

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SATURDAY, DEC. 14, 1867.

NO. 311

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office. dly

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Germany, and having done business of such good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's Bakery.

MARY KLAEBE,
San Antonio, August 20, 1866. no49-ly

MRS. ECKEL,

Graduate of "Marburg Institute, Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best profession.
Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. William Elliot. 8-17.

Law, etc.

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15. 1474wtf

NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-3m wtf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
Austin, Texas.
(no 11-1)

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no84ly

Law Notifier.
Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business entrusted to their care in Texas.
I. A. & G. W. PASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867

PEYTON SMYTHE,
County Clerk Bexar county, and ex officio Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Bexar county.
Instruments of Writing drawn and acknowledged taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts; he keeps on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nette's Drug Store, sep13y SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
Commerce street, San Antonio. d11f

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor. 146-ly

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS.
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This House is reformed and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises. 1723d&w3m

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State. V. TARDE. 1211f

R. FEINBERG, & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
August 22. [no18ly.]

WULF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
SAN ANTONIO,
CHICAGO, Mexico.
[e28] cor. Alamo & North streets

Business Cards.

THE HERTZBERG, F. SIMON,
HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Pictures, Pipes,
Stationery, Brushes, Music,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.

Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 26th 1867. 861f

DRESEL & BRIAM,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 1131f

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Zerk & Greenbeck,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 80 if

WESTHOFF, L. PREUSS,
W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. 1379

G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGT,
SCHMIT & VOIGT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON. NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-ly.]

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
446 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, Texas.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 1234f

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
350 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Skirt Brails,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks.

White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Yankee Notions, etc., etc., etc. 17septf
WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21w6m NEW YORK.

BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 56 Stone street.
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. sep6m

Business Cards.

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government
Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas. dwt1f

STOVES!!
Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,
Just received, and for sale at
NORTON & DEUTZ'S.
oct24dtf

L. J. Dresch,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
—AND—
PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.
nov6tf

ALBERT TURPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The lowest Cash Price paid for Hides. sep17tf

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.
References:
Frazier, Major & Co., New York,
Canal Bank, New Orleans,
W. H. H. Witherall, Esq., New Orleans,
William Chrysler, San Antonio,
National Bank of Texas, Galveston,
Heyck & Helfferich, Lavaca,
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianapolis.
dec 10d1f

McNEENY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. EDEY, Galveston, Texas. 10

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866. d3m

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York. 1228

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & WILSON,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
—AND—
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5 TEXAS.

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
je28ly.] New York.

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
OSTHEMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. Jan5ly

A. STAACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 6, 1867.

WESTON'S WALK.

During the past few weeks our Eastern exchanges have been full of accounts of the progress of Weston the Champion Walkist, from Portland Maine to Chicago Illinois. Weston having gained some reputation as a pedestrian, one of his friends got up a wager for his benefit with a New York Banker of ten thousand dollars that he could perform the distance from Portland to Chicago in thirty consecutive days. During the trip he was to make one hundred miles in twenty-four hours. He reached Chicago in twenty-five and a half days walking a distance of 1316 miles. The persons who accompanied him had to have their horses changed frequently. Along the route at every village, town and city the people turned out en masse to see and welcome him. Thousands of dollars were bet on the result, and the pedestrian was beset with threats upon his life which made a guard of policemen necessary when entering different towns. He failed in making his hundred miles in twenty-four hours, on three different trials, making 912 miles 80 miles and 70 miles on the different attempts. He declares that his failures was owing to the road, weather and wrong distance tables.

By profession Weston is an editor. He arrived in Chicago on Thanksgiving-day and appeared at the opera house and delivered an address from which we copy a few extracts:

As to Chicago, I must say I never saw a more orderly crowd, than I saw here to-day, since I left Portland. I wish to say this, and I assure you I do not say it in a spirit of egotism, as I have shown I can beat any other man in America as a pedestrian. I stand ready to prove that no man in England; so long as I stand on two feet, can beat any man in America at pedestrianism. (Applause) I do not propose to enter the arena as a sporting man in pedestrianism. As I told my friends this morning, I have accomplished this feat, and it shall be my duty to do just what I have intimated I can do.

Walking, as an exercise, is something I wish to see encouraged—something that I think will benefit the youth of America—will benefit the youth of any land. It is an exercise, not only healthy but it is a pleasure, at times, and as good an exercise as a man can take. Athletic sports tend to strengthen the youth of any country, not only their bodies but their minds. A sound mind will be all the sounder for dwelling in a sound body, and that is a combination we all want. Such sports if you can term them such as prize-fighting, not only tend to ruin the morals but to make men depraved, to forget that they are images of the Great Creator.

I do not contend, and I don't wish to, that in performing this feat of walking which my friends, the reporters, have been pleased to term a great feat and unequalled pedestrian performance, I have done anything more than any American citizen can do. In walking thirteen hundred and sixteen miles in twenty-six days. While it is a very fair walk for this season of the year, when you come through Indiana, [laughter] yet at the same time I don't contend that I have done anything more than any American young man can do. But I must contend it is with pride I do say, that I think it would puzzle an Englishman to do it. He might find some fault with the miles, but then they call them "English miles."

