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DR. R. G. LITSH, DENTIST, Office over the Bank.

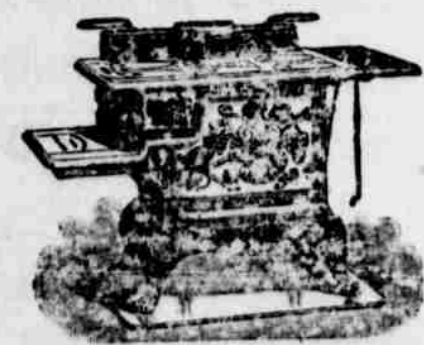
All kinds of Dental work neatly and substantially done. Prices moderate.

Guaranteed \$900 Salary Yearly. Man and woman of good address...

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McCullum & Cason. We are now offering to the people of Haskell and adjoining counties...



BAIN WAGONS in all sizes Also a full line of the justly celebrated CANTON FARM IMPLEMENTS.

STOVES Cooking and Heating: We handle the Celebrated Bridge, Beach & Co. stoves.

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Besides the Above, We Carry a Full Line of Tinware, Granite-ware, Queensware and Delft-ware and Household Supplies.

M'COLLUM & CASON.

The great corn belt of Texas, from Waco to Red River, and from Kaufman, Hunt and Lamar counties west...

Eczema Can Be Cured. Remick's Eczema Cure and Remick's Peppin Ecod Tonic will cure the most obstinate case.

Every home in West Texas should have an orchard. If you want one see W. T. Jones, who is representing the Comanche Model Nursery.

Rice growers who depend on the water of the bayous for irrigating their rice fields are in trouble along with the rest of the drouth sufferers.

Lost: One sorrell mare about 5 years old, about 15 hands high, branded g (figure 3 reversed) on left shoulder.

A Poor Millionaire Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him.

W. C. T. U. DEPARTMENT.

WHAT SHALL THE CHURCH DO WITH THE TEMPERANCE REFORM?

(By Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler, D. D.) What God hath joined together, let no man put asunder! Great moral evils involve great moral duties.

Some good people regard liquor-drinking simply as a question of dietetics, and turn it over to the doctors. It undoubtedly has its physiological bearings; and in our public schools the nature and effects of alcoholic drinks out to be thoroughly taught to the young.

Of late years there has been a lamentable tendency to relegate the whole subject of temperance to the domain of politics. This has arisen partly from the prominence given of late to the selling of intoxicants, and to the question of licensing or suppressing the tipping-houses.

As an old-time prohibitionist ever since the days when I stood with Neal Dow before State legislatures advocating prohibitory laws, I was greatly gratified during a recent visit to southern California to observe how effectively the dram-shops are closed in many towns.

But the duty of Christ's Church goes down far deeper than to make public protest against the legalized sale of intoxicants; it must strike at the use of intoxicants. If must aim at more than the reformation of drunkards—a very difficult process at the best.

Every Christian church ought to be a school of instruction to teach the young and inexperienced what a deadly serpent is coiled in every alcoholic stimulant. It ought to enforce the Pauline principle of abstinence, not only for self-protection, but for the welfare of others.

sincere milk of the Gospel with one poison-drop of Satan's brewing. Moral suasion and legal prohibition must be combined; what common sense and experience have joined together let no man put asunder.

It must never be forgotten for a moment that the temperance reform in America had a Christian birth. The men who rocked its cradle and who girded its vigorous childhood were Dr. Lyman Beecher, and Justin Edwards, and President Nott, and Albert Barnes, and Bishop McVaine, and Charles Jewett, and other eminent servants of God.

White Man Turned Yellow

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly.

Stray Horse.

A deep brown mare, star in face, branded L. R. on left shoulder and B. Y. on left thigh. I will pay \$5 for information that will lead to her recovery.

A Word With Indulgent Parents.

You probably have not least idea how much annoyance and trouble YOUR boy is causing the public but, owing to the position we occupy, we know, for we hear many complaints from the other fellow about YOUR boy and sometimes one from you about the other fellow's boy.

Article 32 reads, "All persons whether inhabitants of this state or of the United States, or aliens, are amenable to punishment for offenses which are defined and made punishable under the provisions of this code."

Art. 34 furnishes the exception as to age as follows: "No person shall, in any case, be convicted of any offense committed between the years of 9 and 13 UNLESS it shall appear by proof that he had discretion sufficient to understand the nature and illegality of the act constituting the offense."

We regret to have your boy before the court either as a witness against some other boy or as a defendant in the case, but, if he has outgrown your authority and your control, he is big enough and old enough for the State to take charge of it.

We submit this sincerely hoping that the good people of the community will assist us in enforcing the law, and what is of greater importance, making good men of our boys, for when that is done there will be no willful violations of the laws.

"Business Sack"

To be well dressed is to be smoothly clothed—that is, the "style," the "fit," the "fashion," all must be up-to-date.



CROUSE & BRANDEGER Manufacturing Tailors, Union, New York

is your protection. "Scotches," "Tweeds," "Cheviots," "Unfinished Worsteds" and "Thibets" are the chief materials, and in these suits we have made preparation for all—the stout, the slim, and every age.

That's Our Way

We are keeping our general stock of DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS, ETC., up to its high standard of completeness and quality. And our Millinery and Dress Goods Departments are headquarters for everything the ladies want in the way of stylish Dressing.

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HASKELL AND STAMFORD TRANSFER. Connects with incoming and outgoing trains, avoiding any layover at Stamford for passengers or express.

Livery Stable at Haskell Good teams and vehicles furnished promptly to order. J. W. JOHNSON & SON, proprs.

HASKELL MEAT MARKET.

MATT WALKER, Propr. Solicits Your Patronage. Will keep in season, Beef, Pork, Mutton, Lard, Sausage, Etc.

We have an experienced cutter who will give you just the cut you want. We will buy your hides and furs. West side of square.

of parental training as to the solemnity of an oath. Boys ought to know that it is better to tell the truth and stand right in the sight of God and of good men than to lie to shield a friend or acquaintance from proper punishment or reprimand.

You can not raise your boy to be much better than those with whom he associates. You are your brother's keeper, therefore you must not let your boy be profane or disrespectful to his elders, lest your boy learn the trick by association.

Another thing, it is often the case that some lady or girl witnesses a violation of the law. We regret to have to call any lady before the court as a witness but when it becomes necessary in the discharge of our duty we shall do so.

Advertisement for WINE OF CARDUI and HEALTHY MOTHERS. It dazzles the World. No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption.

Subscribe to the Free Press and get the county news.

MANY LIVES LOST.

Bluefield, W. Va., June 24.—This entire section has been visited by a flood, the extent of which in all probability will equal or exceed that of Johnstown in 1889, so far as the loss of property is concerned. Early Saturday morning shortly after midnight a heavy downpour of rain began, accompanied by a severe electric storm, which violently increased in volume and continued for several hours. This continued throughout the entire night. Many miles of the Norfolk and Western tracks, bridges and telegraph lines are entirely destroyed and communication is entirely cut off west of Elkhorn, so that it is impossible to learn the extent of the loss of life and property. All officials of the coal corporations located in the stricken district have been sent out messengers to Elkhorn, the terminal of both telegraphic and railway communication, and have received reports that a conservative estimate as to the loss of life will easily reach 200. Some of the drowned are among the most prominent citizens of the coal fields.

The Pocahontas field is located in a basin with high mountain ranges on either side, Elkhorn creek flowing in the center of the basin, which runs from one-fourth to a mile in width. From Elkhorn, W. Va., to Vivian Yard, W. Va., a distance of ten miles, numerous cabins, coal company commissaries' cabins and coke plants line the basin. Elkhorn creek being fed by numerous small streams coming from the mountain side, rises very rapidly, and this water-spout came so suddenly that the entire basin between the two mountain ranges was flooded, and before the terror-stricken people realized what was upon them they were carried down in its path. The little town of Keystone, with a population of about 2000 seems the greatest sufferer, practically the entire town being washed away. This town is the principal one in the Pocahontas coal fields, and is located near its center. It was to a great extent the headquarters from which the mining population purchased supplies, and was also the only place in the field where whisky could be purchased. At this place there were twelve to fifteen saloons, all of which were washed away. The report comes that the mining population are now occupying the banks of the streams below, catching the merchandise and barrels of whiskey and beer as they float down. A great number of the coal and coke plants through the Pocahontas coal region are reported practically destroyed, and are in some instances entirely washed away. Owing to the very high water, which has flooded the region and prevented communication, anything like a correct estimate of the loss of property is impossible, but from the best information obtainable Sunday, the loss of property will easily reach \$2,000,000.

It is now certain that the total list of the dead from one end of the Elkhorn to the other will reach 200.

At Kelle a large number of miners' houses were swept away as well as the handsome residence of the company's physician. Twenty-five houses are jammed together in one large mass of broken timbers and debris.

Bank Examiners.
Washington, June 24.—The controller of the currency appointed as national bank examiners J. M. Logan of Fort Worth, Tex., and D. B. Miller of Red Oak, Ia.

W. A. Reed shot and killed W. A. Trimberger and severely wounded his son near Parsons, Kan.

Invasion Series.
London, June 24.—Recent events in Case Colony seem to prove the Boer invasion of that country to be more serious than at first thought.

A letter to the Daily Mail dated Cape Colony, June 24, confirms the Boer report and says that the invaders number from 7000 to 10,000; that they are swarming all over the eastern and midland districts and getting recruits. The Daily Mail remarks that confirmation of these assertions is needed.

Plans Approved.
Washington, June 24.—The fish commissioner has approved the plans for the enlargement and improvement of the San Marcos fish cultural station and informed Mr. Burleson that work would be commenced about the 1st of July, as soon as the appropriation is available. The plans when carried into effect will make the San Marcos station the largest black bass station in the country and probably in the whole world.

Have Surrendered.
Santa Cruz, Province of Laguna, Luzon Island, June 24.—Gen. Calles surrendered here with 650 men and 500 rifles.

Oaths of allegiance to the United States were administered to the former insurgents.

Col. Caballer, who fled to the mountains with a portion of his command, likewise surrendered.

Calles did not sufficiently control the populace to bring in all the insurgents in his district.

Bryans at Buffalo.
Buffalo, N. Y., June 24.—Among the visitors at the Pan-American exposition Saturday were William J. Bryan, Mrs. Bryan and their three children.

The chancery court of Knoxville, Tenn., has decided that the "suicide clause" in a Woodmen of the World policy is of no effect.

Edna Lee, colored, was burned to death at Waxahatchee.

ADELBERT HAY.

Son of the Secretary of State, Falls to His Death From a Window.

New Haven, Conn., June 21.—Adelbert Stone Hay, former consul of the United States at Pretoria, South Africa, and eldest son of Secretary of State John Hay, fell from a window in the third story of the New Haven House in this city, shortly before 2:30 Sunday morning and was instantly killed.

The dead man was a graduate of Yale of the class of '98, and his death occurred on the eve of the university commencement, which brought him here, and in which by virtue of his class office, the young man would have been one of the leaders.

The full details of the terrible accident will never be known. It is generally supposed that after going to his room at the New Haven Mr. Hay went to the window to air, and sitting on the sill, he dozed off, and overbalancing, fell to the pavement below—a fall of sixty feet. The fall resulted in instant death, and within fifteen minutes the body had been identified as that of young Hay.

A laborer on the streets saw the form of a man falling through space. An instant later the body lay directly in front of the main hotel entrance.

The horrified laborer rushed to the spot and his shouts brought others. The usual crowd gathered. In it were several belated Yale graduates. They bent over the body. One of them, Julian Mason, son of the late Edward G. Mason of Chicago, and a classmate of young Hay, drew back and horror-stricken, said:

"My God, it's Del Hay!"

By this time the hotel clerk had reached the scene and made the identification complete. The body was clad in pajamas. On the window sill of the room occupied by young Hay was found a partly consumed cigarette; on the floor near the window was a ring worn by the victim. His clothing had been neatly arranged and the bedclothes were drawn back. The bed, however, had not been occupied.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Kentuckian Slays a Woman and Ends His Own Existence.

Louisville, Ky., June 24.—The death of H. S. South at 4:30 Sunday morning was the second act of a bloody tragedy that began in Louisville three days before with the murder of Emily Stuart, but which did not come to light until Saturday night, when the police found the horribly mutilated body of a woman hidden in a closet and in the same house a man dying from wounds self-inflicted with pistol and razor.

Several pistol shots near Twelfth and Market streets caused Policemen Finpigan, Webb and Huelin to enter the small frame building at 215 West Market street, occupied by H. S. Church as a grocery store and residence, the living rooms being just back of the grocery. The policemen saw through a window clouds of smoke from a pistol. They forced an entrance and found Church propped up in a chair bleeding from a big wound made in his left breast with a 45-caliber Colt's revolver and from a slash made across his left wrist made with a razor. On the floor was an empty bottle labeled laudanum. Church gave utterance only to his death groans. He was taken to a hospital, but died early Sunday morning without making a statement.

The woman was identified as Emily Stuart from a letter dated New York found in a bureau drawer, which the coroner said "was a love letter and unsigned." Another in the same handwriting, unsigned and dated Chicago, was next found.

The Premier.
Terrell, Tex., June 24.—The premier of this city, is Mrs. Joe Keller, wife of Marshal Keller. Mr. and Mrs. Keller have just returned from a three days' fishing jaunt at Bois d'Arc lake, in which time Mrs. Keller succeeded in landing 500 of the finny tribe by means of hook and line.

Denise of Noted Baptist Divine.
Atlanta, Ga., June 24.—Dr. Franklin H. Kerfoot, corresponding secretary of the Baptist home mission board, died here of acute rheumatism and uremic poisoning. Dr. Kerfoot had been ill for several months. He went to the Baptist convention at New Orleans against the wishes of his physician. The duties attendant upon his position and the additional work incident to the convention told heavily on Dr. Kerfoot's strength and he returned exhausted.

Again Visited.
Pittsburg, Pa., June 24.—The storm and flood which broke over Allegheny county on Saturday afternoon, besides causing much damage in every part of the county is known to have caused at least four deaths besides bringing injury to others.

The Turtle creek district was again visited by a heavy rainstorm Sunday and the conditions of Saturday were duplicated. The damage to property will amount to thousands of dollars.

Storm in Illinois.
Lincoln, Ill., June 24.—Damage estimated at fully \$100,000 was done Saturday night by a tornado that swept across Logan county, unroofing public buildings, wrecking residences and business houses, laying low great tracts of soil and demolishing out-buildings of all sorts.

One end of the large brick chapel building at the Illinois asylum for blind children was torn out and the forest surrounding state property was leveled.

MOLDERS OF MENTALITY.

The Superintendents and Teachers Convene at Grayson County's Capital.

Sherman, Tex., June 26.—The Superintendents and Principals' association began its annual session here Tuesday.

Promptly at 10:20 o'clock the meeting was called to order by I. P. Skinner, superintendent of the city schools of Colorado City, and vice president of the association, the president, G. W. Roach of El Paso, not having arrived.

P. W. H. D., superintendent of the Sherman city schools, made the address of welcome.

As none of those assigned to duty on the morning programme were present, it was moved that the meeting take up the afternoon programme and proceed with that, but the motion failed.

It was then moved that Mr. Blair, superintendent of the Denison schools, be requested to discuss "The Problem of Selecting Teachers," the subject assigned to W. J. Clay of Dublin, Mr. Blair demurred, on the justifiable ground that ten seconds was not enough time to prepare an address on so important a subject. He was finally excused.

It was at this point announced that a telegram from Dr. Cooper, president of Baylor university, stated that it would be impossible for him to attend.

Superintendent Chaffield of Abilene received a telegram announcing that J. C. Lattimore of Waco had been elected to the superintendency of the San Antonio schools, but had declined and will remain at Waco.

For the afternoon session Vice President Skinner called the house to order at 2:55 o'clock.

Superintendent V. M. Fulton treated the subject, "Some Evils that Impair Our Efficiency." He thought there were four great forces at work in molding character, viz: the pulpit, the theater, the newspaper and the school teacher.

HOUSTON'S CITY HALL

And Market House Destroyed by Fire and Heavy Loss Entailed.

Houston, Tex., June 25.—For the second time within a week Houston was visited with a most disastrous fire Monday afternoon. Following upon the burning of the Inman compress tank Friday the city lost its market-house, containing the city hall and offices. All of the city offices were in the second story of the building and the loss occasioned is a heavy one.

The building occupied the center of Market square and was erected at a cost of \$70,000 by insurance companies some twenty-six years ago. It replaced the original market-house, which was built in 1829-79 at a cost of more than \$210,000, and which was destroyed by fire on the afternoon of Saturday, Jan. 28, 1876, the hours of the fire being the same as those of this one. It is learned that the city has about \$100,000 insurance on the building and nothing on the contents.

The Second Day.

Sweetwater, Tex., June 25.—About 3500 people have attended the second day of Sweetwater's celebration and barbecue. Addresses were delivered this morning by W. K. Homan of Colorado City, Vice President Sylvester and Director Edwards of the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railway. Mr. Sylvester gave positive assurances that the railroad would be completed from Kansas City to Sweetwater by Sept. 1, 1902, and that divisional terminals and shops would be located here. Committees are here from Stamford, Anson and ask endeavoring to secure the railroad for their respective towns.

