FORTIFY

Your home, business and personal property against the enemy of the age.

FIRE—Fires which occur at the rate of one a minute destroy every year millions of dollars worth of property.

YOU cannot tell when your time may come and you cannot afford to take the chances.

A policy with us will protect you against any financial loss as the result of FIRE, LIGHTNING, WINDSTORM, TORNADO.

MRS. J. M. STRONG

SAFE INSURANCE SERVICE

A FEW PRESS COMMENTS ABOUT THE CHAUTAUQUA

Last night closed the series of entertainments given here by the White & Myers Chautauqua System. Everything turned out more successful than was thought possible and everybody seems to feel good over the success of the event. So well pleased has the community been over the Chautauqua coming that nearly everybody wanted it to come back again, and it was no trouble to secure signers for next year. Forty-one signatures were obtained and more could have been gotten.—Baylor County Banner, Seymour, Texas, June 13.

The Comanche Chautauqua closed its series of entertainments last Sunday, and they proved extremely entertaining and interesting without a single "weak" number. Comanche people are interested in and pleased with the attraction and as an evidence of their interest a Chautauqua for 1918 season is already contracted for. — Comanche Chief, Comanche, Texas, June 14.

The Whitney Chautauqua will, no doubt, prove to be a permanent institution. The program which began Sunday has been not one good thing after another, but one good thing all the time. The Whitney public is carried away with this, the first Chautauqua, and no doubt will sign up for another one next year. We don't believe we can attach too much importance to the Chautauqua. Every number has been elevating, inspiring—let's have more of it.—The Messenger, Whitney, Texas, June 1.

Hon. Joseph G. Camp was the lion of the evening and justly so. Mr. Camp is a fine orator. His subject was "The War and It's Greatest Lesson." Mr. Camp is a philosopher and a convincing speaker.—The Wave, Port Lavaca, Texas, May 30.

Alfred H. O'Connor was the lecturer billed for the night. We, however, would call him more than a lecturer, for he spoke with a fluency that carried his audience spell bound throughout the entire talk. It was the relating of his experiences of "Twenty-two Months in the Trenches." The wonderfulness of his presrvation, deprivation and the countless times of danger, also his tribute to his hundreds of comrades who lie under many little mounds that cover the fields of Flanders awoke many responsive in the hearts of his hearers. He stirred the fighting spirit in the hearts of lukewarm to the interests of their country's welfare. The advertising of Mr. O'Connor's ability is no greater than it should be for his manner of telling his experiences is gripping and never to be forgotten.—The Wave, Port Lavaca, Texas, May 30th.

Sunday night was Alfred O'Connor's lecture on 22-Months in the Trenches. Mr. O'Connor proved to be everything that was claimed for him and MORE. He is a very fine public speaker. He tells a story that is surely worth miles going to hear. One could listen for hours and then some. Mr. O'Connor has had a wonderful experience, and Whitney indeed should feel proud to have had the distinction of having the unusual opportunity to hear his story from his own lips.—The Messenger, Whitney, Texas, June 1st.

Bill Bone's lecture left us with an ache in our heart at times, and then again with an ache in our side. "The House of Man," his subject gave him every opportunity to display his ability as a character entertainer and reader, but more vital than that his ability to impress upon his audience thoughts that showed a deep philosophy of life. Entwining his own verses in the thoughts of his lecture, made the afternoon a most enjoyable and profitable one.—The Wave, Port Lavaca, Texas, May 23rd.

Comanche Chautauqua opened on Wednesday with a splendid aatendance and a most excellent program. The splendid crowd was presented in the opening number which consisted of Boileau's Quaker Girls Company who rendered one of the best musical numbers Comanche has ever had.—The Chief, Comanche, Texas, June 7.

Tuesday afternoon Miss Elma B. Smith was the attraction and she made a hit that is rarely the case with one person.—Gazette, Jacksboro, Texas, June 13th.

Monday was the Colonial Band concert which was the finest ten piece band concert that has ever visited this part of the country.—The Messenger, Whitney, Texas, June 1.

—wss—

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy

Now is the time to buy a bottle of this remedy so as to be prepared in case that any one of your family should have an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. It is worth a hundred times its cost when needed.

—wss—

Now is the time to get bargains for cash at my store for next thirty days. I need the money, hence the bargains. —Wm. Cook.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Mr. Marion Holcomb, of Nancy, Ky., says: "For quite a long while I suffered with stomach trouble. I would have pains and a heavy feeling after my meals, a most disagreeable taste in my mouth. If I ate anything with butter, oil or grease, I would spit it up. I began to have regular sick headache. I had used pills and tablets, but after a course of these, I would be constipated. It just seemed to tear my stomach all up. I found they were no good at all for my trouble. I heard

THEDFORD'S

BLACK-DRAUGHT

recommended very highly, so began to use it. It cured me. I keep it in the house all the time. It is the best liver medicine made. I do not have sick headache or stomach trouble any more." Black-Draught acts on the jaded liver and helps it to do its important work of throwing out waste materials and poisons from the system. This medicine should be in every household for use in time of need. Get a package today. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c a package. All druggists.

ONE CENT A DOSE (J 73)

ORDINANCE NO. 104.

An Ordinance Prohibiting the Soliciting or Sale of Oil, Gas, Mining, Mineral, Zinc, Sulphur, Automobiles, Rubber, or any other kind of Stock in Similar Corporations, or Stock Companies Without First Getting the Written Permission of the Mayor, Attested by the City Secretary, and Prohibiting Newspapers and Magazines Soliciting or Taking Subscriptions or Advertising for out of town Newspapers or Magazines Without First Getting the Written Permission of the Mayor, Attested by the City Secretary, and Prohibiting out of town Book Salesmen from taking orders or Selling Their Books Without Getting the Written Permission of the Mayor, Attested by the City Secretary, and also Prohibiting the Begging or Asking for Alms Without The Written Permission of the Mayor, Attested by the City Secretary, and Prescribing a Penalty for the Violation Thereof, and Declaring an Emergency.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WELLINGTON:

Section 1. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to solicit or sell any oil, gas, mining, mineral, sulphur, automobile, rubber, or any other kind of stock in similar corporation or stock companies without first getting the written permission of the Mayor, atested by the City Secretary.

Section 2. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to solicit or take subscriptions, or to do any advertising, for any out of town newspaper or magazine, without first getting the written permission of the Mayor, attested by the City Secretary.

Section 3. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any out of town book salesman or agent to sell or take orders for any book or set of books without first getting the written permission of the Mayor, attested by the City Secreary.

Section 4. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person to beg or ask for alms, without first getting the written permission of the Mayor attested by the City Secretary.

Section 5. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall upon conviction be fined in any sum not less than Ten ($10.00) Dollars, and not more than Two Hundred ($200.00) Dollars, or by imprisonment in jail for a term of not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and further provided that each violation thereof shall constitute a separate offense.

Section 6. The purpose of this ordinance is to aid the United States Government in conserving the wealth of our Country, during the war between the United States and Germany, so that it will be placed in Liberty Bonds, Red Cross and other worthy causes, and also to assist the United States Government in apprehending spies, and the courts will so construe it.

Section 7. The fact that our city has been infested by throngs of solicitors with "Get Rich Quick Stocks" and similar schemes, and thousands of dollars have been taken out of the city by these solicitors never to be returned, when it should have been placed in Liberty Bonds, or the Red Cross, or other patriotic causes, and also the fact that newspaper and magazine solicitors, and book agents, and persons pretending to beg, have been acting as spies, and spreading German propaganda, creates an emergency, and an imperative public necessity, and this ordinance shall take effect from and after passage and legal publication.

Passed and approved this the 5th day of July, 1918.

R. A. WILLIAMS, Mayor.
ATTEST.—Jas. C. Mahan, City Sec.

—wss—

H. B. HILL IS ENDORSED BY HOME FOLKS

We, the residents and citizens of Shamrock and Wheeler county, earnestly and unqualifiedly endorse H. B. Hill, of Wheeler county, as a candidate for Representative from the 124th District of Texas. He is a man we know, and we unhesitatingly vouch for his integrity as a man and a citizen, and his ability to fill this important office. He is a good business man, and active in accomplishing things. We urge him for this office knowing that if the people elect him, he is a man quaified for the place.

The above endorsement was signed by all the bankers, mrchants, lawyers, doctors, preachers, blacksmiths, millliners, shoemakers and the newspaper man in Shamrock. Out of eighty-five business and professional men and women in the town only two refused to sign the endorsement.
(Political Adv.)

—wss—

Make your wheat flour do the most good by mixing Cremo-Cambo. 49-tf

—wss—

Phone 111 for Texas Oil.—B. F. Ball. 19-tf.

INFORMATION SERVICE BUREAU EXPANDS RAPIDLY

The Service Bureau of the Committee on Public Information has taken over various departmental independent information bureaus at Union Station, Washington, will consolidate and reorganize them and be prepared to give all visitors accurate information on Government business and the names and location of those clothed with authority to speak and act for the Government.

