Callahan County Clarendon.

"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

W. R. LOTZ, Editor and Proprietor. BAIRD, TEXAS, SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1882. VOL. II.—NO. 43.

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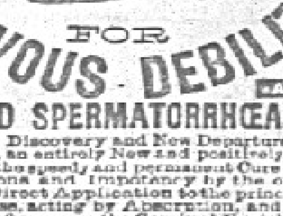
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WHY HE DIDN'T SEE THE PLAY.

I sat behind her at the play,
(They said it was "Othello")
But who appeared, or how 'twas done—
Well, ask some other fello.

I know an overture was played
(The same they played last season),
And, later, people cried "Encore!"
(I do not know the reason.)

I heard a sweet, entreating voice,
A stifled shriek, a groan—a
Short silence that, I take it, marked
The death of Desdemona.

But this was all; I simply write
These lines as a reminder
To some one, that I lost the play
Because I sat behind her,
(It was the hat.)

—*Cleveland Herald.*

TRICKS OF JEWELRY THIEVES.

Some Cunning Devices—Loss and Recovery of Diamonds—Workings of the Protective Union—A Galvanic Thief-Catcher.

Dealers in jewelry are particularly exposed to losses through thieves and swindlers, as their goods, more than those of any other tradesmen or manufacturers, contain great marketable value in a small compass, and therefore afford especial temptations to the dishonest.

The thieves, both male and female, who are frequently of very good appearance, hang about the jewelers' stores until they see some respectable-looking persons enter, and then go in with them. They usually say that some friend advised them to come to that store to look at a particular line of goods, and they commonly ask for some standard article. Then, if they can get some young and inexperienced clerk to wait upon them—and they always try to get served by a salesman of that kind—the chances are that they will carry away with them a great deal more in value than they buy. Sometimes they buy nothing, but usually they make some small purchase, so as to cover up their game more effectually.

The "umbrella trick" was a very successful device of the thieves a few years ago, but is now pretty well known to the trade, and is therefore but little practiced at present. Before its secret was detected a well-dressed thief would enter a store with an umbrella in his hand, closed, but not rolled up. He was usually accompanied by one or two confederates. Seating themselves by the counter, they would ask to be shown a variety of certain goods, and in passing the articles from one to another the principal would dexterously drop one now and then within the loose folds of his umbrella. When a number of chains, rings, or bracelets had thus been stowed away, the man with the now valuable umbrella would suddenly remember an engagement, and bid good-by to his companions, who would cover his retreat by buying some trifling ornament.

Some years ago a clever rogue was successful in robbing several diamond merchants in this city of costly gems, having equipped himself by smearing a little wax on the end of his nose and providing a number of handkerchiefs in his pockets. He was further prepared by wearing spectacles, and appeared to be very near-sighted. When a package of small unset diamonds was shown to him, at his request, he would take it to the window, and hold it very close to his face. Simultaneously he would bring the end of his nose against a diamond and make use of a handkerchief to conceal and remove the stone which had adhered to the wax. By affecting to have a bad cold, and always using a different handkerchief, he was able to abstract a number of stones from the same package. His last operation of this sort had an unsuccessful ending through his mistake in taking out a handkerchief which he had used already. A diamond fell from it and rolled upon the floor. Hoping that this was unnoticed, but not daring to remain, he hastily excused himself and went to the door, but found it securely fastened. One of the firm of diamond dealers, by pressing an electric button under his table, had shot a bolt at the entrance, and when the thief turned around a revolver was pointed at his head. He was obliged to submit to a search, and a number of diamonds were found in the handkerchiefs distributed through his clothing. His arrest followed, and he was sent to State Prison.

After this a man with a cane executed a theft very neatly in a New York diamond house. Pointing over a counter with his cane at an open package of unmounted stones, and asking to be shown a certain one, he lightly touched a gem with the end of the stick, which had been dipped in some glutinous cement. A diamond worth $600 adhered to the tip, and the thief got away undetected. Some time afterward he was caught while attempting the same trick in Philadelphia, and was identified by his New York victim.

Recently one of the "box men," or drummers who travel for small jewelry factories in Providence or Attleboro', called at a well-known jobbing house here, and was so gratified at his pleasant reception by one of the firm, who happened to be in a particularly good humor, that he set his box down on the floor and entered into conversation without immediately proceeding to business. When he turned to take up his box it was missing, and he has never seen it since. Undoubtedly a thief had walked into the place "on speculation," and, seeing the unguarded box, had quietly walked out with it. Its contents were worth several hundred dollars, although most of the articles were of only six to ten karat gold.

Sometimes the thieves adopt bolder methods. Within the last fortnight a man entered a jewelry store in Maiden Lane, and, after looking at a number of gold watch-chains, suddenly snatched three of them and dashed out of the door. A hue-and-cry was instantly raised, and a number of persons began running. The thief ran into a "pal" on the sidewalk, and knocked him down, transferring the chains in the scuffle. When seized and accused of the robbery he indignantly denied the charge and demanded to be searched. He said that he had merely run in pursuit of the real offender. As he had got rid of the stolen articles, and as no one could positively identify him, he was released. His confederate, of course, had lost no time in disappearing.

Fastening the door of a jewelry store on the outside by means of a cord, and then smashing the show window, forms a method of robbery so extremely bold and dangerous that it is rarely attempted at present, although some years ago it was not very uncommon. Some of our readers may remember the ingenious effort once made to rob a Broadway jeweler's window which projected over the sidewalk. At night a thief cut a hole in the bottom of the window, and neatly plugged it up again. The next day he had a well-trained boy crawl under the window, and, by means of a long wire with a hook on the end, pull down through the hole a number of gold chains, etc. The trick was defeated by the investigations of a salesman, after he had been astonished to see chains and bracelets creeping about in the window as if endowed with life.

A few seasons ago a certain down-town jeweler determined to turn the tables and cheat the thieves. He got together a lot of old rubbish which had been designed to look like gold, and had the chains, etc., newly dipped and polished. The articles were such goods as the alleged rolled plate Roman gold bracelets, which are not rolled plate at all, but simply German silver dipped in a plating solution. When visited at that holiday time by customers whom his experienced eye recognized as probable thieves, he would lay before them a quantity of this special stock, tell them to make their selection, and carelessly turn his back. The trap was successful, and quantities of the trash were carried away before the end of the holidays. One thief was so disgusted that he wrote a letter to the jeweler, telling him that if his goods were a fair sample of those in the neighborhood, the shopkeepers were worse thieves than any in the "profession."

Sometimes the thieves who visit jewelry stores rob a customer instead of the proprietor. About two years ago, a banker in Wall Street gave to his wife a large sum of money, some $4,000 or $5,000, for the purchase of a set of diamonds. He took her to a jeweler's, introduced her, and then hurried away to some business. The lady placed her pocketbook, containing the money, inside her muff, and laid the latter on the counter while she examined an assortment of gems. Meanwhile a very well dressed young man took a seat by the counter near her, and looked at some rings, finally purchasing one for about thirty dollars, and leaving the place. When the lady looked for her pocketbook she was overwhelmed by the discovery that her muff was empty. The young man was doubtless a professional thief who had entered the store to "take chances," and was probably as much surprised as gratified when he ascertained the amount of his "haul."

Persons who are in the habit of handling valuable goods are apt, in time, to grow careless in regard to them, and therefore diamonds are sometimes lost through gross negligence as well as by thieves. A few years ago a broker in gems lost a fine pair of diamonds, valued at $3,000, while on his way to a customer in Wall street. They were advertised, and a few days afterward a lawyer reported that he had found the jewels in the possession of his office-boy, who had picked them up in the street, and, ignorant of their value, had been using them for jack-stones. The recent case in John street will be generally remembered, where a little Italian bootblack picked up a package of twenty-one small diamonds, valued at $2,000, and sold them to a jeweler for a dollar. The purchaser immediately advertised them, and for days was visited by all sorts of "frauds," who pretended that they had lost diamonds, and made desperate guesses when asked to describe the stones and their wrapping. The diamonds were in fact folded up in a paper packet, such as is always used for the purpose by dealers, on the outside of which was a complete memorandum of its contents. This proved to the custodian of the gems that they had been lost by some one in the trade, and the owner finally appeared and identified them. The bootblack was then sought out and suitably rewarded.

Some years since a diamond dealer here picked up an unset stone, worth about $800, with a pair of steel nippers, and as he turned it about to examine it closely he happened to press the nippers in such a way that the gem flew out. A careful such was made, but the diamond had vanished as completely as if it had changed into air. For days and weeks afterward the search was resumed at intervals; all the sweepings of the store were preserved, and not even a scrap of paper was thrown away. Finally, the last hope of ever finding the stone was abandoned, and its value set down to "profit and loss." The next winter, when the diamond dealer was about to put on a heavy overcoat which he had worn the previous season he noticed a little rip near the velvet collar. As he was about to hand it to his wife, and ask her to take a stitch in it, he chanced to feel a small, hard substance in the skirt of the coat, between the cloth and the lining. A little ripping was done, and the long lost diamond was revealed. At the time the stone flew into the defective seam the coat was hanging up on the wall of the store.

The salesmen who travel for jewelry houses, and who frequently carry in their trunks large quantities of valuable goods, used often to be robbed at hotels, or by thieves changing the checks for their luggage. Of course they are liable to robbery now, but the danger of it has been much diminished since the formation, about three years ago, of the Jewelers' Protective Union, which has inspired the thieves with a wholesome dread of its powers. This organization, which includes all the principal dealers in the United States who employ travelers, has now about $50,000 in its treasury, and has already been the means of sending eight thieves to State prison. It is supported by dues proportioned to the number of travelers which each firm employs, and it is prepared to spend any amount of money necessary to hunt down and convict the thief who robs one of its members. Whenever a salesman starts out on a business tour, his name and route are reported to the President of the Union, who in turn notifies a detective agency which has branches in all the principal cities.

To protect traveling salesmen who have valuables with them in sleeping-cars, alarm-watches have been invented, which make a startling noise when any package attached to them is disturbed. As a rule, however, such salesmen depend more for security upon "sleeping with one eye open" than upon any artificial aids of this sort. An invention has just been made by a well-known scientific man in France that may prove a valuable protection against the robbery of jewelry trunks in hotels. It is a trunk made with a galvanic battery under a false bottom, and so constructed, it is said, that when it is "set" for the purpose, a thief can not touch the lock or any metal work about the trunk without receiving a terrific shock, by which he will be temporarily paralyzed. He not only can not continue his attempt at robbery, but will be riveted to the trunk until some one comes and relieves him by arrest. The rightful owner can open the trunk at any time without danger, by using a key which is a non-conductor and breaks the electric circuit.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

A Parliamentary Menagerie.

Lord Brougham once likened the House of Commons at certain seasons to a menagerie, and said of a certain night, had a blind person been conducted into the House, and not told what the place was, he would certainly have supposed he was in some zoological establishment. It was on the 17th of July, 1835; an account of the sitting of the House may be found in either of the morning papers for the next day. James Grant was there, and he has described it; but the *Morning Post* gives a graphic description of the sounds issuing from the benches—imitations of hand-organs and bagpipes, the yelping of hounds, the crowing of the cock, "so admirable," says Mr. Grant, "that you could not have distinguished it from the real chanticleer," the bleating of sheep, the braying of asses.

Upon another occasion we have an account of an honorable member who rose amid tremendous uproar and confusion. He said: "I rise, sir (ironical cheers, mingled with all sorts of zoological sounds)—I rise, sir, for the purpose of stating that I have—("Oh! oh!" "Bah!" and sounds resembling the bleating of a sheep, mingled with loud laughter.) Honorable gentlemen may endeavor to put me down by their unmannerly interruptions, but I have a duty to perform to my con— (ironical cheers, loud coughing, sneezing, and yawning extended to an incredible length, followed by loud bursts of laughter.) I say, sir, I have constituents who, on this occasion, expect that I—(Cries of "Should sit down" and shouts of laughter.) They expect, sir, that on a question of such importance ("O-o-a-u," and loud laughter, followed by cries of "Order! order!" from the Speaker.) I tell honorable gentlemen who choose to conduct themselves in such a way that I am not to be put down by—(Groans, coughs, sneezing, hems and various animal sounds, some of which closely imitated the yelping of a dog and the squeaking of a pig interspersed with peals of laughter.) I appeal—("Cock-a-leerie-oo!" The imitation in this case of the crowing of a cock was so remarkably good that not even the most staid and orderly members in the House could preserve their gravity. The laughter which followed drowned the Speaker's cries of "Order! order!")I say, sir, this is most unbecoming conduct on the part of an assembly calling itself re—("Bow, wow, wow," and bursts of laughter.) Sir, may I ask any honorable gentleman who can—("Mew, mew," and renewed laughter.) Sir, I claim the protection of the chair. (The Speaker here again rose and called out "Order! order!" in a loud and angry tone, on which the uproar in measure subsided.) If honorable gentlemen will only allow me to make one observation I will not further trespass on their attention, but sit down at once. (This was followed by the most tremendous cheering in earnest.) I only beg to say, sir, that I think this is a most dangerous and unconstitutional measure, and will therefore vote against it." The honorable gentleman then resumed his seat amid deafening applause. —*Leisure Hour.*

Solidifying Petroleum for Transportation.

