

The Baird Star.

Our Motto: "TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE; BUT THE GIT-UP-AND-GIT THAT MAKES MEN GREAT."

VOLUME NO. 36.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1923.

NO. 33

A LITTLE GIRL ADVENTURING

Leaves Happy Home in Cisco And Boards T-P Train To Visit Aunt in El Paso

Little Miss Louise Harris, aged 11, pretty, bright as a dollar and thoroughly self-possessed, was one of the west bound passengers on Train No. 1, which reached here at 8:05 Monday. She boarded the train at Cisco and had no baggage, not even a vanity bag.

When the conductor leaned over the seat, in which she huddled, her head barely visible above the back of the seat and demanded "Ticket!" she smiled up into his face, shook her head and replied: "I've lost it."

Thereupon the conductor put her through a mild "third degree" test. The little maiden answered all his questions promptly and with her bright eyes looking frankly into his. She declared that she was on her way to visit an aunt in El Paso, who would meet her at the train.

Sharp catechizing by the conductor failed to shake her, but when she admitted that she was traveling without baggage and that her home was in Cisco, where her papa was "a railroad man—a conductor," the shrewd ticket-taker began to "smell a mouse"; accordingly, when the train reached Baird he turned the precocious young traveler over to the sheltering care of Night Marshal J. R. Roper.

Mr. Roper took her to his home and further questioning revealed the fact that her father was a conductor on the Breckenridge and Northeastern Railroad, that she really lived in Cisco, and that when school began she "would be in the high 7th grade." Accordingly he communicated with her father, provided her with a ticket and when No. 16 pulled in at 1:45 Tuesday morning, shipped her back east to her home.

THAT "HEAVENLY VISION" INTERPRETED SPELLS \$\$\$

Emperor Simmons, erstwhile boss of the Invisible Empire, says the product of his "heavenly vision" has gotten into the hands of "strange men" in Texas, men who have "swerved it far away from all of its purposes."

The "heavenly vision" was one of great stacks of gold, gathered up in ten dollar installments. "Strange men" came along, saw the steady flow of real money into the coffers of the Emperor, and violated that commandment which relates to covetousness.

Now the Emperor is enjoying another "heavenly vision," in which a new order of the bed sheet and tar-bucket appears as a highly efficient mill grinding out the much-sought after ten dollar membership fees.

And the probability is that there are enough suckers left by the oil promoters to make this vision come true also.—Brownwood Bulletin.

Hon. J. L. Bird, representative in the Texas Legislature from the 98th District and Mrs. Bird, of Walnut Springs, were here this week, visiting Legislator Bird's venerable mother, who has been a guest at the Frank Harp home for some time. Mrs. Bird is 74 years of age and will return to Walnut Springs with her son. Mr. Bird taught school once, years ago, in the western part of Callahan County.

CALLAHAN RURAL SCHOOLS STRIVING FOR PERFECTION

There were five elections held in Callahan County School Districts last Saturday, and in all five the patrons, by handsome majorities, voted for better schools, finer school buildings and more advanced educational methods all along the line.

In the last two years and a half, due in a large measure to the virile encouragement and untiring missionary labors of County Superintendent of Public Instruction B. C. Chrisman, Callahan County rural schools have vastly improved their housing conditions, increased school terms and in many other ways added to their educational advantages. If the rural schools in the county continue to thus progress at the present rate, they will ultimately be on a par with any in the State of Texas.

In Denton Consolidated School District, an \$8,000 bond issue was voted, and the result will be the erection of a modern brick four-room building of the most approved pattern. It increases the tax from 50 cents to 75 cents, but the school patrons were so unanimously in favor of the improvements that it was a foregone conclusion that the bond issue would carry and but few turned out to vote. Eighteen voted in the affirmative, only two opposing the measure, and these two, it is said, totalled the number of reactionaries in the district.

In Clyde Independent School District 38 to 21 patrons decided to issue \$3,000 in bonds to build an addition to that district's splendid brick school building.

Enterprise Consolidated School District No. 47, cast a 20 to 8 vote in favor of a \$1,000 bond issue to build a modern "Teacherage," as a home for the school's educational staff.

Denton Common School District No. 27 raised the tax for educational purposes from 25c to 50c by a vote of 9 to 6.

Seranton County Line School District raised its school tax from 50c to \$1.00 by a substantial majority.

FORMER PIONEER CITIZEN OF BAIRD PASSES ON AT BIG SPRING

I. O. Allred, aged ninety-two years, four months and twelve days, died at Mercy Hospital in this city at 11:50 o'clock Sunday night, July 8th. He had been ill for some time and had been brought here from Baird for medical attention.

Mr. Allred was one of the pioneer citizens of this section, having made his home in this portion of West Texas and New Mexico the past thirty years or more. He has resided in Baird the past five years. He was a good citizen, friend and neighbor and had aided many along life's pathway and many friends mourn his death.

Funeral services were conducted at the graveside in Mount Olive Cemetery at 3 o'clock, Monday afternoon. He is survived by his wife, who resides at Baird, two sons and two daughters, Will Allred of the Knott community; I. O. Allred of Arizona; Mrs. Anderson Bailey of Big Spring, and Mrs. R. H. Holbrook of Baird. To these, who mourn for a beloved husband and father, is extended the deep sympathy of many friends.—Big Spring Herald.

326 BARRELS OF OIL DAILY

Piped From Callahan County Shallow Field According To Texas Company

The report that Callahan County's Shallow Oil Field, in the Deep Creek section, is failing is erroneous. During the month of June, according to the Texas Company's pipe line figures, that field's average production was 336 barrels daily.

Nourse & Dutton, Isenhower No. 1, one mile south of Putnam, which put several heads into the derrick timber, Thursday of last week, as related in Friday's Star, when a 1,754-foot sand was encountered, made a 175-foot bridge. They expect to clean out the hole in a few days. A three days swapping in succession salvaged 100 barrels daily.

Much activity is now to be observed in the Colony Settlement, but the Hart pool has settled down to normal production.

Two wells have recently been completed on the R. D. Williams tract, in the 264 foot sand. These wells are flowing and estimated at twenty barrels each daily.

R. W. Cox, Hight No. 3, section 2, has made a location and moved rig, ready to go to work.

ROBERT EDWARD MAGOWIRK DEAD

Robert Edward Magowirk, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Magowirk of Admiral, died Sunday morning, July 8th, and was buried that evening in the Admiral Cemetery.

Little Robert Edward was sick nine days, and from the beginning was very ill. Everything was done to save his life that the ministrations of a good doctor, loving relatives and kindly sympathetic friends could do, but their ministrations availed not. God wanted Robert and said "Come!" and we had to give him up; but God knows best.

Dear father, mother, sister and little brother, Robert is waiting for you on that Beautiful Shore where parting is no more, where Jesus is and suffering is not.

Weep not, dear loved ones, for God knows best. We must submit to His will, and He will surely comfort you in this dark hour.

A. Friend.

PROGRAM AT CHURCH OF CHRIST

The following program will be rendered at the Church of Christ Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Subject: Christ Our Saviour.
Leader: Clyde Halsted.
Song: Class.

Scripture Reading, John 1:1-16; Lizzie Hinds.

Prayer: Lee Counts.

All Things Were Made by Christ: Iva Sikes.

He is Our Sympathetic High Priest: Opal Corn.

Duet: India Mae Ramsey and Pauline Dallas.

He Has All Authority: Mr. McKenzie.

He is Able to Save Completely: Bro. Williams.

Male Quartette.

WILL BE IN HIS PULPIT SUNDAY

Rev. Chas. A. Loveless, pastor of the Baird Baptist Church, has been holding a meeting the past two weeks at Wilmoth, south of Abilene.

He will return to Baird, however, and will occupy his pulpit Sunday.

SUPERINTENDENT BOREN TEACHER AT SIMMONS

Prof. J. F. Boren, superintendent of the Baird Public Schools, is a teacher in the Thirteenth Annual Summer School and Summer Normal at Simmons College, which is well under way, with the largest enrollment which the college has ever had for a summer session, registration being near the 400 mark at this date.

The Fine Arts Department has an unusually heavy enrollment for summertime work and the division of Home Economics is crowded to its capacity, some even having been refused registration therein. Courses in Psychology and Education are well filled, as are also the English courses, as special requirements are made along this line for certificates.

Approximately fifty high school, elementary and first grade certificates will be awarded at the end of the session, while some twenty-five permanent certificates will be granted for the normal work. Fifteen seniors make up the summer graduating class of the college.

Instructors for the Summer School were chosen from the faculty of the regular session of Simmons, with one or two outside additions. The Summer Normal is being conducted by V. Z. Rogers, Superintendent of Anson Public Schools; B. M. McKeown, Superintendent of Knox City Schools; Hiram R. Arrant and Mrs. H. E. Davis, Simmons graduates; Mrs. R. S. Walker, primary teacher Abilene Schools; J. F. Boren, Superintendent Baird Public Schools; L. A. Wooldridge, mathematical instructor in Stamford High School, are other members of the normal staff.

TRI-COUNTY LIVE STOCK ASSN

To Members of Tri-County Live Stock Association:

There will be a meeting of the Tri-County Live Stock Association tomorrow, July 21st, at 2 p. m. at the rooms of the Cisco Chamber of Commerce.

The advisability of holding a private live stock sale at Eastland on August 25th, in connection with the Poultry Association Chicken Barbecue, will be discussed; also several other important matters will be brought up.

We are anxious to have a good attendance at this meeting and ask you to make a special effort to be present.

G. C. Richardson,
Secretary.

WARNING TO BATHING TRESPASSERS

Non-members of the Baird Volunteer Fire Department are hereby warned not to make use of the bathing facilities in the rear of the fire house.

This bath house is for the use and convenience of firemen only. All others are trespassers, and following this notice they will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Per order
B. Mac Brundage,
Fire Chief.

EASTERN STAR INSTRUCTION CLASS

The Eastern Star School of Instruction for this district will be held at Sweetwater Monday and Tuesday, July 23-24.

All members of the Eastern Star are invited to attend this school.

PAYING FOR BAND STAND

Is The Very Least Baird Citizens Can Do For The Band Has Put City On Map

As a melodious advertising medium, the Baird Municipal Band has been of more real, material value to this city, than any institution it has ever fostered. Incidentally it has been of great benefit to Callahan County, purely as an advertising medium.

Everywhere it has been it has heralded in "tuneful numbers" the progressiveness of Baird. In Abilene, at San Angelo and in the trade booming trips it has made over this county—it has put Baird on the map.

Its late excursion to the Alamo City, at the head of Baird Camp, No. 508, Uniform Rank Woodmen of the World, was the crowning climax of its progressiveness. It is no exaggeration to say that it took that city by storm.