Since the service bureau opened offices May 1 it has built up a card-index system with 50,000 entries, many of the cards being subject to daily revision and correction. In a recent week the bureau handled 1,630 visitors seeking special information and answered an average of 150 query letters daily.

—wss—

EXECUTION SALE

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Collingsworth.

In the Justice Court Precinct No. 5, Collingsworth County, Texas.

Benton Smith vs. Tom Sykes and Mrs. Tom Sykes.

Whereas by virtue of an execution issued out of the justice court precinct No. 5, Collingsworth County, Texas, on a judgement rendered in said court on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1918, in favor of the said Benton Smith and against Tom Sykes and Mrs. Tom Sykes, No. 91 on the docket of said court, I did on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1918, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., levy upon the following described tract and parcel of land situated in the county of Collingsworth, State of Texas, and belonging to the said Tom Sykes and Mrs. Tom Sykes, to-wit: house and lot No. 1, in block No. 44 in the town of Dodsonville, Collingsworth County, Texas, and on the 6th day of August, A. D., 1918 being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on said day at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, all the rights, title and interest of the said Tom Sykes and Mrs. Tom Sykes in and to said property.

Dated at Dodsonville, Texts, this 9th day of July A. D. 1918.

W. N. WEVER, Constable,
50-3c Prec. 5, Collingsworth Co.

Of Course You'll Want to Hear the Band



E. Carmeliny, Bandmaster.

Everyone will want to hear Carmeliny's Old Colonial Band, when it comes to the Chautauqua. The Band will be here for two concerts—afternoon and night of the third day.

SIG. CARMELINY is a noted Italian Bandmaster and a famous cornetist. He has trained his musicians to a high point of perfection. They make a striking appearance in their Old Colonial uniforms of pink satin with white foot dress.

Get a Program Booklet and look over the list of Chautauqua attractions. It's a splendid offering and the best way to see and hear them all, including the Band is on the season ticket plan. A season ticket costs but $2. Single admissions would cost you $4.00.

Get Your Season Ticket Now

BAND DAY, JULY 20

Following is the ballot for the Democratic Primary July 27, 1918.

PLEDGE—"I am a Democrat and agree to support the nominees."

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR:
MORRIS SHEPPARD, Bowie County.

FOR GOVERNOR:
W. P. HOBBY, Jefferson County.
JAMES E. FERGUSON, Bell County.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
JOHN M. HENDERSON, Morris County.
W. A. JOHNSON, Hall County.
T. W. DAVIDSON, Harrison County.
JOHN R. MOORE, Anderson County.
S. B. COWELL, Grayson County.
L. H. BAILEY, Harris County.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT:
NELSON PHILLIPS, Dallas County.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE SUPREME COURT:
THOMAS B. GREENWOOD, Anderson County.
J. D. HARVEY, Harris County.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS:
C. A. PIPPEN, Dallas County.
F. B. MARTIN, Gregg County.
O. S. LATTIMORE, Tarrant County.
R. H. WARD, Bexar County.
WILLIAM PIERSON, Hunt County.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
JNO. W. BAKER, Crosby County.
J. M. EDWARDS, Runnels County.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
C. M. CURETON, Bosque County.
JOHN W. WOODS, Taylor County.
MARSHALL SPOONTS, Tarrant County.

FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER:
CLARENCE E. GILMORE, Van Zandt County.
JOHN L. ANDREWS, Dallas County.
C. H. HURDLESTON, Tarrant County.

FOR COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS:
SAM H. GOODLETT, Travis County.
H. B. TERRELL, McLennan County.
C. C. MAYFIELD, Erath County.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF GENERAL LAND OFFICE:
J. T. ROBISON, Morris County.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE:
FRED W. DAVIS, Cooke County.
H. A. HALBERT, Coleman County.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
W. F. DOUGHTY, Falls County.
BRANDON TRUSSELL, Wise County.
ANNIE WEBB BLANTON, Denton County.

FOR CONGRESS 18th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
J. L. LACKEY, Armstrong County.
MARVIN JONES, Potter County.
J. W. CRUDGINGTON, Potter County.

FOR CHIEF JUSTICE COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS 7th DISTRICT:
S. P. HUFF, Potter County.

FOR STATE SENATOR 29th DISTRICT:
R. L. TEMPLETON, Collingsworth County.
W. S. BELL, Foard County.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVE 124th DISTRICT
C. W. TURMAN.
H. B. HILL.

FOR JUDGE 46th JUDICIAL DISTRICT:
R. H. COCKE, Jr., Collingsworth County.
J. A. NABERS, Wilbarger County.
WILEY C. TISDALE, Foard County.

FOR ATTORNEY 46th JUDICIAL DISTRICT:
O. T. WARLICK, Wilbarger County.

FOR DISTRICT AND COUNTY CLERK:
W. G. HITE.
JOHN M. FULLER.
O. L. COUCH.

FOR SHERIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR:
M. S. CARPENTER.
J. L. MEAD.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE:
I. T. GOODNIGHT.
C. C. SMALL.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR:
J. NEAL WARD.
T. E. BENGE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
J. M. FLEMING.
MISS SALLIE KELLY.
J. M. HODGES.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY:
A. V. (RED) PENDLETON.
W. T. BARTON.
JAS. C. MAHAN.

FOR COUNTY WEIGHER:
J. M. FUSON.
T. J. STALL.
W. E. (WOOD) MOORE.
IVAN BENSON.

FOR PUBLIC WEIGHER FOR DODSONVILLE:
L. A. ROLLINS.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRECT. NO. 1:
C. C. TERRY.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRECT. NO. 2:
L. B. SIMS.
C. N. McCLASKEY.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRECT. NO. 3:
W. I. ATKINSON.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRECT. NO. 4:
A. J. BRADLEY.
B. C. SHIRLEY.
W. H. MONTGOMERY.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE PRECT. NO. 1:
W. A. WALKER.
P. W. MYERS.

FOR CONSTABLE PRECT. NO. 1:
M. L. BOSS.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE PRECT. NO.....

FOR CONSTABLE PRECT. NO.....

THE MIKADO

COMIC OPERA IN TWO ACTS

To be Presented at the Chautauqua by the

DAVIES LIGHT OPERA COMPANY

TUESDAY, JULY 23, 8 P. M.

This charming travesty of Japan is Gilbert & Sullivan's master-piece—the greatest, funniest and most popular light opera ever written. It will be reproduced amid oriental settings—not an abbreviation of the famous opera, but the real thing—complete cast of characters, principals and chorus, by an organization of musical artists.



THE MIKADO is a mine of tuneful fun, abounding in rare comedy and beautiful melodies that have been sung and whistled around the globe.

The way to hear the MIKADO and all the other Chautauqua Attractions is on the Season Ticket plan—otherwise you soon pay more than the price of a season ticket in single admissions at the gate. Buy your Season Ticket before it's too late. Adult Season Tickets $2.00; Child's Tickets $1.00.

THE MIKADO WILL BE GIVEN TUESDAY, JULY 23, 8:00 p. m. OPERATIC AND CONCERT PROGRAM IN AFTERNOON.

Wellington Chautauqua July 19-23

JUDICIAL, NOT POLITICAL.



WILLIAM PIERSON OF HUNT CO. For Judge, Court of Criminal Appeals. His Training as District Judge Is JUDICIAL, NOT POLITICAL. He Seeks a JUDICIAL Position.

A VIVID PICTUREOF THE GREAT WAR

War, with all its horrors, tempered with humor, and lightened by the sparkling wit of an Irishman, will be most vividly presented at the coming Chautauqua the second night by Alfred H. O'Connor, honorably-discharged British soldier, and survivor of many battles.

Trooper Alfred H. O'Connor, of Brooklyn, N. Y., went from this country with his father and five brothers when the Huns invaded Belgium, was accepted in His Britannic Majesty's crack regiment,The First Life Guards, and was later sent to the Western Front with the original 100,000 which England first sent out, saw service nearly two years, coming through the latter part of the Battle of the Marne, was in all the principal battles up to the great offensive on the Somme, where after twenty-nine days of continuous fighting was terribly wounded and left for dead on the battle-field—picked up and lay unconscious for many weeks—spent seven months in hospital, many months dumb, was decorated by the King of England for personal bravery, and holds a life pension from the British Government.

To hear the story from O'Connor's own lips is a most unusual opportunity judging by the reports of his sensational success on the platform. His has been honored by many leading men of New York, and held them spell-bound for hours; has addressed scores of thousands in the Middle West. His amazing powers or vivid description, word-painting, his rollicking Irish wit and humor, and his plain language, make his story one of the most gripping, compelling and absorbingly interesting ones that has ever been told.