As I remarked this afternoon, I don't propose to join the sporting fraternity, but I do propose, so long as I can stand on two feet, if any Englishman gets up and walks from Portland, Maine, to Chicago, Illinois, the distance I walked, better than I have, I shall think it my bounden duty, out of respect to the plaudits that I have received from the American people, to get up and beat him. [Applause.] I will have to do it, said I think I can. [Renewed applause.] I have often seen, while on the route, boys and men, and not only that, little children, running beside me, which I assure you, was a great pleasure to me, to see these little people running and exercising themselves, and saying "this is fun," for a mile or two, "but I guess I will go home now." [Laughter.] This exercise of walking puts a glow upon their cheeks and makes them look healthy, and I think if the American people, if the young men of America, were to walk more—and I hope the superintendent of the horse railroads will pardon me—and patronize the horse railroads less, that they would be more healthy; that they would eat heartier

meals, and they would feel much better when they retire at night, and arise much better in the morning. I state this from this fact: Before I started upon this race, I never ate my breakfast of any account in the morning. I simply drank a cup of coffee and ate a piece of bread and butter, whereas, since I have started on this race I have eaten—well, I will say moderately—five or six meals a day [laughter and applause] and hearty ones, as my good friend, the proprietor of the Kinnard Hotel, in Cleveland, had occasion to remark. He said that he would like to board me, but if I was going to take pedestrian trips all my lifetime, he would rather board me a week than a month. [Laughter.]

And if you will best with me I will relate here an anecdote which may have some bearing on this question of eating: I once boarded with a lady in New York; who is one of those vandiladies that kept a boarding house and retired with a large fortune in a short time, and her boarders retired also, but they were a very bad looking set of boarders when they left. She used to come to me every morning—I was naturally a plain, blunt sort of a man—and she came to me one morning, and says she, "Mr. Weston, I take motherly interest in you." "Well," says I, "I am very glad to have any one take a motherly interest in me." Says she, "I have been thinking for some time that you are injuring yourself." And I asked her why, "well," says she "you eat too much!" [Laughter.] Now this landlady used to have, if you will excuse the expression, fried eggs for breakfast, and there were twelve boarders of us, and she used to cook thirteen eggs, and they would go around one apiece. I would manage to be the last young man at the table and I would generally call for an extra egg. The good lady stood that as long as she could, for about a week or more, and one morning we (she and I) sat at the breakfast table alone, and I called for an extra egg, as usual. Said she, "Mr. Weston, you know that I told you the other day that I took a motherly interest in you, and you will not misconstrue my motives, but," says she, you will excuse my remarking that you are eating too much, and I don't think you had better have another egg. I should just as leave you would have it, but two eggs would make you bilious!" I told her I should like to be bilious, and therefore, I would take two eggs. [Laughter.]

You can hardly expect much of me to-night, because I do not profess to be any speaker at all, and I do not profess to be much of a walker, but I am proud to say, though I am not much of a walker, I did walk from Portland, Maine, to Chicago, and arrived here in this good city on time, and won my wager which is very pleasant to me and to many of my friends.

JOHNSON'S MESSAGE.

The telegrams of this morning tell us that the London Times comments upon Johnson's message but we are not told what the comments are. We can inform our readers, because we have received this piece more fully by mail in advance of the wires: The London Times says the message is only a rehash of all of Johnson's former speeches and messages, and draws an unfavorable contrast between the message and the actions of Congress. Johnson has drawn down upon his head the ridicule of the leading foreign papers who were formerly his and the rebels friends. Our opinion is he is dead.

FROM MEXICO.—M. E. Cleveland arrived in this city yesterday from Brownsville, on the Rio Grande. The citizens of Brownsville and Matamoros have replaced most of the houses recently destroyed by the terrific storm that passed over that region. Mechanics are receiving \$1 per day, and business is good. On the 24th ultimo a party of sixty American emigrants, (disaffected rebels), under Captain Anderson, from near Waco, Texas, passed through Matamoros en route for the "John Henry Brown" settlement, on the Tazpan River, State of Tazpan. They are well provided, and expect to take machinery for a large mill. Beef cattle are low priced just now at Matamoros—cattle that are worth \$15 here only bring \$8 there. General Trevino is not certain that he is elected Governor of Tamaulipas; he will contest the election, however, should he be defeated. We all know what it means to contest an election in Mexico.

Lord and Lady Amberly were the guests of Mrs. and Mr. Harriet Beecher

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States.

Official Journal of Texas County and City of San Antonio.

W. E. MOORE, A. SIEMERING, J. F. NEWCOMB.

A. Siemering & Co., Publishers.

SATURDAY, DEC 14, 1867.

IN ACTION.

The "dignity" dodge of the rebels has been the one shining consistency throughout their entire madness. The idea that "we will never assist in our own humiliation," is breathed forth in every printed line and every spoken sentence. This humiliation, be it known, is the taking away their right to live upon the labor of the negro. The latest "Yankee" in the world is taken into fellowship if he will abuse the nation for "depriving us of our rights," and tell us that the small ought to convince any man that the colored race is not our equal. The most intelligent Southerner, although he may trace his lineage to John Smith or any other first family, is driven away if he intimates that the negro is human.

As a consequence these inaction people are losing their influence, and, in addition, are losing their means, in fighting against fate, until it has become only a question of time as to who will go to work first; the last being he who stole the most cotton from the people during the reign of terror in the South. The only Southern literary person who has become distinguished is Pollard, and his reputation comes from attacking rebel heroes; while all other eminent men have either remained quiet or placed themselves upon the Congressional platform of reconstruction; among the latter are Longstreet of New Orleans, Holden of North Carolina, and the editor of the Atlanta New Era.

