Guaranteed Actual Circulation Larger than any Other Erath County Newspaper.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

VOLUME VII. DUBLIN, ERATH COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1894. NUMBER 17.

J. R. ST. CLAIRS,

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT!

To tell the People that I have a Large and almost Entirely New Stock would be putting it Light. In the Spring I never went to Market. I bought light and Sold My Stock Down Very Low. I have Just Returned from the Eastern Markets where I have bought a Larger Stock than I have ever had before Now

TO BE CONVINCED!

of this fact you will only have to take a peep in my store. While I have the largest stock of goods that I have ever had. I also have the largest corps of clerks to wait on the trade that I have ever had and hardly believe it neccessary to tell you my style of doing business. However some may not know, therefore I say, as I have many times before, that I sell from

JANUARY TO JANUARY FOR SPOT CASH!

and no deviation. If you can find a man that I have sold on time I will make you a nice present, so if you want to spend your money with a Cash Man give me a call. To give you the price on all my goods would take forty pages, therefore I give you only

A FEW PRICES!

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

I have in this line to start with not less than $1,000 worth of shirts.

White shirts from 50c up.

First-class unlaundried shirts for 50c.

Wool over shirts from 50c up.

Work shirts; big line at the right price.

A good heavy cotton undershirt usually sold for 50c, I am selling them at 25c.

Good heavy seamless double heel and toe cotton sock for 5c per pair.

Silk worked suspender, a beauty, usually sold at 50c, I sell them for 25c.

A nice suspender for 15c.

Nice line mens' and boys gloves at exactly the right price.

Ties, scarffs and neckwear in general, full line of the very latest.

Job lot of men's linen collars, just a little out of style but as good as they make 'em, closing out at 5c each.

Nice wool undershirt at 50c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Good shaped, satin finished, silk stitched corset for 50c.

Good line of Ladies hand bags, something new and stylish.

Ladies collars are being worn again, I have a big line from 5c to 10c each.

Complete stock ladies vests.

Ladies and misses union suits.

Ladies new style kid gloves with large buttons.

Ladies and misses cashmere mittens and gloves.

Nice line of facinators.

Dress buttons, I have a very fine assortment, worth from 10c to 40c per dozen, selling the entire lot at 10c per dozen.

Also big lot of same worth from 10c to 15c, closing at 5c per dozen.

Big lot of very fine rushing worth from 15c to 35c per yd, entire lot going at 10c a yd.

Complete line infants' cashmere shirts.

Misses hoods, etc., large stock.

Big stock, both in split and single zephyrs, all colors, at 5c per oz.

Saxony yarn, per hank 5c.

STAPLES.

Good cassimere jeans, usually sold for 50c, my price 33⅓c.

Good nine ounce jeans, usually sold at 35c, my price 25c.

Good line of Kerseys for boys pants.

Indigo prints for 3c a yard.

Big stock of good standard prints, usually sold from 6c to 8⅓c, my price 5c.

Thirty inch wide cotton flannel, usually sold for 7c, my price 5c.

Good hickory shirting 8⅓c, have some cheaper if you want shoddy goods.

Big stock of new bright fall style ginghams, usually sold at 8⅓c, my price 5c.

Good twilled flannel, usually sold for 35c, my price 25c.

Good twilled flannel at the low price of 15c.

Linsy at 10c a yard.

Bleached domestic 5c.

Waterproof goods ordinarily sold for 50c, my price 25c. This is the lowest price ever made on this class of goods.

My goods are all cheap, so when anyone prices you cheap don't forget that I will sell you as cheap or cheaper.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

I have this line full and complete from the cheapest to the highest.

Tricots, double width, all wool both ways, usually sold for 50c, I can sell them for 33⅓c.

Some double width goods for only 15c per yd.

Nice lot of plaid worsteds and fancy repelants, something entirely new and something that has never been sold in the city before.

For those who want fine dress goods, I have them

In dress patterns, fancy new style wool goods, also in silk, all colors and satins and moire silk, with full lines of trimming to match, I have a grand stock.

Line of new style dress goods at from 8⅓c to 15c, the best thing for the money ever offered.

To see my magnificent line means to buy.

I forgot to mention that I have a complete line in all the latest colors of all wool surges. They are beautiful.

If you are going to buy dress goods don't fail to see my stock.

CLOTHING.

Now, all that anyone can say about clothing is that they have them, and that I have and the latest styles and at prices as low as anyone can sell them.

I have an especially nice line of men's black clothing, all I ask is a trial and I can sell you.

Also have a big line of youths' and boys' clothing, boys' suits as cheap as 75c. Come and look for yourself.

HATS! HATS!

Men's hats! Youths' hats!! Hats for everybody.

Boys' hats and caps in the very newest styles, cheaper than ever. Don't take my word for it, but come and see for yourself.

Have in stock a lot of John B. Stetson hats, worth from $4 to $6, closing them out at $2.50 to $4. These are the best hats in the world, but I am going to quit handling them, hence this low price.

Large stock cow boys' broad brimed hats worth $4 to $5, selling out at $1.50. to $2. Don't fail to see them.

SHOES! SHOES!

Ladies button shoes for 85c.

Complete line of misses' and boys' shoes.

Men's calf boots for $1.50 a pair.

Men's work shoes from 75c to $1.50 a pair.

In fact I have a complete line of shoes and can fit anything that wears 'em.

If you want to buy shoes give me a look and you will buy from me.

MILLINERY GOODS!

My trimer, Mrs. Conley, is now in St. Louis posting herself in styles and buying my Fall Stock of Millinery. I guarantee that you can get as nice a hat from my stock as any lady in Texas will want. I will have a grand opening of my Millinery goods

★ ★ ★ **SEPTEMBER 25TH.** ★ ★ ★

Don't forget the date. I will on that day show the new pattern hats and will sell them at a much less price than the regular hats. If you want a nice hat cheap you will have to be here on that day, SEPTEMBER 25TH, as I expect to sell everyone of them. This will be the first grand opening of Millinery goods in the county and it will be the best display ever shown in the West. Pattern hats will be too expensive to keep in stock, so if I get cost for them I'm satisfied.

REMEMBER, THE DAY IS SEPTEMBER 25TH, 1894.

Now such things as yard wide domestic, cheap calicoes, cotton checks and a few other staple things I hardly ever price in my adds. for the reason that some fellow who wants to sell you will price you at almost anything in order to get your bill. Now if anyone prices you these goods low, don't get excited, for I will meet any prices made by any legitimate business man.

J. R. St-CLAIR, DUBLIN.

THE PLOT A FAILURE.

SANTA FE TRAIN STOPPED BY FOUR FARMERS IN MISSOURI.

Officers and Detectives Were Stationed on the Train and Sent a Fusillade of Bullets at the Robbers — Engineer Prescott Wounded—All the Names of the Bandits Known.

GORIN, Mo., Sept. 19.—The Colorado and Utah express on the Santa Fe railway was held up by robbers at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. Owing to the fact that the railroad and express officials had a spy on the trail of the bandits when they stopped the train, they met a hail storm of buckshot and bullets, and it is said at least two lie dead in the surrounding woods, while as many others rode for their rendezvous, 21 miles away, filled with leaden pellets.

The raid was planned three weeks ago, but not put into execution until this morning. When the train left Chicago last evening railroad and express detectives, all walking arsenals, climbed on at nearly every station. The plan adopted was this: The Santa Fe detectives, J. J. Kinney and G. C. Montgomery, boarded the tender. Superintendent Stockton of Wells, Fargo & Co. and two of his good shots tarried in the express car. The forward end of the smoking car, near the partition door, disclosed a dozen men planted. Each had a sawedoff Winchester, every cartridge loaded especially for the event with two dozen buckshot. At 2 o'clock Sheriff Sailing of Scotland county climed on board to take his part.

One man had to be protected. He was the spy and was to try to be the one who should flag the train. If so, one torpedo would precede the swinging of the lantern. If not, there would be a couple of tiny bombs. The orders were, no matter if every one of the guilty got away, there was to be no shooting to endanger the life of the man who had taken his life into his hands in order to frustrate the intended robbery.

Out from between the two high embankments just a mile from Gorin came the crack of the signal. It was but one grinding of wheels that told the air brakes had been applied, and within 20 seconds the train was at a standstill.

Out from the undergrowth came four forms, each face hidden by a black mask. One rushed to the engine with a rifle, brought it to his shoulder, pointed it at "Dad" Prescott, the white-bearded engineer, and as he shouted "hold up your hands," he pulled the trigger. "Dad" fell to the floor of the cab with a bullet in his right breast.

Detective Kinney gained the top of the tender and sent a shower of shot almost into the face of the masked individual. How on earth the fellow ever managed to move is a mystery. But he did, and made for the woods.

The shot which laid Prescott low was the signal for the fusillade, echoed and re-echoed through the woods. It was also the signal for a hasty retreat to the timber by the robbers. Not until they reached the timber did they answer, then only fired two shots. But their aim was not good and although the men who were leaning from the car windows pulled triggers as fast as possible, while others jumped to the earth and were after them on foot, they failed to hit a man.

According to the programme, the horses were hitched 100 yards away. When the posse from the train reached the spot a cut hitching strap showed that one man, at least, had life enough left to make his escape.

Sheriff Saling took a saddle, blanket and bridle from the horse found there dead from a stray shot and says by their aid he will have no trouble in identifying the owner.

W. E. McDaniel was the detective who advised the officers of the plot, time and place of the Santa Fe robbery. The real robbers were C. E. Abrams and Link Overfield and two others, whose names the officers refuse to reveal.

As the engineer stopped the train it was Abrams who ran to the engineer and called out, "We've got you, hold up your hands." The engineer was a little slow in responding and Abrams shot him, as already told. It was then that Detective Kinney, concealed in the tender, raised up and shot Abrams with a doublebarreled shotgun, loaded with buckshot. The robbers fled when the other officers appeared.

The officers scoured the bush, but did not find the robbers, and then went to Memphis, got out warrants, went three miles northwest of the city, located Abrams and Overfield, brought them to town and put them in jail. Abrams will die. Two others who are supposed to be implicated in the holdup are being pursued by the officers. All parties are residents of this county.

Shot From Ambush.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 19.—E. Cooper, a wealthy farmer, went to Tuscaloosa, where he sold a large lot of cotton, for which he received cash. He left alone for his home, 17 miles away. Darkness overtook him, and when within two miles of his home he was shot and killed and robbed of his money. No clew.

Snow In Nebraska.

OMAHA, Sept. 15.—The first snow of the season fell yesterday morning, followed by a heavy rainstorm.

BRECKINRIDGE GIVES UP.

He Will Not Contest the Primaries Which Elected Owens.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 19.—Everything was quiet Monday, the nomination of Owens being conceded. It was, however, a more exciting day than any the preceding week. When the Owens men claimed the nomination by a decisive plurality Saturday night the Breckinridge men stood pat. Sunday they worked harder than ever. Monday it became known that their representatives had been dispatched into the different parts of the district to get all evidence



COLONEL BRECKINRIDGE.

of irregularities in voting or counting with a view to contesting the nomination before the Democratic congressional committee, which meets at Frankfort next Saturday, and which is the returning board that makes the official count and declaration as to whom the nominee is. This committee is composed of one member from each county. Fayette, the home of Breckinridge, has two legislative districts, and hence has two members of this committee, each of the other seven counties having one. The committee was known to stand six for Breckinridge and four anti-Breckinridge.

As this committee has done everything in its power for Breckinridge in fixing a late date for primaries, adopting the challenge rule and everything else wanted, the Owens men were alarmed on finding out that the Breckinridge agents were at work with a view to presenting evidence for a contest before this committee next Saturday.

The tide was turned in the afternoon. B. B. Welch, the committeeman from Breckinridge's home, and one of his strongest supporters, announced that he would never vote to go behind the returns when the committee met at Frank-



W. C. OWENS.

fort. As this would leave the committee a tie or 5 to 5 in any event. As other Breckinridge men on the district committee who had stood by him to the last were not disposed to go behind the returns, the old guard of the silvertongued orator gave up the struggle. They will not, however, concede the plurality of 526, which the Owens men claim from complete returns. Among Breckinridge's strongest friends are the nominees here on the county ticket, and they as well as other county candidates, were not disposed to hazard their interests by assisting in the throwing out of any of the Owens precincts at Frankfort next Saturday. It is not likely that there will be any more agitation. Colonel Breckinridge will serve till next March.

The best figures obtained give totals for candidates as follows: Owens, 7990; Breckinridge, 7670; Settle, 3405. Owens' plurality 320.

Owens' Plurality.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 19.—The official count of the various county committees show a plurality for Owens of 270 over Breckinridge.

ANDREW BEE IS DEAD.

He Assisted In the Capture of President Jefferson Davis In 1865.

GRAND RAPIDS, Sept. 18.—Andrew Bee of Martin, Allan county, died Sunday night. He was a survivor of the Fourth Michigan cavalry, and is credited with being the first to recognize President Jefferson Davis of the Southern Confederacy emerging from a tent in disguise in the famous capture of 1865.

WANT JONES TO RETIRE.

Republican State Central Committee of Nevada Asks Him to Resign.

CARSON, Nev., Sept. 18.—Senator J. P. Jones of Nevada has been requested by the Republican state central committee to resign his seat in the United States senate, to which he was elected by the Republicans.

LOST MINISTER FOUND

ELDER BAKER HEARD FROM AT SACRAMENTO, CAL.

In a Letter to a Dallas Friend He States He Knew Nothing After Leaving Denton Until He Found Himself Among the Railroad Strikers In a Conflict With Soldiers.

DALLAS, Sept. 19.—For several weeks Texas was more or less stirred up over the mysterious disappearance of Rev. Charles Baker of the Denton Christian church, which occurred on June 14 last.

On that date he left on the northbound Missouri, Kansas and Texas passenger train, saying that he was called on business to Tioga, a station in Grayson county, 25 miles from Denton, and that he would return in the afternoon of the same day on the Texas and Pacific passenger train. Mr. Baker did not return as expected, and after an absence of several days all Denton became excited.

The wires were worked and the country was searched, but there was as little trace of Mr. Baker as there would have been had the ground swallowed him. Interest in his disappearance became intensified from the fact that it occurred at a time when he was supposed to be supremely happy, he having only a little more than a week before married Miss Carrie Dunbar, very pretty, very amiable, the daughter of a family united to his church.

From Denton messages were sent to the two elders at Tioga asking if the pastor had been there, and the responses came back that he had not. Acquaintances of the missing pastor were everywhere interviewed. Some thought that he had been foully dealt with, while others believed that his mind had been temporarily affected from overwork.

Recently, because of the fact that diligent inquiry all over the United States failed to bring any news of the missing pastor, the conclusion was generally indulged in that he had been foully dealt with, but that impression was erroneous, as the following letter received Monday by Dr. J. M. Massie of this city will show:

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 11, 1894.—Dear Friend: I have just mailed a letter to Brother Davis explaining all the past. I want to come back to Texas because all I love is there and to Dallas for your medical care. I am so sick that letter writing exhausts me in a few moments. I wish to make a few statements in order to give you the medical side of my trouble. In June I left Denton to attend to some business, the nature, time and place of which have all gone from me. I can account for nothing more until I found myself in the midst of a raging mob of railroad strikers in conflict with the United States soldiers. How I got here, what I did to get here, God only knows—I do not.

Your brother,
CHARLES BAKER.

A DUEL OF DEATH.

Two Editors at Gatesville Kill Each Other In a Fight.

GATESVILLE, Tex., Sept. 18.—Saturday a street duel was fought with 38-caliber pistols between J. L. Goodman, editor of The People's Voice, and B. Y. Armstrong, editor of the Gatesville Star, in which both gentlemen received shots which caused death almost instantly.

Goodman was shot in the left leg just above the ankle and through the heart.

