Actual Bona Fide Circulation this week 1416 Copies.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

VOLUME V. DUBLIN, ERATH COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 21. 1892. NUMBER 22.

Notice to Subscribers.

The date on your paper opposite your name is put there in order that you may know exactly the date to which your paper is paid. If your date is behind drop a dollar or so into the PROGRESS treasury and see how easily can be changed.

THE OPERATOR'S STRKE.

ALL THE SANTA FE TELEGRAPHERS WALK OUT ON SHORT ORDER.

Message from Albuquerque Says the Atchison Dispatchers Are in Full Sympathy with the Strikers. Passenger Sided.

GALVESTON, Oct. 17.—The strike of the telegraph operators and station agents of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe system is on. Almost every man from Purcell, I. T., to Galveston, Temple to San Angelo, Cleburne to Paris, and Cleburne to Weatherford, has left his post of duty and the struggle between the management of the road and this branch of their service has commenced. In the Santa Fe offices in this city there appeared to be nothing unusual happening.

The grievance committee of the operators make public the schedule upon which the strike is based and the correspondence relating thereto between themselves and General Manager Wheeler. The dispatchers at Temple have joined the strikers. Messages have been received from several points, showing that all operators are out. A message from Albuquerque, N. M., says that the dispatchers of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe are in full sympathy with the strikers. This is important, as it shows that the news of the strike has reached all parts of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe system and may involve the operators of the whole system. About 200 operators of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe belong to the Order of Railroad Telegraphers and the committee says that 98 per cent of them are out. A message from Fort Worth says that passenger train No. 2 is side-tracked and that that division is completely tied up.

The following is the message ordering the strike on the Santa Fe:

To all agents and operators: Unless further advised you are requested to go out at 7 p. m. today. Stop everything, sell no tickets, receive no freight and do no telegraphing. See that all are fully posted and advise when done. See that the company's property is fully protected until you are regularly relieved. The management positively refuses to make any concession and will not treat with our grand officers.

C. B. CLARK, Chairman.

The following was also sent:

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 17.—To all agents and operators: Our schedule includes all persons listed on the company's station list of Oct. 1 as agents and operators as well as all operators. We will protect all men who go out with us. C. B. CLARK.

A visit to the telegraph office of the Santa Fe during the evening found everything dark and no operator around. A watchman was in charge of the office and when asked by a reporter where the operators were he replied, "They all quit work at 7 o'clock."

"Are any of the offices open on the line of the Santa Fe?"

"I don't know. I'm not an operator, but I guess they all went out. Everybody has gone out as far as I know."

About this time a clerk in the general office of the Santa Fe made his appearance and sat down at the table and listened to the talk going on between the boys out on the line. Such exclamations were heard as: "Say, are you out fatty?" and somebody who is supposed to be "fatty" answered, "Bet your life, and I'm out to stay, too."

Other conversation on the wires indicated the same state of affairs all along the line.

The reporter next went to the headquarters of the committee of telegraphers who have the management of the strike in their hands. Here was assembled E. S. Tobey, representing D. G. Ramsey, grand chief telegrapher of the Order of Railway Telegraphers; C. B. Clark, chairman of the grievance committee of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railway, and Messrs. Duke Tinker, B. F. Pearman, J. W. Hickey and P. F. Donery, members of the committeee, and several others. Here everything was booming. They said they had received the most encouraging reports from all operators heard from. They had a telegram from Temple saying the train dispatchers had joined the operators. Advices from the San Angelo branch were also received saying that every man had gone out from Temple to San Angelo. Nothing had been heard from Cleburne yet, but on the Dallas branch every man was out. They were sure that everything was safe at Cleburne. As long as the reports was with the committee nothing but the most encouraging news was received. A member of the committee remarked that where the operator at small stations handled Western Union business that business would not be moved as long as the strike lasted.

At Cleburne.

CLEBURNE, Tex., Oct. 17.—All the telegraph operators in the Santa Fe offices here walked out as a result of the difference existing between them and that company which has already been published. The dispatchers remain at their keys. The following explains itself:

CLEBURNE, Tex., Oct. 17, 11 a. m.—To all agents and operators, northern division: If the "ultimatum" should be resorted to as indicated by the message sent to you last night I would advise you, as a friend, to carefully consider the situation before taking an action that you may have good cause to regret. I know that the management is willing to do what is right, just and fair, and more than that you as reasonable men should not expect from them. I would regret to see any of our men resort to extreme measures. Consider the case well before taking final action.

P. T. DOWNS.

Train Tied Up.

FORT WORTH, Oct. 17.—The northbound Santa Fe arrived here and found a red light out for orders. There was no operator to give them and the train is tied up for the night anyway.

At Gainesville.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., Oct. 17.—Under instruction from Chief Ramsey the operators in the Santa Fe offices here walked out. Agent Gates says the company will suffer no inconvenience at this point on that account as he is a first-class operator himself.

IMPROVING THE TRINITY.

Snag and Dispatch Boats to be Built at Once.

GALVESTON, Oct. 17.—Major R. V. Tompkins of Dallas was at the Girardia. He was accompanied by O. A. Harmonson, a prominent ship builder of Lake Charles, La. Major Tompkins is well known to Galvestonians from his five years' connection with the Houston Direct Navigation company. At present he is engaged in promoting a scheme to render the Trinity river navigable during seven months each year.

To a reporter Major Tompkins said; "We have made plans for our first boat for the work of deepening the Trinity river. This will be a regulation snag boat 100 feet long and 25 feet beam. It will be a stern wheeler and will be provided with powerful machinery. This will be a duplicate of the United States snag boats used on the Red and Kaw rivers. It will also be provided with a jet of great power. This boat will be built in Dallas and the lumber has been ordered. We shall also build a transfer or dispatch boat for this work. This boat will be forty feet long and fourteen feet beam. We expect to launch the two boats within thirty days from the time the lumber arrives.

"We have entire confidence in the success of our undertaking, and when Dallas has put up $100,000 for this work we shall expect Galveston to give us a lift. There have been subscribed in Dallas $60,000 already and we expect to get $40,000 more soon. Every bank in Dallas—there are ten of them—has taken stock in the company.

"We propose to open the river for high water navigation from February to August in each year. The Erie canal is open but eight months in a year, and the Sault Ste Marie canal but seven months each year. This will be a big thing for Galveston's trade, and we mean business in the matter."

Fell Through the Main Shaft.

EL PASO, Tex., Oct. 15.—Nieves Gutierrer, a Mexican miner employed at the Graphic mine at Reading, N. M., while at work on the 400 foot-level in some way fell down the main shaft, a distance of 125 feet, to the lowest workings. He was picked up dead. His body was most horribly mangled. His remains were taken to Deming.

Edward Parker Deacon has begun at Grasse, France, an action looking to a divorce from his wife.

The fiftieth anniversary of the University of the Notre Dame at Notre Dame, Ind., was celebrated.

A dispatch from Randolph, Kan., says the passenger train on the Union Pacific had been wrecked, but gave no particulars.

The four negro boys who were arrested near Bell's Landing, Ala., charged with the murder of Richard Johnson and daughter, confessed the crime and were lynched by being shot to death.

The advisory committee of the local union of the National Electrical Workers at Chicago has called 250 men out on a strike on account of refusal of an eight-hour day at the old scale of wages.

Valuable veins of nickel ore have been discovered in nothern Minnesota. The veins are eight to ten feet wide and very deep.

FUN FOR BOYS.

They Catch a Young Bear in Pennsylvania.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 17.—Otis Butler and Asa Hurd, 15-year-old-lads of Forkston township, Wyoming county, came pat upon a young bear in the Follet woods. The boys scared it so that it ran up a tree and clung to a branch. The boys had gone to gather chestnuts, and had a couple of bed sheets to let the nuts drop on and a long pole with a sharp spike in the butt end of it. One of the bed sheets was spread out on the ground under the cub. Otis started to climb the tree, and Asa stood ready to throw the other sheet over the cub. Then he was to keep the cub covered until Otis came down, and they were going to wind both sheets around the cub and carry it home. When Otis had climbed pretty well up to the crotch Asa threw the pole up to Otis. Then Otis poked the cub off. Asa threw the sheet over the cub and put his whole weight on it. The little bear tore the sheet till it got its head out, when it began to squeal and whine. Just then the cub's mother came tearing and snarling through the undergrowth and made straight for Asa. When the noisy bear dashed under the tree Otis dropped the pole on her back. The weight of the long pole drove the spike deep into her flesh, and instead of looking for her cub the old bear went roaring and bounding past Asa as though she had been fired at with a shotgun. The spike stuck in her hide, and every little while she stopped and tried to nip at the sore spot. The boys, after she had disappeared, tied the cub's legs and lugged it home. Later Mr. Hurd found the pole three miles and a half from the chestnut tree.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Congressman McCreary of Kentucky is sure that West Virginia as well as all the southern states will go for Cleveland and Stevenson.

The Congregational council of the United States is meeting at Minneapolis.

General Miles is worried about the restlessness of the Indians in his department.

Defaulter O'Brien of the Catholic Knights of America was put under $30,000 bond at Chattanooga.

Near Leavenworth, Kan., a man gulped down twenty-one glasses of whisky and died within fifteen minutes, his brain being cooked.

In the last year the Western Union Telegraph company earned $7,398,547 over all expenses. All the old officers were re-elected.

Canton, Minn., Catholics still claim to see a statue of the Virgin Mary and Christ-Child that was recently removed from their church window.

Rev. Philips and wife, English missionaries at Kiang Yong, China, were attacked by a mob and narrowly escaped death. Their residence was burned.

It is said that the Carnegie officials held a "banquet" at Pittsburg just before the grand jury met, to which were invited important witnesses, who were "coached" on their evidence.

The northwestern district convention of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the M. E. church is in session at Springfield, Ill.

Republicans are colonizing negroes along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, but they will not be allowed to vote.

Mac Dickason, a farmer, from near Danville, Ill., hanged himself in plain view of his sweetheart's residence because they had disagreed.

It is rumored Colonel Dodds, the French commander in Dahomey, has been killed.

Notice to Candidates.

It has been agreed to have all the tickets for the coming election printed at one office, this will secure uniformity in the arrangement and all parties who pay for having their names placed on the tickets will be assured of getting them on all tickets printed. This arrangement will be much more satisfactory than having seperate tickets printed at each office. To secure this it will be necessary for each candidate for county and district offices to pay the sum of $2.50, and each candidate for precinct offices the sum of $1.50 this sum must be paid not later than Thursday, the 27th, inst., as the printing will be commenced on that day, and only the names of those who have paid will appear. This of course does not apply to tickets printed on special order. Amounts must be paid to either of the undersigned.

EUGENE MOORE,
(Editor Empire.)
CHAS. BASSEL.
(Editor Journal.)
CREWS BROTHERS.
(Props. Telephone.)
J. S. DALEY.
(Editor PROGRESS.)

It is to be regretted by the many friends of Hon. Evan Jones that he will not be physically able to continue his canvass of the district in person, and none dislike it more than Mr. Jones himself. There are a number of appointments he wished to fill before the election, but he has been forced to withdraw them all.

Lecture Bureau.

Judge T. L. Nugent Will Speak at

Stephenville, October 24th, 1 p. m.
Comanche, " " 8 p. m.

Geo. Murray will Speak at

Dublin, October 27th, 7 p. m.
Stephenville, Oct. 28th, 7 p. m.
Cotttonwood, Oct. 29th, 7 p. m.

H. L. Jamieson and J. J. Eager.

Hico, Tuesday night Oct. 25th,
Duffau, Wednesday " " 26th,
Glen Rose, Thursday " " 27th,
Granbury, Friday " " 28th,
Bluff Dale, Saturday " " 29th,
S. H. (near Kikers Gin)
Monday night, Oct. 31st.
Thurber, Tuesday night, Nov. 1st,
Lingleville, Wed. " " 2nd,
Harbin, Thursday, " " 3rd,
Dublin, Saturday, " " 5th.

All are especially invited to attend.

Barnum and Bailey Circus.

The Barnum and Bailey circus showed at Fort Worth last Monday. Special rates were given on all railroads and a number of Dublin people visited it.

To Once-a-week: Drop that serpent in human form you are running—probably through an oversight—at the head of your editorial column as a candidate for comptroller. His initials are C. C. Drake.

C. K. Bell spoke at Lingleville last night to a small crowd of democrats. The fact that his unpopularity is growing stronger every day has doubtless begun to make an impression on him which he will not soon forget.

Dublin is one of the best lighted cities in the State now. Both systems—arc and incandescent—of electric lights were turned on last night, and worked admirably from the beginning. They are daisies.

Only eighteen more days today, until Gov. Hogg will set down on the ceiling so hard he will see stars.

