THE DAILY LIVE STOCK REPORTER'S MARKET REPORTS ARE OFFICIAL, ACCURATE AND RELIABLE. SUBSCRIBE FOR IT AND KEEP UP WITH THE MARKET.

The Fort Worth Daily Live Stock Reporter.

VOL. VIII. NORTH FORT WORTH, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1904. NO. 147

LIVESTOCK MARKET

RECEIPTS OF CATTLE BECOMING MORE MODERATE.

With a Decrease in Receipts and Better Stuff on the Market, Prices Stiffened and Some Fairly Satisfactory Sales Were Made—No Improvement in the Green Stuff.

HOGS NOT ENOUGH TO SUPPLY URGENT ORDERS.

Pens Were Soon Cleaned Out at an Advance of 10 Cents for Well Finished Heavies—Bulk $5.00@5.10.

SHEEP MARKET ABOUT STEADY, WITH FEW SALES.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Today	1,800	250	250
Last month	3,353	1,318	299
Same day 1903	1,987	426	2,200

Official Receipts Yesterday.

Cattle	3,947
Hogs	359
Sheep	328
Horses and mules	52

Range of Selling Prices Today.

CATTLE—Steers, top $4.25, bulk $2.40@3.35. Cows, top $2.75, bulk $1.85@2.25. Calves, top $3.50, bulk $3.00@3.25.

HOGS—Top $5.20, bulk $5.00@5.10.

SHEEP—Bulk $4.

THE CATTLE TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Steers—Good to strict choice	$3 50@4 40
Medium fed	2 75@3 50
Stockers and feeders	2 25@2 75
Yearlings	1 25@2 25
Cows—Choice heavy fed	2 50@3 00
Medium butcher	2 00@2 50
Cutters	1 00@2 00
Canners	1 00@1 75
Bulls, stags and oxen	1 50@3 25
Calves—Good to fancy veals	3 00@3 75
Common to fair	1 00@2 75

After the run of close around 4,000 yesterday, the run today was about all that was needed. Fifty-three cars were in at the opening, with about 1,600. A few more were still back, and receipts were estimated at 1,800, against 4,353 for last Wednesday, 3,353 for the same Wednesday in May, and 1,987 for the corresponding day one year ago.

BEEF STEERS.

Receipts today included a very small portion of steers, and trading showed an improvement over yesterday. Fairly well finished beeves good enough to sell at $4 or better were taken freely on a strong basis, but the common and medium cattle were no better than steady, though trading was a little more active than yesterday.

One load of good steers averaging 1148 pounds topped the market at $4.25, with a few sales around $3.50, and the bulk landed around $2.40@3.35.

Good to choice heavy fed steers are quoted at a range of from $3.50@4.40, medium fed $2.75@3.50, stockers and feeders $2.25@2.75, and yearlings $1.25@2.25.

Representative sales:

No.	Ave.	Price
4	1102	4 25
23	1148	4 25
8	1090	3 50
40	994	3 35
10	959	3 35
2	1015	3 25
2	990	3 00
16	1018	3 00
16	798	2 80
2	920	2 80
6	898	2 50
28	847	2 45
52	770	2 40
77	790	2 35
30	799	2 20
1	840	2 00

BUTCHER STOCK.

Butcher market values were practically unchanged so far as the good stuff was concerned. There was a demand for the top end of the run, the quality of which showed up better than yesterday, and some traders called this class strong, but on the green portion of the cow supply there was no better feeling, and offerings sold slowly and no better than steady, with the bulk of sales around $1.85@2.25.

Good to choice heavy fed cows are quoted at a range of from $2.50@3.00, medium butchers $2.00@2.50, cutters $1.50@2.00, and canners $1.00@1.75.

The bull trade held up about steady with yesterday. Offerings were only ordinary, and though there were few that packers could use, considerable trading was done among speculators.

Bulls, stags and oxen are quoted at a range of from $1.50@2.75.

No.		
Cows.		
1	1340	3 50
2	1010	2 75
4	920	2 50
1	860	2 50
2	790	2 50
3	806	2 50
1	1030	2 50
6	798	2 35
27	730	2 25
20	789	2 25
27	810	2 25
6	735	2 25
9	904	2 25
21	891	2 25
29	775	2 15
25	747	2 10
22	771	2 10
27	802	2 10
9	800	2 10
32	712	2 10
15	648	2 10
7	777	2 10
30	743	2 10
33	675	2 00
22	634	2 00
29	712	2 00
2	890	2 00
1	900	2 00
1	790	2 00
5	920	1 90
20	638	1 90
6	731	1 90
51	692	1 85
13	787	1 85
41	642	1 85
9	671	1 85
16	681	1 85
7	689	1 75
22	782	1 75
14	721	1 75
1	1000	1 75
2	1035	1 75
2	920	1 75
1	850	1 75
1	790	1 75
15	662	1 65
13	628	1 60
5	834	1 60
1	720	1 60
8	778	1 50
1	860	1 50
18	679	1 50
2	815	1 50
10	587	1 15
Bulls.		
1	1500	2 25
1	940	2 00
3	1196	1 75
1	860	1 75
2	1075	1 75
2	1580	1 75

CALVES.

Calf prices were about steady at the decline yesterday, the bulk going today at a range of from $2.50@3.25.

Good to choice vealers are quoted at a range of from $3.00@3.75, with the common to fair kinds from $1.50@2.75.

1	150	3 50
1	160	3 50
3	223	3 50
2	195	3 50
7	231	3 25
3	156	3 25
1	130	3 25
55	157	3 25
74	163	3 25
2	130	3 25
26	153	3 10
7	163	3 10
6	178	3 10
1	180	3 10
32	151	3 00
35	153	3 00
15	200	3 00
5	180	3 00
9	174	3 00
1	280	3 00
4	130	3 00
128	151	3 00
21	160	2 85
7	150	2 50
1	210	2 50
1	160	2 50
20	254	2 50
1	100	2 50
6	243	2 50
1	320	2 35
1	390	2 35
4	275	2 25
1	380	2 00
25	240	2 00
2	330	1 50
1	140	1 50

THE HOG TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Choice sorted	$5 00@5 20
Mixed packers	4 80@5 00
Lights	4 60@4 80
Pigs	4 25@4 60
Stags and roughs	3 00@4 25

Receipts of hogs today dwindled down to almost nothing. Only three cars and a part of a load were in the yards early, none were reported, and with a few wagon hogs total receipts were estimated to figure close around 250, against 531 for last Wednesday, 1,318 for the same Wednesday in May, and 426 for the corresponding day last year.

The quality and weight today was the best that has been in the yards for some time, the total run averaging around 230 pounds.

Local houses are unable to fill their most urgent orders out of the small supply now coming, and with favorable reports from other points buyers jumped in and bought up the supply today on a general advance of about 10c, with business practically over by 9 o'clock.

One load of strictly choice sorted hogs averaging 320 pounds, topped the market today at $5.20, with the bulk of sales at a range of from $5.00@5.10. Pigs were scarce, but the few in sold at a range of from $4.40@4.57½.

Good to choice sorted hogs are quoted at a range of from $5.00@5.20, mixed packers $4.80@5.00, light grades $4.60@4.80, pigs $4.25@4.60, and boars, stags and roughs from $3.00@4.25.

Representative sales:

No.	Ave.	Price
Hogs.		
37	164	4 90
1	370	5 00
7	161	5 00
74	190	5 00
5	260	5 05
9	179	5 05
4	275	5 10
2	250	5 10
54	228	5 15
13	273	5 12½
4	252	5 15
19	320	5 20
Pigs.		
7	123	4 40
15	139	4 57½

THE SHEEP TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Lambs	3 50@5 50
Wethers	3 50@5 00
Ewes	2 50@4 00
Culls	1 50@2 50

Representative sales:

No.	Average.	Price.
Sheep.		
91 clipped wethers	81	4 00
74 clipped wethers	81	4 00
4 clipped yearlings	72	3 25

HORSES AND MULES

Horses.	
Drafts, good	$140@150
Chunks, good	75@130
Drivers, good to fancy	75 up
Drivers, medium	55@ 75
Southerners, common to fair	35@ 50
Southerners, good to extra	75@100
Plugs	15@ 20
Rangers, plain	10@ 30
Choice range horses	50@ 75
Mules.	
13½ to 14 hands, fat	$ 50@ 60
14 to 14½ hands, fat	75@ 85
14½ to 15 hands, fat	90@120
15 to 15½ hands, fat	125@140
15½ to 16 hands, fat with quality	145@160
16 to 16½ hands, extra, 1,200 to 1,500	165@175

RECEIPTS AT THE YARDS TODAY.