A most interesting feature of his appearance here will be the period at the close of his lecture devoted to the answering and discussion of questions about the war asked by the audience. This feature often surpasses the regular lecture in interest and instructive value. No doubt an enormous crowd will be on hand to hear Mr. O'Connor here as in other towns and cities.

—wss—

Hold your Hail Insurance for Boverie & Walker. 38-tf

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER

When you go to vote mark your ballot for Railroad Commissioner this way:

For Railroad Commission:

~~C. H. HUMBLESTON of Travis County~~

CLARENCE E. GILMORE of Van Zandt County

~~JOHN L. ANDREWS of Dallas County~~

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

J. L. LACKEY, CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS

Presents his platform.

To the Voters of Collingsworth county, Texas:

I have endeavored to meet each of you and present to you a card upon which is printed some of the main planks of my platform so that you might know the things for which I stand. But I find it utterly impossible to see all of you, so I am presenting it to you through the columns of your local paper.

"Increased production is necessary to win the war—we MUST win it.

"My plan to increase production is: Let the producer be paid WELL for his products and the worker be paid WELL for his work.

"I am against price-fixing on ANY necessity, unless it is fixed on ALL necessities.

"I am against the creation of any board that will take from the President any of his constitutional powers.

"I am for spending all the money necessary to win the war, but NONE to enrich corporations or individuals.

"WOMEN do not waste food; Congress should NOT waste any money.

"I am in favor of amending our immigration laws so that NO MORE undesirable aliens can get into our country.

"I am in favor of Congressmen paying the SAME AMOUNT of income tax on their salaries as OTHER people have to pay on incomes of the same amount.

"Our National Democratic Convention two years ago ordered by an overwhelming majority that women be given the right to vote; they now only have the right to vote in the primaries. I shall strive to see that the mandate of the convention is carried out and that they be given full right of suffrage."

I have always thought a candidate for Congress should tell the people how he stands on national issues, so that they can judge him, and I have done so.

So far as I am informed, Mr. Jones has no platform but his pictures with a statement thereon that he is for winning the war in the shortest possible time, and in favor of subordinating all other issues. I will say that I heartily endorse the first part of the statement. But I cannot agree with Mr. Jones that the issues of vital interest to the farmer, stockraiser, laborer and necessary business man should be neglected or forgotten. Because the class of people above mentioned supply every essential implement of war, and without them the war cannot be won in a short time, or any time so far as that is concerned. So if I am elected, I will strive to help them so that they may be able to supply the necessaries to carry on and win the war in the shortest time.

I do not ask anyone to vote for me solely through friendship. Let your test be: "Who is the best man for the place at this critical time?" If you vote for either of us through any OTHER reason, your vote will be purely a compliment. President Wilson said when so many people wanted to send Mr. Roosevelt to France with an army, "This is no time to pass around compliments."

If I am elected I promise you:

1. That I will not forget your interest.

2. That there will never be coming from me any peace talk, or peace resolutions, until Imperial Germany asks our commander upon what terms she may have peace.

3. That I will not speak one way and vote another.

I respectfully ask you to vote for me, if you think I am right.

Yours very truly,
J. L. LACKEY.

—wss—

LOANING MONEY

I loan money on farm and ranch lands in this and adjoining counties, look after the renewal of all Darlington loans coming due and buy Vendors Lien notes. If you need money or have notes for sale see or write me. R. R. Sherwood, Wellington, Texas, office: First National Bank building.

—wss—

Cause of Despondency.

Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels.

—wss—

Over 3,000 women are at work in the production of gas masks at the Long Island gas-defense plant.

TO VOTERS OF THE 124TH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am sure there are at least 10,000 voters in this District. It is not possible to see all. It is too expensive to address personal letters to all. I take this opportunity or making my final call of solicitation to each and every voter.

I was born in Fannin County, Aug. , 1880. Gober, Texas, Fannin County, was my home from infancy until I was 25 years of age. Alternated my time from early youth until now between farm and school work. Worked and paid my own way during the last six years of my schooling—two years in high school in Gober ,one year in Ector and three years in East Texas Normal College, Commerce, Texas. Was principal of home school at Gober, in 1903-4 and 1904-05. Read the boost of Shamrock and the Shamrock country in E. L. Woodley's real estate adventure and landed at Shamrock in 1905. Bought land near McLean more than 12 years ago and began farming and stock farming between nine and ten years ago. Sold my place near McLean, and have been in the Pampa country nearly two years.

For Texas to give its greatest help in winning the war is our greatest problem. However, as a native Texan, I have no doubt but that Texas will do all in her power to help win the war. Neither do I doubt but that our part will be the greatest part taken by any State in the American Union. We must not become unbalanced but must remember to guard carefully our [illegible] industries, must see that our [illegible] learning make pro[illegible]my and [illegible]ead

suffrage, prohibition and modification of the homestead law. Want equalization of taxation, equal or just representation, efficient rural schools and efficient rural school supervision.

Have been in Texas all my life and in the Panhandle nearly 13 years and having been engaged in farming and stock raising between nine and ten years and thus having come in touch with the needs of the masses by practical experience, it seems to me I ought to be the better qualified candidate for representative of the people.

I aim to circulate no petition or have any petition circulated in my behalf as a recommendation. As far as I know, a loyal home suport for me has never been questioned. If anyone is in doubt, make your own investigation to your own satisfaction. Although I was defeated for representative two years ago by a vote of 445 votes in Gray county to 119 for my opponent, as shown by home town, McLean, giving me 159 votes to 16 for my opponent and as was further shown by the voting box of Lefors (where I had just taught their school) giving me 18 votes to 0 for my opponent.

With an appreciation to all for your careful consideration of me, I remain,

Very truly,
C. W. TURMAN.

—wss—

Doing Good.

Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delmeny, Sask., says of it, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myseelf and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

—wss—

For neat and correct abstract work [illegible] R. Sherwo[illegible]

PRECINCT CONVENTIONS

There is one thing that we would like at this early date to call to the attention of the voters, both men and women, that is altogether too often overlooked by many. That is the precinct conventions on the afternoon of the primary election. These conventions are of great imuortance as they are the means of selecting delegates to all state, district and county conventions. They are the very keynote to the control of the democratic party machiney of the state. The state convention and the state executive committee are just such bodies as are chosen by these precinct conventions. In our part of the state where the pros are overwhelmingly in the majority it often occurs that they become indolent and careless about this important duty and remain quietly at home taking a nap, on the afternoon of the primary and permit a handfull of about two dozen antis to organize in some pool hall or lumber yard and rush into the court house, while the better element sleeps on, and capture the precinct convention and send a delegation to every convention which does not represent the true sentiment of the community, but instead represent only the devious ways of the gang which organized and put them over. This has been done several times recently, and will be repeated this year unless there is a general awakening along the line of political segacity by the better element of the voters. Cut out your nap on the afternoon of the primary and be on hand to send none but men who stand for decency and the better and higher ideals of government to the different conventions. Remember this must be looked after on the afternoon of the primary, Juy 27, this year. Lady voters as well as men must be on the alert and be present to participate in the convention. Spread this matter among your associates and all be on hand. The state democratic executive committee has for several years been in the clutches of a crowd of fellows who are against the best interests of the masses of the people. Let's get busy this year and put none but the faithful on guard. We have this year on hand both war and pestilence. They are said to go hand in hand. Anyway we have them and we must get rid of both by winning the war and by squelching Jim Ferguson, the pestilence, and all of his gang good and plenty. Not only do your duty as a voter but be on hand Saturday afternoon, July 27, and put yourself on record in favor of clean politics. If you are not, and the old gang captures the machinery again and again dominate party affairs, you men and women who fail to do your duty will be to blame for the miscarriage. Do not fail this time.—Hall County Herald.

—wss—

Phone 111 for Texas Oil.—B. F. Ball. 19-tf.

Phone No. 27
We Sell
Niggerhead Coal

Cicero Smith Lumber Company
S. A. McCARROLL, Manager
Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Lath, Shingles and Brick

It pays to see us before you placeyour bill

LOCALS & PERSONALS

Phone 111 for Texas Oil.—B. F. Ball. 19-tf.

Gibbs Glenn renewed for the Leader Thursday.

For neat and correct abstract work se R. R. Sherwood. 19-tf.

Jessie Lee Pool of Hedley is visiting Zela Boles this week.

D. D. McDowell and family visited relatives in Memphis last Sunday.

Miss Eva Woody of Weatherford is visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. E. Stone.

Miss Zell Ryan of Clarendon is here visiting her sister, Mrs. Gibbs Glenn.

L. A. Kenneday went to Bowie this week to visit his mother a few days.

We have several good second-hand Ford cars for sale.—Wellington Motor Co. 46-tf.

Fred LeDerer returned first of the week from a business trip to Dallas.

Boverie & Walker have now some ne bargains in farm and ranch lands, cheap. 38-tf

Mrs. H. B. Wright is visiting in Childress during her vacation from the Famous.

