	4	2	2	1	0	0
Brown, cf	4	2	2	1	0	0
Dean, ss	5	0	2	2	0	0
Battle, 3b	4	1	0	3	4	2
Mueller, 1b	2	1	0	11	1	0
Allen, c	3	0	0	5	0	1
Wooldridge, p	4	1	1	0	2	0
Totals	34	8	9	26	12	4

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Clovis 000 010 013 5 6 0
Lubbock 230 030 00x 8 9 4

Summary: Hits, off Wooldridge 6, off Murphy 9;; three base hits, Clary; two base hits, Brown, Routh, Mahin, Wooldridge and Kennedy; struck out, by Wooldridge 4, Murphy 4; bases on balls, off Wooldridge 6, Murphy 6; sacrifice hits, Jackson, Shepard, Mahin; stolen bases, Dean; double plays, Battle to Shepard; wild pitch, Murphy 2; passed balls, Allen; time of game, 2 hours and 5 minutes; umpire, Reeves.

HEAVY HITTING WINS FIRST OF GASSER SERIES

AMARILLO, July 3.—Heavy hitting featured the win of the Gassers over Roswell today by a score of 11 to 4. Hunter was relieved in the sixth and Lagunas who took his place did effective work. The batting average of many Gassers was increased. Burleson pitching for the locals showed plenty of stuff and looked entirely different from his recent starts against Lubbock. The fourth and fifth were the big frames for the locals, they getting four runs in each session.

Roswell plays Amarillo one game the morning of the fourth and one in the afternoon.

The box score:

Roswell	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Weaver, cf	4	0	0	6	0	0
McBride, 3b	4	1	1	1	2	0
Land, 1b	4	0	0	8	0	0
Bedford, lf	4	3	2	2	0	0
Fruth, 2b	4	0	3	1	4	1
West, rf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Lagunas, ss	4	0	1	1	3	0
Edwards, c	4	0	1	4	2	0
Hunter, p	4	0	1	2	1	1
Totals	36	4	10	24	9	2

Amarillo	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Cannon, cf	3	1	1	3	1	0
Whitehead, 3b	2	2	0	2	1	0
Anheier, 1b	4	2	1	7	1	0
Douglass, c	3	1	1	6	0	0
Pirrone, rf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Province, lf	4	0	1	3	0	0
O'Neil, 2b	3	1	2	4	2	1
Farley, ss	3	1	2	2	2	2
Burleson, p	4	2	1	6	3	0
Totals	31	11	10	27	10	3

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Roswell 200 001 010 4
Amarillo 012 440 00x 11

Summary: Stolen bases, Whitehead 3, Douglass, Pirrone, Cannon, Lagunas; sacrifice hits, Province, Whitehead; sacrifice flies, Farley; Douglass, Whitehead; two base hits, Bedford, McBride, Douglass, Province, O'Neil; hits off Hunter 9 in five innings; off Lagunas 1 in four innings; struck out, by Hunter 1, by Burleson 6; base on balls, off Hunter 3, off Burleson 1; hit by pitched ball, Cannon by Hunter, time of game, 1 hour and 5 minutes; umpire, Chesher.

TEXAS LEAGUE

At Fort Worth—			R.	H.	E.
Houston	010	000 000	1	4	2
Fort Worth	200	000 00x	2	4	3

Batteries: Bailey and Vick; Johns and Moore.

At Dallas—			R.	H.	E.
Beaumont	000	400 010	5	11	0
Dallas	000	001 003	4	11	3

Batteries: Bradshaw and Lothes; Morris and Lingle.

At Shrevesport—			R.	H.	E.
Galveston	051	000 023	11	12	0
Shrevesport	020	000 300	5	7	2

Batteries: Kiefer and Witry; D. Burns, Pope, Schilling, Brewer and J. Burns.

No other games scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

At New York—			R.	H.	E.
Washington	000	000 001	000	000	1	8	3
New York	000	000 010	000	001	2	12	0

Batteries: Mogridge and Ruel; Bush and Hoffman.

At St. Louis—			R.	H.	E.
Chicago	011	000 002	4	6	0
St. Louis	000	000 021	3	11	1

Batteries: Thurston, T. Blankenship and Schalk; Vanguilder, Pruett and Severied.

At Cleveland—			R.	H.	E.
Detroit	000	002 604	12	18	0
Cleveland	032	300 000	8	12	1

Batteries: Pillette, Olson, Wells, Francis, Holloway and Bassler; Coveleskie, Bedgood and O'Neill.

Philadelphia at Boston. No game. Wet grounds.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At Philadelphia—			R.	H.	E.
New York	000	003 010	4	7	1
Philadelphia	100	000 100	2	8	0

Batteries: Watson and Gowdy; Behan, Hubbell and Wilson.

At Pittsburgh—			R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	000	200 000	2	9	2
Pittsburgh	101	020 000	4	13	1

Batteries: Toney and McCurdy; Meadows and Schmidt.

At Chicago—			R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	103	200 000	6	11	0
Chicago	003	001 001	5	11	1

Batteries: Benton and Wingo; Kaufman and O'Farrell.

Boston at Brooklyn. No game. Wet grounds.

TEXAS ASSOCIATION

At Corsicana—	R.	H.	E.
Marlin	3	8	1
Corsicana	2	10	2

Batteries: Thomas and Covington; Edgar and Hudspeth.

At Sherman—	R.	H.	E.
Mexia	8	10	0
Sherman	0	7	4

Batteries: C. Hill and McClain; Lind and Schieffer.

At Waco	R.	H.	E.
Austin	5	8	1
Waco	6	15	1

Batteries: Brooks and Henderson; Regan and Reynolds.

STANDING OF TEAMS

Panhandle-Pecos Valey league

	W.	L.	Pct.
Lubbock	35	27	.564
Amarillo	34	28	.548
Clovis	30	32	.484
Roswell	25	37	.103

Texas League

	W.	L.	Pct.
Wichita Falls	44	28	.611
Fort Worth	44	30	.594
Dallas	42	32	.567
Houston	37	39	.487
San Antonio	36	40	.474
Galveston	34	39	.466
Beaumont	34	40	.459
Shrevesport	24	47	.338

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	45	22	.672
Philadelphia	34	32	.515
Cleveland	33	34	.493
St. Louis	32	34	.485
Chicago	31	32	.492
Detroit	32	34	.485
Washington	30	37	.448
Boston	24	26	.400

National League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	46	23	.621
Pittsburgh	41	25	.621
Cincinnati	39	27	.591
Brooklyn	34	31	.523
Chicago	36	35	.507
St. Louis	38	37	.507
Boston	31	45	.462
Philadelphia	20	47	.299

Texas Association

	W.	L.	Pct.
Marlin	4	1	.800
Austin	4	2	.667
Waco	3	2	.600
Mexia	3	2	.600
Corsicana	1	4	.200
Sherman	0	4	.000

JACK DEMPSEY

Born, June 24, 1896, Manassa, Colo. Height, 6 ft. 1 1-2 in. Nationality, Irish-Scotch-American.