Armstrong was shot in the right side just below the heart, the ball lodging in the left side just under the skin.

J. J. Beeman, a bystander, was shot in the back of the head, and while the wound is a bad one, it is not thought to be fatal.

The difficulty occurred over a newspaper controversy of some months duration between the two editors. It is said that Armstrong fired the first shot, but it is almost impossible to get the straight of it.

Armstrong was a member of the local lodge of Odd Fellows and will be buried by that order.

Goodman carried a life insurance policy for $2000 and Beeman, the wounded man, a policy for $1,000.

The combatants stood high in this city, both being prominent members of the church and both have families.

PARKHURST SCORED.

District Attorney Follows Demands That He Name Corrupt New York Judges.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—District Attorney Fellows gave out a statement regarding the attack of Dr. Parkhurst on Recorder Smythe. He challenges Dr. Parkhurst to publish the names of the "ring of judges." Colonel Fellows throws back the doctor's words by saying: "If he does not know, then he has been 'guilty' of having talked about what he was not posted upon. Or, if he does know, and does not expose these corrupt judges, he is as 'big' a rascal as any of them."

Henson Acquitted.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 14.—G. N. Henson, president of the Citizens' Bank and Trust company, on trial for killing J. B. Wert, who, he claimed, ruined his wife, was acquitted by the jury.

Cut His Mother's Throat.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 15.—While under the influence of liquor here Eugene McCarthy quarreled with his aged mother and cut her throat.



SHE DON'T WANT TO TELL—what made her beautiful. Yet it's only what other women *know*. Wealth of beauty comes only with a healthy body. Health is a set of good habits. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription assists nature in establishing these habits. Women have sallow faces, dull eyes and hollow cheeks, together with low spirits, when they are made miserable with disorders, derangements and weaknesses peculiar to their sex. Health is regained, after periods of dizziness, nervous prostration and excitability, or other manifestations of derangement or displacement of the womanly organs, when the "Prescription" is used. Besides, it's sold on its merits. The proprietors take the *risk*.

It is *guaranteed* to benefit or cure all the disorders, diseases, and weaknesses of women, or money is refunded.

Catarrh is *cured* by Dr. Sage's Remedy.

Oldest established practice [illegible] show, and all old [illegible]

DOCTOR [illegible] Established 24 years. Regular graduate of two [illegible]

ACE AND EXPERIENCE WHITTIER

514 Washington Avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Consultation FREE. Medicines from the best [illegible] laboratory, furnished at small cost and sent anywhere securely sealed—private.

NERVOUS DEBILITY Arising from the effects of Youthful Follies, Indiscretion, Excesses and Indulgence, producing Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self Distrust, Failing Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society, Loss of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Pains in Back, Kidneys, Night Losses, Unnatural Drains and Lost Manhood Cured to **Stay Cured.** Relief at once and exhausting drains stopped, weak parts strengthened and enlarged. Treatment tested 32 years and in thousands of cases. Within your means.

Question List No. 1 Free, plain envelope.

MIDDLE AGED Men suffering mildly or cotton like deposits in urine, with failing powers are in the **second** stage of seminal weakness. I cure these cases for life.

Question List No. 1 Free, plain envelope.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, such as Scrofula, Rheumatism, Eczema and Syphilis, recent or old cases cured for life safely and surely. No poisons used. My treatment is the result of 30 years' experience.

Cure guaranteed never to return. Such cases demand special study and experience. Avoid patent medicines or inexperienced hands. Write for careful opinion sent privately, explaining the diseases and why so-called "Remedies" Blood Purifiers, etc. fail to cure. **List No. 2 free.**

KIDNEY AND URINARY Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent or bloody urine, **Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Prostatic Gland, Weak Bladder** cured without instruments or pain.

Question List No. 3 free.

CATARRH Successful new treatment and cure, List No. 4. My practice is limited to above diseases alone, in them I succeed. State your case and **write at once**, delays are dangerous.

MEN'S SPECIAL SURGERY Whether congenital or acquired, successfully attended to.

MEDICAL DICTIONARY AND ADVISER By Mail, 4 Cents At Office, Free.

Persons ailing at a distance, by answering all symptoms in either of the question lists above, can be successfully treated at home.



General or local Agents. $75 a week Exclusive territory. The Rapid Dish Washer washes all the dishes for a family in one minute. Washes, rinses and dries them without wetting the hands. You push the button, the machine does the rest. Bright, polished dishes, and cheerful wives. No scalded fingers, no chilled hands or pitching. No broken dishes, no muss. Cheap, durable, warranted. Circulars free.

[illegible] Columbus, O.

TEXAS CENTRAL LONE STAR LINE R.R.

"The Great Daylight Route"

CONNECTING

AT CISCO With the Texas & Pacific.

AT DUBLIN With the Ft. Worth & Rio Grande.

AT MORGAN With the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe.

AT WACO With all Diverging Lines.

—FOR THE—

NORTH, SOUTH AND EAST.

Trains Pass Dublin as Follows.

Train No. 1, going West, - - 12:00 p. m.
Train No. 2, going East, - - 11:10 a. m.

For rates and information call on or address, W. F. McMILLIN, Traffic Dept'mt., Waco, Texas.

RAMSEY M. COX, Trav. Fr't. & Pass. Ag't. Dublin, Texas.

FORT WORTH and RIO GRANDE RAILWAY CO.

Shortest and Most Direct Route from

DUBLIN

—VIA—

Fort Worth to points North, West and East.

The Best Route for

Live Stock Shipments, either to Indian Territory or Market.

For information regarding rates, etc., apply to

GEO. BUCKINGHAM, Agent, Dublin, or

B. T. BOOZE, Acting Gen'l. Fr'gt. & Pass. Agt, Ft. Worth.

FIX YOURSELF



WITH READING MATTER!

Keep up with the Times and Ready for the Fray.

REMEMBER THAT

"KNOWLEDGE IS POWER,"

And power is a very necessary thing in the 19th century.

Utilize Your Faculties

And give your children a chance to mature theirs and be something in the world.

The PROGRESS can fit you up with Reading Matter that will instruct.

If you are a populist, democrat, republican, mugwump or whatnot, don't be hide-bound yourself nor encourage your children to become so.

READ OUR CASH CLUBBING OFFERS!

We will send the PROGRESS, together with any of the following representative newspapers, each for one year for the prices set opposite:

Farmers' Tribune (Gen. Weaver's paper), weekly	$1.8
Courier-Journal, weekly	1.8
Home and Farm, semi-monthly	1.5
New York World, democratic weekly	1.5
National Reformer, Populist weekly	1.2
American Farmer and Farm News, agricultural monthly	1.1
Peoples Party Paper, Tom Watson's publication	1.8
Our Dumb Animals	1.8
St. Louis Republic, twice a week	1.8
Atlanta Constitution	1.5
Arena Magazine	4.5
" " with premium	5.0
(On application to Arena Publishing Co., Boston, they will send premium list.)	
Texas Farm and Ranch	1.5
American Nonconformist	1.8
Dallas News, weekly	1.8
Fort Worth Gazette, weekly	1.6
National Watchman	1.8
Womankind, magazine for women, non-sectarian, monthly	1.1

All of these papers are weekly except where otherwise stated, and they are all representative newspapers.

The offer will remain for but a limited time, and now is the time for you to take advantage of these unprecedented offers.

Remember that the full amount in cash must accompany all orders.

Address

J. S. DALEY,
Publisher Progress,
Dublin, Texas.

J. Z. MILLER'S
NEW YORK STORE

JUST FROM NEW YORK

WITH THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats,

Etc., ever brought to Dublin. Everything is complete. It will pay you to examine prices given and to come and price everything you need in my line not quoted below.

I WILL SELL YOU

Best quality 4-4 Domestic, 22 yards for $1. Good Cotton Plaid, 32 yards for $1.
Good Prints, all colors, 30 yards for $1. All-wool Cassimere dress goods, 16 yds. for $1.

Together with a large line of Woolen Dress Goods of all styles, at prices that defy competition. I have every color and quality of Eider Down imaginable, at prices that will suit you, and I will say "without fear of contradiction" that my stock of

CLOTHING

Is Larger than that of all the other merchants of Dublin combined.

Good Suits from $2.75 up. And for $5.00 to $7.00 I can give you a suit good enough for anybody—nothing shoddy about them.

All-wool Jeans Pants, $1.00. Good Jeans Pants, 65 cents. Best Heavy Cotton Pants, 75 cents. Cassimere Pants, of all styles, in proportion.

I HAVE A LARGE LINE OF

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, CAPES, ETC.,

The very latest styles, which I will sell at One-Half of Fort Worth and Dallas Prices. My line of

LADIES, GENTS' and CHILDREN'S SHOES

Is complete. I will sell good Ladies' Shoes for 75 cents.

OIL RED CALICOES (FIGURED), 25 YARDS FOR $1.00.

Some think that I can't sell goods because I am not in the heart of the city. But it seems to me that after having gone 2,200 miles for cheap goods to suit the people, that they cannot let pass the opportunity of walking one-half block to examine them before buying elsewhere. This is the same J. Z. Miller who sold you cheap goods last fall, and he has the goods and is prepared to sell them cheaper than ever.

COME AND SEE ME

J. Z. MILLER.

WOMEN'S VANITY ABOUT HOSIERY.

Three of Them Go Bathing In Silk Stockings and Wear Woolen Ones Home.

"Don't," said the common sense, hard hearted, practical minded lawyer, "try to tell me anything about the vanity of women. I know all about it. I had to go down to a place on the New Jersey coast one summer. My sister and my wife's sister were visiting us.

"'Fanny,' I said to my wife, 'I must run down to New Jersey today. Would you and the girls like to go with me?'

"They were delighted, so I took the three of them. My business was quickly disposed of, and they insisted on going into the surf. It was a little bit of a place with a summer hotel, but we managed to get bathing suits for them. Then Joe, my sister, said something to Cora, my wife's sister, and they both said something to my wife. They hadn't any bathing stockings.

"I was sent to find some. There was only a little country store there up the road, and I set out for it. I was a little doubtful myself about the stockings which the proprietor had, but though they were heavy things, rough and ribbed, they were stockings, and, moreover, they were the only ones I could get. So I bought them and marched back to the sea. When I handed them over to the girls, a look of dismay spread over their faces, and they held them out gingerly, but they thanked me for my trouble and went to their bathhouses, saying nothing to one another.

"I was waiting outside for them in the bathing suit which I had secured for myself when the first of the girls came out. It was my sister Joe, and I saw at a glance that the stockings she had on were not the stockings I had bought in the country store. They were long beautiful silk things that were works of art.

"Well, my sister Joe always was a vain young woman, with a love of finery and of luxurious things to wear, so I could in part understand her folly.

"Next came my sister-in-law, Cora, adorned with an equally beautiful pair of stockings, and right behind her my wife embellished in the same splendid way. They looked at one another, and all burst out laughing. No one of them had been able to resist the temptation to wear beautiful stockings as long as they could be worn.

"The fun came in when they were dressed and we were on our way home. Those big coarse stockings hurt their feet terribly. They had hardly been able to get their little boots on over them, and they pinched with an excruciating tightness. They limped and suffered, but of course smiled sweetly. When we got home, I thought I saw an opportunity to impress a lesson on my wife's mind about the folly of vanity.

"'I hope, Fanny,' I said, with a grave display of Spartan simplicity, 'that you now realize that it would have been wiser if you girls had worn the thick woolen stockings in bathing and had returned home in your beautiful silken hose.'

"'Yes, dear,' she said meekly, 'you are quite right. It would have been much wiser, but,' she added, with one of those mysterious smiles of women, 'if we girls found ourselves there tomorrow in the same situation we should do the same thing over again.'

"And I know they would. So there you are."—New York Tribune.

CANDLE NUTS OF HAWAII.

A Tree That Is Useful In Many Ways to the Sandwich Islanders.

In all the valleys of the Hawaiian Isles the tourist notices a tree with a quivering leaf, which is light green on the under side and dark on the top, which he is told is the kukui or candle nut. It is so named from the fact that in ancient times the kernels of the nuts were strung on the midrif of the cocoa leaf and used as torches. As the uppermost kernel burned off the next ignited, and so it burned until the last was consumed.

The tree was a very useful one to the Hawaiian, not only in furnishing light at night, but for many other reasons. The nuts are incased in a husk like our walnuts, but it frequently occurs that two are formed in the same husk. The kernel is extremely rich in oil, which has been expressed and used for house painting, although it is but a poor substitute for linseed, in that it is difficult to get it to dry, and it always has a peculiar odor. The natives used the oil as an external remedy for some diseases and especially as an aid in parturition. Should you collect some of the nuts you will find them good eating, but I should advise you that you stop at one or two, or you will find you have an emetic and a cathartic which will certainly respond muy pronto, as the Mexicans say.

The natives roast the nuts in the ashes, and, having removed the shell, crush the kernels to a paste, mixing them with salt and pepper. This is one of the most delicious and appetizing zests imaginable, and is an essential element to a good feed of raw fish and poi. It may be that if some of our enterprising capitalists would go into the manufacture of mimona, as the natives call this paste, they might find an ever increasing market for it. It certainly is preferable to the suspicious Russian caviare. The burned shell of the kukui was used for making an indelible ink with which tattooing was done. The green husk contains an acrid juice which has a reputation as a remedy in diseases of the throat.

From the bark of the tree there exudes a gum called pilate, which is as useful as gum arabic or gum tragacanth for many purposes. It was also used as medicine by the Hawaiians in cases of dysentery. Being harmless, it would be useful in confectionery in making gumdrops and jujubes.

The wood of the tree is somewhat like our basswood and is of little value in building or in fencing, as it rots very speedily. Sometimes the natives made canoes of it, but never considered them of any value.

As the trees die off in the forest their trunks and limbs are found to be covered with an edible fungus called pepeiao, which was formerly exported in great quantity to the Chinese markets.

Today the kukui nut is largely used in the manufacture of jewelry, which is much prized by tourists as mementos of a visit to the paradise of the Pacific. The shell is quite hard and takes a brilliant polish and can be had in black and brown.—Hawaiian Gazette.

Free! Free!!

School satchells with every bill of books at Dublin Drug Co. 13-tf

Good Blood IS ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH.

You cannot hope to have it if your BLOOD IS IMPURE.

If you are troubled with BOILS, ULCERS or PIMPLES, SORES

your blood is bad. A few bottles of S. S. S. will thoroughly cleanse the system, remove all impurities and build you up. All manner of blood blemishes are

CLEARED AWAY

by its use. It is the best blood remedy on earth. Thousands who have used it say so.

"My blood was badly poisoned last year, which put my whole system out of order—diseased and a constant source of suffering no appetite, no enjoyment of life. Two bottles brought me right out. There is no better remedy for blood diseases."—JOHN GAVIN, Dayton, Ohio.

S.S.S.

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS.

They Meet In Convention at Saratoga to Nominate Officers.

SARATOGA, Sept. 19.—The state Republican convention called to nominate a full state ticket was rapped to order at 12.40 yesterday. Hon. Lemuel Ely Quigg of New York was temporary chairman.

During the address Mr. Quigg read a dispatch announcing that Governor Flower had declined to be a candidate for governor. There were cries of "Good!" "Good!" and applause.

Members of the convention expressed the greatest surprise at Governor Flower's action. The usual committees were appointed and a recess was taken.

The convention reassembled at 4:55 p. m. Hon. Warner Miller was made permanent chairman. The report of the credentials committee, seating the Barnes delegation from Albany and deciding against the Milholland delegation from New York, was then read and adopted.

Cleveland and his administration was severely criticised.

The administration of Governor Flower was denounced, special reference being made to his veto of the bill to provide funds for the police investigation in New York city.

Then nominations for governor came. General B. F. Tracy in an extended speech placed in nomination ex-Vice President Levi P. Morton.