There was a baby show, the prizes being three town lots. There was no public sale of lots Tuesday, but several private deals were made.

Back From Buffalo.

Cleburne, Tex., June 25.—President Baillio of the National Editorial association is back from a visit to the Buffalo exposition, also to Plymouth Rock, Mass. From the latter place he brought back in his pocket a bit of historic granite, where stood our forefathers. Col. Baillio was delighted with his visit. He states that C. F. Lehmann of Hallettsville was elected guest custodian of the National Editorial association, which entitles him to the position of delegate on all occasions when the association is in session.

Exhausted Itself.

Beaumont, Tex., June 26.—The remarkable gas well breaking out in the Guffey's McFadden No. 2 played out Monday night, has completely exhausted itself and choked up with sand as well. Workmen have been clearing up the debris Tuesday and preparations made to get the rig in shape for drilling. It is not known whether the well will be of any value or not. The Guffey company had same experience with a well on top the hill.

Lost Their Equipment.

Austin, Tex., June 25.—Adj. Gen. Thomas Scurry Tuesday received a letter from Major C. Towles of the First Texas infantry, informing him that the market-house fire at Houston destroyed all of the equipment of Troop A. First cavalry, except the saddles and sabers. All of the equipment of the battery that was formerly located at Houston was destroyed except two Gatling guns. The loss will aggregate about \$1500 with no insurance.

Wall Acquitted.

Rusk, Tex., June 25.—The case of Eugene Wall was submitted to the jury at 4 o'clock p. m. Monday, and in about one hour after receiving the charge a verdict of guilty was returned. This case has more completely occupied the public mind for a year or so than any other in this section for years. The presentation of the case to the court and jury has been marked by as able conduct and brilliant passages by counsel as have ever been witnessed in this section.

Eyeball Cut in Two.

Gainesville, Tex., June 25.—Mr. McWhorter, a farmer who lives in the Mountain Springs community, was in the town and purchased several bottles of soda pop. The bottles were put in the vehicle and while driving along a piece of the glass struck Mr. McWhorter in the eye, cutting the lid and literally splitting the ball in two. The unfortunate man was brought here and his wound dressed. The sight is entirely destroyed.

Arrested Both.

Paris, Tex., June 24.—A shooting affray occurred in the southern part of the county between Jennings and Clardy, which was the outcome of an alleged attempt elopement. Four shots were exchanged between the father of the girl and a young man. Neither was hurt, but the horse rider by the young farmer was shot through the neck. Sheriff Martin went to the scene of the difficulty and arrested both of the participants, who gave bond.

The New Hate.

Houston, Tex., June 24.—The first bale of cotton for the season of 1901-02 was received in this city Friday night by Inman, Nelms & Co., shipped from Alice, Tex., and raised in Nueces county. The quotation committee has not reported on the grade, nor given its opinion as to whether it is bona fide new cotton. If it proves to be of this season's growth it will be a record breaker, beating all previous records by four days.

Additional Matters.

Austin, Tex., June 24.—The governor has been importuned to present to the special session in August for its consideration a number of additional matters for legislative action. In conversation the governor stated that he had not given promise to any one to submit any subject, and that in the question of new subjects he would be guided entirely by the rapidly displayed by the legislature in disposing of the matters embraced in his call.

OVER THE ORIENT.

Sweetwater Celebrates Commencement of the Road's Construction.

Sweetwater, Tex., June 25.—Five thousand people from Nolan, Fisher, Mitchell, Jones and Taylor counties and from distant points in the state were here Monday to enjoy the hospitality of the people of Sweetwater and join with them in celebrating the inauguration of work at this point on the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient railroad.

The preparations for the celebration were elaborate and everybody was well cared for. It was held on the new addition to the town, known as the Orient addition, through which the grade for the new line is now being thrown up. A large tent was spread for an auditorium and the tables at which the large crowd was fed were covered with awnings. The spread was bountiful and well prepared.

The programme opened at 9 o'clock with a concert by the Colorado City brass band, after which Hon. S. W. T. Lanham of Weatherford delivered an address. On commenting upon the building of the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient through Texas and its importance to the state, Mr. Lanham said that he favored the building of more railroads in Texas. He realized that in the great enterprises of to-day associated capital is necessary, and he would have such capital protected in every single right to which it is entitled, but he desired that capital also respect the rights of the citizens of Texas whose securing its rights. There is no reason, he added, why there should be any antagonism between these great enterprises and the people. They are entitled to a reasonable return on their investments.

After the barbecue the town lot sale was opened. It was not an auction sale, but price list. The prices ranged from \$100 to \$500 per lot of 25x40 feet.

CORTEZ CONFESSES.

Admits the Killing of Sheriff Morris, Which Was for Revenge.

San Antonio, Tex., June 25.—Gregorio Cortez, the alleged murderer of Sheriffs Glover and Morris of Gonzales and Karnes counties, was brought to San Antonio from Laredo, reaching here at 8 o'clock Monday morning on a freight train, and lodged in the Bexar county jail for safe keeping. It not being deemed prudent to take him to the scene of the killing. The prisoner was in charge of Deputy Sheriff Choate of Karnes county, accompanied by Capt. Rogers of the Rangers, Sheriff Avant of Atascosa county and a dozen other officers, who have for a week been in pursuit of the man.

At the jail, after having been warned, Cortez made a statement of the killing of Morris, Glover, and Schaubel. He said: "I shot Morris because he shot my brother without provocation. Morris came to my house to arrest me. I was not guilty of the charge. My brother was killed and was killed by Morris, and I killed him."

CAPTURED CORTEZ.

The Alleged Slay of Sheriffs Glover and Morris in San Antonio Detail.

Laredo, Tex., June 24.—The special which went to the coal mines to bring in the posse of Laredo policemen who thought they had arrested the much wanted Leda, alias Cortez, the alleged slayer of Sheriffs Glover and Morris, returned Sunday with the prisoner, who was immediately placed in jail. Several persons who know Cortez well when he lived in Matamoros, Mexico, visited the jail, and after seeing the prisoner said he has no resemblance whatever to the much wanted man, who they declare, is of light complexion and 47 years old, while the prisoner is dark and not over 27.

The circumstances surrounding his capture were that Saturday morning he appeared on foot at a ranch ten miles above the mines, thirty-five miles from Laredo and about six miles from the Rio Grande, where he applied for work. The Mexicans on the ranch invited him to stop while one of them could go over to where the owner lived and see if he would employ him, which he did, resting there several hours, until the man who said he was going to see the owner returned with deputy City Marshal Gomez of Laredo and his posse. He surrendered without resistance. He will be taken to San Antonio.

Fatal Duel.

Tyler, Tex., June 25.—A shooting occurred on the north side of the square at 6 o'clock Monday afternoon. Seven shots were fired and Will Griffin, a popular young business man, connected with the firm of Mayer & Schmidt, was shot three times and killed. H. J. Fancher, a bystander, received two wounds, one in the side and one in the arm. T. J. Clay, a piano dealer, surrendered to the officers and is in jail. Griffin and Clay had some previous trouble over an account earlier in the day. A revolver was picked up beside the dead man with two empty chambers.

Was Identified.

Laredo, Tex., June 24.—The International and Great Northern train arrived three hours late and brought parties who, after taking a look at the prisoner identified him positively as the man Gregorio Cortez, alias Cortez, alias Leda, who, it is alleged, killed Sheriff Morris of Karnes. One of those who identified him is Mr. Choate of Karnes county, who knows the man well and recognized him as soon as he saw him in the jail.

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TAKEN TO TRINITY.

Identified by Miss Trow and Then Put in Huntsville Penitentiary.

Houston, Tex., June 24.—A military coup of rare brilliancy was achieved by Capt. George McCormick and his company, the Houston Light Guard, twenty-eight strong, assisted by Capt. Breedlove and the Houston cavalry. It was done in the protecting of negro, Levi Spencer, from a violent death at the hands of an enraged people and placing him out of that danger within the walls of the state penitentiary at Huntsville, where the opposing forces of desperate men numbered five or six to one.

The negro was escorted Friday morning from this city to Trinity for the purpose of identification by the young lady, Miss Laura Trow, upon whom the assault was made. The negro had been brought here and placed in jail by Sheriff Chandler. He was to be taken back to Trinity for identification. The sheriff had asked the state to furnish a military escort, he believing from the temper of the people in and about Trinity that an attempt would be made to take the prisoner from the constituted authorities and lynch him. In this belief, it now appears he was wise. When the opportunity presented itself defiance both of the civil and military authorities were hurled at them. Thrilling features of the trouble were armed men parading the streets of Trinity and suburban territory, a company of militia with the negro prisoner in charge barricaded in a school house, surrounded by hundreds of armed and enraged citizens; parleying between the contending forces, frequent firing of guns, telephonic and telegraphic correspondence between Capt. McCormick of the militia, joined by the citizens' committee on one hand and the state authorities at Austin on the other the winning strategy of delay; the interruption of telephone service to cut off the militia; Corporal Dallas Matthews' hazardous but victorious telephonic service to his company and the state; Miss Trow's identification of the prisoner, followed by tears; her brothers beside her; nerve of officers and men marching out in the face of the mob; the declaration, "We have 1500 armed men," by a citizen; uplifted hands of 500 men, and finally a lively fusillade between mob and soldiers as the train moved away with the prisoner.

Cotton is nearly all chopped and is in good condition in Erath county. Some farmers report their cotton and corn raised around Royce City.

Col. D. R. Fant has sold his stock of horses on the Weedy ranch, in Live Oak county, to Mike Dolan, at \$15 per head. There are 1200 to 1500 head of them.

Over seventy-five carloads of tomatoes have been shipped from Jacksonville this season and many more will follow. Over \$50,000 has been realized by growers.

Wheat and oats are being rapidly thrashed out in Bell county. The yield of wheat is better than expected, averaging sixteen bushels per acre. Oats, however, are light.

R. A. Shepherd, of Pawnee, Ok., shipped 750 head of hogs to Kansas City recently. Nine cars were required. The price received by Mr. Shepherd was \$3.82 1-2.

Notwithstanding the dry weather, planters in several Mexican states agree that the crop prospects are as good as last year at the same time, and possibly somewhat better.

On and after July 1 the Mexican government has given out that the duty will be taken off, and horses, mules, mares and jacks will be allowed to enter the republic free.

The potato crop in the Omaha section has been gathered and marketed. A fair price was obtained for same. Farmers are already talking about how many potatoes they are going to plant another year.

J. M. Daugherty of Abilene, Tex., who has been in the Creek nation, says shipments proper will begin about July 15. He says cattle are in good condition and that the range is better than it has been in several years in that section.

Dr. J. H. Miller of Paris, Tex., has purchased of Wesley Durant and Tom Hall of Durant, I. T., the W. E. T. ranch, located in Jacks Fork county, Choctaw nation. The purchase includes large pasturage interests and 750 1 and 2-year-old steers.

Miller Bros., who have 7000 acres in wheat one Hundred and One ranch in the Ponca Indian reservation, have been running twenty-six binders and now have four threshing machines in operation.

Beeville's first car of watermelons was shipped the 15th. The melons were raised by D. P. Mitchell, manager of the Lovelace Stock farm, located three miles south, and some of them weighed 60 and 70 pounds. The average was over 40 pounds.

The Denver Record-Stockman, commenting on the beef shortage, says that there is a genuine scarcity of beef cattle in the west. Denver is getting about a quarter of the number needed now and there is inquiry from surrounding towns in the country.

Wheat in Wise county is being thrashed out at a lively rate. The grain is extra fine, weighing from sixty to sixty-four pounds to the bushel, and ranging from fifteen to nineteen bushels to the acre—better than was anticipated.

Oklahoma fruit growers are shipping peaches to northern markets and there will be continuous yield until Nov. 1. It is thought the crop will reach fully 750,000 bushels this year. This industry is yearly increasing and is now quite a factor.

A number of fields of cotton in the vicinity of Crowell have been destroyed by grasshoppers. Farmers in Ford county are seeking to poison them by making a preparation consisting of wheat bran and arsenic with fair success. Farmers there feel despondent.

A. A. Bates of Sabinal gives out the information that he has sold to Ed, English 800 head of 2's, and has bought 600 head of the same age from Robert Driscoll of Skidmore. He says the deals amounted to about \$22,500.

It is thought that at least 400 carloads of Irish potatoes raised in Grayson county, will be shipped this season from Sherman alone. As the average capacity of a car is little less than 450 bushels, this will certainly be a vast output.

FARM, GARDEN, LIVESTOCK.

Cantaloupes are coming in. Watermelons are in evidence. Much corn is laid by in Collin county.

Quinlan, Hunt county, is shipping out Irish potatoes.

Johnson county's corn acreage is increased this year.

Several east Texas counties will raise fine tobacco this year.

Clark & Collins of Alice have bought Joe Reynolds entire crop of 3's.

The Williamson County Farmers' institute will be held at Jonah July 18, 19 and 20.

Some Oklahoma farmers are realizing from twenty-six to twenty-six and a half bushels of wheat per acre.

The exports of cattle from Chicago for the first five months this year show a gratifying increase over last year.

E. S. East shipped sixteen cars of cattle to Pensall from Alice, and Gay Beckman shipped nine cars to Mexia.

One of the latest things in candied fruit is a muskmelon. A New York corporation is the originator of this idea.

The first solid car of cantaloupes ever shipped from the Beeville section, was loaded at Beeville on the 14th, and sent to Kansas City.

Manuel Alvarez of the Mexican government received at Beeville 500 head of mules and horses, purchased by him for that government.

Cotton is nearly all chopped and is in good condition in Erath county. Some farmers report their cotton and corn raised around Royce City.

Col. D. R. Fant has sold his stock of horses on the Weedy ranch, in Live Oak county, to Mike Dolan, at \$15 per head. There are 1200 to 1500 head of them.

Over seventy-five carloads of tomatoes have been shipped from Jacksonville this season and many more will follow. Over \$50,000 has been realized by growers.

Wheat and oats are being rapidly thrashed out in Bell county. The yield of wheat is better than expected, averaging sixteen bushels per acre. Oats, however, are light.

R. A. Shepherd, of Pawnee, Ok., shipped 750 head of hogs to Kansas City recently. Nine cars were required. The price received by Mr. Shepherd was \$3.82 1-2.

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LOQUE STAR LINES.

Ferguson's saw mill, near Colmesaburned.

The summer normal for

Accept
No
Substitute.

WILL YOU SURE YOU!
SERRAVALLO'S TONIC
CURES CATARRH OF THE HEAD, THROAT, LUNGS, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, AND FEMALE ORGANS.



People and Events

Pretender to Be Editor.

To provide the French Royalists with an organ, the Duke of Orleans, who is the pretender to the throne of France, has purchased the Parisian newspaper *Soleil*, and will conduct the journal in the interests of the cause of which he is the head. It is understood that the Duke will assume personal charge of the editorial department of the paper. The novel spectacle of royalty, in the person of a claimant to a throne, who by blood and marriage is related to many of the crowned heads of the continent, turning editor will be interesting to contemplate. Orleans can well afford to essay the task of financing a newspaper. His private fortune is ample. Recently it was reinforced by a decision of the French court which condemned the Duke and his family property and funds worth many millions of dollars. The property consists largely of canal shares which were the property of the house of Orleans at the time of the great revolution in the latter part of the eighteenth century. After the downfall of the dynasty this property was confiscated. In 1814 laws were passed providing for its restoration to the original owners. This was impossible in a majority of cases, as the government had disposed of the property. Subsequently the law provided that the restoration should be made in cases where the new owners died without heirs, which would place the government in actual possession of it. Restoration has been made under the decision rendered lately by the courts.



Emancipate Farmer's Wife.
F. J. Frost, of Almond, Wis., who represents the Second District in the Wisconsin legislature, wants a steam laundry established at every crossroads in the state, where farmers' wives may bring their weekly washings and save themselves one of the hardest duties of their work. Mr. Frost has not fully developed his idea as yet, and has no definite plan for the establishment and maintenance of the laundries, but he declares his plan is feasible. He is engaged in visiting the residents of his district, fixing his political fences, and incidentally getting their views on his pet scheme. He contrasts the comparatively little labor done by the housewife in the city, where laundries are available, with the drudgery of the country farmhouse, where each week's washing and ironing must be done on the premises and commonly by the housekeeper herself. The legislator believes a steam laundry could easily be operated in connection with each creamery at his home town of Almond with a view to trying the plan. Mr. Frost hopes to be known to posterity as the emancipator of the country housewife. The reward he hopes for in life is a return to the legislature. Mr. Frost is serving his second term in the assembly. He is the Almond agent of several insurance companies and of an agricultural machinery manufacturer, and owns a large farm, which he manages in addition to his other business. He is a graduate from the Oshkosh Normal school and is 43 years old.

Men, Cure Yourself.
Of lost manly power, nightly emissions, atrophy, nervous debility, etc., by using Allen's Gentian Tonic, Russell & Rogers Company, 281-283 Main Street, Dallas, Texas. Cherish the kindest of feelings to all honorable opponents.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c. Tons give great relief to a heart full of sorrows.

Winstow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Friendship is an attribute that cannot have its value overestimated.

