nteed Actual Circulation Larger Than Any Other Erath County Newspaper.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

LUME XI. DUBLIN, ERATH COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, NOV. 18, 1898. NUMBER 26.

om Over the Country

News Notes, Gossip and other Items of Interest by Our Regular Correspondents.

PALMER.

rrespondence.

13.—G. A. Best of Gil- ll start for Coke county w, where he expects to the future.

ns that our demmy friends de a clean sweep in this as well as in the state. we have to say is that, and believe the newly fficials will do their duty, it is the duty of every zen to aid them in execut- law. Of course we do not ot support the principles ey represent, but so far g good officers, we be- y are capable of that, and dy among the private cit- the county and state to to the best of our ability. election is over for years. Let us agitate, and educate. Let us not discouraged, but go on in for the next two years, though we had been vic- "Let us screw up our to the sticking point and not fail."

DUFFAU.

rrespondence.

17th.—The health of this nity is very good except a have chronic diseases.

Park of Morgan, preached Missionary Baptist chuch

Will Ray, left Duffau last for Oklahoma Territory.

Patterson and wife vis- tives in Hico yesterday.

rmers are now busy gather- n, after having most of on picked.

Johnson is not quite done cotton yet.

is very little said about ion; they are like the little calf run over—not much I am no politician, but ld vote, I would always the interest of the people. ne and wife who went re to east Texas in 1897, rned; I understand they fied to remain in Erath.

Mollie Robison, who has siting her brother, Jack of this place, returned k to her home in Hope, s.

LOWELL.

rrespondence.

15th.—The election is now d "they say" populism is . We regret it very much have done our part.

H. K. Agee was over Sat- but the inclemency of the forbid his holding ser-

. McCommons was over y.

Tate will commence school y.

scribe visited Stephenville Monday and enjoyed a first-class dinner with E. W. Tabor and family.

We also noticed that Billie Dawson was putting a $1,000 addition to his already nice residence.

Alexander & Flemming are drilling a well for John Hurt.

L. R. Clark and family will move to Misouri.

Miss Delma Cook was over last Friday.

R. M. Hudson was over Monday on business.

Prof. A. C. Tate was down on election day.

Sol Sechrist was over one day last week.

Say! now, my good brother, stop cussing candidates and quit talking about your neighbors and let us have peace for couple of years.

STEPHENVILLE.

Regular Correspondence.

Nov. 16.—District court still grinds; one conviction, outside of pleas of guilty, has been had this term.

Isaac Armstrong, charged with theft of cattle, convicted and given two years in the pen.

John Flowers, two cases of burglary, plea of guilty and given two years in each.

W. M. Watson, charged with horse theft, plea of guilty and given two years.

C. D. Williams, murder, acquitted.

William Phillips, murder, acquitted.

Harry Williams and wife, charged with the murder of Austin King, trial set for 21st and 23rd.

Geo. W. Smith left this morning for Terrell where he has gone with Hilton Phillips, who has been adjudged insane and will be placed in the asylum.

Several of the new officers have been sworn in. Hume, for sheriff, took charge of the court this morning, and we learn that he has appointed McCreswell as one of his deputies.

Officers were called to Cow creek this morning, but what the trouble was we have not learned.

Marriage license have been issued to J. S. Birdwell and Erie Johnson, F. A. Gibbs and Josie Yarbrough, C. A. Cox and Alice Davis, W. M. Gray and Minnie Weatherford, W. S. Smith and Adaline Holley, J. H. Walker and Leelah Long, and W. W. Bibb and Violetta Shadden.

CLAIRETTE.

Regular Correspondence.

Nov. 15th.—The cold spell last week caused several to kill hogs.

A good rain would be very much appreciated here as stock water is getting very scarce.

Some few are done gathering cotton, yet there is a great deal remaining in the fields.

The election passed off quietly. We did all we could for the ticket by carrying this box by a large majority.

Prof. Hancock opened school here on the 14th.

A well is being drilled here to supply the school with water.

Mr. Reagor had the misfortune of falling under his wagon wheel a few days ago and received several bruises, but not serious.

Deputy Sheriff Bass was in this community summoning jurors.

"Grandma" and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Dowdy were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Sides Sunday.

Prof. J. H. Sides will leave Saturday for Pecan to open his winter school there Monday.

Mr. J. F. Bass and family of near Chalk Mountain, were visiting relatives here last week.

Mr. Gregrary has move to his farm recently vacated by Will Cook.

J. M. Head will occupy the Cage farm.

Will Head has had a well drilled and is erecting a residence in his pasture, formerly known as the Stone pasture.

The defeat of Senator Wm. M. Stewart of Nevado and Wm. V. Allen of Nebraska is two good results of the recent elections. The treachery of these two men in connection with Wm. J. Bryan himself, is more responsible for the creation of faction in the people's party than everything else. If they are both finally disposed of politically in this election it is so much the better for the country.

LINGLEVILLE.

Regular Correspondence.

Nov. 16th —A cold south wind is blowing this morning, making it very disagreeable.

Cotton picking is not near over yet in this community.

Mr. Cahae of Huckabay, was in town Wednesday.

R. P. Campbell and Dr. Higgs left Wednesday to attend the annual conference at Brownwood this week.

Prof. Warrensfeltz has gone home for a short while on account of his ill health.

Some very severe cases of illness in town at this writing.

Tanner Follows Waite.

The world does move—and in the right direction. A republican governor of Illinois has within the month followed the precedent set by a populist governor of Colorado four years ago, in ordering out state troops to restrain and prevent a corporation from disturbing the public peace. He has gone further and disarmed the band of mercenary thugs employed by the corporation to menace and murder its striking employees. All honor to Governor Tanner for the prompt and courageous stand taken by him. He has served plain notice of his recognition of the truth and justice of Governor Waite's position that the power and authority of the state cannot be used with impunity by corporations to coerce their employees, and that the worker's right to life comes before the owner's right to property. While Gov. Waite's action caused a vertual revolution in Colorado and consigned him to political oblivion at the hands of the newly enfranchised women persuaded by cunning and conscienceless politicians that it was their duty to "redeem the state" by defeating an honest and fearless executive and electing a pliant republican tool of the mine owners, Governor Tanner, following a similar course, has excited barely a ripple of criticism. Fortunately, he is supported by an able attorney general, who stands ready not only to back his chief so far as legal processes are concerned, but also to go further and secure the indictment of the mine owners for the killing of ten men and the wounding of fifty others in the riot at Virden. It makes all the difference in the world whose ox is gored and whose ox does the goring. In Colorado, Waite was practically besieged in the State House, his opponents attempting to use the Denver police force against him. In Illinois, Tanner has the "Grand Old Party" behind him, and the disgusted mine owners have nad to content themselves with the threat of resorting to the now thoroughly discredited federal court injunction. At Leadville, the strike was protracted during the whole two years term of Waite's successor by the maintenance of a military camp at the mines, entirely in the interest of a few arrogant and selfish mine owners and at an expense to the taxpayers of some $150,000. At Virden, a prompt settlement of the trouble on a fair and reasonable basis all around now seems probable. An important outcome of the whole matter will be the advance to a practical stage of the principle, utterly ignored as a rule in these disputes by the corporations and their adherents. that the worker has an absolutely ethical and legal right to a voice in the determination of the conditions under which he shall work; that the interest of the man who furnishes human brawn, blood, nerves, and soul is at least of equal importance with that of the man who furnishes money, or the raw material and machinery, of which, by virtue of his money, our laws grant to him not an absolute but a limited control. For it is a well-established maxim of our law that "a man must so use his own as not to injure another." —B. O. Flower.

To those living

in malarial districts Tutt's Pills are indispensible, they keep the system in perfect order and are

an absolute cure

for sick headache, indigestion, malaria, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Precinct Election Returns.

The following is the correct vote cast at each voting box for the candidates for the offices of Commissioner, Justice and Constable:

COMMISSIONERS.

District 1—Stephenville, Jno, M. Bruington, d, 581, C. J. Davis, p, 364; Shelby, Bruington 59, Davis 42; Huckaby, Bruington 52, Davis 97; majority for Bruington 189.

District 2—Dublin, J. M. Kiker, d, 377, E. P. Purvis, p, 319; Kiker's Gin, Kiker 112, Purvis 8; Alexander, Kiker 156, Purvis 115; Clariette, Kiker 60, Purvis 86; Pecan, Kiker 22, Purvis 57; Jones School House, Kiker 67, Purvis 47; Lingleville, Kiker 42, Purvis 38; Moccasin Rock, Kiker 90, Purvis 99; majority for Kiker 157.

District 3—Duffau, H. T. Shelnutt, d, 175, J. F. Robinson, p, 78; Box School House, Shelnutt 85, Robinson 24; Elm Grove, Shelnutt 27, Robinson 52; Bluff Dale, Shelnutt 76, Robinson 58; Chalk Mountain, Shelnutt 38, Robinson 16; majority for Shelnutt 173.

District 4—Halsell, A. H. Miller, d, 11, B. F. Laughlin, p, 31; Liberty, Miller 11, Laughlin 159; Buck Creek, Miller 24, Laughlin 21; Morgan's Mill, Miller 59, Laughlin 117; Thurber, Miller 457; majority for Miller 169.

JUSTICES.

Precinct one:—Stephenville, Jno W. Gray d, 485, B. F. Allison p, 438; Shelby, Gray 68, Allison 35; Huckaby, Gray 58, Allison 94; majority for Gray 44.

Precinct two:—Dublin, F. C. Oldham, d., 403. Drew Cathey, ind, 200, S. A. Hill, ind, 67; Kiker's Gin, Oldham 71, Cathey 32, Hill 8; majority for Oldham 167.

Precinct three.—Alexander, J. D. St. Clair, d, 185, V. A. Roberts, p, 80; Clairette, St. Clair 39, Roberts 101; Pecan, St. Clair 25, Roberts 53; St. Clair's majority 15.

Precinct four—Duffau, H. T. Shelnutt d, 143, J. N. Herring p, 24; Box School House, Shelnutt 96, Herring 2; Chalk Mountain, Shelnutt 23, Herring 0; Shelnutt's majority 236.

Precinct five—Bluff Dale, A. L. Greenwood, d, 68; Elm Grove, Greenwood 21; total 89.

Precinct six—Halsell, B. F. Laughlin, p, 13; Morgan's Mill, 106; Buck Creek, 14; Laughlin's total vote 133.

Precinct seven—Liberty, A. H. Miller, d, 13, J. F. Camp, p, 89; Thurber, Miller 480, Camp 6; majority for Miller 398.

Precinct eight — Jones School House, A. H. Barker, d, 83, J. T. Christian, p, 26; Lingleville, Barker 40, Christian 33; Moccasin Rock, Barker 98, Christian 90; Barker's majority 72.

CONSTABLES.

Precinct 1—Stephenville, Sam Russell, d, 562, D. J. Allison, p, 371; Shelby, Russell 73, Allison 29; Huckaby, Russell 57, Allison 92; Russell's majority 205.

Precinct 2—Dublin, S. A. Jackson, d, 438, J. P. Hamilton, p, 260; Kiker's Gin, Jackson 94, Hamilton 17; Jackson's majority 255.

Precinct 3—Alexander, Sam Mayfield, d, 96, F. W. Head, ind, 110, Carnett Marsh, ind, 0; Mayfield's majority 44.

Precinct 4—Duffau, Zack Taylor, ind, 77, C. W. Dodgen, p, 63, J. W. Steele, ind, 103; Box School House, Taylor 14, Dodgen 3, Steele 83; Chalk Mountain, Taylor 6, Dodgen 15, Steele 18; majority for Steele 26.

Precinct 5—Bluff Dale, Andy Duckett, d, 63; Elm Grove, Duckett, 11, total 74.

Precinct 6—Halsell, J. E. Williams, p, 3, Frank Williams, 0; Morgan's Mill, J. E. Williams, 89, F. Williams 65; Buck Creek, J. E. Williams 14, F. Williams 13; majority for J. E. Williams 28.

Precinct 7—Liberty, Lit Williams, d, 37, A. H. Bevil, p, 116; Thurber, Williams 448, Bevil 67; majority for Williams 302.

Precinct 8—Jones School house, D. S. Hendricks, ind, 87, R. T. Browning, 22; Lingleville, Hendricks 28. Browning 36; Moccasin Rock, Hendricks 89, Browning 95; majority for Hendricks 51.

For a limited time we are prepared to offer the New York World three times a week; the Cosmopolitan monthly magagine and the Progress, each one year for $2.25. This offer is made for but a short period, if you want to take advantage of it—lose no time.



Established in 1889. Incorporated in 1896.

DUBLIN MUSIC CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in PIANOS and ORGANS.

CASH. CASH. CASH.

After ten years of experience in buying Pianos and Organs from consigned manufacturers and selling on from 1 to 3 years time we have decided to change to a cash system. We want to show the purchasers the advantage in buying for cash.

On all classes of merchandise bought and sold on credit the purchaser pays a double price. In 1898 Arbuckle coffee sold in Dublin 4 lbs. for $1.00 on credit, at the cash stores the same coffee sold at 8 lbs. to the $1.00. We defy both consignment manufacturers or agents to disprove that this is the case with the music trade to-day.

We ask you to stop and think before you buy from a consignment agent who is dragging over the country with shacky hacks, poor horses, and in most cases ragged men who are often unable to pay for a nights lodging. But the poor agent can't help this. He pays double price for his goods as he buys from consignment manufacturers. In fact he pays much more than the customer should. He therefore, must necessarily sell high, and the customer has paid double price to the manufacturer and to the agent.

The average agent sells 2 organs per month. If he pays his lodging, 30 days per month, at $1.50 per day for himself and team, this makes $45.00; his wages should be $40.00 per month. This makes $85.00 that the customer has paid on two organs to the agent alone as expenses and wages. This does not include the extra profit made by the agent, the manufacturer or the middleman who furnishes the agent. Now, will you buy through such a channel in order to get 1 or 2 years time, and pay 10 per cent per annum interest on all costs of organ? which runs the ordinary parlor organ up from $125 to $150 that could be sold from $60.00 to $75.00 on the cash system.

We will sell you a **FIRST-CLASS ORGAN** with two full sets of reeds throughout, containing 122 reeds, ten stop action, double octave couplers, case 6 feet high, 5 octaves, with all modern improvements, latest designs in styles, solid walnut or oak case for $50 if cash accompanies the order or $55.00, $10 with order or deposited in your bank, balance C. O. D. with privelege to open the case and fully examine the organ before taking it out of depot; and we guarantee you to be fully satisfied or we will refund every dollar you have paid. We will sell you an organ for $65.00 that is being sold by the above described agents for $125, or $150 for $75.00. The $400.00 piano that is being sold by consignment agents we will sell for $200.00, and we will send a man to see you and close the deal on all piano contracts. We can not do this on organs unless you wish to pay the extra expense of sending a man to see you; and you must consider that if you buy cheap you must do part of the work yourself, as it costs us money to see you, and this is what we are trying to explain and show you the reason why consignment dealers and agents charge you $125.00 to $150.00 for an organ that can be sold from $65.00 to $75.00 if you pay cash and have the instrument shipped direct from the manufacturer to you. By this means you save $45.00 to $50.00 on the agents profits and $20.00 that the manufacturer charges you for carrying your long time paper.

We will refer you to **2000 CUSTOMERS** of ours now in every nook and corner of this country to show you that our goods are first-class in every respect, and that we make our contracts with our customers good. All of our instruments are fully warranted for 5 years and every warrant is made good. **CASH IS OUR MOTTO IN THE FUTURE.** We mean to buy from cash manufacturers and sell for cash. This is why we can offer you a first-class organ for $50.00 and a first-class piano for $200.00. We can sell you an organ from $30.00 to $35.00 if you want anything that cheap. Write us for catalogues. We will save you from $50.00 to $75.00 on an organ.

We trust that you now understand how we can do this. We are here to stay, but not on credit. We can sell you any organ manufactured in America. Yours Respectfully,

WE PAY FREIGHTS AND FURNISH BOOK AND STOOL WITH EACH INSTRUMENT.

DUBLIN MUSIC CO.

W. T. LEGGETT, Manager. Office next door to Postoffice, Dublin, Texas.

SPENCER'S

Hardware

STOCK

NOW OPEN.

Do the Part of Wisdom

By seeing this Stock before you buy Hardware

and **Lumber**

Dublin Roller Mills and Elevator.

DUBLIN, - - - TEXAS

Manufacturers of **Pure Wheat Flour,**

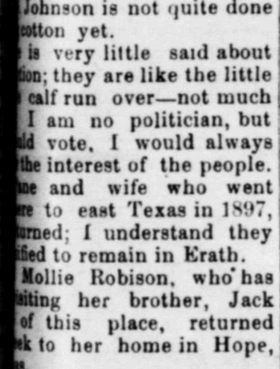
Highest prices paid for good Milling Wheat. Storage free of charge when exchanged for flour or sold to mills.

J. F. Weiser & Co., Props.

Miles' Nervine

A REMEDY FOR THE

ects of Tobacco.



excessive use of tobacco, especially young men is always injurious and doubtedly shortens life materially. C. Ebsen, compositor on the Contra- ta, Martinez, Cal., writes; "I have Miles' Restorative Nervine and re- ived much benefit from it. I was troubled h nervousness, dizzy spells and sleepless- caused by the use of tobacco and stim- I took Dr. Miles' Nervine with mar- good results, allaying the dizziness, the nerves, and enabling me to rest, proving in my case a very ful remedy." Dr. Miles' Restorative is especially adapted to restoring rvous system to its normal condition such circumstances. It soothes, heals engthens.

Miles' Remedies by all druggists on a positive tion, first bottle s or money re- Book on dis- the heart and ves. Address, MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

The Dublin Progress

J. S. DALEY, Editor and Proprietor.

DUBLIN, - - - - - - TEXAS.

CATTLE AND CROPS.

Thomas Basler, living near Guthrie, Ok., exhibited at that city a sweet potato which weighed nine and one half pounds. Mr. Basler raised it.

The pecan crop in Texas this year is very short.

D. P. Moser of Miles sold to Joe Theile 1300 stock sheep, with wool on, at $2.20.

Jeff Davis county is very dry, and grass short. The stockmen fear that losses will even exceed those of last spring.