Knockouts

1915-1916—Kid Hancock, 1; Billy Murphy, 1; Chief Gordon, 6; Johnny Person, 7; Anamas Campbell, 3; Joe Lyons, 9; Fred Woods, 4; George Copelin, 7; Andy Malloy, 3; Two Round Gillian, 1; Jack Downey, 2; Boston Bearcat, 1; Battling Johnson, 1; George Christian, 1; Jack Koehn, 4; Joe Bonds, 10; Dan Ketchel, 5; Bob York, 4.

1917—Al Norton, 1; Charlie Miller, 1.

1918—Homer Smith, 1; Jim Flynn, 1; Bill Brennan, 6; Bull Sadee, 1; Tom Riley, 1; Dan Ketchel, 2; Arthur Palky, 1; Kid McCarthy, 1; Bob Dever, 1; Porky Flynn, 1; Fred Fulton, 1; Terry Keller, 5; Jack Moran, 1; Battling Levinsky, 3; Porky Flynn, 1; Carl Morris, 1; Gunboat Smith, 2.

1919—Bib Jack Hickley, 1; Kid Harris, 1; Kid Henry, 1; Eddie Smith, 1; Tony Drake, 1; Jess Willard, 3 (for heavyweight championship).

1920—Billy Miske, 3; Bill Brennan, 12.

1921—Georges Carpentier, 4.

Knockouts By

1917—Jim Flynn, 1.

Draw

1915-16—Jack Downey, 4; Johnny Sudenberg, 10; Andy Malloy, 20.

1917—Willie Meehan, 4.

Lost

1915-16—Jack Downey, 4.

1918—Willie Meehan, 4.

Won From

1915-16—Johnny Sudenberg, 10; Terry Keller, 10; Andre Anderson, 10; Wild Burt Kenney, 10; John Lester Johnson, 10.

1917—Willie Meehan, 4; Bob McAllister, 4; Gunboat Smith, 4; Carl Morris, 4.

1918—Carl Morris (foul), 6.

Recapitulation.

Matches engaged in, 67; knockouts, 46; won, 10; knocked out, 1; no decision, 2; draw, 4; lost, 2; exhibition, 2.

TOMMY GIBBONS

Born, 1894, St. Paul, Minn. Height, 6 ft. 3-4 in. Nationality, Irish-American.

KNOCKOUTS

1913—Johnny Shaw, 3.

1914—Al Worgin, 4; Buck Crouse, 4; Bert Fagen, 2; Billy Glover, 6.

1918—Silent Martin, 10.

1921—Tommy Melcher, 1; Al Reich, 1; Paul Sampson, 2; Sgt. Norcross, 1; Larry Williams, 4; Porky Flynn, 11; Jack Hennan, 1; Sgt. Ray Smith, 2; Jack Clifford, 3; Willie Keeler, 2; Willie Meehan, 1; Dan O'Dowd, 3; Bill Reed, 2; Joe Burke, 2; Fred Allen, 1; Hope Mullin, 1; Hugh Walker, 10; Clay Turner, 1; Dan O'Dowd, 6.

Won From.

1916—Vic Hansen, 10.

1917—Gus Christie, 15.

1918—Silent Martin, 15; Gus Christie, 10; George Chip, 12.

1919—George Chip, 10; Mick King, 15; Jimmy Darcy, 10.

1922—Feb. 2—Pat McCarthy, Boston, Mass., K. O. 4 rds.

Mar. 13—Harry Greb, New York City, lost, 15 rds.

May 1—Harry Foley, New Orleans, La., K. O., 6 rds.

May 29—Soldier Morton, Louisville, Ky., K. O., 2 rds.

Oct. 13—Billy Miske, New York City, lost-foul, 10 rds.

Nov. 13—George Asche, Detroit, Mich., K. O., 1 round.

Dec. 11—Joe Burke, Buffalo, N. Y., K. O., 1 round.

Dec. 14—Billy Miske, St. Paul, Minn., N. D., 10 rds.

Recapitulation.

Matches engaged in, 82; knockouts, 30; no decision, 41; won, 8; draw, 1; lost, 1; no contest, 1.

HOW THEY SIZE UP

Dempsey		Gibbons
6 ft. 1 in.	height	6 ft. 3-4 in.
188 pounds	weight (normal)	184 pounds
73 in	reach	74 in
17 in	neck	17 in
41 in	chest	41 in
41 in	chest (normal)	41 in
44 in	chest (expanded)	44 in
32 1-2 in	waist	35 in
15 in	biceps	14 in
33 1-2 in	waist	35 in
12 1-2 in	forearm	12 1-2 in
8 1-2 in	wrist	9 in
22 in	thigh	22 1-2 in
15 in	calf	14 1-2 in
9 in	ankle	9 1-2 in

Civic Clubs To Conduct Barbecue This Even. At 7 O'Clock

Lubbock Kiwanians and Rotarians will celebrate the 4th of July jointly with a barbecue at Cotton Wood spring on the Geo. Bowles place east of the city, this evening, beginning promptly at seven o'clock.

Barbecue will be the main feature of the menu, with onions, pickles and coffee to make the feed complete.

Rotarians and Kiwanians will entertain their wives and children on this occasion.

AMERICAN LEGION-BATTERY DANCE TUES. THURSDAY

One of the most attractive social events of the week was the American Legion dance given at the Armory building Tuesday evening in which the Legionnaires were joined by members of battery C, 131st Field Artillery.

The Tolzie-Farwell Orchestra furnished the music for the occasion which was appreciated by all.

British have launched the X-1, largest submarine. French wonder what the X stands for.

Where else could they put it?

20 BARS P & G SOAP $1.00
Pearson's Grocery
PHONE 609

SURE IT DOES GOOD

Thedford's Black-Draught Liver Medicine (Vegetable) Praised by the Head of a Louisiana Family.

Lake Charles, La.—"I don't know what we would have done had we not had Black-Draught. It sure is one of the best medicines made, and am sure the best liver medicine," said Mr. Henry Garrett, of this city.