Evan Jones will be the next Congressman to represent the 8th district in the U. S. House of representatives.

Vote for Nugent.

READ WHAT THE RED STORE HAS TO SAY TO THE PEOPLE

in this paper.

THE RED STORE

is a wholesale house that retails to the people at wholesale prices. The reason why High Price don't sell as cheap as the Red Store is because

High Price Retails and Red Store Wholesales

The reason why the RED STORE sells cheaper than all the other Dry Goods stores in Texas is because the RED STORE wants to sell goods to people who never came to Dublin before—they want everybody to come to Dublin to trade, and the only way to get a big trade is to offer the right inducements. The people have the cash and they should all buy their goods from the

GREAT CASH STORE.

the RED STORE of Dublin. The RED STORE is offering big bargains in everything—see their prices—note the prices on clothing and see if clothing ever was sold so cheap before for good qualities of goods. The RED STORE goods are the best—their prices are the cheapest. If you get 7 cents for your cotton and trade at the RED STORE it's equal to getting 9 cents, because you save the difference in buying.

DOES YOUR BOY NEED A NICE SUIT OF CLOTHES

You can get one for 75 cents at the RED STORE, it is the same suit usually sold at $5.00—we have others.
Do you need a hat? Read the advertisement of the RED STORE and see what they have.
Do you need a pair of Boots or Shoes? Read the RED STORE prices in this paper.
Do you need anything in Dry Goods? Read what the RED STORE has to say.
The RED STORE delivers goods in Dublin free of charge, any size bundle delivered promptly.

Whenever the RED STORE opens in a town the other mercants claim to sell as cheap as the RED STORE—keep your eyes open, they may bait you with one or two articles, but remember that the RED STORE sells goods cheaper to the people than Old Man High Price paid for his goods. Read the RED STORE advertisement on another page and see how Old Man High Price got killed.

RED STORE. DUBLIN, TEXAS.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

J. S. DALEY, Editor.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

LARGEST COUNTY CIRCULATION

Entered at the post-office at Dublin, Texas as second class mail matter.

Subscription Rates.

One Year	$1.00
Six Months	50
Three Months	30

Office, Ground floor Traweek Building

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 21, 1892.

The People's Ticket.

For President—
GEN. JAMES B. WEAVER, of Iowa
For Vice-President—
GEN. JAMES G. FIELD, of Virginia.
For Governor—
JUDGE T. L. NUGENT.
For Lieutenant-Governor—
MARION MARTIN.
For Attorney General—
J. H. DAVIS.
For Comptroller—
W. J. MOSLEY.
For Land Commissioner—
S. D. A. DUNCAN.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—
W. E. CLEMMENS.
For Treasurer—
W. W. DURHAM.
For Congress, 8th District—
EVAN JONES.
For Senator—
THOS. GAINES.
For Representative—
G. L. CLARK.

The PROGRESS one year for $1.

Vote for Weaver, Nugent and Jones—three brave patriots of a suffering cause—that of humanity.

If the Hogg people want in truth to beat the plutocratic candidate for governor, they will vote for the Hon. Judge Nugent, of Ft. Worth.

The cry is "Georgia has gone democratic." This Georgia has done by the help of Republican votes. Will she do it in the national election?

A vote for C. K. Bell is a vote for national banks. Mr. Bell is himself a national banker. The democrats are opposed(?) to national banks, yet C. K. Bell is their nominee for Congress.

W. J. Mosley, a prominent and well-to-do stock raiser and farmer of Midland, Texas, and a man of much ability, has accepted the nomination for comptroller on the People's party ticket.

Next to the tariff issue, the most important feature of Cleveland's letter of acceptance is that he does not mention that he feels himself consecrated, though he does mention a solemn sense of his responsibility.

Every one who knows Judge Nugent knows him as a gentleman in every sense of the word and a man of sterling ability. This is the character of a man we want for governor of the great State of Texas.

A vote for Bell means the same or worse condition than at present. A vote for Evan Jones means a change, more money in circulation and better times. Bell says there is enough money now, Jones says there is not. What say you?—*People's Advocate.*

There are no trades or combinations looked up with us in our populist movement in Texas. Bro. Evan Jones is in the race for congress to stay and in it to win. Every day we hear encouraging words assuring us of his success.—*Fort Worth Advance.*

Geo. Clark's candidacy for the gubernatorial chair in Texas is enough to bring a blush to the cheek of any honest and conscienscous citizen of the Lone Star State. George Clark has been known all over Texas as the greatest demagogue and plutocratic tool ever in the state. Ten months ago any citizen would have laughed you to scorn to mention his name as a canditate for governor of Texas, now the railroads openly declare they will elect him.

The St. Louis Republic published what is purported to be an interview with H. E. Taubeneck on the position the People's party will take on the force bill. Mr. Taubeneck is out in a circular denying that a reporter ever interviewed him on the subject. Thus one by one the base schemes of plutocracy to defeat the People's party is exposed and the grand principles of justice and humanity presses forward to victory.

C. C. Drake, of Fort Worth, the man who calls himself a gentleman, is the same who had the audacity and supreme gall to seek the nomination for comptroller on the People's party ticket and then desert it for a Republican nomination for Congress. This brute has not the least speck of manhood or principle about him and one who would go to the polls and vote for a man of this kind has not a sense of right, justice and patriotism.

The editor of the DeLeon Free Press in answering a correspondent to itself, says:

"The editor of this paper was in Houston. He attended the Hogg caucus and has pretty good ears and generally catches all that is going on."

The PROGRESS has no disposition to question Bro. Switzer's word as to his magnificent ears, but we would modestly suggest that it would be in better form for some one else to comment on that part of his anatomy.

C. C. Drake should be remembered by every voter who has a sense of manhood and justice in his bosom. This man Drake of Fort Worth attended the People's party Congressional convention with several lieutenants and attempted to get the nomination for Congress; failing in this he went in person to the State convention and secured the nomination for comptroller. Afterwards when the Clark and Republican convention met in Fort Worth, he again fished for a nomination for Congress in this district, which he received and accepted. Can a man act in such a manner as this and be a gentleman or an honest man? The PROGRESS answers a thousand times, NO! He is worse than a midnight thief dare be.

An estimate of all our food products in this country compared with an estimate for the amount of food necessary for all the people, based on the government supply of rations for soldiers, proved that we did not last year produce bread enough within 40,000,000 bushels of wheat for our own people. Some years we lack 150,000,000 bushels. The same is true of the potato and some other crops. What is the matter? Not overproduction but *underconsumption*. The plain fact is that millions of our people do not have enough to eat. In other words they are slowly starving. And their condition is aggravated just in proportion as food is wasted. Such a radical change in our monetary and transportation systems as in proposed by our People's party platform is a necessity.

Referring to the third party convention of Alabama, the Birmingham Age-Herald says: "It was the most interesting political convention held in Alabama in many years. In numbers, in spirit, in enthusiasm, it was extraordinary. Nearly all of the delegates were farmers. Four-fifths of them were men who have never voted any other than a democratic ticket; yet they came to Birmingham as members of a convention directly and unqualifiedly opposed to the democratic party. It is worse than foolish to say that the 'crowd was small and there was little enthusiasm.' That is not true and the world knows it is not. The convention was wise, timely and absolutely democratic in a sense of principle. These are the facts, and we have got to make the best of the situation."

The democracy of our country must join forces in the fight now on. Lose sight entirely of Hogg and Clark, wheel into line and vote as a unit for the democratic candidates. Unless we do this the third party will win. They are solid, aggressive and determined, while the democracy is split from chin to heel, and suffering from the evil effects of a war among themselves. Work together, Bro. democrats; it is the only way we can win.—*Central Texas Journal.*

You are not scared, are you Bro. Bassel, at this late day? Have you just made the discovery that the People's party is "solid, aggressive and determined?"—*Alexander News.*

Oh, no, Bro. Wilkins, we are not "scared" in the least. Recent news from Georgia and Florida would prevent any possibility of such a thing.—*Journal.*

What has the election vote in Georgia got to do with electing a governor in Texas. We predict it will prevent a severe shock of your nervous system if you will begin to get in trim to write it "Gov. Nugent" after November 8th.

SOLID ARGUMENT(?)

The Comanche Chief is frothing at the mouth and tearing its hair over the fact that Evan Jones has not for the last few weeks been speaking over the district. This, he says, is because Evan Jones can't meet such men as C. K. Bell, W. O. Hamilton, Mr. Lindsey and others. It is a very prominent fact that the Chief has little to brag over and thus when providence strikes a man to his sick-bed it is to be used by the democratic press as a very large chunk of sound argument.

A Prominent Democrat in Trouble.

One of the influential democrats out in Illinois who has been nominating and electing other men to office, took a notion the other day to become a candidate for office himself. His name is Spring, and he is the democratic nominee for the Legislature in the Fourth Senatorial district of the State. No sooner was he nominated than it was discovered that he had served a term in the State prison. He has been pleaded with in vain to get him to resign, and now efforts are being made to get the Secretary of State to strike his name from the official ballot.

Vote for Nugent.

Many men admit that Nugent is by far the best man for governor, but they say they will vote for Hogg because he is recognized as the nominee of the democratic party. They also admit that the election of either Hogg or Clark will retard the prosperity of Texas for years, while the election of Nugent would restore confidence and put the paralyzed wheels of industry in motion again. How any man who honestly and conscientiously desires Texas to "bloom and blossom as a summer rose" can stultify his conscience to vote against his own interest and those of his family and friends on account of a party name, is a problom no line of sensible argument can unravel. Judge T. L. Nugent's administration would cauterize the gaping wounds, heal internal discord, restore tranquility and cause capitalists to invest in Texas enterprises, while if either Hogg or Clark are elected Texas will go backward instead of forward. With these facts in view it behooves every true patriot and lover of Texas to vote for Nugent. He is a Jacksonian democrat, a pure and able man, and would reflect credit upon the State as chief executive.

CLEVELAND AND LABOR.

The Workingmen's Municipal Reform Association of New York city has issued an address to the working people of the country, containing the following specific indictment of Grover Cleveland:

While Governor of New York he was opposed to the following labor measures:

He vetoed the bill establishing a department of labor and making the secretary of said department a Cabinet officer.

He vetoed the mechanic's lien law bill, making the wages of workmen engaged in the construction of buildings a first mortgage on the property.

He vetoed the life and limb bill, making employers responsible for accidents happening from imperfect machinery or inferior construction of buildings.

He vetoed the tenement house cigar bill, forbidding the manufacture of cigars in tenement houses.

He vetoed the bill compelling elevated roads of New York to charge only 5 cents fare.

He vetoed the printers' bill, requiring all the State work to be done by union workmen.

He vetoed the bill making ten hours a legal day's work for all street car employees.

He vetoed the bill abolishing convict labor in prisons, although this proposition when submitted to the popular vote of the people, was carried by a majority of 60,000.

He vetoed the child labor bill, providing for the inspection of factories where children were employed, and prohibiting the employment of children under 14 years of age.

He signed a bill compelling the stationary engineers of New York city to pay a tax of $2 per year to the police pension fund or be debarred from following their vocation.

He signed the bill reducing the fees of the New York harbor pilots, which bill benefited only the foreign steamship monopolies.

In addition to these, while President he refused his approval to a bill, passed unanimously by both houses of Congress, to prevent the employment of alien or convict labor on government work.

A MILLION FRIENDS.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs, and colds. If you have never used this great cough medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of throat, chest and lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at the Dublin Drug Co. Large bottles 50c. and $1. 1

Judge Nugent will occupy the governors chair at Austin for the coming two years without a doubt.

Send in your orders for the PROGRESS Special Edition, 5 cents per copy or 100 copies for $4.50.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A Humane Congress for all Nations at the World's Columbian Exposition.

At our World's Columbian Exposition several International Congresses are to be in session for the discussion of great commercial and other questions in which all civilized nations are interested.

I have been and am now writing to influential gentlemen in different parts of our country, to urge them to aid in establishing at the Exposition "A Humane Congress of all Nations," and invite the *humane* of all nations to attend that Congress, its object being to discuss and ascertain the best means of humanely educating all civilized nations, not only for the prevention of national and international wars, and the conflicts between capital and labor, but also for the best prevention of every form of cruelty both to our own and the lower classes that depend upon our care.

Such a Congress, if properly directed, may attract the attention of the governments and people of all nations, and result in consequences to the world's progress in civilization as important as the discovery of this Western continent by Columbus four hundred years ago.

Will the something like twenty thousand editors, including all in North America north of Mexico, to whom this communication is sent, in the interests of humanity, kindly give it their careful consideration and most important assistance. GEO. T. ANGELL,

President of the American Humane Education Society, the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and Parent American Band of Mercy, 19 Milk Street, Boston.

Real Estate For Sale.