According to a St. Petersburg paper, a German, Herr P. N. Dittmar, has practically solved the problem of rendering petroleum solid—a problem considerably studied by chemists of late in view of the large question of transport. A company has been formed in Russia to work the patent when completed. The transformation of the substance will not cost more than about 3d. per 36 pounds (six kopecs per pood), whereas the casks now used increase the cost of petroleum about 2s. 4d. for the same quantity (55 kopecs per pood), leakage not considered. The mode of treatment is not yet disclosed, and chemists to whom small samples of the solid petroleum have been sent have not been able to make out the nature of the foreign substances that are added in a proportion of two or at most three per cent. to solidify the petroleum. The reporter of the St. Petersburg paper saw the product; he says it is of a wine-yellow color, and has the consistency of gelatine; it can be kneaded with the fingers like wax, and is yet somewhat breakable. A small piece of the thickness of a lead pencil and about an inch long could be lit at one end and held with the fingers. It melted like wax, and it was only after a little while, when hot drops ran down, that the flame had to be blown out. The danger of fire is considerably less than with liquid petroleum. The product can be easily liquified when required by the addition of vinegar, and the process is rapid. The vinegar in time separates out below and the petroleum above. It is not stated whether the same vinegar can be used repeatedly. It appears that the higher and low-boiling hydro-carbons in crude naphtha are not affected by the solidifying agent, in which case the costly apparatus for fractional distillation might be dispensed with. The advantages of solid petroleum would be peculiarly felt in regions like the Caucassus, where the naphtha industry suffers through the dearth of suitable wood for barrels. *London Times.*

—Happy husbands and fathers of the South may congratulate themselves on not living in a seal-skin sacque climate. *New Orleans Picayune.*

Panics in Churches and Theaters.

Every once in awhile the country is startled by some terrible calamity, the result of a panic where large numbers of people are crowded together in a building. The most recent of these horrors happened on Christmas day in Warsaw, in Poland, in the church of the Holy Cross. The origin of the panic would be amusing if it were not for the terrible results which followed. A pickpocket detected in his avocation, cried: "Fire," and there immediately ensued a panic of such dire consequences that the heart stands still with horror in contemplating the spectable. Forty people were crushed to death, and hundreds of others were wounded fatally. Women were trampled under feet too cruel to stay their progress at appeals for mercy. Infancy and old age, the weak and the helpless were crushed to death by strong men in their mad rush for safety. Yet one resolute voice might have stayed the panic. One strong nature might have averted the evil. But it was not there. The panic ran its course and ended, as all such things invariably end, in horror and dismay. The lesson which it teaches ought to be taken seriously to heart by every habitue of crowded assemblies. Such incidents are liable to happen at any time; and ordinary presence of mind may usually avert a calamity which otherwise may become disastrous.

Unfortunately, however, the panic was not the worst feature of the Warsaw calamity. Pillage and arson were added to its horrors. The Hebrew quarter of the city was sacked, and death and destruction was spread on every side. Of course this feature would not supplement a similar occurrence in the United States. We have no Israelitish riots here. There is no religious persecutions to give force and horror to social calamities. But a panic in itself is sufficiently alarming, without the incidental horrors which attended the Polish misfortune.

Perhaps there is no rule which can serve upon all occasions. But common sense and ordinary courage ought to be equal to the emergency. Proper and convenient means of egress from a crowded auditorium ought to be ready in every church and theater. But this will not suffice unless every person in the audience is convinced that he can easily escape by such exits; and has accustomed himself to calculate upon such possible occurrences, and then to form a plan by which an orderly and safe retreat can be effected. Panics destroy more lives than fire.—*Omaha Herald.*

Those Unreliable Newspapers.

"I don't know whether they do it intentionally or not," said young Jack Kanebiter, thoughtfully, "but somehow these newspapers pass around an awful lot of unreliable information."

"How's that?" languidly inquired his running mate, Jim L'Ardida.

"Why, I saw in the *Post* last week that a poor young fellow in St. Louis borrowed an umbrella of a bank President and the next day returned it."

"Rippin' lie, that!"

"Oh no! he did really," continued Kanebiter; "he walked into the bank the very next day and returned the umbrella. The President was so much astonished that he called the young man back and made him his cashier at a big salary."

"Because he was honest, eh?"

"Exactly, so, you see, as I had gotten one of the first editions of the same paper, I thought I'd work the same racket before any of the other boys caught on."

"Good scheme!"

"So I rushed around to the Nevada Bank, and asked Louis McLean to lend me an umbrella. There was a Directors' meeting going on at the time, so I thought I had 'em sure."

"What did old moneybags say?"

"He said, 'Why, it isn't going to rain for a month yet.' 'I know what I'm about,' said I; 'Just you lend me an umbrella.' So he told a clerk to let me have one, and take ten dollars for security."

"Great Scott!"

"But that aint the worst of it. When I looked at the umbrella, I'll be hanged if it wasn't one that McLean had borrowed from me two years ago."

And then they both lit cigarettes and mused over the utter unreliability of the press.—*San Francisco Post.*

Why It Pays to Advertise.

A reporter dropped into one of our largest retail establishments Wednesday, and held a conversation with the proprietor.

"You have a great rush," remarked the reporter.

"Yes," replied the proprietor, "partly because it is holiday season, but mainly on account of advertising."

"How can you tell whether advertising pays, and what papers are good mediums?"

"I can tell that advertising pays by stopping my advertisements. I've tried it. Trade drops, not at once, but the tide of purchasers flows some other way. The cash receipts tell the story."

"Is there any difference in the sharpness of the buyers—I mean, do they haggle much over prices?"

"Oh, no. We sell at one price, and all the best stores in Boston do the same. They will sometimes say they can buy such and such an article cheaper elsewhere. When they mention the place we send and see if it is true, and if so we mark our stock down."

"Suppose you should give up advertising?"

"Well, I should save a big pile of money the first year, but I should lose a bigger pile the next two years. You must keep the boiler heated if you want steam. If you bank your fires too long it takes time to start up. Advertising is the steam which keeps business moving. I've studied the matter."—*Boston Journal.*

—It is proposed to erect a monument to Sallust at Aquila, in the Abruzzi, overlooking the River Aterno—the site of the ancient Amiternum where the historian was born.

—Rumor says that one of the Von Steubens left his heart in America, and is coming back to see about it.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—A school for railroad officials has been established in Germany. Here employees are instructed in railroading.

—Chemical science has recently succeeded in extracting the coloring matter from human hair. Three coloring pigments are found—yellow, red and black—the various shades being produced by mixture. It appears that in pure golden hair there is only the yellow pigment; in red hair the red is mixed with more or less yellow; while in dark hair the black is always mixed with yellow and red—even the blackest hair containing as much red pigment as the very reddest—the lighter colors being overpowered by the black.

The results of soundings over the bed of the Atlantic have made clear, it is believed, the existence through the middle of the ocean, extending from north to south, of a sunken ridge, often less than 1,000 fathoms from the surface, while on either side the water has a depth of from 3,000 to more than 3,450 fathoms; so that the elevation of the ocean's bottom required to make these depths dry land would bring up between them a mountain range from 9,000 to 15,000 feet in height. The higher points of this sunken ridge now form the islands of the Azores.

—The English journals, in discussing the question of domestic poisons, suggest as a protection or remedy a law prohibiting the use of arsenic in the manufacture of any and all fabrics for domestic purposes—that is, in all those processes which leave the arsenic in the finished goods. It appears that the trade interests involved in this practice have been subjected to scientific investigation, and the alleged advantages in employment of arsenic for wall papers, etc., are shown to be for the most part imaginary. Among the paper stainers the use of arsenical pigments is being abandoned, and in other industries also they are much less resorted to than formerly. But, notwithstanding this, and the well-known fact that two or three grains of the article will destroy life, the production of arsenic in England last year was nearly 5,000 tons.

—A recent writer on the phenomena of friction asserts that a large portion of the friction of engines is the result of tight cylinder packing, and that in setting out packing it should be only tight enough to keep the steam from passing, this being also best done by degrees, setting out the rings a little, then blocking the crosshead, and testing by allowing steam in the crank end of the cylinder. When no steam passes, the rings are tight enough. In cylinders that have run for some time it is impossible to make a piston tight without reboring. Care is also requisite, in making a complete revolution of the engine by hand, after setting out the rings, to see that the packing does not stick in any of the smaller portions of the cylinder. Again, an engine that requires constant lubrications in the cylinder to prevent squeaking needs attention, as generally the rings will be found too tight or the cylinder out of line.

PITH AND POINT.

—Many a man owes his success in life to the hisses of his enemies, instead of the plaudits of his friends.—*Whitehall Times.*

—A young lady who was squeezed between two freight cars says it felt just like trying on a new pair of corsets.—*Philadelphia Chronicle-Herald.*

—The man who has all knowledge at his fingers' ends should not bite his nails; he might bite off more than he could conveniently chew.—*Boston Transcript.*

—"The truth always pays in the end" is an old saying, and that is the reason, probably, why there is so little of it told at the beginning of any business transaction.—*Somerville Journal.*

—A gentleman went into a Pearl street dry-goods store yesterday, and asked for ten yards of "naked cambric." The young lady blushed and said: "I guess you mean undressed cambric." "Oh, yes; that's it."—*Albany Argus.*

—This Man is very Busy. He is pushed for time. He looks as if he Had More on his hands than he could accomplish. We feel Sorry for him. He has an important Engagement to Keep, and he is Hurrying up Matters to Meet it. He is to be hung at Noon to-morrow.—*Denver Tribune Primer.*

—A Brooklyn man owns thirty dogs. We didn't suppose that so much grinding poverty could be centered in one man in that City of Churches. The individual who owns five dogs is generally an object of charity. What must be the destitution of the man who owns thirty?—*Norristown Herald.*

—"Brutus, bay not me!" remarked Cassius, when Brutus, who was in the genteel hair-dressing line, was about to anoint his customer's face with the aromatic bay rum. This is important, showing, as it does, that the barber of classic days followed the same course as does his successor of the present time.—*New Haven Register.*

A Typical American.

In a recent address before the Chicago Historical Society, Hon. Isaac N. Arnold related the following characteristic incident of the late William B. Ogden:

I recall an incident which illustrates Ogden's energy, and is characteristic. On one occasion, in conversation with a lady, who, born to affluence, was reduced to poverty, and who was asking his advice how her inexperienced sons and daughters could earn a livelihood, to the question: "What can they do?" he replied: "If I was in the position of your sons, if I could do nothing better, I would hire myself out to dig potatoes with my fingers, and when I had earned enough to buy a hoe I would dig with it, and so I would climb up. If your sons are healthy and willing to work they will find enough to do, and if they can not begin at the top let them begin at the bottom, and very likely they will be all the better for it. I was born close by a sawmill, was early left an orphan, christened in a mill pond, graduated at a log school-house, and, at fourteen, fancied I could do anything I turned my hand to, and nothing was impossible, and ever since, madam, I have been trying to prove it, and with some success."

The Clarendon.

Entered at the Post Office in Baird, Texas, as Second-Class Mail Matter.

William R. Lotz, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION, $2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1882.

A SYSTEM of bold robberies is being carried on at Fort Worth.

Two of the smalls-pox patients at Colorado, died and two new cases were reporetd yesterday.

FRANK MARTIN another of the prisoners who broke jail at Carthage, Missouri, the other day, has been reported.

THE parting interview between Guiteau and his sister, Mrs. Scoville, on Saturday evening last, is said to have been very affecting. Mrs. Scoville immediately there-after left for Chicago.

DERRY, the man who killed Duley at Popular Bluffs, Missouri, a few weeks ago shooting him down with a double-barrel shotgun, was held to answer in $5,000 bail on the 21st inst.

THE junior member of the extensive fish firm of Isbell & Merrill, of Detroit, Michigan has been selling the property of the firm secretly and on Saturday last disappeared. The firm went into the hands of a receiver.

ON Wednesday morning of last week Mr. W. H. Martin, of the firm of Martin, Byrne & Johnson, was married at the residence of the brides parents, at Comanche, to Miss Sue Shortridge. May success ever attend the happy pair.

ANOTHER "highly respectable" teller of a bank has defaulted and fled. His name is Edward Blanchard and his bank was the Farmers' & Mechanics', of Buffalo, New York. His defalcations are said to amount in total to about $1,200. His whereabouts are unknown.

