

Crockett Courier.

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VOL. XIII.

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JULY 25, 1902.

NO. 26.

TWO MEN OF PROMINENCE.

Author and Inventor Alike Deserving of Honor.

"I had got out my first book," said a Philadelphia author, "and it had passed the critics and brought me fame, when I took a trip into the interior of the state. I was at a private house when the editor of a weekly paper called upon me and spoke of my book in flattering terms and added:

"And now I want to meet another great Pennsylvania genius—one whom the world will soon be talking about."

"What has he written?" I asked. "Oh, he's not a writer, but an inventor—has just invented the grandest thing of the century and is as modest about it as you are over your book."

"And what is it, please?" "Sir, he has invented a wire nose piece to prevent a hog from rooting up the soil, and I'll not only show you the man himself, but not less than a dozen hogs standing around and wondering what in blazes has got into the rooting business."

THE PRINCE JUST GRINNED.

Discouragement of an Exhibition of Jacobite Loyalty.

Prince Leopold of Bavaria is to represent his brother, the regent, at the coronation—an arrangement not very satisfactory to those harmless lunatics known as the Thames Valley Legitimist league, who had hoped that Prince Rupert would have been sent on this errand, and given them another opportunity of demonstrating their folly. The last-named prince is the son of Princess Ludwig, who, according to the Legitimist, is "Queen Mary of England and Scotland." When he came to London on the occasion of the diamond jubilee, he was met and presented with a bouquet of white roses by the Thames Valley Jacobites, who hailed him as "Prince of Wales." The young Prince, who had a fair sense of humor, received the grotesque salutation with a very broad grin, and the folly ended in farce.—Newcastle (England) Chronicle.

Bible Text on Horse's Grave.

In the center of a field at Waverhill, Suffolk, England, is a large flat stone covering the grave of a mare which died in 1853, inscribed as follows: "Polka. She never made a false step. Ecclesiastes III. 19th verse." A reference to chapter and verse shows the following: "For that which befalleth the sons of men befalleth beasts, even one thing befalleth them: as the one dieth, so dieth the other." This is probably the only instance of a text from the Scriptures appearing on a memorial stone to an animal.

It's the Same Discount.

"As to dreams," said the Chicago drummer as the subject was under discussion, "I believe in 'em and have got proofs of their veracity. It was only a week ago that I dreamed of finding a dollar, and next day I picked up 40 cents from the sidewalk."

"But that wasn't a dollar," protested a listener.

"Of course not. You have to give the usual 40 per cent off in dreams as well as in business, don't you?"

An Emperor's Checkerboard.

The most valuable draughtsboard in existence is in the possession of the German emperor, who is a great lover of the game. The squares of the board are made of silver and gold, to represent the usual light and dark colored leather. The draughts are of silver and gold, having a diamond or a ruby in the center of each.

Canada to Furnish Wood.

It is estimated that Canadian forests will furnish wood for the pulp industry for 840 years. The forests of Norway and Sweden, which furnished the material for European papermakers for many years have become denuded and the United States has about exhausted its supply.

One Thing He Was Sure Of.

Old Gentleman: "So you think my daughter loves you, sir, and you wish to marry her?" Dudeligh: "That's what I called to see you about. Is there any insanity in your family?" Old Gentleman: "No, sir; and there's not going to be any."—London Tit-Bits.

An APPEAL for JUSTICE TO THE FAIR-MINDED VOTERS OF HOUSTON COUNTY:

CROCKETT, JULY 15.

In view of the Prohibition election ordered for July 29th, the undersigned citizens of Precinct One beg to be heard briefly touching some features of the election and to this end make the following representations:

1st. Just one year ago there was an election in precinct 1 on the subject of prohibition and it was defeated by a decided majority.

2nd. All precincts of the county except one or two have prohibition and adopted it by their own votes and of their own accord.

3rd. In adopting prohibition these precincts exercised their sovereign rights of local self-government without interference from precinct 1 or other precincts.

4th. In defeating prohibition the Crockett precinct exercised the same sovereign right of self-government as the others did in adopting it. We of the Crockett precinct did not interfere to defeat or to carry prohibition in the outside precincts. Now, as a matter of simple justice, only that and nothing more, why should the outside precincts lend their help to the prohibitionists of the Crockett precinct to fasten on the Crockett precinct that which the Crockett precinct has rejected? Is it right, is it just? These are the questions which every honest, fair-minded man in the outside precincts will ask himself and he will answer them in the negative.

5th. The Crockett precinct only asks the same right and the same privilege of saying what it shall or shall not have as the other precincts have done.

6th. Home Rule or the right of local self-government is an essential principle of democratic government.

7th. The purpose of the election of July 29, is not to give the county as a whole prohibition, for all precincts now have it but one or two but to force it on precinct 1. And the injustice of such an election is self-evident when we consider the fact that if prohibition fails for the county on the 29th they will still have it in precincts like Lovelady, Grapeland, Coltharp, etc.

8th. All true friends of temperance, all true friends of local-option will vote against prohibition for the county on the 29th. If prohibition is forced on the Crockett precinct by the outside precincts, it will be in violation of all sense of justice and fairness and public sentiment will not enforce it. And failure to enforce prohibition in the Crockett precinct will lead to an open disregard and contempt for the law in places like Grapeland, Lovelady, Coltharp, etc., and the result will be that local-option which, it is now claimed, is enforced in those places, will be a failure. So the true friends of prohibition in places like Love-

lady, Grapeland, etc., would do well to consider the effort of forcing prohibition on precinct 1. If the law fails to be enforced here, as in all probability will happen, such failure in Crockett will surely lead to like failure in Grapeland, Lovelady, etc.

9th. We invite the attention of democrats to the events of the last few days in the state. We are told by the local advocates of prohibition that the question is not a political or party question. And yet we see that the pros have recently nominated a state ticket, headed by Carrol for governor. This ticket is in the field and against the regular ticket of the democracy for governor, headed by Laaham. We advise democrats to think of this matter before casting their votes for prohibition.

M. Bromberg, Jr.,
G. Q. King,
M. K. Murchison,
W. B. Page,
D. A. Nunn, Jr.,
I. W. Murchison,
J. C. Wootters,
A. H. Wootters,
J. B. Valentine,
B. F. Chamberlain,
J. G. Matlock,
S. L. Murchison,
D. M. Craddock,
W. C. Lipscomb,
J. L. Hall,
J. A. Ragland.

LETTER FROM SENATOR BAILEY.

He Exonerates Culberson from Taking Any Part in the Affair.

Mr. Joe Adams is in receipt of the following letter from Senator J. W. Bailey in regard to the part which the latter took in the congressional race in this district. The letter is self-explanatory and is published in full:

GAINESVILLE, TEXAS,
July 17, 1902.

Mr. Joe Adams, Crockett, Texas.

My Dear Mr. Adams:—I have no complaint to make against the democrats of Houston county because their convention saw fit to condemn me for the part I had taken in the congressional contest in that district; but I regret that they included Senator Culberson in the resolutions of censure. He took no part in the matter, so far as I know, and was not connected with it in any way except through a statement which I made. Whatever cause the democrats of your county may have for resentment against me, I do not believe that any fair-minded man will justify their action against Senator Culberson.

If not too much trouble for you to do so, I would thank you to see that this statement is printed in some respectable newspaper of your county so that it may reach your county people.

Very truly yours,
J. W. BAILEY.

Tyler College, Tyler, Texas.

The largest school building, the largest commercial school in Texas, the largest shorthand school in the South. A system of book-keeping of actual business from start to finish—no "red tape" or theory work. Students are constantly engaged in face-to-face transactions. Our motto is, "learn to do by doing." Of the many graduates we have turned out of the commercial department we have never had one fail to hold a position and to do his work well.

The famous Byrne shorthand taught here by its author in 7 to 12 weeks with a speed of 150 words a minute, or no charge for the course, at half the time and cost and one and one-half times the speed of other systems of shorthand in other schools.

Our graduates hold the world's record. Positions secured for students.

The above facts show in part why in a little over two years we have grown to be the largest commercial school in the South. Our present enrollment in book-keeping is 186 and in shorthand, 210.

If you doubt our ability to make good our claims, do not pay us one cent, but deposit your money in the bank until we have done so, or if upon arriving you find that we do not do as we advertise, we will pay your car fare both ways and your expenses while here investigating. Are these not

fair business propositions? Write for free catalogue and state what course you want.

TYLER COLLEGE,
Tyler, Texas.

INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Against Putting Prohibition Into Effect in Leon County.

Centerville, Texas, July 15.—William Watson has just returned from a trip to Huntsville and Palestine, where he has been trying for a writ of injunction in favor of T. S. Wilson in a contest of the prohibition election recently held in Leon county. J. M. Smither of this district refused the writ but it was granted by Judge Gooch of Palestine.

The anti-claim the commissioners' court counted them out in refusing to receive and estimate in the result about seventy ballots with the words "Against Prohibition" instead of the statutory words "Against Prohibition" on them, while the pros claim that a large number of persons who were not legal voters were allowed to participate in some boxes and that even if the ballots above referred to were legal ballots still the result was for prohibition. The contest will be a hot one and will cost the contestants a great deal of money in court costs.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 25 cents.

One on the Chaplain.

A chaplain in one of the regiments in Cuba had been a watchmaker, so when he joined the regiment he brought a consignment of second-hand watches, that he disposed of at good prices, although they did not give satisfaction. One Sunday morning he announced that he was going to preach a sermon entitled "Fools," which caused many a smile to wander over the faces of his soldier-congregation. During the afternoon he made a short cut down a company street in time to hear a soldier inside of a tent ask his comrade: "Say, Bill, are you going up to hear the preachin' chap tonight?"

"Huh, why should I go up? I didn't buy any of his watches!" was the reply.

The Czar's Principal Defect.

Robert Ledyard, an Englishman now traveling in this country, is well posted on Russian affairs. He says the czar is known to be a man of most extraordinary mental caliber, the worst defect in his character being a want of resolution. It is no secret in Europe that Nicholas is ruler in name only, his ministers actually governing the vast empire. How poorly they manage is shown in their treatment of Finland, the people of which country, though docile, good tempered and industrious, have been driven by oppression into immigrating to this country by thousands.

When to Start.

Major James B. Bond, of world-wide repute as a pilot of celebrities of the concert stage and the "lyceum," tells of a waiter, a Scotsman, of whom he once inquired the exact time to leave to catch the morning boat.

"Well, I canna' tell ye jist whit time 'twill be; but, if ye'll leave five minutes afore ye see the steamer comin' roon the p'int, ye'll jist be in time to catch it, sir."

Didn't Notice Improvement.

Senator Lewew was riding to the hotel on an F street car when a very fat lady, who sat next to him, asked him some question about Washington, and their apologized for being deaf. "Why don't you try electricity?" sympathetically suggested the senator. "Well," said the lady, "I was struck by lightning last summer, but I don't see that it did me any good."

The Serious-Minded Jap.

A Japanese review recently invited its readers to name those European authors whose works they more especially appreciated. The following has been the result of the referendum, the authors coming out of the voting in the following order: Darwin, Herbert Spencer, Schopenhauer, Goethe and Tolstol.

Might Have Been Cats and Dogs.

The Constantine (Algeria) correspondent of a French newspaper gravely states that in the course of a terrible cyclone at Bougie a shower of rats and mice fell over the district for the space of about a quarter of an hour, covering the fields.

Offended Her Dignity.

"No," said the red-haired woman at the real estate sale, with an air of injured dignity, "I would not take one of your old lots now if you would give it to me. All the other ladies have been driven around while I had to walk."

Phenyldimethylpyrazolone.

When your physician writes phenyldimethylpyrazolone on your prescription do not despair. Your case is not necessarily hopeless. The good man has simply used the correct scientific name for antipyrin.

Population of Alaska.

The last census gave Alaska a population of 40,000. The people were scattered so badly that it was impossible to count them, and it is likely that the number was much greater.

American Volcanoes.