Cattle.	
M. A. Hart, New Boston	30
Andy Penn, Grand Prairie	86
Kingsland, Elgin	28
E. F. Moore, Kyle	30
Jno. Griffith, Pearsall	79
J. J. Little, Pearsall	87
Joe Caryine, Durant, I. T.	43
J. F. Rogers, Tioga	26
Wilson & Alexander, Pilot Point	31
Moore & Allen, Kline	130
Parson & Rolling, Uvalde	29
Jose Torres, Falfurrias	54
J. T. Burns, Yoakum	26
Beeville & Holloway, Maypearl	37
Ed Woodward, Navasota	63
Ike Sewell, Wills Point	75
A. J. Meyers, Vineyard	36
———, Quanah	9
B. B. Cauble, Abbott	32
A. Kuhn & Co., Bartlett	21
S. King, Mexia	35
J. C. Christian, Justin	33
J. D. Thomason, Justin	34
T. S. Brown, Abilene	30
Mrs. R. G. Lost, Cisco	26
J. E. Ballard, Stamford	33
H. M. Lightfoot, Eastland	108
P. F. Kollman, Copperas Cove	27
Pittman & Ross, Morgan	73
Westbrook & Burr, Valley Mills	87
R. H. Cameron, Cleburne	23
L. D. Graves, Santa Anna	30
J. B. Whitehead, Blanket	41
White & Currie, Dublin	68
W. W. Jarvis, Bluffdale	58
Hogs.	
Pitt & Johnson, Kiowa, I. T.	89
A. Kuhn & Co., Bartlett	13
Traweek & Co., Antlers, I. T.	61
W. L. Leslie, Bailey	56
Sheep.	
J. E. Sellers, Hico	227

BUYERS ON YESTERDAY'S MARKET

Cattle.	
Swift & Co.	583
Armour & Co.	432
Baldridge	171
Ingram Bros.	38
Saunders	40
Williams	25
Roberts	13
Tipton	26
Zeigler	35
Others	33
Calves.	
Swift & Co.	468
Armour & Co.	68
Hogs.	
Swift & Co.	244
Armour & Co.	219
Sheep.	
Swift & Co.	278
Armour & Co.	50
Others	2

TELEGRAPHIC MARKET REPORTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	23,000	28,000	18,000
Kansas City	5,000	10,000	3,000
St. Louis	7,500	11,000	9,500
	35,500	49,000	30,500

Chicago.

Special to The Reporter.

Union Stock Yards, June 22—CATTLE—Receipts 23,000. Market lower. Beeves $4.25@6.50, cows and heifers $1.50@4.40, stockers and feeders $2.50@4.50.

HOGS—Receipts 28,000. Market 5 to 10 lower. Top $5.35, bulk $5.10@5.30. Mixed and butchers $5.10@5.30, good to choice heavy $5.30@5.35, lights $5.05@5.30, pigs $4.50@4.70.

SHEEP—Receipts 18,000. Slow.

Kansas City.

Special to The Reporter.

Kansas City, June 22.—CATTLE—Receipts 5,000. Market steady. Beeves $4.50@6.40, cows and heifers $1.50@5.50, Texas and Westerns $3.00@5.75.

HOGS — Receipts 10,000. Market steady. Top $5.20, bulk $5.00@5.15. Mixed and butchers $5.05@5.15, good to choice heavy $5.15@5.20, lights $4.85@5.10, pigs $3.75@4.75.

SHEEP—Receipts 3,000. Steady.

St. Louis.

Special to The Reporter.

National Stockyards, June 22.—CATTLE—Receipts 7,500, Texas 4,500. Market lower. Steers $3.00@5.75, cows and heifers $2.75@3.75.

HOGS — Receipts 11,000. Market 5 lower. Top $5.30. Pigs and lights $4.25@5.05, packers $5.00@5.15, butchers $5.10@5.30.

SHEEP—Receipts 9,500. Lower.

DAILY WEATHER FORECAST.

Weather Bureau, Fort Worth, June 22.—Local weather forecast: Tonight and Thursday, unsettled weather; probably showers.

EXCEPTION TO A RULE

IN THIS CASE THERE SEEMS TO BE NO RULE.

Some Words About a Complaint That Shippers Frequently Make, but Find It Hard to Prove.

Now and then a shipper to this market who has rejected a bid and gone on to St. Louis, to sell at a lower price, denounces the packers as the cause of his misfortune. He asserts that when cattle are offered on one market and bid on, and the bid refused, and the cattle shipped to another market, telegraphic information of the amount first bid is wired to the packers, who see to it that all bids on the shipment are lower than was first offered, so that he has to sell at a loss. This is the only way he has of consoling himself.

The idea has been suggested to the San Antonio Express, which lets it out in this paragraph:

"The Fort Worth Live Stock Reporter would perhaps quit drawing invidious comparisons if it knew that shippers as a rule were aware that the packers saw to it that no cattle offered in that market get any higher price by going to another. There may be exceptions to the rule, but all cattlemen who have had much experience shipping cattle realize that it is best to sell where the cattle are first offered."

It is the case sometimes that cattle shipped from Fort Worth to St. Louis sell for enough to make money above the bid here, and it is often the case that they lose money. As the Express says, "there are exceptions to the rule." We would like to have that paper, or some other authority equally wise, explain how these exceptions are made, and why. If packers were trying to prevent shippers going from one market to another by making lower bids at second or third markets, they should make no exceptions to the rule, so that shippers would know they had to sell at the first market. By making exceptions to the rule, as they are said to make, they encourage such shipping, which they are charged with trying to discourage, for every shipper will believe that he has as good a chance of proving an "exception to the rule" as any other shipper.

This is a mighty bad time for shippers to any market, who have light or medium cattle. There is a story told of a traveler in a back county in Texas, who hailed a native to learn which of two roads, that led to his destination, was the best. "It don't make a darn bit of difference," was the reply; "no matter which you take, you'll cuss yourself for not takin' the other." And no matter where the shipper goes with thin cattle now, he'll cuss himself for not going somewhere else, and he will cuss the market, too.

GENERAL NOTES.

Shackelford county reports a good rain. San Angelo too sends out reports of a fine rain that covered a good deal of the surrounding country, including some of the very dry counties to the west.

The National Bank of Commerce of Fort Worth was formally opened last Saturday in Fort Worth, with a paid-up capital stock of $100,000. Col. Robt. E. Maddox is president, J. A. Hill vice-president, J. D. Read cashier, and W. T. Camp, assistant cashier.

The wheat crop in the country around Fort Worth is turning out some better than was expected, though the crop is below the average, on account of the dry winter and early spring. Threshermen find it almost impossible to get hands to man their machines.

It is given out the Texas Immigration Bureau of Fort Worth has arranged for the colonizing of 200 German families from the Middle Western states in the counties of Clay, Archer, Young and Jack. These colonists are said to be people who have some means, and will pursue stock farming, which if intelligently done will bring good results.

ABOUT THE STOCK YARDS TODAY.

Parsons & Rawlins sold 29 steers from Uvalde county, average 769, at $2.35.

M. A. Mart sold a load of 775-pound cows from Montage county, at $2.15.

D. L. Moore sold 30 steers from Hays county, averaging 799 pounds, at $2.20.

E. F. Moore was in from Hays county with 30 steers of 799 pounds that sold at $2.20.

John D. Thomas sold 14 cows from Denton county, averaging 842 pounds, at $2.25.

S. King had in a load of cows from Limestone county of 782 pounds that sold at $1.75.

Jose Torres had two loads of 803-pound steers on the market from Starr county, that sold at $2.35.

Traweek & Co. sold 54 hogs from Antlers, I. T., of 228 pounds at $5.15, and 7 pigs of 123 at $4.40.

J. Sewell had in 75 calves from Van Zandt county, out of which he sold 55 of 158 pounds at $3.25, and 20 of 254 at $2.50.

With a lighter run, the market steadied today, and some sales of good quality cows were considered strong compared with yesterday.

P. F. Coleman from Coryell county sold 16 steers of 1018 pounds at $3, 2 cows of 910 at $2.35, and 7 mixed of 798 pounds at $2.

Fort Worth is not the only market complaining of a surplus of grass cattle. St. Louis has had 15,000 Texans this week, most of them grassers of undesirable quality. Prices on that market have fallen more in the last two weeks than at Fort Worth.

Andy Penn was on the market with 23 steers of 1148 pounds that topped the market at $4.25, and 2 of 1015 that sold at $3.25. These cattle were fed by Mr. Penn near Cedar Hill, in Dallas county.

W. T. Leslie was in today with a load of hogs from Fannin county that opened the eyes of everybody who saw them, showing what can be done with Texas hogs in the hands of an intelligent farmer. He sold 19 of them, averaging 320 pounds, at $5.20, and 37 of 164 pounds at $4.90. These heavies sold at the highest price paid on this market in two months. And they were only 10 months old. They were strictly corn-fed, it is true, but the man who can crowd 320 pounds into a 10-months hog has a good knowledge of his business.

FREE SCHOOL MEALS.

How the Larger German Cities Provide For Needy Pupils.

In the larger German cities free meals are provided at the public schools for children needing additional nutriment, the custom prevailing by the report of Consul Warner at Leipsic in twenty-one cities.

