THE DAILY LIVE STOCK REPORTER'S MARKET REPORTS ARE OFFICIAL, ACCURATE AND RELIABLE. SUBSCRIBE FOR IT AND KEEP UP WITH THE MARKET.

The Fort Worth Daily Live Stock Reporter.

VOL. VIII. NORTH FORT WORTH, TEXAS, THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1904. NO. 124

LIVESTOCK MARKET

ONLY A LIGHT RUN ON THE CATTLE MARKET.

Choice Heavy Steers and Butcher Cows Went at a Slight Advance—Later Inferior Stuff was Weaker—Fancy Veal Calves 25 Higher—Bulls Active.

BUT FEW HOGS ON THE MARKET TODAY.

Good Demand Made the Market Strong to 5 Higher—Top $4.47½, and Bulk at Same Price.

YEARLING SHEEP STRONG AND SELL WELL.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Today	1,100	400	700
Last month	4,687	1,880	105
Same day 1903	3,371	161	8

Official Receipts Yesterday.

Cattle	3,353
Hogs	1,318
Sheep	299

Range of Selling Prices Today.

CATTLE—Steers, top $4.10, bulk $3.40@3.90. Cows, top $2.80, bulk $2.00@2.50.

HOGS—Top $4.47½, bulk $4.40@4.47½.

SHEEP—Top yearlings $4.75.

THE CATTLE TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Steers—Good to strict choice	$3 60@4 10
Medium fed	3 00@3 60
Stockers and feeders	2 50@3 25
Yearlings	1 25@2 50
Cows—Choice heavy fed	2 50@3 25
Medium butcher	2 00@2 50
Cutters	1 50@2 00
Canners	1 00@1 65
Bulls, stags and oxen	1 50@3 25
Calves—Good to fancy veals	2 75@4 00
Common to fair	1 00@2 50

The light supply of cattle and strong demand was enough to create a stronger market today.

At the opening only about 29 cars were in, and with few reported the drive-ins made total receipts figure close around 1,000, against 2,524 for last Thursday, 4,687 for the same Thursday in April, and 3,371 for the corresponding day one year ago.

BEEF STEERS.

The small supply of steers today was of fairly good quality of from medium to well finished grades.

There was a remarkably good demand for steers and the choice heavy cattle gained an advance of about 10c compared with yesterday. There was also a stronger feeling in the trade for medium steers and all offerings were cleaned up early.

A few head of fancy heavy cattle averaging 1,270 lbs., topped the market at $4.10, with three loads of 1087-pound cattle at $3.90, the bulk of sales, however, landed at a range of from $3.00@3.50.

Representative sales:

No.	Ave.	Price
4	1272	4 10
1	1220	4 00
40	1116	4 00
24	1080	3 90
20	1080	3 90
21	1096	3 90
24	1053	3 70
10	1056	3 50
25	951	3 40
25	891	3 40
1	1060	3 25
8	901	3 25
2	950	3 25
10	858	3 25
28	899	3 15
8	696	2 50
1	620	2 00
3	473	1 75

BUTCHER STOCK.

During the early hours of the morning there was a liberal buying of butcher cows and heifers at prices that were fully strong to 10c higher. After the best of the supply was cleaned up the market slowed down and selling of the common cows ruled no better than steady with yesterday.

Good to choice heavy fed cows and heifers are quoted from $2.50@3.25, medium butchers $2.00@2.50, cutters $1.50@2.00, and canners $1.00@1.65.

The market for bulls was active and steady with no change noted in quotations from yesterday.

Packers were in the trade for fat bulls with the common to thin grodes going mostly among speculators.

Bulls, stags and oxen are quoted at a range of from $1.50@3.25.

No.		
Cows.		
9	593	2 10
1	786	2 00
9	1060	2 00
2	676	2 00
2	680	2 00
7	715	2 00
11	761	2 00
2	678	2 00
1	650	2 00
1	860	1 85
6	800	1 85
4	826	1 85
22	895	1 75
2	670	1 75
8	860	1 75
6	725	1 65
19	661	1 60
4	595	1 60
1	725	1 50
1	800	1 50
3	586	1 40
1	1310	3 35
2	955	3 00
4	850	2 80
8	837	2 80
13	800	2 75
2	890	2 75
1	1040	2 75
1	1130	2 65
10	928	2 60
1	930	2 50
19	772	2 50
31	716	2 50
2	710	2 50
22	750	2 40
30	723	2 40
14	740	2 30
3	812	2 25
10	675	2 25
19	752	2 25
2	705	2 25
21	742	2 20
10	775	2 10
Heifers.		
1	800	3 00
2	650	2 65
2	675	2 25
1	560	2 00
1	570	1 90
Bulls.		
3	1333	3 00
1	1340	2 50
1	1140	1 50

CALVES.

The market on calves was steady to strong.

Choice vealers were the best sellers, and in some cases 25c higher. A few fancy light calves averaging around 130 pounds sold today at $4.25, medium calves sold about steady at a range of from $2.50@3.00.

Good to choice vealers are quoted from $3.00@4.25, with the common to fair kind from $1.50@3.00.

2	125	4 25
14	173	3 25
2	240	3 25
49	144	3 10
1	240	3 00
45	198	3 00
3	210	2 75
2	260	2 75
1	190	2 75
7	387	2 75
3	180	2 50
1	270	2 50
2	270	2 50
3	356	2 35
1	210	2 25
22	273	2 25
3	193	2 25
12	405	2 25
2	360	2 25
1 yearling	460	2 15
1 yearling	490	2 10
5 yearlings	410	2 10
1	140	2 00
2	200	1 25

THE HOG TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Choice sorted	$4 35@4 55
Mixed packers	4 20@4 35
Lights	4 00@4 20
Pigs	3 50@4 00
Stags and roughs	3 00@4 00

Receipts of hogs today were again light. Hardly enough came in to make a market quotable.

Early receipts were composed of about five cars, two of which were billed through. None were reported, and with the few wagon hogs, total receipts figured about 400, against 532 for last Thursday, 1,880 for the same Thursday in April, and 161 for the corresponding day in May one year ago.

The small supply had fairly good quality and weight.

Buyers were badly in need of hogs. Salesmen were pricing their offerings higher, and buyers not caring to haggle over the small supply, the general trade ruled strong to 5 higher compared with yesterday.

Bunches of hogs averaging 210 to 235 pounds topped the market at $4.47½, with the bulk of sales at a raige of from $4.40@4.47½, and pigs from $3.50@4.10.

Good to choice sorted are quoted from $4.35@4.55, mixed packers $4.20@4.35, light grades $4.00@4.20, pigs $3.50@4.10, and boars, stags and roughs from $3.00@4.00.

Representative sales:

Hogs.

No.	Ave.	Price
3	150	4 35
1	220	4 35
11	176	4 40
2	175	4 40
86	186	4 40
32	227	4 42½
3	307	4 45
29	222	4 47½
12	210	4 47½
21	235	4 47½
1	200	4 47½
84	205	4 47½
89	186	4 47½
Pigs.		
1	100	3 50
6	118	3 90
24	125	4 10

THE SHEEP TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Lambs	3 50@5 00
Wethers	3 50@4 25
Ewes	2 50@3 50
Culls	1 50@2 50

Supplies of sheep and lambs today were close around 700.

There was the usual good outlet for desirable grades and the market ruled steady to strong.

Clipped yearlings averaging 93 lbs. sold at $4.75, with clipped mixed sheep averaging around 72 lbs. at $3.

Representative sales:

No.	Average.	Price.
85 mixed	73	3 00
90 mixed	71	3 00
10 mixed and clipped	73	3 50
15 clipped yearlings	93	4 75
Lambs.		
2 bucks	150	3 25
37	54	5 00

HORSES AND MULES

Horses.

Drafts, good	$140@150
Chunks, good	75@130
Drivers, good to fancy	75 up
Drivers, medium	55@ 75
Southerners, common to fair	35@ 50
Southerners, good to extra	75@100
Plugs	15@ 20
Rangers, plain	10@ 30
Choice range horses	50@ 75

Mules.

13½ to 14 hands, fat	$ 50@ 60
14 to 14½ hands, fat	75@ 85
14½ to 15 hands, fat	90@120
15 to 15½ hands, fat	125@140
15½ to 16 hands, fat with quality	145@160
16 to 16½ hands, extra, 1,200 to 1,500	165@175

RECEIPTS AT THE YARDS TODAY.

Cattle.

North & B., Cuero	50
C. Kleinicke, Cuero	75
Allen & Wallis, Cooledge	24
S. F. Bennett, Weaver	30
J. E. Langford, Commerce	38
B. & K., Stamford	40
B. & B., Waxahachie	30
E. & M., Dallas	28
W. F. Bowman, Penople	26
N. & T., Eddy	27
W. H. Freeman, Burlington	33
Marr & Williams, Durant	28
Chas. Baccus, Bowie	31
Morgan & Smith, Bowie	38
J. F. Curry, Waurika, I. T.	34
Arnot & West, Brownwood	29
J. A. Glass, Brownwood	42
McCawyer, Placid	41
M. L. Robinson, Placid	65
W. F. Hudson, Hico	37
W. A. Shirley, Granbury	47
H. O. Starks, Cresson	42
Scott & Wooten, Alfred	66
Robt. Thomson, Eagle Pass	68
Fronish Bros., Spofford	30
Hogs.	
J. W. Lillard, Decatur	56
Morgan, Midlothian	62
W. B. Gilbert, Enid	174
H. Jackson, Boyd	86
Sheep.	
V. E. S., Spofford (goats)	242
Warren & Renfro, Monterey	430

BUYERS ON YESTERDAY'S MARKET

Cattle.

Swift & Co.	645
Armour & Co.	488
Saunders	88
Chesser	22
Williams	20
Oaks	21
Wigglesworth	31
Others	52
Calves.	
Swift & Co.	46
Armour & Co.	40
Hogs.	
Armour & Co.	732
Swift & Co.	685
Sheep.	
Swift & Co.	252
Armour & Co.	44

ABOUT THE STOCK YARDS TODAY.

W. Q. Bowman, from Penelope sold 25 steers of 891 pounds at $3.40.

Allen & Wallace from Cooledge sold 24 steers of 1054 pounds at $3.70.

W. Taft from McLennan county sold 25 steers of 951 pounds at $3.40.

W. A. Shirley from Hood county sold 11 cows and heifers, 678 lbs., at $2.

Mr. Falk drove in 15 yearling sheep of 92 pounds average that sold at $4.75.

