Wichita Falls Record News

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

VOL. 3, NO. 205. WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1922. FIVE CENTS EVERYWHERE

MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE

BY H. N. F.

Knowledge is said to be power. The oil lectureship course established in the Agricultural and and Mechanical college at Bryan by the Mid-Continent Oil and Gas association is described as a part of a most important educational movement for close co-operation between the association and the college in the report of Walter D. Cline, member of the executive committee of the association and contained in the Mid-Continent Yearbook, a copy of which has been received by H. N. F. The plan is to have technical and practical men in the oil industry lecture on and illustrate to the classes in engineering, particularly chemical engineering, the scientific and practical phases of the business of producing and refining oil. Three lectures have been given here with great success. The course was established there largely through the efforts of Dr. C. C. Hedges, professor of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering. Mr. Cline states that he hopes to extend the course to other colleges and universities in Texas and Louisiana. His full report is as follows: "I would say first, that we recognized the fundamental necessity of having a heart in any organization of men in order that it may live and be of some real service. With this in mind, we have agreed on a plan which will take to the universities speakers of national importance, recognized as authority in the various branches of the oil and gas industry, who will lecture to the students of these universities on the particular phase of the industry in which they are especially trained. It is our plan, of course, to give to these students an intelligent and comprehensive idea not only of the magnitude of the oil industry in our own state, but the importance of it as a national industry, giving sufficient statistics in detail, to acquaint them with our problems and troubles. We have, of course, some selfishness in this because we believe that when the college men of Texas and Louisiana learn of the splendid opportunities offered by the oil and gas industry, they will become sufficiently interested to want to go into the fields, refineries, offices and other places and make the oil business their life work." I believe that anyone can note a decided improvement in the personnel in the oil business, but we who are now active in the development and management of the oil industry, recognize the fact that within a few years our places must be filled by other men, and we know of no better place to look for these men than at our great state universities. Our plan also contemplates an employment bureau, operated through the secretary's office of our organization, whose duty it shall be to work with representatives of the universities in learning before the close of each school year how many of the university students will agree to work through their vacation time in any branch of the oil industry; and then by getting a record of the number of men who can find employment during the summer months from the various producing companies, refineries and individual producers, we hope to furnish employment for a large number of worthy boys who are working their way through school;

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PARTICIPATION BY RUSSIA IN GENOA MEETING DOUBTFUL

By Associated Press.

MOSCOW, Feb. 27.—Today, originally set for departure of the Russian delegates for the Genoa economic conference, found government circles extremely doubtful as to Russian participation, if newspaper reports that Great Britain has agreed to a plan to put Russia on probation before recognizing her, are true.

"The soviet could never allow herself to be addressed like a prisoner on probation" says the Pravda. The newspaper asserts that if the Genoa gathering thus is to be stripped of its real meaning then "the British diplomats can send their terms and receive their reply to them by radio."

GOVERNOR ROBERTSON DECLINES RESIGNATION OF JUDGE CHRISTOPHER

Okmulgee Executive Informs Okmulgee Jurist He Regards Latter's Dismissal of Jury, From Which Storm of Complaint Arose, Was An Honest and Just Decree.

By Associated Press.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 26.—Governor J. B. A. Robertson, in a letter today to Superior Court Judge H. R. Christopher at Chicago declined to accept the judge's resignation which was tendered after it had been demanded in resolutions adopted at a citizens' mass meeting in Okmulgee following his dismissal of a grand jury which was about to complete an investigation into affairs of the defunct Bank of Commerce there.

In his letter the governor said:

"As governor of this state, it is my duty to see that all laws are enforced and to protect the officers who discharge their duties. I feel that you have made an honest and conscientious judge; that your decision and judgment of which this complaint is made was an honest and just decree. When your people have had an opportunity to learn the facts, they will approve your judgment; you will regain their confidence and in my opinion become a useful judge in that court. But be public sentiment as it may, I feel that your hands must be upheld when you are rightfully discharging your duties and for that reason, I must decline to accept your resignation."

Judge Christopher's action in dissolving the grand jury precipitated a demonstration of protest, led by County Attorney James Hepburn at Okmulgee, who charged that the judge had been influenced by "sinister motives." He declared that within two hours the grand jury would have returned indictments against several state officials and prominent Okmulgee citizens in connection with the bank's failure.

Immediately after rendering his decision, Judge Christopher went to Coyle, Okla., with his wife and young son and while there he was waited upon by an Okmulgee lawyer, appointed at the mass meeting to present him with the resolution demanding his resignation. He at first refused to resign, but later forwarded the resignation to Okmulgee which was in turn brought here and held in abeyance until Governor Robertson's return for a trade tour of Mexico.

The grand jury was dismissed on February 9 and after forwarding his resignation on February 13, Judge Christopher disappeared and for some time his whereabouts were not known either by his family or friends. It was just recently established that he is in Chicago with relatives.

POLICE SEARCH FOR SANDS TO BE REDOUBLED

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 26.—A concentration of police efforts to find Edward F. Sands, missing former butler-secretary to William Desmond Taylor, was announced today by detectives attempting to solve the mystery of the director's murder here the night of February 1.

It was planned to begin tomorrow by assembling data for hand bills to be sent broadcast, it was stated to supplement the information regarding the missing man already distributed through news dispatches and police bulletins.

This announcement was made by Herman Cline, police detective who pointed out that while no reward was offered for the location of Sands, against whom a felony charge is on file here, rewards totalling $4,500 had been offered for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the murderer.

"We have run down tip after tip without results," said Cline. "Now we will concentrate upon finding Sands, with the hope that we shall either prove correct our first suspicions that he has information bearing on the crime, or eliminate him."

Immunity from prosecution on the felony charge recently was offered Sands by Thomas Lee Woolwine, district attorney, if Sands would make good a promise made in an anonymous letter, purporting to have been dictated by him, that he would clear up the mystery.

BOUNDARY CASE COURT DECISION EXPECTED SOON

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The supreme court will meet tomorrow after a recess since January 30, preparing opinions in cases argued or otherwise submitted during the present term. A number of important cases await decision, and some of them probably will be disposed of upon reconvening.

Among the cases in which decisions may be expected shortly is one involving title to valuable oil lands in the bed of the river of Oklahoma, claimed by the United States federal government and individuals. Other decisions will determine the consitutionality of the women's suffrage amendment, state and municipal control over public service corporations, the power of the federal government by the exercise of its taxing power, to regulate grain exchanges under the "future trading act" and whether stock yard dealers and traders are engaged in interstate commerce, subject to the "stockyards act."

SALVATION ARMY TO QUIT PASSING OUT FRYING PAN

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—The Salvation Army will distribute no more frying-pans in Chicago. For many years the frying pan has been the culinary standby of the poor family. It will be so no more—not if the Army can prevent it. Brigadier Annie Cowden, territorial directress for all the organization's work among women and children, has discovered that 35 per cent of Chicago's children are undernourished. She took up the matter with Mrs. Ida Bailey Allen, national home economics expert, and the death warrant of the frying pan was the result. According to Mrs. Allen, 50 per cent of all illness can be taced to impoperly prepared food, and 10 per cent of all inefficiency is credited to the same cause.

FARMER NEAR MT. PLEASANT SHOT TO DEATH

By Associated Press.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Texas, Feb. 26.—Luther Phillips, 38, was shot and instantly killed late this afternoon at his home five miles southwest of here. Tom Allen of Farmers Academy was arrested and charged with the murder. Phillips leaves a wife and several children. Both men were farmers.

No reason for the slaying of Phillips was given. Phillips and Allen were said to have been friends for many years. Allen refused to make any statement to officers.

MAN ATTEMPTS TO KILL WIFE AND HIMSELF

By Associated Press.

MIAMI, Florida, Feb. 26.—Edgar C. Frady, president and treasurer of a Chicago automobile sales company, shot his wife probably fatally, and cut his own throat at a hotel here today, according to police. Both were taken to a hospital, where it was said their condition was critical.

After firing three bullets into his wife's body, Frady attempted to cut his throat with a safety razor blade. Failing in this he resorted to a knife to complete the act.

The proprietor of the hotel found the bodies when he was attracted to the suite by the sound of the shots. He told the police that Mrs. Frady was still conscious when he entered and had declared to him that "he did it," pointing to the bath room where her husband's body lay.

The police reported they were unable to find an explanation for Frady's action other than that the couple had quarreled repeatedly during the past two days.

YOUNG WOMAN IS BADLY INJURED BY UNKNOWN PROWLER

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Shortly after she had fallen asleep early today on her return from a masquerade party Miss Dorothy Nichols, 18 years old, society girl of Washington Heights, awoke with a scream when struck a heavy blow on the head. Her assailant escaped.

The young woman's head was badly cut by the leaden sash-weight used by the mysterious prowler, who fled through a window by which he had entered. Her parents in an adjoining room, later aroused by their daughter's moans, found her unconscious. Her life was probably saved hospital surgeons said, by her thick blonde hair, which was braided and which broke the force of the blow. It was said she would recover.

MOST PERSNICKETY MAN IS OVERRULED BY JUDGE

(By International News Service)

DEFIANCE, Ohio, Feb. 26.—Courthouse attaches here have dub Courthouse attaches here have dubbed Arthur Sprow "the most persnickety man in Northwestern Ohio."

When called for jury service, he asked to be excused on the ground that the other jurors and the lawyers used too much tobacco.

"When one takes an oath before God Almighty it can't be done if one is intoxicated with smoke," he told Judge Fred L. Hay.

The Judge, who doesn't smoke himself, looked perplexed, but overruled the objection.

LEADER OF LEGION URGES PROMPT ACTION ON BONUS



Hanford MacNider.