A YOUNG man named Nelson, while plowing on the farm of Robert Hicks near Rally Hill, Boon county Arkansas, on the 18th inst., found a pot of gold containing $1,400 in $5 $10 $20 pieces. Hicks, claimed to have buried it twenty years ago but divided it with Nelson.

THOMAS CROCKER, a wealthy and respected farmer, living near Flushing Genesee county, Michigan, on returning home a night or two since, found his wife locked in a room with a man named Banning. Crocker fired into the room, wounding his wife and shot several times at Banning without hitting him.

THE preliminary examination of W. H. Featherston, charged with setting fire to the building which came near, burning a good portion of the town of Abilene, was concluded last Saturday. He was bound over to await the action of the grand jury at the May term of the District Court, in the sum of $2,000. He gave bond and was discharged.

The Agony Over.

At last the prolonged Giteau trial has terminated. The result is anything but cheering to the poor wretch, who, no doubt, has already fully realized the full purport of the fact that "the way of transgressors is hard." On last Wednesday afternoon after Judge Porter had finished his speech to the jury, Judge Cox delivered his charge, after which the jury retired. They were out fifty-six minutes and returned bringing in a verdict of "guilty as charged." When the verdict was rendered, Guiteau exclaimed: "My blood will be upon the head of that jury," and afterwards remarked that "God will avenge this outrage." Thus ends this great trial which has been watched with interest by the civilized world.

No Small Pox.

For the past few days there have been reports in circulation that there were several cases of small pox in town. What the reports were started for, or by whom they were started we cannot say, but Drs. West and Robertson have each done a "land office business" in vaccination. Of course no one can tell when it *will* come, but this we *do* say, that we will agree to nurse every case which is now in Baird. We do not believe in concealing facts in such matters, and, should we ever find a case of small pox we shall certainly publish the fact; but at present after having gone the rounds for the purpose of ascertaining whether there was a case in town or not, we are fully satisfied that the small pox scare is either a speculation or a lie, gotten up to hurt our town.

The Press Association.

The Press Association Executive Committee met at Houston on the 25 inst. It changed the time of the next meeting to May, instead of April, to admit the press excursion to San Francisco, which has been offered at that time.

Gail B. Johnson, of the *Post*, was made Secretary of the Association, in place of Burson, formerly of the Denison *Herald*, now out of Journalism.

Wilson, of the Fort Worth *Advance*, was selected Orator, vice E. H. Harris, also out of journalism.

Proceedings of the Callahan County Wool-Grower's Association.

The Callahan County Wool-Grower's Association held its second meeting at Baird, Saturday, January 21st, as previously announced.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Mortimer McIlhany Pres. protem.

The Constitution and By-Laws were then read by T. D. Wagner Sec'y protem, accepted unanimously, and the names were enrolled as members: Mortimer McIlhany, J. W. Day, James Young, D. J. Wilson, E. G. Wagner, F. A. Curtis, F. H. Carlile, F. P. Parlin, Dan Craven, M. H. Donahoe and T. D. Wagner.

The following officers were unanimously chosen for the ensuing year: President, J. W. Day; Vice President, Mortimer McIlhany; Secretary, F. H. Carlile; Treasurer, D. J. Wilson.

The President appointed Messrs. Carlile, Wilson and E. G. Wagner to compose a committee to solicit the signatures of twenty sheep men to petition the County Commissioners, at their next term of court, to appoint a Sheep Inspector for this county.

A motion was made by T. D. Wagner and carried unanimously. *Resolved*, That this Association tenders its thanks to the "CALLAHAN COUNTY CLARENDON," the *Texas Live Stock Journal*, and Mr. D. A. Olds, of the City Hotel, for courtesies extended.

It was also moved by Mr. Wagner, and carried; That the Secretary be instructed to have one hundred copies of the Constitution and By-Laws of the Association printed.

After a few motions relative to the Constitution were made, the meeting adjourned, to assemble again the third Saturday in February, being February 18th, 1882.

As the Sheepmen of this county have been desirous of forming an association of this kind, believing that it would further their interest, and be of benefit in various ways, let them, now the ball is in motion, show their appreciation by either being present at the next meeting or sending their names to the Secretary, signifying their wish to become members. The fees are nominal, being only a dollar initiation fee and one dollar annually.

Let the wool-growers wake up and join, one and all.

Our County Finances.

We have frequently called the attention of different members of the County Commissioners Court to the fact that their proceedings should be published; we have tendered them the columns of the CLARENDON gratis for that purpose; we have endeavored to procure the services of some one who would take the proceedings down for us, so we could give them to the public; but were unable to do so. We have told them that the citizens of Callahan county had a *right* to know what was done by the commissioners We have tried every way to let the people know what disposition was made of the finances of the county, but all in vain. We could not afford to sit in attendance for several days at the court, for, unlike the commissioners we could not draw $3.00 per day while doing so. Why the commissioners are so reticent about giving their proceedings to the public, we let our readers judge. Why they decline to publish the financial condition of Callahan county, at least once a year (in January) in some paper published in the county, as directed by law, we let our readers judge. Are they ashamed to let their stewardship be known, or why is it? We have heard it hinted that they refused to have it published because the CLARENDON'S charges were too high, two years ago, we admit that the price seemed a little high; but we would ask the Commissioners if *they* would be willing to draw a reasonable salary for their services—say $3.00 a day and take their pay in county scrip which was worth 10 cents on the dollar. This was the case in our charge. But this is no excuse; the law plainly states that the financial report shall be published in some paper published in the county, then after publication is made it is in their power to see that no unreasonable claim is allowed therefor.

The Baird Cemetery Association.

Pursuant to a request in last week's issue, a meeting of the citizens of Baird was held in Judge Webb's office on the 21st inst. and action taken in reference to a cemetrry for our town. B. R. Webb Esq. was called to the chair and W. R. Lotz requested to act as secretary, whereupon an organization was affected, an association, formed, and articles of incorporation agreed upon. The name selected is "The Baird Cemetary Association," in which every citizen of the town, or vicinity, owning real estate, or paying for a burial lot, is intitled to membership. Judge Webb was instructed to prepare a charter to be filed with the Secretary of State at Austin. The following Board of Trustees were elected to serve until the next regular meeting viz: N. P. Rice, Ed. Northrup and W. R. Lotz. The trustees were requested to proceed at an early day to lay off the ten acres donated by Mr. E. H. Newlon, into lots, walks and squares. The regular annual meetings were fixed for the first Thursday in April of each year.

B. R. WEBB, Chairman. W. R. LOTZ, Secretary.

In Memoriam.

At a meeting of Belle Plain Lodge No. 522, A. F. and A. M., held in Masonic Hall, at Belle Plain, Texas, Friday, January 13th, 1882, the following resolutions, relative to the death of their deceased Brother, O. M. L. Parker, were passed:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God, in His infinite goodness, to call from our midst, our worthy Brother, and whilst we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well, in this hour of our great sorrow we appreciate his intellectual worth, his many virtues, and his perfect Christian character.

Resolved, That in his absence, we feel the loss of a well tried, constant, kind, and impartial Brother, and a worthy and esteemed citizen.

Resolved, That his conduct, both as a Brother Odd Fellow and as a citizen, was in the highest degree exemplary, and that the interest he ever manifested for the welfare of his beloved Order, betokened a man of a true and noble heart.

Resolved, That in our deceased Brother was true religion, something more precious than the priceless gem, reputation or renown, or that spark of genius that sometimes sways millions 'till they move as one.

Resolved, That in our beloved Bro., we saw nothing save firmness, truth, and honor, and saw him, as one in whose thought there was quite:

Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's breath,
And stars to set; * * * but all.
Thou hast all seasons for thine, O! Death.

It is not wont to indulge in eulogy and vain praise of the dead, but this, our deceased Brother, was one among the very few whose nobleness of character was so beautiful in its simplicity.

In the review of memory, it seems but yesterday that he stood among us as our chosen Noble Grand of this Lodge. A few short days have passed and all that remains of him, now sleeps in "God's Green Acre." May his spirit find rest in that calm Heaven, where the broken promises and blighted hopes of each, shall find their full fruition.

* * Why do we mourn? perhaps you'll say,
But we will mourn no more,
Since our great loss, is but his gain,
For he has found a Heavenly shore.

Committee. { F. S. BELL, W. C. WHITLEY, W. A. WEST.

At a meeting of Baird Lodge I. O. O. F., the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in His all wise Providence, to call from our midst, our beloved Brother, O. M. L. Parker, we deplore his loss, and express the deepest feelings of distress for his bereft family.

Resolved, That in his absence, we feel the loss of a well tried, constant, kind, and impartial Brother, and a worthy and esteemed citizen.

Resolved, That his conduct, both as a Brother Odd Fellow and as a citizen, was in the highest degree exemplary, and that the interest he ever manifested for the welfare of his beloved Order, betokened a man of a true and noble heart.

Resolved, That in our deceased Brother was true religion, something more precious than the priceless gem, reputation or renown, or that spark of genius that sometimes sways millions 'till they move as one.

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A Robber Foiled.

Last Saturday night while the night clerk, Mr. T. F. Parker was sitting near the stove in the St. George hotel, in Dallas, a man who had apparently been writing, came to him, gave him a sealed envelope and asked him to lay it away in the safe, as it contained valuables, (but which proved to be only a copy of the *Evening Times* in the envelope) Parker took the envelope, started behind the counter and opened the safe, the man in the mean time came behind the counter, presented a Colt's self-cocker forty-one caliber pistol and told Parker to throw up his hands that he was going to rob the safe. Parker said: "I guess not," and grabbed the pistol; quite a scuffle followed for the possession of the pistol. Parker made a desperate effort and succeeded in wrenching the pistol from the man's hands, gave him a shove and shot at him at the same time. The man started to run out the back door but Parker overtook him and told him to hold up his hands or he would kill him. The man threw up his hands and sunk down on his knees, exclaiming: "don't shoot me again." The shot proved fatal and the man subsequently died.

The coroner's jury entirely exhonerated Parker for the shooting. There are few men who would have displayed more nerve under similar circumstances than he did, and the result is Texas is cursed with one midnight prowler less. Let the good work go on.

"Wine is a mocker, and strong drink is raging." Take PRICLY ASH BITTERS It is a beverage, but a remedy for all ill effects of an excess of intoxicating stimulants. Don't take a drink before breakfast "just to wake you up," because you feel so stupid and languid. You are sure to feel worse as soon as the effect wears off. Take a half wine glass of PRICKLY ASH BITTERS. It will brighten you up for the whole day.

Over The State.

Small-pox is reported at Cisco.

William Dixon, colored, accidently shot and killed his sister on the 20th inst.

A section hand was killed at Belton on the 20th inst., by a train passing over his body.

The city council at Dallas has prohibited theatrical performances of every kind on Sunday.

The Executive committee of the State Press Association met at Houston last Wednesday.

The grand jury at Corsicana found eighty-two indictments during their last term of court.

The city marshal of Palestine has gathered up all the tramps in the city, and put them to work, cleaning up the streets.

GRAHAM, Jan. 25.—District Court here this week. The cases of Jim Bone and Jack Baldwin, for horse stealing, are postponed. A jury has been selected for the trial of William Halley, of Belknap, for the murder of McDonald, of that place, some months since.

At about 3 o'clock January 23rd, a man supposed to be a railroader was met by two unknown men who knocked him in the head, robbed him of $300, and supposing him to be dead threw his body in the brush, but some colored people found him and he was taken to a house and cared for.

A young man by the name of W. N. Judson, stopping at the National Hotel, Dallas, was inveigled into a snare on the 23rd inst. A fellow boarder persuaded him to go out and take a walk, and while out knocked him down and robbed him, taking a gold watch and chain and about $10.

A most daring burglary was performed on the night of the 24th inst., at Troupe, on the safe of Smith, Johnson & Co. Seventeen hundred dollars were taken out. It was done by drilling a hole and filling in with powder, which was ignited, blowing the safe wide open. There is no clue as to the perpetrator.

HOUSTON, Jan. 21.—The first case of small-pox appeared to day, a mild type, a negro woman, who came about twenty days ago to this city from Moscow, on the Brenond Narrow Guage. The locality is not thickly settled and was immediately quarantined, the bedding burned and the patient moved to-night to the pest-house.

Schmidt, of Dallas has a novel way of evicting no-rent tenants. He took his horse to the house for which he was receiving no rent and which was being occupied, and led it into the parlor. The woman appealed to the Marshal who remonstrated with Schmidt. He said he would give her a little more time and led his horse out over her bed.

A young man calling himself W. W. Kerr, who has been spending most of his hours some time past at the "Waco Tap" dance house at Fort Worth, tried to commit suicide last Wednesday. After several fruitless attempts he succeeded in procuring thirty-five cents worth of Morphine, which he took. Dr. Fitzhugh administered an antidote which brought the young man to his senses.

