By Your Stationery
You Are Judged—
NEWS Print Shop
"Better Stationery"

LYNN COUNTY NEWS.

"Printing A Little
Better Than Seems
Necessary"—
NEWS Print Shop.

VOLUME 10 TAHOKA, LYNN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1914 NUMBER 18

RELIGIOUS CENSUS OF TAHOKA, BY MINISTER

Some weeks ago I set myself to the task of finding out how many folks there were in Tahoka, who they were and what they were.

I am not here obliged to tell all that I learned on my rounds, yet I do not agree to forever hold my peace.

The following facts will suffice for the present: There are in the town of Tahoka 133 men and they are hale, hearty and well met, cleaver as can be, kind and gentlemanly; they seem to be prosperous and glad for their fellows to prosper; most of these men are Christians. I found also that there 106 boys in our town; now men what kind of an example will we set for these 106 boys to follow? They will walk in our steps, let's be sure to step right.

Again I found 131 women, these also are cleaver, kind and elevating, and seem to be ready to help in every good work. In the tracks of these our women are walking 119 girls and their desteny will be largly determined by the conduct of our women. These 119 girls will not be surpassed by another 119 girls for beauty, inteligence and modesty. So it behooves us to assist them to make the best in every respect. And I here go on record as a loving friend to each of chem as long as she is fighting for the right.

Among the above mentioned folks there are only 36 babies.

"Shame, shame" but these few are bright eyed little fellows and if properly brought up and trained may be the means of turning nations to God.

The sadest thing is that there are 121 non-Christians and 11 backsliders; for these I shall ever pray and I here ask each Christian who reads this article to pray with me for them.

There are 6 Non-progressive "Deciples" in the town; they seem in fine spirits. Eight Progressive "Deciples;" very pleasant to meet and hopeful of the future. There are 16 Presbyterians and true to their charac teristics, quiet and sincere yet anxious for a move in the right direction. The Methodists take the lead in number, 84 being their membership; they too talk of moving things, and I am sure if they will follow their leader and fear no danger they will make even greater progress in the future, now that they have a new preacher (Bro. Callaway) I am sure they will rally around him in loyal support. There are 14 Hardshell Baptists and as usual, they are quiet unasuming citizens that everybody can afford to trust. Not all of the 77 Missionary Baptists in town are in the church, Baptists are so anxious to exercize their "personal liberty" that they sometimes overjump their rights. No man or woman has a right to detain or hold in check mail belonging to another party, this every one is doing when holding a church letter thgt might have been delivered.

However there are always some redeeming features about the Baptist family, when some of them check up or pull back the others just move on and the moving ones still retain their fellowship. Among the Baptists in Tahoka there are some ready to be used of the Lord in the Salvation of the lost.

I am not giving the total number of folks in the town as I think it best for the reader to look that out in this article as four classes in this article will give the exact number. Since taking the census, Mr. J. S. Swan, wife and two children, 1 boy, 1 girl, have come to town, making four more on our number.

Let me say that I like this country fine, and the folks better, and I here go on record as being ready to assist in any worthy enterprise fostered by our citizens, and I here invite the help of every citizen in the work I am trying to do. All are pressingly invited to attend our services.

J. E. NICHALSON,
Pastor, Baptist Church.

BUCKNER'S ORPHANS' HOME AND ITS WORK AMONG US

More than 600 are cared for in this institution every year. These children are from every part of Texas, no one section favored above another. These orphans are from every religious sect or denomination, no one favored above another. Such are the provisions of its Charter and By-laws, and such is its constant practice.

These orphans are fed and clothed in a comfortable, healthy way, and are given a good English education and training in industries. Orphans of non-Christian parentage are received as cheerfully as any others.

This "Home" is supported in the main by voluntary contributions. Anyone wanting further information is requested to write to the address below.

Send all remittances, with name and postoffice address to

R. C. BUCKNER,
Buckner Orphans Home
Dallas, Texas.

Receipts will be sent to all.

We have a car load of kerosene and gasolene on hand. Burn Eupion oil the best on earth. I will soon have in a car load of all kinds of oils and greases. G. W. SNIDER, Tahoka Agent for the Pierce Fordyce Oil Association. Call at our Wagon Yard when in Tahoka and let us fill your bill for auto and engine supplies. 18tf

UN-ADDRESSED Parcel Post Package in the Tahoka postoffice for some one: Articles in it from "Eva to Lola, Jennie to papa, Cleta from aunt Jennie," 18-1t

Dr. Galloway, the Tahoka Dentist, and his wife went down to Lamesa the first of the week to be gone until the 12th of this month.

A. R. McGonagill of the Edith Community, was in Tahoka Saturday of last week moving the fence from the Tom Preston place in South-east Tahoka out to his farm in the Edith neighborhood, and Ben King began moving the house out there Monday morning.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Etc., Required by the Act of August 24, 1912

of Lynn County News published weekly at Tahoka, Texas, for Oct. 1, 1913.

Editor, Managing Editor and Business Manager H. C. Crie, Tahoka, Texas. Publishers, H. C. Crie & Co., Tahoka. Owners H. C. Crie and Mrs. H. C. Orie. Tahoka. No bond holders.

Signed by H. C. Crie, Editor and Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 15th day of Dec 1913.

(Seal) J. L. Stokes, County Judge, Lynn County, Texas. My commission expires November 1914.

Tahoka is Offered Electric Lights

E. F. Hargett met with the Young Men's Business Club of Tahoka, Friday afternoon of last week and put up a proposition to the business men for installing an electrict light plant in Tahoka if the business men would all agree to cooperate by using electricity in their places of business and homes. Every firm in Tahoka was directly or indirectly represented and all agreed to use electricity provided he installed a steam generated plant, which Mr. Hargett agreed to do. So it is now up to him to get busy. We hope to be able to report definate progress next week.

D. T. ROGERS FOR SHERIFF

We are authorized to announce in this issue of The News the candidacy of D. T. Rogers for the office of Sheriff and Tax Collector of Lynn County, Texas.

Mr. Rogers has been a resident of Lynn county for the past seven and a half years and in successfully following his trade as carpenter and builder is one of the best known men in the county today. He has always identifyed himself with every movement for bettering conditions here and in many instances taking an active part in successfully promoting public improvements. He has spent his life in Texas and the active ranks of the Democratic party, and is making the race for sheriff subject to the action of the Democratic Primary in July.

Mr. Rogers has been appointed Deputy Sheriff and is becoming familiar with the duties and routine of the Sheriff and Collector's office, and while he has never held a public office before and in fact this is the first time he has ever asked the people for an office, and he would not ask it now if he did not feel fully competent to successfully conduct the affairs of the office to which he aspires, and even so, nothing but the ernest solicitation of many friends could have induced him to make the race for a public office.

Mr. Rogers solicits the support and vote in the Democratic Primary of a majority of the citizens of Lynn county.