With the exception of Berlin, Barmen, Brunswick and Nuremberg, not only the poor but the sick and infirm children were also given breakfast. In Magdeburg food is only supplied in very hard winters. Instead of breakfast dinner is given to the children in Dresden, Munich, Stettin and Strassburg, but in Munich it is projected to also furnish breakfast. In Hamburg there is attached great weight to providing proper dinners for the children, the expense of which amounts to about 28,000 marks ($6,664) annually. In Brunswick, Breslau, Cologne, Kiel, Posen and Nuremberg dinner, in addition to breakfast, is also furnished.

In Breslau, Charlottenburg, Dusseldorf, Halle, Mannheim and Magdeburg the food is distributed by public institutions, while in the other towns it is furnished by charitable societies. The municipal authorities of Dantzic, Dortmund, Hamburg, Hanover, Konigsberg and Posen contribute toward these funds, however.

The breakfast is not always the same; for instance, white bread, dry or buttered, and milk; milk, with coffee and bread; coffee or soup and bread, or soup made of flour and white bread. Usually the children receive milk, the quantity given being from three gills to a pint. The last mentioned quantity is provided in Kiel.

"Rude" Northerners.

A complainer was at the Galt House recently—one M. I. Barks of Roanoke, Va. Mr. Barks complains severely of the rude manners of some Americans. He says that he recently took passage from New York to Boston in one of the sound steamers. He was greatly annoyed by the gormandizing and bolting by passengers at the supper table. He tells of how he reached out his hand for a plate of potatoes which was nearly exhausted, there being but a solitary one remaining on the plate. He was about to draw it to him when a fork was stuck deep into the potato and a harsh voice exclaimed:

"Halves, mister; halves."

Mr. Barks says that, this embarrassing ordeal having been gone through, he said to a "gentleman" at his side:

"Will you oblige me by passing me the butter?"

"There's the butter by you," said the man in a cold, disagreeable tone.

"Thank you," said Mr. Barks. "I did not see it."

"Very well," said his amiable neighbor. "Who said you did see it?"

"That closed my conversation," said Mr. Barks. "Those northern people are very rude; some of them."—Louisville Herald.

Odd Carving.

A newly imported statuette of a priest carved in one piece of ivory shows how remarkable the Japanese are and what a wonderful patience they have. The priest is bearing in his right hand a staff, to which is bound a lotus bulb, while in the open palm of the left hand he holds a miniature figure of himself, exact as to detail.

Every hair of his head and every detail of the body and drapery is perfect. The flowing robes are as thin as paper. One can almost see under the finger nails. The arms show as far as the elbow inside of the loose sleeves, evidencing the wonderful skill of the carver and now carefully he must have done his work to prevent the delicate ivory from breaking to pieces under his tools.

Italy's Distinction.

In invention, scholarship, scientific research and large enterprise and in national pride (without which no country can claim the respect of foreigners) Italy has an enviable distinction. It honors its intellectual men intelligently, not by an ignorant notoriety, and money does not take precedence of mind. If its plastic art has suffered a commercial eclipse, Italy is not unique in this experience, while in dramatic art it still leads the world with Tommaso Salvini and Eleonora Duse. In music and literature there is much activity and a far from complaisant public opinion.—Century.

Washing Smoke.

A smoke washing device is said to be in successful use in London which does away with the necessity for chimneys, as it produces the amount of draft required for complete combustion and expels from the smoke its noxious properties. It consists of an electrically driven fan, which draws the smoke from the fire and passes it into a stream of water, which extracts the sulphurous and unconsumed particles. It works automatically and only requires that the water in its lower part should be changed at regular intervals.

A WORD TO SHIPPERS

DON'T KEEP ON SENDING GREEN GRASS CATTLE.

Read the Market Reports of This Paper, and Be Guided by Conditions as Told By Them.

The Reporter's market reports tell each day the condition of this market. The shipper can read this paper and learn what is not wanted. He can find in the representative sales what cattle of a given weight are selling for. With this information he can act intelligently in shipping to market or holding back.

For two weeks, ever since the rush of cattle began, the columns of this paper have shown a steady weakening and then a drop in the market. In addition to the tale told by the figures showing declining prices, the warning has been given repeatedly, that common to half fat cattle were not in favor and should be held until they were in better condition. This warning has had little effect. Cattle that were not wanted kept on crowding in, and prices kept on going down.

The situation got so bad that, at the suggestion of the salesmen at the yards, we printed a special warning yesterday, in conspicuous type. This should be heeded by men who have cattle that they think of marketing. If these are in good flesh, even if grassers, they will sell, though not at as good prices as they would have brought two or three weeks ago; but if they have simply filled up on grass, with soft flesh that evaporates on the road to market, landing them here with their ribs and hip bones the most prominent parts of their bodies, they will sell only at a loss, if at all. In fact, buyers don't want to look at this kind, and refuse to bid. They say they don't want them.

Last year grass cattle sold on this market at prices equal to those paid for fed cattle. They were in fine condition. They had grass all winter, and in the spring came to market fat and in fine flesh. The grass cattle now coming in had not enough grass to live on through the winter, and had to be fed a little. This feeding was scant, because the price of feed was high. The rains in April made grass, but it was not the kind of grass that made flesh for the cattle in 1903, and the quality of that coming to market now is decidedly poor.

Packers find that it does not "kill" satisfactorily, and even the cheapest trade doesn't want it. The beef looks blue when first killed, and soon turns black. That is why they don't want it, and that is why the price is low.

In spite of the complaining, good marketable cattle are higher now than they were last spring, and higher than they have been at any time for ten years, except in 1902.

A PALACE OF ICE.

Cavern In Hungary That Is One of the Marvels of Europe.

The ice cavern near Dobschau, Hungary, is one of the most remarkable but least known marvels of Europe. Though spoken of as a cavern, in reality it is an ice palace, the roof, floor and walls being of ice, sometimes opaque, sometimes as diaphanous as glass. The frozen water assumes many quaint and beautiful forms. Pillars, vases, grottoes, couches and waterfalls meet the eye at every turn.

Herr Ruffiny has the honor of being its discoverer. One day while shooting among the hills he was startled by the peculiar echo of his gun, an echo which suggested the near presence of a vast cavity or hollow. After a long search he was rewarded by finding a small aperture in the hillside overgrown by bushes and trees. The next day he returned, accompanied by two friends, who lowered him by ropes into the space. As he swung into the darkness a bitter cold, which increased as he descended, was felt.

At last he felt his feet touch the ground, and, looking around him, he found himself in a vast hall which he could but dimly see. The ice palace was discovered.

Falconry In Turkestan.

In a remote part of Turkestan Dr. Sven Hedin, the explorer, some years ago discovered the ancient art of falconry in full flower. "Among the horsemen were eight falconers," he writes, "two of whom carried eagles, the others falcons, all duly hooded. In this part of the world falconers form an indispensable adjunct in any formal parade or procession. Later in the day they gave us an exhibition of their birds' powers by letting them kill four hares and a deer, all of which were presented to me."

Trying It on the Dog.

North—You never seem to be impatient when somebody recommends something for your cold. West—Oh, no. I just repeat it to somebody else for trial upon himself. If it helps him, I shall know there's something in it. If it doesn't, it can't have any bad effect upon me, you know.—Boston Transcript.

Her Status Explained.

Bobby is a little Germantown boy who is a seeker after the wherefore of things. Some days since he was questioning his father as to the nature of a weapon.

"A weapon, my son," explained his father, "is something to fight with."

"Is ma your weapon, pa?"—Philadelphia Ledger.

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Daily Live Stock Reporter.

BY THE REPORTER PUBLISHING CO.

50 cts. a Month. - - - $4.00 a year
Single Copy 5 Cents.

Issued Every Day Except Sunday,
Exchange Ave., North Fort Worth, Tex.
Telephone 569.

Address all Communications to The Reporter Publishing Company.

No drafts or orders will be honored by this company, unless given by agents showing proper written authority therefor.

HOW TO MAKE REMITTANCE—Whether by check, postoffice money order, or express money order, make it payable to THE REPORTER PUBLISHING CO., and not to the Daily Live Stock Reporter.

The grower of farm products, live stock and poultry is requested to read this paper before going to market. It will pay him.

Correspondence telling of the condition of live stock, the progress and improvement of the industry, and anything that would be of interest to stock raisers, is invited.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1904.

Entered June 15, 1903, at Fort Worth, Tex., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1875.

Notice to Agents.

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POLITICAL.

Principles outlive parties and parties outlive politicians.—Schoolmaster.

In the bright and shining lexicon of political candidates, many are boomed and few escape being boomeranged.—Judge.

If anybody offers to bet 5 to 2 that Mr. Roosevelt will not be "renominated" this year don't take him up.—Chicago Tribune.

Modesty.

Modesty is one of the sweetest and most desirable qualities one can possess, and yet too much modesty hinders advancement. When this quality is overdeveloped it antagonizes aggressiveness, without which no great success can be attained.

Grimy Finger Nails.

When the finger nails are obstinately grimly a little kerosene on the nail brush will whiten the nails thoroughly. Afterward rub a little glycerin or vaseline into the nails, so they will not be brittle.

A Philanthropist.