We have moved into our building upstairs over Scott & Davis' drug store. —Templeton & Templeton. 19-tf

Miss Monnie Arnn of Wellington spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Grace Penrod.—Canyon News.

J. T. Litchfield was here from Wheeler county first of the week visiting his daughter, Miss Lora.

Mrs. J. T. Joel and little grandson of Hereford visited her sister-in-law, Mrs. D. C. Brooks, several days last week.

Judge E. H. Small and family of Shamrock spent Sunday in this city with Judge C. C. Small and Mrs. R. L. Templeton.

J. C. Skaggs and wife returned Saturday from a visit in different points in Oklahoma and Texas. They are better pleased than ever with the Panhandle—especially the Collingsworth portion of it.

Quite a number of carloads of boosters went on a trip Thursday to all points down the line to Vernon boosting for R. H. Cocke for District Judge. They found that Judge Cocke will receive a strong vote everywhere they went.

Demonstration Agent Hunter and L. A. Kennedy were in Hedley last Saturday from Wellington. Mr. Kennedy was formerly agent for this county, but is now engaged in scientific farming in Collingsworth county. —Hedley Informer.

Miss Daphne Hicks, advance agent for the Chautauqua, has been here this week getting everything lined up for the Chautauqua. The Chautauqua manager arrived Thursday and the tent and seating has been under way ready for the opening number this afternoon.

S. A. Goodson and family have been visiting his brother J. R. Goodson of near town. S. A. has been in the Navy for seven years and is now located in Colorado for the benefit o his health. He said if he ever located anywhere when he becomes a private citizen he will locate in Collingsworth county.

Atty. John H. Myers has moved to this city from Oklahoma City and opened offices in the First National Bank building. He will engage in the practice of law as well as look after his realty interests in the city. He thinks (and he is right) that Wellington will be one of the best towns in the southwest. The Leader predicts for him a splendid business in this new location.

CORRECTION

The Leader last week in writing up the Buck Creek Ice Cream supper made some two or three mistakes owing to being in a hurry and being unfamiliar with the names. We stated that it was a pie supper, and that it was held at Mrs. Ed Smith's when it was at Mrs. B. L. Atkinson's. Two names given wrong were G. R. Tinney Leota Stout. Their next meeting will be with Mrs. Ed Smith.

wss

THE S. T. & P. KNITTING CLUB.

On Friday of last week several girls met at the home of Mrs. A. V. Cocke and organized a knitting club. The following officers were elected: Malvina Salter, president; Clara Leach, vice president; Buster McDowell, treasurer; Effie Lee Richards, secretary; Bess H[illegible] press reporter. We [illegible]d to meet with Clara Leach

Phone 111 for Texas Oil.—B. F. Ball. 19-tf.

Clarence Strong went to Childress last Friday on a business trip.

T. C. Wright of Krum, is here visiting his mother, Mrs. R. T. Payne.

Mrs. Luther Gribble left Monday for South Texas to visit home folks.

Mrs. V. V. Davis of Memphis is spending the week here with friends.

We have several good second-hand Ford cars for sale.—Wellington Motor Co. 46-tf.

Miss Mary Sue Pittman is spending the week with friends in Childress.

Dist. Attorney O. T. Warlick and Mr. Nickson were here from Vernon Tuesday.

Good bargains for cash for next thirty days throughout my entire store.—Wm. Cook.

B. Williamson reurned this week from Eastern Oklahoma where he spent several weeks.

C. C. Jones is working in Altus. His son Raymond went to Altus Monday to be with him a while.

Rev. M. E. Hawkins desires the Leader to announce that he will preach at the Methodist church Sunday morning.

J. C. Long was here from Hollis last Saturday. He has volunteered for army service and will go to Camp Bowie the 27th.

TO THE VOTERS OF COLLINGSWORTH COUNTY

As I have been too busy at work to make a personal canvass of the county, and could not get to see all of you on Saturdays, I take this means of soliciting your support in the coming primary. I will certainly appreciate your vote and anything you may do for me in the race for County Weigher. I certainly would have been glad to have met all of you personally, but that has been impossible, so I wish you to consider my candidacy. If you will elect me to this important office I will try to make you a good weigher and not betray the trust you placed in me.

Yours sincerely,
T. J. STALL.

wss

JUNIOR LEAGUE PROGRAM

Song.
Prayer.
Roll Call.—Answered by scripture.
Scripture—Matt. 7:17-20.
Practical Application.—Nora Cook.
Character Scene.—Lorena Mead.
Song.
Bible Story.—Lilly May Allen.
The Tire at Epworth. — Hobart Smith.
Eighth Psalm.—By League.
Appointing Leaders.
Collection.
Benediction.
Leader.—Nora Cooke.

wss

OPERATIONS AT SANITARIUM.

Miss McKinney, Gould, Okla., appendicitis.
Mrs. Means, Vinson, Okla., appendicitis.
Mrs. Stewart, Vinson, Okla., appendicitis.
Dexter Glenn, Quail, appendicitis.
Joe Baumgardner, appendicitis.
Miss Austin, tonsillectomy.
Mr. Gibson, Loco, tonsillectomy.
Miss Sledge, City, tonsillectomy.
R. H. Glasgow, amputation of fingers.

wss



BILL BONE, Poet-Lecturer.

Lecturing on the same day all summer on a Chautauqua tour with a National Celebrity and presumed to play "second fiddle" to him, but far outstripping him in popularity with the audiences is the latest achievement of W. A. "Bill" Bone, the lecturer, poet, and humorist. Mr. Bone speaks here on the fifth afternoon of Chautauqua.

We have several good second-hand Ford cars for sale.—Wellington Motor Co. 46-tf.

J. A. Longino and family came in last week from New Mexico on a visit with relatives.

If you want to sell your land list it with Boverie & Walker. They will find the purchaser. 38-tf

For the next thirty days I will give good bargains for cash, as I need the money.—Wm. Cook.

Mayor R. A. Williams and wife and Hugh Sherwood and wife spent Sunday in Childress.

We have our office in front rooms upstairs over Scott & Davis' drug store.—Templeton & Tmepleton. 49

A. M. Ledbetter of Aberdeen was in town Thursday . He said they had a good shower Tuesday, and everybody hard at work.

D. C. More and wife and son, Z. A. Moore and wife of Hedley spent Sunday with their daughter and sister, Mrs. Herman Horschler.

Mrs. Ray Blossom was here last week from Shamrock visiting her sister, Mrs. T. J. Stall. Her niece Leila Stall accompanied her hime.

Rev. J. C. Newman is holding a revival meeting at Pleasant Point this week. He will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning and night.

D. L. Kutch renewed for the Leader Thursday. He reports crops doing nicely since the showers of this week. He sold one of his fine registered Duroc hogs to J. A. Brandon.

J. M. Skipper and wife returned this week from a trip to Plainview. Mr. Skipper bought land joining the town of Plainview and will move there as soon as he can wind up his affairs here.

We have several good second-hand Ford cars for sale.—Wellington Motor Co. 46-tf.

For the next thirty days I will give good bargains for cash, as I need the money.—Wm. Cook.

A. Q. Bonner and family went to Dalhart first of the week where Mr. Bonner has a ranch.

For the next thirty days I will give good bargains for cash, as I need the money.—Wm. Cook.

Dr. S. A. Street and son, Harper, went to Austin first of the week for a visit with the family.

If you are in need of money and hold some good Vendor's lien notes you had better see Boverie & Walker.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Biffle went to Silverton Tuesday in response to a message that their son, Fred, had died that morning.

Mrs. Hatcher has resigned her position at Wellington, and is in Quanah visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lura Radford.—Quanah Observer.

Mrs. Frank Greene and children left Thursday of last week for Sapulpa, Oklahoma, to join her husband who has been there several weeks.

T. J. Bell and wife were here from Shamrock Wednesday. They formerly lived in this county at Lutie. He subscribed for the Leader while in town.

Mmes. Herbert Dysart and C. C. Small went to Shamrock Tuesday to take Mrs. L. F. Sheffey to the train. Mrs. Sheffey went to Canyon to join her husband.

Mrs. Willie Lumley, wife of Sgt. H. C. Lumley, of the 192 Aero. Squadron, Call Field, Wichita Falls, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Goforth, of this city this week, returning home Tuesday.

OUR CLASSIFIED COLUMN

FOR SALE—Good young milk cow; fresh; call and see Raymond Vise. 2

FOR SALE—Fresh milk cow.—A. V. Skelton. 49-tf

FOR SALE—Three high grade Shropshire buck sheep.—J. S. Driskill, phone X251. 51-4c

LAND FOR TRADE—403 acres in Ozark county, Mo., one half mile from Theodosia; 70 acres in cultivation; good house and barn; will trade for Collingsworth county land.—A. M. Ledbetter, Aberdeen, Texas. 51-1p

FOR SALE—Fresh milk cow.—G. W. McCauley. 49-tf

FOR SALE—Stock peas; home made bacon and good home made syrup and cane seed.—J. C. Phipps. 41-tf

FOR SALE—A good Jersey cow; several to pick from.—Jno. L. Anderson at A. & W. Big Store. 40-tf

AUTOMOBILES—When in the market for a good car, call on J. M. Shields, agent for the Case Six and Four. Also the Dodge. Phone residence, 129, office 72.—J. M.Shields.