It was commended in a public speech by a United States Senator, caught the applauding multitude with its snappy music and martial marching, was selected for these two accomplishments to lead the grand street parade, and as chief band at the order's encampment, was so up on military manoeuvres, that it will probably be selected to accompany the W. O. W. Texas delegation to the National Encampment of the order at Great Lakes, Michigan, next year.

The band has the second shell stand to be erected in the State, and all will admit that it is a beauty. After recovering from the fatigue of their San Antonio trip, the band boys have been rehearsing, under Conductor H. W. King, for another grand public concert to be given on Monday night, July 30, to be followed in August by two concerts on the 15th and 29th.

These entertainments are yours, absolutely free, and you should encourage them, not only by attending, but by contributing to the band's upkeep. There is still due on the stand some \$900. Trombonist E. D. Merrill and Conductor H. W. King have assumed this obligation and made themselves responsible for its payment. But they should not be compelled to shoulder this responsibility. It is your band and your bandstand, and you should assume the responsibility.

In a day or two you will receive a circular letter from the band. Don't tear it up or throw it away. Read it carefully and then act! No outlay you could make would give a more fruitful return than investment in the Baird Municipal Band and its beautiful shell stand.

SERVICES AT METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. N. M. Lane, presiding elder, will preach at the Tabernacle next Sunday at 11 a. m.

Announcement will be made at that hour about night services.

It is hoped that every member of the church will attend the service. The public is cordially invited. Come out and be with us.

BRIEFS BY CABLE, WIRE, WIRELESS

Great Events That Are Changing the World's Destiny Told in Paragraphs

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO ALL

Short Chronicle of Past Occurrences Throughout the Union and Our Colonies—News From Europe That Will Interest.

DOMESTIC

Sheriff John B. Taylor of Sandusky, O., always takes a camera with him when he goes on a hunt for bootleggers. He brings in photographic as well as actual evidence.

Records show that 47,000 cars of watermelons are raised in the United States. Of these, Texas raises one-tenth. Parker County raises one-fortieth of the watermelons grown in the United States.

The great granddaughter of Gen. Robert Edward Lee of Civil War fame, Miss Irma Marion Phelps, 17 of Elgin Ill., was married at Crown Point, Ind., to Wilson Wright of Elgin.

Celebrating the Fourth of July convicts at the State penitentiary at Jefferson City, Mo., passed six one-dollar bills as tens during the holiday, according to prison officials. The raised money was passed at stands conducted by other convicts.

A superior glass sand inexhaustible in quantity has been discovered within five miles of Ranger which will likely be developed in the near future. Nearby is a gigantic gasser from which 1,000,000 feet of gas may be secured for the nominal price of 5 cents a thousand feet.

Dr. Robert Ernest Vinson, former president of the University of Texas, and successor to Charles F. Thwing, as president of Western Reserve University of Cleveland, has assumed that office. There was no ceremony. An elaborate installation program will be held in October.

A bill to repeal the Georgia prohibition law, which would leave the full responsibility for the enforcement of the Volstead act in the State upon the Federal Government, has been introduced in the House of Representatives by Dr. Craig Arnold, Lumpkin County.

What is believed to be the largest apple tree in the country stands on the farm of Wes Eaton, four miles west of Sullivan, Ind. The tree measures eight feet in circumference and the spread of its branches is 50 feet. It is loaded with blossoms and from appearances will bear a record crop.

The second large party of Russian refugees to reach the United States from Siberia by way of Manila, the first having come to San Francisco, has arrived in Seattle on the steamship President Jackson. Among the 313 men, women and children were many who occupied high stations in the business, professional and artistic life of Russia under the Czar.

A small flock of chickens hatched Feb. 8 of this year is claimed by their owner, Dr. S. A. Watts of Pendleton, seven miles north of Temple, to be record breakers so far as laying is concerned. He claims to be gathering an average of a dozen and a half eggs a day from the brood, the first of which commenced laying on June 7, when but four months old.

WASHINGTON

General Henri Gouraud of France reviewed some of the American troops he commanded for a time in the World War when he visited Quantico, Va., camp of the Fifth and Sixth Marine regiments.

Senator Oscar Underwood of Alabama, who is expected to be one of the leading contenders for the Democratic presidential nomination, has returned from a long European tour. He went into seclusion upon his arrival and declined to make any statement regarding his intentions in 1924. Close friends are positive he will be a candidate.

Under an executive order signed by President Harding June 19 and just made public, Secretary Denby of the Navy Department becomes responsible for the administration of the Volstead act in the Virgin Islands. The order transfers the duty of administering the act in the islands from the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Federal Council of Churches has issued a formal denial of press reports that it endorsed the world court proposal at the solicitation of the State Department.

In view of the approaching wheat harvest, the Federal Reserve Board issued instructions to Federal Reserve agents throughout the United States to take special precautions to insure adequate financing for the marketing of agricultural products.

The Tariff Commission has ordered an investigation into production costs and other data bearing on import duties on logs of fir, spruce, cedar or Western hemlock, and announced it had set Aug. 3 as the date for a preliminary hearing on the rates.

Despite the advance of the motoring season, the Nation's gasoline stock on June 1, was but 8,000,000 gallons below the figure attained on May 1, when the high record mark of 1,336,487,117 gallons was attained, the Department of Interior has announced.

A 100-page petition was presented at the White House asking President Harding to order an investigation of the trial and conviction of Marcus Garvey, president of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, found guilty in New York of conspiracy to use the mails to defraud.

Malicious tampering with a switch caused the head-on collision of the Texas & Pacific railroad at Dothan, Texas, on May 24, which resulted in the death of one employe and six others and the injury of six passengers and five employes, the Interstate Commerce Commission has decided.

Gen. Gouraud, who brought back an empty right sleeve from Gallipoli, wept at the tomb of the unknown soldier in Washington recently. "Here beneath this great slab of polished stone sleeps the greatest hero of us all, for he symbolizes those immortals who gave their all," the famous French General said. "How little have we given in comparison."

The Chinese prefer ornate, heavily embossed jewelry to that of simple design, says Trade Commissioner Hoyt, Shanghai, in a report to the Department of Commerce. Chinese rings are clumsy, as compared with those of American manufacture, the stones being very large and the settings extremely crude. Jade and semi-precious stone settings can be obtained very cheaply in China and are universally worn.

Names used in electrical measurements have been bestowed in honor of great electricians from every country in the world. Watt was a Scottish scientist, who established that measurement; Ampere, a Frenchman, who first signified the flow of the electric current; Volta, the Italian, who first measured the pressure of the current; Ohm, the German, who first calculated the resistance to the current.

FOREIGN

Lord Mayor of London is granted an allowance of \$40,000 a year and use of the mansion house.

Signora Mimi Finzi recently christened the three-horsepower flivver airplane "Swallow," in Rome, which is reported to be the smallest in the world.

Premier Mussolini of Rome has invited representatives of all nations interested to meet in a conference discussing Italian immigration.

Siegfried Wagner, son of Hans Wagner, the composer, recently signed a contract with Jules Daiber at the Bayreuth opera to tour America.

Andrew Bonar Law has sufficiently improved in health to be able to leave London for a resort on the south coast. It is authoritatively stated that there has been a slight, but distinctly favorable result from the treatment the former Prime Minister recently underwent.

Several soldiers, including one national militiaman, were seriously wounded at Parma when political agitators who desired to make an issue of the death of a laborer fired on the military guard escorting the funeral cortege to the cemetery. Two hundred persons have been arrested.

France faces an oyster famine because oyster beds on both the North Sea coast and the shores of the Mediterranean have been struck by a strange scourge. In an effort to revitalize the banks a new strain is being introduced in the French beds by the transportation of large quantities of Moroccan oysters.

Following Japan's reported proposal for a three-power pact to replace the five-power naval agreement in the event France refuses to ratify the Washington terms, discussion of the Washington conference proposals began in the French Chamber of Deputies recently. It is believed the agreement will be accepted in view of Premier Poincaré's insistence on it.

Population Shows Big Jump.

Havana, Cuba.—The report of the directors of the national census gives Cuba a total population of 3,123,040 on December 31, 1922, as compared with 2,889,004 on September 15, 1919. Population at end of last year is given as 2,193,934 whites and 809,886 colored. Added to these two classes were 118,084 immigrants who were not classified and 1,134 inhabitants whom the census takers failed to register as to color.

Gets 500 Bushels Oats Off 4 Acres

Gainesville, Texas.—A farmer residing six miles west of here has broken all county records in oat production this year. From four acres of fertilized ground he obtained 500 bushels of oats, or 125 bushels an acre. Others have reported as high as eighty and ninety bushels, but the former figure is by far the greatest in Cooke County.

172 Counties Report Decreases

Austin, Texas.—With 172 counties reporting their estimate assessed valuations the net decrease is \$9,426,000. The total assessed valuations last year were \$2,379,872,796. The State Automatic Tax Board meets soon and will fix the State tax rate at the maximum of 75c allowed under the Constitution, 35c for general purposes, 35c for schools and 5c for pensions.

Wolfe City Bonds Approved

Austin, Texas.—The Attorney General approved the following bonds: Wolfe City School \$50,000, serials 5½%; Wolfe City Waterworks \$50,000, serials 5½%.

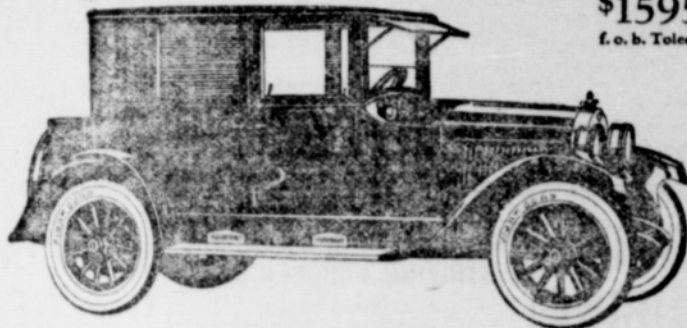
Rain in Kaufman County

Terrell, Texas.—Reports received here are that rains fell in several portions of Kaufman County, which will be of great benefit to corn and cotton.

Vigorous action by the United States Government is expected to follow the latest violence of Chinese bandits, the reported wrecking of a train in Southern Shantung, with several Americans among those captured.

Not content with having established a non-stop transcontinental record of twenty-six hours with the T-2, army air service officials announced that they are planning another flight in an effort to cut that time in half.

The Magnolia Petroleum company of Dallas was awarded contract for furnishing oil for the navy to the amount of, Grade A, 500,000 barrels and 100,000 barrels of Grade C, both for delivery at gulf ports. The award is \$1.47 for the former and \$1.26 for the latter per barrel.