A young man named Lowe, died at Decatur on the 23rd inst., of small-pox. Two other members of the same family are down with the dread disease. It is reported as being at the railroad camp ten miles from that town. The board of aldermen have issued an order compeling every one to be vaccinated within ten days, a fine of ten dollars will be imposed upon all who fail to comply with the order; but the legality of this step is doubted by many.

GARRETT, Jan. 21, 1882.—Terrell & Langston contractors, are collecting a large force of men and teams to start work Monday next on the Houston and Texas Central northeast extension, from this place to Paris and also to Texarkana, via Kaufman and Terrell. The main line of the extension will leave Texas at the northeast corner of this State, southwest corner of the Indian Territory. This extension embraces over two hundred miles of road, and will be completed about the 1st of September, 1882.

PALESTINE, Jan. 21.—Archibald Hotchkiss, the oldest Mason in the State, aged 88, and a veteran of 1812, a graduate of West Point, was in the Mexican war and one of Sam Houston's strong Union supporters during the war of secession, was buried here to-day with full Masonic honors. All Palestine turned out to follow his remains to the tomb. He was Mexican impressario at Nacogdoches in the old days, having fled from Rochester, New York, where he is said to have presided in the Lodge that condemned and executed Morgan.

CISCO, January 24.—This morning, between 1 and 2 o'clock, the dance house, just north of the city, caught fire, burning it to the ground. It was insured only the day before, and all parties connected were arrested, but, as yet, the origin of the fire cant be ascertained. During the fire Hilarie Perry and Thomas Wright got into an altercation, during which Perry cut Wright in the back with a razor. Both parties were arrested. Perry is the same individual who was arrested several days ago, charged with assault on Frank Casare. As the proof was not sufficient to convict, he was acquitted.

GALVESTON, January 25.—The purchase by the Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe Railroad Company, of the Montgomery Central Road, a line running southwest from Navasota, on the Texas Central towards Montgomery, is officially announced to-day. It is the intention of the Santa Fe Road to build a branch from Brenham, on their main line, to Navasota, and ultimately to extend the connection from Navasota to Montgomery, thence southwest into the pine timber district of Southeast Texas. Grading on the main line of the road is now completed to Lampasas. Cross-ties and iron are on hand to complete the road one hundred miles beyond that point.

AUSTIN, Jan. 21.—The Telephone & Telegraph Company, capital stock $200,000, filed their charter to-day. The line will commence at Austin and extend through Burnett to the Gulf, with a branch from Burnett to San Antonio, with branches to Waco, Fort Worth and other important points; also a line from Austin to Gonzales, thence through to Brazos county to some point on the Gulf of Mexico; also a line from San Antonio to Indianola. The charter provides for lines over and along the right-of-way of all railways now to be constructed within the State. Incorporators: W. F. Brackenridge, J. T. Brackenridge, R. J. Brackenridge, R. L. Dupuy and A. Martin, all of Austin.

R. M. TURNER.
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
—DEALER IN—
PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WALL PAPER, WINDOW GLASS, SPONGES, PERFUMERIES, SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
Physicians prescriptions compounded with accuracy, day and night.
Market St. Baird, Texas.

POWER HOUSE!
West Side Main Plaza.
Well established and centrally located.
No Pains will be Spared for the Convenience and Comfort of our Guests.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, and prices as low as the times will admit.
☞ *Good Livery and Feed Stable in Connection.*
W. J. Power, Proprietor.
ai-1y

MARKS AND BRANDS.

J. D. FARMER,
Post Office Baird, Texas. Ranch eight miles north of Baird, on Hubbard Creek.





Any information concerning any cattle branded as a bove, thankfully received

JUSTIN COOK.
Post Office Baird, Texas. Ranch four miles south-west of Baird.



Horse brand ... on left thigh.
Any information regarding any cattle of the above marks and brands thankfully received

J. E. WRIGHT. W. F. SHARP
WRIGHT & SHARP.
GENERAL
RECEIVING, FORWARDING
—AND—
Commission Merchants.
Special attention given to the Sale and Shipment of Wool and Hides.
Also, Agent for the Celebrated McCormick
REAPERS and MOWERS.
BAIRD, - - - - - TEXAS

PAGE'S SALOON,
Market Street, - Baird, Texas,
Is acknowledged by all lovers of
Cool, Refreshing Drinks,
to be the
FAVORITE RESORT OF BAIRD.
Choice Wines and Liquors of all kinds dealt out to all alike.
Page Windham, Pro.

MONARCH SALOON,
And Billiard Hall,
LEE & ROGERS, propr's.
We keep constantly on hand the best brands of
Wines Liquors and Cigars
Market St. between Second and Third,
BAIRD, TEXAS.
29-2-1y

—THE—
CRYSTAL PALACE SALOON
Catches Everybody in Pursuit of Knowledge or a
Good Square Drink.
All of the Most Popular brands of WHISKIES AND CIGARS on hands.
J. M. WALKER & CO., Props.

PARLOR
SALOON
SEAY & REEVES, Props.
The best of Liquors and the Finest of Wines kept in stock at the Parlor.
Mixed Drinks a Specialty
When you want stimulants of any kind give us a call. SEAY & REEVES.

I. EX. X. CEL. L.
SALOON.
TAYLOR & LAIRD,
PROPRIETORS.
CHOICE Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand.

Robert Estes, Justice of the Peace of precinct No 5, residence about 8 miles west of Baird.
J. W. Merrick, Constable of precinct No. 5, residence 8 miles west of Baird, on the line of the railroad.
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care. v1-50-1y

E. S. SEAY
NOW COMES TO THE FRONT,
And announces to the citizens of Baird and his numerous customers that he has removed from Belle Plain to the flourishing town of Baird, where he can be found with the largest
STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Ever kept in Callahan county.
His stock consists in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ready-Made Clothing, Fancy Goods, Notions, Hardware, Farming Implements, Corn, salt, etc., etc.
AND IN FACT EVERYTHING GENERALLY KEPT IN A
First Class Store.
Thankful for the very liberal patronage received heretofore from the people of Callahan and adjoining counties, he will henceforth be better than ever prepared to supply their wants. His long experience in the mercantile business in the West has made him familiar with its requirements.
—DON'T FORGET THE PLACE—
E. S. SEAY, PROP'R,
Market Street, Corner of Third, Baird, Texas. 24-1y

HODES & VEIT,
—DEALERS IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
BAIRD. - - - - - - - TEXAS

STREET & SMITH
OF
THE NEW YORK WEEKLY
are happy to inform their MILLION of readers and THE *millions* that are to come, that at great expense they have secured a strangely real and powerful story, entitled
CALAMITY JANE,
THE QUEEN OF THE PLAINS.
A Tale of Daring Deeds by a Brave Woman's Hands
This story is from the pen of a NEW CONTRIBUTOR,
A Great Trapper and Hunter,
a man who lives amid the scenes he describes, and knows the men and women he writes about, a story which lacks some of the beauty and finish which a practiced pen would give, but makes up a thousand-fold in Wild Reality, Truth, Originality and Power of Description. The writer has exerted his best efforts, and comes to
NEW YORK WEEKLY
with a vivid freshness which will make the name of
RECKLESS RALPH
a household word with the readers of the NEW YORK WEEKLY. The dramatis personæ of CALAMITY JANE are made up of road-agents, train robbers, gold diggers, Heathen Chinee, etc. etc. No stranger character than
Calamity Jane
which will appear in No. 10 of the NEW YORK WEEKLY, has ever existed, and her daring deeds will be read with intense interest. The entire story is now in our hands, and the first chapters will appear in No. 10 of the NEW YORK WEEKLY.
News agents, subscribers, readers all be ready for the best story of border life, that THE NEW YORK WEEKLY has ever given you. Don't forget that
Calamity Jane
will appear in No. 10 of the NEW YORK WEEKLY.
THE NEW YORK WEEKLY is the embodiment of all that is chaste in style, correct in diction, and pure in morals.
THE NEW YORK WEEKLY might with propriety be read in any family circle, even in that of a clergyman.
THE NEW YORK WEEKLY pays more for manuscripts than any journal of its class, and is the
Greatest Story and Sketch Paper in the World.
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Any person sending $20 at one time, for eight copies, is entitled to a NINTH COPY FREE. Getters-up of clubs can afterward add SingleCopies at $2.50 each.
All letters should be addressed to
FRANCIS S. STREET, FRANCIS S. SMITH } STREET & SMITH, Proprietors.
P.O. Box 2731. 25, 27, 29 & 31 Rose St., N.Y.

The Clarendon.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1882.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

State Officers.

Governor—O. M. Roberts.
Lieutenant Governor—L. J. Storey.
Comptroller—W. M. Brown.
Treasurer—F. R. Lubbock.
Commissioner, General Land Office—W. C. Walsh.
Secretary of State—T H Bowman.
Attorney General—J. H. McLeary.

District Officers.

District Judge—T. R. Wheeler.
District Attorney—A. R. Coleman.
District Clerk of Callahan County—J. W. Newman.
Congressman of 3rd Congressional District—Olin Wellborn.
State Senator of the 24th Senatorial District—J. H. Davenport of Eastland County.
Representative of the Seventieth Representative District—C. K. Stribling.

County Officers.

County Judge—T. J. Austin.
County Clerk—J. W. Newman.
Sheriff—J. W. Jones.
County Attorney—F. S. Bell.
County Treasurer—J. G. McDonell.
County Assessor—J. P. Brightwell.
County Surveyor—S. R. Dunnagan.
Cattle and Hide Inspector—Jake Farmer.
County Commissioners—S. C. Park, Prec. No. 1; W. T. Stayton, Prec. No. 2;—Hudson, Prec. No. 3; Capt. Taylor, Prec. No. 4.
Justice of the Peace Prec. No. 1—R. B. Brown.

Courts.

District Court for Callahan County Convenes on the Eleventh Monday after the First Mondays in February and September.
County Court for Callahan County on Convenes on the Third Monday in January, March, May, July, September and November.
Commissioners' Court, Convenes on the Second Monday in February, May, August and November

SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

Belle Plain Lodge, No. 522, A. F. and A. M. meets at Belle Plain, on Saturday on or before each full moon.
T. J. Largen. W. M.
W. H. Parvin Secy.

Baird Lodge, I. O. of O. F. meets at the Academy every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend. N. P. Rice, N. G.
F. S. Bell, Secretary.

Church Directory.

Preaching by the Baptist organization, at the school house on third Sunday and Saturday previous, in each month.

H. C. McQuown, of Belle Plain, will preach every 4th Sunday, of each month, morning and night.

Rev. Mr Burr, Presbyterian pastor, will preach here, on the second Sunday of each month, morning and night.

Railroad Time Table.

WESTWARD

ARRIVES.	
No 1 Mail and Express	5 05 a m
No. 11 Through Freight	4 30 am
No 9, Local Freight	10 10 p m
LEAVES.	
No 1 Mail and Express	5 15 a m
No. 9, Local Freight	7 00 a m
No 11 Through Freight	7:25 a m

EASTWARD

ARRIVES.	
No 4 Mail and Express	10 10 pm
No 12 Stock Express	12 45 a m
No 10 Local Freight	8 25 a m
LEAVES.	
No 4 Mail and Express	10 20 pm
No 12 Stock Express	7 45 p m
No 10 Local Freight	10 50 p m

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

ARRIVES.	
From the East at	11 45 p m
" West at	8 45 a m
" Belle Plain at	8 00 a m
" Albany at	12 00 m
DEPARTS.	
Going East	8 55 a m
" West	11 55 a m
" Belle Plain	2 00 a m
" Albany	1 00 p m

PH. SCHWARTZ, P. M.

LOCAL NEWS.

Krant 5 cts per pound at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Sacked Corn $1.10 per bushel at S. Lapowski & Bro's

A full supply of Landreth's garden seeds at Ed Coppin's.

Boots and Shoes at bottom prices at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Evaporated Apples 6 pounds for $1.00, at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Remember Joe E. Wright has for sale two car loads of cotton seed.

There was a dance at the residence of Mr. G. E. Barnes last Monday night.

Wooden and Willow ware very low, almost given away at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

The Crystal Palace Saloon is the best in town, therefore take your drinks there.

Mr. Ed Northrup has been made an agent for the sale of the Howe sewing machine at this place.

When you want cotton seed go to Joe E. Wright for it; he has on hand two car loads of it for sale.

Clothing, Stetson Hats, Furnishing goods at New York *cost* for the next 30 days, at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

I have just received a car load of barbed and plain wire, and will sell it at the lowest possible price.
S. L. Robertson.

We are continually executing the best kind of job printing, yet we can accommodate many more waiting work done. Bring in your orders.

We call the attention of our readers this week to the large display advertisement of our enterprising merchants, S. Lapowski & Bro. Call and see them and price their goods.

Go to S. L. Robertson's for bargains.

English Fresh Peas, 20 pounds for $1.00 at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Grapes and Succotash at Ed. Coppins'.