North America is credited with twenty volcanoes, Central America with twenty-five and South America with thirty-seven. Many of these are upon islands.

Too Much Virtue.

If the average man were as good as he thinks other men ought to be it wouldn't be long until his vanity made him top-heavy.—New York Press.

The Big Store.

You and Your Friends are Invited to Come to Our
Midsummer Clearance Sale of Dress Goods

Our Dress Goods must be cleared out, for we do not believe in carrying such goods over to another season. You get tired seeing the same old things and they do not look fresh and attractive the second season; so we prefer selling them at greatly reduced prices.

If you come soon you can get very choice selections, but at these prices the prettiest patterns will go like hot cakes.

OUR DOORS ARE ALWAYS OPEN TO SIGHTSEERS.

All our Mousseline de Soie, in all colors, plain and embroidered, that have been 50c, 60c and 75c will go at 40c, 50c and 60c.

We have just four pieces of the popular St. Gall embroidered muslin that has been selling all the season at 35c, but we have marked it 22½c.

We have still a few pieces of figured lawn in neat, durable designs that have been 5c but now only 3½c.

All our Dotted Swiss muslins, in various beautiful patterns, that were 12½c to 25c, are now 10c to 20c.

A fine line of embroidered swisses, all colors and designs, former price 50 to 75c, now 35 to 50c.

A few lawn wrappers, stylishly made, ruffles around shoulders and at bottom, trimmed with braid, colors blue, lavender and grey, were \$1.25 and \$1.50, now 75c and \$1.00.

See our display of embroidery, short lengths and remnants. Some in bolts of 6½ yards, at 30c to \$1.50 a bolt.

Premiums.

We have just opened a big lot of very attractive articles that we give as premiums. We give you a 5c coupon for every dollar you spend in our dry goods department.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

EAST TEXAS GINNING AND MILLING CO.,

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Incorporated under the laws of Texas with paid

CAPITAL OF \$25,000.00.

We are prepared to gin 200 bales of cotton per day. No waiting. No stopping over night. We gin a bale in every eight minutes, and have ample storage with suction unloading apparatus. We guarantee to take out the sand and dust and pack your cotton in the standard uniform square bale. Have bought the latest improved huller gins which take out the sticks, trash and dirt, thereby making a high-grade sample which is sought by spinner buyers. We have the latest and best equipped gin outfit in East Texas and solicit patronage of the farmers, guaranteeing moderate charges. Courteous business-like fair treatment to all. Your cotton will bring from one-fourth to one-half cent per pound more if you will let us gin it.

I. A. DANIEL,
 A. H. WOOTTERS, } Directors.
 T. P. SELF,

THOS. SELF, President,
 D. M. CRADDOCK, Sec. and Treas.

DR. JOHN GARY KILLED. Shot to Death While on His Way to Attend a Wounded Man.

News reached Crockett last Thursday morning of the killing of Dr. John Gary at Groveton Wednesday night, also of the wounding of James Williams, who formerly conducted a barbering business here. Dr. Gary had been sent for to dress Williams' wound and on his way was shot to death as was also the man who went after him. The facts in the case as we learned them are as follows: About 12 o'clock at night some parties were discovered taking chickens from the fowl yard of a hotel. A drummer in the hotel, to scare them off, fired off his pistol. The parties on the outside returned the shot and James Williams, the barber, who was boarding at the hotel, thought the town was on fire and went to his window to look out. He was shot

through the arm. Another boarder at the hotel, a printer named Eagle, went after Dr. Gary to dress Williams' wound. As Eagle was returning with the doctor they were fired on and both killed. On approaching the parties doing the shooting, Dr. Gary was so confident that they would not harm him that he said: "Boys, you know me; this is Dr. Gary." Their reply was a murderous volley from their guns. Both Dr. Gary and Eagle received a load of buckshot each in their breasts at close range. The doctor knew the parties had nothing against him, which fact gave him over-assurance that they would not harm him, but his confidence was misplaced. It is not known that any one in Groveton had any anything against Dr. Gary. The parties doing the double killing left town or hid out. Warrants were issued for the arrest of three men, but they have not yet been apprehended. One of the parties stands charged with the killing of another

man some time back. This is a most deplorable affair.

The remains of Dr. Gary were brought to Crockett Thursday evening for interment. The funeral occurred Friday morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of Judge A. A. Aldrich, conducted by the Knights of Pythias order. The deceased had many friends here and was well and favorably known over the state. He was born and raised in this county. The funeral was largely attended. Those attending from Groveton were Messrs. John Collins, J. Friedman, S. M. Evans and W. L. Dawson and Mr. George Barnett from Beaumont and Dr. S. J. Collins from Lovelady.

REQUISITION HONORED.

Skyles, Alleged Bigamist, Will Be Taken Back to Missis- sippi.

Austin, Texas, July 23.—Sheriff W. C. Nailand, of Claiborne county, Miss., this afternoon secured requisition papers from the governor for the extradition of Rev. John Dortch, alias Jean Skyles, alias S. P. Sperry, now in jail at San Antonio and wanted in Claiborne, Miss., to answer to a charge of bigamy. Dortch was arrested at the instance of Sheriff Nailand at San Antonio last Monday and held awaiting the arrival of the officer.

Dortch has a varied career in the matrimonial line. His present wife is said to be his fifth, and he is only 33 years of age. In Mississippi he was the pastor of four Camellite churches of that place, where he met and married his present wife.

Sheriff Nailand stated to the correspondent that Dortch had

four living wives, two in the State of Washington and two in Arkansas. Dortch was married to his last wife on June 24, 1902. They came to Dallas on a visit and he was recognized there by another preacher who knew of his other wives. This information was communicated to a relative of his last wife and an investigation followed. This was last Friday. Dortch immediately left and was arrested at San Antonio. His last wife is with him at San Antonio.

Got 'Em.

Austin, Texas, July 21.—The agricultural clerk of the insurance department received the following letter today from Buffalo, Texas: "I have a large field of cotton and the boll worms are eating it up. I want to know how to destroy them. I am not the only one that has got them at this place."

CHARLES W. WALKER."

The Following Article is Tak- en From the "Chicago 400," May, 1902.

"As far as the International & Great Northern of Texas, it surprises every one visiting the state with its splendid physical condition and the exceptional excellence of its train service—the finest, not only in Texas, but surpassing that of many of the most pretentious Northern roads. I do not recall another railroad in the United States whose day coaches equal those of the I. & G. N., not even the Chicago-New York lines. They are high, spacious, rich, light and beautifully equipped, including toilet and lavatory service that one might expect to find only in parlor cars, where seat fare is charged. The I. & G. N. builds its own coaches at the Palestine shops, and in so far as possible, uses only

Texas materials. The day coaches of which I speak are chair cars, elegant and comfortable, steam-heated, electric lighted, with flush vestibules, wide plate-glass windows and carpeted aisles. On many of the Northern roads they would be satisfactory as extra fare parlor cars. The I. & G. N. has set the highest American standard of service in their adoption. The International & Great Northern advertises 'The Fastest Trains in the South' and verifies the assertion with the largest and fleetest twentieth century type of locomotives in the State."

A Summer Trip Unsurpassed.

The trip to Salt Lake City or to the Pacific coast via that point over the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western is the most beautiful in America. No European trip of equal length can compare with it in grandeur of scenery or wealth of novel interest. Then Salt Lake City itself is a most quaint and picturesque place and well worth the journey. Its Mormon temple, tabernacle, tithing office and church institutions; its hot sulphur springs within the city limits; its delightful temperature, sunny climate and its Great Salt Lake—deader and denser than the Dead Sea in Palestine—are but a few features of Salt Lake City's countless attractions. There are parks, drives, canons and beautiful outlying mountain and lake resorts. Imagine, if you can, a bath in salt water a mile above sea level and in water in which the human body cannot sink. Inquire of your nearest ticket agent for low tourist rates to Salt Lake City, or write for information and copy of Salt Lake City, the City of the Saints," to S. K. Hooper, general passenger agent, Denver, Colo.

We Can't Tell a Lie

When we say there is no shaking of bottles, no licking of spoons, no wry faces when Cheatham's Laxative Chill Tablets are used. 25 cts. No cure—no pay.

Sure Cure

Any lack of iron in the blood shows in the face. Pallor is the sign. Pallor also means much more; it means a starved nervous system, a debilitated condition of the vital organs, poor circulation and impaired digestion. The nerves, the muscles, and all the organs of your body get their energy and all the materials for their repair from the blood. Pallor shows that all these are losing vitality. Not a day should be lost in restoring the richness and purity of the blood. Get iron—get it by taking the kind of iron your blood requires. The iron in Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is the perfect kind. It goes from your stomach directly into the blood without any change. An hour after you take it, it has become part of your blood and is doing good.

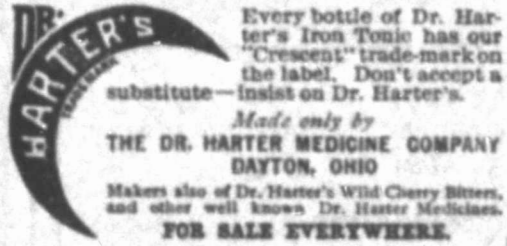
Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic

builds up the nerve and muscular tissue, aids your digestion, enables you to get the good of the food you eat, and makes you well from head to foot. It is a sure cure for all afflictions resulting from impure blood, such as scrofula, pimples, blotches, kidney disorders, rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, female weakness, etc. Endorsed by eminent physicians for nearly fifty years.

The following is one of thousands of similar testimonials we have received, convincing evidence that Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic does all that is claimed for it:

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 12, 1902.
"Our family has used Dr. Harter's Medicines for years, and I think Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is the best medicine I have ever taken."
Mrs. E. McQueen-Carter,
633 South Hill Street.

65,000 guarantee that above testimonial is genuine.



The Wiregrass Blade man sums up the situation as follows: "The editor works to keep from, while the doctor works to keep off, the gout. The editor helps men to live better and the doctor assists them to die easy. The doctor pulls a sick man's leg, the editor is glad if he can collect his bill at all. Revenue only? We are living for fun and to spite the doctor."—Atlanta Constitution.

Christians Were Scarce.
Rev. Dr. Evans, an Episcopal clergyman in Middletown, N. Y., when he began his rectorship there some years ago was told by a discouraged Presbyterian divine that he did not believe there were 300 Christians in all Middletown. "Not so many; not so many," said Dr. Evans. "I've got in my church all there are, and they do not number three hundred yet."

New Religious History.
A schoolboy at a prize examination furnished the following biography of the patriarch Abraham: "He was the father of Lot and had two wives. One was called Ishmale and the other Hagar. He kept one at home and he turned the other into the desert, where she became a pillar of salt in the daytime and a pillar of fire by night."



Mrs. Laura S. Webb,
Vice-President Woman's Democratic Clubs of Northern Ohio.
"I dreaded the change of life which was fast approaching. I noticed Wine of Cardui, and decided to try a bottle. I experienced some relief the first month, so I kept on taking it for three months and now I menstruate with no pain and I shall take it off and on now until I have passed the climax."
Female weakness, disordered menses, falling of the womb and ovarian troubles do not wear off. They follow a woman to the change of life. Do not wait but take Wine of Cardui now and avoid the trouble. Wine of Cardui never fails to benefit a suffering woman of any age. Wine of Cardui relieved Mrs. Webb when she was in danger. When you come to the change of life Mrs. Webb's letter will mean more to you than it does now. But you may now avoid the suffering she endured. Druggists sell \$1 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

The Lost Title.

BY GEROME CHAMBERS.
(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

This story was suggested by the picture of Christ's head, after the legend of St. Veronica, painted by Gabriel Max. It was an old house, and lonely. The Thief shivered and drew nearer the fire. He had never before realized how oppressive silence could become. Clearly his nerves were not in the best of order. Now he paced the floor restlessly, his head sunken upon his breast. He noticed that his shadow followed him, huge and black; and he sat down again in the chair.