For the cure of headaches there is also a better remedy than the Gargle Headache Remedy. These have been successfully prescribed for many years by a prominent physician. They are effective and harmless.

Do you ever go to a place and wish you were sent for?



F. J. FROST.

Mary Sackville to Wed.
Lady Mary Sackville of England, well known to the 400 of New York and the elite of Washington, and who was at one time reported to have been engaged to Frank Gould, will soon rid herself of the name for fecklessness which society has placed upon her. The filled English woman is now preparing for her marriage to a young man of the name of Gould, who is a member of the aristocracy.

Head of Mystic Shriners.

Philip C. Shaffer, the new imperial potentate of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, is a native of Philadelphia, and one of the best known business men in town. He has just entered upon his fifty-first year and for more than one-half of his life has been a Mason. Upwards of seventeen years ago he joined the Shriners, and for twelve years he officiated in the post of Oriental Guide of Lu Lu Temple Philadelphia. For three years he was the potentate of the temple, and he was elected to the office of the deputy imperial potentate at the last meeting of the Shriners. Mr. Shaffer, as may be imagined, is one of the most enthusiastic of the Shriners in the country. He is devoted to spirit and purpose of this order, and few men have more mystic friends than he in his home city and throughout the country. It was believed from the beginning that he would be promoted from the second highest to the highest office in the order. Mr. Shaffer is prominent in the furniture trade.

Quits Society to Labor.

Arthur Lee Cabanne, the young society man who gave up his home to work as a laborer in a steel factory, promises to eclipse the career of Charles Reade's hero in "Put Yourself in His Place." Mr. Cabanne has received offers of marriage from numerous young women, among them a belle of Toronto, Canada, who tells him she has \$600,000 in her own right which she is willing to give him for a start in life if he will marry her. Mr. Cabanne is 25 years old, a college graduate and an athlete. His father, J. Charles Cabanne, is one of the most influential and wealthiest merchants in St. Louis. Young Cabanne's desire was to carve out a career for himself independent of any help from his family. He sojourned the best business for his future field, and wishing to learn it from the bottom up, secured a position as a laborer in a factory in East St. Louis. He gave an assumed name, but a former coachman of the family recognized him. Now Mr. Cabanne is on the pay roll under his right name. At the same time he lives with his fellow workers, limits his expenses to his pay and is learning the steel industry by contact with its details.

Christine Nilsson Ill.

Mme. Christine Nilsson, who has been reported seriously ill at Gothenburg, Sweden, and of whom this report has been denied, appears to be troubled with rheumatism, from which fact have arisen from time to time numerous stories of disability and sickness. Mme. Nilsson for many years has been living in practical retirement. The former great singer is now in her 58th year. She was the daughter of a laborer near Vexio in Sweden, and was born in the poorest of circumstances.



DICKEY'S OLD RELIABLE EYE-WATER
Saves sore eyes or granulated lids, strengthens weak eyes, don't burn or hurt when applied. Feels good.

We often wonder while others are keeping.

If you wish to have beautiful, clear white clothes, use Dickey's Bleaching Blue, the famous blue dye.

Persuance is an attribute nearly every person admires.

Long Live the King! The King is Wizard Oil; pain his enemies, whom he conquers.

Fear not your duty, but proceed with courage to do the same promptly.

MEN, CURE YOURSELF
Of lost manly power, nightly emissions, atrophy, nervous debility, etc., by using Allen's Gentian Tonic, Russell & Rogers Company, 281-283 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

Cherish the kindest of feelings to all honorable opponents.

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For the cure of headaches there is also a better remedy than the Gargle Headache Remedy. These have been successfully prescribed for many years by a prominent physician. They are effective and harmless.

Do you ever go to a place and wish you were sent for?

ROELOFS FINE HATS

Wherever wind, weather and sun's heat most severely try a hat Roelofs Fine Hats are best known and most generally worn. Made of finest Nutria and Beaver Furs—will last longer than any other. Color never fades. Made in all modish shapes and fashionable colors. Sold by dealers everywhere.

HENRY H. ROELOFS & CO., Philadelphia.

WANTED, SALESMEN. NATURAL-BORN SALESMEN. Men to sell the best-grown nursery stock in the United States. Liberal commissions paid. Cash advanced weekly. Write for particulars, giving references. Oregon Nursery Co., Salem, Oregon.

USE CERTAIN CURE. When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

W. N. U. DALLAS—NO. 26—1908

A Cup of Good Coffee

To get a really good cup of coffee you'll have to start back of the actual making; you'll have to look to the roasting and the grinding. In ARBUCKLES' you have a coffee that's scientifically roasted, and delivered to you with all the pores of the berry hermetically sealed. You're sure of a good cup of coffee because all the coffee flavor and aroma are kept intact until you want it. The fame of ARBUCKLES' induced other coffee packers to put out imitations of it. These imitations cost the grocer (and you) a cent a pound less than ARBUCKLES'. But don't be tempted to buy a package of some other coffee when you can get

Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee

for it is actually less expensive than the cheap kind; goes further—besides being better flavored, more satisfying.

You will find a list of useful articles in each package of Arbuckles' Coffee. A definite part of one of these articles becomes yours when you buy the coffee. The one you select from the list will be sent you on condition that you send to our Notion Department a certain number of signatures cut from the wrappers.

ARBUCKLE BROS.
Notion Dept.
New York City, N. Y.

Imperial Potentate Shaffer.

Philip C. Shaffer, the new imperial potentate of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, is a native of Philadelphia, and one of the best known business men in town. He has just entered upon his fifty-first year and for more than one-half of his life has been a Mason. Upwards of seventeen years ago he joined the Shriners, and for twelve years he officiated in the post of Oriental Guide of Lu Lu Temple Philadelphia. For three years he was the potentate of the temple, and he was elected to the office of the deputy imperial potentate at the last meeting of the Shriners. Mr. Shaffer, as may be imagined, is one of the most enthusiastic of the Shriners in the country. He is devoted to spirit and purpose of this order, and few men have more mystic friends than he in his home city and throughout the country. It was believed from the beginning that he would be promoted from the second highest to the highest office in the order. Mr. Shaffer is prominent in the furniture trade.



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WINTER BILE

Causes bilious head-ache, back-ache and all kinds of body aches. Spring is here and you want to get this bile poison out of your system, easily, naturally and gently. CASCARETS are just what you want; they never grip or gripe, but will work gently while you sleep. Some people think the more violent the griping the better the cure. Be careful—take care of your bowels—salts and pill poisons leave them weak, and even less able to keep up regular movements than before. The only safe, gentle cleaner for the bowels are sweet, fragrant CASCARETS. They don't force out the foecal matter with violence, but act as a tonic on the whole 30 feet of bowel wall, strengthen the muscles and restore healthy, natural action—buy them and try them. You will find in an entirely natural way your bowels will be promptly and permanently put in good order for the Spring and Summer work.

CURED BY Cascarets LIVER TONIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS. NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pain after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ailment you are suffering with, if you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take out advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of its merit, and an best testimonial. We have faith and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied, return one box, return the unused box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ailment you are suffering with, if you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take out advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

NEW Wetmore's Best

The chewing tobacco with a conscience behind it.

No Premium Wetmore's Best sells on its merits.

Made only by W. C. WETMORE TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

The largest independent factory in America.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder 25c

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

In our Roasting Establishments we positively do not allow the use of Eggs, Egg Mixtures, Olive, Chemicals, or similar substances. **LION COFFEE** is an absolutely Pure Coffee.

"THE NEW KING COLE."

Old King Cole was a merry old soul, And a merry old soul was he; He called for his pipe—but instead of a glass— He called for LION COFFEE. For Old King Cole was a shrewd old soul And he couldn't be fooled on brands, "LION" got his vote, for it has no coast— On its merits alone it stands.

Old King Cole had a wise old poll, And a wise old poll had he. He ate and he drank foods of highest rank— So he favored LION COFFEE. And he knew 'twas best, by a varied test— That millions of homes it pleased. LION COFFEE grand was the only brand. That his appetite appeased.

If Old King Cole could have control Today of the public mind, No Coffee brand but the "LION" grand! On the market we could find. And the LION brand whose value spreads— Satisfaction through the land. Would be bringing glee from the Premium List Given with the LION brand!

Watch our next advertisement. Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity. **LION COFFEE** is now used in millions of homes.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, no fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICES CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.



LUCRATIVE WORK.
Among the strictly feminine professions none is just now more lucrative than the manufacture of neckwear. The decoration of the cloths and dollies, sofa pillows and bureau scarfs with drawn work and floss flowers threatens to become a forgotten art since the demand for pretty hand-made collars, berthas, stocks, etc., far exceeds the supply.

Machine-made neckwear the well-dressed woman refuses to accept at any price. To her notion there is a set and a sameness about it that fails utterly to please. Therefore, whatever she does about her neck must be hand-made, for this more or less shuts out the possibility of wholesale imitation of any particularly nice designs.



FASHIONS FOR CHILDREN.
No. 1.—Pale blue lawn, with muslin embroidery and insertion run with velvet ribbons.
No. 2.—Brown linen batiste with lace bolero. Pink ribbons.

The difference between French and American toilettes does not lie in the shape or the material of the dress, as much as in the way it is worn. A well-dressed Parisian does not trouble about ordering something absolutely new. Novelty is not her object. She seeks, of course, the latest make in skirts and boleros, but she does not give so much attention to the inedit.



THREE STYLISH COSTUMES.
No. 1.—Blue and white foulard, with yoke of tulle and white silk, trimmed with lace and insertion. The waist and skirt have inch-wide stitched tucks. Girdle of black velvet. No. 2.—Spotted silk in shades of green and brown, with white yoke sleeve puffs and white zigzag lace. No. 3.—Blue and white lawn, with white yoke and insertions. Girdle of white tulle.

OUR COOKING SCHOOL.
Grape Wine (Unfermented).
To six quarts of grapes add two quarts of water and bring to a boil, then strain through thick muslin. Bring again to a boil, turn into bottles while scalding hot and seal immediately.

Okra Soup.
Into a quart of chicken stock stir two slices of corned ham, minced, a chopped onion and two dozen okra. Add a pint of strained tomatoes and boil all until the okra is tender. Season to taste and serve.

Chocolate Fudge.
This recipe has been given so often of late, by request, that I dislike to print it again. My correspondent, however, has failed to notice it, so once more I publish it: Boil together a cup, each, of granulated sugar, grated chocolate and milk until a little hardens when dropped in water. Remove from the fire, add a teaspoonful of vanilla, and beat until creamy. Turn into a buttered tin and mark into squares.

A WOMAN WHO LONGS FOR A UNIFORM.
"I feel that I shall never be a contented or capable woman," said a pretty young matron recently, "until I adopt a uniform. This never ending perplexity and worry at the beginning of every season takes altogether too much out of me. I do not say that in a way I enjoy it—that is, I like it if everything goes well; money I spend, and an well dressed for every occasion. I take a great deal of pleasure, not only in the pretty clothes themselves, but still more in the compliments and remarks which I receive in consequence. But there are times when dress, with all its concomitants, seems a vanity of vanities, and the amount of time and thought expended upon it almost criminal. Then I make long for a uniform, and almost make up my mind to adopt one for the rest of my life. If you ever hear of my becoming a deaconess, you may know it is not altogether from religious motives, but I have joined the order, but only that I may wear a uniform without being considered eccentric."
"As women grow older the enforced necessity of spending a great deal of time and money in selecting and buy-

TALMAGE'S SERMON.
"PROMPT ACTION" THE SUBJECT LAST SUNDAY.

"He That Observeth the Wind Shall Not Sow." Eccl. XI. 4.—The Courage of Convictions a Primary Virtue in Man—He Holds for the Right.

(Copyright, 1891, by Louis Klopsch, N. Y.)
Washington, June 23.—From a passage of Scripture unobserved by most readers Dr. Talmage in his discourse shows the importance of prompt action in anything we have to do for ourselves or others; text, Ecclesiastes xi, 4, "He that observeth the wind shall not sow."

Her great aim is that the silhouette should be perfect and there is no surer test of good dressing than to judge the effect of a figure at a distance, says the Philadelphia Ledger. The line, what the French call la ligne, must first be studied; the details of revers, cuffs, and cravats then follow. We, as a rule, make the mistake of giving too much attention to detail, and not sufficient thought to the broad lines. If we would look at ourselves through a looking glass at some distance off, and without the preconceived idea that we were to see our own reflection, we should see the faults that would be very easy to correct, chiefly, in the length of our skirts in front, and the way our hats are placed upon our heads.

ODORS FROM THE KITCHEN.
Every one knows that bane of the cheaper apartment house, odor of dead and gone dinners that lurk in the dark halls, and, becoming mixed with the never smell of corned beef and cabbage, greet one on every landing. Hoarding houses are likewise subject to prevalence of cooking smells, perhaps because the kitchen is not well ventilated, perhaps so little care is exercised to keep things from slipping over and burning. Odors are subtle things, and once set free to find their way through the house they are not so readily cleared out again. In dealing with those in the kitchen prevention is the best weapon of all. There is the heavy and offensive odor of stale grease which results mostly from carelessness. The sharp smell of burned or scorched things may be avoided. A fruitful source of ill odors consists in leaving unwashed pots and pans on the range, and for this the best care is washing soda and boiling water. If the water and soda are put into kettles and cooking dishes as soon as they are removed from their depths, the dishes can be left standing at the back of the range, with distinct advantage, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

GOWN OF DARK BLUE LAWN.
With small white figure. The yoke and underleaves are white, and a band of white lawn is hemstitched to the edges of the collar and sleeves. The insertions are of cream lace edged with a narrow piping of white. Black bow and girdle. Hat of yellow straw, with black velvet and marigold.—Boston Herald.

White Renaissance lace robes are still in favor, but with a great deal more net showing than heretofore.

face a nation full—yes, a world full—of opposition.

Beware of Overprudence.
How many there are who give too much time to watching the weather vane and studying the barometer! Make up your mind what you are going to do and then go ahead and do it. There always will be hindrances. It is a moral disaster if you allow prudence to overmaster all the other graces. The Bible makes more of courage and faith and perseverance than it does of caution. It is not once a year that the great ocean steamers fail to sail at the appointed time because of the storm signals. Let the weather bureau prophesy what hurricane or cyclone it may, next Wednesday, next Thursday, next Saturday, the steamers will put out from New York and Philadelphia and Boston harbors and will reach Liverpool and Southampton and Glasgow and Bremen, their arrivals as certain as their embarkation. They cannot afford to consult the wind, nor can you in your life voyage.

The grandest and best things ever accomplished have been in the teeth of hostility. Consider the grand enterprise of the sterility—the salvation of a world. Did the Roman empire send up invitation to the heavens inviting the Lord to descend amid vociferations of welcome to come and take possession of the most capacious and ornate of the palaces and all Galilee with richest imperial fountains and walk over flowers of Solomon's gardens, which were still in the outskirts of Jerusalem? No, it struck him with insult as soon as the eagle reached him. Let the camel drivers in the Bethlehem caravansary testify. See the vilest hate pursue him to the borders of the Nile! Watch his arraignment as a criminal in the courts! See how they belie his every action, misinterpret his best words, how at him with worst moans, wear him out with sleepless nights on cold mountains! See him hoisted into a martyrdom at which the noonday cowered itself with midday shadows, and the rocks shook under the feet of his sepulcher, feeling it was no time to sleep when such horrors were being enacted.

Make Opportunities.
Young man, you have planned what you are going to be and do in the world, but you are waiting for circumstances to become more favorable. You are like the farmer in the text, observing the wind. Better start now. Obstacles will help you if you conquer them. Cut your way through. Peter Cooper, the millionaire philanthropist, who will bless all succeeding centuries, and the institution he founded, worked for five years for \$25 a year and his board. Henry Wilson, the Christian statesman who commanded the United States senate with the gavel of the vice presidency, wrote of his early days: "Want sat by my cradle. I know what it is to ask a mother for bread when she has none to give. I left my home at ten years of age and served an apprenticeship of eleven years, receiving a month's schooling weekly, and at the end of seven years had worked a yoke of oxen and six sheep, which brought me \$84. In the first month after I was 21 years of age I went into the woods, drove a team and cut mill logs. I arose in the morning before daylight and worked hard till after dark and received the magnificent sum of \$6 for the month's work. Each of those dollars looked as large to me as the moon looks tonight." Wonderful Henry Wilson! But that was not his original name. He changed his name because he did not want on him the blight of a drunken father. As the vice president stood in his pulpit in Brooklyn, making the last address he ever made, and commended the religion of Christ to the young men of that city, I thought to myself, "You yourself are the sublimest spectacle I ever saw of victory over obstacles." For thirty years the wind blew the wrong way, yet he did not observe the wind, but kept right on sowing.