The Memphis Post made a happy hit when it said "every little corner grocery in the interior is surrounded by big, lazy, long-haired whites, who employ their time in asking each other, 'what the devil are we going to do now, the niggers won't work?'" The same can be seen every day in any Southern town. We can tell them what they are going to do; they are going to starve, and the sooner it occurs the better.

In speaking of the States that have already voted, a writer says:

"Here are four States certain to be permanently reconstructed; and what is true of them will be true of Mississippi, Florida, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Virginia, leaving Texas to the mercy of Congress, to be reconstructed perhaps under the provisions of Mr. Stevens' forthcoming bill. In every one, with the exception of South Carolina, the convention is controlled by white men."

Texas is left to the wisdom of Mr. Stevens. We are content to have it so; are our rebel friends willing? We can tell them that Stevens is far from dead yet; our Washington telegrams have grossly misrepresented the old hero. We get from them the minority reports of the impeachment committee, and only such other views as will suit. In plain words, the Southern despatches are taken from the New Orleans Times' specials, and they are false on purpose to suit a gullible party.

The profound (?) leaders of the disaffected have just set in solemn convulsion in Macon, Ga., and in the face of their recent awful thrashing they have passed a series of resolutions, of which the following is the principal:

"Let that we recognize it as a duty to sustain law and order, support cheerfully all constitutional measures of the United States Government, and maintain the rights of all classes under enlightened and liberal laws."

Of course we are to infer that they must be the judges of what measures are constitutional and what are not.

The Republicans of Texas need not fear a defeat from the inaction of rebels. Nothing but a division of the Union ranks can possibly bring about such a calamity; but even then we would be safe, for Congress would declare us a Territory, and legislate as in Nebraska was; and no rebel constitution would be entertained.

THE MURDERER WALL.—Wall who murdered the Hon. J. W. Black, at Uvalde a few months ago, is still in the hands of the Military authorities of Fort Clark. They declare their readiness to turn the prisoner over to the proper civil authorities, when the expenses of his keeping are refunded.

We understand the military decline to try him before a commission.

By Telegraph.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.

Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, December 12.—Cotton dull declined; Orleans 14 1/2; sales 3500; receipts 4525. Gold 152.

Rail Road Accident.

WASHINGTON, December 12.—Montpelier train with seventy workmen jumped off the abutment of a recently burned bridge fifteen were killed instantly four since died many were injured.

Georgia Convention.

ATLANTA, December 12.—Convention passed the relief ordinance this morning introduced by B. Bullock of Richmond which reads as follows:

Be it ordained &c., that from and after the passage of this ordinance all levies which have been or may be made under execution issued from any court in this state shall be suspended until the Convention shall take or refuse to take final action upon matters of relief and that all sales under such execution in violation of this ordinance &c., will be null and of no effect.

Louisiana Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, December 11.—In Convention a resolution was offered directing that Convention proceed at once to organize a civil Government for Louisiana laid over and ordered to be printed Resolution making Constitution of 1864 properly amended the basis of the proposed Constitution and directing Convention after it adjourned subject to the instructions of Congress; referred resolution making the pay per diem of the President was unanimously adopted; the chairman then decided at the vote of yesterday on the bond question was on application of the report of select committee only. Blackburn's ordinance was amended to read three hundred thousand instead 500,000 again came up and adopted by vote of 55 to 32.

PHILADELPHIA, December 12.—A furious north-east snow-storm commenced here early this morning.

BALTIMORE, December 12.—A Medical Convention of Maryland has adopted a petition for the release of Dr. Mudd.

A Whisky Convention.

A Whisky National Convention is in session here, and recommend a tax of 25 cents per gallon. They have appointed a committee to represent their interests before Congress.

Georgia Supreme Court Decision.

The Georgia Supreme Court having decided that the Stay law passed by the last Legislature to be unconstitutional, his ordinance, which it is understood will be enforced by General Pope, will operate as a bar to all legal action upon private debts, until the Convention can set further.

National Union Convention.

The National Union Republican Committee, in their call for a National Convention for the nomination of a President and Vice-President at Chicago on the 20th of May, say each State is authorized to be represented by a number of delegates equal to twice the number of Senators and Representatives to which such State is entitled in the National Congress.

Rebel Convention in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., December 11.—A grand Conservative meeting was held last night in response to the call of many citizens; the object of the meeting is to provide against the action of the late State Convention, and to organize Conservative political clubs throughout the city and State.

The meeting was largely attended and perfect order maintained.

Patriotic speeches were made by Hon. Robert S. Smith, P. Walker, and Major Henry St. Paul of the Times.

Resolutions were reported by Hon. John Forsyth, and unanimously adopted.

European.

WASHINGTON, December 11.—The London Times comments upon Johnson's views of citizenship.

Violent debates on Italian parliament, Liberals assail ministers.

PARIS, December 12.—The Monitor says conference and negotiations continue and there is renewed confidence.

FLORENCE, December 12.—It is thought Italian Chambers will repeal vote of sixty-one declaring Rome capital of Italy.

LIVERPOOL, December, 12.—Cotton rate here more doing; sales 8000 bales quotations unchanged.