If he had ever dreamed that the possession of this house, and its comforts, would have changed him from a careless, comparatively contented man, to a careworn, restless, unhappy wretch, he told himself, he would sooner have cut off his right hand than to have secured it as he did. But then, he thought, it was too late now for vain regrets. The deed was done, and he must suffer the consequences.

His was not a strong character. He loved ease, his bodily comforts and mental dissipations. He had always wished to live comfortably, without any exertion of his own body or mind. But back in his selfish soul, hidden among the baser traits, was a slowly awakening conscience.

As he sat here in his arm chair he seemed to be struggling along a country road against a storm; though he heard the crackling of flames, what he seemed to hear was the suck and splash of flying hoofs; though he looked at red brick and a dying fire, he saw, as in a dream, a rider loom out of the darkness; saw him lean over and strike the horse and, as he dashed on into the night, a fluttering white something that fell from his pocket into the mud. Then the Thief saw himself pick it up. It was a folded document, bearing a seal; he took it to his little room and opened it with trembling fingers. It was his sister's will. There was an inner seal, but this, like the outer one, was not sealed nor stamped. Wax had merely been dropped on each side of the fold, and left to harden. When it was necessary to seal it the wax would be reheated, and the edges drawn together and stamped. She had always fixed her letters that way.

He hastened to read it, casting his eyes at once to the bottom. It had not been witnessed, though her signature was there. But as he looked rapidly over the paper, his heart sank again. There, down at the very edge, were two names faintly written, and evidently signed in great haste. He knew the witnesses and felt sure that they had not read the contents.

No matter, oral testimony alone could not take the property away from him. Everything was left to her cousins, her only other relatives. Well, it was right perhaps, for there were five children, and they needed it, and he had always been a black sheep—he had not deserved it, but he got it, nevertheless, for his heart was black within him, and no one saw the will but himself.

The messenger who had taken it to town to see if it had been properly drawn up and attested, told his story, but though the road was searched the will was not found, and the Thief, being next in line, took the house and property.

The Thief stirred and sat up with a great sigh. His memories were over. They had not been pleasant. His glance idly followed his shadow upon the floor. Part of the hearth-rug was in deep shadow and part brought out into bold relief by bands of yellow light. As his eyes fastened there and held, he saw the light move. Little by little it crept over the floor, and he watched its slow advance, fascinated.

His eyes moved with the ray of light, slowly tracing the pattern. They



He sat down again in the chair.

halted unfamiliarly on the frame of a picture and then passed on. The moon had passed out from behind the clouds. There before him, on the wall, hung the head of Christ. His dull heart beat faster as he gazed

white brow, and the traces of a tender mouth, almost hidden by the curling beard. The eyes were closed. He felt that he had never seen the picture before.

God! The large lids opened and great glorious, burning black eyes looked into his and through them, into his soul. They searched him, the wistful, reproachful gaze finding his very heart. His breath came hard, his ring cut into his finger—but he did not know it. He was not aware that the fire was out, that the room was dark, save for the moonbeams—that it was cold, and that he sat there gripping his chair, totally unconscious of all but those eyes, and that look!

For the first time in his mistaken life he was compelled to think, with a perfect conception of his faults and crimes. He was dragged out of himself, his soul was turned inside out. The stress was more than mortal could bear. Staggering from his chair, he stood with outstretched arms, half in, half out of the moonlight.

"Oh, God," he gasped, "what have I done?"

The eyes still burned into his soul—awfully, insistently.

As he stood there, racked in mind and soul, it seemed to him that his deeds passed before him in review.

He saw how the Beast of Greed had broken down the barriers of virtue, how it had secured him with chains, link by link, until now he was bound hand and foot; he saw with his soul's eye the image of the Beast gloating over him, yes, even fattening on his heart's blood. Should he break the chain? Then, with a diabolical swiftness and a seeming knowing skill of their own, other thoughts filled his mind. He thought of the ease he could enjoy, the open house he could keep, the elegant furnishings, the fine dinners, the sense of ease and elegance he would have, and of a beautiful woman who, perhaps, would



He dragged a table into the moonlight and wrote.

some day sit at his side, before this very fire with him.

As these thoughts filled his brain his heart was tortured and wrenched by the sight of those eyes, which now, after a momentary dulling of their keenness, seemed to burn into his soul, until they seemed to grow and come nearer, to scorch him with their scorn. Frenzied, he stood for a moment, swaying a little, his hands clapping and unclapping. His mouth carved down, and deep lines furrowed the corners, as, in a half choked, hissing tone that seemed to come from the deepest cell in his lungs, he gasped: "Ah! You would tempt me! Those hell-born thoughts which seem to steal my very soul, came from you, 'Beast.'"

Then he turned and dragged a table into the moonlight, and with shaking fingers wrote:

Arthur D. Motley, Attorney: Sir—The missing will is found. The Stones have all. Come to me for Christ's sake.
HARLAND.

He sealed it hastily and directed it. Then stealthily, fearfully, he twisted his head back without moving his body. Slowly, forced on by his will, his eyes turned until—ah!

He fell back in his chair trembling, a great wave of revulsion sweeping over him. The eyes were closed.

The New Ireland.

The nineteenth century was, so far as Ireland is concerned, one of the saddest and most barren in all her sorrowful history. At its dawn Ireland was Irish; at its close on English-speaking West Britain for the most part. During the past half century Ireland mourns the loss of over four millions of her population, and worse than all, in those left she laments the loss of national life and spirit involved in the loss of the national language. But even yet all is not lost, for out of the darkness of the late age was born new hope and new life, and to-day the gladdening spectacle is witnessed of a whole nation waking up from what some have called a spellbound sleep, and, with a vigor and enthusiasm that gives an earnest hope of success, beginning its march toward the promised land—New Ireland.—The Gael.

Before the Leave Taking.

BY Z. A. HOWRY.
(Copyright, 1902, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The season at the national capital was at its height; the whirl of fashion was in the air, and it seemed the social question would if possible absorb the political one. K. street was crowded, for it was "Cabinet Day," and two members of the President's official family resided there within a square of each other.

"Some people just think they are enjoying themselves," Richard Stacy exclaimed, indicating with his cane the stream of callers pouring into the Secretary's door.

"They are not after pleasure," Harvey Johnston replied, smiling, "they are following the band."

The two men had walked into the street together and stood in front of Johnston's home watching the scene.

Oh, vanity of vanities.
How wayward the decrees of fate are;
How very weak the very wise,
How very small the very great are.

Stacy quoted—following his friend into the house.

They left their top coats in the hall and went directly to the library. The low book cases lining the walls were filled with handsome volumes, some of them rare and difficult to obtain, and the center table was covered with magazines and journals, scientific and political. A bronze head of Minerva held the letters and loose papers on the desk in place.

Stacy seated himself in an easy chair and appropriated a foot stool. "Thoughts are battling with each other for a channel of utterance in this room," he said, glancing up at the busts of statesmen standing guard over the books, "no wonder your editorials are a surprise to your friends!"

Harvey was amused. "But my valiant effusions are launched from the office down town."

"Nonsense," the army officer persisted, "I do not care where they are written they are inspired in this room, I believe in this chair."

Johnston was looking for a box of cigars.

"I thought these could not be lost," he said, placing the Havanas before his guest.

It was growing dark, and the fire had become the significant light in the library. Clouds of smoke curled lazily above their heads.

"I wish you would not leave Washington to-night. I want you to go to the Warrens' with me, they made quite a point of your coming," Johnston said.

At first Stacy way back in his chair seemed too comfortable to reply, then he leaned forward. "It is out of the question, old man, I claim a social furlough when away from home."

"Tell me, Dick," the editor watched the rings of blue vapor as he spoke, "were you ever hard hit?"

"If I understand you, no."

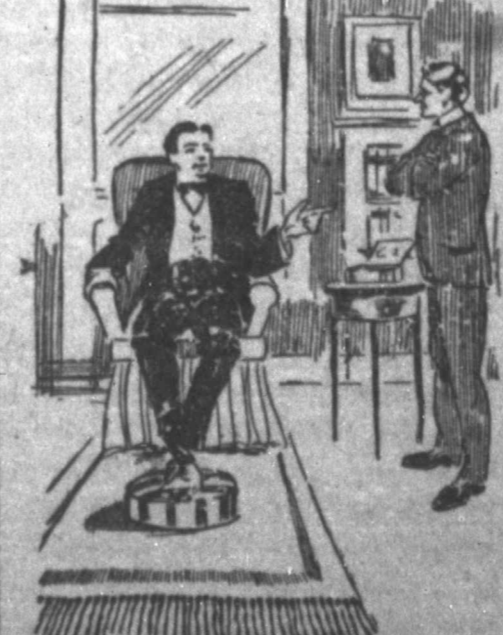
But the question aroused his interest. "Harvey," he continued, "do you remember a picture that hangs in my room to the right as you enter?"

Johnston nodded, a look of genuine amusement showing in his eyes.

"It was copied from a rough drawing I made in war times," Stacy left his seat, and stood with his back to the fire. "To-day I thought I saw that face again; it was somewhat older and very much sadder. I was going to the Navy Department to see McNairy and passed her as I crossed the Avenue from Lafayette Square."

The servant came in to light the gas. Many carriages rolled by outside, announcing the fact that the Secretary's home for the present had lost its importance as the gathering place of fashion.

Harvey watched his friend with increasing interest. "I shall induce you to remain over another day," he decided mentally, "upon the chance of meeting this love of long ago, and



Stacy seated himself in an easy chair, take you with me to the Warrens' to-night."

When Stacy was presented to Miss Clarke of Tennessee that evening, he was conscious of a sudden exhilaration.

"Of Tennessee?" he repeated. The notes of low music filled the house, palms waved their graceful fronds from niches and archways, and brilliant women, and what is better,

beautiful ones, moved from room to room.

"A good many years ago," Stacy said, "I was much interested in a family named Gray; they lived twelve or fifteen miles from Memphis. The old gentleman's four sons," he went on reminiscently, "were in the Confederate army, but he dispensed a lordly hospitality, and later when an order was issued to destroy his fine ancestral home we were able to prevent its execution."

Isabel Clarke smiled brilliantly.

"The Grays are my dear friends," she exclaimed, "and I have often heard them tell of the time when Jean Prentiss dropped on her knees before the handsome young officer, and pleaded so eloquently with him that he revoked the order to burn her guardian's home." She glanced up into Col. Stacy's face. "I conclude you are the man!"

He bowed his head in assent. "Tell me," he said earnestly, "what has become of the Grays, of Miss Prentiss? He had not known before the young girl's name."

"The old people are dead, the daughter, Lucy Gray, is married, the family is scattered and the homestead sold."

"And Miss Prentiss?"

"Jean is here, in Washington, visiting the family of the member of Congress from our district."

He bent eagerly toward her. "Would you object to giving me her address?" She gave it to him, and he left the Warrens' that night thinking that at times it is well to follow the lead of an editor.

Below in the library Stacy was hav-



"I've found her!" he exclaimed, bursting into Harvey's sanctum.

It was not a sound but an impression that made him turn his head; a lady stood in the doorway for a moment, then moved slowly across the space dividing them. The eyes he well remembered were looking again into his own.

"My apology for coming, Miss Prentiss," he said, "is that I am a man with a memory."

"And I, too, have not forgotten, Col. Stacy," and she extended her hand cordially to him.

"I have found her," he exclaimed an hour later, bursting into Harvey's sanctum, "and she is all I thought or hoped her to be!"

"I have been thinking of the old times since I saw you," Jean Prentiss said to Stacy.

She was very beautiful, her eyes sparkled like sunlight on a jewel, and her laugh was as spontaneous and merry as when she made the brightness of Gray farm.

"I, too, have been retrospectively," he replied, "and there is one scene that will never leave my memory." He drew a yellow paper from his pocket and spread it before her. "This has been my talisman since I first saw you."

Jean's color heightened as she bent over it; she saw a kneeling figure, a fair-girlish face uplifted in supplication, and great wondrous eyes that looked an appeal, that carried a command. Below she read:

"A face to lose youth for,
To occupy age with the dream of,
To meet death with—"

"I could not be so impressive now," she said, gazing sadly at her other self. "This was the audacity of youth that had confronted no failure."