J. S. Venable recently sold 1000 head of steers to G. H. Connell, who will feed at Dublin. The price paid was $28 a head.

J. F. Miller ofCrockett county sold 3600 shown dry ewes and wethers to Allan Richardson & Co., San Angelo, at $2.2½.

The Scleicher county range is reported as being as good as could be desired and cattle are in fine condition for the winter.

There are now 50,000 sheep in Hamilton county and there is much interest taken in the business; range good and sheep doing well; cotton seed at 8 and 8½ cents, and everybody raising sheep. fully.

H. B. Woodley of San Antonio is back after a week spent on his ranch near Sabinal and Uvalde. Stock on his pastures is in fine condition and, although the range is dry, grass is abundant for the winter's needs.

Cass Anderson has a peach tree on his farm two miles southeast of Denison which is in bloom. The tree took on buds, put forth blossoms and acted much the same as if this was springtime. A branch full of buds was taken to Denison.

Jim Hamilton of San Angelo bought sheep in San Angelo as follows: From P. T. Hurt of Taylor county, 1200 muttons, with wool on, at $2.50; from Henry Laging of Willow, 925 muttons, wool on, at $2.50; from Claude Hudspeth of Ozona, 1800, wool off, delivered at San Angelo, at 3 cents per pound.

Several animals of fine registered Hereford stock have been lately purchased by W. S. Ikard of the Sunnyside Hereford ranch on Turkey creek, being mostly prize-winners exhibited at the Omaha exposition. Several other cattlemen on the Denver have added to their herds from the same source.

Bee county is suffering from the longest protracted drouth that has been known in that section for many years. No serious damage has yet resulted, as the range is not heavily stocked. The rains last spring enabled the farmers to make a good corn crop.

Farmers around Denison report that some of the wheat which was sown earlier in the fall came up, and the weather was so dry that it dried up and died out. Dr. J. L. Jones reports a patch of wheat on his farm east of Denison which came up all right, but was killed entirely by the dry weather.

A few days since a small herd of heifers, bred in the panhandle, was sold at $24 a head at Denver. These cattle were not what might be termed thoroughbreds, but they had sufficient good blood in them to command a price that a year ago would have been considered out of all reason for the same class of stock.

N. H. (Tid) Smith planted about five acres of June corn on wheat stubble land, near Coleman, and will realize something like 150 bushels of corn from it. The corn is well matured and not mixed with other corn, which shows that June corn, not mixed with other corn, did well even this year.

Receipts of eggs in New York City in the year 1895 were over 69,000,000 dozen; in 1897 over 91,500,000 dozen. At twenty-six ounces to the dozen, last year's receipts would weigh about 74,343¾ tons, and would load 3717 cars with a little over twenty tons each. At 15 cents per dozen they would be worth $13,375,000.

The F company have sold their cattle and ranch in Motley, Floyd, Briscoe and Hall counties to Messrs. Criswell and Day, from Kansas; consideration, $300,000, including 9000 cows.

Fifty cars of cattle were shipped from Hereford on th new line to Kansas City, and fifty-six cars from Canyon City to same market. Orders for 200 stable cars have been placed at the later station, to be filled at once.

Over 400 carloads of cattle have been shipped from Waggoner, I. T., to Little Rock, Ark., to be fed. Two trainloads is the average sent to the Arkansas capital each day. They are sent there for the purpose of fattening them.

At Floresville John Griffith is feeding 600 head of steers for market. W. C. Bruff and Will Griffith are feeding 500. John Pritchett is feeding about sixty near that city, and John Franklin has about the same number he is feeding.

PROCLAMATION.

Gov. Culberson Calls on Texans to Observe Thanksgiving.

Newspaper Man Killed.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 12.—Edwin S. Easley, who was a candidate for county judge and was defeated, went to the Tribune office yesterday morning and shot and killed W. B. Blythe, a reporter of the Tribune. After shooting the young man Easley beat Blythe over the head with a revolver.

The tragedy was the result of a short article pritned in the Tribune Thursday evening. Easley's name was not mentioned in the article and Mr. Blythe was innocent of any intention to offend Easley by the publication. Blythe was not acquainted with Easley and Easley did not know Blythe.

Blythe offered repeatedly to apologize. Easley is held for the grand jury.

Blythe's father lives at Vicksburg, Miss.

Easley came to Galveston nine years ago as a young lawyer and has lived here ever since.

At the breaking out of the late war with Spain he was made lieutenant colonel of the Galveston immunes. At a time when it was hard to tell whether the regiment would be organized and accepted, Mr. Easley resigned to accept a commission as major in the first Texas cavalry, commanded by Col. Luther R. Hare. About a month ago the regiment was mustered out of service and then Easley returned to Galveston to resume his practice. Shortly after his return he announced as a candidate for the office of county judge. At Tuesday's election he was defeated by a small majority.

Blew His Brains Out.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 12.—Gustav Hellemans, a well-known business man, suicided here by blowing out his brains with a pistol. He was a wool buyer, who had met with financial reverses, expecting to recoup, but failing to receive monetary aid. His physician stated in the death certificate that Helleman's mind had become unsettled by his financial reverses. At one time he was a millionaire, whose wool operations extended all over the United States and to the European markets. He was a partner in the wool scouring mills located just below this city, which he operated until recently, and which he expected to again operate. He was a native of Belgium and about 58 years old. He leaves a wife, but no children.

Took Morphine.

Waco, Tex., Nov. 12.—A stranger died here from an overdose of morphine. A notebook in the pocket of the dead man contains an entry which indicates that he took the drug for the purpose of committing suicide. The memorandum in the book is addressed to Annie, and tells her that she will never see the writer again. He asks Annie to take care of Johnny. There is nothing in the writing to indicate positively the relatioship between the dead man and the two persons he mentions affectionately. It is inferred that Annie is his wife and Johnny his son. The name Covey is in the note book in several places, and on one page the name H. C. Covey appears, and beneath it Murphy, Collin county, Texas, is written.

Accidentally Shot.

Denison, Tex., Nov. 12.—Mrs. Laura Anderson was accidentally shot while on her way to Denison in company with her son, Ed Anderson. The accident occurred, as related by parties from near Colbert, as follows:

Mr. Anderson started to get out of the buggy on the roadside and pick up a quilt lying on the ground and in getting out knocked the pistol, which had been on the seat, to the ground. In falling it was discharged, the ball, a 45-caliber, coming up through the bottom of the buggy and entering his mother's right limb below the knee and lodging among the bones of the lower joint.

Riddled With Bullets.

Waco, Tex., Nov. 12.—A dispatch from Lott, Falls county, states that the dead body of John Vining, who enlisted in Riche's Texas regiment of immunes, was found riddled with buckshot near that place. Vining was in Lott Thursday afternoon. The person suspected of killing Vining is under arrest.

Shot Into a Train.

Troy, Tex., Nov. 12.—Thursday night, the 10th, as a south-bound Missouri, Kansas and Texas train was nearing this place, some one fired in the caboose, striking abrakeman on the leg, inflicting a flesh wound. There is some clew as to whom the parties were, but no one up to this time has been arrested.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 16.—The governor has issued his thanksgiving proclamation, which is as follows:

Following the custom of the founders of the state, and in conformity with the proclamation of the president of the United States, I, Charles A. Culberson, governor of the state of Texas, do hereby designate Thursday, Nov. 24, 1898, as a day of public thanksgiving.

It is fitting that the people of Texas should cultivate a spirit of reverence. Blessed with free goverment, attached to the principles of religious liberty, possessing an imperial domain, rich in historic memories and boundless in industrial future, they have been regardful of the moral sense and have steadily advanced toward a higher and nobler civilization.

The state government has responded to their demands with notable fidelity; they have been spared epidemics and pestilences; the desolation and ravages of war have touched them but slightly; the soil has yielded unprecedented eturns to the husbandman; and where unfettered by unjust and oppressive laws material prosperity has resulted from their labors.

It is suggested that the day designated should be observed by such gatherings in places of worship and at the family altar as shall appropriately express to Almighty God our thankfulness for these blessings. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the state to be affixed at Austin, this the 15th day of November, A. D. 1898.

C. A. CULBERSON, governor.

By the governor:

J. W. MADDEN, secretary of state.

Fine Dogs.

Mr. Gustave Sauter of Houston is just in receipt of two valuable and rare dogs, Brutus and Portia, of the breed known in Europe as Great Danes. The former is a prize-taker of a high class. He was brought from Madison, O. Each weighs about 100 pounds and is a fine specimen. Mr. Sauter has erected at his suburban home, two miles west of the city, a commodious and convenient kennel at a cost of $500, where he will house the dogs. He has also ordered four dogs from Germany known as the German Colossus, the largest dog raised in either country. They are en route by steamer, accompanied by a man to care for and remain with them. They are expected to arrive in Galveston next week, where they will be met and brought there. Mr. Sauter is a dog fancier and he proposes to have a kennel here, the like of which is not to be found in the state.

Preparing for Them.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 16.—Robert E. Lee chapter, U. D. C., held a meeting at the parish house which was very well attended in spite of the bad weather. The comfort and pleasure of thed elegates of the convention were the principal subjects of discussion. Thef ollwoing delegates have signified through their secretaries their intention to be present:

Barnard E. Bee chapter, San Antonio—Mrs. M. D. Monserrate, Mrs. A. W. Houston, Mrs. M. Culpepper, Brs. B. J. Wilkinson, Mrs. N. B. Jones, Mrs. J. P. Nelson and Miss Beauregard.

Fort Worth chapter—Mrs. L. J. Clayton, Mrs. J. T. Clements and Mrs. Virginia Ford.

Joseph Wheeler chapter, Sulphur Springs—Mrs. Stella B. Dinsmore and Mrs. George Wilson.

Fannin chapter, Bonham—Mrs. T. C. Halsell, Miss Ewing, Miss White and Miss Potts.

Fire on a Ship.

Fire was discovered in cotton on the steamship Birchfield at Galveston. The fire department followed the fire up with a stream, stevedores removing the bales. The fire was extinguished with comparatively slight damage to but 100 bales. This is the second time within a fortnight that cotton fires aboard ships have been extinguished without flooding the vessel. The department has for a long time believed it possible, but not until two weeks ago did the shipping people and underwriters consent. The new plan is considered a revolution in handling cotton fires on vessels.

Released.

Paris, Tex., Nov. 16.—Stanley Rogers, who was jointly indicted with Willie Chiles for the murder of Mrs. Bettie Hickman about four years ago, has been released on account of lack of evidence to convict.

The court of cassation will ask Dreyfus to prepare his defense.

Clogged by Eels.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 16.—The ponderous turbines at the dam have been injured somewhat and the plant closed down for awhile on account of the thousands of eels which have been ground up in the turbines and clogged the same. The electric cars which derive power from the dam, have been stopped until the machinery can be cleaned and repaired.

Will Evans' gin and mill, near McKinney, Tex., burned.

Christian Lectureship.

Waxahachie, Tex., Nov. 15.—The seventh annual session of the Texas Christian lectureship was called to order last night in the Main Street Christian church by President W. L. Harrison of Troy, Texas. The officers of the lectureship consist of the president named, Vice President S. D. Perkins of Denton, Secretary W. H. McClendon of Forney, and the executive committee, composed of Rev. E. H. Kellar of Wavahachie, Randolph Clark of Lancaster and J. W. Marshall of Taylor. The members of the Waxahachie Christian church, with Rev. E. H. Kellar, have been preparing for the reception of the 300 or 400 delegates for a week. Sunday night State Evangelist Boen filled the pulpit at tne Christian church, delivering his famous lecture on the "Mammoth Cave," illustrative of the pathway of life. The large congregation was delighted.

Mustered Out.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 15.—The first Texas cavalry was mustered out yesterday. The troopers were paid wages for two months and a half. Most of them left at once.

The regiment was mustered into the service of the United States exactly six months ago, on May 14. It has been well commanded and well conducted, and has made a most creditable record. Col. Luther P. Hare, the commander of the regiment was a captain in the seventh United States cavalrybe fore being assigned to the first Texas cavalry and when he concludes his business as chief mustering officer of Texas he expects to be ordered back to his former command.

Houston Fire.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 15.—About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon fire destroyed a two-story house, the property of Mr. G. C. Felton, at the corner of Bell and Crawford streets. It was occupied by Mr. Gay. The flue caught fire. Building was insured for $1600. the furniture, which also belonged to Mr. Felton, was insured for $1000. Personal apparel and some furniture belonging to Mr. Gay and family were insured for $500. The house was worth perhaps $3000. Other things destroyed were worth a good deal more than the insurance.

Last Strand Strung.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 15.—President Charles J. Glidden of the Southwestern Telephone and Telegraph company, with headquarters at Boston, was here yesterday and left at noon for Houston, accompanied by ex-Gov. Hogg, who will take the New England capitalist on a bear hunt in Brazoria county. Attendant upon Mr. Glidden's visit here, the last strand of wire was strung to-day on a long-distance telephone circuit, connecting Austin and other Texas points with Bar Harbor, Me., a distance of 2600 miles. The circuit takes in New York and all important eastern points, and will be in operation by Dec. 1.

Wanton Act.

Sherman, Tex., Nov. 15.—While en route to Dallas, A. Q. Nash of this city had a close call. A bullet, wantonly fired, crashed through the window of the seat he was occupying. The incident occurred just south of McKinney, and on a passenger train of the Houston and Texas Central railway. This is only one of a number of similar occurrences recently reported on nearly all the roads running into Sherman, and to the perpetrators of which there is so far no clew.

Shot Himself.

Marlin, Tex., Nov. 15.—John Watters, aged 26, living near here, shot himself and died in a few hours. Watters went home and told his mother to prepare supper then went to his room, got his shotgun and placed it to his breast. In discharging it he moved the gun a little and the load entered his breast and right arm. "I don't want to live any longer," he said when asked his reason for shooting himself.

Big Bid.

The lumber manufacturers of the cities of Lake Charles, Orange, Beaumont and mills on the Sabine and East Texas, Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf and Beaumont and Kansas City railroads have made a joint bid on the 18,000,000,000 feet of lumber wanted by the government to erect comfortable quarters for soldiers in Cuba. If the contract is let to the manufacturers of that section it will greatly strengthen the lumber market.

Wynnewood, I. T., has received over 10,000 bales of cotton this season.

Boy Died.

Gilmer, Tex., Nov. 15.—Louis Hood the 3-year-old son of G. W. Hood, who was burned last Friday afternoon, has since died from the effects of the injuries. There were three boys near the same age in the family, Louis being the youngest. The death was a sad one.

The Katy depot at Savanna, I. T., was robbed of $70 and a gold watch by two robbers.

Investigating Oil Matters.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 14.—H. M. Nerloch, representing a syndicate of Pennsylvania capitalists who are largely interested in the oil fields of Pennsylvania nd Ohio, has been making a tour of Texas, investigating the new oil fields of this state. He is spending a few days looking up the laws regulating the operations of corporations, and says if he finds everything favorable the company which he represents will soon be in the exploration of the Corsicana and Waco oil fields on an extensive scale. He expressed himself as convinced that the Corsicana oil field will prove one of the greatest in point of production in the United States, owing to the great area which it embraces. He believes that the recent discovery of oil at Waco is an indication that it has a direct connection with the Corsicana field.

Mr. Nerloch claims that the syndicate which he represents has no connection with the Standard Oil company.

In Distress.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 14.—The Italian bark Razetto, Capt. Emanuel Ponfigliere, arrived here in distress and is anchored in the stream. She passed through a storm of seventeen days' duration and was in the hurricane in which the Maria Teresa was lost. The captain did not come ashore, as he has been without sleep since the 1st of November, and he wanted to take a rest. It is said that the vessel is leaking two or three inches an hour. The Razetto left Malaga Oct. 9 for Sabine Pass, thus having been out thirty-four days, half of which time it appears she spent in a storm. She is a vessel of 570 tons.

Died From Burns.

Hallville, Tex., Nov. 14.—Little Rufus Price, the 3-year-old son of Mr. Stirl Price, a farmer living five miles west of here, went to the field with his larger brothers Friday afternoon, where they were to cut wood. A fire was kindled and the grass near by caught fire. The little fellow tried to put it out; his clothing caught, and before his brothers, who were a little distance away, could reach him, his clothing was almost burned off him. The child suffered agonies until Saturday night, when he died from the effects of the burns.

To Disband.

Corpus Christi, Tex., Nov. 14.—Saturday night the Corpus Christi fire department passed a resolution to disband immediately after they celebrate their twenty-seventh anniversary, the date of which is Nov. 30. Insufficient support on the part of some of the citizens is the reason assigned for the resolution. The department has about eighty members, and is one of the finest volunteer companies in Texas, it having won many prizes. An effort will be made to induce the department to reconsider the resolution.

Conference Called.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 14.—The committee recently appointed by the mayor to take steps to facilitate the movement inaugurated by the State Medical association to have passed a bill creating a state board of health, and providing for a more efficient and national quarantine, held its first meeting last night. A resolution was adopted directing the secretary to invite the mayors and city councils of the towns and cities most interested to send a committee to a conference to be held in Houston on Dec. 10.

Stranger Dies.

Texarkana, Tex., Nov. 14.—Homer Volney, a stranger, died at the city hall in this place. His case was one of exposure and want, and the coroner's verdict ascribed his death to those causes. Volney was found by the authorities in the suburbs of the city and brought to the police station on yesterday, where he was given attention, but he was then beyond hopes. He gave no evidence of identity, but by the papers that were found on his person.

Federal Prisoners.

Texarkana, Tex., Nov. 14.—Deputy United States Marshal J. H. Brickley arrived here from Fort Smith, Ark., with nineteen prisoners. They had been sent to the Federal jail at that place during the past interval of court, and were brought here to stand trial. Among the collection were twelve moonshiners captured in the Ozark mountains of Arkansas.

President Rouse and party of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway have been inspecting the line in central and southern Texas.

Shot at Waco.