J. Sloat Fassett was presented by Col. Baxter.

When the name of Fassett was reached there was the most remarkable scene of the session, reminding one of the scenes in the Republican national convention at Minneapolis when Blaine received the applause and Harrison the votes. People stood on their feet and waved handkerchiefs, and for five minutes the vast audience yelled itself hoarse.

The other nominations were Stewart L. Woodford, General Butterfield, Judge Leslie W. Russell and Colonel Bliss.

Cries for a vote followed and the chairman ordered the roll to be called by counties.

Before Ontario county was reached Morton had been nominated, and when the vote was finished the clerk, amid great confusion, announced: Morton, 532½; Fassett, 69; Woodford, 40; Butterfield, 29; Russell, 30; Bliss, 40½; Arkell, 1.

The nomination of Mr. Morton was made unanimous, each of the candidates making short speeches, pledging his support to him. A recess was then taken.

At 12:20 this morning Charles T. Saxon was nominated for lieutenant governor on the first ballot. Votes were changed and the nomination made by acclamation.

New Mexico Democrats.

LAS CRUCES, N. M., Sept. 19.—The territorial Democratic convention completed its labors by adopting a platform and renominating for delegate to congress Antonio Joseph.

The platform sets forth in strong language the sufferings of the people at large, of New Mexico in particular, which have been brought about by Republican misrule. It indorses the present administrations of President Cleveland and Gov. Thornton, and demands statehood as the most important measure to New Mexico.

The free silver plank is a plain and unequivocal demand for free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1.

Flower Not a Candidate.

ALBANY, Sept. 19.—Governor Flower announced yesterday that he is not a candidate for renomination for governor. Governor Flower made known this determination after a long interview with Senators Hill and Murphy. Gov. Flower said he was convinced that the nomination if accorded him by the convention, would not be likely to command the full vote of the party and he would be defeated.

Arkansas Republicans.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 19.—The Republicans of the Fourth district nominated Hon. Pat Raleigh for congress.

ENOCH DAVIS EXECUTED.

He Was Shot by Soldiers For Murdering His Wife.

LEHI JUNCTION, U. T., Sept. 15.—Enoch Davis, the wife murderer, was executed at 10:42 o'clock Friday. He was placed in a chair and blindfolded, and at a signal six soldiers shot him, firing through a loop-hole in the tent. He died in three minutes.

Hanged For His Crime.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., Sept. 15.—Beverly Adams, a negro 22 years old, was hanged here Friday for the murder of Ott Campbell, a negro, last May.

Impeachment Charges Made.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 15.—District Attorney Butler Friday filed in the civil district court a suit for the impeachment of Mayor Fitzpatrick. The suit filed has the signatures of 25 leading citizens. The mayor is charged with favoritism, inconsistency, etc.

Five Young Burglars.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 19.—Five youthful burglars and saferobbers have been arrested at Lamar, Mo., and brought here. They confessed to having robbed a safe Saturday night at Lamar and getting $500 cash. The youngest is 9 and the oldest 15 years of age.

Important Questions!

If you could effect a saving of 50 per cent. in the cost of your life insurance and have it placed in one of the Strongest of the Regular Life Insurance Cnmpanies, would you not consider the matter?

If you could give your family or estate the protection of $20,000 insurance in a perfect reliable company for the same money you are now paying to secure $10,000, would you not consider the matter?

The Provident Savings Life Insurance Society, of New York,

Supplies what is suggested by the foregoing questions. I furnishes a contract of insurance which, for brevity, conciseness, liberty and cheapness is unexcelled. For further information apply to R. B. PARROTT, General Manager,

WACO, - - - - - TEXAS.

QUALITY! QUANTITY!

Our Two Great Successes.

THE DUBLIN DRUG COMPANY.

WE STILL SELL THE BEST.

PRICES GUARANTEED.

It is no empty boast when we say that we have as large a stock as all the combined stocks in Erath county, Having paid our tax we are prepared to

Fill Prescriptions for

Whiskies, Brandies and Wines

Quality and Price Guaranteed.

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$3.50 PER DOZEN

AT WISEMAN'S.

Patronize those business institutions who are liberal and persistent advertisers. By doing so you help a worthy enterprise, and at no cost to yourself.

CAMERON & SMITH,

THE OLD RELIABLE

Lumber Dealers.

A first-class assortment of Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings etc., etc., always on hand.

Prices to suit the Times. | DUBLIN, TEX.

Great Texas State Fair

AND DALLAS EXPOSITION.

1894

AT DALLAS, TEXAS.

NINTH ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT AT DALLAS.

OPENS OCT. 20TH | CLOSES NOV. 4TH.

SIXTEEN DAYS. Larger, Grander and More Magnificent than Ever

PREMIUMS AND PURSES, $75,000.00

Attractions of unusual excellence, selected with great care and expense. Prof. Liberati, with his celebrated and world-renowned Military Band and Concert Company will give concerts daily. Numerous outdoor attractions daily and nightly, including Dr. W. F. Carver, the champion rifle and pistol shot of the world. New buildings erected for the accommodation of all kinds of live stock. Exposition and Machinery Halls remodeled, offering a special inducement to exhibitors to make fine displays. Thirteen days racing. Five races each day. Two tracks, one for runners and one for trotters and pacers. Grand Agricultural and Horticultural exhibit.

LOWEST RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

Catalogues, Premium Lists, Race Programs, Circulars, etc., mailed on application.

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THE DUBLIN PROGRESS

J. S. DALEY, EDITOR AND PROP.

Entered at the post-office at Dublin, Texas as second class mail matter.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

LARGEST COUNTY CIRCULATION

Office, Ground floor Traweek Building

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 21, 1894.

OUR NEXT GOVERNOR.



THOMAS L. NUGENT.

OUR TICKET.

For Governor.
T. L. NUGENT,
of Tarrant County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
MARION MARTIN,
of Navarro County.

For Attorney General,
R. V. BELL,
of Cooke County.

For State Treasurer,
GEN. H. E. McCULLOUGH,
of Guadaloupe County.

For Comptroller,
E. O. MEITZEN,
of Lavaca County.

For Land Commissioner,
S. C. GRANBERRY,
of Travis County.

For Supt. Public Instruction,
E. P. ALSBURY,
of Harris County.

For Judge Crim. Court of Appeals,
E. L. DOHONEY,
of Lamar County.

For Chief Justice Supreme Court,
THOS. J. RUSSEL,
of Jefferson County.

The PROGRESS will be sent to any address in Erath county until after election for ten cents.

"Grover Cleveland is our president and we (democrats) are responsible for his acts." C. K. Bell, at Dublin, Sept. 17, '94.

H. V. Hamilton, Sr., has retired from the staff of the Tyler Democrat and Reporter and the business will be continued by his two sons, M. and H. V., Jr.

The bankers of Wall Street with one accord congratulate Mr. Cleveland upon his antagonistic attitude toward free silver coinage and rejoice over the distruction of the white metal industry. Notwithstanding this fact many democratic cotton-growers in this and other southern states are advocating the continuance of the democratic administration.

When the wealth producers realize the fact that through the misuse of the ballot, at their own hands, they have brought upon themselves their present direful condition, and through the proper use of the ballot, and by no other means, can this great evil which now confronts us be remedied, then will we have reached the beginning of the ending of this question of questions before the American people.

The late labor troubles demonstrated the fact that the once boasted liberty and freedom of the American toiler is now but the spectral form of its former self and upon the approach of monopolistic tyrany entrenched behind the military arm of the government, departs to some mysterious realm leaving its victim the abject slave of those whom he, through the instrumentality of the ballot, has made his heartless and remorseless masters.

Hon. C. K. Bell On Democracy.

On Monday evening Hon. C. K. Bell, democratic nominee for Congress from this district addressed the citizens of Dublin on the objects, aims and aspirations of the democratic party. The speaker began by stating that he was not here to indulge in idle fancies or entertain his audience by flights of oratory. He believed that politics had come down to a business basis and from that standpoint he proposed to discuss the question.

In speaking of his relations with Mr. Jenkins he said that he had found him to be a gentleman in all that term implies. He stated that if the democratic party is continued in power it will best serve the country. Yet, at the expiration of his speech of two hours he had failed to show his audience wherein his party proposed to inaugurate a single measure, "based upon business principles," for the relief of the people.

In refering to the success of his party he attributed it to its enunciation of true principles, rather than to the real cause, the discontent of the American people and their universal clamor for a change. "Any thing for a change," was the cry and thousands of men voted the democratic ticket against their better judgment simply as a choice between two great political evils. Thus it was the democratic party came into power, and not, as Mr. Bell would have us believe, through its enactment of meritorious laws, for he tells us in his following remarks that "The democratic party is not responsible for a single law placed upon our statute books during the last one-third of a century."

After dwelling at some length upon various topics of minor importance the speaker launched his frail bark into the great tempestuous sea of finance. Said he "I hold that paper is not money. Greenbacks are representative money, gold and silver is standard money. The paper money must be redeemable in coin. We, (democrats), all adhere to the doctrine that both gold and silver should be kept on a parity. I believe that when the mints of this country are open to silver coinage we can keep the parity between gold and silver at 16 to 1 and I believe we should try."

Let us digress for a moment from a recital of Mr. Bell's remarks and analyze the above statements. First, in order to determine whether or not paper is money it will be necessary to ascertain what constitutes money. In an exhaustive treaties upon this subject in the "Britannica," we find money defined as "that which passes freely from hand to hand throughout the community in final discharge of debts and full payment for commodities, being accepted equally without reference to the character or credit of the person who offers it and without the intention of the person who receives it to consume it or enjoy it or apply it to any other use than in turn to tender it to others in discharge of debts or payment for commodities." From the above definition but one conclusion can be deduced, that Mr. Bell's position is not only false in theory but wrong and pernicious in practice. Why consider greenbacks merely as representative money, when, from the foregoing, it will be seen they possess the same purchasing power, the same debt discharging qualities, "pass freely from hand to hand," and in all respects discharge the same office in all the various avenues of our commercial life as does gold and silver? In 1861 during that darkest hour in our nation's history, a time when foes assailed without and the hand of avarice and greed held high carnival within, a time when Mr. Bell's "honest," "stable," "reliable" gold and silver had uncerimoniously deserted Uncle Sam and retired for safety and protection to the seclusion of Shylock's coffers, then that medium of exchange, that fiat representative of value which Mr. Bell tells us is not money, came forth as a ministering angel from the hand of justice with tidings of great joy to the American people.

These treasury notes were at par with gold and had it not been for the *exception clause*, placed upon them at the behest of the gold standard devotees of Wall street, would have always remained at par with gold. They paid interest on government bonds, duties on imports, supplied the munitions of war, paid the soldiers who "went at their country's call," and gladdened the hearts of the weary and oppressed toilers of our land.

Notwithstanding the above irrefutable facts, Mr. Bell insists that paper money should be redeemable in coin. Not gold, or silver, but *coin*. Why attempt to redeem that which is not redeemable? If we exchange a ten dollar legal tender greenback for a ten dollar gold piece, or ten silver dollars or vice versa, what have we gained? But to still further show the inconsistency of the speaker's position let us assume that a specia resumption fund is necessary. Mr. Bell tells us that the "democratic party adheres to the doctrine that both gold and silver should be kept on a parity." That is, this redemption fund should consist of both gold and silver. The absurdity of this statement becomes painfully prominent to all truth-loving democrats when viewed from the pages of the Congressional Record. The tenacity with which Mr. Cleveland camped upon the trail and dogged the steps of the southern democratic congressmen until the death and destruction of the white metal industry was accomplished, will go down in history as the crowning infamy of the democratic party. With silver eliminated from our *coin* redemption fund we find the democratic party adhering, not as Mr. Bell tells us to both "gold and silver," but to the single gold standard alone. Continuing he said "I believe that when the mints of this country are open to silver coinage we can keep the parity between gold and silver at 16 to 1 and I believe we should try." This was a sop thrown to the silver portion of his audience and is the same delusive pretext upon which Mr. Bell secured his election. Upon what ground he bases such a prediction is not apparant to those who have noted the determined and unceasing antagonism of his party to silver coinage.

Mr. Bell well knows that it is not within the range of probabilities that the democratic party will again open the mints to silver coinage. A statement of this character is but the subterfuge of an aspiring politician to secure the support of the credulous and over zealous adherents to true democracy. If the combined efforts of the silver advocates in Congress could not secure a single consession to free coinage when the mints and mines were in active operation and the white metal traversed unimpeded the various avenues of trade and commerce, they certainly can not expect to resurect it from that grave into which it was so ruthlessly hurled by the hand of monopoly and over which the Czar of democracy stands guard entrenched behind the gold stadard oligarchy of this nation.

The speaker dwelt at some length upon that never endless subject, the tariff. Said he "We will never cease talking tariff until every man stands upon an equality." This sounds pleasant to the ear and were it a recital of the truth would carry joy and gladness to many an humble home. But when the sturdy cotton growers of the south and the brawny corn and wheat raisers of the north and west are compelled to dispose of the products of their toil at prices barely sufficient to keep the gaunt wolf from the door, and call to mind the fact that Grover Cleveland, through a dereliction of duty in signing the tariff bill, enabled the sugar trust to make $65,000,000 in ten days, such a statement becomes a nauseating potion to those who cherish a fondness for truth and honesty in politics.

Following the tariff subject the speaker reviewed the populist platform pointing out what he cinsidered its fallacies, but did not inform his audience wherein they were not consistent with good government and if enacted into law would not be conducive to the welfare and prosperity of the nation.

After a two hour's speech ranging over the entire democratic platform of 1892, (he did not refer to their platform of 1894), Mr. Bell closed his remarks without having offered a single measure for the relief of the wealth producers of our nation who are clamoring so loudly to be freeded from the grasp of monopolistic oppression.

West Central Press Club of Texas.

According to previous announcements a meeting of the editors and publishers of the eight congressional district and more especially along the Ft. Worth & Rio Grand railroad, met in Brownwood last Monday evening and went into permanent organization of publishers. The association is to be known as the "West Central Press Club of Texas. Frank Gaston, of the Grandburry News was elected president; J. S. Daley, of the Dublin Progress, vice president; Eugene Moore, of the Stephenville Empire, secretary-treasurer; J. F. Denton, of the Gorman Herald, chaplain. Though the attendance was comparatively small, a great deal of encouragement was received by letter from publishers unable to attend. The meeting was enthhsiastic and much benefit will be derived by the members. The next meeting will be held at Dublin on December 10th–94.

The democrats still continue to abuse Gen. Weaver in the south, yet the northern democrats endorse and vote for him in preference to their own candidate or a republican. Do you beleng to the wing that endorses the disgraceful and cowardly assault upon him in the south while he was making speeches through this country, or do you belong to the wing which endorses him.

The friends and patrons of THE PROGRESS will be pleased to learn that we have secured the services of two experienced men to assist us in our work. Geo. H. Blanchard, an old time Iowa editor will devote his best efforts to the editorial department, while a first-class job printer from one of the largest houses in Dallas will superintend the job department.

At the close of Mr. Bell's speech Monday night a democrat was heard to remark, "If that is the best we have it's mighty thin." Yes, and the democrats all over this dictrict are voicing the same sentiment. Mr. Bell's talks are so gausy that there is no political nourishment in them for the reading, thinking, democrats of the 8th congressional district of Texas.

We are just in receipt of a copy of the Alert, a handsome little twice-a-week publication which only recently sprung into existence at Comanche. H. W. Schermer & Co. are responstble for it, and the local pages bear strong evidence of the handiwork of our old friend, J. H. Shortridge.

When a democratic congressman, seeking reelection, fails to elicit but two applaudits from a democratic audience in a two hours speech, there must be something wrong in his argument.

State Senator C. H. Yoakum has resigned his position and the resignation has been accepted by Gov. Hogg. A proclamation will now be issued for an election to choose his successor.