As he stepped out of the theater he stopped to light a cigarette and at the same moment heard himself addressed:

"If ye please, sir, gimme somethin' fer me little brother an' sister; they're home, cold an' hungry, an' we ain't got no parents."

He turned and saw a diminutive girl, about twelve years old. He had seen the girl before and had watched her play the same game and had heard her tell the same story to people outside the theater several times and knew it all for a "fake."

He walked on.

"Jest think; no parents—ain't it awful, sir? Them little children!" She was keeping pace with him.

"Go home," he said, not unkindly. "Do you want to be arrested for begging? Go home."

"How kin I go home with nuthin' fer the kids? Ah, if they only had some parents to look after 'em! But dere's only me."

He put his hand in his pocket.

The child hastened to clinch matters with the old, tiresome wail:

"Jest to think, sir; no parents."

The hand emerged from the pocket, and in it was a dollar bill.

"Here, little girl," he said. "I oughtn't to give you this, but what you have told me touches my heart. Take this—and buy them some parents."—New York Times.

Beat Him at Every Point.

Two candidates for office in Missouri were stumping the northern part of the state, and in one town their appearance was almost simultaneous. The candidate last arriving happened to stop at a house for the purpose of getting a drink of water. To the little girl who answered his knock at the door he said, when she had given him the desired draft and he had offered her in recompense some candy, "Did the man ahead of me give you anything?"

"Oh, yes, sir," replied the bright girl; "he gave me candy."

"Ah!" exclaimed the candidate. "Here's 5 cents for you. I don't suppose that he gave you any money?"

The youngster laughed merrily. "Yes, he did, too! He gave me 10 cents!"

Not to be outdone, the candidate gave the little one another nickel and, picking her up in his arms, kissed her.

"Did he kiss you, too?" he asked genially.

"Indeed, he did, sir!" responded the little girl. "And he kissed ma too!"—Collier's Weekly.

CONVENTION BEGINS.

Called to Order by Chairman Payne at Noon Tuesday.

ROOT IN THE CHAIR

Former Secretary of War Temporary Presiding Officer and Delivers an Address That Is Warmly Received.

Chicago, June 22.—For the thirteenth time in the party's history the Republican party met in national convention, the first day's session beginning at noon Tuesday.

The Coliseum, the place selected for the gathering, with its five acres of seats, began to fill by 10:30. Fresh breezes from the northwest cooled the temperature outside, but inside the mammoth structure the atmosphere was hot.

Interest that for two days had eddied gently around the fifty state or territorial headquarters concentrated upon these five steel covered acres, or rather upon that fragment of an acre of delegates' chairs painted green in front of a crimson-carpeted rostrum set with Flemish oak furniture. As the thin lines of delegates and other ticket holders entered from the many entrances the watchers outside grew into a multitude and some hearts burned over fruitless plannings for admission, but most of those outside were satisfied with the mild thrill of being in the neighborhood of the national convention, even if its general results were certainties beforehand.

THE CHICAGO COLISEUM.
(Where the Republican national convention will be held.)

The Coliseum employes think it the best proportionel and arranged convention hall in the United States. The outside walls are of stone, with castellated turrets. The first mental effort after looking at the immensity of state parterre rising on parterre, was to estimate the total seating capacity. It turned out to be about 8500 numbered places, including a bank of 350 rising behind the chairman. Above this terrace of seats were hung a colossal portrait of the late Senator Hanna on a canvass twenty by seventeen feet. The portraits of the president with flags about them were placed at regular intervals around the amphitheater. The banneret of the Home Market club of Boston swung near the roof opposite the chairman. Underneath the rostrum and stretching the whole length of the basement was one of the most curious sights of the convention. It was the paraphernalia of the workers who communicated to millions what thousands saw. In this space were run more than 500 wires connecting directly with the principal newspapers of the country and with agencies that transmit news. More than 100 telephones were put in and upwards of 400 telegraph instruments. Hundreds of reporters, operators and messengers manned this huge intelligence department.

For hours before and during the convention the hotels were vacant. Large rooms occupied by state headquarters were decorated with tri-color cloth and pictures of distinguished leaders, both living and dead.

In the hours between breakfast and the start for the hall there was rather a general interchange of ideas among leaders. The only important result of the informal conferences was the inception of a movement to bring about unanimous action to eliminate the "favorite son" complimentary vote which several delegations expected to give candidates. It was recalled that similar action was taken at Philadelphia four years ago and the argument was made that as the convention was to be a ratification meeting anyway, both candidates should be unanimously named. Very few men who were to be presented expected to receive any votes outside of their own delegations, and it was pointed out that no great compliment was extended in a vote of this kind for second place on the national ticket.

The New York and Illinois delegations arrived simultaneously and evoked hearty applause.

When Speaker Cannon, Senator Fairbanks and ex-Secretary Root arrived they were applauded by galleries and delegates.

The convention was called to order shortly after noon by Chairman Payne. Rev. Mr. Frost of Evanstown, Ill., Methodist, delivered an invocation.

Chairman Payne recognized Gov. Van Sant of Minnesota to present the gavel used by the presiding officer.

It was made by the members of the South Minneapolis high school and he said it had been used at Republican conventions in Minneapolis, St. Louis and Philadelphia. He asked the chairman to use it at the convention which would nominate that fearless, invincible leader, Theodore Roosevelt. It was the first mention of the president's name in the convention and the delegates rose as one man. Cheers rang through the hall and many men sprang from the chairs and waved hats, banners and handkerchiefs. After the applause had subsided, Chairman Payne in a few words expressed thanks for the gavel. He then said:

Gentlemen of the convention: The national committee has selected for your temporary chairman the Hon. Elihu Root of New York."

There was another shout from the convention, which was prolonged when Governor Odell of New York rose to move that the action of the national committee be approved. Applause greeted Governor Odell and it was some time before he could put his motion. It was at once adopted by the convention. Mr. Root was greeted with renewed cheering as he advanced to the speaker's stand.

"Mr. Chairman," he said, another burst of cheers shut him off. When quiet was restored he was permitted to proceed.

Simultaneously with former Secretary Root's appearance at the speaker's table an immense oil painting of President Roosevelt was unveiled at his right. As Mr. Root began to speak the picture was removed and the attention of the immense gathering was devoted to the New York statesman.

EX-SECRETARY ROOT.

The administration's Panama canal policy received a round of applause when Mr. Root declared that "The weaklings would have postponed its construction to another generation."

Reverential since prevailed as the speaker alluded briefly to the assassination of President McKinley and again applause as his successor's record was reviewed.

When he mentioned the name of the late Senator Hanna the convention responded in a prolonged demonstration. Mr. Root concluded with the words: "Theodore Roosevelt," and they were magic to the delegates. The most marked demonstration of the session ensued. The delegates climbed on their chairs and tossed hats and handkerchiefs into the air.

In his opening remarks Secretary Root stated the responsibility of government rests with the Republican party. The complicated machinery through which the 80,000,000 people of the United States govern themselves answers to no single will. Within the past five years more than 55,000 bills have been introduced in congress. The practical governing instinct of our people has adopted the machinery devised in the Eighteenth to the conditions of the Twentieth century of the reorganization of national political parties. In them men join for the promotion of a few cardinal principles upon which they agree. The people by their choice of candidates indicate the principles and methods which they wish followed in the conduct of their government.

When the course of the next administration is but half done the Republican party will have completed the first half century of its national life. Of the eleven administrations since the first election of Abraham Lincoln, nine—covering a period of thirty-six years—have been under Republican presidents. For the greater part of that time the majority in each house of congress has been Republican.

With the platform and the candidates of this convention, we are about to ask a renewed expression of popular confidence in the Republican party.

We shall ask it because the principles to which we declare our adherence are right, and the best interests of our country require that they should be followed in its government.

We shall ask it because the unbroken record of the Republican party in the past is an assurance of the sincerity of our declarations and the fidelity with which we shall give them effect. Because we have been constant in principle, loyal to our beliefs and faithful to our promises, we are entitled to be believed and trusted now.

We shall ask it because the character of the party gives assurance of good government. A great political organization, competent to govern, is not a chance collection of individuals brought together for the moment as the shifting sands are piled up by wind and sea, to be swept away, to be formed and reformed again. It is a growth. Traditions and sentiments reaching down through struggles of years gone, and the stress and heat of old conflicts, and the influence of leaders passed away, and the ingrained habit of applying fixed rules of interpretation and of thought—all give to a political party known and inalienable qualities from which must follow in its deliberate judgment and ultimate action, like results for good or bad government.

He declared the Republican administration has taken up the trust question in a practical, sensible way, as a business, rather than a political matter, saying what it really meant, and doing what lay at its hand to be done to accomplish effective regulation. The attorney general, he said, had taken steps to stop them, asserting fourteen great railroads had been restrained from giving illegal rebates; that the beef trust was put under injunction; railroad officers engaged in the cotton carrying pool had been indicted, and have abandoned their combination, and the combine of the Northern Securities companies had been destroyed.