Waco, Tex., Nov. 14.—E. P. Gates, proprietor of an Austin avenue saloon, was shot in the leg and severely wounded yesterday morning. Several young men were in the saloon and a pistol was produced. Mr. Gates remonstrated and some confusion occurred. It is not believed that the party firing the shot intended to shoot Mr. Gates. The grand jury has the case under investigation.

Catarrh

In the Hea

Is an inflammation of the mucous memb lining the nasal passages. It is caused cold or succession of colds, combined impure blood. Catarrh is cured by Ho Sarsaparilla, which eradicates from blood all scrofulous taints, rebuilds the cate tissues and builds up the system.

Hood's Sarsaparil

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six fo

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 ce

Appointed Inspector.

Miss Beatrice Cutler, who was u lately sub-director of the Girls' med school at Cairo, has just been appo ed by the Egyptian quarantine be to the post of inspector of female grims at El Tor. It is here that pilgrims, returning from Mecca, h to undergo a term of twelve days' q antine, followed by a very strict spection, and it is only when the sult is shown to be quite satisfac that permission is granted to the grims to proceed to their various c tries. Miss Cutler is the first Eng lady to hold this post, and her kn edge of Arabic will be of great ser to her in her work.

Post Mortem Wedding.

A Shansi missionary who went conduct a funeral the other day rowly escaped being present at a riage. The dead man was a bache of 50, and, fearing that his spirit wo wander companionless in the worl shades, relatives had scoured the c tryside for a dead maiden to marry him and bury with him. A desir bride had been found some seven m away, and was encoffined and prep for the double ceremony of marr and burial. As soon as the Chris service was concluded, and the sionary and his friends had left, other ceremonies began. Marriage the dead by interested friends are c mon in Shansi.

Like Lemonade

Porto Ricans are great consum of lemonade, and in the island beverage takes the place of the of Germany, whisky of the Un States and ale and stout of old E land. Everybody drinks lemonad almost every meal, and limes are in the decoction with the most refr ing and pleasant results. There is tle or no ice in the island, and lem ade is a necessity, for the citric ac the lime does not require ice to m a palatable beverage, and in a pl it can be used without water to que thirst, and with gratifying results.

Feast for the Fish.

While a marriage feast was be held at Bangkok, Siam, in a float house on the west side of the ri the floating structure gave way, s tering the revellers in dismay sending the choice viands provided the occasion to the bottom of Menam.

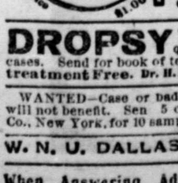
A dog's bark may equal his b but it does not cause hydrophobia.

Foul-Smelling Catarrh.

Catarrh is one of the most obstina diseases, and hence the most difficu to get rid of.

There is but one way to cure The disease is in the blood, and all t sprays, washes and inhaling mixtur in the world can have no permane effect whatever upon it. Swift's Sp cific cures Catarrh permanently, for it the only remedy which can reach t disease and force it from the blood.

Mr. B. P. McAllister, of Harrodsbur Ky., had Catarrh for years. He write "I could see no improvement whatev though I was constantly treated with spra and washes, and differ ent inhaling remedies. In fact, I could feel th each winter I was wor than the year previou "Finally it wa brought to my notic that Catarrh was a blo disease, and after thin ing over the matter, saw it was unreasonab to expect to be cured b remedies which on reached the surface. then decided to tr



S. S. S., and after a few bottles were used, I n ticed a perceptible improvement. Continuin the remedy, the disease was forced out of m system, and a complete cure was the resul I advise all who have this dreadful disease t abandon their local treatment, which has neve done them any good, and take S. S. S., a rem edy that can reach the disease and cure it."

To continue the wrong treatment fo Catarrh is to continue to suffer. Swift' Specific is a real blood remedy, and cures obstinate, deep-seated diseases which other remedies have no effec whatever upon. It promptly reaches Catarrh, and never fails to cure even the most aggravated cases.

S.S.S. For The Blood is Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no dangerous minerals.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

BIG T Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

W. N. U. DALLAS.—NO. 47—1898

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

VOLUTION IN SAN SALVADOR

Reported--Salvadoreans Assert That the Burden of the New Confederation Will Fall on Their Shoulders.

Reported Trouble.

York, Nov. 16.—A cable dispatch ed in this city from Libertad, agua, states that a revolution oken out in Salvador.

only a fortnight since Salvador, uras and Nicaragua joined their ics and formed the United States ntral Aberica. Merchants and ercial men in this city who are ar with affairs in Central Amer- however, are not surprised when ed that a revolution in Salva- was reported to have broken out. the federation of the three ics was approved and carried the presidents and the commis- s appointed from each country w up a constitution, the people lvador have not been enthusiastic the new scheme, particularly as pears that financial burdens of aining the new state will fall heavily upon them, owing to having a denser population than of the other parties to the con- ation.

Charles Wells of Brown & Wells, besides conducting the financial s of San Domingo, is interested in nduras syndicate which is engaged a concession from Honduras in ing a railroad from the gulf to the ic, says that while the new feder- would be of decided advantage to agua and Honduras, there is a ion as to its value to Salvador.

e reported uprising at Libertad is ably for the purpose of upsetting consolidation before it is really in ing order. An agent in Honduras, was here recently, said that a rev- on in Salvador was expected as ult of the consolidation.

Bolet Peraza, consul general in city for the Greater Republic of al America, which was formed time ago by Salvador, Honduras Nicaragua for consular and diplo- purposes, said that he had re- d no report of a revolution in Sal- r. "I do not think that there can ny serious uprising, or I should been notified. The officers of the government have not yet been ed, and I do not see why the peo- f Salvador should start a revolu- before the new plan is given a l. I believe it would prove to be a disturbance, and easily put n."

Death on the Rail.

Trenton, Ont., Nov. 16.—A Grand nk express train, bound for Toron- crashed into a moving freight train r Murray Hill crossing, two miles t of here, at 3:30 Tuesday morning, eral cars being smashed almost to nters. Twelve persons were killed a dozen or more seriously injured. misplaced switch was the cause of accident, the west-bound train tak- the wrong track, on which was the t-bound freight. The train con- ted of mail, express and baggage s, a second-class car, one first-class ch and two Pullman sleepers. The ond-class car was next to the bag- e car and ahead of the first-class ch and sleepers. It was pretty well d with passengers, there being nty or more passengers in it, and ily any of them escaped without in- y. Both engines were totally de- oyed, and the freight engine was own completely over the passenger gine into the ditch beyond.

Shot a Burglar.

Rev. Maurice Rosenthal, Jewish ergyman at New York, was aroused m his sleep by hearing a stranger his house, One Hundred and Six- enth street. Arming himself with a tol he went into the parlor, where was attacked by the intruder. The o men fought desperately for a few oments. The burglar proved to be e stronger. At last the clergyman ed his pistol full in the face of the rglar, who fell unconscious, the bul- having torn out his left eye and tered the brain. The wounded man as taken to a hospital, where he re- overed sufficient to reveal his name nd address as William Farrel, North hird street, Philadelphia. He is bout 21 years of age, and of power- ul build. The surgeons say he can ot recover.

Local Autonomy.

Madrid, Nov. 16.—The Catalonia del- gation, which, in conjunction with elegations representing other prov- nces of Spain, demands decentraliza- ion of the government, has handed to the queen regent a message setting forth the aspirations of the province and demanding local autonomy, the government continuing to exercise functions relating to political unity and international relations.

Advices are that he hospital ship Scandia has sailed from Manila

Army Assignments.

New York, Nov. 16.—A special from Washington says:

Gen. Merritt will resume command of the department of the east with headquarters at Governor's Island, when he returns from Europe, and Gen. Shafter will go to San Francisco to command the department of the Pacific, which he relinquished when the war began, and he was ordered to New Orleans and eventually to Tampa and Cuba. These assignments are to be made whether hostilities are resumed or not, as both of the officers concerned are satisfied to make way and give younger men an opportunity for active service in the field if occasion requires. Gen. Shafter will reach the retiring age of 64 years on Oct. 16, 1899, and his wish to end his military career in his adopted home on the Pacific slope will be respected. In fact, as much was promised to him when he took command at Governor's Island. Gen. Merritt can advance no further in rank before his retirement, on June 16, 1900, as his immediate superior, Gen. Miles, still has five years to serve.

Cretans Rejoice.

Canea, Island of Crete, Nov. 16.—The population of this town is holiday making. There is great rejoicing everywhere, a Te Deum has been chanted by the bishop, who, amid cheers, invoked divine blessings upon the protecting powers who have freed Crete from Turkish rule.

The Christians are behaving well and there are no signs of ill feeling among the Mussulmans.

It appears that Chakir Pasha, the last Turkish commanded to leave Crete, refused at the last moment to allow the transport to sail, claiming that he must wait till he received decisive orders from the Turkish government. Thereupon Admiral Portier, the French naval commander, dispatched the torpedo boat Vaylour to exercise the necessary pressure upon the Turkish commander, threatening to adoput forcible measures unless the transport put to sea. Chakir Pasha then yieldsd and the transport departed.

Territory Explosion.

Poteau, I. T., Nov. 16.—A terrible explosion took place at the Witteville coal mines, three miles from here. The explosion was caused by what may be called a windy shot. David James, the shot-firer, was killed outright. No one else in the mine on duty. Much damage was done to the inside as well as the outside of the mines. The mines are owned by the Indianola Coal and Railway company, principally all of Dallas, Tex. Damage to property $4000.

Want to Admit Him.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 16.—Congressmen A. L. Hager of the tenth Iowa district will introduce a bill in congress to admit Osborn Diegman, one of the Merrimac heroes, to the United States naval academy at Annapolis. The city council of Stuart passed a resolution some weeks ago requesting the secretary of the navy to admit Diegman to the naval academy, but Secretary Long declined to do so because Diegman was a trifle over the age and the secretary was opposed to establishing such a precedent. A special act of congress is necessary to get him in.

Li and Empress.

Li Hung Chang has memorialized the dowager empress, begging to be excused from the appointment to consult the viceroy of the province of Shan Tung as to steps to be taken to prevent any further overflowing of the Yellow river, pleading age and infirmity as his excuse. He had a special audience on the subject with the dowager empress, and the latter, while thanking him for his services to the throne, requested the Chinese statesman to proceed to the Yellow river without delay.

The government says the evacuation of Cuba will not be deferred beyond Jan. 1.

Dates Changed.

Ardmore, I. T., Nov. 16.—The dates of the appearance of the Dawes commission here have been changed to Nov. 21 to 26, inclusive. The purpose of this commission is to hear all cases postponed from the several appointments recently held in the Chickasaw nation; also to consider the application of those persons who have not already appeared before the commission. Some important rulings on citizenship cases will be laid down.

Peace Commission.

Paris, Nov. 14.—Among the onlookers here the impression exists, though it is not the result of any official statement, that the Spanish peace commissioners will not consent to a treaty that the American commissioners could sign.

It seems almost possible, also, that in the pitiable pressure to which the Spanish commissioners are subjected between their large creditors, who are on the spot watching them, and the stern attitude of the United States, the Spaniards may abandon their struggles and leave the two forces to confront each other.

The statement is made here that the lastm emorandum from the Americans is regarded by the Spaniards as a virtual ultimatum. But, as a matter of fact, the Americans have not presented an ultimatum, save as their treatment of the subjects in hand may be unanswerable. It is only since Wednesday last that the Spaniards have begun to feel that the American purpose taking over the Philippines, and that, too, without any assumption of Spanish indebtedness. As they are now convinced of this, it may be that Spain's next presentment in conference will be the supreme rally of her diplomatic, argumentative and tactful forces. It may even mark the conclusion of all she has to say, but if the rules of procedure are followed, the Americans would still have another presentation to submit.

Ever since Oct. 1 it has been within the range of possibilities that at any meeting an open rupture might occur, and on one or two occasions it might have been easily a fact, even before the taking up of the Philippine question.

The boundaries of the field in which that question is being worked out are becoming more apparent, and the angle of final settlement can not be far off. If a treaty is the result here, it may fairly be expected within three weeks, although it is not true, as represented from the United States yesterday, that the Americans have instructions embodying a time limit for the conclusion of the conference.

Judge Day has completely recovered.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

A one-pound girl baby was born to the wife of George Summa, at Richmond, Ky.

A rear-end collision at Henry Station, Tenn., resulted in two trainmen being badly injured.

J. Rowan & Co., general merchants, of Benton, Ala., have assigned. Liabilities $10,000.

A fire at Covington, La., destroyed three blocks of buildings, including the town hall, and involving a loss of $100,000.

Laura Mortimer, an actress in a Savannah, Ga., theater, was accidentally shot and killed by a pistol in the hands of Private C. E. Pfeiffer, of company G, fourth Illinois regiment.

At Cumberland City, Tenn., Delia Whitehead went out in the yard after wood, leaving her 3-year-old child alone. When the mother returned the child's clothing had caught fire and it had burned to death.

Florida Frazier, 3 years old, residing near Richmond, Ky., went to feed some puppies when a dog pounced upon her, biting off her nose and terribly mangling her face. The child will recover, but will be maimed for life.

The Alabama Steel and Wire company has acquired twenty acres of land near Ensley City, that state, and will erect an iron rod mill in the vicinity of the immense steel plant in course of erection at the same place. The company is capitalized at $2,000,000.

W. B. Baldwin, master mechanic of the Illinois Central railway, at Macomb City, Miss., was en route to New Orleans to visit his family. When near Arcola there seemed to be danger of collision with a freight train. Baldwin jumped off, striking his head against a switch post, fracturing his skull and dying instantly.

Sam Hing, a Waco Chinaman, was ordered deported at Galveston.

Not Believed.

Paris, Nov. 14.—It is reported here that Dreyfus is dead. The rumor is understood to beb ased upon a mysterious telegram received from Col. Mar, capital of Upper Alsace, signed by an unknown correspondent.

So far as can be ascertained there is no official confirmation of the report.

The father-in-law of Dreyfus discredits it. He says he has received excellent accounts from the colonial office quite recently as to the prisoner's health.

Heroes of the Brooklyn.

Washington, Nov. 14.—A supplemental report of Capt. F. A. Cook of the cruiser Brooklyn relative to officers deserving special mention in the battle of July 3 has been filed with the navy department. The officers named are: Past Assistant Engineers Carter and Patton and Assistant Engineer Fitzgerald, Naval Cadets Woodward, Hand, Clements, Vincent, Bowers and Forman and Pay Clerk O. I. Hancock.

Last Week's Record.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 14.—A number of important establishments were announced by the Mnaufacturers' Record last week. Among them were:

A $500,000 cotton gin works at Atlanta, Ga.; large cotton mill at Rockmart, Ga.; by a New York company; $100,000 lumber monufacturing company at Ocilla, Ga.; $20,000 lumber mills ta Macon, Ga.; 600-ton wire, rod and nail mill to cost $2,000,000 at Birmingham, Ala.; $25,000 flour mills at Ashville, Ala.; $10,000 lumber company at Mobile, Ala.; $20,000 chair factory at Birmingham, Ala.; $30,000 electric light plant at Pratt City, Ala.; $30,000 zinc mining company at Harrison, Ark.; $50,000 printing company at Jacksonville, Fla.; 7-ton ice factory at Glasgow, Ky.; $100,000 sheets steel mill at Newport, Ky.; $75,000 lumber company at Mt. Sterling, Ky.; $100,000 rubber company, $200,000 fertilizer factory, $15,000 gun factory, $20,000 button company, $50,000 ice company and $500,000 brewing company at Baltimore, Md.; $10,000 improvement company at Lexington, Miss.; $250,000 steamboat company at Vicksburg, Miss.; $15,000 ice cream freezer company at Burlington, N. C.; 5000-spindle 250 loom cotton mill at Columbia, N. C.; $10,000 cotton and coal company at Weatherford, Tex.; 18-ton ice factory, at Belton, Tex.; $10,000 manufacturing company at Terrell, Tex.; $50,000 manufacturing company at Tyler, Tex.; large paper and pulp mills at Richmond, Va.; $100,000 cotton yarn mill at Lynchburg, Va.; $15,000 electric light company at Harper's Ferry, W. Va.

No Political Significance.

Washington, Nov. 14.—It is understood that assurances have been given by the German government that the visit of Emperor William of Germany to Spain is entirely void of official character or significance; that the official trip of the imperial party ended when they left Palestine, and that the proposed stop at Cadiz and Cartegena is largely a health precaution in behalf of the empress, as the sea trip would be long and arduous if unbroken by these stops at these Spanish ports. The assurances appear to be voluntary on the part of the Berlin officials, and to be in line with the care taken in that quarter of late to minimize and remove the bad impression caused by several incidents occurring during the recent war. The state department has not, as far as is known, taken cognizance of the emperor's movements, and certainly there was no purpose of inquiring as to the stop at Spain, although this action by the emperor was looked upon as rather inopportune, to say the least, when the peace negotiations with Spain are at a critical juncture, and when technically the war is still in progress. At the same time Germany has constantly reiterated her neutrality and friendly attitude, and the emperor has taken occasion in his last address to the reichstag to give strong expression to the German purpose to maintain the strictest impartiality between this government and Spain. At the same time the officials here and in Berlin have recognized that a strong public sentiment of animosity was being developed between the people of the two countries, and steps have been taken to offset this as far as possible. The last move in that direction was at a recent dinner given by Chancellor Von Buelow, at Berlin, to Andrew D. White, the United States ambassador, and Dr. Von Holleben, the German ambassador to the United States, now visiting in Germany.

John Wetson, a fisherman, was burned to death between two burning logs in Trinity bottom near Dallas while asleep. His hands and feet were terribly burned. The unfortunate man was still alive when found and taken to the hospital, where he died.

C. R. Davis, who resided six miles from Cleburne, was run over and fatally injured by a Santa Fe freight train, dying shortly afterwards.

The Cotton Belt railway has paid penalties amounting to $10,000, for rebating, to the state.

Monument Dedicated.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 14.—The monument to the Santiago dead of the first regiment Illinois volunteers, was dedicated at the regimental armory yesterday with impressive ceremonies.

The shaft is of pure white marble and on its black base bears the inscription: "In memory of the members of the first infantry, Illinois volunteers, who died in the Spanish-American war in 1898." It also bears a list of the names of the dead.

Will Rest.

