THE WELLINGTON LEADER.

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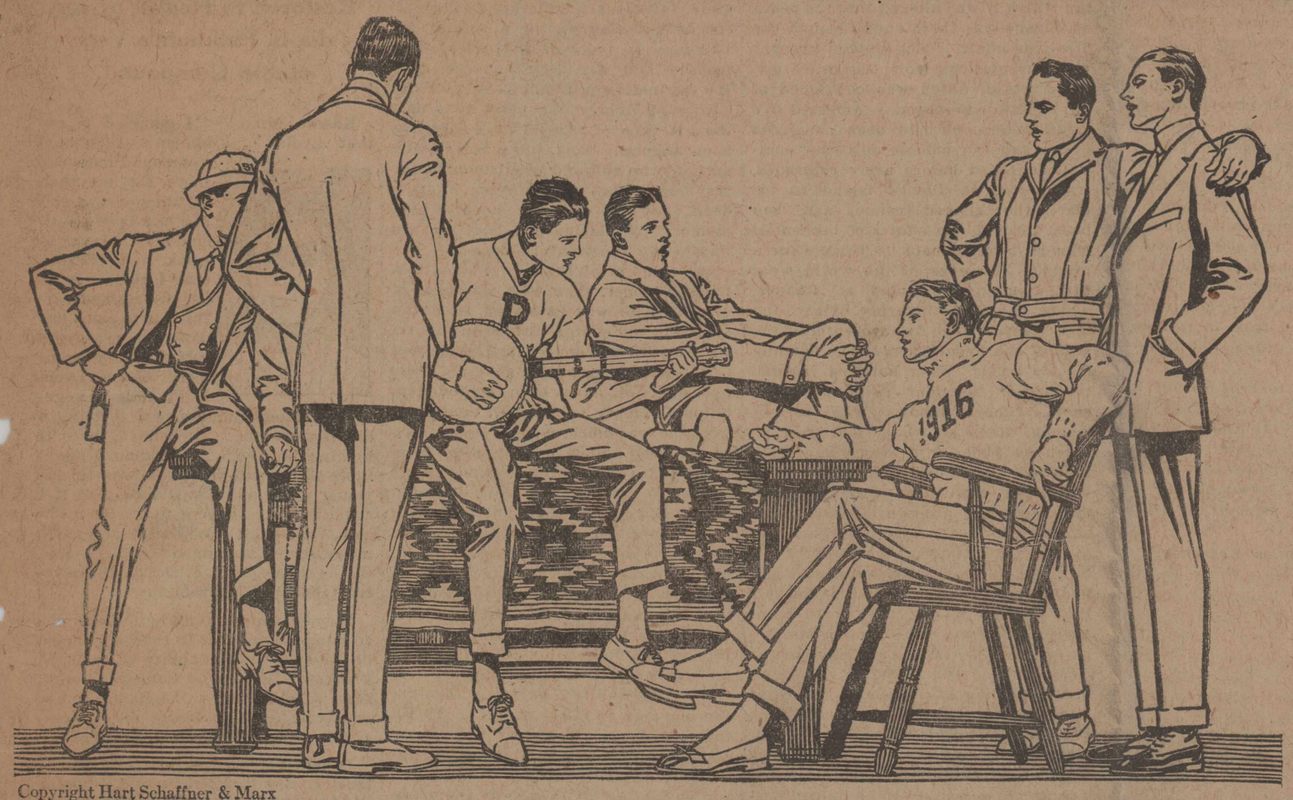
Subscription $1.00 Per Year | *"We Reach the People"* | *L. L. LADD, Editor*



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Fall Styles Ready

IT'S always a pleasure to us to announce the opening of a new season in men's styles. So many of our customers take a lively interest in seeing the new fabrics; the new designs in the garments; the new fashions; we're always glad When things are ready.

Hart Schaffner & Marx new fall styles are here; special values in suits and overcoats at $18, $20, $25, $30 and upward.

C. E. Stone & Co.

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

The Farm to Family Plan

Within the last twelve months a new order of marketing of farm products has appeared in Texas. The efforts of the express companies of this State have made possible the buying of fresh foodstuffs direct from the producer to the consumer. Parcel post competition and the express reduction have stimulated the transportation companies into their present new field of endeavor and the plan is working wonderfully well.

The consumer is saving approximately 20 per cent and the producer is receiving better prices than ever before, while the express companies are performing the middleman's function without his profit.

We are informed that Mr. T. H. Smith and Mrs. Goodman, who reside in the west part of the county, were united in marriage last Tuesday evening. Mr. Smith is one of this county's best citizens and we join his host of friends in extending congratulations.

Leaves for Austin

Hon. Lee Templeton leaves today for Austin to take further part in the deliberation of the solons. Gov. Colquitt called another special session of the legislature to act upon the Texas State Bank bill.

Sam Pritchard evidenced his progressive spirit and desire to help in the move to encourage the business condition of the country by joining in the "Buy-a-Bale" movement. In a talk with the writer we find he looks at the matter in the proper light. He said that of course he paid $12 or $15 more for the bale than he could have purchased for, but that he felt like he would eventually get his money back and by buying now at 10c he was encouraging a movement that had for its object helping the farmers out of an immediate stringency now and eventually establish a fair market for cotton.

Bring your butter and eggs to Smith & Brown. We pay cash

FREE

A $70.00 Majestic Steel Range, Complete at---

Hardy-O'Neil Drug Co.

Wellington, - - Texas

Cotton Coming in Lively

The four splendid gins of the town are running pretty steady now. Cotton is making a beautiful sample and turning out remarkably well at the gins. The weather has been ideal and there has been no rain or blowing storms to damage the staple. We understand some of the farmers are selling their staple at 8 to 8 1-2 cents per pound, and the local cotton seed market is reported to be about $12 per ton.

Judge J. L. Lackey returned first of the week from Sherman where he placed his daughter, Miss Delmar, in Kid-Key College for the term. Miss Del, as she is familiarly called by her many friends, is one of our most excellent young ladies, and carries with her the best wishes of her friends.

Get your system in shape to withstand the effects of changeable fall weather. Take our Beef, Iron and Wine. E. M. Williams Drug Co.

Government Makes Enquiries

In a talk with A. F. Swafford, president of the First National Bank, he tells us that the national banks in Texas are from time to time receiving telegrams from the Controller of the Currency at Washington asking for data concerning loans on cotton and the movement of the staple. One purpose of the inquiries is, it is said, is to learn to what extent there is a market, and another to ascertain what the prevailing maximum interest charges are. Mr. Swafford says the authorities at Washington are very dilligent in their efforts to keep familiar with the cotton situation.

J. C. Gray of the City Hotel here and Mrs. Nannie Hopkins of Aberdeen were married last Sabbath. Mr. Gray is a splendid citizen and has been in the hotel business here for nearly a year. Mrs. Hopkins is a highly respected lady of the Aberdeen community where she owns a nice farm.

FREE SILVERWARE

BEGINNING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19TH., WE WILL GIVE **FREE**, WITH CASH PURCHASES, THE Genuine "1847" Rogers Brothers Old Colony Pattern Silverware, as per list below:

Be sure that you get a duplicate cash ticket with the clerks number, date of sale, ticket number and amount of purchase stamped on same by our Cash Register, as this is the only way we will except tickets for premiums. Heretofore we have given coupons, but find that is not a good idea, so have taken up the above plan.

FREE WITH CASH TICKETS AMOUNTING TO—

$ 6.00	1 Tea Spoon	$12.00	1 Table Spoon
6.00	1 Coffee Spoon	13.00	1 Butter Kuife
7.00	1 Fruit Knife	13.00	1 Sugar Shell
8.00	1 Orange Spoon	20.00	1 Cake Fork
9.00	1 Medium Knife	21.00	1 Cold Meat Fork
9.00	1 Medium Fork	23.00	1 Gravy Ladle
12.00	1 Salad Fork	31.00	1 Child's Set (3 pc.)

We wish to make it clear to our friends and customers that this is NOT a scheme to get your money, but a plan to share our profits with the many loyal friends who have stood by us in the past, and helped to make THE FAMOUS one of the strongest Mercantile Institutions in Collingsworth County.

The Silverware we are giving away is now on display in our show window for your inspection. we ask that you call and see it today and have one of the clerks to explain our Profit-Shareing Plan more fully. In this way you will be able to get an entire Silver Service Set entirely FREE, piece by piece, without having to wait six or eight weeks for the entire set.

Be sure that the above instructions are complied with at time of buying your goods, as we do not have a lot of red tape to unwind upon giving these premiums away. We will have only one way to do this, as we have only one price to all.

The Famous Mercantile Co.

"THE GUARANTEE HOUSE"

GERMAN GUNS HOLD ALLIES

After Long Retreat, Kaiser's Army Entrenches and Mounts Artillery In Ardennes Mountains of Northern France—Fight Seven Days to a Draw; Losses Enormous.

RUSSIA REPULSED

Slavs Unable to Make Gains in East Prussia---Crush Austrians and Hold Two Provinces.

ITALY MAKES READY

Mobilization of All Reservists Ordered; Russia Urges Her—President Wilson Foregoes Peace Work—Turkey Less Warlike.

(Summary of Events.)

Another great battle of the present war, described as the most important so far to all concerned, has been in progress a week between the Germans and the French-British, without decisive result. The battle line, about eighty miles long, stretches practically from Amiens, in northwest France, to Verdun, on the Alsatian frontier.

Both sides have concentrated their greatest strength along this line. Each side has brought up re-enforcements of all kinds, until now more than a million Germans oppose a like number of French and British. The Germans are strongly entrenched and have mounted heavy artillery in the Ardennes mountains. They have successfully resisted all assaults of their enemy.

If they lose this battle it will mean the evacuation of French and Belgian territory by the Germans and the transfer of the activities of war to German territory. Military experts say such a change would certainly be Germany's undoing. Should the Germans win this battle it probably would not mean a permanent loss for the allies.

Germans Hinder Slavs.

Russia has all but crushed the army of Austria, according to reports from various points, and now occupies the provinces of Bukawina and Galicia. The Servians and Montenegrins have succeeded in pushing back the Austrians in the south and in taking Semlin. They now threaten Budapest.

The Russians have had no success of note in their operations against Germany during the last week. The kaiser's army has punished the Slav invaders of East Prussia severely at every point and has stopped the advance. The czar now says he will put 7,000,000 in the field to crush Germany and will leave Austria to Servia.

The efforts of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan to start a movement for peace among the belligerents have failed. Germany replied to the note of inquiry sent by Mr. Wilson to the kaiser by saying the allies would have to ask for peace. The allies said there would be no peace until the military depotism of Germany was crushed. The president has announced he will make no further efforts toward mediation until one of the fighting nations appeals to him to do so.

Italy Ready to Fight.

Urged by Russia and by her own radical political element, it appears not unlikely that Italy soon will enter the conflict on the side of the allies by attacking Austria. Her standing army and auxiliary have been ready for the field for several weeks. A final mobilization, calling all reservists, has been ordered for September 26.

Austria may sue for peace independently of Germany, according to reports from Vienna and Rome. Her repeated defeats have had a very depressing effect on the country. Industry is blighted. The poor suffer now, and will suffer more when winter comes, and there are indications of revolt among the masses. It is said serious riots already have occurred in Vienna and Budapest.

Turkey Cools Her Talk.

Since the reversal of German successes in France and the strong movement of Russia against Germany is beginning to count, Turkey has receded from her warlike attitude toward the allies. Her newspapers, however, have been forbidden by the government to call the Russian capital city Petrograd. They must use the old term, St. Petersburg, which the Russians no longer use.

Japan continues to besiege the German colony and naval base at Tsing Tao, in the Chinese colony of Kaio Chow. A strong fleet commands the harbor and 30,000 infantry surround the city. There has been no decisive action in that theater for two weeks or longer.

A Five Days' Battle.

London.—For five days the British and French armies have been trying to dislodge the Germans from the strong line of defenses which they have constructed on the battle front stretching from the Oise to the Meuse rivers. There have been attacks and counter attacks, but in the words of the official communication "there has been no change in the situation.

The allies claim to have made slight progress at some points against the German right wing north of the River Aisne and to have repulsed counter attacks there and between Craonne and Reims, while they say in the center and on the right the Germans are acting purely on the defensive, having "dug themselves into entrenchments."

At Last Reports Agree.

The German official reports are almost identical with those of the allies. They say no decision has yet been reached, but that the allies' power of resistance is weakening, that a French attempt to break their right has failed, that in the center the Germans are gaining ground slowly, and that sallies from Verdun have been repulsed.

Russians Pursue Austrians.

London.—Reports received from Petrograd say the Russian pursuit of the Austrians continues and that the Russians have gained important successes over the Austrian rear guard. Convoys of two army corps with thirty guns and ammunition and 5,000 prisoners are said to have been captured. The whole of the Austro-Russian border between Yusevoff and Annapolis is reported to be overrun by Cossacks who are leading the Russian advance.

The Russian army now in Galicia will be left there to complete its work, for, according to a Rome dispatch, an army of 900,000 Russians is marching into Central Poland followed by another army of 2,000,000, while a third army also aggregating 2,000,000 is coming from more distant regions and will reach the front in October.

There are said to be 1,000,000 Russians already in Galicia and 500,000 in East Prussia. While these numbers are enormous they are considered probably a fair estimate of what Russia soon will have available for war. It is said she will soon have 7,000,000 men on on the move.

German Armies Entrench.

London.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from its Ostend correspondent says:

"The Germans are entrenching themselves strongly on the River Sambre, from Maubeuge to Namur. I have seen important defense works at Thuin, Farciennes and Floreffe. Many inhabitants of these places had been forced by threats to perform labor on the works. I have been told that the same kind of fortifications are being erected on the Meuse, from Givet to Namur, but it is impossible to cross the Sambre to see for myself. I believe, however, my information is accurate."

Austria Dumbly Waits.

Vienna.—In the complete absence of satisfactory details regarding the progress of the campaign in Galicia and along the Servian frontier, the Austrian public is waiting with dumb patience for some definite news as to what really is happening. Ever since it became known that Russia is making great headway in Galicia the comment in Vienna newspapers has been guarded, the editorials dealing chiefly with the German campaign in Western Europe. The presence of 70,000 Polish refugees from Galicia, however, added to the constant arrival of trainloads of wounded, tends to offset this reticence.

Captured German Cruiser.

New York.—The capture of the German converted cruiser Bathania by the English cruiser Essex was reported by Paul Gassett, formerly American consul at Antofogasta, Chile, who has just arrived here, a passenger on board the Almirante of the United Fruit line from Colon and Kingston.