Good bargains for cash for next thirty days throughout my entire store.—Wm. Cook.

J. W. Bond and J. P. Pool were over from Hedley last Sunday visiting S. N. Bond and family. Grandma Bond returned home with them.

Mrs. George Greene returned to her home at Wichita Falls last week after a few weeks visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. McDowell.

Mrs. W. M. Koger and son, Fred, and daughters, Misses Edith and Lillian, of Waxahachie are visiting their son and brother, J. A. Koger of this city.

The Texas Cavalry boys went to Memphis last Sunday to be inspected. They returned home Monday to await being federalized and called into service.

Sam B. Henry returned a few days ago from Teague where he visited home folks a few weeks. He is very much improved and goes to Shamrock to take up his duties in the Forbis & Stone store.

Confidence the Result of Strength

THE STRENGTH of this Bank is the direct result of its efficient management, ample Resources and Capital. The confidence of the people is the result of the strength and unquestioned safety which the Bank assures its depositors and patrons. Ever since its establishment, the Bank has gradually grown in strength and also in esteem of the people. We invite the accounts of all people who appreciate safety for their money and carful, efficient service

OVER HALF A MILLION DOLLARSIN RESOURCES
CHECKING ACCOUNTS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED

The City State Bank

ESTABLISHED IN 1910.
GUARANTY FUND BANK
WELLINGTON, TEXAS
H. D. CREATH, Cashier.

U. S. Thrift Stamps and War Savings Certificates save lives and shorten the war—start buying them at this Bank today.

TRAVELERS CHECKS

BIG VICTORY FOR HOBBY MUST BE FOLLOWED UP AT CONVENTIONS

Dallas, Texas, July 8th.—With victory at the polls on July 27 assured, Hobby forces throughout the State are urged to secure full and fair representation on election boards, competent judges and clerks of undoubted probity at each polling place, and to effective participation in their respective precinct convention meetings.

"A victory at the polls, not backed up by a victory at the precinct conventions, would be a calamity," said Walter J. Crawford of Beaumont, writing to Governor Hobby's friends in Dallas. "This is extremely important, and deserves careful attention. In the smaller places and in country districts the conventions are very frequently held in the afternoon; in the cities they are more often held at night. Everyone entitled to vote is entitled to share in the precinct convention.

"Hobby forces are entitled to be represented at each voting box, with election officials, supervisors and clerks, men and women. This representation should be secured by all means. The presence of one or more women at the polling places will encourage women to enter and vote, and relieve them of any embarrassment.

"These matters should receive attention at once. It is dangerous to delay. Every friend of good government, every man and woman who believes in making Texas a cleaner, a better State, freer than ever from all sorts of crime and evils, should join us in this movement, taking part in both the election and the primary conventions on July 27."

wss

Wellington, Texas, July 15, 1918

To the Voters of Collingsworth County, Texas:

I have been very busy in my campaign for State Senator from this district, composed of 49 counties, and, it has taken most of my time at the wheel of a Ford automobile. I think you will understand that it will be impossible for me to make a personal campaign of this county, or to see my friends on Saturdays, because I am spending these days where I am not acquainted. I came in your midst a young man, married here and am rearing my family among you. I have served you as County Attorney and your Representative and you know both my life and record. I believe that all fair minded men will give me credit for having tried at all times to be faithful to the people that I have served, and, in the new office, I expect to make a better record as a faithful official. I shall appreciate from the depth of my heart a generous support from my home people. You have always been kind to me in matter of majorities in the past, but I will appreciate a larger majority this time than ever before. While I am trying to win an honor for myself, still I take it that you would like for Collingsworth county to have the honor of having the State Senator from your county. I will appreciate your support.

R. L. TEMPLETON.

THE SOLDIER'S CHANCES

Great as the danger and large as the losses in the aggregate, the individual soldier has plenty of chances of coming out of the war unscathed, or at least not badly injured.

Based on the mortality statistics of the allied armies, a soldier's chances are as follows:

Twenty-nine chances of coming home to one chance of being killed.

Forty-nine chances of recovering from a wound to one chance of dying from them.

One chance in five hundred of losing a limb.

Will live five years longer because of physical training, is freer from disease in the army than in civil life, and has better medical care at the front than at home.

In other wars from 10 to 15 men died from disease to 1 from bullets; in this war 1 man dies from disease to every ten from bullets.

For those of our fighting men who do not escape scatheless, the Government under the soldier and sailor insurance law gives protection to the wounded and their dependents and to the families and dependents of those who make the supreme sacrifice for their country.

wss

FOR SALE

A five passenger Ford automobile in A1 condition, with Master vibrator, foot feed, and electric lights, new top. Big bargain if sold in the next ten days. If interested call on C. N. Bushnell at Hardy drug store, west side square. 48-tf

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following candidates authorize us to announce them for the office under which they are listed, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary:

For State Senate, 29th District
R. L. TEMPLETON
(Of Collingsworth County)
W. S. BELL
(Of Foard County)

For Judge 46th Judicial District
WILEY C. TISDALE
(Of Foard County.)
R. H. COCKE, Jr.
(Of Collingsworth County)
J. A. NABERS
(Of Wilbarger County)

For Representative 124th District
H. B. HILL
(Of Wheeler County)
C. W. TURMAN
(Of Hemphill County)

For County and District Clerk
J. M. (John) FULLER
W. G. HITE
O. L. COUCH

For Sheriff and Tax Collector
M. S. CARPENTER
J. L. MEAD

For County Judge
C. C. SMALL
I. T. GOODNIGHT

For Tax Assessor
J. N. WARD
T. E. BENGE

For County Treasurer
J. M. FLEMING
MISS SALLIE KELLY
J. M. HODGES

For County Weigher
IVAN BENSON
W. E. (Wood) MOORE
J. M. FUSON
T. J. STALL

For County Attorney
JAS. C. MAHAN
A. V. (Red) PENDLETON
W. T. BARTON

For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1
C. C. TERRY

For Justice of the Peace Pre. 1.
W. A. WALKER
P. W. MYERS

For Commissioner, Precinct No. 2
C. N. McCLASKEY
L. B. SIMS

For Commissioner Precinct No 3,
J. R. W. BREWER
W. I. ATKINSON

For Commissioner Precinct No. 4.
B. C. SHIRLEY
A. J. BRADLEY
W. H. MONTGOMERY

Southern farm boy-club members produced in 1917 food and feed valued at $4,019,121, the Department of Agriculture reports. A total of 115,745 boys were enrolled in regualr clubs in 14 states.

wss

The Department of Labor r[illegible] adjustment of 39 industr[illegible]l di[illegible] during a recent week. This is [illegible]cord. Eleven strikes and two [illegible]ened strikes were adjusted. Inclu[illegible] in the strikes settled was that of machinists at the Curtiss Aeroplane Co. plant, Buffalo, where 300 men quit and 15,000 were affected indircetly.

wss

Department of Agriculture specialists appealing for increased production of poultry and eggs, make thes[illegible] suggestions: Keep better poultry; se[illegible]lect healthy vigorous breeders; hatch[illegible] early; preserve eggs; cull the flock[illegible] grow as much poultry feed as possib[illegible] supply the family table; eat mo[illegible] poultry and eggs and conserve [illegible] meat supply.

wss

Illinois is the center of agricul[illegible] production of the United States[illegible] the Department of Agriculture. [illegible] of greatest production 1917 are: [illegible] $1,330,000,000; Illinois, $1,255,0[illegible] Texas, $1,045,000,000; Missouri[illegible] 000,000; Ohio $851,000,000; N[illegible] $774,000,000; Indiana, $766[illegible] Kansas, $735,000,000; Nev[illegible] $700,000,000; Minnesota, $64[illegible] Pennsylvania, $636,000,000; [illegible] $605,000,000; Califonia, $5[illegible] Michigan, $534,000,000; [illegible] $529,000,000.

C. D. SHAMBURGER
LUMBER

A COMPLETE LINE OF THE BEST OF BUILDING MATERIAL, COLORADO HOG WIRE. ALL KINDS OF THE BEST FENCE POSTS.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE

AMOS R. EVANS, Manager

TAKING OF TESTIMONY IN CRIMINAL CASES

House Joint Resolution No. 2.