\$1595
f. o. b. Toledo

Coupe-Sedan

WILLYS

No Trick Seats

The new Willys-Knight Coupe-Sedan has no folding seats to climb over or squeeze between. Instead, it has doors both front and rear, offering easy entrance and exit to all five passengers. This superb creation combines engineering excellence with complete, luxurious closed car appointments at a modest price. We know of no Willys-Knight engine that has worn out.

Mitchell Motor Company
BAIRD, TEXAS

KNIGHT

Come to the Wonderful New Cotton Country

—Where Boll Weevil is Unknown

The Halsell Ranch, Lamb Co., Texas

HAVE you heard of the wonderful crop cotton farmers are raising in Lamb County, Texas?

Do you know that in Lamb County one-fourth to one-half bale to the acre can be raised and that one man can attend 100 acres?

A New Farming Country with Every Advantage
Corn, Wheat, Stock-Raising and Dairying are very profitable—Plenty of good water at shallow depth.

Lamb County is the place to make money, for nowhere else are such returns from land that can be purchased at \$25 per acre on such easy terms as ours.

This Land Is On and Near Santa Fe Railroad
The Halsell Ranch is being subdivided. First buyers secure choicest locations.

Write today for Descriptive Literature and Full Particulars

Halsell Farms Company
Lamb County, Texas

Address us at our General Offices at Vinita, Oklahoma

ASK THE MERCHANTS OF BAIRD FOR

MEAD'S BREAD

It is as good as the best, better than the most, and when it is stale it makes dandy toast

MEAD BAKING CO.
ABILENE, TEXAS

LADY GOT SO WEAK COULD SCARCELY STAND

After Suffering From Many Female Troubles This Lady Heard of Cardui and Took It, She Says, "Until I Was Well."

"SOME TIME AGO," says Mrs. Buena McFarland, of R. F. D. 2, Bostic, N. C., "I suffered a great deal with weakness common to women. I had bearing-down pains, my sides and back hurt, and my limbs drew. I would get so weak in my knees I could scarcely stand. I was very nervous, and could not rest. I didn't feel like eating. I grew thin, and did not have ambition for anything. I had been trying other remedies . . . but did not get any better. Some one told us of Cardui, and what it was recommended for. I also

took a Ladies Birthday Almanac and read of a case something like mine. I told my husband to get it and I would try it. I saw a great improvement after the first bottle (of Cardui), so I kept it up until I was well. Now I am the picture of health." Thousands of other women have written, to tell of the beneficial results obtained by taking Cardui, and to recommend it to others. Cardui has stood the test of extensive use, for more than forty years, in the treatment of troubles common to women. Try it.

MONUMENTS

Why buy through an agent, when you can buy direct from the dealer?

DRYDEN & BRATTON

Marble and Granite Monuments
Box 372 Abilene, Texas

Jackson Abstract Co.

RUPERT JACKSON, Mgr.
BAIRD, TEXAS

Abstracts of Title. Prompt Service.

REFRESHING CONFECTIONS

When downtown and you feel tired and would like a cool place to rest a minute, drop in here and let us serve you a delicious, cool drink or one of our good Ice Creams.

We are also prepared to supply dinner parties and social Clubs with Ice Cream, Sherbert, etc. Phone us your orders. Prompt service.

PHONE 100

CITY PHARMACY

We Never Substitute
BAIRD TEXAS

Posted

All property lying south and west of Putnam, belonging to R. F. Scott is posted. No trespassing, hunting or fishing allowed. Violators will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

W. M. ARMISTEAD, Mgr.

Posted

No fishing, hunting or trespassing allowed on my place 5 miles east of town, or on the D. B. Cowling place, which I have leased. All previous permits revoked. 191f

JOHN T. ASBURY

JURY ACQUITS BERRY AT SEYMOUR

Jury Deliberates But Fifteen Minutes Before Bringing in Its Verdict

Seymour, Texas.—A verdict of "not guilty" was returned by the jury trying C. B. Berry on a charge of murder of Wood Barton, son-in-law of John Beal Sneed, at Paducah, Cottle County, Texas, on Nov. 10, 1922.

The jury deliberated but fifteen minutes before bringing in its verdict, and only one ballot was taken.

The defendant and his wife, who were in the courtroom when the verdict was read by Deputy District Clerk Goss, shook hands with all the jurors and thanked them. Mrs. Berry's eyes were filled with tears as she told each juror amid sobs that "her prayers had been answered."

Relatives of Barton were not present to hear the verdict announced. They went downstairs with the crowd a few minutes before, when a recess of court was taken after the case went to the jury, and so quickly was the verdict brought in that they had not returned.

The closing argument for the State was made by Judge A. J. Fires of Childress, employed by John Beal Sneed to assist the District Attorney.

After Judge Fires spoke Judge Milam's charge was handed to the jury, and that body retired to an adjoining chamber to consider its verdict. After a few minutes' wait Judge Milam announced that recess would be taken until 1:30 p. m.

The crowd and the Judge then departed and only a few spectators, some of the lawyers, newspaper men, the defendant and some of his relatives and the Sheriff and his deputies remained.

Judge Milam had just left the room when there came a loud knock on the door leading to the chamber occupied by the jury. An officer investigated and the Judge was hastily recalled. The jurors filed slowly into the box and the written verdict was handed by the foreman to the Judge, who, after glancing at it, handed it to the deputy clerk.

Deputy Clerk Goss read the verdict: "We the jury find the defendant not guilty. Signed, E. T. Caldwell, foreman."

Court recessed and the jurors dispersed.

UNIONS ARE BEATEN ON CHICAGO INJUNCTION

Restraining Order Granted During Shopmen's Strike Made Permanent Ruling

Chicago.—Four hundred thousand employes and officers of the Railway Shop Crafts unions who went on strike a year ago in protest against a United States Railroad Labor Board decision were permanently restrained from interfering in any way with the operation of railroads in what is considered the most sweeping permanent injunction ever granted.

The final decree, which makes permanent a temporary injunction granted the Federal Government October 5, 1922, upon application by Attorney General Daugherty, has been entered by Judge James H. Wilkerson in United States District Court. The defendant unions, which comprise the Railway Employees' Department of the American Federation of Labor, were given 60 days to file an appeal.

In entering the decree, Judge Wilkerson said that the evidence in the case showed "beyond doubt that it was part of the purpose of those engaged in this combination to carry on the strike by assaults and acts of violence." He then cited numerous acts of violence during the strike and noted that damage to the roads during the strike, according to the evidence, was more than \$96,000,000.

Bagworms Damage Trees
Gainesville, Texas.—Bagworms are seriously damaging evergreens in this county and also have attacked pecan and walnut trees. County Agent Shelton has urged the people to spray the trees with arsenate of lead, two pounds to fifty gallons of water, and hand-pick the worms and burn them.

Marks Leading Highways
Greenville, Texas.—The Retail Merchants' Credit Association has made arrangements for the installation of a large number of highway sign posts on all the highways leading into this city.

Song Writer to Serve Term
Los Angeles.—Vincent Bryan, song writer and scenarist, has gone to jail to begin serving his year's sentence for selling narcotics. Walter Scott Martin, alleged accomplice, was sentenced to three months.

THE MARKETS

DALLAS WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Prices quoted below were those obtained at the opening of the day's business from jobbers and commission men and are subject to constant fluctuation of the actual market.

Fresh Vegetables.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: GREEN BEANS—19c per lb. LETTUCE—California Iceberg \$6.60 per crate. POTATOES—Idaho \$2.00 per 100 lbs. Texas 3½¢@4¢ per lb. BEETS—4¢@5¢ per lb. 49¢ per doz. bunches. CABBAGE—5¢@6¢ per lb. ONIONS—Green 50¢ per doz. bunches, crystal wax \$3.60 per crate, Bermuda \$2.25 per crate. SWEET PEPPERS—25¢ per lb. PARSLEY—50¢ per doz. bunches. TOMATOES—Texas \$2.50 per crate. SWEET POTATOES—\$2.00 per crate (50 lbs.) TURNIPS—3¢@4¢ per lb. 79¢@75¢ per doz. bunches. SQUASH—6¢@7¢ per lb. CARROTS—50¢ per doz. bunches. CUCUMBERS—10¢ per lb. BLACK-PEAS—10¢ per lb. ROASTING EARS—40¢ per doz. ORA—25¢ per lb.

Packing-House Products.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: HAM—Extra 28¢@29¢ per lb. BREAKFAST BACON—Strips 32¢@34¢, sliced 36¢@38¢. DRY SALT BELLIES—18-20s 13½¢@14¢. PURE LARD—14¢@14½¢ per lb. COMPOUND—14¢@14½¢. NUT MARGARINE—19¢@20¢. FRESH PORK—Loin 17½¢@18¢, ham 18¢@19¢, shoulders 12¢@13¢.

Sugar and Syrup.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: SUGAR—Beet \$10.65 per 100 lbs., pure cane \$10.75 per 100 lbs. SYRUP—Louisiana pure No. 16 cans \$5.00 a case, No. 5 cans \$6.25 a case, No. 2½ cans \$5.50 and No. 1½ cans \$5.60.

Dairy Products.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: BUTTER—Creamery 40¢@41¢ lb. CREAM CHEESE—23¢ per lb., domestic Swiss 49¢@50¢, brick 28¢@30¢.

Poultry and Eggs.
Prices paid by Dallas wholesalers to interior shippers: HENS—15¢@16¢ per lb. ROOSTERS—6¢@7¢ per lb. YOUNG CHICKENS—30¢@32¢ per lb. TURKEYS—16¢@18¢ lb. DUCKS—14¢@15¢ per lb. GUINEAS—\$2.50 per doz. GEESE—8¢@10¢ per lb. EGGS—Fresh current receipts 18¢@20¢ per doz., candled eggs 21¢@22¢ per doz. PACKING BUTTER—22¢@23¢ per lb.

Grain, Hay and Feed.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: HAY—No. 1 prairie \$28.00@30.00 per ton, alfalfa \$20.00 per ton, Johnson grass \$20.00@21.00 per ton. CORN—\$1.10@1.15 per bu. OATS—65¢@70¢ per bu. CORN CHOPS—\$2.15@2.20 per 100 lbs. BIAN—\$1.75@1.80 per 100 lbs. KAFIR CORN—\$2.20@2.25 per 100 lbs. COTTONSEED MEAL—\$5.00@5.20 a ton. WHITE SHORTS—\$2.10@2.20 per 100 lbs. GRAY SHORTS—\$1.95@2.00 per 100 lbs. HONEY FEED—\$2.10@2.25. MILO MAIZE—\$2.40@2.50 per 100 lbs. CHICKEN FEED—Best grade \$3.00.