"My whole family uses it," continued Mr. Garrett. "My wife says she believes she kept off the 'flu' by taking doses of Black-Draught regularly.

"I myself, use Black-Draught for indigestion, and it is fine.

"We used pills and tablets and other laxatives, but they never seemed to do us good, but the Black-Draught sure has, and it has come to our house to stay. We give it to our daughter for headache and torpid liver.

"I am glad to recommend anything that has been the help to my family that Black-Draught has.

"My present health is good. Have two boxes of Black-Draught in the house now."

If your liver gets out of fix, take Black-Draught. It will help to drive the bile poisons and other unhealthful matters out of your system.

Sold everywhere. NC-148

FRYING CHICKENS
Pearson's Grocery
PHONE 609

A City Directory For Lubbock—

Should there be one we could show you hundreds and hundreds of names of people who KNOW BY EXPERIENCE that Inmon Grocery Company, is a good, reliable place to buy first-class groceries, vegetables and fruits.

We could show you hundreds who know about our personal service—the care we take in our purchases which guarantees a better product and a consistent price.

Inmon Grocery
Is the Fastest Growing Grocery In Lubbock!
You will find our Phone Number Easy to Remember—8-6-0

Another Achievement for the Citizenship of Lubbock

The greatest daily production of Clover Leaf Cream for the same period of days has just been accomplished.

As striking evidence of our growth and of the quality of our products we believe this result has been due in a great measure to the enthusiastic and loyal support of Lubbock and her people. It is to them that we feel obligated and promise to give our best efforts to make greater strides in the future.

Clover Leaf Creamery

Our Flag—What It Stands For—How To Treat It.

Symbol.

"The flag of the United States symbolizes that freedom, equality, justice and humanity for which our forefathers sacrificed their lives and personal fortunes. Today this flag represents a nation of over 100,000,000 free people, its Constitution and institutions, its achievements and aspirations.

"The national flag represents the living country and is itself considered as a living thing.

Pledge.

"I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States and the Republic for which it stands, one nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."

Salute.

"During the ceremony of hoisting or lowering the flag or when the flag is passing in parade or review all persons present should stand at attention facing the flag. Men's headdress should be removed with the right hand and held at the left shoulder. Those present in uniform should salute with the right hand. Women should stand at attention facing the flag or as the flag is passing in parade should salute by placing the right hand over the heart. If the national anthem is played and no flag is presented all stand at attention and salute at the first note of the anthem, retaining the position until the last note of the air is played.

Anthem

"The Star-Spangled Banner" is recommended for universal recognition as the national anthem.

Flag Law.

"There is but one Federal statute which protects the Flag thruout the country from desecration. This law provides that a trade-mark cannot be registered which consists or comprises, among othe rthings, the flag, coat of arms or other insignia of the United States or any simulation thereof. (33 Stat. L. p. 75, Feb. 20, 1905.)

Display.

"The flag should be displayed from sunrise to sunset only or between such source designated by proper authority on national and state holidays, and on historic and special occasions. The flag should always be hoisted briskly and lowered slowly and ceremoniously.

"When carried in a procession with another flag or flags the place of the United States flag is on the right.

"When a number of flags are grouped and displayed from staffs the flags of the United States should be in the center or at the highest point of the group.

Platform.

"When used on a speakers's platform the flag should be displayed above and behind the speaker. It should never be used to cover the speaker's desk nor drape over the front of the platform.

"When used in unveiling a statue or monument the flag should not be allowed to fall to the ground but should be carried aloft to wave out, forming a distinctive feautre during the remainder of the ceremony.

Church.

"When the flag is displayed in church it should be from a staff placed on the congregation's right as they face the clergyman, when the service flag, state flag or other flag on the left wall. If in the chapel the flag of the United States should be placed on the clergyman's right as he faces the congregation."

Don'ts.

Do not dip the flag of the United States to any person or any thing. The regimental color, state flag, organizational or institutional flag will render this honor.

Do not let the flag of the United States touch the ground or drag in the water.

Do not use the flag of the United States in any form of advertising nor fasten an advertising sign to a flag.

Do not use the flag as drapery; use bunting.

Do not drape the flag over the hood, top or sides of a vehicle, or of a railroad train or boat. If it is desirable to display the flag on a motor car affix the staff firmly to the shassis or clamp it to the radiator cap.

Do not use the flag of the United States as a receptacle for receiving, holding, carrying or delivering anything.

SOCIETY

Miss Lila Gibson Returned to Lubbock Sunday

Miss Lila Gibson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Gibson, of Lubbock, returned to her home here Sunday after several months absence.

She attended the regular term of C. I. A. at Denton, and at the conclusion of the term went from Denton to Sherman where she visited at the home of her uncle, R. P. Pool, who is the Texas President of the Travelers Protective Association.

When Mr. Pool and his family went to a recent meeting of the Association which was held at St. Paul, Minn., they were accompanied by Miss Gibson.

Clarendon College Quartet Appears Here in Concert

The Clarendon College Quartet appeared here in concert Monday evening at the auditorium of the First Methodist church, and rendered a splendid program to an attentive audience.

The program was composed of sacred, classic and humorous numbers and the manner in which they were presented and the enthusiasm with th young men portrayed in their appointed parts was admirde by all who attended.

The quartet is composed of Cecil Peeples, bass, of Idalou; Roy Beights, first tenor; P. W. Walker, second tenor, of Breckenridge; and William Craig, baritone, of Tennessee; D. M. Beights, accompanist and business manager.

Clarendon College is entitled to boast of it's students, of their personality and ability, which assentuated in this program.

The concert was given under the auspices of the local Epworth League, of the First Methodist church.

Marriage License

Marriage license were issued to Harlan Holt and Miss Lillian Turner, July 3rd.

Gabriel Smith and Miss Lucy Alexander, July 3rd.

Personals

Mrs. A. M. Jones left Sunday morning for Wichita, Kansas, where she will spend several days visiting her sister, Mrs. Breat James. From Wichita she will go to Chicago to visit her mother. Mrs. James Burndrit.

Mrs. C. E. Yager, of the Yager Shoe Company, left Sunday for Abilene where she will spend one month visiting friends and relatives. The Yeager Company operates a shoe store at Abilene and having been active in that business Mrs. Yeager has a host of friends in Abilene who will be glad for her to visit there.

Mrs. Bryon Shaw, is in a local sanitarium.