HAIGHT & CHAMBER'S

New Orleans Orleasal Circus & Menagerie.



Organized and equipped in the City of New Orleans, Nov. 15, 1867. Transportation purchased and fixed out in the Cities of Galveston and Houston, Texas.

The only Southern Equestrian or Zoological confederation on the American Continent; others, claiming a Southern origin, or taking the name of "Southern Circus" are base impostors, who assume the name to win the patronage of a generous and magnanimous public.

THIS COMPANY WILL EXHIBIT On the Military Plaza For a few days only, commencing Thursday, Dec. 19, 1867.

The Equestrian and Olympian combination, united the elements of brilliant and graceful Horsemanship, Classic and Daring Gymnastics, Dazzling Pantheonic performances, and an ensemble of surpassing Excellence, presented by a select and unprecedentedly large Troupe of Artists, culled from the most brilliant Arena Schools of

ENGLAND, FRANCE and AMERICA.



The Equine Department is represented by a Stud of highly-trained steeds, of great beauty and equanimity, and of various breeds among which stands

The War-worn Veteran "Stodewell."

The Medical Department is unsurpassed in the rendition of soul-inspiring melodies, executed by

Storey's Crescent City Band.

THE ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Is not claimed to be a full and complete display of the various species of the Animal Kingdom, but does embrace several features of a most novel and interesting character, among which are

A Den of Asiatic Lions



but recently captured, and imported for this Establishment. They are of immense size, and usually ferocious, yet at each exhibition the World famed and indomitable Lion King,

Kerr Elijah Lugle

Enters their cage, and actually feeds the savage monsters with raw beef from his naked hand.

The intensely interesting and rare phenomenon

A Baby Elephant,



The youngest and smallest ever witnessed in America—a perfect little pig, playful and harmless as a kitten; together with a tribe of

MONKIES, APES and BABBOONS

All of which forming one grand and interesting combination, under one immense Marquee, will be exhibited for

One Price of Admission!

For particulars, see Post-Office grammar.

DOORS OPEN at 11 and 1 o'clock P. M.

Admission, - - 50 cents.

Children, - - 25 cents.

Nov 14-5d

JUST RECEIVED,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS AND TOYS,

FOR CHRISTMAS.

E. PENTENRIEDER,

31 Commerce Street.

nov20-d4w

JUST RECEIVED,

THE MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS & FINE TOYS,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,

Commerce Street.

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books.

Books, Stationery,

AND

NOTIONS.

AT

GAMBLE'S

BOOK STORE,

117 Commerce Street, and

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH

SUPPLY OF

STATIONERY—

for Commercial purposes,

Ladies' Bath Gilt Note,

Octavo and Billet

Paper;

Lined Envelopes, &c., &c.;

Photographic Albums;

Portfolios;

Toilet Articles;

Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Ladies' Dress Buttons,

Visiting Cards, Spectacles,

Cases, Umbrellas,

and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

Public Documents, Engravings, &c., &c.

DIRECT

IMPORTATION.

ONLY ONE WORD!

H. GRENET,

Respectfully invites City

and Country Merchants

and the Public generally

to examine his stock before

purchasing elsewhere.

BY DOING SO

THEY WILL FIND

GREAT INDUCE-

MENTS to their ad-

vantage.

EVERY ARTICLE

IS WARRANTED

AS REPRESENTED.

Cavalry Horses

Wanted Immediately!

Two Hundred and Seventy-

Seven Horses,

For which the highest prices in specie will be paid.

Said Horses must be sound in all particulars, well broken, in full flesh and good condition, from (15) fifteen to (16) sixteen hands high, from (5) five to (9) nine years old old, and well adapted in every way to cavalry purposes.

For particulars apply at the Manger Hotel, or Stock Yard near by.

R. W. PEAY.

San Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867.

House and Lot for Sale.

The house and lot situated on Goliad street, the property of E. Reppas, is for sale.

The house has three rooms, each 20 by 15 feet; a warehouse is attached 40 by 15 feet.

All in good order and title guaranteed.

Apply to the owner or at the office of the San Antonio Express.

If sale is not made before January 6th, 1868, the above will be sold on that day to the highest bidder.

nov26-d4wtf

HIDES

Bought at the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE,

ELMENDORF & Co.

STOVES!



COOKING,

PARLOR,

AND BOX

STOVES!

Just received by

LEROUX & COSGROVE.

oct31tf

ELMENDORF & CO.

Hardware Merchants.

MAIN PLAZA.

Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale

English and American Cutlery,

Iron and Steel of all sizes,

Carpenter's Tools,

Mill & Crosscut Saws of all sizes,

Boring Machines,

Nails of all sizes,

Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc.,

Door, Cabinet & Trunk Locks of all kinds,

Shoe Makers' Saddlers' Tools & Trimmings,

Buckles, Rings, etc.,

Bridle Bits & Webbing,

Oil Cloth, Hames, Collars, etc.,

Tin, Rivets, & Kettle Eggs, etc., etc.,

Steel Hoes and Agricultural Implements, in general.

Landreth's Garden Seeds always on hand.

And a general assortment of Hardware

Also: Paints, Oils, Turpentine & Glass;

Paint, Shoe & Clothes Brushes,

Petroleum & Lamps,

Colt's Army & Navy Size Pistols,

Powder, Shot & Caps,

And all other articles in their line of business at low prices.

Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's

also for Planer & Kayser's Sewing

Machines.

May 24th 1866. no350

LEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

&c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods!

and will sell all at the very lowest prices

nov5tf

STAGE LINE

Two commodious Stages and one baggage

wagon run regularly once a month by way of

Pedras Negras (Eagle Pass) to Chihuahua.

This line connects at Chihuahua with the

stage that runs to Monterey and thence to

Matamoros or Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, Zac-

atecas or the City of Mexico.

It also connects at San Antonio, San Pablo

and Chihuahua with the stage line to Paso

del Norte.

The Stages are well protected by a strong

armed escort.

For rates of passage, specie shipments and

freights, apply to

FELIX MACKEYRA,

Proprietor,

Chihuahua.

WULFF & SCHETELIG,

Agents,

corner Alamo and North streets,

San Antonio, Texas.

June 26-6m

WANTED!

200 Bales of Cotton.

200 Bales of Cotton wanted by

JEFFERSON & MURPHY.

San Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867.

Local Intelligence.

DEATH OF MR. BOWEN.—Mr. John Bowen, an old resident of this place, died on Friday morning, the 13th instant, at his residence. Mr. Bowen's career has been that of a faithful and useful citizen. Many years ago he was known by his family name, "Pencecock," but being promised by a wealthy relative to make him his heir if he would take his name, "Bowen," Mr. Bowen had his name changed by Legislative enactment, and has lived long enough to be known by no other. He was for many years our Postmaster, and also held municipal offices of profit and trust. He was known as a man of great firmness of character, and strictly honest and straightforward in his business relations. He stood firm through all the dark days of the rebellion, as a loyal citizen to the United States Government, and in his declining years had the satisfaction of seeing the Union preserved and the legacy of a free republican government the boon of his children.

The struggles of the world are over with our old friend now, and may his ashes rest in peace. We shall long remember his cheerful face, his kind voice, his noble qualities.

Mr. Bowen's domestic relations were very happy, and he leaves a wife and a large family of interesting children to mourn his death.

FIRE.—On Friday morning, about 1 o'clock, a fire broke out in Mr. Elmendorf's barn. The alarm was given and the police force of the city was soon on the spot, and aided by a few citizens, went manfully to work to stay the fire and save the adjoining residence. Fire Company No. 2 also arrived, and, after several ineffectual attempts to work the engine, gave it up. Some complaints are made that the firemen did not take the active part in putting down the fire as they might. We suppose they were disgusted with their machine. Besides the policemen, Mr. Pollmar, Greaser, Youngie, the Mayor of the city, and a few others, were active in their efforts to put down the devouring element. The horses and carriage in the barn were removed, and the residence saved; the barn, a very valuable one, with hay, corn, etc., was a total loss. The cry of powder in the store-house near by, was raised, which frightened a great many persons away. Fires are very rare in this city; but when they do occur, our Fire Companies are not prepared to meet them. We think it would be well to sell out the present concerns and purchase a first-class, new outfit, and have such an organization as would insure more efficiency. Our present Fire Companies are helpless and almost useless.

RENOWN AND ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, Friday morning, while Mr. John Earl was driving his Soda wagon across the Main bridge, his horse took fright and ran away, the horse turned at the first street leading towards the Casino; Mr. Earl saw a little girl in the way and did his best to avoid running over her, but in spite of his efforts, the girl was struck by the wheel and severely injured. In his efforts to avoid running over the little girl, Mr. Earl ran his horse into a yard among some wagons and was thrown from his seat, but not hurt. We learn that the child is the daughter of Mrs. Geo. Giddings, she was immediately taken home and medical aid called.

THE CIRCUS.—For the past few days splendid equestrian pictures have decorated the walls of our buildings in some of the most public places, announcing the coming of the circus. These pictures have been extensively gazed at by old and young. Young people in particular are all alive to the coming wonders. In another column will be found their flaming advertisement.

MAVON'S COURT, December, 13 1867.—Frank Green violating Bridge ordinance—not sustained dismissed.

J. H. Mainey, drunk fined \$5 and costs.

H. D. Stumburg, vulgar language, apologized, case dismissed.

Kellogg, for being a professional gambler and vagrant, case set for the 14th inst.

GOLD.—The action of Secretary McCullough in throwing twenty millions of dollars upon the market, and the defeat of the bill before Congress, suspending his authority to contract, the currency is working its legitimate results as may be seen in the rapid rise in greenbacks—all hail the happy omen.

ARREST OF A MURDERER.—We are informed that a person has been apprehended by Lieutenant McCafferty at Fort Clark, who has been identified as Doby Taylor, one of the murderers of Major Thompson, of the 4th U.S. Cavalry. The man was pressed so closely that his horse was caught at the house of Mr. Poffords on the El Paso road, near Turkey Creek, and the man after conversing with the Lieutenant walked leisurely away until out of sight, when he made off. He was afterwards arrested, and is now a prisoner.

PERSONAL.—Hon. D. Cleveland, ex-Mayor of this city, arrived in San Francisco, California, on the 6th ultimo. He is accompanied by his brother, the ex-City Attorney. They design remaining on the Pacific side.

New Advertisements.

For Rent.

The House and lots known as the Campbell place, on Flores street, adjoining the residence of Dr. Graves.

Enquire of C. Upson, Esq.
F. DECORDOVA,
Official Assignee of Bk't Estate of W. Chrysler.
dec 13-14.