J. B. Green has some choice real estate to sell. Rents will pay from 17 to 24 per cent on the investment.

Tower's Improved SLICKER is Guaranteed Absolutely Water Proof Will Not Peel or Leak or Stick

All Improved Slickers have beside the Fish Brand TRADE MARK on every Coat a Soft Woolen Collar.

Watch Out! Send for Catalogue

A. J. TOWER, MFR BOSTON, MASS

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children that want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.

RIPANS TABULES regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, and purify the blood; are safe and effectual; the best medicine known for indigestion, biliousness, headache, constipation, dyspepsia, chronic liver troubles, dysentery, bad complexion, dizziness, offensive breath, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. One tabule gives immediate relief. Take one at meal time. Sold by druggists. A trial bottle sent by mail on receipt of 15 cents. RIPANS CHEMICAL CO., 10 Spruce St., New York.

PATENT OR NO FEE

A 48-page book free. Address

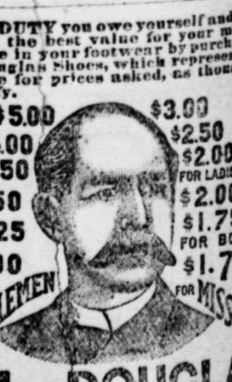
W. T. FITZGERALD, Atty.-at-Law,

Cor. 8th and F Sts., WASHINGTON, D.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.

$5.00 $4.00 $3.50 $2.50 $2.25 $2.00 FOR GENTLEMEN

$3.00 $2.50 $2.00 FOR LADIES $2.00 $1.75 FOR BOYS $1.75 FOR MISSES



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

OTHER SPECIALTIES in footwear are the same high grade, and represent a money value far beyond the prices charged. See that name and price are stamped on bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. Sold by

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

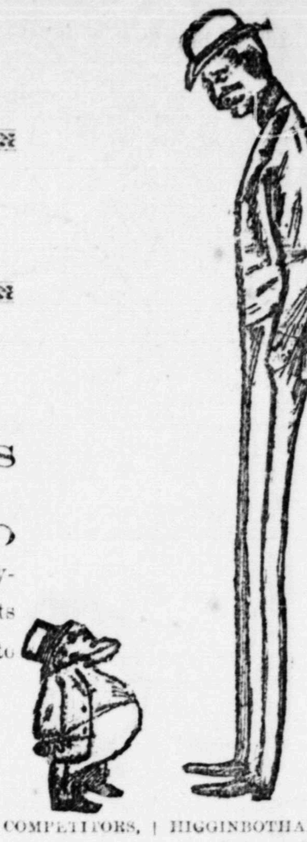
S. NOVAKOSKI.

ROYAL EDICT!

"THE BEST GOODS"

YOU SAVE TWENTY PER CENT.

Come and see for yourself. In the way of Clothing, 500 SUITS AT $6 PER SUIT, sells everywhere at $8 to $12. 1000 PAIR JEANS PANTS AT 90 CENTS EACH, they are not worth $1.50, the price everywhere now is $1. It is impossible in this Large Establishment with its varied assortment of All Kinds of Goods to enumerate and price so as to give you correct ideas.



COMPETITORS, | HIGGINBOTHAM CO.

"THE LOWEST PRICES."

You must Open Wide your Eyes and see for Yourself.

For this large house where so many goods are bought and sold every day we are bound to adhere to the Mark-Prices. All kinds of goods like cotton fluctuates, and when you buy from us you can be sure you get the benefit of the

Very Lowest Market Price.

We Desire to thank our many friends and customers for their large patronage in the past and it is gratifying now at the beginning of the Fall season to see that our efforts to give you the best goods at the lowest prices are appreciated. The past week has been the most successful in the history of our business and we are determined to make it increase. In order to do so we make these assertions and

Guarantee Every Word We Say.

"The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices." No trouble to show you goods, we keep thirteen men employed for that purpose and you are cordially invited to come and price every article in our house.

YOURS TRULY.

HIGGINBOTHAM CO.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The PROGRESS is authorized to make the following announcements:

(*) Subject to the action of the People's Convention, if one is held.

(†) Subject to the Democratic Party.

For District Judge, of the 29th Jud., Dist.
T. T. EWELL, of Granbury.
OWENS MILLER, Gatesville,

For County Judge.
H. H. HARDIN.
W. W. MOORES.

For County Attorney.
W. J. OXFORD, (re-election.)
J. W. JARROTT,
S. T. MORRIS.
W. T. DANIEL *

For County Clerk.
ISAAC PIPES.
T. J. WILSON.
JAMES COLLINS. †
W. E. CODY.

For Tax Collector,
D. M. RUMPH.
J. F. COLLIER.
J. D. HENDERSON,

For County Assessor,
D. F. GLISSON.
S. P. KEITH.
J. A. ROBERTSON.
WILLARD CHAMBERLIN.
J. D. JACKSON.
J. I. (B) MINTER.
NAT H. BLACK.
W. E. BOWERS
JAMES BRYAN
C. C. OLIVER

For County Surveyor,
M. L. JACKSON.
ELI OXFORD.

For County Treasurer,
A. J. CRANE.
J. L. DURHAM.

For District Clerk.
J. J. BENNETT.

For County Sheriff,
N. J. SHANDS. (Re-election.)
T. P. THORNTON.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 2.
BRAD WHITE.
J. M. R. STEPHEN.
CALVIN DEVENPORT.
M. H. (CURLEY) JONES.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 4.
W. A. FRANKS.
P. M. LARNER.

For Commissioner Pre. No. 5,
A. J. GUESS.

For Constable, Prec., No. 2.
J. A. ADAMS.
HENRY WILLIAMS.
CHARLIE ANDREWS.
W. T. (big Tom) Wright.
JOHN S. JONES.
GREEN PATTERSON. (†)

For Constable, Prec., No. 8.
J. S. WHITEFIELD.

For Justice of the Peace, Pre. No. 2.
L. E. GILLETT,
H. A. PEACOCK

For Justice of the Peace, Pre. No. 8.
F. M. BROWN.

Professional Cards.

A few leading business and professional men of Erath county.

PHYSICIANS.

R. A. MILLER — T. J. FARMER

DRS. MILLER & FARMER.
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
Office over Dublin Drug Co., Dublin, Tex.

McLEMORE & LEWIS,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.
Offer their professional services to their friends of Dublin and vicinity through the columns of the PROGRESS. Dublin, Texas.

LAWYERS.

THOS. B. KING. — J. W. JARROTT.

KING & JARROTT, LAWYERS.
Particular attention given to collections, administrators and guardianship business. Office front room over First National Bank. Stephenville, Texas.

ARCHITECTS.

L. D. YOUNG & SON,
CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.
All kinds of Carpentering, building etc. in a first-class manner and at moderate rates. Bids on Architectural work solicited.

BARBERS.

JIM PRUETT,
DUBLIN BARBER SHOP,
Has moved into new quarters on Elm street opposite post-office, where he is better than ever prepared to wait on his old customers.

Gen. Weaver's New Book.

"A CALL TO ACTION."

—It Contains 445 Pages,—

—BOUND IN CLOTH.—

—Price by Mail—

ONE DOLLAR AND 50 CENTS.

Agents wanted in every County to push its sale. Address,

JONES & EAGER,

State Agents, - Dublin, Texas.

Our Recently Improved Electto Galvanic Body Bttery Electric belt and appliances will certainly cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney disease. Female weakness and diseases of women. catarrh cured with our Electric Catarrhal Cap. Diseases of men permanently cured by the constant current of electricity produced by our body battery. Live local agents wanted, send for price list and testimonials.

JNO. A. CRISP E. B. CO., Jefferson, O.

CANDY.

To introduce our Candy we will send a sample pail of fine mixed Candy for 40 cents (2 cent stamps taken) but only one pail sent to one person and only 25 pails sent to each town or village. Charges paid.

Address: **The Fancy Candy Co.,**

702 Chouteau Ave. — St. Louis, Mo.

CRANESVILLE EXCITED.

A Dead Man Returns to Earth a Little While.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 14.—There is considerable excitement in Cranesville, a small village near Bethel, Tenn., over the death of A. D. Smith, a prominent citizen. He died, to all appearances, after calmly biding adieu to his heart-broken wife. He was then dressed for the grave, and twenty-fours afterward preparations were made for the burial. In the midst of the service a thumping on the coffin was heard. The cover, which had not been securely fastened down, was taken off and Mr. Smith sat up, causing great consternation and dismay. He was at once removed to his bed at home, and in a few hours seemed none the worse for his strange experience. Mr. Smith said he went to Heaven and saw many white spirits, many of whom he recognized as friends whom he had known on earth. They shook their heads only in replying to questions and pointed to a big book lying open. He looked at it and saw written there the names of his wife, himself and his children, who were alive. His name, he said, was partially erased. He told a wondrous story of other experiences which appeared to his vision as being entirely real in that strange world, and their recital drew scores of curious people to his home. Smith remained well apparently until a night or two ago, when he suddenly called out, "I see them," and fell back dead. His wife is completely prostrated at this terrible ending of her hopes.

WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Figures and Estimates Furnished by New Orleans Cotton Exchange.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 15.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans Cotton Exchange report shows a further falling off in the movement in sight of 135,177 bales, compared with the corresponding seven days last year, bringing the total deficit in the quantity of the cotton crop market for forty-four days of this season to 575,224 bales under the movement to Oct. 14, inclusive, last year and 490,547 bales less than the same time year before last. The amount brought into sight for the week ending Friday is 330,840 bales, against 465,261 the corresponding seven days last year, or a decrease of 29 per cent. This makes the total for the first thirteen days of October 571,815 bales against 846,341 last year and 937,543 the year before, and a total from Sept. 1 to Oct. 14 inclusive 1,103,454, against 1,678,658 and 1,593,981 the year before. The first million mark was passed during the week just closed, whereas last year it was a week earlier. Northern spinners were taking sparingly during the past week and shipments to them this week are 47,098 bales less than last year, making a decrease in their takings of 85,869 for the season to date.

The movement since Sept. 1 shows receipts at all United States ports to be 845,479 against 1,279,178 last year and 1,292,868 the year before; overland, across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 64,636 against 113,748 and 83,226; interior stocks in excess of those held at the close of the commercial year 100,530 against 135,959 and 137,767; southern mill taking 97,788 against 89,778 and 80,020.

Foreign exports for the week have been 119,435 against 177,779 last year, making a total for the season of 396,082 against 500,082 last year, or a decrease of 104,746 bales. The total takings of the American mills in the north, south and Canada thus far for the season have been 295,364 against 347,449 last year. These include 170,296 held by northern spinners against 256,125. The stocks at the seaports and twenty-nine leading southern centers have included during the week 169,005 bales against an increase during the corresponding period last year of 199,338 and are now 147,613 bales smaller than at this date in 1891.

Including stocks left over at ports and interior towns from the last crop and the number of bales brought into sight thus far of the new crop, there is a supply to date of 1,636,385 against 1,957,634 for the same period last year.

Garza Not on American Soil.

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 17.—Encaricacion Garza, brother to Catarino Garza, the Mexican revolutionist, arrived here on the Mallory liner from Key West, where he was arrested by Special Officer Shley of San Antonio who is, taking him to San Antonio to answer a charge of violating the neutrality laws. Encaricacion has been the trusted lieutenant and constant companion of Catarino until their separation recently. He says they abandoned the revolution in December last and went through Texas to New Orleans, thence to Key West, where he has been ever since. He says Catarino is not now on American soil.

Henry George Speaks for Grover.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Henry George the apostle of single tax, will make two speeches for Grover Cleveland in Chicago. The matter was settled by dispatches received here. Addresses will be delivered Oct. 26 and 27, one of them probably at Central Music hall. Both meetings will be under the auspices of the Single Tax club.

Higginbotham Co. will put a $10,000 line of dress goods on the market in the next ten days. Do not fail to come and bring your folks and furnish them.

A New Secret In Surgery.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Surgery has learned a new secret of the brain. An operation performed not long ago at the Orthopaedic hospital, Seventeenth and Summer streets, is referred to briefly in the recent published report of the county visitors to the state board of authorities and will probably be the talk of the profession throughout the country. The patient, a woman, suffering from epilepsy had attacks which showed themselves in her thumb. With marvelous skill the operating surgeon placed his finger, so to speak, on the exact portion of the brain which was causing all the trouble and brought quick relief. At last reports the woman's attacks had ceased and, with her head still bound up, she was moving cheerfully about the hospital wards. A convalescent epileptic is so rarely known to the medical and surgical profession that the apparent recovery of the Orthopaedic hospital's patient is triumphant enough in itself. Still more remarkable, however, is the exact location in the brain of the thumb's movement. The surgeon responsible for the operation refuses as yet to make known any details. In pursuance to a well known rule of his profession's etiquette, he will give it scientific exposition in a medical paper and probably prepare a more popular article for one of the magazines.