Major Dalrymple and family will arrive today from Dallas, and will spend a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Dalrymple, at 1909 Thirteenth street.

Mrs. Don Biggers of Fort Worth and Miss Mary Coy of Eastland are the guests of Miss Sue McMurry and Mrs. Clara Abney, this week.

Mr and Mrs. E. P. Norwood, have as their guests, Mr. Norwood's mother, Mrs. S. C. Norwood and sister Miss Annabell of Houston.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Snodgrass accompanied by Miss Beulah Rhea and Fred Sims, went to Crosbyton Tuesday, where they will spend the Fourth of July.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Edwards and children, Doris, Jean and Mary, went to Post Tuesday to visit friends they will return Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Powell, have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Claud Harrison of Amarillo.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Chism are guests at the home of Mrs. J. L. Simpson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles White, recenetly moved here from Wichita Falls and have apartments at the home of Mrs. K. Carter. Mr. White represents the Abilene Fruit and Vegetable Company.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lavender accompanied by Nolan Whitlow, left Tuesday for Haskell City, where they will spend the Fourth of July. They will return the latter part of July.

Mr. and Mrs. Bill Spikes, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wilson and children and Miss Dimple Rhea, will spend today in Plainview, as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Carpenter.

Miss Clyde Tomlinson of Cisco is here visiting her aunt, Mrs. T. B. Williamson.

Mr. and Mrs. Sarsie, accompanied by Mrs. J. H. Johnson of Slaton were guests of Mrs. T. B. Williamson.

Charles Russell and wife of Ozark, Arkansas, are visiting the family of Sam T. Davis.

Miss Opal Carter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. M. Carter of Crosbyton, is in a local sanitarium.

County News Items

CARLISLE

Brother Carr from Southwest Ward preached an interesting sermon Sunday morning and night. There was a large crowd present.

There was a party at Mr. B. W. Casey's Saturday night. A nice crowd was present and everyone reported a fine time.

Mr. Jim Moore has been nearly sick for a week. They think he has appendicitis.

Mr. Jerden and son, Sterling, and Max Brownlee left Monday morning going to the harvest fields.

Miss Opal Burroughs spent Saturday night with Bernice Casey.

Miss Bessie Moore spent Sunday with Lela Detto.

Miss Thelma Smart spent Saturday night with Winnie Altman.

Some of the young folks of this community attended a party at Lone Star Friday. They reported a very nice time.

Mr. and Mrs. Weatherford of Shallowater, spent Sunday in the Strickland home.

Miss Ada Altman, and Mr. Clifford Hembre spent Saturday night in the Smart home.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Altman, Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Hughes and Mr. and Mrs. Hughes were dinner guests in the Harris home Sunday.

Miss Mamie Hughes spent Sunday with Jewel Woods.

Miss Florene and Thelma Smart spent Sunday with Ada and Winnie Altman.

Mr. and Mrs. Smart and little children were dinner guests in the Jones home Sunday.

Mr. Orval and Bill Burroughs and Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Burroughs, Miss Opal Burroughs, Mr. W. L. Altman and Mr. Nathan and Bennet Altman went down on the Brakes last Thursday morning they got all the plums they wanted and returned home Friday.

Mr. Noal Hembre, nathan Altman, Misses Florence Smart, Hughie and Middie Williams were supper guests in the Altman home Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerden were dinner guests in the Hembre home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Pevehouse and baby are going to California on a trip in a few days.

Miss Ozzie Coffey of Lubbock, spent Saturday night with Myrtle Burroughs.

Mr. and Mrs. Shelton are spending a few days in the Strickland home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Altman, Miss Elizabeth Jones, Veda Williams and Winnie Altman were supper guests in the Smart home Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Bond spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Esco Casey.

Everybody invited to come to Sunday School at 3:30 o'clock and help us with our Sunday School.

Brother Tennyson of Plainview, will begin his meeting Wednesday night before the first Sunday in August.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennin who have been working for Mr. J. B. Moore left them Sunday.

Miss Jewel Ribble visited in the Ditto home Sunday evening.

CASTOR OIL, SALT & CHEESE
Pearson's Grocery
PHONE 609

Stork Disappears; Birthrate In Germany On Decrease

By the United Press

BERLIN, July 3.—Big German cities for the first time in history are bringing fewer children into the world than French big cities.

And at the same time the dog population of Germany is increasing by leaps and bounds, since folks who might otherwise be fond parents are alleged to be turning their affections toward the canine world.

Of course the increased security attained by having a dog in the house is not disregarded in these days of unprecedented criminality here, but this does not account for the increase in the dogs—in Berlin, for instance, from 53,000 in 1898 to 135,674 in 1921; 170,745 in 1922; and approximately 200,000 at the present time.

The figures showing a lessened birth rate include 46 of the big cities of Germany for the first three months of 1923 during which only 69,631 births were recorded against 78,049 during the same period last year. The average birth rate for the ten greatest French cities per 1000 population for the year 1922 was 17.5 which has thus surpassed Germany with 16.8 for the first time.

Incidentally, the stork is actually disapearing from Germany. For years a great flock of these birds have made the straw roofs of eastern Prussia their camping headquarters. Today only a few of these long-legged fowls inhabit this region.

NOTICE

I have leased the R. H. Wilson rooming house, and am ready to furnish board and rooms or meals separate 1404 Ave K. Phone 123.
J. C. TAYLOR. 209-6

French helicopter went straight up, staying up nine minutes; possibly after hearing of the new German note.

Let us print your Cards, Letter heads, Envelopes, Statements, Sale Bills, Etc. Give us your order today.

VICTOR DANCE HITS for JULY



If you cannot get in to hear the latest dances by the famous dance orchestras which make Victor Records, leave a standing order with us to send them to you as they come in. This is the best way to be sure of having them.

19073
You've Got to See Mama Every Night—Fox Trot—Tennessee Ten.
Nuthin' But—Fox Trot—Paul Whiteman & Orch.—75c

19058
Swingin' Don the Lane—Fox Trot—Great White Way Orch.
Beside a Babbling Brook—Fox Trot—Great White Way Orch.—75c.

19066
Barney Google—Georgia Price.
I Love Me—Billy Murray.—75c.

19068
Yes! We Have No Bananas—Fox Trot—Great White Way Orchestra.
Morning Will Come (from "Bombo")—Fox Trot—Zez Confrey and His Orch.—75c.

RIX FURNITURE & Undertaking Co.



Our Forefathers Fought for INDEPENDENCE

Just as the achievement of our national independence was of supreme importance in '76, so each of us is today confronted with the task of achieving financial independence.