It is not the utterances of a political aspirant upon the stump or through the public press, but his vote in Congress which effects his constituency.

The democrats dislike to admit that Cleveland is their boss, but the fact remains patent and they can't get around it.

Democratic enthusiasm failed to enthuse Monday night. Straws show which way the wind is blowing.

★ ★ ★

BY GENERAL ★ ★ ★

APPOINTMENT.

The well known house of E. W. have been conceeded to be

PURVEYORS
TO THEIR MAJESTIES,

Not to the crowned heads of some effete and tottering Monarchy, but to their supreme Majesties

THE
SOVEREIGN PEOPLE.

We aim to please as many of the People as possible at all times; and while we feel proud of our large stock of Groceries and low prices, we would remind the citizens of Dublin, Erath and surrounding counties that when it comes to HARDWARE we are strictly in the swim.

E. W. HARRIS,

Cash Groceries and Hardware.

★ ★ ★

Special—Free Literature.

Every reformer wishing to circulate good sound silver literature should send requests for same to John M. Devine, Secretary American Bi-Metalic League, Sun Building, Washington, D. C. Call especially for the book called "Facts About Silver."

Just received at Higginbotham Bros., one car load of Moline and one car load of Mitchell Wagons.

Just received at Higginbotham Bros., one car load of Moline and one car load of Mitchell Wagons.

Just received at Higginbotham Bros., one car load of Moline and one car load of Mitchell Wagons.

To arrive in a few days at Higginbotham Bros., a car load of Glidden Wire.

We have in transit seven car loads of furniture which has been bought at the factory at bed rock prices, and will arrive in a few days. HIGGINBOTHAM BROS.

Buy your flour where you can get something fresh. We buy from one to two car loads every week. HIGGINBOTHAM BROS.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't runs no physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by all druggists.

Book at drug stores or by mail free. Address the Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

Citation by Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, IN THE DISTRICT COURT, OCTOBER TERM, A. D. 1894.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Erath County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, that by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the county of Erath, for four weeks previous to the return day thereof, you summon Lela Smith, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the District Court, to be holden in and for the county of Erath, at the court house therof, in Stephenville, on the seventh Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1894. File number being 1599, then and there to answer the petition of G. G. Smith, filed in said court on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1894, against the said Lela Smith, and alleging in substance as follows, to-wit:

That on or about the 14th day of February, 1889, plaintiff was duly married to the defendant in Hopkins county, Texas; and that plaintiff and defendant continued to live together as man and wife until the 3rd day of April, 1889, when the defendant voluntarily left the plaintiff's bed and board with the intention of abandoning this plaintiff, and that defendant has never returned to plaintiff but has refused to do so.

That it has been more than three years since defendant left plaintiff. That plaintiff neither caused, procured nor consented to the separation, and that he, at all times treated the defendant with kindness.

Wherefore plaintiff prays that the defendant be cited to answer his petition, and that he have judgment that the marriage existing between him and defendant be dissolved, and for cost of suit, and in duty bound will ever pray.

HEREIN FAIL NOT, but have you then and there before said court this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

WITNESS, J. J. BENNETT, Clerk of the District Court of Erath county.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, in Stephenville, this the 11th day of September, A. D. 1894.

J. J. BENNETT,
Clerk, District Court, Erath County, Tex.

WEAVING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of weaving—checker board, fancy and plain, on our

NEW PATENT EUREKA LOOM.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Residence south of the Central depot.

MISS EMMA VIRIDET.
MISS MATTIE VIRIDET.

Horace Pickett & Co.
WACO, TEXAS.

Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants

We arn in the field for business and have every advantages in handling stock that can be offered. Our record for FULL WEIGHTS AND A LEVEL BEAM is appreciated by our former and we feel proud of the record. It will pay you to ship us your Cotton. Correspond with us before making other arrangements.

Very Respectfully,
Horace Pickett & Co.
WACO, TEXAS.

G. W. Hamblett & Co.

Have just opened up a Fresh Stock of
GROCERIES
In the building just vacated by J. Z. MILLER,
—and—
SOLICITS YOUR PATRONAGE.
Call and see them.
Dublin, - - - Texas.

L. N. Frank. Lee Young.
FRANK & YOUNG,
LAWYERS.
STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS
Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.

JIM M. HART,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
DUBLIN, TEXAS.
Offers his professional service to the citizens of Dublin and vicinity. Calls promptly answered day or night.
Office at S. S. Davis' Drug Store.

J. W. JARROTT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
—AND—
COLLECTING AGENT.
STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS.

S. T. MORRIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Land Collecting Agent and Notary Public.
STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS.

R. A. MILLER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
DUBLIN, TEXAS.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

Send the PROGRESS to your friends until after election. It will only cost ten cents.

Don't forget that the quarterly meeting of the county Alliance convenes at Hog Springs on the second day of next month.

Last Tuesday night was the regular meeting night of the city council. An adjourned meeting was held to meet again to-night.

Mr. E. A. Tackett of the Green's Creek community announces in the PROGRESS to-day for the office of constable in the Dublin precinct.

The new schedule which went into effect Monday morning of this week on the Texas Central road puts the east bound passenger in Dublin at 10:45 a. m., and the west bound at 12:00 m.

It is reported here on good authority that Hons. Marion Martin, populist and J. T. Jester, democrat will speak at this place on October 5th. They are both candidates on their respective state tickets.

Wm. Cole, formerly the Texas Central agent at Albany has been transfered to this place. Mr. Bomport will be transfered to another point. We are glad to have Mr. Cole and his excellent family with us.

John H. Harrison, recently appointed postmaster at Waco to take the position of Mrs. Helen A. Conger, has received notice that his bond has been accepted. He will assume charge of the postoffice on the first day of October.

Miss Queenie Anderson, well known by many of the young people of Dublin, was married at Nacogdoches yesterday. Many friends join the PROGRESS in wishing them a prosperous voyage over the seas of matrimonial life.

The PROGRESS feels jubilant over the business prospects for the West Texas metropolis. Dublin is again beginning to be her old self., The PROGRESS says amen to this and derives from this circumstance considerable encouragement.

Rufe Simpson, well known and formerly a citizen of Dublin but now of Fort Worth, is in the city. It will be news to a great many of his friends to say that he succeeded in capturing one of Ft. Worth's young damsels some two months ago.

Rev. Giddings, of Fannin county, has been assigned the pastorate of the Christian church. He has arrived with his family and entered upon his duties, having preached his first sermon in the city at the church of that denomination last Sunday.

Tuesday evening of last week Mr. H. A. Peacock was dangerously bitten on the calf of the leg by a large centipede and suffered a great deal during the night following. Dr. Jones was at once summoned and prevented anything serious to come of it.

P. Moodie, proprietor of the quarry between Dublin and Comanche, on the Leon river and on the Rio Grande road, is furnishing sandstone to build the new court house at Cuero, DeWitt Co. He is also furnishing stone for a new Presbyterian church at Houston.

The merchants of Dublin who have withheld every cent possible from the newspapers for the past two years will now come forward and advertise when "there *is* something to advertise for." Our columns this week attest this fact and other firms will be heard from in next issue.

Mr. B. F. Allison, the Peoples party nominee for tax asssessor was in the city this week looking over the field. Mr. Allison is thoroughly capacitated to fill the office for which he is nominated and he is a Christian gentleman and a deserving man. He will undoubtedly be elected.

The ladies of the Christian Church gave a lawn party and ice cream festival at the residence of R. H. Townsend last Friday night. There was music, recitations and a fine time generally. We learn the net proceeds amounted to $14.85, which amount will be expended for purposes of the Christian church.

S. S. Davis has at his drug store the oddest collection of centipedes, tarantulas, etc., we have seen for a long time. Among the assortment he has a common tree lizard with two distinct tails, a vinegarone from old Mexico, an enormous black grub worm, the first one our reporter ever saw, a living snake about fourteen inches long in a bottle, a tarantula and two centipedes.

Jno. J. Switzer of the De Leon Free Press, J. F. Denton of the Gorman Monitor, Frank Gaston of the Granburry News and Eugene Moore of the Stephenville Empire passed through Dublin on Monday enroute to the meeting of the West Central Press Club of Texas at Brownwood.

In this issue Mr. J. T. Daniel of Palo Pinto county announces for re-election to the office of district attorney. Though not agreeing with him politically, it is but justice to give him credit for having made this district the best attorney it has had in a number of years.

Miss Maggie Rigney lately returned from Dallas where she purchased a fine stck of millinery goods for Higginbotham Bros.

Judge McCleary of San Antonio formerly Attorney General of Texas under Gov. Roberts was in the city Tuesday.

Mr. S. J. Bronson of Ft. Worth is now employed on the editorial staff of the Comanche Exponent.

Will O'Brien has recently placed a stock of hardware in the building with Mr. Strong's grocery store.

Dan T. Fry left Tuesday for a trip to California in the interest of the National Citation Co.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

John Gilbreath Meets With an Untimely Death.

As we go to press the sad intelligence of the death of ex-sheriff. John Gilbreath, is brought to the city. No definate particulars are attainable at this writing but so far as learned are as follows. Mr. Gilbreath left home this morning for Dublin with four bales of cotton in his wagon. Some distance this side of his house a young woman picking cotton by the roadside was startled by the rattling of a wagon and on looking up saw Mr. Gilbreath's team running away, he following behind crying to her to stop it. He came on as rapidly as possible and when opposite the house near where the woman was at work dropped dead in the road.

What caused his death is not at present known, but it is supposed he was thrown from his wagon, receiving internal injuries from the effects of which he died as above stated. This intelligence will come with a shock to the citizens of Erath county who respected and esteemed Mr. Gilbreath both for his sterling qualities as a private citizen and his efficient services as a public officer. His untimely death will be mourned by the entire community.

Marriages.

Mr. T. L. Gee and Miss Nora Bailey were married at the residence of the bride's parents in west Dublin Wednesday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock, Rev. Giddings of the Christian church officiating. The young couple left for Brownwood on the west-bound passenger, returning next morning. We are pleased to note that they will make their permanent abode in Dublin, Mr. Gee being engaged with a prominent cotton buyer and brokerage firm in the city. He is a young man of good business qualifications and excellent habits. Miss Bailey is one of those genial natures which attracts a large circle of acquaintances who will look forward with happy anticipation of a pleasant reunion beneath her "vine and fig tree." THE PROGRESS adds its heartiest congratulations.

Mr. John Goolsby, formerly of this place, now of Jefferson, and Miss Sudie Ivey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Ivey of this city, were married at the residence of the bride's parents in east Dublin yesterday morning, the Rev. E. Hightower officiating. They left on the morning train for Jefferson which will be their future home. THE PROGRESS wishes the young couple who have thus joined their fortunes, a prosperous future.

Mr. J. D. Brock and Miss Birdie Rodgers were married Tuesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Rogers in west Dublin, Rev. E. Hightower officiating. Mr. Brock is a promising young merchant of our city while Miss Rogers is the accomplished daughter of one of the pioneer families of Erath county. THE PROGRESS joins with the many friends of the young couple in wishing them an abundance of joy and happiness as they travel life's rugged pathway.

DUBLIN COTTON REPORT.

GINNED.

Higginbotham Bros., 237; Peeples, 50; Hamilton, 95; Wasson, 257. Total bales ginned to date, 639.

RECEIPTS.

Alliance yard, 845 bales; Newton's yard, 347 bales. Total receipts to date, 1,219 bales.

County Correspondence.

HIGHLAND.

Everything going on quietly—farmers are busy gathering corn, cutting hay and picking cotton, they haven't time to talk politics now though they exchange a few words on Sunday when they meet.

Will Gresham, Polly O'Neal and Mrs. Sol Sellers' babe are all on the sick list this week, though all are improving.

Mrs Mace Jones has been very sick, but we are glad to learn she is up again.

Mr. Bill Burnett has bought Blackstock's preemption and is trying his luck at keeping bachelors' hall.

We think we will get to report another wedding next week, some of the young men do not calculate on keeping bachelors' hall much longer

No deaths to report.

Dry goods and grocery department of Higginbotham Bros. is the most complete of any in Erath county. Don't take our word for this but come and see for yourself. Prices guaranteed.

Do you need, carpets, matting, window shades or glass. Get it at Dublin Music Co. 14-3t

We have bought from the factory direct, $1,000 worth of cane seat rockers plush seat rockers, cobler seat rockers, high back diners, all grades, at forty per cent discount. We offer to give this advantage to our customers. Don't fail to see this excellent stock.

HIGGINBOTHAM BROS.

There was a regular shower of marriages in Dublin this week. Showers generally produce bountiful crops.

J. Z. Miller has the finest line of ladies' children's and misses' cloaks in the city. Call and get his prices before buying.

Farmers, patronize the Alliance Cotton Yard. . H. H. Andrews, weigher. tf

Waukegan barbed wire runs 1820 feet to the hundred pounds. Cheapest wire on earth. Higginbotham Bros. have it.

Our stock of queensware, tinware, glassware, shelf hardware, guns, builders' material, largest west of Ft. Worth. HIGGINBOTHAM BROS.

Our stock of undertaking goods is superior to any thing in the county. We have one of the finest hearses in the west. We are prepared to fill any orders on short notice. HIGGINBOTHAM BROS.

Farmers should take their cotton to the Alliance Yard, where they can get full and correct weights. The scales have been tested and pronounced exact. tf

Buggies, harness, saddles, bridles, etc., at Higginbotham Bros. Fine stock

Just received, five car loads of salt. We are prepared to furnish you in this line. HIGGINBOTHAM BROTHERS.

Brattons for lowest price harness.

Clothing, best line in West Texas, at Higginbotham Bros. $20,000 worth at 25 per cent. cheaper than ever before. Our hat department is full and we can fit and suit anything that wears hats.

JONES: "Where do you do your trading?"

SMITH: "Where I can get the best bargains, of course. That's Higginbotham Bros."

Higginbotham Bros. have in transit a heavy line of furniture which they bought and paid for in cash during the recent financial panic. By doing so they saved 25 per cent on the cost and this they offer to the trade.

Buy your school books at Dublin Drug Co. where your order can be filled complete. 13-tf

Wine for sacramental purposes will be furnished free by the Dublin Drug Co. to all churches. The pastor of the church must call in person or send a written order for it.

There is no seventy ways about it, you can buy more for one dollar at the One Cent Store than any where else in Texas. 15-2t

What is it that Higginbotham Bros. don't sell except drugs? Nothing.

Higgingbotham Bros. will buy your cotton or any thing else in the way of produce that you have and pay you the highest market price.

Personal Items.

Mr. M. Cagney was in the city several days this week.

Prof. W. J. Clay reports the public schools getting along nicely.

Charlie Durham has returned from the State university at Austin.

Dr. Geo. F. Perry, of Hamilton, was in the city last week for a day or so.

Miss Dickie Long, daughter of R. T. Long has been quite sick this week.

Miss Kate Parker has accepted a position with the J. Z. Miller New York store.

Miss Viola Belamy, daughter of Mrs. Glenn, has been very sick for the past week, but is improving.

Robert and Willie Fry left last week for Bryan where they have entered school for the coming session.

Mrs. Dora Wiley and her little daughter, Abbie, arrived home last Sunday from a visit to friends in Groesbeck.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bratton dropped in a few minutes last Friday evening to see the PROGRESS' big press.

C. J. Grey, late of Gorman, is in Dublin looking around for a location and incidentally taking a course in law under King & Leonard.

Mrs. W. B. Davis has lately returned from Dallas, where she has been purchasing a full supply of millinery goods for the Davis dry goods house here.

Mrs. Ethel Lattimore and Clarence Kelly, and Miss Jessie Blackford and Frank Wiseman were agreeable callers on the PROGRESS last Friday evening.

Mrs. Tom Miller returned Saturday of last week from Dallas where she has been purchasing an extensive line of millinery goods for the McCain Trading Co.