J. W. Lile of Lockney, formerof two miles north of Tahoka, called at our office Thursday and renewed his subscription to the Lynn County News and subscribed for the Dallas News, a mighty good combination for only $1.80 a year. Mr. Lile said one thing he liked about both papers was their reliability, if he saw it in the Dallas News he could believe it, if he saw it in the Lynn County News he knew it was so.

L. G. Phillips, of O'Donnell, came up to Tahoka this, Friday, morning on a business trip.

Ab. Edwards was busy Thursday plowing gutters, grading up the sidewalks and otherwise greatly improving the general looks of O'Donnell, our hustling little neighbor on the south. Six new farms have been put in during the fall within four miles of O'Donnell and three more are being put in just as fast as material can be placed on the ground.

Miss Christine Swan came home for the Holidays from Canyon City where she has been going to school, and liked home so well she decided to remain and has entered the Tahoka High School again.

I want your hides green or dry and will pay the highest market prices for all you have. Lyall McGonagill at the Cash Meat Market. 10-tf

IF YOU WANT TO SELL IT, AN AD IN THE NEWS WILL DO IT.

A NEWS WANT AD GETS RESULTS. TRY ONE.

BIGHAM-KEEVER

L. E. Bigham and Miss Minnie Keever were married Wednesday evening December 31st, 1913 at 7:15 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Keever, of East Tahoka, Rev. Chalmers Kilbourne, Presbyterian preacher from Lamesa, officiating.

Lonnie Bigham is a typical West Texas "cowboy," tall, slender, handsome, and an expert in everything that has to do with horses or cattle. Miss Minnie is a very charming girl, and one of the most capable clerks that ever sold a bill of goods, and leaves a vacancy in her fathers store it will be impossible to fill. However, a fair trade is no robbery, and it is not so many months ago that Miss Minnie's twin brother, Clarence, married Lonnie's sister, Miss Nita, her father's bookkeeper.

Sam Earhart of Dallas, son-in-law of A. G. McAdams the lumber man, and W. B. Adkins of Lubbock, District Manager for the A. G. McAdams Lumber Company, came up from Lamesa on the Wednesday morning train and spent the better part of the day invoicing and turning the business here over to Mr. E. C. Blankenbeckler, the new local manager who takes the place of F. C. Hackney, who resigned in order to devote his entire time to the photograph business in which he is an expert.

J. D. Donaldson and son Claude left on the Monday morning train for Oklahoma City to consult a specialist as to a lameness that has been bothering Claude for some time and that the family were afraid might prove to be something serious. They returned today, Friday, with the cheering intelligence that an exray examination showed that one of the leg bones had been splintered, and that as soon as it healed us, just a question of a short time, it would cause him no further trouble.

FOR SALE—Four good work horses, one is an extra good saddler, two are exceptionally fast drivers. Write or phone to Rev. J. R. Miller, New Home. 18-21

District Manager Woolridge of Lubbock, was in Tahoka yesterday and today initiating G. W. Snider into the mysteries of the Pierce Fordyce Oil Association business of which he has been appointed local agent.

ARE YOU UNPROTECTED?

If you are not protected against fire, lightning and storm let me write you a policy that will fit your needs. I have purchased the Skinner-Ellis Fire Insurence business and am now well equipped to write insurence in any one of several leading companies of the United States. Call me up and I will come to your home or place of business and talk the matter over with you.—D. A. PARKHURST, Phone No. 79. 16-tf

NEPHEW OF J. K. MILWEE RELEASED BY VILLA

Dr. Chas. S. Harle, nephew of Mr. J. K. Millwee, of this city, has been given his liberty by General Villa, Commander-in-chief of the Constitutionalist forces of the State of Chihuahua, Republic of Mexico. The release from prison came when General Villa's forces entered the city of Chihuahua. Thus ended one of the most sensational cases that has ever been known in Mexico, affecting, as it does, an American citizen.

Dr. Harle was convicted of murder about ten years ago, but on the first trial was acquitted. The laws of Mexico being different from ours, he was later indited and it was on the second trial that he was convicted and sentenced to be shot, Governor Creel, of Chihuahua commuting the sentence about three years later to twenty years' imprisonment. Dr. Harle was first imprisoned at Juarez, and was taken from there to Chihuahua He was transfered from Chihuahua to Vera Cruz, where he was kept for several years. After the fall of the Madero government he was removed to Mexico City, and from there transfered back to Chihuahua, where he has been held for the past year. He was a prisoner in the same cell with Felix Diaz.

When Villa took up arms against the Federals of Mexico, among his warm friends and advisers were Dr. I. J. Bush and Abraham Molina, of El Paso, and J. F. Cunningham, of Abilene. These men were very much interested in the release of Dr. Harle, and, by the way, neither of these three men ever made a charge for their services in the doctor's behalf. They had a conference with Villa near Juarez and secured the General's promise that the day he captured Chihuahua he would release Dr. Darle, which promise was kept in every way.

Dr. Harle has been appointed a surgeon in the Constitutionalist army, with the rank of general, and has accepted the appointment and entered the service.—Hale County Herald.

SEEDS—Price list free. Book 10c, giving all rain periods for 1914, killing Johnson Grass and some insect pests, making ensilage without a sile, growing pecans, corn, watermelons, etc.

H. A Halbert, Coleman, Texas. 18 21

W. J. Smith of three miles south west of O'Donnell, was in Tahoka Wednesday after a load of lumber to finish a two room house he is building in O'Donnell.

Raymond Weathers left Monday for Wichita Falls, where he has accepted a position in a drug store.

Finley Coughrad left Monday for Midland where his brothers Anson and Urban are located.

C. W. Post has made a contract with a colonization agent to place Swedish femilies on all of his rent property on the Plains this year. This will mean many new families for Lynn county, as much of the Post lands are situated Lynn county.

RANCH WANTED:—About 10,000 acres first class ranch land direct from owner. Must be a bargain. Have good Vendor's Lien notes bearing 7 percent interest, payable one to seven years.—G. W. ADAMS, Midland, Texas. 18-20

THE LORD'S TOLL ON THE BLACK LAND OF EAST TEXAS

"When the Lord made the black waxy country He certainly saw to it that the richness of soil could not be enjoyed without paying the proper price after heavy rains," declares A. C. Williams, assistant secretary of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, who has just returned from spending the Christmas season with his family at Cooper, Delta county. "Honestly around the western portion of Delta cocnty the mud was something that stuck harder than a patented porous plaster. I saw four mules pulling like a politician who once matriculated at Princeton in their strenuous endeavor to move an empty wagon.

"Every wagon that came to town the few days before Christmas was so covered with mud the wheels were not to be seen. Great sheets of the black waxy stuff stuck to the hubs, and spokes like blankets of black dirt. The awful eonditions of the roads cut into the Christmas trade of Cooper to a big degree, and the merchants there today think that good roads in that county would pay better than a cotton crop of two bales to the acre.