W. F. Hudson from Hamilton county sold 19 cows, averaging 752, at $2.25.

John Glass from Brown county sold 21 cows of 742 pounds average at $2.20.

North & Buehrig from DeWitt county sold 124 steers, average 977 pounds, at $3.30.

Morgan & Erwin from Ellis county sold 62 hogs of 208 pounds average at $4.47½.

H. Jackson had in 86 hogs, from Wise county, averaging 186 pounds, that sold at $4.40.

Scott & Wooten had in 65 steers from Nueces county, averaging 1087 pounds, that sold at $3.90.

Wm. Stark was on the market with 41 steers from Cresson, Johnson county, that sold at $4. Forty head averaged 1116 pounds, and 1 weighed 1270. They had been fed since last fall on cake on grass. Mr. Stark was satisfied with his sale.

T. W. Ardoin, representing Ardoin & Robinson, El Paso butchers, was on the market today for cattle. He bought a load of steers at Baird yesterday. Cattle in the country around El Paso are mighty thin, Mr. Ardoin says, on account of the drouth and lack of grass. "These packing houses are the biggest things in the South. It opens one's eyes to go through them," was his comment.

Two loads of hogs, that were consigned through from Enid, O. T., to Houston, were sold on this market today. The shipper, on reaching Fort Worth, found the market here satisfactory, and a bid of $4.47½ caught both loads. This bid was made on the basis of Kansas City's top, and was out of line with the market. The hogs showed a heavy shrink, 600 pounds, when it should not have been over 300.

More rain is reported along the line of the Fort Worth & Denver railroad in the Panhandle, from Quanah to Dalhart, from half an inch to three-quarters. These rains are light, but coming after the rains of last week and the week before, they do a great deal of good.

IMMIGRATION TO TEXAS.

Reasons Why We Are Not Getting Our Share of It.

Much has been said on the subject of why Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Arkansas get so much more of the immigration to the Southwest than Texas.

This is due to three causes: First, the Texas real estate man is too much like a prairie dog—stays too near home, while the other fellows are going out like the missionaries of old, seeking the prospective immigrant in his native land. You can find twenty men from other sections of the Southwest in the territory east of the Mississippi, to one from Texas.

Second, the other fellows spend money and lots of it in advertising their lands, and spend it, too, in publications having a wide circulation in the sections from which the immigration is moving. As a rule we are not very well posted on the uses or abuses of advertising. Most any fakir can come into one of our towns and sell a page ad for $10, in a publication a copy of which is never seen beyond the confines of his own town; but the same advertiser would consider it a ruthless waste of money to pay $10 for an ad of a few inches in a publication circulating in the home-seekers' territory.

Third, a number of immigrants are lost to Texas for the reason that a great majority of the people coming west are from states where land rules in price from $50 to $150 per acre, and as home-seekers' tickets permit stop-overs only on the going trip, they stop before getting to Texas, and finding lands at less than half the price they are at home, will not consider that the same lands are a great deal cheaper in Texas, but stop for good, considering a "bird in hand worth two in the bush."

The facts are that of all the vast immigration which has been moving west the past year, this state has not got its share, and what it has got is due to the efforts of the railroads, the Texas people themselves having done little or nothing. The immigration movement, however, is not over by any means, and we can yet do a great deal to increase the volume of our immigration tide during 1904.—Exchange.

STAY WITH THE HOG.

Stay with the hog and he will stay with you. The packers have made a hard fight to force the price down, but hogs are a safe market for corn. It is generally agreed that a bushel of corn will make ten pounds of pork. Corn is selling at forty cents per bushel and hogs at four cents per pound. We can market our corn this way at a profit, not saying anything about the droppings, which have no equal to enrice the soil. I have seen land built up until it produces as much again, writes M. Blue in "National Stockman." This can be done in a very short time. In talking with a dairyman I asked him why he did not sell all of his milk instead ofmaking butter. He said: "If I would do this I would soon run down my farm, but if I make it into butter and feed the skim milk to hogs I can improve the fertility of my soil." It can readily be seen that we should not only stay with the hogs to make market price out of corn, but to improve the fertility of the land. It takes no more farming to raise a hill of corn on good land than it does on poor. Why not try to build up our land to a more productive state by feeding our crops at home? The hog will give no more pounds for the amount of feed consumed than will any other animal.

We should have some of the improved breeds to get the best results, for there has been as much improvement in the hog as there has been in any other farm machinery. Who would think of trying to harvest with a sickle or a cradle? The hog is nothing more than a machine to prepare the crops of the field for table use, and a well improved machine will make more pounds of pork from the same feed. Every farm should have a few hogs. Some men say: "I have not the time to care for hogs, I believe it is cheaper to buy my hogs for meat." The result is there is enough goes to waste on these farms to raise their own meat and pay the tax. We have in our neighborhood a farmer that has been buying a farm almost every year. I am told he was a very poor man when he made his start in life. He lived on a farm whose owner raised mules. This man had no hogs and he told him to buy some hogs and they could have the corn that the mules did not clean up. The mules were fed shock corn, and, of course, there would be lots of corn left on the ground that would have been wasted had it not been for the hogs. The result was the man with hogs got rich, while the man who raised the mules broke up. These are a few reasons, while pages could be written, why we should stay with the hog.

GREER COUNTY CAVES.

Many Have Not Been Explored—Names of Bandits Cut in Rock.

One of the Oklahoma freaks of nature are the caves in the Gyp Hills in Greer county. These are scattered all over these hills and many of them run so far back that, so far as known, no one has ever had the temerity to thoroughly explore them. They are hollowed out of the face of solid rock and some of them are composed of sets of chambers with high, vaulted ceilings sloping down to a narrow entrance into the next chamber. Through most of them streams of living water flow, which start from fissures in the rock. These springs never run dry, even in the most drouthy season, and the water from them is always clear and cold.

Of all the caves in these hills the Black Bat cave, near Francis, and the Jester cave, near Jester, are the most renowned. Both of these are very large and plentifully supplied with water. The Jester cave is named for D. C. Jester, on whose place it is located. This is one of the largest ones which has never been explored. Several hundred yards from the entrance is a pool of deep, forbidding looking water which deters many from going further. Those who have crossed this say these pools recur at frequent intervals further back in the cave and the only party which ever made t systematic effort to explore the giant fissure was compelled to turn back because of the failure of torches.

Beyond the second pool, it is declared, the names "Jesse James" and "Frank James" are inscribed in the soft rock and it is the general impression in that neighborhood that this cave was at one time the rendezvous for these bandits and their band. It is also believed that the Daltons and other outlaws of early Oklahoma made these caves a hiding place when pursued by officers.—Kansas City Journal.

A WORD FOR TEXAS SCHOOLS.

Texas Children Can Get Their Best Training at Home.

This is the season when schools are closing for summer vacation. Soon they will be sending out their announcements for the coming year, and the parents of boys and girls will begin to compare the relative merits of this and that school, preparatory to making up their minds in selecting that which appears best.

Texas is full of good schools. It is so full that no Texas parent has a reasonable excuse for sending to schools in other states. Some of the higher schools in Texas have a standing among educators equal to that of the famous old institutions of the Eastern states, that have the ripeness of great age to give them dignity. As long as we can get what we want at home, it is improvidence to send out of the state for it.

The boys and girls now living in Texas will probably spend their lives in this state, and they should as early as possible become identified with the life and the thought of the state. The environment of early training has much to do with success in life. Young people sent to Eastern schools, growing up in the air of Eastern towns and breathing the thought of their associations, acquire feelings that unfit them for life at home. They return to Texas, foreign in thought with their kin, strangers in the land of their birth. Instead of being prepared for life, they have been unprepared by their schooling.

A few years ago, Senator Bailey took away two sons from a school at Washington, D. C., where he was living, and sent them to the University of Texas. He gave as his reason that he wanted them to grow up Texans, as they would probably pass their lives in that state.

In the case of young men who have political ambitions (and what American boy is there who has not resolved in his heart that he will be president?) it is of the greatest importance that he should have his schooling at home. Not only is he kept in touch with local thought and sympathy, but he forms acquaintances and makes attachments with other college boys, whose support is often the means of putting him in a coveted position. A hundred loyal college friends, scattered throughout the state, working for a candidate for an office, gives an advantage to the home-taught man that will make him winner in a contest with another of equal merit, but lacking these workers because he was sent to a college in the East.

Let us stand by our home schools. They help us, and we can help them.

BOLL-WEEVIL REWARD.

Competitors Will Have an Opportunity to Show What They Can Do.

Austin, May 21.—Jefferson Johnson, chairman of the state boll weevil reward commission, says that the prospects are favorable for a good attendance at the demonstration meeting of the commission, to be held at Floresville June 1. There are a large number of persons who are anxious to show the commission the merits of their remedies or devices for killing the boll weevil, and signified their intention of being on hand.

Chairman Johnson expressed himself today as hopeful that it would be shown at the Floresville meeting that considerable progress has been made in the search for a practical method for the eradication of the pests. He has been advised that several mechanical devices have been invented since the last demonstrations were made before the commission, and these will be shown at Floresville. One of these devices is said to work successfully. It destroys the insects by forcing them from the plant into the flame which the machine throws into the center of the row. The plant is protected from the heat of the fire.

SAILING HANDCAR 40 MILES HOUR.

Not all the railway companies in Brazil are in a very flourishing condition, and the supervising engineer of one of them finds that he can not be supplied with a locomotive and train when he wishes to take a journey of inspection; he has to content himself with an ordinary hand car. Of course, his rate of progression on this sort of vehicle at the best of times was very slow and the working of it laborious, so he has transformed the car into a boat on wheels. He has rigged up sails, also provided the car with a seat, and as breezes are generally plentiful the engineer covers the ground at a good speed, sometimes attaining forty mile an hour. It is very seldom that he has to haul down the sails and propel the car by hand.—Pearson's.

GENERAL NOTES.

The Mexican war veterans in session at Fort Worth, adjourned to meet in Dallas next year.

John Blocker of San Antonio has bought from Jim Clamp of Brackettville 500 3 and 4-year-old steers for $9,000.

R. N. Graham returned yesterday from a business trip to Amarillo. He reports very good rains throughout that country, and 1 and 2-year-old steers in demand at conservative prices. While there he sold 5,000 "Long S" 2-year-old steers to I. M. Humphreys of South Dakota, for June 10th delivery.