George Washington's counsel was: "I cannot enjoin too strongly upon you a due observance of economy and frugality."
Patronize our Clearance Sale—it means Economy!

---THE---
A. B. Conley, Jr.
---STORE---



If it's a drug store you want

Phone 1-5-2

The Lubbock Drug is THE store that satisfies! The stock is such as you want. The service is just as you have wanted.

LUBBOCK DRUG CO.
G. Granville Johnson
Proprietor

PHONE 140 PHONE 16

It's Different

To use a flour that is 100 per cent pure, after using ordinary kinds surprises most people and might surprise you. Try.

Supreme
"The Different Flour"
THE KOEN GROCERY
LUBBOCK, TEXAS

MARKETS

July 3, 1923
New Orleans Cotton

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
Jan.	22.85	22.85	22.49	22.59	23.03
Mar.	23.78	22.78	22.40	22.54	22.87
May	22.50	22.55	22.30	22.35	22.80
July	26.58	26.72	26.20	26.30	26.73
Oct.	23.24	23.33	22.93	22.96	23.44
Dec.	22.90	22.95	22.52	22.65	23.08

New York Cotton

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
Jan.	23.13	23.18	22.79	22.86	23.37
Mar.	23.14	23.14	22.80	22.82	23.34
May	23.05	23.09	23.72		23.25
July	26.30	26.35	26.00	26.02	26.65
Oct.	23.93	23.98	23.54	23.70	24.16
Dec.	23.35	23.44	23.06	23.18	23.65

Spots

New York, 27.25.
New Orleans, 27.50.
Houston, 27.
Galveston, 27.20.

GRAIN

Kansas City Grain

Wheat—

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
July	93.3	94.2	93.3	94.2	93.6
Sept	96	96.1	96	96.1	96
Dec.	98.6	99.5	98.6	99.5	99

Corn—

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
Jan.	76.1	76.6	76.1	76.6	76.4
Sept	70.2	70	70.2	70.1	70.3
Dec.	57.2	57.7	57.2	57.7	57.6

Chicago Grain

Wheat—

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
Jan.	101.3	103.6	101.6	103.2	102.4
Sept	102.6	103.7	102.4	103.4	103.1
Dec.	105.4	106.4	105	106.3	106

Corn—

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
Jan.	78.2	79.4	77.2	78.7	78.1
Sept.	37	74.6	73.4	74.6	74.1
Dec.	61	63.1	61.4	62.6	61.2

Oats—

Mo.	Open	High	Low	Close	Y-Clse
Sept.	25.6	36	35.6	35.7	35.7
Dec.	37.4	37.6	37.4	37.7	37.4

LIVE STOCK

KANSAS CITY LIVESTOCK

KANSAS CITY, June 3.—Hogs: Estimated receipts 8,000, holdover 1366; shipper; market 15 to 25 higher; top $7.10; 140 to 160 pound averages $6.40 to $6.70; 160 to 120 pound averages mostly $6.95 to $7; packers bidding 15 to 20 higher; $7 bid on choice medium weight butchers; packing sows 20 to 25 higher; mostly $6; stock pigs strong; bulk of sales $6.15 to $6.50.

Cattle—Estimated receipts 6000; holdover 2872; common and killing kinds dull; other kinds active; beef steers and she stock steady to 25 higher; top heavy steers $10.80 some held at $77; few dry fed cows $6.50 to $7; grassers mostly below $4.50; canners steady to 25 lower; $2 to $3.50. Yearling heifers $9.25 mature good kinds $7 to 8; bulls and calves steady; desirable vealers $8.50 to $9; bulk bologna bulls $4 to $4.25; stockers and feeders to unevenly lower; inferior to fairly good kinds $3 to $7.50 fat yearlings mostly 25 higher; best $10.35.

Sheep—Estimated receipts 6000; lambs strong to 25 higher; top natives $15.25; better grades largely around $15; sheep slow; about steady; Texas wethers $7 to $7.90. No market here July 4th.

FORT WORTH LIVESTOCK

FORT WOSTH, July 3.—Hogs: Estimated receipts 1000; market active; steady to strong; sales to packers 5 to 10 cents higher; bulk of sales $7.45 to $7.60; packer heavy weights $7.20 to $7.55; medium weights $7.25 to $7.60; light weight $6.50 to $6.60; light lights $6.25 to $7.25; packing sows, smooth $5.50 to $6.25; packing sows, rough $4.75 to $5.50; pigs $5.25 to $6.25.

Cattle—Estimated receipts 2500; including 500 calves; trade slow; most killing classes unchanged; stockers very dull and draggy; beef steers of 1100 pounds up $3.50 to $8.50; beef steers of 1100 down down $3.30 to $8.25; heifers $2.75 to $6.25; cows $2.50 to $5; bulls $2.25 to $4.25; canners $1.25 to $2; calves $2.50 to $7.25; stockers and feeders $2.75 to $5.50.

Sheep—Estimated receipts 1500; market generally steady; best shorn wethers here $7.25; lambs up to $14; lambs medium to choice $11.50 to $14; lambs culls and common, $7.75 to $11; yearling wethers $8.50 to $11.50; wethers $6 to $7.50; ewes, medium to choice, $4.25 to $5.50; ewes, culls and common, $1.50 to $2.75; goats $1.75 to $3.25.

LOCAL MARKET

Retail Quotations

Butter	40c to 50c
Eggs	20c to 25c

Wholesale Quotations

Hens	13c
Cox	4c
Eggs, candled	17c
Green Hides	5c
Dry Hides	9c
Cream,	31c
Fryers	25c

Retail Grain.

Oats, per bu	70c
Corn, per cwt.	$2.30
Chops, per cwt.	$2.40
Bran, per cwt.	$2.00
Shorts, per cwt.	$2.25

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

R. P. Lehr and wife were here Tuesday from Amarillo.

P. T. Williams was here Tuesday from Fort Worth.

Charles Voss of Dallas, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

W. H. Cooke of Clarendon, was in Lubbock Tuesday.

D. B. Bennett wa shere Tuesday from his home at Dallas.

Ed S. rails was in Lubbock Tuesday from St. Louis.

M. F. Lees of Amarillo, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

J. W. Weitinger of Fort Worth, was among the Lubbock visitors Tuesday.

J. N. Pritchett of Amarillo, was here Tuesday on business.

E. C. Edmonds of Spur, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

W. A. Daniel was here Tuesday from Dallas.

J. R. Dutton of Brownwood, spent Tuesday here on business.

S. C. Moody was in Lubbock Tuesday from his home at Stephenville.

Lyle P. Judd of Dallas, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

Bob Young of Dallas, was in Lubbock Tuesday on business.