Early Your Antagonists.
The Earl of Alsatia, a favorite of Edward III. of England, and excited the jealousy of other courtiers, and one time, while the king was absent, they persuaded the queen to turn a lion loose in the court to test the earl's courage. The earl, rising at break of day, as was his custom, came into the courtyard and met the lion, and the jealous courtiers from the windows watched the scene. The lion, with bristling hair and a growl, was ready to spring upon the earl when he undauntedly, shouted to the monster, "Stand, you dog!" Then the lion crouched, and the earl took it by the mane and turned it back into the cage, leaving his handkerchief on the neck of the monster, and, looking up in triumph to the jealous courtiers, who he knew were watching from the windows, cried out, "Let him among you all that pridet himself on his pedigree go and fetch that handkerchief!" And you, young man, will find a lion in your life, perhaps turned loose by the jealousy of those who would enjoy your ruin. But in the strength of God you can do it and defy and challenge your antagonists. The Earl of Alsatia conquered the lion by stoutness of voice and the glare of eye, but you may overcome the lion with the proffered strength of an almighty arm and an almighty foot, for God hath promised: "Thou shalt tread upon the lion and adder. The young lion and the dragon shalt thou trample under feet."
Columbus, by calculation, made up his mind that there was a new hemisphere somewhere to balance the old hemisphere, or it would be a lopsided world. And I have found out, not by calculation, but by observation, that there is a great success for you somewhere to balance your great struggle. Do not think that your case is peculiar. The most favored have been pelted. The mobs smashed the windows of the Duke of Wellington while his wife lay dead in the house.

Christ's Faithfulness Mercy.
Whether in your life it is a south wind, or a north wind, a west wind or an east wind that is now blowing, do you not feel like saying: "This whole subject I now decide. Lord God, through thy Son, Jesus Christ, my Savior, I am thine forever. I throw myself, reckless of everything else, into the faithfulness of thy mercy."
"But," says some one in a frivolous and rollicking way, "I am not like the farmer you find in your text. I do not watch the wind. What do I care about

the weather vane? I am sowing now." What are you sowing, my brother? Are you sowing evil habits? Are you sowing infidel and atheistic beliefs? Are you sowing hatreds, revenges, dispenses, unclean thoughts or unclean actions? If so, you will raise a big crop—a very big crop. The farmer sometimes plants things that do not come up, and he has to plant them over again. But those evil things that you have planted will take root and come up in harvest of disappointment, in harvest of pain, in harvest of despair, in harvest of fire. Go right through some of the unhappy homes of Washington and New York and all the cities, and through the hospitals and penitentiaries, and you will find stacked up, piled together, the sheaves of such an awful harvest. Hoses, one of the first of all the writing prophets, although four of the other prophets are put before him in the canon of Scripture, wrote an astounding metaphor that may be quoted as descriptive of those who do evil: "The harvest now is the wind, and they shall reap the whirlwind." Some one has said, "Children may be strangled, but deeds never."

There are other persons who truthfully say: "I am doing the best I can. The clouds are thick and the wind blows the wrong way, but I am sowing prayers and sowing kindnesses and sowing helpfulness and sowing hopes of a better world." Good for you, my brother, my sister! What you plant will come up. What you sow will rise into a harvest the wealth of which you will not know until you go under the shadow of the tree of your harvest in the bright fields of heaven. The soft rains of that land, as they pass, bend the full headed grain in curves of beauty. It is golden in the light of a sun that never sets. As you pass in you will not have to gird on the sickle for the reaping, and there will be nothing to remind you of weary husbandmen toiling under hot summer sun on earth and lying down under the shadow of the tree at noon, so tired were they, so very tired. No, no; your harvest will be reaped without any toll of your hands, without any besetting of your brow. Christ in one of his sermons told how your harvest will be gathered when he said, "The reapers are the angels."

GROWTH OF OCEAN TRAVEL.
Ships Now Carry from 125 to 225 Cable Passengers.
The marked increase in the volume of ocean steamship travel of late years has occasioned extended comment among agents of trans-Atlantic lines. It is said that many Americans make six or more trips a year to the other side, where formerly they did not cross at all. Englishmen and Germans who are engaged in the manufacturing trades, industrial and even food raising, visit this side much oftener now. Quite a few come to look around with an idea of ascertaining how Americans have made such gigantic commercial strides in such a short time, but the great majority, realizing the necessity for adopting American methods where practicable, come here to purchase machinery and the like, without which it would be impossible for them to copy Yankee thrift and industry. Not nearly so common on the ocean ships as he was five or ten years ago is the English ranchman bound for the far west. He is now in the mining or engineering business in Mexico and Central America, although there are still many Britons engaged in the cattle raising business out west and throughout Canada. Some of the older vessels of our line shipped a large number of mules and horses that were sent to South Africa, from New Orleans for English army service. It was surprising to discover what a large percentage of these animals came from the ranches of Englishmen who had settled in the north and west. Where ships in the past were satisfied with sixty or seventy-five cabin passengers each trip at this season they are carrying from 125 to 225 now, if not one way, certainly the other. The number of buyers who are contently on the deep has become enormous. Naturally Canada has benefited by this eagerness to patronize American machinery and manufactures abroad. The ideal drummers' lair is no longer the American Pullman car, but the smoking saloon of the big trans-Atlantic liner.

WHEN JERSEY WAS HUNGRY.
Period During Which People Could Not Get Enough to Eat.
There is on record in the annals of the state of New Jersey a season when the people actually suffered for want of food. It was in the autumn of 1687, when the failure of crops caused a famine that prevailed all over the state and afflicted the people of southern and central New Jersey sorely. They were driven to eating roots and nuts. The Indians were disposed to be kindly to the people and gave them assistance and taught them how to make the best of the natural resources of the country. They showed them how to gather and prepare the oysters and the clams and make the strange potpourri that this generation knows as clam chowder. They taught them the planking of all kinds of fish (shad were not then obtainable). The Indians were short of maize and in the same predicament, but they being native to the forest were more resourceful. Conditions were better in the upper part of the state, because there was more direct trading. There are no records to show that anybody actually perished during the period of the famine. The facts of the terrible condition in the Jersey colony reached the sympathetic pilgrims and puritans, and early in the spring, just as many worn by the hardships of winter, were despairing, a ship load of cereals and preserved meats came up the Delaware river, and its cargo was generously distributed. A general thanksgiving followed. The crops of the following summer were unusually good, and it was never recorded again in history that New Jersey had gone hungry.

The magistrate should obey the laws, the people should obey the magistrate.

It is a mistake to set up our own standard of right and wrong, and judge people accordingly.

Some of us have faith enough in ourselves even to believe our own promises.

A SCIENTIFIC WORK

"Riddle of the Universe" a Curious Book.

Interesting, indeed, are the following conclusions arrived at by Haeckel, the scientist, in his new book "Riddle of the Universe," according to which for thousands of years the intelligence of man struggled with these problems of the infinite. The nature of matter and force, the origin of motion, the origin of life, the apparently pre-ordained orderly arrangement of nature, the origin of sensation and consciousness, the foundation of thought and speech, the question of the freedom of the will. Of these great seven questions some are declared to be insoluble, and each has caused endless discussion. Haeckel brushes them all aside and declares that the one simple and comprehensive enigma is "The Problem of Substance." According to Haeckel, the universe or cosmos is eternal, infinite, illimitable. It consists of two attributes, Matter and Energy. This dual substance fills infinite space and is in eternal motion. Forever the motion continues with periodic change from life to death. All masses are rotating constantly, and while certain ones, sidereal systems or tiny cells, move to their destruction in one part of space, others are springing into new life and development in other parts of the universe. It has taken our earth, one little speck in space, more than a hundred million years to develop its present forms of animal life, to say nothing of long periods of cooling that preceded life. Man is only the highest among the vertebrates, which in turn are the highest among animals. His immediate ancestors have been here at least three million years, and he himself since the end of the tertiary period. "Our mother earth is a mere speck in a sun-disk in the illimitable universe, man himself is but a tiny grain of protoplasm in the perishable framework of organic nature." You, Mr. Reader, are a true "tetrapod," otherwise four-footed creature. Two of your feet have developed into hands by adaptation. You have five toes on each of your feet, because the amphibia of the carboniferous era happened to have five toes on each foot. Your great, great, great grandfather, nine million times removed, was a salamander. Do you doubt, asks Haeckel, that you come from an anthropoid ape? Then how do you account for these facts: You and the monkey have the same two hundred bones, arranged in exactly the same order. You have the same three hundred muscles directing your movements, the same kind of hair grows on your skin, the same groups of ganglionic cells build up the marvelous structure of the brain. You have thirty-two teeth, just like the monkey's thirty-two; a four-chambered heart, just like the monkey's—the same

Accounting for Small Feet.
English writers hate to admit that American women have smaller feet and are more smartly shod than the cousins across the water; witness the following attempt at explanation: "I heard a capital story about American women and their small size. Two ago. It appears that they are very anxious that people should fancy that they have small feet, and that they do not like to put their shoes outside their doors at hotels, for fear that their neighbors passing along the corridor should make remarks on the size of their footgear. So they keep a pair of shoes several sizes too small for them, and, after carefully putting a few specks of mud or a little dust on them, leave them outside the door for other women to envy their small size. The shoes which they have been wearing they clean themselves, and never trust to the hotel porter. In this way they honor their feet and their vanity at the same time, and all parties are, or should be, satisfied. It is an ingenious idea, and that is how it is done."

The pursuit of religious truth is the noblest, as it is the most important pursuit, in which any human being can be engaged.—Whately.

Dieting Consumptives

Must Eat Six Meals a Day at The Massachusetts State Sanitarium

Six meals a day constitute the regimen at the State Sanitarium for Consumptives at Rutland, Mass. The first meal is, of course, breakfast, and this, says a writer in the New England Magazine, is ready at a quarter to 8 o'clock. At all meals special diet is served when directed by physicians, but the usual breakfast menu is a cereal, chops, steak or eggs, muffins and cold bread and butter, tea, coffee and milk. After breakfast the patients are ready for outdoor exercise. This as well as every other detail of the patient's life, is under careful surveillance. Some are allowed to walk a number of miles, some only a short distance; others must lounge in the open air in hammocks or reclining chairs. Zero weather or snow does not interfere with this order of things, heavy furs providing the necessary warmth and fresh air the stimulant that all soon learn to depend upon. At half past 10 luncheon is ready in each dining room; and it matters not if the patient has a most interesting look, or a camp is being built, or the top of a hill commanding an unlimited view is almost reached—all must turn toward the house in time to reach there at the luncheon hour. These

No Compliment In This

A Speech by Wilson Barrett to a Nervous Audience

Certain speeches are supposed to be heart-to-heart talks, expressing the love that the talker has for the particular city in which he is playing the part. Occasionally, however, an actor who moves through life outside the deep rut worn by constant following in the conventional path surprises his hearers with a few plain, unadorned facts that convince even the most skeptical of his sincerity. Wilson Barrett made such a speech in Philadelphia years ago. A brazier toppled over during one of his scenes and some one in the audience shouted "fire!" Barrett walked quietly to the brazier, stamped out the flames and went on with his lines as though nothing had happened. A stampede was avoided, but it was several minutes before the audience became quiet. At the end of the act there were cries of "speech, speech." Mr. Barrett came to the footlights. "You are a pack of fools!" he exclaimed passionately. "I didn't mean to tell you of it—meant merely to think it; but you have asked me for a speech, so I have an opportunity of telling you precisely what I think of you." Then he went on to say that a man who cried "fire" in a theater was a murderer—that a trifle like a brazier upsetting could be remedied easily by those on the stage, but that a cry of alarm from any one in the audience at such a time might mean hundreds crushed to death. For ten minutes he gave that audience a lecture on idleness. When he left the stage the applause was so hearty he was obliged to return and bow his thanks, remarking

with a grim smile: "Don't forget what I told you, will you? I meant it for your own good."

Time to Break the Kule.
There is an anecdote in some volume of French theatrical memoirs narrating an experience of Mile. Clairon, the great tragic actress, with a pupil of hers, a girl with strong natural gifts for the histrionic art, but far too frequent and too exuberant in her gesticulation. So when the pupil was once to appear before the public in a recitation Mile. Clairon bound the girl's arms to her side by a stiff thread and sent her thus upon the stage. With the first strong feeling she had to express the pupil tried to raise her arms, only to be restrained by the thread. A dozen times in the course of her recitation she was prevented from making the gestures she desired until at the very end she could stand it no longer and in the climax of her emotions she broke the bonds and swung her hands to her head. When she came off the stage she went humbly to where Mile. Clairon was standing in the wings and apologized for having snapped the thread. "But you did quite right," said the teacher. "That was the time to make the gesture, not before!"—Harper's Magazine.

Loss of Royal Genealogy.
King Albert of Saxony, who is now in his seventy-fourth year, is the sole survivor of the group of royal genealogists who took part in the Franco-Prussian war.

PROHIBITION SUPPLEMENT.

(EDITED BY THE W. C. T. U.)

MRS. J. B. BAKER,
" R. W. TYSON.
" A. B. MASON.
MISS SALLIE RAMSEY. } Committee.

Every man that undertakes to do anything of account in the world is sure to meet with more or less opposition and criticism. It has been so from the beginning, and it will be so to the end. If you wish to avoid all antagonisms, you must, therefore, be content to play the role of a sluggard and a do-nothing. The very moment in which you seriously undertake any worthy enterprise you will find yourself facing an array of hostile faces, and will be compelled to fight your way through.

The sixteenth verse of Habakkuk is a double star in a constellation of curses. It is the royal text for christian citizenship touching the drink.

The first clause is "woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink," to that we all say, "Amen." But wait—read on: "That putteth thy bottle to him."

There are four characters in this tragedy: first, God; last, the drunkard; and between them, the dram-seller and his accomplice. "Woe unto him that giveth," that disposes of the dram-seller. "No drunkard shall inherit the kingdom of heaven," that leaves nothing to say for thy neighbor; and all that remains is God and "thy bottle," and this is the liquor question in its ultimate form.

RACKET STORE....

LADIES: Call or send any of your family for anything you may want in our line. I will try to please. YOURS TRULY,

W. H. Wyman, Prop.

"Come now and let us reason together." True men act from principle. Before voting answer the following questions:

1. Do you want a saloon with all its filth and stench, the profane, vulgar and obscene language that usually accompany such an institution next door to your residence, or place of business? if not what moral right have you to vote next your neighbor?
2. Do you want your brother or son to spend his leisure moments in such a place? No—then what right have you to place the temptation in his way?
3. Would you compel your mother wife or sister to pass such a dive every time she passes through town, and perhaps meets with insult from men crazed with whiskey? surely not—then why vote to bring about such a condition?
4. What business enterprises are benefitted by the saloon in small

towns. Experience answers saloon-keepers, undertakers, grave diggers and perhaps, physicians. Our physicians and undertakers don't want the saloon, and the saloon-keeper ought to be encouraged to engage in a clean legitimate business. The Bible pronounces woe upon him "that giveth his neighbor drink" and "maketh him drunk." *Will you defy God by voting the bottle to your neighbors lips?* Let every lover of law, order and of morality be at their voting place and drive the saloon with its train of evils out of our clean and prosperous town.

Some Big Bargains at Wilbourn's Cash Store,

for a short time. It will pay you to call and see. Cash sales only, nothing charged.

"Prohibition prohibits," in proof of which we copy from affidavit signed by four prominent citizens and county officers of Decatur Texas. "We the undersigned citizens of Decatur, Texas, hereby certify to the fact that Local Option has been of great benefit to our town and county, and can state that it is in effect and *does prohibit*. The officers of any town or county can, by the assistance of the citizens thereof, enforce the Local Option law the same as any other law, as we have it enforced in our town and county, and there does not exist a single 'Blind Tiger' in the county, and the fact of our having local option brings those to our town that would not otherwise come as they can educate their children in a place free from the evil influences and annoyances of the curse, and the business of the place has been better than at any time while open saloons were here. Our records show that the per cent. of crime has been decreased in the ratio of the enforcement of local option, and so it pays from any legitimate standpoint to enforce local option! and so our best *business men* prefer it to open saloons from a business as well as a moral and social standpoint." This from Decatur and many towns could be found to state likewise and answer this much abused question conclusively. Now were we to admit that old tapers, consumed by a thirst acquired under the open saloon system, should be able to get their drinks, either by importing it from abroad, or by smuggling it in through "blind tigers" still to break

up these recruiting stations for the army of drunkards would become the imperative duty of every citizen. This consideration alone is enough to decide every vote against the saloon if honesty and reason holds way.

It takes American boys to run saloons. The present army of drunkards will soon die out who will take their places? Fathers and mothers of Haskell county will you give a son to be made a drunkard? Someone must have a home desolated and why not you? Some hearts must break, and why not yours? But if you are not willing to have your own son made a drunkard by these drunkard manufactories, why do you want to make them out of your neighbors sons. Is this the golden rule? Then let every father and mother help each other to save their sons.

If you are thinking of buying a windmill see Sherrill Bros. They are handling two of the best mills made, the Dandy and the Aermotor.

Cots can be had at Thomason Bros. (keep cool)

See the nice line of enameled kitchen ware at Sherrill Bros.

Nice bedroom suits at Thomason Bros. cheap.