Secretary Root said the postal service had been extended and improved, its revenue increasing from $76,000,000 in 1890 to $144,000,000 in 1904. Department of agriculture has been brought to a point of efficiency and practical benefit never before known. The Cuban policy, he declared, had been followed out, and she now has her own president and congress. Said the Philippine islands were prospering, and insurrections about over.

Reference was made to the Panama canal treaty and the payment of $50,000,000 to the French company and to Panama.

The war footing of the army was given at 100,000 men, instead of 27,000, previous to the Spanish war, and the peace footing 60,000.

The present administration is credited with having reduced taxation and the public debt, reduced annual interest, fostered business, inaugurated a new policy for the preservation and reclamation of the public lands and strengthened the Monroe doctrine.

In concluding, the speaker said the president has taken the whole people into his confidence. He has meant every word he said. No people, he said, can maintain free government who do not, in their hearts, value the qualities which have made the present president of the United States conspicuous among the men of his time as a type of noble manhood. "Come what may here—come what may in November, God grant that those qualities of brave true manhood shall have honor throughout America, shall be held for an example in every home, and that the youth of generations to come may grow up to feel that it is better than wealth, or office, or power, to have the honesty, the purity and the courage of Theodore Roosevelt."

The roll of temporary officers of the convention was then read by the clerk.

Roll of states and territories was called.

Two delegates from Porto Rico and six from the Philippines with two votes were seated.

List of committeemen was ordered sent to clerk's desk.

An invitation for convention members to be the guests at St. Louis of the Louisiana Purchase exposition was accepted and a committee appointed to arrange for the trip.

Adjournment was taken until noon Wednesday.

Prejudice Alleged.

Chicago, June 22.—The Lafolette faction of the Wisconsin Republicans declined to make a contest before the credentials committee, declaring it refused to do so on the ground that the committee was not an unprejudiced body and making the flat statement statement that they understood some members of the committee had been "approached."

Rosenthal and Price Seated.

Chicago, June 22.—Before the credentials committee in the Seventh Texas district contest temporary roll was sustained, A. J. Rosenthal and H. L. Price being given the seats. The contest in the Second district flattened out and was not presented to the committee.

McComas Chairman.

Chicago, June 22.—The committee on credentials met immediately after the adjournment of the convention and organized by electing Senator McComas of Maryland chairman and GrameStewart of Chicago secretary.

Invited to World's Fair.

Chicago, June 22.—President Francis and the directors of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, extended an invitation to the delegates, alternates and newspaper men attending the convention to visit St. Louis and view the exposition as the guests of the exposition management.

PLENTY TO EAT.

Merchant says There Is No Shortage of Food at Port Arthur.

Liao Yang, June 21.—A merchant of Port Arthur who has arrived here says life in that town is practically unchanged. There is, he declares, no shortage of provisions, and the garrison is in excellent health. No land attack has been made upon Port Arthur, but there have been frequent bombardments at long range by the Japanese squadron, which is cruising constantly off shore. Dalny, according to this merchant, is occupied by a Japanese battalion. The destruction of the pier there rendered Dalny useless for landing siege guns.

Chinese arriving here from Vafangow say the Japanese losses in the fight there were 3600.

Cabinet Discusses It.

Washington, June 22—Practically all the cabinet session Tuesday was devoted to discussing the Slocum disaster.

Railway Agents Meet.

St. Louis, June 22.—The National Association of Railway Agents met in the parlors of the Inside Inn. There were about 100 agents present.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

An apparatus which makes it possible to draw in perspective mechanically, without previous training, is the invention of a Swiss, who names it the perspectartigraph.

A machine has been invented which is capable of splitting wood two feet long and eighteen inches thick. It is run by a three horsepower gasoline engine and consists of a huge knife which works through the knottiest wood at the rate of sixty strokes per minute.

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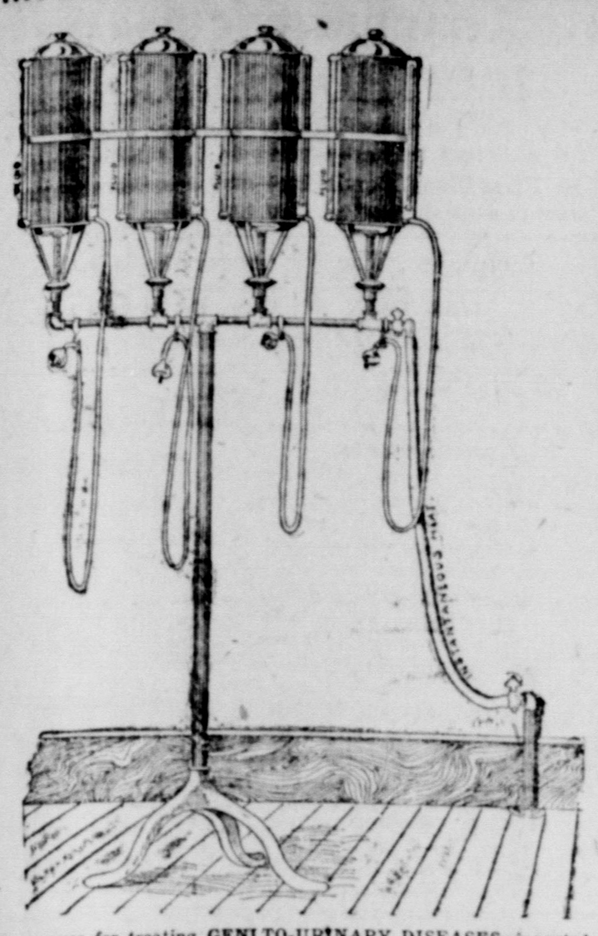

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Anniversary ...Flowers

[Original.]

Some years ago I was sent by a client on some legal business to a small village in New Hampshire.

"There are no hotels in the place," said my client, "worthy of the name, but I will give you a note of introduction to a family who may consent to take you into their home."

The letter was to a Miss Colburn, a middle aged spinster who lived with her brother, a few years older than herself, and a sister a few years younger. I was received into the family and provided with every comfort at their disposal. Great stress was laid upon the fact that I lived in New York. For some reason New York seemed to them to be a Mecca, a Jerusalem, a Bethlehem, a place holier than other places. None of them had ever been there and knew nothing about what a wicked city New York is. I did not enlighten them for fear of touching some tender spot, some grief with which the place was connected. I noticed that only Mr. Colburn and the younger Miss Colburn ever referred to New York, and when they did so the elder sister, Mary, maintained perfect silence, as if they were speaking of the tomb of some one well beloved.

One day I noticed on a table in the living room a vase filled with a dozen American Beauty roses. I also noticed that the members of the family spoke low and trod softly.

That evening the sisters went upstairs early, the brother remaining below with me.

"I wonder," he said, "if you know in New York Mr. Theodore Carroll?"

"I do not," I replied.

He looked surprised.

"You must remember," I added, "that New York is a very large city."

Then he grew confidential and gave me an explanation of what to me had been a mystery. A quarter of a century before a man had appeared in the village to make it his headquarters for the time that he would remain in the vicinity while making surveys on the railroad that was then being "located." He was thirty-five years old, a college graduate, and had charge of the engineering work of that division of the road. Like myself, he had been lodged at the Colburns', the father and mother of the family being at that time living. He fell in love with Mary Colburn, then eighteen, and his love was returned. Notwithstanding that he was city born and bred and she a country girl, he asked her to marry him, and she consented.

Preparations were made for the wedding, which was to take place as soon as Carroll concluded his engineering work on that division of the railroad. Mary was supremely happy. Carroll was at times buoyant, at other times depressed. He was all that a lover could be to his fiancee. Indeed he seemed to have a morbid dread that he should lose her.

The very morning of the wedding misfortune fell upon the lovers, the family, indeed the whole village, since everybody was interested in the affair. When Mary's brother went to Carroll's room to announce that all was ready, he found him in a swoon. Beside him on the floor was a letter from a woman who claimed to be his wife.

When Carroll came to himself he admitted that the woman had really been married to him, but he had left her, and he had evidence to indicate that she was dead. She had heard of his approaching marriage and had written him to say that she was living and so long as she lived he should never wed legally.

That was the most melancholy day the village had ever known. The girl who had expected to become a bride bore up bravely, but it was plain that she suffered inexpressible agony. Carroll pleaded his cause with her, excusing himself for not having told of his former marital complication on the ground that it was a thing of the past which was a horror to him and which he believed ended forever by death. Mary did not blame him. She sat listlessly while he talked of it, and when he had finished and he pressed his lips to hers in an adieu she went to her room and did not see him again. Carroll went to New York to take steps to secure a divorce, though Mary told him that she would not marry a divorced man. Hoping to win her consent in time, he commenced proceedings, which so far as the Colburn family heard had never ended. On every anniversary of the wedding day there came a box of flowers. Carroll had continued to write for two years, then his letters had ceased. But the flowers kept on coming.

Such was the statement given me by Mary Colburn's brother. I was profoundly interested in it and determined when I reached New York to look Carroll up and solve the mystery of a divorce case that had lasted a quarter of a century. On returning to the city I sought my client, reported my action in the case upon which I had been employed, then asked him if he knew of the romance that hung over the Colburn family.