Sale of Horses, &c.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Dec. 13, 1867.
Will be sold at public auction, at the Alamo yard, in this city, on

THURSDAY the 19th instant,

commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M.:
10 Cavalry Horses,
6 sets of Harness, and
2 Pack Saddles.
Condemned as unfit for the public service.
The articles must be received immediately after the sale.

TERMS:—Cash in Government funds.
J. G. C. LEE,
Provost L. A. Col. and A. Q. M.
dec 13-51 U. S. Army.

DR. F. HERFF,

Respectfully announces to his friends that he has resumed practice in the city.
Office, at Nette's Drug store, on Com. street.

RACES.

\$150 Currency.

We will give a purse of one hundred and fifty dollars to be run for in San Antonio the 20th of December. One hundred dollars to the first horse and fifty dollars to the second, ten per cent entrance. Free for all Saddle Horses, half mile and repeat, horses to carry one hundred pounds. Entry to be made by the fifteenth at Messers Hotel.
FEAY & SPANGLER.

DISSOLUTION.

The mercantile co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of E. Wulping & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The settlement of the business of said firm will be made by E. Wulping, and all debts due thereto, collected by him.
B. WULPING,
E. CRAMER,
M. KRAUKAU.
Referring to above circular the undersigned will continue the business under his own name.
C. CRAMER.
San Antonio, Dec. 5, 1867. (11)

Steinway's Pianos.

The first Grand Gold Medal awarded at the Universal Exposition in Paris, 1867, for the three styles, viz: Grand, Square and Upright.
For particulars inquire at
ZORK & GRIBENBECK, Agents.
dec 11-41

House to Rent.

One of the finest houses in the city, situated on the east side of the river, adjoining the residence of Mr. Postmiller. Apply at the business house of E. Postmiller, Main street.
(dec 6-41)

NOTICE.

The Mayor will be in attendance at the Mayor's office every day from 9 o'clock A. M. till 12 o'clock M., and from 2 o'clock P. M. till sun down. On Sundays from 9 o'clock till 10 o'clock, A. M.
Regular meetings of the City Council every 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month.
W. G. A. THIELEPAPE, Mayor.
Attest: MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, City Sec.
San Antonio, Dec. 3rd, 1867. (41m)

DR. NOHL,

CITY PHYSICIAN,

Residence opposite Grace's east side of the river.
Office hours before eight o'clock A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M. (dec. 5-dw 11)

TEN CHIHUAHUA WAGONS

For sale at LEROUX & CO'S GROVE.
dec. 5-dim.

JEFFERSON & MURPHY

HAVE FOR SALE
REAL ESTATE, consisting of first class property on Main Plaza, (with three fronts.)
Several Valuable Family Residences &

Sundry City Lots.

Also: 350 Mules and 75 Horses; one train of ten Wagons and one hundred Mules; all complete. Also, all classes of

Wagons, Carriages

and other vehicles.
San Antonio, Dec. 3rd, 1867. (41d 11w)

NOTICE!!

Having received an order for

10,000 BUSHELS

of

PECANS!!

I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for the same.
oct10d4w3m H. GRENET.

THE Gas Generators Have Arrived!

An invention by which a common Kerosene Lamp can at once be transformed into a Gas Lamp, of a most brilliant light, entirely safe against explosion; no chimney needed, and is not subject to be blown out by the strongest breeze or current of air; at the same time giving a better light than the combined light of two ordinary Kerosene Lamps, and saving fully one-third of the kerosene oil, by simply applying the gas generator.

The undersigned, having procured the patent right for Bexar County, has now a supply of the Generators on hand, and offers to sell them at One Dollar, specie, each.

To Dealers, they will be offered by the dozen at a very fair discount.

The undersigned has also been authorized to sell County Rights and Generators to all counties where said patent has not been introduced.

E. SIMON,

At the store of Hertzberg & Simon,
nov102m San Antonio.

BELL & BROS.

DEALERS IN

Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated-ware

Diamond Goods, American and

European Watches and Clocks,

Gold Pens and Pencils of

every kind, Gold and

Silver Thimbles,

and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with

Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable

for the aged or near-sighted.

Engravers and Manufacturers

OF ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

REPAIRED and warranted.

Orders Filled Promptly.

Main Street

Five doors east of Main Plaza, **Opposite their Old Stand.**

San Antonio, Texas.

March 29, 1866

J. MILLER & CO.,

KUHN'S BUILDING,

STRAND, GALVESTON.

DEALERS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

of all kinds of

FIRE-ARMS, viz:

Rifles, shot guns, (Laminated steel and

Damascus twist.)

Gun Wads and

Gun Material, Shot,

Powder and Caps,

Powder Flasks and

Shot-Pouches,

Gun Locks, Sear Springs,

Main Springs,

Tumblers, &c.

RIFLES.

Kentucky Rifles,

Ball's Patented nine Repeater,

Palmer's single Breach-Loading

CARBINES,

(A splendid arm for Frontier Service.)

Henry's Rifles,

Ballard's Rifles,

Maynard's Rifles,

and Sharp's Rifles.

SHOT GUNS.

At \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, and up

to \$175 in gold.

In every variety. Orders from every

part of the country filled with

expedition.

Sole Agents for Texas for

REMINGTON'S FIRE-ARMS.

