Farmers Attention! SEED CORN-- We now have selected stocks of choice Seed Corn: "Iowa Silver Mine," "Iowa Gold Mine," "Golden Beauty," and "St. Charles White." Also fancy Red Seed Oats, Amber, Orange, and Red Top Cane Seeds, big German Millet Seed, etc. Call and inspect our stocks. Special attention to mail inquiries.
ANDREWS & RANSON.
Cor. Park St. and Daggett Ave.

The Citizen

Saturday Edition of The Daily Livestock Reporter.

VOL. XII. FORT WORTH, TEXAS, SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1903. $1.00 per Year. NO. 42.

Farmers Attention! SEED CORN-- We now have selected stocks of choice Seed Corn: "Iowa Silver Mine," "Iowa Gold Mine," "Golden Beauty," and "St. Charles White." Also fancy Red Seed Oats, Amber, Orange, and Red Top Cane Seeds, big German Millet Seed, etc. Call and inspect our stocks. Special attention to mail inquiries.
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Cor. Park St. and Daggett Ave.

Fort Worth Live Stock Market.

Cattle and Hogs Scarce Even for Saturday.

CHOICE HOGS HERE

Best Hogs Offered Today Sold at $6.75.

GOOD PAID FOR STEERS

Fat Cattle Would Have Brought Better Money.

THE MARKET TODAY.

Hogs	$6 75
Choice steers	4 00

COMPARATIVE RECEIPTS.

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Today	300	200	—
Last week	243	209	—

RECEIPTS FOR 1903 TO DATE

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
	19,157	9,841	489
	13,135	9,022	855
	1,207	278	26
	906	318	245
	728	577	25
	1,027	1,008	
	493	793	348
	404	238	
	964	707	
	471	571	
	441	561	
	581	186	31
	713	467	
	243	209	153
	1,306	782	226
	629	584	148
	764	578	18
	314	376	420
	185	171	

THE HOG MARKET

(Corrected up to 3 p. m. daily.)

Receipts small run for Saturday arrived only three cars shipped in, and with drive-ins receipts are about 200 head, against 243 Friday and 268 for the same day last week. The receipts for the week foot up 3,538 head against 2812 for last week, 1801 for the corresponding time last month. There were no top hogs on the market today, and the receipts of a general mixed quality. Hogs were around early and the market opened steady and strong and with good demand it did not take long to clean up the pens. The top price was $6 75 for a drove of 166 pound hogs, which sold mixed, although $7.50 would have bought anything good enough.

Bulk of sales today sold around $7, with extreme range of $5.00 to $7.40. Pigs and lights are quoted from $7.25 to $7.40, with the mixed packers going from $7.00 to $7.30; light grades $6.90@7.00, and pigs and roughs $5.00 to $6.50.

The market closed strong and steady.

Representative sales:

HOGS. Average.	Price.
170	5 15
145	6 50
166	6 75
PIGS AND LIGHTS	
119	6 25

THE CATTLE MARKET

(Reported up to 3 p. m. daily.)

On the usual Saturday run arrived, cars unloaded, or 252 head. Figure up about 300 head, including drive-ins, against 243 last Saturday and 539 for the same day last week.

Receipts for the week foot up 3,538 against 3,413 last week, and 2,998 corresponding time last month. Quality today was poor, with no fat on the market, and the bulk steers averaging around 850 lbs.

The market opened active and strong, good demand for all kinds.

Top price reached today for steers was for a load of 22 steers, average 1092 pounds, with the balance of sales largely around $3 60.

There has been a good demand for cows and heifers all week, and sales have quoted 10 to 15 cents higher than close of last week.

Bulls are quoted from $4.00 down with the medium grades at $3.50, and light grades $2.50 down.

Stockers and heifers $3.00 to $3.50 for choice, $2.25 to $2.00, and canners $1.50 to $2.00.

Stags and oxen $2.25 to $3.00 and $2.50 to $4.00.

Market closed steady to strong, with pens cleaned by noon.

Following were representative sales today:

STEERS.		
22	1092	4 00
24	966	3 85
15	924	3 65
11	861	3 60
13	859	3 60
15	886	3 60
15	880	3 60
COWS		
1	1120	3 50
10	923	3 00
7	918	3 00
1	940	3 00
1	1000	3 00
9	980	2 85
5	656	2 50
1	880	2 50
BULLS.		
7 stags	1032	3 00
2	1325	2 50
1	600	2 25
CALVES.		
3	160	4 00

Market Quotations Today.

CATTLE.	
Steers—Choice fed	$4 00@4 60
Medium fed	3 25@4 00
Good grass	2 75@3 25
Light thin	2 25@2 75
Cows—Choice heavy fed	3 00@3 50
Medium butcher	2 50@3 00
Light thin	2 00@2 50
Canners	1 50@2 00
Bulls, stags and oxen	2 25@3 00
Veals and calves	2 50@4 00
HOGS.	
Heavy sorted	7 25@7 50
Mixed packers	7 00@7 30
Light	6 50@7 00
Southwestern pigs	5 50@6 25
Stockers	4 50@5 00
SHEEP.	
Lambs	$4 00@5 00
Wethers	4 00@4 50
Ewes	3 25@4 00
Bucks and culls	1 50@2 50

SHIPPERS IN TODAY.

CATTLE.

Kay Bros, Athens, 27.
——, Malakoff, 54.
Denton Cotton Mill Co., Denton, 32.
J. W. Wright, Fayette, Mo., 69.
F. W. Madden, Tyler, 70.

HOGS.

Kay Bros, Athens, 31.
E. C. Critendon, Clarksville, 62.
A. T. Haines, Kingfisher, O. T., 78.

J. W. Colston Dead.

John W. Colston, bookkeeper in the office of the secretary and general manager of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, died here Friday afternoon. He had been in failing health for some months. The trouble was acute bronchitis. He resided at No. 1018 Burnett street. The deceased was a friend of 30 years standing to the late J. C. Loving, who was secretary of the association. Mr. Colston came to Texas from Kentucky many years ago, as a drug clerk, and met Mr. Loving in Young county, whither he drifted on account of bad health. The two were associated in business for a number of years. Mr. Colston was born in Louisville Ky., Feb. 28, 1847, and came to the State in 1876, locating in Young county. He came with Mr. Loving to Ft. Worth in 1894, and had been connected with the office ever since that time, as bookkeeper.

Conditions in Mexico.

Mr. Jos. Wing, representing the Breeders Gazette, dropped in to see us on his return from Old Mexico, where he has been looking up the cattle situation. He reports large numbers of cattle being fed in the districts of Torreone and Chihuahua, which when finished will find a market at the California packing plants.

He reports conditions there similar to what they were in Texas 25 years ago—free grass and an open range—with the general run of native cattle somewhat better than the Texas longhorns.

Mr. Wing says that a good many people from the states are drifting in and introducing better bulls, and eventually the ranges will be fenced and the cattle improved.

Live Stock Commission Houses.

Following are the members of the Live Stock Exchange now doing business at the Fort Worth Stock Yards:

CAMPBELL & ROSSON L. S. COM. CO.
FORT WORTH LIVE STOCK COM. CO.
LONG HORN LIVE STOCK COM. CO.
NATIONAL LIVE STOCK COM. CO.
NORTH TEXAS LIVE STOCK COM. CO.
GEO. W. SAUNDERS COM. CO.
SOUTHWESTERN LIVE STOCK COM. CO.

WEEK'S MARKET REVIEW

RECEIPTS DECREASE AS THE WEEK ADVANCES

Demand Continues Strong For Good Butcher Stuff.

From liberal receipts Monday, the shipments have fallen off toward the close of the week.

The market has changed for the better on steers the latter part of this week, and buyers have taken freely the supply that has come in. The demand for butcher stuff has ruled strong all week.

Following is a general resume of the markets for the week.

HOGS.

MONDAY

Receipts 782. Top $7 25½; bulk $7.00@7.47½.

The quality of the day's receipts was good, and among them were some choice heavy packers, averaging 268, that topped the market at $7.52½. This is 5c over the top price of Kansas City, which is $7.47½ for the day. A hog buyer, here visiting the yards from Kansas City, said, while looking at a bunch of hogs that sold here at $7.40, "I paid $7.22½ for hogs just as good, up there, last Friday."

With the good run of hogs here, buyers started bidding 5 to 10c lower, and trading was slow getting a start, but buyers evidently having urgent orders on hand, and salesmen seeing they were badly in need of hogs, held out until trading commenced on a steady basis, which held up throughout the balance of the day and closed strong.

TUESDAY

Receipts 884. Top $7.50; bulk $7.10@7.40.

Trains were in in good time today, and practically everything was in the pens when buyers and sellers reached the yards. The quality of the hogs was poor compared with the offerings on sale yesterday, and a large percentage of those offered ran below the 200-pound mark, many being mixed, and mostly all running to a pig end.

The trading opened lively and buyers went after the hogs just as they could get them, but most of the sales were made steady on the common stuff, and the few of better quality were thought to be strong to a shade higher, but the general opinion centered on a steady basis compared with yesterday. There was nothing here of as good quality as the $7.52½ hogs of yesterday, but a few head of nice smooth 270-pounds topped the market at $7.50, with several sales of lighter weight around $7.40. The extreme range of prices today was from $5.50 to $7.50, with the bulk of the sales from $7 to $7.40.

WEDNESDAY

Receipts 578. Top $7.30; bulk $7.00@7.27½.

The quality of the day's receipts was a little better than yesterday, but mostly of a light weight, with nothing on sale of a toppy nature, although among the offering were a few loads of nice smooth packers.