"Yes," he said, changing his tone from a business to a sympathetic one. "I ought to know something about it, since I send flowers to Mary Colburn once a year."

"But Carroll?"

"Carroll has been dead for twenty-two years. He died just before he would have surely obtained his divorce. I was with him when he died, and he charged me to keep the secret of his death, but to send flowers every year on the anniversary of what was to have been his wedding day."

EVERETT P. MOORE.

Favorite Japanese Card Game.

A favorite card game of the Japanese is played as follows: One hundred well known proverbs are selected, each divided into two parts and each part printed on a separate card. The host of the evening has the hundred first halves, which he reads aloud, one by one, the hundred second halves are dealt to the other players, who place their hands face upward on the "tatami," or thick mat of rice straw, on which they sit. As the first half of any proverb is read the holder of the second half throws it out, or if he sees it unnoticed among his neighbor's cards seizes it and gives him one of his own. The player who is first "out" wins. It is a very simple game, but it affords great entertainment to the players, for the quicksighted and keen witted are constantly seizing the cards of their duller and slower neighbors, and this leads to much laughter and many good natured sarcasms.—Westminster Gazette.

TEXAS LIVE STOCK RATES.

Tariff Fixed for Shippers by the State Railway Commission.

The following tables gives the rate on beef cattle, oxen, cows, calves, goats, hogs and sheep; also on cattle 7 years old and over, for distances from 10 miles to 750.

DISTANCE—Miles.		RATES. No. 1	RATES. No. 2
10 and less		6	8½
15 and over	10	6½	9
20 and over	15	7	9½
25 and over	20	7½	10
30 and over	25	8	10½
35 and over	30	8½	11½
40 and over	35	9	12
45 and over	40	9½	12½
50 and over	45	10	13
60 and over	50	10½	13½
70 and over	60	11	14¼
80 and over	70	11½	15
90 and over	80	12	15½
100 and over	90	12½	16¼
125 and over	100	13¾	17½
150 and over	125	15	18¾
175 and over	150	16¼	20
200 and over	175	17½	21¼
250 and over	200	18¾	22½
300 and over	250	20	23¾
350 and over	300	21¼	25
400 and over	350	22½	26
450 and over	400	23¾	27
500 and over	450	25	28
550 and over	500	26¼	29
600 and over	550	27½	30
650 and over	600	28¾	31
700 and over	650	30	32
750 and over	700	31¼	33
	over 750	32½	34

Column No. 1 is for shipment over a single line of road, or over two or more lines under one management. Column No. 2 is for shipment over two or more lines under different managements.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION FIRMS

Now Having Offices at the Exchange and Doing Business at the Yards.

The following live stock commission firms are members of the Fort Worth Live Stock Exchange and have their places of business in the Exchange Building:

Barse Live Stock Com. Co.
Campbell & Rosson L. S. Com. Co.
Cassidy-Southwestern L. S. Com. Co.
Evans-Montague L. S. Com. Co.
Evans-Snider-Buel Co.
Frank Witherspoon Com. Co.
Geo. W. Saunders L. S. Com. Co.
Greer, Mills & Co.
Interstate Live Stock Com. Co.
National Live Stock Com. Co.
North Texas Live Stock Com. Co.
Russell-Flato Live Stock Com. Co.
Way-Ware Com. Co.

CHARGES FOR SELLING LIVE STOCK.

Rates Fixed by the Live Stock Exchange for Handling Stock.

The commission charges for selling and handling stock consigned to the Fort Worth market are fixed by the Live Stock Exchange and are as follows:

Cattle, 50 cents per head, but not more than $12 for a carload; calves, 25 cents per head, $12 for a single deck and $18 for double deck cars.

Hogs, 10 cents per head; $6 for single deck car and $10 for double deck.

Charges for sheep are the same as for hogs.

Yardage Charges.

The charges by the Stock Yards Company for yardage are fixed as follows:

Cattle, per head	25c
Calves, per head	15c
Hogs, per head	8c
Sheep, per head	5c

Prices charged for feed by the Stock Yards: Hay, 80c a bale; corn, $1 a bushel; oats, 80c a bushel; chops, $1.50 cwt.; bran, $1.30 cwt.; straw, 40c a bale.

Officers of the Exchange.

Officers and directors of the Live Stock Exchange are:

R. H. McNatt, president.
C. L. Ware, vice-president.
V. S. Wardlaw, secretary.
Marion Sansom, treasurer.

Directors: R. H. McNatt, C. L. Ware, C. L. Brown, D. Wyrick, O. E. Flato, J. W. Montague, A. F. Crowley, R. Barse, John Diggett.

FORT WORTH RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

These trains at T. & P. Passenger Station, foot of Main street:

Rock Island System.

Depart.		Arrive.
8:30 am	Omaha and Mo. River	7:15 pm
9:00 pm	Kansas City, Chicago, Denver, Col. Springs and Pueblo Fast Ex.	7:10 am

DALLAS LINE.

Depart East		Arrive East
7:40 am	Mail and Express	8:35 pm

FRISCO SYSTEM.

Red River, Texas & Southern Ry.

Depart. North		Arrive. North
11:15 am	K.C.&St. L. Mail&Ex.	2:55 pm

Ft. W. & R. G. Ry.

3:15 pm	Brownwood M. & Ex.	10:55 am
2:00 am	Mixed	6:00 am

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

Depart.		Arrive.
	Denver, Colo. Springs	
9:45 am	and Pueblo Mail & Ex	5:10 pm
8:40 pm	Amarillo Ex	7:25 am

Missouri, Kansas & Texas.

Depart. North		Arrive. North
8:35 am	"Katy Flyer"	7:45 pm
	Kansas City, St. Louis	
11:45 am	& Chicago M. & Ex.	7:40 am
	Kansas City, St. Louis	
9:00 pm	& Chicago Fast Ex.	5:10 pm

Depart. South		Arrive. South
8:15 pm	Hou. & Gal. & San Antonio, "Katy Flyer"	8:10 am
8:30 pm	Houston Mail & Ex.	10:55 am
6:00 pm	Houston Mail & Ex.	8:15 pm

Cotton Belt Route.

Depart.		Arrive.
8:15 am	St. Louis & Mem. Ex	7:25 pm
2:05 pm	St. Louis Lt. via Dallas	1:50 pm
9:10 pm	Dallas, Mem. & St. L.	6:50 am

Texas & Pacific Railway

Depart. East		Arrive. East
7:45 am	St. Louis Cannon Ball	7:45 pm
11:00 am	St. Louis Mail & Ex	4:45 pm
8:30 am	Dallas Local	5:15 am
10:00 am	Dallas & Wea'fd Local	3:25 pm
2:05 pm	Dallas Local	1:50 pm
8:00 pm	Dallas Local	6:10 pm
3:45 pm	Wills Point Local	11:00 am
6:30 pm	St. Louis Mail & Ex.	9:[illegible] am

Depart. West	Main Line West.	Arrive. West
8:20 pm	Colorado Mail & Ex.	7:00 am
3:30 pm	Weatherford Local	9:45 am
9:45 am	El Paso Express	6:00 pm

Transcontinental Division via Sherman

Depart.		Arrive.
8:30 am	Texark. & St. Louis.	4:35 pm

International & Great Northern Ry.

Depart.		Arrive.
7:30 am	Houston & San An. Ex	8:55 pm
3:40 pm	Austin " " "	12:45 pm

These trains at Santa Fe Station, Cor. 15th and Jones:

Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe Ry

Depart. North		Arrive. North
7:50 am	K.C.&Chi. Mail&Ex.	9:00 pm
8:30 pm	K. C. & Chi. Fast Ex.	7:50 am

Depart. South		Arrive. South
8:00 am	Hou. & Gal. M. & Ex.	8:20 pm
9:10 pm	Hou. & San Antonio Gal. Mail & Ex.	7:40 am

Houston & Texas Central Railroad.

Depart.		Arrive
8:10 am	Hou. & Gal. Mail & Ex	8:00 pm
7:45 pm	Hou. & Gal. Mail & Ex	8:05 am
1:15 pm	Ennis Mixed	11:35 am

It May Interest You to Know

that during June, July and August, each season, sixty to eighty thousand summer visitors are entertained in "COOL COLORADO," for which there is ample reason.

Limited space forbids mention of even a small fraction of its many varied delights, but among them the

Great Colorado Chautauqua Assembly

AT BOULDER,

is suggested as a principal, affording at minimum expense, as it does for thousands annually, weeks of Musical, Intellectual and Miscellaneous Entertainment by the cream of the nation's talent.

Develop your curiosity enough to ask us for Complete Program and other particulars, and you'll be surprised.

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"THE DENVER ROAD,"
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VIA

THE TEXAS T&P PACIFIC RAILWAY

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Call on or address.

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FOR THE
World's Fair
AT
ST. LOUIS
—THE—

Santa Fe

Has Arranged Four Special Rates:

A—SEASON TICKET—on sale April 15 to November 15; limit to return December 15.

B—SIXTY-DAY EXCURSION—tickets on sale April 25 to November 20; limit to return within sixty days, but not later than December 15.