Misses Ira McCain, Johnnie Williams, Ida Perry, Susie Perry, Pattie Perry and Cappie Potts were pleasant callers at the PROGRESS sanctum last Saturday afternoon.

Dr. Koogle and W. H. Wiseman have lately returned from their Washington trip and report a royal time. Mr. Wiseman returned by way of his old home in one of the Carolinas.

Jas. N. Touchstone and his brother, Geo. Touchstone, who were located in Dublin for a short while about two years ago, disposing of territorial rights for the Vestal Quilter, passed through on Monday's Rio Grande passenger en route to Coleman.

How's This?

We offer one hundred dollard reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Proprietors, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price 75c. per bottle.

2,228,672.

These figures represent the number of bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds, which was sold in the United States from March, '91 to March, '92. Two million, two hundred and twenty-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-two bottles sold in one year, and each and every bottle was sold on a positive guarantee that money would be refunded if satisfactory results did not follow its use. The secret of its success is plain. It never disappoints and can always be depended on as the very best remedy for coughs, colds, etc. Price 50c. and $1 at the Dublin Drug Co. 6

A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

From the Troy (Kansas) Chief.

Some years ago we were very much subject to severe spells of cholera morbus; and now when we feel any of the symtoms that usually preceed that ailment, such as sickness at the stomach, diarrhœa, etc., we become scary. We have found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and diarrhœa Remedy, the very thing to straighten one out in such cases, and always keep it about. We are not writing this for a paid testimonial, but to let our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house. For sale by S. S. Davis, Dublin.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Items for Your Profit.

Wall paper from 10c to 50c a role 2 bolts in a role at Dublin Music Co.

Peeple's gin is in first class condtion for this year's crop. Mr. Peeple's will *guarantee* a better turn out than any other gin in Dublin.

Books cheap at Dublin Drug Co.

Brattons for harnes, saddles and buggies.

Dublin Music Co. has just received the finest assortment of oak, maple and ash bed roam suits, fram $20 to $40. See them before you buy. 14-3t

Buy your stoves from Higginbotham Bros., where you can get the Bridge Beech cook stove, Superior and Mohawk, the best stove on earth. Firebricks guaranteed for fifteen years.

Roche's Painless Eye Water is curing every persons sore eyes who try it. Use no other. For sale by S. S. Davis.

White sewing machines, the best made. Buy them from Higginbotham Bros.

Cheap school books at Dublin Drug Co. 13-tf

Never out of Bacon, Flour, Salt and Bran. E. W. Harris' Cash House, Dublin. t4

Go to Higginbotham Bros. gin. Bill will gin your cotton for the twentieth.

Don't forget the Alliance Cotton Yard. By patronizing that institution you add to the finances of the County Alliance of this county. tf

Brattons for lowest price saddles.

Our stock of hardware, plows and farm machinery is immense. See it and price our stock if you contemplate buying anything in this line. HIGGINBOTHAM BROS.

You will save money by getting your coffins from Dublin Music Co. 14-3t

Largest line of school books at Dublin Drug Co. 13-tf

Good Navy tobaco 25 cents per pound at E. W. Harris' Cash House, Dublin. t4

Higginbotham Bros. are selling strictly for cash. No credit goes until after January 1st.

Extra heave soft finished blankets $1.25 per pair at the One Cent Store. 15-2t

Presents with every bill of books at Dublin Drug Co. 13-tf

The best 50 and 75 cent corsets in Dublin at the One Cent Store.

Farmers should buy their Nails, Locks, Hinges, Grain Scoops and all hardware and groceries from the Cash House. E. W. Harris, Oldham Building, Dublin. t4

Brattons for lowest price buggies.

For a lame back or for a pain in the side or chest, try saturating a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and binding it onto the affected parts. This treatment will cure any ordinary case in one or two days. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism. 50 cent bottles for sale by S. S. Davis, Dublin.

The largest stock of carpets ever received in Western Texas now at Higginbotham Bros.



SAILED THE SEAS 38 YEARS.

One of His Experiences.

For thirty-eight years Capt. Loud followed the sea, most of that time as master of a vessel, and upon retiring from the water was appointed by the Secretary of the United States Treasury to superintend the seal fisheries in Alaska, which position he held five years. He relates one experience as follows:

"For several years I had been troubled with general nervousness and pain in the region of my heart. My greatest affliction was sleeplessness; it was almost impossible at any time to obtain rest and sleep. Having seen Dr. Miles' remedies advertised I began using Nervine. After taking a small quantity the benefit received was so great that I was positively alarmed, thinking the remedy contained opiates which would finally be injurious to me; but on being assured by the druggist that it was perfectly harmless, I continued it together with the Heart Cure. Today I can conscientiously say that Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure did more for me than anything I had ever taken. I had been treated by eminent physicians in New York and San Francisco without benefit. I owe my present good health to the judicious use of these most valuable remedies, and heartily recommend them to all afflicted as I was."—Capt. A. P. Loud, Hampden, Me.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Cure are sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or by Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, express prepaid. They are free from all opiates and dangerous drugs.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50c. and $1 at Dublin Drug Co's. 5

Tonkoway.

Dr. J. D. Rubhett, of Brownwood, Texas, in speaking of Tonkoway and its wonderful effects in curing Rev. Moss Martin, says:

To meet Bro. Moss Martin in fine health, and to hear him preach in a strong voice, was a joy inexpressible to me. The last time I saw him, his doctors had given him up to die. The remedy which brought him up from the last stage of consumption deserves much praise. Cures all common complaints and flux. For sale by H. C. Birchmore. 3

Among the incidents of childhood that stand out in bold relief, as our memory reverts to the days when we were young, none are more prominent than severe sickness. The young mother vividly remembers that it was Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cured her of croup, and in turn administers it to her own offspring and always with the best results. For sale by S. S. Davis, Dublin.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by the Dublin Drug Company.

Sick Headache Cured.

Mrs. Mary Shneck of Iredell, Texas writes. "I have been subject to sick headaches since I was 13. After taking one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I did not have any sick headache for six months. Hood's Sarsaparilla kept me from having slow fever last summer."

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Announcement Rates.

To take run of paper up to the time of nominations or primary elections; Congressional offices, $5; district, $4; county, $3, precinct $1.50.

To take run of paper from and after nominations or primaries until the election: Congressional, $15; district, $10; county, $5; precint, $3.

ELECTION NOV. 1894.

Populists and Democrats in these announcements are so designated, the nominees are further designated by a star, thus.*

For Representative,
W. B. WHITACRE P.*

County Judge,
T. B. KING. P.*
J. H. McMILLAN. D.*

District Clerk.
J. S. WATSON. P.*
J. J. BENNETT. D.*

County Treasurer.
A. J. CRANE. P.*
L. E. GILLETT. D.*

County Clerk.
J. I. MINTER. P.*

Sheriff.
N. J. SHANDS. P.*

County Attorney.
J. W. JARROTT. P.*

For District Attorney, 29th Dist.
J. T. DANIEL, of Palo Pinto.

Tax Collector.
D. W. RUMPH. P.*

Tax Assessor.
B. F. ALLISON. P.*

Commissioner, Prec. No. 2.
J. B. (BRAD) WHITE. P.*

Justice of the Peace, Prec. No. 2.
J. C. ANSLEY. P.
D. H. HURD. D.
S. D. McEACHERN. D.
GREEN HARRISON. D.

Justice of the Peace, Prec. No. 8.
F. M. BROWN. P.*

Constable, Prec. No. 2.
J. A. ADAMS. P.
T. B. LAFFERTY. P.
GRANT HOLDEN, D.*
E. A. TACKET.

Constable, Prec. No. 8.
J. S. WHITEFIELD. P*

Alliance Department.



OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

Marion Butler, President, North Carolina.
J. L. Gilbert, Vice President, California.
D. B. Duncan; Secretary-Treasurer, Columbus, S. C.

STATE OFFICERS.

Evan Jones, President, Dublin, Texas.

R. A. Cain, vice-President, Alba, Texas.
Miss Lunnie Leake, Sec-Treasrrer, Austin.
S. O. Daws, Lecturer, Springtown, Texas.
Executive Com.—W. P. Martin, Kilgore, Texas; C. A. McManus, Shiloh, Tex.; W. S. De Armand, Bazette, Texas.

ERATH COUNTY OFFICERS.

L. Brawner, President; Huckabay.
J. D. Jackson, Vice-President; Stephenville.
I. Pipes, Secretary-Treasurer; Huckabay.
J. C. E. Lockhart, Chaplain; Duffau.
W. G. Crowder, Lecturer; Victor.
T. L. Stigler, Ass't. Lect.; Chalk Mountain.
E. W. Morton, Doorkeeper; Harbin.
W. S. Morris, Ass't. Doorkeeper; Stephenville
G. A. Best, S. at A. and C. B; Carlton.
PROGRESS, Official Journal; Dublin.

EXECUTIVE AND CREDENTIAL COMMITTEE.

J. O. A. Clark, President, Hannibal; J. G. Martin, Secretary, Carlton; Brad White, Dublin.

COMMITTEE ON GOOD OF ORDER.

H. L. Bingham, Carlton; Joe Key, Topaz; J. C. Davis, Stephenville.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, HIGH SCHOOL.

G. L. Clark, President; J. H. Wansley, Secretary. A. S. Weir, H. E. Thiebaud, J. S. Whitfield, J. W. Carroll, G. W. Reeves and W. H. Rayzor Executive Officers.

DIRECTORY OF SUB ALLIANCES.

Antioch, No. 134—Location, Lingleville. President, J. M. Maxwell, Sec. W. S. Weir.

Bartons Creek, No. 175.—Six miles north east of Huckabay. A. Houston President, D. G. Powell Secretary. P. O., Huckabay.

Berlin, No. 270.—At Hannibal. J. O. A. Clark President, H. B. Clark Secretary. P.O., Hannibal.

Bunyan No. 135.—Eight miles north of Dublin. W. T. Devenport President, G. A. Hannon Secretary. P. O., Bunyan.

Buck Creek No. 921.—Twenty-three miles north west of Stephenville. J. D. Jones President, D. H. McCluskey Secretary. P. O., Patillo.

Chalk Mountain No. 452.—Eighteen miles east of Stephenville, T. L. Stigler President, W. L. Shoffner Secretary. P. O., Chalk Mountain.

Harbin No. 131.—At Harbin. E. W. Morton President, U. J. Morton Secretary. P. O., Harbin.

Gilmore No. 167.—Eight miles south of Alexander. J. G. Martin President, T. J. Laird Secretary. P. O., Carlton.

Flat Creek No. 478.—Thirteen miles northwest of Dublin. W. E. Malloy President, K. D. Blankenship Secretary. P. O., Victor.

Fair Valley No. 302.—Four miles west of Stephenville. J. E. Mobley President, C. J. Davis Secretary. P. O., Stephenville.

Mount Zion No. 269.—Six miles north of Lingleville. J. S. Whitefield President, D. H. Bowen Secretary. P. O., Topaz.

Pleasant Home No. 1653.—Six miles north of Lingleville. J. H. Key President, Joe Walters Secretary. P. O., Topaz.

Pleasant Ridge No. 459.—Six miles north east of Huckabay. C. H. Gilbert President, R. M. Yarbrough Secretary. P. O., Morgans Mill.

Rockey Point No. 164.—Three miles east of Stephenville. Louis Savage President, Lee Smith Secretary. P. O., Stephenville.

Huckabay No. 425.—At Huckabay. R. J. Hicks President, C. F. Rudder Secretary. P. O., Huckabay.

Valley Grove No. 279.—Two and one half miles south of Stephenville. J. M. Guest President, I. N. Roberts Secretary. P. O. Stephenville.

Fair View No. 298.—Seven miles north east of Stephenville. J. C. Gaither President, John Oliver Secretary. P. O., Stephenville.

Richardson Creek No. 312.—Eight miles east of Stephenville. P. J. Smart President, J. B. Mills Secretary. P. O., Cowan.

Stephenville No. 421.—At Stephenville. Terrel Bryan President, D. S. Rumph Secretary. P. O., Stephenville.

ALLIANCE DEMANDS.

The following demands were adopted by the National Alliance, at Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 17, 1892.

Finance.—We demand a national currency, safe, sound and flexible, issued by the government only, a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and that without the use of private corporations; a just, equitable and efficient means of distribution direct to the people at a tax not to exceed 2 per cent, to be provided as set forth in the sub-treasury plan of the Farmers Alliance, or some better system; also, by payments in discharge of its obligations for public improvements.

(a) We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1.

(b) We demand that the amount of circulating medium be increased to at least $50 per capita, exclusive of legal reserves.

(c) We demand a graduated income tax.

(d) That our national legislation shall be so framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another.

(e) We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expense of the government, economically and honestly administered.

(f) We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposits of the earnings of the people and to facilitate exchange.

Land.—The land, including all the national resources of wealth, is the heritage of all the people, and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of their actual needs, and lands now owned by aliens, should be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

Transportation.—Transportation being a means of exchange and public necessity, the government should own and operate the railroads in the interests of the people.

(a) The telegraph and the telephone, like the post office system, being a necessity for the transmission of intelligence should be owned and operated by the government, in the interests of the people.

County Alliance.

Erath County Farmers Alliance will meet with Fairview Alliance at Hog Springs, six or eight miles northeast of Stephenville on October 2nd, 1894. at 2 o'clock p. m. Credentials of delegates should be sent to brother C. J. Davis at Stephenville by September 25th.

A. Q. JORDAN, Pres.
I. PIPES, SECRETARY.

Let each Alliance send a good representation to our county meeting on the second of next month. The times demand that we wake up nda be doing.

SILVER AND GOLD.

THE FALSE ALARMS SOUNDED BY THE ENEMIES OF SILVER.

Some Statistics Which Are Not Dry, but Will Be Appreciated by the Student of the Money Question and All Inquiring Voters—Supply of the Two Metals.

The enemies of silver have sounded a false alarm and are making strenuous efforts to convince the people that the overproduction of silver is the cause of its depreciation, while in fact it is the discrimination against this metal and legislation and combinations in favor of gold that brought about the depreciation.

Silver is spoken of as a commodity, as if gold is not as much a commodity as silver. Both fluctuate and have commercial values and will continue to do so to the end, according to the demand and supply of each metal and according to the combinations and discriminations for the one and against the other.

If gold mines should be as abundant as coal mines and gold could be handled as easily as coal, how long would it hold its place in the markets?

Foreign coins, whether gold or silver, though intrinsically as good and pure as ours, are not as good in this country. Their purchasing power is less. Neither has our coin the same purchasing power when circulated in foreign countries. Natives of the several countries prefer the coin of their own government to that coined by other nations, though the intrinsic value be the same. Take a $20 goldpiece, put it under a blacksmith's hammer and in the furnace, change its shape and appearance and attempt to exchange it for $20 in silver or paper. Who will cover it? One jeweler said he would give $15 for it, another $18. None of it is lost. Intrinsically it is worth as much as ever. We see, therefore, that Uncle Sam's name and stamp make it a standard, fix its value and prevent its fluctuation.

Let us go back to 1873, prior to the demonetization of silver. The bullion value of a silver dollar was $1.016. In each dollar are 371.25 grains of pure silver. At that time, though a silver dollar contained 371.25 grains of pure silver, it could purchase only 369.77 grains of pure silver. Silver was too high in the market to make into dollars. Three hundred and sixty-nine and seventy-seven hundredths grains of the pure metal uncoined was equal to 371.25 grains of the same quality, plus the alloy, after coinage, and silver could not be coined except at a loss to the government. It is evident that the authors of silver legislation saw that some legislation was necessary to depreciate silver in order that its bullion value might be less than its money value.

Prior to this, under the act of 1837, silver was a legal tender. In 1873 congress passed a law that the silver coins of "the United States shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding $5 in any one payment."