Galveston, Texas. 141

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY,

Shippers and Dealers in

Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted

Blinds.

Having on hand a large assortment of

CHOICE STOCK,

We are enabled to fill all orders at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Orders from the country solicited and

promptly filled.

MARKET STREET,

city 141 **GALVESTON**

EVANS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1856.)

CASH

WHOLESALE GROCERS

GALVESTON.

ESTABLISHED 1780

J. C. HULL'S SON,

NEW YORK

FAMILY & PALE

SOAP,

AND ALL KINDS OF

FANCY SOAPS.

Sold By EVANS & Co

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

July 17dw1y

Special Notices.

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore

Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be

checked.

If allowed to continue.

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent

Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Troches,

Having a direct influence on the parts, give

immediate relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always

good success.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use

them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "Brown's BRONCHIAL

TROCHES," and do not take any of the Worth-

less imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere nov11d

THE HEALING POOL

and House of Mercy,

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS,

for young men on the crime of Solitude, and

the errors, abuses, and diseases which destroy

the many powers, and create impediments to

marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in

sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,

Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

184d4w3m

To Marry or not to Marry?

WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men,

In Essays of the Howard Association, on the

Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases in-

duced by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the

first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter en-

velopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Card to Invalids.

A clergyman, while residing in South America

as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple

remedy for the cure of Nervous Weak-

ness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary

and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of

disorders brought on by baneful and vicious

habits. Great numbers have been already

cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a

desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate

I will send the recipe for preparing and using

this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any

one who needs it, Free of Charge.

Please inclose a post-paid envelope, ad-

dressed to yourself. Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,

Station D, Bible House,

New York City

4w1y

To Music Teachers

AND

Dealers.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish

Sheet Music, Strings, Musical Instruments, and

Musical Books of all kinds at the lowest

trade rates, wholesale and retail, from the

largest collections in this country.

Orders punctually and faithfully attended

to. Address all orders

SILVERIA OTT,

788 Broadway, N. Y.

41

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from

Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all

the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for

the sake of suffering humanity, send free to

all who need it, the recipe and directions for

making the simple remedy by which he was

cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the

advertiser's experience, can do so by address-

ing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. CODDEN,

43 Cedar Street New York.

w32ly

To Consumptives.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send

(free of charge) to all who desire it, the pre-

scription, with the directions for making and

using the simple remedy by which he was

cured of a Lung Affection and that dread

disease, Consumption. His only object is to

benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every suffer-

er will try this prescription, as it will cost

them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,

No. 165 South Second Street,

sep21 Williamsburgh, N. Y.

Information

Guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth

of hair upon a bald head or beardless face;

also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples,

Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leav-

ing the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can

be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

823 Broadway, N. Y.

sep21

SCHMITT & DUEHLER,

Commerce Street,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Wholesale Manufacturers

OF ALL KINDS OF

[Official.]

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CHAP. XXXV.—An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

[CONTINUED.]

For two-thirds of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two farmers, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For two-thirds of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand three hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents.

For eighth of twenty instalments in corn, goods, household furniture, and cooking utensils, agricultural implements and cattle, carpenters' and other tools and building materials, and for moral and educational purposes, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nineteen thousand dollars.

For eighth of twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand and forty dollars.

For eighth of twenty instalments for the support of six smiths' shops, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For sixth of twenty instalments for the seventh smith and assistant, and support of shop, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For support of a smith, assistant, and shop for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For support of two farmers for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Chippewas of the Mississippi.—For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, four thousand one hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two carpenters, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, four hundred dollars.

For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments in goods, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the support of schools, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the support of two smiths' shops, including the pay of two smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For one-third of twenty-first of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two farmers, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents.

For eighth of twenty instalments of annuity in money, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, twenty thousand dollars.

Chippewas, Pottawatomie, and Lake Winnebago Bands.—For eighth of thirty instalments of annuity in money, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, ten thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents.

For eighth of thirty instalments of annuity in goods, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, eight thousand dollars.

For eighth of thirty instalments for purposes of utility, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, four thousand dollars.

For eighth of twenty instalments for purposes of education, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand dollars.

For eighth of fifteen annual instalments for the support of two smiths and smiths' shops, per third article treaty twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, two thousand and twenty dollars.

For pay of an engineer to visit and examine all at Loch Lake, six hundred dollars.

Chippewas of Saginaw, Grand Creek, and Black River.—For seventh of ten equal instalments in coin, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, ten thousand dollars.

For seventh of ten instalments for the support of one blacksmith shop, per second article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, twelve hundred and forty dollars.

Chippewas, Menomonees, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians.—For education during the pleasure of Congress, per fifth article treaty eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Chickasaws.—For permanent annuity in goods, per act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

Choctaws.—For permanent annuity, per second article treaty sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity for support of light house, per thirteenth article treaty eighth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and thirteenth article treaty eighth

second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for education, per second article treaty twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith, per sixth article treaty eighth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for iron and steel, per ninth article treaty twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article treaty twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For interest on five hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, for education, support of the government, and other beneficial purposes, to be applied under the direction of the general council of the Choctaws, in conformity with the provisions contained in the tenth and thirteenth articles of the treaty of twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Comanches, Kiowas, and Apaches of Arkansee River.—For sixth of ten instalments for the purchase of goods, provisions, and agricultural implements, per sixth article treaty twenty-seventh July, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, eighteen thousand dollars.