C—FIFTEEN-DAY EXCURSION—tickets on sale April 27 to November 30; limit to return within fifteen days from date of sale, but not later than December 5.

D—COACH RATE—limit to 7 days for return. Date of sale May 31.

From	A	B	C	D
Galveston	$40.20	$33.50	$27.10	$17.60
Houston	37.85	31.55	25.65	16.55
Temple	35.80	29.80	24.35	15.65
Fort Worth	31.05	25.90	21.40	13.60
Dallas	30.65	25.55	21.15	13.40

From all stations on the SANTA FE the rates are proportionately low.

—ASK THE SANTA FE AGENT—

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GALVESTON, TEXAS.

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MEALS A LA CARTE.

LOW RATES

...TO THE...

SUMMER RESORTS,

ALLOWING STOP-OVER AT ST. LOUIS.

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Gen'l Passenger Agent,
FT. WORTH, TEX.

FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS COMPANY

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

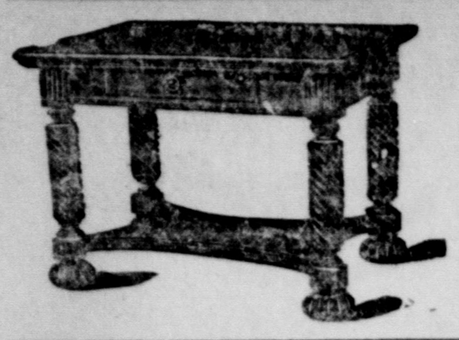
DAILY CAPACITY
[illegible]000 Cattle,
10 000 Hogs,
[illegible]000 Sheep,
[illegible]00 Horses and Mules.

THIS IS YOUR MARKET
There is no reason to ship elsewhere.
"What's the use?"

...PACKERS...
Fort Worth Packing Co.
Armour & Company,
Swift & Company.

Facilities for handling Northern and Southern Cattle unsurpassed. If you investigate the markets before shipping, you will find the Fort Worth Market will net you more money.

W. B. KING, GEN'L MANAGER.
O. W. MATTHEWS, SEC'Y AND TREAS.



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CARPETS.
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AND STOVES.
Everything for your office or house on easy payments.

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FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.
704 and 706 Main St.
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We have the Prettiest Store,
Newest Line of Goods and

THE LOWEST PRICES

Ever Offered in Fort Worth.
Country Trade is Solicited.

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Third and Houston Streets, FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

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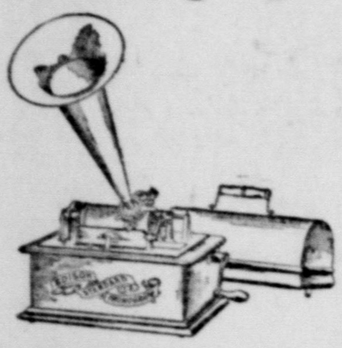

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700 Houston, St., Fort Worth.

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RUNS 40 TRAINS DAILY
Between
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Cars leave from the business senter of both cities every hour, and on the hour from 6 a. m. to 11 p. m. Cars pass by Union Depot, Fort Worth, and Santa Fe and Cotton Belt depots, Dallas.

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FENCE WRITE FOR CATALOG
HOG. STOCK. LAWN
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Popular Advertising.

Advertisements under this head, of wants, for sale, to lease, etc., will be printed at a charge of 1 cent a word for the first insertion and ½ cent a word for each insertion thereafter. An average of 6½ words make a line.

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MONEY TO LOAN on farms and ranches by W. C. Belcher Land Mortgage Co., Board of Trade Bldg., Fort Worth, Tex

FRIEDMAN the Pawnbroker loans money on all articles of value. 912 Main street, opposite the Metropolitan hotel. Bargains in unredeemed watches, pistols, guns, etc.

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S. T. BIBB & CO., Phone 147, 1004 Main street, Coal, Grain and Hay.

Shoo Fly HORN PAINT

is the only remedy that will prevent fly blows from inflecting wounds, cuts or sores on animals; heals quickly and makes

Dehorning, Castrating and Spaying safe any month. Used on 100,000 head of cattle and sheep, and no failures. Good for horses with sore backs; once used you will never be without it. Endorsed by prominent stockmen. One qt. sufficient for 100 cattle. Sold at leading Stock Yards and druggists at $1.25 per pint, $2 per quart, $3.50 per ½ gallon, $5 per gallon. If your druggist or general store does not keep it send order to

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Write for descriptive circular and testimonials.

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LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

THE LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
Places you in direct and instant communication with important towns in Texas and Arkansas and many other states. Its use will often save you a fatiguing journey.

—TRY A ROUND TRIP TALK—
THE SOUTHWESTERN TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CO.

LODGE CHAIRMAN.

Thirteen Members of the Resolutions Committee Formulate Platform.

Chicago, June 22.—Committee on resolutions elcted Senator Lodge chairman and Senator Clark of Wyoming stcretary. A sub-committee of thirteen was appointed to formulate platform, as follows: Senator Lodge, Massachusetts; Senator Gallinger, New Hampshire; Edward Lauterbach, New York; Representative Dalzell, Pennsylvania; Senator Foraker, Ohio; Senator Hopkins, Illinois; Senator Clark, Wyoming; Senator Nelson, Minnesota; Senator Hansbrough, North Dakota; Senator Hepburn, Idaho; John W. Blythe, Iowa; Senator Beveridge, Indiana, and Frank H. Short, California. The committee adjourned at 12:50 o'clock Wednesday morning to report to the full committee at 7 o'clock.

Not one word as to the platform, was Chairman Lodge's statement when asked for details.

The document contains about 2300 words and was agreed to unanimously by the sub-committee.

The tariff plank as finally agreed on after an especially strong reiteration of the Republican policy of protection announces a willingness to change the schedules "Whenever business conditions demand the change," but the opinion is expressed that all changes should be along protection lines.

CANNON CHOSEN.

No Other Name Mentioned For Permanent Chairman.

Chicago, June 22.—The committee on permanent organization, immediately after the convention Tuesday, organized by electing Hon. William Johnson of New Jersey chairman and Gov. George H. Carter of Hawaii secretary. No other name than that of Joseph G. Cannon for permanent chairman of the convention was presented, and he was accordingly nominated unanimously, as were all the temporary officials with the exception of the temporary chairman. The vice presidents nominated by the several delegations were recommended as vice presidents of the convention, following which the committee adjourned subjec to the call of the chairman.

Negroes Beaten.

Gallipolis, O., June 22.—There was a fight at the plant of the J. E. Mills Lumber company at Crown City between the striking white employes and colored laborers who had taken their places. The negroes were attacked and badly beaten with stones and clubs. After two hours of fighting the riot was quelled by Sheriff Manning, who arrested six of the white leaders and lodged them in jail.

Reported Fight.

Chefoo, June 22.—Officers of the United States coller Brurush, while pasing eighty miles north of Shanghai, state that they saw four Japanese torpedo boats and one cruiser firing Saturday night. In the morning the Japanese vessels were still visible, but there was no sign of the enemy. Chinese coming in junks from Port Arthur report there is no change in conditions there.

Ignorance is the primary source of all misery and vice.—Cousin.

ELECTORS NOMINATED

Democratic State Convention Meets at San Antonio.

KIRBY IS CHAIRMAN

Committees Appointed, Judge Reagan Being a Member of the One on Resolutions and Chairman of Platform Section.

San Antonio, June 22.—The Democratic state convention to send delegates to the national convention was called to order by Chairman Wells at 12:15 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Prayer was offered by Rev. Homer T. Wilson.

Chairman Wells then introduced F. C. Davis of this city, who tendered a cordial welcome to the visiting delegates.

L. J. Wortham responded to the address of welcome on behalf of the convention. He related an anecdote told by the late Dave Culberson, of the time when Lee's army marched up the Shanandoah valley, and a little dog ran out of the yard to bite at the heels of the soldiers. "Come back here, Sandy," yelled a woman who was leaning on the fence, "you are too small a thing to bite at such a big thing as General Lee's army." Mr. Wortham ventured to apply this anecdote to the Democrat who attempts to growl at such a big thing as the united Democracy. Remarking upon the fact that Mr. Davis, in his welcoming address, had withheld the "barrel," "I now tender you the barrel, and invite you to join me in it," said Mr. Wortham, and the convention roared.

Judge Reagan was greeted with deafening applause when he arose to speak.

Senator Bailey then addressed the body.

Senator Culberson responded to loud calls.

J. O. Terrell, on behalf of the local Democracy, made an address of welcome,to which Hon. Ike Standifer of Houston responded.

The report of the committee on temporary organization was adopted, and Chairman R. C. Duff of Beaumont was escorted to the platform by John M. Duncan of Tyler, William Burgess of El Paso, Walter Gresham of Galveston, Bill Shaw of Dallas, Hamp Gary of Tyler and R. W. Fenley of Austin.

Other temporary officers were M. T. Lively of Dallas, secretary; George Armistead of Dallas, Abe Grosse of McLennan county and Carey Smith of Lockhart, assistant secretaries, and John W. Tobin of San Antonio, sergeant at arms.