New York, Nov. 14.—Joseph Jefferson has canceled his engagement at the Fifth Avenue theater, where he was to appear in "Rip Van Winkle" and "The Rivals" this week. Mr. Jefferson has almost completely recovered from his recent attack of bronchitis, but his physician advises him to rest for another week, at the end of which time he will fill his coming engagements.

An Appeal.

The Filipino junta, representatives of Gen. Aguinaldo, and the Filipino government at Hong Kong have drawn up what they designate as an "appeal to President McKinley and the American people," but what is in reality rather in the nature of an arraignment of American actions in the Philippines.

John Barrett, former United States minister to Siam, was asked by the junta to present the memorial of the United States government and people. Mr. Barrett replied that while he could have no official influence regarding the status of the matter, he was satisfied the sentiments of the Filipinos would receive at the hands of the American all the consideration it merited. The memorial says:

"We, the Hong Kong representatives of our countrymen, appeal to the great and good government of President McKinley and the spirit of fairness and justness of the American people as it has always shown in their regard for the petitions of the weak and oppressed. While the fate of the islands is still undecided and we are doing all in our power to prevent a conflict between the Americans and Filipinos, awaiting patiently the conclusion of the Paris commission, we implore the interference of the president, supported by the will of the people to end the slights shown our leaders, soldiers and people, by some of the American military and naval officers, although we do not wish to wrong Admiral Dewey or Gen. Otis."

The memorial then avers that "false reports are spreading broadcast alleging that the friction," points out "that the tenison is greater every day and any moment a shot mya be fired by an irresponsible American or Filipino soldier, leading to great bloodshed," and beseeching us to "help the junta to control our people by directing the American officials at Manila to temper their actions with friendship, justice and fairness."

"From the commencement of the hostilities," continues the memorial, "the Filipinos acceded to all the American requests, but after bottling up the Spaniards in Manila the Filipinos were completely ignored when the Americans advanced and were thus deprived of the fruits of victory. Now, after months of campaigning, the Filipino troops have been ordered beyond the suburbs, where they have no quarters and where supplies are difficult to obtain. All our launches have been seized because of foolish rumors that we would attack the Americans, and when we asked for explanations we were not even answered. The Spaniards, of late the enemies of the Americans, have been shown every consideration, the Filipinos, their friends and allies, are often treated as enemies."

After asserting that the Filipinos uniformly acted upon the advice of the Americans and were informally recognizde by them until Manila was captured, the memorial goes on to say:

"We can only attribute this sudden change to orders from Washington to the American officials at Manila to avoid compromising the American govevnment by a recognition of the Filipinos or their government. The Americans are carrying out these instructions literally, losing sight of the former friendly intercourse and assistance and official assurances that the American officials gave Gen. Aguinaldo, which he comumnicated to his followers."

After emphasizing the junta's "absolute confidence in President McKinley and thep eople of the great republic," stating that "our protests are not prompted by animosity, but are directed against conditions existing at Manila and not against the American government and people," acknowledging "our gratitude to American arms for destroying the Spanish power in the Philippines" and expressing a hope that "the islands are not to be returned to Spain," the memorial concludes thus:

"We await the arbitrament of the peace commission with even greater interest than the Americans because it concerns our land, our happiness and our freedom. In the meantime we shall pray for peace and a perfect understanding with the Americans."

Large Liabilities.

Cincinanti, O., Nov. 15.—The Turney-Jones Coal company of Columbus, O., and the Pennsylvania and Ohio Fuel company of St. Paul, with offices in Chicago, have been put into the hands of the Security and Title company of Chicago as receivers by the Federal court. These companies are among the largest operators in the Ohio coal fields. Their troubles commenced in the summer of 1897 with the great coal strike, which caused them a loss of $200,000. The liabilities amount to $1,200,000.

Joins With Others.

Madrid, Nov. 15.—Aragon has now joined with the other provinces of Spain in demanding the decentralization of the government, on which subject a Catalonian deputation was received in audience by the queen regent yesterday. The Aragoians, in presenting their demands, point out that the "Anglo-Saxons of America, aided by the Anglo-Saxons of Europe, have obliterated half of Spain from the maps."

Arms Laid Down.

The mutiny of the orden publico forces at Havana, which for two days threatened the peace of that city, has resulted in the dissolution of that body when, after the payment of some arrears and the promise of a full liquidation, the revolting troops laid down their arms. Capt. Gen. Blanco then ordered all the foot and mounted regiments of the orden publico to be disbanded, that organization ceasing to exist. As originally planned, it was intended that the mutiny should have extended to the guardia civil and the artillery regulars, and it would in that event have assumed much graver importance, and might have inaugurated a reign of terror and bloodshed in the islands.

For some time past the uprising of troops in consequence of the nonreceipt of their pay has been feared. Not only is their pay owing for months, and in some cases for years, but the reserve pay of the soldiers, their savings since the date of their enlistment, which were looked upon them as sacred, have' been appropriated, or stolen as the men say, by a government which now turns a deaf ear to their protests. What amount this reserve pay reaches it is impossible to estimate, but it is known that it aggregates millions. This is what has been precipitating riots, causing mutiny at Havana, impelling to insubordination at Nuevitas, and which may yet give rise to further widespread disturbances in the isand.

Pay Promised.

Private reports received at Key West, Fla., from Puerto Principe and Nuevitas, Cuba, say that 7000 regular soldiers mutinied, demanding their pay before embarking for Spain. About 4000 armed soldiers, the reports add, presented themselves in front of the palace, calling on the military governor, Emilio March, for their overdue pay. Thereupon Gen. March drew his sword and ordered them to disband. The soldiers, however, refused to obey, and some of them, armed with loaded rifles, threatened the life of Gen. March, who returned its sword to its scabbard, crying out: "Do you wsih to kill me? Well, kill me!" The soldiers in reply shouted: "No, no; we only want our pay before embarking for Spain." Gen. March promised them they would be paid, and the soldiers returned to their quarters peaceably. The steamer Alvara left Havana a few days ago with $15.000, with which to pay those soldiers who were to embark immediately for Spain.

Santiago Affairs.

Private Gaston of the eighth Illinois volunteers, colored, who was recently court-martialed at Santiago, for murderous assault on a corporal of the regiment and sentenced to three years' imprisonment, was released a few days ago from the city jail by the warden, who mistook him for another. All efforts to recapture him have proved futile. It is believed that he has reached the northern part of the island.

The Santiago chamber of commerce has requested Gen. Leonard Wood, governor of the military department, to turn over to its treasurer all moneys received as taxes on shipping for harbor improvements, proposing to undertake the future collections and to take charge of the harbor work without government supervision. It is not probable that Gen. Wood will accede to this request without a personal representative in the chamber, and he will undoubtedly retain the veto power himself.

The excessive pilotage dues on entering Manzanillo have been reduced from $150 to $75, the trip taking a pilot boat only six hours for the ordinary steamer.

There is a great deal of complaint about the methods of the American Express company's office at Santiago. The assertion is made that the company's agent accepts express matter in the United States for delivery there, but does not deliver it. It is said that many tons of such matter now lie at the camp.

Terrible Death.

Sedalia, Mo., Nov. 15.—Thomas Moore, 7 years old, son of E. J. Moore, a member of company I, second regiment Missouri volunteers, is dead of hydrophobia. The lad was bitten two weeks ago by a dog, which was supposed to be suffering with rabies. A few hours before the boy died he began to bark like a dog, and was attacked with frequent convulsions. He began to bite his attendants, and seemed possessed of superhuman strength. His death was a most agonizing one.

To Hang.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The United States supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the lower court and denied a writ of habeas corpus to [illegible] derson, convicted and sentenced to be hanged, after a trial at [illegible] for the murder of the [illegible] Olive Pecker. Chief Justice announcing the decision, said Anderson had not been denied any constitutional right in not having counsel of his own choice at the

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS

J. S. DALEY.....EDITOR AND PROP

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

LARGEST COUNTY CIRCULATION

Office, Ground Floor Progress Building.

Subscription Price, $1.00 per Year.

DUBLIN, TEXAS, FRIDAY, NOV. 18, 1898.

Here's our ☞ Exponent shake. The thing was done nobly in old Comanche.

Minneapolis, Minnesota elected a populist mayor at the recent election by a majority of five thousand.

In the states the democrats were used up as badly by the republicans as the populists were in Erath county by the democrats.

Bryan's home state has gone republican and Texas has elected a gold standard governor. What do you think is the outlook for Mr. Bryan in 1900?

The referendum knocked out the constitutional amendment to increase the pay of ten cent representatives to $500, but the Hogg fee went through in a trot.

Comanche county elected none but populist officials. The democrats were defeated for every office by an average majority against each of over six hundred.

Populists in Erath county have but little in a political way to give thanks for this year. However, we can be thankful that it is no worse than what it is. We elected a constable.

The republicans will have a majority of twenty-six in the next senate and twenty-one in the house of representatives. The senate will be made up as follows; republicans 58, democrats 25, populists 7, and the house, republicans 189, democrats 164 and populists 4.

The democrats of Erath county deserve a blue ribbon for the excellent organization of their party in the recent campaign, by which alone the county was carried for the democratic nominees when the populists have a clear majority of two hundred in the county.

The fusion deal between the democrats and populists in Nebraska, headed by Wm. J. Bryan was defeated in the recent election and Nebraska, Bryan's home, went republican. Defeat is the legitimate fruits of fusion everywhere and at all times.

The republicans carried the state of Nebraska in the recent election and elected a majority of the state senate and house, which bodies will elect a United States senator to succeed Wm. V. Allen, whose treachery at St. Louis in '96 well merited the rebuke he is now to receive.

The New York World of the 11th inst gives about an inch of space to the election returns in Texas, headed "Election Day in Texas," under which appears nine lines giving the names of persons killed and wounded in Texas that day, after which the report concludes with these words: "The fatality returns are not all in. The democratic majority is about 200,000."

The results of the election in Erath county will learn the pops many things, and the most important is that they must not be over confident, fraid to vote or allow a democrat to talk him into scratching the ticket. In order to win next campaign we must get out our very best men and put our shoulder to the wheel to elect them. We can do so if we will make a determined effort.

The populists of Texas have elected more county officers this year than ever before and our representation in the state legislature will be larger than that of the last term. All of this notwithstanding the brutal majority received by the "free silver" democrats gold standard candidate for governor, who received the consolidation votes of the "free silver" and gold standard democrats and the republicans.

CORRECT ELECTION RETURNS

OF ERATH COUNTY.

CANDIDATES.	Dublin.	Shelby.	Kiker's Gin.	Bluff Dale.	Alexander.	Pecan Grove.	Clairette.	Box School H.	Huckaby.	Morgan's Mill.	Lingleville.	Moccasin Rock.	Jones School H.	Buck Creek.	Elm Grove.	Stephenville.	Liberty.	Thurber.	Daffau.	Chalk Mount'n.	Halsell.	Total.	Majorities.
Vote by precincts, 1896	830	125	157	170	499	101		129	178	176	91	239	156	96	104	1082	226	599	288	60		5206	
Vote by precincts, 1898	734	104	122	145	278	80	146	114	153	182	85	198	121	59	83	969	201	535	262	54	45	4670	
For amendment	58	13	2	6	8	2	3	13	10	7	11	7			1	104	3	24	4	1		277	
Against amendment	480	75	112	111	220	75	122	80	118	147	63	148	114	42	71	485	187	113	238	46	44	3091	
Governor—Barnett Gibbs	335	38	20	45	118	61	93	20	104	104	29	126	48	22	39	424	130	70	122	36	31	1985	
Joseph D. Sayers	371	62	91	95	136	17	52	91	41	75	33	63	70	22	42	471	66	447	132	17	13	2407	326
B. B. Bailey	7	3	9		12		1	1	5	3	12	2	2	2		23	1	5	7	1		96	
Lt-Gov.—E. W. Kirkpatrick	320	36	20	40	109	56	84	17	92	100	27	120	49	27	36	364	112	51	117	36	29	1842	
J. N. Browning	380	63	88	97	133	19	59	94	43	78	34	65	70	26	44	494	79	458	134	17	14	2489	511
D. H. Hancock	6	4	8	1	21	1	5	1	8	5	13	2	1	1	1	39	5	8	7	1		136	
Attorney General.																							
Chas. H. Jenkins	350	39	21	45	127	59	94	21	102	103	32	123	51	22	38	445	121	60	126	37	30	2046	
Thos. S. Smith	365	64	93	94	138	19	51	91	47	74	42	60	70	23	39	475	77	458	133	17	13	2443	397
Comptroller—E. P. Alsbury	315	38	20	41	114	53	89	16	100	103	27	109	46	19	33	366	110	44	122	37	30	1832	
R. W. Finley	393	64	94	96	149	22	55	94	46	80	45	75	73	25	43	529	83	474	137	17	14	2608	776
Treasurer—J. B. Barry	325	35	19	44	113	53	90	18	98	100	31	114	45	21	33	384	115	57	126	37	30	1888	
John W. Robbins	382	67	95	95	156	23	56	95	48	81	42	69	75	23	40	522	85	462	134	17	13	2480	592
Land Commissioner.																							
H. L. Bentley	315	37	22	42	116	56	93	15	103	102	28	116	49	19	37	380	120	60	124	37	30	1961	
George W. Finger	391	63	93	98	148	19	52	94	45	80	44	70	71	25	39	527	81	458	134	16	13	2561	600
Supt. Public Instruction.																							
V. A. Collins	328	38	19	46	110	55	92	19	102	108	30	109	56	19	35	393	121	58	128	37	29	1932	
J. S. Kendall	379	64	94	93	152	20	54	88	45	74	44	77	74	26	41	505	80	459	132	17	13	2531	599
Railroad Commissioner.																							
Joe Farley	315	37	21	44	120	57	91	16	98	102	30	111	47	21	33	383	113	58	122	38	30	1887	
Allison Mayfield	391	65	87	96	143	20	54	91	48	79	43	76	72	23	42	521	86	462	137	16	13	2565	678
Associate Justice Sup. Ct.																							
T. J. McMinn	314	37	19	45	115	54	90	13	95	103	29	109	49	20	37	389	110	66	127	38	29	1888	
Thos. J. Brown	391	65	95	95	147	21	55	97	51	79	44	76	71	25	40	524	89	453	131	15	14	2578	690
Court Criminal Appeals.																							
J. M. Hurt	316	38	20	44	110	54	90	15	100	93	28	115	43	18	35	377	108	65	121	37	28	1775	
M. M. Brooks	384	65	94	97	151	21	56	95	46	82	44	72	77	26	39	518	91	453	138	17	13	2580	805
Chief Justice Court Appls.																							
T. H. Connor	428	82	102	113	213	41	65	111	69	108	50	115	84	33	52	722	130	510	144	22	17	3211	
Congress, 8th District.																							
N. J. Shands	220	29	16	46	96	59	95	16	103	103	37	110	40	25	40	438	98	43	111	34	32	1791	
S. W. T. Lanham	402	63	92	89	143	17	46	93	41	77	40	73	76	22	34	428	82	384	139	16	13	2370	249
Arthur Springer	81	8	4	4	25	1	4	2	2	3	13	6	3	1.	2	65	11	84	8	3		330	
State Senate, 26th District.																							
Arch Grinnan	429	62	95	95	146	18	51	91	46	75	48	69	74	23	39	501	83	446	142	16	14	2563	627
A. J. Crane	267	38	18	48	120	58	93	21	103	105	34	118	46	23	38	435	115	74	116	36	30	1936	
Attorney, 29th Judicial Dist.																							
W. T. Daniel. Ind	118	4	4		2	5		1		13		2		1			1	1	2	1	154		
Lee Riddle	433	63	100	95	132	17	48	94	50	74	41	70	79	20	34	488	87	454	134	14	14	2531	571
J. T. Daniel. Ind	146	34	9	57	134	55	98	17	97	106	23	113	36	29	45	445	107	67	116	38	29	1806	
Representative, 99th Dist.																							
U. J. Morton	240	24	36	45	97	55	93	16	96	105	28	102	49	22	41	380	121	66	118	37	31	1802	
Ben Palmer	459	77	79	91	167	24	50	95	51	78	48	85	71	23	40	555	76	455	142	15	14	2695	893
County Judge.																							
J. W. Jarrott	210	23	14	43	74	37	90	13	82	80	28	91	31	21	34	393	85	410	98	38	30	1925	
L. N. Frank	488	72	105	98	191	40	56	99	63	96	51	99	85	25	45	545	103	118	159	16	14	2568	633
County Attorney.																							
J. M. Carter	261	38	18	40	151	60	110	21	109	95	34	117	46	15	39	476	126	151	134	39	29	2109	
Dick Oxford	457	65	102	102	116	19	31	86	42	87	47	79	73	32	40	468	68	378	122	15	15	2455	336
District Clerk.																							
J. S. Watson	316	18	19	49	106	54	92	24	95	100	26	112	42	16	40	414	99	402	107	38	30	2200	
Joe K. Terrett	396	84	101	93	157	25	53	88	55	82	54	77	76	29	37	530	102	120	152	16	14	2341	141
County Clerk.																							
J. I. Minter	282	34	102	42	149	54	98	22	98	100	33	102	37	21	41	483	113	82	123	39	30	2085	
T. G. Geren	429	69	17	100	119	23	44	91	50	82	48	91	81	26	40	450	82	448	134	15	15	2454	369
Sheriff.																							
Frank W. Freeman	299	34	18	58	96	58	91	23	105	104	43	113	42	30	39	434	85	366	102	38	30	2208	
R. T. Hume	413	61	100	69	173	15	51	86	41	68	35	75	72	19	42	489	98	160	154	16	15	2252	44
County Treasurer.																							
G. C. Hamilton	222	21	18	39	100	55	85	15	91	97	54	95	35	21	42	362	81	394	105	34	28	1994	
G. E. Toliver	487	80	99	104	168	23	57	96	58	81	26	87	82	23	38	567	103	128	152	20	16	2495	501
Tax Assessor.																							
R. M. Yarbrough	268	41	31	68	96	57	91	14	110	115	35	109	46	27	41	370	122	277	100	36	31	2085	
Jno. A. Robertson	445	61	89	69	170	21	56	98	33	64	45	83	73	22	41	575	75	241	161	18	14	2454	369
Tax Collector.																							
Willard Chamberlin	300	33	16	40	79	49	82	16	94	87	22	76	32	20	37	400	77	395	97	34	30	2018	
N. N. Johnson	400	71	106	104	185	29	58	97	57	94	58	117	85	28	44	537	117	133	163	19	15	2517	499
County Surveyor.																							
Bingham King	286	33	18	36	104	45	96	15	100	108	18	117	37	24	33	477	114	96	128	35	30	1940	
McKewn Johnstone	412	70	97	104	160	33	49	94	48	73	60	72	82	23	48	465	80	421	199	19	15	2554	614
For refunding	99	13	2	11	56	4	165		11	11	10	8	4		5	129	15	200	9	3		696	
Against refunding	387	79	108	61	168	63	11	102	107	135	52	152	80	44	62	587	168	70	223	42	42	2756	2057



Everybody surrenders to Battle Ax.