"I saw one man who started to town from his home seven miles out for the purpose of getting some flour. He rode the mule five miles and then had to abandon the animal on account of the mud. He had to get the flour, so he walked the remainder of the distance and when he left Cooper he expressed in real fervent language the hope that the mule would be rested enough to carry him and the sack of flour home when he reached the place where he had tied the animal.—Fort Worth Record.

LOST, STRAYED, or mysteriously disapeared—One Jersey cow, fawn colored, five or six years old, branded T on left jaw, no ear marks, has horns. $2.50 for information as to her whereabouts.—L. E. Bigham, Tahoka. 18-tf

Dr. J. F. Galloway,
Dentist, 11-tf
Is now in Lamesa but will return to Tahoka Monday January the 12th. Located upstairs in Tahoka Postoffice buildiug. 18 19

Luke Riley, one of the O'Donnell ginners, was in Tahoka Wednesday and reported the ginning season as practically over at O'Donnell, he has shut down and the Vaughn gin only lacks half a dozen bales or so of being done. The Riley gin run through 333 bales of cotton and the Vaughn gin the rise of 280 or about 625 bales of cotton for O'Donnell this season. With the splendid season now in the ground, the new farmers constantly moving in and general prosperity under Democratic rule, the O'Donnell country will likely raise and gin next season from 1800 to 2000 bales of the fleecy staple.

J. E. Ketner, the Main street merchant, has bought and shipped from Tahoka this season already 800 bales of cotton, and he has paid so near the top of the market for every bale of it, that he says himself he will be more than pleased if he breaks even. Several weeks during the rush part of the season his check book showed an average of $5,000 paid out for cotton, some days going nearly to $10,000. Not so bad for a little city like Tahoka. But, say, wait 'till you read The News' report for the 1914 cotton crop.

LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Published every Friday by
H. C. CRIE & COMPANY. TAHOKA, TEXAS

H. C. CRIE : : : : : : : : : : : : EDITOR

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ADVERTISING RATES:—Locals 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents each subsequent issue. Display 15 cents per single column inch, 12½ cents each subsequent issue. Discount on time contracts.

Letters, Write Ups, Country Communications and News Items Solisite
PHONE, OFFICE 3-5, RESIDENCE 1-3

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VOL. 10 TAHOKA, TEXAS, FRDAY, JANUARY 2, 1914 NO 18



FINANCING RAILROADS

The Fundamental Elements in Securities.

BY JULIUS KRUTTSCHNITT, Executive Head of Southern Pacific.

"THE financing of a railroad is a function which the people, through their servants, the Railroad Commissioners and the Legislators, have never attempted, but it is a most important problem, especially to sections of a State where new railroads are needed. The placing of securities has been left entirely with the promoter and owner of railroads.

"The immediate determination of what earnings the railroads shall be permitted to receive and what burdens it shall have put on it is in the hands of the other servants of the public—the Legislators and the Commissioners.

"Managing a railroad is quite different from managing a government where the money is raised by taxation. When the expenditures, for good reasons or otherwise, increase, taxes can be equally increasd. The railroads, while servants of the public, cannot raise money with such ease and facility. The railroads must keep their expenditures within their incomes because while they have some control over their expenditures they have almost no control over their incomes, their rates being fixed by public authorities.

"There is not a railway manager in the country today who is not fearful that under the press of increasing demands the transportation systems of the country will, in a few years, break down, unless the railroads are allowed to earn larger funds wherewith to build it up. There are vast sections of the country, especially in the West, where more railroads are needed and they cannot be built unless the railways raise new capital.

"People invest money in order to make money, and they are skeptical as to whether they can make money by investing in concerns that are dealt with stringently and unfairly. Railroad securities must be made more attractive to invite investments, and in order that they may be made more attractive, the roads must be allowed earnings that will enable them to meet the increased capital charges."



ADVERTISING TEXAS

Money Follows Line of the Least Resistence.

BY W. HOLT HARRIS

MUCH has been said and more written about advertising the resources of Texas abroad and our glowing opportunities, when properly safe-guarded, will make the eagle on every American dollar spread its wings and fly to Texas. But the thing most essential to our growth and progress is the proper allignment of our laws and conduct and a clearer understanding of the necessities and requirements of progress. When this is done, it will be as unnecessary to solicit capital to come to Texas as it will be to invite the bees to make honey. Money follows the lines of least resistance and capital flows wherever profit is greatest and conditions most stable. The bank vaults of the nation are filled with dollars that are searching to and fro, up and down the earth for safe and profitable investments but it is of first importance that the house be put in order before the guests are invited.

There is nothing that so weakens the foundation of industrial achievement as the knockout drops of uncertainty, and capital will never seek investment where a myriad of scornful fingers are pointing toward it and neither will it give serious consideration to opportunities that are scarred by fear. No amount of publicity, however adroitly presented, can bring about profitable results under such circumstances. Such a country can only hope for satisfactory development through some freak of nature.

We have so many laws and rumors of laws and Dame Duty is such a fickle goddess when flirting with Ambition, that it keeps industries guessing as to the true status of affairs lest they all become companions in adversity.

The press of Texas has been groaning for the past few months under a burden of announcements of progress made by the State in its efforts to visit the pains and penalties of law upon industry and the incandescent flashes of malice and prejudice that have lighted the horizon have had a tendency to wither and blight our destiny and we still hear threats of war. Not only has it done violence to progress but it has very effectively placed fetters upon our growth and development by giving the State millions of dollars of bad advertising.

MALT LIQUOR ESTABLISHMENTS

Mild Stimulants Taking the Place of Strong Drink.

The manufacture of malt liquor ranks fifth in importance in Texas manufacturing industries from the standpoint of capital invested and ranks third in value added by the manufacturing process. According to the last Federal Census Report we have twelve establishments engaged in the manufacture of malt liquors, employing 931 persons, with an investment of $7,027,000 and an annual payroll of $900,000. The records of the Federal Government show that the capital invested, and the value of the Texas output, have been doubled during the past decade. During the past five years two new establishments have been erected and two million dollars of new money put into the manufacturing business There are no distilleries in Texas and no whiskey is manufactured within the State.

No authoritative figures are available on the amount of foreign malt liquors consumed in the State, but reliable estimates indicate that 22 per cent of Texas' consumption is manufactured outside the State. Probably 95 per cent of the Texas products are consumed within the State. We consume in Texas approximately 2 per cent of malt liquors manufactured in the United States, while we have 4 per cent of the population. The Texas products have taken first premium at world's fairs, and their purity and perfection is universally recognized. We manufacture in the State approximately 700,000 barrels of beer per annum.

The factory value of the annual Texas output is shown by the census enumerators at $6,464,000, and the value of the raw material used in manufacturing is $1,695,000. The value added by the process of manufacturing is $4,769,000. The principal materials used are barley and rice.