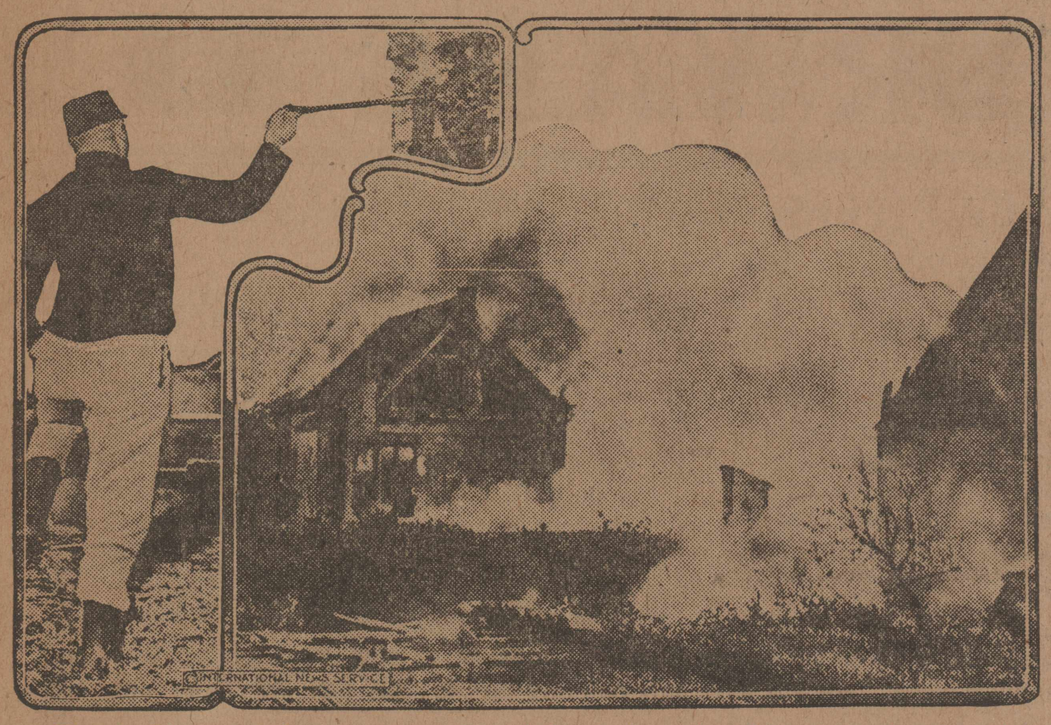
Transferring Troops.

London.—The Daily Telegraph's Rome correspondent says he learns from an authentic source that eight German army corps have left France and Belgium for the Russian frontier.

Big Battle is On.

London.—Another great battle, even more vital than those which have preceded it, is in progress on a line extending from the region of Noyon on the River Oise, northwest of Paris to the River Meuse, north of Verdun.

CLEARING THE WAY FOR ANTWERP'S GUNS



When the Belgians retired to Antwerp many houses in the suburbs were burned in order to clear the land in front of the fortifications. At the left a soldier is seen setting fire to a cottage with a lighted broom.

FRENCH OFFICER TELLS OF BATTLE ALONG AISNE

London.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Paris correspondent in a dispatch which has just been received here says:

"A comprehensive account of the five days' battle on the Aisne river, which he described as the fiercest in the Western theater, since the beginning of the war, was given by a French officer, who arrived in Paris fresh from the scene of the great struggle along the River Aisne.

"'On the morning of the 14th,' the officer said, 'the Germans called a halt, but by afternoon the battle had become general. All the next day the battle was of a ding-dong nature, the Germans evidently awaiting reinforcements. During the night, however, they delivered a furious attack on the extreme left, but the British and French troops gallantly met the onslaught, repulsing the Germans no fewer than ten times.

"'The Germans still came on, however, seeking to pierce the French line. There had been nothing like it since the beginning of the campaign. The enemy hurled dense masses of troops at us in a supreme endeavor to check our forward progress, but when dawn came we still held the position and even had gained ground slightly.

"'The artillery duel was continued throughout the next day. The morning of the 17th again saw desperate fighting. This time we threw the Germans back some ten kilometers, capturing 600 men and a lot of mitrailleuses.'"

DREYFUS, ONCE DEGRADED, IS NOW A MAJOR IN A CRACK REGIMENT IN THE ARMY OF FRANCE

1899

Fifteen years ago today Capt. Alfred Dreyfus was convicted by court-martial for the second time on the charge of selling French military secrets to foreign powers. It was one of the most sensational trials of the age, during which it was alleged that the peace of Europe was threatened through the "Dreyfus affair." The verdict brought vigorous protests from the entire civilized world, which was convinced of the captain's innocence. Arrested five years before, he had been convicted by his superior officers at a court-martial, degraded before army comrades, transported to Devil's island to expiate the alleged crime, and had been, through the efforts of influential friends, brought back to France for a retrial. The eyes of the world were turned upon the court at Rennes, where the Semetic army officer, the first Hebrew ever to have entered the staff of the French army, was battling for his honor. Four hundred journalists, from the four corners of the earth, rubbed elbows with society women, some of whom had paid as much as $400 for a seat. Sensation followed sensation during the trial; but none was more startling than that testimony given by General Mercier, the former minister of war. He averred that, during the Dreyfus affair, the German ambassador at Paris had delivered an imperative demand that certain papers, alleged to have been stolen from the German embassy, be returned to Germany. "From eight o'clock," said the general, while the audience hung breathless on his revelation of a crisis in the destiny of France, "until after midnight the president of the republic, the prime minister and I waited to know whether war or peace would be the outcome of the negotiations. We were within a hair's breadth of war." Suicide and degradation of Dreyfus' accusers followed his acquittal.

1914

Today Dreyfus is not only a free man, but he has been restored to the French army with great public ceremony. A captain when degraded, he is now a major in a crack artillery regiment that usually is detailed to all state functions. Suffering the greatest of humiliations for a soldier for 12 years, he today is fully cleared of treason and has been honored with the distinction of a commander of the Legion of Honor. His champions during his time of trouble have likewise been honored. Zola, the great French author, who suffered imprisonment for his fiery defense of Dreyfus, is now dead, but the republic honored his memory by placing his body in the Pantheon, the burial place of the great soldiers of France. Picquart, a brother officer, then with the rank of colonel, who was cashiered from the army for defending Dreyfus, was restored with all honors and promoted to the rank of brigadier general. Dreyfus' enemies have been confounded. Colonel Henry, formerly connected with the war office, is dead by his own hand, after having confessed to forging Dreyfus' name to a document that helped to send him to Devil's island. Major Esterhazy had publicly confessed through the London Chronicle that he wrote the bordereau, the famous document which, more than anything else, brought about the conviction for treason against Dreyfus. Esterhazy is now an exile from France, though not subject to official punishment through a recent amnesty law which pardons all offenders against the state up to the year 1911. Today the war with Germany has come about, but not through the machinations of the Dreyfus affair. Dreyfus' son is fighting for France on the firing line and was recently promoted for gallantry in battle to the rank of sergeant.

WALL STREET DEAD

War Killed Business in That Famous Thoroughfare.

Brokerage Firms Are Idle and Most of Them Have Been Compelled to Discharge Many Employes.

(International News Service.)

New York.—The European war has played havoc in Wall street. That "crooked thoroughfare, with a river at one end and a cemetery at the other" is only a wraith of its former self. While it would be an exaggeration to say that grass is growing in Wall street, there has been a great difference in the place since the stock exchange closed.

People still pass frequently along Broad and Wall streets, a few men stand idly in the open space at Broad street and Exchange place, and the cabbies still drowse on the stand before the stock exchange, but all is not as it once was.

There is a lack of excitement, of bustle and business about the street that never was known there in the days of prosperity before the war came. Not even in the days of 1907 was there such stagnation there. Nobody seems to be in a hurry. There is no shouting and gesticulation from windows, giving quotations and orders to waiting brokers in the street. One receives the distinct impression that the sidewalk pedestrians are walking to kill time.

Because of the war in Europe, which paralyzed the markets of the world, hundreds of men and women in Wall street, book-makers, clerks and stenographers, are out of employment, watching their small savings dwindle.

The brokers declare that they are no better off than the employes they have discharged. "How could we help ourselves?" demanded one broker. "We did not wish to turn off men and women we had trusted, in some cases, for years. But what recourse have we? My firm is a small one, yet with the help reduced to a minimum and my partners and I doing most of the book-keeping, the office expenses are $100, a day. With no new business of any sort, that means our net loss is $100 a day, or $3,000 a month. Besides that, I have the interest to pay on my seat on the stock exchange. I bought mine when business was good and paid $74,000 for it. All this counts up. I am living on my savings. None of the brokers in the street are any better off than I am, and many of them are in much worse plight."

Different firms have pursued different policies in dealing with the unique situation presented by the shutting off of the speculative trade. Some, which feel sufficiently prosperous, have retained all their help. But in the majority of cases there has been at least a partial reduction of the staffs. The newer employes were given a week's or two weeks' salary and dismissed with the promise they would be given first chance at their old positions when business was resumed.

Again, some firms expect their employes to report at the offices every morning as if business were going on, while a few of the firms are paying their employes full salary but telling them to stay away from the offices and get the benefit of a real vacation.

The same state of affairs prevails now more or less in the shipping trade. With little or no steamship traffic and importation at a standstill, there is nothing shipping employes can do.

RAZING OF LOUVAIN

American Girl Tells of Seeing the City Destroyed.

Declares German Soldiers Started the Fighting by Mistreating Belgian Women—Vain Search for Her Relatives.

London.—Marguerite Usttebroick, a sixteen-year-old American girl from Millersville, Ill., arrived in London after an adventurous trip from Louvain, the burning of which she witnessed.

The girl was visiting Flemish relatives near Louvain when the village where her relatives lived was burned. They went into Louvain. She said that the first sign of trouble was when two German soldiers maltreated and killed several girls. These soldiers were promptly shot by their own officers, but the feeling of the populace against the invaders had grown very intense.

The German soldiers, according to Miss Usttebroick, made no secret of their determination to make the Belgians suffer for the indignities which they claimed the German residents had suffered at the hands of the Belgians at the outbreak of the war.

The girl described the destruction of Louvain and the terrible firing in the streets that continued for two days as a sight that had burned into her memory. Her father and a fifteen-year-old brother, who were also in Louvain, disappeared and she believed that they had been made prisoners by the Germans.

Seeking to locate them, Miss Usttebroick made her way into Germany on a German prison train. She was unable to find her relatives and appealed to the American consuls in various cities. The investigations of the consuls satisfied them that the father and brother were held at some German concentration camp.

The girl then made a trip to Cologne where she met her aged mother and brought her to London. Mother and daughter are now being aided by the American relief committee.

In a dispatch from Copenhagen a correspondent of the Central News says that General Manteuffel, the German military commander at Louvain, Belgium, has made an official report, in which he asserts that investigation has shown that it was Belgian soldiers who had drawn on civilian attire over the uniforms who fired on German soldiers from housetops of the city.

War Cuts Cosmetic Supply.

The latest commodity which the war has made scarce and expensive is powder—the toilet kind. The talcum itself can be secured in adequate quantities in North Carolina, but the perfumes and secret aids to the beautification of the complexion, which the manicurist and barber tell you about, are to a large extent the products of foreign labor. In many cases the composition of toilet compounds is a secret in some European family. With all the men at war, no considerable supply can be manufactured and still less can be exported to America.

Kaiser Still a British Admiral.

London.—The resignation of Emperor William from his office as admiral of the British fleet does not appear to have reached the authorities in London. The September navy list still includes his name among the honorary officers and also that of Prince Henry of Prussia.

FARMER'S WIFE TOO ILL TO WORK

A Weak, Nervous Sufferer Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Kasota, Minn.—"I am glad to say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than anything else, and I had the best physician here. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now I feel like a different person. I believe there is nothing like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weak women and young girls, and I would be glad if I could influence anyone to try the medicine, for I know it will do all and much more than it is claimed to do."—Mrs. CLARA FRANKS, R. F. D. No. 1, Maplecrest Farm, Kasota, Minn.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should be convinced of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health by the many genuine and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

To Cool a Burn and Take the Fire Out

Be Prepared For Accidents

A Household Remedy

HANFORD'S Balsam of Myrrh

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Strains, Stiff Neck, Chilblains, Lame Back, Old Sores, Open Wounds, and all External Injuries.

Made Since 1846. Ask Anybody About It.

Price 25c, 50c and $1.00

All Dealers OR WRITE G. C. Hanford Mfg. Co. SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Correct.

"Love levels all things," quoted the sage.

"Yes, everything but heads," corrected the fool.

Ten smiles for a nickel. Always buy Red Cross Ball Blue; have beautiful clear white clothes. Adv.

Better an ounce of did than a pound of going to do.

When a man gets fresh he's spoiling for a fight.

Keep Down Uric Acid

Uric acid is a poison formed inside our bodies in digesting certain foods, especially meat, and by the burning up of nerve and muscle cells during exertion.

Uric acid is harmless as long as the kidneys filter it promptly from the blood, but people who overdo and overeat, make uric acid so fast that it overloads the blood, weakens the kidneys, and attacks the nerves, causing rheumatic pains. It forms gravel, hardens the arteries and brings on dropsy or Bright's disease.

By restoring the kidneys to normal activity Doan's Kidney Pills help to overcome excess uric acid.

An Oklahoma Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Mrs. J. Bucklew, 1120 E. 10th St., Oklahoma City, Okla., says: "The pain across my back was terrible, especially after a hard day's work. I got restless and nervous and mornings felt tired and run down. Before I had finished one box of Doan's Kidney Pills, I felt better and soon the pains and other ailments left me. My health has improved wonderfully and I can't be too grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Wellington Leader

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY EVENING

Entered as second-class matter Aug. 25, 1909, at the post office at Wellington, Texas, under the act of March 3, 1879.

Thursday Evening, Sept. 25, 1914

L. L. LADD, Editor
Leader Printing Co., Owners

Smile awhile.

Everybody will have money Saturday when the show is here.

When you hear a man boast that he never made a mistake he's either a bachelor or a liar.

If you feel much puffed up over your wisdom, it might do you good to take a day off and observe how little value other people put upon what you know.

A little norther blew up Tuesday, which evidently was the tail end of a storm in the north, the papers recently reporting an eight inch snow in Montana.

The little cold spell this week further suggests that cotton picking should be rushed before the weather becomes so the fingers get cold and numb, making this work unpleasant and tedious.

Money is not scarce now—at least it did not seem so last Saturday when one hundred and twenty-five men and boys dug up $1.25 each for a razor worth probably 25c from a man on the street whom we are told stated he was a faker.

The Panhandle State Fair starts at Amarillo tomorrow. Everyone of our town people and every citizen of Collingsworth county as a whole should be ashamed that we have no agricultural exhibit there, and then to be taken from there to the Dallas Fair. This is a result of having no organized body in the nature of a commercial club to take up and look after this work.

With prim, maidenly reserve, Main went Democrat. The unexpected happening in this instance probably is what encouraged John W. Philip of Dallas to accept the Republican nomination for governor of Texas. Mr. Philip also endorses the Waco platform.

The little cold spell this week was just a reminder that it will not be long now until the heating stoves will have to be put up, and to examine and see if the chimney flues are in safe condition and thus eliminate a chance of a destructive fire from such cause.

Things around about are beginning to look some better. The price of cotton has improved until the Wellington market is eight and a half cents, at which price the farmers would be justified in selling off enough to liquidate their obligations, as probably the people they owe are being urged to settle by people to whom they are indebted. After adjusting the pressing accounts it would be probably best to hold the balance they have until the prices reaches 10c anyhow.

The stores of Wellington carry as good lines of merchandise as can be secured even in the larger cities—and at prices even cheaper than in the large cities. Also many people coming to Wellington to trade that lives closer to other railway points tell us that they come the greater distance because they find prices better here and a more varied line of merchandise to make their selections from. Our home merchants are indeed a vital force in the upbuilding of Wellington and the surrounding trade territory and much praise and credit is due them for their enterprise.