There is no greater hardship than to be deprived of your

BattleAx PLUG

and any one who has once chewed Battle Ax will give up most any thing to get it. 10c. buys a larger piece of Battle Ax than of any other kind of high grade quality.

Remember the name when you buy again.

1791
330
2121

2370
121
2249

If You Want the Best

Send Your Order to **W. A. Dawson,**

Stephenville, Texas, for Your

WHISKY, WINES, BRANDY, ETC.

He Handles only the First-Class Brands.

The famous Monarch brand of whiskies in all grades, ranging in price from $2.00 to $5.00 per gallon. Fine case goods a specialty. Telephone No. 41.
☞ Orders by telephone or mail will receive prompt attention.

SURE BARGAINS

50 Envelopes,	05c
72 Pages Legal or Fool's Cap Paper,	05c
192 Pages Note Paper,	05c
Paper back Novels, Standard Works, each,	05c
Bottle Shoe Polish,	05c
Bottle Machine Oil,	05c
No. 1 Lamp Burner,	05c
Five Boxes of Matches,	05c
Tack Hammer,	05c
Large Tin Wash Pan,	05c
Two-Quart Tin Cup,	05c
Tin Coffee Pot,	05c
Tin Stew Pan,	05c
Milk Strainer,	05c
Pair Sox,	05c
Towel,	05c
Oil Cloth, per foot,	05c
Hickory Hammer Handle,	05c
Hickory Axe Handle,	10c
Sixteen Ounce Can Baking Powder,	10c
Full Size Broom,	15c
Ceiling Duster, Handle Six Feet,	15c
Dinner Bucket, Three Departments,	20c

A Very Little Money Enables You to Carry a Very Large Package From

BRITE'S VARIETY STORE

DUBLIN. TEXAS.

A Big Circus and Menagerie

Would cost you lots of money and you would have nothing in return. Now, a better way would be to go to the

DUBLIN MERCANTILE CO.

and see the great show of good goods of all kinds that they are selling at prices never before heard of. The cost of these goods are not taken into consideration, they must go! We have been making the prices, but now they go at your price.

LISTEN. HERE COES THE PRICES.

Men's shirts, worth $1 to $1.25, this sale,...50c
Men's collars, worth 15 to 20c, this sale,....5c.
Men's underwear, worth 75c, this sale,....40c.
Men's shoes, good styles, worth $3.50,....$2.00
Men's hats, worth $1.50 to $2.50,..50c to $1.00
Men's neckwear, worth 25 to 50c—this sale, your own price.
We also have a beautiful line of up-to-date styles of all kinds of gents furnishing goods at prices never before heard of.

We have the largest and best assorted stock of men's and boys clothing ever shown in Dublin.
Men's good double-heel, ribbed-top socks....5c
Men's suspenders, worth 15 and 20c,.....10c
Boys suspenders, worth 10 to 15c, our price 5c.
A job lot of ladies dress goods, worth 15 to 20c, will close out at 20 yards for.....$1.00

GET IN THE BAND WAGON.

The wise women profit by the experience of her neighbor—Hundreds of people are coming to our Dress Goods Department—they all leave with bundles—some small, some large—but they all have bundles of some kind. **WHY IS IT?** Because our prices are right, and we have the styles and the goods.
All Wool filling Dress Goods at 5 cents per yard.

CAPES and JACKETS: If it's going to be a new coat or a cape, it might as well be a stylish one from us.

STAPLES: It is not worth while to call attention of our friends and customers that we carry the largest and best assortment of staple goods of any store in the west at any price that any unscrupulous man might price you to catch your bill.

GROCERIES: We carry a first-class line of Staple and Fancy Groceries at right prices. We especially have a big line of Christmas Candies that usually sell for from 25 to 50 cents per pound, this sale 10 to 35 cents per pound. We have the goods, the prices, the styles and the clerks to show them. Give us a trial.

DUBLIN MERCANTILE CO.
J. H. LATHAM, Manager.

Four important Gateways,

Two Fast Trains Daily

.....For.....

ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

.....Direct Line To.....

ARIZONA. MEXICO. CALIFORNIA.

THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY

The producer of cotton in the state of Texas has no right to kick now about four-cent cotton. When they had the opportunity of voting for a practical measure that would raise the price of cotton two dollars per bale, by reducing the freight rate that much, they said by their vote that they are satisfied with the price.

The populist who is not stron in the faith to-day than he was fore the election was not much a populist to start on. We h heard one hundred good men they would never again scrat populist ticket and if the ca dates who were out did not them they would put out s who would.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

DUBLIN, TEXAS, FRIDAY, NOV. 18, 1898

LOCAL ITEMS.

ental snuff 20 cts. at H. Bros.

ee Pipes visited his parents at henville Monday.

ounce bottle of snuff only nts at H. Bros.

dge N. R. Lindsey of Coman- was here a few hours Tues-

e want your business, come get prices before you buy. ros.

r. J. W. Chism will leave week for a trip to the Terri-

torney Lee Young was here day and Wednesday from henville.

een machine, three drawers five drawers $25 at Higgin- m Bros.

reen H. Harrison left Tues- for a trip to Austin. He ex- to return Sunday.

ginbotham Bros. will sell the best patent flour for $1.85 nd grade $1.65.

rs. Clarence Keily returned day from a visit of a week relatives at Waco.

here is no house in the state will sell you your fall bill as as H. Bros.

W. Risien of Oak Cliff, was this week on business and ing hands with friends.

hanksgiving services may be cted at the Episcopal church Thursday, commencing at o'clock a. m.

ys. E. A. Smith and W. H. ews are in attendance at the thodist district conference at nwood this week.

ister Adele, the five-year-old of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. An- s, has recently recovered from ere spell of slow fever.

iss Lurline Smith, who has here having her eyes treated ome time, left Wednesday er home at Stephenville.

he excursion up Salt creek in h county is patronized exclu- y this year by populists. is the misfortune of Erath.

r. Wilson, who recently moved Lingleville to DeLeon, has ed back to Lingleville and ed a partnership with Dr. M. atterson.

he tolal cotton receipts of Dub- up to yesterday morning was 53 bales at yards as follows: rmers yard, 6494; Dublin yard, 0; Peoples yard, 3709.

he infant child of Mr. and Mrs. ke Fritz died at the family res- nce in this city last Tuesday was buried on the following at the old Dublin cemetery.

ll dress patterns sold by Utter- k & Harris, at or above 50c yard will be cut and fitted bout expense to the purchaser ny desired pattern. This is a ing.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Department commander Gen. F. C. Connor of the Grand Army of the Republic, who resides at Dallas, was here last Saturday and attended the meeting of Sam Houston Post that night, which in his honor adjourned and tendered a reception to the distinguished visitor with speeches from Mayor McCain and others.

The election being over the Progress can spare some of its space to advertisers if they want it at our regular rate of sixty cents per single column inch per month where over five inches is used. We give twenty per cent discount for yearly contracts.

Miss Cowell, who has just returned from the Eastern markets, has charge of our millinery department. Call and see her before you buy, we know you will be pleased both in styles and prices at Higginbotham Bros.

Removal.

December 1st we move to Leggett building, Patrick street, formerly occupied by Dublin Music Co., and hope to see our friends and customers call and see us.
26-2t HARRIS GROCER CO.

Notice.

Hall & Polland have in their posession all notes due the Western Cottage Piano and Organ Co. Parties wishing to settle without cost should see them at once at Dublin Music Co. stand. 22tf

The Texas Central railway will sell tickets Dec. 20 and 21, at one fare for the round trip, good to return thirty days from date of sale. Direct connections to Memphis and points in old states. tf.

G. A. (Shorty) Vandiver has added the third chair to his shop in order to be more able to accommodate the trade. He has also added a complete porcelain bath outfit and solicits your trade.

Wanted.

We want 20,000 bushels good bright heavy oats and will pay twenty-cents per bushel for them sacked and delivered at Thurber, Texas.

All dress patterns sold by Utterback & Harris, at or above 50c per yard will be cut and fitted without expense to the purchaser in any desired pattern. This is a saving. 19tf

The annual conference of the Methodist church is in session at Brownwood this week. Numbers of ministers have passed through Dublin this week en route to attend.

Burned to Death.

The little six months old baby boy of Jno. McClusky and wife in old Dublin was horribly burned last Sunday about noon, from the effects of which it died in the early part of the following morning. The child was in the room by itself and in pulling a chair up to the fire place it became overbalanced and fell backward into the flames. The mother heard its screams and ran to the rescue, but the child was already burned almost beyond recognition. Burial took place Tuesday evening at the old Dublin cemetery.

Just Received.

New sugar house syrup, extra good. HARRIS GROCER CO. 23-2t

We are asked by the directors of the public school at Shady Grove to say that all the scholastics of that community are requested to meet with the teacher at the school house on the last Monday in this month to see about books. The school will begin the first Monday in next month.

40 yards calico for $1.00 at H. Bros.

Ex-sheriff Frank W. Freeman was here Monday and Tuesday on business and particularly looking into the matter of a contest of the Dublin box because of irregularities. Frank says that he does not propose to contest any box, and that while it is so, he was defeated by but a small majority which might be overcome by having a box thrown out on some technicality that he does not want the office that way.

Twenty yards cotton flannel for $1 00 at H. Bros.

Miss Callie Overs, aged twelve years, died at the home of her brother Ralph in this city last Saturday, after an illness of more than a month with slow fever. Funeral services were held at the Christian church Sunday afternoon and burial took place immediately after at the old Dublin cemetery. The numerous friends of this orphan family join the Progress in extending sympathy in the loss of their little sister, which misfortune followed the death of the mother only a few months.

Forty yards cotton checks $1.00 at H. Bros.

Eight car loads of furniture that must be sold at H. Bros.

The economical wearing of pants means wearing the best. The best jeans pants are the Buckskin Breeches. They are made of good jeans sewed with the best thread and the know-how make the fit and looks, and the low price. There's a guarantee with each pair—look in the pockets.

Don't forget that Higginbotham Bros. always leads both in quality, quantity, style and prices. You know what it means when we make this big cut in all lines that we are now making. Come and see us before you buy.

Twenty-five yds. good brown domestic $1.00 at H. Bros.

25 yards bleached domestic for $1.00 at H. Bros.

Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago says of the great stride recently made by that city in placing in the city council a number of agressive, honest young men, elected as the result of intelligent, independent voting:

Let us go a step further and regard the holding of a public office, even the office of alderman, as an honorable occupation. In the last few years a great step has been taken locally in the class of men, business men and especially young men, who have sought seats in the city council and have filled them with honesty, efficiency and industry. In our present council there are too many to mention all by name, and it would be regarded as invidious to single out individuals It is enough to say the presence of each of the men who comprise the honest minority of the city council in elementary political life offers more of promise than would a score of reform orators or a score of municipal boards. —Dallas News.

Lion Coffee 9 cents per pound at H. Bros.

XXXX coffee 9 cents per lb. at H. Bros.

The greatest medicine for the kidneys that has been discoverd in modern times is Dr. Sawyer's Ukatine. The best proof is to give it a trial.

You will never know how quickly you can be cured of constipation, dispepsia or liver complaint, until you have tried Dr. Sawyer's Little Wide Awake Pills,

In many seemingly hopeless cases, consumption has been averted, in stopping a hacking cough, by the use of Dr. Sawyer's Wild Cherry and Tar.

We tell only what we positively know when we say 'Dr. Sawyer's Arnica and Witch Hazel Salve will radically cure skin diseases, eczema, piles, burns, scalds, cuts or flesh wounds. Kelly Drug Co,

Look at our $4.50 stoves at Higginbotham Bros.

Tortured By Rheumatism.

Purely Vegetable Blood Remedy is the Only Cure.

If the people generally knew the true cause of Rheumatism, there would be no such thing as liniments and lotions for this painful and disabling disease. The fact is, Rheumatism is a disordered state of the blood—it can be reached, therefore, only through the blood. Not all blood remedies can not cure Rheumatism, for it is an obstinate disease, one which requires a *real blood remedy*—something more than mere tonic. Swift's Specific is the only real blood remedy, and it promptly goes to the very bottom of even the most obstinate case.

A few years ago I was taken with inflammatory Rheumatism, which, though mild at first, became gradually so intense that I was for weeks unable to walk. I tried several prominent physicians and took their treatment faithfully, but was unable to get the slightest relief. In fact, my condition seemed to grow worse, the pains spread over my entire body, and from November to March I suffered agony. I tried many patent medicines, but none relieved me. Upon the advice of a friend I decided to try S. S. S. Before allowing me to take it, however, my guardian, who was a chemist, analyzed the remedy, and pronounced it free of potash or mercury. I felt so much better after taking two bottles, that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely. The cure was permanent, for I have never since had a touch of Rheumatism, though many times exposed to damp and cold weather.

ELEANOR M. TIPPELL,
3711 Powelton Avenue, Philadelphia.

Those who have had experience with Rheumatism know that it becomes more severe each year, and like all other blood diseases, the doctors are totally unable to cure it. In fact, the only remedies which they prescribe are potash and mercury, and though temporary relief may result, these remedies produce a stiffness of joints and only intensify the disease.



S. S. S. never disappoints, for it is made to cure these deep-rooted diseases which are beyond the reach of all other remedies. It cures permanently Rheumatism, Catarrh, Cancer, Scrofula, Eczema, and all other blood diseases. It is the only blood remedy guaranteed

Purely Vegetable

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Have Your Watch

—REPAIRED BY—

Dumas, the Jeweler,

DUBLIN, - - TEXAS.

DR. J. L. G. ADAMS,



OCULIST and AURIST.

Permanently Located at Dublin, - - Texas.

Call or write for References.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

—AT—

VANDIVERS Tonsorial Parlor.

Near Postoffice, Dublin, Texas.

E. ROULEAU,

Woodworkman,

Formerly with Hargrove's blacksmith shop has moved to Easleys shop, where he has more room and consequently

BETTER FACILITIES TO WORK

in buggy repairing than before. Your patronage is Solicited.

Dublin, (Near Progress Office.) Texas.

WILL & DAVE'S

BARBER SHOP,

DUBLIN, TEXAS,

Shop west side of Patrick Street, opposite Dublin Music Co. Satisfaction guaranteed.

LONG & PIPES,

DUBLIN, TEXAS

TONSORIAL PARLOR.

HOT AND COLD BATHS

IN CONNECTION.

BEN. PALMER,

DUBLIN, TEXAS.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

and Notary Public.

Practice in all courts. Mercantile collections a specialty. Office in room No. 1, Cagney building, over Maloney & Co's. store.

W. E. LOWE,

ATTONEY-AT-LAW.

DUBLIN, TEXAS.

Office up stairs in Bratton Building.

W. T. CARLTON,

STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Will practice in all state and county courts Office, upstairs in Frey building.

J. E. SANDERS,

STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

—AND—

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Practice in all the courts of Erath and adjoining counties, also Federal and Supreme courts. Special attention given to commercial, real estate, corporation and criminal law. Office second floor of Court House.

A. DeCALB LEWIS, M. D.

GUSTINE, TEXAS.

Physician and Surgeon.

All calls answered promptly day or night. Special attention given to Diseases of Women. Will treat them at my office or at their residence. Consultation free.

DR. S. C. MORGAN

DUBLIN, TEXAS.

DENTAL PARLOR.

Office over G B Maloney & Co.

T. J. FARMER, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

DUBLIN, TEXAS.

Office with Kelly Drug Co., next door north of Dublin National Bank.

Residence 'Phone, No. 54. Office 'Phone, Kelly Drug Co's.

DR. E. N. CURTIS,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office at C. C. Olver's Drug Store.

ALEXANDER, TEXAS.

For First-Class Dress Making

WITH

Promptness,
Accuracy and
Style, see

Mrs. Fannie E. Hall.

Residence Opposite Christian Church,

Dublin, ... Texas.

FOR SALE!

The Two Story Rock Building known as the First National Bank corner of Patrick Street.

I will sell this building and lot for $4000 on following terms, one-fourth down, balance in three or four annual payments at 8 per cent. Oct7-3m

G. M. Bowie, Whitecastle, La.

On The Jump!

That is just the way it is at Harris Grocery Co's.

This is the season when a well man has a full appetite. We have placed ourselves in position to meet your every requirements. Are you getting what you want? If not, then you need our assistance. Our store is a Veritable Paradice of Luxuries and Necessities. You can save money and get the Finest Groceries from us.

We Carry

Best Teas, Green and Roasted Coffee, Cream Cheese, Pine Apple Cheese, French String Beans, French Peas, French Mushrooms, French Sardines, Pine Apple sliced and grated, Asparagus, Perfection Corn, etc.

Our California Can Goods are the finest obtainable. Once used, never forgotten. We have Turkish Figs, Dates, Raisins, Currents, Nuts, Powdered Sugar and Sugar Salts for cakes.

WHAT LIVING!

Devil Crabs, Clams, Lobsters, Finest Salmon, Mackerel, Gold Band Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Olives, Olive Oil, Jellies and Preserves. Tapioca, Sago, Oat Meal, Buck Wheat, Pan Cake Flour. Prices Extracts, fruit colors. Pickles in bulk and bottles.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We carry a complete assortment and desire to say no one can undersell us. We can be of great service to you, but not unless you buy our goods. We promise honest treatment and lowest prices for cash.