The manufacture of malt liquors in the State has shown an increase of 60 per cent against an increase of 27 per cent in population during the past decade. The increase in malt liquor manufactured in the United States during this period is twenty per cent. Less than one per cent of malt liquor establishments of the United States are located in Texas.

The increased demand for malt liquor indicates that mild stimulants are taking the place of strong, poisonous drinks and is evidence of more temperate drinking and sobriety.

DEFENSE OF MODERN DRESS

English Writer Brings Out Ideas Which at Least Have Some Individuality.

The truth is that the free mind has made inevitable the free ankle. Our girls are no longer content to be tied up like bales of cotton. They have learned the use of their legs on the bicycle, on horseback and in the hockey field. The masculine leg is not a veiled mystery. Why should the feminine leg be regarded as a dreadful secret dedicated to the allurements of the ballet? After all, our girls may not be quite so bold and quite so bad as we, in our flaming innocence, imagine. Perhaps the they are right in assaulting the stupid tyranny of sex. Perhaps they are wise in forcing us to bear the shattering revelation that the end justifies the means. Perhaps they are doing a great and noble deed in delivering us from the delusion that the less we see of them the better. There is no doubt that they are rapidly emerging from the chrysalis of convention. They are asserting their right to be human beings and not bundles of obedient duplicity. They are shedding their self-consciousness as well as their clothes. The sooner we shed our self-consciousness the better.—James Douglas, in London Opinion.

Knows Value of Advertising.

With a shop on the ground floor, the industrious, enterprising tradesman in a big city is almost bound to succeed. Especially is this true if he knows well how to advertise his wares. A curious instance of business sagacity comes from New Orleans. A famous perfumery merchant in a street in the French quarter has installed an electric fan in a place where he can send into the street the fragrance of his wares, and, when the sweet odors that naturally fill the store become somewhat depleted, an employe presses the bulb of a perfume atomizer behind the fan, so that there may be no let-up in the temptation to the passers-by to enter. Such methods remind one, by contrast, of the breakneck pace of the village merchant of former days, who changed his advertisement in the weekly newspaper twice a year and dressed his store windows almost as often. Somewhere, somehow, perhaps, he's still in business.

System.

We hear a great deal about system these days, and we are apt to associate it only with the great railways and business concerns, and overlook the fact that our own daily work needs it quite as much. If you think your work is drudgery, apply this system idea wherever you can and you will find yourself taking a lively interest in what you are doing.

DO IT NOW—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEWS



TAN-NO-MORE,
THE SKIN BEAUTIFIER,
IT HAS NO EQUAL,
IT HAS NO COMPETITOR,
IT STANDS IN A CLASS TO ITSELF,
IT IS UNIVERSALLY COMMENDED
BY THOSE WHO USE IT.

It is distinctly two preparations made into one: First, it serves as a Massage Cream, thoroughly cleansing the pores of the skin of all impurities, and directly upbuilds the tissues and aids circulation. Second, it serves as an invisible powder, that can not be detected if properly applied, and does not run or rub off as does ordinary powder. You can use Tan-No-More during the day, as it beautifies the skin when applied, and serves as a protection against the sun in summer and winds in winter. Tan-No-More is guaranteed to please you, or your money back.
—Price 50 and 35c, All Dealers.—
We also manufacture Freckeleater preparations.
Will be pleased to mail our little booklet explaining more fully our entire line.
BAKER-WHEELER MFG. CO.
Dallas, Texas

For 306 Days in 1914

We will be open and ready for business and if you will deposit with us every dollar you earn during the year and pay all bills with checks through this bank it will be the most prosperous of your life

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, OF TAHOKA
"A RELIABLE BANK"

PROFESSIONAL

C. H. CAIN
Lawyer
Office in old First Nationl Bank Building
Tahoka Texas

M. M. HERRING
Lawyer and Abstractor
Tahoka Texas

C. P. GENTRY
Jewelery
All Repair Work Guaranteed
Office at Thomas Bros.
Tahoka Texas

Drs. Huchinson and Peebler
J. T. HUCHINSON, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
O. F. PEEBLER, M. D.
General Medicine and Surgery
Rooms in 1st Nat'l. Bank Bld'g.
LUBBOCK, TEXAS

Announcements

For County and District Clerk.
J. W. ELLIOTT.

For Tax Assessor.
JOE BALDRIDGE
JOHN THOMAS

For County Treasurer.
C. T. BEARD.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector
D. T. ROGERS,

THIS PAPER REPRESENTED FOR FOREIGN ADVERTISING BY THE
AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION
GENERAL OFFICES
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO
BRANCHES IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES

Fine Stock
Of The Best LUMBER
We have Ever had
Wire, Posts, Paints,
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Star Mills and pipe
McAdam br.Co

Blacksmithing
¶ Plows made any size, wagon and boggy wor done. Satisfaction Guaranteed at
J.Macfarlane's
South of Square

Fairbanks-Morse
2 H. P. GASOLINE ENGINE AND 6 INCH STEEL BURR MILL FOR GRINDING CHOPS AND MEAL FOR SALE AT SPECIAL BARGAIN. WE ARE INSTALLING LARGER MACHINERY AND NEED THE ROOM. THIS ENGINE WILL SUCCESSFULLY OPERATE A 2 INCH PUMP OUTFIT 140 FEET DEEP OR IT EQUIVALENT. SEE US AT ONCE FOR A BARGAIN.
THE UTILITY SHOP
Tahoka - - - - Texas

Old Clothes Made New, New Clothes Made Too
We are prepared, we have the experience and know how, we have the strength to do the cleaning, pressing, altering and fitting and we can come just a little nearer making old clothes look like new than any one.
The Pantitorium S. N. Weathers, Prop., N. E. Cor. Sq., Tahoka

Santa Fe
When traveling, take the System all the way. You will find it satisfactory
For full particuiars see J. L. THOMAS, Agent, Tahoka.

Now's The Time
to set out your fruit trees, they will be sure to grow and do well. This is a good fruit country, as this year proved. I will have all standard varieties of apples, pears, peaches, plums, cherries, appricots, grapes and small fruit.
SEE ME BEFORE BUING NURSERY STOCK
C. LEEDY, Nursery in South ahoka

NOTICE.....NOTICE
The Biggest Offer Ever Made Our Customers
Here I am waiting with Dry Goods, Groceries and Notion, Racket Goods and Silverware. With every $1.00 purchase you are entitled to one piece of this set, save your coupons. Entire set free with $25 purchase, this is a serviceoble and attractive set. Just think of what you get by making your purchases at our store. Remember we charge no more for our goods than if we were not making this extraordinary offer. This is for Cash.
CARTER BROS
N. D. Goree, Manager Telephone 16

Livery Stable
G. W. King & Son
When you want to go anywhere, day or night, call at the stable or phone No. 9 or No. 6. Good teams and rigs and careful drivers; prices reasonable.
Barn North of Square

Wilson Mercantile Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers In
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Including Hardware, Implements, Harness and Leather Goods
Largest Stock on the South Plains
No Matter How Far You Live You Can Save Money Buying From Us. Nothing Misrepresented
WILSON, on the Santa Fe, Lynn County TEXAS

Making Tomorrow's World

By WALTER WILLIAMS, LL.D.
(Dean of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri)

OOKING INTO A PEOPLE'S HELL—THE LOT OF THE BRITISH LABORER.