Keg Pickles 50 cts. per gallon at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Everything at cost at
S. L. Robertson's.

Liverpool Salt at $2.00 per sack, at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

If you want to buy goods at first cost, go to S. L. Robertson.

Hominy and gritz 20 pounds for $1.00 at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Guiteau may hang, but the best liquors, cigars etc., are at the I X L.

The East bound passenger was somewhat late last night. One side of the engine died on the track.

Dry Goods of all kinds at *cost* for the next 30 days at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Money saved is money made
S. L. Robertson.

Sugar House Syrup 70 cts. per gallon at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Several knock-downs in town last Thursday night; pay-day and whisky did it.

Missouri and Kansas Flour, standard brands, very low at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Ed. Northrup has on hand a large supply of spring-beds which he will sell cheap.

Prof. Lewis dismissed school yesterday morning on account of the sickness of his little boy.

Remember not to fail to go and see the low prices of all kinds of goods at S. Lapowski & Bro's.

Ed. Coppins has a fine lot of California canned goods, Prunes and canned Jams of all kinds.

For wagon and woodwork of all descriptions give Ed. Northrup a call; he will be sure to give satisfaction.

Doc. McBride, formerly clerking for Ed Seay, is now engineering the drug store for Mr. Turner, at Belle Plain.

You can get the R. E. Lee Twist Tobacco, and best "Good Luck" flour at
Ed Coppins'.

I shall close out my entire stock, in 10 days if possible. Come at once if you want bargains.
S. L. Robertson.

Mr. S. L. Ogle was elected, last Sunday, superintendent of the Sunday school, which, we are glad to state, is in a very flourishing condition.

When you want good blacksmith work done don't patronize any but good workmen. Go to T. J. Dean's shop, one door east of post office.

The bridge gang of the T & P Co. have been here for several days. They are repairing the tressels just west of town. Their boarding car is here in the yard.

I have just purchased the Parker stock of goods and will open a store next door to my hardware establishment where I will sell the goods, as heretofore, at cost.
S. L. Robertson.

It is generally fashionable to strike mineral wells in northwest Texas. Baird has not struck mineral water yet; but if you want something real healthful and refreshing, the I X L is the place to find it.

Enjoy yourself—you can, by going to the Crystal Palace Saloon, and spend a pleasant evening, by playing a game of billiards or pool on their excellent tables. You can also get as good a drink as is to be had.

Almost every day we are receiving new names to our subscription list, which are generally accompanied by that guarantee of good faith—$2.00—our subscription price. We are glad our labors are becoming so well appreciated.

Our hardware merchant S. L. Robertson has purchased, at private sale, the O. M. L. Parker stock of goods, and has rented the Callahan building lately occupied by Mr. Jacobs, in which he will open the stock and sell the goods.

The enterprising firm of S. Lapowski & Bro., having met with the misfortune of having their store at Weatherford burn down during the conflagration, are going to build again and will hereafter run a large grocery store, exclusively, at that place.

J. M. Schwartz, the shoemaker, left last Thursday night, for Weatherford. Judging from the rally made aronnd him by some of our citizens while he was leaving we conclude that he must have very many friends here, some of whom are still disconsolate.

Joseph H. Brown of Fort Worth levied upon the drugs and groceries of Dr. West, which have been taken charge of by the Sheriff, who took them to Belle Plain and stored them away to await the process of law. We are sorry to see the Doctor thus closed out.

The Sunday school last Sunday morning, gathered at Roberts' restaurant and marched, passed by the deceased O. M. L. Parker's residence, to the schoolhouse, where they marched around the late Superintendent's chair, which was suitably draped in morning. After this tribute of respect, they opened the Sunday school as usual.

Personal.

Conductor Simpson and J. T. Jones went East last night to Terre Haute, Ind., being off on a leave of absence.

Mr. E. G. Babcock a brother-in-law of Mr. F. A. Curtis, arrived here last Saturday from Saginaw, Michigan.

Prof. Lewis returned this week from Aliscosa County, where he has been in attendance at the courts as a witness.

Miss Mattie Coppins, who has been at Jacksboro nearly three months taking music lessons, will return next Tuesday.

Wm. Fisher, the young druggist who has been clerking for R. M. Turner for some time, left last Monday night for his old home in Weatherford.

Mr. Z. T. White of Dallas, agent for the Howe sewing machine was in town last Tuesday. See advertisement of his machine in the CLARENDON this week.

We were the recipient of a pleasant call yesterday from Dr. Thompson, of Washington D. C. and C. Seaver a prominent citizen and banker of Iowa. Call again, gentlemen.

Dr. S. K. Smith, the popular and efficient dentist from Sipe Springs arrived in town last Wednesday. Call on him early for all kinds of dentistry. He is already rushed with work.

Mr. Dan Craven, who left a short time since for Ohio to buy sheep, returned last Wednesday morning. He reports sheep more or less effected with foot rot there, owing to the unusual wet weather, consequently he did not buy.

Mr. A. M. Robertson brother to our hardware merchant Mr. S. L. Robertson arrived in town from Kosse last Wednesday morning. He is highly pleased with Baird, her people, her business and her prospects. The CLARENDON bids him welcome.

Mr. David McFarland and his venerable wife, the aged parents of Mrs. Sam Cutbirth, who have been in the county on a three months visit among friends and relatives, returned last Monday night to their home near Sherman Texas. Mr. Sam Cutbirth accompanying them. We hope the old folks may yet be spared many years in which to visit friends here.

T. B. Stringfield, Esq. has been at Baird for several days, prospecting. He is from Sullivan, Illinois and has been looking at the county with a view of establishing a colony from his State. He expressed himself as well pleased with Callahan County. We would not be at all surprised to see this county chosen as their field of operations. Mr. Stringfield returned home last Wednesday night.

From Maj. Richardson we received an invitation to take a trip to Clyde last Wednesday, of which we took advantage. Our party consisted of the Major, Dr. Thompson, of Washington, Mr. T. B. Stringfield, of Illinois, Mr. C. Seaver, of Iowa and ye editor. The object of the visit was to look at the fine lands lying adjacent to Clyde station. We all enjoyed the trip, muchly, especially the ride home on the hand car.

Mr. M. H. Donohoe has sold his ranch and sheep to Mr. J. N. Alvord, of Missouri for the sum of $7,500. Mr. Alvord will move his family to their new home soon. Mr. Donohoe will move to Baird for the present. We will be glad to enroll him and his estimable family as citizens of our town and also extend to Mr. Alvord and family a hearty welcome to Callahan county.

The pay car arrived here Thursday morning and paid off the railroad boys, who seemed to feel very happy over the event—in fact some of them exhibited some real hilarious symptoms in the evening.

Dr. T. J. Largen moved his family back to Belle Plain last Tuesday, to remain there temporarily while he is making preparations to move back to their former home in Burnett County.

Assignee's Notice.

Having been appointed assignee of the O. M. L. Parker assignment, notice is hereby given to all creditors accepting the assignment, to present their claims for settlement. Those indebted to the said O. M. L. Parker will please call at once and make settlement and save cost.
J. T. Yeargin,
Assignee.

Sheep and Ranch for Sale.

1100 head of sheep and a fine ranch for sale. Plenty of good water and range with ranch. Apply to
W. H. Cliett,
Belle Plain Texas.

Go to Ed Coppins,

for Best Kansas flour, Best coffee Best Tobacco in Baird, and everything kept in a first class grocery.

Wanted.

A young man desiring to go into the sheep business would like to get a chance to herd, either upon the shares or for wages. Address, for two weeks, J. A. H. Baird, Callahan Co. Texas.

Dead.

All persons indebted to me are requested to come and make immediate payment.
M. J. Blakely.
Baird, Texas.

Attempted Robbery.

Last night between nine and ten o'clock as Mr. Sircle went to Merchant & Patterson's livery stable where he lodges, he heard some one calling in the wagon yard at the rear of the stable. Upon going to see and ascertain the cause he came right up to Ike Johnson of Baird, who was kneeling over the postrate form of a German named Bowman, who came to town during the day with Mr. Todd Windham. Johnson had the German by the throat with one hand and had a drawn knife in the other. Bowman says while in this position Johnson said "G——d—— you, give me your money." He told him he had no money, but Johnson said "I know you have; fork it over." Sircle struck Johnson with a breast yoke and Johnson succeeded in inflicting a slight wound with the knife upon Sircle's fingers. A number of our citizens searched nearly all night for him but he had gotten one of his pals to buy a ticket for Colorado. Messrs. Blakely, Smith and Barnes, went to Clyde during the night to take him if he should attempt to take the train at that place. Up to our going to press we have not heard from them as they have not returned. He was, however, at the section house near Clyde at about five o'clock this morning where he went to see if the passenger train had passed yet. There is no doubt he will be captured.

Baird Shipments and Receipts.

The following is a list of the shipments and receipts at the depot at this place, for the week, ending Thursday evening the 26th inst. as furnished us by depot agent Hathaway:

SHIPMENTS.

9 bales cotton, 1 car bridge material, 1 car merchandise east, 15 barrels whiskey, 1 car household goods.

RECEIPTS.

1 car lumber, 5 cars coal, 12 cars merchandise, 2 cars cattle, 1 car wire, 1 car corn and oats

THROUGH FREIGHT.

There have passed through during the past week from San Francisco 1 car quicksilver destined for New York. 1 car borax 1 car coffee, 1 car beans, 1 car chocolate, and 5 cars mixed merchandise for St. Louis.

For the Spring.

The trade is invited to examine our large and well assorted Stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots Shoes Hats and Clothing before going East. We have made extensive improvements in our building and our stock is largely in excess of any previous season, we are daily opening new novelties in our various departments which we will offer at as low prices as any eastern house. We solicit a personal inspection
Sanger Bros., Dallas Tex.

Sewing Machines.

Parties needing Sewing Machines will save money by calling on me for the St. John machine. It is a first class machine in every particular. It is the only first-class four drawer machine in market, for $35. It sews either backward or forward, has all the attachments, and is complete with all the latest improvements. Call and see them. Money saved is money made.
J. F. Reitig.

Pay Up.

Mr. M. M. Terry, of Belle Plain, having purchased the accounts of O. M. L. Parker, requests that all persons indebted to the said O. M. L. Parker estate call and settle immediately and save cost.
M. M. Terry,

Belle Plain, Texas.
January 25, 1882.

Positively the last Week.

Mr. J. A. Turner announces to the people of Baird and vicinity, that he will positively remain at Baird but one week longer. All those wanting pictures should take notice and come at once or it will soon be too late. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

COMMERCIAL.

GROCERIES.

Flour, white per cwt.			$4 25	to $4 75	
" Graham	"	lb			5 c
Meal, corn	"	bu			$1 20
" oat	"	lb	8	to	8 1-3c
Hominy	"	"	5	to	6 c
Grits	"	"	5	to	6 c
Rice	"	"	9	to	10 c
Beans	"	"	8	to	9 c
Coffee	"	"	12 1-2	to	16 1-2c
Tea	"	"	50	to	$1 00
Sugar	"	"	10	to	12 1-2c
Bacon sides	"	"	12½	to	12 1-2 c
" C'rid's	"	"	11 1-2	to	12 1-2 c
Dry Salt Meat	"	"	11	to	12 c
S. C. Hams	"	"	15 1-2	to	16 1-2c
Lard	"	"	15 1-2	to	16 1-2c
crackers XXXX	"				12 1-2 c
Salt (coarse)	"	sack			$2 10
"	"	barrel			$3 25

DRIED FRUIT.

Apples	per	lb	10	to	12 1-2c
Peaches	"	"	12 1-2	to	15 c
Prunes	"	"			12 1-2c
Currants	"	"			12 1-2c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes Irish per		lb	4	to	5 1-2c
" Sweet	"	"	4	to	5 c
Onions	"	"	6	to	7 c
Butter	"	"			35 c
Cheese (cream)	"	"			25 c
Eggs	"	doz			25 c
Chickens	"	"	$2 00	to	$3 00

GRAIN.

Wheat	"	bu			
Corn	"	"	$1 10		$1 25
Oats	"	"			75

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coal oil	per	gal			35 c
Hides	"	lb	10	to	12 1-2 c
Rope	"	"			15 c
Cotton	"	"	9	to	10 1-2 c
wool	"	"	15	to	20 c
Lime	"	bu			
Lumber, rough	"	M			$20 00
" matched	"	M			35 00
Pecans	"	lb			2 50
Tobacco	"	lb	40c	to	1 00

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the firm known as Wright & Sharp heretofore doing a general commission and forwarding business in Baird, Texas, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, W. F. Sharp retiring from the business and Joe E. Wright continuing the same as heretofore. Both parties are authorized to settle all outstanding business.
Baird, Texas January 18, 1882.
Joe E. Wright,
W. F. Sharp.

NOW FOR BIG BARGAINS!