HARRIS GROCER CO.

Next Door to Post-office.

—THE—

Dublin Steam Laundry

—Is a Home Enterprise.—

YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.

Satisfaction Guaranteed at all Times.

"For Comfort, Speed Safety and Style, Try the Central once in a while."

The Great Daylight Route.

The Connecting Link Between

Central Texas, California, Mexico,

VIA WACO, CISCO AND EL PASO.

Passing through the Switzerland of America for scenery, and Egypt for productiveness in cotton, corn and Cereals.

W. F. MCMILLAN,
Gen'l. Fr't. and Passenger Agent, Waco.
R.M. COX, Trav. Frt. and Pass. Agt., Dublin
CHAS. HAMILTON,
Vice-Pres. and General Manager, Waco.

TEXAS CENTRAL R. R. LONE STAR LINE

THE MK AND T

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.

SOLID TRAINS OF

Wagner Buffet Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair Cars

.....TO.....

St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas City.

Close Connections to All Points North, East and West. . . . .

First-Class Meals at Our Stations.

Fort Worth and Rio Grande Railway.

SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE

From Dublin and all points on the Texas Central Railroad via Fort Worth, to all points in the North, East and West. Close connection made at Dublin with trains to and from points on the Texas Central. The - -

Best Route for Live Stock

TO INDIAN TERRITORY OR TO MARKET.

Time and expenses saved shippers over this route. For futher information regarding rates, etc., apply to

L. B. COMER, G. F. & P. A., Fort Worth, Texas.

GEO. BUCKINGHAM, Agent, Dublin, Tex

The Progress bids first-class work, pri... ed on first-class paper and done promp... at the lowest prices by workmen who k... their business. Give us your job prin...

THANKSGIVING DAY



FIRST THANKSGIVING



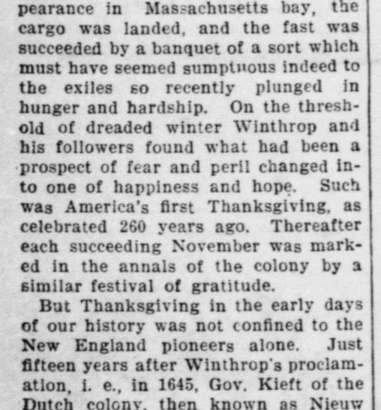
WHEN in the year of grace 1630, sturdy Gov. John Winthrop and Puritan colonists of Massachusetts proclaimed and duly observed a public thanksgiving, they probably had little idea of the importance which the festival was destined to obtain in the history of America.

The first Thanksgiving differed very materially from its successors in that it was proclaimed as a fast and not as a feast. Supplies had run short, the ships expected from England were delayed, and extinction threatened the "governor and company of Massachusetts bay in New England." Winthrop and his council decided to hold a day of prayer and abstinence, "so that ye Lorde be propitiated and looke upon his servants with favor, in that they have humbled themselves before Him." Accordingly a crier was sent about the primitive settlement of Charlestown, and the colonists were each and all invited to take part in the fast. Their sacrifice met with speedy reward.

Scarcely had the noon hour of the alloted day arrived when the long hoped-for ship made its welcome appearance in Massachusetts bay, the cargo was landed, and the fast was succeeded by a banquet of a sort which must have seemed sumptuous indeed to the exiles so recently plunged in hunger and hardship. On the threshold of dreaded winter Winthrop and his followers found what had been a prospect of fear and peril changed into one of happiness and hope. Such was America's first Thanksgiving, as celebrated 260 years ago. Thereafter each succeeding November was marked in the annals of the colony by a similar festival of gratitude.

But Thanksgiving in the early days of our history was not confined to the New England pioneers alone. Just fifteen years after Winthrop's proclamation, i. e., in 1645, Gov. Kieft of the Dutch colony, then known as Nieuw Amsterdam, but now as New York, ordered the observance of a day of rejoicing and thanks, "for the rest and peace which God had been pleased to bestow upon his servants." Thus we see that the feast of Thanksgiving is not as generally supposed, a peculiarly Puritan institution, but is equally derived from the stalwart burghers of Manhattan island.

The next notable Thanksgiving day in history fell in 1758. On that date the British and colonial army, numbering 80,000 men, and commanded by Gen. Forbes, attacked and captured from the French, after a fierce struggle, Fort Duquesne, at the junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. The name of the place was changed to Fort Pitt, and was the nucleus of the city of Pittsburg. Thus in a special sense the history of the



IN THE PAST.

great capital of the coal and iron industries is connected with the celebration of Thanksgiving day.

But meanwhile, in New England, what had been begun as an occasional day of pious rejoicing had assumed the proportions of a fixed national holiday. In Massachusetts and New Hampshire it was especially popular. There was at first great latitude in regard to the day selected for the feast. Governors proclaimed the chosen date arbitrarily, and no effort was made to keep the anniversary of Winthrop's proclamation. Sometimes Thanksgiving occurred in July, sometimes in midwinter. At length, through the efforts of the president and professors of Harvard college, it was practically fixed upon the last Thursday in November.

The college faculty were moved to interest themselves in the question by the fact that the uncertainty regarding the date caused considerable disorder among their pupils. Boys from different states celebrated on different days, many of them returning home to eat the Thanksgiving meal under their own rooftrees. This very undesirable state of affairs could only be put a stop to, said the grave Harvard dons, by the formal establishment of a uniform date for the feast. The last Thursday of the eleventh month suited the collegers, and influence being brought to bear upon the colonial governors of New England, proclamations were issued making that day the regular Thanksgiving.

In the south Thanksgiving, as an annual festival, remained practically unknown until, in 1855, the curious Virginian controversy on the subject was precipitated. This controversy, which is not generally known, deserves a brief notice. The governor of Virginia at the time was one Johns, a patriotic and broad-minded gentleman, who had always entertained a reverence for the Puritan anniversary which was by no means common below Mason and Dixon's line. Gov. Johns, in a letter to the state legislature, ur-



THE PRESENT.

gently recommended the recognition of Thanksgiving in Virginia, and offered, in case his recommendation proved satisfactory, to at once issue a proclamation.

But the legislature of Washington's state did not look upon the New England holiday with favor. Gov. Johns was advised not to make the Thanksgiving proclamation; and, as he did not do so, the matter was allowed temporarily to drop. But public interest had been awakened, and before long a fierce debate was raging in Virginia between the opponents and supporters of the proposed southern Thanksgiving. At last, in 1857, Gov. Wise—Johns' successor—took the metaphorical bull by the horns, and issued a proclamation setting apart a day for the feast. His action caused much angry criticism, and several southern newspapers declared that Thanksgiving was simply "a relic of Puritanic bigotry." In spite of this, the innovation was warmly welcomed. The hospitable southerners greeted gladly another holiday, and the northern feast soon ranked among them as second in importance only to the "glorious Fourth" itself. In 1858—the year after Wise's proclamation—no less than eight governors of southern states proclaimed Thanksgiving in their sections. The war, however, coming shortly afterward, practically extinguished the popularity of the holiday in Dixie.

But it has become a loved institution in the middle, western and northwestern states. Exiled Americans, too, cling to its celebration, and every November sees Thanksgiving dinners in London, Paris, Berlin, Rome—or wherever some of the scattered children of Uncle Sam may chance to sojourn. Indeed, Mr. William Astor Chanler, the well-known explorer, tells of a Thanksgiving dinner which he enjoyed in the very heart of darkest Africa.

An extensive and highly interesting volume might be compiled on the subject of Thanksgivings and the events which have signalized them. For instance, on Thanksgiving day, 1783, the British army evacuated New York, while Washington and Clinton marched into the city at the head of the continental army and took formal possession in the name of the young republic. Festivities and a grand display of fireworks closed that memorable day. Thanksgiving had fallen that year on December 25, and the combination of evacuation day and that festival were long jointly honored in New York.

The Thanksgiving day of 1816 is memorable as the occasion upon which an American theater was first illuminated with gas. This event happened in Philadelphia. The experiment was a complete success, and the manager of the affair was Dr. Kugler. During the war, of the battles and skirmishes fought on Thanksgiving, the most notable was that of Lookout mountain (1863).

A few odd and distinctive methods of celebrating the great holiday still survive in different parts of the United States, although the tendency is toward a uniform manner of rejoicing. In sections of Connecticut, for example, the "Thanksgiving barrel burning" is a time-honored institution. For a month before the day Connecticut boys diligently collect and store in a place of security all the barrels, old or new, which they can find. All barrels are regarded as the property of whomsoever can carry them away. On Thanksgiving night the barrels are piled in a huge heap and ignited. Boys and girls then dance around the bonfire until the very last barrel has gone up in smoke.

HE WOULDN'T OBLIGE.

"Say, Joe," said the western sheriff, addressing a gray-haired, cadaverous-looking individual who sat beside him in front of the county jail one day, "blamed shame the way my prisoners wuz treated last Thanksgivin', wuzn't it."

"It sartinly wuz, Tom," was the reply. "They didn't git a bite of turkey, if I remember."

"Not a durned bite, Joe," continued the sheriff in tones of disgust, "an' I wus acshually ashamed to look even the hoss thieves in the face fur weeks arterward!"

"D'ye think the county'll throw 'em down agin this y'ar?"

"Yes, I reckon so. Ever since my deputy sold the turkeys I bought fur the prisoners an' skipped with the cash the turkey deal has bin declar'd off. Say, Joe, old friend, I'm a-feelin' I've gotter do sunthin' fur the fellers this Thanksgivin'."

"Seems 'though it's yer duty to, Tom—seems so, an' if I kin help ye any jist call on me."

"Walk, Joe!" continued the sheriff, "that's durned good o' ye to say that, an' it shows ye've got my interests at heart. Now, I've bin thinkin' that while we couldn't go down in our pockets an' buy 'em turkeys, we could git up a leetle entertainment fur 'em on that day and sorter cheer 'em up. What d'ye think o' it?"

"A durned good scheme, Tom, an' jest count on me to help ye in any way! But what sort o' an entertainment ar' ye thinkin' of?"

"Oh, thar's only one sort of show they'd wake up long 'nuff to look at, an' that's a hangin', of course."

"A hangin', eh?" queried the old man as a puzzled look came over his face. "But yed hev to hang one o' them an' wouldn't that sort o' make the others feel gloomy?"

"No, I wouldn't hang one o' the prisoners. Thar's three or four gotter hang bimeby, but not until arter Thanksgivin', an' I couldn't hang 'em 'till that time comes. No, Joe, ole friend, that's whar' ye come in, ye know. That will be yer part o' the show, an' I'm a-tellin' ye it'll be appreciated all over town, too."

"D—do ye mean fur me to h—ang?" gasped the other.

"Why, in course. Yer an ole galoot, Joe, a-sufferin' all the time with rheumatism an' five or six other things, an' besides ye haven't a relative on airth to keer fur ye."

"Yer a fool, Tom Smith!" shouted the old man as he leaped from his chair and looked daggers at the other. "I may be old an' all that, but I hain't a-lendin' my neck to please nobody! Wall, I reckon not, with whisky never so cheap, too!" and old Joe slipped away in high dudgeon.

"Wall, shoot me for a coyote if I'd believed it o' him!" growled the sheriff, as he looked after the man in great astonishment. "Jest last week the ole critter was wishin' he could do sunthin' fur his feller-men, an' now he backs out when I've given him a splen-



"D—DO YE MEAN FUR ME TO HANG?" GASPED THE OTHER.

did chance! An' me the champion hanger o' the state, too! Wall, wall, wall!"

True.

Oh, we find on glad Thanksgiving,
When we've passed beyond the soup,
That a bird upon the table
Is worth two out in the coop.

The Old Darky.

He always prays Thanksgiving eve
Will be both dark and murky,
For then he'll have no cause to grieve
He couldn't get no turkey.

Usually the more a man is wrapped up in himself, the colder he is.

NEWS TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS.

Minor Happenings of the Past Week.

EVENTS OF LAST SEVEN DAYS.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record

St. Louis, Mo.—Fire in the frame dwelling No. 8552 Tracy road, owned and occupied by Fred Tebbe, destroyed building and contents.

Boston, Mass.—The Magner mill, Pascoag, R. I., burned.

Brazil, Ind.—John R. Bledsoe, a leading democratic politician, was stricken with apoplexy while performing his duties as election inspector, and died before he could be removed from the booth.

Detroit, Mich.—The schooner N. C. West was sunk in St. Clair river just below southeast bend by the steamer Sacramento.

Madison, Wis.—Associate Justice Silas U. Pinney of the state supreme court handed in his resignation to Gov. Scofield.

Winnipeg, Man.—Paul Brown, a mulatto, was sentenced to be hanged Dec. 23, for the murder of Wilbur E. Burton, colored, of Duluth in this city on May 23 last. Brown is a native of Jefferson county, Missouri.

Mexico, Mo.—John Bray died suddenly at his home in the east end of this county. He was born in Ireland in 1791, being 107 years old. He was likely the oldest man in Missouri.

Beloit, Wis.—John A. Holmes, an old resident and retired business man, and formerly manager of the Beloit Savings bank, was found dead in bed. Death probably resulted from heart trouble.

Madison, Wis.—Mrs. Maria Bardeen, mother of Justice C. V. Bardeen of the supreme court, died at the home of the latter in this city aged 73.

Pittsfield, Ill.—Ex-Comptroller of the Currency Scott Wike came in from his country home to vote and was taken seriously ill. There is no improvement in his condition.

Beirout, Syria.—It is persistently rumored here that the departure of Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria was hastened by the discovery of another anarchistic plot.

Cambridge, Mass.—Mrs. Alice Freeman Palmer, formerly president of Wellesley college, and wife of Professor G. R. Palmer of Harvard, was run down by a bicyclist near Harvard college and badly injured. She will recover.

London.—Lottie Collins, the well-known music hall dancer and singer, tried to kill herself in her bathroom, by cutting her throat. She will recover.

Washington.—The United States repair ship Vulcan has left Newport News to search for the cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa, supposed to be ashore on Cat Island.

Washington.—The cruiser Buffalo, on her way to Manila, is at Newport, R. I., with her machinery broken down Secretary Alger has ordered an investigation by a board of inquiry.

Santiago.—On board the transport Berlin, which has sailed for the United States, is the body of James Edgar, private Company I, First Illinois volunteer regiment, who died recently.

Mexico City.—Francisco Baca, chief justice of Mexico, is dead, after a long illness. He was one of the chief members of the liberty party.

Pekin, Ill.—The jewelry store of Kaylor Bros. was entered during the absence of the proprietor at supper and robbed of watches, diamonds and rings to the value of $2,500.

Dewitt C. Crieger, ex-mayor, one of Chicago's pioneer citizens and founder of the city water system, is dead.

New Orleans—Henry Reboul, discharged from the Sixth cavalry because of physical disability on the day the Maine was blown up, committed suicide in a cemetery because of grief at inability to secure reinstatement and take part in the war.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—The officers' quarters at Fort Russell, near here, were destroyed by an incendiary fire. Lieut. R. C. Landon, Eighth infantry, lost all of his personal effects.

Green Garden, Ill.—John Rosenbrocke, a young farmer, was caught in a cornstalk cutter and killed.

Little River, Kas.—Fire destroyed every building on the west side of Main street, including eighteen houses and a hotel.

Oil City, Pa.—By the explosion of a new boiler at the Oil City boiler works two men were killed and two fatally injured.

Waterloo, Iowa—C. O. Ellis is dead as the result of an accidental gunshot wound received while hunting.

Washington, Iowa—Upon returning from a football game Paul, the 14-year-old son of Captain Blair, was run over by a street car and his body mangled. Death was instantaneous.

Paris—Gen. Renouard, chief of the general staff, has been removed and will be replaced by Gen. Brault.

Henley, England—The coroner's jury in the case of Harold Frederic, the writer, reported that further evidence is necessary before they can reach a verdict.

Middlesboro, Ky.—There was a disastrous fire on Shrewsbury avenue. Thirteen houses were burned and sixteen families are out.

Ottawa, Ill.—An early train on the Rock Island ran down and instantly killed Timothy Collens of Mendota. He has relatives in Chicago.

NOT CONSISTENT.

Democrats Pretend to Advocate One Thing, but Practice Reverse.

Admitting that a few of the Democratic leaders are sincere in their professions for reform, they are powerless to do anything. The Democratic machine is controlled by a set of unscrupulous politicians. They will hesitate at nothing to attain success. Principles are only playthings with them—bait to catch votes. Democrats profess to be opposed to government by injunction, yet in Missouri they renominated two judges who had issued injunctions, and ex-Gov. Altgeld, who can make as pretty a reform speech as anybody, went over into Missouri to help elect them. Democrats claim to favor free silver, yet only of 346 candidates for congress nominated by them, 124 were gold standard men. Hence if the Democratic party were in power it could not enact a free silver law because it is divided against itself, and every intelligent Democrat must know this to be a fact. The Democratic party is controlled by the same scheming, unscrpulous set of politicians as those who control the Republican party, and both do the bidding of Wall street, the trusts and corporations. Whichever party happens to be in power gets the "swag," and those who get the "swag" do the bidding of those who dispense it. Through the intensity of party spirit which is found to a white heat during campaigns the people permit themselves to be led like lambs to the slaughter, and this condition will only end when the dollar is dethroned and manhood again asesrts and maintains its rights.

* * *

Under the present conditions when a man enters congress he breathes a different atmosphere from that he is accustomed to. Parson Brownlow once remarked that as soon as he stepped off the train at Washington he felt like he wanted to steal something. It is certain that a man must choose between two things when he goes to congress. If he wishes to be courted and feted by Washington society, if he desires the praise of the newspapers, he is looking after fat places for his relations and friends, if his heart yearns for the smiles of aristocracy and its many agents, he has only to be their willing tool and all these are within his grasp. If thus he chooses his future pathway is strewn with flowers and he can array himself in the most stylish rainment and spend money like a lord. But if he chooses to champion the cause of the people, to antagonize the trusts and corporations that are reducing the toilers to a condition of industrial serfdom, his path will be one of thorns and he will be called a crank, and agitator and anarchist. He will be scorned by society, maligned, abused and ridiculed by the plutocratic press, and treated discourteously and dition confronts every man who is snubbed by those in power. This condition confronts every man who is chosen to represent the people and he must become an ally of the aristocracy of wealth and desert the people, or stand up for the rights of the people and be hated by the money power, surrounded by lobbyists and coruptionists with unlimited money to purchase votes. With every avenue to luxury and ease; with men ever ready to flatter and a press at their command to praise; with women's smiles and glittering gold ever open to the mental vision; surrounded on every side with vice and profligacy is it to be wondered at that so many of our public men fall victims to the temptation, and forget the poor toilers who labor in the mines and factories and fields, and who are looking to their leaders with a suspense and anxiety that are born of despair.