Fresh Fruits.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: BANANAS—9¢ per lb. LEMONS—\$1.10 per basket. LEMONS—\$9.00@10.00 per box. ORANGES—California \$6.00@6.50 per box. CHERRIES—\$1.50 per crate. CANTALOUPE—\$4.50 per crate (45 to crate). PINEAPPLES—\$5.00@5.50 crate. PLUMS—\$3.00@3.50 per crate. APRICOTS—\$3.50 per crate.

Flour and Meal.
Selling prices in Dallas to retailers: FLOUR—Extra high patent \$7.00 per bbl., 196 lbs. basis; 48-lb sacks \$1.75, 24-lb sacks 90¢, 12-lb sacks 46¢, 6-lb sacks 25¢. CREAM MEAL—50-lb. sacks \$1.40, 25-lb. sacks 70¢, 10-lb. sacks 30¢, 5-lb. sacks 16¢.

FRENCH CHAMBER RATIFIES FOUR-POWER ARMS TREATY

Pacts Relating to Poison Gas and Submarines Is to Be Delayed

Paris.—The four-power pact treaty signed at the Washington armament conference, has been ratified by the French Chamber of Deputies. The ratification is expected to be followed shortly by the Senate's approval of both this and the naval limitation treaty adopted by the Chamber recently.

The treaty relating to the use of submarines and poison gases and protection of neutrals and noncombatants and the two pacts relating to China are unlikely to come before Parliament until after the summer recess.

The two nine-power treaties, respecting the open door of China and the Chinese customs, are still in committee, so it seems certain they will not be ready for legislative action before adjournment. The submarine treaty has been considered in committee and its report favorable to ratification has been completed, but no date has yet been fixed for discussion of the pact.

Premier Poincare long ago announced his intention to urge the ratification of the Washington treaties, but big questions, one after another, have come up to occupy the time of the Parliament and some opposition developed to putting the treaties ahead of France's most pressing problems. The Government, however, began vigorously urging their adoption when it became apparent recently that the United States was impatient at the delay.

Now that the naval armament and Pacific treaties have been approved by the chamber with concurrence by the Senate considered assured, the Government will not press Parliament for consideration before the recess of the other accords which are regarded as less important to the United States.

\$500 REWARD FOR SLAYER OF LANGE

"The Masked Mob is the Most Dangerous of All the Species. There Is No Defense"

Austin, Texas.—Acting Governor Davidson has issued his proclamation offering a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the slayers of Otto Lange. Because of his brief tenure he will not offer standing rewards for all mob participants, but only in the cases arising during his incumbency. His proclamation in part follows:

"Whereas, on or about the night of July 2, 1923, Otto Lange, a citizen of Burleson County, was shot and killed by a body of masked men, while sitting in his home near Somerville, and his assailants have not been located or apprehended, and

"Whereas, in the same county, about the 29th of November, 1922, Ed Thuber, a well known and respected citizen of said County, was shot by a masked band, at or near his place of business, on a public street, and no arrest or indictment has ever been had in that case, and whipping and floggings have become promiscuous and general in many sections of the State, calculated always to lead on to shootings and to death as at Somerville, and

"Whereas, the stability of civilized Government and society depends upon the reverence and respect of the people for the law of the land, and upon its enforcement by duly constituted Government, and the people look to the law of the land as their protector and avenger;

Now, therefore, I, T. W. Davidson, acting Governor of the State of Texas, desiring to bring to justice the murderer, or murderers of Otto Lange, in particular, and to check mob violence in the State of Texas, do here and now offer a reward of \$500 in the name of the State of Texas for the apprehension and conviction of the slayer, or slayers, of the said Otto Lange."

Mr. Davidson made the following statement when he issued the proclamation:

"In offering a reward for the assailants of Otto Lange I am doing it in the hope that it will impress the people of Texas that mob violence should and must stop.

"Mobocracy in its various forms has grown to such an extent in Texas that the whole public must frown upon it. I do not hope for the few paltry dollars to bring in the evildoers in any great number, but I do hope that it will, to some degree, sound the tocsin of alarm and that, in aroused public sentiment, it will stiffen the arm of the courts in stamping out an evil which can grow into such proportions as to choke civilization itself.

"The masked mob is the most dangerous of all the species. It is a conspiracy, organized with a formed design, and with malice aforethought to commit a crime and conceal its perpetrators. It works as from ambush. It protects its members by disguise as well as by its numbers. There is no defense and should be none to murder committed under the mask."

COMPLETES OPINION VOIDING ELECTION

Numerous Authorities Are Quoted in Sutton's 32-Page Document.

Austin, Texas.—It was an elaborate opinion that Assistant Atty. Gen. Sutton wrote in holding that the highway amendment election would be void. It has just been completed and consists of thirty-two typewritten pages, much of it single spaced, quoting numerous authorities to sustain the position taken.

Discussing Section 1, Article 17, which requires publication to begin at least three months before the election, Mr. Sutton said:

"Having placed it there, everyone, including the people themselves, are bound thereby, until the Constitution is altered in this regard. It would be a strange procedure to disregard or disobey an existing provision of the Constitution in order to make more constitutional provision; if we violate one in making another, what assurance have we that the one we are about to adopt will not also be ignored?"

Again Mr. Sutton says: "While it may be true that it is unfortunate and will cause temporary inconvenience to adhere strictly to the Constitution in this instance, yet the good wholesome result from obedience to the provisions of the Constitution we already have is far more important than the temporary advantage to be gained by ignoring it."

Corrado, Famous Poet, Dies.
Turin.—Professor Corrado, of Corradino, famous poet and ex-president of the Albertine Academy of Fine Arts is dead.

Issued Every Friday

Serial (whole) Number 1827

BAIRD, TEXAS

Entered as Second Class Matter, Dec., 8, 1887 a
be Post Office at Baird, Texas, under Act of 1879

W. E. GILLILAND,
Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

OUTSIDE OF CALLAHAN COUNTY:

One Year.....\$2.00
Six Months..... 1.25
Three Months..... .75

IN CALLAHAN COUNTY

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months..... .80
Three Months..... .50

(Payable in Advance)

I live for those who love me.
For those who know me true; I
For the heaven so true above me.
And the good that I can do.
—George L. Banks.

Once again! Why not a Rest Room on Market Street? What about the Camp for Auto Tourists we were going to establish long ago? What about cleaning up the town and cutting the weeds?

Did you know that there is being constructed over thirty thousand dollars worth of new buildings, and repairs to old buildings, business and residence, of ten thousand more in Baird?

The work on these buildings, especially the new Methodist Church and the Terrell business block, has given steady employment to quite a large number of men that might otherwise have been idle the past two and a half months.

We wonder who is paying for all this propaganda dope advocating independence for the Philippine Islands? Every few days The Star receives a lot of expensive advertising sent out from Washington, D. C., and we presume other newspapers throughout the country are receiving the same dope. The cost must be considerable. Who is paying for all this? Probably Japanese interest is back of this scheme. Who knows?

Neither of the gladiators in the Dempsey-Gibbons fight at Shelby, Montana, were able to score a knockout. But the bout knocked out two Montana banks that backed the fight.—Coleman Democrat-Voice.

The idea of people paying \$250,000 or \$300,000 for Dempsey the slacker during the war, to knock out some other galoot, is enough to make a patriotic American sick at the stomach. Jesse Willard, another slacker, got his bean busted in New Jersey a few nights ago. Now if some slogger will bust Dempsey's mug, things will be even all around.

W. J. Ray discovered a fire behind the oil house, across the street from his garage, Monday night and, on investigation, found some tramps cooking their supper. He told them to put out the fire, as they were liable to set fire to the building, which was full of oil and gasoline.

Query! Why does the City Council allow storage of gasoline right near the business district, or any where else in town that is liable to start a disastrous conflagration? It is dangerous and should be prohibited immediately. It is getting dry and an old hull of a house full of inflammable and explosive oils, is a menace to the whole city in hot or dry weather—doubly so, dry as it is now.

The growth of the automobiles-business of this country the past decade is marvellous and few realize the magnitude of this new business. Less than ten years ago attempts were made to maintain an auto repair shop in Baird and all failed. Now Baird has four garages, fully equipped for all ordinary repairs.

Ten years ago there were perhaps less than a dozen autos in the county. Now there are 1500 or more. Auto travel is so common that one can go but a few hundred yards on any of our main highways without meeting from one to a dozen autos. The total number of autos and trucks registered in the United States is 12,239,114, and every one going just as fast as the gas will turn the wheels.

A funeral procession was stopped temporarily in Chicago when the driver of the hearse, a member of the Teamsters, Chauffeurs and Stablemen's Union, was ordered down by the business agent of the union. The local was on strike for an increase in wages. More than an hour's delay in the funeral proceedings was caused before an independent chauffeur was found. Which serves as a reminder that the pathway of man is beset with tribulations from the cradle to the grave.—Coleman Democrat-Voice.

Some Union Labor leaders, big and little, occasionally do fool things that certainly do not help Union Labor with the great unorganized public that is favorable to Union Labor but does not approve of things like this.

We wish people who have mesquite limbs hanging over the sidewalks from trees inside or outside their yards, would cut them off, without being asked to or having the city pass an ordinance compelling them to do it.

We can show you places in the east part of town where low hanging mesquite limbs and the limbs of other trees, come down to within two feet of the ground, where the sidewalk is supposed to be.

How in the dickens and Tom Walker is a six foot man going to use such a sidewalk? Owners of properties should see to it that the sidewalks are kept unobstructed by bushes or anything else. The sidewalks belong to the public and not to the owners of abutting property. Cut your pesky mesquite limbs that hang over and obstruct the sidewalks and your neighbors, who have to pass your premises, will thank you for doing something you ought to have done years ago.

Some know-it-all lawyer has discovered that all the oil and minerals in Texas belong to the United States and another know-it-all lawyer has discovered that the Cherokee Indians own one and a half million square miles of East Texas lands, and another wiseacre has discovered that Arkansas owns all of Texas as far south as Dallas.

Would it not be a joke if State Press of the Dallas Press was forcibly made a citizen of Arkansas or maybe a member of the Cherokee tribe of Indians? If the Arkansas lawyers know what is good for them they had better not annex that bunch of Dallas politicians and then some.

But, back to that oil claimant. Wonder if that lawyer really knows that Texas is the only State in the Union that was an independent Republic at the time it voluntarily entered the Union of States and that it reserved all public lands within its boundaries, including all that was on the surface as well as under the surface of the land. If the U. S. Government owns all the minerals in Texas why not all the timber, rocks and streams of water and everything but the dirt? That would leave nothing for the inhabitants to improve their lands without buying

their own timber, rocks, etc.—even grass from Uncle Sam.