Another question to be answered is the old one of Personal Liberty. "I believe in personal liberty and the prohibition of the liquor traffic would take from me my personal liberty." Answer—If you mean by the words "personal liberty" the option of doing whatever you please, regardless of right or wrong and regardless of all the rights and claims of other people then you are in favor of a very dangerous principle. There are two kinds of liberty—personal liberty and civil liberty. Personal liberty is the liberty of the savage, who chooses to do his own will without regard to right or wrong, and irrespective of the rights and claims of others. Civil liberty is the liberty that men enjoy in civilized communities, is regulated by right and wrong. It yields some think for the sake of getting a greater good. Upon the principle of such "personal liberty" there can be built neither government nor civilization. There could be no guarantee of protection for life or property; they must surrender some of their personal liberties for civil liberty. Anarchy and savage, would be the inevitable results of such personal liberty. And the poor drunkard in the grip of slavery called his "personal liberty" says "I will seek it again." Poor fellow; he cannot help it, the appetite holds him with vise like grip. He is bound to seek it again—as soon as he gets awake, and is able to stand on his feet. He is a helpless victim bound hand and foot, with his soul in the awful grip. He cannot let go

(Continued—over)

CLEANINGS OF THE GLOBE

The City of Mexico is to have a fine postoffice. James F. Ahearn, an ice man, shot his wife in Gravesend, N. Y., and then put a bullet in his head. The American Telephone company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 11-2 per cent. William Stacey, aged 60 years, and one of the leading manufacturers of Cincinnati, died suddenly. In a work train wreck on the Norfolk and Western railroad, near Taze well, Va., two men were killed and five injured. At a mass meeting of the Federal party of Porto Rico, Francisco Acuna was elected party leader to succeed Munoz Rivera. The wholesale whiskey house of Hanne Bros., on West Bay street, near Clayburne, Jacksonville, Fla., was destroyed by fire. By an avalanche at Hopeville, W. Va., wherein a house was wrecked, a young lady met death and an old lady was seriously injured. The International Pressmen's union held its annual meeting at Washington, with a large attendance and much business transacted. At London the death was announced of J. D. Barbour, head of the family of Barbour & Sons, the thread manufacturer of New Jersey. James Shepherson, editor of a weekly society paper, committed suicide at his home in Chicago. His mind had been impaired by brain fever. The Bannock Mining company was incorporated at Albany, N. Y. The authorized capital is \$2,500,000 and Texas is to be the field of operation. At Hot Springs, Ark., the coroner's jury held Mrs. Beattie Ware responsible for the death of her husband, John D. Ware, who was shot and killed in his bed. George Harris, colored, was lynched by a mob in Limestone county, Alabama. Harris was suspected of burning the barn of a farmer for whom he had been working. Because his wife seemingly tired of their few months of marital life, and returned to her parents' home, George Cheesman shot himself through the heart near Lebanon, Kan. The Richmond, Va., lodge of Elks decided to withdraw the invitation extended to the grand lodge to meet there in 1902 and announced that Richmond would be in the field in 1903. Rev. Dr. Wilton Merle Smith, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church at New York, paid a tribute to ex-President Grover Cleveland by saying that he is invariably right for right's sake. The war department is preparing for publication the reports of Capt. Reichman, Seventeenth infantry, who went from the Philippines to South Africa, and observed the operations of the Boer army. An altercation occurred at Collins, Miss., between H. D. Lacey and an old man named Davis, in which both men were instantly killed. It was not known who fired the first shot, as both parties died instantly. A Mormon agent, James M. Cannon, is at the City of Mexico for the purpose of securing from the government concession for settling 1900 Mormon families on the lands from which Yaqui Indians have been driven in Sonora. The machinists' strike at Terre Haute, Ind., was settled through the efforts of Eugene V. Debs. The men got ten hours' pay for nine hours' work. On other points concessions were made by the men. The chocolate factory of Runkel Bros. at New York was destroyed by fire. One member of the firm estimated the loss at \$500,000, which is largely covered by insurance. The factory employed 150 hands. Bishop Charles B. Galloway left Jackson, Miss., for Rio de Janeiro to preside over the Brazil mission conference, one of the most flourishing mission fields in the Methodist church. The conference will meet July 12. The largest coal deal ever consummated in West Virginia was closed by the Watsons securing control of the entire Fairmount region. The new company, with \$12,000,000 capital and known as the Fairmont Coal company, will take possession July 1. At the home of his father, Max Hartman, the funeral of Louis Hartman, whose dead body was found beside that of Rose Lefebre, an actress, in the Great Northern hotel at Chicago, was held in New York city. Interment was at Cypress Hill cemetery. A number of Czechs, traveling on a railway near Troppau, with two Germans named Luxar, deliberately seized one of the Germans and dropped him under the wheels of the car. The man was killed, but his brother jumped from the car. Edward W. Stover, superintendent in White River valley for the Ayer Lord Tobacco company of Chicago, was killed in a gasoline yacht at Seven Mills, Ark. Mr. Stover was struck by the limb of a tree and knocked against the wheelhouse, his skull being crushed. The creed revision committee appointed by the last general assembly of the Presbyterian church at Philadelphia, met at Pittsburgh. Three sub-committees were appointed to outline a plan and report at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., Aug. 23.

ONLY THREE HOURS

Were Required by the Ohio Republican Convention TO NAME STATE CANDIDATES. Senator Hanna Rushed Matters and There Was Little Time for Forensic Flights Punctuated With Applause. Columbus, O., June 25.—The Republicans nominated the following ticket: Governor—George K. Nash. Lieutenant Governor—Carl L. Nippert. Supreme Judge—J. L. Price. Attorney General—John M. Sheets. Clerk of the Supreme Court—Lawson E. Emerson. State Treasurer—Isaac B. Cameron. Member Board of Public Works—W. G. Johnson. The Republican state convention that was in session here Tuesday from 10:10 a. m. to 1:10 p. m., broke the Ohio record by completing its work in three hours. The intense heat was protesting and Chairman Hanna not only cut short his speech, but also those of others, and then dispatched business with the utmost speed. In three hours the convention nominated a full ticket and adopted its declaration of principles, endorsed Foraker as the Republican candidate for re-election as his own successor, completed the party organization for the campaign and transacted other business. The nomination that caused the most comment was that of Nippert in place of Lieut. Gov. Caldwell, the latter being the only one who was elected with Gov. Nash two years ago that was not re-nominated. The State Anti-Saloon League caused Caldwell to run several thousand behind his ticket in 1899 and had vigorously opposed his nomination. There were frequent calls for Caldwell in the convention, but he could not be induced to take the place or even rise in his seat, and Chairman Hanna dispatched business in such a way as to give no opportunity for demonstrations. Nippert has been principal of schools at Cincinnati and police prosecutor there. Like Caldwell, he is liberal and the State Anti-Saloon League express their displeasure because Nippert in the last legislature voted against the Clark local option bill. Meantime the representatives of the liquor interests left very much displeased over what they term the enforced retirement of Caldwell, while Rev. Mr. Clark has been re-nominated in Columbus for the legislature and several Republican members who opposed the Clark local option bill have been defeated for re-nomination. The platform in part says: "The Republicans of Ohio, through their representatives in state convention assembled, reaffirm the principles set forth by the last national Republican convention at Philadelphia, and with supreme satisfaction in its past record and implicit trust in its ability to meet every public problem, pledge their loyal and undivided support to the Republican party and its candidates throughout this campaign. The Republican party, by its magnificent achievements, has added lustre to American history, and under its administration of national affairs the United States has become a world power of the first class. The Republican party, by its monetary legislation, has established the gold standard, thereby removing the menace of a inflated currency and its attendant repudiation of financial obligations, public and private, and raised our credit above that of any other nation. Dingley law endorsed, also the administration, and Senator Foraker endorsed for re-election. Linked to Lieutenant. New York, June 25.—The wedding of Miss Ellen Lee, daughter of Brig. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, to First Lieut. Cooper Rhea of the Seventh cavalry, took place Tuesday in the Episcopal Church of the Transfiguration. Miss Anne Fitzhugh Lee, a sister of the bride, was the maid of honor. First Lieut. Harris Humphrey of the Seventh cavalry was the best man. A few days will be spent by the young couple in travel before they will start for Cuba, where the bridegroom is now stationed. Territory Gusher. Sapulpa, I. T., June 26.—An oil gusher was struck Tuesday morning at Red Fork, a little town on the Frisco, ten miles east of here. The oil is of dark, olive color, and experts here say, of good quality. It was tapped at a depth of 537 feet after drilling through shale and sandstone. The flow is not constant, but at intervals of half a minute. The pipe is six inches in diameter and the oil is thrown several feet in the air. Appeal Refused. Washington, June 26.—In the proceedings by Lone Wolf and other Indians to enjoin the interior department from opening the Kiowa reservation to the Indians met with a severe defeat Tuesday. Judge Springer attempted to take an appeal from Judge Bradley's decision to the court of appeals of the District of Columbia, but the appeal was refused. As the matter now stands there is a clear field for the opening.

MANY MISSING.

But It Is Thought Reports of Loss of Life Have Been Exaggerated. Bluefield, W. Va., June 26.—The West Virginia flood situation has not shown new developments, but it is authoritatively stated that the loss of life has been greatly overestimated, although the loss of property can hardly be estimated. The most conservative estimates obtainable place the loss of life at about fifty, a greater part of them colored miners and their families. A great many more are missing and are supposed to have been swept away. There are great piles of debris and it will take many days to find all the bodies. The Norfolk and Western Railway company will lose, at a conservative estimate, \$500,000, not taking into consideration the delay of traffic, etc. Their double track is practically washed away for a distance of six miles and at least 3500 men at work day and night repairing the roadbed and removing drift. The Cumberland Valley electric car arrived Tuesday and will be used to prosecute the work regularly. It will be four days before traffic can be resumed. The loss to the coal operators will reach about \$100,000, outside of the delay at the mines in loading, etc. The property loss by private parties is very heavy and can not be estimated at this time. It is thought it will reach the million dollar mark. Gen. Boggs and Col. Hudson of Gov. White's staff arrived Tuesday to hold a conference with the general superintendent of the Norfolk and Western railway to ascertain what assistance is needed by the state authorities. The wires are deluged with press work and hundreds of messages are received hourly from anxious friends in all parts of the United States inquiring about relatives and friends. Until traffic is resumed and all communications established it will be impossible to estimate with any degree of certainty either the loss of life or property. BRYAN NOT A CANDIDATE For Any Office and Has No Person in Mind for a Position. Buffalo, N. Y., June 26.—The following over the signature of W. J. Bryan appeared in the Times, Norman E. Mack's paper, Tuesday afternoon: "I am not any candidate for any office, but I have no candidate in mind for any office. My interest centers in principles, and men are only important as they aid in carrying out these principles. The Democratic party stands for definite principles, and unless I mistake the sentiments of the masses, the voters will insist upon adhering to these principles in spite of the threats of reorganizers. Those who argue from the standpoint of expediency will not have influence with the voters because no one can say what is expedient. We may deserve to win and yet lose, but it still remains that to deserve to win is the surest road to success." Scenes of Devastation. Richmond, Va., June 26.—The Dispatch correspondent returned from the scene of the Keystone flood disaster. There is no possible way to estimate the loss of life or property. Hundreds of people are either missing or are reported missing, and a large number of dead bodies have been recovered. Everywhere is debris, composed of wrecked homes, demolished railway cars, broken and splintered household furniture and now and then a corpse. Worst Ever Known. Parkersburg, W. Va., June 26.—Communication has been opened with Spencer, the county seat of Roan county, and word was received from Reed valley the awful flood of waters rushed down from that valley. A cloudburst struck Red creek about 10 a. m. Sunday. Rain continued to fall in torrents and the destruction to crops, fences and livestock is the worst ever known. At Ready the large general store of A. S. Chevront and the postoffice were swept away with a loss of \$3000. Mexican Matters. City of Mexico, June 26.—Gov. Villada of the State of Mexico is making diligent search for the assassin of Robert Remmett, the English mining manager at Zacualpan, and several arrests have been made. It is believed the men implicated will make a full confession. Caused by Cows. Little Rock, Ark., June 26.—At 6:15 Tuesday morning passenger train No. 55, the southbound Texas special on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railroad, struck two cows in the suburbs of Bebe, Ark., and was wrecked. Among casualties were Mrs. Howard of Waco, Tex., en route home from St. Louis hospital on a cot, badly shaken up, and seriously injured. As the engine struck the cows a switch was thrown. The engine was derailed, but not overturned. An Old Resident. Fayetteville, Ark., June 26.—Mrs. Allie Hodges died at her home in this city. She was born in Tennessee 107 years ago. She came to this town fifty-four years ago and has lived in the same house continuously until within the last few months. She was frequently seen from the street. She has a wishfuldSHRDLWCYMPFWY has living in her house a widowed daughter 66 years old. There are four grandchildren and seven great-grandchildren.

WELL OF WONDER

Is Gas Proposition Which Excites a Great Deal of Interest BY ITS TERRIFIC POWERS AND Throwing of Portons of the Pipe Out, the Demolition of the Derrick, as Well as Other Demonstrations. Beaumont, Tex., June 25.—The Beaumont oil field is nothing if not marvelous and the greatest marvel of all came on Monday in the shape of a gas well which simply bewilders old and experienced oil men who have seen everything worth seeing in the way of oil wells and the freakish things which usually accompany subterranean wonders. To those who have not had so much experience with oil fields and oil wells the phenomenon which is present here simply appeals to their sense of the wonderful. Description of the magnitude of this well is as difficult as it was to express the feeling when the great Lucas well burst out and sent the Leaky well streaming skyward until the world heard of it and wondered. The gas well belongs to the J. M. Guffey Petroleum company and is known as the McFaddin No. 4, which is located on block 22, Spindletop Heights, and was drilled by W. A. Hamill, who also drilled in the great Lucas. Not long ago attention was called to this well, saying that it was due to come in very shortly, but expectation in this line was disappointed. The drill struck into the hardest sort of rock, and it seemed that the drill would not make any impression upon it, but they kept steadily at it, pecking away, sometimes making an inch a day and sometimes less. About noon Monday the drill at last passed through the rock and went into easy sand. As soon as the change in the formation was detected the drillers started to draw back their four-inch rotary and set the six-inch casing on the rock. They knew they were in the oil sand and thought that when the six-inch casing pipe had been put down to the rock they would then bring in the well by bailing or possibly by drilling a bit more. Some of the men were on top of the derrick about 2:30 that afternoon, handling the pipe as it was withdrawn, while the larger part of the crew were in the bottom. Thirteen doubles or about 520 feet of the pipe had been taken from the well, and there was about 400 feet left in the hole, when, without a moment's warning, there was a terrific roar and the water in the pipe began to shoot upward with volcanic force. The men at the top of the derrick ran to the corner of the framework and slid down much like firemen slide down the ladder, but by the time they had reached the ground the pipe had been shot into the air out through the top of the derrick and waving about, fell to the ground, leaving the length of the derrick standing inside while that which fell outside broke into several pieces when it hit the ground, but left about seventy-five feet dangling from the top. Then followed a deafening roar, a stream of dry gas and rocks which lifted the rotary machine clear off its fastenings and set it to one side. The heavy timbers in the top of the derrick were blown off the top like matches lying loose there and the whole top work of the derrick was completely demolished and from that until the last report from there, not the slightest diminution was detectable in the flow. To the contrary it grew stronger all the time and soon the gas was mixed with mud and water, which was shot into the air in the form of a mist. The topmost part of this stream extended not less than 300 feet into the air; rocks of all sizes from a small marble to the size of a man's double fist were thrown into the air constantly. Grave Apprehensions. Lake Charles, La., June 25.—The drought and consequent lowering of streams is causing grave apprehension in the minds of rice planters in the Lake Arthur community. The Mermentau river and the lake are becoming so low that already the water at the lower end of the lake is becoming sweetish, the sure forerunner of salt water. Longer of drought will, according to the expectations of the rice men, cause salt water as far north as Shell Beach. Much to be Spent. Chicago, Ill., June 25.—Between thirty and forty million dollars are to be spent by the Northern Pacific management in the next few years with the view of placing the system in the best possible condition physically and in equipment and facilities. The problem of bringing the road up to standard in these respects has been given to President Hays for solution and most of his time will be devoted to this. Great things will be accomplished. N. Concessions. New York, June 25.—Secretary Bevens of the National Metal Trades association reports that reports have been received from nearly all the members in regard to the circular letter issued by the strike and finance committee. The members without exception express a determination to abide by the rules and declaration of principles of the International Trades association and make no concessions to men on strike. A number have resumed work.

POSSE UNDER FIRE.