But what a cruel thing is war, to separate and destroy families and friends, and mar the purest joy and happiness God has granted us in this world; to fill our hearts with hatred instead of love for our neighbors and to devastate the fair face of the beautiful world.—Robert E. Lee.

Walking is Good

A college education is a parlor car route to knowledge.

There is a widespread belief that the only way to acquire wisdom is to climb aboard a college and ride four years. This is a great mistake. The college system attains great speed between termini and transports the passengers from a state of heathen darkness regarding Latin, political economy and clothes to a state of erudition in great comfort. But the walking is also good.

The journey considerably longer when performed on foot, but large numbers of citizens have hoofed the distance with great success. Abraham Lincoln did not get near enough to college in his youth to apply for the janitorship thereof, yet at the age of 23 he was a lawyer and legislator was extending kindly assistance to struggling young possessors of college degrees.

However, it is a great advantage to attend college and to travel through the wilderness of accumulated wisdom with able conductors and courteous attendants. It enables a young man to acquire in four years what would otherwise take him from ten years to a lifetime to obtain, and in these modern days it is also good for father, because it keeps him using last year's automobile, which is good enough for any one. A college education is a fine thing for a young man who desires to become a lawyer, minister, statesman, author, doctor, scholar, philanthropist, great baseball player or a all-round good citizen. However, a great many college educations are entirely wasted. The young man who proposes to become a modern high-pressure business man does not need education. What he mostly needs is a course under some good missionary. This will not help him become a millionaire, but it may prevent him from doing so by borrowing some other man's railroad and forgetting to return it.—George Fiton.

WELLINGTON

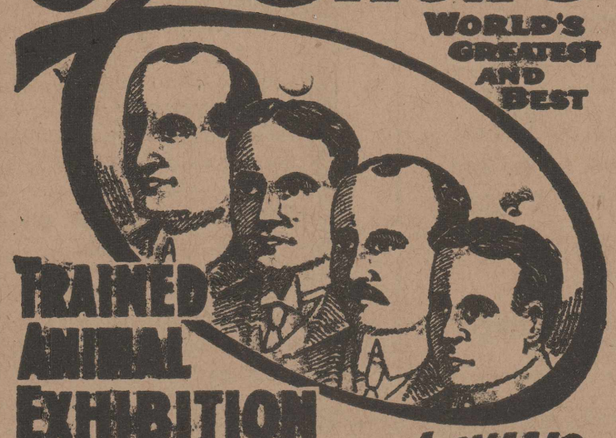
Saturday September 26th.

Positively only Big Show coming this Season

DIFFERENT AND DISTINCTIVE FROM ALL OTHERS.

GENTRY BROS. FAMOUS SHOWS

WORLD'S GREATEST AND BEST



TRAINED ANIMAL EXHIBITION

PRESENTING MORE PERFECTLY TRAINED ANIMALS THAN ANY OTHER SHOW ON EARTH

BRING THE CHILDREN

WHO WILL BE GIVEN A FREE RIDE ON OUR BEAUTIFUL SHETLAND PONIES IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE.

THE CHILDREN'S FAIRYLAND

"Next To Santa Claus—Comes Gentry Bros. Shows" —CHICAGO TRIBUNE

OUR POLICY:—As the animal actors, as well as the human peformers, give a much better afternoon peformance when they are not called upon to parade for an hour and a half in the morning. No parade will be given.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES

The following are the Democratic Nominees according to official returns of the primaries held in Collingsworth County on July 25, 1914. General election November 3:

For Representative to the Texas Legislature from 124th Dist:
R. L. TEMPLETON

For District Judge, 46th Judicial District:
J. A. NABERS

For District Attorney, 46th Judicial District:
O. T. WARLICK

For County Judge:
A. C. NICHOLSON

For County and District Clerk:
HERBERT DYSART

For Sheriff and Tax Collector:
J. G. NEECE

For County Treasurer:
W. G. HITE

For Tax Assessor:
J. D. THOMAS

For Public Weigher:
A. Y. (Andy) BELL

For County Commissioner, Precinct No. 1.
P. W. MYERS

For County Commisrionery, Precinct No. 3:
I. T. GOODNIGHT

Justice of the Peace—Prect. No. 1
T. O. HILL

For Constable, Precinct No. 1
M. L. BOSS

In Memory

On Monday August 31, 1914, the sweet little soul of Lois Montague left its earthy home and flew to its heavenly home where there will be no more suffering nor death. She leaves a heart broken father, mother and four sisters and a large host of relatives.

Little Lois was born Dec. 15, 1910, having lived only four short years to scatter her smiles and sunshine. She was a very sweet and loving child which caused all that knew her to love her.

It is very hard now to see any silver lining to these dark clouds but however, some day we will wonder why we grieved so hard. Her dear parents will never wonder where is my little girl, but will always know she is in the safe protection of her Savior's arms who said, "Suffer little children to come unto me." One of the sweetest scenes in Heaven to our mind, is when just such a fair jewel is entering the pearly gates and angels are welcoming her in.

Oh! it seems so sad and lonely
Since our precious one is gone,
Yet we know in Heaven we'll meet her
But it seems so very long.

She is waiting there to meet us,
With a smile we long to see;
Yes, she is waiting with the blessed,
For we know 'tis well with Thee.

Little Lois was so precious,
In our home we miss her so;
But she's gone to life eternal
Where all mortal souls must go.

Written by her aunt Rose and Lena.

Every citizen that purchases a bale of cotton during this crisis is a patriot in the true sense of the word.

Notice to Hunters

No hunting or shooting of any kind allowed on land owned or controlled by the undersigned. Now we are determined to keep out everybody. Yes, this means you. We will prosecute all tres passers.

J. E. Beggs.
A. and O. Buerger

Phone No. 111 for your feed orders.—Ball Brothers.

Notary Work Deeds Written and Titles Perfected

R. H. COCKE, JR.,

ATTORNEY and COUNSELOR

District and Appellate Court practice only. Land and Damage Suits Given Special Attention. Office in Court House.

.C C. SMALL

Attorney at Law

OFFICE OVER FIRST NATIONAT BANK SUIT 5

WELLINGTON, - TEXAS

R. H. Templeton R. L. Templeton

Templeton & Templeton

ATTORNEYS-AT-AW

Practice in all the courts
Deeds drawn: Notary work

Wellington, Texas.

A. C. NICHOLSON

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

General Court Practice

OFFICE—South-West Corner Over First National Bank

WELLINGTON, - TEXAS

J. H. LOVING, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Office with TOT—the Jeweler

Residence Phone 54

Dr. W. R. ORR

RESIDENT DENTIST

Office over City National Bank
Hours 8 to 12 1 to 5

Wellington, Texas

Dr. R. T. Lee

VETERINARY SURGEON

Wellington, Texas

OFFICE: Williams Drug Store

Office Phone No. 3
Residence Phone No. 80

CUNNINGHAM ABSTRACT COMPANY

Abstracts on short notice

NOTARY PUBLIC IN OFFICE

GROVER C. CUNNINGHAM, Mgr.

Wellington, Texas
Office over First National Bank

SEE US AT OUR SHOP

Between the Wooldridge and Shamburger lumber yards.

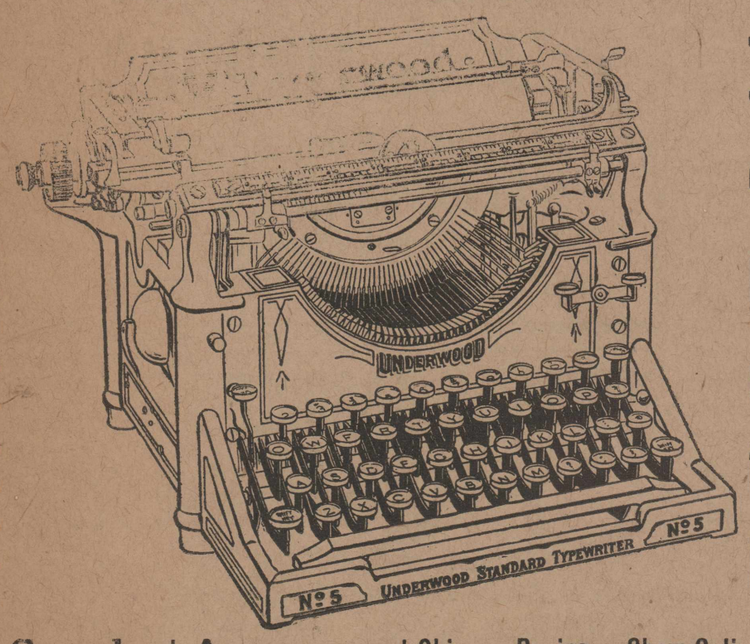
We will dress your lumber, make your door and window frames, mend your furniture, file your saws and do your entire building and repair work.

WALLER & WOOD

—Try Us—

"UNDERWOOD"

ALWAYS VICTORIUS----WINS AGAIN



Takes All Three--

"American Championship typewriter Prizes" for

Speed and Accuracy at Chicago Business Show, Coliseum, Sept. 5, 1914

OFFICIAL RECORDS

MACHINE	PROFESSIONAL	RECORD
Underwood	Rose L. Fritz	125 words per minute
	AMATEUR	
Underwood	Bessie Friedman	124 words per minute
	NOVICE	
Underwood	George Hossfeld	96 words per minute

"UNDERWOOD"

"The Machine You Will Eventually Buy"

Cicero Smith Lumber Company

Long & Short Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber and Cypress Products

Nigger Head Coal. (B.P.S.) Paint

WHEN you are in the market for Building Material Don't Fail To—

GET OUR FIGURES

There is money to be saved in buying if you will only look for it, and GIVE US A CHANCE

'Phone 27

V. V. DAVIS - - Manager

KRYPTOK

WITHOUT LINES IN THE LENS

Dr. T. A. Hudson

Wellington, Texas.

OFFICE:- City Nat'l Bank Building-

CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY

00

X-Ray and Electro Therapeutics

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EYES TESTED FREE

00

Office Phone 29

Residence 42

CHILDRESS --- WELLINGTON

DAILY AUTO SERVICE

$3.00 One Way :: $5.50 Roundtrip

MITCHELL 6—60

Lv. Wellington 8 a. m. Ar. Childress 10 a. m.

Lv. Childress 5 p. m. Ar. Wellington 7 p. m.

R. Q. MABRY, Proprietor

LUMBER! LUMBER!

LUMBER!

Hog Wire, Barbed Wire, Fence Post, Cement, Lime, Windows, and Doors.

Our stock is complete and it will pay you to see us and get our prices before you buy.

C. D. Shamburger

One-Half Block North-West of Square. Phone No. 198

AMOS R. EVANS, MANAGER.

Railroads Innocent By-Standers

A committee of railroad presidents, headed by Mr. Frank Trumbull, has presented to President Wilson a brief of the difficulties confronting the railroads, brought on by the European war. The President, in turn, has transmitted the memoranda to the American people, directing attention to the extraordinary emergency now confronting the railroads.

The railroads are innocent bystanders in this war and they have been more severely wounded than any other industry, for railroad property, although privately owned, is devoted to public service, and while the government makes the rates and requires expenditures, it does not guarantee receipts.

The farmers suffer for lack of a market and business stagnates by the closing of foreign ports, but the warehouse and the bank vault will preserve their property from destruction while the railroads, like Tennyson's Brook, must run on and on and cannot resort to any such expediency to protect their interests.

Wilson Speaks Good Word for Railroads

Washington.—President Wilson has responded to the request of several railroad executives that he call to the attention of the country the imperative need that railway credits be sustained and that the roads be helped wherever feasible by government agencies or by private co-operative effort.

The president outlined his views for the country in a letter to Frank Trumbull, chairman of the Chespeake & Ohio board, who acted as spokesman for the railroad presidents who saw Mr. Wilson Wednesday. The president's letter set forth the following:

"NEED IS VERY REAL"

"You asked me to call the attention of the country to the imperative need that railway credits be sustained and the railroads helped in every possible way, whether by private or co-operative effort or by the action, wherever feasible, of government agencies, and I am glad to do so, because I think the need very real.

"I can not say that I entertain any deep anxiety about the matter, except, of course, the general anxiety caused by the unpresented situation of the money markets of the world; because the interest of the producer, the shipper, the merchant, the investor, the financier and the whole public in the proper maintenance and complete efficiency of the railways is too manifest. They are indispensable to our whole economic life and railway securities are at the very heart of most investments, large and small, public and private, by individuals and by institutions."

Panhandle 200,000 Years Ago

Tulia, Tex. Sept. 21.—As carefully guarded as if they were so much gold, skeletons of animals which are believed to have occupied what is now the Panhandle of Texas two hundred thousand years ago, are on the way to New Haven, Conn., where they will be placed in the Museum of Yale University.

The skeletons were taken at Rock Creek near here. All are the Equidae family. Dr. Edward L. Trexel, of Yale, under whose supervision the skeletons were unearthed declare they have been there probably 200,000 years. The skeletons are of a three-toed horse, elephant, sloth and turtle. Two years ago Prof. R. S. Lull of Yale, dug up some specimens here but the present findings are much more important.

Cattle Sales

Jim Muse of the Camp county pasture sold 300 head of two-year old steers to Walter Darlington of Kansas City, last week; consideration $16,500.00 The cattle will be fed on Darlington's ranch below Shamrock.

J.E.Stanley sold 50 head of dry cows to John Harrington this week for $60.00 per head.

Uncle John Taylor and son, Willie, have bought 20 head of fat cows from Judge H. G. Hendricks for $60.00 per head.

John Taylor and son, Willie, bought 28 head of yearling steers from J. R. Carver; consideration private. They also bought 40 head of top calves from Jno. A. Lee for $30.00 per head. These gentlemen have contracted for J. P. Green's black steer calves for $28.00 per head.

J. A. Callan sold his nester bunch of cattle to W. E. and John Taplor last week. He received $45.00 per head for the cows and $30.00 for the calves.

W. L. Williams sold his calves to the Taylors this week for $30.00 per head.

J. E. Stanley has closed a deal for 220 head of black cows, about 50 calves and a few choice bulls belonging to Mr. Norwood of Collingsworth county, consideration $13,000. Mr. Stanley will sell his white face herd and eventually run a straight black herd.

G. O. McCrohan, Sr., a prominent ranchman just north of town, shipped 208 head of steers to Kansas City last week, 177 of which were sold as stockers, weighing 961 pounds, and brought $7.00 per hundred or $67.27 per head. The remaining 31 head brought $71.50 per head.—Wheeler Sun.

Amply Equipped

September 19, 1914.

Wellington Leader,

Wellington, Texas

Dear Sir:

It may be of interest to you to know that The West Texas State Normal College, Canyon, Texas, is opening for the year's work, 1914-15, under circumstances that promises much success. Students will receive an unusual amount of personal attention.

Our temporary buildings were constructed with reference to comfort in winter as well as summer. They are completely wrapped in rubberoid, making the walls and corners, top and bottom, practically air tight. Flues have been built and hot blast stoves will make the houses entirely warm in cold weather.

Our library contains about five thousand volumes, and our laboratories will answer the purpose for the current year.

Plans and specifications have been prepared by the architect and approved by the Board of Regents. Advertisements for bidders have been placed in the news papers that are published in the large cities, and in the industrial journals. Bids will be opened Oct. 1st and the contract will be let on Oct. 5th prox.