All the fools and all the crooks are not dead. Texas has its share of both.

The local Ku Klux Klan at Somerville offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest of the murderer of Otto Lange. Klan officials say the Klan is not responsible for this outrage. So far as we have noticed no one has accused the Ku Klux Klan with this crime; only that the murderers were disguised.

Many rewards for atrocious crimes like this have been offered by Texas Klansmen, according to press reports, but we have never heard of any such reward being paid, and it would be a safe bet to make that no reward will be paid in this case. If so The Star will take pleasure in publishing this fact when made known.

A number of outrages by disguised mobs have been perpetrated recently in the Somerville section and no one has ever been punished—not even indicted. Perhaps, like in other sections of Texas, some powerful influence, perhaps fear of the mob, paralyzes the law. No doubt many crimes committed by others have been charged up to the Klan, but the Klan is in a way responsible, because of the secrecy of its actions and membership, and wearing gowns and hoods in public parades.

No doubt many good men belong to the Klan, induced to join it by high sounding phrases of 100 per cent Americanism and all that. Such men do not countenance violation of the law, but, admitting that the Klan had nothing to do with the murder of Lange, any mob is liable to commit murder when they unlawfully attempt to take any man or woman from their home or elsewhere they have a legal right to be.

Any one is justifiable under the law, if thus attacked, to shoot the liver and lights out of every member of such mobs, if they can; but, unfortunately, the victims are usually attacked suddenly and by overwhelming numbers and they have no show. If the mob business is not stamped out by the strong arm of the law, every man will have to arm himself, as we did on the Texas frontier fifty years ago, and defend themselves by shooting any one or a dozen, in the the day or night time, without making known whom they are.

We recall that for years in Brown County, a man's best friend dare not enter his yard in the night-time without satisfying him that he was all right. If every mob was met with a load of buckshot or Winchester bullets, as in frontier days, we would not hear much more of mobs. We are opposed to mob law, because we know by personal knowledge that, as a rule, mobs are not justified—not one time in a hundred.

Oh! yes. There are crimes like cold-blooded murder, rape, etc., that dethrone men's reason and in the heat of passion, they act promptly, but no law sanctions this. The most cowardly of all mobs is when men gather secretly and decide to punish some one for a real or imaginary wrong. Yes, we admit that some men have been whipped who justly deserved the punishment they got, but listen: Every one engaged in such unlawful acts is a violator of the law himself, and have perhaps committed a worse crime than the victim they punish.

We have courthouses and jails, judges, sheriffs and juries to arrest and try all criminal offenders. You cannot have two governments in one and the same place and time. The Constitution recognizes the laws of the land and condemns mobs, but is powerless in some places in Texas

LET ME BE

Your Groceryman

My stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries are Fresh and Clean and everything is kept in first-class sanitary condition. We carry everything to be wanted in a up-to-date grocery store.

We carry a nice line of packing house products, such as Boiled Ham, Cured Ham, Breakfast Bacon, etc. We fill all orders for Fresh Meats at Bob Warren' Market. Prompt attention to all orders and quick delivery.

Yours to Please

FRED L. WRISTEN

Groceries and Feed
Successor to E. M. Wristen

to enforce the laws to protect life and property.

Let us stand by the laws of our country and oppose mobs, no matter by whom composed. That is the only thing that will prevent anarchy in the country.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Birdie Conyers by making publication once each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Callahan County, Texas, to be held at the courthouse thereof, in Baird, on the 5th Monday in October, 1923, same being the 29th day of October, 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 9th day of May, 1923, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 2433, wherein J. H. Cunningham is plaintiff and D. M. Wood, F. A. Flowers, N. B. Williams, D. H. Moore and Birdie Conyers are defendants: said petition alleging that on the 15th day of March 1922, plaintiff and wife, Ella Cunningham, executed certain oil and gas leases, conveying a seven-eighth interest in and to oil, gas and minerals to C. C. Lowe, covering 120 acres of land out of the west side of Survey 136, University land, situated in Callahan County, Texas, said lease contracts recorded in Vol. 80, page 2, covering the 120 tract of land, and in Vol. 80, page 4, covering the 50 acre tract of land above described, and on April 12, 1922, plaintiff and wife executed another oil and gas lease covering 30 acres out of the northeast corner of Survey No. 135, University land, situated in Callahan County, Texas, all of said lands described by metes and bounds in said lease contracts.

All of said leases in favor of C. C. Lowe, lessee, and subsequent to said dates C. C. Lowe conveyed all his right, title and interest to N. B. Williams, F. K. Flowers, D. M. Wood and Birdie Conyers and D. H. Moore. Said oil and gas leases are for a period of one year and the agreement to drill on the 120 acre tract within 60 days after the date thereof, but no drilling was begun on said date. No consideration whatever has passed to lessors. The consideration for all of said leases was the promise to drill and produce oil in paying quantities. Three wells were drilled on the 50 acre tract; number one produced about 750 barrels; number two about 1800 barrels. The oil was wasted and not saved, and plaintiff's were entitled to 1-8 of said oil. The wells drilled on said land have been abandoned, and have never produced oil or gas in paying quantities, other than alleged above. That by reason of the failure to plug the wells, plaintiff's land has been damaged insofar as gas and oil is concerned to the sum of \$4,000.00. The oil wasted was of the reasonable market value of \$2.00 per barrel. That by reason of the wasting of said oil, plaintiff is damaged in the sum of \$630.00. Plaintiff prays for a cancellation of the leases described above, and for damage in the sum of \$4630.00. Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness Kate Hearn, Clerk of the District Court of Callahan County, Texas.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, in the town of Baird, this 11th day of July, 1923.

Mrs. Kate Hearn,
Clerk District Court,
Callahan County, Texas.

U. B. Thrifty says

CASHIER



'A man can live on less after he's married' - he has to'

No one whether he be married or single, can afford to pay the same bill twice. And paying twice represents carelessness somewhere. You can account for every dollar you spend and show a clear receipt too, if you

PAY BY CHECK

There is no argument over the evidence produced by a cancelled check. Because it is an unquestionable receipt that stops all money disputes. You can't afford to pay your money out in any other manner. Let our bank handle your checking account.

The First National Bank

BAIRD, TEXAS

The Old Established Bank
1885

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

J. F. Dyer, President
Henry James, V. P.
W. S. Hinds, Cashier
Bob Norrell, Asst. C.
Tom Windham
W. A. Hinds
Ace Hickman



GOOD BYE MAN! HAVE A GOOD TIME!

Got everything you need in our line? Remember, a man meets lots of strangers on his vacation, even if he only goes up in the hills to the little old cabin by the trout stream.

DRY GOODS, LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' HATS AND
READY-TO-WEAR, MEN'S AND BOY'S FURNISHINGS

MAYFIELD & HALL

BAIRD, TEXAS.

THE HOUSE WITH ONE PRICE

Our Credit Terms will be for everyone---30 Days Only

HOME LUMBER CO.

ALL HOME PEOPLE

We carry a full stock of Lumber, Shingles and Builder's Supplies See us before you buy anything in this line

W. M. COFFMAN, Manager

A PLEASURABLE DUTY

Possibly you have need of a bank. If so, it becomes our pleasurable duty to invite you to come to this bank.

First Guaranty State Bank

BAIRD, TEXAS

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

E. L. Finley, Pres. H. Ross, V. P.
T. E. Powell, Cashier. P. G. Hatchett, Vice-Pres
F. L. Driskill, A. Cashier E. D. Driskill A. Cashier
M. Barnhill C. B. Snyder

PERSONALS

Miss Clevie Wilson, who has been sick for the past six weeks, is improving.

Miss Lena B. Price of Big Spring, is the guest of Miss Esther James.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hall left a few days ago on an auto trip to New Mexico.

The office of the De Leon Free Press was destroyed by fire early Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Vernon King and little daughter, Wynona, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Edwards, at Eula, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Brightwell and daughter, Miss Berna Louise, were in Tuesday from their ranch on the Bayou.

Miss Lurline Ramsey of Dallas, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Pitt Ramsey.

Mr. and Mrs. Hattie Hart of Fort Worth, are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Hart and other relatives in Baird this week.

Miss Gwendolyn Jenson of Cisco, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. John R. Wilson and aunt, Miss Clevie Wilson and little sister, Rowena Jenson.

Mr. and Mrs. R. V. Hart and son, Kenneth, left Monday night for East Bakersfield and other points of interest in California. They will be absent about three weeks.

Walter C. Martin left Wednesday evening for Wichita Falls, Hammon, Oklahoma and Crosbyton, Texas, on a business mission. He will be gone for four or five days.

Miss Lucille Thompson, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Gilliland, the past two weeks, returned to the home of her sister, Mrs. Riney Simpson, near Albany, last Saturday.

Rev. T. J. Rea, pastor of the Baird M. E. Church, was to go to Cottonwood yesterday to hold a protracted meeting. Presiding Elder W. M. Lane will preach in his place, at the Tabernacle, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. D. Ground and daughter, Miss Mabel, left last Saturday night for Kansas City, Mo. to visit their daughter, Mrs. Woodin and family. They will, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Woodin and little daughter, Ruby, make an auto trip through Colorado.

J. C. Barringer returned the first of the week from Rockwall, where he attended the Old Settlers Reunion. The rest of the party, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Boydston, Mrs. J. C. Barringer, Mrs. W. B. Boydston and Miss Myrtle Boydston, remained for a few days longer.

Mrs. Addie Monroe and children left Wednesday for Teague, where they go to join Mr. Monroe, who is working on the railroad at that place. They went by auto and Mrs. Monroe's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Kinsel, went as far as May, Brown county, with them, where they will visit relatives.

Miss Jessie Hayworth of Fort Worth, who has been the guest of pretty, bright and vivacious Miss Hilda Albin, cashier of the Baird sector of the West Texas Utilities Company, left Sunday morning for her home. She was accompanied by little Leah Albin, Miss Hilda's sister, who will be the guest of Miss Hayworth and other relatives for an indefinite time.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. D. Ground accompanied by their bright daughter, Mabel, left Saturday night for Waureka, Oklahoma and Kansas City, Missouri, to visit their son and brother, Vergil and their daughter and sister, Mrs. E. W. Woodin. They will be gone a month and little Miss Mabel will have the time of her young life. The Grounds will extend their travels as far as Denver, Colorado.

Mid-Summer Specials

Gingham Specials

One Lot Gingham 12 1-2c
One Lot Red Seal Gingham 16 2-3c
One Lot French Gingham 3 yards for \$1.00

Ratina Specials

65c Grade Ratina now 43c
\$1.00 Grade Ratina now 63c
1.75 Grade Ratina now \$1.25

Ladies Dresses and Millinery

All Ladies' Crepe de Chine and Silk Dresses 1-3 Off
All Ladies' Hats at 1-2 Off
All Bathing Suits at 1-4 Off

All Men's Dress Straw Hats at 1-4 Off

One Lot of Ladies' and Children's Tennis Slippers.
See the Bargain Counter for them.