This was a deathblow to silver, and it began to depreciate at once and has continued to do so to the present time. In 1889 the bullion value of a silver dollar was worth only $0.712 against $1.016 in 1873, and the coined dollar purchased 512.78 grains pure silver then against 369.77 grains in 1873. It is cheaper now than ever and cannot appreciate as long as we have the single gold standard. The monometallists would have us believe that the overproduction of silver is the sole cause of its depreciation. According to official statistics of 1892, the production of silver in the United States since the discovery of gold in California is estimated at $1,072,721,565, while the production of gold for the same period is $1,870,345,000. So the production of gold in the United States since 1849 exceeds the production of silver by $797,623,435.

In 1873 and in 1878 the production of gold exceeded the production of silver. But it is answered that the production of silver in the world is so much greater than that of gold that the former necessarily depreciated. If statistics can be relied on, the total gold production of the world for 500 years (1380 to 1880) is estimated at $7,240,000,000 and silver for the same period at $7,435,000,000, making $195,000,000 more silver than gold—a little over 13 cents per capita of the present population of the earth. Divide 13 cents by 500 years, and you'll get the per capita per year, showing the prodigious (?) production of silver over gold. It is too infinitesimal for calculation. So the argument that the overproduction of silver is the cause of its depreciation falls to the ground. Passing from the estimated value of the world's production of gold and silver to the gold and silver money of the world, we find $3,632,935,000 of the former and $3,968,700,000 of the latter, making $335,765,000 more silver in circulation than gold, or, reduced to its last analysis, 22 cents more silver money in the world per capita than gold. This certainly must cut a very small figure.

In 1892 13 nations, with a population of 212,227,423, used the double standard—gold and silver; 11 nations, with a population of 726,923,486, used silver alone, and 14 nations, with a population of 185,633,204, used the gold standard. These facts show that it is discrimination and legislation against silver that placed it in its present status. The present law discriminates against silver when it says that silver dollars "shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract." The exception should be wiped out. All exceptions, limitations and restrictions against silver depreciate it and enhance the value of gold.

If we would establish and preserve the parity of the metals and give the country a sound, safe and stable currency, let gold and silver be coined on the same terms and make both metals a legal tender for all debts and dues, private and public, without exception, and make all contracts for the payment of debts in violation of this law null and void, that every debtor may discharge his obligations in any money issued by our government. The purchasing and debt paying power of every dollar, whether gold, silver or paper, should at all times be equal. An international agreement fixing the ratio of gold and silver and maintaining and preserving the parity of the metals, however much desired, is a hope too uncertain for its realization and too far in the distance for the greatest nation on earth to wait for or depend on. Nothing will more rapidly and more certainly enhance the value of silver than to make it as a standard money metal the equal of gold. This seems to be what the masses want and what, sooner or later, they intend to have.—W. C. Davis.

REVERSED LESSONS.

Ease With Which the Goldbug Editors Face About In Their Reasoning (?).

The Springfield (Mass.) Republican, having received information that President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle have placed the United States mints in motion to coin a small portion of the silver seigniorage, makes the remarkable statement that "under the policy of the government to maintain the parity of the metals it is as incumbent on the treasury to redeem silver certificates in gold as it is to redeem 'coin' notes in gold."

Western people find it very discouraging to learn financial lessons from the east and then have the lessons reversed at the very moment when they have been received and accepted as fact.

Only a few short months ago the statesmen of the west and south suggested that if the treasury should redeem a few silver certificates in gold it would tend to place silver somewhat nearer gold in commercial estimation, but the eastern press cried out with a loud voice that such certificates were not only not redeemable in gold, but ought not to be redeemed at all, because they were subject to reissue, and hence redemption would not help silver.

They even went further and actually proved that to redeem silver certificates in gold would be to make an uncalled for and inexcusable demand upon the gold reserve, which was then trembling upon the verge of $100,000,000—whereas it is now down below $60,000,000, and yet the world is still going round—and that the consequent damage to the financial credit of the government and to our bond interests would be almost irreparable.

They also produced a copy of a silver certificate and called western attention to the reading upon the note, especially declaring that "this certifies that there has been deposited in the treasury of the United States one silver dollar, payable to bearer on demand," and that by no stretch of the imagination could this be construed into authorizing the treasury to redeem it with a gold dollar, even under a question of maintaining the parity.

And now the Springfield Republican faces about and squarely says that a silver certificate is equally redeemable with a coin note in gold. Why, in the midst of the artificial fright over the reduction of the gold reserve there was even a claim that the coin note itself was by right redeemable only in silver, and that the government never intended the gold reserve for any other purpose than that of meeting its bonded indebtedness.

Why this sudden appreciation of the silver certificate? It is because the situation has changed. The new issue of bonds has been amply stowed away, and it is now to the eastern as well as to the western and southern interest to have silver increased in value. Six months ago the bottom would have dropped out of New York and Boston if the treasury had gone to redeeming silver certificates in gold—at least they led us to so infer. Now a silver certificate is just as good as a coin note. But it imposes upon the ignorant west and south an obligation to learn its financial lessons over again.—St. Louis Republic.

Uneasy In Illinois.

In the counties of the state where the Alliance men were successful in the last election the Populists are reported to be active. They have caused a good deal of uneasiness in the old party ranks, the leaders realizing that a few votes may hold the balance of power in the election of United States senator, as was the case when General Palmer was elected. Populists are to hold a mass meeting in Chicago at an early date to open the campaign in Cook county in the hope of securing some of the members from Chicago as a result of the labor troubles and the affiliation of the industrial classes with the movement among the agriculturists.

The Republicans pretend not to be disturbed by this indication of sentiment, but admit solicitude about the attitude of their own party as to the nomination of candidates. Until recently it was generally supposed that a number of the old members would be returned to the house, and so confident were some of them that they began figuring on the prospect for the speakership.—Chicago Record.

Labor and the People's Party.

John McBride, president of the United Mine Workers, said the other day: "I would not be surprised to see before the next presidential election a political union between the American Federation of Labor and other labor organizations and the People's Party that would lead to success. While there are extremes on both sides the two forces have much in common and are capable of planning a platform satisfactory to all."

The Colonel Joins the Populists.

George S. Rathbun, a colonel in the Confederate army and for 50 years a prominent Democrat in Lexington and this city, has announced that he is a member of the Populist party.—Springfield (Mo.) Special.

DEMOCRATIC HAND-ME-DOWNS.

People's Party Urged to Fight Shy of All but Their Own Men For Office.

The way Democratic statesmen are kneeling in repentance at the Populist mourning bench is suggestive of much and varied mental speculation.

Grover Cleveland rewarded an eleventh hour convert with the highest seat in his cabinet. The Georgia Populists have named a recent convert for governor, and from many states come reports of congressmen who say they cannot stomach Clevelandism any longer, whereupon the Populists, with open arms, stand ready with a nomination on a silver tray to send them right back to congress with only a change of tag on their collar.

Do not take this as in any regard a kick. It is merely a passing, after supper remark.

We fancy the Farmers' Alliance man, who these many months has been studying out conditions surrounding him and their relation to his member of congress, will give his stubby face an extra rub while he pulls the old hat down with more thoughtful emphasis than usual as he contemplates the meaning of all these escapades.

Just why the People's Party thinks to strengthen itself by taking up a candidate who has common discernment to tell him the "pickin" is dry in his own pasture, but who was so doggedly set on staying while chance of "pickin" existed, will not be clear to many of the old rustics, or young ones either.

It has not been so many years ago that it need be forgotten when Dan Voorhees wanted to get back into his seat for another term. How did he get there? Turned Greenbacker. And under his lead the party was committed to the Greenback policy—until they regained their seats.

Now pause a moment and look at the stuff we have in congress now elected as mongrel Populists and Democrats. Take the junior senator from Kansas, the same from California, Irby of North Carolina, and we see no reason for exempting Kyle. If there is one of them who has improved his opportunity to stand in the breach as a Thad Stevens, Lafe Pence, Peffer, Weaver or others elected straight on the issue, then will we recede.

Many of the rebellious Democrats now are rebellious because the people are in that condition, and it is purely a case of bread and butter. They are sound on the silver question, maybe true, and under that guise will seek to pull in all the Populist contingents, then reward the same old gang of bums and ward heelers with official perquisites that has marked their entire course as Democrats.

It is a question, after all, whether any Democrat who has voted with his party all through this administration, then bolts the party nomination to accept a Populist benefit, can bring with him very much for which an earnest Populist can throw his hat. It is not the old, lifelong congressmen who are attracting the attention of the country by their acts of sturdy regard for ante-election pledges. What members in either house have won greater renown than those elected fresh from the people on a platform abreast with the needs of the present?

Populists, don't be skeer'd of nominating your own men and making for them the fight that becomes the honest and earnest vanguard of a just cause in its winning campaign.—Chicago Searchlight.

Examples of "Thrift."

The late Jay Gould, James Fisk, Oakes Ames and Ex-Senator Stanford, with the Vanderbilts, Rockefeller, Huntington, Pullman, etc., are shining examples doubtless of genius, industry and thrift. They secured millions they never produced. Dollars don't grow spontaneously. They represent the fruits of somebody's labor. The gentlemen named simply appropriated the harvest produced by the many—legally, of course. Mr. Abram S. Hewitt recently held that no man living, however great his genius and industry and thrift, could produce in a lifetime the wealth represented by $20,000,000. Can any man living produce the wealth represented by $1,000,000? might be asked.

I will venture to assert that the man who has in him the ability to deceive others successfully, the genius to overreach his fellows and the perseverance to continue on these lines has a better opportunity than ever before to acquire the result of other people's labor. The chief cardinal virtue in the public mind today is wealth. The chief deadly sin is poverty.

Our storekeepers, for instance, are generally selling their goods at less than cost. Each is selling cheaper than the others in the same business—at least so they allege in their advertisements—and their employees say so to their customers, and yet we are taught in church that "no reason or no motive can excuse a lie." Middle aged people remember quite well when it was not so, but that was before the blessings of millionaires and monopolies came upon us.—P. O'Neill Larkin in Donahoe's.

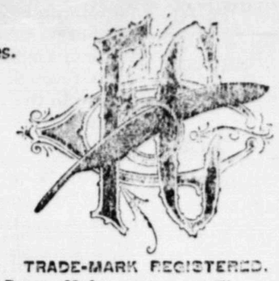
Idleness and Low Prices.

It is estimated that there are now 4,000,000 unemployed men in this country. This means about 18,000,000 people who cannot purchase anything. Farmers wonder why the price of wheat has gone down, and merchants are in despair over the scarcity of purchasers. But it is easily accounted for. Cut 25 per cent of the demand from anything, and the price will fall. The way to bring prices up is to increase the demand. Set these millions of mouths to eating, furnish them with money with which to buy, and the farmer immediately finds more markets for his wheat and the merchant for his goods. Evidently what we need is employment for the idle and more money with which to employ them. Elect the Populist tickets, and the country will get both.—Nonconformist.

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Dress	$1.50 to $2.75	$1.75 to $3.00
Dress with Trim	1.75 to 3.00	2.00 to 3.50
Waists	.75	1.00
Skirts	1.25 to 2.00	1.50 to 2.50
Sacques and Jackets	.75 to 1.50	Same.
Cloaks and Dolmans	1.50 to 2.50	
Infant's Cashmer		
Cloaks	1.00 to 2.50	Same.
Single Wool Shawls	.75 to 1.50	Same.
Double Wool Shawls	1.50 to 2.50	Same.
Crepe Shawls	1.00 to 5.00	
Kid Gloves	12 to .50	

Ribbons (per yard)	5 to .15
Lace Curtains (per pr)	.50 to 3.00
Piano Covers	1.75 to 3.00

Gentleman's Clothing.

	CLEANING AND PRESSING	CLEANING, DYEING AND PRESSING.
Suits	$2.50	$3.50
Coats	1.50	2.00
Pants	.75	1.25
Vests	.50	.75
Overcoats, light	1.75	2.25
Overcoats, heavy	2.00	2.50

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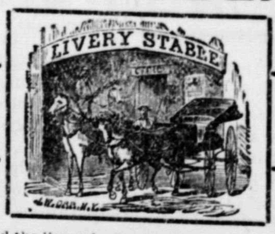
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THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

HAPPENINGS FROM VARIOUS PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Incidents Reduced From Columns to Spicy Paragraphs—Everything Eliminated but Facts For the Convenience of Our Readers—Items of Interest That Are Interesting.

Washington county, Illinois, Democrats are sanguine of success at the approaching election.

Near Lamonte, Mo., a stranger attempted to assassinate a farmer, shooting him three times.

Rev. Father Hurth of Austin, Tex., was made a bishop at Notre Dame, Valparaiso, Ind. He will go to India.

Three men have been arrested, charged with the assassination of E. Cooper in Tuscaloosa county, Alabama.

John N. Reynolds, teacher, evangelist, banker, editor and convict, is violently insane at Osawatomie, Kan., asylum.

The negroes of southern Alabama appointed a committee to go to Liberia and investigate the plan of colonization.

The survey for the extension of the Birmingham, Sheffield and Tennessee River railroad was completed to Birmingham.

Mrs. Lease, the Kansas champion Populism, has come to the front again. She is now in line for Lewelling and the whole ticket.

Many Democrats of the Ninth congressional district of Iowa are opposed to the indorsement by their party of Gen. Weaver and want to put up a candidate against him.

The explosion of an oil tank car at Hudson, Wis., resulted in seven people being badly burned.

During a political rally at Green City, Mo., a man was terribly injured by the premature explosion of a cannon.

San Francisco grain operators have caught Broker McGlaughlin's clients for a round million in a wheat deal.

Jamestown citizens have abandoned all efforts to hold the South Park Fishing club responsible for the great Johnstown flood.

Georgia populists are disheartened in the present campaign. The Democrats, while divided on the financial question, certain of victory.

The remains of Deputy United States Marshal Grissom, who was shot by moonshiners in Pike county, Ark., were interred at Little Rock.

The bolting Kansas Populists have named a new state ticket.

Tarl C. Upton of Marshalltown, Ia., committed suicide because his wife left him.

Frank Morris, who murdered Bernard Loker at Rich Hill, Pa., has been captured.

It is reported that a number of Fiji Islanders have been convicted of devil worship.

Bishop B. A. Smith says that Mexico will be made the center for the Mormon church.

Barrett Scott, the treasurer of Holt county, Neb., was convicted upon a charge of embezzlement.

J. Strong and daughter were robbed and murdered and their house burned near Atchison, Kan.

The first 14 days of the new cotton season show an increase in the movement of the staple compared with the past two years.

Robbers removed the fishplates from the rails on a high bridge in Idaho. The break was discovered in time to save a passenger train which was heavily loaded.

Two colored men swindled the Chicago Prohibitionists neatly.

The annual convention of oldtime military telegraphers was held at Baltimore.

A resume of the milling business of the past week shows an increased flour output.

The trial of Clay Sparks, who killed his brother, was begun at Medicine Lodge, Kan.

The appellate court at Mount Vernon, Ills., granted rehearings for the first time. It has been in existence since 1877.

It is announced that Hon. John H. McShane will accept the Democratic nomination for governor of Nebraska.

The state meeting of Illinois chiefs of police called for Rock Island has been adjourned to meet at Aurora Nov. 27.

The cholera in Germany is said to be abating.

The war in Samoa is declared to be over for the present.

Captain Freitsch, who started from New York to cross the Atlantic alone last month, has arrived at Queenstown.

Engineer Frank Worts was fatally hurt in a freight wreck on the Hannibal and St. Joseph railway.

Robert Tulford, a wealthy Chicago contractor, deserted his wife and eloped with his 19-year-old cousin.

A suit for an island which has been formed in the Mississippi river by the action of the current is on in the circuit court at Chester, Ills.