S. LAPOWSKI & BRO.

Are offering their large Stock of General Merchandise for the next 30 days, at ACTUAL COST, in order to make room for their immense Spring Stock, which will begin to arrive by that time. We will carry, this Spring, the largest Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries that ever was in Baird, or any town west of Ft. Worth. Remember we don't BLOW, we mean business. To be convinced, call and see for yourselves, and you will be sure to buy.

Yours Respectfully,

S. LAPOWSKI & BRO., Baird, Texas.

SANGER BROS.,
DALLAS,
JOBBERS
—OF—
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
NOTIONS, MILLINERY,
—HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS,—
BOOTS AND SHOES
CARPETS AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

The attention of the Trade is invited to an Unusually Large and Fine Assortment of Goods in all the above lines for

THIS FALL AND WINTER.

No pains will be spared to serve our WHOLESALE CUSTOMERS with fidelity and dispatch, and at PRICES that will compare and compete favorably with the Markets of the North and East.

It is a fair Presumption in Our Favor that we are better prepared than a foreign house to meet the wants of the Merchants of Texas, from the fact that we maintain, ourselves, the largest and best appointed Retail Establishment in the State, and buying everything in duplicate, have at all times on hand just such goods as are suited to all classes of trade in Texas.

SANGER BROS., Dallas, Texas.

ESTRAYED.

Estrayed before J. H. Harbert J. P Precinct No. 7 Callahan County, Texas. On the 31st Dec. A. D. 1881, by Edw. Stackpole. One sorrel ball faced stocking legged horse, six or seven years old, saddle and collar marked, branded S on left thigh, and one two year old bay horse, no brand.

Estrayed before R. J. Estes J. P. Prec. No. 3 Callahan County, Texas, on the 21st day of December 1881, by H. G. Dillard; one yoke of small black steers, little white in one's flank, about 6 years old, marked swallow crop and under bit on each ear. Appraised at $26.00.

Estrayed before Geo. W. Franks J. P. Precint no. 6 Callahan county, on the 10th day of June 1882, by John R. Yarbrough, one red and white pied ox 10 years old, branded on left hip and shoulder, open A with a half circle over it marked half under crop on the left, crop and upper and under bit on the right. One red steer 6 years old, branded on left hip G marked under slope on the left, crop and under slope on the right; also one black and white pied stag 6 years old, no brand, marked crop and under bit on left and right points, of both horns off.
Teo. W. Newman,
Clk. Co. Ct., C. Co., Tex.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

What a wonderful improvement the New Howe Sewing Machine is over the BEST points of ALL FIRST-CLASS machines combined, yet the SIMPLEST in the market. All wearing parts adjustable, lost motion easily taken up, thereby preventing NOISE, rattle or wear. Has but TWO HOLES to thread—one in the shuttle and the needle. Its bobbin is larger than that of other machines, and winds from the top without dropping the band or running the machine. The GREATEST improvement of ALL is the new STITCH regulator, which enables the operator to tell the number of stitches to the inch without stopping the machine. For further information, call on

Mr. Ed Northrup, Baird, Texas,

who will take pleasure in showing you its good points.

L. A. Wilson, State Agent. Z. T. White, Salesman.
2-43-6m.

J. W. AUSTIN,

DEALER IN

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &c.

FINE JEWELRY made to order and all kinds of Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired by

Frank Austin

An Experienced and Practical Watch Maker.

Watches may safely be sent and returned by mail.

612 Main Street,
DALLAS TEXAS.

WM. CAMERON.

—DEALER IN—

LUMBER, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDING.

LIME, CEMENT, MIXED PAINTS, BARBED WIRE

BAIRD, - - TEXAS

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau 10 Spruce St., where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

HENRY TODD,

—DEALER IN—

MARBLE MONUMENTS,

HEADSTONES, &c.,

Palo Pinto and West Church Street,

Weatherford, Texas.

All Orders Promptly Filled and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

F. A. DEATHERAGE,
Gen'l Agent,
CISCO, - - - - TEXAS
42-1y.

Assignees Notice

In conformity to the statutes in such cases provided the undersigned hereby notify the creditors of E. H. Newlon and all others concerned, that the said Newlon on the 9th day of January A. D. 1882 made a general assignment for the benefit of all his creditors and appointed the undersigned his assignees. The creditors consenting to such assignment are requsted to make known their consent in writing, and to file with the assignees their claim supported by affidavit as required by law. Persons indebted to said Newlon are requested to call at once and make settlment and save costs.
R. M. Turner
E. S. Seay.
n41: 4 w Assignees

REMOVAL!

ED. NORTHRUP has removed his manufacturing establishment from Belle Plain to Baird, and calls the attention of the public to his stock of

NEW AND ELEGANT

FurniturE

Which he will keep complete in all the

New and Various Styles.

Among the combination as a specialty will be found the business of an

UNDERTAKER.

This department will receive special attention. A large and varied stock of

Ready Made Coffins

Kept Constantly in Stock.

MR. NORTHRUP is a First-Class

WAGON MAKER

and will give his personal attention to this department of his combination.

Wood Work

of Every Description done with neatness and dispatch.

THIRD STREET,

BAIRD. - - - TEXAS.

A BARGAIN.

Owing to the ill-health of myself and wife, I now offer to sell my hotel building, furniture and everything connected therewith, below cost. NOW is the time to get a BARGAIN.

W. C. Wellsley.

THE
TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY
AND ITS CONNECTIONS,
—FORM THE—
Most Direct & Quickest Line
—FROM—
ALL POINTS IN
TEXAS,
—TO—

ST. LOUIS,	MEMPHIS,
CHICAGO,	NASHVILLE,
CAIRO,	LOUISVILLE,
IND'NAPOLIS,	CH'TANOOGA,
TOLEDO,	ATLANTA,

—AND ALL POINTS—
North, East and South-East
Trains Arrive and Leave Fort Worth as Follows:

ARRIVE.		LEAVE.
1:25 a. m.	No. 1, Mail and Expr's	
	No. 2, Mail and Expr's	3:45 p.m.
2:30 p. m.	No. 3, Accommodat'n	
	No. 4, Accommodat'n	6:20 a.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Texarkana, with all trains on St. Louis & Iron Mountain and So. Rwy. for all points North, East and South-East.

At Longview Junction, and Minneola, with all trains on International R. R. for Tyler, Palestine, Houston, Austin, Galveston and San Antonio.

At Dallas, with trains of the Houston & Texas Central Rwy. for Corsicana, Mexia, Hearnond, Waco, Calvert, Bryan, Hempstead, Brenham and all points in Middle and Southern Texas.

At Sherman, with H. & T. C. Rwy. for all points on the line of that road.

At Fort Worth, with Stages for all points in Western Texas.

At Shreveport, with Red River Steamers for New Orleans.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars
—FROM—
FORT WORTH, DALLAS AND SHERMAN
—TO—
ST. LOUIS.

Any information in regard to rates of Freight and Passage, Time and Connections, will be cheerfully given on application to
Geo Noble, Gen'l Supt. Marshall, Tex.
W. H. Newman, Gen'l Frt. Agent. Marshall. Tex.
H. W. McCullough, Gen'l P. & T. Ag't. Marshall, Tex.

Ennis Nurseries.

Fruit, Shade, and ornamental trees and Evergreens, Roses, Bulbs, and all else for ornamenting Texas Homes. I have had thirty-five years experience in growing the same, and think I can show as good an assortment as any Nursery in the State, and I am certain that one dollar expended in Texas-grown stock is equal to five dollars expended abroad.

I have Catalogues for all applicants.

Correspondence solicited. I will forward Bills of trees by Express to all parties sending with their orders 33 1-3 per cent cash.

Only a reasonable charge for Boxing and Packing, and delivered at the depot free of charge.
Geo. M. Hogan.
Ennis, - - - Ellis County, - - - Texas.
36-8m

MORTIMER McILHANY. A. J. LITTLE

McIlhany & Little

Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents,

BAIRD. - - - - - - TEXAS.

Office over Hodes & Veit's Stone Store.

B. R. WEBB.

Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agent.

BAIRD, : : : TEXAS.

Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial District, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

Special attention given to collections and land business in the counties of Callahan, Eastland, Stephens, Shackelford, Jones, Taylor, Nolan and Mitchel. Has large amounts of land for sale throughout these counties.

T. J. LARGEN, M. D.,

Physician, Surgeon, and OBSTETRICIAN.

Will attend Calls Day or Night, in TOWN OR COUNTRY.

BELLE PLAIN - - - - - - TEXAS

Office hours at Baird, from 2 to 6 in the afternoon. His office for the balance of the time will be at Turner & Largen's Drug Store at Belle Plain.

A NEW FIRM.

New Store! New Goods!! New Prices!!!

—AT—

BELLE PLAIN, TEXAS.

The undersigned, under the firm name of W. J. Power & Co., have just opened a full line of Dry Goods and Groceries in the building known as the postoffice building, corner Callahan and Professor streets in Belle Plain, Texas, and are prepared to sell better goods at cheaper rates than ever offered in Belle Plain. Keep constantly on hand a full line of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Hardware, Stationery, Tobacco, School Books, Cigars, Woodenware, Etc. Etc

PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. J. Power & Co.

BELLE PLAIN, TEXAS.
2-1-6m

The Clarendon.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

BAIRD, - - - - - TEXAS.

An Esthetic Daughter and a Superlative Practical Pa.

A few months ago the daughter of a Rockland man, who has grown comfortably well off in the small grocery line, was sent away to a "female college," and last week arrived home for the holiday vacation. The old man was in attendance at the depot when the train arrived, with the old horse in the delivery-wagon to convey his daughter and her trunk to the house. When the train had stopped a bewitching array of dry goods and a wide-brimmed hat dashed from the car and flung itself into the elderly party's arms.

"Why, you superlative pa!" she exclaimed. "I'm so utterly glad to see you."

The old man was somewhat unnerved by the greeting, but he recognized the sealskin cloak in his grip as the identical piece of property he had paid for with the bay mare, and he sort of squat it up in his arms, and planted a kiss where it would do the most good, with a report that sounded above the noise of the depot. In a brief space of time the trunk and its attendant baggage were loaded into the wagon, which was soon bumping over the hubbles toward home.

"Pa, dear," said the young miss, surveying the team with a critical eye, "do you consider this quite excessively beyond?"

"Hey?" returned the old man, with a puzzled air; "quite excessively beyond what? Beyond Warren? I consider it somewhat about ten mile beyond Warren, countin' from the Bath way, if that's what you mean."

"Oh, no, pa, you don't understand me," the daughter explained; "I mean this horse and wagon. Do you think they are soulful?—do you think they could be studied apart in the light of a symphony, or even a simple poem, and appear as intensely utter to one on returning home as one could express?"

The old man twisted uneasily in his seat, and muttered something about he believed it used to be used for an express-wagon before he bought it to deliver pork in, but the conversation appeared to be traveling in such a lonesome direction that he fetched the horse a resounding crack on the rotunda, and the severe jolting over the frozen ground prevented further remarks.

"Oh, there is that lovely and consummate ma!" screamed the returned collegiatess, as they drove up at the door; and presently she was lost in the embrace of a motherly woman in spectacles.

"Well, Maria," said the old man, at the supper table, as he nipped a piece of butter off the lump with his own knife, "an' how d' you like your school?"

"Well, there, pa, now you're shou—I mean, I consider it far too beyond," replied the daughter. "It is unquenchably ineffable. The girls are so sumptuously stunning—I mean grand—so exquisite—so intense. And then the parties; the balls, the rides—oh, the past weeks have been one sublime harmony."

"I s'pose so—I s'pose so," nervously assented the old man, as he reached for his third cup, "half full"—"but how about your books—readin', writin', grammar, rule o' three—how about them?"

"Pa, don't," exclaimed the daughter, reproachfully; "the rule of three! grammar! It is French, and music, and painting, and the divine in art that has made my school life the boss—I mean that have rendered it one unbroken flow of rhythmic bliss—incomparably and exquisitely all but."

The groceryman and his wife looked helplessly at each other across the table. After a lonesome pause the old lady said:

"How do you like the biscuits, Mary?"

"They are too utter for anything," gushed the accomplished young lady, "and this plum preserve is simply a poem in itself."

The old man abruptly rose from the table and went out of the room, rubbing his head in a dazed and benumbed manner, and the mass convention was dissolved. That night he and his wife sat alone by the stove until a late hour, and at the breakfast-table the next morning he rapped smartly on his plate with the handle of his knife and remarked:

"Maria, me an' your mother have been talkin' the thing over, an' we've come to the conclusion that this boardin'-school business is too utterly all but too much nonsense. Me an' her consider that we haven't lived sixty-odd consummate years for the purpose of raisin' a curiosity, and there's goin' to be a stop put to this unquenchable foolishness. Now, after you've finished that poem of fried sausage an' that symphony of twisted doughnut, you take an' dust up-stairs, in less'n two seconds, an' peel off that fancy gown an' put on a caliker, an' then come down here an' help your mother wash dishes. I want it distinctly understood that there ain't goin' to be no more rythmic foolishness in this house so long's your superlative pa an' your lovely an' consummate ma's runnin' the ranch. You hear me, Maria?"