Hanford MacNider, commander of the American Legion, has wired President Harding his belief that the public wants action on the soldier bonus bill and is in favor of the adjusted compensation measure.

THREE PERSONS ARE SERIOUSLY HURT BY BLAST

Mysterious Explosion, the Force of Which Is Felt Over Entire City, Demolishes Dwelling.

By Associated Press.

TULSA, Okla., Feb. 26.—Three persons, two women and a boy, were seriously in a mysterious explosion which demolished an unoccupied dwelling here this afternoon. Miss Peggy Kellmer, said to be a visitor at the home of Mrs. Myrtle Coats of this city, was reported burned from head to foot and perhaps injured internally. Mrs. Coats and her 12-year-old son were reported less seriously injured, but all three persons were rushed to hospitals.

The force of the explosion damaged two adjoining residences, shattered window panes for several blocks around and was felt over the entire city.

Fire department officials have been unable to determine the cause of the explosion, as the house had only recently been completed and the gas connections had not been installed.

Wild confusion followed the blast, many Sunday afternoon motorists speeding to the scene of the catastrophe. A score or more persons living in the neighborhood were knocked from their feet and stunned by the blast.

INTENSE INTEREST EXPECTED IN MEET ON RIVER PROJECT

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Waterways transportation problems extending from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic and to the Gulf of Mexico will occupy the attention of five important waterways organizations in session here this week. These include the national rivers and harbors congress, national merchant marine association, south Atlantic states association, Middlewest merchant marine committee and the Mississippi Valley association.

High interest is expected in the joint debate on the St. Lawrence river project which will be held Wednesday by the rivers and harbors congress, in which Governor Miller of New York will speak for those against the project, and Governor Henry J. Allen of Arkansas and H. H. Merrick, of Chicago will speak for its supporters.

SUSTAIN CHARGES AGAINST UPSHUR COUNTY OFFICIALS

By Associated Press.

GILMER, Texas, Feb. 26.—The jury in the ouster proceedings against the Upshur county commissioners today returned a verdict sustaining the fourteen charges against the officials. The case began last Thursday and went to the jury last night.

The commissioners involved are Arthur Tucker, George McIntosh, Jerry Dean and C. W. Jones. The charges against the officials allege "incompetency and neglect of official duty."

The Weather

West Texas—Monday unsettled, probably snow in the panhandle, colder; Tuesday fair, colder in the southeast portion.

Oklahoma—Monday cloudy, colder; Tuesday unsettled.

East Texas—Monday and Tuesday unsettled, rain Monday and Monday night; colder in north portion Monday; colder Tuesday.

KNICKERBOCKER FLAYS LAWYERS FOR CONDITIONS

Attacks Some Members of Profession for "Failure" of Law; Wants Legal Ethics Revised.

Features Recent Shooting; Still for Direct Action Blames Legislature; Rep. Johnson Speaks.

Declaring that the preponderance of criminal lawyers in the state legislature has prevented the insertion of more "teeth" in the laws, the Rev. H. D. Knickerbocker at the First M. E. church, South, last night delivered a sermon containing many of the molars and bicuspids missing from the Texas statutes. The preacher cited the case of Ethel Elledge, 18-year-old orphan who last Monday night shot Mike Tucker, because, she said, he had attacked her the evening before; Dr. Knickerbocker calling his congregation's attention to the case as further proof of his earlier contention that "under the technicalities of the law today we have neither swift nor sure justice."

"I want all of you who feel sorry for that girl to applaud," the minister said, and after a wave of applause had died away he took a worn bill from his pocket and held it before his audience.

"That's how sorry I feel in a practical way," he continued; "ten dollars worth. That's what I am going to give tonight to help that girl in the future. No, this money will not be for lawyers. If it is necessary I will raise the money to pay attorneys to defend her—but I should hate to believe there is not a chivalric lawyer in this city who will take her case without charge."

The plates were passed by the ushers, and later it was announced that $225 had been collected for the young woman.

Johnson on Legislature.

Dr. Knickerbocker was not alone on the platform. B. F. Johnson, representative in the last legislature, described the personnel of that body and to some extent at least corroborated the preacher's contention that a preponderance of criminal lawyers at Austin may have something to do with the mildness of the Texas statutes. Mr. Johnson stated there are 59 criminal lawyers in the lower house, while 20 out of 32 Texas senators are also attorneys. Representative Johnson also emphasized the need of higher salaries in the legislature in order to obtain better men, explaining that the salaries are only $5 a day; that the legislature is only in session 60 days and that it re-

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HARVEY CHURCH IN CONDITION OF 'MENTAL DEATH'

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—Medical and psychological experts who for thirty days have been watching the despeate effort of Harvey Chuch, double slayer sentenced to hang Friday, to cheat the gallows by starving himself to death, today declared that he had succeeded in committing mental suicide.

According to Dr. Norman Copeland, who has been directing the work that has foiled Church's hunger strike through forcible feeding during the past two weeks, the physical crisis in the youth's condition has passed and he will live—physically.

Other physicians, however, assert that Church already is mentally dead. He is not insane, they say, but has reduced himself to such a state of selfhypnosis that he will feel no pain when the trap is sprung Friday.

Church's hunger strike began more than thirty days ago. For the past two weeks he has been forcibly fed, but seems insensible to pins stuck into his flesh or any other efforts to arouse him. "At times we are not even sure he is breathing," the death watch said. "It would be easier to sit beside a corpse."

Meanwhile, Church's mother is praying for death to release him before he is carried to the gallows to pay the penalty for the slaying of two automobile salesmen to obtain possession of their car.

"He's innocent," she insists, "because he must have been insane and did not know what he was doing."

FIRE DAMAGES BURK SCHOOL HOUSE SUNDAY

Special to the Record News

BURKBURNETT, Feb. 26.—Fire of undetermined but supposedly incendiary origin damaged one of the temporary school buildings here this afternoon, and promises to discomode classes in the Burkburnett schools for several days. The fire, which was discovered this afternoon, destroyed the flooring in two class rooms before it could be checked. The building in which the fire was discovered had not been heated since Friday afternoon, so the blame is placed by authorities on some youngster who did not wish to attend too many classes. The damage will be repaired in a few days. The building is one of the large wooden temporary structures which were erected to take care of the heavily increased enrollment resulting from the sudden growth as result of the boom.

SUCCEEDS KENYON AS SENATOR FROM IOWA



Charles A. Rawson.

Charles A. Rawson, of Des Moines, has been appointed by Gov. N. E. Kendall, to succeed William S. Kenyon as U. S. senator from Iowa. Senator Kenkon, who was head of the agricultural bloc in congress, resigned to become a federal judge. Mr. Rawson was born in Des Moines in 1867, is engaged in the manufacture of bricks and tilings, with many financial side lines. He was named chairman of the Iowa Republican State Central Committee in 1912 and has served constantly since. The new senator, it is understood, will serve only until a successor is elected at the general election in November.

NEW OFFICIALS AT MEXIA NOT YET APPOINTED

General Order Issued Stating Martial Law Will Be Raised Wednesday Morning at Six o'Clock.

By Associated Press.

MEXIA, Texas, Feb. 26.—General order number 10, issued from military headquarters here tonight states that martial law will be raised Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock and civil authorities will assume control.

Camp Wintergarden prison tonight has only one prisoner in it and it was said that he will be released early tomorrow. A consolidated report of all arrests made in the past 45 days of martial law in the Mexia section shows a total of 575 arrests, including 181 for violation of the national prohibition act, 90 for gaming and 21 for highway robbery with firearms. It also records that 27 illicit distilleries have been confiscated, 13 cars have been confiscated for possession of whiskey and 53 stolen cars have been recovered.

Municipal authorities have already taken steps to fulfill the requirements of the plan for law enforcement here and a meeting Tuesday night of the city commission is expected to arrange details of the re-organization of the police department. County authorities have assured the military and the citizens committee that additional deputies prescribed will be appointed. However, in the fact of this assurance there seems to be a temporary hitch in that none of the deputies have been appointed as yet, the sheriff waiting upon recommendations from General Wolters or the citizens' committee. General Wolters has declined to make recommendations and the citizens' committee is said to be encountering some difficulty in finding suitable men for the place. These appointments, however, are declared to be only a technicality and will be promptly made, it is promised.

DENIES REPORT ON MERGER OF TEXAS-PACIFIC

By Associated Press.

EL PASO, Feb. 26.—John L. Lancaster, president and receiver of the Texas & Pacific railway denied here today that any merger of the line with the Missouri Pacific line was contemplated. He announced that the Texas & Pacific, which has been in the hands of a receiver for several years, will soon be taken out of receivership. Mr. Lancaster said he had been misquoted in a Dallas dispatch last night saying that a merger of the two lines would be brought about.

His statement was made in the presence of B. F. Bush, president of the Missouri Pacific and Alexander Robertson, vice president of the same line; N. C. Lee, New York capitalist and Frank Gould, son of Edwin Gould and representative of the Gould estate's interest of the Cotton Belt, Texas & Pacific and Missouri Pacific lines.

"Receivership will be ended by discharge of debts due to the Missouri Pacific," Mr. Lancaster said. "The Missouri Pacific owns income bonds of the Texas & Pacific on which interest has been in default for several years. I do not know how soon the reorganiation can be effected. One of the purposes of this trip is to find out how soon it may be effected."

LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSOCIATION IS FORMED SUNDAY

Mass Meeting Jams Wichita Theater Sunday Afternoon; Is Marked by Fiery Clashes Over Various Conditions Here.

Elect Executive Committee, Empower Them to Recommend District Attorney; Commends Late Grand Jury and Condemns Certain Practices.