A Beautiful Complexion.

A moderate diffused color, a soft, peachy bloom, is the true sign of health and physical well being. Saxet renovates the entire system, enriches the blood and clears the skin, which gives a beautiful healthy glow to the complexion.



St. Vitus Dance Cured. VIII

SAN ANDREAS, Cal. Co., Cal., Feb. 1889.

My boy, 13 years old, was so affected by St. Vitus Dance that he could not go to school for 2 years. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic restored his health, and he is now attending school again.

MICHAEL O'CONNEL.

A Very Bad Case.

EAST NEWMARKET, Md., March 8, 1891.

My daughter had epilepsy so severe that she would have 6 or 7 fits every 24 hours. Immediately after using Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic the spasms decreased in number, and in less than two weeks from taking the first dose they entirely ceased. Before using this medicine her mind was very weak, but now mind and memory are fully restored, and she is entirely cured of the fits by the use of this great remedy.

MRS. J. H. ANDREWS.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

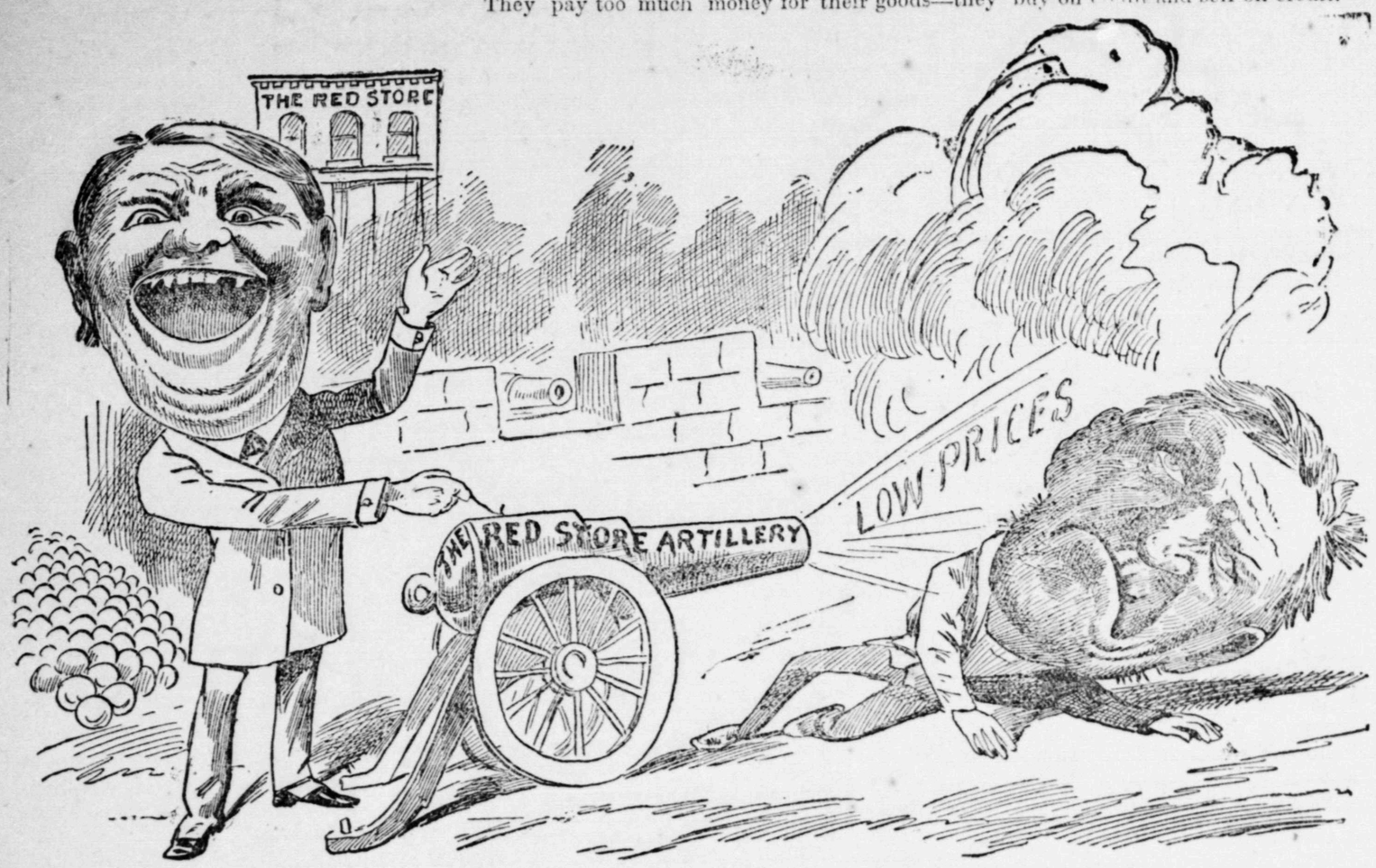
Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9

GOODS RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES!

All kinds of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Hats are now being sold in Dublin to the people by the RED STORE for less money than the High Price credit merchants paid for theirs.

Facts that Appeal to the Pocket Books of the People Direct. Prices Unparralled in the History of Dublin and Erath County. Credit Merchants are not in the Race.

They pay too much money for their goods—they buy on credit and sell on credit.



—THE—

Red Store

—BUYS AND SELLS—

FOR CASH.

PEOPLE OF DUBLIN:—

Behold the tyrant is killed—he has lived on the fat of the land for a long time, he has prospered by the sweat of your brow—but it is all up with him now. He should have known better than to remain in reach of our big cannons, when he saw that the RED STORE was coming he should have gone into the grocery business like they all do all over Texas. The noise of our artillery is echoing over the distant hills, and the people from Hamilton, from Hico and from Eastland have heard its thundering noise. Mr. High Price has had sufficient warning. He was a very bad man, he wanted to get rich, but he didn't want the people to share the prosperity of the country, the fruit of their labor—and the RED STORE came and there you see him where he now is—he will never recover and the people will now get a chance to get rich themselves. Everything is sold at the RED STORE at the wholesale prices—we buy our goods in large quantities direct from the factory for cash, and these large quantities are distributed in our 12 different stores and there we retail them to the people at the wholesale price. Each and every article by the price of the dozen.

Here are the Prices that make the Popularity of the RED STORE and Caused the death of Old Man High Price.

Dry Goods.

Heavy 4-4 brown cottons, 25 yards for $1.
2000 yards 4-4 soft bleach cotton at 16 yards for $1.
1200 yds Lousdale, yd wide bleach cotton going at 12 yards for $1.
800 yards soft bleach cotton, our price only 5 cents per yard.
1300 yards good mattress ticking for 8 1-2 cents a yard.
300 yards Turkey red table damask only 25 cents per yard.
Curtain scrim, 10 cent goods, only 4 1-2 cents per yard.
Cedar Hill heavy brown cotton, only 4 cents per yard.
2000 yards wool filling 40c jeans, Red Store price 25c.
1600 yards wool filling 35c jeans, our price 20c.
All wool red twill Flannel, our price only 20c, per yard.
All wool plain red Flannel, Red Store price 10c. per yard.
Heavy grey wool Flannel, 20c values, only 10c per yard.
1800 yards Canton flannels selling at 3 1-2c a yard.
400 yards wool filling linseys, 20c values, Red Store price 12 1-2 per yard.
All wool filling dress goods only 5c per yard.
2000 yards New Orleans best 20c ticking at 8 yards for $1.
2200 " good round thread cotton checks at 2 1-2c a yard.
1600 " heavy grey wool flannels at 10 yards for $1.
2000 " wool filling jeans, all 40c. values. Take them away quick at 25c a yard.
1250 yards 1 2 wool filling jeans 35c. values will go at 20c a yard.
Men s wool hose 12 1-2 cents.
Children's wool hose 10 cents.
White blankets 75 cents.
Willimantic spool cotton 8 for 25 cents.
8 papers pins 5 cents.
Diaper pins 5 cents per dozen.
16 papers hair pins 5 cents.
Lead pencils rubber tipped 10 cents per dozen.
600 yards double width brocaded dress goods, 25c values only 15c.
20 yards ginghams for $1.
Choice of 100 bolts dress styles calicoes at 5 cents a yard.
92 men's pure linen bosom white shirts, $1.50 values, only $1.
72 men's linen bosom white shirts, 1.00 values at 50c.
American Indigo blue prints at 20 yards for $1.
2000 yards dress goods, all patterns worth 20 and 25c, all go at 15c a yard.

Hats.

Men's 10 ounce white hats 4.00 values, going at 2.50
Men's 2.50 black crushed hats only 1.50 each
Men's 1.50 black crushers, our price only 75 cents
J. B. Stetson's 5.00 hats, Red Store price 3.50
Boy's 75c hats, Red store price only 50 cents
Child 40 cent fancy wool hats, our price 25 cents
Stockmens white hats, 2.50 values, selling at 1.75
62 men's fine black fur hats assorted line of samples all 1.75 values go at 1 00
J. B Stetson s 6.00 hats, Red Store price 4.00
Men's 4.00 black fine crimped hats Red Store price 2.75
Men's 3.50 black fine crimped hats go at 2.50
200 men's hats assorted kinds 3 00 3.50 4.00 5.00 values, this lot consists of manufacturers samples and we have marked them all at 1.50 each
We carry the handsomest lines of mens and boys hats in the west and in addition to the special lines advertised here we are showing dozens of other kinds of hats quite as interesting to the buyer.

Clothing.

Choice of 200 men's suits, all $10, $12 and $14 suits for $8.85.
Men's California pants $3.50, $4 and $5.
200 pairs men's 1.50 jeans pants, $1 a pair takes them.
150 pairs mens worsted pants 2.00 goods, $1 a pair takes them.
100 boy's knee suits 75 cents each.
60 pairs men's heavy overalls, 50 cents a pair.
One lot 200 pairs heavy California pants all 6, 7 and 8 dollar values; we give choice of the entire lot at 5.00 each.
36 pairs men's all wool corkscrew pants 3.50 values for $4.50.
18 men's fancy corkscrew suits, 7.50 values, will go at $5.00
48 boys wool suits, age 12 to 18 $4 values for 3.00 a suit.
Men's heavy ribbed cotton undershirts twenty-five cents.
36 boys heavy winter suits, ages 1 2 to 18, $4 values for 2.50.
Men's double seated overal's only 75 cents a pairs.
Boy's knee suits, real value 3.00, our price 2.00.
282 prs men's 1.75 worsted pants;your pick of this lot at $1 a pair.
300 pairs men's best 1.75 wool jeans pants, only 1.00 a pair.
150 pairs men's fine Mississippi 2.50 jeans pants, only 1.75 a pair.
180 pairs large boy's best jeans pants, 1.25 values for 75c a pair.
120 pairs boy's best 1.25 fancy every day pants 75c a pair.
72 " boy's knee pants only 35c a pair.
180 boys knee suits, three paterns $2 values, all go at 1.00 a suit.
232 boys knee suits worth $1 to 1.75; take your choice at 75c a suit
36 boy's cassimere all wool knee suits will go at 5.00 a suit.
24 boy's suits age 12 to 18 fancy corkscrew, 5.00 values will go at 3.50.
One lot consisting of 60 men's fine suits; 10 different styles. They were intended to sell at 10.00 to 14. They will all go on the 8 85 suit counter.
One lot 48 men's fine suits. This lot consists of 8 different styles suits. We intended to sell them at 14 to 18 dollars. This lot contains the finest diagoeal and wide wale suits. We give choice of the entire lot at 12.50 a suit.
82 pairs men's black fine wool 5 dollar pants; assorted patterns, we sell them at 2.50 a pair.
98 boys 1.75 knee suits, we have marked the entire at 1.00 a suits.
169 boys 2.50 knee suits, take them away at only 1.50 a suit.
110 boys 3.00 and 3.50 knee suits, they are all marked 1.75 a suit.
67 boys knee suits 4 00 values, going at half price 2.00 each suit.
Lot 9372, large boys wool suits, age 12 to 18; this lot consists of 4 different kinds of suits, they all represent 5 dollar values, but as we sell at wholesale prices we marked them 3.00.
Lot 7282. This lot consists of 127 boy's 3.50 suits; we sell them at 2.50 a suit.
We have 37 boys all wool 10.00 suits all marked at 5.00 a suit.
We have good values of 6.00 boys Scotch wool suits, age 12 to 18, at 4.0 .
72 boys 7-dollar suits will go in this sale at one-half price or 3.50 each suit.

Boots and Shoes.