London, England.—A new old world is in the making. Tomorrow's nations are to be different from the nations that we know today. How different and why? The answer to the inquiry is, to a degree, in the constructive movements which stir today's world with large unrest and larger hope. Out of today's agony tomorrow's world is born. But before dealing with the constructive movements let us look at some of the conditions which have given birth to great reforms in the British Isles.

Doctor Jowett, famous British preacher, now of New York, said in a recent sermon in Birmingham that the tourist mood was not the medium for discovering the changing secrets of a country. The tourist did not see the people; he saw only their wardrobe, the outward appeaarance of their cupboard. "The tourist wants the picturesque; he doesn't want to look into a people's hell," Doctor Jowett cried. "He doesn't want the smell of death -tragedy, if you like, but old tragedy; all the blood must be dry." "See the life of the common people, the slums in town and country and what is being done for and by them to make conditions different," wrote Dr. Raymond Weeks, professor of romance languages at Columbia university. This letter, in part reply, seeks to show something of the British laborer's life and of the life of the British unemployed. The inside of the cupboard, for thousands daily, is literally bare.

Life, in its color, is curiously like the color of the coins in Great Britain. With a sovereign ahead life's golden; with half crowns it has a silver lining; with only pennies and ha'pennies it becomes coppery and dull. And the empty pocket means to many an empty world. It is not a far journey by the accelerated underground tube trains from Hampstead to South London and the East End, to where the coins, for those who have coins at all, are all coppers and life is dull and drab.

Slum Slaughter of Infants.

Take life at its beginning. In the crowded district of Southwark, London, within the shadow of the Southwark cathedral, one in three of all the babies born die before they are one year old. The slaughter of the infants is followed by the robbery of a great part of the life of those who survive. Let us compare Southwark with Hampstead, a middle-class district where many Americans lodge and Britons live. Not mere rhetoric but figures from the official reports present the damning difference. According to these reports the Hampstead child at birth has fifty years' expectancy of life, the Southwark child only thirty-five years—fourteen years less to live. The same figures show that the Southwark child who lives to be twenty years old has eight years less of life expectancy than the Hampstead child of the same years. Not only does slaughter of the infants exist but lessening of the lives of the grown-ups. This excessive waste of infant life is associated with immaturity of birth, due to social conditions, overcrowding poverty, and the industrial employment of married women.

Poverty is the portion of the East Londoner. In all London there are daily 20,000 unemployed, absolutely without work though seeking it. Nearly one-third of the entire population live in poverty of various degrees. If infant mortality is escaped, life is to many grown-ups cruel as death. Charles Booth divides all London population into five classes: first, the lower class, occasional laborers, loafers and some criminals; second, the very poor, casual labor, hand-to-mouth existence, chronic want; third, the poor, including alike those whose earnings are small because of irregularity of employment and those whose work though regular is ill-paid; fourth, the regularly employed and fairly paid working class of all grades; fifth, lower and upper middle class and all above this level. In every 100 persons in London 69 by this estimate are placed in comfort in the fourth and fifth classes and 31 in poverty in the first three classes.

This condition is not peculiar to London. It may be seen by even the most casual traveler who goes out of the narrow beaten track of the "personally conducted" tourist in Liverpool, Birmingham, Dublin, Glasgow, Manchester, Leeds, in any of the more populous cities of the United Kingdom. Nor is the presence of drink the primary cause of this distress, but the absence of food. Poverty, with the great majority, is not a result of drunkenness, but drunkenness is a result of poverty. Low wages and unemployment—this is the universal testimony by those who have studied the question at first-hand in these districts we are now traversing—are the primary cause of slums.

"Home" on $1.50 Per Week.

A visit to an East London home is a revelation to the most hardened slum-worker—if the term "home" may be applied to the ill-furnished single crowded room on a back alley. "But how do these people live?" is the involuntary inquiry. A single budget of expenses in this room will answer for many. It is the actual budget of



A Farm Cottage in Engl

a mother who, working at home in this single room—which is dining-room, kitchen, sleeping room, workshop, all—for the pitiful wage of $1.50 a week, is the sole support of herself and little daughter. For rent of the room she paid 50 cents a week and for her other housekeeping expenses for the week: tea, one-quarter pound, four cents; sugar, two pounds, six cents; flour, three cents; oatmeal, three cents; margarine, substitute for butter, one-half pound, seven cents; six eggs, chipped, seven cents; ham, five cents; coals, six cents; vegetables, three cents; bread, nine cents; sundries, six cents. The weekly total came to about $1.20, leaving 30 cents a week for clothing and other expenses.

And this is a sample budget of the poor who, among the less well paid, are fairly well-to-do! No word picture could more vividly present the poverty of the working woman in the slum districts of Great Britain's great cities.

In the United Kingdom the system of death duties, or inheritance taxes, as they are termed in the United State, exists by which the wealth of all who die passes under the state review. Every estate of $500 and upwards comes within the tax limit. In the last reported year 699,533 persons died, of whom no less than 632,000 were too poor to be taxed.

Laborers Flee Farms.

Let us look into the lot of the rural laborer. It might almost be said there are no rural laborers. In every small village, on every farm we hear the complaint that the laborers are leaving the land. Harvests are ungathered this month at the proper time because of scarcity of "farm-hands." The rural cottages we see are the homes of old people. In a half-dozen visited in Oxfordshire there was not a man under sixty years of age. The young flee to the towns, to Canada, to the British colonies or to the United States. No farm laborer wishes his son to remain on the land. Houses are difficult to obtain. Low wages and the dearth of cottages discourage young people from marriage. The young laborer may get only $4.50 a week in the big town, which is the ordinary wage in this locality, but he has the chance of a home for his young wife, society and the opportunity of being something more than a farm laborer.

$2.50 Weekly for Family of Five.

As a working woman's weekly budget of housekeeping expenses has been given, let us examine some specimen budgets of the living of the rural laborer. For this I am indebted to Mr. Seebohm Rowntree. The budget is from Oxfordshire, where the historic and beautiful university city of Oxford is the county-town. It is the budget of a family of five, a farm laborer, his wife and three children. The total weekly earnings are $2.50. The rent of the cottage and garden is $15 a year. The man is "a thoroughly sober fellow, who neither drinks nor smokes and who bears a good character for industry." The wife "trusts to charity for the children's clothes and makes and remakes anything given to her with great skill." She has not had a new dress herself in the thirteen years of her married life. In times when work is not to be had the family is forced on the parish poor fund. Condensed milk is used. "We haven't had any new milk in the house for seven years," said the wife.