Marked by several fiery vocal passages between members and non-members of the legal profession as to the relative responsibility of tactics of certain lawyers and the responsibility of members of the jury for conditions of law violations here whose existence was not even debated, and by nearly tumultous passage of a resolution commending the work of the recent grand jury, and by others condemning certain practices here, the Wichita County Citizens association was organized and started with a membership of several hundred at a Sunday mass meeting which literally jammed the Wichita theater Sunday afternoon.

Scores were unable to push their way into the theater, where every seat and every standing place was taken.

The executive committee was empowered to recommend to the governor a suitable district attorney, and a meeting Monday morning announced for this purpose.

Active resentment on the part of the crowd at attempts to break down the work of the last grand jury, which was eulogized, was evidenced by the large measure of applause given attacks by certain speakers on certain members of the legal profession, and the more or less confusion, at times amounting to almost uproar, which greeted attorneys, who, admitting that there were black sheep in the profession, defended the profession as a whole and placed the blame for conditions on the indifference and failure of the general public, in many instances, to do their duty in this respect in certain directions.

The crowd appeared an earnest one, and, made up largely of men, contained most of the prominent and influential in Wichita Falls. All the speakers plead guilty to lack of proper concern over the enforcement of laws in the past, and pledged their efforts to the association which binds its members to apprising authorities of law violations of the grade of felony, and advising the executive committee of the association of failures of officers to perform their duties.

Organization Voted.

Organization of the association, with the avowed purpose of backing up faithful officers and the elimination by means of concerted action of those officers who were found not to be doing their duty, was unanimously voted upon. The provision for an executive committee, whose duty consists in part in the calling of meetings and the reporting of officers who are not doing their duty, as well as investigation and reporting to meetings the qualifications of those offering themselves for election of officers, was provided for. The ten men who are to represent Wichita Falls on the executive committee were elected by the meeting, while representation from Iowa Park and Burkburnett named their five members each. Assurance that Electra would be organized was conveyed to the meeting.

After the crowd were gathered they were first addressed by Frank Kell, member of the "plan committee," who suggested that Judge Huff be named chairman of the meeting, which was adopted.

Brief explanations of the purpose and origin of the meeting were made by Judge Huff and Judge Montgomery, both being applauded in their statements that one of the purposes of the association would be to get rid of public officers who were not doing or who failed to do their duty. The plan as outlined by Judge Montgomery, had been formed by a committee appointed by the Friday meeting for that purpose, and including himself, T. B. Noble, Mr. Kell, Mayor Cline, and Judge John C. Kay.

Executive Committee.

Those elected to serve for Wichita Falls were: Judge J. T. Montgomery, T. B. Noble, W. D. Cline, Louis Jernigan, J. M. Bland, W. W. Gardner, Luther Hoffman, Judge R. E. Huff, N. H. Martin and Frank Kell. The Burkburnett members named were: R. H. Henry, Sam Spence, E. J. Woodward, Glen Kincaid, and J. S. Mills. The Iowa Park members which named one supernumerary member, are: J. F. Boyd, chairman; G. B. Ganntt, J. C. Searl, W. Dickson, Tom Corriden and A. C. Golden.

The resolution offered by the committee named at the Friday meeting to present a plan to the mass meeting was one, presenting the plan of organization, presented by Judge Montgomery, and three presented for the committee by Mayor Cline, these, in order, calling on the county and district judges to use every effort in securing prompt trial and conviction or acquittal in all criminal cases; a second empowering the executive committee to find and name a suitable man as district attorney, the recommendation to be forwarded in the name of the association to Governor Neff; and a third calling to the attention of the authorities that it is a matter of common report that certain lawyers in Wichita Falls were in the habit of employing the service of professional bondsmen in making

NOTORIOUS 'CON' MAN BELIEVED TAKEN IN SPAIN

By Associated Press.

PARIS, Feb. 26.—Paris police assert that Sanchez Donato, also known as Antonio Lluisay Buz, and Harrison Edison, who was arrested in Barcelona, Spain on Saturday in connection with forgeries totalling nearly 4,000,000 francs, is really Antonio Lluisay Buz, who was born in Barcelona and has been hunted by European police for six years.

According to police about one hundred warrants for his arrest are out, and he has been sentenced by default in Spain to 192 years imprisonment.

It is asserted that he contracted, under various assumed names, seven marriages, each time fleeing with the bride's fortune. His sixth marriage is said to have been to a daughter of a chief of police of Havana.

Lluisa the police declare, posed as a brother-in-law of the minister of finance of Ecuador in Guayaquil, and that he successfully impersonated King Alfonso at Mauritis, an Indian ocean island, borrowing large sums. Later he posed as the president of the Republic of Andorra, which lies on the southern slope of the Pyrenees between France and Spain. Lluisa speaks seven languages fluently. He wore military and naval uniforms at various times. He even used ecclesiastical clothes and on one occasion appeared in a Spanish court costume. He is said to have told the Barcelona police that he lived only for vengeance, by ruining banks. He warned the police that he soon would be at liberty.

The French police are taking credit for having definitely identified Lluisa through a circular sent throughout the world a month ago.

A despatch from Barcelona Saturday announced the arrest of Donato. It said that forgeries amounting to nearly 4,000,000 francs, the majority of them committed in New York, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Montevideo, Santiago de Chile and Havana were charged against him.

BUSINESS BETTER IN FEBRUARY, SAYS FEDERAL REPORT

By Associated Press.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 26.—There was more activity in business in February than there was a month ago and indications are that the improvement will continue, according to the monthly business review of the fourth federal reserve bank issued tonight.

An outstanding feature of the reports received this month is the frequent reference to lower stocks of goods carried, the statement says.

"More definite signs of a moderate expansion of the iron and steel market with a consequent increase of plant operations have appeared in recent weeks and the undertone of the situation is more hopeful. Steel works operations at present are above the 50 per cent mark and are slowly rising.

Railroad traffic is increasing as indicated by consistent decrease in the number of idle freight cars throughout the country."

"FLAT BROKE" IN JAIL DAME FORTUNE SMILES

(By International News Service)

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., Feb. 26.—Behind the bars with a charge of larceny facing him and declaring he was "flat broke," Curtis Adams was at the point of desperation. Just as he was thinking that "there's no use," a stranger walked to the door of his cell.

"Curt, your uncle died some time ago, and we've been trying to find you. He left you a farm valued at $5,000," said the stranger.

The scene changed, as did Curt's face. Curt began whistling ragtime.

"Not such a bad world, after all," he mused.

bonds for their clients, and were in the habit of making calls at the jail without request of prisoners and proffering their services to them—the authorities were called on to investigate these reports and take such action as is necessary in the premises. The introduction of these two resolutions, as well as the introduction of the resolution commending the work of the grand jury, which was presented from the floor by W. S. Cowling, was cheered by the meeting.

In introduction of his third resolution, Mr. Cline explained that the committee believed that if any lawyers are found to be following the tactics commonly reported that they should be punished, and that members of the local bar, who do not follow or approve such practice, are entitled to the vindication which would follow the picking out of the guilty ones or the finding that none are guilty of this.

The "fireworks" started when W. B. Corlett, with the explanation that he had waited for some more practiced speaker to make the point, that a part of the unwillingness of citizens to do their full share in the enforcement of the law was due to the fact that those going as witnesses were not afforded the protection that would prevent irresponsible lawyers from insulting them and endeavoring to trail their character in the mire. Mr. Corlett's assertion, which was made just as an organization vote was to be taken, provoked tremendous applause and cries from the floor of "pour it on them."

"Fireworks."

A similar issue had been injected by B. F. Johnson, legislative representative from this district, with reference to attacks which have been made on the recent grand jury.

Mr. Corlett's query brought from Judge Montgomery, who had presented the organization plan for action of the meeting, of a brief defense of the legal profession as a whole, although he said that the legal profession contained "black sheep" just like any other herd—oil men as well as others he declared to Mr. Corlett. In making this defense Judge Montgomery pointed out that he did not practice criminal law, but spoke in favor of lawyers representing those accused of crime being heard in order that no rights of the accused would be violated.

Charles I. Francis, local attorney, following Judge Montgomery, declared that they were entitled and had not received a fair answer to their question. The basis remedy he declared was in the district judge and district attorney with nerve and brains and thoroughly understanding their business—with such, he declared this condition would not exist.

Johnson and Cox.

Mr. Johnson again made a talk in which he blamed much of the lack of speed and sureness of the administration of the laws to members of the legal profession—declaring that an offender with money enough was able to hire the brains from among the members of the profession to delay and frustrate the administration of justice in his case, and ultimately to escape on technical grounds. His remarks were again greeted with applause from the crowd, as were the remarks of the attorneys. The volume of applause, however, showed the crowd in favor of the side represented by Johnson and Corlett.

Mr. Johnson's remarks provoked a reply from P. B. Cox, another attorney, which was marked by the largest disturbances of the meeting. Mr. Cox placed the blame for conditions not on the legal profession, but squarely up to the general public—on two counts.

First, he pointed to the salary paid a district attorney—a salary he declared, that was inadequate for an ordinary living. Consequently, he pointed out, the state was not as a rule represented by a district attorney with any more brains and ability than they were paying for, while the criminal was better represented. The fault of this condition he laid on the public.

Again, he declared, the fault was with the citizen who evaded jury service, or did not do his duty on them. At this point, his speech was almost drowned out by cries of "sit down" "shut up" and "question, question," with a few voices through the uproar urging him to "go on" and "tell 'em."

"Just listen to me one moment," the speaker shouted through the uproar, "I'm talking to you. There never was a lawyer nor a technicality that turned a criminal loose—its you that sit on the juries."