That night she wrote to Lucy Gray Claire:

"I am coming home to be married; all the happiness of my life except this last has been shared with your people and I want to associate them now in this new era in my life." As a postscript she added: "Col. Stacy says that Isabel Clarke must be one of the wedding guests."

Ping: "Are Mrs. De Styles' entertainments very exclusive?"

Pong: "Well, I should say so; she has just made application to have the conversation of her guests copyrighted."

PLATFORM OF 1902.

Date Fixed for Uniform Primaries—Demand to Deal Generously With State Institutions.

The following is the platform adopted by the Galveston convention last week:

To the Hon. W. P. McLean, chairman of the Democratic State Convention: Your committee on platform and resolutions respectfully report for the consideration of the convention the following platform:

1. The Democrats of Texas in convention assembled declare their faith in the principles of the party as set forth in the Kansas City platform, and we believe that with Democratic success in 1904, the dangers of imperialism, centralization, trusts, monopolies, mergers and other combines harmful to our people, unjust taxation and kindred evils would no longer confront our country.

2. We commend our Senators and Representatives in Congress for their efforts in behalf of tariff reform, of a canal connecting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people, the securing of appropriations for the improvement of our harbors and waterways, of an additional federal judicial district for the Southern district of our State, the enlargement of old and the building of new commodious public buildings for federal purposes, an appropriation of a fund for the investigation and extermination of the boll weevil, and we appreciate especially their endeavors in behalf of universal liberty, their antagonism of trusts and monopolies, and urge them to vigorously oppose every attempt to establish a branch banking system and the issuance of asset currency, which would build up a money trust of the widest and most pernicious character.

3. Four years ago the Democracy of Texas promised to our people economical government wisely administered. How well this promise has been kept by Governor Sayers and his associates is now a matter of history and the splendid condition of each department and institution throughout Texas bears witness to their patriotism, ability and devotion to duty. Taxes have been reduced, the terms of our public schools have been lengthened, and the work of the several departments has been broadened and the eleemosynary institutions enlarged so that the jails are emptied of the insane and room has been made in the other institutions for the care of all those whom the State has made its charge. We are justly proud that while ours is the banner State and that while our party has been for nearly half a century practically without opposition, yet no form of corruption has been fostered and no stigma cast upon the character and patriotism of any nominee made by our State organization.

4. We favor proper legislation regarding the improvement of our county roads and we demand that the legislature pass laws under which a comprehensive system of public roads may be had at the smallest expense to the people.

5. We favor the enactment of laws providing for the employment, as far as practicable, of short-time State convicts on the public roads in counties making suitable provisions therefor, and the employment of State penitentiary convict labor on work not in competition with free labor as far as practicable, and that such

prisoners be employed in the walls of the penitentiary and on farms operated by the State on its own account.

6. We favor the continuance of our present policy regarding our eleemosynary institutions so that they may continue to provide for all of the helpless wards of our State.

7. We favor the substantial reenactment by the next Legislature of the present uniform text book law, which will expire by its own terms in 1903, with such provisions as will present unnecessary changes in the text books now in the hands of the children attending the public schools.

8. Recognizing public intelligence as the best safeguard of social order and considering the present prosperity and increasing wealth of our State, we make special demand upon the Twenty-eight Legislature to deal generously with all State educational institutions, the university, the Agricultural and Mechanical College, the Girls' Industrial School and the several normal schools, including the Prairie View Normal and Industrial School for Colored Youth; and generally to promote the cause of education in Texas to the end that its institutions of learning may rank with the best in the land. We commend the course of the last Legislature in making adequate appropriation from the general revenue for the maintenance and support of the university, thereby enabling the Board of Regents to utilize from its available funds the money required for the erection of necessary buildings and purchase of grounds.

We declare it to be the fixed policy of the Democratic party to take our public schools and other institutions of learning out of politics and we therefore reiterate the demand of the Democratic platform of 1900 for the submission of a constitutional amendment making the appointment of the trustees of our schools, colleges and university for terms of two, four, six and eight years.

9. We request the Legislature to provide for the establishment of a textile school as a department of industrial education in the Agricultural and Mechanical College.

10. We favor a broad and enlightened policy toward capital and corporations doing business within our State and toward those desiring to enter our State for the purpose of developing its great natural resources, and for the protection of such, as well as for the protection of all our people without regard to condition, we declare our opposition to trusts, mergers and other combines for the restriction of trade, and demand that the next Legislature shall pass a law or amend our present laws so that it will be impossible for such corporations to do business in Texas.

11. We favor the passage of a well considered riparian law in order that the rice and other great industries of our State may be fostered and the rights of our people along such canals and waterways may be properly safeguarded.

12. We favor the submission of a constitutional amendment authorizing the charter of State banks of discount and deposit under restrictions and regulations for the protection of stockholders and depositors, similar to those governing national banks.

13. We recommend that the Legislature pass such laws for the protection of children of tender years from overwork in factories or other places in this State, where such children may be em-

ployed, as may in its wisdom be deemed necessary.

14. We most heartily indorse and approve the purpose and labors of the Texas World's Fair Commission appointed by Governor Sayers to provide for a proper and adequate display illustrative of the wonderful resources of Texas, at the great Louisiana Purchase Exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1904. We believe that such an exhibit is demanded by the exigencies of the State and will promote its progress and confer unmeasured benefits upon its people.

15. We recommend that the Legislature shall pass such laws as in its judgment would prevent the evils of the issuance of free passes by railroad companies.

16. While we do not believe in life tenure in office, yet we recognize the value of training and experience, and consequently we declare that the dismissal of subordinates without cause, especially to make room for relatives or political adherents, is detrimental to the public service and contrary to sound public policy and recommend legislation for the correction of such evils.

17. We demand the passage of a law which will regulate our primaries for the nomination of national, State and district officials so that such nominations shall be invalid if not held on the same day in every county in our State, and recommend all necessary amendments to our present laws that may be necessary to protect the fairness and purity of such primary elections or primary conventions and proper punishment for illegal voting or corrupt practices.

18. We unqualifiedly advocate and declare for uniform primaries to be held throughout the State for the nomination of State and district officers; the counties to hold same by primary elections or primary conventions as they prefer, provided they are held upon the same day.

To secure this result, we hereby instruct the State Democratic Executive Committee to call said primaries for the next general election upon the second Saturday in July, A. D. 1904, and in making the call for the State convention following said primaries, the chairman of the State Executive Committee shall enforce this provision.

19. We indorse and applaud the action of the last Legislature in remitting taxes due the State from the county of Galveston and favor the further remission of said taxes for an additional period of 15 years to the end that Texas may do her part in the upbuilding of a great seaport so that our agricultural, live stock, manufacturing and other products may have an outlet to the sea which will save them many millions of dollars annually; and therefore justice may be done a brave and patriotic people. We instruct the Democratic members of the next Legislature to pass a law permitting the people of Galveston to use for the filling and grading of the city of Galveston, so far as the same may go, all the State taxes of the county of Galveston for an additional period of 15 years except such portions of said taxes as may be otherwise appropriated by the Constitution.

20. We believe that a platform pledge is a covenant with the people, and, therefore, we declare it to be the highest duty of every Democratic nominee to earnestly support and to urge the fulfillment of each promise set forth herein.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) ROBERT A. JOHN,
Chairman Committee on Platform and Resolutions.

Tours in the Rocky Mountains.

A mountain tourist in search of grand and beautiful scenery finds an embarrassment of riches in Colorado and Utah, but if the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western railroads are borne in mind when planning a trip there is little chance of making a mistake or meeting with disappointment.

This is the only route having two distinct lines through the Rocky mountains, thus affording the tourist the advantage of going via one line and returning via the other. In this manner the trip from Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo to Grand Junction may be made via the main line, through the Royal Gorge, Leadville, over Tennessee Pass, through Eagle River Canon, Canon of the Grand River and Glenwood Springs, returning via the Black Canon of the Gunnison and Marshall Pass, or vice versa, all through tickets being available via either route. Tourists to and from Salt Lake City, Ogden, Portland or San Francisco, will find it to their advantage to have their tickets read in both directions via "The Scenic Lane of the World" and "The Great Salt Lake Route," thus securing the privilege of using one of the above lines going and the other returning.

The above covers in a general way the trans-continental portion of the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western, but it must be remembered that this is but a part of the entire system. For instance, the line from Pueblo, over beautiful La Veta Pass, via the magnificent Toltec Gorge to Durango, and through the picturesque Animas Canon to Silverton, affords one of the grandest trips on the continent. This, in connection with the Silverton railroad and the Ouray stage line, or with the Rio Grande Southern Railroad from Durango to Ridgeway, forms the celebrated "Around the Circle" trip, the remainder of the journey being made eastward over the Denver & Rio Grande.

There are also many smaller side-trips that can be made through this beautiful region. Write S. K. Hooper, G. P. & T. A., Denver, Colo., for illustrated descriptive pamphlets.

I. & G. N. Excursion Rates and Arrangements.

Nashville, Tenn.—Peabody Summer School. One fare round trip. Sell tickets June 12, 13, 14, 27, 28 and 29, and July 3, 4, 5. Limit August 2, with extension privileges September 30th.

Knoxville, Tennessee—Summer Schools. One fare round trip. Sell tickets June 15, 16, 17, 27, 28, 29 and July 10, 11 and 12. Limit August 15.

Marlin, Tex.—The Great Health Resort. Low excursion rates. Tickets on sale every day in the year. Limit 60 days from date of sale.

Monteagle, Tennessee—Assembly Bible School. One fare round trip. Sell tickets June 30, July 1, 2, 22, 23 and 26. Limit August 30.

Birmingham, Alabama—National Convention Colored Baptists. One fare round trip. Sell tickets September 14 and 15. Limit September 27.

For complete information call on I. & G. N. ticket agents, or address,

D. J. PRICE, G. P. & T. A.,
Palestine, Texas.

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When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.

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Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 25 cents.

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need not become a fixture upon your body. If they do it is your fault, for

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will thoroughly, quickly and permanently cure these afflictions. There is no guess work about it; if this liniment is used a cure will follow.

YOU DON'T KNOW how quickly a burn or scald can be cured until you have treated it with Mexican Mustang Liniment. As a flesh healer it stands at the very top.

HOLLOWAY & GREB, Meat Market.

OYSTERS AND FISH. BEST BEEF. East Side Public Square, Crockett, Texas.

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Beginning July 1st, we shall have two thru trains to Colorado each day.

One will leave Fort Worth at 9:45 a. m., the other at 11:10 p. m., after the arrival of all evening connections.

For guests who wish to retire early, a sleeping-car will be ready each evening at 9 o'clock.

Both trains will run thru to Denver. Each will carry thru coaches and sleeping-cars, and meals will be served, en route, in cafe dining-cars.

Tho this doubles the thru train service to Colorado from this territory, there is still "ONLY ONE ROAD" which has any at all. We have also the only direct Colorado line; make the best time, and haul very nearly everybody who goes. And, using our line, "YOU DON'T HAVE TO APOLOGIZE," you know.

"THE DENVER ROAD"

Passenger Department. Fort Worth, Texas.

N. B.—The rate, from all Texas points, is one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, good, returning, till October 31st, on sale all summer, every day. Tickets routed over our line have more stop-over privileges than any other road can offer, too.

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Superior Passenger Service.

Magnificent Equipment.

International & Great Northern.

SEE OUR AGENTS, OR WRITE

L. TRICE,
2nd Vice Pres. & Gen. Mgr.

D. J. PRICE,
Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

The Following Article is Taken From the "Chicago 400," May, 1902.