Misses solid soles glove button shoes, sizes 8 to 11 at 65 a pair
Old ladies solid sole glove shoes $1.00 per pair
Ladies glove button shoes 75 cents
Ladies $1.50 glove button shoes, solid throughout, only $1.00 a pair.
Hamilton Brown $1.75 Saratoga button shoes $1.00
Children's find shoes sizes 2-5 25 cents
Hamilton Brown 2.00 ladies western shoes only 1.50
Hamilton Brown own make 2.50 shoes only 1.95
Hamilton Brown oliver twist calf boots only 2.50 a pair
Big lot men's 5.00 congress shoes, all marked at 3.00
100 pair men's 2.00 fine congress shoes going at 1.50
Men's high heel long leg calf boots, 1.00 goods, our price 2.50
Men's calf boots 1.50 a pair
Men's kip boots 1.50
Boy's 1.00 brogans 75 cents
Boy's kip boots - - 50 cents

Notions.

89 ladies heavy ribbed vests 50c values, go at 25 cents
72 ladies english finish fine merino vests 1.26 goods selling at 75c
69 ladies white wool ribbed vests 1.25 goods our price 75 cents
32 ladies white fleeced lined vests at only 35 cents
48 ladies 1.25 vests go at 75 cents
Best 40 cent oil cloth at 1-2 price
Dress goods in endless variety with all the leading novelties
Comforts 50c, 75c, 1.00 and 1.25
Ladies handkerchiefs 10c values at 5 cents
Grey wool blankets 1.50 a pair.
Blue " " one dollar a pair.
Red " " only 2.00 a pair
Willimantic best six cord spool cotton 3 spools 10c; 8 spools 25c.
Ladies handkerchiefs 20-cent values a 10 cents.
Pure linen crash only 5 cents a yard.
20 pairs men's heavy socks one dollar.
600 men's wool knit overshirts at one-half price, only 50c each.
480 men's all wool heavy knit overshirts, 1.50 values at 1-2 price, only 75 cents each.
Men's cotton undershirts 10 cents and 25 cents each.
" wool underwear 50 cents.
" domet overshirts 15 cents.
" farmers suspenders, 40c values, at 15 cents.
" fine suspenders, 35c values, selling at 15 cts.
20-cent bonnet chambra only 10 cents a yard.
Men's brown linen overshirts 1.50 values, take them at 75 cents.
600 pairs ladies fast black hose 5 cents a pair.
500 pairs ladies fast black hose 10 cents a pair or ten pairs for 1.00.
60 pairs white blankets for only 75 cents a pair.
72 pairs grey blankets only 75 cents per pair.
60 pairs red blankets at 1.00 a pair.
Men's pleated bosom word shirts only 25 cents.
" fine pleated white shirts, 2.00 and 2 50 values at 1.50.
Men's domestic undershirts, 10 cents each.
" twenty-five cent heavy socks 1-2 price.
" 20 cent heavy socks at 1-2 price.
Ladies 40c jersey gloves, our price 25 cents.
Ladies 25c jersey gloves, our price 15 cents
Spool silk one cent each
Spool twist 1-2 cent each
Seamless sacks two for twenty-five cents
Mens seamless heavy socks at 3 pair for twenty-five cents

800 Pair's. Mens Wool Jeans Pants $1 25 Values, all Going at 65 cents. a Pair.

2500 yards good round thread cotton checks are all going for 2 1-2c. a yard.

We have each and every article we advertise and thousands more bargains that we don't advertise for want of space. We want every man, woman and child to visit the RED STORE during the fall months and make their purchases with us. We sell strictly at ONE PRICE for everybody, and from the fact that we RETAIL at the WHOLESALE prices, our Prices are Fixed and we never deviate, therefore we sell you goods to-day so as to be able to sell them to you tomorrow. We sell you goods so as to merit your confidence. The RED STORE prices are known everywhere to be the lowest, and we shall maintain our reputation in Dublin by giving the people the grandest bargains ever introduced in Erath County. Each and every article is a living advertisement. Everything goes at the lowest prices known in the world. Read the RED STORE prices.

REMEMBER THAT WE BUY AND SELL ONLY FOR CASH!

It will pay everybody to sell their cotton for cash and buy their goods for cash from the RED STORE. The RED STORE prices are right—the RED STORE goods are good goods and are sold at live and let live prices.

Bring this advertisement with you, cut it out and you will find each and every article exactly as advertised, and you will find hundreds of interesting bargains not mentioned in this advertisement.

THE RED STORE.

Makers of Low Prices.

Dublin, Texas.

THE DUBLIN P

PUBLISHED EVER

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT

City Railway Time
RIO GRANDE
North Bound,.....
South Bound,.....
TEXAS CENTRA
East Bound,.....
West Bound,.....

Church Directo

METHODIST CHURCH—Re bliss, Pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer Thursday night at 8 o'clock. every Sunday morning at 9:30 Superintendent.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Com every Sunday at 11 o'cl School every Sunday at 9:30 a. Kinnie, Superintendent.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. C Pastor. Services every S m. and 8 p. m. Young men's ing Monday night. Regular p Wednesday night. Sunday Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Dr. G. Superintendent.

OLD DUBLIN CHURCH—Pre day in each month, 4 p. m. Chambliss (Methodist); 2nd Su by Rev. Samuel Powers (Bapt day, 4 p. m., by Rev. C. F. Max 4th Sunday, 4 p. m., by J. S. tian.) All are invited.

Secret Organizatio

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS Lodg every Monday night. W. E.W. Abrahams, Keeper of Re

DUBLIN LODGE I. O. O. F. Bays N. G., W. E. Lowe, S ery Saturday night.

DUBLIN ALLIANCE No. 3945 President and J. D. Hay, S ery Tuesday night.

Business Notices.

OBITUARY NOTICES of over be charged at the regular cents per line.

Don't Read This,

But remember that J. thit's is the place to get ceived for your money goods, honest dealing, lo is their motto.

Judgement Affirmed

The judgement agains McKinnie refusing him h sum, has been affirmed Court of Criminal Appea sion at Tyler. Mr. Mc the man under arrest for tal murder from ambush L. Haley, an esteemed Erath county.

We have recently ent co-partnership in the me business and are now pr pay the highest cash price and fat cattle. HURD &

Ripans Tabules cure scrofu

Residence For Sale.

I offer my residence i west Dublin for sale—s The house has three goo finished inside and out, well of water in the yard thing handy. A good ba some one. J. M. C

Hamblett, the furnitu makes a specialty of cabine in all forms and the best manship.

Higginbotham Co. have Mitchell and Lansing wa sale. Have lately receive loads. Come while they and get one.

J. B. Green, the cheape

Engine and Boiler Repa

Pipe and pipe fittings, injectors and etc. for sale Brown Dublin, Texas, crossing of the Texas Cen Rio Grande railroads.

Co-Partnership Notice.

This is to certify that this day entered into a co ship in the practice of me this city and will here known in business as the Miller & Farmer. All wh debted to either of us indi are requested to at once and settle in full for amou We wish to close up our ness. DR. R. A. M DR. T. J. FA

Place your orders for sa harness with me. I defy dition—everything cheap f J. L. Do

See the half-page adver of Higginbotham Co. in th

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT, 21, 1892.

City Railway Time Table.

RIO GRANDE.

North Bound,.....10:40 a. m.
South Bound,.....5:19 p. m.

TEXAS CENTRAL.

East Bound,..... 10:30 a. m.
West Bound,..... 12:02 p. m.

Church Directory.

METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. J. H. Chambliss, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday night at 8 o'clock. Sunday School every Sunday morning at 9:30; M. C. Fewell, Superintendent.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Communion services every Sunday at 11 o'clock. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. J. P. McKinnie, Superintendent.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. C. F. Maxwell, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Young men's prayer meeting Monday night. Regular prayer meeting Wednesday night. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Dr. G. P. Herndon, Superintendent.

OLD DUBLIN CHURCH—Preaching 1st Sunday in each month, 4 p. m., by Rev. J. H. Chambliss (Methodist); 2nd Sunday, 4 p. m., by Rev. Samuel Powers (Baptist); 3rd Sunday, 4 p. m., by Rev. C. F. Maxwell (Baptist); 4th Sunday, 4 p. m., by J. S. Brady (Christian.) All are invited.

Secret Organizations.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS Lodge No. 107 meets every Monday night. W. J. Clay, C. C., E.W. Abrahams, Keeper of Records and Seal.

DUBLIN LODGE I. O. O. F. No. 312—Tom Rays N. G., W. E. Lowe, Sec. Meets every Saturday night.

DUBLIN ALLIANCE No. 3945—L. D. Young, President and J. D. Hay, Sec. Meets every Tuesday night.

Business Notices.

OBITUARY NOTICES of over TEN lines will be charged at the regular rate of FIVE cents per line.

Don't Read This,

But remember that J. L. Douthit's is the place to get value received for your money. "Good goods, honest dealing, low prices" is their motto.

Judgement Affirmed.

The judgement against G. W. McKinnie refusing him bail in any sum, has been affirmed by the Court of Criminal Appeals in session at Tyler. Mr. McKinnie is the man under arrest for the brutal murder from ambush of Mr. R. L. Haley, an esteemed citizen of Erath county.

We have recently entered into co-partnership in the meat market business and are now prepared to pay the highest cash price for hogs and fat cattle. HURD & HOMUTH.

Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.

Residence For Sale.

I offer my residence in northwest Dublin for sale—a bargain. The house has three good rooms, finished inside and out, a good well of water in the yard and every thing handy. A good bargain for some one. J. M. COOPER.

Hamblett, the furniture man, makes a specialty of cabinet making in all forms and the best of workmanship.

Higginbotham Co. have both the Mitchell and Lansing wagons for sale. Have lately received two car loads. Come while they are fresh and get one.

J. B. Green, the cheapest grocer.

Engine and Boiler Repairs.

Pipe and pipe fittings, pumps, injectors and etc. for sale by M. A. Brown Dublin, Texas, near the crossing of the Texas Central and Rio Grande railroads.

Co-Partnership Notice.

This is to certify that we have this day entered into a co-partnership in the practice of medicine in this city and will hereafter be known in business as the firm of Miller & Farmer. All who are indebted to either of us individually are requested to at once call and and settle in full for amount due. We wish to close up our old business. DR. R. A. MILLER,
DR. T. J. FARMER.

Place your orders for saddles and harness with me. I defy competition—everything cheap for cash.
J. L. DOUTHIT.

See the half-page advertisement of Higginbotham Co. in this issue.

What came near being a serious accident happened to Misses Jewel Parker and Queenie Anderson of this city last Sunday evening. The two young ladies were out driving near the new cemetary in a jumper when the strap that holds the shalves broke and the shalves flew up. The young ladies jumped out and the horse ran away, but was caught near Hon. Evan Jones' residence by a couple of gentlemen. Fortunately no one was hurt, but the horse was slightly crippled by running against a barb wire fence.

Grand Rally

of the people at Stephenville on Monday, Oct. 24th, being the first day of our district court. Judge Nugent and other distinguished speakers will address the people. Come one, come all.

THOS. B. KING,
County Chairman.

A Card to the People.

I take this manner to notify my friends and the public generally that I am still in the race for constable of Precinct No. 2, notwithstanding the fact that a report has been circulated that I had withdrawn. The report was false and I expect to run the race through on my merits as a citizen. Politically I am first, last and all the time for the People's party and expect to vote for the nominees of the party. I have not been able to canvass the precinct as close as I would like to have done, owing to the fact of being very busily engaged on my farm, nevertheless I hope to see each and every voter in the precinct between this and the election and would like you to consider my claims and ability for the office. If I should not happen to see you, do not think it a wilful error. H. A. WILLIAMS.

If any body tells you they can sell you goods cheaper that J. L. Douthit, DON'T YOU BELIEVE IT.

Monday night last the colored Clark club of this place met at the city hall. While the meeting was in progress a number of bad boys gathered around the hall, rocked it and finally fastened the door with a fence rail and kept the negroes in custody for an hour or more before they could break out. An effort was made Tuesday to have some one swear out a complaint against the guilty parties, but no one could be found to make the complaint.

Clark Club Organized.

Last Friday night a colored Clark club of thirteen members was organized by Elder Payne at the city hall with colored Jeff Davis as president. The regular meeting of the club was set for every Monday night.

G. W. Hamblett, the furniture dealer, has moved his immense stock of goods into the new Smith & Fry building and has received a large supply of more and better furniture. You can get anything in that line you want from him.

Trinity (Episcopal) Church.

Divine services, morning and evening at the customary hours, by the Rev. W. D. Sartwell, missionary in charge, on Sunday Oct. 28th. Holy communion at the morning service. Sunday School every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. Every one heartily welcome.

Mortuary.

Miss Geneva Viridet died at her father's residence in old Dublin last Friday, October 14th; and was burried on the following day at the old Dublin cemetary.