The new house will be approximately the same as the old building in outline. It will be three hundred feet long, one hundred and sixty-one deep, and four stories high, will contain about fifty rooms, offices, laboratories, etc. It will embody every thing that has been found to be best in school building. It will be fire proof throughout and one of the best school houses in the south.

The insurance money is now available, one hundred thousand dollars, and doubtless the Regents will have ample means later to build a great school for the Panhandle. It is believed that the new house will be ready for use by the summer term 1915.

Respectfully,

R. B. Cousins,

President.

J. C. WOOLDRIDGE LUMBER

We want to sell you your building material, We are in shape to furnish you the best lumber and prices that can be obtained. We are here to please and give you your money's worth.

LUMBER, LUMBER, LUMBER, LUMBER

Paints,

Famous Pittsburg Hog Wire,

Galvanized & Painted Cattle Wire

Sash, Doors, Windows, Lime

Cement, Plaster' Plaster Lath

Phone 53

JIM MOORE - - - - Manager

The O. K. Wagon Yard

For the best of "NIGGER-HEAD" Lump and Nut Coal, McCalester and Mexico Coal, phone or call on us. All kinds of Grain & Feed. The best Wagon Yard in the Panhandle.

J. C. Skaggs, Proprietor

IF YOU WANT TO

BUY OR SELL

anything in the grain or feed line See—

J. L. BROOKS

Retail and Wholesale dealer in

Grain and Feed Stuff

PHONE No. 65

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die.

I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good.

I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, and quit taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package today.

Only a quarter.

FRENCH INFANTRY GUARDING ROAD TO PARIS

Squad of French infantrymen behind a barricade of tree trunks defending one of the roads to Paris.

KOENIGSBERG, BESIEGED BY THE RUSSIANS

Koenigsberg, East Prussia, one of the strongest fortified cities in Germany, which the Russians are reported to have invested.

AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS FOR FRENCH ARMY

American residents of Paris, who have organized a volunteer regiment to fight in the French army, are here seen in the Place de l'Opera en route to their drilling place and carrying the Stars and Stripes.

CHANGING THE FRONTIER

After waiting 40 years the French finally had a chance at the German frontier marks along the Alsace-Lorraine border, and it did not take them long to tear down the signs that bore the black eagle and the words "Deutches Reich."

CHEERFULLY DESTROY THEIR OWN HOMES

Cottagers of Waelham, a suburb of Antwerp, burning their own home in order that the guns in the fortifications might have a clear sweep of the enemy's lines.

WAR REVENUE MEASURE READY

FEW LUXURIES ARE LEFT OFF LIST FOR SPECIAL TAX.

MANY ITEMS FROM 1898 BILL

Telephone and Telegraph Messages Included, Also Sleeping Berths. Bank Checks Are Omitted.

Washington.—An emergency revenue bill to provide $105,000,000 taxing beer, wines, gasoline, sleeping and parlor car tickets, insurance, telegraph and telephone messages, amusements and a variety of documents, was agreed to by democrats of the house ways and means committee. Democrats hope to rush the bill through the house. The big fight will be in the senate.

The committee increased the internal revenue tax on beed by 50 cents a barrel, making the new tax $1.50. Domestic wines are to be taxes 20 cents a gallon on sweet wines and 12 cents a gallon on dry wines. Gasoline is to be taxed 2 cents a gallon.

Bankers are to be taxed $2 on each $1,000 of capital, surplus and undivided profits; brokers will pay $50 each, pawn brokers $20, commercial brokers $20, custom house brokers $10. Proprietors of theaters, museums and concert halls in cities of 15,000 population or more are to pay $100 each. Circus proprietors are to pay $100 a year, proprietors of bowling alleys and billiard rooms $5 for each alley or table.

Tobacco dealers and manufacturers are to be taxed the same as in 1898 except in the largest class "tobacco dealers not specifically provided for," the tax is to be $4.80 each.

Bonds and certificates of indebtedness are taxed five cents for each $100 involved, and freight and express receipts one cent each, with a mandatory provision that the shippers must pay this tax. Telephone messages are to be taxed one cents on all tolls of fifteen cents or more and telegrams one cent a message.

To Tax Life Insurance.

The bill carries taxes of fifty cents on each indemnity bond, two cents on each certificate of profits, 25 cents on each certificate of damage and ten cents for each certificate not especially provided for. Bank checks are not taxed.

Life insurance policies are to be taxed eight cents on each $100, and fire, marine, casualty, fidelity and guaranty insurance policies one-half cent on each dollar as in 1898. Goods withdrawn from customs houses will pay a stamp tax of fifty cents as in 1898, but the 25 tax on each warehouse receipt imposed in 1898 is omitted. The 1898 tax of from 25 cents to one dollar for entry of goods at customs houses, according to values, is renewed.

For each seat in a palace or parlor car and for each berth in a sleeping car, the tax now is to be two cents, against the one cent war tax in 1898.

Tickets from a United States port to a foreign port will be taxed from one dollar to five dollars each, according to the value of the ticket, as in 1898.

Other provisions are: Brokers contracts, ten cents; deeds and other conveyances, fifty cents, not exceeding $500 in amount, and fifty cents for each additional $500. Mortgages 25 cents for each $1500; power of attorney to vote, ten cents; power of attorney to sell, 25 cents; protest of a note, or a bill of acceptance, etc., 25 cents.

STEAMER SINKS IN THE COLUMBIA

Oregon's Wild River Grave of Another Human Cargo.

Astoria.—Between 70 and 80 men, women and children, coastwise passengers and crew, were drowned when the three-masted steam schooner Francis H. Leggett was pounded to pieces in a gale 60 miles from the mouth of the Columbia river.

Two men rescued as passing steamers and carried to Astoria and Portland told how the tea tore the vessel to pieces and how the passengers were drowned, a boat load at a time, as the life boats put off or met their fate a little later when the vessel overturned.

The steamer's wireless raised only the Japanese cruiser Idzumo, and sank hours before any craft reached her position. The steamer Beaver which caught the Idzumo's report of the Leggett's distress said the Idzumo gave no position for the distressed vessel. Geo. H. Pullman and Alexander Farrell were rescued by the steamer Buck.

Irish Rejoicing Over Home Rule.

Dublin.—For the first time on record, followers of John E. Redmond and William O'Brien have joined in a popular demonstration. This occurred at Mill Street, County Cork, and the cause was rejoicing over the passage of the home rule bill. Headed by an "All-for-Ireland" band, a battalion of volunteers paraded the streets. Several speeches were delivered by local leaders, who exhorted the volunteers to join the Irish brigade and at once tender their services to the war office.

PRESS MEN ANXIOUS

Foreign Correspondents in Washington Worried.

Being Able, Scholarly and Well Liked, Their American Colleagues Refrain From Hurting Their Sensibilities.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.—Perhaps the most anxious men in Washington today are the correspondents of foreign newspapers sent here by their editors to report the doings in this capital of a first-class power. There are not many of these men, but each has his heart engaged, naturally, with the cause of the country across the water of which he is a native. Their anxieties are increased by the difficulties which they have in communicating to their journals the Washington view of the war abroad.

It is unqpestionably true, for one sees it and must know it, that the great preponderance of sympathy in the capital, lay and official, is with the fighters on one side of this great European war. It is true also that the preponderance of sympathy among the newspaper correspondents rests with the same cause. It must be left to the readers to guess or to judge where the greater fund of sympathy rests.

The correspondents of foreign newspapers, men sent here from their home countries, are members of the National Press club. American newspaper men, no matter how their sympathies lie, refrain from expressing them in the presence of their foreign newspaper brethren. These foreign correspondents all are good fellows, well liked, and admired for their ability and their scholarship; for the foreign newspaper men for the most part really are scholars in the best sense of the term.

One of the greatest newspapers in all Germany is represented in Washington by a native German correspondent who has been here for some years. This writer of American affairs for German readers is Dr. George Barthelme. The German cable was cut at the very outset of the war by the British and there are no mails today reaching German ports.

Doctor Barthelme might be thought in a way to be a man with his occupation gone. It is true that he cannot send his daily dispatches or his daily and weekly letters, but unquestionably he is writing for future reading his studies of the American attitude in this great war and to give the German view of how America felt and acted when Europe was at grips.

The Washington correspondent of the great London Times is Arthur Willert, a graduate of Oxford and a man who has served his newspaper in various capitals of Europe. Willert's lines of communication with his newspaper are not as open as they were, but he is not handicapped to anything like the extent of his German journalist brother.

War between the countries of Europe has not produced war between the newspaper representatives of those countries now in Washington. It seems that the battlefield is the only place where men of different countries cannot fraternize. The official news of the department in Washington is as open to the foreign correspondents as it is to American correspondents. They get all that it is possible for anyone to get, and they interpret it according to their judgment for the benefit of their readers. Seemingly the sympathies of most American correspondents in this war are all one way, but they do not permit themselves to give open expression of their views in the presence of the foreign correspondents whose sensibilities might be injured.

MANY RESERVISTS OVER HERE

Warring Nations Could Call Approximately Million and a Half Men From United States.

Nations of the triple entente and Belgium could call upon 792,068 reservists in the United States for military duty, and Germany and Austro-Hungary could call out 650,962. There are approximately one and a half million unnaturalized foreigners more than twenty-one years of age, natives of the warring European countries, in the United States, according to latest reports from the census bureau.

Most of these are liable for military duty, and many of them have already gone forward to join the armies of their respective fatherlands. About one-tenth of the entire population of the United States came from the nations now at war, if the women and children are included, making the total, 9,965,479.

Those liable for war duty are divided as follows:

Great Britain and Ireland, 197,626; Canada, 150,718; Russia and Finland, 418,428; France, 16,605, and Belgium, 8,691. On the other side, Germany had 127,103 and Austria-Hungary, 523,859.

In addition to these the other European nations might call from the United States men who have not been naturalized here as follows:

Italy, 468,442; Switzerland, 10,338; Norway, 34,478; Sweden, 52,041; Denmark, 14,107; Holland, 11,706; Portugal, 18,444; Roumania, 12,569; Bulgaria, Servia and Montenegro combined, 14,552; Greece, 58,208; Turkey, 7,494, and Spain, 9,213.

A woman isn't necessarily industrious because she has a busy tongue.

DICKEY'S OLD RELIABLE EYE WATER once used, always wanted. Doesn't hurt. Adv.

Both Affected.

"Singing in the grand opera expands the chest."

"Yes. The chest and the head."

Proven.

"Her father thinks a great deal of you."

"Huh! He refused me her hand in marriage."

"That proves it."

Better Name.

The dog was a curious creature with a short body and long dangling ears. The newsboy owner was proud, however, as he held it in leash.

"What kindo purp is it?" asked an acquaintance.

"Dachsunt," replied the newsie.

"Dash hound?"

"That's what I said."

"Dash nothing," the other contemptuously retorted, "it looks more like a hyphen."—Youngstown Telegram.

Empty Titles.

The emperor of Austria, it has been noted, lays claim to the title marquis of Antwerp. If all European sovereigns could make good their minor territorial titles there would, indeed, be a reconstruction of the map. The king of Italy, for instance, is officially styled king of Sardinia, France, Spain and England, of Italy and Jerusalem, of Greece and Alexandria, of Hamburg and Sicily, Master of the Deep, King of the Earth. The king of Spain also claims to be king of Jerusalem, king of Galicia (a title shared with the emperor of Austria), and, in addition, king of Gibraltar, of the West Indies and of India.

Her Memory All Right.

Mrs. Geddes had a new maid, and she found it necessary to repeat her instructions several times before Nora obeyed them. The mistress had told her repeatedly about the finger-bowls, and one day, when there were guests they were again forgotten.

"Now Nora," said Mrs. Geddes, extremely exercised over the omission, "this is the sixth time I've had to tell you about the finger-bowls. Didn't the woman you last worked for have them on the table?"

"No, mum," replied Nora, "her friends always washed their hands before they cum."

The Bridal Trousseau.

The old idea of providing brides with a score or more of gowns, wraps and hats has quite gone by. Even the fashionable trousseau of today contains no more than a dozen gowns, if as many. Styles change so fast that by fall the gowns for the June wedding, necessarily made some weeks before the ceremony, begin to look odd. Some authority has declared that the best dressed woman in Paris buys no more than three new toilets each year, but the opinion may be ventured that she is altering her last year's supply most of the time. The vast assortments of lingerie have also dwindled. Nobody provides such a multitudinous wedding outfit nowadays as used to be required.—Leslie's.

Fighting the White Plague.

Adequate hospital facilities for the 35,000 residents of Ohio who are suffering from tuberculosis has been decided upon by the prevention of tuberculosis and officials of the state board of health. It is proposed to create 12 hospital districts of from four to six counties each, wherein campaigns will be inaugurated for the erection of district tuberculosis hopitals to be maintained jointly by the co-operating counties.

Through the erection of these 12 district hospitals, supplementing the present sanitaria, antituberculosis workers believe that the 35,000 victims will be adequately cared for, and that the people of the state will be so well protected through this hospitalization that eventually Ohio's death rate of 7,000 per year will be reduced materially.

SICK DOCTOR
Proper Food Put Him Right.

The food experience of a physician in his own case when worn and weak from sickness and when needing nourishment the worst way, is valuable:

"An attack of grip, so severe it came near making an end of me, left my stomach in such condition I could not retain any ordinary food. I knew of course that I must have food nourishment or I could never recover.

"I began to take four teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts and cream three times a day and for 2 weeks this was almost my only food. It tasted so delicious that I enjoyed it immensely and my stomach handled it perfectly from the first mouthful. It was so nourishing I was quickly built back to normal health and strength.

"Grape-Nuts is of great value as food to sustain life during serious attacks in which the stomach is so deranged it cannot digest and assimilate other foods.

"I am convinced that were Grape-Nuts more widely used by physicians, it would save many lives that are otherwise lost from lack of nourishment." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The most perfect food in the world. Trial of Grape-Nuts and cream 10 days proves. "There's a Reason."

Look in pkgs. for the little boo "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A one appears from time to time. are genuine, true, and full of h interest.

Drug Store Movies:

"THE BORROWED MATCH"

Some chaps always borrow their matches—and sometimes their smokes. That's habit. Suppose, friend, you get the habit of buying your cigars and cigarettes and tobacco from us. We'll throw in the matches.

CURTNER DRUG STORE

North-East Corner of the Square

Local News

Tankage For Sale.---Shields & Co.

New alfalfa hay at J. C. Skaggs.

The Boles Grocery Store for the best.

The Boles grocery Store for the freshest.

A bit a dozen for eggs in trade at Pritchard & Son.

Dr. Spikard of Plymouth, was here first of the week.

The Boles grocery store wants your eggs and chickens.

J. R. Vaughn is in the city today with a bale of cotton.

Lots of new alfalfa hay at the J. C. Skaggs wagon yard.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Kesler on Tuesday a fine girl.

Bring your order to Russell Grocery and go away pleased.

J. J. Herndon left Monday for a business trip to Wichita Falls.

Car load of hog wire just received at the J. C. Wooldridge Lumber Yard.

Eggs? We give 12 1-2 cents per dozen in trade. Pritchard & Son.

Guss Stall and lady went to Wichita Falls Monday, returning Tuesday.

The contract has been let for a new jail at our sister town of Memphis.