A resolution was adopted to appoint three committees, one on credentials and basis of representation, one on platform and resolutions and one on permanent organization, each committee to be composed of thirty-one members, one from each senatorial district, and each member of each committee to be selected by the senatorial district by such committeemen.

Recess was taken to 4 o'clock.

Former Governor Sayers was chosen chairman of the resolutions committee and Tom Carrollton of Marlin secretary. A sub-committee of seven was appointed to draft a platform. This committee was composed of Judge John H. Reagan, chairman; W. R. Parker, Clarence Martin, C. H. Jenkins, M. H. Gossett, George F. Burgess, R. T. Milner, R. J. Kleberg and eKnneth Foree.

All resolutions pertaining to national affairs were read, ani it was decided to refer these to a committee of three. Messrs. Martin, Gossett and Burgess were named as this committee.

At the afternoon session Governor Lanham, Hon. George Clark and Congressman Sheppard made addresses.

In his speech the governor said the overwhelming, collossal issue in this campaign was domestic tranquility, which could never be had so long as the chief magistrate sets the example of some racial equality. No man should occupy the white house who could so outrage the decency of southern people. The negro is welcome to what he is entitled to under the constitution, but he will ever draw the line at racial equality. Many other reasons there were to draw the Democratic party together, but to his mind this was one of the greatest. He said however silent Alton B. Parker was he has given expression to the fact that the southern people should be allowed to work out their own salvation, and he hoped the convention would instruct for him.

The prospect of any serious conflict was swept away when Hon. George Clark decided that his name should not be presented to the convention as a candidate for delegate at large. By inference he made this decision known when he was called upon to address the convention. He told the convention that he was an humble Democrat in the ranks: that he was not there to ask for shoulder straps. "If you cannot give me straps, give me a gun," said he. "If the guns are all gone, let me have a wagon."

At the night session report of committee on credentials, being practically the same as the temporary roll, was adopted.

The report of the committe on permanent organiza'ion was also adopted. It named the following permanent officers: John Henry Kirby of Harris county, chairman; H. B. Mock of Hunt county, secretary; Dayton Moses of Burnett county and Cary Smith of Caldwell county, assistant secretaries. W. J. McDonald of El Paso county, sergeant at arms, with the following assistants: W. T. Jackson of Hays county, Charles Hall of Hopkins county, J. V. Cunningham of Taylor county, J. C. Baker of Grimes county, Rice King of Lampasas county and Jack Moore of Blanco county.

The order of business recommended was: 1. Election of presidential electors. 2. Election of eight delegates at large.

Mr. Kirby was escorted to the chair by Alvin Owsley, I. M. Standifer and W. W. Dies. He spoke but a few words. "I have been told by one of the esponting committeemen that I have been chosen for chairman of this convention, not because of my powers as a speaker, but because of my supposed business qualifications. That being so, I will not keep you with a speech, but will simply say, 'Let's do business.'"

The convention elected the following: Electors at large—Jake Wolters of Fayette county and Lee Clark of Hunt county. The following are the district electors: First, Fred S. Dudley; Second, George B. Terrell; Third, Ras Young; Fourth, L. F. Mangum; Fifth, P. T. Ridgell; Sixth, C. S. Bradley; Seventh, John C. Fagan; Eighth, J. D. Ashford; Ninth, W. L. Adkins; Tenth, A. B. Storr; Eleventh, A. R. Edison; Twelfth, John H. Hiner; Thirteenth, A. C. Owsley; Fourteenth, J. H. Stanley; Fifteenth, Robert J. Kleberg; Sixteenth, Albert Stephenson.

Hon. R. M. Johnston of Houston was indorsed for national committeeman from Texas.

The convention adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday.

NOT GUILTY.

Mrs. Nan Patterson Made This Plea In New York Court.

New York, June 21.—A formal plea of not guilty was made by Mrs. Nan Patterson Tuesday when she was arraigned in the court of general sessions, charged with the murder of "Caesar" Young, the bookmaker. At the same time counsel for Mrs. Patterson served notice to the district attorney that a motion would be made for the court to direct an early trial for the defendant. He said that the physical condition of Mrs. Patterson was such that it was a hardship to keep her in prison and said he would like to have the trial held in July. Judge Newburger said he was not going to sit next month and that it would hardly be fair to ask another judge to hear the case. He suggested that counsel confer and arrange for an early trial.

THE INVESTIGATION.

Commission Appointed to Look Into the General Slocum Disaster.

Washington, June 22.—The commission consisting of Lawrence O. Murray, assistant secretary of commerce and labor; Major General John M. Wilson, U. S. A., retired; Commander Cameron R. Winslow, Herbert Knox Smith, deputy commissioner of corporations in the departmen of commerce and labor, and George Uhler, supervising inspecter general of the steamboat inspection service have been appointed to investigate the disaster to the General Slocum near Hell Gate in the East river, wherein more than 700 lives were lost. The commission will report at once to Secretary Cortelyou. The assignment of General Wilson and Commander Winslow to duty on the commission was made by the president at the request of Secretary Cortelyou. The commission's investigations will be entirely independent of the investigation shortly to be made by the local board of steamboat inspectors.

NOTHING MORE.

Ransom Money Is Ready to Be Forwarded at a Moment's Notice.

Tangier, June 22.—There are no further developments regarding the steps taken to bring about the release of Perdicaris and Varley. The legations are waiting for the answer to the letter to Mohammed El Torrer, the representative of the sultan to Morocco, to Raisuli on June 20. The American authorities appear anything but hopeful. The ransome money is ready to be forwarded at a moment's notice.

No Instructions.

Fargo, N. D., June 22.—After two hours of wrangling over a proposition to amend the report of the resolutions committee or to endorse the Kansas City platform, the North Dakota state Democratic convention voted down the amendment and will send an uninstructed delegation to the St. Louis convention.

Loomis Disappears.

New York, June 22.—A cable dispatch received in this city announced that Kent Loomis, brother of Assistant Secretary of State Loomis, had disappeared from the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., on which he sailed for Europe on June 14. Mr. Loomis was one of a party en route to Abyssinia with a view to securing commercial concessions. Mr. Loomis disappeared during the voyage. He came here recently from Parkersburg, W. Va.

In an alleged attempt to cut Caddo levee, ten miles above Gilliam, La., a man named Hamilton was shot and killed by levee guards.

Opened Again.

Victor, Colo., June 22.—The Portland mine, which was closed by General Bell, military commander, because it gave employment to union men, was opened Tuesday with a small non-union force.

MINOR MATTERS.

Cardinal Satolli called on President Roosevelt.

City of Mexico is to have a new waterworks plant.

W. G. Baker has brought in a fine oil well in the Corsicana field.

Mexican Methodist church and four other buildings burned at Laredo, Tex.

First National bank of New York has bought $7,500,000 Rock Island railway bonds.

McComb City, Miss., had a $300,000 fire Tuesday, several business houses burning.

Congressman Metcalf of California, it is thought, will succeed Secretary Cortelyou.

General Powell Clayton has been chosen Arkansas' Republican national committeeman.

Democrats of First congressional district of Louisiana renominated Congressman Meyer.

John Hennessy was drowned near Lone Wolf, Okla., and John Davidson, a boy, near Hollis.

Judge J. Soule Smith, one of the best informed Masons, dropped dead at Lexington, Ky.

Cashier of defunct Elk City, Okla., Commercial National bank says depositors will be paid in full.

Cardinal Satolli was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Secretary Taft at Washington Monday night.

By the overturning of a boat Charlotte Dillingham, colored, was drowned in the reservoir of the Dallas waterworks.

Lightning struck wires to fire dynamite in a rock quarry at Toccoa, Ga. A negro was killed and a white man fatally hurt.

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List of Those Who Are Missing Remains Almost the Same.

New York, June 22.—The harvest of victims who lost their lives by the General Slocum disaster continued Tuesday. All through Monday night, despite the terrific electrical storm which swept over the city, searchers held to their grewsome work. Early Tuesday the total number of bodies recovered had reached 770. An alarming result of the developments of the last three or four days has been that although more than 200 bodies had been taken from the river, the list of missing remains almost unchanged.

President Contributes.

New York, June 22.—President Roosevelt has sent to Jacob H. Schiff, treasurer of the General Slocum relief committee, a contribution of $500 to the relief fund.

One Woman Delegate.

Chicago, June 22.—In the convention hall Tuesday there was one woman delegate who had the same right to vote that was held by each accredited male delegate. She was Mrs. Charles K. Eldridge of Colorado Springs, Colo., an alternate delegate, whose principal was absent. Other women alternates present were Mrs. Owen Lefevre of Colorado, Mrs. Susan West of Idaho and Miss eJnnie Nelson of Idaho. These states have woman suffrage.

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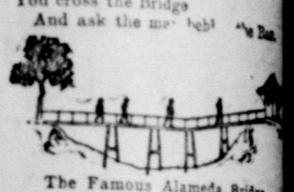

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