C. D. Moore of Lamesa, is in a local sanitarium.

G. C. Simon of San Antonio, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

W. E. Hunter of Abilene, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

D. W. Floyd and W. E. Bradford, of Midland, were in Lubbock Tuesday.

H. K. Jones was here Tuesday from Amarillo.

Brooks Lee of Midland, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

R. J. Nash was here Tuesday from Amarillo.

L. A. White, real estate dealer of Cisco, was transacting business here Tuesday.

H. H. Murray of Plainview, spent Tuesday in Lubbock.

E. Christian of Snyder, was among the Lubbock visitors Tuesday.

B. G. Warwick was here Tuesday from Dickens City.

Will McDaniel of Ray, Arizona, was among the Lubbock visitors Tuesday.

L. B. Manley of Wichita Falls, was in Lubbock Tuesday.

W. A. Daniel of Dallas, spent Tuesday here on business.

Ad. Clark and family left Monday for Corpus Christi where they will spend several weeks, as Mr. Clark will buy cotton there. They will return to Lubbock in time for Mr. Clark to buy here at the beginning of the season.

Frank White and family of the Texas Utilities Company, accompanied by his sister-in-law, Mrs. E. G. White, of Crasbyton, are now occupying Mr. White's summer home near the Santa Fe Lake at Sweetwater.

Drew Phillips, well known local man, who returned to his home here Friday night from Temple, where he was under care of specialists at a Temple hospital for several weeks, is resting well and is able to be up and about at times. Mrs. Paillips accompanied him home.

A. L. Alexander left Sunday to join his brother C. W. Alexander and his family who are spending the summer at Hot Springs, N. M.

Roy Rogers of Dallas, is the guest this week of Mr. and Mrs. Olen Franklin, and transacting business.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Preston Hornbuckle and children accompanied by Miss Ella Powers, passed thru Lubbock Tuesday enroute to Denver, Colo., where they will spend a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus West of Hale Center, visited their son, Lamar West and daughter, Miss Alene West Sunday.

Miss Borah McCurday, underwent an operation at a local sanitarium Tuesday.

Mary Francis McWhorter, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. McWhorter of Littlefield, is in a local sanitarium.

PUBLIC OPINION

FREEDOM AND POPULAR RULE

(By Samuel Adams)

One hundred and forty-seven years ago this July Fourth the famouse old Liberty Bell in Independence Hall pealed out its message of freedom. The founders of the Republic, well knowing the consequences of their act, had definitely severed themselves from the mother country. They found that further acquiescence to the rule of Great Britain was a denial of the "unalienabel rights" of man, "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness;" and they went on to pronounce their belief thus:

"To secure these rights, Governments are instituted among men; deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever Government becomes destructive of those ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundations on such principles and organizing its powers in such form as to them shall seem most likely to effect Safety and Happiness."

When they came to institute the new Government they had foreshadowed, they "organized its powers" under the Constitution in such form as, they felt, would best serve "to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty." And that there might be no doubt as to the principles of the new government, they stated them clearly in the first ten amendments—the Bill of Rights.

These amendments assured both freedom of speech, religion, press and right to petition and the right to keep and bear arms; promise protection against the billeting of soldiers in homes except during time of war; regulate the right of search and seizure; guarantee the security of persons and property against arbitrary acts of officials; insure trial by jury; prohibit excessive bail or cruel and unusual punishments; and reserve certain rights to the people and the states as follows:

"Article I.—The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

"Article X.—The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

Such is the spirit of American institutions—liberty under the law, or, as expressed in a quotation cited by Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt in last month's issue of Public Affairs, "leave to live by no man's leave underneath the law."

This freedo mhas been won for us by long centuries of struggle, in the mother country and in our own land. And it is as true today as ever that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." We cannot preserve our heritage of freedom if we do not guard it. We cannot trust our affairs to go along smoothly unless we pay proper attention to them.

The freedom we possess in America is synonymous with popular rule. But popular rule implies obligations. It implies popular interest and participation in the affairs of governmeht; if we neglect our duty, we cannot expect others to look out for our interests. Indeed, if those citizens who ought to be the best citizens fail, it is only reasonable to assume that men who hope for personal gain thru control of governmental affairs will attempt to seize the machinery.

The old-fashion town meeting brought together men who were actuated by the desire to preserve their rights of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" by active participation in government and in the formation of public policy. Uncle Sam's Voters plan to do the same thing today—to bring together men and women for consultation on public questions, so that the views of each may serve to enlighten the others. It is a revival of popular rule in its very essence.

Join your local assembley of Uncle Sam's Voters if you have not already done so; attend its meetings regularly and take part in them. It will give you not only a better understanding of your priceless heritage as an American citizen, but, through stimulating you to active service as a citizen, by your use of the ballot, it will bring you also the consciousness of duty well performed.

Cash Must Accompany Copy for all Classified Ads. No Accounts Carried in this Department.

Avalanche Classified Ads

Errors made in ads must be reported within 48 hours, or same will not be corrected. PHONE 14.

RATES: 2c A WORD. NO AD ACCEPTED FOR LESS THAN 30 CENTS

WANTED

WANTED—To trade one five room residence in Quanah for Lubbock property. Texas Land Exchange. 209-tf

WANTED—To rent for six months or a year, modern unfurnished cottage. Must be reasonabl ypriced. Write P. O. Box 662.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Windmill, tower and cypress tank, practically new, bargain. Phone 786-J. N. R. Porter. 211-1t

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—Twenty-one shares, Citizens National Bank stock. The oldest bank in Lubbock county. Price $120.00 per share. Wire or write Southwestern Land Company, 221 Jefferson Hotel, Dallas, Texas.

FOR SALE—Ford Coupe at reasonable price. Terms to responsible party. Lubbock Buick Company. 203-tf

FOR SALE—Business lot on good business street. Apply to owner at Avalanche. 173-tf

FOR SALE—Two well located residence lots. See owner at Avalanche. 173-tf.

FOR SALE—One large steel safe. See L. T. Martin. 208-6

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—6 room furnished house. All modern conveniences. Phone 430. 210-2p

FOR RENT—3 furnished rooms to couple without children. 1704 Ave. J. Phone 412.