Strikers at Matewan Fired on Officers and Retreat Followed. Huntington, W. Va., June 25.—Monday a posse of deputy United States marshals, led by A. C. Hufford of Bluefields, were fired on by the strikers and forced to flee from the coal fields at Matewan. Saturday afternoon the marshals, under the leadership of A. C. Hufford, set out from Bluefields to reach the scene of the miners' riot. When they arrived within twenty miles of Thacker they found they could proceed no further by rail owing to the flood. They struck out across the mountains, encountering almost insurmountable difficulties, and late Sunday afternoon reached their destination. Proceeding to work, they began serving notices of injunction which had been issued by Judge Jackson. A mob of strikers followed, armed to the teeth. On all sides could be heard, "Down with government by injunction." Men threatened the posse with their weapons, women called down the vengeance of heaven upon them and children hurled stones. When nightfall came notice had been served on the strikers of all mines but one, and that was to be served at the Lick Fork Coal and Coke company at Thacker. Fearing an ambush, the posse waited until morning, and early set out for Thacker. Some time before noon they attempted to serve the injunction papers at the colliery. A mob followed, enraged to desperation at the awing character of the injunction. One reckless fellow fired the first shot, and quick as lightning the mountain sides resounded with reports that followed the crack of twenty or thirty rifles. The deputies were forced to take refuge in flight, and then barely escaped with their lives. THE FLOOD. Damage to Property Will Amount to Hundreds of Thousands. Roanoke, Va., June 25.—The damage to property in West Virginia by the flood will amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars. Miles of railroad track have been washed out and great gulches have been made. It is a narrow valley, not much wider than a broad street in some places. Coal mines are scattered all along the road. Keystone, the town reported to have been so greatly damaged and which was at first believed to have been wiped out, is a village of about 2000, and it is built along the narrow valley and on the sides of the bluffs. There is a creek which runs through the town, near the rocks. This creek runs in a zig-zag way through the narrow valley and has a gradual fall, with mountains on either side for hundreds of feet and the town is so narrow in places that one is obliged to go into the middle of it to see the sky. Persons familiar with the situation of the town say that it would be a death trap if the flood was as heavy as reported. Yet they reason that the flood occurring in the daytime, there was no reason why many people should have been caught in the onrush of the waters. All reports agree that between 200 and 300 houses were swept away in the Elkhorn valley. The railroad people are rushing material and supplies to the Elkhorn valley. J. W. Crotty, a fireman on the Norfolk and Western road, who resides in this city, received a message yesterday from Bluefield that his father, mother, one sister, two brothers and sister-in-law with the latter's two children were lost in the floods Saturday at Keystone. A neighbor informed Mr. Crotty at Bluefield Saturday that he saw the Crotty house move off into the waters. Around Montgomery. Montgomery, W. Va., June 25.—It is estimated that the storms and washouts of Saturday did \$75,000 damage to property in this vicinity. The greatest damage was to the coal tips, which were partly demolished. No lives are known to have been lost. Says It Is Two Hundred. New York, June 25.—Mayor Land of Bluefield, W. Va., wires: "It is estimated that 200 lives were lost in the Elkhorn flood. The damage to the Norfolk and Western railroad is estimated at half a million dollars, and to the coal companies and individuals at \$2,000,000. "There is no communication with any part of the stricken valley other than Elkhorn. I am unable to tell whether outside assistance will be needed until further information." Claims Exaggerated. Roanoke, Va., June 25.—The following short statement by one of the general officers of the Norfolk and Western railroad, summarizing the flood situation in the light of the latest dispatches was given out: "Restoration of the telegraph lines develops that the damage by flood through the coal fields was exaggerated. The loss of life will not exceed sixty or seventy-five and the damage to property \$500,000." Timber Huling. Ardmore, I. T., June 25.—United States Indian Inspector J. George Wright has ruled that Indian citizens can not cut or sell timber in commercial quantities in the Chickasaw nation, but where Indian citizens are in good faith clearing land claimed by them as their prospective allotment for cultivation there would be no objection to their selling or disposing of the wood exhausted when rescued by a wet damme as the coal tipplers, a wood famine was threatened.

Told by Telephone.

A young mother was alarmed in the dead of night by certain croupy symptoms in her one and only infant. She promptly rang up the doctor. The doctor, who knew young mothers with only infants, attempted in vain to minimize the gravity of the symptoms; maternal instinct insisted upon his nearer presence, and he was grumbling an assent when a happy idea struck him. "Hold up the baby to the telephone," he shouted, "and make it cough." The infant was obliging enough to do so. "No croup there," said the doctor. Debt Raiser Dead. Edward Kimball, who died at Chicago, was well known in religious circles as the church debt-raiser. Twenty years ago he abandoned business and gave himself up to the work of arousing the people of debt-burdened churches to pay off the claim. When a church anywhere in the United States had a bad case of debt on hand it was apt to send for Mr. Kimball and his effective exhortatory efforts. He was a native of Rowley, Mass., and began business as traveler for a Boston carpet house, meeting with considerable success. ALWAYS KEEP GARDFIELD HEADACHE POWDERS ON HAND; they cure headaches, clear the head of fumes, remove nervousness and mental strain and make one feel well. They are harmless and do not derange the system. How sweet the warbling of a song bird is! Ladies who take pride in beautiful, clear white clothes should use Russ' Bleaching Blue, the modern soap. Accept compliments in a perfectly cool manner. The Happy Man. Dr. Edwin M. May, of Mount Zion, Ill., sends the story of the inscription in a Vermont cemetery. It seems that Jacob Green buried his estimable wife Hannah and on this gravestone was this: "The Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away; blessed be the name of the Lord." He then consoled himself by finding another wife, Maria, who in course of time died and was buried by the side of number one. Her stone bore the significant words: "I cried unto the Lord and he heard me and delivered me from all my troubles." Frost the Windows. So many people have to live in back-houses or houses in which the back windows are in such close proximity to those of their neighbors, that a simple method of rendering the glass opaque, but not excluding the light may be useful. The frosted appearance of ground glass may be nearly imitated by gently dabbing the glass over with a paint brush dipped in white paint. The paint should be thin and but little color taken up at one time on the end of the bristles. When applied with a light and even touch, resemblance to frosted glass is great. Adversity gives us an excellent opportunity for ascertaining who are our friends. DANGER SIGNAL. Remember that your kidneys act as the cesspool of the human body, into which all the impurities of the system are continually dumped for purification, and when the kidneys fail to properly perform their functions, it is a signal of further complications. The liver becomes clogged, the blood is filled with uric acid poison, the heart becomes involved, and unless the proper remedy is applied, your case will soon be beyond the reach of human skill. Smith's Sure Kidney Cure will cure you in less than one week, at less expense than any other medicine in the world, and it is guaranteed. Price 50 cents per bottle. If you cannot obtain it from your druggist, write direct to the company. Encourage everything that tends toward the advancement of the human race. On July 24 and 16th, August 6th and 20th, and September 3rd and 17th, the H. & T. C. R. R. will sell from all stations, round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points in California, at rate of one first-class limited fare, plus \$2. The going transit limit on these tickets will be fifteen days, and the final limit leaving destination twenty-one days from date of sale. This line is equipped with first-class sleepers and free chair cars to Houston, making direct connections with the Southern Pacific Sunset Route for California, which line operates through excursion sleepers. In addition to this, through sleepers are operated between Houston and Denver, via the Fort Worth and Denver Road, from which point connections are made with trains for California. Ask your local agent for rate or write S. F. B. MORSE, P. T. M.; M. L. ROBBINS, G. P. & T. A., Houston, Texas. It is Finished. The famous Cloudercroft Lodge has been completed, formally opened, and is now in full way. It is a splendid hostelry, splendidly furnished and offering an incomparable cuisine, under the management of Mr. J. W. Wisner, proprietor of the famous Hotel Sheldon of El Paso, Texas. You want an enjoyable summer. You want to get away from the oppressiveness of the city and the low altitudes. Go to Cloudercroft, N. M., 9000 feet elevation. On the summit of the lofty peak of the Sacramento mountains, 110 miles northeast of El Paso. Wonderful scenery. Tennis courts and golf links, dancing pavilion. In fact, everything desired or expected in an up-to-date, healthful summer resort. Cloudercroft is known as the "Breathing spot of the Southwest." There is but one way to go comfortably and quickly. In one way to avoid more than one change of cars; but one way to enjoy reclining chair cars (seats free), and sleeping cars all the way through daily to El Paso. That way is via Texas and Pacific railway. More information by letter or descriptive literature may be had of any ticket agent or E. P. Turner, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Dallas, Texas.

Gold Cure for Baldness.

The gold cure for baldness is the latest thing. This treatment is being given by a German doctor in Philadelphia, among women, who are always less skeptical than men. The loss of hair, he says, is due to a germ that gets under the scalp. Of course there is nothing new in this theory, but his method of eradicating the evil is decidedly novel. He claims that the only thing that will effectually exterminate the germs of baldness is an injection of bichloride of gold under the scalp, and that is the basic principle of his treatment. Never discourage a person seeking to push forward a laudable ambition. The New Bicycle. Bicycle manufacturers state that the bicycle for this year will be practically the same model as 1900, as improvement seems to be impossible. Precisely the same is true of the motor cycle. It represents the limits of science, and it is impossible to make a better machine for the stomach, indigestion, constipation, flatulency, or sour stomach, and you will be convinced. Never take a substitute. Keep your own counsel and you will fare better. Drink Dr. Pepper, Healthful and invigorating. At soda fountains, etc. Where there is contentment heaven is not far away. Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. D. EXSLEY, Vauclaire, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900. Look not on the goods of others with an envious eye. FRAGRANT SOZODONT a perfect liquid dentifrice for the Teeth and Mouth New Size SOZODONT LIQUID, 25c SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER, 25c Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c 25c At all stores, or by Mail for the price. HALL & RUCKEL, New York. "A BAD EYE." There is only one kind which cannot be cured by Mitchell's Eye Salve. That's a blind eye, morally or otherwise. Having the curable kind, try "Mitchell's." You will be satisfied. Price, 25c. Mitchell's Eye Salve By mail, 25c; Hall & Ruckel, New York City. WHAT IS A SLICKER? IF IT BEARS THIS TRADE MARK TOWER'S FISH BRAND OIL IS THE BEST WATERPROOF OIL IN THE WORLD. ON SALE EVERYWHERE. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES. MADE FOR SERVICE IN THE ROUghest WEATHER. SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS. A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A. RAIN CAN'T TOUCH the man who wears Sawyer's Slickers. They're made of the finest quality of material, and are waterproof throughout, double and triple lined, and are guaranteed waterproof. Sawyer's Slickers are made of the finest quality of material, and are waterproof throughout, double and triple lined, and are guaranteed waterproof. FREE SAMPLE OF A VOLUME OF "THE STORY OF MY LIFE AND WORK" BY NICHOLS PUB. Co. Send It Your Name and Address. We want you to have a copy of this autobiography of the greatest living Negro, the life of Frederick Douglass, and we will send it to you free of charge if you will send us a few lines of introduction. It is a remarkable volume, and is a valuable addition to your library. With your introduction by selling it, you will receive \$1.00. If you send it to us for a copy of the book. Nichols Pub. Co. Atlanta, Ga. "WHERE LIVING WATERS FLOW" CLIMATE: Invigorating, Exhilarating. HEALTHFUL, CURATIVE: One of the finest Bromide-Lithia Springs in the United States. Sixteen gushing White Sulphur Springs. Excellent hotel accommodations. An Ideal Health and Vacation Resort. No Quack Medicines! No Hysteria! Ask Santa Fe Agent about Special Reduced Rates. Pamphlet on Request. W. S. KEenan, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Galveston. THIS MAY BE WORTH \$50,000 TO YOU IF YOU ACT QUICKLY. Write at once for full particulars how you can obtain possession of land on Spindletop Heights, in the same track as the big wells, and get the two gamblers that came in Saturday, May 25th. This is previous. Address: LEO TA OIL CO., Beaumont, Texas. BURNS AND SCALDS are quickly soothed with MUL-EN-OL, the great panacea for pain. It takes out the fire, reduces the inflammation and prevents soreness. MUL-EN-OL is unrivaled as a remedy for pain, both external and internal. Get a bottle now and have it ready when the time of need comes. Sold everywhere. Price 50c, \$1.00, \$2.00. Prepared by FINLAY, DICKS & CO., Ltd., New Orleans.

SIXTEEN ARE SAID

To Have Lost Their Lives at City of Paterson, N. J.,

BY EXPLOSION OF FIREWORKS.

A Number of Passengers on a Passing Street Car Had the Hair Singed Off Their Heads by the Flames.

Paterson, N. J., June 22.—Sixteen people are believed to have been killed and a number injured in a fire following a series of explosions among a quantity of fireworks in the store of Abraham M. Rittenberg. The store was on the ground floor of a four-story tenement building. The cause of the explosion is not known. The property losses will exceed \$35,000.

A number of people received minor injuries, but went to their homes. Ten families occupied flats in the building. So great was the force of the explosion that a boy playing in the street half a block away was lifted from his feet and hurled against an iron fence. One of his legs was broken.

A trolley car was directly in front of the building when the explosion occurred. The burst of flame went out into the street, scorched the sides of the car and singed the hair of the passengers.

A number of those who were on the upper floors of the building when the explosion took place were either stunned and then burned to death or found escape cut off and were suffocated.

Every window seemed to be emitting flame. Mrs. Williams, her clothing on fire, leaped from a window to the yard below and was killed. Her husband, a cripple, was found burned to a crisp in his bed.

Some of the occupants of the rooms dropped from the windows and were bruised. Others hung from the windows until the firemen came, and twenty persons were taken in this way through fire and smoke by the firemen while others dropped into life nets.

TERRIBLE TORNADO.

Death-Dealing Wind Raged in Vicinity of Naper, Neb.

Omaha, Neb., June 22.—Special dispatches to the World-Herald from Naper, Neb., tell of the frightful work of a tornado which visited that vicinity Thursday night. Of the family of Jacob Greening and his wife, who are fatally hurt, and their 14-year-old daughter, Grace, who is seriously injured, they are all that survive.

Of a family of six, named Anderson, two children, Ida and Clara, aged 7 and 8, were killed. A daughter, Alberta, and a son, Theodore, aged 10 and 12, were seriously injured.

The family of Jacob Berg and a man named Maas were injured when their homes were demolished, but not seriously.

Mrs. Anderson said: "When I saw the storm coming I grabbed the youngest child and took the two others with me. The storm took the child right into the air, and that was the last of it."

"I hurried to my children, but the storm took two of them away from me and killed them. I lay down and held my baby. The wind also took it away from me. A timber struck me and broke my shoulder. After the storm all my clothes and shoes and stockings were gone."

The father of the Greening family was found a quarter of a mile from the house badly mangled. Both arms and legs and back were broken, and there is no chance for his recovery.

Little Maggie and Jacob Greening were found 600 yards from where the house stood. They were stripped of all their clothing, but were not disfigured. The other two children were close to the house and were in full view of their mother and sister, who could see them but could render no assistance.

To Return Home.

Paris, June 22.—Agonillo, the European representative of Aguinado, has given up his apartments here and left for Marseilles. It is said he is returning to his own country.

Agonillo has been in Paris for months past. He was seen recently and admitted that he now received little news from the Philippines. He had asked to be allowed to return to Hong Kong on private business.

Took One Ballot.

New York, June 22.—The jury before which Thomas G. Barker of Arlington, N. J., was tried for shooting with intent to kill Rev. John Keller of the same town took one ballot and returned a verdict of guilty. Under the charge of the court they could do little else. The jurors were told they must set aside all else and decide only if Barker with intent fired at Keller. That was the law and they must obey it. Notice of appeal was given.

Large Meteor.

Tucson, Ariz., June 22.—The largest meteor ever seen in this part of the country fell between the pueblos of Los Molinas and Altar in Sonora, Mexico, on June 11 at 10 o'clock in the morning. Although the sun was high the meteor illuminated the sky and seemed to have burst at the horizon. El Progreso, a Spanish paper, received in Tucson, contains an article describing the shock at Altar and the terror of the people when the meteor fell.

SPECIAL SESSION.

Gov. Sayers Has Set Aug. 6 as the Date for Legislature to Assemble.

Austin, Tex., June 22.—Gov. Sayers Friday put an end to all speculation as to the date for convening the special session of the legislature by issuing a proclamation calling the law-making body together on Tuesday, Aug. 6. The proclamation is as follows:

I, Joseph D. Sayers, governor of the state of Texas, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the constitution thereof, do hereby call a special session of the Twenty-seventh legislature, to convene in the city of Austin, beginning at noon Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1901, for the following purposes, to-wit:

1. To make appropriations for the support of the state government and for the public service for the fiscal years beginning Sept. 1, 1901, and ending Aug. 31, 1903.

2. To apportion the state for congressional, senatorial, representative and judicial purposes.

3. To consider and act upon such other matters as may be presented by the executive pursuant to Sec. 49, Art. 3 of the constitution.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state to be affixed at Austin, this 21st day of June, A. D. 1901.

Joseph D. Sayers, Governor.

John G. Todd, Secretary of State.

FURY OF THE FLAMES.

Victoria and Houston are the Victim of Costly Conflagrations.

Loss About \$100,000.

Victoria, Tex., June 22.—The most disastrous conflagration in the history of Victoria raged Friday afternoon and entirely destroyed A. & S. Levy's large dry goods and clothing establishment and greatly damaged H. S. Cunningham's large grocery store. The fire broke out in Levy's store about 7 o'clock and soon the building and contents were destroyed. The loss is probably \$100,000, insurance unknown, although understood to be small.

Compress Burns.

Houston, Tex., June 22.—A disastrous fire visited Houston Friday afternoon, wiping out of existence one of the city's large industrial concerns—the Inman compress. A spark from a passing engine is thought to have caused the blaze, which started among the cotton bales. With great rapidity the flames spread and the watchmen were unable to head off their start.

The loss is placed at \$45,000 to \$50,000. Fortunately there was not a large amount of cotton at the press—it will not exceed 1000 bales. All there was was destroyed, and runs up the loss to \$20,000 to \$25,000 more. A number of cars were destroyed.

No Nomination.