* * *

It is not to be wondered at that you often hear men exclaim, as an excuse for voting their old party ticket when they know their party is corrupt, "It don't make any difference who we send to congress, they will buy him anyway, and we would just as well send a dishonest man as an honest one." The people have come to believe generally that enough men can always be bought to enable the trusts and other combinations to secure whatever legislation they want. Not only that, but that they secure decisions from courts and immunity from the law. This condition of things cannot last long in a republic. It will result in revolution or a monarchial government. Or the "man on horseback" many emanate from revolution. Where then is the remedy for this condition? Is there no peaceable solution? Yes; the simplest in the world. Place the government in the hands of the people. Let the people make and unmake the laws. Give them the right to vote on all important laws, and the right to veto such as they do not approve. This will put an end to the lobby. Corruption is the fountain head of all our ills. Wipe out the lobby and you eliminate most of the corruption that dominates our legislative halls. The people can not be corrupted, their representatives can. Lobbies can not buy legislation from the people, they can from the people's representatives. Direct legislation will stop the lobby. Men will not buy legislation that is almost sure to be vetoed by the people. Let us pattern after Switzerland, a little republic that is over 500 years old and whose government is practically free from corruption. What the initiative and referendum has done for that republic it wil do for ours.

* * *

I have predicted time and again that the Democratic party would practically abandon the silver issue—that it would not be the paramount issue in 1900. Of course they have almost been compelled to keep up a pretense of favoring free silver in a number of states this fall, but from now on the party will gradually recede from its radical position on that question, and try to concentrate its strength on some other issue. The following clipping from the Cleveland Citizen contains, no doubt, a true diagnosis of the present and future position of the party. The Citizen says:

"The cat is out of the bag. What many observant people have noticed is actually taking place. The silver issue is being gradually dropped, and that by the most radical and influential Democrats at headquarters. The slogan for 1900 will be 'Down with the trusts.' The Washington correspondent of the Kansas City World, Mr. R. H. Hazard, telegraphs his paper a long story, which contains the following, among other things: 'From the Democratic national committee headquarters here the tip has been quietly given out: "Drop silver," and it will be dropped accordingly.' It is pointed out that the Democrats in the big eastern states are repudiating the white metal, and the other states will follow. 'Even as conservative a leader as Samuel Gompers of the Federation of Labor,' writes Mr. Hazard, 'a man who seldom speaks on party questions, said to me yesterday: "The laboring men of the country are sick of the silver cry. They are ready though, to take up the fight against trusts. If the Democrats will make that their issue in the next general election, they will get the bulk of the labor vote." It is concluded that the agitation against trusts, the showing up of the ill-treatment of the soldiers and the killing of miners by soulless corporations will force silver to the rear."

I don't remember when I have seen anything more pointed than the following from the pen of Jas. A. Wayland, editor of Appeal to Reason. In a recent issue of his paper he says:

Hard times? What do you mean when you say that times are hard? Did you ever try to form a picture in your mind about what hard times mean? The times are not hard. The particular portion of the infinity of time is not perceptibly different from any other period. It has brought the seasons in regular order, its sunshine and showers, its harvests of all that could happify mankind. Nature has yielded increased return for every hour of toil—more of the good things to eat, drink, wear, shelter, amuse and instruct. Then if this be true times are not hard. The fault lies in another direction. A few men have persuaded the ignorant many to agree to give these few an ever-increasing amount of what they produce, until the amount has become so great that the producers are retaining not enough to live on, while the few are surfeiting in superabundance. They have allowed themselves to be swindled in the exchange of their handiwork for that of others they wanted. They have permitted the few to have the railroads and commerce to take the greater part of all they create to convey it to another place where wanted and bring back things desired in exchange. No, times are not hard—they are bounteous to the fullest. But when people let others take from them all they create for merely handling it, they will assuredly be in want and despair.

There is a mirror of truth in which every man can see himself and the systems that rob him. The men who produce wealth are poor as a rule. The men who distribute the products of labor are well to do as a rule. In many cases the railroads take half the value of what they carry as freight charges. Then there is the insurance, storage, commission and stealage which often swells the sum total to the full value of the product. Money and railroads are the two principal agents of distribution. Money effects a change of ownership, while railroads carry from one locality to another. Both of these are controlled by gigantic corporations who exact toll with an audacity that no congress or state legislature would dare assume. But the people growl and "cuss" and bear it while other nations less civilized than this have long since applied the only remedy, that of public ownership and operation of railroads, and the government control of its own currency. But the plutocratic press of this country has been hired to call a man a crank or anarchist who contends for his rights and the people seem to have curled upon the floor to lick the boots of the party bosses. The average American voting king is "a thing of beauty and joy forever"—to the political boss. W. S. MORGAN.

Wider Stripe.

"Your brother soldier didn't seem glad to see you."

"Oh, yes, he was glad enough, but it don't be good discipline to show much. Didn't you notice me up and down the left leg of my pants? It's half an inch wider than the right."

Activity of Vesuvius.

Much anxiety has been caused of late by the renewed activity of Vesuvius. There is little doubt that it will do any serious damage. On the other hand thousands of people from stomach disorders, who might have survived had they resorted to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is the greatest tonic known for strengthening the digestive organs.

A man who does all his giving publicly, is rarely even kind to his family.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Americans are great people to pay for money for their children to marvel about.

Stop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you will find it in

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

From the first dose the quiet and rest begin: the tickling in the throat ceases; the spasm weakens; the cough disappears. Do not wait for pneumonia and consumption but cut short your cold without delay.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough.

Write to the Doctor

Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently qualify us for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case, tell us what your experience has been with our Cherry Pectoral. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

How to Get Strong

A system which has become run down by the trying weather of the past summer is not in a condition to meet the severe winter of this climate and will easily fall a prey to disease unless a proper tonic is used.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best medicine in the world for building up and strengthening an enervated system.

Do not confuse these pills with ordinary purgative pills. They further weakening the system, but strengthen the nerves.

Major A. C. Bishop, of Ottawa, civil engineer. He says: "When I came out of the hospital I was a cripple and could not walk over a mile. I read in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which convinced me that I ought to try them. I did not take them for more than a month when I felt better, and know that I can recommend them to invalids as a splendid constitution."—*Detroit Free Press.*

At all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

PATENTS R. S. & A. B. Lacey, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. Examinations on patentability and Hand Book free. Highest references. Best results.

PATENT secured or money all returned. Send for book. How to obtain patents. Collamer & Co. 23 5 F st. Washington, D. C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Wider Stripe.

"Your brother soldier didn't seem to be glad to see you."

"Oh, yes, he was glad enough, but it wouldn't be good discipline to show it too much. Didn't you notice the way up and down the left leg of his trousers? It's half an inch wider than mine."

Activity of Vesuvius.

Much anxiety has been caused in Naples by the renewed activity of the old Vesuvius. There is little likelihood that it will do any serious damage. On the other hand thousands die every year from stomach disorders, who might have survived had they resorted to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is the greatest tonic known for stomach and digestive organs.

A man who does all his giving to charity publicly, is rarely even generous to his family.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Americans are great people to work hard for money for their children to quarrel about.

Stop Coughing

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you will find it in

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

From the first dose the quiet and rest begin: the tickling in the throat ceases; the spasm weakens; the cough disappears. Do not wait for pneumonia and consumption but cut short your cold without delay.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough.

Write to the Doctor.

Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently qualify us for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. Tell us what your experience has been with our Cherry Pectoral. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Knew Better.

"I've worked with all my heart on that book," said a young man who had been treating Oliver Wendell Holmes to a long account of a collection of poetry which he had edited; "I've used my best taste, and judgment, and research, and I feel confident that nobody could have done the thing better or more thoroughly than I have. And what reward do I get? Harsh criticisms for my omission of a few popular poets and a paltry hundred dollars!" "A hundred dollars!" echoed the Autocrat of the Breakfast Table wearily; "why, I wouldn't have written that book for a thousand dollars, I'm sure."

Handicapped.

"Yes, sir I'm looking for a place, and Mr. Spriggs sent me to you. Mr. Spriggs is going to Europe or he would have kept me at work right along. Here is some of my typewriting, and here is a letter that will show my style of penmanship."

"Hum. Your typewriting looks all right, but your handwriting seems very scrawly and irregular."

"Yes, I know it doesn't look very straight, but, you see, Mr. Spriggs was holding my hand all the time I was writing it."

New Electric Lamp.

An inventor has produced an electric cane lamp. The handle of the cane contains an incandescent lamp, the two poles of which are connected with the plates of a battery. Below this is a small circular chamber to carry the battery fluid. When it is desired to use the lamp the cap is taken off and the cane is inclined, so that the liquid it contains comes in contact with the electrodes. A current is thus produced that will, it is asserted, keep the light going for an hour.

How They Trained Others.

Chinese and Indian fishermen have an ingenious way of training the otter. They catch the small cub and put a collar round the throat. The little creature, finding itself unable for days together to swallow anything it catches, gives up trying to do so, and firmly believes for the rest of its life that an otter can only swallow such food as it receives direct from its master's hand, and, accordingly, it faithfully brings to the bank all the fish it captures.

Giant Searchlights.

Russia is now experimenting with giant searchlights mounted in balloons and containing electric burners connected with dynamos upon the ground. The largest of these yet reported is of 5000 candle-power. At a distance of only 600 yards above the earth it will illuminate a circular area 500 yards in diameter to the brightness of day.

Bailed the Only one.

"Waiter," said the bicyclist at the little country inn, "bring me three eggs and boil them four minutes."

Fifteen minutes elapse, and the waiter returns with one egg.

"Very sorry, sir, our eggs is out. This is the only one we had left—but we boiled it twelve mintes, sir."

When our eyes fail we lay it to fine-print journals.

There is no lesson so hard to learn as that of patience.

Women's hands are said to indicate their age.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Where They Came From.

Manufacturers of artificial birds buy directly from the farmers and make up their stock with no particular regard for the accurate representation of a species. Just at present the birds in fashion for mourning hats are small black parrots, and there are no such birds in nature. A fashion is in vogue to match the costume in the plumage of the bird trimmings, and manufacturers use their best art to supply the demand. Sooner or later this fashion will be the means of establishing regular farms for the production of feathers for millinery purposes. There are ostrich farms in California existing solely to supply feathers to the trade, but there is no reason why the same idea should not apply to other feathered creatures which could be plucked at regular intervals for the market. This is a bit cruel, for the plucking causes pain, although the ostrich does not seem to mind his periodical stripping very much.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A brave heart and a clear conscience will pull one through.

Matrimony vs. Catechism.

In Skegby, England, the vicar was engaged recently in marrying two of the villagers, both of whom had been constant attendants at his Sunday school. The woman in the case had, indeed, but recently captured a prize offered for ability to repeat by rote and without mistake the entire catechism of the Church of England. She had apparently suffered nothing from this tax upon her memory until a clergyman turned to her before the altar and asked, according to the ritual, "Mary Jane, wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" Then habit asserted itself, and the tangled skein of memory refused to unravel. "Yes, verily, by God's help, so I will," she replied, "and I heartily thank our heavenly Father, who has brought me into this state of salvation."

No Faith in Them.

The burglar alarm rang loudly out, breaking the stillness of the night.

"There are burglars in the house," cried the wife.

But the husband merely covered up his head.

"I have no faith in woman's intuitions!" he protested.

Descendant of Royalty.

Lieut. Jules G. Ord, son of Gen. O. E. C. Ord, was a great grandson of King George IV. The proof of his lineage was furnished by Henry Labouchere of London Truth. The Ord family, though aware of the fact, have never made any attempt to establish relationship with royalty.

Large Egg Crop.

The egg crop of the United States last year amounted to 856,000,000 dozens. That is something to cackle over, without saying anything about crowing.

Eggs In Cold Storage.

An inventory of the cold storage houses of this city shows that their stock of eggs at the present time is 425,000 cases, which will probably be increased to 450,000 cases before the houses close, about October 15th. As each case holds 30 dozen eggs, these 425,000 cases represent the enormous aggregate of 153,000,000 eggs. No eggs except those which are absolutely fresh and perfect are accepted by the storage companies. Those which are bought from firms who are known to employ expert egg testers, are taken without inspection, but in all other cases every egg is "candled," that is, held before a light strong enough to reveal any taint or imperfection. An expert can examine in this way twenty-five to thirty cases of eggs a day. The cold storage companies do a heavy jobbing business in eggs, and book their orders months ahead for delivery at a certain time. The business is so well organized that there are no waste products. Eggs which are not sufficiently fresh to pass muster by the experts are sold to the bakers in tenement districts, and even when they are absolutely spoiled there is still a market for them. Parts of these spoiled eggs are employed in the manufacture of photographic supplies and in the preparation of a kind of shoe polish. A disinfectant is also made from them. They are used in a process of tanning leather, and the shells have some value as a fertilizer. The states which rank highest as egg producers are: Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Dakota, Michigan, Wisconsin, Ohio and Indiana. Among these Iowa takes the lead on account of the high quality of the poultry raised there. The cold storage houses will begin to dispose of their accumulated product about the first of January. They will then go out by the car load to all parts of the country, returning perhaps to the very localities in which they were purchased, and by the first of March not a case may remain.

A Pound of Pork.

1. It requires 13.80 pounds of skim milk to produce one pound of pork when fed with cornmeal, ration 1:14.7 to fattening hogs.

2. Skim milk could not be economically fed to fattenings hogs unless it was a product which could not be otherwise utilized.

3. It required on an average 4¼ pounds of shelled corn to produce one pound of pork during an average period of four weeks, or one bushel produced 13¼ pounds.

4. It required 4¼ pounds of cornmeal to produce one pound of pork, or one bushel of cornmeal made into meal and fed will produce 12¾ pounds of pork.

5. When dry, shelled corn is more economical than cornmeal to feed fattening hogs.

6. It required 7½ pounds or one bushel of ground oats to produce one pound of pork when fed with equal parts by weight of cornmeal.

7. One bushel of cornmeal is worth nearly three bushels of oats as food for fattening hogs.

8. Corn fed pigs gained 4½ pounds per week and ate about 21 pounds of corn per 100 pounds of live weight.

9. Pork was produced during the cold weather, with corn at 28 cents per bushel, for less than 3 cents per pound.

10. Indian corn is the most economical pork producing material during the winter months in regions where extensively grown.—B. L. Myers, in Market Basket.

Some Dairy Hints.

The New England Farmer quotes the following as some of the main facts which are taught the pupils in the Dairy School of Oneida, N. Y.:

Because, by so doing, odors are retained in the milk.

Why should milk be set as soon as possible after milking?

To stop the action of bacteria.

Conditions Affect Litters.—Breeders of swine desire to obtain the most prolific animals, but not all breeders have studied their business with sufficient closeness and accuracy to know that, while some strains are more fecund than others, all strains depend quite largely, in the matter of fecundity, upon the feed supplied to them and upon the general conditions in which they are kept. The sow that will drop a certain number of pigs, under certain conditions, can not be depended upon to maintain her average if the condition of her existence is changed for the worse. A sow that drops a small litter, when her surroundings are all bad, will often increases the size of her litters when her surroundings are improved.—Ex.

Keep a Flock of Sheep.—Sheep are especially adapted to a run-down farm and a run-down farmer. They require less capital than any other stock, and for the purpose stock is absolutely indispensable. A farmer who can't buy sheep can't buy any live stock at all. A small flock well cared for will run the farm up, eat up the weeds that disfigure it, and reimburse it for the fertility removed in the process of running it down, and if that don't put new life in the run-down farmer by putting money in his pocket, he is beyond the hope of recovery.—Ex.

In strong clay soils, where the surface water alone has to be got rid of, drains should not be cut so deep as in lighter soils.

THREE HAPPY WOMEN!

Each Relieved of Periodic Pain and Backache. A Trio of Fervent Letters.



Before using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my health was gradually being undermined. I suffered untold agony from painful menstruation, backache, pain on top of my head and ovarian trouble. I concluded to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound, and found that it was all any woman needs who suffers with painful monthly periods. It entirely cured me.—Mrs. GEORGE WASS, 923 Bank St., Cincinnati, O.

For years I had suffered with painful menstruation every month. At the beginning of menstrua tion it was impossible for me to stand up for more than five minutes. I felt so miserable. One day a little book of Mrs. Pinkham's was thrown into my house, and I sat right down and read it. I then got some of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. I can heartily say that to-day I feel like a new woman: my monthly suffering is a thing of the past. I shall always praise the Vegetable Compound for what it has done for me.—Mrs. MARGARET ANDERSON, 363 Lisbon St. Lewiston, Me.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me of painful menstruation and backache. The pain in my back was dreadful, and the agony I suffered during menstruation nearly drove me wild.

Now this is all over, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's medicine and advice.—Mrs. CARRIE V. WILLIAMS, South Mills, N. C.

The great volume of testimony proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safe, sure and almost infallible remedy in cases of irregularity, suppressed, excessive or painful monthly periods.

"The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: A Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills

Nearly every girl is called a "dream" by some admirer.

It is hard to say which are worse—men or women gossipers.

Special Notice.

To the Members of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union: I have made a careful investigation from the best sources of reliable information about the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co.'s Remedies, and found that they were giving good satisfaction. I therefore deem it but an act of simple justice to our members to say, that I believe the claims made by the Company for their remedies will be fully realized by those who will give them a fair and reasonable trial. Yours fraternally, John C. Hanley, Business Agt. F. A. & I. U.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 28th, 1898.