E. D. Westfall, merchant prince of Plymouth, was in the city yesterday.

L. D. Ladd of Eastland, Texas, is here on a visit to his son, Tom Ladd.

J. B. Castleberry returned yesterday from a business trip to Oklahoma.

W. W. Sugg is in the city today from his splendid ranch north of town.

Mrs. Oscar Smith returned Tuesday from a two week's visit to Clarendon.

Take your eggs to Pritchard & Son. We give 12 1-2 cents per dozen in trade.

We will pay you 12 1-2 cents per dozen for eggs. Goforth Produce Co.

The greatest line of school shoes ever shown at McCauley Dry Goods Co.

See our school supplies, ask about our premium. E. M. Williams Drug Co.

We are in the market for all kind of feed. Shields-Shields Grain & Coal Co.

Marriage license were issued on the 19th to J. L. Goode and Miss Irene Frank.

W. M. Austin and wife came in Wednesday from a visit to points in Oklahoma.

When you can't come just 'phone No. 3, we'll do the rest. E. M. Williams Drug Co.

Don't miss first reel of Million $ Mystery next Tuesday night at New Dime Theatre.

Miss Grace Goodnight returned Tuesday from a visit of several weeks at Dallas.

T. A. Glenn and lady left yesterday for a visit to Memphis, expecting to return today.

Commissioner A. J. Bradley of Plymouth is in the city today, making the trip in his car.

Mrs. Jennie Russell of Oklahoma City is here on a visit to her aunt, Mrs. J. M. Strong.

Uncle Jimmie Bowen returned yesterday from a six week's visit at Sulphur, Oklahoma.

W. A. Morrow and E. A. Wells are attending Federal Court this week at Amarillo as jurymen.

Our stock is completed and when you need groceries call us we have them, Smith & Brown.

McCauley Dry Goods Co. have a new tailoring line that is the best for the money ever shown.

S. J. Glazner, one of the splendid citizens of the north side, was in the city one day this week.

McCauley Dry Good Co. shows a beautiful line of millinery goods at prices that please every one.

W. D. Bailey and wife returned Tuesday from a visit to Elk City and other points in Oklahoma.

Bring your bucket and jugs to Smith & Browns and get orange top country made sorghum, 60c per gallon.

We want your eggs and will give you 12 1-2 cents per dozen in trade at our store.—Pritchard & Son.

Mrs. Sam V. Pritchard left last week for Sherman where she will visit her daughter. Mrs. Boyd B. Head.

We now have our stock complete and can fill your order with both goods and prices. Russell Grocery.

Mrs. S. W. Jenkins of Dallas left yesterday on her return home after a visit here to her sister, Mrs. T. O. Hill.

LOST—On the streets in Wellington Monday a pair of nose glasses. Finder please leave at Leader Printing Office.

We have just received 4 cars of flour and are in position to make you prices that will look good. Smith & Brown.

A. & W. Big Store and H. D. Creath of the City National Bank are among others joining in the "Buy-a-Bale" movement.

C. M Dowlin and J. M. Black, two of the well to do farmers of the Fresno community, were in the city one day this week.

Before you buy that tailored suit see the new line at McCauley Dry Goods Co. They save you money and give quality.

For rich red blood, take our Beef, Iron and Wine. E. M. Williams Drug Co.

Wagon load after wagon load of maize, corn, sorgum and other feed stuff continues to come in, and we learn finds a ready sale.

Hall county will have an exhibit at the Panhandle State Fair at Amarillo. Childress county will also have an exhibit.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Fisher returned Tuesday from a two weeks visit to relatives at Miami. Rolla Fischer also accompanied them on the trip.

O. R. Womack and E. D. Murras of Delta county arrived Monday. These gentlemen are carpenters by trade and contemplate locating here.

Eat dinner Saturday with the Baptist ladies who will serve meals in the building north side of the square formerly occupied by the Pritchard Grocery Co.

We are glad to learn that young Mr. Cagle who resides west of town a short distance, who has been down with the fever for some weeks, is reported better at this writing.

Miss Verne Thomas left last Saturday for Sherman, Texas, to attend the Kidd-Key College, expecting to take special instruction in both vocal and instrumental music.

WANTED—A family to pick cotton, house furnished, customary price paid. Call or write Thos. W. Moore, Rt. 1, 4 miles southeast of town on V. T. Glenns place. 8-1t

The Woodmen of the World lodges over Texas have joined in the "Buy-a-Bale" movement, and it is reported that all toll they have purchased twelve thousand bales of cotton at 10c.

G. C. LaHue was in from his splendid farm Tuesday and made The Leader a substantial call. Mr. LaHue is highly elated over crop conditions in general and not having any cotton he is free from worry incident thereto.

Hon. W. M. Cunningham of Amarillo, an uncle of our townsman, Grover C. Cunningham, was in the city last Friday in the interest of the Panhandle State Fair which opens at Amarillo tomorrow.

W. W. Neeley reports that while the cotton on his place wont average a bale per acre, yet he believes that his best cotton will turn out a bale per acre. He also says all crops of all kinds are making immense yields.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Roark and children of near Lutie went to Wichita Falls Monday where their little four year old boy expected to undergo a surgical operation. And from Wichita they expect to go to Montague county for a short visit before returning home.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. and Mrs. Mannahan who reside south of town some eight miles are suffering from a severe attack of typhoid fever, also two of their children. We trust they will all soon recover and again enjoy their former good health.

See the first reel of Million $ Mystery Tuesday night, September 29, at New Dime Theatre.

J. E. Painter and family left yesterday to again make their home at Center Point, Texas. Their preference is the Panhandle country but on account of rheumatism Mr. Painter is forced to seek a lower altitude. We regret very much to lose this good family.

J. S. Campbell returned first of the week from a trip down east accompanied on his return by his daughter, Mrs. J. D. Davis, who with her husband will make Wellington their home. Mr. Davis will be here in a few days or as soon as he can arrange his business affairs. They resided here a few years ago, and have many friends who will be glad to learn of their return.

There is a tour to the Panama Exposition waiting for one winner in each town in Texas and Oklahoma in which this contest is worked. McCauley Dry Goods Co.

Who invented work? "It must have been one of those enthusiastic merchants contestants" says the wise man. McCauley Dry Goods Co.

They are busy morning, noon and night. They are very busy planning tomorrow's campaign in their dreams. McCauley Dry Goods Co.

Are you one of the workers? The big week is here. If you are it must bring the returns that your candidacy demands. EVERYBODY GET IN NOW. THE WATER IS FINE. McCauley Dry Goods Co.

A new car of hog wire arrived this week for the J. C. Wooldridge Lumber Yard.

Zach Lowrie and Bud Lowrie went to Mangum the former part of this week to help the buyer who bought horses here last week drive his bunch to that place. It is said these horses are for British calvary service, and that Great Britian wants fifty thousand horses from the United States.

We will pay you 12 1-2 cents per dozen for eggs. Goforth Produce Co.

For the best brands and the freshest groceries go to the Boles Grocery Store.

G. W. Crone and C. H. Service left first of the week for Aberdeen where they will build for Uncle Tom Wall a new and handsome home. Mr. Wall is one of the early settlers of this county, and we rejoice with him in his prosperity. We are informed that this will be one of the nicest homes in the county when completed.

Buy your coal oil at Smith & Brown, we buy in car loads is why we make the price.

"White Crest Flour"—the very best biscuit flour made at the Boles Grocery Store.

Help your friend to win in the contest at McCauley Dry Good Co. It means more to her than any undertaking of her life.

Wanted to Buy

A second hand oil or gasoline range. Will look at coal range if in good order. Address, J. E. Clem, Box 106, Wellington, Texas.

For Sale

A few registered Duroc Jersey Pigs for sale. Jake Black, Rt. 4. 8-4t

Notice to Public.

No hunting or fishing on any premises owned or controlled by the undersigned.

V. T. Glenn,
Bob Glenn.

Public Scales

The Public Weigher's Platform Scales are located in front of the Goforth Produce Co's place of business. A nominal fee of 10c per load will be charged for weighing.

8-4t A. Y. Bell

Telephone Directories.

The Wellington Telephone Exchange have issued a new Directory which is just off the press. These Directories are for distribution among our subscribers and those who have not yet received one of the new copies will please call at the Central office and get one at your earliest convenience. as the proper use of these will enable us to give the very best telephone service.

Yours very truly,
J. P. Barton, Mgr.

THE FARMERS FALL NEEDS

At the beginning of a new season the farmers' needs are many.

They need 10c per lb. for cotton.

They need 10c per lb. for their hogs.

They need $20 per ton for their milo maize.

They need $1 per bushel for their corn.

They need $40 per head for their calves.

We cater to the rural farmers trade and offer drug store goods of the best quality, at right prices. They need to try our parcel post service.

Of all needs they need, they need to do their fall trading at---

E. M. WILLIAMS DRUG CO.

SOUTH SIDE OF THE SQUARE

Kelley Items

A cool norther is blowing today which reminds us that winter is not far away.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lewis spent Saturday night with her father, Rev. Cornelius, who lives near Dodsonville.

Isaac Hendrix of Hollis visited the family of his uncle, D. L. Kutch, Saturday and Sunday.

Merritt James of Grass Burr was visiting his sister, Mrs. Owen Hightower, here Sunday.

Mrs. Jno. Kesler and daughter, Miss Flossie, spent Monday with Mrs. W. S. White Jr.

Miss Eunice Beck left for Shamrock Sunday where she will spend some time with relatives.

J. B. Swafford shipped a car load of fat hogs to Fort Worth this week.

Quite a large crowd attended the singing at R. A. Hightowers Sunday night. The singing was the best we have heard in some time. With the help of the new comers Kelley will again come to the front along the singing line.

Misses Ilia Ford, Mary White and Ocie Hightower ate dinner with Miss Grace Lewis Sunday.

Misses Eoree and Irene Akins of Fresno attended the singing at R. A. Hightowers.

If any body wants a job of cotton picking they will have no trouble finding it in this community. Cotton is fine. Truly "the harvest is white and the laborers are few."

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Kesler are rejoicing over the advent of a new girl which came September 21st.

Tom Woods left last week for Earl, Oklahome, to visit relatives, from there he will go to Dallas to attend a barber school. We regret to lose Mr. Tom from our community but wish him much success.

Bro. Cornelius will preach at the school house Sunday evening.

JOHNNY

Don't make a mistake, get our prices. Russell Grocery

Announcment

I wish to announce to my friends and the public, that I have resigned my position with the Leader Grocery, and am now associated with C. W. Boles on the west side where I will be glad to serve you in the future. I appreciate the many favors extended me in the past and will do my best to merit a continuance of same in the future.

Respectfully,
W. M. Owens.

Sunbeam Program

Subject—The United Kingdom.
Roll Call
Ten minutes for sword drill.
The life of Taul.—Gladys Ladd
Special song
The life of David—Lois McClure.
Piano Solo—Olivia Fain.
The life of Solomon—Raomond McClure
Reading—Leslie Lee Ladd
Solo—Imogene Brown
Paper, Lessons from the livee of these three great kings. Mabel Coe
Reading—Annie D. Howell.
Every one is cordially invited to attend this service as the children have taken special time to get up a nice program, which will be helpful to all who attend and listen.
Be sure to be there at 2:30.

Program on Christian Education

Leader—Mrs. T. T. Fain
Song
Prayer—Mrs. O. L. Couch.
Is there a Bible Doctrine of Education, by Mrs. Howell.
Goodnight Baptist College.—Mrs. Moore.
The past session.—Mrs. Speight.
Present status of the school—Mrs. Williams.
Our needs.—Mrs. McFarland.
Statement of present conditions.—Bro. Garrard
Offering
Prayer.

Crop for Sale and Farm for Rent

Crop for sale and farm for rent. See C. H. Presnal, Route No. 1, Wellington, Texas.

CHILDRESS-WELLINGTON
AUTO LINE

ROUND TRIP DAILY

Leave Childress at 10:30 a. m.
Arrive in Wellington at 12:00 noon
Leave Wellington at 3:30 p. m.
Arrive in Childress at 5:00 p. m.

RATES:—One Way $3.00
Round Trip $5.00

Expert driver. Courteous treatment. Your business will be greatly appreciated.
As I have been operator of the Memphis - Welington line, you know I can deliver the goods.

Phone 522 Childress, Texas, or No. 10 Wellington, Texas.

G. S. Ottie
SIGLER & JONES, Props.

Agent For The Best Steam Laundry.

T. L. BALL
"THE BARBER"
The Place to Get a Shave that Suits
Southeast Corner Square Wellington.

Agent For The Best Steam Laundry.

Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society met Monday afternoon at the Baptist church. Several of the ladies met at two and quilted until three.

We read the fourth chapter of Nehemiah, we also studied the blood of Nehemiah for our Bible study. Business was taken up.

The ladies will serve dinner Saturday, September 26th on the north side of the square. We invite every one to come and eat with us.

We had quite a busy afternoon last Monday, quilting, planning for the dinner and devotional meeting. Every one ought to come, I belisve you would feel better every way. Those present were: Mesdames Ladd, Williams, Davenport, Moore, Howell, Garrard, Cochran, McCauley, Fain, Winnie, Dobbs, Speight, Neeley and Couch.

Press Reporter.

The first series of the Million Dollar Mystery will be shown at New 10c Theatre next Tuesday night, Sept. 29

Eat dinner Saturday with the Baptist ladies who will serve meals in the building north side of the square formerly occupied by the Pritchard Grocery Co.

We will pay you 12 1-2 cents per dazen for eggs. Goforth Produce Co.

Car of hog wire at the J. C. Wooldridge Lumber Yard.

We pay cash for eggs. Smith & Brown.

"Buy-a-Bale" Reminders

Buy a bale and lift a mortgage.

Rally 'round the farmer and buy a bale.

Texans are leaders, not followers. The plan was born in this State.

Join the "Texas Cotton Club," buy a bale and become a public benefactor.

Texas produces a bale of cotton per capita.

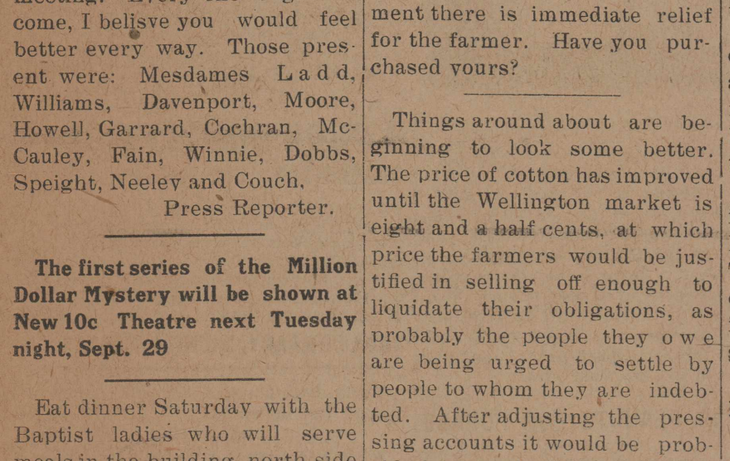
Woodrow Wilson has approved the "Buy-a-Bale" plan by purchasing a bale of Texas cotton himself.

In the "Buy-a-Bale" movement there is immediate relief for the farmer. Have you purchased yours?

Things around about are beginning to look some better. The price of cotton has improved until the Wellington market is eight and a half cents, at which price the farmers would be justified in selling off enough to liquidate their obligations, as probably the people they owe are being urged to settle by people to whom they are indebted. After adjusting the pressing accounts it would be probably best to hold the balance they have until the prices reaches 10c anyhow.