The steamship Ellida, which sailed from Galveston for Nuevitas, Cuba, Monday, had a large cargo of live stock, the greater part of which was blooded cattle of the leading breeds raised in America. In the cargo were 120 full-blooded Hereford cows, forty-one Hereford calves and a number of bulls. There were also a number of full-blooded Jerseys, Shorthorns, Holsteins and Bremmer cattle, besides many head of range cattle.

DAILY WEATHER FORECAST.

Weather Bureau, Fort Worth, May 26.—Local weather forecast: Tonight and Friday, generally fair; cooler.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKET REPORTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	7,000	25,000	10,000
Kansas City	2,000	8,000	2,000
St. Louis	2,000	6,000	4,000
	11,000	39,000	16,000

Chicago.

Special to The Reporter.

Union Stock Yards, May 26—CATTLE—Receipts 7,000. Market steady. Beeves $4.55@5.75, cows and heifers $1.75@4.75, stockers and feeders $3.25@4.60.

HOGS — Receipts 25,000. Market strong, closing firm. Top $4.70, bulk $4.50@4.60. Mixed and butchers $4.45@4.60, good to choice heavy $4.55@4.65, lights $4.45@4.55, pigs $4.00@4.25.

SHEEP—Receipts 10,000. Steady.

Kansas City.

Special to The Reporter.

Kansas City, May 26.—CATTLE—Receipts 2,000. Market mostly 10 higher. Beeves $4.00@5.00, cows and heifers $2.35@4.50, stockers and feeders $3.00@4.60.

HOGS — Receipts 8,000. Market steady to a shade higher. Top $4.50, bulk $4.37½@4.47½. Mixed and butchers $4.35@4.50, good to choice heavy $4.45@4.50, lights $4.30@4.40, pigs $3.50@4.30.

SHEEP—Receipts 2,000. Texas slow.

St. Louis.

Special to The Reporter.

National Stockyards, May 26.—CATTLE — Receipts 2,000, Texas 600 Steady. Steers $3.10@4.90, cows and heifers $3.00@4.15.

HOGS — Receipts 6,000. Market steady. Top $4.65. Pigs and lights $4.10@4.50, packers $4.40@4.50, butchers $4.50@4.65.

SHEEP—Receipts 4,000. Steady.

TO DESTROY FLIES.

As the fly season is here, it might not be amiss to pay some attention to some methods of destruction of this veritable summer pest, which chooses to particularly infest the kitchen and similar food depositories:

Take an infusion of quassia, 1 pt.; brown sugar, 4 ozs.; ground pepper, 2 ozs. These ingredients should be well mixed together and put in small, shallow dishes where required.

Or powderer black pepper, 1 drm.; brown sugar, 1 drm.; milk or cream, 2 drms. Mix and place it on a plate or saucer where the flies are most troublesome.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Prices to Sellers.

POULTRY—Hens, per doz.	$3.00 to 3.50
Fryers, per doz	$4.00 to 4.25
Broilers, per doz	$2.50
DUCKS—Per doz	$5.50
EGGS—Per doz	13c
BUTTER—Per lb., yellow	15c to 20c

GRAIN AND HAY.

Prices Paid to Farmers.

HAY—Johnson Grass, ton	$8.00
Prairie Texas, ton	$6.00 to $8.00
Prairie Territory, ton	$8.50
Alfalfa	$13.00
BRAN—Per cwt	$1.25
CORN CHOPS	$1.35
CORN, Shelled, per bushel	68½c
OATS—Per bushel	47½c
WHEAT—No. 2	97c
No. 3	94c

Vegetables.

CABBAGE—Per pound	3½c
ONIONS, per lb	3½c

SEEDS.

Selling Price.

ALFALFA—100 lbs.	$16.00 to $17.00
MILLET—Prime, 100 lbs	$1.60
Fancy German	$2.00
KAFFIR CORN—Per bu	75c
DWARF ESSEX RAPE—100 lbs	$7.00
CANE—Early Amber, 100 lbs	$1.80
Orange	$1.80
Red Top	$2.30

HIDES.

Prices Paid Shippers.

Heavy Dry Beef	15
Heavy Dry Fallen	13
Lights	11
Dry Salt	9½c
Green	7c
Green heavy, 40 lbs and up	6½c
Green, light, under 40 lbs	5½c

PROVISIONS.

From the Store.

BACON—Standard	11½c
Extra	10½c
Dry Salt Standard	10½c
Dry Salt Bellies	11½c
Bacon Bellies	12½c
HAMS—Medium	15c
Large	12½c
LARD—Leaf, in tierces	11c
50-pound cans	11¼c
10-pound cans	12c
Compound, tierces	8c
10-pound cans	10c

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

Selling Prices at Stores.

SUGAR—Granulated, pound	5½c
Cut loaf and powdered, lb	6½c
Yellow	4½c to 5c
MOLASSES—Sorghum, gallon	40c
Reboiled molasses	55c
Table syrup, gallon	65c
Louisiana Ribbon Cane	65c

STAPLE GROCERIES.

Selling Prices.

COFFEE—Roasted, pound	15c
RICE—Fancy, full grain	8½c
Choice	8c
Prime	6c
FLOUR—High Patent	$2.75
Fancy Patent	$2.65
Third, or Straights	$2.50
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Daily Live Stock Reporter.

BY THE REPORTER PUBLISHING CO.

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The grower of farm products, live stock and poultry is requested to read this paper before going to market. It will pay him.

Correspondence telling of the condition of live stock, its progress and improvement of the industry, and anything that would be of interest to stock raisers, is invited.

THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1904.

Entered June 15, 1903, at Fort Worth, Tex., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1875.

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Daily this paper receives calls from railroad freight agents, claim agents, railway attorneys, or lawyers interested in damage suits against railroads, asking for copies of The Reporter of a back date, containing the market reports on that day. These we have generally supplied; but hereafter we will furnish such papers only at the price of 10 cents each, money to accompany order.

The Reporter is the official market paper of the Fort Worth Stockyards, and its reports of sales are depended upon as evidence in damage suits against railroads, but we cannot hunt up back copies and give them away without a charge. The price is 10 cents apiece.

AN ERA OF SMALL MILLS.

Southern Farmers are Taking Stock in Cotton Seed Oil Mills.

National Provisioner: The high prices for cotton last season has had an effect in the South. It put money in the hands of farmers and caused them to take a hand in the building of cottonseed oil mills. The impression has fixed itself in the planter's mind that the cotton situation has reached a state of fixed shortage even with a normal supply, and, therefore, that cotton is bound to remain high. By the same process of reasoning the farmers believe that cottonseed oil products will remain high on the average, and even go higher. Whether these commercial forecasts will be verified by the facts the future alone can tell. Be that as it may, the planter's mind, apparently, is made up, and his disposition is to build cottonseed oil mills of crude oil type. The result of this conviction and of the existence of a surplus of money from last season's sales of the staple is that the cotton farmers are rushing into a building of small crushing plants. These range in cost from $15,000 to $35,000 per mill. The outlook now is that more mills of this kind will be constructed this and next year than in any other period of the cottonseed oil era. Companies are in prospect or forming at busy little centers all over the South. It is simply the investment of last season's extra cotton money in industrial enterprises regardless of other conditions. The effect of it will be a greater crush of seed, because the farmers will naturally turn a large per cent of their seed to the crusher to support it, they having a personal interest therein. A greater per cent of the seed grown will pass through the mill and a larger quantity of oil will come into the market even from a normal cotton crop. Whether this will unfavorably affect the oil market and react upon the balance sheet of the mills themselves remains to be seen. Just how long the farmer will stand it is a question of the future. He is so accustomed to paying or receiving a high per cent that a smaller return may dampen his factory enthusiasm later. Just now, however, the planter has the oil mill fever and is destined to exhaust both his cash and his energy in the construction of real farmers' plants all over the South. This distributive energy may prove a boon. It cultivates and spreads the spirit of enterprise and indicates that the South has both funds and activity from its own resources.

SOY BEAN IS VALUABLE.

Crop is a Great Gatherer of Nitrogen and Soil Replenisher.

The soy, or soja, bean is of that great family of clovers and gathers nitrogen from the air to store it in the ground. It is a fine plant to restore jaded soil—almost as good as red clover, some farmers say—and has the advantage of being able to withstand any weather to a remarkable degree. It has been grown in the south for years, although it was first introduced in this country by Professor Georgeson of Kansas. Recently northern farmers have been gradually introducing it into the soil and it is fairly well adapted to the climate of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Ohio and adjoining states.

The variety known as the Michigan Green seems best adapted to the north. It has a strong stem, stands up well and grows about four feet. The leaves are dark green and as they are quite broad cover the ground if the plant is sown thickly. The soy bean requires a good seed bed, as does every other plant, and if it is to be used for hay should be sown broadcast, about one bushel to the acre; if grown for seed, a half bushel per acre drilled in rows about two feet apart. Thirty inches is a better distance, as that gives more room for cultivation.

Hogs like soy beans and the earlier varieties will give excellent pasture and put on a surprising amount of good, solid meat.

SIX HUNDRED HANGED

It Is Claimed That Number Perished on the Scaffold.

ARE TO BE POSTPONED

Minor Operations on the Liao Tung Peninsula Will Be Continued For a Time, No Big Battle Now Probable.

London, May 26.—The Mail's correspondent at Shimonoseki, Japan, under date of May 25, says that only minor operations are now proceeding on the Liao Tung peninsula and that the main track will probably be postponed for some time.

The Standard publishes a dispatch from a Russian correspondent in whom the paper says it places great confidence containing most sensational statements regarding the alarming condition of Russia as a result of the war. The correspondent asserts that disturbances in various cities have been followed by wholesale executions without any civil trial. It is stated that 600 persons have been hanged in Cronstadt and Moscow. The latter place the troops buried together the coffins containing the bodies of those who had been hanged. The bodies were burned secretly in the dead of night, presumably in the woods.

This correspondent asserts that the war has resulted in the utter paralysis of all business, and says that even the most sober minded are drawing ominous conclusions from the significant fact that regiments stationed in European Russia have been retained in their places and that only reserves have been mobilized for the front.

Ran Across Vessels.

Chicago, May 26.—A special to the Daily News from Chefoo says: While cruising in Society bay Wednesday morning the Fowan ran across a Japanese fleet of four cruisers and four destroyers. The vessels were evidently assisting some landing party from Chinese junks in the bay. It is reported that heavy fighting is in progress ashore in the neighborhood of Port Arthur.