This is not an exceptional case. The cab driver at Leamington pointed out his tiny home, in which had grown up eleven children, four now out in service, he proudly said, and counted himself fortunate because his earnings averaged six dollars a week. "My wife helps out a lot with sewing and washing and I work in the garden after dark."

Budget for Railway Worker's Family.

Here is another housekeeper's budget. Her husband is a railway car washer earning $4.50 for six days' work and $5.25 for seven days' work. He pays all he earns to his wife. There are three children. This is how the $5.25 is expended: Rent, $1.75; clothing (two weeks), 50 cents; insurance (two weeks), 37 cents; coal and wood, 38 cents; coke, six cents; gas, 20 cents; soap and soda, 10 cents; matches, two cents; balance for food for five persons, two dollars a week. How can five persons live on two dollars a week for food? This is the bill of fare with its weekly cost:

Eleven loaves, 70 cents; flour, 11 cents; meat, 45 cents; potatoes and greens, 19 cents; butter, 12 cents; jam, 6 cents; tea 12 cents; sugar, 8 cents; cocoa, 8 cents; suet, 4 cents; and condensed milk, 8 cents.

Women Made Insane on Farms.

It is the women who have to bear the largest share of this burden in Great Britain as everywhere. "In nine cases out of ten where there is extreme poverty," said Mr. George Edwards, the secretary of the Agricultural Laborers' union, "the woman starves first. She thinks first of her husband and her children. As a result of chronic underfeeding we have a very large percentage of insanity among the women on the farms. I am on the asylum committee of the Norfolk county council and we have more than 300 farm wives in our care. I attribute this large number to the anxiety necessitated in making both ends meet and to the poor food." A Yorkshire woman, whose husband earns $4.50 a week, said: "When I have seen other children in warm clothing and mine jealous, then I haven't known what to say. I know our master wasn't rich. We have got a roof to cover us and he hadn't where to lay his head, so I daresay it's all for the best. But they say English people ought to be strong and brave and I don't know how they expect them—living as they do—to be strong and brave and cheerful."

"It may be taken as an established fact," said Mr. Rowntree, "that a family of five persons, whose total weekly income does not exceed five dollars and whose rent is 50 cents, is living below the poverty line." Which means, if the government figures are correct, that the majority of English farm laborers do not receive wages sufficient to maintain their families in physical efficiency. The able-bodied male laborer's wage throughout England at present averages about $4.50 and in southern rural England about $4.00.

Unrest Bringing Progress.

There is unrest among the laborers in England. Low wages and lack of opportunity are the chief causes. The field is ripe for the harvest of agitation unto progress. And this agitation has begun and made large headway in the last decade, as witness the growth of the Labor party, the adoption of its principles by the Liberals and the Liberalizing of the Conservatives.

A story is told of a rich woman addressing an assemblage of British working women on the subject of thrift. She rebuked the wives of workmen for their thriftlessness and told them what excellent soup could be made out of mutton bones. As she paused a moment there came a voice from the crowd:

"What we want to know, mum, is who's had the meat off the bone?"

And that's the land question, upon the right solution of which the lot of the British laborer in tomorrow's world depends.

(Copyright, 1913, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Don't Knock Competitor.

Your competitor's advertising along lines similar to yours is more apt to help your business than to harm it—don't knock it, don't even refer to it in your copy. Just make your advertising distinctively individual, and together you will create new business—with increased profits for both.

Difference Between Advertisers.

The tyro waits until conditions are "right" for advertising before he begins. The man who has made his success, and is still making it, used advertising as a force to make conditions right. Therein lies a big difference in men which will explain many successes and many failures.

Honest Advertising.

The only advertising that pays is honest advertising. This principle is so well understood by business men today, that most of the advertising done in the columns of the reputable newspapers is honest. Occasionally, however, an unscrupulous man thinks he can deceive his customers and get away with it. Any temporary success that he may have is at the expense of the honest advertiser and of the publication whose columns he helps to discredit.

To put the dishonest advertiser out of business is the aim of all reputable advertisers and publications. Printer's Ink has been conducting a campaign for legislation against dishonest advertising. This winter two states, Ohio and Minnesota, have enacted the law which Printer's Ink had drafted. This law provides that the person or firm responsible for "untrue, deceptive or misleading advertising" shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Collier's

The · National · Weekly



First Time in Clubs

Until this year *Collier's* has been sold at $5.50. Now the price is $2.50 and we have secured a concession whereby we can offer it at a still further reduction in connection with this publication.

Special Offer to Our Readers

Recognizing the great demand for *Collier's* at the new price, we have made arrangements to offer it and our own publication each one year for the price of *Collier's* alone. This is a limited offer and must be taken advantage of promptly.

What You Get in Collier's

Collier's is the one big, independent, fearless weekly of the whole country. Not only is it the good citizen's handbook but it is also a magazine for the whole family. Among the things that a year's subscription gives are:

1000 Editorials
600 News Photos
250 Short Articles
150 Short Stories
100 Illustrated Features
2 Complete Novels

Collier's $2.50
The News . . $1
Both for only **$2.50**



Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PLAINVI W NURSERY

HAS THE BEST STOCK OF HOME GROWN TREES THEY HAVE EVER HAD. PROPOGATED FROM VARIETIES THAT DO THE BEST. ARE HARDY AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM DISEASE. Will trage trees for live stock, peach seeds or second hand sacks. We have a good Farm for sale, and automobile—Apply to

L. N. DALMONT, PROP.
Plainview (Texas) Nursery

TAHOKA LAUNDRY

C. C. Barnes, Prop.

Family washing, per doz., - - - 35c
Washing and Ironing, per doz., - - 75c
Barber towels, per doz., - - - - - 15c
Quilts, Counterpains, Blankets, 25 to 35c
WE ARE NOT PREPARED TO DO COLLAR AND CUFF WORK
Laundry Called For and Delivered Free

The CASH MEAT MARKET

Fresh home-killed meat cut to suit
Fresh bread and ice always on hand
Short orders served
Lyal McGonigill--Phone 23--N.E.Cor.Sq.

R. S. (Bob) Davidson

Abstract of Title made on Short Notice
to Town Property and Lynn County Land.
All Kind of Notarial Work Done
Office Southeast Corner Court House with Judge Stokes

Tahoka Blacksmith Shop

H. C. Smith, Mgr.

Let Us Make Your Plow Points to Order As they Will Last Longer Than the Ones You Buy.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
Bring In Your Points Now And Do Not Wait Till You Need them to Have them Fixed Up

FRESH GROCERIES

Our stock is complete and we keep it fresh. If you want good Groceries see us. We also have a nice stock of Dry Goods, Notions, etc. Our aim is to feed and clothe you better for less money.