The buyers started out bidding generally 10 to 20c lower, and as a result a dullness prevaided, with very little business done up to noon. Later in the day, with buyers wanting the hogs and sellers willing to split the difference, the bulk of the day's offerings was sold at a 10c decline from yesterday, and sales made of light hogs anywhere from 10 to 20c lower.

The top price paid today was $7.30 for a nice smooth bunch of packers averaging 226 pounds. The extreme range of prices was from $5.00 to $7.30, with bulk of sales largely around $7.

THURSDAY

Receipts 354. Top $7.40; bulk $7.

Very little business was done in the morning, and only a few head of hogs were to be had. The three cars numbered 207 head, and including drive-in receipts, run about 300 head, against 286 for the same day last week, and 479 for the same day last month.

Among the late arrivals was an especially good load of mixed packers of good weight, averaging 210 pounds, which sold at $7.40, with the balance of offerings of a medium quality.

Buyers were around early, and wanted hogs badly, and all they could find was a few wagon hogs, which changed hands at a strong to 5c higher basis. Later in the day, when everything expected had arrived, early predictions proved true, and buyers took the balance of the offerings at an advance of 5c over yesterday's prices, with the bulk of sales around $7, and extreme range $5 to $7.40.

Market closed steady.

FRIDAY

Receipts 571. Top $7.42½; bulk $7.00@7.30.

The market opened strong to 5c higher, and buyers were around early, taking the supply at the advance. There was an active tone to the market, which held up throughout the day. Buyers here with a good supply of ordors on hand are keeping in line with Northern markets, and it did not take sellers long to make a sale.

The top price reached today was $7.42½ for a load of 59 hogs, averaging 236 lbs, with another load averaging 234 lbs, at $7.40. The market closed strong, with the extreme range from $6.25@7.42½, and the bulk of sales at $6 25@7.00.

CATTLE.

MONDAY

Receipts 1306. Top steers $4.15; cows $3 50.

The quality was good and the bulk of receipts mostly fed steers, with very few cows and heifers, bulls and calves to be had.

Dullness was the ruling feature of the steer trade this morning. Buyers apparently did not want many, even at a decline of 10c, at which rate most of the steers sold, and those that changed hands early sold to outside buyers at the decline.

Top on the steer market for 50 head of 1003 pound cattle was $4.15.

There was a good demand for butcher cattle, and the few on the market sold at strong prices. The best sale of cows reached $3 25 for fed cows weighing 796 pounds, and a bunch of heifers averaging around 608 sold at $3.15.

TUESDAY

Receipts 629. Top steers $4.10; cows $3.50.

The quality in the steer line was not so good today, and the run was made up of light fed steers. Nothing arrived with the weight and quality of the $4.25 steers on yesterday's market. There was a better feeling in the steer trade today and buyers were willing to take the suppply at not more that steady prices. Trading ruled brisk and a large volume of business was done up to noon. The top price on cattle for the day was $4 10 for a string of 44 head of 1073-lb steers, with the bulk of sales largely from $3.60@4.00.

Butcher stock ruled active, with a demand for good cows and heifers, which kind held up well throughout the decline in yesterday's trading, and was again today quoted strong. Buyers seem to want this class of cattle, and a few sales were made today that were thought to be as high as any time last week. Good heavy cows brought $3.50 on today's market, with a nice bunch of smooth heifers averaging 652 at the same price, which is the high price of the season on heifers.

The demand for bulls and stags has improved, and a bunch of bulls averaging 1061 pounds sold on today's market at $3, with sales going largely at $2 to $2.75. A good demand for calves, veals selling largely around $4, with the heavier calves selling mostly within a range of $2.50 to $3.00.

Market closed steady.

WEDNESDAY

Receipts 764. Top steers $4.35; cows $4.00.

The quality was good today on all classes of cattle, and a good variety of all kinds among the offerings.

The market opened steady and active with the demand good on all useful kinds, showing mostly on good cows and heifers, and sales were made generally on a steady basis with yesterday's prices. The liberal run did not seem to be more than enough to fill orders.

The supply included a fair proportion of good weight steers, with the top price $4 35 for a load of 1199-pound steers, but, as has been the rule of late, many of the steers offered were not more than half fat, which kind are unpopular on the market.

There was a fair supply of good cows and heifers here, with the top sale on cows $4.00, and a nice smooth bunch of heifers averaging 757 pounds, at $3.25.

Bulls were scarce, but those offered sold mostly around $2.50, with a good supply of calves, which sold steady.

THURSDAY

Receipts 354. Top steers $4.20; cows $3.25.

The run was made up largely of light-weight steers, with nothing here with the weight and quality of the top cattle on yesterday's market. Yesterday and today good useful light-weight steers sold freely on a firm basis, with local buyers doing mostly all the trading, and it did not take long to make a clearance. The bulk of the the steers today sold mostly around $3 65, with the top price $4.20 for 22 of 1167-pound steers.

There was a good demand for all kinds of butcher stock, but the supply was small, with no change in prices, sellers did not have to coax buyers to take the supply, and trading was over on this class of stuff almost as soon as it was yarded.

Top sale of cows was made at $3. for a few head weighing 1050 pounds, with the bulk of the mediums going from $2.50 to $2.75.

FRIDAY

Receipts 185. Top steers $3.90; cows $3.00.

Receipts were moderate and ran close to 500 less than were on sale one week ago. Only five cars, 120 head, were unloaded early, and with the few expected receipts will not reach above 200 head, against 712 last Friday and 777 for the same day last month.

There was no quotable advance in prices, but the market showed great activity, and buyers were around early. The bulk of the offerings changed hands early, with pens cleared by noon.

There was not much change in the calf market. Buyers were looking for good to choice kinds, which were scarce, and the top price today was $3.25 for calves weighing around 400 pounds.

THE FINANCIAL WORLD.

Bank Clearings at Principal Points for the Week.

New York, March 20.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ending March 20:

Cities	Amount.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,858,118,417		3.4
Chicago	165,659,102	2.8	
Boston	130,493,785	[illegible]	
Philadelphia	108,070,509		1.5
St. Louis	45,794,641		7.9
Pittsburg	50,418,415	28.0	
Baltimore	21,851,150	1.9	
San Francisco	31,827,027	29.0	
Cincinnati	21,603,200	7.1	
Kansas City	17,303,126	4.9	
New Orleans	18,030,271	12.9	
Louisville	10,953,468	19.0	
Denver	4,003,629		7.6
Memphis	3,971,241	8.1	
Washington	3,912,543	5.0	
Fort Worth	3,050,853	2.8	
Atlanta	2,861,865	26.3	
Nashville	2,205,428	31.1	
Birmingham	1,246,741	30.2	
Little Rock	877,319	6.2	
Galveston	8,980,000	67.4	
*Houston	[illegible]		
Totals U. S.	$2,165,759,079		.08
Outside N. Y.	307,640,662	6.2	

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

MONEY.

New York, March 20.—(Close) Money on call easier at 4 to 6 per cent; closed offered 5. Time money easier; sixty and ninety days 5¼ to 5½, six months 5 to 5¼. Prime mercantile paper 6 per cent nominal, sterling exchange about steady at $4.87.20 to 4.87.25 for demand and at $4.84 to $4.84.10 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.85 to $4.88. Commercial bills $4.83½ to 4.83¾.

GRAIN AND HAY.

Quotations at Fort Worth, Wholesale and Retail Prices.

The grain and hay market at Fort Worth is quoted as follows. Prices are for car lots. In smaller quantities, add 2 to 5 cents per bushe for grain and 5c per cwt. for bran and chops:

CORN—No. 2 mixed, 54c; No. 2 white, 55c.
WHEAT—75c.
OATS—43c
BRAN—$1.05 per cwt.
CHOPS—$1.10 per cwt.
KAFFIR CORN—$1.15 per cwt.
CANE SEED—$1.25 per cwt.
MILLET SEED—$1.75.
HAY—Prairie, choice, $12 50 per ton.

Cotton Seed, Meal and Hulls.

COTTON SEED—Car lots $16 00 to $18.00 ton.
COTTON SEED MEAL—Car lots, $22.00 to $23.00.
COTTON SEED HULLS—By contract, $6.50; retail, $7.00.

Hides.

DRY FLINT—Heavy beef, 13c; heavy fallen, 12c; light, 10c. Dry salt, 10 to 11c, culls and bad damaged, 5 to 9c. Green salt, 5½ to 6½c.

Wool.

Light medium, 12-mos., 12 to 14c; 6-mos., 11 to 13c. Heavy, short and sandy, 10 to 12c.

Sleep Keeps Him Young.

One of the youngest looking old men in the English house of commons is Sir John Gorst. He is now getting on to 70, but he has a brisk step, his complexion is ruddy and he speaks with the same brightness, self-possession and acidity which he displayed in the '80s. He attributes his extraordinary youthfulness to the fact that he has for years followed the advice given him by the late Sir Andrew Clark, the celebrated physician, and has, under all circumstances, remained nine hours of every twenty-four in bed.

Prize for Naming Schools.

The Baltimore school board has appropriated $100 to secure the services of some well-informed citizen in the selection of names of prominent Marylanders of the past to designate the 100 public schools in the city.

Injurious Alcoholic Drinks.

According to Dr. Baudran of Paris, the least injurious alcoholic drinks are cider and beer, while the most injurious is eau de cologne, which wrecks the health of many women.

Dr. Glenn New Peabody Agent.