Not Confirmed.

St. Petersburg, May 26.—No confirmation is obtainable here of the report from Chefoo that Port Arthur was bombarded Tuesday by the Japanese fleet, but with telegraphic communication interrupted, the authorities here are not in a position to question the accuracy of the statement made.

Stubborn Fight.

Chefoo, May 26.—A junk which left Dalny on the night of the 23rd arrivad and reports that the Japanese army reached San Suripo, north of Dalny, and that the Russians offered a stubborn resistance, and that a battle was fought at noon on the 22nd, the result of which has not yet been learned.

German Steamer Fired On.

Chefoo, May 26.—The German steamer Chefoo was fired on by a Japanese cruiser in Pe Chi Li gulf Wednesday. She misunderstood the signals of the cruiser. The Swedish steamer Karin also was fired on during Tuesday night, but it is not known whence this fire came.

Cut Communication.

Paris, May 26.—A dispatch to the Temps from St. Petersburg says Gen. Kuropatkin has cut the land communications between the armies of Gen. Kuroki and Oku.

FAVORS UNION.

Cumberland Presbyterian General Assembly Votes to Submit Report.

Dallas, May 26.—After two days of debate, participated in by many noted speakers and thinkers, the Cumberland Presbyterian general assembly, shortly before midnight Wednesday night, voted by 162 for to 75 against to favorably submit to the 116 presbyteries the proposition looking to a union with the Presbyterian Church in the United States.

Judge J. H. Fussell of Columbia, Tenn., the last speaker for the antis, contended that the Presbyterian creed was a fatalistic doctrine, one of foreordination, infant damnation and predestination. By the Cumberlands receiving the proposition he felt that they threw away their own identity, gave themselves up to a strange creed which, consistently, they could not believe, and entirely lost their identity influence.

Judge Settle, the moderator, took the floor in behalf of the union. Judge Settle declared that the work of the committee had been painstaking, with due regard to the membership of both great churches.

As a lawyer he always had had much faith in the people, and at this time he would not lose that faith. He felt that the declaratory statement of the Presbyterians regarding the third and tenth chapters, so much mooted, stood in law as a part of the contract. He pleaded with the members of the assembly for concession with their brothers of the other Presbyterian church.

The property rights provision of the committee report had been written almost entirely by himself, and he felt that it was in the proper form, and of the right contents. He was opposed to commercial trusts, but he believed a religious trust in this case would be a good thing.

GOT NO WORD.

Convention at Buffalo Had Hoped to Hear From Dallas.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 26.—The leaders in the movement in the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in United States for the union with the Cumberland church were all at sea Wednesday night. The leaders had hoped they would go into the fight with a prestige of a resolution from the Cumberland assembly now meeting in Dallas, Tex., declaring in favor of union. The leaders waited up to nearly midnight for word from the Dallas body, but nothing definite came. The only rumors that reached here were disquieting. They were that the action taken by the Cumberland body would probably be in some indefinite shape that would require further conferences instead of permitting of final action.

Negro Education.

Mobile, Ala., May 26.—The first business of the sixth day's session of the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States was the submission of the report of the standing committee on colored evangelization. The report was read by the chairman, Dr. A. W. Milster of Russellville, Ark. It stated that more colored schools were needed in addition to the four receiving support from the assembly; also urged the necessity for more liberal financial support of colleges already established.

FOREMAN KILLED.

Proprietor of a Lunch Counter Is Charged With the Deed.

Natchez, Miss., May 26.—R. W. Johnson, a section foreman on the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley railroad, was shot and killed at Harrison twenty-five miles northeast of this place, by J. Shievely, proprietor of a lunch counter. The men had some words over a trivial matter, when Johnson drew a revolver. His weapon failed to work, when Shievely opened fire, firing three shots. Two took effect, and Johnson fell to the floor dead. Johnson is reported as having killed a man near Memphis about three years ago, and one in Arkansas ten days ago.

TRAIN WRECKED.

Three Mail Clerks Were Killed and Passengers Injured.

Shreveport, La., May 26.—The Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific passenger train No. 2 was wrecked at Haughton, fourteen miles east of this city, Wednesday afternoon about 4 o'clock. D. W. Holbrook, white, and A. T. Washington, colored, mail clerks of Meridian, Miss., were killed outright, and Wiley Smith, a colored passenger, had his leg broken. Several other passengers were injured, none seriously. The mail car was thrown from the track and almost totally demolished. The express car, combination baggage and smoker and two other coaches also left the track. It is thought that the accident was caused by the tender leaving the track at a switch, as the engine was not derailed.

OHIO PLATFORM.

Democrats of Buckeye State Adopt a Brief Declaration.

Columbus, O., May 26.—Platform of the Ohio Democrats is very brief. It is confined almost wholly to state issues. All national questions are referred to St. Louis convention. Unit rule was adopted. There are no instructions.

There were several dramatic scenes, especially when former Congressman Lentz and Colonel Taylor indulged in personalities on the platform, and later, when Allen O. Myers and Mayor Tom L. Johnson had a collision on the stage. Myers finally turned on the audience and apologized by saying Johnson was a good fellow personally, but hell in politics."

NO INSTRUCTIONS.

Majority of Alabama Delegation, However, Favorable to Parker.

Montgomery, Ala., May 26.—The Democratic state convention was held in Montgomery Wednesday and dispatched its work in a few hours. While no instructions were given, the resolutions adopted recited that at the present time Judge Alton B. Parker is the most available and acceptable candidate for the nomination for the presidency, and that the sentiment of the convention is for his nomination. The unit rule was put in force and an overwhelming majority of the delegates elected favored the nomination of Parker.

Edward L. Russell, general counsel for the Mobile and Ohio railroad; Col. H. S. D. Mallory, chairman of the state Democratic committee; William Richardson, congressman from the Eighth district, and Rufus H. Rhodes, editor of the Birmingham News, were elected delegates at large to the St. Louis convention. Richmond Pearson Hobson of Greensboro and William H. Samford of Troy were nominated for Democratic electors at large.

It seemed to be the overwhelming sentiment of the delegates that the vote of Alabama should be cast for Judge Parker. Of the four delegates at large all favor Judge Parker, and of the eight district delegates nine are for the New York jurist.

Richmond Pearson Hobson, who, for the first time made his appearance in a state convention, was wildly cheered by the delegates.

The salient features of the platform, which was adopted unanimously, in addition to those enumerated, follow: "We emphatically protest against the methods of the present chief executive of the United States in defying the laws of the land, in setting up his discretion in opposition to explicit provisions of the national statutes and arrogating to himself legislative functions. We condemn imperialism in either the executive and judicial departments of the government, and especially condemn the flagrant usurpation of power from which this country has suffered in recent years, and also the extravagance of the present administration."

Tennessee For Parker.

Nashville, May 26.—State Democratic convention instructed delegates to national convention to support Alton B. Parker of New York for president and to vote as a unit on all question. Gov. Frazier was nominated to succeed himself by unanimous vote.

Come Up Individually.

Washington, May 26.—In connection with the decision of the postoffice department to take steps to eliminate objectionable patent medicine and other objectionable advertisements from the papers as announced some weeks ago it is stated that all these cases would be taken up individually on their merits.

Hats In Korea.

There is a language of hats in Korea, and the twenty or more styles have each a voice and meaning. If a man is in mourning, sixteen square feet of matting are shaped in a pyramid two feet high for his head covering.

TWO HUNDRED BURN.

Yazoo City, Miss., Victim of a Tremendous Fire.

ALL BUSINESS HOUSES

Destroyed and Also a Great Number of Residences Consumed In One of the Worst Conflagrations In the South.

Jackson, Miss., May 26.—With every business house of any importance in ashes, together with a large number of private residences, principal hotel and passenger depot in Yazoo, Miss., a town of 6000 people, forty-five miles from Jackson, is resting after one of the most exciting day in its history. The fire started at 8:30 o'clock Wednesday morning and burned until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, destroying a total of 200 houses. The financial loss will be the heaviest in the history of Mississippi since the war. The fire was three blocks wide and twelve blocks long.

The city is putting in a new system of waterworks, and the old system, which had wooden mains, was wholly inadequate to meet the demand. Pipes burst all over the city, and it was impossible to get water on the first floor of the buildings.

The fire started in the residence of Mr. Wise, and though there is some dispute as to how it started, the general belief is that it had its origin in defective electric wiring. Early in the day the authorities of Jackson were called on to render assistance, and did so by sending a hose wagon and one of the large engines, the run of forty-five miles being made in forty minutes. The Jackson firemen worked with might and main, but could do but little good. A man by the name of Chambliss, a citizen of Yazoo City, was killed by falling walls, and Mayor Holmes was badly hurt. Information from Yazoo is that he is in a precarious condition. He had been in office but three or four weeks.

In the afternoon the fire jumped a bayou and spread to Latonia, a residence suburb, where it destroyed some of the finest homes. About sixty families are homeless. Some of them came over to Jackson on the night train. Governor Vardaman ordered out the Greenwood Militia company, directing them to go to Yazoo City to protect property. He and Adjutant General Eldridge followed on the next train. The banks succeeded in saving their money and securities. It is impossible at present to place an accurate estimate upon the loss entailed by the fire, but it is thought that the total will be between $2,000,000 and $2,500,000. Some estimates are even as high as $3,000,000. The total insurance is between $800,000 and $1,000,000.

MODERN SPIRITUALISM.

It Dates Only From the Middle of the Last Century.

Some forms of spiritualism have had followers from remote antiquity. In the Levitical law we find the injunction, "Thou shalt not suffer a witch to live," and throughout Old Testament history there are frequent references to this subject, while demons, pythonesses, sibyls, augurs and soothsayers have their places in the secular annals of mankind.

In its modern form spiritualism dates only from the forty-eighth year of the last century, when, at the house of a farmer of Hydesville, in the state of New York, the spirit of a peddler who had been murdered there some five years previously was said to produce certain unaccountable rappings and disturbances in the room occupied by little daughters of the house.

An investigation by the neighborhood followed, and, to quote the words used by Farrar in his pamphlet on the subject, "It soon became evident that an organized attempt was being made by the denizens of the spirit world to establish a method of communication with mankind."

From that time spiritualism spread rapidly, and by the year 1871 the number of its supporters was variously reckoned at from 3,000,000 to 11,000,000.