Corsicana, Tex., June 22.—The Republican executive committee of the Sixth Congressional district met at the Commercial club rooms in this city at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon and was called to order by Chairman J. W. A. Clark. Every county in the district was represented. After some discussion a resolution was offered and adopted declaring it to be the sense of the committee that no candidate should be put out by the Republicans.

Kerosene Can Exploded.

Rodgers, Tex., June 22.—A deplorable accident occurred at the home of M. A. Calhoun, a few miles west of here. A five-gallon can of kerosene exploded by the careless striking of a match by one of the children while Mrs. Calhoun was filling a lamp. The mother was burned severely that she only lived two hours after the accident. Three of the children were burned quite seriously and the father's arms and hands were badly burned in trying to save his wife.

First Bale of Cotton.

Alice, Tex., June 22.—The first bale of cotton was ginned at San Diego Thursday and left Friday by express, consigned to Inman, Nelms & Co., Houston. It is thought this breaks the world's record by four days. The cotton was raised five miles from Alice and shipped by G. W. Newberry of this city. Owing to the Alice gins being under repairs the cotton was sent from Alice to San Diego to be ginned.

Cotton Field Tragedy.

Tyler, Tex., June 22.—George Patrick was killed in the eastern section of Smith county. The weapon used was a pocket knife. The parties are negro women and the killing occurred in the cotton field.

New Point.

Hillbarto, Tex., June 22.—Judge L. C. Hill, speaking of the W. S. McLean local option case, which was affirmed by the court of criminal appeals, said there was in point involved in it that, so far as he knew, had not been previously passed upon by the court. That was the right of a physician to write a prescription for intoxicants and then to fill the prescription. He held that the physician had no such right and was sustained by higher court.

Cut Fifteen Times.

Corsicana, Tex., June 22.—At 8:30 Thursday night a cutting affray occurred in front of the Bee restaurant, on North Beaton street. As a result Sid Robinson was fatally wounded with fifteen cuts in the face, throat, chest and back. Two cuts penetrated the intestines, while two penetrated the left lung from the back. C. D. Corley, brother of the proprietor of an adjoining restaurant, was arrested and jailed.



O say, can you see, by the dawn's early light,
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's gleam,
Whose broad stripes and bright stars,
Through the clouds of the night,
O'er the ramparts we watch'd as they pass'd,
And the rocket's red glare, the bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof through the night that our flag was still there,
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

On that shore dimly seen through the mist of the deep,
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,
What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,
As it fitfully blows, now conceals, now discloses,
Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected now shines on the stream,
'Tis the star-spangled banner: O long may it wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave!

And where is that band who so vauntingly swore
That the havoc of war and the battle's confusion
A home and a country should leave us no more,
Their blood has wash'd out their foul footsteps' pollution,
No refuge could save the hireling and slave
From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave,
And the star-spangled banner in triumph doth wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

O! thus be it ever, when freemen shall stand
Between their lov'd homes and the war's desolation,

Captain Nathan Hale. A Martyr of the Revolution.
General Washington wanted a man. It was in September, 1775, at the city of New York, a few days after the battle of Long Island. The swift and deep East River flowed between the two hostile armies, and General Washington had as yet no system established for getting information of the enemy's movements and intentions. He never needed such information so much as at that crisis.



CAPT. HALE DISGUISED AS A DUTCH SCHOOLMASTER.

And yet General Washington was compelled to confess:
"We cannot learn, nor have we been able to possess, the least information of late."
Therefore he wanted a man. He wanted an intelligent man, cool-headed, skillful, brave, to cross the East River to Long Island, enter the enemy's camp and get information as to his strength and intentions. He went to Colonel Knowlton, commanding a remarkably efficient regiment from Connecticut, and requested him to ascertain if this man so sorely needed could be found in his command. Colonel Knowlton called his officers together, stated the wishes of General Washington, and, without urging the enterprise upon any individual, left the matter to their reflections.

Captain Nathan Hale, a brilliant youth of 21, recently graduated from Yale college, was one of those who reflected upon the subject. He soon reached a conclusion. He was of the younger flower of the young men of New England, and one of the best of the younger soldiers of the patriot army. He had been educated for the ministry, and his motive in adopting for a time the profession of arms was purely patriotic. This we know from the familiar records of his life at the time when the call to arms was first heard.

In addition to his other gifts and graces, he was handsome, vigorous and athletic, all in an extraordinary degree. If he had lived in our day he might have pulled the stroke oar at New London or pitched for the college nine.

The officers were conversing in a group. No one had as yet spoken the decisive word. Colonel Knowlton appealed to a French sergeant, an old soldier of former wars, and asked him to volunteer.

"No, no," said he. "I am ready to fight the British at any place and time, but I do not feel willing to go among them to be hung up like a dog."
Captain Hale joined the group of officers. He said to Colonel Knowlton:
"I will undertake it."

Some of his best friends remonstrated. One of them, afterwards the famous Gen. William Hull, then a captain in Washington's army, then a captain in the British army, then a captain in the French army, then a captain in the American army, then a captain in the British army, then a captain in the French army, then a captain in the American army.

He spoke, as General Hull remembered, with earnestness and decision, as one who had considered the matter well, and had made up his mind. Having received his instructions, he traveled fifty miles along the Sound as far as Norwalk, in Connecticut. One who saw him there made a very wise remark upon him, to the effect that he was "too good looking" to go as a spy. He could not deceive. "Some scruffy fellow ought to have gone." At New York he assumed the disguise of a Dutch schoolmaster, putting on a tall of plain brown clothes and a round, broad-brimmed hat. He had no difficulty in crossing the Sound, since he bore an order from General Washington which placed at his disposal all the vessels belonging to Congress. For several days everything appears to have gone well with him, and there is reason to believe that he passed through the entire British army without detection or even exciting suspicion.

Finding the British had crossed to New York, he followed them. He made his way back to Long Island, and nearly reached the point opposite New York where he had originally landed. He had, perhaps, too bold a success, he went into a well-known and popular tavern, entered into conversation with the guests and made himself very agreeable. The tradition is that he made himself too agreeable. A man present, suspecting or knowing that he was not the character he had assumed, quietly left the room, communicated his suspicions to the captain of a British ship anchored near, who dis-

patched a boat's crew to capture and bring on board the agreeable stranger. His true character was immediately revealed. Drawings of some of the British works, with notes in Latin, were found hidden in the soles of his shoes. Nor did he attempt to deceive his captors, as he said, that "so fine a fellow had fallen into his power," sent him to New York in one of his boats, and with him the first proofs that he was a spy.

September 21st was the day on which he reached New York—the day of the great fire which laid one-third of the little city in ashes. From the time of his departure from General Washington's camp to that of his return to New York was about fourteen days. He was taken to General Howe's headquarters at the Beekman mansion, on the East River, near the corner of the present Fifty-first street and First avenue. It is a strange coincidence that the house to which he was brought to be tried as a spy was the very one from which Major Andre departed when he went to West Point. Tradition says that Captain Hale was examined in a greenhouse which then stood in the garden of the Beekman mansion.

Short was his trial, for he avowed at once his true character. The British general signed an order to his provost-marshal directing him to receive into his custody the prisoner convicted as a spy, and to see him hanged by the neck "tomorrow morning at day-break."

Terrible things are reported of the manner in which this noble prisoner, this admirable gentleman and hero, was treated by his jailer and executioner. There are savages in every large army, and it is possible that this provost-marshal was one of them. It is said that he refused him writing materials, and afterward, when Captain Hale had been furnished them by others, destroyed before his face his last letters to his mother and to the young lady to whom he was engaged to be married. As those letters were never received, this statement may be true. The other alleged horrors of the execution it is safe to disregard, because we know it was conducted in the usual form and in the presence of many spectators and a considerable body of troops. One fact shines out from the distracting confusion of that morning, which will be cherished to the latest posterity as a precious jewel of the moral treasures of the American people. When asked if he had anything to say, Captain Hale replied:

"I only regret that I have but one life to lose for my country."

The scene of his execution was probably an old graveyard in Chambers street, which was then called Barrack street. General Howe formally notified General Washington of his execution. In recent years, through the industry of investigators, the paths and sublimity of these events have been in part revealed.

A few years ago a bronze statue of the young hero was unveiled in the New York City Hall Park. It is greatly to be regretted that our knowledge of this noble martyr is so slight; but we know enough to be sure that he merits the veneration of his countrymen.

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"I ONLY REGRET THAT I HAVE BUT ONE LIFE TO LOSE FOR MY COUNTRY."

Great as is the poultry industry of the United States, it is still in its infancy—it is the day of small things. American genius has not yet laid its finger upon it. It must undergo changes similar to those taking place in other lines of food production. It will be systematically and developed. Whatever our opinions and desires may be on the matter, the changes are now at their incipient point, and are discoverable in the inclination of the packers and transportation companies to take decided steps regarding the poultry industry.

We have paid too little attention to forage crops for fowls. The stations and agricultural colleges have been working for a long time on forage crops for cattle, sheep and swine, but nothing has been done along the line of green provender for poultry. We recognize that the forage for poultry problem is a problem by itself, and is very properly given a place after the same problems relating to other live stock. But it seems to us that the time now is fully ripe to do something along the line mentioned. The stations have been at work for thirteen years. In considering forage for poultry the investigators will be able to go considerably outside of the present range of plant varieties. There are some plants we call weeds that appear to have in them great possibilities as useful to the poultry establishment. There is "chickweed," a plant well known and popular in the New England states as a forage plant for hens. It grows spontaneously and rankly in places where it is given a chance. What it might do under cultivation we do not yet know, nor will we know till experiments are carried on to ascertain the facts regarding it. In the near future this whole field will be explored and the good things appropriated.

We are pleased to note that at the Georgia Experiment Station rape is being experimented with. It is doing well and we hope to see it become one of the important forage crops of that region, such as it is getting to be in the North. We call the attention of our Southern readers to the fact that rape is a most excellent food for poultry. It must be doubly valuable in the South where it has a season that makes its use possible throughout a large part of the year. It should be planted in one side of a

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Cold-Cured Cheese.

The loss of prestige which New York cheese has suffered on account of the deterioration of its quality as compared with the old time cheeses that made the state famous have led the investigators at the State Experiment Station into various lines of inquiry. Inspired by the belief that cheese, generally, when cured in factories was held at too high temperatures, a series of tests was undertaken to determine the effect of cool curing. The results have been set forth as follows in a bulletin recently issued by the station:

"Pure milk handled with the greatest care to avoid dirt and odors, and ripened, set, cooked, drained and pressed after the most approved methods, was made into Cheddar cheeses. Different lots of these cheeses were made at various times through two seasons, the lots for each test being made from the same vat of milk if possible or made from milk of the same herd at very short intervals, in order to secure cheeses of uniform quality for comparison when cured at different temperatures. These cheeses were then placed in the station curing rooms, where the heat is under automatic control and can be kept uniform at any degree between 40 and 90. The different rooms were held about 5 degrees apart; so cheeses were cured at 55, 60, 65, 70, 75 and 80 degrees F. The curing was continued from two to five months or more and cheeses of the same lots, cured at different temperatures, were scored at the same time by unbiased experts.

"Fourteen comparisons were made between cheeses cured at high and low temperatures, five comparisons including all the temperatures given and four, all except the two very high temperatures.

"In every case the cheeses cured below 60 degrees scored higher in flavor and texture than those cured at higher temperatures, the deterioration in quality at the high temperatures being very marked in some cases. The average score, home-trade scale, of the cheeses cured at and below 60 degrees in 1899 was almost 5 points higher on flavor and 2.5 points higher on texture than the score of the cheeses cured at 65 degrees and above. In 1900, when some cheeses were cured at the high temperatures of 75 degrees and 80 degrees, the difference in the scores was still greater: Flavor 5.1 points; texture, 2.7 points. These are more than 10 per cent gain, so far as scoring is concerned; but the real advantage of the cold curing is greater than this; for many persons will not touch a poor-flavored, poor-textured cheese at any price, who would consume or handle freely a perfect article. It is only by improvement in quality that a home market can be built up which will take all the cheese dairies of the state can supply. Many of these cheeses cured at low temperatures were pronounced nearly perfect in flavor and texture by the scorers. One says "I have tested the cheese (55 degrees) and can say that it is especially fine;" another, "The cheeses all good, the 55 degree F. very fine;" another, "Nos. 5 (60 degrees) and 6 (55 degrees) are very nearly perfect cheeses. Considering that they were made four months ago we might say that no cheese could be made that would show better at the expiration of that time."

and of another lot the same expert says "Nos. 1 and 2 (80 and 75 degrees) are about the poorest we have had from you and Nos. 5 and 6 (60 and 55 degrees) the best, particularly No. 5. This we call a perfect August cheese."

Poultry Briefs.

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double poultry yard till it is a foot high, which slip it will reach in a few weeks, if thinned out so that the stalks stand from one to two feet apart. This thinning is absolutely necessary if the best results are to be obtained. A heavy leaf, stalk and midrib of the leaf, are desirable. The fowls will then strip off the portions of leaves on either side of the midrib and will leave the plant a bare skeleton. But when that is accomplished turn the fowls into another lot of rape and let the first lot recover from its attack. With good growing weather the midrib will quickly send out new areas of green, and second state of the rape will be as good as the first. If the rape is planted thickly it will remain small, and the fowls will feed it down to the ground. The sun will destroy its root and that will be the last of it.

Dairy Notes.

In points to be bred for in the dairy, cow the tests should not be forgotten. Other things being equal, choose the cows with good-sized tests. Here is where the score card may be of service. It unfortunately happens frequently that a heavy and rich milker has tests that are small and of a make-up that requires an extra strong hand to force out the milk. We have seen good cows that could not be milked by women, for the reason mentioned. Various methods have been tried to render hard-milking cows easy to milk, but we know of none that can be pronounced a success. The inserting of tubes in the orifices of the teats is likely to set up a disturbance in the tissues that will bring troubles of a nature to be avoided. We can breed in the good test with greater ease than we can get it in any other way.

We have known farmers to milk the newly-calved cow before the milk got at her and throw away the milk. Most farmers understand that this is a mistake. This first milk is called the colostrum and contains a very large proportion of proteins. In some cases the proteins amount to 15 per cent of the whole. As much as 50 per cent of this is sometimes albumen, while in the case of ordinary milk only about one-two-hundredths or 5 per cent consists of albumen. This colostrum is of almost no value other than to the newborn animal. With the new-born animal it acts as a laxative and prepares the digestive system for active operation. This kind of product decreases from day to day, and the milk soon becomes normal; for the colostrum has brought about a condition in the stomach and digestive tract that enables them to digest normal milk.

Raising Chickens.

When you set your hens, endeavor to set as many at once as you can, says a contributor to Farmer's Advocate. It will require but little more time and care to look after four or six hens than it will one, and then one hen can brood from 20 to 30 chicks, if all the same age.

Do not disturb the hen during the first 48 hours, as it takes just that time to start the chick on its life voyage. Fair-sized hens could be given 12 eggs, but 11 is better, I find. On the twentieth day the chick has drawn the last nourishment from the egg, and is anxious to get out of its prison. It always breaks the egg at the largest end, because it is always less moist and more brittle at that end. Then, too, the head of the little chick is turned there for air, and the beak breaks through the rotten walls, finds more air, and presses hard and soon breaks away from all feeble resistance, and thus ends the period of incubation.

We notice that the first 36 hours the hen sits quietly brooding her chicks, never once offering them food or water. The first necessity, then, is not food, but warmth and a good dry place for the hen and her family.

Bear in mind their gazards were given them to grind their food, and if you keep their crops full of soft food, you are apt to break the system and invite disease. In my opinion, chicks should never be fed corn meal raw. If you must and will feed corn meal, mix it with boiling water, or, better yet, put a little salt and pepper with it and bake it well. I find the best possible food for the first week is hard-boiled eggs chopped fine, shell and all, and fed to them in small quantities. Some farmers will think this is too expensive, but I find it pays for a few chicks, and it would be just as profitable for a greater number.

Life of the Cholera Germ.

How long will the germ of cholera live? This is a question that is troubling a good many people, for on its answer hinges not only the safety of herds but also the safety of man. In the place of herds now affected by hog cholera, it is the belief of some of our best breeders that the germs will remain vigorous for at least two years after the pens once infected have been emptied. Cases are reported where fresh hogs have been brought into sties that had been empty nearly two years and where the hogs came down with cholera within a few days of entrance. This especially affects the showing of hogs at fairs. If there have been cholera-sick hogs in any of the pens the germs are likely to remain active till the next year. It is therefore necessary that the men having pens in charge see that all pens are disinfected each year, to eliminate the possible presence of cholera germs.

It is estimated that the annual consumption of milk in this country is about 100 quarts per capita annually. This does not refer to the milk alone, but that is used in the form of milk, but it includes all the milk from which is made our butter and cheese. The food products of milk are growing in popularity every year. The present low consumption indicates to some extent the possibilities in the field of dairying.

A government authority states that dairying is the greatest single industry in the United States. This is perhaps putting the matter a little loosely. Certainly farming is an industry and includes dairying. Taking away dairying, what remains is still greater than dairying. Nevertheless dairying is a great and a growing industry, and is really in its infancy.

The Haskell Free Press

J. E. POOLE, Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application

Terms \$1.50 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second class Mail Matter.