The wonderful success that has attended the introduction of "5 DROPS" is unprecedented in the history of the world. Think of it! It has cured more than one million and a quarter of sufferers within the last three years. This must appeal to you. One million and a quarter people can not all be mistaken. If suffering from Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Backache, Asthma, Catarrh, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches, Heart Weakness, Earache, Croup, LaGrippe, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, Bronchitis, and kindred diseases, send 25c to the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Company, 167½ Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., and they will send you by return mail a trial treatment or a large bottle, 300 doses, prepaid by mail or express, for $1.00. No household should be without this great remedy, "5 Drops." Agents appointed in new territory.

A dog behind a fence is the bravest animal on earth.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Professional etiquette is usually very difficult to learn.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The most serious accident is not always the most painful.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the best of all cough cures.—George W. Lotz, Fabucher, La., August 26, 1895.

The affection of friends is tested in a prolonged illness.

Accepted, of Course.

Miss Newbud—What is the proper thing to do when a man offers you an engagement ring?

Miss Oletimer—Why, accept, of course, ninny!

Yields at Once.

Witherby—No, sir, when there's any dispute between me and my wife, there is never any compromise, I couldn't do it.

Dimpleton—You yield at once, I presume.

Congressman Botkin's Statement

WASHINGTON, D.C., April 1, 1898.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, O.

MY DEAR DOCTOR:—It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative qualities of your medicines.



Hon. J. D. BOTKIN,
Congressman-at-Large from Kansas.

Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. I have been afflicted, more or less, for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation; a residence in Washington has increased these troubles.

A few bottles of your medicines have given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of their use will effect a permanent cure.

Pe-ru-na is surely a wonderful remedy for catarrhal affections.

J. D. BOTKIN.

How to Get Strong

A system which has become run down by the trying weather of the past summer is not in a condition to meet the severe winter of this climate and will easily fall a prey to disease unless a proper tonic is used.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best medicine in the world for building up and strengthening an enervated system.



Do not confuse these pills with ordinary purgative pills. They do NOT act on the bowels, thereby further weakening the body. They build up the blood and strengthen the nerves.

Major A. C. Bishop, of 715 Third Ave., Detroit, Mich., is a well-known civil engineer. He says: "When I had my last spell of sickness and came out of the hospital I was a sorry sight. I could not regain my strength, and could not walk over a block for several weeks. I noticed some articles in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which convinced me that they were worth trying and I bought two boxes. I did not take them for my complexion but for strength. After using them I felt better, and know they did me worlds of good. I am pleased to recommend them to invalids who need a tonic or to build up a shattered constitution."—*Detroit Free Press.*

At all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y. Price fifty cents per box.

Somehow and somewhere, among the muscles and joints,

The Pains and aches of **RHEUMATISM** creep in.

Right on its track **ST. JACOBS OIL** creeps in.



IT PENETRATES, SEARCHES, DRIVES OUT.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

AUTOMATIC GRIP NECK YOKE

AN ACCIDENT AND LIFE PRESERVER.

Greatest Neck Yoke ever invented, combining strength, durability and safety. Handsomely painted. Will not allow tongue to drop if traces become loose. No rattle.



PRICES.

Plain, unnickeled	$1.00
Nickel Loops and Acorn Heads	1.50
Nickel Centers	1.25
Nickel Tips and Centers	1.75
Centers, without Yoke	.65
Farm Wagon Grip Ring	.65

Made in three sizes, to fit pole tips 1⅛ to 1¼. Send for FREE illustrated circular.

Liberal Terms to Agents. Address,

AUTOMATIC GRIP NECK YOKE CO.

81 Harding Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

FREE TREATMENT TO MEN. We will send free to all who write us, a treatment of our Restorative Medicines, for loss of manly power, atrophy and all weakness of man. Address

STAR MEDICAL CO., Marshall, Mich.

BICYCLES AT FACTORY PRICES. Order direct from Factory and save Agents' and Astonishing prices. Wheels shipped subject to examination. No cash required in advance. Next year's wheels now ready. Send for beautiful cuts. E. M. Gates Cycle Co., Chicago.

Happy Homes—Perfect health and strength for women and men. Cures barrenness, develops the organs of women. Aphrodisiac for both sexes. Cures all nervous and tobacco habits. Price $1. Send for physicians' testimonials. Scientific Remedy Co., Box 8119, [illegible]

OPIUM and WHISKEY Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars free. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

PATENTS R. S. & A. B. LACEY, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D.C. On patentability and Hand Book FREE. 30 yrs. exp.

PATENT secured or money all refunded. Search free. Collamer & Co. 23 5 F st., Wash. D.C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

PLANTATION CHILL CURE is Guaranteed.

We will refund to him. Price, 50 cents. Sold by All Druggists. VAN VLEET-MANSFIELD DRUG CO., MEMPHIS

IF IT F... Go to your... chant... YOUR...

WEAK KIDNEYS are dangerous Kidneys because they are favorable to the appearance of BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

Heals and strengthens the Kidneys. Restores and regulates the Liver. Tones up the Stomach and Digestion and clears the Bowels of all obstructions and impurities.

IT IS FOUR MEDICINES IN ONE. A SYSTEM TONIC PAR-EXCELLENCE.

Price $1.00 per bottle. Prepared by PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO.

Sold by all Druggists.

The Small Advertiser.

There seems to be an idea prevalent that advertising is for large dealers only. This belief has kept many a small merchant from improving his opportunities in this direction. Nearly, if not all of the large retail merchants of the United States, have become so by extensive advertising. The advertising which they have done is not the sole cause of their success, but it has been the greatest contributing cause. Most all large enterprises which are successful have begun on a small scale. Their advertising was done in a small way, but it has been kept up day after day and year after year. Good business methods, untiring industry and good advertising are the factors which bring success in business.

Do not be afraid of being overshadowed by the big advertiser. Many times the well-worded reader of only a few a lines will reach the eyes of more readers than the pretentious display of the larger store. It tells the people you have goods to sell and what you will sell them for. That is all the big store can say. It is the price that sells the goods. The dealer, be he the corner grocer or the largest dealer in general merchandise in the city, who will sell staple or special articles, quality considered, for the least money, and lets the people know it, will receive the patronage.

Every city has plenty of examples showing how small dealers in all kinds of merchandise have made their business a succss by means of newspaper advertising. Take what space you can afford, contract by the year, watch it; change the matter every day, and you will soon need more room for your store and more space in the papers. Judicious advertising will develop any mercantile business that has a right to exist.—Western Advertiser.

Best and biggest stock of boots and shoes in the west at Higginbotham Bros.

Hobson Turned Down.

It is evident to everybody that the bureau chiefs of the navy department are not friendly to Lieut. Hobson. He was ordered to Washington to tell a board, composed of these chiefs, the present status of the wrecking that is being done upon the sunken warships of Cervera, and to present his recommendations as to what should be done. Hobson made a long statement, showing what had been done and expressing confidence that if he was allowed to have his way he could save three more of those vessels—the Colon, the Vizcaya, and the Mercedes—and the collier Merrimac, sunk by him. Incidentally he recommended that the contract under which a private wrecking company is being paid $800 a day be annulled and all the work done by the government. Hobson also said that he was disposed, if the department refused to furnish the money, to continue the work of trying to save these vessels, to appeal to the people for contributions for that purpose. The board will recommend that none of Hobson's recommendations be adopted; that work on the Vizcaya and Colon be abandoned, and that the Merrimac be dynamited instead of raised. In addition to this turn-down, Hobson has been told that it will be considered "insubordination" if he attempts to do anything contrary to the recommendations of the board of chiefs. To show how experts regard Hobson's assertion that the Colon and Vizcaya can be saved, it may be mentioned that a Swedish wrecking company, the largest in the world, has offered to undertake the raising of both ships, this government not to pay a cent unless they are raised.—Ex.

For driving out dull bilious feeling, strengthening the appetite and increasing the capacity of the body for work, Prickly Ash Bitters is a golden remedy, Sold by Dublin Drug Co.

Ralph snuff 20 cents at Higginbotham Bros.

Best bacon 6¼c at Higinbotham Bros.

Alpine Accident.

The Alps have been this year the theater of the sensational fatalities which have become associated with the danerous and facinating pastime of Alpine climbing since the days of the beginning of this sport in the fifties. Within a few weeks five persons have lost their lives uselessly in this diversion. Dr. John Hopkinson, one of the most distinguished of England's men of science, with his son and two daughters, was killed while climbing the Petite Dent de Velsivi, a peak of 10,463 feet in one of the side valleys running up from the central valley of the Rhone. A few weeks later Prof. Masse, a well known surgeon of Berlin, met his death while climbing a peak of 12,000 feet—the Piz Palu.

The death of the Hopkinson family is particularly distressing. Dr. Hopkinson was an experienced Alpine climber, and the peak presented so few difficulties that he dispensed with the aid of a guide. Foolhardy mountain climbing is the cause of most of the serious accidents; and, while it is perfectly true that fatal accidents have happened where guides have been taken along, still there are many accidents which have happened to the unattended which might have been prevented had the services of skilled guide been engaged. The Hopkinson family were all roped together, and a fatal slip of one of them set in motion the awful machinery for the catastrophe. A single misstep like that which occurred to Mr. Hadow in 1895, which caused the death of Lord Francis Douglas, Hudson himself, and the guide on the Matterhorn during the decent, after the top of the peak had been reached may have been responsible for this last tragedy. It seems as though, even when the party are roped together with several guides, there is no guarantee of safety, and the ascent of even comparatively safe peaks without guides may be regarded as dangerous in the extreme.

The accident to Prof. Masse was of a different nature. In crossing a crevasse the ice bridge gave way, with the result that Prof. Masse fell down perpendicularly, dragging the guide after him, while his friend Dr. Borchard and the Tyrolean guide had to support the weight of the entire party. Eventually, the guide who was at the end of the rope, having discovered that the bottom of crevasse was not far off, cut himself loose and scrambled out with the help of his ice ax. but when he came to the rescue of Prof. Masse, he found that the latter's death had been caused by the rope which he himself had insisted upon being tied under his shoulders. The consequence was that the rope was pulled taut and the professor's circulation was suspended.—Scientific American.

The day before the election a ruling was made by Attorney General Crane that the name of any candidate for any office appearing on any other ticket than that of his own party would vitiate the ticket upon which such name or names were printed. Now it is stated that the seat of Hawley, republican, elected over Robson, democrat in the Galveston district will be contested on the grounds set forth in this decision of the attorney general of Texas. It is stated that a number of democratic tickets were voted upon which appeared the name of Hawley and that these tickets amounted in number large enough to seat Robson if they should be thrown out. It is now in order for the attorney-elect to declare all ballots illegal in future except democratic.

Senator Quay is asking a return to the United States senate from Massachusetts as an endorsement, and though the state legislature is republican, there is a question whether or not he will be returned. The Senator offers $10,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person attempting to purchase legislative votes, and declares if defeated that it will be through corruption of members. His opponents are equally as certain that he will be defeated if he does not corrupt the legislature with cash.

A council of the French admirals recently decided to call into service every available war vessel and to fit them out for immediate action if called upon. The activity among the navies of the world was never greater than at present. The United States is at present rushing work on fifty-seven war vessels, eight of which are battleships, and the balance cruisers, monitors and torpedo boats to add to her already magnificent navy.

Don't buy your saddle until you look at H. Bros. stock.

H. R. Kaneaster has in stock twenty kinds of cigars, viz: Gen. Arthur, Elkhorn Bouquet, Thomas Caryle, Lillian Russell, Silver Eagle, Larosa Havana, La Garciaca, Perfectos, Salmon P. Chase, David Crockett, Key West, Seidenbergs Figaros, Texas Twist, Rough Diamond, Flohs De Thomas, Arthuretts, Pocha Wando. 26tf

For hardware go to Higginbotham Bros.

Quarters for Torpedo Boats.

Arrangements have now been made to lay up for the winter the eight torpedo boats which have been in active service during the war. They will he hauled entire out of water and stored, after some repairs are made, in the New York navy yard. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars have been appropriated for the building of sheds at the Boston navy yard for this purpose, and plans and specifications are now being drawn up. —Scientific American.

The Thornwell Orphanage, under the care of the Southern Presbyterians, is located in Clinton, South Carolina. It is itself a little village of family cottages, in which reside one hundred and seventy-five fatherless children, with their teachers and matrons. Here too are the buildings for school and trade work, for both boys and girls are thoroughly fitted to care for themselves before being sent out into the world.

These orphans are received from any state and without regard to denominational affinities. The orphans of Presbyterian parentage are in the minority. No indenturing or binding in or out. as in most homes, is required of the orphans. Love and advantage are the all-powerful means of discipline.

The support of these children is provided by "whosoever will." It is wholly voluntary. If any reader of these lines is led to help them, he can send his gift to "Thornwell Orphanage, Clinton, S. C." Provisions are as useful as money, where they can more easily be spared.

At these thanksgiving times, our hearts are all alive with gratitude to God. How can we better show it than by pitying the fatherless?

Dr. Jacobs, the head of the Orphanage, will gladly give information to any desiring to know more of this remarkable, and in some respects, pioneer work for the orphans.

No house will treat you better than H. Bros.

THE PROGRESS

Sewing Machine!



IS a first grade, high arm machine, combining all the modern improvements with the most simple mechanism. Highly finished, comparatively noiseless and guaranteed by the factory for 10 years. Take the machine, try it two weeks, aud if not satisfactory bring it back.

We Pay the Freight.

WE sell this superior machine for the small sum of $20.00 and prepay the freight to any depot desired. Why pay a high price for a machine when you can get one equally as good, or better, with a guarantee that means something? Examine our machine before buying



A FEW WITNESSES.

The following are a few of those who have purchased Progress machines, and we refer any prospective purchaser to either of them:

W. M. Carpenter, Dublin.
A. R. Watson, "
L. J. Evans, "
E. T. Cornelius, "
L. J. Toler, "
J. C. Caperton, "
W. F. Carpenter, "
R. V. Branum, "
T. S. Riddels, "
L. M. Sale, "
Mrs. S. A. Holt, Hannibal.
M. C. Moss, Hico.
W. T. Carlton, Stephenville.
G. E. Davis, Wilson.
M. P. Davenport, Desdemona.
J. D. Martin, Carlton.
J. H. Key, Topaz.
J. H. Turner, Theny.
Prof. C. G. Foust, Granbury.

J. S. DALEY,

LOST=FOUND.

This column is at the disposal of our friends and patrons and the public generally free of charge for the purpose of advertising articles lost or found or stock strayed or stolen. We invite every one to use it in such instances without cost.

STRAYED—Grey horse, 16 hands high, ten years old, branded A with half circle over it on shoulder, left hip a little low. Also one sorrell horse, 15 hands high, 7 years old, left ear cropped. Left Dublin Oct. 23rd. $5.00 reward. Address W. L. Tomlinson, Hico.

STRAYED—One light sorrel mare, about 15 hands high, branded YCO on left thigh; also one chestnut sorrel mare, 15 hands high, branded with a horseshos on left shoulder. Any one knowing the wherebouts of these mares will be suitably rewarded by notifying E. P. Purvis, Purvis, Texas.



Think of living a year or two after one is dead; dead to all practical intents and purposes,—dead, with the autograph of death inscribed on brow and cheek and lip.

Thousands of women live for a year or two after all helpfulness and happiness have gone out of their lives. When a woman becomes hopelessly helpless and unhappy she is practically dead. The young woman to whom the future is a dreary waste, the young wife who is a helpless, nervous invalid, the mother whose babes are a burden instead of a blessing,—all these, unless they take the right measures to recover their health, are better dead than living. In the majority of cases these ghosts of women owe their condition to weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism. Frequently they have been deceived by the incorrect diagnosis of some obscure physician and do not understand the true nature of their trouble. It only costs a two-cent postage stamp for a woman to write and describe her condition to Dr. R. V. Pierce, an eminent and skilful specialist, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y. He will answer letters from ailing women without charge. He is the discoverer of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the greatest of all known medicines for women. It acts directly on the delicate organs concerned in maternity and makes them strong, healthy and vigorous. It banishes the indispositions of the anxious period and makes baby's coming easy and almost painless. It cures all disorders and displacements and checks exhausting drains.

"Previous to motherhood my wife was very sick," writes Dennis H. Connelly, Esq., of Clear Water, Wright Co., Minn. "Two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription made her well and strong."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and constipation. One a dose. They never gripe.

Big stock of carpets just received at H. Bros.

Diseases of the Blood and Nerves.

No one need suffer with neuralgia. The disease is quickly and permanently cured by Browns' Iron Bitters. Every disease of the blood, nerves and stomach, chronic or otherwise, succumbs to Browns' Iron Bitters. Known and used for nearly a quarter of a century, it stands to-day foremost among our most valued remedies. For sale by

WHEN YOU GO TO

Stephenville, . Texas

—Visit the—

CITY RESTAURANT

Will Wadlington, Prop.

East side of square, next door to Dawson corner. A First-Class Meal in every respect for 25 cents.

We Want Your Trade.

Blacksmithing.

I Am In

That Business

And Respectfully solicit your trade. First Class work with promptness, is what you will get by patronizing me at

Wheeless' Old Stand,

On Grafton Street, near Central freight depot.

H. M. BATEMAN.

Dublin, Texas

Late of Walnut Springs.

Good Newspapers.

You can get two of them that will keep you fully posted at the very low price of

$1.75 Per Year.

Three copies a week, two copies of the Dallas News and one of the Progress.

With the two you can keep posted on what is going on the world over, including the happenings right at your home.

Address the Progress, Dublin, Tex.

DR. W. W. SNIDER,

DENTIST.



Office over Grange Store, Dublin

Next Thursday has been appointed by the president on which we are to return thanks to the Most High for the preservation of our nation, our lives, the pursuit of happiness and prosperity, (not of the McKinley variety, however,) through this another year.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

We find from going through our stock we are overloaded with extra sizes in Clothing. So we have decided to put a price on them that will move them at once.

For the next 30 days, beginning October 29th,

We will make a great reduction in prices on all clothing, especially extra sizes. If you are needing anything in this line it will pay you to see these goods and prices before buying elsewhere.

Yours Respectfully,

Utterback & Harris.