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

Numerically the Methodists lead the Sunday school host of Brooklyn with a membership exceeding 25,000 out of a total enrollment of 100,000.

Rev. T. M. Eastwood, pastor of the First Baptist church of Burlington, N. J., wrote his Easter sermon entirely in verse, which made a marked impression upon his hearers.

Herr Nommensen, a German missionary in Sumatra, who started in life as a farm laborer, has been made a doctor of divinity for his translation of the Bible into the language of the Batta.

Roman Catholic Archbishop John J. Williams of Boston quietly celebrated on April 27 the eighty-second anniversary of his birth. He is in good health and discharges all his official duties with promptness and regularity.

The baptistery erected in Emmanuel church, Baltimore, as a memorial is said to be one of the most beautiful and costly memorials ever built in that city. The font, which is of the purest Carrara marble, is the figure of an angel holding the bowl which contains the water.

SCIENCE SIFTINGS.

After numerous experiments Professor Greeff of the Berlin University Eye and Ear hospital declares that radium offers nothing to the blind in the way of relief from their affliction.

A series of tests of the Edison nickel-iron storage battery in the central laboratory of electricity in Paris shows that it has a capacity twice as great as that of the best lead cell used in France, the Fulmen cell.

A German scientist has succeeded by treating cleansed vegetable fibers of peat moss with the waste molasses of beet sugar manufacture in producing a compound that serves acceptably as food for domestic animals.

LITTLE THINGS.

The Importance They at Times Assume in Affairs of Life.

"The longer I live," observed the cashier of a bank downtown, "the more I realize the importance of little things. Here is a case in point," he continued, referring to a letter he just had received. "A few weeks ago I had two callers in my office, one an excitable elderly man, a big depositor, and the other the president of a manufacturing concern and the writer of this letter. This manufacturer left, and soon afterward the excitable man discovered that some one had taken his hat. He stormed about the place until one of the clerks suggested that perhaps the manufacturer had taken it by mistake. The excitable man demanded his address and started out to hunt him down and give him 'a piece of his mind.'

"The other day I read a letter from the manufacturing concern and was astonished to see among the names of its officers that of my excitable caller as vice president. My curiosity was aroused, and I made some inquiries. Now I learn that the excitable man was so pleasantly received when he called for his hat that his anger cooled at once. Then he got to talking about the manufacturer's business and the money he was making. A few days later he invested heavily in the concern and was elected its vice president. And all because of that little mistake about a hat."—New York Press.

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Swaying Heigoland.

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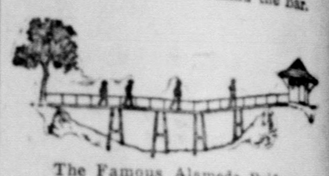

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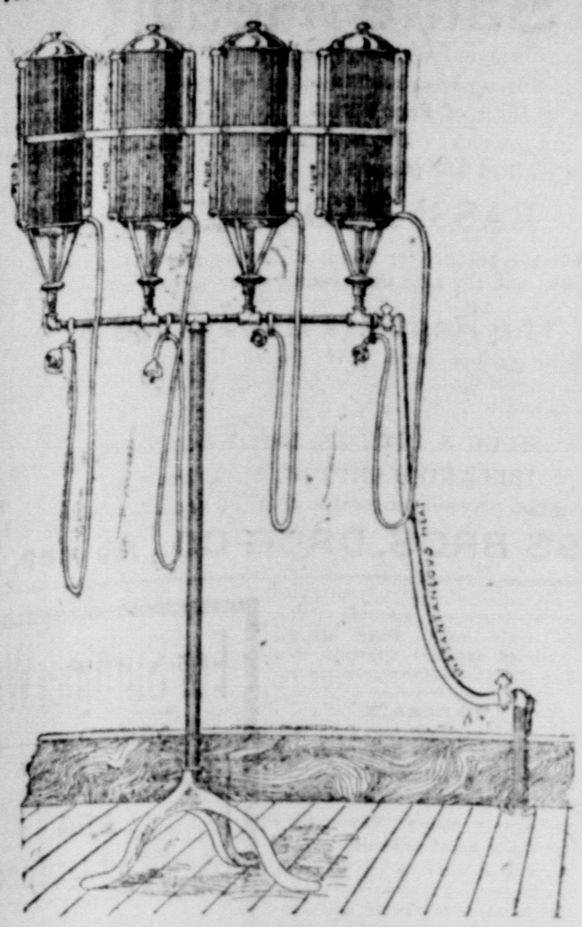

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FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

Care of the Icebox.

Few people realize the importance of keeping their ice chest in good condition.

No matter how substantial or expensive they may be, unless they are well looked after there will be trouble ahead for the housekeeper.

The first consideration should be where to set the icebox. Don't stand it near a sink or drain. A cool, dry place if possible should be found, where the air from a door or window can blow on it.

Next thing, keep it clean, for if you are not particular in this respect there is no telling what the results may be.

Do not connect the drain pipe of the icebox or refrigerator with the sewer pipes.

An unclean icebox poisons any food that is placed in it. Therefore the neglect in this respect is inexcusable.

Take a soft cloth and wash the inside of the box thoroughly, taking out the shelves and standing them where they can air. Use hot water, of course, and some scouring soap.

Many houses nowadays have up to date iceboxes built in the walls, and these need particular attention, because during the cleaning process they cannot be so thoroughly aired.

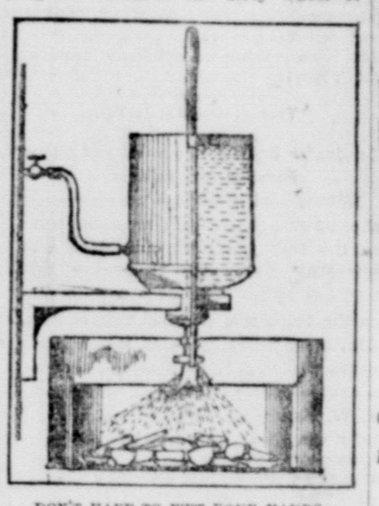
Be careful what combinations you put in your ice chest, or you will find the butter spoiled and your milk sour.

Couch Pillows.

Handsome couch pillows that are serviceable as well are ever in demand. Novel and attractive ones are made of satin faced broadcloth combined with satin. The two are chosen in harmonious colors, and cloth is cut out in some appropriate design, then laid over the satin, which is seen through these openings and gives a rich and lustrous effect. One seen recently, for example, is of light brown cloth and golden yellow satin. The design in the cloth is oak leaves and acorns, the leaves being cut out and all the design outlined with a ruching of silk cord in a lighter shade of brown. The stems and acorns are further enriched by extra stitches of embroidery, and the edge of the cloth is scalloped and finished with three rows of ruching. The satin makes the underpillow, which is edged with a frill of ribbon, and over it the cloth is laid, the effect of the two colors being a most satisfactory one.

An Automatic Dishwasher.

There has recently been introduced a machine to wash dishes almost automatically without the necessity of dipping the hands in the dirty water or

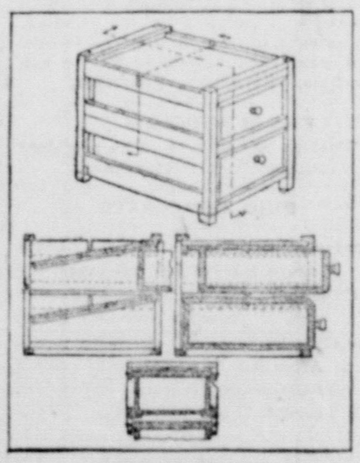


DON'T HAVE TO WET YOUR HANDS.

scrubbing each dish until the dirt is removed. With this machine the dishes are all piled up inside the shielding cover in such a way that the water can circulate freely among them. Then the water is turned on and allowed to play for a time. By the aid of the rotary blades it is sprayed and dashed over the contents of the tray beneath the reservoir, the latter being filled in proper proportions with hot and cold water. A receptacle is provided for the waste water unless the dishes are comparatively clean, as the dirt and grease might cause a clogging of the drain pipes in connection with the sink.

Drawers Without Dust.

Many a housewife and museum curator has had good reason to regret that drawers as a rule are neither dust nor vermin proof. To have your treasures, whether they consist of linens, books or unreplaceable specimens, ruined when they were apparently secure from anything but a fire is disheartening, to say the least. Two Swedish inventors of Providence, R. I., realizing the field that exists for a dust and insect proof drawer, put their ingenuity to work and have evolved a very simple but effective construction. The es-



DUST PROOF DRAWERS.

sential feature of the construction is a wooden or metallic cover for each individual drawer. Three edges of this cover, the sides and the rear, are provided with a downwardly extending flange adapted to close in the sides and back end of the drawer. The front edge terminates under a flange forming an integral part of the supporting framework. This cover is pivoted at some nearly central point, and as a drawer is withdrawn beyond this pivotal point the cover drops down at the back and raises correspondingly in the front, allowing the drawer to be entirely withdrawn without displacing the cover. The drawers and covers may be made of wood, metal or any suitable material.

Consulting the Sage.

No Korean couple would think of marrying without consulting the sage, who fixes the happy day for them. This he does simply by adding the bride's age to the bridegroom's, and, after determining which star rules the destiny of their united ages, he decrees that the wedding shall take place upon the day sacred to that star.

Give and Take.

"I always contend, sir," said the girl's father meaningly, "that young men should be in bed before 10:30 each night."

"Yes," replied the young man who was calling on the girl; "I hope you set that good example yourself, sir."

Flannel Shrouds.

Charles II. protected the English woolen trade by compelling the use of flannel shrouds.

TEXAS LIVE STOCK RATES.

Tariff Fixed for Shippers by the State Railway Commission.

The following tables gives the rate on beef cattle, oxen, cows, calves, goats, hogs and sheep; also on cattle 2 years old and over, for distances from 10 miles to 750.