FOR THE BLOOD,
Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

District Court.

District court will begin at Stephenville next Monday and an immense amount of business is on hand to be disposed of.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Alderman Gillette is suffering with a severe case of slow fever.

J. E. Stancil returned Saturday from a trip to Chicago.

Mr. Sterling Holcomb and lady who have been residing in Southern Texas for some time, have again returned to Dublin.

H. B. Leonard made a trip to Lampasas Saturday, returning Tuesday.

Dr. Jno. Morgan was in the city this week.

Gayle Talbot of Comanche, passed through Dublin last Sunday.

Mrs. Ernest McQueen and Miss Pearl Davis visited Barnum's circus at Fort Worth Monday.

Mr. J. C. Corbell of near Bunyan came in this week and subscribed for the leading newspaper of Erath county.

Connty Treasurer Crane gave the Progress a pleasant call Wednesday.

County Attorney Oxford was in the city Wednesday.

J. R. StClair is in Dallas on business.

Dublin City Council.

The City Council met last Tuesday night with all members present except alderman Gillett and Chilton.

The minutes of the last regular meeting was read and approved.

The City Marshal, Assessor and Collector reported for term July 1st to Oct. 18th, inclusive, collection of following:

Occupation Tax.....	$44.35
Municipal "	15.85
Interest and Sinking Fund	15.85
Dog Tax.....	3.00
Fines.....	123.70
Total.....	$202.75

The report was received and ordered on file.

Finance committee reported on the matter of securing $2000 to be used to pay for hose carts etc., same was accepted and committee continued.

A petition was read from L. H. Maddox & Co, praying for lief to build an iron addition on the north side of the building now occupied by them next door to G. W. Hamblets.

W. J. Clay moved that petition be granted, providing, the property owners file a written consent with the Secretary.

Adj urned.

A Candidate Who Will Win.

The many friends of Mr. J. J. Eager authorizes us to announce him as a candidate for Justice of the Peace in Precinct No. 2. The PROGRESS is glad to know that Mr. Eager's friends have called him forward as a candidate for this important office, and we can cheerfully recommend him as a staunch, progressive and law-abiding citizen and one who would do credit to the office and precinct he represents.

Rev. C. L. Ewing will preach at the Presbyterian church Sunday at 11 o'clock.

The PROGRESS is not scattered promiscously over the streets of Dublin like a bundle of posters but goes to the homes of the wealth producers of Erath County—more of them than any two newspapers in Dublin or within thirteen miles of Dublin.

Last Call.

To all persons knowing themselves indebted to L. J. Drucke or Tom Padgit: You will please call at once and settle your indebtedness. This is the last call.

KING & LEONARD,
Attorneys.

Rev. C. F. Maxwell of the Baptist church will preach on "Sanctification" Sunday morning and on the "Relation of faith to the cure of disease" in the evening.

Why Not?

Buy custom made goods of J. L. Douthit; he is well equipped for doing all kinds of work and has the finest line of collars, bridles, blankets, harness, saddles, etc. ever in Dublin.

The Dublin Jewelry Company is the name of a new Dublin firm of which Mr. J. E. Stancil will be manager. The company will shortly open up a stock of jewelry in the same building with the Racket store.



A SURPRISE.

Mrs. Bruin's flank movement comes as a painful surprise to the bold kidnaper. The "b'ar" is in a position to defend her home and family and the flirtation with that cub must stop instanter.

A pleasanter surprise await those who visit Higginbotham Co's. store. Here they will see where low prices are made and the strictly cash merchant laid in the shade. All the little shops are raising a great hue and cry and tell you it is a crime to credit the farmers of this country. These little shops set idly by during eight months of the year and when a farmer wants a little credit for goods he needs and must have, they tell him, "O, no, we can't do that; you must go to Higginbotham Co's." Then when the fall trade sets in and the people have cash they declare they can sell goods cheaper than this reliable house. Can they do it? Does it look reasonable that they can set idle for eight months and pay rent, clerk hire, etc., and then during the short cash period sell as cheap as Higginbotham Co. Every farmer knows they can't do it. We don't sell paper shoes, faded cloth and shop worn goods, but are in the market with fresh ones at all times. Why? Simply because when we can't sell for cash we let go for credit and keep our goods moving. We want to sell you your fall bill of goods and if you are alive to your own interests we will do it.

As to Circulation.

The PROGRESS prints every week 58 quires or 1392 copies. These papers go to actual subscribers in Dublin's trading district and are not thrown around as temale wrappers and the like. Our books are open for inspection by any advertiser. This week we put on another quire.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla

512 Dillwyn St.
Phila, Pa.

I have taken your Sarsaparilla at different times in my life for medicine in the family, and have always found it a reliable remedy. But no remedy I ever took has done me so much good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which I consider the best blood purifier in the world.
E. Walz

CURES OTHERS, Will Cure You.

From Stephenville.

The Broken tiles on the court house roof have been replaced.

Columbus day will be celebrated in a lengthy and interesting program in this city to-day.

Saturday night a baby boy perfectly blind was born to Mr. and Mrs. Lockhart. The eyes show no signs of sight in the least. Mr. Lockhart told a reporter that at first the eyes were perfectly white but now they have assumed a deep blue color. It is a great misfortune, and all sympathize with Jno. and his estimable wife.—*Journal.*

Mr. Charlie Yates and Miss Lula Mann, of Hico, were married at Gorman last Wednesday, the 19th inst. They passed through Dublin Thursday en route home.

The cotton seed oil mill of Dublin has paid out nearly thirty thousand dollars in cash already for cotton seed and it has raised cotton seed from 6 to 13 cents per bushel.

The ladies of the Episcopal church gave the first oyster supper of the season Wednesday night at the Stancil building. The receipts were limited in view of the inclement weather.

Floyd, Percy and Wilkinson Crews went to Hamilton this week in response to a telegram announcing the sudden death of their sister Mrs. Frances Baker. The PROGRESS extends its sympathy.

Farmers, Attention!

J. B. Green will sell you groceries at wholesale prices and save you money.

Rev. J. T. Harris spoke last Wednesday night to a good audience at the opera house in the interest of Geo. Clark's candidacy for governor. Mr. Harris made one of his best efforts and scored the stuffed animal (Hogg) and his administration some heavy licks.

The PROGRESS is better prepared for doing job printing than any other printing office in Erath county. "Fast receipts and fine work" is our motto. Fine lot of new job type just received.

Drunkenness or Liquor Habit Cured at Home in ten Days by Administering D. Haines' Golden Specific!

It can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address the GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 158 Race St., Cincinnatti, Ohio.

The Dublin oil mill will shortly begin operations. Work is now being delayed on account of an accident happening to the sheller last week just as the machinery was started. The sheller was completely demolished and a new one is expected every day by express.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT, 21, 1892.

TEXTILE INDUSTRIES.

INCREASE IN VALUES AND WAGES IN THE UNITED STATES.

Census Bureau Bulletin on Cotton Manufacturing—Constant Growth—Other News from Washington—Mrs. Harrison Still Declining.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The census office has made public the bulletin giv- statistics of the textile industries for the United States. As a whole it appears from the tables presented the increase in silk manufacture since 1880 has been most striking, being 112.75 per cent. in value of its product; that of cotton manufacture ranking second, being 39.51 per cent; wool manufactures 26.39 per cent. The average increase in the entire textile industries is 33.51 per cent. The relative rank in impportance of these industries, however, is reversed, the wool manufactures in all its branches including all descriptions of hosiery and knit goods standing first with gross products valued at $337,768,524; cotton manufactures second, with products valued at $267,981,724 and silk manufacture third, with products valued at $87,298,454.

The actual increase in value of the products is $70,515,611 in wool, $75,891,614 in cotton and $46,165,409 in silk. These combined industries yielded a product in the present census year worth $693,048,702, as compared with a product of 1880 of $500,307,078, an increase in twenty years of $192,672,764, which from another point of view is stated as without parallel in any other country.

It is proper to state in this connection, says the Bulletin, that there are 248 establishments engaged in dyeing and finishing textiles separate and apart from establishments which dye and finish textile products. These establishments had an invested capital of $40,270,509, employing 20,267 hands and paying $9,717,011 in wages. The value added to the product of textile factories by these establishments amounted to $23,900,560, a decrease of $3,306,960, compared with the sum of $32,297,430 added to the value in 1880. This increase is being explained by the very great reduction in the cost of dyeing and finishing through improved methods, equal to fully 25 per cent.

The increase in the amount of wages paid the combined textile industries has been more marked than the increase in the value of the products, being 64.74 per cent in he combined industries and 61.77 per cent in the wool manufactures, 57.05 per cent in cotton and 115.16 per cent in silk.

The total sum of $162,363,598 is paid in the combined industries as wages to 488,225 employes, being an annual average earning for men, women and children of $340.24 in wool, $301.65 in cotton manufacture and $336.55 in silk manufacture.

Mrs. Harrison Not So Well.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The soft, balmy Indian summer weather which Washington is enjoying is proving harmful to the president's invalid wife, for it has a depressing effect on her and increases the nervousness from which she suffers greatly. Consequently she is even less well and strong than she has been for the past two or three days.

The Cotton Industry.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17. The census bureau issued a bulletin on the cotton industry in the United States. The growth of the cotton manufacturing industry of the United States, says the bulletin, has been constant. One of the most gratifying features of the situation is the great extension of this industry in the south, where a marked addition is shown in the number of cotton mills established and successfully operated. The magnitude of this movement is demonstrated by the fact that the consumption of raw cotton in the southern states in 1890 exceeded that of 1880 by 166,308,889 pounds, while in New England, the chief seat of this manufacture, the excess of consumption of 1890 over that of 1880 was only 173,317,534 pounds. The tables accompanying the bulletin do not include returns of special mills employed in working up raw cotton waste yarn into hose, webbing, tapes, mixed goods or fabrics, which are not classed as specific manufactures of cotton.

The following percentages of increase are shown: Number of establishments reported 19.58, capital invested 69.97, amount of wages paid 57.05, number of hands employed 26.87, cost of materials used 51.26, value of products 39.51, number of spindles 32.24, number of looms 48.90, pounds of raw cotton consumed 48.99.

The public is cautioned, however, touching certain items that the more thorough inquirers employed by the present census will cause their increase to appear greater than they really are, especially is this the case in regard to wages which increased 57.05 per cent. while the number of hands employed increased 26.85 per cent. There has undoubtedly been a positive increase in these earnings during the decade. The increase in wages may not have been so great as indicated by this comparison as the increase in the number of operatives. Between 1880 and 1890 there was in a large measure the class earning the highest rate of wages, namely men, while the number of children employed is happily decreased.

Industry South of Us.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The production of coffee in Mexico last year exceeded 43,750,000 pounds, a figure which is thought will soon be tripled, owing to the introduction of improved machinery and an increased number of coffee plantations.

There is an enterprise on foot in Guatemala to construct an inter-ocean railroad to connect Puerto Barrios on the Atlantic with port San Jose Guatemala on the Pacific coast.

The sisal industry in Turk's and Caicos Island is growing and rapidly increasing in importance. The report of work done on the various plantations during the year 1891 is generally very satisfactory and a quantity of fiber shipped to New York realized a price equal to that commanded by the best class of fiber from Yucatan.

Opened to Settlement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The president signed the proclamation opening to settlement the surplus land of the Crow Indian reservation in Montana, aggregating about 1,800,000 acres. The lands under the law are open to settlement immediately on the signing of the proclamation.

Delegate to the Monetary Conference.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—President Benjamin E. Andrews of Brown university, Providence, R. I., has been appointed by the president a delegate from United States to the international monetary conference, in place of President F. A. Walker, who was compelled to decline. President Andrews is recognized as an authority on political economy and kindred questions. In politics he is a Democrat.

THE SUGAR BEET.

Farmers and Scientists Taking Much Interest in the New Industry.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Professor H. W. Wiley, chief of the division of chemistry of the agricultural department is now in the west visiting and inspecting the sugar experiment stations at Medicine Lodge, Kan., at Schuyler, Neb., and other points. There is an increasing degree of interest in the cultivation of sugar beets among the farmer in states adapted to the growth of these beets. Samples have for some time been coming in to the department for chemical analysis as to the amount of saccharine matter they contain. The products of different states vary a great deal in regard to the value of sugar beets for the production of sugar, but the sugar bounty policy is steadily stimulating experiments and interest in the cultivation of sugar beets, and samples are received from states as far north as Minnesota, and as far south as Tennessee.