Maria was listening.—*Rockland (N. Y.) Courier.*

The Name of Frelinghuysen.

Secretary of State Frelinghuysen is a nephew of Theodore Frelinghuysen, who ran for Vice-President on the ticket with Henry Clay, and was a distinguished member of what was called the "singing wing of the Whig party." The name of Frelinghuysen was for some time a stumper to the campaign song writers—that was a singing campaign—but was finally got over as follows:

"A rooster jumped upon the fence
Just as the sun was risen,
And clapped his wings and crowed, he did,
For Clay and Frelinghuysen."

The Democrats found out that it also rhymed with "pizen"—a discovery which they celebrated in verse. Mrs. Frelinghuysen was a daughter of George Griswold, a merchant of New York, a man of cultivated literary tastes and the friend of Irving, N. P. Willis and the men of letters of New York fifty years ago.

—A Quebec telegram says that as a farmer was descending the Cote des Peres at Levis with a load of wood, the sleigh slid sideways, and, striking violently against the railing on the edge of the precipice, which is here about sixty feet high, carried it away, and horse, sleigh, wood, and man went over. Fortunately, no injury occurred to either man or beast, and even the sleigh was not injured. The brave habitant, when he recovered from the surprise naturally attendant on the accident, proceeded to reload his wood and went on his way.

—Want of good sense is the worst of poverty.

EXCITEMENT IN ROCHESTER.

The Commotion Caused by the Statement of a Physician.

An unusual article from the Rochester, N. Y., *Democrat and Chronicle*, was republished in this paper recently, and has been a subject of much conversation, both in professional circles and on the street. Apparently it caused even more commotion in Rochester, as the following from the same paper shows:

Dr. J. B. Henion, who is well known not only in Rochester but in nearly every part of America, sent an extended article to this paper a few days since, which was duly published, detailing his remarkable experience and rescue from what seemed to be certain death. It would be impossible to enumerate the personal inquiries which have been made at our office as to the validity of the article, but they have been so numerous that further investigation of the subject was deemed an editorial necessity.

With this end in view a representative of this paper called on Dr. Henion, at his residence on St. Paul street, when the following interview occurred: "That article of yours, Doctor, has created quite a whirlwind. Are the statements about the terrible condition you were in, and the way you were rescued, such as you can sustain?"

"Every one of them and many additional ones. Few people ever get so near the grave as I did and then return, and I am not surprised that the public think it marvelous. It was marvelous."

"How in the world did you, a physician, come to be brought so low?"

"By neglecting the first and most simple symptoms. I did not think I was sick. It is true I had frequent headaches; felt tired most of the time; could eat nothing one day and was ravenous the next; felt dull indefinite pains and my stomach was out of order, but I did not think it meant anything serious."

"But have these common ailments anything to do with the fearful Bright's disease which took so firm a hold on you?"

"Anything! Why, they are the sure indications of the first stages of that dreadful malady. The fact is, few people know or realize what ails them, and I am sorry to say that too few physicians do either."

"That is a strange statement, Doctor."

"But it is a true one. The medical profession have been treating symptoms instead of diseases for years, and it is high time it ceased. We doctors have been clipping off the twigs when we should strike at the root. The symptoms I have just mentioned or any unusual action or irritation of the water channels indicate the approach of Bright's disease even more than a cough announces the coming of consumption. We do not treat the cough, but try to help the lungs. We should not waste our time trying to relieve the headache, stomach, pains about the body or other symptoms, but go directly to the kidneys, the source of most of these ailments."

"This, then, is what you meant when you said that more than one-half the deaths which occur arise from Bright's disease, is it Doctor?"

"Precisely. Thousands of so-called diseases are torturing people to-day, when in reality it is Bright's disease in some one of its many forms. It is a hydra-headed monster, and the slightest symptoms should strike terror to every one who has them. I can look back and recall hundreds of deaths which physicians declared at the time were caused by paralysis, apoplexy, heart disease, pneumonia, malarial fever and other common complaints which I see now were caused by Bright's disease."

"And did all these cases have simple symptoms at first?"

"Every one of them, and might have been cured as I was by the timely use of the same remedy — Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. I am getting my eyes thoroughly opened in this matter and think I am helping others to see the facts and their possible danger also. Why, there are no end of truths bearing on this subject. If you want to know more about it go and see Mr. Warner himself. He was sick the same as I, and is the healthiest man in Rochester to-day. He has made a study of this subject and can give you more facts than I can. Go, too, and see Dr. Lattimore, the chemist, at the University. If you want facts there are any quantity of them showing the alarming increase of Bright's disease, its simple and deceptive symptoms, and that there is but one way by which it can be escaped."

Fully satisfied of the truth and force of the Doctor's words, the reporter bade him good day and called on Mr. Warner at his establishment on Exchange street. At first Mr. Warner was inclined to be reticent, but learning that the information desired was about the alarming increase of Bright's disease, his manner changed instantly and he spoke very earnestly:

"It is true that Bright's disease has increased wonderfully, and we find, by reliable statistics, that in the past ten years its growth has been 250 per cent. Look at the prominent men it has carried off: Everett, Sumner, Chase, Wilson, Carpenter, Bishop Haven and others. This is terrible and shows a greater growth than that of any other known complaint. It must be plain to every one that something must be done to check this increase or there is no knowing where it may end."

"Do you think many people are afflicted with it to-day who do not realize it, Mr. Warner?"

"Hundreds of thousands. I have a striking example of this truth which has just come to my notice. A prominent professor in a New Orleans medical college was lecturing before his class on the subject of Bright's disease. He had various fluids under microscopic analysis and was showing the students what the indications of this terrible malady were. In order to draw the contrast between healthy and unhealthy fluids he had provided a vial the contents of which were drawn from his own person. 'And now, gentlemen,' he said, 'as we have seen the unhealthy indications, I will show you how it appears in a state of perfect health,' and he submitted his own fluid to the usual test. As he watched the results his countenance suddenly changed—his color and command both left him and in a trembling voice he said: 'Gentlemen, I have made a painful discovery; *I have Bright's disease of the kidneys*' and in less than a year he was dead."

"You believe then that it has no symptoms of its own and is frequently unknown even by the person who is afflicted with it?"

"It has no symptoms of its own and very often none at all. Usually no two people have the same symptoms, and frequently death is the first symptom. The slightest indications of any kidney difficulty should be enough to strike terror to any one. I know what I am talking about for I have been through all the stages of kidney disease."

"You know of Dr. Henion's case?"

"Yes, I have both read and heard of it."

"It is very wonderful, is it not?"

"A very prominent case, but no more so than a great many others that have come to my notice as having been cured by the same means."

"You believe then that Bright's disease can be cured?"

"I know it can. I know it from the experience of hundreds of prominent persons who were given up to die by both their physicians and friends."

"You speak of your own experience, what was it?"

"A fearful one. I had felt languid and unfitted for business for years. But I did not know what ailed me. When, however, I found it was kidney difficulty I thought there was little hope and so did the doctors. I have since learned that one of the physicians of this city pointed me out to a gentleman on the street one day, saying: 'There goes a man who will be dead within a year.' I believe his words would have proven true if I had not fortunately secured and used the remedy now known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure."

"And this caused you to manufacture it?"

"No, it caused me to investigate. I went to the principal cities with Dr. Craig, the discoverer, and saw the physicians prescribing and using it and saw that Dr. Craig was unable, with his facilities, to supply the medicine to thousands who wanted it. I therefore determined, as a duty I owed humanity and the suffering, to bring it within their reach, and now it is known in every part of America, is sold in every drug store, and has become a household necessity."

The reporter left Mr. Warner, much impressed with the earnestness and sincerity of his statements and next paid a visit to Dr. S. A. Lattimore, at his residence on Prince street. Dr. Lattimore, although busily engaged upon some matters connected with the State Board of Health, of which he is one of the analysts, courteously answered the questions that were propounded him:

"Did you make a chemical analysis of the case of Mr. H. H. Warner some three years ago, Doctor?"

"Yes, sir."

"What did this analysis show you?"

"The presence of albumen and tube casts in great abundance."

"And what did the symptoms indicate?"

"A serious disease of the kidneys."

"Did you think Mr. Warner could recover?"

"No, sir. I did not think it possible. It was seldom, indeed, that so pronounced a case had, up to that time, ever been cured."

"Do you know anything about the remedy which cured him?"

"Yes. I have chemically analyzed it and upon critical examination find it entirely free from any poisonous or deleterious substances."

We publish the foregoing statements in view of the commotion which the publicity of Dr. Henion's article has caused and to meet the protestations which have been made. The standing of Dr. Henion, Mr. Warner and Dr. Lattimore in the community is beyond question and the statements they make, cannot for a moment be doubted. They conclusively show that Bright's disease of the kidneys is one of the most deceptive and dangerous of all diseases, that it is exceedingly common, alarmingly increasing and that it can be cured.

Economy in Dress, as in Everything, a Test of the Best Breeding.

It is to be regretted that economy is not fashionable in America. As a proof that it is an unfashionable and even a despised virtue, relegated by the rich to the supposed exclusive use of the poor, who ever hears an American woman in fashionable life, at least, utter the words: "I cannot afford it?" In reality waste only is vulgar, economy is eminently respectable and in good taste. Unfortunately, however, those who practice economy hide it with as much care as if it was a crime, or something to be ashamed of, while waste, which should be considered the distinguishing mark of the ignorant and the stupid, takes first rank with us as the heritage of the "finest people." Happily the "finest" are not the "best people," and the best people always know how to economize, how to use their means, whether large or small, in such a way as to make them go as far as possible. The most perfect lady, the best bred woman, whether her means be large or small, is she who knows in all things, but especially in the matter of dress, how to expend her money to the best advantage. To dress well, a woman must give a certain portion of her time and some conscientious thought to the subject. To help those whose means are limited, to a clearer understanding of the capabilities of their position, so that they may intelligently economize their resources, we will give them some hints drawn from the experiences of those who have made it a conscientious study.

Unless you can afford to have many dresses, never purchase one, no matter how cheap and beautiful it may be, that is striking or peculiar either in novelty of material or make-up or brilliancy of color. Select unobtrusive, good materials, and make them up into simple garments. If you have but one "best gown" you can vary its appearance much more easily from day to day with the accessories of bows of ribbon, sashes, scarfs and laces, if it is made in simple rather than an elaborate style. One skirt will outwear two trains, and it is even practicable to make a detachable train for such a dress, so that it can do duty both as a costume de promenade and an evening toilet of high ceremony.

Laces of good quality and of several kinds are always a good investment. Even if not "real," they may be selected of the best qualities of imitation, and are more effective in transforming a well-selected "best gown" into a variety of toilets than any other accessory that we can suggest. Then they last from year to year, and the older they are the more valuable they become, and the more beautiful if well managed.

The best materials for a "best gown," while of necessity lying within certain limits, are sufficient to choose from. Suppose it to be of black velvet or plush, it would last with care for five or six years. If of white or cream cashmere or Chudda cloth, it could be made to do duty, with a variety of ribbons and laces, for three seasons, and then be utilized by dyeing and turned into a walking dress for two seasons more. Black satin de Lyon or satin merveilleuse, and plain black silk of good quality are excellent materials for such a dress when velvet cannot be afforded and cashmere is not preferred. Black satin of the best quality can hardly be worn out in twenty years. If, to prevent fraying, good, deep seams are taken, and the bottom of the skirt well defended by a wide Titan braid, or a good binding (and for this purpose nothing is better than cloth), a satin robe can be worn for twenty years; and when such a dress becomes passe as a dress, the stuff can be used for bows, bonnet trimmings, cording, piping, facings, revers, bindings—everything that comes under the head of trimmings or accessories.

Here are some of the best wearing, lasting and serviceable dress goods for dresses of other than ceremonious uses: Corduroy, which is very durable and will dye, cashmere, merino, alpaca, all soft-finished India cashmeres, and Chudda, Shooda, and Radzimir cloths, no matter by what name they are called. Fine, good flannels and all cloths wear well, and will dye. Foulard silk is one of the cheap materials that will last, and look well to the last. All linen goods last well. Fine calicoes, fine satteens, and fine printed goods of all kinds, and good ginghams are good investments. Cheap, unwashable goods are never economical.

Do not economize, or try to economize, by purchasing cheap bonnets, or gloves, or cheap shoes. The handsomest toilet is degraded by an old pair of shoes, an ill-fitting or cheap glove, or a shabby bonnet. The bonnet must be of best materials, late style, and fresh.