DISTANCE—Miles.	RATES No. 1	RATES No. 2
10 and less	6	8½
15 and over 10	6½	9
20 and over 15	7	9½
25 and over 20	7½	10
30 and over 25	8	10½
35 and over 30	8½	11½
40 and over 35	9	12
45 and over 40	9½	12½
50 and over 45	10	13
60 and over 50	10½	13½
70 and over 60	11	14¼
80 and over 70	11½	15
90 and over 80	12	15½
100 and over 90	12½	16¼
125 and over 100	13¾	17½
150 and over 125	15	18¾
175 and over 150	16¼	20
200 and over 175	17½	21¼
250 and over 200	18¾	22½
300 and over 250	20	23¾
350 and over 300	21¼	25
400 and over 350	22½	26
450 and over 400	23¾	27
500 and over 450	25	28
550 and over 500	26¼	29
600 and over 550	27½	30
650 and over 600	28¾	31
700 and over 650	30	32
750 and over 700	31¼	33
over 750	32½	34

Column No. 1 is for shipment over a single line of road, or over two or more lines under one management. Column No. 2 is for shipment over two or more lines under different managements.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION FIRMS

Now Having Offices at the Exchange and Doing Business at the Yards.

The following live stock commission firms are members of the Fort Worth Live Stock Exchange and have their places of business in the Exchange Building:

Barse Live Stock Com. Co.
Campbell & Rosson L. S. Com. Co.
Cassidy-Southwestern L. S. Com. Co.
Evans-Montague L. S. Com. Co.
Evans-Snider-Buel Co.
Geo. W. Saunders L. S. Com. Co.
Greer, Mills & Co.
Interstate Live Stock Com. Co.
National Live Stock Com. Co.
North Texas Live Stock Com. Co.
Russell-Flato Live Stock Com. Co.
Way-Ware Com. Co.

CHARGES FOR SELLING LIVE STOCK

Rates Fixed by the Live Stock Exchange for Handling Stock.

The commission charges for selling and handling stock consigned to the Fort Worth market are fixed by the Live Stock Exchange and are as follows:

Cattle, 50 cents per head, but not more than $12 for a carload; calves, 25 cents per head, $12 for a single deck and $18 for double deck cars.

Hogs, 10 cents per head; $6 for single deck car and $10 for double deck.

Charges for sheep are the same as for hogs.

Yardage Charges.

The charges by the Stock Yards Company for yardage are fixed as follows:

Cattle, per head 25c
Calves, per head 15c
Hogs, per head 8c
Sheep, per head 5c

Prices charged for feed by the Stock Yards: Hay, 80c a bale; corn, $1 a bushel; oats, 80c a bushel; chops, $1.50 cwt.; bran, $1.30 cwt.; straw, 40c a bale.

Officers of the Exchange.

Officers and directors of the Live Stock Exchange are:

R. H. McNatt, president.
C. L. Ware, vice-president.
V. S. Wardlaw, secretary.
Marion Sansom, treasurer.
Directors: R. H. McNatt, C. L. Ware, C. L. Brown, D. Wyrick, W. B. King, J. W. Montague, A. F. Crowley, R. Barse, John Daggett.

Texas Schools and Colleges.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. 1904. GOVERNMENT HILL.

West Texas Military Academy

A Boarding and Day School for the moral, physical and military training for boys. Prepares carefully and thoroughly for business life, for college or university, or for West Point Government commandant. Subject to government inspection. Strict discipln. Sanitary conditions perfect. Terms reasonable. Next term begins September 15, 1904. Send for illustrated catalogue.

Dodge the Shadows.

Why destroy present happiness by a distant misery which may never come at all, or you may never live to see it? Every substantial grief has twenty shadows, and most of them shadows of your own making.—Sydney Smith.

FORT WORTH RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

These trains at T. & P. Passenger Station, foot of Main street:

Rock Island System.

Depart.		Arrive.
8:30 am	Omaha and Mo. River	7:15 pm
9:00 pm	Kansas City, Chicago, Denver, Col. Springs and Pueblo Fast Ex.	7:10 am

Depart East	DALLAS LINE.	Arrive East
7:40 am	Mail and Express...	8:35 pm

FRISCO SYSTEM.

Red River, Texas & Southern Ry.

Depart. North		Arrive. North
11:15 am	K.C.&St. L. Mail&Ex.	2:55 pm

Ft. W. & R. G. Ry.

3:15 pm	Brownwood M. & Ex.	10:55 am
2:00 am	..... Mixed	6:00 am

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

Depart.		Arrive.
9:45 am	Denver, Colo. Springs and Pueblo Mail & Ex	5:10 pm
8:40 pm	... Amarillo Ex ...	7:25 am

Missouri, Kansas & Texas.

Depart. North		Arrive. North
8:35 am	... "Katy Flyer" ...	7:45 pm
11:45 am	Kansas City, St. Louis & Chicago M. & Ex.	7:40 am
9:00 pm	Kansas City, St. Louis & Chicago Fast Ex...	5:10 pm

Depart. South		Arrive. South
8:15 pm	Hou. & Gal. &San Antonio, "Katy Flyer"	8:10 am
8:30 pm	.Houston Mail & Ex.	10:55 am
6:00 pm	.Houston Mail & Ex.	8:15 pm

Cotton Belt Route.

Depart.		Arrive.
8:15 am	St. Louis & Mem. Ex	7:25 pm
2:05 pm	St.Louis Lt.via Dallas	1:50 pm
9:10 pm	Dallas, Mem. & St.L.	6:50 am

Texas & Pacific Railway

Depart. East		Arrive. East
7:45 am	St. Louis Cannon Ball	7:45 pm
11:00 am	St. Louis Mail & Ex	4:45 pm
8:30 am	....Dallas Local....	5:15 am
10:00 am	Dallas & Wea'fd Local	3:25 pm
2:05 pm	....Dallas Local....	1:50 pm
8:00 pm	....Dallas Local....	6:10 pm
3:45 pm	..Wills Point Local..	11:00 am
6:30 pm	St. Louis Mail & Ex.	9: am

Depart. West	Main Line West.	Arrive. West
8:20 pm	Colorado Mail & Ex..	7:00 am
3:30 pm	Weatherford Local..	9:45 am
9:45 am	..El Paso Express..	6:00 pm

Transcontinental Division via Sherman

Depart.		Arrive.
8:30 am	Texark. & St. Louis.	4:35 pm

International & Great Northern Ry.

Depart.		Arrive.
7:30 am	Houston & San An.Ex	8:55 pm
3:40 pm	Austin " " "	12:45 pm

These trains at Santa Fe Station, Cor. 15th and Jones.

Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe Ry

Depart. North		Arrive. North
7:50 am	K.C.&Chi. Mail&Ex.	9:00 pm
8:30 pm	K. C. & Chi. Fast Ex.	7:50 am

Depart. South		Arrive. South
8:00 am	Hou. & Gal. M. & Ex.	8:20 pm
9:10 pm	Hou. & San Antonio Gal. Mail & Ex.....	7:40 am

Houston & Texas Central Railroad.

Depart.		Arrive.
8:10 am	Hou. & Gal. Mail & Ex	8:00 pm
7:45 pm	Hou. & Gal.Mail & Ex	8:05 am
1:15 pm	....Ennis Mixed....	11:35 am

Go To The

World's Fair

VIA

THE TEXAS T&P PACIFIC RAILWAY

Three fast trains daily—through chair cars and sleepers.

Call on or address.

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AT

ST. LOUIS

THE

Santa Fe

Has Arranged Four Special Rates:

A—SEASON TICKET—on sale April 15 to Novvember 15; limit to return December 15.

B—SIXTY-DAY EXCURSION—tickets on sale April 25 to November 20; limit to return within sixty days, but not later than December 15.

C—FIFTEEN-DAY EXCURSION—tickets on sale April 27 to November 30; limit to return within fifteen days from date of sale, but not later than December 5.

D—COACH RATE—limit to 7 days for return. Date of sale May 31.

From	A	B	C	D
Galveston	$40.20	$33.50	$27.10	$17.60
Houston	37.85	31.55	25.65	16.55
Temple	35.80	29.80	24.35	15.65
Fort Worth	31.05	25.90	21.40	13.60
Dallas	30.65	25.55	21.15	13.40

From all stations on the SANTA FE the rates are proportionately low.

—ASK THE SANTA FE AGENT—

W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A.

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

FRISCO SYSTEM

WORLD'S FAIR RATES

ST. LOUIS and RETURN.

Limited Dec. 15 ..... $31.05
Limited Sixty Days $25.90
Limited Fifteen Days $21.40

COACH EXCURSION.

May 31st coach excursion tickets will be sold to St. Louis with limit of seven days from date of sale for $13.60 round trip.

CHICAGO and RETURN.

—$26.40.—

On sale June 10th to 17th inclusive. Limited until Sept. 30th for return.

For other information, apply

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FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS COMPANY

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

DAILY CAPACITY

6000 Cattle,
10 000 Hogs,
6000 Sheep,
1500 Horses and Mules.

THIS IS YOUR MARKET

There is no reason to ship elsewhere.

"What's the use?"

PACKERS.

Fort Worth Packing Co.
Armour & Company,
Swift & Company.

Facilities for handling Northern and Southern Cattle unsurpassed. If you investigate the markets efore shipping, you will find the Fort Worth Market will net you more money.

W. B. KING, GEN'L MANAGER.

O. W. MATTHEWS, SEC'Y AND TREAS.

KELLNER-DURRETT SADDLERY CO.

OF

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are the people who manufacture and carry in stock the latest styles of

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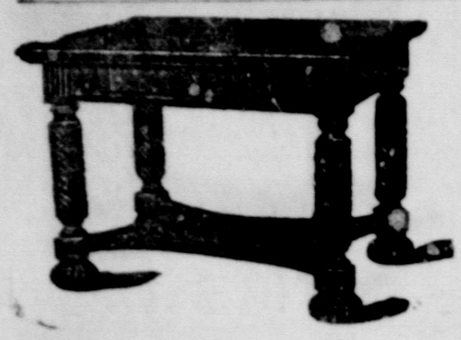
They are the only manufacturers who are willing to **Guarantee their goods.** Should a defective piece of leather be found in a saddle or harness in their guaranteed goods they will replace it free of cost.

CALL OR WRITE TO THEM



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FURNITURE.
CARPETS.
MANTELS.
AND STOVES.

Everything for your office or house on easy payments.

ELLISON

FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

704 and 706 Main St.
705 Houston St.

Shoo Fly Horn Paint

The only remedy that will prevent fly-blows, is not an experiment in Texas. It was largely used in the southern portion by prominent cattlemen last year, which was one of the worst for flies this state has ever experienced. They tried it under all conditions, and said it prevented flies from infecting the wounds, cuts or sores on animals, and highly recommend it. All stockmen in the state should have this valuable preparation.

Write for Descriptive Circular and Testimonials.

What Texas Cattlemen Say About It:

Santa Gertrudes, King's Ranch, Endorses Shoo Fly Horn Paint.