For expenses of transportation of the ninth of ten instalments of goods, provisions, and agricultural implements, per sixth article treaty twenty-seventh July, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, seven thousand dollars.

Creeks.—For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and sixty, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in money, per second article treaty sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and for shop and tools, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For permanent provisions for iron and steel for a blacksmith, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For permanent provision for the pay of a wheelwright, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, six hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant and shop and tools during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For wagon maker during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, six hundred dollars.

For assistance in agricultural operations during the pleasure of the President, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, two thousand dollars.

For education during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, one thousand dollars.

For the sixth of seven additional instalments for two blacksmiths, assistants, shops, and tools, per thirteenth article treaty twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For the sixth of seven additional instalments for iron and steel for shops, per thirteenth article treaty twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, five hundred and forty dollars.

For thirty-second of thirty-three instalments for education, per fourth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, three thousand dollars.

For nineteenth of twenty instalments for education, per fourth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, three thousand dollars.

For five per centum interest on two hundred thousand dollars for purposes of education, per sixth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, ten thousand dollars.

Delawares.—For life annuity to chief, per private article to supplemental treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine for education, per resolution of the Senate nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and fifth article treaty sixth August, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

Iowas.—For interest in lieu of investment on fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, balance of one hundred and fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, to the first July, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, at five per centum, for education or other beneficial purposes, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and ninth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Kansas.—For interest in lieu of investment on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

Kickapoos.—For ninth instalment of interest, at five per centum, on one hundred thousand dollars for education, per second article treaty eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand dollars.

For ninth instalment on two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid in eighteen hundred and sixty-two, per second article treaty eighth

teenth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine thousand dollars.

Memoranda.—For seventh of twelve instalments for continuing and keeping up a blacksmith shop, and providing the usual quantity of iron and steel, per fourth article treaty eighth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-six cents.

For seventh of ten instalments of annuity upon two hundred thousand dollars, balance of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars for pension of lands, per fourth article treaty eighth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, twenty thousand dollars.

For seventh of fifteen instalments for pay of miller, per third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

Missouri of Kansas.—For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine hundred and forty dollars.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Gov't. Advertisements.

Proposals for Fresh Beef.

COMMISSARY OFFICE 4th U. S. Cavalry, CAMP VERDE, TEXAS, Dec. 8th, '67.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, are invited until 12 o'clock M. December 20th, 1867, for supplying Fresh Beef (either on the hoof or slaughtered, as may be required) to the troops at Camp Verde, Texas, and to all Posts, Camps and Hospitals, in the vicinity, drawing supplies therefrom, from January 1st, 1868, or as soon thereafter as may be required, to December 31st, 1868; or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct.

The bids will state the price per pound net currency for the fresh Beef furnished, on the hoof, and the price per pound net for that furnished slaughtered.

Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, stating that if the proposal is accepted, the bidder will enter into a contract, and that they will enter into Bonds in the penal sum of Three Thousand Dollars, for the faithful performance of the contract.

The names of firms should be stated in full with the address of all the members of the firm.

No bid will be entertained when put in by contractors who have previously failed to comply with their contracts, nor, when it may be discovered that the bidder has offered directly or indirectly more than one bid.

Bidders, (if a firm, the members,) must be present to respond to their bids, and to sign and complete the contracts and bonds upon the above-named day.

The beef cattle furnished must not be over five years old and weigh not less than (500) five hundred pounds net dressed.

The beef furnished must be of good marketable quality, in good proportions of fore and hind quarters, neck, chump and kidney tallow excluded, and to be delivered at such time and in such quantities, as may be required.

Payments will be made monthly, or as soon thereafter as funds may be received therefor.

The Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered.

Endorse envelopes inclosing bid "Proposal for Fresh Beef."

Address Proposals to the undersigned, D. A. IRWIN, 1st Lt. 4th U. S. Cavalry, A. R. C. S. Dec 11-6d

BLYMER, NORTON & CO., (Successors to Clark Sargo Machine Comp'y.) No. 116 MAIN STREET, Cincinnati, Ohio.

SORGO MACHINERY, The Celebrated Cook Evaporator, Victor Cane Mill, Eureka Pudding & Straw Cutters, Eureka Cider Mills, Warner's Sulky Revolving Hay Rakes, Horse Power Forks, Lone Star Corn Shellers, Double Shovel Plows, Crawford's Garden Cultivators, Church, School, and Farm Bells, And many other implements, Tools and Machines.

Manufactured by BLYMER, NORTON & CO. N. B.—Send for Circulars and Illustrated Catalogue. Sept. 10. wif.

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE, Commerce Street, Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store. Keeps constantly on hand School Books at Wholesale and Retail.

A fine assortment of STATIONERY of all kinds. CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books, and other Books.

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In stock a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business.

All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, etc. Music! Music!! Music!!! A fine assortment on hand, and receiving NEW MUSIC every week. Oct 23rd

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The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

Making & repairing of Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, &c. Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings, made to order and of the best material. Sawing and Planing of all kinds done to order. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Felloes, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts & Bows, kept for sale.

All Work executed upon the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Having had many years experience in the above business, he confidently relies upon giving entire satisfaction to his customers.

J. YATES BROWER, Proprietor.

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&c., &c., &c.