Dr. G. A. Glenn, formerly commissioner of education in Georgia, will succeed the late Dr. Carry as agent of the Peabody educational fund.

AT OTHER MARKETS

Receipts Today.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Kansas City	1,000	2,000	400
St. Louis	400	1,500	
St. Joseph	100	100	
Total	1,500	3,600	400

KANSAS CITY.

Special to the Reporter.

Kansas City Stock Yards, March 21.—The Drovers' Telegram reports today:

CATTLE — Receipts 100. Market weak.

HOGS — Receipts 2,000. Market strong to 5c higher. Top $7.50; bulk $7.20@7.45.

SHEEP — Receipts 400. Nominally steady.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

Special to the Reporter.

National Stock Yards, Ill., March 21.—Receipts and quotations as furnished by the National Live Stock Reporter:

CATTLE—Receipts 400; Texas 100. Market steady. Top $4.00. Natives steady.

HOGS — Receipts 1,500. Market 5c higher. Top $7.55; bulk $7.25@7.45.

ST. JOSEPH.

Special to the Reporter.

South St. Joseph, March 21.—The Stock Yards Daily Journal reports:

CATTLE — Receipts 100. Market steady. Top $4 27½.

HOGS — Receipts 100. Market 5 to 10c higher. Top $7.52½; bulk $7.35@7.50.

Danger in Sweeping.

Tests in tenement houses show that [illegible] minutes after sweeping 2,500 germs settled on a saucer three inches across, in the same length of time before sweeping seventy-five germs settled on the saucer.

WANTED, OR FOR SALE.

Under this head advertisements will be inserted [illegible] insertion and 2 cents for each subsequent insertion. Six words make a line.

The Daily Live Stock Reporter is sent every day to 2500 stockmen in Texas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma and New Mexico.

If you have anything to sell that these men want to buy, or if you want to buy anything they have to sell, or if you want to tell them anything, you can do it through the columns of The Live Stock Reporter better and cheaper than through any other paper.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—85 Shorthorn Cattle, at public sale, Monday, March 30, 1903, at Dallas fair grounds, by Jno. Hurruss, Columbia, Mo. Nearly all of this stock is immune, balance inoculated against Tick Fever. Cows with calves at foot. Heifers safe in calf, and Herd-Headers. In this sale will be offered the Imported Bull, Advance, 179251, three times inoculated for Tick Fever. This sale will, without question, offer some great bargains. Be sure and come. Sale commences at 10 a. m. For catalogue, write C. S. Mitchell, Jr., care American Nat'l Bank, Dallas, Texas.

FOR SALE—We have for sale at Estelline, Texas, on the Fort Worth & Denver R. R. 150 full blood Hereford bulls from 12 to 15 months old. Nothing better in the Panhandle. For prices and further information, address R. D. Green Estelline, Texas, or the Continental Land & Cattle Company, Continental Building, Denver, Colo. Bulls can be seen at any time, one-half mile from the station.

STOCK FARMS.—We have for sale Improved Stock Farms and Pastures of 480, 640, 1120 and up to 5000 acres, RIGHT ON RAILROAD, and with absolutely PERMANENT WATER, only six hours run to Fort Worth. Horses, Mules and Cattle for Sale. WEBB & RUSSELL, Baird, Callahan county, Texas.

COTTON SEED CAKE FOR SALE.

Stockmen write Tyler Cotton Oil Co., for prices on cracked and screened Cotton Seed Cake in 100-lb sax, car load lots. The cheapest and best feed to rough cattle through the winter and to fatten on the grass. Tyler, Tex.

FOR SALE—40 head Durham Bulls, 2 to 4 years old, all red and well bred. Also 15 good Jacks, ready for service. J. W. Shepard, Plano, Texas.

FOR SALE—Small ranches, well improved. 1100 acres in Burnett county, 1100 acres in Jack county, 2500 acres in Montague county. H. H. Cobb, Fort Worth, Texas.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FLOYD County, 4748 acres rich level plains, all fenced, splendid windmill water, small house, lots, etc., $3.25 per acre. If don't suit, please describe what you want. W. M. Massie, Land Agent, Hoxie Bldg., Fort Worth, Tex.

$10 REWARD—Strayed, one bay mare, about 7 years old, 14½ hands high. Branded 7K connected, on left jaw, 2—4, connected, on left hip. Notify Sheriff Tarrant county.

FOR SALE—Eggs of Black Minorca, at $2.50 per setting of 15. John Hedges, Watauga, Texas.

FARMERS WANTED—To list their farms for sale with Brown, & Fox, the live, hustling Real Estate agents, 706½ Main street, Fort Worth, Tex.

WANTED—A few responsible parties to raise thoroughbred Brown Leghorn Chickens on the shares. I will furnish the eggs from prize winning stock. Write, or call on W. J. Warriner, 1818 Washington street, Fort Worth.

WANTED—Reliable Salesmen for a first-class line of Lubricating Oils, Roof and Barn Paints on commission; to sell to Mills, Thresher Machine owners and Farmers. Liberal terms. References. The Howard Oil & Grease Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

MONEY TO LOAN—On improved black sandy or black waxey farms at 7½ per cent to 8 per cent, on 5 to 10 years' time. Also vendor's liens taken up. Brown & Fox, 706½ Main street, Fort Worth.

NOTICE—If you are in need of Farm Hands, Ranch Hands, Clerks, or any kind of help, call, write or phone 106 West Eleventh street. Phone 839-4 Rings, Fort Worth.

FOR BARGAINS in stock farming lands and ranches on North Plains, write or call on Dunson, Floyd & Hoffman, Dalhart, Texas, office City Hall.

HORSE BREEDERS.

IF YOU want to breed a mare, buy a horse, or colt, or have one broken or trained, come or arrange it at the farm. Henry Ezell, Dallas, Tex.

The Citizen

ESTABLISHED 1891.

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PRICE ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

NOTICE.

The public is notified to pay no money to any person representing himself as agent for The Citizen or Live Stock Reporter, except such as named in this notice

The authorized agents of this paper are C. H Beard and A. Z. Stirling

SATURDAY, MARCH 21, 1903.

RECORD PRICE FOR HOGS.

The $7.52½ hogs on this market last Monday are believed to have been the highest priced ever sold here, not counting premium hogs. The records show that on Sept. 17, 1892, Frank Shiflett of Krum had in a shipment of hogs that brought $7.50. One of the commission men said, if his recollection served him right, a sale was made since then at a higher price, but he had no record to refer to, and could not give the date. In the absence of stronger evidence, the $7.52½ sale of Monday is looked upon as the record for the Fort Worth market.

Really top hogs would go beyond that figure now. Our market quotations are $7.25 to $7.60 for heavy sorted, and buyers here stand ready to pay $7.60 for the right kind of hogs when they come. The average weight of the hogs—excluding pigs and lights—on the Fort Worth market yesterday was 220, and this was better than the general average. The hogs that had weight lacked finish, and those that had finish lacked weight. This is shown by the sale of 215-pound hogs at $7.42½ and 275-pound at $7.10. If the 275-pounders had had the finish of the 215-pounders they would have brought more than $7.42½.

We are not getting as good hogs as Kansas City or St. Joseph, because our farmers have not made a specialty of raising hogs for market, but even with stuff lacking high finish and full weight, this market was 10 cents better than St. Joseph and 5 cents better than Kansas City yesterday.

WHERE OUR STOCK GOES.

A table has been prepared, showing the origin of live stock shipments to the Northern markets. From it we gather that Texas shipped last year to St. Louis 389,414 cattle, 8805 hogs, and 58,934 sheep. To Kansas City, 313,729 cattle, 5795 hogs, and 106,054 sheep. To Chicago, 73,794 cattle, 390 hogs, and 4128 sheep. A few were sent to other markets, making a total of 861,200 cattle, 17,696 hogs and 191,051 sheep sent out of the state. The Indian Territory sent to St. Louis 270,025 cattle, to Kansas City 203,421, and to St. Joseph 42,446. Of hogs she sent 60,240 to Kansas City and 18,777 to St. Louis. Oklahoma sent 182,441 cattle to Kansas City, 18,967 to St. Joseph, and 14,778 to St. Louis. She sent 15,382 sheep to Kansas City, and a few to other points. The total number from Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma that went to swell the receipts of the Northern markets was 1,412,473 cattle, 253,499 hogs, and 219,022 sheep.

Nine-tenths of these are naturally tributary to Fort Worth. Northern and Western Oklahoma and Northeastern Indian Territory may be able to reach St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago or St. Joseph to greater advantage than Fort Worth, but all other parts of this vast breeding region will soon find that this is the central point of their trade, and they will turn to it. The demand now is for a greater number of hogs and sheep than were sent to all of the markets from this territory last year, and the demand will soon be for two or three times as much. The farmers and stock raisers within a distance of 500 miles of Fort Worth can find here a market, at the best prices, for all of the hogs and sheep they can raise.

A MONEY-MAKING DEAL.

A little bunch of 68 head of hogs, averaging 268 pounds, was shipped in from Chickasha, I. T., and sold on the Fort Worth market at $7.52½. At this price they brought the shipper $20.16 apiece, and the lot of 63 head meant $1270 to him.

The man who raised these hogs made money. At the highest estimate for feed and care, they could not have cost more than $10 a head to raise, and at that estimate his profit was more than 100 per cent.

On Thursday of last week the best price paid at this market was $7.20. The market on Monday was no higher than on Thursday. The higher prices on Monday were on account of the better quality of offerings. Hogs that sold for $7.20 would have brought $7.52½ if they had been worth it.