"As for the International & Great Northern of Texas, it surprises every one visiting the state with its splendid physical condition and the exceptional excellence of its train service—the finest, not only in Texas, but surpassing that of many of the most pretentious Northern roads. I do not recall another railroad in the United States whose day coaches equal those of the I. & G. N., not even the Chicago-New York lines. They are high, spacious, rich, light and beautifully equipped, including toilet and lavatory service that one might expect to find only in parlor cars, where seat fare is charged. The I. & G. N. builds its own coaches at the Palestine shops, and in so far as possible, uses only Texas materials. The day coaches of which I speak are chair cars, elegant and comfortable, steam-heated, electric lighted, with flush vestibules, wide plate-glass windows and carpeted aisles. On many of the Northern roads they would be satisfactory as extra fare parlor cars. The I. & G. N. has set the highest American standard of service in their adoption. The International & Great Northern advertises 'The Fastest Trains in the South' and verifies the assertion with the largest and fleetest twentieth century type of locomotives in the State."

A Summer Trip Unsurpassed.

The trip to Salt Lake City or to the Pacific coast via that point over the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western is the most beautiful in America. No European trip of equal length can compare with it in grandeur of scenery or wealth of novel interest. Then Salt Lake City itself is a most quaint and picturesque place and well worth the journey. Its Mormon temple, tabernacle, tithing office and church institutions; its hot sulphur springs within the city limits; its delightful temperature, sunny climate and its Great Salt Lake—deader and denser than the Dead Sea in Palestine—are but a few features of Salt Lake City's countless attractions. There are parks, drives, canons and beautiful outlying mountain and lake resorts. Imagine, if you can, a bath in salt water a mile above sea level and in water in which the human body cannot sink. Inquire of your nearest ticket agent for low tourist rates to Salt Lake City, or write for information and copy of Salt Lake City, the City of the Saints, to S. K. Hooper, general passenger agent, Denver, Colo.

Summer complaints are usually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of ye scribe. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy reach of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer time.—Lansing, Iowa, Journal. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Cures Sciatica.

Rev. W. L. Riley, L. L. D., Cuba, New York, writes: "After fifteen years of excruciating pain from sciatic rheumatism, under various treatments, I was induced to try Ballard's Snow Liniment, the first application giving my first relief, and the second entire relief. I can give it unqualified recommendation. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at J. G. Haring's."

The Best Liniment for Strains.

Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. Y., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains. I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cure it effected." For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

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BY ANTI-PROHIBITIONISTS.

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Distinguished Speakers for the Day, Music, Plenty to Eat for All.

The Perfect Liver Medicine.

Mrs. M. A. Jolley, Noble, O. T., writes: "I have used Herbine for a number of years, and can cheerfully recommend it as the most perfect liver medicine, and the greatest blood purifier. It is a medicine of positive merit, and fully accomplishes all that is claimed for it." Malaria cannot find a lodgment in the system while the liver is in perfect order, for one of its functions is to prevent the absorption of fever producing poisons. Herbine is a most efficient liver regulator. 50c at J. G. Haring's.

The Boss Worm Medicine.

H. P. Kumpe, druggist, Leighton, Ala., writes: "One of my customers had a child which was sick, and threw up all food, could retain nothing on its stomach. He bought one bottle of White's Cream Vermifuge, and it brought up 119 worms from the child. It's the boss worm medicine in the world." White's Cream Vermifuge is also the children's tonic. It improves their digestion and assimilation of food, strengthens their nervous system and restores them to the health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. 25c at J. G. Haring's.

Repulsive Features.

Blackheads, pimples, greasy faces and muddy complexions, which are so common among women, especially girls at a certain age, destroying beauty, disfiguring and making repulsive, features which would otherwise appear attractive and refined, indicate that the liver is out of order. An occasional dose of Herbine will cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver and so establish a clear, healthy complexion. 50c at J. G. Haring's.

Aunt Lucindy

Always carries Hunt's Lightning Oil around with her, says it's fine for swellings, tooth-ache, colic, weak back and back-ache, cuts, burns, neuralgia, catarrh. Aunt Lucindy has sixty-nine grandchildren and ought to know what she is talking about.

We Can't Tell a Lie

When we say there is no shaking of bottles, no licking of spoons, no wry faces when Cheatham's Laxative Chill Tablets are used. 25 cts. No cure—no pay.

Grove's Black Root Liver Pills

Made from an active principle obtained from Black Root. They act on the liver equal to calomel and leave no bad after effects. No griping, no sick stomach. Will cure chronic constipation. Price 25 cents.

Swapping Lies

Is practiced, but don't swap off Hunt's Lightning Oil for a worthless article. Ask your druggist or merchant for a free sample bottle.

The Best Prescription for Malaria chills and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c.

PRODUCTIVENESS OF THE BANANA

It Democratizes the Natives of the Countries Where It Grows.

Not so many years ago the banana was a curious fruit, reserved for the table of the epicure; to-day it is the hardy perennial of the costermonger's barrow. But few whose cheap delicacy it is have probably ever thought that it could have much influence on national character. However, according to Sir H. Johnston, the idleness and vacuity of the lives of the natives who inhabit the fertile districts of the Uganda protectorate are directly encouraged by the banana, which requires scarcely any labor for its maintenance as a standing source of food supply. It propagates itself by throwing up shoot after shoot from the underground rhizome, which, as it were, grows horizontally, as do many of the allied plants of the same order, and most orchids. From one of these rhizomes you may break off an incipient shoot and re-plant it. This shoot rapidly develops into a fine, tall tree and bears one or more bunches of fruit.

Whilst this tree is flourishing above ground it is expanding horizontally below ground and forming a succession of fresh shoots. Each shoot grows up in turn, produces fruit, and eventually dies. Left to themselves, however, bananas seem to go on growing, shooting, dying, and sprouting up again eternally. Beyond the original labor of stocking a few banana plantations with fresh shoots the native has little further to do but to gather the fruit as it ripens.

We often charge our adversaries to the hard luck account, while the successes are owing to genius and undying perseverance.

Magnificent Rock Crystal.

One of the rock crystals in the world was cut in 1876 and was cut into a crystal ball for the late Governor of Massachusetts. It is the possession of the Boston Fine Arts Museum. The ball measures seven and one-fourth inches, but the original crystal from which it was cut was some eighteen inches high and twelve inches thick.

New Use for Colonial Products.

Here is something that may prove of benefit to public speakers. It's inexpensive and pleasant to take and is certainly worth a trial. The best lubricant for the joints of the throat is pineapple juice. It is said that people living in countries where the cone-shaped fruit is grown never suffer from bronchial affections.

What Our Ancestors Escaped.

Minnesota state chemists have upset a number of popular theories concerning the digestive values of certain foods. We cannot help speculating on how long Methuselah, Noah and those other patriarchs might have lived had they but enjoyed the enlightened wisdom of our sleepless scientists.

Remedy Was Simple.

An amusing story is told of a lady who had bought some new gas-burners with mantles. For a week or two the light was satisfactory; then it grew dim and dimmer until finally she sent for the gasfitter.

"It grows worse all the time," she explained.

"When was it put in?" asked the man.

"About a month ago."

"Ah, yes; I see."

Then he lifted the chimney off, took it out to the kitchen, washed it with soap and water, and the light burned as brightly as ever.

"Fifty cents," said the man.

Impudence.

(Copyright, 1923, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

A group of three—two girls and a cat. The halo of womanly daintiness surrounds them; a lace-trimmed handkerchief here, Cinderella slippers there; a high-plumed tiara on the table and the last worn dress across the chair.

One pair of black eyes looking out upon the world with a deep, winsome wonder—seeing visions and trying to blink away the shadows; one pair of blue eyes, practical, everyday, sympathetic; with a great jetty-black cat lying in the lap of the first, its golden-green orbs fixed restlessly on her face and her two hands clasped across its silky coat. The black eyes twinkle as they meet the blue.

"What do I see in your face?" questioned the blue-eyed girl, "something has happened, tell me?"

For answer the other placed tapering fingers at the parting of the lips and whispered.

"O—h! you mean Cousin Jimmie? Delightful! Charming!"

Sparks of fun and lighthearted happiness scintillate from the dark orbs while she tells such particulars as maidens delight to recount and to hear.

"There is only one possible objection," quoth Bluette, deprecatingly—"I am afraid—"

"Now, Imp," spoke the other quickly, "what are you arching your back about? Do you also think him too fine for your mistress? It is not kind to tell me so!"

Bluette recognized the limitation. "Imp is the most appropriate name I ever heard for a black cat," she skinned.

"Impudence" we used to call him when he was small and mischievous—now he has grown wise and dignified we shorten it."

At intervals Blue-eyes tried to resume the discussion of "Cousin Jimmie" and unconsciously to state the one objection to him—she was a good little soul—but Black-eyes had put up the bars and it was utterly impossible.

"Imp, she thinks I do not know!" This in confidence to the cat, the dimpling cheek buried in his soft black fur and happy little gurgling smiles bubbling up to the surface. "I am perfectly well aware that mamma and papa will never permit me to marry him, simply because he is poor, as Bluette wanted so much to tell me. But what does it matter? He is infinitely superior to all others and—oh—Imp-u-dence!"

True love took its usual course—over the rapids. The black eyes no longer scintillate fun, but sharp electric rays of discontent and defiance. The father looks morose whenever her lover's name is mentioned, and he mother imperiously scornful. What is a girl to do! The crisis became imminent when another lover appeared on the scene. "Everything heart could wish!" pronounced the mother, while the father looked as jolly over it as if he had sown a few dollars in speculation and reaped a gold mine. But the daughter—

The man was little—not much above her own shoulder—and fussy; agreeable, rather, or would be if she could refrain from comparing him with somebody else. Imp arched his back and looked suspicious and disdainful whenever he came into the room as if he were one of those tormenting little dogs which cats detest. Alas! who cares for the opinion of a cat—unless, perchance, it agree with his own! And what was the girl to do?

One would hardly have deemed Lettice Duvall a person easily dominated, noting the full, firm mouth and the head poised as if it already wore a crown. Nevertheless, the queen-mother still reigned. Whatever dress she suggested was worn; whatever engagement she wished, was made. Hitherto it had been a matter of no conse-



Began to rub his flustered fur against the legs of the table.

quence to Lettice. It cost nothing to be dutiful. Now it was a matter of vast consequence. What should a girl do?

Ably aided and abetted by the mother, the undesired lover had opportunities galore to advance his suit and he

was not slow to improve them; where he with whom Lettice had exchanged hearts was plainly given to understand his presence was not acceptable.

"Imp! Imp! Oh, Imp-u-dence!"

This time there was almost a wall of despair in the invocation, as the girl hugged the cat in her arms. Her mother had just intimated she would be expected to affiancé herself to the wealthy widower when he came that night.

The black eyes ventilated only dreary dread, and her head was hot with the fevered glow. She was obliged to excuse herself. Thus the catastrophe was averted for a time. What next?

Imp, with paws upon her shoulders, was looking into her face with the helpless, yearning sympathy of our dumb pets. Suddenly he leaped up and down and began to rub his flustered fur against the legs of the writing desk. An inspiration flashed. "I'll write to Bluette and tell her all."

In spite of the close espiel under which the girl dwelt, the letter reached its destination. A few minutes later Bluette was beside her to hear it all over again while the madam was absent at market. Better still, she brought a message.

"Yet, after all, are you sure you will be satisfied with a poor man—you who have had everything you wanted?" doubted Bluette. "I suppose the other is rich?"

"Yes, I know," murmured Lettice, hastily, caressing Imp, who was growing restless—"there comes mother."

The dreaded crisis could not long be warded off. A handsome box of flowers came memorially during the day and then a note—"May I have the pleasure?" etc. which the queen-mother brought up with her own hands and stood to see answered.

The message sent through Bluette had been, "Will you stand by me in whatever I do regardless of conse-



"A modest request, truly" exclaims Mr. Duvall, looking thunder and lightning.

quences?" What was he going to do? And when? Would it be too late?

The parlors had received an extra touch from the queen-mother. The tete-a-tete chair was in the most inviting position and lights turned down to the lover's gauge. The folding doors were closed to the slender thread. Within the back parlor sat the father with his paper and the mother with her fancywork, Mrs. Duvall having taken precious care to unfold upon the bed Lettice's most becoming dress and ribbons.