To amend Section 10, Article 1, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for certain rights of accused persons in criminal prosecutions, and the manner in which the case may be prosecuted, and providing for the procuring of the testimony of the witnesses for both defense and prosecution.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of The State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section (10) of Article (1) of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended that the same will read and hereafter be as follows:

Section (10). In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have a speedy public trial by an impartial jury. He shall have the right to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him, and to have a copy thereof. He shall not be compelled to give evidence against himself and shall have the right of being heard by himself or counsel, or both, shall be confronted by the witnesses against him and shall have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, except that when the witness resides out of the State and the offense charged is a violation of any of the anti-trust laws of this State, the defendant and the State shall have the right to produce and have the evidence admitted by deposition, under such rules and laws as the Legislature may hereafter provide; and no person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on an indictment of a grand jury, except in cases in which the punishment is by fine or imprisonment, otherwise than in the penitentiary, in cases of impeachment and in cases arising in the army or navy, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger.

Section 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of this State at the next general election for State and county officers.

Section 3. The qualified electors for members of the Legislature shall vote upon said amendment at the said general election and at which election all persons favoring said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot the following: "For amendment to section 10, article 1 of the Constitution, providing for prosecution of criminal cases by information, of indictment, and taking of testimony of witnesses by deposition, under certain circumstances," and those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "Against the amendment to Section 10, article 1, of the Constitution."

Section 4. The sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriateed out of any funds of the State Treasury of the State not otherwise appropriated to pay the expense of publishing, proclamation, and election.

(Note.—H. J. R. No. 2 passed the House of Representatives by a two-thirds vote, yeas 123, nays 4; and passed the Senate with amendments, by a two-thirds vote, yeas 21, nays 4; and the House concurred in Senate amendments by a two-thirds vote, yeas 123, nays 0.)

Approved March 10, 1917.

(A TRUE COPY)

C. D. MIMS,

50-4c Acting Secy. of State.

—wss—

SPECIAL TAX FOR MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FURNISHING FREE TEXT BOOKS

House Joint Resolution No. 27.

Proposing an amendment to Art. 7 of the State of Texas by changing Sec. 3, providing for a thirty-five cent tax levy for the maintenance of the public schools of Texas, and providing free text books in public schools of the State of Texas, and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas.

Section 1. That Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution, be so changed as to read as follows (creating a new section 3.)

Section 3. One-fourth of the revenue derived from the State occupation taxes and a poll tax of one ($1.00) dollar on every male inhabitant of this State between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years, shall be set apart annually for the benefit of the public free schools; and, in addition thereto, there shall be levied and collected an annual ad valorem State tax of such an amount not to exceed thirty-five cents on the one hundred $(100) dollar valuation, as, with the available school fund arising from all other sources, will be sufficient to maintain and support the public schools of this State for a period of not less than six months in each year, and it shall be the duty of the State Board of Education to set aside a sufficient amount out of the said tax to provide free text books for the use of children attending the public free schools of this State; provided, however, that should the limit of taxation herein named be insufficient, the deficit may be met by appropriation from the general funds of the State, and the Legislature may also provide for the formation of school districts by general or special law without the local notice required in other cases of special legislation; and all such school districts, whether created by general or special law, may embrace two or more counties. And the Legislature shall be authorized to pass laws for the assesment and coltion of taxes in all said districts, and for the management and control of the public school or schools of such district, whether such districts are composed of territory wholly within a county or in parts of two or more sounties. And the Legislature may authorize an additional ad valorem tax to be levied and collected within all school districts heretofore formed or hereafter formed, for the further maintenance of public free schools, and the erection and equipment of school buildings therein provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax-paying voters of the district, voting at an election to be held for that purpose, shall vote such tax, not to exceed in any one year fifty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of the property subject to taxation in such district, but the limitation upon the amount of school district tax herein authorized shall not apply to incorporated cities or towns constituting separate and independent school districts.

Section 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State at an election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1918, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "For the amendment to theConstitution of the State of Texas providing for the levy of a special school tax for the maintenance of the public schools of the State and to provide free text books in the public schools of the State of Texas," and all those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words, "Against the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for the levy of a special school tax for the maintenance of the public schools of the State of Texas."

Section 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have same published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Section 4. That the sum of two thousand ($2000.00) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necesary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State of Texas not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

(Note.—H. J. R. No. 27 passed the House of Representatives by a two-thirds vote, yeas 108, nays 22; and passed the Senate by a two-thirds vote, yeas 23, nays 4.)

Approved March 19, 1917.

(A TRUE COPY.)

C. D. MIMS,

50-4c Acting Secy. of State.

—ssm—

W. S. BELL ANSWERS R. L. TEMPLETON

Corrects Misrepresentations.

Crowell, Texas, July 15, 1918.

To the Voters of the 29th District of Texas:

I have seen a folder recently gotten out by my opponent, Hon. R. L. Templeton, in the interest of his campaign for State Senator in which he accuses me of having changed my position with reference to J. E. Ferguson's campaign for Givernor after I had canvassed the district, learned the sentiment of the people, and saw the handwriting on the wall. Mr. Templeton says that until recently I took the position that if Mr. Ferguson received the majority of votes in the primary election he should be seated as Governor regardless of the Constitution, and then uses an excerpt from a letter that I published under date of June 26th to make his charge appear plausible. If Mr. Templeton had been candid enough to publish my letter in full it would not have served his purpose to mislead the people by the methods of cheap politics. But he thought by selecting one sentence from my letter and coupling it with misrepresentation that he could camouflage the voters and put it by when it was too late for me to reach them with a reply before the primaries. Mr. Templeton has known my position from the beginning of the campaign, and early in the campaign we discussed the question of Mr. Ferguson's eligibility to the office of Governor; and when he says that I took the position that if Mr. Ferguson received the majority of votes at the primary election that he should be seated as Governor regardless of the Constitution he makes a statement that he knows to be false. I have always taken the position, and do yet, that all power and authority are in the people, except when limited by the Constitution; and when the people have expressed their will at the ballot box, or in other lawful manner, their will is supreme unless in confict with organic law. But I have always recognized the Constitution as the highest authority and as binding both officers and private citizens. I have not been educated in as many schools, colleges and universities as Mr. Templeton claims to have been, am not a lawyer as he boasts of being, and during the early part of the campaign I was not sure that the impeachment of Mr. Ferguson disqualified him from holding office under the provisions of the Constitution, and I frankly said that if Mr. Ferguson was elected and I should be a member of the Senate that I would vote to seat him unless prohibited by the Constitution. Many lawyers of perhaps as great ability as Mr. Templeton took the position that the impeachment of Mr. Ferguson did not disqualify him, and I did not know who were right. During the six years that I have served in the Legislature I have tried first to be sure that I was right and then go ahead; and during that time I have never taken a position or cast a vote that I am ashamed of before the best people of the State; and the arguments of Judge H. O. Head, M. M. Crane and other eminent lawyers published in the press of the state convinced me that under the provision of the Constitution Mr. Ferguson is forever barred from holding office in the State of Texas. And having reached a definite conclusion in the matter I did not hesitate to declare what I would do if eleced to the Senate, and the letter that I published on June 26th was to correct misrepresentations of my position in the matter that I learned Mr. Templeton was making over the district. That is all there is to Mr. Templeton's effort to make it appear I changed my position after I had canvassed the district, learned the sentiment of the people, and then only because I saw the handwriting on the wall; and his distortion of the facts in representing that I ever took the position that Mr. Ferguson, even if he received the majority of votes, should be seated as Governor, REGARDLESS OF THE CONSTITUTION, is nothing but the OLD GAME OF DIRTY POLITICS. If Mr. Templeton was so sure from the outset, as he says he was, that Mr. Ferguson is not eligible to the office of Governor, why did he vote against an amendment that was offered to a bill that was pending in the last called session of the Legislature during March or April of this year and long after both Mr. Ferguson and Mr. Templeton had announced their candidacies, which amendment was to keep Mr. Ferguson's name off the ticket? Why did he vote to continue a political farce and embroil the State in a fruitless campaign if he knew that Mr. Ferguson sould not be seated even if the people should elect him? If he was sure that Mr. Ferguson could not be seated and that if the people should give him a majority at the ballot box that the expressed will of the people would have to be disregarded and some other man put in the Governor's chair, why did he vote to allow Mr. Ferguson to go before the people as a regular candidate for that office, when it should serve no good purpose and possibly involve the State in a great deal of trouble? Was he mocking the people, or was he trying to mislead the Ferguson supporters to serve his own ends as he is now trying to mislead the people in regard to my position?