Eat dinner Saturday with the Baptist ladies who will serve meals in the building north side of the square formerly occupied by the Pritchard Grocery Co.

We will pay you 12 1-2 cents per dozen for eggs. Goforth Produce Co.



Drastic Action Against Hoarding Money

Washington, Sept. 19.—Drastic action against bankers who are hoarding money, denying loans for legitimate purposes to commercial borrowers, while their vaults bulge with "war emergency" and other currency is being discussed by Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo. The secretary and members of the Federal Reserve Board admitted today that numerous complaints against bankers are being received. Recall from offending banks by the treasury of currency issued for the war emergency under the Aldrich-Vreeland act unless the hoarding ceases, was being seriously considered today.

State banks, which cannot be reached by the Federal officials, are also offending by hoarding their money.

Many banks are also said to be declining to extend maturing paper and to be raising interest rates.

That hoarding always occurs in times of distress, but with the treasury dealing out currency with a free hand there is no necessity for such action now, is the position of Secretary McAdoo and the Reserve Board.

Between Oct. 15 and Nov 1 the Reserve Board plans to have the new currency system in operation and members believed present hoarding will then cease.

DON'T TAKE WRONG MEDICINE

If your liver gets lazy you need a liver tonic, not merely a laxative for the bowls. Many people take a simple laxative when the liver gets sluggish rather than take calomel, which they know to be dangerous. But a mere laxative will not start a sluggish liver. What is needed is a tonic that will liven up the liver without forcing you to stay at home and lose a day from your work.

You have such a tonic in Dodson's Liver Tone. Dodsons Liver Tone is all that is claimed for it, because the druggists who sell it agree to hand back the money with a smile, to any person not satisfied with the relief Dodson's gives.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a vegetable liquid with a very pleasant taste and is a prompt and reliable remedy for constipation, billiousness, sour stomach and torpid liver.

E. M. Williams Drug Co gives it their personal guarantee. Large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone is only 50 cents. For children or grown people it is the ideal medicine. Try it on the guarantee.

Free Trip to The Panama-Pacific Exposition, San Francisco, 1915

Anyone taking an agency to sell Life Insurance for The Great Republic Life Insurance Company, Los Angeles, California, or The Cherokee Life Insurance Company of Rome, Georgia, will be given a free trip to the World's Fair next year at San Francisco. The only condition is, the entire first year premium on the first $10,000 of 20-Pay Life sold, must be remitted with the applications.

Take an agency and qualify at once.

Write S. C. Pandolfo, General Agent, San Antonio, Texas.

"Twiggs Brooks at his new stand on the north side of the Square does the very best cleaning, pressing and repairing," so say his countless satisfied customers. Get the idea? Next time take your dudds there.

Phone No. 111 for your feed orders.—Ball Brothers.

Railroads Innocent By-Standers

A committee of railroad presidents, headed by Mr. Frank Trumbull, has presented to President Wilson a brief of the difficulties confronting the railroads, brought on by the European war. The President, in turn, has transmitted the memoranda to the American people, directing attention to the extraordinary emergency now confronting the railroads.

The railroads are innocent bystanders in this war and they have been more severely wounded than any other industry, for railroad property, although privately owned, is devoted to public service, and while the government makes the rates and requires expenditures, it does not guarantee receipts.

The farmers suffer for lack of a market and business stagnates by the closing of foreign ports, but the warehouse and the bank vault will preserve their property from destruction while the railroads, like Tennyson's Brook, must run on and on and cannot resort to any such expediency to protect their interests.

Wilson Speaks Good Word for Railroads

Washington.—President Wilson has responded to the request of several railroad executives that he call to the attention of the country the imperative need that railway credits be sustained and that the roads be helped wherever feasible by government agencies or by private co-operative effort.

The president outlined his views for the country in a letter to Frank Trumbull, chairman of the Chespeake & Ohio board, who acted as spokesman for the railroad presidents who saw Mr. Wilson Wednesday. The president's letter set forth the following:

"NEED IS VERY REAL"

"You asked me to call the attention of the country to the imperative need that railway credits be sustained and the railroads helped in every possible way, whether by private or co-operative effort or by the action, wherever feasible, of government agencies, and I am glad to do so, because I think the need very real.

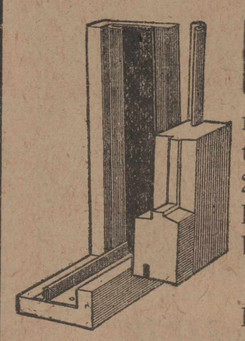
"I can not say that I entertain any deep anxiety about the matter, except, of course, the general anxiety caused by the unpresented situation of the money markets of the world; because the interest of the producer, the shipper, the merchant, the investor, the financier and the whole public in the proper maintenance and complete efficiency of the railways is too manifest. They are indispensable to our whole economic life and railway securities are at the very heart of most investments, large and small, public and private, by individuals and by institutions."

Panhandle 200,000 Years Ago

Tulia, Tex. Sept. 21.—As carefully guarded as if they were so much gold, skeletons of animals which are believed to have occupied what is now the Panhandle of Texas two hundred thousand years ago, are on the way to New Haven, Conn., where they will be placed in the Museum of Yale University.

The skeletons were taken at Rock Creek near here. All are the Equidae family. Dr. Edward L. Trexel, of Yale, under whose supervision the skeletons were unearthed declare they have been there probably 200,000 years. The skeletons are of a three-toed horse, elephant, sloth and turtle. Two years ago Prof. R. S. Lull of Yale, dug up some specimens here but the present findings are much more important.

THE
DIAMOND
WAY
PRACTICAL
WEATHER STRIPPING

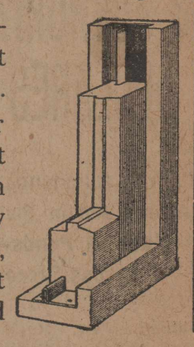


THE DIAMOND FLEXIBLE METAL WEATHER STRIP keeps out dust, dirt, storm, noise, wind, etc., and at the same time reduces your heating bills from 20 to 40 per cent. Can be put in house already built as well as new buildings.

They are entirely consealed and last the lifetime of the building.

It is a recognized fact that no building is complete or up-to-date without weather strips. They are a necessity.

The Diamond Flexible Metal Weather Strip not only accomplsihes all that others claim, but does more, as the sash can be removed in case of necessity without injuring or destroying the strip, and the fact that it is flexible allows it to go and come with the swelling and shrinkage of the sash. These are two points no other strip has. Windows never bind, rattle or rust with our strip, and always slide up or down easy. It not only adds comfort, but actually makes a saving in yonr heat bill.



We have letters of recommendation from satisfied users in all sections of the country. Some from Wellington. Ask our agent for illustrated catalog

Our corps of of expert mechanics especially trained for the work, are prepared to install the strip in your building, whether old or new, without causing you any inconvenience whatever, and at a figure that the saving in heating bills will pay for in a short time.

We are prepared to equip any style of window or door, as we make our strip to suit the particular requirements of each ease. If you consult our local representative he will tell you how to remedy the defects of your doors and windows.

You will never appreciate the value of weather strips until you have them instailed, and then you will wonder how you ever got along without them.

Science tells us that a wind blowing fifteen miles an hour will let into a room through a crack one sixteenth in. around a door or window 180 cubic feet of air an hour. In order to keep worm you have to heat this air which is continually coming in. Why not stop it and save fuel?

You want ventilation but not in the form of drafts coming from every window and door in the room.

If you go into any up-to-date home, church, school building or hospital, you will find weather strips installed. It is not an experiment with them, as the comfort derived as well as the saving in fuel has justified their installation. Why hesitate? Get in touch with our local representative today—Now.

The Diamond Metal Weather Strip has won its way to the front through merit alone. It It wasn't luck. It didn't just happen, but the legin of satisfied customers has built up an ever increasing business by their singing and praises for the benefits derived from the strip.

Don't be fooled with inferior strips when the best cost no more

The first costs are its last and varies according to conditions to be met with, at no time is it excessive; no cost at all until job is complete and you see jost what you are getting.

Estimates will be furnished on application without in any way binding you.

The calm season in the Panhandle is now coming to a close and the wintery one is taking its place. Why hesitate? Have your windows and doors fixed in due season.

J. A. DUKEMINIER,
Agent.

FOR SALE—My four room house and three large lots. I have good well of soft water with tank and windmill. Also lots, cribs and cellar. I would take good wagon and team as part payment. T. A. Glenn. 6-2t

Pigs for Sale

47 pigs about size to wean, for sale, or to trade in on a good brood mare. I live two miles west of Arlie post office.

6-2t J. W. Walls

Why Deposit Money In a National Bank

A NATIONAL BANK, with large Resources like the City National Bank, is a safe institution with which to deposit your money. It is chartered under the Laws of the United States Government and is subject to thorough examinations under the direction of the Comptroller of Currency. The Officers of The Bank also render five sworn Statements to the National Bank Department of the Government.

We invite accounts on the basis of positive service

The City National Bank

TOTAL RESOURCES OVER.....$300,000.00

Wellington — Texas

H. D. CREATH, Cashier.

J. C. DONEGHY, Pres. S. A. STREET, Vice Pres.
J. A. LEACH. WALTER CAMPBELL.
J. R. BENSON, Ass't Cash. CLYDE ARNN, Book-keeper.

We loan money on farm lands for five to ten years time and buy Vendor's Lien Notes.

BELGIAN HORSES KILLED BY A SHELL

HIGH AUTHORITY ON PUBLIC HEALTH DECLARES CLEAR ICE IS GERM FREE

Dr. Hugh S. Cummings Says the Process of Crystallizing Expels Matter Even in Rivers Known to Be Polluted—Tests Are Made in Ponds—Some Danger When Ice Is Dragged Across Streets and Exposed to Dirty Hands.

Washington.—Dr. Hugh S. Cummings of the United States public health service, has written a cheerful story of ice that tends to dispel much of the fear that disease may be produced as readily by ice as by water. Moreover, the story is readable, for Doctor Cummings has the art of making his subject attractive, even though the subject is only frozen water.

According to Doctor Cummings, clear ice, frozen in plenty of free water which can take up the unsanitary particles of bacteria expelled by the freezing process, is of itself as free from danger of conveying infectious disease as we need wish. Dirty or cloudy ice may be dangerous and should not be placed in water or on food when it is to be eaten uncooked. We may eliminate all danger by avoiding the handling of ice with dirty hands, by washing the ice with pure water and by using only clear ice.

How Hindus Make Ice.

Going into the romantic origin of the art of cooling food and drinks, Doctor Cummings points out how the Hindu in the northern provinces of India from time immemorial has wrapped his porous jug, filled with water boiled to expel air, with wetter cloths, the evaporation from which makes ice during cold, clear nights. The Indian of the tropics and the cowboy of the plains still take advantage of the abstraction of heat by evaporation. Romance tells us how the chivalrous Saracen, Saladin, sent to his crusader enemy, him of the lion heart, snow ice from the mountains to assuage his fever. But until last century the storing and use of ice was a merely local matter.

With the increased necessity for transporting food long distances and the demand for ice in places to which it was difficult to deliver natural ice, attempts were made to invent some practicable method of artificially producing ice.

Artificial Ice Now Common.

About 1868 Carre invented his ice machine, and later Doctor Gorrie, whose statue now in the Statuary hall, in the national capitol, shows Florida's appreciation of his worth, increased its usefulness. It was not until the late '80s, however, that the artificial production of ice became a commercial success. Within these thirty-odd years methods have been perfected until nearly every hamlet in our great country has its ice supply; and none but the poorest and most isolated of our people are deprived of its blessings.

But one principle is involved in the formation of ice, which is that when two substances of unequal temperature are in contact the warmer substance gives up heat until both are of the same temperature.

Important phenomena occur during this change. First, like most other substances, water contracts as it grows colder until it reaches 4 degrees centigrade, or 39.1 degrees Fahrenheit. It then begins to expand, so that ice is lighter than water. Were this not true, our northern waters would be frozen from the bottom and all fish killed.

Foreign Matter Expelled.

The second phenomenon, one common to the crystallization of all substances, and one well known to chemists, but until recently overlooked by sanitarians, is that during crystallization nearly all extraneous substances either in suspension or solution are expelled from the crystal; indeed, crystallization is a common method employed by chemists to obtain chemically pure substances.

Doctor Cummings makes it clear that ice, whether natural or artificial, may, and sometimes does carry disease, and that heat will destroy bacteria much more readily than cold, nevertheless he shows that the freezing process operates powerfully to render ice safe for human consumption. This ice while freezing expels about 90 per cent of the organisms living in it, provided it is surrounded b- enough free water to give these a place to go. For this reason ice cut in shallow ponds may be less wholesome than that taken from deep water.

Freezing Kills Typhoid Germ.

Again, freezing destroys a large percentage of typhoid bacilli. Sedgwick and Winslow found in one experiment that only 41 per cent were alive 14 minutes and 22 per cent six hours after freezing. More important than this even is the factor of time, for neither water nor ice is a suitable medium for the multiplication of typhoid bacilli, and there is a progressive decrease. So far as this element is concerned, it is manifest that natural ice has the advantage of longer storage.

Edward Bartow, director of the Illinois state water survey, found in one case with 12,000 bacteria in the raw water, that there were but 123 in the ice; in another 520 were reduced to 3; 675 to 6; 1,400 to 22. In every case there was practically 99 per cent reduction. Gas forming bacteria (which may indicate the presence of typhoid) were also greatly reduced.

Ice From Polluted Water.

Dr. Hilbert W. Hill, director of epidemiology for the Minnesota state board of health, has told us of ice taken from rivers known to be polluted which proved safe, and Doctor Porter has shown the same thing to be true of ice from the Hudson river.

Dr. Edwin O. Jordan, professor of bacteriology in the University of Chicago, tested 18 lakes, rivers and ponds in New England, and found on the average, the unfrozen water to contain 34 times as many bacteria as the freshly formed ice, a reduction of about 98 per cent. Regarding the effect of storage, Professor Jordan says: "All investigators are now agreed that three weeks after freezing less than 1 per cent remain alive."

Elaborate experiments conducted by Prof. William T. Sedgwick of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Prof. C. E. A. Winslow of New York and Dr. W. H. Park of the New York city department of health show that only from 1 to 10 per cent of the bacteria in water are included in ice frozen from it, and that of these about 90 per cent (96.4 per cent, according to Sedgwick and Winslow and 86 per cent according to Park) die within a week, and 99.8 per cent die within three weeks, so that only one-tenth of 1 per cent of the original number remain.

Thus it is seen that three great forces, crystallization, temperature and time all work together to rid ice of the menace to health found in water. Doctor Cummings finds that ice from pure water in clean factories and natural ice cut from deep lakes and stored under sanitary conditions are equally safe. Any dirty or cloudy ice, he says, may be infected as well as polluted, and should not be used. The greatest danger connected with ice is improper handling. If ice is dragged across dirty streets and sidewalks and distributed by dirty hands, there is some danger from it.

ESTABLISH KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS CROP

Hauling Blue Grass Seed to Market.

(By W. M. KELLY.)

Kentucky blue grass requires three or four years to become firmly established, and great care must be exercised to pasture it lightly until it becomes firmly set. After it has grown into a thick sod close pasture will not hurt it.