Texas shippers, and those from Indian Territory and Oklahoma, cannot afford to go to any other market than this From Texas points the freight rate to the Northern markets in prohibitory, and in addition there is the loss of weight by shrinkage, that materially effects the selling price of a hog. The man who ships to St. Louis or Kansas City must get at least 75 cents more than at Fort Worth to balance the extra cost. Yesterday's top at Fort Worth was 5 cents higher than Kansas City tops and only 2½ cents below St. Louis. The man who sent hogs away from Texas to sell, can sit down with his pencil stub and paper pad and figure out how much he lost.

A FRIGID LAND.

Our Texas citizens who are smitten with the Canada fever may find some relief, if not a total cure, by a reading of this letter, written by S. H. Lovering of South Bend, Wash. Mr. Lovering tried a local application of Canada for his case, and the cure was complete and lasting. He writes:

"In 1894 I sold out in Nebraska and moved to Edmonton, Alberta, and lived there till 1898. Then sold my stock and left my ranch with all my buildings, fences, fields and came back to the United States a wiser but not a wealthier man. It is no country for a man who has been raised in the United States. The people are clannish and will boycott an American to the bitter end. The climate is uncertain as to raising crops, and the winters are long and tedious. The summers are short and the air is laden with mosquitoes. The mosquitoes and flies will drive stock wild. The market is poor. The Canadian Pacific railway has the key to the situation, and it holds the country in an iron grasp."

A number of Texas cattlemen have taken their herds to Canada, because of the crowding of settlers against them, and the offer of cheap land and abundant grass in Northwestern Canada. We would like to hear from some of them who have gone through a winter there. Possibly they may not have had the same experience as Mr. Lovering—and then again, they may have had as hard a deal as he, but won't own up.

HOGS MAKE MONEY.

A 500-pound hog was sold by S. N. Nelson of Taylor for $27.50. On the Fort Worth market it would have brought $35—about the same as a 1000-steer.

J. J. Taylor of Itasca sold a 436-pound hog for $27.35.

Under ordinary conditions at least half of the price of these hogs was clear profit.

No other kind of livestock makes as large a return in as short a time as hogs.

A sale of 1004-pound Panhandle fed steers on the Chicago market last Friday at $4.20, was considered important enough to cause the Drovers' Journal to call especial attention to it. On the same day 1069-pound steers sold on the Fort Worth market at $4.20 and 1130-pounds at $4.35. This market will stand comparison with any of them.

Mr. F. D. Coburn, chief of the live stock division of the St. Louis World's Fair, is trying to get an allowance of $250,000 cash for live stock premiums. Such an attraction would bring the finest show herds of the world to St. Louis, and few live stock men could afford to stay away from that exhibit. Texas has a few breeders who would be pretty sure to handle some of that premium money.

Col. W. F. Cody, better known as "Buffalo Bill," writes a letter to President Roosevelt, taking the position that permitting sheep to graze on the underbrush of the wooded mountainsides of the West, will bring down calamity on that section. They destroy the underbrush, the conservator of the water supply, and this means the rapid melting of snow in the spring, the swift rush of water to the rivers, and drouth all through the summer.

On the Chicago market Texas steers sold for an average of $2.60 to $3.40 in February, against $2.75 to $3.50 in January. Cows and heifers sold at $2.90 to $4.00 in January, and at $2.80 to $3.60 in February. The decline in prices is noted on all kinds of stock, but Texas cattle suffered most. But while cattle are going down, hogs are going up. The average was $6.55 for January, and $6.95 for February.

SKINNING LIVE GOATS.

Peculiar Practice of Goat Breeders in Parts of India.

New York Times.

A curious pamphlet reaches us from the office of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of Calcutta, which, while not exactly pleasant reading, is interesting and instructive. It epitomizes the literature of a movement to discourage and suppress the practice which obtains among the herders of Mofussil and the United Provinces of removing the skins from goats before killing them. The practice seems to have originated in an impression among the natives that larger values may be realized from skins so taken than from skins removed from the carcasses of goats killed in the orderly and proper way. This does not appear to have any foundation in fact or in commercial usage, since a consensus of trade opinion shows that it is impossible to distinguish a skin taken from a living animal from one taken immediately after killing. However, it is difficult to make the natives understand that there is no advantage to them from what must be an extremely inconvenient operation, and is certainly very unpleasant for the goats. As practiced, the skinning begins at an incision extending from the base of one ear to a corresponding point at the base of the other, across the lower jaw and just in front of the masseter muscle. The theory is that it gives increased length of neck and makes the hide more valuable, but since this is not true the merciful protest of the Calcutta society against the toleration of this cruelty should be instrumental in stopping it.

Several stockmen are at the yards this week, looking for bulls and feedeer.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY make oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886

{ SEAL } A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the Evans & Simms Manufacturing Company did, on February 20th, 1903, make a General Assignment for the benefit of all its creditors, therein naming the undersigned as Assignee. I have duly qualified as such Assignee, by giving bond as the law requires.

All creditors of said Evans & Simms Manufacturing Company are hereby requested to at once file with me their claims against said Company, proven according to law.

L. M. WHITTITT, Assignee.
No. 401 Elizabeth street, Fort Worth, Texas.

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Tarrant County, Greeting: You are hereby commanded, that, by making publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the County of Tarrant, for four consecutive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, you summon C. H. Burk whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Justice's Court of Precinct No. 1, Tarrant County, Texas, at a regular term thereof, to be holden at my office in the city of Fort Worth, on the last Monday in March 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., it being the 30th day of March, 1903, then and there to answer the suit of The Texas Manufacturing Co., a corporation, filed in said court on the 19th day of February, 1903, against the said C. H. Burk for the sum of $50.00, besides interest and costs, instituted upon account for said sum of fifty dollars due and unpaid by defendant to plaintiff, and being for goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered by defendant in the year 1902. Said account now on file in this office. File No. of suit 8404.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same on the said 30th day of March 1903.

Given under my hand officially, at office in the city of Fort Worth, this the 19th day of February, A. D. 1903. JOHN L. TERRELL, Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1, Tarrant county, Texas.

TEXAS RATES ON LIVE STOCK.

FIGURES OF INTEREST TO SHIPPERS TO THIS MARKET.

They Can Estimate the Cost, and Compare It With Cost of Reaching Northern Markets.

A Texas market for Texas stock raisers means a great deal in the way of freight charges. We speak for Indian Territory and Oklahoma stockmen as well, for the latter, though not strictly shipping under the Texas commission rates, get the benefit of a short haul when sending to the Fort Worth market.

The following tables give the rates on beef cattle, oxen, cows, calves, goats, hogs and sheep; also on cattle three years old and over, for distances from 10 miles to 750.

DISTANCE—Miles.	RATES No. 1	RATES No. 2
10 and less	6	8½
15 and over 10	6½	9
20 " 15	7	9½
25 " 20	7½	10
30 " 25	8	10½
35 " 30	8½	11½
40 " 35	9	12
45 " 40	9½	12½
50 " 45	10	13
60 " 50	10½	13½
70 " 60	11	14½
80 " 70	11½	15
90 " 80	12	15½
100 " 90	12½	16½
125 " 100	13½	17½
150 " 125	15	18½
175 " 150	16½	20
200 " 175	17½	21½
250 " 200	18½	22½
300 " 250	20	23½
350 " 300	21½	25
400 " 350	22½	26
450 " 400	23½	27
500 " 450	25	28
550 " 500	26½	29
600 " 550	27½	30
650 " 600	28½	31
700 " 650	30	32
750 " 700	31½	33
Over 750	32½	34

Column No. 1 is for shipment over a single line of road, or over two or more lines under one management. Column No. 2 is for shipments over two or more lines under different managements.

CHARGES FOR SELLING.

Rates Fixed by Live Stock Exchange for Handling Stock.

The commission charges for selling and handling stock consigned to the Fort Worth market are fixed by the Live Stock Exchange and are as follows:

Cattle, 50 cents per head, but not more than $12 for a carload; calves, 25 cents per head, $12 for single deck and $18 for double deck cars.

Hogs, 10 cents per head; $6 for single deck car and $10 for double deck.

Charges for sheep are the same as for hogs.

FEEDING CHARGES.

The charges by the Stock Yards Company for yardage are fixed as follows:

Cattle, per head	25c
Hogs, per head	8c
Sheep, per head	5c

Prices charged for feed by the Stock Yards: Hay, 80c a bale; corn, $1 a bushel; oats, 80c a bushel; chops $1.50 cwt.; bran, $1.30 cwt.; straw, 40c bale.

OFFICERS OF THE EXCHANGE

Officers and directors of the Live Stock Exchange are:

W. B. King, president.
R. H. McNatt, vice-president.
V. S. Wardlaw, treasurer.
O. W. Matthews, secretary.

Directors: W. B. King, R. H. McNatt, V. S. Wardlaw, J. D. Farmer, W. D. Davis, O. W. Matthews, L. V. Niles, J. P. Daggett, J. F. Grant.

Provisions for Epileptics.

There is now some sort of special provision established for the epileptic class in nineteen states. In each of these institutions adequate systems of segregation, occupation and education of the patients are in course of more or less complete installation.

Bishop and the Stage.

The bishop of Dijon has forbidden his clergy to attend theaters, music halls and other similar places of public entertainment. It is said that a few years ago, when he filled a much humbler position, he was an ardent advocate of the stage.

The Yearning for Notoriety.