In one of his folders Mr. Templeton mentions a number of reforms which he says he will advocate if elected. I have been with him in the last three Legislatures and during all that time he has never, to my knowledge, introduced a single bill to put into law any of the things he says that he favors. It seems strange that out of six years' experience he has only learned what he should advocate in the future but did not learn until his last term of service is about expired; or is his platform only some more camouflage I have too much confidence in the integrity and intelligence of the voters of the 29th Senatorial District to believe that they want a man to represent them in the State Senate who would misrepresent his opponent in order to get himself elected to office; and there are too many good people in the district who know me for Mr. Templeton's false statements in regard to my position to have much weight even if unanswered by me. It is only the desperate effort of a man who recognizes that he has been weighed in the balance and found wanting to bolster up his cause by trying to tear down the reputation of his opponent to his own level, and to mislead the people by false statements. It looks like Mr. Templeton has seen the handwriting on the wall and feels that something must be done to save himself; and if he has not seen it he will see it about the 27th of this month and he will know then that he can not prove himself a fit man for office in the eyes of the people by trying to besmirch the reputation of his fellow man.

Respectfully,

W. S. BELL.

—wss—

If you want to borrow money, be sure to see Boverie & Walker. They can satisfy your wants on short notice. 38-tf

—wss—

Read the Wellington Leader.



ANNIE WEBB BLANTON

Demacratic Candidate for State Superintendent of Publfc Instruction

I am a native of Houston, a descendant of one of the soldiers who fought for the Texas Republic. Since the age of seventeen, I have been self-supporting. I am a graduate of the University of Texas and have done post-graduate work in both the University of Texas and the University of Chicago. My preparation included four years' work in Education. I have had the advantage of extensive travel both in America and Europe. I have served in both the country and city schools, and have taught the work of every grade of the public schools. In addition, I have had seventeen years' experience in the North Texas State Normal College. I am the only woman who has served as President of the State Teachers' Association; I am one of the Vice-presidents of the National Education Association, and I have done much work of a civic and social character. I am a member of the Daughters of the Confederacy, of the Daughters of the Republic of Texas, of the Parent-Teachers' Association, and of the Federated Clubs.

If elected, I pledge myself to work impartially for the welfare of all of the schools of the State. As a consequence of war conditions, with the resultant high cost of living and of certain other disadvantages of the teachers' work, Texas is facing an alarming shortage of teachers. To the problem of the exodus of teachers from the school, I can bring the sympathetic understanding of the teacher's point of view. I shall give special study to rural problems—to the extension of the term, to the improvement of conditions for both pupil and teacher, and to the adaptation of the course of study both to the length of the term and to the life of the community. I shall work for the establishment of consolidated schools, for the erection of teacherages, for the advancement of the county library movement, and for the use of the schools as social centers. I pledge myself to work for equal opportunity and equal remuneration for men and women teachers, where equal service is rendered.

—wss—

'Are You One of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a weak or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinsville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas and severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not relieve pain, but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

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'PHONE No. 93

Have You Pledged?



Your Quota of W. S. S. will be unsold if you do not buy during the year

CASH AND CARRY

Beginning August 1st I will place my business on a cash basis strictly and will discontinue delivering groceries. There are several reasons for making this change in business.

The Food Administrator has asked that all stores cut down their expense by cutting out the delivery, by selling for cash, etc., so we can sell groceries cheaper to the people. By cutting out the delivery we save the expense of the car, gas, driver, etc. By selling for cash we save the time of a bookkeeper and collector; and we will cut out the losses of some accounts which any store will have selling on time. By cutting out these two things we cut out a big expense which will enable us to sell you groceries much cheaper.

The cash and carry system is becoming very popular over the country because the people want to do what they can to help win the war. By cutting down the working force in a store just releases that many men for essential war work.

By selling for cash will enable us to pay cash as we go and we believe you will find it more satisfactory to pay cash, and carry them home with you when you can get them much cheaper.

Yours for business,

CHAS. BOLES



TEMPLETON REPLIES TO BELL.

This is the second time my opponent, Mr. W. S. Bell, has felt it necessary to rush into print to explain his changed position on the Ferguson question, and, being a banker, by liberal use of his bank roll, is consuming considerable space in the daily and weekly press of this district, in a desperate Eleventh-hour attempt to cover up his wobbling position on this important issue, in order to win this election. It is the same "Old Political Stunt" of trying to spring something new at the last hour to win an election he has already lost. Mr. Bell ought to know that the people of this district are too intelligent to be fooled or bought by his money in this way and that the time is past for this "Old Time Political Game." The truth about Mr. Bell's record is out in "Black and White" and the people know it, and no lavish use of money, or spasmodic write-up in the press can cover up his record.

In the first place Mr. Bell knows and the voters of this district know that I have conducted a clean campaign, based solely upon my merits without any reference to Mr. Bell, except as to his admitted position on the Ferguson question and that neither he, nor any voter that I have canvassed have heard a word from me reflecting upon his boasted good reputation. Mr. Bell in this article as in his personal canvass is the one who is guilty of trying to besmirch the reputation of his opponent in order to win this election, and up to now, I have refrained from replying.

Now, Mr. Bell, let us get this record straight so that the people will know your posiion on this Ferguson question. You participated in the impeachment proceedings and heard the trial, and knew as much then as you do now.Early in the campaign before either of us had done much campaigning, Judge R. W. Hall, Associate Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals at Amarillo, addressed a letter to both Mr. Bell and myself, asking us to declare our position on the Ferguson question. I replied by return mail, saying that I would not vote to seat Mr. Ferguson, if it cost me every vote in the District, but Mr. Bell has not answered that important letter to this good hour. This Mr. Bell will not deny and can be verified by referring to Judge Hall.

While canvassing the District Mr. Bell told me, as he admits he told others, that he would vote to seat Mr. Ferguson, if elected. After canvassing the Panhandle part of this district, and ascertaining the sentiment of the people on this question, on June 26th, just one month before the election, for he first time, made public his change of Faith on this important question, and in that letter makes this admission:

"I FIRST THOUGHT THAT SHOULD MR. FERGUSON RECEIVE A MAJORITY OF THE VOTES IN THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY IT WOULD BE MY DUTY AS A LOYAL DEMOCRAT TO SUPPORT HIM; BUT UPON MORE MATURE DELIBERATION I HAVE REACHED THE CONCLUSION THAT THIS IS NOT THE PROPER TEST."

Mr. Bell admits writing this letter and can't deny sending it over the district to the Hobby Clubs, where a copy can be read. The above is the paragraph copied and complained of by Mr. Bell, and he cannot say it is not copied correctly. The only refer once made to Mr. Bell in the leaflet is that he had changed his position on the Ferguson question, and I refer all voters to this leaflet in verification of this statement. Mr. Bell has plead guilty in this last published statement issued on July 15th, just twelve days before election, to more than I have charged him with. In this he admits as follows:

"During the EARLY PART OF THE CAMPAIGN I was not sure that the impeachment of Mr. Ferguson disqualified him from holding the office under the provisions of the Constitution, AND I FRANKLY SAID THAT IF MR. FERGUSON WAS ELECTED AND I SHOULD BE A MEMBER OF THE SENATE THAT I WOULD VOTE TO SEAT HIM, unless prohibited by the Constitution."

I ask all voters of the district to read my leaflet and see if this admission is not stronger than my statement. He pleads guilty to all we charged him with and like Ferguson, stands convicted by his own admission, which he cannot deny. In his first confession of change of faith on June 26th, Mr. Bell does not use the phrase "unless prohibited by the Constitution," but uses this for the first time in his July 15th "blow hard" statement to the press. Of course, this is only an aftermath invention of Mr. Bell's in order to try to further cover up and camouflage the people on his dubious position on the Ferguson question.

It is on this last invented phrase that Mr. Bell makes his loud charges of false representation. Now Mr. Bell knows and every man knows he told while making his first campaign over the district that he would vote to seat Mr. Ferguson, that this phrase "unless prohibied by the Constitution" was not used by Mr. Bell, and this is a mighty weak straw to hide behind when caught cold-handed. Now, Mr. Bell heard this constitutional question discussed at the time of the trial by the ablest lawyers of the state and was a member of the Legislature that impeached him, and that it took him until June 26th, just one month before election to get his mind straight on this important question, is mere tommy-rot and the intelligent people of this district will not accept such an explanation for dodging this issue so long. The facts are that Mr. Bell was astraddle of the fence, trying to ride into office on both the Ferguson and Hobby votes, and by trying to play both parties too long, has lost both votes. The Hobby men do not want a man who starts out a Ferguson man, and then changes to them only when he sees this is the only chance; and the Ferguson men do not want a man who starts out with them and then ditches them when his chances of election is periled by staying with them. This is the unfortunate and ridiculous position that Mr. Bell finds himself in by trying to play both sides and keep from the public his views on these important issues. In order to cover up this record Mr. Bell is making this last desperate effort to save his fast sinking ship. He knows no one has misrepresented him and that the "half has not been told."