The text of the various resolutions introduced and adopted follows:

Commending Grand Jury

"Whereas, our jury commission and grand jury recently in session was composed of the best men in this country, men who have the interest of our community upon their hearts, men who are for the moral uplift of our citizenship, and

Whereas, it has spent six weeks laboriously in its effort to apprehend the law-breakers at a great personal sacrifice to each member, now

Be it Resolved: That we endorse and commend this grand jury in its good work and hereby pledge our efforts in the law enforcement which the grand jury has started.

Speeding up Trials.

Be it Resolved by the citizens of Wichita county, Texas, in mass meeting assembled;

That the district and county judges having jurisdiction in Wichita county, Texas, are hereby respectfully requested by all means in their power to expedite the trial of all criminal cases, to the end that persons charged with crime may be tried promptly and convicted or acquitted as the law and facts may require.

We respectfully request that all the judges trying cases in this country shall, so far as practicable, give the trial of criminal cases preference over civil cases, except those civil cases where an immediate trial is necessary to protect the rights of the parties.

District Attorney.

Be it Resolved, That the executive committee of this association is hereby authorized in the name of the association to recommend to the governor of this state a proper person for appointment to the office of district attorney of the 30th judicial district, which office is now vacant, said recommendation to be made not later than Tuesday next.

Professional Bondsmen, Etc.

Be it Resolved, That whereas, it is currently reported that it is the practice of certain lawyers engaged in the practice of law in Wichita Falls, Texas, and who represent defendants charged with violation of the criminal law, to use what is commonly designated as professional bondsmen, or persons who habitually go on bonds of persons who are represented by such lawyers, and,

Whereas, it is currently reported that certain lawyers practicing law in Wichita Falls, Texas, make a practice of visiting persons in prison, without request, and soliciting employment without the request of such persons in prison,

We respectfully request that the authorities shall investigate such practices and if they are shown to exist that proper steps be taken to prevent the same and to take such other action as may be necessary in the premises.

Organization Plan

Be it resolved by the citizens of Wichita county, Texas, in mass meeting assembled on this the 26th day of February, 1922:

THAT an organization be created to be known as the "Wichita county Citizens' association."

THAT the general purposes of this association shall be to, by all proper and legal means, assist the courts and all officers charged with the enforcement of the criminal laws in the prosecution and punishment of all crimes of the grade of felony, and to accomplish the ends above indicated the following method of organization and action is adopted:

FIRST—Every man and woman residing in Wichita county who shall declare himself or herself in sympathy with this movement, is eligible to membership in this organization, and a nominal fee for membership of One ($1.00) Dollar shall be collected, to be expended under the direction of the executive committee, hereinafter created.

SECOND—The managing officers of this association shall consist of an executive committee of 25 members, to be selected from all portions of Wichita county. The executive committee shall consist of 5 members each from Burkburnett, Electra and Iowa Park, and their vicinities, and of 10 members from the city of Wichita Falls and vicinity, each community to select its members.

THIRD—The said committee shall have control of the management of the business of this association, and it shall be its duty to take such steps as it sees proper to carry into effect the purposes for which this association is created, and to that end authorized from time to time to call either general or local meetings of the members of the association at such times and places as they see proper. And it shall be their duty to give the officers charged with the administration of the criminal laws creating felonies, such assistance as in their judgment may be necessary or desirable, and shall have a right at any time to call upon any member of this association for any assistance which in the judgment of the committee ought to be rendered by such member. The said committee shall further have the power and it shall be their duty to keep informed as to the diligence used by all peace officers in the administration of the laws and of any violations of their duties by such officers, and the said committee shall, if satisfactory evidence is obtained that any peace officer or other officers charged with the enforcement of the criminal laws, has willfully failed to perform his duty, take such steps as may be necessary to secure the removal of such officer from office, and shall have a right to call upon any member of this association for such assistance in said matters as they may see proper.

It shall be the duty of every member of this association, and by accepting membership herein, each member agrees that he will, report to the proper peace officers or legal authorities, the violation of any of the laws creating felonies, and that he further will furnish the peace officers or other officers charged with the administration of such laws, with any information which may come to his knowledge, which he believes will lead to the detection and punishment of any violators of such laws, and futher, that if any peace officer or any officer charged with the administration of the criminal laws shall fail to perform any duty imposed upon him by law, that he will report such failure to the executive committee.

Fourth: The executive committee shall further have the right and authority to examine into the qualifications of all persons who shall offer themselves as candidates for any office connected with the enforcement of the criminal laws, and to call meetings of the membership at large at any time they see proper for the purpose of considering such candidacies, and of selecting and recommending suitable persons for such offices, and the members agree to seriously consider such recommendations and unless in their judgment better candidates are offered, to accept same.

Fifth: The executive committee shall meet promptly when selected and shall organize by electing one of their members as president and two vice-presidents and a secretary and treasurer of the association, which officers shall perform the duties usually performed by such officers in organizations of this character.

Sixth: The members of the executive committee above named from each of the several vicinities referred to, that is, Wichita Falls, Burkburnett, Iowa Park and Electra, shall meet independently of the membership from other vicinities, and organize for local purposes, selecting a chairman and secretary, and such other officers as they may see proper, the purpose of such organization being to aid and assist in the administration of the criminal laws referred to above, in their vicinity;

Seventh: The executive committee shall have the right to make such by-laws and other regulations as they may see proper in order to carry out the purposes for which this organization is created.

Eighth: (On amendment from the floor)—Should any of the communities mentioned herein fail to form a part of this organization, the organization will nevertheless function in those communities which are organized.

APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

To The Record News:

I hereby make application for membership in the Wichita County Citizens' association and subscribe myself to its principles of organization and law enforcement.

***I herewith enclose one dollar—I promise to pay one dollar—as a membership fee to this association, to be used as the executive committee sees fit in securing proper enforcement of the laws.**

Name .....

Street Address .....

City ..... **Texas.**

***Make checks payable to John W. Thomas, secretary.**

HOOVER'S RADIO CONFERENCE TO CONVENE TODAY

Redistribution of Wave Lengths Planned to Prevent Various Messages from Becoming Jumbled.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Secretary Hoover's radio conference called to investigate all questions relating to the use and development of the radio telephone meets tomorrow confronted with the problem of alloting "wave lengths" in the air to various classes of users to eliminate interference.

Mr. Hoover's will be "personal representative of the American small" he has announced.

Under present regulations wave lengths are allotted ranging from about 360 meters for amateur broadcasting to over 1600 meters for government stations and long range communication with ships and point to point communication on land.

Department of commerce experts, who are charged as far as possible with the enforcement of regulations designed to prevent a "monopoly of the air" by the telephone and telegraph companies, but at the same time assigning the other waves so as to permit the greatest use of wireless telephony for commercial purposes and amateur development have found it necessary to rearrange present allotments of air lanes.

The government which recently instituted a broadcasting service under 485 meter lengths for government market report and 360 meter wave lengths for entertainment, news and educational talks, found much interference through the great number of amateur radio telephone enthusiasts and other classes of operators with little attempt at uniformity of wave length suited to each type of instrument and user.

Representative of telephone and telegraph companies and other commercial users of radio as well as amateurs will be heard and there is a possibility, according to department of commerce officials, that recommendations for new legislation covering redistricution of wave lengths and reclassification of radio and kindred services.

The radio experts of the department of commerce say they have a tentative plan concerning distribution of wave lengths, but no announcement will be made until the conference gets under way.

VOLSTEAD ACT IS BLAMED FOR NATION'S EVILS

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Repeal of the Volstead act and substitution of a measure permitting sale of light wines and beer was urged today by the executive council of the American federation of labor in a statement which asked all citizens to join in a campaign with this objective.

The statement denounced the Volstead act as "a social and moral failure," and "a dangerous breeder of discontent and contempt for all law."

The council previously announced its intention to participate in the congressional elections through a non-partisan campaign committee which will indorse and oppose candidates of major political parties or enter independents if that course is considered most effective.

"Before this decision was reached," the council's announcement said "there was caucused to be made an exhaustive investigation of the Volstead act. It was shown by this investigation that there has been:

"A general disregard of the law among all classes of people, including those who made the law.

"Creation of thousands of moonshiners among both country and city dwellers.

"Creation of an army of bootleggers.

"An amazing increase of the tariff of deadly concoctions and drugs.

"An increased rate of insanity, blindness and crime among the users of these concoctions and drugs.

"Increase in unemployment.

"Increase in taxes to city, state and national governments amounting to approximately one billion dollars per year."

"The federation did not protest against the constitutional amendment embodying the prohibition policy, the statement emphasized, but considered the Volstead act "an improper interpretation of the amendment," and stood instead for "reasonable interpretation in order that the law may be enforcible and enforced."

BRITAIN SHOWS HOW TO UPHOLD DIGNITY OF LAW

(By International News Service.)

LONDON, Feb. 26.—The British law, in all its power and dignity, assembled at Beverley for the East Riding Quarter Sessions. There were:

Sixty persons who had been summoned from various parts of the Riding for grand and common juries; forty-five magistrates, six barristers a corps of newspaper reporters, a large force of policemen from different East Riding centers, numerous court officials and clerks.

The only prisoners before the court were two boys, who were sent to a reformatory for stealing chocolates!

CAPPER TELLS HOW CONGRESS AIDS FARMER

Outstanding Legislative Achievement Declared to Be Work Done in Behalf of Agriculture.

"Emergency Could Not Have Been More Promptly Met," Declares Leader of Agricultural Bloc.

By SENATOR CAPPER
Written For International News Service.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The outstanding achievement in this congress in constructive legislation has been its great work for agriculture. It has laid a new and firm foundation for national prosperity. No doubt mistakes have been made and there is a great deal yet to be done, but no like amount of important legislation beneficial to the farming industry and therefore to the national welfare, has, in my estimation, ever been accomplished by any preceding congress in such a short time.