Silk Pongee Specials for Friday and Saturday Only

One Lot \$1.50 Grade Pongee for 98c

B. L. BOYDSTUN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FARMING MACHINERY.
BAIRD, CLYDE, CROSS PLAINS, DENTON, PUTNAM

Mr. and Mrs. Sam F. Black, their two kiddies and J. D. Dallas, made an auto trip to Weatherford, Fort Worth, Dallas and Ennis, being the sometime guests of relatives all along the way. They feasted on cantaloupes; watermelons to their heart's content and their stomach's repletion. The party left Baird Sunday, July 1st, returning last Monday night, the trip lasting nine days. Sam reports the finest of weather and fishing and swimming galore. It was an eight hundred mile trip of unalloyed pleasure.

THE T-P. CAFE'S Famous Sunday Chicken Dinner

DON'T MISS IT

Sunday, July 22

MENU.

Fried Spring Chicken on Toast
with Cream Sauce
New Irish Potatoes in Cream
Roast Shoulders of Veal, Sage
Dressing

Garden Spinich, with Hard Boiled Eggs

New Blackeyed Peas

Lettuce, Tomatoes Salad

Choice of Pie and Drinks

Only 50 Cts.

F. E. Stanley, Prop

NEW T. & P. TRAIN SCHEDULE

The following is the new schedule of passenger trains, arriving and departing from Baird, which became effective on and after Sunday, December 10, 1922:

EAST BOUND		
Train No.	Arrives	Depart
4	11:00 a. m.	11:15 a. m.
2	9:55 a. m.	10:05 a. m.
16	1:35 a. m.	1:45 a. m.
WEST BOUND		
1	8:05 p. m.	8:15 p. m.
23	3:15 p. m.	3:25 p. m.
15	3:10 a. m.	3:20 a. m.

ENTERTAINMENT

The Ladies of the Baptist Church will give a miscellaneous musical program at the Tabernacle on Friday night, July 27th, at 8 o'clock. Everybody cordially invited to attend. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

Elsewhere the Sigal Theatre announces the screening, on Monday and Tuesday nights of next week of the film production of Marie Ouellet's transcendent love story, "Thelma", with the gifted Norwegian actress, Jane Novak, in the title role. You don't want to miss seeing this great picture, for "Thelma's" popularity among several generations, is evidenced by the many "Thelmas," young and old, in this broad land of ours today.

LONDON WATCHING WORLD SENTIMENT

MUCH INTEREST FELT IN EFFECT OF STATEMENT AS TO REPARATIONS

FAVOR HUGHES' SUGGESTION

Formula of American Secretary of State May Influence Later Memorandum

London.—Great Britain is waiting with eager interest for the reflex on world opinion of Premier Baldwin's pronouncement on reparations in the House of Commons recently.

Officials here appeared especially anxious to see what the United States thought of the Government's latest gesture, and the evening newspapers were eagerly scanned for some reflection of Washington's attitude.

If the American Government gives evidence of disappointment at the failure of Mr. Baldwin to present specific terms Secretary Hughes' suggestion for an impartial international audit of Germany's assets, it may be said that the idea will probably be set forth more fully in Great Britain's proposed draft reply to Germany's latest memorandum, since it was Germany herself who first adopted Secretary Hughes' formula.

The Prime Minister, Stanley Baldwin, in the House of Commons, and Marquis Curzon in the House of Lords, to great audiences made identical pronouncements on the Government's policy on the reparations problem. In contrast to such statements by his predecessors, Mr. Lloyd-George and Mr. Bonar Law, which were very long, Premier Baldwin's pronouncements were particularly brief, taking about sixteen minutes for delivery, and as in neither House did the opposition offer criticism of any consequence, the momentous proceedings were quickly ended.

The question on everybody's lips—how far the British Government's open disapproval of the French Ruhr policy and its holding aloof therefrom were to be converted into an active policy, separate from France—was to a great extent unanswered. Premier Baldwin certainly moved quite perceptibly away from Mr. Bonar Law's attitude of passivism, inasmuch as he announced the Government's decision to submit to the allies a separate reply to Germany's latest offer.

This was the only important point in the pronouncement, which, for the remainder, was a warning couched in the most friendly language, but plainly telling France that the British Government could not much longer remain a passive spectator to a policy which concerned the economic collapse of Germany, and with it disaster to the whole of Europe.

TWO MORE TOWNS ARE TAKEN BY THE FRENCH

French Occupy Barmen and Lemberg as Penalty Measures Against Germans

Dusseldorf.—The town of Lemberg, just beyond the Coblenz bridgehead, which the Americans formerly held, is now occupied by French troops as a permanent occupation town.

The French official announcement of the occupation does not give the number of officials thus taken as hostages, but it is understood the operation, which was on a considerable scale, was undertaken to impose a penalty for numerous recent frontier incidents. Barmen is just outside the occupied area and the frontier affairs culminated recently in one which involved the security of police near that town.

Recently two French soldiers who were following some German smugglers were surrounded in the woods by a band of fifteen of the security police, the French say. The police seized the Frenchmen, kidnaped them and taking them to Elberfeld, where they were questioned and disarmed. Their arms were finally returned to them without cartridges and they were taken to the frontier and allowed to re-enter the occupied area.

When the soldier got back they reported they had been insulted and jeered at by civilians while in the hands of the police.

This incident, it is explained, has caused the punishment of Barmen. It is also claimed that the security police in Barmen and Elberfeld have recently been engaged in sniping operations against the French.

Notice of Application for Probate of Will

The State Of Texas
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Callahan, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for a period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice of Application for Probate of Will

The State of Texas,
To all persons interested in the estate of Eugene Hunton Armistead Leache, Deceased: Maria Champe Leache has filed in the County Court of Callahan County, an application for the probate of the last Will and Testament of said Eugene Hunton Armistead Leache Deceased, filed with said application, and for Letters Testamentary which will be heard at the next term of said Court, commencing on the First Monday in August A. D. 1923, the same being the sixth day of August A. D. 1923, at the Court House thereof, in Baird, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, should they desire to do so.

Herein Fail Not, but have you before said Court on the said first day of the next term thereof this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Baird this 11th day of July A. D. 1923.

Grady G. Respass, Clerk
County Court, Callahan County, Texas.
32-3t

Notice of Application for Probate of Will

The State Of Texas
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Callahan, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for a period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice of Application for Probate of Will

The State Of Texas,
To all persons interested in the estate of J. H. Finch, Deceased, W. S. Finch has filed in the County Court of Callahan County, an application for the Probate of the last Will and Testament of said J. H. Finch, Deceased, filed with said application, and for Letters Testamentary which will be heard at the next term of said Court, commencing on the First Monday in August A. D. 1923, at the Court House thereof, in Baird, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court on the said first day of the next term thereof this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Baird this 11th day of July A. D. 1923.

Grady G. Respass, Clerk,
County Court, Callahan County, Texas.
32-3t

Dr. F. G. Banting of Toronto, discoverer of the insulin treatment for diabetes, is listed for an annuity of \$7,500 in budget estimates, announced in the House of Commons.

President Millerand, receiving the latest party of "good-will" tourists from the United States at the Elysee Palace, said he was beginning to get the habit of receiving such delegations, this being the third, but it was a very agreeable habit.

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Notice of Application for Probate of Will

THE STATE OF TEXAS
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Callahan, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for a period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
To all persons interested in the estate of Murray Harris, Deceased, Pearl Harris has filed in the County Court of Callahan County, an application for the Probate of the last Will and Testament of said Murray Harris Deceased, filed with said application, and for Letters Testamentary which will be heard at the next term of said Court, commencing on the first Monday in August A. D. 1923, the same being the sixth day of August A. D. 1923, at the Court House thereof, in Baird, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, should they desire to do so.

Herein Fail Not, but have you before said Court on the said first day of the next term thereof this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Baird, Texas this 19th day of June A. D. 1923.

Grady G. Respass, Clerk
County Court, Callahan County, Texas.
30-3t

Citation by Publication of Final Account

THE STATE OF TEXAS
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:
E. M. Goodman Administrator of the Estate of R. M. Goodman having filed in our Co. Court his Final Account of the condition of the Estate of said R. M. Goodman deceased numbered 587 on the Probate Docket of Callahan County, together with an application to be discharged from said Administrators-ship, You are hereby Commanded, That by publication of this Writ for twenty days in a newspaper printed in the County of Callahan you give due notice to all persons interest in the Account for Final Settlement of said Estate, to appear and contest the same if they see proper so to do, on or before the August Term, 1923, of said County Court, commencing and to be holden at the Court House of said County, in the City of Baird on the 3th day of August A. D. 1923, when said Account and Application will be acted upon by said Court.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at my office in the City of Baird this 11th day of June A. D. 1923.

Grady G. Respass, Clerk
County Court Callahan County.
A true copy, I certify.
C. E. Bray, Sheriff,
Callahan County.
30-3t.

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**"INTERNATIONAL
BANKER" A MYTH**

Otto H. Kahn Refutes Idea That
Foreign Finance Activities Dull
Allegiance to America.

BANKING REFLECTS BUSINESS

"International Farmer" and Other
Business Men Who Sell to Foreign
Markets Create Demand for Inter-
national Financial Service.

The idea that bankers engaged in financing foreign trade and in handling foreign bond flotations are a particular cult of "international bankers" actuated by motives differing from those of other bankers was refuted recently by Otto H. Kahn of New York, in an address before the Rochester Chamber of Commerce.

"There is no such thing as an 'international banker' in America, as the meaning of the term is generally understood," Mr. Kahn said. "He exists in the imagination of people all too numerous, but he does not exist in the flesh. You might just as well speak of the 'international farmer' because the farmer sells a certain percentage of his crops to Europe, or of the 'international manufacturer.'"

"The banker maintains, and can maintain, international contact, and conduct international business, only to the extent that American industry, commerce and agriculture are international. True, the banker must take within his purview continuously the conditions of affairs and the current of things throughout the world, but so must the exporter and importer, and so must the farmer take into account the prices and tendencies of the world market in Liverpool.

Banking Mostly Home Business

"The American banker's market is the home market. His success is conditioned upon the capacity and willingness of the American investor to absorb the securities which he offers. His very existence depends upon the confidence and co-operation of the public and of his fellow-bankers—and any banker whose activities would justly create the impression that he was actuated by cosmopolitan rather than by American interests would very soon lose that confidence and following.