The bell rings. Lettice listens breathlessly at the head of the stairway.

"Mr. Duvall, please," says a clear, manly voice.

He is ushered into the room where the old people sit.

With stiff, repellant astonishment Mr. Duvall looks at the intruder and, recognizing him, the evident proviso does not drop out of the cool greeting. So much the less when Lettice glides in and stands in the shadow behind the unwelcome visitor. But James McDowell Reid is booted and spurred for a bold adventure and is nothing daunted by his reception. He holds out his hand which courtesy compels his host to accept, and says audaciously:

"I fear it will surprise you to know my errand. I have come to ask the hand of your daughter in marriage."

Imp rubs himself encouragingly against his trousers.

"A modest request, truly," exclaims Mr. Duvall, with cutting sarcasm in his tone and looking thunder and blue-lightning. But the old gentleman's prejudice is melting under a resistless heat of admiration, though he adds haughtily: "And on what ground, may I ask, do you rest your assurance?"

"On your justice, and our mutual love," replies the young man confidently. And turning toward Lettice drew her to his side.

The father had no need to ask her confirmation of this statement. A look at the girl's beaming countenance showed her lover was not counting without his host. The last vestige of disapproval fled, abashed. Extending his hand, with full cordiality now, Mr. Duvall said: "I admire your pluck, young man! If you have not money, you have something better. I rejoice that my daughter has been able to secure a man of pluck. Take her with

my blessing, and take care of her, as I believe you will."

"I don't intend to wait for the winds to change," whispered the successful knight as he and Lettice drifted happily into the parlor. "I am going for a preacher and finish up this little business at once. Will return in a few moments."

Never had Miss Duvall met her other lover so graciously. His elation, however, was brief.

"I am so glad you happened in," she said. "Will be delighted to have you present at my marriage—Oh, no, don't leave! It will take place in a little while, and the dress suit is entirely immaterial, as there are no invited guests."

The queen-mother had retired to her room with a severe headache.

"And, just to think, Impudence has done it all," murmured the man, their hands touching and retouching over the cat's jetty fur.

"Pluck, father called it," corrected the young wife, demurely.

The Language of Diplomacy.

France is susceptible about the universality of French as the language of diplomacy. Shortly after 1870-1, Bismarck in the pride of conquest, wrote a dispatch to Russia in German, but Prince Gortschakoff countered in Russian and the peril was averted. It is now noted by the Gauls that at the state banquet King Alfonso toasted the foreign Envoys in Spanish. This time the Duke of Connaught emphasized the "in correction" by replying in English.

The Earth and Mars.

Possibilities of communicating with the Planet Mars form a topic which presents a perennial interest for the play of popular imagination. In France, particularly, the people eagerly scan every detail which is offered on this head. An old lady left a large sum of money in trust, in Paris, to be awarded as a prize to the first scientist who should succeed in establishing what the French call inter-planetary communication.

Not to Be Trusted.

The Scotch gardener of a New York estate had vague notions of geography. One of his master's youngest sons was trying to explain to Tobias the extent of his country. Finally, he ran into the house and brought a many-colored map of the United States. Tobias bent over it a minute, then exclaimed, "Mon, mon, 'tis no to be trustid; 'tis laid out in the plaid o' thae lyin' MacFeshians."

\$10,000 for an American Pearl.

The largest perfect pearl ever found in the Mississippi river has been purchased by Bunde and Upmeyer of Milwaukee. The gem is nearly a perfect sphere, three-quarters of an inch in diameter. It was recently found in the river north of Prairie du Chien by a pearl fisher. It weighs 121 grains and the price was over \$10,000.

Too Much Troubles.

A hale and hearty New Yorker who celebrated his 104th birthday recently gives these rules for attaining to a green old age: "Be cheerful, work hard, rest well, live temperately." At the same time some men would rather die at fourscore, or thereabouts, than go to all this trouble.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Neutralizing the Nicotine.

It is announced that eminent French physicians have discovered a way to entirely neutralize the nicotine in tobacco. Dr. Gautier certifies that he has smoked "thirty large black cigars in twelve hours without any bad effect, whereas in their unsterilized state three make him ill."

Fair Play Wanted.

"The young men nowadays," said the Tobacconist to the Wooden Indian, sadly, "know so much more than the old men that I sometimes wonder why they don't start a kindergarten to properly fit us for the battle of life. It would be only fair play."—Syracuse Herald.

Nothing Impossible With Morgan.

An "eminent German authority" on transportation questions declares that the Morgan syndicate cannot meet its engagements. It is too heavily overcapitalized. It must double the earnings of the two great German lines in order to fulfill the terms of its contract—which the expert considers "impossible." Doubtful things are uncertain, but here in America we grow reticent in talking about "impossibilities" in connection with Mr. Morgan's financial projects.

Children and School.

It is curious the difference in the regard children have for their school and school work. When a fire started in the Warren street school one day last week a little girl went sobbing down the street, with streaming eyes, because she feared her school was to be destroyed. A moment later a boy came tearing down the street on his wheel working overtime, and shouting, "Hurrah, kids, the old prison's on fire!"—Toledo Times.

OLD CREMATORIUM FOUND.

Ancient British Burial Ground Discovered Near Reading.

What the absent-minded old lady called a creamery has just been discovered near Reading, says the Westminster Gazette. Twenty urns, containing calcined human bones, have been unearthed at Sunningdale, near Camberley. A mound was being removed in the construction of golf links, when three urns were discovered. Under the direction of Mr. A. C. Shrubsole, F. G. S., curator of the geological and anthropological department of the Reading museum, a further search was made, and seventeen more were brought to light. It is believed by competent authorities that the mound was the site of an ancient crematorium—probably a battle-ground—in pre-Roman days. Some of the urns are one foot four inches in diameter. They are of ancient British make, and may safely be ascribed to the time before Britain came under the Roman influence. It is estimated that the burials must have taken place between 2,000 and 6,000 years ago. Some of the urns have been sent to the British museum, the Reading museum, to Oxford and to the Louvre, Paris.

Joke on Congressman Cannon.

Congressman Cannon of Illinois gesticulates wildly with his left hand while speaking. This peculiarity gave "Sunset" Cox an opportunity to embarrass the Illinois man on one occasion. Mr. Cannon wanted to address the House on a bill in which he was much interested and Mr. Cox, who was speaker pro tem, agreed to recognize him. "How long can I have?" asked Cannon. "As long as you keep your left hand in your pocket," was the reply. When "Uncle Joe" arose to speak he had his hand in his pocket all right, but in just about thirty seconds he began to saw the air with it. "The gentleman's time has expired," said Cox calmly, bringing the gavel down amid a roar of laughter, for everybody had heard of the bargain.

Michigan and President Jackson.

It was under Jackson's administration that Michigan was admitted to the Union and from him Jackson county derived its name, as Van Buren, Cass, Livingston, Ingham, Eaton, Branch, Barry and Berrien counties did from members of his cabinet.

What He Played Best.

Recently a letter of introduction was handed by an actor to a manager which described the bearer as an actor of much merit, and concluded: "He plays Macbeth, Richelieu, Hamlet, Shylock, and billiards. He plays billiards best."

A Much Tattooed Man.

Tattooed on the body of a man who lost his life in the South West Indies docks were a crucifix, elephant, tombstone, dog, eagle, figures of Punch and Judy, cross flags and the word "love" in large letters.

An Appropriate Name.

Church: "I see that Texan has called his new oil well 'The Senator.' Wonder why he gave it that name?" Gotham: "Because it is such a 'spouter,' I suppose."—Yonkers Statesman.

Inventor's Humble Beginning.

Prof. Michael L. Pupin of Columbia university, inventor of the ocean telephone, began his career in America as an attendant in a Turkish bath parlor in Brooklyn.

Fruit Used in America.

What is known as the fruit trust handles 25,000,000 bunches of bananas and 220,000,000 coconuts a year, besides oranges and other fruits.

Sweet Brier a Nuisance.

Some years ago sweet brier was introduced into Tasmania and became apparently too abundant. Goats were put upon the land with the idea that they would eat down the briars and ultimately eradicate them. But the briars came out best and eradicated the goats. The hairy linings of the fruit of the sweet brier killed the animals, as they did also a number of cattle.

Disputing the Axiom.

The time came at last when Mr. Oldboy could no longer make a pretense of covering the top of his head by combing a wisp of hair up over it from one side. "This is a case," he said, looking at himself in the glass and sorrowfully surveying the wide expanse of bald crown, "in which the 'part' appears to be greater than the whole."

Quaker Personal Ornaments.

The latest craze in Paris is the wearing of a lighted lantern as a personal ornament. The fashion originated with a speculative manufacturer, whose "petites lanternes" were bought by tens of thousands at the fair of Neuilly. The lantern is very small and neat, and made in a Gothic form after an ancient model.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.

WM. L. PRATHER, LL.D., Pres.

One hundred and twelve instructors and officers, more than 1100 students, not including 191 summer students. Women admitted to all departments. Tuition free. Total expenses \$150 to \$250. Students from approved colleges admitted without examination, and given credit for work completed.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Session begins September 29; entrance examinations, September 24 to 27; matriculation fee \$10; 180 courses of study; university system of instruction and discipline; library of 40,000 volumes; Young Men's Christian Association; Young Women's Christian Association; gymnasium and gymnasium instructors for men and women; athletic field.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

Session begins September 29. Entrance examination as above; matriculation fee \$10; no tuition; full course leading to the degrees of civil, electrical and mining engineer.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Session begins September 29; entrance examinations as above; matriculation fee, payable once, \$30. A two years' course leads to the degree of bachelor of laws, and entitles to practice in all state courts. Law students may pursue academic courses without charges.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

(Located at Galveston). Four years' course; faculty of 22 instructors; school of pharmacy; school of nursing (for women); matriculation fee, payable once, \$30. Complete equipment in all schools. Session begins October 1; entrance examinations the preceding week. Address Dr. Allen J. Smith, Dean, Galveston.

For catalogue of any department, or for information, address John A. Lomax, Registrar, Austin, Texas.



HARPER WHISKY

Physicians Prescribe It for their most delicate patients.

Old and Pure.

FOR SALE BY

A. LeGORY.

—FOR—

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Fruits, Nuts, Soda Water,

Ice Cold from the Fountain, and all kinds of

Cold Drinks,

with flavors to suit everyone, and Home-made Candy, go to

Joseph & Mike.

A Tripple Hanging.

Smith, Brown and Jones hang their hopes of recovery upon Cheatham's Laxative Chili Tablets. They will be around soon shaking hands with friends. 25 cts. No cure—no pay.

Caesar Conquered Britain.

Malaria was conquered by Simmons' Liver purifier (tin box). Protected from moisture dust and insects. Clears the complexion, cures constipation, aids and corrects action of the liver.

Heaven Help Us.

In our troubles, but use Hunt's Cure for itch, tetter, ringworm, itching piles and eczema. Guaranteed.

Social Items.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Local rates 10 cents per line first insertion and 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion. There will be no exception to the rule except for the following: Obituaries, cards of thanks, and notices of entertainments given for religious, educational or charitable purposes, which will be at 5 cents per line.