President Harding's sympathetic attitude toward the farmer and stockman has been of great help. When the new President and the new Congress took up the reins in Washington last March the farming industry was on the verge of collapse. While the crisis has not as yet been passed, the emergency could scarcely have been more promptly met by legislation. As a result we have these new laws for the rehabilitation of the farming industry, several of them epochal and others yet to come. They are.

The billion-dollar farm export credit measure.

Grain Exchanges Regulated.

The Capper-Tincher Future Trading bill for the regulation of the thirteen great grain exchanges by a board comprising the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce and the Attorney-General.

The act placing the control of the packing industry and stockyards under supervision of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The Agricultural Emergency Tariff bill, which undoubtedly is helping farmers at this moment.

The Kenyon bill, increasing the interest rate on bonds of the Farm Loan Banks from 5 to 5 1-2 per cent, with not increase in the loan rate to farmers. Making it possible to sell these bonds in competition with other securities.

The Curtis bill, appropriating $25,000,000 as a revolving fund for the Federal Farm Loan banks.

Some Taxation Removed.

Some of the burdens of taxation have been removed from the shoulders of farmers by the new revenue law. The exemption for a married man has been raised from $2,000 to $2,500 and the exemption for a dependent has been increased from $200 to $400. The wealthy corporations and individuals, who sought to shift still more of the burden of war taxes to the shoulders of those least able to pay, did not succeed. Congress refused to cut radically the rate on big incomes, holding that the greater the income the more able the recipient is to pay a bigger tax.

Under the new law 2,000,000 little homes in the United States will immediately be relieved from further payment of any income taxes. Thousands of other families of small means will receive a reduction of 50 per cent in their income tax rate. Instead of reducing the maximum surtax on big incomes from 65 to 32 per cent, as demanded by big business, congress set the high limit at 58.

Savings from Armament.

Out of the conference on disarmament, called by President Harding, will come a saving of billions of dollars, which will help every nation to climb back from the financial and economic depth into which it fell during the World War.

This programme for bettering the economic condition of the farming industry and putting it on an equal footing with organized industry and business, and reducing the burdens of taxation, has met with bitter opposition from Wall Street business men and eastern newspapers.

But, I believe that the administration fully realizes that the farmer has been made the goat and that he must be given a square deal if he is to come back and make his vital contribution to the prosperity of the nation.

MOVE IS MADE TO BUILD NEW INDUSTRIES UP

(By International News Service)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Facing the loss of various industries which sprang up during the war, and are now dying out in this country, various Government agencies are at work in an effort to build up the more valuable ones.

Among these defunct activities is the manufacture of optical glass in the United States. Most of this material came from foreign sources, especially Germany, prior to the war. When war interrupted the sources o fsupply an impetus was given manufacturing genius in the United States, which has since gradually disappeared.

The optical industry is of value to the country not only for economic reasons, it is pointed out today by a naval official, but also for war purposes, without which supply our military and naval manufactories would be greatly hampered.

Accordingly, the navy particularly is engaged in stimulating as much as possible the manufacture of optical glass in this country, in an endeavor to keep it alive.

The same applies to aircraft factories of private control. In an effort to encourage this invaluable source of defensive power the Navy, as well as the Army and other agencies, is lending every possible aid. The Navy itself has refrained from building its own planes in a desire to furnish occupation for an infant industry which has suffered seriously since the war robbed it of its market.

PRACTICALLY ALL OF TEXAS' CONGRESSMEN EXPECTED TO ENTER RACE FOR RE-ELECTION

By BASCOM N. TIMMONS.
Record News Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26.—Sixteen of the eighteen sitting members of congress from Texas are expected to be candidates for re-election, Congressman Rufus Hardy of Corsicana is to retire, and Congressman Lucian Parrish of Henrietta is a candidate for the senate.

Among those who have already announced their candidacy for re-election are Congressman Joseph J. Mansfield of Columbus; Congressman John C. Box of Jacksonville and Congressman Eugene Black of Clarksville.

Mr. Black, whose announcement has just been given out, enjoys the distinction of representing in congress the district in which he was born, and wherein he has resided all of his life. He was born at Blossom, in Lamar county, and grew to manhood at that place. After teaching school for a few years, he took a law course at Lebanan, Tennessee, graduated from there in 1905 and began the practice of law at Clarksville in the same year. He had not held other public office prior to his election to congress.

When he first came to congress he was elected to membership on the committee on postoffice and post roads one of the important committees of the house, and served on that committee until the beginning of the present congress, when, at his own request, he was transferred to the committee on banking and currency of the house.

Black Active.

While a member of the committee on postoffices and post roads, Mr. Black actively assisted in procuring legislation enlarging and extended the parcels post service, also changing the method of payment to the railroads for carrying mails, from the weight plan to what is known as the space plan, a reform which has made possible very substantial economies to the government in the transportation of mails and which had been sought by the postoffice department for many years. As a member of this committee, he also assisted in framing the postal employees' salary reclassification bill, which was enacted by congress in 1920, and which achieved the rather unusual distinction for a salary reclassification bill of being passed by a unanimous vote of the house, the vote being 344 for the bill and none against.

As a member of the banking and currency committee of the house, Mr. Black has taken an active part in legislation reported from that committee, among which has been the recently enacted legislation to provide a treasury deposit revolving fund for the use of the federal farm land banks to enable them to continue making loans while marketing their bonds. Such sums to be repaid to the treasury department when bonds are sold. The system is working well, and is enabling the farm loan banks to continue their loaning operations without interruption while waiting for bond sales. Also as a member of this same committee, he was active in supporting the legislation amending the war finance corporation act so as to enlarge and extend the powers of the corporation and to authorize loans to finance exports of farm products and also loans to assist in holding agricultural products, including livestock, for orderly marketing. Under this act, as amended, something over 250 millions of dollars have already been loaned for export and agricultural purposes, about 25 millions of which has been loaned in Texas to banking and financing institutions and to co-operative organizations of farmers and livestock growers. Similar loans are being made daily by the corporation, and are materially helping to relieve the financial pressure in the agricultural states.

Mr. Black concludes his announcement by stating that he will return to his district in plenty of time prior to the primaries to campaign the district thoroughly and will discuss in his speeches important questions which are prominently before the people.

Mansfield Ill.

Congressman Joseph J. Mansfield of Columbus, was ill for several months. He has sufficiently recovered, however, to keep close contact with affairs of the house of representatives.

Judge Mansfield is a member of the important rivers and harbors committee, one of the most important in the house, insofar as South Texas is concerned. It is a hard committee assignment to land, and is never given to a new member. Mansfield reached it after four years of service in the house.

In the event of the re-election of a democratic congress, Judge Mnsfield will be a member of the powerful committee on conference, between senate and house on rivers and harbors matters. There is just a possibility he will be on the committee on conference even with a republican congress for he is third on the list of democrats. Two members of the minority serve on the committee on conference. One of the democrats ranking him may be transferred to another committee.

Mansfield has been especially active in attempting to get appropriations for river projects and for flood control during his service on the rivers and harbors committee. But due to retrenchment there has been little done on either adopting flood control or new river projects.

Congressman Sumners of Dallas, Rayburn of Bonham and Connally of Marlin, all will be candidates for the seats they now hold. These three men more than any others of the Texas delegation were importuned to become candidates for the senate and any one of them would likely have been a formidable candidate.

All three of them are house leaders. Sumners is the ranking democrat on the judiciary committee; Rayburn is near the top of the interstate and foreign commerce committee, and is chairman of the democratic caucus, while Connally is one of the democratic leaders on the foreign relations committee.

KNICKERBOCKER FLAYS LAWYERS FOR CONDITIONS

(Continued From Page One)

quires 60 days for new men to "learn the ropes."

Dr. Knickerbocker did not mince words in describing local conditions. He declared that "in the dance halls here there is habitually an attendance of harlots" and offered to prove the assertion by the affidavit of a police officer.

He praised the Record News and read from it a recent editorial calling attention to the harmful effects on youthful morals of night "joy-riding."

Against Auto Rides.

"I wouldn't let my boy take my car and go riding with his girl in it after dark under any conditions," he insisted, "and if there were more parents with the same sense and backbone there would be fewer records of shameful deeds in our community. There is more social immorality today than ever before in the history of the world.

"We have recently had a very spectacular demonstration of one of the fundamental causes of lawlessness. That fundamental cause of lawlessness is the use of technicalities in the defense of criminals. We saw the spectacle of a lawyer charging fifteen of the best men of this community with perjury and despicable embezzlement of power. Boiled down to its essence that is what the charge meant when it was charged that the grand jury was selected because they belonged to the Ku Klux Klan. Inherent in that charge was the implication that because they were members of the Ku Klux Klan they would violate their oath of office and their duties of citizenship in order to persecute instead of prosecute the client of this attorney. It so happened that perhaps there never was a grand jury in the history of the State of Texas that was so high above such imputation as this grand jury, but does that deter the lawyer attempting to free his client by any so-called legal means within his power? Not at all. Little did he care apparently what became of the reputation of these men.

Condemns Courts.

It is no wonder that the citizens of this town have been stirred to white heat of indignation by such procedure. And then there was added to that the spectacle of two district courts in effect turning the powers of their office into what was practically the trial of the grand jury when there were scores and even hundreds of criminals unwhipped of justice in this community. If the procedure of the district court was legal, it all the more shows the necessity of a radical reform in the whole situation. If it wasn't, it illustrates then once more that the constituted authorities make mistakes much more often than the forces of justice that are unconstituted. The anecdote that a distinguished citizen of our community is telling is quite apropos.