It is as yet too early in the season to strike averages from the analyses of the samples received. In some states where the conditions are known to favor sugar beet culture the weather has been unkind, while in others the best results can not be established until the season is further advanced. From Missouri no samples have yet been received. The average amount of sugar found in Missouri grown beets last year was 10.4. No samples have been received from Illinois so far. In Arkansas the average last year was only 6.4 per cent. of sugar. The samples submitted this year showed a percentage of 8.1 and 9.3. The samples received from experiment station at Fort Collins, Colo., where the cultivation is conducted in a proper manner, show a percentage ranging from 14 4 to 19.3, and those from other parts of the state of 14 and 14 7. Last year the results were as low as 4 and as high as 19 per cent. The station at Rockford shows results from 12.3 to 15.8 per cent. Samples from Davis county, Ind., yield a percentage of 7.6 and 11; from Jasper county of 4 and 10.5; from Owen county of 6.8.

Brown county, S. D., produces samples 17.2 per cent. of sugar to the beet; Clay county, 7.8. Last year's average for the state was 15.68. Ramsey county, N. J., 11.3; last year's average 11.8. Clark county Ia., shows results of 5.5; Linn county, 9.9; average last year, 11.8 for the state. Beets grown in Dodge county, Neb., have a per cent. of 10.6 and 9.5, and Holt county 16 and 17.8 of sugar to the beet. The experiment station at Schuyler produces beets that analyze 15.5 to 16 per cent. sugar, while last year's average was 11.7.

The Maxwell Land Grant company of New Mexico has sent samples of beets which show a high average, but a correspondingly low acreage. The analysis shows 19 per cent. The average production of sugar per acre, however, is only about one and a half tons. Last year's average of sugar in the beet was 13 8. Beets sent from Finney county, Kan., yielded 9.5 and 13 5 per cent of sugar, and from Jewell county 11.6; from Reno county 11.3 and 11.4; from Rice county 10.6 and down to 6.7. The only Tennessee sample showed 9.4 per cent.

Watterson to Deliver the Address.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 15.—Henry Watterson, the brilliant editor of the Courier-Journal and known everywhere, has accepted an invitation to deliver the dedicatory address at the World's fair. The invitation reached him by telegraph and he replied by wire agreeing to it.

OUR REGISTRATION LAW.

An Opinion of Interest to the Public by the Attorney General's Department.

AUSTIN, Oct. 17.—The attorney general promulgated the following opinion:

Hon. D. W. Harris, county judge, Tarrant county: Dear sir—Your letter of Oct. 2 is received. You ask whether, under the registration law recently enacted, is it legal to place the name of any one of the candidates on the ticket more than once. This department has carefully considered every article and section of the registration law and the revised statutes and has concluded that it is not legal to place the name of any one candidate for office on the ballot more than once.

Article 1694, revised statutes, in regard to ballots, reads: "All ballots shall be written or printed on plain white paper without any picture, device or stamp or mark, except the writing or printing in black ink or black pencil of names of the candidates and the several offices to be filled and except the name of the political party whose candidates are on the ticket; provided, such ballots may be written or printed on plain white foolscap, legalcap or letter paper."

Thus it is apparent that the legislature has provided that only the names of candidates and parties to which they may belong can be placed upon the ballot. The legislature, considering the context of this article, intended to restrict printing on tickets to names of candidates and their parties. Section 24, page 17, of the act of the called session of the Twenty-second legislature, approved April 12, 1892, reads: All ballots used by voters at said election shall be furnished by the officers conducting said election, upon which shall be printed the names of all candidates for the county and precinct officers upon one ticket and arranged according to the respective parties to which the candidates may belong, and whenever a voter has been furnished with a ballot by any officer conducting the election, the presiding officer shall stamp with a rubber stamp provided for this purpose the words, "Official ballot," and no ballot cast without said words stamped upon it by the said presiding officer shall be counted at said election.

By this article the names of all candidates could be placed on the ticket and their names must be arranged according to the party to which they belong. See article 1697, which reads: No ballot which is not numbered, as provided in article 1694, shall not be counted, nor shall either two or more ballots be counted and where the names of two or more persons are upon a ballot for the same office when but one person is to be elected to that office, such ballot shall not be counted for either of such persons.

Construing these statutes together I am fully concinced that the legislature intended to permit each candidate to have his name placed upon the official ballot once, where the names of all candidates must be arrayed according to their political faith. This method permits every voter to cast his ballot for the candidate of his choice and no matter to what party that candidate may belong, or where his name may be found, the voter can vote for him as conveniently, when he finds such candidate's name on the ticket, as if he found it there a number of times. In order to express his choice it is only necessary for the voter to mark out the names of those candidates not his choice and he thereby leaves the candidate of his choice on the ticket to be counted, no matter whereon the name is found. See McCreary on elections, sections 399 and 465; Paine on elections, sections 552 and 554.

R. L. HENRY,
Assistant Attorney General.

R. G. DUN & CO.'S REVIEW.

Conditions Appear to Be Favorable Almost Along the Entire Line.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Once more it must be said there are entirely favorable indications. Even the shrinkage in exports caused an increase of $1,500,000 appearing here last week, while imports continue surprisingly large and foreign exchange at a decline. Wheat is ½c stronger than a week ago, but corn is 1c lower, oats 1½c, hogs and lard 15c, cotton ¼c lower, with sales of more than 1,100,000 bales for the week.

Improved crop reports and heavy movement of products have pushed prices downward. The iron output is 158,027 tons this week against 151,648 tons Sept. 1, and especially encouraging. Stocks on hand decreased 85,234 tons during September. The demand for pig iron improved and a general advance of 50 per cent is reported for pig with liberal buying. While the trade in plates is very unsatisfactory, in bar iron it is somewhat better and the structural mills are full of orders.

Livelier buying continues in coffee at 11¾c and speculation moved upward, but lead was weak and unsettled at 4.

Cotton and wool mills are fully employed. Many are running day and night. Sales of wool this year at the chief markets have been 247,000,000 pounds against 194,000,000 to the same date last year. Strong buying is seen in cotton.

Stocks have been stronger and an average advance of about $1 has occurred, but the chief activity has been in the industrial and New England stocks.

Business failures throughout the country during the last seven days number 215; for the corresponding week last year the figures were 259.



A Nice Quiet Game is never Complete without a liberal supply of

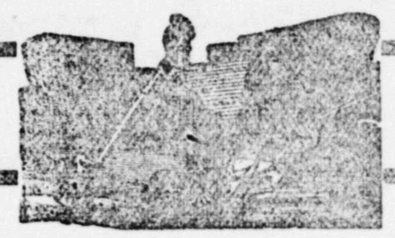
Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco,

composed only of "pure leaf," grown in the famous Golden Belt, its uniform quality, and rich fragrant aroma recommend it to all who desire a really good smoke. No other smoking tobacco has ever been made which has secured and held the popular favor as has **Blackwell's Bull Durham.** It is now, as it has been at all times during the last 25 years, the best in the world. Made only by

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO.,
DURHAM, N. C.

Cameron & Smith,

—THE OLD RELIABLE—

LUMBER  DEALERS.

A first-class assortment of Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings, etc., etc., always on hand.

Prices to Suit the Times.

J. B. Olinger

heads the list for

FRESH ✧ GROCERIES

at Rock Bottom prices. Remember the place, next door above Utterbacks Bros'.

Dublin, - . - Texas.

New Lumber Yard

R. B. SPENCER, Proprietor.

LUMBER, SHINNLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS ETC.

Sellling at the lowest living prices with all grades of lumber

Lumber ★ Exchanged ★ for ★ Grain.



PALACE MEAT MaRKET

A. E. Homuth, Proprietor.

This market always keeps on hand a full supply of fresh meats, bologne sausage and everything usually kept in a first-class market. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. R. LINN & CO.

Exclusive -:- Grocers,

And dealers in Country Produce, Eggs, Butter, etc. Have recently opened up a first class

GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT.

on the corner of Elm and Grafton street, at the Newton Bros. old stand.

GIVE US A CALL, DUBLIN, TEXAS.

THE ★ DUBLIN ★ MARBLE ★ WORKS.

B. W. LAFFERTY, Proprietor.

Italian and American marble monuments, tombstones, slabs, etc., and granite monuments. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. Don't fail to call on or write them when needing anything in their line.

DUBLIN.- - TEXAS

J. B. GEERN,

THE GROCERMAN.

Dublin, - - Texas.

PEOPLE'S PARTY SHOT AND SHELL.

By T. A. Bland.—No. 4.

The People Should Own the Railroads.

Railroads are public highways built for the purpose of facilitating the commerce of the country. The people ought to control them, and they cannot control them unless they own them. Some facts bearing on this subject are given in this chapter. For these facts I am indebted largely to a lecture by Rev. Alexander Kent, pastor of the People's church, Washington, D. C., before the Nationalist Club of that city.

Charles Francis Adams, in "The Railroad Problem," says: "It is obvious that the tendency of events and drift of discussion are everywhere the same—away from a reliance on the beneficial effect of uncontrolled compensation between railroads."

Prof. James F. Wilson, in "Government Regulation of Railways," admits the growth of a feeling in favor of government ownership of all transportation systems. The movement, he says, is born of the evils of the present system.

Hon. Fred Taylor presents a tremendous indictment against the system, past and present. He thinks it not unfair to say that three-fourths of all the legislative corruption in this country for the past fifty years is directly chargeable to railways, and that one-half of the litigation of the country is due to the same cause. He finds also a close and intimate connection between the railway management and financial crises and panics which we experience from time to time. The trouble, he says is increasing. He adds, if the people exist for the sake of the railways this is all right; if otherwise, all wrong. What we term our railway system merely represents a mob of interests struggling for supremacy and trampling other interests underfoot.

While this is the case there can never by any improvement of the relation between the railroads and the people. On the contrary, the larger the mob the fiercer and more damaging will be the struggle. We must quell the mob. We must put the roads in all the States under one law. No two or more men can possibly drive together a team of a dozen or more horses. *Put one man on the box. The only hand strong enough to hold the reins over this team is Uncle Sam's.*

England took control of her railways—not ownership but control—in 1840. It was thus early discovered there that free competition between railroads was impossible, it inevitably degenerated into war. It was absolutely necessary, therefore, for the government to interfere in the interest of the people.

We find, then, both in our country and abroad, that the theory of competition in railroad management is utterly abandoned, and that a movement toward government regulation and control is already well under way, with a decided leaning on the part of many toward government ownership and control.

Those who have kept track of railroad movement, must have noted the increasing tendency to combination and consolidation in the last few years, and the growing conviction, voiced emphatically by so great a railroad magnate as C. P. Huntington, that all the railroads of the country ought to be under one management.

The only question left them for discussion is this: Should this management be national or corporate? Indeed, there is hardly so much of the question as this left, for, as we have seen, the nation has already begun to take a hand in the management.

THE CHIEF QUESTION TO SETTLE.

The question, then, concerns the wisdom or expediency of taking this great monopoly entirely out of the hands of all private corporations, and making it a great national enterprise, to be managed for and by the people through commissioners appointed or chosen for that purpose. C. Wood Davis, an authority on railroads, says:

"National ownership would insure stability and practical uniformity of rates, a thing now impossible, as hundreds of officials have power to change them, and do change them for their own enrichment. Under State and National legislation, discriminations are less numerous, and less public than before, parties having to be more careful to cover up their tracks, but every well-informed shipper knows they are still continued."

The Interstate Commerce Commission quotes a Chicago railroad manager as saying: "Rates are absolutely demoralized, and neither shippers, passengers, railways, or the public in general, make anything by this state of affairs. Take passenger rates, for instance, they are very low, but who benefits by this reduction? No one but the scalpers. In freight matters the case is just the same. Certain shippers are allowed heavy rebates, while others are made to pay full rates. * * * The management is dishonest on all sides, and there is not a road in the country that can be accused of living up to the interstate law."

National ownership would always secure the shipment of goods by the shortest, routes, and thus save a heavy tax to which the industries of the country are now subjected.

National ownership would insure a great reduction of force in towns entered by more than one line.

Under corporate management, each company has its own depots, engine houses, machine shops, officials, uptown ticket and freight office, with their clerks and runners. Under national management there would be one depot, one staff of officers, and transfer of passengers and freight would take place with much less annoyance and friction, and with great increase of convenience and comfort.

NO USE FOR ATTORNEYS.

Again, national ownership would do away with the necessity for attorneys now employed at such enormous cost and with such demoralizing results in the courts of country. This one item amounts to some $14,000,000 a year, which is a direct tax on the railroad users of the country.

And this is the smallest part of the evil which comes from such expenditures. The wrecked railroads, plundered shareholders, purchased legislation and ruined citizens who have sought legal redress of wrongs inflicted by the incorporations, all plead even more emphatically for reform in this matter.

With the nation operating the railways, there would be no deadheads. All passengers would pay and this would increase the revenues at least 10 per cent, of $30,000,000, or permit a reduction to that amount. Mr. Davis tells us that as an executive office of a railway company he has, at the request of the legislative agents of said company and under instructions of the president of the incorporation, signed vast numbers of blank passes; in short, has furnished lobby agents all they asked for.