When pastured close to the ground in favorable weather it will reproduce itself in a few days. The early spring growth is excellent for young pigs.

A blue grass pasture should not be pastured to death. It will stand almost unlimited pasturage, but there is a point beyond which it will prove unprofitable to pasture, and that should not be found.

The most satisfactory way is to have the field cross-fenced and allow the swine on one pasture at a time and give one an opportunity to grow up while the other is being cropped.

There is no economy in allowing the hogs to run in a field where there is no grass. It will do them no good and will keep the grass from growing new shoots and the roots will die out. Time should be given it to recuperate by changing the hogs and not allowing it to become overstocked.

The fall growth of blue grass if left standing will afford excellent winter grazing for the swine and it will be the first grass that will put forth its leaves in the spring.

VALUE OF TICK ERADICATION

Increase in Value of Cattle Estimated at From Eight to Fifteen Dollars Per Head.

In order to secure direct evidence as to the value of the cattle tick eradication work the bureau of animal industry sent out circular letters asking certain questions of stockmen and farmers in 11 states in the territory bordering on the quarantine line. Something over one thousand replies were received and from these the following points seem to be well taken and bear the endorsement of a very large percentage of the persons writing:

The increase in value of cattle since tick eradication began in 1906 is estimated to range from eight to fifteen dollars per head, and they are considered about one-fifth heavier than formerly. The quality of the cattle is said to be one-fourth better, more pure bred stock is being imported and there has been an increase in the cattle industry. Not only has the previous loss by death from Texas fever, amounting to about thirteen per cent, been eliminated, but the production of the dairy cows is estimated to have increased 23 per cent and the aggregate gain in milk alone is worth several millions of dollars. That the eradication of the tick has acted as a strong impetus to the cattle and dairy industries is clearly evinced in the report of an increase in feed crops and silo building.

A Georgia correspondent says: "Tick eradication and the dairy industry have progressed hand in hand in Putnam county. It is generally conceded that our creamery is successful because of tick eradication."

Plowing for Corn.

If the farmer plows his land for corn in the fall, whether early or late, and does nothing with it when spring opens, he is likely to have a shorter crop, if the season be dry. The land lies loose and open, and the turned furrow naturally dries out. If there should be a shortage of moisture, that land is likely to suffer. If, on the other hand, it is worked down early in the spring and otherwise carefully managed, we see no reason why this land should not produce quite as much as spring plowed land.

How to Make Liquid Manure.

To make liquid manure, procure a good molasses or coal oil barrel and have a spigot put in it near the bottom. Put fresh manure in a bag made of sacking and suspend it from the top. Pour in enough coal oil to form a film on the water to prevent the mosquitoes from breeding. Draw the liquid manure from the spigot when needed.

Water for Work Horses.

Give the work horses plenty of water on hot days, but do not bring in a horse overheated and let it drink more than a few swallows until it cools off.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

A young apple tree does not require much pruning until it is four or five years old and the tree can be shaped better at that age than when early pruning is resorted to.

* * *

The orchard that has been properly cared for requires very little pruning after it comes into full bearing.

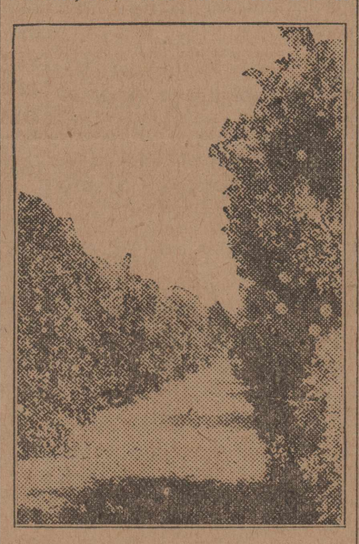
* * *

Young trees should be watched carefully and the open spaces in the ground about them which has been made by the wind swaying the trees should be well firmed down. This is particularly important just before winter sets in.

FASCINATION OF THE SOUTH

Orange Growing Is a Clean, Compact, Beautiful and Profitable Kind of Agricultural Life.

Someone, who evidently knew what he was writing about, thus describes an orange grove. "Part of the fascination of the South is orange growing. It is a clean, compact, beautiful and profitable kind of farm life. It takes a strong hold of the imagination. It interests city people; it appeals to the business man who must rest and get into the country; it grips the rich man who, building a fine home in a delightful climate, wants something to do. The poor man who can buy only ten acres of land, denies himself, and economizes for five or



A Southern Orange Grove.

six years while his trees are growing, and then has an income of from $1,000 to $3,000 for the rest of his life. If his grove cost him, after six years, $750 an acre, it is worth $1,500 an acre, so that he has made a good investment. Many have grown their own trees from the seed, budded them, planted them, cultivated between the rows to vegetables, which made ends meet for some hard years, and then gone to live on "easy street."

USING PEANUTS FOR FORAGE

Food of Surpassing Richness and Farm Animals Will Eat It With Relish —Hens Like It.

Some day peanut hay will come into its own. It is a food of surpassing richness, and so far I have found no animal about the farm that will not eat peanut forage with eagerness and splendid results. Even the hens like it and it will help to keep them laying during the winter.

Peanut hay is not hard to grow, says a writer in Farm Progress. The ground is not hard to prepare. You go about it much as you do for planting corn or cotton. I grow the small Spanish peanut and sow or drill them any time between May 1 and July 1. I suppose they will do a little better when planted by the end of May, but I never have any trouble getting a good crop from June planted peanuts.

Somewhere in the Bible there is a reference to the eyes "standing out with fatness." That is just what happens when you feed peanuts to the stock. It looks unreasonable, but by feeding a little peanut hay along with the other less concentrated, less rich forage, you can keep any and all kinds of cattle in fine condition all winter, and when spring comes they are in splendid shape to go on the grass.

It is the same with colts fed on peanut hay. They come through the winter in great condition. They seem never to check in their growth. I have several mule colts that were fed on peanut hay last winter, for a part of the time, and I have never had young mules do better than this bunch.

SAW BIG WARSHIP LAUNCHED

Mrs. Key Pittman, Wife of Senator From Nevada, Attended Launching of Battleship Nevada.

Washington.—Mrs. Key Pittman, the charming and delightful wife of the senator from Nevada, with the senator recently returned to Washington from Boston, where they were guests of the secretary of the navy and Mrs.

Mrs. Key Pittman.

Daniels at the launching of the new battleship Nevada. They journeyed there and returned on board the government dispatch boat, the Dolphin.

Eggs in Storage for 40 Years

Were Found in Buried Stone Building Uncovered by Floods on the Cimarron River.

Topeka.—The floods in the Cimarron River valley in southwest Kansas uncovered an old house that the oldest settlers in that territory did not know ever existed. On the floor of the old stone house was found a crock full of eggs, which to all appearances were perfectly preserved after being under ground more than 40 years.

The story of the unearthing of this old stone house, indicating a settlement in southwest Kansas years before any one of the present old-timers knew of it, was reported by W. C. Millar, a ranchman of Kiowa county, who recently made a trip into Morton county.

The Cimarron river this spring, in a sudden freshet, washed away the ranch building at the old Beatty ranch, at Point Rocks, in southern Morton county. The garden adjoining was also washed out by the flood, the river current making a deep cut there, and excavating the walls of an old stone house.

In the house, when uncovered, were found a good many household utensils and a crock containing eggs. The eggs had been hermetically sealed under many feet of sand and shale. They seemed to be just as good as ever.

Mr. Millar owns a big ranch in Belvidere, in southern Kiowa county. He formerly owned a place in northern Barber county, between Sun City and Lake City, and it was on his land that the famous Indian council of 1867 was held at which the treaty with the Indians was made by General Miles.

Mr. Millar has photographs taken at the council, which was attended by many prominent newspaper correspondents of those days. One of the latter was Henry M. Stanley, later famous as the explorer who discovered David Livingstone.

"The photographs showed the correspondents all wore tall silk tile hats," said Mr. Millar. "That proved that the silk hat came into that country before the cowboy. The cowboy used to resent the silk tiles, but I can prove the tiles were there first. The cowboys didn't come in until later on."

Fire Destroys Old Farm Buildings.

New Castle, Del.—Fire on the historic Oglethorpe farm destroyed the barn, with 40 tons of hay, the wagon sheds and burnt the immense strawricks. The property is tenanted by William Bennett Ratledge, who has farmed the place for many years. The origin of the fire is unknown, and happened in the middle of the day. Between the fire companies the house was saved, although but 20 feet from the barn. The barn was built more than a century ago, but was in excellent shape.

Fifty Needles Removed.

Boston.—While 20 noted physicians looked on, Dr. Harry H. Germain of this city removed 50 needles from the body of Miss Marion Gibbs, who lives in a Boston suburb. Miss Gibbs told the physicians she had swallowed the needles, which were from one to three inches in length, so that she would suffer. Relatives thought until an X-ray examination was made that she had indigestion, and she was treated for that ailment by several physicians.

MOTHER SAVES BABY CHILD

Woman Then Stands Up to Her Shoulders in Water Till Help Arrives.

Colquet, La.—Jumping down into a well in which her little daughter had fallen a few minutes before, Mrs. R. D. Dodgen of Thornton, Ark., stood in water up to her shoulders for nearly an hour before others arrived to get the mother and babe out of their perilous situation.

The strange accident and rescue were on the plantation of Elijah Christon, where Mrs. Dodgen is visiting. But for the quick rescue by her mother the child undoubtedly would have been drowned, as the water was more than four feet deep.

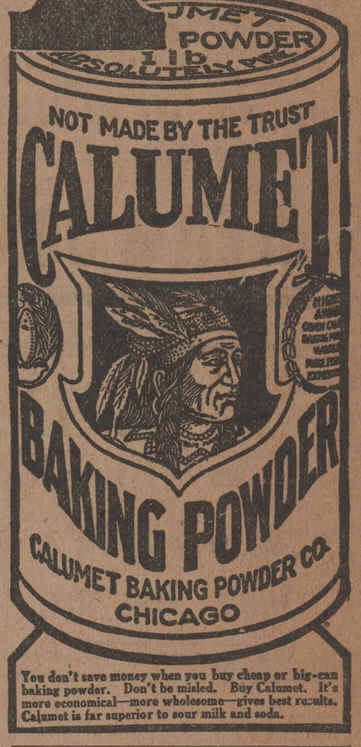
1st

First in Everything

First in Quality
First in Results
First in Purity
First in Economy

and for these reasons Calumet Baking Powder is first in the hearts of the millions of housewives who use it and know it.

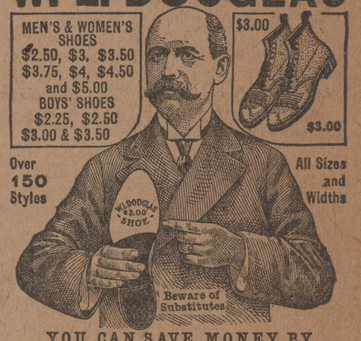
RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.



You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

W. L. DOUGLAS

MEN'S & WOMEN'S SHOES $2.50, $3, $3.50 $3.75, $4, $4.50 and $5.00
BOYS' SHOES $2.25, $2.50 $3.00 & $3.50



YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

For 31 years W. L. Douglas has guaranteed the value by having his name and the retail price stamped on the sole before the shoes leave the factory. This protects the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes of other makes. W. L. Douglas shoes are always worth what you pay for them. If you could see how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why they look better, fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

If the W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Shoes sent everywhere. Postage free in the U. S. **Write for Illustrated Catalog** showing how to order by mail.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

A GOOD COMPLEXION GUARANTEED. USE ZONA POMADE

the beauty powder compressed with healing agents, you will never be annoyed by pimples, blackheads or facial blemishes. If not satisfied after thirty days' trial your dealer will exchange for 50c in other goods. Zona has satisfied for twenty years—try it at our risk. At dealers or mailed, 50c.

ZONA COMPANY, WICHITA, KANSAS

Every man has a hobby and every woman two or three.

After a girl gets to be about so old she makes a bonfire of the baby picture of herself taken in a washbowl.

Accounting for It.

"That girl has a swelled head."

"That's only because she wears such big 'rats.'"

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.

The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, $1.00.

Daintily Balanced.

"What made the canoe tip over?"

"Reggy carelessly placed his pipe in one side of his mouth."

How To Give Quinine To Children

FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

Shame on Him.

"What is your friend so elated about?"

"Seems his wife is marooned in Europe."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

A Few Uncurled Coiffures

NOT all the coiffures that compel our admiration because their wearers look so well groomed are waved. Many women have the knack of arranging the hair prettily about the face, who have never made the acquaintance of the waving iron. Others curl only a small portion of the hair about the forehead and manage the rest without waving.

A simple and very pretty coiffure, innocent of waves, is shown in the picture given here. In it the hair is combed to the top of the head, where it is coiled in a loose pointed knot and ornamented with large shell pins set with rhinestones. The hair about the face is dampened and drawn down at each side, forming two large waves, which are pinned to place with invisible wire pins. It is combed over the top of the ears and wire pins support it in two loose waves at each side of the face.

This style is adapted to a full and rather round face and is especially good for her who possesses a pretty forehead.

Another pretty uncurled coiffure is arranged by means of a pompadour which extends entirely across the top of the head. When the front hair has been combed over the support required for the pompadour it is confined at the back with hairpins temporarily. A shallow part is made at the left side of the forehead and the hair combed toward the right, so that it sweeps across the brow. A curving shell comb is inserted to hold this hair in place. It extends from temple to temple.

The hair is fluffed over the ears and temples and held into position with invisible wire pins. The back hair is arranged in a coil at the crown, or lower, according to its becomingness.

Source of the Current Fashions

BEFORE the clouds of war cast their ominous shadows, those creators of styles in Paris to whom the world of Fashion looks for new ideas, had already launched some of their efforts. There is no gainsaying the wealth of ideas, the keenness of perception and the ingenuity of these authorities. In this country we look to

Three beautiful costumes, which will bear the most careful scrutiny, are shown in the snapshots taken of French women which are reproduced here. From the crowns of their heads to the tips of their shoes every detail of their clothes shows the exercise of good taste in the employment of new ideas.

All the hats shown are of velvet with small soft crowns and wide brims. They are all simply trimmed, and they foreshadow the styles that may become fashions.

Already the cape coat is an assured success. It is pictured here worn as part of a suit over a skirt which is plain except for plaitings which drape it to the figure. The coat and cape in one suggest a waistcoat at the front and a full rippled cape from the back. The garment is, in fact, a very clever evolution inasmuch as it introduces the waistcoat, the cape and the coat with wide revers, in a one-piece garment.

It is worn over a thin blouse having a very handsome, wide frill of lace about the neck, wired to stand up after the fashion of the medici collar.

The bag, gloves and uppers of the smart walking shoes are made to match the costume.

A remarkably clever skirt appears in the costume, of colored taffeta with embroidery on the bodice and at the foot of the front panel in the drapery. The underskirt is draped in about the ankles, suggesting the Turkish trouser inspiration. Over this is worn a short tunic cut with a long panel at the front.

The bodice has a round neck finished with a turnover collar of organdie. A surplice front is indicated in its drapery, although the opening is arranged at the right side. This is covered by bringing the silk from the right shoulder to the waist line at the left side. The back of the bodice is extended to form a short yoke at each side ofthe front, and the shoulders are rather long. The full sleeves are set in and wrinkled about the arms.