FOR RENT—Nice front bed room. 2002 Ave. K. 211-1p

FOR RENT—Four room apartment with modern conveniences, partly furnished or unfurnished, also garage. 1802 Ave. J. Phone 660. 211-1p

FOR RENT—Two or three light housekeeping rooms at 1416 Ave. L. 209-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NOTICE—All real estate agents. All property in the city of Lubbock in my name is off the market. Otis Taylor. 211-1t

FOR TRADE—New cottage, good location, furnished, price $2250. Will take good Ford car or lots as part first payment. Balance easy. Stop paying rent. Phone 852.

FOR TRADE—1-2 section of land in Gaines county for business lots in Lubbock. See owner at Avalanche office.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received by the County Judge, P. F. Brown in behalf of Lubbock County, Texas, for complete contract for a one-story building to be erected in Lubbock County Park. Bids will be received up to twelve o'clock noon July 17th., 1923. Plans and specifications may be secured from the County Clerk upon application and deposit of Cashier's or Certified Check for $10.00, payable to said Judge P. F. Brown. Check is given as a guarantee that plans and specifications will be returned on or before date for opening. Certified Check or Cashier's check to the amount of 5 per cent of contractor's bid shall accompany all bids or proposals as a guarantee that contractor will make satisfactory surety bond and enter into contract for the price named. Commissioners' Court reserves the right to accept any or reject all bids.

P. F. BROWN, County Judge. 210-2

IDALOU LUMBERMAN IS NOW WITH LOCAL YARD

Lamar West, who has been assistant manager of the Higginbotham-Bartlett Lumber Company at Idalou, has been transferred to the Lubbock yard, and is now keeping a set of books, assisting his sister, Miss Allene West, who has been an employe of the company for some time.

Mr. West is a congenial, conscientious business man and his services are greatly appreciatd in the office here, of which W. B. Atkins is manager.

We take pleasure in welcoming this young lumberman to Lubbock.

JACK SIMS RECOVERING FROM INJURY TO EYE

Jack, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Sims, who was seriously hurt several days ago when he was accidentally shot in the left eye with an air rifle, is gradually recovering and it is believed that the injured eye will be restored.

The bandages were removed from the eye Saturday and it was discovered that the vision was not entirely lost.

It is hard on a girl to marry a man whose mother was a good cook.

EVERYTHNG FOR PICNICS
Pearson's Grocery
PHONE 609

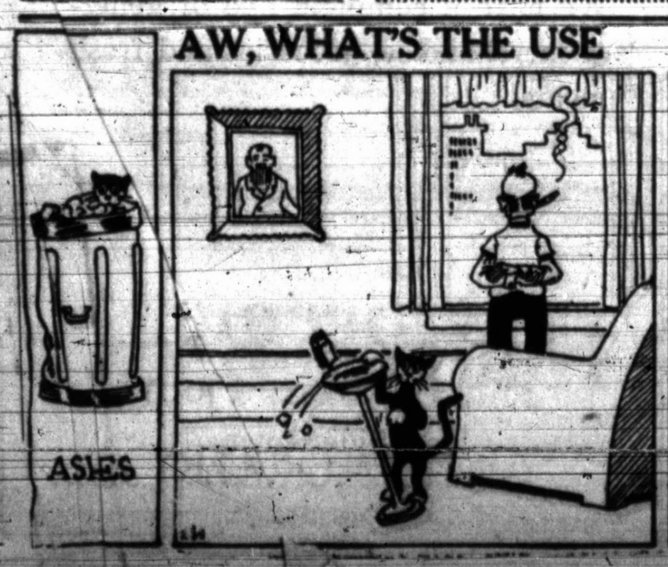
FRED BONE CONSTRUCTION CO.
of Amarillo
is opening an office in the Leader Building in Lubbock!
Suite Number 211
All kinds of Construction Work

When you build your home
Build it Good!
Build it the
Higginbotham-Bartlett Lumber Company
WAY!
There's a yard in your community

Lubbock, Texas
Dr. R. B. Hutchinson
Dentist
Office, 131
Res. 122
Bush Building

AW, WHAT'S THE USE

By L. F. Van Zelm
© Watson Newspaper Union



Ain't That the Cat's Meow, Though!



National Baloon Race Is to Be Big Event July 4

By the United Press.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 3.—A record, for long-distance travel will in all probability be broken in the national balloon race, which will start from Indianapolis Motor Speed way on July 4th. Twelve balloons have entered for the event.

It is estimated that the winner will have to float at least 1000 miles before he gets within even runner-up distance of the prize.

The high quality of gas which will be supplied the balloons makes possible this prediction, according to Blaine G. McGrath, who is promoting the event for the Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce. A contract has been signed to supply the aerial wanderers with only the highest grade gas, free from all water gas.

Will Go to Brussels.

The winners of the first, second and third places in the national event will be the American entrants in the international balloon race that is to be started at Brussels, Belgium, later in the summer.

The conduct of the race is to be under the auspices of the National Aeronautic Association. Details for the official participation have been completed by B. Russell Shaw, of Washington.

The event will take on a distinctly patriotic air, with seven of the twelve entries flying the colors of the army and navy.

Promptly at 4 o'clock the first balloon will cast loose its moorings. Five minutes later the second balloon will float skyward, and at regular intervals of five minutes a balloon will be released.

Two army dirigibles from Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., will fly to Indianapolis, to be exhibited during the event.

One of the most unusual features of the program will be the exhibition of "jumping balloons" given by airmen from McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, before the start of the race.

A "jumping balloon" is a one-man balloon with just enough buoyance to keep the bag stable. The propeller on top, manipulated by the occupant by means of a rope, supplies the lifting power. With these balloons it is possible to go to 1,000 feet in the air.

It is estimated that 30,000 persons will witness the start of the race.

LOST—Diamond bar pin at Legion Dance last night. Reward for return to Mrs. F. A. Saunders. 211-tf

LYRIC

TO-DAY and Tomorrow

William Duncan and Edith Johnson in

"Playing It Wild"



Admission 10c-25c

THE THEATRES

WHAT YOU CAN SEE TODAY

THRILLING LEAP OVER CANYON BY TOM MIX AND HIS HORSE

Every Tom Mix picture provide at least one new and distinct thrill for the entertainment and amusement of movie fans. The resourceful and ever original "stunt artist" of the screen never fails his admirers who can always expect a breezy thrilling screen film narrative. Without any exceptions the stunt performed by Tom Mix in his latest William Fox picture, "3 Jumps Ahead," which is showing at the R. & R. Lindsey Theatre today are the most daring ever attempted before the camera.