The well-known King ranch of Nueces county, Texas, writes: "That Shoo Fly Horn Paint is a good medicine and does what is claimed for it. Send us two gallons more as soon as possible."

Takes Pleasure in Recommending It.

Mr. John G. Kenedy, president and manager Kenedy Pasture Co., Corpus Christi, Tex., writes: "We have given your Shoo Fly Horn Paint a thorough trial, and find it the best preparation for the purpose for which it is manufactured. It is beyond doubt the best protection against blow-flies, and I take pleasure in recommending it."

Can Cheerfully Recommend It.

Mr. Jno. J. Welder, Victoria, Texas, writes: "I have given Shoo Fly Horn Paint a thorough trial and test and will say I find it the best medicine I have ever used to prevent flies blowing and cheerfully recommend it."

Best Ever Used.

Mr. Robt. Driscoll of Banquette, Tex., says: "I have used Shoo Fly Horn Paint; it is the best I ever used to prevent fly-blows."

It is a Success.

Mr. L. B. Allen of Moore & Allen, San Antonio, Texas, whose ranches are located in Uvalde and Kinney counties, Texas, writes: "After using several cans of Shoo Fly Horn Paint, beg to advise that in my opinion, it is a success, a preventative against the flies, and healing to the wound. I find it especially good to apply to horses with scalded backs."

Will not be Without It.

Mr. T. A. Coleman of San Antonio, Texas, of the firm of Coleman & Keeran, who have large ranch interests in Dimmitt, LaSalle, Webb and Victoria counties, Texas, writes: "We have used Shoo Fly Horn Paint and find it is the best preparation yet found for keeping off flies; will not be without a supply after this."

Best Used on Horses.

Mr. O. J. Woodhull of San Antonio, Texas, whose ranch is at Spofford, Tex., writes: "I have used Shoo Fly Horn Paint on horses and fidd it is the best preventative I have yet used to keep away flies."

Works Fine.

Coughran Bros., Floresville, Texas, writes: "We gave the Shoo Fly Horn Paint a thorough trial. It is the best we ever used to keep off fly blows, and heal the wounds. We won't use any other but Shoo Fly Horn Paint after this."

Fills the Bill to a Letter.

Mr. Gus Witting of Floresville, Texas, writes: "I have used Shoo Fly Horn Paint, and find one application is sufficient to keep off the flies and heal up the wounds in calves, and think it fills the bill to a letter."

All Right.

Mr. J. F. Dunn, Alice, Tex., says: "Shoo Fly Horn Paint is all right and the best I ever used to prevent fly-blows."

Heals the Wound and Keeps off Flies.

Geo. L. Houston, San Antonio, Texas, writes: "I have used Shoo Fly Horn Paint and find it the best medicine I have ever used and I have used all kinds. It heals quicker and keeps off flies better than anything I ever used."

Think it a Good Medicine.

Mr. F. S. Ragland of Oakville, Texas, writes: "I have given Shoo Fly Horn Paint a good trial and have had very good success. I think it is a good medicine, the flies will not go around it."

Will Prevent Fly-Blows.

Mr. H. C. Storey, San Marcos, Texas, writes: "I have used two quarts of your Shoo Fly Horn Paint, and find that it will prevent fly-blows on any wound where cattle can't lick it off."

Well Worth the Money.

Mr. J. F. White, cashier First National bank, Lampasas, Texas, writes: "I used your Horn Paint on 125 head of 2-two-old heifers, dehorned in March; had no trouble with flies; your Paint is good and well worth the money."

Satisfaction on Spayed Heifers.

Mr. A. J. Swenson, Supt. of Swenson Bros. ranches at Stamford, Texas, raisers of the well known S. M. S. brand of white-face cattle, writes: "We have used your Horn Paint to put over the wound in spaying heifers. It gave us satisfaction."

Hope all Cattlemen will Use it.

Mr. Mike Luque of Sinton, Tex., Gen'l. ranch supt. of John J. Welder of Victoria, Texas, writes: "After giving Shoo Fly Horn Paint a thorough trial, can say it is the best thing I have used to keep off blow flies. Have been using it every day since I received it, and hope all stockmen will use it."

Good in Wormy Cattle.

J. M. Dobie writes Wm. Ragland, San Antonio, Texas, as follows: "G. A. Grover, my ranch superintendent, writes: "I have given the Shoo Fly Horn Paint a good trial and it is all O. K., does what it is recommended to do all right. We commenced on sixteen head wormy steers, and used it twice on some but cured the greater part with one doctoring. You can vouch for it as being first-class."

IRELAND HAMPTON, Fort Worth, Texas,
WILLIAM RAGLAND, San Antonio, Texas. } Agents.

Burned Two Hundred Pianos.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 26.—While 250 delegates to the National Piano Dealers' convention here waved red lights and danced in a circle, 200 venerable square pianos have been cremated to mark what the dealers term the passing of the old make of instrument. The bonfire, which was built in an open place on high ground, blazed like a burning house and was not extinguished for several hours.

TWo Stabbed to Death.

Monterey, Mex., May 26.—Electorio Goday was stabbed to death by three companions while returning from a dance. All three have been arrested. The stabbing was the result of a debauch. Pedro Trevino, a merchant, was also stabbed to death by an unknown party.

Blow Was Fatal.

Memphis, May 26.—A special to the Commercial-Appeal from Holly Springs, Miss., says: J. W. Coyle, a hotel proprietor of this city, died of injuries received in a difficulty. It is alleged that Coyle was struck on the head with a baseball bat by a livery man named McNamee.

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PROFESSIONAL.

W. R BOOTH,

Attorney -- at -- Law.

PRACTICE IN ALL COURTS.

Cor. 2nd and Houston Sts.

Over Old First National Bank Bld'g

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Troops pour into Liao Yang.

Terrell, Tex., is to have a $10,000 Baptist church.

A snake over twenty feet long is reported in Powers county, Oklahoma.

Oscar Hughes, charged with killing Silas Givens, was jailed at Belton, Tex.

Schedules of Dan Solly & Co., show liabilities of $3,568,936 and assets of $4,119,627.

Jim Sisk was bitten by a mad dog near Mineral Wells, Tex. He is being treated at St. Louis.

Six thousand chickens and turkeys have been shipped from Whitewright, Tex., to New York.

Near Tyler, Tex., John Derough, a rich planter, was found dead in bed at his residence.

During Governor Lanham's absence at St. Louis Lieutenant Governor Neal is acting as chief executive.

Farmers' and Merchants' National bank of Grandview, Tex., capital stock $30,000, has been authorized to do business.

OPENING OF SEAPORTS

Matter Has Been Under Consideration Many Months.

NOT BEEN A SUCCESS.

Effect of Closing the Former Free Port of Vladivostock Seems to Be Such Action Has Resulted In Failure.

St. Petersburg, May 26.—The Associated Press is informed by a high governmental authority that the opening of the ports in the Siberian litteral, although precipitated by the necessities of war, has been under consideration for months and represents a distinct policy inaugurated by Russia looking to the development of eastern Suberia. The effect of the closing of the former free port of Vladivostock had not proved a success and led to consideration of the advisability of reopening it. Action in the matter is hastened by Viceroy Alexieff, who telegraphed to the emperor advising the immediate adoption of the new policy. The Associated

ANCIENT CASTLE AT NIKKO, JAPAN.

Press is further informed that Russia has no intention of rescinding it upon the conclusion of the war, but that the ports will remain open to foreign commerce for an indefinite period, and in the event of a successful termination the provisions of the decree will probably be extended to the territory covered by Russian lease of Liao Tung peninsula. Goods entering without duty can be shipped westward so far as Baikal, where the European Russian tariff will be imposed. While the opening of eastern Siberia to foreign trade will be of great advantage to the United States and Great Britain, the emperor's advisers are moved to adopt the policy strictly on account of its economic advantages in the development of Russia's far eastern possession.

TRAFFIC CLOSED.

None but Government Craft Permitted to Go to Yongampho.

Seoul, May 26.—Japanese authorities have closed all mercantile traffic at Yongampho and none but government craft are allowed to ascend the river which, since the occupation of the Manchurian shore by Japan, has been open. Measures were taken similar to those at Chinapho prior to the landing of the Second Japanese army on Liao Tung peninsula. The Yalu river is now presumably the rendezvous of the Third army, a part of which has already landed at Takushan.

A body of Cossacks 1000 strong are now reported near the port of Song Chon.

The Korean governor of the province of Hamyen, always a Russophile, now evidently intimidated by the constant appearance of Cossacks, has advised the prefect of Kyonn to prepare supplies of wheat, fowl and eggs for 1600 Cossacks whose arrival is expected. Other coast magistrates are instructed to follow suit.

Thirty engineers have returned from the north, having completed the survey of the Wiju railroad from Seoul to Ping Yang in the space of forty-eight days.

The emperor of Korea is so well pleased at the reported bravery of the garrisons located throughout the north that he desires to send them 200,000 yen worth of military stores. They had been previously ordered to subsist upon the country, and this sudden outburst of generosity is probably due to the war minister's desire to effect an enormous squeeze of the public purse.

GOING ON.

Japanese Are Said to Have Resumed Forward Movement.

Mukden, May 26.—According to the latest information obtainable the Japanese have resumed their forward movement. Several columns are advancing, though the bulk of the invading army is still near Feng Wang Cheng. There are persistent reports of bloody battle having taken place between the Japanese army advancing along the railroad from Pulantien and the Russians near Kin Chou, Liao Tung peninsula, resulting in the defeat of the Japanese with great loss. Small parties of Japanese scouts have been seen northeast of Mukden a considerable distance, but no important body of the enemy has been located in this vicinity.

EMPRESS' KINDNESS.

Artificial Limbs Furnished by First Japanese Lady to Russians.

Seattle, Wash., May 26.—The Nagasaki Press of April 24, just received here, says: "In connection with the announcement by her majesty, the empress, that wounded Russians should be given, if needed, artificial limbs, it is reported that a set of artificial arms and four feet have been recently sent to the Matsuyama Red Cross hospital at which wounded Russians are receiving treatment."

Embraces Several.

Washington, May 25.—The Methodist Protestant conference officially received the plan of union to embrace the Congregational, the United Brethren and the Methodist Protestant denominations. The presentation was made by the Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden of Columbus, O., a Congregationalist, and chairman of the joint committee, which formulated the plan. It was received with hearty enthusiasm by the conference

SIX THOUSAND.