"The business which he does for his own account in, with, or for Europe, is inconsiderable as compared to the business he does in America. His principal functions in relation to Europe are to provide the requisite banking facilities for export and import and for travelers. That part of his functions which consists in financing loans of foreign governments or industries has hitherto been, with sporadic exceptions, of relatively inconsiderable proportions as compared to the vastness of the volume of his transactions in financing American industry, commerce and enterprise.

Necessity for Foreign Credits

"In saying this, I do not mean to imply that there is anything that calls for apology in the floating of foreign loans in America and in the loaning of American funds to Europe, provided such loans are considered sound as to security and are made for legitimate, constructive purposes. Indeed such loans ought to, and I believe will, be made in increasing measure, when conditions in Europe will have become such as to warrant it.

"It is manifest that the promotion of our export trade, including, of course, the export of farm products, requires us, under the circumstances as they now are and are likely to remain for some time, to aid the purchasing power of other nations by extending to them financial facilities to a reasonable extent.

"It is the function of the banker to be instrumental in carrying out such transactions. In doing so, he is the means of serving a useful national purpose, just as he served a useful, indeed a highly important national purpose, in being the means of attracting and bringing European capital to America in former years when conditions were reversed and such capital was nothing less than vital to the development of this country and the realization of its opportunities."

FOR SOUND MONEY

Senator Oddie of Nevada, chairman of the United States Senate commission to investigate the problems of gold and silver mining, has allayed the fear that Western Senators, in their zeal to aid the cause of silver, might launch an unsound money wave, he says. "There is no thought of bimetalism or departing from the gold standard. We desire to help the great

Flyer to Try Trip to North Pole
An attempt by a French aviator to fly across the North Pole next summer is being planned under Government supervision, the Petit Parisien says. The distance will be 1,400 miles and the flight will be made in 20 hours at 70 miles an hour. The announcement follows close on the abandonment of a polar flight planned for this summer by Rould Amundsen, the Scandinavian explorer.

**A GOOD WAY TO
UPSET PRICES**

Further Exposures of How Ed-
ison-Ford Money Plan Would
Fail to Aid Farmer.

The way the Edison-Ford "commodity money" scheme, aimed to stabilize monetary values, would have exactly the opposite effect, is discussed in the present article, which is the second in a series prepared by the American Bankers Association, reviewing the exposure of the weaknesses of the plan as presented by William T. Foster, Director of the Pollack Foundation for Economic Research.

Briefly stated, the Edison-Ford plan provides for Government warehousing of basic commodities, against which currency would be loaned to the producer without interest, up to half the average value of the products for the previous twenty-five years. This currency would be cancelled as the commodities were withdrawn and passed into trade. On the other half of the value the producer would receive "equity certificates" which he could sell or use for bank loans. On these points Mr. Foster says:

Upsetting Price Equilibrium

"Steady price levels depend mainly on the balance between the volume of goods on the market and the volume of money offered for goods. The Edison plan is designed expressly to upset the balance. A farmer delivers, say, two thousand bushels of wheat to the Government warehouse and the Government delivers one thousand dollars in new money to the farmer. When the farmer sells the wheat he repays the loan and the Government destroys the money. Thus the volume of money is increased precisely when goods are stored; and the volume of money is decreased precisely when these goods are marketed. In other words, each transaction begins by placing in circulation goods without money to match the goods. Dollar demand is created as the supply of goods is withdrawn; the supply of goods is created as dollar demand is withdrawn.

"Would it enable the farmer to borrow more money on his products than he can now borrow? When Mr. Edison contends that farmers would obtain larger loans on their crops than they can now obtain from banks, he is confronted by this dilemma: Either the banks are now refusing to make sound loans, or, under the Edison plan, the Government would make unsound loans.

"Neither Mr. Edison nor Mr. Ford can consistently contend that banks now refuse to make sound loans, for that is the way banks make most of their profits, and Mr. Edison and Mr. Ford have no doubt that banks are conducted for profit. It follows that the plan would yield larger loans to farmers only if the Government met the risks of unsound banking. In that case all that insolvent borrowers gained would be paid by the rest of the population, which, to say the least, is not a fair deal.

Cutting Down Farm Credit

"Apparently, however, the Government is not expected to run many risks, for the farmer is allowed to borrow an amount no greater than one-half the average value of his product for the previous twenty-five years. But prices have risen so high since 1896 that the farmer could borrow on most products much less than half the present value of the products. It would be much less, therefore, than the farmer could borrow directly from the banks on graded products; on products not graded no Government loans would be made, for there would be no way of determining the twenty-five-year price average.

"However, the farmer, having obtained the stipulated Government loan on his goods, could then offer his equity certificate to a bank for an additional loan. But the equity certificate is actually a second mortgage, and a bank would prefer a second mortgage to a first mortgage.

"Suppose the Old National Bank was willing to lend a farmer eight hundred dollars on one thousand bushels of wheat. Suppose, however, the farmer deposited the wheat in a Federal warehouse and obtained five hundred dollars from the Government. Certainly the bank would not lend the farmer three hundred dollars on the equity certificate. The protection of the bank would be greater if the farmer relied on the bank for the

same loan, for in that case the bank could realize on its security without being obliged to pay five hundred dollars to get the wheat out of Government storage. The farmer can now borrow more money from a bank on standardized farm products than under the Edison plan."

GETTING TOGETHER

"The earth and the fullness thereof" is the primary source of capital. The farmer, therefore, is the nation's greatest producer of wealth. Farming and banking—production and distribution—should go hand in hand. The problems of the farmer are the problems of the banker. Both are vitally concerned in bringing about a proper adjustment of transportation and marketing costs. The increasing tendency toward a more sympathetic understanding of each other's relation to these problems is one of the very encouraging signs of the times, and will result in further advancement of their mutual interests.—Walter W. Head, First Vice President American Bankers Association.

**THE BEST THE
FARMS PRODUCE**

By WALTER W. HEAD
First Vice-President, American Bankers Association



Walter W. Head

Every banker and business man in the country is interested in the farm from another viewpoint than merely a place to raise farm products and livestock. Above all the farm is one of the places where we can best bring up our boys and girls. Thousands of men and boys each year are flocking to the city. Clerks in the city are barely eking out an existence and they cannot expect to receive much more in the way of compensation.

But back on the farms are men working for a reasonable return, and in addition they have their houses, the wonderful sunshine above in the daytime, the wonderful fresh air and all the things that the soil produces. The boy who is raised on the farm will have an entirely different aspect of life and approach the various problems with which he has to deal in later years in a different way from the boy who is raised in the city.

In this period of unrest we are certainly vitally interested in rearing both on the farms and in the cities boys and girls with the proper outlook for the future, imbued with the belief that the activity in which they are engaged is, after all, something that will provide them both with the necessary things of life and with happiness. For in happiness there is contentment, and in contentment in America there is safety for our institutions.

Every single banker should feel that the problems his farmer customers have to contend with are not only the farmer's problems but his problems as well. He should feel not only that the farmer must be prosperous so that he can deposit more in his bank, giving the banker more to loan and thereby increasing his profits, but that also there is something which cannot be measured in dollars and cents. It is the thought of rendering such service to their customers—regardless of whether they are farmers, or men working in the shops, or big business men of the cities—that will bring not only prosperity but contentment as well. The banker should take as his motto: "Who serves best profits most."

Co-operative Marketing

Agriculture produces enough to feed the people the year around but some of this production should be stored to eliminate the over supply at the times of harvest or during periods of high production. It can then be thrown upon the market in accordance with consumptive demands.

Co-operative marketing is still in its infancy. In a few localities where farmers have been properly organized and provided themselves with adequate facilities to store their products they have been able to considerably stabilize prices to the advantage of both producer and consumer.

Farmers are looking for a scientific merchandising basis upon which to market their products. It is extremely important that they organize rightly on the commodity basis and secure efficient capable management and adequate financing. This cannot be done in a day, a week, or a month, nor in five or even ten years. It must be by gradual growth and development. The problem is so important it demands the best thought of not only farmers but educators, bankers and other business men.—Banker-Farmer.

**SOME HARD FACTS
ABOUT SOFT MONEY**

By JOHN OAKWOOD

When a farmer takes his product to market and sells it for, say, a dollar a bushel, he is dependent upon the honesty of two measures—the dollar and the bushel.


The other day a crossroads storekeeper got sent to jail for manipulating a trick bushel basket with a false bottom that would slide up and down in a way that was grand, gloomy and mysterious. When using it to measure stuff he bought from a farmer, he'd secretly shove the bottom down until it held at least a bushel and a quarter, but he would only credit him with a bushel. The buying power of the farmer's product was thereby depreciated by about twenty per cent.

Finally the farmers thereabouts got wise to the fact that the only way they could get what was coming to them was to enforce a reliable standard of measurement. So they put a good stiff jail penalty on using a fake measure, laid for that storekeeper with the trick basket and sent him to prison.

Politicians in Europe have been manipulating the other measure—the money measure—in much the same way. Some of them in America want to tamper likewise with the dollar. Here is about the way it would work out. Suppose, when the farmer brought his product to market, the basket measure was honest enough and he got a dollar bill for each bushel. He'd take his dollars home and save them. Perhaps he planned to buy some land next his own for a thousand dollars, and figured that in a year or so he could make it.

But meanwhile the politicians start to manipulate the base of the currency. They would change it from the gold standard to a fiat money plan—from a gold guarantee to the mere say-so of the government that a piece of paper was worth a dollar. The farmer wouldn't be watching the money-politicians. He would be too busy raising things. At the end of the year he has his thousand dollars. He takes them to the landowner and says, "I'll buy your land now—here's a thousand dollars."

Selection of Capt. Claude C. Block, to be chief of the Navy Bureau of Ordnance, succeeding Rear Admiral Charles B. McVay Jr., has been announced by Secretary Denby. Admiral McVay is to take command of a division of the fleet. Captain Block, who will be promoted by the detail, was 129th in the list of captains as given by the last official roster. He served a long time as assistant chief of the bureau.



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"ACCORDING TO THINE ORDINANCES!"

A Layman's Sermon By Norman J. Kittrell, Senior

The attacks which are being made now upon the Christian religion are very similar to those which have been made many times in the past.

There is nothing new in them, yet many people allow themselves to be disturbed by them. The oldest person alive can remember when it was said that religion was dying out, that the church was losing its hold on the public mind, that intelligent people no longer believed in what is said in the Bible about the divinity of Christ or his miraculous birth, or his resurrection, and that Christianity would soon pass into the oblivion which has engulfed so many so-called religions.

Voltaire said nearly 200 years ago that Christianity could not endure, yet when he was dying he said: "I die worshipping God, loving my enemies, but detesting superstition." Something like 40 years ago the most eloquent agnostic of modern times said Christianity was dying and soon churches would cease to be built. How that prediction failed is shown by the fact that a church has been built on an average every day since it was made.