As an example of the lengths to which modern statesmen will go for a pose attention is called to the case of the Missouri legislator who confesses that he blew out the gas to get his name in the papers.

Horse Clippers

A Good Power Clipper FOR $5.50.

We are headquarters for HAND and POWER Clippers of the best makes.

Prices $1.25 to $12.75.

NASH HARDWARE CO., Fort Worth

SEEDS FROM IOWA FOR 10c

We will send Post Paid, 6 pkgs. Garden Seeds and 6 pkgs. Flower Seeds, together with our 1903 Catalogue of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, at 1, 2 and 3c per package. Cane Seed $2.00 per 100 lbs; Dwarf Essex Rape $5.50 per 100 lbs. Samples of all kinds of farm seed free.

PENCILARIA, The wonderful new fodder plant, per lb. 50c, per 100 lbs, $40 Sample free.

Address, F. C. GRAVES SEED CO., Des Moines, Ia.

$175.00 IN GOLD Given Away

TO OUR PATRONS.

NURSERY STOCK—A complete line; the varieties that make you money. We handle only the best money makers. Let us submit you a selection and prices. A full line of Seeds, Plants and Cut Flowers.

WRITE US YOUR WANTS—CATALOGUE FREE.

Fort Worth, Texas. DRUMM SEED & FLORAL CO.

Seed Corn—Just received, a car load of Seed Corn from Nebraska. Iowa Silver Mine, Iowa Gold Mine, Early Leaming, Mastodon, Legal Tender, Champion White Pearl, White Cap, Yellow Dent, Golden Beauty, Hickory King, Strawberry. Also full line of Cane Seed, Kaffir Corn, Milo Maize, Seed Potatoes, Onion Sets, Garden Seeds, Alfalfa, Fruit Trees, Flowers, etc. Send for catalogue. BAKER BROS., 4th and Houston Sts., Fort Worth.

COME TO
J. W. WILLIAMS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN GROCERIES

For your Garden Seed, Potatoes, Onion Sets, Seed Corn, Cane Seed, Millet, etc. Bring your Chickens, Butter and Eggs.

Ladies' Room connected with the House.

Cor. Weatherford and Throckmorton streets.

There is one best; and it is a home product FORT WORTH BEER

Frank Southern's Saloon,

1315 Jennings Ave., Opposite Market Square.

He gives 32 ounces to the quart, standard or full measure, of the best and purest whisky in the market. High proof goods is the best, because it is more pure than low proof whiskies. Some dealers "hollow" full measure and give you low proof goods. But the old Reliable Dealer, Frank Southern, will give you a jug, full measure, guaranteed to be high proof. Farmers' trade solicited and courteous treatment assured. Sole agent in this territory for Hill & Hill Whisky.

FRANK SOUTHERN.

Elbert G. Rall, —501— HOXIE BUILDING

Wholesale Grain, Hay and Feed Stuffs, Cane Seed, Sweet Corn, Kaffir Corn, Millet and Johnson Grass Seed, always at lowest market price.

—Fort Worth Stock Yards Company—

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Daily Capacity.

5000 Cattle,
10,000 Hogs,
5000 Sheep,
1500 Horses and Mules.

This Is Your Market. . . .

There is no reason to ship elsewhere.

"What's the use?"

PACKERS

Armour & Company,
Swift and Co.,
Fort Worth Packing Co.

Facilities for handling Northern and Southern Cattle unsurpassed. If you investigate the markets before shipping, you will find the Fort Worth market will net you more money.

W. B. KING, Gen'l Manager,

O. W. MATTHEWS, Sec'y and Treas.

KLAHOMA EXPERIMENT

riment Station Sends in a d of Cattle Fed in Small Test Bunches.

Kansas City Drovers' Telegram.

F. C. Burtis in charge of the tural college at Stillwater, O. T., d. R. C. Obreck, who is assistant nimal husbandry department of institution, brought to the City yards yesterday a carload consisting of 25 steers and one hich were sold on the market. of steers had been on feed five , each lot being fed on a different for the purpose of testing the f the various materials used as They were of the ordinary class between 2 and 3 years old, and was fed on roughness of the kind. Each lot contained five s follows:

ne, average weight when put on 015 pounds, fed on corn meal alfa; total gain for five head, unds, an average per head of unds per day; weight when sold, r head. They brought $4 70.

two averaged 1,009 pounds; fed lfa and kaffir corn meal; total 654 pounds; a daily average of eight when sold, 1,292; price

hree averaged 1,009 pounds; fed meal and kaffir stover (seed off); in, 1,508 pounds daily average, unds; weight per head, 1,268; 4 65.

four averaged 1,027 pounds; fed corn meal and kaffir stover; in, 1,197 pounds; daily average, unds; weight per head, 1,222 , price, $4.50.

ive, average weight, 1,166 pounds; mixed green ration, with three- corn meal, one-fifth cotton seed other fifth cotton seed meal; in, 1,630 pounds, a daily average pounds; price, $4.55. This lot ly up to the average in quality steers of the other lots when re started to feed.

matter of expense the total cost feed used for each lot during the nths was as follows: Lot one, lot two, $139.05; lot three, lot four, $108.05; lot five, $118.22. ipping the shrinkage of each so computed, and resulted as lot one, 50 pounds per head; pounds, lot three, 41 pounds; 42 pounds; and lot five 27

hog had been fed on one-tenth seed meal, kaffir corn and shorts, ighed 515 pounds. The only ob- feeding the animal in this way take back a portion of the leaf hich will be used in chemical an- to show the effect of the cotton eal on the lard.

lth of Chickasaw Indians.

hington, D. C.—There is no doubt e Chickasaw and Choctaw In- re the richest people on the face earth, being entitled to lands, and partition of funds that will ach citizen of the nations worth lowest calculation $6,000 for every woman and child on the citi- rolls.

esent plans do not fail, the Chick- will be richer than that. They richer per capita than the Choc- and it is not unlikely that every saw man, woman and child who are of their money, or has it care of, will, when the lands are ted and the money due the peo- d to them, have something in the orhood of $10,000. That is speak- erally of the people of the tribe. many Chickasaws and Choctaws rth more than that now, and will rth much more when the final ation of the lands comes. But should be the minimum value ickasaw wealth where the inter- the citizen are properly protected.

The Chicago Rice Fad.

ago has taken up a new Ameri- own cereal, and in a manner that ir to call widespread attention to ent rapid development of another t industry" in the Southwestern Over 4000 people are daily fed lately established "rice kitchen" in one of Chicago's big depart- tores, where food is prepared ex- ly from Texas and Louisiana 200 different ways. The novelty exhibit has succeeded in attract- considerable notice, for American all stages is shown, from the brownish-yellow grain to the hot food prepared, all embrac- unique exposition of the staple of the wonderfully developing ntry of Louisiana and Texas.—rn Pacific Literary Bureau.

t of the Fat Stock Show.

e an immediate effect of the ock Show in this city, in this m the Graham Leader:

Young county contingent attend- Fat Stock Show at Fort Worth Saturday night, or rather Sun- ning. Messrs A. C. and J. W. of the Proffitt neighborhood with them sixteen head of cat- ereds and Durham, some of are registered. Mr. Robinson of Falls and Mr. Andrews of the northern part of the county each had a fine bull in the bunch. Young county is keeping up with the procession in the matter of fine stock and the longhorned cattle and razor-backed hogs are rapidly becoming things of the past.

FEW CATTLE SALES REPORTED.

El Paso Convention Resulted in Some Sales.

The annual convention of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association is the occasion of the first cattle selling of the year. Buyers and sellers were far apart in their estimate of the value of stock when they met at El Paso last week, and not many sales are reported, but a beginning was made.

Col. C. C. Slaughter of Dallas sold to the Pioneer Land and Cattle Company of Montana 8,000 head of twos at private terms, off the Big Springs ranch. Col. Slaughter also sold to the same company 1,000 head of heifers at private terms.

John B. Slaughter of Fort Worth sold to the same company 2,000 yearling steeers at private prices.

"Private prices" indicates that the public is not to be taken into the confidence of the parties to the transaction, and those who would like to know what these cattle brought will have to guess at it.

Sellers of 2-year-olds, which generally have the largest run of any class in selling at these conventions, were not apparently on the market for business, though many were offered, but there seemed to be an understanding between the sellers to hold for $22.50, while the buyers only bid $18 to $20.

There were no yearlings offered or looked for, or other range stuff. Texans seemed to be in better condition for range and grass, and general conditions, they say, are better for the stockmen than for many years.

AS A BUTCHERS MARKET.

Butchers Coming from all Points to Fort Worth.

Butchers are finding that the Fort Worth market is the place for them to come for their supplies. Last week there were eight or ten at this market, and they got what they wanted. Among them were C. A. Alley of Muskogee, I. T., and J. C. Wilcox of Hartshorne, I. T. Muskogee is 254 miles from Fort Worth.

This is the only market south of Kansas City where butchers can at all times feel assured of finding a supply of live stock to meet their needs. As that knowledge gains ground among them, more of them will come, until Fort Worth will be the general gathering point from all places in the Southwest.

These butchers are competitors, and their bidding will be for the good of sellers, who will find the demand increased and the rivalry of buyers stimulated.

Another Swift Packing Plant.

Tacoma, Wash., March 13.—Negotiations were begun here yesterday on the part of Louis F. Swift, acting for the firm of Swift and Co. of Chicago, looking toward the acquisition of a site on Puget sound for a big packing house. It is the purpose of Swift and Co. to handle through this house all of their oriental trade now handled from Chicago, Omaha and St. Louis. Shipments to the orient from these points, in the event of the new plant being completed, will be stopped.