"He said he was talking to an old lady relative in a community where the Ku Klux Klan had been active, or at least where there had been some tar and feather parties. He said to her, 'Isn't it awful, aunty, about this Ku Klux Klan and what they are doing?' and she said, 'it sure is awful, but you know the strange thing about it is that they haven't made a mistake yet.' The pitiful case of the young girl, who in Waco the other day shot her middle-aged seducer to death when he had been freed for two years though palpably as guilty as hell, by a legal technical evasion, which is just one of a thousand that might be collated and cited. It was quite evident to me this afternoon that 90 per cent of that great audience that gathered in the law enforcement meeting believed that the lawyers and their misuse of law were more responsible for the loosing of criminals upon the public than any other factor. Do not mistake me. I mean some lawyers. I have the highest respect for some lawyers. I have the utmost contempt for some others."

Wants Ethics Revised.

There should be a radical revision of law ethics and law procedure. It is up to the lawyers themselves to revise their ethics. I have interviewed a number of them and they agree that this is the established rule as to the duty of lawyers, namely, that a lawyer may use every method in his power within the limits of technical legality for the freeing of his client, no matter how guilty that client may be. That principle is fundamentally, radically and essentially wrong. The first duty of any lawyer, who after all is a man before he is a lawyer, is to his God. His second duty is to society. His third duty is to his client. No sophistry and no juggling of words can disprove these fundamental statements.

"It is as much a lawyer's duty to protect society as it is mine, and no matter what the custom of the profession may be, when he stands before the judgment bar of God Almighety, the question that I think will be asked of him will be: "Did you protect society?" not "Were you a successful criminal lawyer and able to make the proud boast that you freed seventy-five to a hundred per cent of all your clients, guilty or not guilty."

Commends Neff Program.

"The next fundamental remedy is to make the law enforceable. We are told that they are the best we have. That may be true, but they are certainly not the best that we can have, and here I charge the late Texas legislature with outrageous dereliction of duty when they willfully combatted the great program of law enforcement that Governor Neff submitted to them. That program involved not only the strengthening of laws by putting teeth in them, but it also involved an ouster law by which negligent of corrupt officials might be put out of office.

"It went further and proposed such a revision of the laws of the state as would make it impossible for any lawyer or any court to free a criminal upon a technicality which had nothing to do with the merits of his case. We tremendously need all of these three proposals of Governor Neff's law enforcement program. I made the charge before and I make it again that there are paid and pernicious brains in the legislature and they are mostly criminal lawyers whose object in being members of the legislature is to prevent the reformation of laws so that justice may be impartially and absolutely enforced.

"Our remedy is to send such a man as B. F. Johnson, whom I understand stood fair and square with Neff in this program, back to the legislature and support him with such an influential lobby that the invidious and pernicious work of the evil forces may be overcome. Bad men have paid brains not only in the legislature but in the "third house" as the lobby is called, who spend their whole time brow beating, "bamboozling," or buying such legislators as they may need in their business. It is true that I cannot give names and details of such procedure, but I make up the impeachment upon the well known axiom, "By their fruits ye shall know them." The results of their labors are very apparent whether the details or methods thereof are or not.

Commends Mass Meeting.

"I commend most highly the work of that great mass meeting this afternoon wherein the citizens organized for a program of law enforcement. But in spite of the criticism which I have received and the lying and malicious insinuations that have been cast at my motives, I maintain with more emphasis and vigor than ever that there are cases when justice ought to be administered and must be administered outside of the channels of constituted authority. The case of the young woman in Waco cited above is a point.

The case of the young woman who shot a man last Monday night here in our midst is, I believe, a point. The case of a local man who legally swindle an old man 74 years old out of all that he had, not long ago in this community is in point. This old man came to me and told me his pitiful story. The whole thing was done entirely within the pales of the law and yet the old man was swindled, outrageously swindled, and I say that a man that would swindle an old man 74 years old out of his last dollar ought to be tarred and feathered and "rid" on a rail.

Ku Klux Klan.

"Concerning the Ku Klux Klan, let me say a word further. I do not know that they have ever had any tar and feather parties. I do know that I have information which I consider reliable that up in Oklahoma the tremendous and salutary cleanups in several cities where the lawless element has been in the saddle has been carried on largely by members of the Ku Klux Klan. They have succeeded, so I am told, in ousting corrupt officials, so that it seems that their program is to use all the methods possible to produce the ends in view, which are justice for all and the enforcement of righteousness amongst the people. My brother from Marlin told me that the effect of the Ku Klux Klan had been exceedingly saultary there. There was one tar and feather party which they were supposed to have been responsible for. That was all that was necessary. After that, a simple warning was enough to make the undesirable citizens leave town between suns, and that town since has been as spotless as the one that was polished with sapolio.

"I pass by all the malicious and slanderous flings that have been made at me. They leave me smiling and undisturbed. I urge that all the good citizens join together in this great law enforcement movement and in such further program as is necessary to make the laws more enforcible. Let's stand by our great and good governor and his splendid program and we will have much better conditions throughout the whole state."

Dr. Knickerbocker is leaving today with his mother, Mrs. E. F. Knickerbocker, for El Paso to join his brother in conducting a two weeks revival service in that city.

BLIZZARDS NOT SO SEVERE SAY OLD PLAINSMEN

"White Tigers" Have Disappeared With Indians and Buffalo According to the Old Timers.

FARGO, N. D., Feb. 26.—What has become of the blizzards of North Dakota—the white tigers which roared across the prairie in the eighties, freezing wanderers, cattle and horses?

They have gone, old time residents say, like the wild Indian and the cowboy. The winters are milder and the storms "have not got the pep they used to have."

Weather men disagree with this, saying that there is no definite change in climate, year by year. If the winters have been milder for a few years it is a matter of chance.

Weather bureau figures bear out the "old timers" however. Recent winters have been milder in temperature, and have had less wind and snow and rain than the winters of the eighties, according to data compiled from figures given out by R. E. Spencer, in charge of the Moorhead, Minn., United States weather bureau.

These figures are for the winters of the decade of 1881-82 to 1890-91 representing the early days as opposed to the winters of 1910-11 to 1919-20. Five months of each year are considered—November, December, January, February and March. They show that the average temperature for the winters of the earlier decade was 11.78 degrees above zero while the last decade was 15.98; precipitation, formerly .803 inches monthly—recently, .653 monthly; wind velocity averaged 10.37 miles per hour in the olden days and only 9.13 miles per hour during the last ten years.

"Weather experts agree that such changes are due largely to chance," said Mr. Spencer. "People remember the worst blizards they ever encountered and forgot the milder ones. Thus every blizzard which comes along has to bear comparison with the worst blizard of a lifetime—or with a rather enlarged memory of it."

HAD THEIR NUMBER



Jim—Let's walk over and talk to those girls.

Slim—It's no use they are telephone girls.

Jim—Well, what of it?

Slim—They won't answer you.

DENBY THINKS GOMPERS PLAN IS IMPRACTICAL

Navy Department Has Not the Power to Relieve Unemployment Situation, Declares Secretary.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON Feb. 26.—Conversion of navy yards into industrial plants to obtain contracts from other government departments could be accomplished only at the expense of privately owned factories and, therefore, would not be of value to the unemployed. Secretary Denby declared tonight in a letter answering suggestions laid before him recently by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

"It is difficult to see," Secretary Denby said, "how the national employment situation will be in any way alleviated even if it is found feasible to compete in the open market with industrial plants on the outside. As to this I have very serious doubt for I know of no industrial plant in private life where such liberality is shown employes, thereby increasing the overhead, as in the navy yards of the United States."

Moreover, the secretary continued, he doubted very much the wisdom of artificially keeping up "navy yards some of which must inevitably be closed, at the expense of private yards thereby perhaps causing the destruction of the latter. When the navy yards are not required to maintain the fleet, he said, "they should be abandoned or leased or leased to private concerns who may find employment for them."

The delegation headed by Mr. Gompers submitted a program of fifteen proposals designed to relieve the situation of the men thrown out of work. Secretary Denby took up the most cases that the department did not have the appropriation necessary to undertake them or lacked authority.

The naval secretary expressed sympathy for those affected by the reduction of activity in navy yards but declared that it was not within his power "to continue in needless employment those who are paid from a trust fund administered by the navy department."



Back in the brave old days of '49.

And when a miner found gold in his pan he had a lucky strike worth talking about!

LUCKY STRIKE!

When we discovered the toasting process six years ago, it was a Lucky Strike for us.

Why? Because now millions of smokers prefer the special flavor of the Lucky Strike Cigarette — because

It's Toasted*

*—which seals in the delicious Burley flavor

And also because it's Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

Parfet & Martlew

Federal Tax Service
Legal and Accounting
411-13 Morgan Building
Wichita Falls, Texas.

Stainless Instructing Laughing Gas. 605½ 8th St., Rooms 7-9-10. Over Kruger Jewelry Store.

DENTIST
DR. GREEN
Gold Crowns, Bridge Work, $5 and up
EASY WORKMAN
Fillings, 50c up.
WORK GUARANTEED.

THOSE GOOD
Original Mexican Dishes
—AT
ARTHUR'S White Kitchen
813½ INDIANA AVENUE.

WRITTEN LAW SHOULD COME FIRST AND LAST

Enforcement in Large Measure Depends on Knowledge and Understanding of Citizenship.

Law and Order Also Means All Laws at All Times—Juries and Indictments and the Constitution.

"Law and order presuppose some intelligence. Not even traffic regulations which possibly most clearly indicate the efficiency and effectiveness of order and its advantages, operate without knowledge and understanding on the part of the public of their purpose and advantages," said F. J. Swanson. "The United States is a democracy, and a democracy, particularly with complex machinery of production and distribution in industry, can function only when their exists an educated and intelligent public opinion. Therefore, law enforcement in large measure depends on the understanding and knowledge of the citizenship keeping up with the requirements of the age in which it lives.