We are told every day that science is proving that belief in the Bible has no foundation to rest on, and every once in awhile somebody puts forth a new theory of creation, in which he seeks to eliminate God from the process entirely, and get along without Him.

In the past such books as "Conflict Between Religion and Science," "Warfare of Science with Theology in Christendom and Finality of the Christian Religion," were written by able and scholarly men, who argued that the warfare between science and religion had ever been going on, and would continue until theology was destroyed and science held undisputed sway over the mind of man.

The age-old so-called argument that men learned in science do not believe in religion, has been revamped since we have heard of so many attacks by scientists on religion, and some people are ready to repeat it.

The truth is that Galileo, Kepler, Bacon, Newton, Faraday, Brewster, Kelvin and scores of other discoverers in the field of science were all devout men.

The most untrue and absurd proposition can be repeated and boldly asserted until many people accept it as true without ever taking any pains to investigate at all to see if it is true.

This was evidently true in the time of Professor Tait of the University of Edinburgh, one of the ablest scholars of his time, who said:

"The assumed incompatibility of religion and science has been so often and confidently asserted in recent times that it has come to be taken for granted by the writers of leading articles, and it is, of course, perpetually thrust before their trusting readers. But the whole thing is a mistake, and a mistake so grave that no truly scientific man runs in Britain, at least, the smallest risk of making it. With a few and very singular exceptions, the truly scientific men and true theologians of the present day have not found themselves under the necessity of quarreling."

We have been told that it is inconceivable that the stupendous plan of salvation could possibly have been conceived with the view of its application to this little world, which

considered as a part of the vast universe, is but as a flyspeck, but Alfred R. Wallace, who was one of the greatest of modern day scientists, wrote but a short while before his death that science had never produced the slightest proof that any other world or planet except this is inhabited.

One of the ablest theologians and teachers of Scotland said some years ago that the change from the Ptolemaic system of astronomy, which regarded the earth as the center of the universe, to the Copernican system, which held to the true view of the earth as moving around the sun itself, with its planets, but one of the innumerable orbs in the starry heavens, caused many believers to doubt, just as the assaults of science are now doing.

Many theologians and students of science opposed the new discoveries of the telescope, but the truth prevailed, and it was found there was no conflict between them and the Bible, and no believer has any less faith in his Bible now because of the new discovery.

Strauss, one of the most vehement unbelievers of the day, was sure the Copernican system had given the deathblow to Christianity, and Voltaire before him had affirmed that Christianity would be overthrown by the discovery of the law of gravitation, and would not survive a century.

Newton, the discoverer of the law of gravitation was an humble minded Christian, and he had no fear on the subject. Time has shown that it was he, not Voltaire, who was right.

In the recent past unbelievers have resumed the old attack on miracles. The miracle is the favorite object of their assaults, but in making them they do exactly as they do when they attack the biblical account of creation; they eliminate God from the problem.

A very able modern writer has given what he says is a sufficient definition of a miracle—"as any effect in nature or deviation from its ordinary course due to the interposition of a supernatural cause."

There were miracles in which natural agencies were employed as far as they would go, such as the drying of a path through the Red Sea. It is a favorite form of contention of unbelievers that a great wind that blew separated the waters, but the wind was God's ordering just as every wind is, and every other operation of nature. Cleansing the leper and raising the dead were a complete transcendence of nature's laws.

We are constantly told that no miracles, or, as unbelievers say, "so-called miracles," can be true, because it is violative of the laws of nature.

There are laws of nature, of course. No one disputes it, but the Bible knew of the regular order and system of nature. The world is here, and in full operation, and certainly they did not create themselves.

The proposition that all things came into existence spontaneously, and great effects were produced without any cause, that nothing was developed into something without the operation of any intelligent mind upon it, necessarily involves an absurdity.

"A law of nature is only our registered observation of the order in which we find causes and events linked together in our experience," and by "uniformity" we mean no more than that given like causes operating under like conditions like effects will follow.

So high an authority as John Stuart Mill has pointed out that a miracle is not a denial of either of the truths just stated.

The same Power which fashioned the universe and set myriad worlds in motion, and produced the seas and the vineyards and all else that could

by His supernatural power, change water into wine, or raise the dead.

Unbelievers speak of the "law" as if it were self created and existed indefinitely. The Bible teaches that this is God's world, that it was established by His decree, that it is the work of His hands, and science has never been able to account for its existence in any other way than as the Bible states.

The inspired psalmist says:

"Thy faithfulness is unto all generations, thou has established the earth and it abideth. They continue this day according to thy ordinances."

If what the Bible says about the creation of the world is true, if all the statements about Christ are mythical, why has not some unbeliever accounted for creation in some other way? Why has not he accounted for the growth and spread of Christianity upon some other ground than that of its truth?

It has been assailed by unbelieving enemies, through books and racks and stakes and flames and dungeons and chains, and by every form of persecution and death, yet is stronger and its influence greater and more beneficent than ever before since the day he bade the eleven go forth and "preach the gospel."

We may expect assaults to continue. The enemies of religion never rest, but no man or woman should permit his or her faith to be shaken by any attack. None are new. They are as old and stale as they are futile. God's plans will triumph. All things will work out according to His ordinances.

THE ANIMAL INDUSTRY RECEIVES OVER \$92,000

This Appropriation is Exclusive Of \$45,000 To Be Used For Tick Eradication

Fort Worth, Texas.—Appropriations totaling \$92,250 for the work of the Bureau of Animal Industry in Texas have been made by the Department of Agriculture, according to notice received here by Dr. Harry Grafke, inspector in charge of Texas for the bureau. The appropriations cover the entire fiscal year of July 1, 1923, to June 30, 1924, on all the phases of work except tick eradication.

The full appropriation is divided as follows: \$15,000 for Federal indemnities tuberculosis eradication; \$8,000 for expenses in tuberculosis eradication; \$45,000 for tick eradication from July 1 to Oct. 31; \$22,000 for sheep and cattle scab eradication work; \$10,000 for interstate transportation inspection, stock yard work for the bureau and enforcement of the twenty-eight-hour law, and \$7,000 for hog cholera control work. The final item, that for hog cholera, is reduced from last year and necessitates a reduction in the work. Three veterinarians have been assigned to this work, but in the future only Dr. G. F. Flaharty of Fort Worth and Fred J. Wolma of San Antonio will handle this work.

Ennis Man's Freak Tomato
Ennis, Texas.—D. F. Brooks is showing a freak tomato which has grown and twisted around like a sausage. It is 17 1/8 inches long and 13 1/4 inches around.

Italy Seeks Extra Quota
Rome.—The Messagero urges the Government react an understanding with Washington whereby a number of Italian war veterans who desire to make new homes in America may be admitted under provisions of an extra quota.

In Germany they have carried the manipulation of the mark so far—well, it seems hardly believable, but if they did the same thing to the dollar, it would take over ten million in paper money to buy that land. The primary producer can raise his prices, but not fast enough to equalize this drop in the gold value of unsound money. That is where the catch comes in.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

50 ACRE FARM—for sale, 3 miles west of Baird; 4 miles East of Clyde, on Hankhead Highway. 32-4tp Joe Morgan, Eckley, Okla.

FOR SALE—one span of mares, 4 and 6 years old; One wagon in good condition. See Cody Wilson, 32-4 Baird Texas.

FARM FOR SALE OR TRADE—50 acre farm 4 1/2 miles south-west of Baird. Will trade for suitable house and lot in Baird. J. W. Hammons, 40-4tp Baird, Texas

FOR SALE—Three horse Monitor Engine with Pump Jack attached. Hundred barrel flow tank. J. H. Sampson, Box 764 Baird, Texas

NOTICE SUBSCRIBERS—Pay your subscription to The Star. Date opposite your name on paper shows when your subscription is due—in advance—always. 33-4

SANITORIUM—Brown Drugless Sanatorium where health is restored after other treatments have failed. Chronic diseases a specialty. Dr. N. A. Brown in charge. Massuer treatment 1109 West 12th Street, Cisco, Texas. 30-3t

TO THE PUBLIC—I have some good pieces of second hand furniture for sale. I buy second hand furniture; I do upholstering and repair furniture. Satisfaction guaranteed. See me G. D. Adams, 32-2tp Rock Hotel.

KILL HEN HOUSE BUGS

and keep them away by painting with TAROLINE, a lasting tar oil that penetrates cracks and crevices. For insects on Poultry feed MARTIN'S BLUE BUG REMEDY. Money back guarantee by 33-7t Holmes Drug Co.

THANKING MANY GOOD FRIENDS

We wish to thank our many good friends for their kindness and helpfulness in our recent sorrow, and for the beautiful flowers they gave. Maria Champe Leache, Mr. and Mrs. Otis Bowyer.

Marie Corellis' Greatest Love Story

"THELMA"

immortalizing the simple little peasant grub who put to rout the frozen-faced scoffers of high society and then made them grovel in whimpering submission at her feet!

Starring

JANE NOVAK

resplendant in a blazing display of Parisian frocks and furs and jewelry—with a scenic background of positively strggering gradneur and magnitude!

And above all this bedazzling splendor of investiture is the sweet sympathy of Jane Novak—a new Jane Novak—a Jane Novak upon whom the twin Gods of Beauty and Art have bestowed their most bountiful blessing!

SEE IT—BY ALL MEANS SEE IT!

SIGAL THEATRE Next Monday and Tuesday

Special Music by Harold Wriston

Harvest Time Rate

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Geo. W. Symonds

Correspondent and Subscription Agent.

ROBS CALOMEL OF NAUSEA AND DANGER

Medicinal Virtues Retained and Improved—Dangerous and Sickening Qualities Removed. Perfected Tablet Called "Calotabs."

The latest triumph of modern science is a "de-nauseated" calomel tablet known to the drug trade as "Calotabs." Calomel, the most generally useful of all medicines thus enters upon a wider field of popularity,—purified and refined from those objectionable qualities which have heretofore limited its use.

In biliousness, constipation, headache and indigestion, and in a great variety of liver, stomach and kidney troubles calomel was the most successful remedy, but its use was often neglected on account of its sickening qualities. Now it is the easiest and most pleasant of medicines to take. One Calotab at bedtime with a swallow of water,—that's all. No taste, no griping, no nausea, no salts. A good night's sleep and the next morning you are feeling fine, with a clean liver, a purified system and a big appetite. Eat what you please. No danger.

Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages, price thirty-five cents for the large, family package; ten cents for the small trial size. Your druggist is authorized to refund the price as a guarantee that you will be thoroughly delighted with Calotabs.—(Adv.)