Glanders Reported at Whitewright.

Whitewright, Tex., March 14.—Jack Everheart, whose farm is three miles north of Whitewright, this week lost seven head of stock with glanders. Two of the number lost were fine jennets. Mr. Everheart thinks no more of his stock is afflicted. Mr. Everheart is a breeder of fine stock.

Too Dry or Too Wet.

Opposite conditions have the same result, as noted by the Bandera Enterprise: Last year corn planting time came and passed and no corn was put in the ground because it was "too dry." This year the usual time has come and, with some, gone by, and no crop planted because its "too wet."

State Treasurer Robbins' Cattle.

Chillicothe (Hardeman County) Times.

State Treasurer John W. Robbins of Austin was in the city last Monday and Tuesday morning. Mr. Robbins is up looking after his cattle. He says the past inclement weather has put his cattle in bad shape. "The tick bill" introduced by Mr. Bryan, he says, if it becomes a law will be the cause of cutting off the cattlemen of this country from shipping their cattle to the northern markets.

Crusade Against Prairie Dogs.

San Angelo, Tex., March 15.—A number of stockmen are killing the prairie dogs on their ranches with wheat poisoned with strychnine and cyanide of potassium, which proves an effectual method of ridding the land of the grass-destroying pests. The poisoning has, however, to be repeated at intervals, as the dogs increase very rapidly, and unless they are all killed they will soon repopulate their towns.

The Religious Column

BY REV. J. R. GOODE.

Amid the turmoil and the strife
Of all we deem this mortal life,
Take time to send a loving thought
To one whose hours with pain are fraught,
Whose days are full of weariness,
And nights of lonely restlessness,
And it will soothe the weary breast
And to the restless heart bring rest;
And it will grow, and travel on
To bless some other weary one,
And in thine hour of deep distress
It will return to cheer and bless,
So beautiful and tender grown
Thou'lt scarce recall it as thine own;
But think an angel visitant
From out the gracious heavens sent
To bear a healing balm to thee.
Such is Love's helpful ministry.

An afternoon Sunday-school has been established on Rosen Heights, North Side.

The next fifth Sunday meeting of the Tarrant County Baptist association will be held at Smithfield.

He who sows his life in the furrows of human need shall reap a harvest of blessing.—J. R. Miller.

A Methodist church with twenty-one members was organized recently at Marine school house No. 3.

The test of our likeness to Christ must not be our love for His character, our admiration for His teaching, our sympathy in His sufferings, but our ability to conform our lives to His.—Mason.

In 1835 the first Wesleyan missionary went to the Fiji Islands, facing hardships, dangers and martyrdom. In 1891 these same Fiji Islands contributed to foreign missions, $25,000. The loyal service of these servants of God has borne fruit a hundred fold.—Western Recorder.

Sorrow is no time of mere loss or bewilderment or inactivity. It is the call to come up higher. "It is the gate into the deeper and wider domain, where spirit and reason and imagination may, by bravely facing their affliction, win their freedom and see into the mystery of God."—Holland.

What a man prays for he should live for. The words of one's prayers should be the rules of his life. We should never ask for a thing we are not wanting bad enough to work for. If we ask for daily bread, let us at once get a good job and go to work. If we pray for the church, let us do something to help the church.

The Northern Methodists have astonished the world by the recent conclusion of their effort to raise twenty million dollars as a twentieth century fund. The most significant thing about that great campaign was the securing of an offering from three million Methodists! This very achievement will be an inspiration to that great body for a long time to come.

The Romish church in Italy, with the approval of the pope, has gone into the business of circulating portions of the Scripture among its members! More than 200,000 copies of the Catholic Italian translation of John's Gospel and the Acts of the Apostles have already been put in circulation. But the fact that at least half of the people are unable to read will somewhat hinder the work of enlightenment.

"If you cannot come to the missionary meeting" suggested a city minister, "suppose you drop into your mite-box the amount you would probably spend if you came—your car fare, the cost of your lunch and your contribution to the collection—and so make sure of not missing all the good of the day?" The suggestion only implied a great truth, but General Booth of the Salvation Army affirms it when he says, "The contribution-box, too, is a means of grace."

The land of the Pharaohs during the last fifty years has been a scene of great activity on the part of the excavator. Here are brought to light not only the great monuments of antiquity, but the builders themselves who set up the monuments. In Babylonia a bas-relief picture of Amraphel, the contemporary of Abraham, was found, but in Egypt we are permitted to gaze upon the very features of the Pharaohs that knew not Joseph, that oppressed Israel, or the one that was forced to liberate them from their bondage. Every line in the Pentateuch which refers to Egypt has been shown through the excavations to be in remarkable accord with the facts revealed.

In Chinatown, New York City, reside 10,000 Chinese. The New York Chinese heathen have their joss house with its huge, hideous idol in the front room of the second story. The walls of the idol's room are hung with embroidery and adorned with burnished brass. Upon tables about the room are heaped many varieties of curious articles, all for sale. Before this idol glows the sacred fire and the smoke of incense ascends constantly. And daily the worshipers bow before the image. The home mission board sustains missions among them that are doing great good. At 14 Doyer street is the Morning Star Mission, where Rev. Fung Yuet Mow is the pastor. He has a nice chapel seating 300, where every Sunday he conducts two Sunday schools and Bible class and preaching services. He has the confidence of his people, is growing in favor and his work is taking deep root.

Our Millinery Department is now open for the Spring Season

W. C. Stripling

THE PRICE IS THE THING

207 9-11 Houston St., 208-10 Main St., Fort Worth, Tex.

Clothing for Spring of 1903.

OUR NEW SPRING CLOTHING is all in and ready for the Man or Boy to put it into service. You will find here this Spring a

Better Stock of Clothing...

than we've ever had before. The garments that we are showing now are made by the very best clothing manufacturers of New York, and we guarantee a fit and satisfaction in every suit sold.

Men's Fine Suits for dress wear, in all the new weaves that will be worn this spring; also black, at

$9.00 to $20.00.

Men's wool Cheviot and Worsted Suits, for general wear, either lined or unlined, at

$6.50 to $10.00.

Boys' Knee Suits, spring weight materials, all sizes, black and fancy weaves, at

$1.50 to $6.00.

Men's Fine Pants, neat small stripes and figures; new spring patterns, at per pair

$1.50 to $5.00.

Men's colored pleated bosom Shirts, the new light colors with small stripes and figures, worth $1.50 each, on sale at..... $1 00

Men's madras Shirts in light and dark colors, all sizes, exceptional values, at..... 50c

Men's new Spring Neckwear, every kind and shape used this spring, at 50c, 25c.... 15c

Men's elastic seam drill Drawers, the kind all others get 50c for, you can buy of us at. 35c

Men's Hats, all colors, styles and sizes, at $3.50 and down to $1.50 and..... 98c

New Goods of Every Description== In our Dry Goods and Shoe rooms you will find everything you want in new Spring Goods. When in Fort Worth, come to STRIPLING'S, you will always find what you want here for less money than elsewhere.

We sell goods for Cash. That's the reason we sell CHEAPER THAN OTHERS.

F. & M. NATIONAL BANK

Solicts your business and promises the best treatment consistent with conservative banking.

J. W. SPENCER, President. D. W. HUMPHREYS, Vice-President.

BEN. O. SMITH, Cashier. BEN. H. MARTIN, Ass't Cashier.

R. H. STANDLEY,

IS THE OLD RELIABLE

New and Second-Hand Furniture

DEALER

There is no place better for LOW PRICES and SQUARE DEALING. A good assortment, both in Furniture and Cook Stoves. Call and see.

COR. THIRD AND HOUSTON STREETS.

SEED CORN

I have just received 50 bags of

CHOICE CHOCTAW NATION SEED CORN—

Red Chief and White Queen, also Big Red Missouri.

I can save you 25 per cent. It will pay you to examine this corn.

R. M. COMER,

309 W. Weatherford, next St. Louis Wagon Yard, Fort Worth

Hogs are Scarce.

The Cincinnati, O., packing interests are feeling the shortage of the hog supply, which is apparent all over the country. In regard to the scarcity of hogs, Gen. Michael Ryan says:

"The price of pork will increase. There is a scarcity of hogs in the market. There is 47,000,000 pounds less of pork on hand now than there was this time last year. The indications are that this class of meat will go up. I do not see how it can be otherwise, with all this decrease in the visible supply of hogs. There is also an enormous decrease in the supply of lard. There are only 24,000 tierces on hand at Chicago, while this time last year there were 72,000 tierces. This makes 26,320,000 lbs less lard on hand than a year ago.

"There can be but one outcome of this scarcity, the consumer must pay more for his pork and lard."

Armours Will Build a City.

St. Louis, March 16.—A city of 1,000 houses and with a population of at least 5,000 is to be established near East St. Louis during the coming summer. The town is to be known as Armourville, and plans are being made to be filed with the recorder of St. Clair county. The Armour Packing company is back of the new city, and, in fact, will have the buildings erected on ground now owned by the company, a short distance from its present large packing plant near the National stock yards.

The company recently purchased several hundred acres of sland in Stites township which is on what is known as the Stock Yards Lane. The Armour company intends to give employment to about 1,000 men, each of whom represents a family.

The company, so it is said, intends to give its employes an opportunity to own their own homes, and after the town is established the buildings will be erected under the supervision of the company, which will sell them to the employes at cost on small monthly payments.

ALFALFA FOR HOGS.