"History leaves little doubt that farm workers destroyed first reapers and binders, maliciously, fearing unemployment in the work in which they had been engaged. There is much said of the tyranny of industrial barons and political autocrats, but possibly it could be easily demonstrated that the most intolerant and illogical tyranny of any kind is that predicated on ignorance—which is guided accordingly by nothing but blind prejudice, superstition and bigotry.

"Law and order is predicated on abiding by the rules—living the game of life, in accord with the established customs, traditions and laws and regulations of society. Whatever the motive, its seldom that an individual in a football game ignoring the signal and adopting an individual grandstand play in violation of the rules of the game and the anticipated co-operation of others, ever gains anything. Failure to adhere consistently to the written law in society, until that law is repealed, if not approved, always results in increased disorder, chaos and confusion. Spasmodic efforts outside the law seldom do more than illustrate in another field, what in games of sports is called Grand-Standing.

"Law and order also means all laws at all times. It does not mean a spasmodic effort in this instance this week ignoring all others, and next week indulging in an epidemic of another kind, allowing last week's spasmodic outcries to be ignored. Law and order means that those interested in law and order obey not only the laws for whose enforcement they take the lead, but also all other laws.

"If but a small per cent of the citizenship of any community believed in playing the game—by the written law—and looked up the law and acted consistently therewith whenever attempting enforcement, obeyed all laws themselves, including laws on taxation, rendition of property, honest use of trust funds, etc., ad infinitum, there would be few instances where lawlessness became notorious.

"In keeping up with the age, it might also be incumbent on people to give some study and attention to new inventions of science and methods in industry, at least before openly condemning. There may be a number of movie films that are detrimental. What of it—as to condemning the movie industry! A film like type, words, or other pictures, but portrays that which it was intended to represent. Its not the means of portrayal—the existing system of creating and displaying pictures that is at fault—but the use made of the system.

"It would be as logical to condemn learning, to read or write, because thieves use communication systems in carrying out their designs. Whatever may be the views as to many existing pictures, there seems little doubt, barring some scientist inventing yet some more surprising achievement, that pictures, movies will in the very near future have large part in educational instruction. They are admirably adapted to public health work, community betterment, and particularly where those to be reached may be of different tongues or illiterate.

"Law and order requires sanity, comon-sense, spirit of inquiry that facts may be established before condemnation made thereon. Possibly it might be well to have annual survey made of court and other records, transfers of confiscated property, receipts between officials concerned, and check made with ultimate destruction and carrying out as reflected in the records. Open diplomacy and well kept public records have large effect in creating conditions that preclude consistent violation or ignoring of law or frame-ups as sometimes charged. What is the law, what are the facts, and what is the record should have large place in any intelligent law enforcement program."

Speaking of constitutions, Federal and State, on fines and indictments, statutes have not disqualified for religious or fraternal affiliations.

Section 10, Article 1, of the Constitution of Texas, among other things provides that " * * * And no person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on an indictment of a grand jury, except in cases in which the punishment is by fine, or imprisonment otherwise than in the penitentiary, in cases of impeachment, and in cases arising in the army or navy, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger."

Article 16, Section 19, provides—"The legislature shall prescribe by law the qualifications of grand and petit jurors."

Section 2 of same article provides—"Laws shall be made to exclude from office, serving on juries, and from the right of suffrage those who may have been or shall hereafter be convicted of bribery, perjury forgery or other high crimes * * * "

Article 1, Section 15, provides "The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate. The legislature shall pass such laws as may be needed to regulate the same, and to maintain its purity and efficiency."

Section 19, of Article 1, stipulates "No citizen of this state shall be deprived of life, liberty, property, privileges or immunitie or in any manner disfranchised, except by the due course of the law of the land."

Article 5, Section 12, provides "All judges of courts of this state, by virtue of their office, shall be conservators of the peace throughout the state. The style of all writs and process shall be, 'The State of Texas.' All prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by authority of the State of Texas, and shall conclude 'Against the peace and dignity of the State.'"

And Section 13 continues: "Grand and petit juries in the district courts shall be composed of twelve men; but nine members of a grand jury shall be a quorum to transact business and present bills * * * "

Section 17, Article 5, provides—" * * * Prosecutions may be commenced in said court (county) by information filed by the county attorney or by affidavit, as may be provided by law. Grand juries impaneled in the district courts shall inquire into misdemeanors; and all indictments therefor returned into the district court shall forthwith be certified to the county courts, or other inferior courts having jurisdiction to try them, for trial; and if such indictment be quashed in the county, or other inferior court, the person charged shall not be discharged if there is probable cause of guilt, but may be held by such court or magistrate to answer an information or affidavit * * * "

Article 1, Section 28, provides—"No power of suspending laws in this state shall be exercised, except by the legislature." The preceding Section 27 provides, "The citizens shall have the right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for their common good, and apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances or other purposes, by petition, address or remonstrance."

Section 20, of Article 1, that "No citizen shall be outlawed; nor shall any person be transported out of the state for any offense committed within the same."

United States Constitution, Fifth Amendment reads—"No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury * * * " and the fourth amendment provides "The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized." Section 9, of Article 1, of the State Constitution, is in effect the same.

Inscrutable Woman! Pretty Screen Star Lives All The Seven Ages in One by the Magic of Make-Up



"IF I could only live my school days over," says Mrs. Brown.

"My, but I wish I were older," sighs Mary.

And there you have the unfilled wishes of woman—and man for that matter—in all stages of life from the cradle age to the shawl stage.

There is one place, however, where women can gratify every desire for life in all its phases—the movies. May McAvoy, the pretty Paramount star, who will soon appear with Rodolph Valentino in the picturization of Ibanez's novel, "Blood and Sand," illustrates in the pictures above how easy it is to span the seven ages of woman. By the aid of a few curls and the skillful use of grease paint she has successfully transformed her features. From wide-eyed babyhood she has traversed the path of the school girl, the flapper, the vamp, the sweetheart, the matron, to grandmother.

If, on a moment's notice, you could be transformed as easily as Miss McAvoy was, which one of these ages of woman would you choose? Miss McAvoy says she would like to be a perpetual school girl.

"That's the age when life has its lightest problems," she said. "One moves along the lines of least resistance and leans on father, mother and teacher for assistance over the bumps. Babyhood is attendant with teething, the measles, and more or less helplessness, while marriage brings other difficulties to surmount. It is the stage between these—girlhood—that goes smoothly and easily."

A Wife or a Profession?

BY CAROLYN BEECHER

(Copyright, 1922, by Carolyn Beecher)

CHAPTER X.

Annette still held herself aloof and consequently was much alone. Occasionally she would spend a little time in the office, but Howard frankly told her he didn't want her there; that it was a bad plan for a man's wife to hang around his office. She took umbrage at this and for a week failed to walk down with him after luncheon, something she had never neglected to do since they came to Clarkstown.

Often she talked of the time when he would return to New York.

"Why are you so anxious, Annette. If you are unhappy here you will be unhappy anywhere—because you will have not removed the cause by changing your residence." He referred to a complaint she had made about him being away from her so constantly.

"Even so," she coldly replied, "I should like to live there because of the outward and visible sign of your success it would give the world. No one will ever hear of you here, no matter how clever you are?"

Howard seemed to be thinking very intently.

"You think New York would spell happiness for you?"

"I know it! And fame for you!" She was really proud of Howard and had unbounded faith in his ability.

"Never mind me. We are talking of your happiness."

"I should be unbelievably happy."

"Then I will bend all my energies, pull all the wires, as the politicians say, to get there. Uncle will be terribly disappointed, but my first duty is to you—next to my profession. I can practice that there as well as here—although I may not be so needed. But before I can practice there I must have more experience, be able to command and demand more for my services from those who can afford to pay. And those people are the ones who demand specialists, men who have proven their ability. Until I can cope with the conditions I have mentioned we must remain here. I am a poor man, Annette. I am sorry for your sake it is so. But you knew it when you married me. Yet you loved me."

"I do love you, Howard, but why, oh, why, aren't you a broker or a lawyer, or something, so you wouldn't have to be away from me so much? How long do you think it will be before you can go to New York to live?"

"That all depends upon circumstances. But I have given you my promise. I hope neither of us will regret it."

"We won't! I just know we won't! We will be as happy as clams at high tide if we get back in God's country once more?

He smiled indulgently at her enthusiasm. In many thinks Annette was still nothing but a spoiled child.

After this Annette seemed to settle down into a state of semi-contentment. She objected less strongly when he tended Tom Mulligan's children and the families of others of his ilk. He was getting experience for use in New York, where he would be famous and so command fabulous fees for his services.

Money has suddenly loomed large in Annette's life. It may have been because, while never wealthy, she never had known the lack of money—that is, enough to satisfy her wants. But for months now it had been going out and nothing, or practically nothing, coming in. The household bills were large, too large by far for a family of two. But Annette either ordered over the telephone or let Elsie do the marketing. Howard had allowed her to open accounts with the tradesmen, believing it the usual thing to do. His knowledge of running a house was absolutely nil, as is the case with most young men who have lived outside of the home atmosphere.

Then came a crisis.

It was the third of the month. Just eight months since they were married. Howard and Annette were sitting at the drop-leaf table. The dinner had been cleared away and a sheaf of bills lay before them. Also a slim check book.

Howard, with pencil and paper, had added the bills, then opened the check book. There was only a hundred dollars left when the bills were paid and Annette had just told him she needed a new hat and a few other things. He had not objected. She had had no new clothes since they were married, and although she had a very beautiful and adequate trousseau, he realized that she might really need something now.