Mrs. S. N. McDaniel
"the Price is the thing"

Lumber

Posts, Wire, Shingles, Doors, Sash, and Moulding. Lime, Brick and Cement. Eclipse Windmills

Higginbotham--Harris Lumber Co.

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

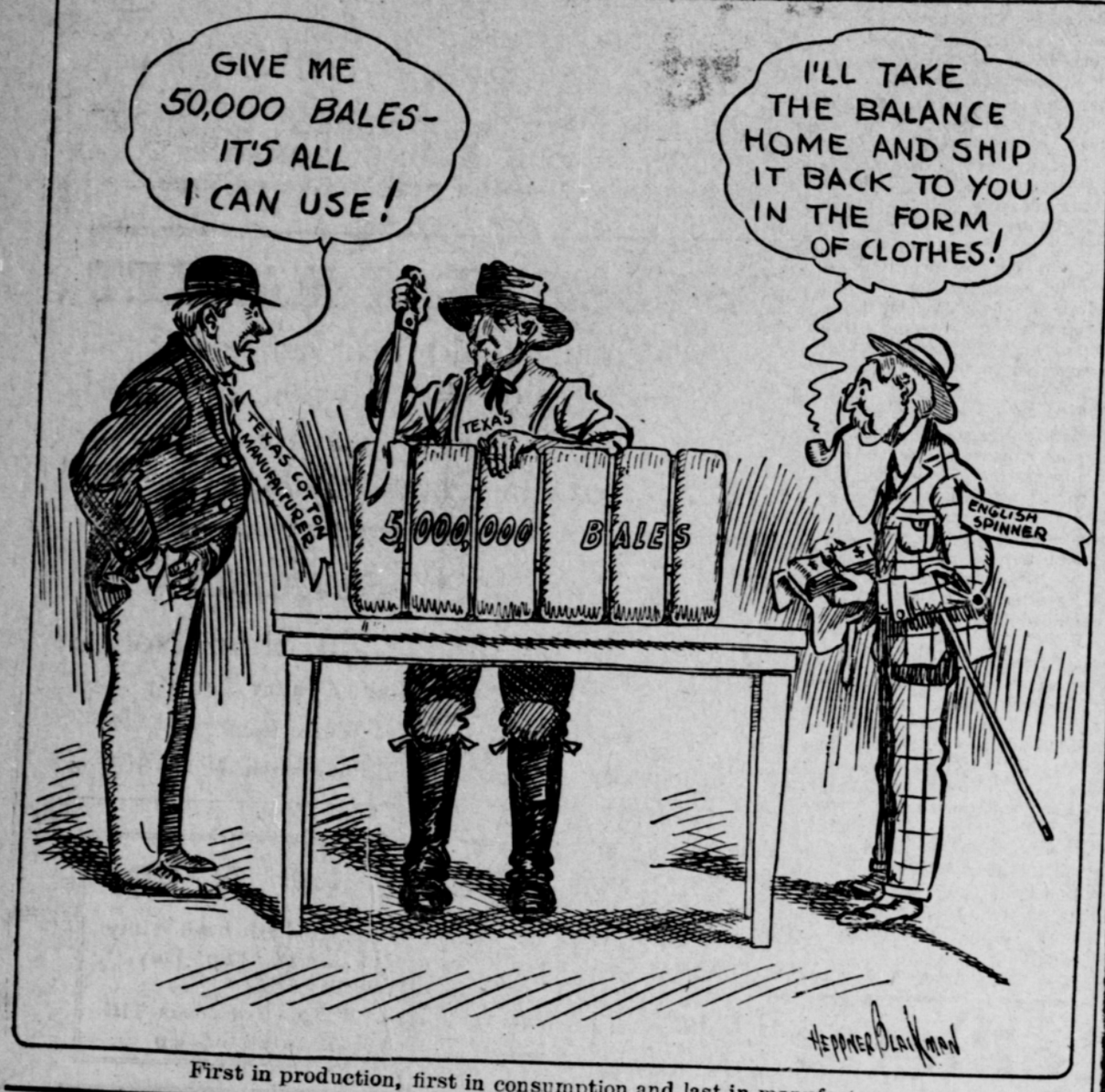
Get a Bottle Today! 161

J. N. JONES

Dealer In

Furniture And Undertaker's Supplies

ENGLAND TAKES THE LION'S SHARE



First in production, first in consumption and last in manufacture.

ATTORNEY GENERAL REPLIES TO CRITICS.

Railroad Development at a Standstill Until Katy Suit is Settled.

The storm of protest that has reached the Attorney General criticising his action in filing suit against the M., K. & T. Railway Company has caused him to issue a public statement defending his course, in which many technical reasons are advanced and violation of the constitution on the part of the legislature is alleged. No sound of approval worthy of mention has emanated from any source commending either his action or his explanation It is a matter of record that the suit has arrested the expenditure of millions of dollars in railroad improvements in Texas and demoralized the market for Texas securities, and just what the Attorney General proposes to give the people in return has never been announced. Certainly he cannot hope to either add to the railroad mileage or increase our transportation facilities and there is a crying need for both in Texas at this time. Apparently the thing most hoped for by the Attorney General is to uphold the dignity of the constitution, which he contends the Legislature assaulted in passing the Katy Merger bill, but while the Attorney General is extracting satisfaction from the courts the progress of the country, insofar as transportation affairs is concerned, is at a standstill.

It is indeed unfortunate that we should become involved in the meshes of technicalities at a time when the Panama Canal has thrust world-wide opportunities upon us and the domestic need for railroads was never more intense. While the of the former advantage may stun us, one has only to glance at the map to fully realize the importance of more mileage.

At no time in the history of our development could restraint upon our progress have been more fatal to our growth.

The brief presented by the Attorney General may be a document of recognized merits by the courts, but at the bar of public opinion, if one is permitted to judge by newspaper comments, it has failed utterly to validate the position of the Attorney General.

When the lawyers and the courts are all through, our destinies will remain in the hands of those who have the money to invest, for the man with money is the court of last resort.

PRECIOUS METALS IN TEXAS.

Precious and semi-precious metals, consisting of gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc produced in Texas in 1912, had a value of $269,798, which is $38,798 more than the output of the previous year. The most important of these minerals is silver, valued at $249,731, or 93 per cent of the total. The actual production of silver in 1912, compared with that of 1911, shows a decrease of 18,327 ounces in quantity, but an increase in value of $24,802, due to the increase in price from 53 cents in 1911 to 61 1-2 cents per ounce in 1912.