The fronts of the draped bodice are extended to form a loose girdle about the waist. There is almost no definition of the waist line, which appears to be vanishing from our midst.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

A MINISTER'S WIFE Always Speaks a Good Word For Peruna.

A Splendid Woman

Mrs. O. F. McHargue, 147 W. 9th St., Jacksonville, Florida, writes: "I had catarrh and throat trouble. Three bottles of Peruna cured me. As a minister's wife I come in contact with all classes of people, and shall always speak a good word for Peruna. I have given trial bottles to a few friends. Wishing you abundant success. I remain, yours truly."

WILL BE EXPENDED WISELY

Statement Showing How the Proceeds of Sale of Red Cross Seals Are to Be Spent.

For the benefit of the numerous organizations who helped to sell nearly forty-five million Red Cross seals last year and for the general public, the American Red Cross and the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis have framed a definition of anti-tuberculosis work showing how the proceeds from these holiday stickers are to be used. The definition limits the expenditure of money only for the year ending April 30, 1915.

The definition was framed at a recent meeting of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis and states that the term "anti-tuberculosis work" as it relates to the expenditure of Red Cross seal money shall include the following activities:

1. The construction of hospitals or sanatoria for the care of the tuberculous.

2. The maintenance of the tuberculous.

3. The provision of day or night camps for the tuberculous; the provision and maintenance of dispensaries, visiting nurses, open air schools, fresh air clases, or preventoria for the care or treatment of tuberculous cases or for the prevention of the spread of tuberculosis.

4. The maintenance of educational or legislative activities which have for their object the prevention of infection with tuberculosis.

Inventor of the Airbrake.

Who really invented the airbrake? Certainly the automatic airbrake, the one that has proved practicable and of permanent value in modern railroading, was the product of the late George Westinghouse's ingenuity. His patent for the automatic brake was taken out in 1872, superseding the non-automatic or "straight" Westinghouse airbrake patented in 1869, and later the Westinghouse vacuum brake was invented. But, as in the case of most other inventions, there are several claimants for originality in this field. Thus, Mme. M. Drouanet, daughter of M. Debruges of Paris, claims the distinction of priority for her father. The New York Times has a letter from State Senator William P. Fiero of White Plains containing a patent office declaration by his grandfather, Henry Miller, of a "new and useful improvement in the application of steam and compressed air to the purpose of operating railroad brakes," recorded January 2, 1855. Mr. Miller was doubtless a pioneer in the progress of airbrake invention.

Social Welfare.

First Barroom Politician—Say, Bill, wot's this bloomin' mortuarium they be tarkin' so much about?

Second Politician—Well, ye see, it's like this. You don't pay nothin' to nobody and the government pays it for ye.

First Politician—Well, that sounds a bit of all right, doan't it.—London Punch.

Popular Gift.

"So you are married, Sam?"

"Oh, yes, sah."

"Did you get any wedding gifts, Sam?"

"Oh, yes, sah."

"Any duplicates, Sam?"

"Oh, yes, sah. I got eight razors, sah."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids; No Smarting—just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Its Tendency.

"Mayme has a very open countenance, hasn't she?"

"Yes, and one that is very hard to shut up."

Be happy. Use Red Cross Ball Blue; much better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All grocers. Adv.

Queer Talk.

"So poor old Bill has gone under."

"Yes, they say his business is going up."

Abuse some one and we always find an appreciative audience.

PARADISE FOR THE ARTIST

Devotees of the Brush Are Accorded Accommodations Without Price at Inn at Capri.

Capri, beautiful in itself as a winter resort, offers an irresistible invitation to artists, since it has an inn where anyone, by painting a picture on the wall can get free board.

To the lovely island of Capri, with its perennial summer, its blue grotto, and its lemon groves, came, some fifty years ago, a ruined artist. He opened an inn, and died rich. In his will, leaving the inn to his heirs, he made these conditions:

"The charge per day, two bottles of red Capri wine included, is never to be more than six francs.

"If any artist is too poor to pay he shall paint a picture upon some wall-space, receiving all the accommodation accorded to those paying the highest price.

"If any German artist shall come to the inn he shall be accommodated, and shall receive the amount of his fare to Germany upon his promising never to return to Italy."

The inn is conducted today on these conditions. Its walls are covered with paintings. Now and then a German gets his fare home.

He's Too Good.

Dolly—At last I have met my ideal! Kind hearted, modest, patient, self-denying! But, alas, married!

Daisy—Don't worry! No woman will live long with such a freak! You'll get a chance at him.

Between two evils it is better to marry for money than for a chance to get even.

DESCRIPTION WAS ALL RIGHT

Not Just What Jones Was Looking for, But Brown Surely Had Told the Truth.

As Brown landed on the platform he ran full butt into Jones.

"Where bound, Jones, and why such speed?" queried Brown.

"Just off to Seashell-on-the-Mud, and am axious to get some fruit before I start."

"Fruit? Just the thing! Now she's just off; jump in that carriage. I left a fine pear in the corner."

Jones got in and started searching around.

"My friend said he left a fine pear in the corner," explained Jones, as an old lady sniffed angrily at the way he searched round her.

"Guess he meant that corner, my man," she snapped.

Jones looked and saw a young couple blushing furiously.

It Ought To.

"What are you going to call the new baby?"

"Reginald Claude," replied Mr. Bliggins.

"Isn't Reginald Claude a rather affected name?"

"Yes, I want him to grow up to be a fighter, and I fancy that Reginald Claude will start something every time he goes to a new school."—London Opinion.

A Word From the Weary.

"You seem inclined to favor criticism of the railroads."

"Yes," replied the weary statesman; "I'm tired of having them criticize my motives. Let 'em criticize somebody's locomotives."

CARE FOR YOUR HAIR

With CUTICURA SOAP

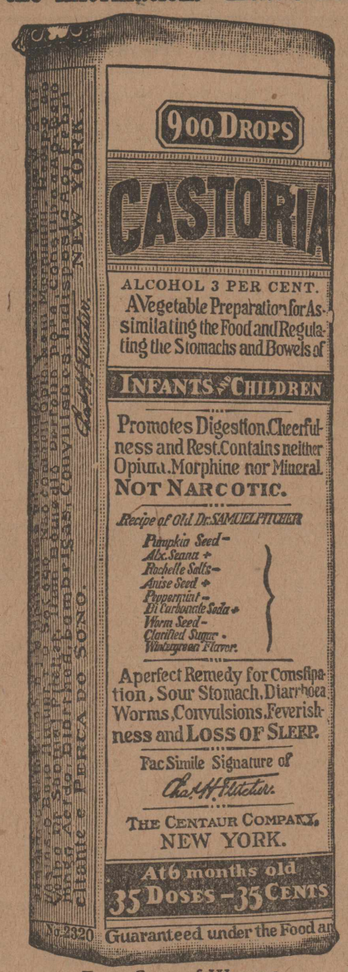
And Cuticura Ointment. They cleanse the scalp, remove dandruff, arrest falling hair and promote hair health.

Samples Free by Mail

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 32-p. book. Address "Cuticura," Dept. 9B, Boston.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: *First*—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless: *Second*—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food: *Third*—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ills., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J McCrann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clausen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

No Dancing Floor.

"This apartment is not big enough to turn around in," said Mr. Groucher.

"You are not supposed to turn around in it," replied the agent icily. "We are letting apartments, not ballrooms."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

Sorry for Him.

"John, there's a burglar in the house."

"Poor fellow; it's hard to work for nothing."

One man's automobile may be another man's juggernaut.

Freckles and Tan Removed FREE

Harwood's Freckle Cream. Guaranteed—Money back if not satisfied. If you have never tried this cream we will send free a full size 50c jar and our Freckle book. Send 15c to pay wrapping and postage. Only one jar to a person.

HARWOOD LABORATORIES, Aurora, Illinois, Dept. T.

Pettit's Eye Salve TONIC FOR EYES

DEFIANCE STARCH

is constantly growing in favor because it

Does Not Stick to the Iron

and it will not injure the finest fabric. For laundry purpose sit has no equal. 16 oz. package 10c. 1-3 more starch for same money.

DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Nebraska

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff.
For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.
50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

If Youre le fluttering or weak, use RENOVINE." Made by Van Vleet-Mansfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price $1.00

W. N. U., Oklahoma City, No. 39–1914.

Education Spells Success

To-Day Education is the World's Greatest Investment

The United States of America has designated next year (1915) as a year of schooling. She has invited the Nations of the earth to come and take part with her in this great collection and display of the world's resources and her ideas and inventions.

What the world has been for centuries struggling to learn the **Panama Exposition** at San Franscisco in 1915 offers to give to you and I if only we seize the opportunity and attend.

The McCauley Dry Goods Co. always appreciate their customers and are always looking for an opportunity to gain new trade. Now we have seized the opportunity and are going to send some lady of Collingsworth County, free of all expense to The Worlds Fair at Frisco next Summer.

Help your friend to be the one to go as Collingsworth county's representative to this the Worlds greatest Educational gathering. This means more to the lucky one than one years schoooling in the best schools of the land.

It may mean starting some happy and useful career in some ambitious young lady.

Lend your support to those who are eager to help themselves.

McCauley Dry Goods Company

SELL IT AS CHEAP AS IT CAN BE BOUGHT ANYWHERE

Gentry Bros. Famous Shows Here Tomorrow

Gentry Brothers circus, trained animal exhibition and equine and cannie poradox, being three shows combined into one, will exhibit in Wellington afternoon and night, Saturday, September 26th.

The surrounding country for miles around has been heavily advertised and, as we havent had a high class circus in quite a while the probabilities are that Wellington will be jammed with people from all parts of the country on circus day, which, as the above mentioned date shows, is only a few days off.

The Gentry shows, as everyone posted in amusement history knows is one of the best shows in the country. Not only that but the performance is clean and free from any suggestive or immoral features and there are no "catch penny" devices or fake side-shows carried by the organization.

Among the animal features, of which there are many, is a "monkey barber shop," which, it is said, is more than worth the price of admission alone. This "act," or by what ever name you choose to call it, was originated and tained by Royal Rush the celebrated German animal troiner, and is offered as a special added feature, without any additional cost whatever, as part of the big show performance.

The monkeys, which include Chimpanzees, Ourangoutangs, baboons and ringtails, conduct and operate a regular barber shop all by themselves in precisely the same manner that any first class tonsorial parlor is run by human beings.

In addition to the numerous adimal features, which have done more than anything else toward making the name of Gentry Brothers a household word throughout the country, there will be seen at both the afternoon and night performance to be given here many high class arnnic features, both European and American, such asgymnasts, acrobats, wire walkers and other sensational and interesting stunts in keeping with the high standing of the Gentry shows.

The afternoon performance will begin at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon and the night show will start at 8 o'clock. As this is the only big show that will visit Wellington this year everybody for miles around, and from all directions, will probably be in town bright and early next Saturday morning.

Senior B. Y. P. U. Program.

Subject, The State Mission Board and its place in our Missionary Efforts.

Leader—Grace Goad.

Scripture Lesson, Romans 10—Grace Couch, Violet Goad.

How State Mission work is carried on—By Leader.

State Mission work the nearest to us, and so the most real—Mrs. Howell.

State Missions the foundation work—Clyde Myers.

Enlistment work—Maud Coe.

Solo—Violet Goad.

Some of the things that can be best done by the State Mission Board.

1. Help weak churches—Bessie Royal

2. Put missionaries in destitute localities —Nell Payne.

3. Sunday School and B. Y. P. U. work—Audie Penrod.

4. Do Evangilistic and Colportage work—Etta Lee.

5. Name your State Mission secretary and tell something he is doing to help the churches—Misher Dukeminier.

Rye and Alfalfa seed for sale. Shields-Shields Grain & Coal Co.

To My Friends and Others

I am now representing some of the strongest Insurance Companies doing business in the State and will appreciate a share of your fire and tornado insurance. Respectfully,

R. R. Sherwood.

Repair and New Work

Repair and new boot and shoe work at the J. P. Terry Shop, North side square.

Notice.

Anybody hauling wood from now on will be prosecuted.

Beggs Brothers.

WAR PRICES ON CHICKENS

For One Day Only

We will pay the following prices for produce delivered at the Goforth Produce house on

Wednesday September 30th

Hens per pound - - 10 1-2c
Cocks per pound - - - 5c
Springs per pound - - 11c
Turkeys—Toms 10 lbs and over 10c
Turkeys—Hens 8 lbs and over 10c
Old Toms per pound 9c
Eggs per dozen 12 1-2 cents

Poultry must be free of feed—

Goforth Produce Co

NO. 8102

Report of The Condition of

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

AT WELLINGTON, IN THE STATE OF TEXAS,

At the close of business, Sept. 12, 1914

Resources

Loans and Discounts	$79,069.20
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	847.05
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	6,250.09
Bonds, Securities, etc	190.00
Banking House, Furniture, and Fixtures	18,000.00
Other Real Estate owned	
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	834.04
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Saving Banks	155.44
Due from approved Reserve Agents in Central Reserve Cities $2332.91; in other Reserve Cities $4,110.12	6,443.03
Checks and other cash items	1 215.41
Notes of other Nat'l Banks	80.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickles, and Cents	109.10
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: Specie $3.417.05 Legal-tender notes 190.00	3,607.05
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circlation)	312.50
Due from U. S. Treasurer	
Total	117,112.82

Liabilities

Capital Stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,521.78
Nat'l. Bank notes outstanding	6,250.00
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	
Due to approved reserve agts.	
Individual deposits subject to check	36,371.95
Time certificate of deposit payable after 30 days or after notice of 30 days or longer	1,200.00
Certified checks	
Cashier's check outstanding	769.09
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed	20,000.00
Total	117,112.82

STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF COLLINGSWORTH:

I, C. J. Glenn, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. J. Glenn, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of Sept., 1914.

J. L. Lackey, Notary Public.

CORRECT ATTEST:

A. F. Swafford, M. F. Hunter, Bob Glenn, Directors.

NO. 9805.

Report of the Condition of

THE CITY NATIONAL BANK

AT WELLINGTON, TEXAS,

At the close of business, Sept. 12, 1914.

Resources

Loans and Discounts	186,664.80
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	52.86
Overdrafts secured by grain	2,608.16
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Other securities to secure circulation	28,485.07
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	12,350.00
Other Real Estate owned	802.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	3,625.67
Due from Approved Reserve Agents in Central Reserve Cities $36,616.11; in other Reserve Cities $8,560.36	45,176.47
Checks and other cash items	2,072.39
Notes of other Nat'l Banks	60.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and cents	261.35
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz. Specie $8,930.30 Legal-tender notes 400.00	9,330.30
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	$343,989.07

Liabilities

Capital Stock paid in	$50,000.00
Surplus Fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid	38,337.51
Natl. Bank Notes Outstanding	49,700.00
Ind. Deposits subject to chk.	160,044.61
Time certificates of deposit	2,175.00
Cashier's Checks Outstanding	231.95
Notes and bills rediscounted	6,000.00
Bills payable, including obligations for money borrowed	27,500.
Total	$343,989.07

STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF COLLINGSWORTH:

I, H. D. Creath, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. D. CREATH, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of September, 1914.

R. H. Templeton, Notary Public.

CORRECT ATTEST:

S. A. Street, J. A. Leach, Walter Campbell.