Experience of a Breeder that May be Read With Profit.

G. H. Payne of Omaha, in a paper read before the recent meeting of the Inter-State Swine Breeders' Association of Lincoln, Neb., gives this information regarding his experience:

"On our farm at Lexington there is a small tract of land of twenty-one acres of old alfalfa, and five acres new alfalfa sown in 1902; total, twenty-six acres," said Mr. Page. "The first crop of alfalfa was cut June first, and from that time up to date it has been pastured with an average of about 160 head of hogs, all ages. In addition to running 160 heads of hogs on this twenty-six acres of land the hay was cut three times, making a total of 88½ tons of hay. This was sold to a cattle company and fed out on the property, we doing the feeding at $5 per ton, netting the owners of the property over $13.50 per acre for the alfalfa in addition to pasturing, above stated, 160 head of hogs. The hogs were weighed on the fourteenth day of each month with this result: June 14, they weighed an average of 108 pounds each; August 14, they weighed an average of 144 pounds each. This was a gain of thirty-six pounds each in sixty days, or six tenths of a pound per day. These hogs were fed, as near as could be measured, one-half pound of shelled corn per day, the gain in weight per day being greater than the grain fed, a very satisfactory showing, the grain costing less than one cent per pound for grain fed.

"In an experiment with thirty shoats, August 14, they weighed an average of 131 pounds each. They were put in seperate pasture and fed about four pounds of ground wheat and rye per day, with all the alfalfa they wanted to eat. October 14, they weighed an average of 190 pounds each. This was a gain of fifty-nine pounds in sixty days, or practically one pound each per day. This experiment showed an unsatisfactory gain in comparison with the large increase in grain fed, but the only solution we can give is that the ground wheat and rye, fed with the alfalfa, was not as good a balance ration as corn fed with altalfa, and that where the grain was increased they ate that much less alfalfa.

"In an experiment with twenty-one thoroughbred Duroc Jersey gilts, September 14, they weighed an average of 100.1 pounds each; November 14, they weighed an average of 151.3 pounds each. This was a gain of 51.2 pounds each. These hogs were fed one pound of good wheat and corn each per day, and the alfalfa pasture. This is considered the best gain of all the experiments, eight-tenths of a pound per day being considered a very large gain with such a small grain ration and the grain wheat and corn. These hogs were in excellent flesh and took very heartily to the alfalfa pasture. The small ration of grain named went directly to gain, almost pound for pound. It is generally conceded that it takes from four and one-half to six pounds of grain to make one pound of pork. The experiments above prove, beyond all question of doubt, that a gain of one pound of pork can be made with from one to two pounds of grain and such alfalfa pasture as a hog will eat.

"In conclusion, we would say, first, we do not believe hogs will thrive on alfalfa hay alone, nor do we think it pays to expect that young pigs are going to do well on alfalfa pasture only; second, we do believe that you can turn shoats on an alfalfa pasture in the spring and with one pound of corn per head per day make a gain of one-half to three-quarters of a pound per day, or from 125 to 150 pounds during the six months' grazing season, which is making pork at a low cost; third, we also believe, from experiments we have made, that by shipping alfalfa hay (this must be good hay where the leaves have been preserved) and mixing this ground corn at the rate of about one pound of corn to five or six pounds of alfalfa that it will make a ration that will carry stock hogs over the winter as satisfactorily to the owner as the ordinary ration mostly of corn at one-third the cost and the animal will be in better condition to ward off disease."

Cotton and Garden Hoes in great quanties and at correct prices at
MICKLE-BURGHER HARDWARE CO.

CHANGE IN SHIPPING RATES.

Order Enlarging Description of Stock Cattle Rates.

An order taking effect today, was promulgated by the railroad commission, which had a hearing on Feb. 17th, concerning rates and minimum weights on live stock.

The effect of the order is to materially enlarge the description of cattle, which may be moved at stock cattle rates, which are lower than beef cattle rates, and to establish minimum weights for stock cattle under the new description, which minimum weights are from 10 to 17 per cent less than the present weights applying to such shipments.

Under the new order, cattle forwarded to feeding points en route to market will take stock cattle rates, instead of the beef cattle rates as heretofore.

The commission makes no changes in the table of live stock rate, but alters the description of the live stock, which are to take the rates mentioned in the different tables.

It strikes out of the description of cattle in table No. 2 "beef cattle, cows and calves," and also cattle 3-years-old and over forwarded to feeding points en route to market.

The new description of stock which is to take rates mentioned in table No. 2, is as follows: Hogs, sheep and goats, work oxen and beef cattle. It is understood that beef cattle are those shipped to market for slaughter and not intended for further conditioning by regular feed or pasture.

All other cattle are to take stock cattle rates in table No. 3, the new description being as follows: Table No. 3 Rates on shipment of cattle, all kinds except such as are subject to rates in table No. 2, also on cow ponies shipped with and used for herding stock cattle, transported over a single line of railroad, or over two or more lines of railroad which are under the same management and control.

The description of live stock to take minimum weights heretofore prescribed, "horses, mules, beef cattle, stock cattle and work oxen, and for double-decked shipments of calves, goats, hogs and sheep," is amended so as to strike out "stock cattle." That leaves the minimum weights on beef cattle the same as before.

A new table of minimum weights is provided for all other cattle as described above, which takes rates named in table No. 3. These weights are as follows:

"Cars 33½ feet and less, 18,000 pounds; 35 feet and over 33½ feet, 19,000 pounds; 36 feet and over 35 feet, 20,000 pounds, and over 36 feet 21,000 pounds.

The following minimum weights will hereafter apply to shipments of calves, goats, hogs and sheep, each sufficient in quantity to load a single-deck car: 31 feet or less, 15,000 pounds; 34 feet and over 31 feet, 15,500 pounds; 36 feet and over 35 feet, 16,000 pounds; over 36 feet, 16,500 pounds.

The reductions on short cars are slight but amount to about 7 per cent on cars over 34 feet.

If in need of a first class Refrigerator or Ice Box be wise and go to
MICKLE-BURGHER HARDWARE CO.

Profit of the Truck Farmer.

Beeville Bee.

Some comment has been made over the item published last week in which it was stated that a farmer had sold on the streets of Beeville a load of cabbage weighing 1000 pounds for 35c per cwt. Those who do not give the matter much consideration hastily conclude that the grower lost money. If they would do a little figuring their conclusions might be different. It is not known how many pounds to the acre this grower raised, but, as a basis of calculation, the figures of the experiment station might be used—that is what the station is for—to furnish facts and figures. At the station as much as 33,000 pounds of cabbage have been raised on an acre by fertilization and irrigation. 14,000 pounds have been raised without either of the above. Aassuming that the grower, in this instance, raised the minimum amount of 14,000 pounds—say he even did not equal the minimum amount produced at the station—say his cabbage averaged 10,000 pounds—he has on an acre a gross profit of $35 in three months' time and this, too, at a time when no field crops could be grown, and at a time when he could utilize his ground and time for nothing else. Now, take up the cotton side of the question: On an acre of ground this man in a favorable season could have raised 500 pounds of seed cotton, which is not worth more than $15. In the one instance he has a crop that yields him $15 per acre gross, with not less than seven months to produce, as against a crop that yielded $35 to the acre with three months to mature. Those who know anything of farming know that cabbage does not require more cultivation in growing and labor in gathering than cotton—in fact not as much. So after all the farmer who sold his cabbage at 35 cents per cwt.—though he got the minimum price paid in this market—needs no sympathy from the farmer who is yet waiting to plant a cotton crop.

Knocking the bottom out of all stove prices at
MICKLE-BURGHER HARDWARE CO.

Dried-up Springs Flowing.

Dr. J. R. Harrington of Brandon, Tex., reports that twenty years ago there was a bold spring of water flowing from the side of the hill near his home, but about fifteen years ago it dried up and has never flowed since until about ten days ago, when it burst out again with the old-time force. The spring is on the Dallas and Waco dirt road, and, he says, was a noted spring twenty years ago.

Locomotive to Burn Peat.

The managers of the Swedish state railway have ordered a locomotive built especially for barning peat in the generation of steam.

Johannesburg Filling Up.

Johannesburg's present population is estimated at 109,452, including 44,122 natives and 3,550 Asiatics.

Large Savings Bank Deposits.

The savings bank deposits of the United States equal the national debt multiplied by three.

GOMPERS APPEALS.

Asks Tampa Chief of Police to Protect Federation Organizers.

Washington March 20.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, sent the following telegram:

Washington, March 19.—Chief of Police, Tampa, Fla.—In the name of organized labor, as well as every liberty loving citizen, I demand full protection to our organizers, James Wood and James A. Roberts and others whose lives have been threatened. These men I know to be law abiding citizens and would not be guilty of an unlawful act. They have a right to organize workingmen and if necessary in defense of their rights, to strike for the enforcement of them, if no other means of redress is afforded. The kidnapping and making way with a number of Tampa's workmen less than two years ago warrants belief that the present threat is serious and emanates from a capitalistic organization of banditti.

SAMUEL GOMPERS.

This telegram as sent by Mr. Gompers on receipt of statements from the organizers mentioned that the subjoined communications had been received by them:

"Tampa, March, 1903.—James Wood: You are hereby commanded to leave the city at once and never return. Our men have been watching you since your arrival and we are convinced that you are a trouble-maker. Leave the city and save yourself the trouble of our being compelled to remove you which we will do if you are in the city 24 hours after receiving this letter. Take your big guard and leave the city under paid of death, for we will not have or tolerate any more strikes in this city. Leave or you die.