In this latest story of the Western Plains, Max mounted, leaps a canyon twenty feet wide and ninety feet deep, undoubtedly the longest and most daring leap ever performed by a screen star.

In the picture which is built around a band of cattle rustlers, Mix is pursuing a stage coach in which the leader of the band is riding. To throw off pursuit the rustler has a bridge over a deep canyon destroyed after the coach has passed over safely. Mix rides up to the canyon and, after taking a short run back for a good start, successfully forces his horse over the chasm and continues the chase.

This scene which flashes on the screen but for a few minutes, had to be carefully planned because of a former experience Tom Mix had with his favorite mount. During a personal appearance tour of New York City last year "Tony" suffered a bad fall in the Fox Audubon Theatre. A runway had been built from the stage to the center aisle and Mix rode swiftly down the aisle and guided "Tony" up the plank runway. But the horse's feet slipped and the animal slid across the "apron" of the stage. While no injuries were caused by the fall, "Tony" was very nervous during the time he remained in the theatre.

Mix, who never has used a double has thrilled motion picture fans in previous pictures by jumping from a horse to a fast moving train; riding down steep mountain sides; leaping from a bridge to the river below with his horse; jumping from one roof to another then crashing thru two stories to the basement; and in his last picture Mix jumped his horse into a moving freight car.

TESTIMONY IN MILT GOOD CASE BEGINS

(Continued from page four)

talk about the trouble at town, that Ross and good and himself talked about things in general, and that he asked them about what had happened in town, where upon Ross stated that he would be to town in a short time and would soon find out all about it. He said he did not know what had had happened till he got to town. That the only intimation he had was when one of the men asked who was shooting at them, when one of them stated that he thought it was a woman.

He said that Ross and Good delivered to the sheriff an automatic pistol each, and a small grip, that good carried.

Hotel Man Testified.

Jack McCulloch, testified that he was proprietor of the Lone Star hotel at Seminole from September 1, 1921, and testified that Ross had always made his hotel headquarters during the time he had been in the business, and had probably been there a dozen times during the time had had been in the business.

Gaines Rancher Saw The Dead Men.

Andy Williams, who is a ranchman in Gaines county states that he was in Seminole the night of the homicide, and that he went over to the hotel after the shooting occurred, and that he helped to prepare the bodies for burial, and at least to lay them out. That he took the guns off both men and that Roberson had one gun in the left scabbard, a large forty-five automatic and that Allison had one gun an old style pistol. He testified as to the position of the men when he arrived at the hotel. The states attorney's stated that they would offer the guns in testimony at the proper time.

Court recessed till tomorrow at 800 o'clock.

Morning Session.

Resumption of selecting jurors was taken up at eight o'clock, Jim Kenney being the first to be called, and after usual questions was excused.

S. J. T. Polk was also excused by the court.

C. O. Marricle was the tenth juror selected. He resides near Estacado, is thirty three years old, and has six children.

J. D. Thomas, twenty-three was the 11th juror.

J. R. Brown, was called. He is a young man 21 years of age, lives with his parents, but works a farm near by. The proposition arose as to his qualifications as a householder in the county, and the court allowed time for investigation of the law in the matter. The State agreed that he was not a qualified juror and the court so held, while the defense held that he was. The court excused him.

D. W. Gill was excused by the State.

D. C. Dean, was excused by the defense.

A. F. Hess, was disqualified on account of previous opinion.

J. W. Hunter, was the twelfth juror selected. He resides 8 miles east of Lubbock, has been in the county about three years, is twenty-eight years of age.

Court recessed till 1:30 p. m.

LITTLE DAUGHTER OF H. M. KYLE DIED TUESDAY

Malva Jean Kyle, seven months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Kyle, of Lubbock, died at the family home Tuesday morning.

The remains were prepared for burial by the Rix Company and shipped to Elk Hart, where funeral services will be conducted and interment will be made in the family lot of the Elk Hart cemetery.

The Avalanche extends sympathy to the bereaved parents.

POSEY AND McWHORTER ON AUTOMOBILE TRIP

Ross McWhorter, of the Tax Collector's office and Eric Posey, of the Lubbock Tailoring Company, will leave this morning on an automobile trip thru Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

These gentlemen have been very active for the past several months and the vacation is indeed a needed and deserved one.

A good pedestrain once meant a good walker. Now it means a good dodger and jumper.

Forecasts of the year's peach crop indicate it will be a peach.

START YOUR JULY ACCOUNT

Pearson's Grocery

PHONE 609

Peters & Haynes
Architects
Leader Building

ARE YOU IN EARNEST?

Some people say they simply cannot save money. Other people—who often have smaller incomes—find a joy in regular weekly saving.

The fact is, anyone can save money who is really in earnest about it. Take the matter seriously. Who benefits from your thrift? Whoelse but yourself?

The man with a growing savings account acquires confidence in himself and a happy, fearless attitude towards the future.

One dollar or more opens an interest bearing account in this big, friendly bank.

THE LUBBOCK STATE BANK
The Bank For Everybody



Independence Day

¶ Besides being sacred to all true Americans, the Fourth of July is a national fun-day. We pause and reverently remember the men and women to whom we owe a debt we can never repay. We live in this land of peace, liberty, and opportunity because of those who gave their lives and services for our cause. In grateful appreciation we may well dedicate our lives to the service of our country as they did, and always endeavor to carry on the work which they consecrated with their lives.

Barrier Brothers
Dependable Merchandise

Start Saving Sensibly

For the head of the family—

For every member of the family—

A SAVINGS ACCOUNT IS VALUABLE

To prepare for payment of life insurance.

To be ready for emergency and extraordinary expenses.

To accumulate funds for investment.

To inculcate Thrift.

$1 is all it takes to start.

Citizens National Bank



A Subject Deserving Of Your Best Judgement

If You Trade with Martin & Wolcott

The wolf never stops at your door. This is only the third of the month and why not begin with us today? It is a very great convenience to the housewife to run a 30-day account. THINK IT OVER. We need you and you need us.

Martin & Wolcott
"THE THIRTY DAY GROCERS"
WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS
Phone 309 Phone 310

ATTENTION!

Our store will be closed Wednesday, July 4th. It is to your advantage to get your hardware, plow points and meats today.

We have a complete line of general merchandise, groceries and fresh meats.

Hodges Bros.
East Side Square

You'll Like This Bank

You'll like the protection given your deposits, the conservative management and that "at home" atmosphere.

Security State Bank & Trust Co.
"Wants to Help Those Who Try"