In this eleventh hour appeal, Mr. Bell for the first time, attempts to criticise my platform. If I had gone before the people for this important office without a platform of any kind, and represented to them that I was a farmer and stockman, when I was president of the Bank of Cr... in the banking business, I certainly wa... nerve enough to criticise the platf... of my opponent. How did it happ... Mr. Bell, that you did not tell the ... ple something about your ... and some of your good work ... the Legislature for the past ... Why did you not explain yo... to answer Judge Hall's lette... you to declare your position ... Ferguson question and let the ... know just where you stood? ... did you keep this hid from the peo... so long and only just before the election reach your labored conclusions? Mr. Bell knows, and the people of my old district know that I stand for and have worked for all I put forward in my platform. If Mr. Bell desires to compare our records, I am willing to have my private as well as my public life at Austin compared with his during the same time.

Before the campaign opened, I made plain my position on all issues, and have not found it necessary to change my position during the campaign, or to rush into the press to cover up or explain my record.

Respectfully,
R. L. TEMPLETON.

———wss———

THE Y. M. C. A. MEN ARE IN THE THICK OF THE FIGHT

According to a cablegram received by the Y. M. C. A. War Work Council, more secretaries have been under liquid fire attacks, as well as gas and shell fire. The American Expeditionary Force officers have sent scores of letters to the Paris headquarters of the "Y" praising the work of the Red Triangle workers and declaring them to be indespensible.

John D. Antinis, of No. 238 Pine Street, Springfield, Mass, was gassed, though not seriously, during a heavy gas attack on a wood in which he remained at his post in a "Y" dug-out. Thomas R. Barber, of No. 905 Bleecker Street, Utica, N. Y., displayed conspicuous heroism through a severe bombardment and gas attack. Thomas T. Richards, of No. 324 Main Street, Scranton, Pa., went through a liquid fire and gas attack in a manner winning for him a reputation for heroism.

More than a hundred "Y" secretaries are in advanced positions and dugouts under constant shell fire. There are no quitters and they refuse to be relieved, it is said. They have been accepted by the Army as a part of itself. The officers have written that the "Y" men shirk no job. Their motor trucks carry up supplies at night under fire to the post exchanges beneath the trees, in the open and without shelter. They deliver the Paris editions of American newspapers and daily distribute free chocolate and cigarettes to the men without pay or going into battle. They act as bankers for theArmy, cashing hundreds of thousands of French pay checks and send the money to America for the soldiers, whose implicit confidence they hold.

———wss———

SOLDIER AND SAILOR INSURANCE

Secretary McAdoo has received the following cablegram from General Pershing:

"All ranks of the American Expeditionary Forces appreciate deeply the generous measure the Government has taken to provide insurance for their families, in proof of which more than 90 per cent of the men have taken out insurance. To wisely provision for their loved ones heartens our men and strengthens the bonds that unite the Army and people in our strong determination to triumph in our most righteous cause."

The Bureau of War Risk Insurance up to June 28 has written $21,566,000,000 insurance, representing 2,570,455 applications. The average amount of insurance applied for is $8,387, and in some battalions and regiments some in France and some here, every man has taken out insurance. In some units every man is nisured for the maximum $10,000.

One of the American generals says that this Government insurance is an element of victory. All Liberty Bond holders and all purchasers of War Savings Stamps may feel that they had a part in this insurance—the most just and humane provision ever made by any nation for its fighting men.

———wss———

L. B. SIMS ANNOUNCES FOR COMMISSIONER PRECT. NO. 2

The Leader is authorized to place the name of L. B. Sims in the announcement column as a candidate for the office of Commissioner Precinct No. 2, subject to the action of the Democratic primary July 27.

Mr. Sims is too well known in his precinct to need introduction. He is a gentleman, well qualified and capable to look after the business affa... of the county. ...'s well i... communit... ...bstan... er. Giv... and e...

NEWSPAPERS MUST ECONOMIZE ON PRINT PAPER

Because of an acute shortage in the supply of paper the War Industries Board announced, effective July 15, the following preliminary economies to be enforced by newspapers publishing a daily and weekly edition:

Discontinue the acceptance of the return of unsold copies.

Discontinue the use of all samples or free promotion copies.

Discontinue giving copies to anybody, except for office-working copies or where required by statute law in the case of official advertising.

Discontinue giving free copies to advertisers, except not more than one copy each for checking purposes.

Discontinue the arbitrary forcing of copies on news dealers (i. e., compelling them to buy more copies than they can legitimately sell in order to hold certain territory.)

Discontinue the buying back of papers at either wholesale or retail selling price from dealers or agents in order to secure preferential representation.

Discontinue the payment of salaries or commissions to agents, dealers, or newsboys for the purpose of securing the equivalent of return privileges.

Discontinue all free exchanges.

———wss———

...ETTER SHIP LOADING HELPS OUR ALLIES

Economies of approximately 20 per cent in shipping weight and 50 per cent in shipping space have resulted ...om improved methods of packing ...rchandise for overseas practiced by ... Army Quartermaster Corps. This is equivalent to about 2,500 tons space per month.

For the shipment of clothing and equipment, including such items as blankets, barrack bags, towels, shelter tent halves, bedding, and other dry goods, in addition to wearing apparel, baling has been subtituted for boxing, and the weight of the lumber has been saved. The bales average 30 by 15 by 15 inches and weigh 90 pounds. They are bound with not less than four cold rolled unannealed steel ...ands. Burlap over waterproofed ...eavy paper is used to cover the ...les, and there are two "ears" on ...r ends of the bale for hand-

...men are stevedores on the docks ...ance. There is a law they shall ...be required to carry packages ...ing more than 70 pounds. Packages shipped to the American Expeditionary Forces are standardized so they shall not weigh more than 70 pounds for handling by one woman carrier or more than 140 pounds by two women carriers. Men handle the heavier packages and the boxes that must be used instead of bales.

The Quartermaster Corps recommends to manufacturers supplying the Army many similar economies in packing and shipping which will result in even more pronounced space and weight saving. Round cans and containers entail a waste in space of 23 per cent. Square containeers are urged. It is estimated that everyinch saved through bale compression is worth 65 cents in ship space.

———wss———

WHAT THEY DO TO TAKE CARE OF SOLDIERS' FOOD

From the moment the soldier's food enters the door of his company kichen it is subject to the severest system of regulation, sanitation and economy. Perishable articles go at once to the huge refrigerator, where a whole quarter of beef can be hung without crowding. Potatoes, onions and similar vegetables go to specially constructed bins, while canned goods and packages are alligned in rows on the storeroom shelves. The refrigerator is emptied once a day and scrubbed out thoroughly with boiling water and soap. The floor and shelves of the storeroom are treated likewise so that a linen handkerchief might be passed over either without being soiled.

No meat is served in an army mess hall at Camp Travis until all bone has been removed. The bone is cut into suitable size and warmed up gradually in order to extract all juices for soup stock. The various cuts of meat are as well known to the kitchen force as to any butcher, and woe be to the student cook who undertakes to make roast out of sirloin, or steak out of brisket.

In the mess hall, posted in prominent places, will be found signs such as, "Take All You Can Eat—Eat All You Take." And thereby hangs a tale. As the men finish their meal they take their aluminum pan and cup, together with the knife, fork and spoon that make up the army table equipment, to a large galvanized iron cans, some of which are for refuse and others contain hot water where each man washes his own utensils. At the refuse cans stands a guard who notes what goes into them and takes the name of every man who has failed to "lick his plate clean." The list of names goes to the mess sergeant eventually and then the men on the list go to the kitchen as K. P. there to apply the hot water and soap, peel potatoes and onions and otherwise make themselves useful for two or three weeks each. The penalty seems severe for the mere matter of leaving a tiny crust of bread or bit of meat in the plate, but one or two examples among the newcomers usually puts a stop to all waste at the table.

In the use of leftovers army cooks are experienced and accomplished. One reason for their cleverness in this regard is that particular attention is paid to this in their training. Another is the fact that the big refrigerator allows them to keep leftover food for a day or so before it reappears on the menu, so that sameness in meals is avoided.

Even the garbage is arranged for and carefully sorted and disposed of. Tin cans are washed, labels soaked off, and the cans strung on wires for recovery of the tin by reclamation processes. Kitchen waste is divided into classes so that contractors who buy it may handle it to the best advantage. Bread which is unfit for human food forms one class, cooked meat of similar character another class, raw fats and meats which have been condemned by health authorities another. Cooked grease discarded as of no future value for human food, bones, and the like are also separated, while care is taken that broken glass and substances which might make the garbage unsuitable or dangerous as animal food is otherwise disposed of.

After classification each class is weighed and record kept of the weight and forwarded to the camp conservation and reclamation officer. In this manner a complete statement of the waste accumulating at every company kitchen in camp is available and any excessive amounts are at once investigated. The very garbage containers themselves are subject to regulations, and in practically all organizations in Camp Travis are housed in screened-in sheds built for the purpose. In this manner flies are shut out from their usual happy hunting grounds, and recruits not infrequently remain in camp several weeks before they see their first specimen here of this household pest.—Camp Travis Publicity Officer.

———wss———

Over 3,000 women are at work in the production of gas masks at the Long Island gas-defense plant.