In the matter of wraps it is difficult to advise. Cashmere and India crape shawls, it must be remembered, however, never go out of fashion, while velvet and satin jetted and fringed dolmans and visites do. One of those really handsome visites, such as give distinction to a lady's toilet, costs more than the shawl.

Never wear cheap or imitation jewelry. No one is deceived thereby. If you cannot afford real and handsome jewels, substitute bows of ribbon and flowers for evening, and a good silver, jet, steel, or enamel clasp for day wear. Agate stones set in oxidized silver make one of the prettiest and most elegant, because most sensible, of inexpensive scarf or shawl pins. The topaz is one, the amethyst another, inexpensive jewel, which, when well set, is in better taste for the adornment of a lady's finished toilet than an imitation diamond or Rhine crystal ornament. Coral also, when of good color, well set, and becoming to the complexion of the wearer, is a choice ornament, giving the required elegant finish to the ensemble of a judiciously, economically, well-dressed woman.—*N. Y. Sun.*

—"Ze super he standa so," said Venturo, the Italian stage manager for Rossi, throwing himself into a preposterously awkward position, to show a Philadelphia reporter one of the favorite attitudes of stage soldiers, sailors and citizens. "He cannota worka hees leg, he cannota mova hees arm, but he cana do every time somezing wrong."

—There are said to be green shades at the windows on one floor of Senator Hale's new house in Washington, blue on another, and red in the vestibule, to the disturbance of his æsthetic neighbors.

—No matter how purely and grandly we live to-day, there is no denying that we may live more purely, more grandly, to-morrow.

HOME AND FARM.

—Regularity in feeding goes far toward insuring success.

—The small, turned-over round collar of linen succeeds the square-cornered Byron collar.

—The present western limit of the cabbage butterfly is said to be not more than 100 miles the other side of Chicago.

—Cows command good prices all over the country, and this condition in the stock market will continue for years yet to come.

—Every rural family that has a home should have a few hives of bees. Nothing of so little cost will yield so large a profit.

—One reason why our wheat crops are only about half as much per acre as in England is because the British farmer employs sheep as grain growers, while with us sheep are only considered as wool or mutton makers.

—If a small piece of sulphur is occasionally thown upon the fire for smoking bacon, it will effectually prevent skippers and bugs from making inroads upon the meat; nor will it produce any effect on its flavor, save on the mere surface or skin.

—Mr. Vick is quoted as saying that the "White Worm" or any other worm, in pots, may be destroyed by sticking three or four common matches down into the soil, also one or two up into the drain opening. The phosphorus on the match is certain death to animal life, and a powerful fertilizer for plants.

—Mr. Verry Aldrich weakens Canada thistles somewhat by cutting them off close to the ground, and then kills them the following spring by scooping out around each a hole large enough to hold a pint or a quart, and filling it with salt. Even this trouble and expense is much better than to permit a small patch to become a large one by neglect.

—Willow cuttings should be set out in the spring, early. They may be made now by cutting the branches and twigs into lengths of a foot, tying them in bundles and burying them in the earth. In the spring set them out in the following manner: Push a spade into the soil, press it forward so as to open a space, press in the cutting in a slanting direction, take out the spade and tread the opening close.

—It has been discovered that cabbages may be prevented from rotting after freezing simply by cutting them open, or by making one or two incisions in them with a knife. After freezing the cabbages commence to decay in the center, caused by the heating inside. When opened sufficiently to let out the heated gases and enable them to become cold at the center they will not decay.—*Canada Farmer.*

—The best of fried fish are those cooked in oil; small fish should be rolled in flour, seasoned with salt and cayenne, and quickly fried; medium-sized or sliced fish are good for frying when rolled in Indian meal or cracker dust, seasoned with salt and pepper, and fried. The celebrated Philadelphia method of frying catfish is to skin and split them, remove the backbone, wash and dry the pieces, season them with salt and cayenne pepper, dredge them with flour, and fry them brown in smoking hot fat.

—Every farmer should have a supply of ice to use during the hot months of summer. It is indispensable both on the ground of comfort and of economy. The "*Agriculturist*" says: "The preservation of food and the less frequent cooking required, and consequent saving of fuel, will go far toward meeting the expense of providing ice, if it does not more than cover it." It is not a difficult matter for every family in the country to have plenty of ice at small cost.

—One of the London medical journals declares that the prevalence of neuralgia—or what commonly goes by that name—should be regarded as a warning indicative of a low condition of health, which must necessarily render its subjects peculiarly susceptible to the invasion of diseases of an aggressive type. It is always essential that the vital forces should be vigorous, and the nerve power, in especial, in full development; but neuralgia indicates a low or depressed state of vitality—a poor and weak state—and should be promptly placed under treatment.

—The cheapest and one of the best means of ridding stock of lice consists in the free application of wood ashes, frequent brushing, removal of old or dirty bedding, occasional applications of boiling hot water to the wood-work of stalls, sheds and stiles, or lime-washing of the same. All loose hairs and dirt removed from the bodies of animals by brushing, as well as old bedding, should be collected in a heap and burned. The presence of vermin on live stock can not be successfully combated by simply applying a certain remedy to the body of the animals, and not at the same time attending to the general cleanliness of these, as well as of their surroundings.

Winter Care of Stock.

The most important department of farm work at the present time is the care of farm stock. Dairy cows and store sheep require a great deal of attention. The old worn-out and unprofitable cows should be sent to the shambles or disposed of to drovers for whatever they will fetch. There is no economy, but rather actual loss, in feeding such cows a single day after they can be sold. The cows which are to be kept as the source of next year's income should be provided with warm shelter, and be fed, not merely enough to keep them alive, but more than that. They should be fed all the most nutritious fodder they will consume. If less than this is done, the feeder's principal object is not accomplished. Care should be exercised daily that no animal is allowed to injure another. Some animals are slow eaters, and others are very fast, and in these circumstances, by a little negligence on the part of the attendant, some animals will thrive and others will be starved, and to the unobservant attendant the cause will be unaccounted for.

Some men, too, are naturally successful cattle feeders, while others are deplorably unsuccessful. I have known men who were so careless of the safety and comfort of their stock that they would allow ice to accumulate on the approach to the stable-door until, perhaps, their attention would be called to the danger by a broken leg. Watchfulness and care in small things is one great secret of the farmer's success. Sheep should not be allowed to run in the same yard with cattle or horses, on account of liability to accident. They should be fed plenty of good hay, with a very little grain, daily. The object with sheep is not to keep them fat, for this is apt to impair their success in breeding, but rather to keep them in vigorous condition. Sheep do not require a warm shelter so much as a protection from storm.—*Cor. Country Gentleman.*

—The rates of postage in Mexico are higher than any other country on the globe, but why any one in Mexico should ever want to send or receive a letter is a conundrum. If they attend to their rebellions that's enough.

A Railroad Official Interviewed.

Not every one so cheerfully communicates his knowledge and opinions as recently did E. L. Lowerce, Esq., cashier of the Cincinnati Southern Railway, that splendid outlet to the South from the Ohio. Our representative waited upon Mr. Lowerce, and in reply to certain questions the latter gentleman observed: "I was suffering from a very severe attack of rheumatism in my right foot; it was in a terrible condition; the pain was almost intolerable; our family physician waited on me without success; I sent for another well-known M. D., but even the twain could do nothing for me; I could not get down here to the office to attend to my duties; in fact I could not put my foot under me at all, and after nine weeks' suffering I began to grow desperate. My friend (whom, of course you know, for he is known by everybody), Mr. Stacey Hill, of the Mount Auburn Inclined Plane Railroad Co., called to see me; he spoke very highly of St. Jacobs Oil, and recommended the remedy to me in glowing terms. I laughed at the idea of using a proprietary medicine, and yet the party recommending it, (Mr. Stacey Hill, remember), being a man of sound judgment, set me to thinking the matter over. The next day, when the physicians called, I dismissed them, and said to myself that I would let nature take its course. That resolution lasted just a day. On the following morning I, in a fit of desperation, sent a servant for a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil. I applied that wonderful remedy, and it penetrated me so that I thought my foot was about to fall off, but it did not; in fact it did just the opposite. The next morning the pain had entirely left my foot, the swelling was reduced, and really the appearance was so different altogether from the day before, that it actually surprised me. I applied more of the St. Jacobs Oil, and that afternoon I walked down here to the office, and was able to attend to my duties and get around as well as any one. Let me say for St. Jacobs Oil *that it beats railroad time*, and is always sure to win.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

YOUNG man, if you haven't anything to say, write it out in the form of a lecture, mount the rostrum and your fortune is made.—*Boston Transcript.*

From an extensive use of St. Jacobs Oil in the editor's family, we are able to speak confidently of its great worth in numerous ailments, and fully recommend it as an article most desirable to have on hand in the medicine chest.—*Stamford (Conn.) Herald.*

AMOUNTS to the same—The man who stops his paper to economize ought to cut his nose off to keep from buying handkerchiefs.—*Louisville Straws.*

SYDNEY SMITH being ill, his physician advised him to "take a walk upon an empty stomach." "Upon whose?" asked Sydney. Still better *steps* to take would be the purchase of Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" and "Pleasant Purgative Pellets," which are especially valuable to those who are obliged to lead sedentary lives, or are afflicted with any chronic disease of the stomach or bowels. By druggists.

HUMAN flesh is heir to 2,400 different diseases. An intelligent doctor is bound to hit some of them in examining a patient.—*N. O. Picayune.*

To Consumptives,

or those with weak lungs, spitting of blood, bronchitis, or kindred affections of throat or lungs, send two stamps for Dr. R. V. Pierce's treatise on these maladies. Address the doctor, Buffalo, N. Y.

JACOB FURST, of New York, having had his name changed, will neither be Furst in war, Furst in peace, nor Furst in the hearts of his countrymen.—*Boston Post.*

Cured a 20 Year's Invalid.

No. 422 Eutaw Street, Baltimore, Maryland. DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: *Dear Sir*—My wife was a hopeless invalid for nearly twenty years. Your "Favorite Prescription" has cured her. Gratefully, R. T. MCCAY.

THE men with the biggest watch-chain usually have a silver watch at the end of it.—*Hartford Globe.*

Rescued from Death.

William J. Coughlan, of Somerville, Mass., says: "In the fall of 1876 I was taken with a *violent bleeding of the lungs*, followed by a severe cough. I was admitted to the City Hospital. While there the doctors said I had a hole in my left lung as big as a half dollar. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when to my surprise I commenced to feel better, and today I feel in better spirits than I have the past three years. I write this hoping that every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will take DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED." Also a sure remedy for Colds, Coughs, and all Chest and Lung Diseases. Sold by druggists.

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Time Testers and Burden Bearers.

From time immemorial the horse has been man's best friend. But a few years back we can all remember the comparatively little attention paid to this most indispensable of animals. We say comparatively little attention, for the horse was as well groomed, and certainly as well fed, as now; and at those great gatherings—agricultural shows—you would see the pride of the county and State stables and farms assembled. But there was a conspicuous want of noble draught horses, and as for speeders—well, 2:40 was the great ultimate limit that owners in those days desired to strive for. But now a 2:40 animal is esteemed a fair roadster, and fine animals only deserve the name when they can shade the first quarter of the third minute. There have been immense strides forward in the right development of horseflesh in the civilized countries of the world, as shown by the time-records of the racers and



draught capacity of the humbler, but really more useful, work-horse. Many things have conspired to effect this desirable end, chief among which have been the intelligent care and consideration bestowed upon the animal in his every relation—in a word, upon the breeding. And this has not failed to include a very serious modification of the old methods of treatment, doing away, in many cases, with the inhuman and really savage plans pursued in the eradication of even simple disorders and ailments, and substituting rational measures of relief instead. A prominent factor of this reform, and one indorsed by owners, breeders, farmers and stockmen the country over, is ST. JACOBS OIL, recognized by all who have used it as an exceptionally good remedy for the ailments of the horse and stock generally, meeting more indications for its use and effecting far better results than any article of a curative or remedial nature ever introduced. Such breeders and horsemen as Aristides Welch, Esq., of Erdenheim, near Philadelphia; Mike Goodin, Esq., Belmont Park, Pa.; Calvin M. Priest, formerly in charge of Mr. Robert Bonner's stock, New York; and thousands of others throughout the country, who could be named, are on the list of unqualified endorsers of the efficacy of ST. JACOBS OIL.



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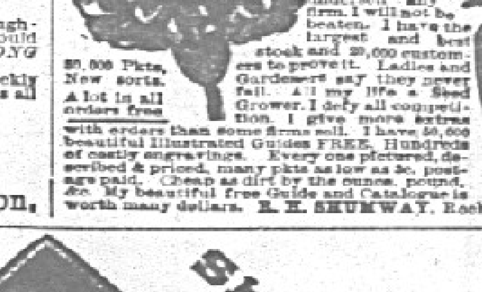
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