- ✓ Drink at Chamberlain's.
- ✓ Fruit jars at Baker Bros'.
- H. F. Moore is in Madisonville this week.
- J. B. Valentine was in Houston this week.
- Corn, bran, chops and hay at Baker Bros'.
- ✓ Buy your jumpers and overalls at the Big Store.
- R. A. Motley of Overton was in Crockett Tuesday.
- ✓ Extra tops and rubbers for fruit jars at Baker Bros'.
- Hyman Harrison has returned from his trip north.
- Mrs. Dan J. Kennedy is visiting relatives in Arkansas.
- ✓ Cheese sandwiches and cheese straws at Baker Bros'.
- Mrs. F. H. Bayne was visiting at Lovelady last week.
- ✓ You can buy anything you want at the Big Store.
- ✓ Buy your cartridges and loaded shells from Jim Brown.
- Mrs. Thos. Self is visiting her parents at Whitewright.
- R. A. Shaw is a new subscriber to the COURIER at Crockett.
- ✓ Cleanliness is the leading feature at Chamberlain's soda fount.
- ✓ Remember we have the flour that will suit you. JIM BROWN.
- ✓ Buy your groceries, hardware and furniture from the Big Store.
- ✓ Case whiskey 50c per pint, \$1 per quart at Lee Goolsby's saloon.
- Miss Addie Handley of Lufkin is the guest of Mrs. Earle Adams, Jr.
- Dr. Lawrence Corley of Madisonville was a visitor here this week.
- Miss Maud Beeson of Nevel's Prairie is visiting Mrs. F. A. Lovell.
- See Stanton, the barber, for shaving, hair cutting and shampooing.
- Miss Etha Goodwin of Lovelady is the guest of Miss Lizzie Howard.
- ✓ A fresh line of staple and fancy groceries always on hand at the Big Store.
- ✓ You will find the coldest and best keg beer in town at Lee Goolsby's.
- Miss Sue Hill of New Waverly, Walker county, is visiting Miss Emma Tenney.
- Mr. Neal, agent of the railroad at Elkhart, is a new subscriber to the COURIER.
- Remember that Holloway & Grebb keep fresh fish and the best beef in Crockett.
- Call For
- ✓ Cracker Jack whiskey at Lee Goolsby's at \$1 per qt.
- Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Downes left last Thursday for a visit to their son in New York.
- Mrs. R. W. Nunn and little son of Corsicana are visiting the family of Col. D. A. Nunn.
- ✓ Increase your library by buying 6 volumes of Col's revolutionary treatise on death. Call at Jim Brown's.
- ✓ The Moloney Bros. celebrated spouses in childrens, boys and misses sizes can be found at the Big Store. Every pair warranted.

Soda Water

Is the national beverage. When properly made there is no drink so healthful and refreshing. The making of it is an art. There must be attention to details, experience, knowledge, skill and conscience exercised in its handling.

We make it as it should be made. Pure carbonated water, genuine fruit syrups and abundant ice are the essential materials, and absolute cleanliness is our hobby.

B. F. CHAMBERLAIN DRUGGIST.

- ✓ Jelly glasses at Baker Bros'.
- Mr. J. J. Brooks was in Crockett recently and renewed his subscription to the COURIER.
- Peerless ice cream freezers that are guaranteed to freeze in 3 1/2 minutes at the Big Store.
- Mr. Bob Crow of Groveton, an uncle of J. W. Brightman, is visiting the latter this week.
- Mr. J. W. Murchison is spending a while in Southwest Texas for the benefit of his health.
- Dr. P. R. Denman of Lufkin was a visitor to this city Thursday and Friday of last week.
- Miss Maggie Foster left Monday afternoon for a visit of two weeks to relatives at Houston.
- A book agent has been holding forth on the public square this week, selling books at auction.
- Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.
- We are pushing batiste, lawn and prints. See them. JIM BROWN.
- Mrs. A. W. Phillips left Wednesday evening for a visit to relatives at Jacksonville and Lufkin.
- Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.
- For Sale.
- Good milk cow. Apply to Smith & French Drug Co. 3t.
- The commissioners' court met Monday to finish up their work as an equalizing board of county taxes.
- Darling: is the name of the best cooking stove on earth, for sale at the Big Store.
- Miss Hellen Wilcox of Calvert and Miss Mattie Lane of Oakwoods are the guests of Mrs. Ed Parker.
- Mr. J. F. Leathers of Guy's Store was in town last week and renewed his subscription to the COURIER.
- Miss Lillian Denman and Miss Nannette Carter of Lufkin are being entertained by Miss Frances Wootters.
- Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Painter and little daughter have returned from a visit to Mr. Painter's parents at Galveston.
- J. E. Allbright and family, who have been visiting the family of N. E. Allbright, have returned to Brownwood.
- A band of music has been secured for the big barbecue Saturday and everything is in readiness for a big day.
- Miss Jessie Sheridan has returned from an extended visit to the family of an uncle, Dr. Dupuy, at San Antonio.

Crawford Gary of Genoa, a brother of Dr. John Gary, attended the funeral of his brother here last Friday.

Mr. Wm. Dupuy of California, a cousin of Misses Stella and Jessie Sheridan, is the guest of Mr. J. R. Sheridan and family.

Beeswax.

The Big Store will pay you the highest market price for all the beeswax you bring them.

Mrs. Addie Boone of Brandon, Hill county, was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Madden, in this city last week.

Mrs. W. B. Page left Tuesday evening for Virginia to visit relatives. On her way she will spend a few days visiting in St. Louis.

To make room for their immense fall stock the Big Store will close out all their swisses, muselins, nulls and other summer fabrics at actual cost.

The school board met last week and re-employed all of last year's faculty of the public schools for another year and decided to employ an assistant principal.

Rev. W. H. Sowell, pastor of the Baptist church, is expected to return this week with his family from Southwest Texas where they have been taking a vacation.

Mrs. Mary E. Bruton, daughter of J. T. Simmons, living near Porter Springs, died Sunday morning. Parties were in town Sunday afternoon for a coffin.

Mr. F. H. Bayne was elected a member of the state democratic executive committee, to represent the thirteenth senatorial district, at the Galveston convention last week.

Earl Madden, a son of Mr. J. W. Madden, has received appointment for examination to the Annapolis Naval Academy. He will stand the examination at Houston on the 11th of August.

We would like to see that matter of a new passenger depot taken up and presented to Mr. Trice for his consideration. Towns all along the line are getting improvements for the asking.

Gov. S. W. T. Lanham of Weatherford will address the Confederate Veterans of Houston county at their re-union at Crockett on the 25th inst. The reunion will be held in the grove near the freight depot.

Mr. J. D. Patrick of Porter Springs was a pleasant caller at the COURIER office last week. This was his first trip to Crockett in nearly two years. He was a member of the fall term of the grand jury in 1900 which brought him here then. He paid his subscription to the COURIER for a year in advance.

Stray Mule.

All persons are hereby notified to take up and hold for me a mouse-colored mare mule 13 1/2 hands high, branded on left shoulder thus: (-I. Will pay \$5 for recovery of this mule.

JESSE NELMS,
Belott, Texas.

Married at Grapeland.

Miss Madeline Anthony of Grapeland and Mr. Hal Lacy, oldest son of ex-City Marshal John Lacy of Crockett, were quietly married Sunday afternoon at Grapeland. Mr. Lacy procured license in Crockett Sunday morning, went to Grapeland on the noon train, was married, and returned on the 4 o'clock afternoon train. He and his bride stopped for a few days at the home of his father and then returned to Grapeland where they will make their home.

J. G. Haring asked the city council, at its recent session, for a franchise to put in a system of telephones. The council refused to grant the franchise, for the reason, we suppose, that the ground is now pretty well covered.

To Invest in This County.

The Houston Home Builders' Co., Inc., desires to loan all the money they can in this and adjoining counties to people of moderate means without homes. You select the house and lot or the farm you want, and they furnish the money. They have one of the best plans yet offered, easy, safe and reliable. Reliable county representatives wanted. Full information cheerfully furnished on application to KNEALE & WATKINS, Gen'l Agts. Box 43. Corsicana, Texas.

Notice.

Orange, Texas, July 1, 1902. We, the undersigned owners of more than one-fourth of all the stock of the Orange & Northwestern railroad company, hereby call a special meeting of the stockholders of said company, to meet at the general office of said company at the city of Orange, in Orange county, Texas, at 2 o'clock p. m., on the 8th day of September, 1902, for the purpose of authorizing the Board of Directors to apply to the railroad commission of Texas for authority to register bonds of the company, and to issue such bonds as said railroad commission may authorize, and to authorize the Board of Directors to execute a mortgage on the properties of said Orange & Northwestern railroad company, including its road bed, equipments, depots and other property, limiting said mortgage, however, on its right of way and road bed to that part of said line included between the city of Orange, in Orange county, Texas, and Center, in Shelby county, Texas.

W. W. REID,
W. H. STARK,
H. J. LUTCHER,
E. W. BROWN.

Society News.

Miss Evelyn Summers entertained the O. F. B. club last Friday afternoon instead of Miss Annie Stokes as was published. The entertainment was in honor of Mrs. W. R. Jordan of Lake Charles and was quite enjoyable.

Some of the young men of Crockett gave their young lady friends a hay ride in honor of Miss Archie Denman of Lufkin last Monday evening. The trip started at 9 o'clock from the residence of Mrs. J. H. Wootters and after driving around town the party journeyed out to the home of Mrs. Estell Wootters where a brief stop was made for refreshments, which were delightfully served by Mrs. Wootters and Miss Gusta May Smith. At 11 o'clock the party returned to town. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Painter chaperoned the crowd. Those participating in the pleasures of the evening were: Misses Ethel Wootters, Archie Denman, Frances Wootters, Jessie Long, Annie Stokes, Myrtle Murchison, Jessie Sheridan, Lessie Gammage, Evy Hail, Stella Sheridan, Denny Adams, Mildred McGill and Gusta May Smith. Messrs. Arch Baker, Qun Lundy, Jim Young, Will Ike Kennedy, Doc Smith, W. W. Aiken, Robert Wootters, Fisher Arledge, Anderson, Jas. S. Shivers and Ernest Clark.

Miss Emma Tenney entertained the O. F. B. club Wednesday afternoon in honor of Miss Sue Hill of Waverly. Refreshments were served.

Fly Time

is at hand, as is also the time for screening your house. We have a fine line of

Screen Doors and Windows

which we are offering low down. Now is the time to buy while our stock is complete. Also a full line of

Sash and Doors

at the lowest prices.

Houston Co. Lumber Company, T. R. DEUPREE, Manager.

Kennard.

- EDITOR COURIER: Mr. French of Crockett is down here taking charge of the Kennard drug store during the absence of Mr. Wootters Smith, who is away on a week's vacation.
- Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Dupuy and family returned home last week after attending the family reunion at Quanah.
- Mr. R. King, a graduate from the civil engineering department of the Texas University at Austin, has accepted a position on the Eastern Texas R. R.
- Rev. Drees of Nacogdoches held Catholic services at Kennard Sunday. Quite a large crowd attended and all are anxious to have Rev. Drees here again in the near future.
- A protracted meeting is being conducted by Rev. Cress at the mill and is well attended every day. We are pleased to see the people interested and trust the good work will continue.
- Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Fleming have returned to Kennard after a few weeks spent in Texarkana.
- Mrs. T. M. Sherman and Mrs. A. J. McLemore chaperoned a very enjoyable fishing party down to the Neches river last week. Those in the party were Messrs. Lipscomb Sherman, John Kennedy, Jeff Kennedy and Ernest McLemore and Misses McTavish, Sherman, Jo E. McTavish and Shermie Sherman. Two days were spent camping, fishing and hunting. Mr. Sherman proved to be the best hunter in the crowd and Mrs. McLemore succeeded in capturing the largest fish, weight twelve pounds.
- Mr. Albert McNeil spent last Wednesday visiting friends at Kennard.
- Messrs. Dick Windsor and Richard Keith spent Saturday and Sunday at Lufkin.
- Mr. Hugh Hopper and family of Hagerville spent Sunday at Kennard. RESIDENT.
- Marriage Licenses.
- James Sanders and Martha West.
- G. W. Marshall and Viola Cummings.
- C. W. Jones and Fannie Heard.
- Daniel Patton and Georgia Mosely.
- Virgil Davis and Bertie Yates.
- R. F. Hays and Florence Menlinhall.
- Chas. Bremer and Angie Erwin.
- Louis Mitchell and Lucy Cook.
- R. H. Lacy and Madeline Anthony.
- There is only one merchant in Greenville who distributes his advertising on the idea that the people in the country are able to buy anything during the summer.— Greenville Herald.
- The same thing can be said of Crockett.

THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, - Editor and Proprietor
W. W. AIKENS, Publisher & Local Editor

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

- For County Judge:
Porter Newman.
- For County Clerk:
Nat E. Allbright,
- For County Treasurer:
Hardin Bayne.
- For Tax Collector:
John W. Brightman.
- For Sheriff:
E. B. Hale.
- For District Clerk:
J. B. Stanton.
- For County Attorney:
John Spence.
- For Tax Assessor:
Tony Gossett.
- For Representative:
Coll Stokes.
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4:
H. W. McElvey.
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1:
H. P. Aldman.
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3:
Abb Thomason.
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 2:
W. E. Hall.
- For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1:
John W. Saxon.
- For Constable, Prec. No. 1:
A. W. Phillips.
- For Constable Precinct No. 3:
Horace Rodgers.

A BRIEF REVIEW.

Just a few words touching the charge that the COURIER began the assault on the parsons and the churches. Less than a year ago there was an election in the Crockett precinct on prohibition. It was defeated. There began at once an agitation for another election. The COURIER in a very conservative article deprecated any further agitation of the matter in the interest of peace. Then followed a long article written by Deacon Madden full of mean insinuations and bitter personalities directed at the editor of the COURIER. The COURIER had said nothing to provoke such an assault. This article was read over and passed on at a conference or caucus in Deacon Madden's office at which were two of the Crockett ministers. It was signed by two Crockett ministers, in all there were twelve signatures. After the COURIER replied to it, one of these ministers came to the COURIER office and expressed his regrets that he didn't understand the full significance of all parts of the article, in effect stating that he regretted being drawn in as a party to the attack on the COURIER editor. The other minister never spoke to the writer about it, but kept up the attack on the COURIER editor in anonymous communications to other papers, seeking to injure the COURIER's business and standing in the estimation of the public. All this occurred less than a year ago. Meanwhile petitions were in circulation for a county prohibition election. Pending discussions in this county between candidates in the Congressional primary a call was issued for a mass meeting to organize for the prohibition campaign. This call was signed by all the ministers in Crockett and several of the church officials. The writer was told by one of the latter that the call was gotten up and presented to him for signature by one of the Crockett ministers. This briefly is the history of the movement leading up to the present prohibition campaign. And the public can judge how far wrong the COURIER was when it stated that the Crockett churches and ministers were responsible for the prohibition campaign now on in this county.

The sinister insinuations and imputations which Deacon Madden indulges in respecting the views of the COURIER on christianity were to be expected of him. He does nothing directly and in a straight-forward manner which he can do by innuendo. Replying briefly we are frank to state that our views of the matter are very different from his and we are happy to know it. He believes in the gospel of hate, we believe in the gospel of peace. He believes in the gospel of strife and contention and bitterness for accomplishing ends, we believe the same ends will be attained more quickly and more effectually by quiet methods, appealing to intelligence and the spiritual part of man's nature. He believes in force to work reforms, we believe in touching man's reason by persuasion. He believes in making man better by legislation, we believe it can be done only by education and spiritual regeneration. He believes in reforming man from without, we from within. In seeking legislative means to work moral reforms he in effect says that the christian religion which has been always considered all powerful for elevating and reforming the human race is a failure. We believe it is as powerful to these ends now as it always has been, whatever failure there may be being due more to the messenger and methods than to the message. In short more can be done for the development of a strong, robust type of manhood through the influences of the home circle, the school and the church than can be accomplished by all the codes of all the Caesars. A fine illustration of the difference in the two methods is found in a fable of old Aesop. Boreas, the wind god, made a wager with the sun that he could force a man to take off his overcoat first. The wager was made. Boreas turned all the winds in his care loose. They blew and blustered. The coat was torn and ripped and tossed about on the man, but never left his shoulders. The sun then tried its power. All the power of its rays was applied in a quiet, gentle way. In a short while the intolerable heat forced the man to take off the coat. The lesson teaches that what bluster and force can not accomplish, gentle, quiet, peaceful methods can and will.

Come now, boys, be honest and own up. Do you think it right and fair and just to go into a contest with your neighbors and friends of precinct one as you did a year ago and get beat—then to go out and say to your friends in the outside beats: "Come over here, you fellows, into precinct one and help us lick these neighbors of ours. They are a little too much for us but if we can get a little outside help, we think we can lay it on to them." Then the boys in the outside precincts answered: "We will do nothing of the kind. We do not think it honorable for six men to jump on one. Besides it is none of our fight. We wouldn't like for six men to hop on one of us and we do not propose to aid you in any such unfair contest."

The paramount feature of the present campaign is: Shall the Crockett precinct have the same right of local self-government as the other precincts in the county? If not, why not? Has prohibition been forced on any precinct in the county by any outside precinct or by the county at large? Is it not a fact that where prohibition is in force in any precinct in the county, it has been adopted by that precinct in the exercise of its right of local self-government? Then

why should the same right of local self-government be denied the Crockett precinct? Why should a prohibitionist who believes in a fair thing, who scorns to take advantage in an honorable contest, who would be ashamed for the world to know that he would join six men to help whip a seventh, why should such a fair-minded prohibitionist vote for such an unfair proposition as the one which proposes to force prohibition on the Crockett precinct by the help of the outside precincts? That is the main feature of the pending contest. There are prohibitionists who will not do this in all parts of the county. There are quite a number of them in the Crockett precinct who will vote anti on this very view of the matter.

The COURIER has always opposed prohibition and has no apologies to make for it. The assaults on this paper and its editor by all the political parsons and syndicates of church deacons will not avail to swerve it from its honest convictions. It has always stood for justice to all and especially for the rights of the people. It has always worked for Houston county and its development and has labored for the best interests of its people in material matters as well as socially, morally and politically. It has never run off after phantom reforms, dropping the substance and grabbing at the shadow. The paper's thirteen years service and its editor's thirty years record among the people of this county are open books for inspection, scrutiny and criticism. And we are willing for either or both to be tried by any test or standard of true citizenship. The political parsons may assault the COURIER to their heart's content, but its record will be here after they are gone and forgotten.

The half dozen prohibitionists who have discontinued their COURIER subscriptions on account of this paper's views on that question will be disappointed this week when they discover that the COURIER hasn't suspended publication as a result of the withdrawal of their names from the subscription book. They will also be disappointed to discover that their effort to throttle public discussion by the system of boycotting which some of them are using will also fail. They may be able in some instances to put muzzles on people's mouths in the matter of drink but it will take more than six precincts to shut off the right of free-speech in the Crockett precinct.

A sample of the prohibition methods of coercion of voters can be seen in a handbill issued by the Bowen Baptist S. S. convention signed by its secretary which says: "All ministers and officers who vote or work against the prohibition movement shall not be recognized by the convention as a worthy minister or officer." This shows what the churches are willing and trying to do. Threats, intimidation, boycott and other coercive measures are to be appealed to to carry the movement through.

A prohibitionist and an anti were travelling along the same road in precinct one. They had a difference about a matter and got into a scrap. The pro got whipped. They resumed their journey and later fell in with six other men, all friends of the prohibitionist. The pro whom the anti had whipped a short while previously appealed to the six friends to help him. They joined him against the anti. The six held the anti while the pro tied him hand and

foot and put a muzzle on his mouth. Then the pro remarked to his six friends: "Now I have got him. It is cowardly to combine against one man in this way but I can't handle him by myself." Moral: Six precincts against one.

Deacon Madden admits that the prohibition law and the hog-law are the same in the principle of application. Yes, and some of the prohibitionists admit too that they are in favor of forcing the hog-law on all sections of the county by a vote of the county just as Deacon Madden and his crew of agitators are trying to force the prohibition law on the Crockett precinct by a vote of the county.

The prohibitionists have nominated a state ticket against the regular democratic ticket. This fact can not be denied. The ticket was put out by the prohibition state convention and this same convention adopted a platform. This ticket isn't nominated for fun but in real earnest. How many of the prohibitionists of the state will vote for it against the regular democratic ticket?

If prohibition will work the revolution in society, government, morals, etc., which its dreamy advocates claim for it, why shouldn't they have a state ticket and a platform and work for the election of that ticket? And why shouldn't prohibitionists support such a ticket?

A coward always seeks an advantage to make an attack or the darkness and cover to do his dirty work. This remark is called forth by the article in last week's Enterprise from Lovelady which had no signature and which was aimed at the editor of the COURIER.

And "boycott" is the argument which the pros propose to use to carry prohibition. The denial of the right of free-speech. The denial of the right of free-thought. The denial of the right of free-action. And this argument like all of theirs will fail.

Wouldn't it be nice if the people of precinct one would just lie still and let these agitators bind them hand and foot?

Who ever heard of a ticket for governor or other offices being nominated on a moral question?

Up to this writing nearly all the speeches for prohibition have been made by ministers.

Nominees of Galveston Convention.

- Governor—S. W. T. Lanham of Parker county.
- Lieutenant Governor—George D. Neal of Grimes county.
- Attorney General—Charles K. Bell of Tarrant county.
- Comptroller—R. M. Love of Limestone county.
- State Treasurer—John W. Robbins of Wilbarger county.
- Commissioner of the General Land Office—J. J. Terrell of Wise county.
- State Superintendent of Public Instruction—Arthur Lefevre of Victoria county.
- Railroad Commissioner—O. B. Colquitt of Kaufman county.
- Associate Justice of the Supreme Court—F. A. Williams of Houston county.
- Presiding Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals—W. S. Davidson of Williamson county.
- Chairman Executive Committee—James B. Wells of Cameron county.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets.
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

No. 4884.
REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
First National Bank

AT CROCKETT,
In the State of Texas, at the close of business, July 16th, 1902.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts	\$304,341.12
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	2,277.08
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,400.00
Stocks, securities, etc.	1,250.00
Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures	5,000.00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	28,807.76
Due from State Banks and Bankers	13,597.36
Due from approved reserve agents	55,001.39
Checks and other cash items	1,626.39
Notes of other National Banks	562.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	430.00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	\$16,162.83
Legal-tender notes	4,000.00
	20,162.83
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasury (5 per cent of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$886,843.95

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	16,194.47
National bank notes outstanding	50,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	244,836.48
Demand certificates of deposit	1,175.00
Total	\$886,843.95

State of Texas, }
County of Houston, } I. H. F. Moore, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. F. Moore, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of July, 1902.
C. W. Moore, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
J. C. WOOLTERS,
JOHN B. SMITH,
JAS. S. SHIVERS, } Directors.

TYLER'S PEACH BUSINESS

Twelve Thousand Dollars Paid Out in One Day.

Tyler, Texas, July 16.—Between \$12,000 and \$13,000 was paid out today in checks for peaches and melons raised within a radius of six miles of this place. This includes express shipments. This amount is in excess of yesterday's payments about \$1000. The buyers shipped this fruit to the Northern and Eastern markets, where it commands high prices.

If you need any letter heads, note heads, bill heads, envelopes, circular letters, statements, blanks, or printing of any kind, telephone No. 22, the COURIER office.

No. 5953.
REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Farmers & Merchants
NATIONAL BANK,

AT CROCKETT,
In the State of Texas, at the close of business, July 16th, 1902.

RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts	\$90,465.59
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,582.34
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,015.63
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2,678.23
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	64.40
Due from State Banks and Bankers	38.05
Due from approved reserve agents	7,847.06
Checks and other cash items	317.25
Notes of other National Banks	300.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	14.00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	\$3,655
Legal-tender notes	2,000
	5,655.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	625.00
Total	\$126,502.55

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	2,600.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	1,103.98
National Bank notes outstanding	12,500.00
Due to other National Banks	595.94
Due to State Banks and Bankers	454.91
Individual deposits subject to check	53,136.87
Notes and bills rediscounted	5,000.85
Total	\$126,502.55

State of Texas, }
County of Houston, } I. Arch Baker, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
ARCH BAKER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of July, 1902.
J. F. Duran, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
A. B. BURTON,
B. F. CHAMBERLAIN,
JOE ADAMS, } Directors.