"COMMITTEE OF TAMPA AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY."

"Tampa, March. — 1903.—James A. Roberts: You are hereby commanded to leave the city at once. You conspired to bring nigger William back. You brought Wood here. You are conspiring with the anarchists in order to bring on a strike. You brought them anarchists from Key West to bring on a strike and we think your next move for the good of Tampa will be to leave the city, and if your ever come back you do so at your own peril. To remain 24 hours after receiving this letter means death for both you and Wood. Get out of the city and save us the trouble of removing you.

"COMMITTEE OF TAMPA AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY."

Mr. Gompers announced that he had been advised that letters similar to these also were served on Jose Diaz, Geo. Bristow and Frank Kelly, members of the Cigar Makers' International union.

Will Be Protected.

Tampa, Fla., March 20.—Chief of Police Jones Thursday night received a lengthy telegram from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, demanding protection of four labor leaders alleged to have received threatening letters several weeks ago. Chief Jones answered that the men will be given all protection necessary.

CUBAN TREATY.

Reciprocity Measure Adopted and Senate Finally Adjourns.

Washington, March 20.—After ratifying the Cuban reciprocity treaty the senate adjourned sine die Thursday at fifteen minutes past 5 o'clock. Practically the entire day was spent behind closed doors in executive session. Most of the time was devoted to consideration of the Cuban treaty. Several speeches were made in opposition to the treaty and in favor of it and then promptly at the agreed hour, 3 o'clock, voting began. Roll calls were had on a number of amendments and the treaty itself was made the subject of an eye and no vote. The motion to ratify was adopted by a ballot of fifty to sixteen, somewhat more than a three-fourths vote, where as only a two-thirds vote was necessary to secure a ratification.

Immediately after the doors were closed a few minutes past 11 o'clock, Senator Foster of Louisiana took the floor in order to make a set speech in opposition to the treaty. He spoke for about two hours and a half. His address had been prepared carefully, and on its conclusion Mr. Foster very generally was complimented on his manner of presenting the opposition view to the treaty. In the main his speech was an appeal for the protection of the American sugar producing industry.

Senator Allison and Cockrell were appointed a committee to visit the white house and notify the president the senate was ready to adjourn if he had nothing further to communicate. Upon their return they reported the president had no further business, whereupon sine die adjournment was taken.

Tents Desired.

Memphis, March 20.—Mayor Williams sent the following telegram to Secretary of War Root: "Refugees from overflowed districts flocking to Memphis and need shelter badly. Can you furnish us with several hundred tents?"

Batson Sentenced.

Lake Charles, La., March 20.—A. E. Batson was sentenced to death for the murder of the Earl family. No appeal was taken in his case, and his only hope lies in executive clemency. The governor fixes the date of all executions in Louisiana. Batson reiterated his innocence and heard his sentence with nerve unshaken.

Glove Contest Prohibited.

Ardmore, I. T., March 20.—Government officials will not permit the glove contest between Jack Perkins of Kansas City and Sam Yates of Ardmore to take place in Ardmore.

HARRIS'
HOUSTON AND SIXTH.

We extend to Ladies a cordial invitation to be present at the opening of our new Millinery Department, on Tuesday and Wednesday, March 24 and 25.

WAS USED TO IT.

Reformed Gambler Not Displeased at Pointed Sermon.

Municipal Court Justice George F. Roesch says a friend of his once took a reformed gambler to a religious meeting. The preacher devoted a large part of his discourse to remarks reflecting upon the past life of the gambler. The man who had escorted the gambler to the meeting thought it incumbent on him to apologize for introducing him into a place where he would hear himself abused.

"I didn't know that was the way this preacher was going to talk," he said, "or I wouldn't have asked you to come."

"Oh, don't worry about that," was the reply. "There never was a sermon worth a cuss that didn't hit me somewhere."—New York Times.

Vandals Injure Historic Relics.

Vandals have been at work again at Hampton court, London. When the portraits of William III. and Henry VIII. were injured some weeks ago, it was guessed that resentment against the monarchs inspired the act, but recently a piece of old Flemish tapestry in the "horn room" was slashed across the middle.

English Pantomimist Dead.

Charles Lauri, the English pantomimist, is dead. His specialty was the imitation of animals and no Drury Lane Christmas pantomime was complete without him. He was the son of a father equally famous as a clown, so that a Lauri had been on the London stage for nearly sixty years.

Anniversary of Pepys' Death.

This year, two hundred years ago, Samuel Pepys died. The anniversary has been observed in a rather odd way by some lectures by Sir Frederick Bridges on Pepys as a musician, with performances of Pepys' compositions and of pieces he mentions in his diary.

Cause of White Hair.

Gray hairs at an early age are hereditary in certain families. It is thought to be the result of men with dark hair marrying women with dark hair through several generations.

Union Label for Poets.

Seventy poets of Germany have agreed with one another to sell no poems for less than 12 cents a line. They might adopt a union label.

New Idea for Russian Journal.

Printed in English and devoted to commerce, a new daily newspaper is about to be issued in St. Petersburg.

Russia's Favorite Foreign Authors.

The favorite foreign authors in Russia are Fenimore Cooper, Jules Verne and Mayne Reid.

Dick Turpin's Pistol Sold.

Dick Turpin's pistol was sold at Stevens', in London, recently for £5 5s.

For Agricultural Department.

The Department of Agriculture will have a building at a cost of $1,500,000.

Dr. Hale's Invitation.

When the Rev. Dr. Edward Everett Hale heard of the bitter attack on him for partaking of communion at the Phillips Brooks memorial service in Trinity church, Boston, he made but this comment: "I received my invitation nineteen hundred years ago."

Wins Prize for Musical Cheer.

John Douglas, president of the Missouri Historical society, has announced that a number of the historical places of the state will soon be marked by tablets. A fund for this purpose has been placed in the hands of the society.

At The Arcade.

...SPECIALS...

We will give special bargains in all of our lines, which are for the week. . . Say that you saw this ad in The Citizen

Glassware

Cake Stands	15c
8-in. Glass Bowls	15c
No. 2 Lamp Chimney	5c
One Lamp	20c
One-stem Lamp	25c

Queensware

One set Cups and Saucers	35c
One set 6-in. Plates	35c
One Bowl	10c
One nice Platter	10c
Decorated Cups and Saucers, per set	60c
Plates to match	50c

Cuspidors

Tin Cuspidors	8c
Stone Cuspidors	20c
Stone Cuspidors	35c
China Cuspidors	$1.25
China Cuspidors	$1.35

Baseballs and Ba

Boss Brand Ball	
Champion Brand	
Home Run	
Bats, pecan	
Bats, hickory	
Bats, hickory	
Foot Balls, Rugby	
Garden Rakes	
Garden Hoes	
Rubber Hose, per foot	
Spading Forks	
1 dozen Matches, 200 count	
2 dozen Clothes Pins	
Hammocks from $2.25 down to	
2 Papers of Pins	
1 dozen Clothes Hooks	
1 dozen Safety Pins	
Hair Pins, per dozen	
1 large bar Castile Soap	
Lawn Mowers $8.75 down to	

Ball bearing high wheels—the made.

Crochet Sets

4 Ball	
6 Ball	
8 Ball	
Ping Pong	

LEE HAGOOD, PROP.
1212-1214 MAIN ST.

"Ethergram" Suggested.

The attempts to coin a name that will fit the discovery of Signor Marconi increase every day. Up to the present time "Marconigram" has been the favorite term, but recently an English scientist evolved the word "Ethergram," and this has been received with acclaim. It is said that Marconi himself likes it, and recognizes that it is peculiarly applicable to his epoch-making discovery, which is simply and plainly a message written by ether.

The Rattlesnake's Rattle.

Briefly described the rattlesnake's rattle consists of a number of hollow, horny rings, somewhat like quills in substance and interlocked with one another, while they are so elastic as to permit of a considerable amount of motion between them. These rings are not indicative of age, as has been supposed, since in some years several appear, while in others only one ring may be developed.

Herd of Government Reindeer.

The government herd of reindeer in Alaska, which is expected in the future to supply food and draught animals for the natives, now numbers 10,000, and is to be increased by another thousand now contracted for in Siberia.

Lord Dudley a Keen Golfer.

Lord Dudley is showing a keen interest in golf, and Dublin is interested in the fact that he will later on hold a kind of golfing carnival at the Portmarnock links, where he is building himself a private clubhouse.

The Grapes Were Sour.

Burglars, unable to break through the iron door of a cigar shop in Berlin, avenged themselves by painting up a notice: "There is nothing here worth stealing."

Flowers for English Market.

Flower growers in the south of France and other favored climes find it profitable to send the products of their skill to the British markets.

THIS IS IT

California

It's the "Switzerland of Ameri the Balmiest Climate on E

Commencing March 9th

Santa Fe

will sell one-way tourist ti CALIFORNIA COMMON

FOR $25 with privile stopover at points in C

For further particulars see a address

W. S. KEENAN, G. Ge

To Restore Greek Temp

The Greek Archæological has decided to restore the Do ple of Jupiter, at Nemea, near the haunt of the famous lion, the slaying of which for of the feats of Hercules. The was overthrown by a succe earthquakes, and only three are now standing; but the shafts that lie around the tem so little injured that it is that it will be possible to them and the fallen entablatu out much difficulty or expe without having recourse to ma terial. As soon as the ground the temple has been cleared litter of fragments that now it, the Greek government wh hitherto been inaccessible and to begin excavations on the hopes to make valuable disc