Mr. and Mrs. Orsen Higgins were killed and Mary Manley was fatally hurt while trying to cross the track in front of a train at Putnam, N. Y.

The British court has been ordered to go into mourning for the late Comte de Paris, who was a cousin of Queen Victoria.

Prominent Chicagoans have formed an anti-vaccination league.

Prisoner Tom Gord set fire to the Hurley (Wis.) jail and both were burned.

The opening of the Leavenworth public schools has been postponed on account of smallpox.

Comptroller Ackerman of Chicago asked that an increase be made in the assessment of Cook county property. He showed that real estate in that city is assessed far below that in any other city in the United States.

An officer and citizen arrested a woman at Kargley, Ills., and both were shot and seriously wounded by her husband.

Isaac Martin was killed and Phil Hipple fatally wounded by James McDermott in Potter Palmer's saloon at Elwood, Ind.

Two boys were killed and the engineer seriously hurt by a wreck on the Shell Beach railway near New Orleans.

William H. Jones, the waiter who ran away with Alice Mason, the young heiress of Sunnyside, has been arrested for abduction.

Several hotels at Emporia, Kan., were raided for selling liquor.

The town of Mora, Minn., is reported to have been destroyed by forest fires.

Congressman Hudson of Kansas has withdrawn from the race for reelection.

The search for the missing Dr. Conklin at Stone Lake, Ind., has been given up.

Ed Shuey of Logansport, Ind., eloped with his sweetheart and took her mother along.

Congressman Hudson of Kansas says the reason why he declines to run again for congress is that attending to his public duties has ruined his private business and is getting him in debt.

S. S. Cartwright, a wealthy bachelor, has mysteriously disappeared from his home in Topeka.

The natives of Zanzibar have revolted against the Germans.

The remains of Rev. C. S. H. Dunn, who died in England, have been brought back to Bloomington, Ill., for burial.

Kansas Free Thinkers adopted resolutions asking President Cleveland to take off his crown, get off the throne, fade off the earth and let the people be free.

It is said Japan has agreed upon $750,000 as the sum sufficient to pay for blowing up the Kow Shung.

Detroit fire board officials have sued Mayor Pingree for an aggregate of $55,000 for false imprisonment.

A SIGNAL VICTORY.

Awful Defeat of the Chinese by Japanese In Corea.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—A dispatch from Ping Yang, Corea, dated yesterday says every hour adds to the crushing character of the Chinese defeat. The total loss of the Chinese during the two days' battle is now said to be over 17,000 men—killed, wounded and prisoners.

The Japanese cavalry is continuing in pursuit of the Chinese who succeeded in escaping, and detachments of troopers continue bringing in squads of captured Chinese.

The Chinese prisoners not wounded were paraded yesterday in a circle of Japanese troops and was seen to number 14,500. It is probable this number will be increased in the next few days by prisoners who are being constantly brought in by Japanese cavalry. Many of the Chinese captured were found hiding in quiet portions of the city.

Besides General Tso Fonk-Wais, commander in chief Manchurin army, who fought desperately to the last, and only surrendered when badly wounded, the Japanese captured four other important commanders of the Chinese forces, namely: General Tso Paok Wei, Gen. Wei Ink Wei, General Nayn Kow Eng and General Kin Lin, practically all the effective Chinese staff.

Chinese prisoners will be sent to Japan in batches of 1000 on board Japanese transports at anchor in Ta Tong river.

SUFFERED FROM A CYCLONE.

Two Towns Almost Wiped Out and Three Persons Killed.

PERRY, O. T., Sept. 18.—A cyclone swooped down on the small towns of Jennings and Mining Sunday night and nearly every house in both towns were blown down.

One young lady and two small children are reported killed and several persons seriously wounded.

At Mining every house in the town was blown to atoms except three, and one large frame building caught fire and a conflagration resulted.

Later news from the cyclone is that it was in the Jennings district of Q county, and the town struck was Mining, which contained abont 60 houses. The report says that every house in Mining was blown away except three. Mining is located 40 miles northeast of here on the line ot the Osage reservation and news is hard to get.

Withdraws From the Order.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 15.—The Goethe lodge, one of the oldest German lodges of the Knights of Pythias in the United States, with but four dissenting votes, withdrew from the order at a meeting Thursday night.

Battle With Moonshiners.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 17.—News has just been received in this city of a battle between moonshiners and revenue officers in Pike county. Deputy T. B. Grissom was instantly killed by a moonshiner named Jim Cook.

Four More Arrests Made.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 17.—Frank H. Berry of Rosemark, Frank Tucker, William G. Thompson and Jim Walker of Kerrville have been jailed under indictment for alleged complicity in the Millington lynching.

Will Be Executed.

CADDO, I. T., Sept. 18.—Jim Allen, a fullblood Choctaw, who was sentenced to be shot by the Pushmatha district court, for murder committed in 1889, will be shot Sept. 24, the supreme court having refused to grant him an appeal.

FALSE DEMOCRACY.

A CANDID REVIEW OF OUR SYSTEM AND ITS WORKINGS.

A Small Minority Through the Power of the Caucus Controls the Great Majority. Some Plain Common Sense For the People of the South and West.

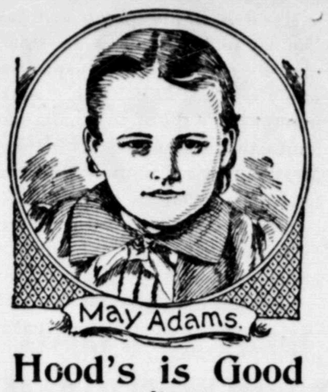
Men contend concerning democracy what it is, what it means. Democracy is government by the people, and it has no other meaning. The will of the people can only express itself through the voice of the majority; hence in the last analysis democracy is government by the majority of the people on a basis of manhood suffrage. It is evident that there does not exist and never existed a pure democracy anywhere in the world. The people can only govern through representatives and agents chosen by them, the greater questions being referred always for decision by popular vote. Our legislators are our representatives and our "trustees and servants," through whom the people are supposed to govern. At its best, government through representatives and magistrates is merely an approximation to democracy. At its worst, as we have it here, it is an irresponsible despotism bottomed on every form of fraud. Representatives misrepresent their constituents; the magistrate lords it over the people; the boss divides the spoils; the people "be damned."

These things are done by and through a party claiming the very name of Democracy. If there ever was a misnomer, it is the name of that party. Representative government necessarily becomes party government, and party government degenerates into the rule of the caucus. A bare majority of the party, itself a bare majority of the people, control legislation, and a minority of about one-fourth of the representatives of the people become the actual lawmaking power. On the other hand, the executive, by allying himself with one-third and one of the members of either branch of the legislature, defies the will of the people with his veto and forbids and prevents the wisest, most wholesome, most necessary legislation. No doubt this grates harshly on the ears of many. Truth is by no means always pleasant to hear. But our "Democratic party," falsely so called, has gone further and done worse than all this. It has suffered a bulldozing minority to dictate its platforms and its candidates, national and state, with the threat of destroying the party unless the majority concedes everything the minority demands. It is certain, all denials to the contrary notwithstanding, that a very great majority of the party and a very great majority of all the people are in favor of the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 and are in favor of the income tax. It is certain that the north Atlantic states furnish a minority of Democratic votes, yet at the demand of that section the president, nominated upon the demand of that section, has vetoed the bill to coin the seigniorage, and we have the spectacle of Senator Hill and Senator Smith laying down the particulars of what the majority of the party must and must not do if they hope to have the Democrats of the north Atlantic states remain in the party. "God save the party," they proclaim, unless the majority accepts the perpetual dictation of the minority.

This is "the best government the world ever saw." This is the leading democracy of the modern world, and this the Democratic party—true Jeffersonian Democrats at that! Let any Democrat outside the north Atlantic states view the situation candidly and dispassionately, "clearing his mind of cant." Let him put together the veto and the senatorial speeches on the income tax, and then let him say whether he intends to accept the dictation of a sectional minority, who tell him plainly that unless the vital interests of the balance of the people are subordinated and sacrificed to the greed of their section they will without a moment's hesitation make a deal to that effect with the Republicans.

Political dishonesty and treachery have characterized the people of that plutocratic section from the foundation of the government. By these very means have they amassed their fabulous wealth. It is nothing more than right, as it is the part of the plainest common sense, for the Democrats of the west and south to take these people at their word and forestall their threats by uniting with the Populists and with all good citizens to beat the threatened combination between the mock Democrats and Republicans of the plutocratic states of the north Atlantic division and make them subordinate their greed to the interests of all the people, to silence their presumptuous arrogance and to set at naught their selfish and grasping demands. Let all good citizens everywhere unite upon a platform of the fundamental principles of Thomas Jefferson's own political creed, with the avowed purpose and invincible determination to bring back the great republic to its original purity and simplicity as it was under the leadership of Mr. Jefferson. Stop abusing one another. Stop fighting one another. Get yourselves together in defense of all the rights of all the people and of the true Jeffersonian doctrine of the perfect equality of men before the law.

When such a movement takes practical shape, it will be found that immense accessions will be gained from the ranks of the great middle classes of the common people and the sturdy and stalwart yeomanry of the plutocratic states, even in such states as New York and Massachusetts themselves. Come, therefore, true men of the west and south, without regard to race, color or previous condition of political servitude. Stand together as one man to set in motion this mighty, peaceful revolution which shall restore this great republic to its original purity and more than its pristine glory.—National Watchman.



Hood's is Good It Makes Pure Blood

Scrofula Thoroughly Eradicated.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"It is with pleasure that I give you the details of our little May's sickness and her return to health by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was taken down with

Fever and a Bad Cough.

Following this a sore came on her right side between the two lower ribs. In a short time another broke on the left side. She would take spells of sore mouth and when we had succeeded in overcoming this she would suffer with attacks of high fever and expel bloody looking corruption. Her head was affected and matter oozed from her ears. After each attack she became worse and all treatment failed to give her relief until we began to use Hood's Sarsaparilla. After she had taken one-half bottle we could see that she was better. We continued until she had taken three bottles. Now she looks like

The Bloom of Health

and is fat as a pig. We feel grateful, and cannot say too much in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. A. M. ADAMS, Inman, Tennessee.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

TO BE A BRAKEMAN.

I want to be a brakeman,
Boggone!
Legs hangin over the edge of a flat car,
Train go a 'bout twenty-five mile'n hour,
Lickin the dog fennel along the track—
That's what a brakeman does.

I want to be a brakeman,
I jing!
Makin the boys git off the platform,
Cussin the drayman if the skids is lost.
Hollers, "Back 'er a length," and the engineer has to—
That's a brakeman for ye!

No conductor for me, just a brakeman,
By hen!
Can make a coupelin on dead run.
Has spring bottom pants 'n braid on his clothes,
Carries a lantern at night 'n cap over his ear—
That's a brakeman, I'll tell ye!

I want to be a brakeman,
Goeminently!
Stand in with the agents and op'rators,
Gits to Peru every night 'n sees the show,
Knows the number of the trains, chaws terbacker—
He's a regular one, you bet!

'N I want to be head brakeman,
Gollee!
Twistin 'er hard, smoke rolling round ye,
Country people stoppin work to look,
Girls wavin at ye all the way to Peru.
I'll be one, too, some day.
—Chicago Record.

Right Doing.

Right doing is a very simple thing, but right doing is not always an easy thing. A straight line is the shortest line possible between any two given points, yet as a practical matter it would be easier to draw a dozen crooked lines than one straight one in offhand drawing. All of us can see the way of right living, but who of us can walk in that way without wavering?

A venerable Chinaman of Amoy has been engaged for 32 years in fashioning in miniature an elaborate pagoda of ivory and stone. It contains upward of 35,000 pieces, and when completed, which will be in about five years, will be sold for $300.

General George Oates was elected the commander in chief of the National Union Veterans' union.

Oscar Purgahn shot John Irby dead near Louisiana, Mo. Purgahn says that Irby assaulted his wife.

Li Hung Chang's army, 50,000 strong, is said to be marching on Major General Oshima's army in Corea.

Hon. Charles Denby of Evansville, Ind., has left for Pekin to resume his duties as minister to China.

Governor Altgeld will preside at a meeting at Springfield Sept. 6, to be addressed by Franklin McVeigh.

Judicious Advertising.

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Has enlarged many an old business,
Has revived many a dull business,
Has rescued many a lost business,
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Has preserved many a large business

And Secures Success In Any Business

Get Space in the DUBLIN PROGRESS.—Leads all in Point of Circulation. Fact!

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"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest relief to suffering child-bearing woman. I have been a midwife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" had been used it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone. MRS. M. M. BRUSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

I can tell all expectant mothers if they will use a few bottles of **Mother's Friend** they will go through the ordeal without any pain and suffering. MRS. MAY BRANHAM, Argusville, N. D.

Used Mother's Friend before birth of my eighth child. Will never cease its praise. MRS. J. P. MOORE, Colusa, Cal.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sold by all Druggists. ATLANTA, GA.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

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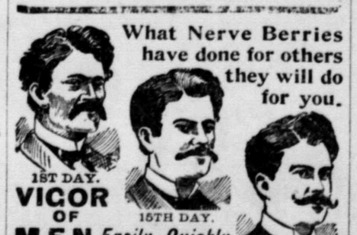
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VIGOR OF MEN *Easily, Quickly and Permanently Restored.*

A positive cure for all Weaknesses, Nervousness, Debility, and all their train of evils resulting from early errors and later excesses; the result of **overwork, sickness, worry,** etc. Develops and gives **tone** and **strength** to the **sexual organs. Stops unnatural losses or nightly emissions** caused by **youthful errors** or excessive use of **tobacco, opium** and **liquor,** which lead to **consumption** and **insanity.** Their use shows immediate improvement. Accept no imitation. Insist upon having the genuine **Nerve Berries,** no other. Convenient to carry in vest pocket. Price, $1.00 per box, six boxes, one full treatment, $5.00. **Guaranteed to cure any case.** If not kept by your druggist we will send them by mail, upon receipt of price, in plain wrapper. Pamphlet free. Address all mail orders to **AMERICAN MEDICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.**

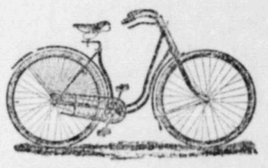
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THE

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Is represented in Erath and Comanche Counties by

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Who has written in less than one week $29,000 insurance. This Company issues a policy styled the

NEW ACCUMULATION POLICY,

Without imposing a multitude of restrictions and conditions upon the policy holder — which in fact only seems to delay the payment of claims.

Populist District Convention.

The district convention of the peoples party of the 29th Judicial district, composed of the counties of Erath, Hood, Somerville, Hamilton, Coryell and Palo Pinto, met yesterday in this city at 2 p. m., as per call of president Jno. C. Main of Hamilton. Counties were represented as follows: Hamilton, Jno. C. Main, Capt. Jno. D. Hunt; Coryell, G. A. Crawford; Erath, J. A. Adams, Willard Chamberlain, H. D. Rogers, W. W. Moores; Hood, J. T. Petty; Somerville, A. L. Sadler; Palo Pinto, W. W. Moores, proxy.

The basis of representation as reported by the committee on credentials was one vote for every one hundred votes cast for Hon. T. L. Nugent in 1892, entitling the convention to 57 votes apportioned as follows; Coryell 12, Erath 20, Somerville 3, Hood 6, Palo Pinto 7, Hamilton 9. Permanent organization was effected with W. W. Moores chairman, and J. W. Jarrott secretary, both of Stephenville, this county. The county chairmen of the district were appointed an executive committee.

The report as given below was adopted unanimously, except article 4, which is a minority report, was adopted by a vote of 49½ to 7½, Hamilton county casting 4½ and Somerville 3 votes against the minority report. A heated discussion was participated in by all the delegates as to the advisability of nominating a candidate for district attorney. It was finally thought best not to do so this late in the canvass, but at the same time not to endorse either of the democratic candidates now before the people.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, 1st. That we declare our allegiance to the principles of the populist party as enunciated by the Omaha platform and by the State platform adopted at Waco, July 20th, 1894.