National ownership is the only remedy for this evil.

Under the existing system immense commissions are paid to agents for diverting traffic from lines on which it would naturally go to others less desirable, and these sums are frequently divided with railway officials. Attempts have been made and agreements entered into to do away with this evil, but so many officials have an interest in its existence that no progress has been made. Nothing short of government ownership will bring relief from this burden, which costs the people from twenty to twenty-five millions a year. Again, the high salaries paid by railroad companies to managing officials are not paid for legitimate railroad administration, but for checkmating the chicanery of corporate competitors. It is ability to keep ahead of the other fellow in the tricks of the tariff that commands such enormous pay. The real work of operating the road is done by men whose salaries are moderate, so that under national ownership, where all necessity for checkmating rival schemes is done away, a reduction at this point could be made of several millions.

Again Mr. Davis says: "Of the six hundred corporations operating railways, probably five hundred maintain costly general offices, where presidents, secretaries and treasurers pass their time, surrounded by an expensive staff. Most of these offices are off the lines of the respective corporations in the large cities, where high rents are paid and great expenses entailed, that proper attention may be given to the bolstering or depressing the price of the corporations' shares as the interest of the management may require. These offices, so located, serve no purposes beyond those of speculation, and yet they entail an expense upon the public of not less than $50,000 each annually, or $25,000,000 for the whole, all of which would be saved under national ownership.

Besides, under national ownership the whole business of speculating in railroad stocks would be ended, an incalculable gain in every sense of the word.

State and national legislation would be relieved at once from the pressure and corrupting influence of railway corporations, now one of the greatest menaces to the life of the republic, and with this emancipation of the State and nation would also come the emancipation of the press, now largely held in thrall by these utterly selfish and unscrupulous corporations.

A reduction of rates would unquestionably follow the change to national ownership, bringing the cost of travel and freightage down fully one-half.

But the power of corporate ownership over the money market, by which, at a time of need, they can plunge the whole country into the horrors of a money panic, is perhaps the greatest peril of the country.

"Poor's Railway Manual" gives official figures showing the assets, liabilities, receipts and expenses of the railways of the country, this showing is a very bad one.

The total estimated value of all the railroads in the United States, including all their rolling stock and other assets, is $10,697,917,000.

How much of this is water is not known, but it is reasonably probable that the actual value is not more than $6,000,000,000. The total liabilities and debts are $10,393,781,000, or within a little over three hundred millions of dollars of the entire estimated value, and, perhaps, four thousand million more than the actual value of the entire assets.

The total receipts for 1890 were $455,982,150.

Total expenses, $403,407,555; net profits, $42,747,595. Thus it is seen that the 600 railroad companies of this country manage the 166,000 miles of railway, making a capital of say six thousand millions of dollars, in so wasteful a manner as to leave only forty-two millions of dollars net profit to be divided, and this after charging the people freight and passenger rates that are enormous.

Prof. Richard T. Ely says that government ownership of railroads works admirably in various countries of Europe and Australia. He also says, in his latest book on Political Economy, that unless the railroads and other great monopolies are very soon taken out of the hands of private corporations and run by government, in the interest of the people, socialism or anarchy will be forced upon the country. The People's party is the only party that is in line with the great scientist on the railroad problem.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dublin Drug Co., Dublin, Tex.

PURE DRUGS!

Thats what S. S. DAVIS,

The Druggist, handles. He also carries a full line of Patent Medicines, Jewelry, Silverware, Druggist Sundries and the Finest and in fact only

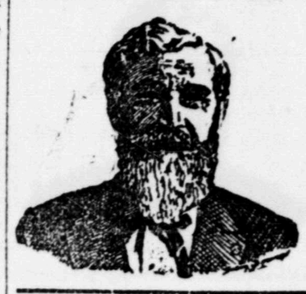
COMPLETE LINE FANCY STATIONERY

in the city, and it is always kept up to its pressnt standard. Your attention is called to the fact that he handles everything you require in this line and it is of the best quality. The

Prescription Department

is complete in the full sense of the word and is presided over by a careful, competent and polite pharmacist who will take pleasure in waiting on you and will do so promptly and accurately.

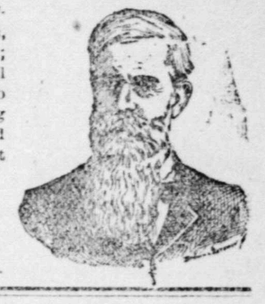
SANITARIUM: HOME: ASSOCIATION.



By our new and painless treatment, absorption of ELECTRO MEDICATED VAPOR, we positively cure blood diseases, viz: Scrofula, Syphilis, Cancers, Catarrh, Consumption, Liver, Kidney, Skin and Nervous Diseases; perform operations, in surgery after latest improved methods for Inguinal Herdia, (Rupture,) Piles, Fistula, Strictures, Hare Lip, Cross Eyes, Club Foot, Etc. Coarect and cure Spinal Curvature. Feeble persons requiring assistance should send notice ahead of train on weich they will aarive, and they will be met by an assistant from our city office. Patients received at all hours, day or night. For further particulars, address

Drs. Petit, Morgan & Co., Specialists.

No. 613 Main street, :-: Fort Worth, Texas.



R. H. McCain,

THE CASH GROCER OF DUBLIN.

Carries an unusual heavy line of Staple and Fancy Groceries, also a

Fine Line of Liquors Brandies & Cigars

—AT BOTH—

Wholesale and Retail.

JIM S. NOVAKOSKI,

The Boot and Shoe leader of the City of Dublin, will sell Boots and Shoes this fall

Cheaper Than Ever Sold Before,

—Only one price.—

STRICTLY CASH.

Also hand made work to be done in the latest styles. Please call at the

RED FRONT SHOE STORE,

and examine my goods before you buy.

W. H. WISEMAN,

—THE—

Leading Photographer of West Texas,

Is turning out this fall a Superior grade of work to anything ever made in this section.

LARGE PHOTO PICTURES A SPECIALTY.

DUBLIN, :-: TEXAS.

WATCH!

★——this space for——★

J. R. St.clair's

Ad Next Week.

TEXAS ELECTION LAWS.

THOSE APPLICABLE TO ERATH COUNTY VOTERS.

CHAPTER IV.

WHO ARE NOT QUALIFIED TO VOTE.

ART. 1687. The following classes of persons shall not be allowed to vote, to wit:

1. Idiots and lunatics.
2. All paupers supported by any county.
3. All persons convicted of any felony.
4. All soldiers, marines and seamen employed in the service of the army or navy of the United States.

WHO ARE QUALIFIED VOTERS.

ART. 1688. Every male person who is subject to neither of the disqualifications named in the preceeding article, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided in the state for one year next proceeding an election, and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified voter; and every male person of foreign birth, subject to none of the disqualifications aforesaid, who, at any time before an election, shall have declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States in accordance with the federal naturalization laws, and shall have resided in this state one year next preceeding such election, and the last six months in the county in which he offers to vote, shall also be deemed a qualified voter.

VOTERS SHALL VOTE WHERE THEY RESIDE.

ART. 1689. All voters in any county shall vote in the election precinct in which they reside.

RESIDENCE DEFINED.

ART. 1690. The residence of a married man, if not separated from his wife, shall be where his wife resides. If a married man be separated from his wife he shall be considered, as to residence, a single man. The residence of a single man shall be where he usually sleeps.

CHALLENGE OF VOTE.

ART. 1692. When any person offering to vote shall be objected to, the managers of elections, or either of them, shall examine the person offering to vote upon oath touching the points of such objections, and if such person fail to establish his qualification to vote same shall be rejected. If his vote be received the word "sworn" shall be written by the clerks upon the poll lists opposite the name of such voter.

CHAPTER V.

VOTE SHALL BE BY BALLOT.

ART. 1693. In all elections by the people, the vote shall be by ballot, which ballot may be either written or printed, or written in part or printed in part, which ballot shall be deposited in the ballot box as hereinafter provided; *provided*, however, that whenever the commissioners' court of any county shall have made an order appointing two presiding officers in each election precinct, as provided in article 1667, then one of said presiding officers shall be designated as the presiding officer to receive and count and return, as provided by law, the ballots for electors for president and vice-president of the United States, and members of congress of the United States, and the other of said presiding officers shall be designated as the officer to receive, count and return the ballots cast for state, district and county officers; each to be provided with a metallic or wooden box, to be used for said purpose; and all laws in force pertaining to the holding of elections and making returns thereof shall apply alike to the managers of the election at each of said ballot boxes.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICERS IN PRECINCTS HAVING MORE THAN 100 VOTERS.

ART. 1693*a*. The presiding officer of each election precinct which shall have cast more than one hundred votes at the last preceeding election shall, on or before the day of election, select from among the the qualified voters of the precinct three judges and four clerks, to be made from the different political parties if demanded, as far as practicable, and there be present a sufficient number of the party making such demand who are willing and competent to serve in such position. That said presiding judge, before balloting begins shall designate two of said judges to be counting judges, and such presiding judge and said remaining judge shall be the receiving judges of election, and said presiding judge shall designate two of said clerks to be receiving clerks and two of said clerks to be canvassing clerks of said election. The said receiving clerks shall keep the poll lists and the said canvassing clerks shall keep the tally lists now provided for by law.

[The registration law, better known as the Australian ballot system, passed by the called session of the 22nd Legislature of Texas, is only applicable to voters of cities containing a population of 10,000 inhabitants, hence Erath county voters are not subject to this law.] —ED.

Less Advertisement and Cheaper Goods!

A Nickel Will Buy at Nickel Store

1 pair suspenders,	5 cents	2 pie plates,	5 cents	1 yard of standard prints,	5 cents
1 large red handkerchief,	5 cents	1 ladies' handkerceief,	5 cents	1 yard of heavy cotton flannel,	5 cents
15 sticks of candy,	5 cents	3 spools thread, 200 yards,	5 cents	1 yard of heavy checks,	5 cents
1 lunch basket,	5 cents	1 ladies' collar,	5 cents	1 yard of soft sea island,	5 cents
15 imitation agate marbles,	5 cents	1 jap. silk handkerchief,	5 cents	1 yard of silk ribbon,	5 cents
144 agate shirt buttons,	5 cents	15 soft slate pencils,	5 cents	3 yards of nice lace,	5 cents
360 best brass pins,	5 cents	1 large school tablet,	5 cents	1 paper best needles,	5 cents
36 clothes pins,	5 cents	1 large slate, 7x11,	5 cents	1 large tin cup,	5 cents
1 bottle cologne,	5 cents	1 bottle best black ink,	5 cents	1 large tin dipper,	5 cents
1 glass tumbler,	5 cents	24 sheets of note paper,	5 cents	1 large tin bucket,	5 cents
12 dress buttons,	5 cents	25 envelopes, white,	5 cents	1 large or small lamp chimney,	5 cents

In Making a Bill Will Give You Extra Bargains. Money Saved is Money Made. Call Early and Avoid the Rush.

I Am Yours Anxious to Please,

DUBLIN NICKEL STORE. - - M. J. Woods.

TH

VOLUME V.

MRS. HARRISON

SHE PASSES PEACEFULLY A W
A. M.—CONSCIOUS TO THE

Death Was the Outcome of at At
in 1890 and 1891—Wonderful
of the Sufferer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2
Harrison is no more. At
m. came the end. For th
time in the history of th
House the president's w
while in its walls. Mrs.
met death with the patie
resignation of a devout C
and her last days were com
ly free from pain.

WASHINGTON, Oct.
night passed slowly for t
stricken watchers at th
House where Mrs. Harr
slowly passing away. Th
was restless and nervo
small fluctuations in condi
did not range far on eithe
the general average of ext
pression and exhaustion.
rible nervous strain on th
watched without hope and
ing resignation was very a

A messenger was dispa
the home of Dr. Gardner,
physician quickly respond
reached the White Hou
o'clock. He found the pa
a condition to warrant the
apprehensions and so hope
his report the president
him to remain in the Whi
for a time.

At 9 o'clock it appeared t
gle for life was to be p
some hours and the doctor

PATT

Say DAN, what
priced merchan's?
never did bother other st
because their goods are b
cheap, too. I love libert
YOU THINK IS THE

Clo
Choice of 200 men's suits, all s
Men's California pants $3.5 ,
200 pairs men's 1.50 jeans pan
150 pairs mens worsted pants
100 boy's knee suits 75 cents
200 pairs men's heavy overalls
we sell them
98 boys 1.7 knee suits, we
100 boys 2.50 knee suits, ta ke
150 boys 3.00 and 3 50 knee
97 boys kn suits 4 00 values
Lot 337. large boys wool suit
different ki nds of suits, the