The first discovery of silver in Texas is said to have been made more than a half century ago, but the first mining recorded by the United State Geological Survey was in 1885, when 169,342 ounces with a value of $181,196, were produced. Since that date up to the present time, nearly eleven million ounces have been mined, with a commercial value of $7,372,000.

The value of other precious and semi-precious metals produced in Texas in 1912 is: Zinc, $16,422; lead, $2,939; copper, $119, and gold, $63.

TEXAS SECOND IN QUICKSILVER.

More than a million dollars worth of quicksilver was produced in the United States in 1912, according to a recent report of the Geological Survey, and a large portion of the output came from the Texas mines. The principal quicksilver States are California, Texas and Nevada, and they rank in the order mentioned. The Texas output is 3,320 flasks, valued at $154,413, according to the latest reports.

Prior to the discovery of quicksilver in Brewster county, California furnished practically the entire output of the United States. With the increased production there has also been an enlargement of its uses and during the past thirteen years the functions of this mineral have practically doubled. The Texas product is consumed mainly in the manufacture of explosive caps, drugs, electric lighting and other scientific apparatus and in the recovery of gold by amalgamation.

HIS GETTING OUT PLACE



Mrs. Kinder—It seems to me for a man who claims to deserve charity you have a very red nose.

Beggar—Well, mum, the cheap soap I use is very hard on my complexion, mum.

"There is one musical condition I would like to bring about."

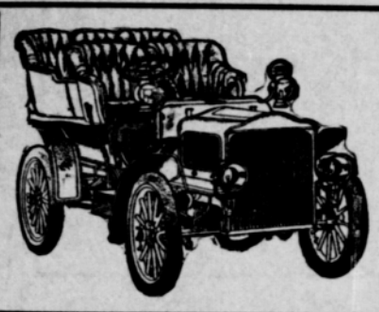
"What is that?"

"I would like to arrange a program with 'Songs Without Words' rendered by voiceless singers."

"What did you say your business was?"

"Instructor in harmony."

"Hum: There ought to be a wide field for that work."



WE REBUILD AUTOS

from the ground up. Replace all missing or broken parts, re damage of any nature. And when we repair a car it stays repai unless you try to buck a stone wall or a railroad train. Send us yo machine next time and you won't have it rehaired so often.

THE TAHOKA GARAGE

G. A. (Curley) Gamble **West of P. O. Buildi**



Let Us

clean your clothes and press them on the New Steam Press. The only sanitary method known of pressing Clothes. **We Absolutely Guarantee** all work to hold up twice as long as when done by hand.

WADE RAY, THE TAILOR

Car of Denton Flour Highest grade in Texas **Arrived**

Also Plainview Flour on Hand

We buy and sell all kinds of Feed Stuff

Large stoc of Hay. Grain, Cake and Salt on hand

3 Cars—Best Grade Coal Comming 3 Cars

A Trial Is All We Ask. We Can Deliver The Goods

Edwards Brothers Coal & Grain Company

One Block North of Depot, Tahoka, Texas

A Good Time For U

Every Night at

Loyd's Picture Show

Our service is high class

and our aim is to please

Ladies and Children Especially invited

Let us sell you coal for your cook stove. We have the

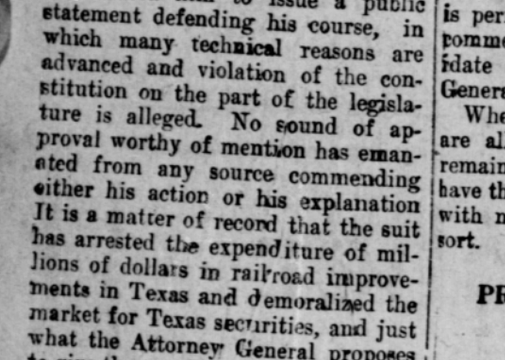
GENUINE NIGERHEAD NUT COAL

The best coal for cooking purposes on the market today. Ask those who have tried it.

We have the Rockvale and Rugby Lump coal for general purposes. Can fill any size order.

Also Plenty of Rock and Chrushed Salt. Plenty of Oats and Bran always on hand at the Lowest Market Prices. Will have cottonseed cake on hand soon

G. W. SNIDER, North of Spuare, Tahoka



North Side Barber Shop

Hair Cuts, Shaves, Shampoos, Massages.
Hot Baths in Connection

S. M. Clayton

BLACKSMITHING

WOODWORK, REPAIR WORK OF ALL KINDS

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO WAGONS, BUGGIES, BUGGY TOPS, BUGGY PAINTING, ETC.

P. PHENIX. SOUTH OF SQUARE TAHOKA, TEXAS

WEST SIDE RESTAURANT

JAKE LEEDY, PROP

Merchants' and Farmers' Lunch, Short Orders

Dellecatesentries, Confectioneries, Candies, Cigars, Cold Drinks

How About Your 1914 Reading?

By handing only $1.80 to the publisher of the Lynn County News you will get 156 papers a year, or three a week. That's some reading. ain't it? Goop, instructive, wholesome reading too. Try the combination. You'll like it. It is this: The Lynd County News $1.00 a year; the Semi-Weekly Farm News $1.00 a year; the two well worth $2.00 a year; you get them both for $1.80 a year at this office. 18 cf

DO IT NOW.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution.

State of Texas } In the County Cour
County of Lynn } of Lynn County, Texas, R. H. Wilson, Plaintiff, vs. Jack Alley and T. M. Bartley, Defendants.

Whereos, by virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of Lynn County, Texas, on a Judgement rendered in said court on the 24th day of October A. D. 1911, in favor of the said R. H. Wilson, and against the said Jack Alley and T. M. Bartley, No. 60, on the docket of said court, and affirmed in the Court of Civil Appeals against the said Jack Alley, T. M. Bartler, W. R. Majors and B. H. Black, I did. on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1913, at 4 o'clock p. m. levy upon the following described tracts and parcels of land situate in the County of Lynn, State of Texas, and belonging to the said T. M. Bartley, one of the above defendants, to-wit:

In the North Tahoka Addition to the town of Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, as shown by the plat of said addition of record in Vol. 11, page 515 Deed records of said Lynn County, Texas All of Lots 7, 7, 8, Bleck 50, all of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Block 45, all of Lots 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, Block 40, in said North Tahoka Addition to Tahoka.

Also all of Lots 1 aud 2 Block 18 in the Original Town of Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, as shown by the plat of of said town of Record in Vol. 5 page 390 Deep records of said Town.

Also all of the West half of the North One Fourth of Survey No. 482 Certificate No. 462, Block 1, E. L. & R. R. R. R. Co., land, being abeut 2 miles east from Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, and containing 80 acres of land.

And on the 3rd day of February, A. D. 1914, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day, at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said T. M. Bartley in and to said property.

Dated at Tahoka, Texas, this, the 23rd day of December A. D. 1913.

J. H. EDWARDS, Sheriff of Lynn County, Texas. 18-20