2d. That we denounce the plea of the so-called democratic party for free popular government against centralization and for local self government, while the greatest functions of government are being centralized in the hands of corporations, which in turn are robbing the citizens of this country of their dearest interests—creating on the one hand a band of slaves and on the other a band of aristocrats.

3d. That the policy of said democratic party has been formulated in the interests of enemies to republican institutions.

4th. That this convention make no nomination for the office of District Attorney.

5th. That we are opposed to fusion with any other political organization for the purpose of furthering the interests of any candidate for office.

County Court Proceedings.

R. M. Edwards, carrying pistol; verdict not guilty.

J. R. Lynn, aggravated assault; verdict not guilty.

Dr. J. M. Hart, unlawfully giving prescription; continued.

J. E. McCarty, selling liquor in violation of local option law; continued.

The criminal docket has been completed, and the court is on civil cases.

The county treasurer tells us that the school apportionment for the present term amounts to only $3.50 per capita or enough to pay for about three and one-half months free school. Besides this the State of Texas owes Erath County $7,000 on last year's school apportionment, which is due the teachers of Erath County. This is democratic economy with a vengance, notwithstanding our constitution says the administration shall not fail to provide for a good and efficient system of public schools for at least six months in each year.

Mr. Bell utterly failed to enthuse his audience Monday night with his democratic sophistries. During his entire speech of two hours, he was applauded just twice. This is a significant fact and shows conclusively that the democrats of Erath county have learned that C. K. Bell upon the stump seeking their votes, and C. K. Bell in Congress, giving his influence, and support to monopolistic measures, are two separate and distinct persons.

Tell your neighbor about the ten-cent offer of THE PROGRESS.

Mr. Bell, in his speech here last Monday night, made a statement that the editor of this paper was solely responsible for the mistake in publishing the appointments for joint debates in this county between Mr. Jenkins and himself, and that we had received no such information from any democratic source. In reply to this we simply give the name of Col. A. C. King, of this city, as our authority for the publication, and we learn since that he got it from Collin George, who is the democratic nominee for the legislature from this county; Mr. King having been his opponent for the nomination. We are well satisfied that so far as Mr. King is concerned he gave us the information in good faith, but there is a bug under the chip somewhere.

President Cleveland tries to shirk the responsibility of the "Tariff Reform" bill just passed by both houses of congress and has now become a law. He allows it to become a law without his signature, though writes a letter in which he claims that he does not try to throw the responsibility of the bill from the shoulders of the democrats, but simply refuses his signature to show that it is not satisfactory. We shall see what we shall see.

In order to perfect arrangements for a vigorous campaign, H. S. P. Ashby, Chairman State Executive Committee, post-office, Ft. Worth, Texas, requests the name and p. o. address of every club and precinct chairman, also the senatorial, flotorial and judicial chairmen. This is an important matter and we trust will not be neglected.

Send us in a club of ten cent subscribers to THE PROGRESS.

Rebukes In Court.

Gambetta, prior to the overthrow of the empire, was in the act of addressing the court in behalf of a prisoner when suddenly he perceived that the presiding judge was visibly dozing. He paused for a minute, and then, bringing down his fist with a terrible thump on the desk in front of him, he shouted in his most resonant and clarionlike voice, "As I was saying before the awakening of the court!"

This apostrophe was immediately punished by the indignant judge suspending the young lawyer from practicing his profession for a period of two months. Less energetic but equally effective was Maitre Rousse, who, having likewise observed that the presiding magistrate was indulging in a nap, suddenly stopped talking. The prolonged silence, which lasted for four minutes, had the effect of wakening the judge, and as soon as he opened his eyes Maitre Rousse made a profound bow and resumed his speech as follows: "As I was saying, messieurs de la cour, at your last audience," laying special stress on the word "last."

The reproof was so delicate that everybody smiled, including the judge. —Bow Bells.

Incongruous.

A clerical correspondent of one of the church papers relates that a certain prelate had great difficulty in suppressing his laughter at the consecration of a church the other day owing to the device on one of the school banners which was carried in the procession before the service. 'This banner was adorned with a very fierce looking lion, with terrible claws and teeth, while underneath him was the legend, "Suffer little childre to come unto me."—London Truth.

TOPPLED OVER A CLIFF.

The Hairbreadth Escape From Death of an English Tourist In Ireland.

H. J. Staff, a Liverpool clerk on a touring trip in Ireland, had a remarkable escape from death at Howth. One evening he descended by the grassy slopes which lie some distance downward from the top of the cliffs for the purpose of gathering wild flowers. He was thus engaged at a point between the Nose of Howth and the Bailey lighthouse, when he accidentally missed his footing and went toppling downward. This occurred at about 5:45 o'clock, and when he awoke to consciousness about 9 o'clock, three hours afterward, Mr. Staff found himself resting on a platform about a foot wide, lying between two ledges of rock, and on which some stones and herbage had accumulated. The intervening three hours were passed in merciful oblivion.

His position was one calculated to make the stoutest heart quail. Above him the cliffs towered to a height of 200 feet, while the waves played 100 feet beneath him. Here he was, suspended between heaven and earth, with only an insecure resting place intervening between him and almost certain death. He called for assistance, but in vain. As the night wore on he still continued to call at intervals, but still no answer came.

Morning at length broke, and with it came rescue. About 7 o'clock John Leyland and Andrew Moore, two fishermen, were engaged in hauling lobster pots, when the cries from the cliff reached them. They saw the awful position of the man on his perilous perch. They rowed the boat to a point beneath him, and Leyland attempted to climb to his assistance, but in vain. Moore advised him to return to the boat, and he did so, and both men rowed to Howth for assistance. The knowledge of the coming help inspired the poor fellow with renewed courage.

The fishermen, on arriving at Howth, acquainted the police with the state of affairs, and ultimately, after further exciting scenes, a rescue party of coast guardsmen succeeded in removing the unfortunate man from his perilous position. No sooner had they done so than the platform of rock came crashing to the foot of the cliff.—Westminster Gazette.

Deaths From Drowning.

A boy in Long Island sound, who had been under the water for 15 or 20 minutes, and who was given up for dead by the majority of the spectators, was brought back to life after two hours of continued friction, the application of hot towels and the modern system of compressing and expending the lungs by raising and lowering the arms of the patient. This was accomplished by a physician who had made a study of the matter by reviving people who have apparently died in the water, and he was exceedingly persistent and tireless in his efforts to restore breath to the boy's body.

Toward the end of his exertions he was looked upon as a fanatic upon the subject, and all but one of the people who had so willingly helped him at the outset shook their heads and retired from the work. But the physician and the old woman kept at work until the boy breathed faintly and was finally fully restored to life. Then the doctor tumbled over and fainted from his excessive exertions. There would seem to be reason to believe that a very large proportion of the people who are given up as dead when taken from the water might be saved if there were a few men of heroism and stamina in the crowd to keep at the work of resuscitation.—New York Sun.

Roger Williams and the Bay Colony.

Mr. Edmund J. Carpenter has come bravely to the defense of the men of Massachusetts Bay in the matter of the expulsson of Roger Williams. In a remarkably scholarly paper, read before the Historic-Genealogical society he showed pretty clearly that the colony had to repudiate Williams and his ideas as a matter of reasonable public policy, and that this repudiation did not extend to his ideas of religious or civil liberty. This does not detract from the reverence due to Roger Williams for his work for liberty of belief and of government, but it goes to relieve the Massachusetts of those days from some aspersions. It is not so long ago that a Fourth of July orator here in Boston spoke of the "burning" of witches in Massachusetts. A judicious correction of popular ideas of history is greatly desirable.—Boston Commonwealth.

Was a Collector Himself.

Saint-Saens, while walking along one of the boulevards one afternoon, encountered a very miserable beggar, to whom he gave 2 sous and passed on. A wealthy Parisian hastened up to the beggar and said, "Here, my man, I'll give you 5 francs for those 2 sous that gentleman just dropped in your hat." "What's that for?" asked the astonished beggar. "I want them for my collection. The man who gave them to you is Saint-Saens, the poet." "What—him?" asked the beggar, pointing toward the fast retreating figure of the donor. "Yes. That's Saint-Saens." "That being the case," returned the beggar, "I think I'll keep the coins. I'm a collector myself."—Exchange.

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Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Carried off

HIGHEST HONORS

. at the .

World's Columbian Exposition,

Chicago,

1893.

EDUCATION IN CHINA.

How Knowledge Is Prized and Acquired In the Flowery Kingdom.

In no country is education more highly esteemed than in China. The child of the working man, as a rule, cannot hope to get more than a mere smattering. But scattered through the country are numberless families the members of which for generation after generation are always students, and from whom, as a rule, the officials come. They have no knowledge of any business or trade. They correspond very closely to what are, or used to be, called gentlemen in England and preserve their position with great tenacity, even when hard pressed by poverty.

Rich parvenues as a matter of course engage tutors for their children, and in the humblest ranks of life occasionally parents will stint themselves to give an opportunity to some son who has shown marked intelligence at the village school. But neither of these classes compete on an equality with those to whom learning is a hereditary profession. The cultivation and intellectual discipline prevailing in such families give their members a marked advantage over those who get no help of the kind at home, and who must, therefore, depend entirely on what they learn from their paid teachers.

The orthodox scheme of education is entirely concerned with the ancient literature of China. The original works which occupy the student's attention were for the most part written before the literature of either Greece or Rome had reached its prime. But there are commentators belonging to later periods who must also be perused with diligence. China has not seen an influx of new races such as have overrun Europe since the days of our classical authors, but still from mere lapse of time the language of the country has greatly changed, and the child beginning his studies cannot without explanation understand a single sentence, even if he has learned to read the words of the lesson which he has before him. The student makes himself acquainted as thoroughly as possible with these classical works. The more he can quote of them the better, but he must master the matter contained in them as well.

He must get to know the different readings and different interpretations of disputed passages, and finally he practices himself in prose and verse composition. In prose he carefully preserves the ancient phraseology, never admitting modern words, though there are certain technicalities of style which will prevent his productions from being an exact imitation of the ancient literature. His verses must be in close imitation of the old time poets. They must follow elaborate rules as to rhythm, and the words must rhyme according to the classical sounds, which are very different from those of today. —Nineteenth Century.

Unreliable.

"I should like to be excused, your lordship," said a man who had been summoned on a jury.

"What for?"

"I owe a man £5, and I want to hunt him up and pay it."

"Do you mean to tell this court you would hunt up a man to pay a bill instead of waiting for him to hunt you up?"

"Yes, your lordship."

"You are excused. I don't want any man on the jury who will lie like that."—London Tit-Bits.

Unrehearsed Stage Effect.

Aged and Venerable Retainer—Here, noble sire, is the legacy of your great ancester. This chest has not been opened for a couple of generations!

Don Diego—Open it. (When the lid is raised, a live cat jumps on to the stage.)

Old Servant—Drat those mischievous chorus lads! — Humoristische Blatter.

AMERICAN HOSPITALITY.

Gilbert Parker Tells Englishmen of Our Home and Army Life.

For private hospitality it is the same north, south, east and west—genial, free, eager, ample, modified as to form and manner by class and place, for there are classes in America as defined, if not as broadly defined, as in England. I have lived for days and weeks in all kinds of American homes, and I say unhesitatingly that family affection is the deepest, best and most noticeable thing in all that big land. Nine-tenths of the professional men of the country have come from simple homes, where interests are equal and common—equal and common because, no matter how rich the father and mother, the children have, as a rule, no fortune till the death of the parents, and nothing then by right, but only by the good will of the giver. How the American mother hates sending her boy away to school!

I remember talking to one of the most fashionable and beautiful women in New York about her son, and with tears in her eyes she feared for his morals and his habits, for the loss of his deep affection for her and for his sister. She was probably wrong, would probably, if left alone, permit the boy to become effeminate, but it was an instance of the sweet friendliness and love to be found in American home life. The dinner table of an American family is, as a rule, very informal. It has seldom more than two courses. Wine is seldom seen save in the larger cities, and then only among the wealthier classes.

The most delightful hospitality in the United States is to be found at the military posts. Here you have the sublimation of simple manners, cordiality and dignified enjoyment. In 1885 and 1886 I staid for some time at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and at the presidio at San Francisco, and I had this year a hearty invitation from Old Point Comfort and Fort Sully, S. D., and twice I have been to West Point. No matter what an officer of the American army may be worth privately, at the military posts he lives without ostentation—indeed as simply as all his brother officers—as even as a sub-lieutenant might. They have their little tea parties, their germans and phantom dances in the post ballroom, and they grow to be as like each other as the officers and their families of a French garrison, where each man's income is known and the cost of hospitality is borne by the mess, for which the government provides.

Here, I repeat, at these military posts is all that is finest, prettiest, most commendable in social life in America. And my cynical brother Britisher, who joys in putting spokes in the American wheel, as it were, would do well not to mistake what he sees in big hotels as he travels for American life and people—not any more than he would mistake Harpenden races for Sandown.—St. James Gazette.

Yellow Fever.

There is a marked peculiarity about yellow fever which distinguishes it from most epidemics. It is essentially a disease of a hot climate, and it takes a certain amount and duration of heat to awaken it to life. It is said that it can never prevail where Indian corn will not ripen.

CHANCE AND CHANGE.

"There was a rose by your gate last year,
Good neighbor, tell me now," he said,
"Have the frosts of the winter left it seed
Or blooms it yet in your garden bed?"
"Two for one
Have the red buds blown,
Two for one that there used to be!
For there's many a day
'Twixt May and May,
And many a change in a year!" said she.

"And there was a girl 'neath your roof last year,
Good neighbor, tell me now," he said.
"Does her foot fall light in the cottage near,
Or is she wooed and is she wed?"
She lies apart
With a pulseless heart,
A broken heart, 'neath the red rose tree!
For there's many a day
'Twixt May and May,
And many a change in a year!" said she.
—Kate P. Osgood in Good Housekeeping.

WAIT UNTIL I ARRIVE! Car Load en route.

—THE—

FINEST FINISH,

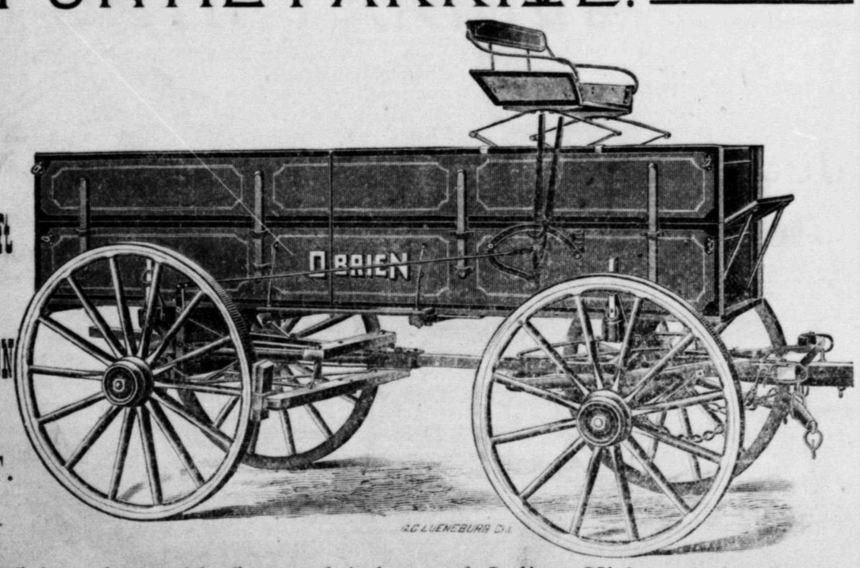
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—AND—

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