That Number of Japanese Effected a Landing on May 21.

Chefoo, May 26.—Chinese junks arriving from Takushan port, lying southwest of Antung, report the landing of 6000 Japanese troops at Takushan on the 21st. Another junk from Pitsewo reports Japanese landing a small number of troops every day and building temporary barracks on Elliott, where 100 ships, including men of war and transports, have made a rendezvous.

Only small skirmishes were reported along the western shore of Liao Tung peninsula up to the 22 instant.

Heavy firing was heard in the direction of Port Arthur Tuesday indicating that a land attack had been commenced as the Japanese fleet had not been seen off Port Arthur.

Dalny refugees say that General Stoessel has taken all the cash from Port Arthur and Dalny banks so that depositors are unable to cash checks.

There are two Takushans on Liao Tung peninsula. One lies about forty miles southwest of Antung and the other situated midway between Pitsewo and Tallenwan bay. The latter is the point at which the Japanese have been landing their troops and evidently is the one referred to above.

LIST OF CASUALTIES.

Quite a Number of Officers and Bluejackets Went to the Bottom.

Tokio, May 26.—Of the complement of the protected cruiser recently in collision with the cruiser Kasuga sixty-three non-commissioned officers and 220 bluejackets were drowned and forty-eight non-commissioned officers and men rescued. Details are not yet received. The navy department is awaiting a detailed report of the battleship Hatsuse disaster, destroyed by coming in contact with a mine while cruising off Port Arthur on the morning of May 15, which it expects at once. A naval constructor has been dispatched by the department to question the survivors of the catastrophe and make a thorough and technical investigation into the affair.

Important Move Probable.

St. Petersburg, May 26.—There are indications that General Kuropatkin is preparing to make a very important move against the enemy. One reason for this belief is the sudden increased restrictions upon war correspondents at the front. The prevailing belief here is General Kuroki's army is in difficulties.

Fock's Forces Fighting.

Liao Yang, May 26.—There are further rumors of heavy fighting at advanced positions of General Fock's forces on Liao Tung peninsula, but a correspondent of the Associated Press has been unable to officially confirm the reports.

TRAIN FIRED INTO.

Conductor Fatally Wounded and Other Persons Are Injured.

Mobile, Ala., May 26.—Tuesday night about 9 o'clock while an excursion train on the Mobile and Ohio railroad was returning to Sheridan, Miss., from Mobile, one of the coaches was fired into as the train was passing Yellow Pine, Ala., sixty miles north of Mobile, by a negro named Samuel Moore, who used a double-barreled shotgun. Conductor S. W. Askew of Birmingham was fatally wounded; Flagman Joseph Richardson of Meridian and a negro excursionist named Benton seriously wounded. The train was stopped and backed to Yellow Pine depot, where the wounded men were given attention by Dr. J. T. Williams, the company's surgeon. The train then proceeded to Meridian with excursionists and the wounded men. Conductor Askew died between Waynesboro and Quitman, Miss. The negro assassin was captured at Yellow Pine and taken to Meridian on the train into which he fired. He was lodged in jail there. Conductor Askew has been in the employ of the Mobile and Ohio for years and was popular.

TEN SUFFOCATED.

Fifty Others Were Brought Out Unconscious but Recovered.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 26.—Ten men were suffocated by gas fro ma small locomotive in a mine tunnel near Williamstown.

Five others were brought out unconscious, but will recover.

The dead include Michael Golden, the general inside foreman.

Hotel Tragedy.

Monterey, Mex., May 26.—While Vale Gonzales, a lawyer, and Daniel Madigral, a merchant, were conversing in the patio of the Iturbide hotel Gonzales, it is alleged, drew a revolver and shot Madrigal through the heart. No cause is assigned for the shooting. Gonzales made an attempt to escape, and was taken in charge by the authorities. Both were prominent.

Back at Washington.

Washington, May 26.—The president has returned from Groton, Mass.

OHIO DEMOCRATS.

Conservatives Controlled the State Convention Held at Columbus.

Columbus, O., May 25.—Chairman Finley on Wednesday morning called the state Democratic convention to order. After Rev. E. L. Rexford offered prayer Chairman Starr was introduced. He addressed the convention. First applause was when Hearst's name was mentioned, followed by outbursts when other names were spoken. There was a notable demonstration for Mayor McClellan of New York, when he was referred to. Colonel W. A. Taylor spoke for the majority report, making severe charges, while the galleries cheered. Several altercations occurred but order was restored by the sergeant-at-arms. When Colonel Taylor concluded there was disturbance on the platform. Mr. Lentz took exception to what Colonel Taylor had said and asked to see the papers. Colonel Taylor had in his hand. Lentz took them. Taylor grabbed them back. A wordy encounter followed until both men were put down. Lentz and Taylor passed the "lie" repeatedly.

Majority report of credentials committee was adopted. Temporary organization was made permanent and rules of order of business adopted. The platform deals with state issues. Enunciation of national question was referred to the St. Louis convention.

Always the Same Result

Eighty-three steers were shipped to Fort Worth from Abilene and placed in a pasture 8 miles north of town, with other cattle owned by David Bosz of Fort Worth. In a few days 13 were dead from fever, and one sick. Mr. Hampton of the National Live Stock Commission Co. had 200 pounds of

BASS' MEDICATED SALT

placed in the pasture for them, at the request of the owner. No more were sick, and the sick one recovered.

The Result is Always the Same.

Cattle cannot have fever when licking Bass' Medicated Salt. Failure in getting the salt is the only possible cause of failure. It removes ticks.

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Shipped prepaid on receipt of $2.50 per 100 pounds.

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LIMIT ON DEBATE.

Thirty Minutes Is Time Each Speaker Must Confine Himself To.

Dallas, May 26.—The Central Christian church was where Wednesday's session of the general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church was held. It was decided that each speaker on the union question should be limited to thirty minutes. Several speeches on each side were made.

Anti-Divorce Marrying.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 26.—The Presbyterian general assembly has accepted by a two-thirds vote a resolution which in substance provides that Presbyterian ministers will be enjoined from marrying divorced persons who are ineligible in churches belonging to interchurch conference.

WEDS STEPMOTHER.

Peculiar Matrimonial Experience of a Man and Woman.

Atlanta, May 26.—Married, deserted, married again, thinking her husband dead, learning afterward that he had married his own stepmother and then arrested on the charge of bigamy, is the fate of Mrs. Pearl Lesage or Mrs. Marshall of Oakland City. Equally strenuous was the day for W. Marshall, a private in company I, Sixteenth regiment, stationed at Fort McPherson. Marshall is the second husband of Mrs. Lesage or Marshall and was arrested by the marshal of Oakland City on a charge of bigamy. When Mrs. Lesage or Marshall went to the jail to ascertain the cause of the arrest of her second husband she was arrested on the charge of bigamy. The peculiar part of the whole affair is that Lesage, the first husband of the woman, is said to have married his own stepmother and is now residing at Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y.

Oldest and Youngest.

Fort Worth, May 26.—Of the ninety aged men attending the annual meeting of the Texas-Mexican War Veterans' association the oldest is A. Freeman of Weatherford, 91, and O. McFadden of Crawford, 73, is the youngest.

Horribly Bruised.

Waco, May 26.—Ed Banks, a well known negro, was run over and killed by the northbound Katy flyer just south of the city limits at 4:30 o'clock Wednesday morning. He was horribly bruised and all bones broken. Banks was on his way to his work.

To Mobilize Two Million.

Paris, May 26.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris says: "I am able to affirm that Russia is preparing to mobilize 2,000,000 soldiers in European Russia on the compulsion with the war with Japan."

NOT GUILTY.

Such Is the Verdict In the Tyner and Barrett Case.

Washington, May 26.—Within twenty-two minutes of the retirement of the jury in the case of James H. Tyner and Harrison J. Barrett, tried on charges of conspiracy in connection with their duties as law officers of the postoffice department, a verdict of not guilty was returned. The throng which filled the court room throughout the arguments to the jury hardly had time to leave the building before the jury was back and the foreman announced that a verdict had been reached.

KILLS TWO GIRLS.

Deplorable Results of Playing With a Deadly Weapon.

Clairmont, Tex., May 26.—A son of Frank Woods shot his little sister, Maggie, six years old, and Grace Houston, same age. Maggie was shot just under the heart, and is dead. A ball passed through Grace's lungs.

The little boy thought the gun was empty. No grown people were in the house at the time. The boy is eight years old.

Fair Officers.

Dallas, May 26.—The new fair association elected the following officers:

President and general manager, Cecil A. Keating.

First vice president, Royal A. Ferris.

Second vice president, C. A. Mangold.

Secretary, Sydney Smith.

Treasurer, J. B. Adoue.

Committee on charter and by-laws, James Moroney, F. F. Sliney and Alfred H. Belo.

At Pittsburg, Tex., Wesley Lewis, a negro, was convicted of criminal assault on one of his race, and given thirty-five years.

Japanese Pensions.

The family of a dead Japanese soldier gets, roughly speaking, one-third of the pay of his rank. This would give the widow of a private $1.25 a month; of a first lieutenant, $6.25; of a captain, $8.33, and to the widow of a colonel, $20 a month.

For Summer Wear

Brown Calf and Kid Oxfords

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EXTREMELY SERVICEABLE, yet as attractive and tasty as a light kid Shoe.

Very snappy in style and fits to perfection.

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ACTIVE MAN with wife wants management of cow ranch on salary or percent of profits. Best of references. Address T., care Way-Ware Com. Co., Fort Worth, Tex.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—paint bald-faced pony, three stockings legs, branded on left thigh. Finder please return to Cassidy Southwestern Com. Co., Stock Yards, and receive reward.

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MONEY TO LOAN on farms and ranches by W. C. Belcher Land Mortgage Board of Trade Bldg., Fort Worth.

FRIEDMAN the Pawnbroker loans money on all articles of value. 922 street, opposite the Metropolitan. Bargains in unredeemed watches, pistols, guns, etc.

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FOR SALE, MULES—130 head 4s and 5s. From 14½ to 16 hands well bred, unbroke. Sell in lots to suit buyer. J. H. WHITE, Sulphur, I. T.

FOR SALE—I have for sale at prices:
100 head of choice 2-year-old heifers
100 head of choice 2-year-old bulls
170 head of choice yearling bulls
All are in fine condition, and will be sold at bargains for the next 60 days.
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