Saturday, June 23, 1901.

LOCAL DOTS.

A fresh stock of gentlemen's spring underwear and furnishing goods at McKee's.

Master Crown Riddell was over from Aspermont this week circulating among the Haskell boys.

Another wedding in town tomorrow. Hello central!

Mothers who would keep their children in good health should watch for the first symptoms of worms and remove them with WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. Price, 25 cents at J. B. Baker's drug store.

Miss Mary Marks of Frenchtown arrived here yesterday to spend a few weeks visiting her friend Mrs. Georgia West. She was met at Stamford by Mrs. West.

The latest and choicest things in ladies dress fabrics will be found at F. G. Alexander & Co.

Mrs. Charles Sherrill and children, who spent a couple of weeks here visiting with the families of Messrs. R. E. and W. E. Sherrill, returned home Tuesday being accompanied by Stamford by Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sherrill.

You feel better at once after using HERBINE; you enjoy your food more, and you get more nourishment and invigorating force out of what you eat. Hence HERBINE makes you strong, vigorous and cheerful. Price, 50 cents at J. B. Baker's drug store.

Judge and Mrs. McConnell and children went over in Throckmorton Tuesday to spend several days fishing on Tecumseh creek.

A very choice line of gentlemen's silk underwear and fine hosiery at F. G. Alexander & Co's.

Mr. Ed Couch arrived Saturday from Austin, where he has been attending the State University. Some of his friends say it was getting too warm for him in Austin and he preferred to spend the summer in a latitude where there is frost all the time.

A fresh invoice of gentlemen and ladies' fine shoes at F. G. Alexander & Co's.

She's a daisy and will be here Sunday, but they say a certain young man would think the flower just as sweet by any other name—Jones, for instance.

An extra choice line of gentlemen's dress shirts at Alexander & Co's.

Dr. Lindsey reports the birth of a son at the home of Mr. Lee Smith of the east part of the county on Friday of last week.

A new line of first quality ladies' and children's hosiery just received at K. H. McKee's.

Rev. I. N. Alvis visited Stamford and held a special consecration service and preached there last Sunday.

Ladies, call and see the new trimmings and notions at McKee's.

Mr. M. S. Pierson was expected home last night, probably accompanied by relatives.

Mr. Earl Lovelace of Waco who has been visiting friends here returned home Tuesday.

An extra nice line of wall paper at Thomason Brothers.

Mrs. G. R. Couch and children returned on Tuesday from a visit of two or three weeks with relatives in Fisher county. She was accompanied home by a niece, Miss Annie Parker of Roby.

Notice—Members of the W. C. T. U. are urgently requested to meet next Tuesday evening at the Presbyterian church. Important business to attend to.

Mrs. J. T. Bloodworth, Pres.

Dr. W. L. Covery, dentist, recently of Childress, arrived this week with his family and has bought lots and is preparing to build a residence with the view to locating here permanently.

Mr. M. S. Shook returned Wednesday from a trip to the Panhandle with cattle. We understand that he sold his cattle, but we did not learn the price received.

Mr. G. R. Couch went down to Stamford Thursday and met relatives, Mr. Wash Hickerson and Miss Emma Hickerson of Valley Mills, who will spend some time visiting here.

Mr. D. R. Couch went to Aspermont this week to arrange for building a residence preparatory to moving there and taking a position in the First National Bank of Aspermont.

Mr. Roy Burnett, a prominent young cattleman of Knox, visited Haskell this week.

If you are troubled with that most uncomfortable disease called piles, don't neglect it. Don't let the complaint get a firm hold. Every day the disease is neglected it grows worse. Commence at once to use TABLET'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT, the relief is immediate, and cure infallible. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents at J. B. Baker's drug store.

We want you to trade with us, and to know we appreciate your trade. In order to show our appreciation we are prepared to give you a set of our elegant hand painted china free. Buy your goods from me and get crochets. T. G. Carney.

Gentlemen, call and inspect that new lot of up-to-date clothing at Alexander & Co's. It is O. K. in style, fit, finish and price.

Rev. D. James and daughters, Misses Etta and Ophelia, left Saturday for Chickasha, I. T., where they will visit C. James and attend to some matters connected with a land claim.

A new lot of extra choice dried fruits at F. G. Alexander & Co's.

Mr. Wheeler Lee and family arrived Tuesday from Hamilton county and have become citizens of our county. Mr. Lee was here several weeks ago and bought a nice tract of 60 acres of land in the northwest part of the county on which he has settled. We are informed by persons who knew them in Hamilton that they are the right sort of people to make good citizens.—the kind we are always pleased to welcome.

See those new fancy groceries, choice teas, coffees, pickles, canned lobsters and shrimps, sardines and potted meats—in fact anything nice you want to eat at Alexander & Co's.

New comb honey at Alexander & Co's.

A picnicking party went out on North Point Wednesday and had a jolly good time. They were, Mr. J. U. Fields and Miss Belle Rupe, Mr. Earnest Fields and Miss Una Foster, Mr. Hollis Fields and Miss Allie Frost, Mr. G. W. Thomason and Miss Nora Collins and Misses Dulin Fields and Eddie Taylor with Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Pierson as chaperons. They made a nice catch of fish, ate supper on the creek and had a delightful drive home by the light of the moon.

If the stomach performs its functions actively and regularly, the food of which it is the receptacle, is transformed into blood of a nourishing quality, which furnishes vigor and warmth to the whole body. HERBINE gives tone to the stomach and promotes digestion and assimilation. Price, 50 cents at J. B. Baker's drug store.

Quite a large fishing party went out to the Clear Fork Tuesday prepared to spend several days. The following persons composed the party as nearly as we could ascertain: Mr. and Mrs. Watt Fitzgerald, Mesdames Rike, Frost and Maloney and Messrs Scott Key, Walter Tandy, Mert and Sam Maloney, Henry Alexander, Bunk Rike, Warren Fitzgerald and Misses Sadie Adams, Lillie Rike, Ada and Bertha Fitzgerald, Cora Moody. From the personnel of a large per cent. of the party we opine that Cupid and not Isaac Walton will be master of ceremonies and that more fishing will be done neath the shades of the umbrageous elms that fringe the banks of the Clear Fork than with baited hook thrown to entice the finny denizens of its limpid waters.

See that linoleum at Thomason Bros., the thing for your dining room, hall or office floor.

Mr. A. G. Rush made a paid in advance entry on our subscription list this week.

Mr. J. F. Ross was in Thursday and made a contribution to our finances. He says the grasshoppers are damaging corn and cotton in the Ample neighborhood. The same report comes from other portions of the county, but, strange to say, but few farmers so far as we have heard are making an effort to poison the hoppers.

Mesdames Major Smith and W. L. Hills and Miss Ora Scott were up from Stamford Thursday calling on friends and shopping.

Mrs. T. J. Lemmon and little children are visiting in Weatherford, while Kate and Cora are keeping house for papa.

Messrs. Penick, Berthelot, Lee and Flanders, leading business men of Stamford, were here Monday to confer with our railroad committee with reference to the feasibility and expediency of a united effort on the part of Haskell, Stamford and Anson to secure the building of the Orient railroad via said towns. Nothing very definite was done except that our committee selected a committee consisting of Messrs. Alexander, Pinkerton, Jones, Sherrill and Scott to go to Sweetwater on 24 and 25 and confer with the Orient officials to be there on said dates, the other towns having also appointed committees for that purpose.

Mr. F. G. Alexander has on hand several bushels of a new variety of June corn which he procured from Iowa for seed. It is said that this corn is planted in June in Iowa and the northwestern states, but, owing to the much later falls—longer growing season—may be planted here as late as August and make a good crop if the season is favorable after planting.

On last Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock Mr. C. O. Lemmon and Miss May Harris were united in marriage, at the home of the bride, Rev. J. T. Bloodworth officiating.

Both of the contracting parties are quite young and have before them the prospect of long life, which they may make prosperous and happy by right living and a wise deference each to the other. So be it with them, is the wish of the Free Press.

Mr. T. J. Lemmon was called to Quanah last week on business relating to quarantine matters, returning home Saturday. He says he saw a considerable grading force at work on the Orient near the Denver crossing.

During the past week several horses have fallen with their riders, in two instances hurting them pretty badly. Sam Maloney was thrown against the ground with such force as to render him unconscious for some time and Roy Cummings had a foot badly bruised by his horse falling and rolling over on it. Both are getting on all right, however.

Mr. Henry Sayles, of Abilene, one of West Texas leading legal lights, was engaged in a case in our district court this week. Mr. Sayles has recently seen and talked with Col. Morgan Jones, president of the Wichita Valley Railroad, and in a conversation with members of our railroad committee said that he believed, for good reasons, Mr. Jones had determined upon an extension of his road from Seymour, but didn't think he had definitely settled the route for the extension and, from his understanding of the situation and the general conditions of this section with reference to railroad building, he thought Haskell had a good chance to secure the road if a good, strong effort were made. Our committee had already taken the matter up with Mr. Jones and were glad to hear Mr. Sayles' encouraging news and views on the subject.

Mr. W. H. Riddle and Miss Annie Smith presented themselves at Justice J. T. Knowles' office yesterday evening armed with a marriage license and requested that official tie the hymeneal knot for them, which he proceeded to do according to the law in such cases made and provided, bidding them go and be happy ever afterward.

The W. C. T. U. gave another of their interesting medal contests at the court house Thursday night, in which Rev. Nickel, Miss May Murfee, Miss Zora Sanders, Walter McWhirter and Clay Park were the contestants. Quite a good crowd was out to hear the recitals and testified of their appreciation of the efforts of the several contestants by liberal applause. The judges awarded the prize medal to Miss Zora Sanders and the general opinion was that Walter McWhirter was a close second.

Estray Notice

The State of Texas, Taken up by M. A. Clifton and estrayed before J. T. Knowles Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Haskell County: One light brown horse, a gelding unbrake, about 1 1/2 or 1 3/4 hands high, about 4 years old, branded X on left jaw, and appraised at twenty-five dollars.

The owner of said stock is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take the same away, or it will be dealt with as the law directs.

Given under my hand and seal of office, this 17th day of June, 1901. C. D. LONE, Clerk Co., Court Haskell, County.

A TREAT For Our Friends and Customers!

We have secured a very choice assortment of Coin Gold Traced and Decorated China Ware which we will give absolutely free to our customers in sets or by the piece in proportion to the amount of their purchases.



In Quality, Style and Price is Unsurpassed

REMEMBER!! You get our goods at the same old low price—not one cent will be added to the price on account of these handsome presents. We do this simply to show our old customers our appreciation for their patronage and to induce new customers to come to us. Tell Your Friends About it, Please.

Now you don't have to buy any old, antiquated, shelf worn goods in order to get these presents. My stock is new and up to date in quality and style throughout. In it you will find all the leading staples in dry goods as well as the

Most Fashionable Ladies Dress Goods Trimmings, Embroideries and Notions.

Our Mrs. Martin will return from Dallas on the 10th with a new selection of summer millinery and some of the latest things in stylish dress trimmings.

And of course if you get the freshest and best to eat you must come to us for your Groceries.

We are in the push and out for business.

Yours, etc.,

T. G. CARNEY.

TERRELL'S DRUG STORE, Southwest Corner Public Square Haskell, Texas.

Handles only the Purest and Best drugs. Carries a nice line of

Jewelry, Notions and Sundries; Stationery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.

FURNITURE...

We invite the attention of the public to our large and complete stock of

HIGH-GRADE FURNITURE...

Dealing exclusively in furniture, it is our aim to keep our stock full and complete at all times, so that you may come to us with the full assurance of finding any article you may need without waiting for it to be ordered. We carry various grades of furniture to meet the requirements of all, but none of it is of the shoddy kind.

Our Prices Are as Low

as they can be made for the quality of goods we handle. We are also carrying a nice line of

Wall Paper, Rugs, Matting and Carpets.

You are invited to call and look through our stock; we will be pleased to tell you about it and quote prices.

THOMASON BROS.

August Flower. "It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, degrading liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottles free at John B. Baker's.

Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

Quarantine Declared.

Mr. T. J. Lemmon, local inspector, informs us that he has been notified, under date of June 15, by M. M. Hankins of the State Live-stock Sanitary board, that the board has suspended inspection of cattle for removal from the counties of Haskell, Baylor and Throckmorton for the present. This means that no cattle can enter or leave either of these counties under any circumstances until this order is revoked.

Reduced Prices

The following reduced prices are made on goods at T. G. Carney's store during next week:

- Ladies Vest worth 15 cts Red'd to 5c
do do do 25 " do 10c
do do do 30 " do 20c
do do do 35 " do 25c
do do do 65 " do 55c
do Duck Skirts do \$1.50 do \$1.00
do Linen do do 90 do 50
do do do do 1.00 do 75
do do do do 1.25 do 85
do do do do 1.25 do 90
do do do do 2.00 do 1.50
Also a nice line of Baby Caps very cheap.

Everything in millinery line closing out cheap. Now is your time to get bargains. Come this week. T. G. CARNEY.

THE GOSSETT HOTEL, (The old Court House and Meadors Hotel.) Haskell, Texas.

Having taken charge of this Hotel and refitted and refurbished it, now offers to the

Local and Traveling Public the best and most comfortable accommodations to be had in Haskell, but without a corresponding advance in prices.

Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited. M. H. GOSSETT, Proprietor.

J. W. BELL, Manufacturer & Dealer in SADDLES and HARNESS

Full Stock, Work Promptly to Order.

Repairing done neatly and substantially. Prices reasonable and satisfaction with goods and work guaranteed.

Your Trade is Solicited.

HERBINE.

Pure Juices from Natural Roots.

REGULATES the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, Cleanses the System, Purifies the Blood.

CURES Malaria, Biliousness, Constipation, Weak Stomach and Impaired Digestion.

Every Bottle Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction. LARGEST BOTTLE, \$1.00. SMALL DOSE, Price, 50 Cents.

Prepared by JAMES F. BALLARD, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by J. B. Baker, Haskell, Texas.

SEE...

Yes, ladies and gentlemen, come and see my new goods. That is what I ask of you, for I know that if you are a judge of goods you will be pleased with the quality and, when you learn the prices, you will buy, then I will be pleased and we will all be happy.

My goods are fresh from headquarters and I can assure the public that in my stock are comprised all the latest patterns and designs likely to be wanted in this section.

Ladies Dress goods: My stock is very complete in this line, but I can only take space to mention a few things

Among Many Others You Will Find:

Netian Cover Cloth, in polka dots and stripes, an excellent dress 10 ds.

Foulards, in figures and stripes. Figured Silkoline for draperies, etc

Organdies and Percales, a beautiful assortment. Some choice Worsted Dress Waist patterns, fine colors, splendid wear.

Mercedized Silk Brocades. These goods are warranted to wash in hot or cold water without dimming the brilliancy and lustre of the goods or colors. They are among the latest and prettiest goods on the market.

White Dress Goods.—Linen, Lawns Swiss goods, etc., a nice assortment to select from.

Dress Lining,—a full assortment for all classes of goods, including the latest in Pekin stripes.

Velvet Nainsoile,—a choice line of goods.

A handsome line of Swiss Lawns in stripes, dots and figures.

Everything in this line including best brands of Calicoes, Chevots, Piquets, Suitings, Shirtings, Checks, Domestic, Drillings, Cotton Flanel, Jeans, Etc., Etc.

Standard Dry Goods:

Everything in this line including best brands of Calicoes, Chevots, Piquets, Suitings, Shirtings, Checks, Domestic, Drillings, Cotton Flanel, Jeans, Etc., Etc.

Gentlemen's Clothing, Under Wear, Etc.

I offer a good assortment in these lines, including dress shirts, and the latest styles in collars, cuffs, ties, gloves, etc.

BOOTS and SHOES: A complete stock of standard makes of men's, women's and children's boots, shoes and slippers—as good and as cheap as you can find.

HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, ETC., a good assortment of good values in these lines.

As I can't tell you the half of what I have or what it looks like in this space I will renew the invitation to come and see. I guarantee to treat you right and fair, to sell you no shoddy stuff—all goods just as represented or your money back.

REMEMBER also that I carry a full line of family groceries and that like the dry goods, the quality and the prices are right.

RESPECTFULLY,

R. H. McKee.

When you are in town call and see our nice line of furniture. No trouble to show it to you.

Thomason Bros.

A Terrible Explosion

"Of a gasoline stove burned a lady here frightfully," writes N. E. Palmer, of Kirkman, Ia. "The best doctors couldn't heal the running sore that followed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve entirely cured her." Infallible for cuts, corns, sores, boils, bruises, skin diseases and piles. 25c at J. B. Baker's.

You may as well expect to run a steam engine without water as to find an active, energetic man with a torpid liver and you may know that his liver is torpid when he does not relish his food or feels dull and languid after eating, often has headache and sometimes dizziness. A few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will restore his liver to its normal functions, renew his vitality, improve his digestion and make him feel like a new man. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at J. B. Baker's drug store.

Col. Jake Hodges of Paris, Texas, will speak in behalf of anti-prohibition at the court house Saturday evening at 3 o'clock, June 29th, 1901. The committee respectfully request that the opposition meet him in open discussion of this political issue.

Wm. OGELSEY, Chairman