"We will have to retrench somewhere," he said, frowning. Like most men with professional minds he hated the deaths of business, the worry over money.

"I don't see where we can possibly save anything," Annette replied, a scowl spoiling her pretty face. "I'm just as economical as I can be. I don't spend a penny for myself."

"I know, dear. I wish you might have more. That I might give you a real man's sized allowance. But it is impossible just now. What we must do is to figure where and how we can retrench. If we—could—let Elsie go. Oh, only for a time, until I can get on my feet," he hastily added, warned by her expression.

(To Be Continued.)

GEM

TODAY —— TODAY

Antonio Moreno

in

"GUILTY CONSCIENCE"

Fashions for Americans

An interesting fabric combination is featured in the tailored street frock for spring, shown in the sketch. The dress is of navy canton crepe, with waist line a trifle lower than the normal waist, a straight, slightly gathered skirt and full length flaring sleeves. It is trimmed with a lighter blue duvetyn which forms narrow side panels, each panel being approximately three inches wide. The lighter blue duvetyn also binds the wide bateau neck and the sleeves. These sleeves are slashed from the wrist to shoulder, and the duvetyn binding extends around every edge. A line embroidery in red appears just inside of the duvetyn binding, and the panels are embroidered red.

This dress is sufficiently different to be noticeable, but it is conservative, and the type of frock that a well dressed woman who is not interested in freak styles or bizzare effects would wear.

Incidentally, the use of duvetyn or other heavy fabric as a trimming for a sheer material may come as an acceptable suggestion to the woman who is making over a last season gown.

The duvetyn panels on the dress shown in the sketch are two or three inches longer than the skirt proper, and the ends are folded under as a finish.

The continued vogue of crepe weaves of all sorts is one of the present season fashion points, with unusual fabric and color combinations also noticeable. A woof fabric frock may be trimmed with organdy, a heavy silk, such as faille, with handkerchief linen, and a sheer silk may find a fabric such as duvetyn a desirable selection as a trimming touch.



Duvetyn and Canton Crepe Are Combined in This Street Frock.

SOCIETY

MR. AND MRS. FEATHERSTONE HOSTS TO CLUB

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Featherstone were hosts to the Kill Kare club with a delightful party at their home on Taylor street Friday evening when several tables were arranged for "42" in rooms beautifully decorated in motifs and colors suggestive of Washington's birthday.

Miniature hatchets formed the plate favors, and chocolate candy was served during the games.

At a late hour, a tempting refreshment course including sandwiches, coffee and pudding with whipped cream was served to Messrs. and Mesdames Noble Gray, P. A. McCurdy, J. C. Walker, John Mansker, E. L. Smith, Ivy, members and Mrs. J. L. Fox, guest.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mansker will be the hosts at the next meeting.

* * *

IN THE MAIL BAG

COME OUT WITH BETTER UNDERSTANDING

To the Record News:

Attracted like perhaps ninety per cent of the others, by the publicity given it in attempting to prevent its showing, the writer witnessed the "True Story of Clara Smith Hamon's Life." I went to scoff at a woman who would wreck her own life as well as several others, then spread her method of so doing, broadcast over this commonwealth of ours by means of a motion picture. I went in with a pocket full of rocks to cast the first one, but came out with a better understanding and a spirit of forgiveness such as was meant to be taught by the story of another Magdalene.

Having read detailed newspaper accounts of "Oklahoma's Greatest Tragedy," followed by the announcement of a producer that he would photograph her corrupt life I had already formed my opinion of the woman in the case. I knew she must be a bold, brazen beauty craving to see her name in the headlines again and to have her vampire self admired.

The face reflected on the screen was a disappointment. Instead of a pretty visage showing fearlessness, I beheld the shadow where beauty once had dwelt. Her well shaped eyes that perhaps once were bright, are now dim. Dark lines told their own story. Her mouth appeared hard and the heavily painted lips were drawn tight across her teeth. Youth and beauty was gone and no amount of make-up could replace it. The scissors of fate had clipped that tie that binds beauty and virtue, illustrating what one can expect as a result of vice.

The fact that her acting was without merit, helped me to understand what I had tried not to—that hers had been a dear lesson and that she was penitent. Her emotions were meaningless. The director had probably told her to register delight when reviewing her life with the disputable oil king and politician, but it wasn't in her heart, and the camera could not photograph it—it was mechanical. That woman's heart has been changed, and I, like perhaps thousands of others, had judged too soon. Her past is behind her—the picture far from making a heroine out of a notorious woman, ought to convince its audience that she is penitent and realizes that "the bird with a broken pinion never soars as high again."

With all due respect to the good women who tried to stop it, the picture itself is a lesson in life.

HAVE SUPPER WITH US TONIGHT—

—And we are not ashamed of the supper we have prepared for you. Hot biscuits, good steak and delicious potatoes. Coffee that will win your heart.

—Here you can eat in peace and comfort. No noise and bussle of the ordinary eating place. Try it tonight on our say-so. Tomorrow night you will be a regular patron.

Lunch—11:30 to 2 Supper 5:30 to 7

Y. W. C. A. Cafeteria

Over Palace Drug Store on Eighth Street



LARGE PIMPLES ALL OVER BODY

Itched and Burned. Could Not Sleep at Night. Cuticura Healed.

"My body turned red all over and in a few days broke out in a mass of soft, large pimples that festered over. They itched and burned towards the last, and caused disfigurement for the time being. I could not sleep at night.

"I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after five or six days I got relief. I continued using them and in six weeks was completely healed, having used three cakes of Soap and three boxes of Ointment." (Signed) Ralph McCormick, 2604 Napoleon Ave., New Orleans, La., July 18, 1921.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum are all you need for every-day toilet and nursery purposes.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. R, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

EAT—

BUTTER CRISP

BREAD

Ask Your Grocer for It

AUTO WIRE WHEELS Respoked and Repaired

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Phone 6942 701 10th St.

Buy Better Baked Bread

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a loaf at the

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All kinds of glass, paint, wall paper and picture frames.

WE INSTALL GLASS

713 9th St. Phone 5178

We Make Whole Wheat GRAHAM, RYE, and RAISIN BREAD

Cream Bakery

617 Seventh St.

HERE You Pay for What You Eat

and not for unnecessarily superfluous service, or gorgeous decorations. For an "Honest To Goodness" well cooked meal—try the

WICHITA CAFE

809 OHIO AVE

What Does It Cost to *STOP* Advertising?

—You remember James Pyle's PEARLINE. It had been advertised regularly from 1873 to 1907.

—Then the trustees of the estate saw a brilliant chance to save money. They cut out the advertising.

—Sales dropped—profits went where soapsuds go. In 1914 Pearline tried to come back. But it was too late. The business was sold at a price which is said to have covered barely the value of the machinery and inventory.

—A business will grow as long as it advertises.

—A sales force will thrive as long as it TRIES.

—You can't make progress against the current unless you keep rowing. But the harder you row, the faster you go.

—How much will RECORD NEWS readers spend in your store?

—Doesn't the answer to that question depend upon you? Remember what Josh Billings said?

—"This setting down and folding our arms and waiting for something tew turn up, iz just about az rich a spekulashun as going into a four hundred acre lot, setting down on a sharp stone, with a pail between our knees, and waiting for a cow tew back up and be milked."

THE RECORD NEWS DAILY EDITORIAL AND MAGAZINE PAGE

Wichita Falls Record News

Published every day by the Record News Company.

Telephone Numbers—4381 and 4382.

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The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

Entered at the postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class matter.

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Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation, which may appear in the columns of this paper, will be gladly corrected upon due notice of same being given to the editor, personally, at the office, 707 Tenth street, Wichita Falls, Texas.

DAILY AND SUNDAY.

By Mail in Texas and Oklahoma, Outside of Wichita Falls Trade Territory.

One Month	$ .85
Three Months	1.95
Six Months	3.90
One Year	7.50

Delivered by Carrier in Wichita Falls and Towns in Wichita Falls Trade Territory Same as Above.

By Mail Outside Texas and Oklahoma.

One Month	$1.00
Six Months	5.00
One Year	9.00

BY MAIL ONLY in Wichita Falls trade territory (within a radius of 100 miles from Wichita Falls).

One Month	$ .65
Six Months	2.75
One Year	5.00

SUNDAY ONLY, BY MAIL.

In Texas and Oklahoma	$2.50
Outside Texas and Oklahoma	5.00

MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE

(Continued From Page One.)

together with a number who want some practical information gained by actual work in the oil industry. This plan as at present contemplated, will not be an expensive one and at the same time will be mutually beneficial to the university students and the oil and gas industry. You will recognize, of course, the possibilities of the far greater side of this agreement as the years pass on and we have a better understanding. The time may come when there will be working models of rotary and standard rigs placed at the disposal of the college students, research and chemical laboratories installed and a closer working agreement between the university geological departments and the field geologists of the oil men. Boiled down, I would say that I believe the oil industry, as well as the university student, has much to gain by the establishment of this contact point between them."

"We hope to make this one of the great object lessons on the value of irrigation in Texas. The necessity for such a project as this arose from the recurrence of drouths. My active work for this day began in 1895, after one of the terrible dry years. The chief obstacle to realizing our dreams has, of course, been the Texas laws, but we have surmounted this. The water we shall impound here will go first and foremost to the city of Wichita Falls, which has shown its faith in this project by placing behind its taxable values so we might finance it. Then we believe that from 150,000 to 200,000 acres lying under the canal can be irrigated so as to become tremendously productive. We figure that we can raise nearly every kind of fruit except tropical varieties, especially peaches, plums, apricots, pears and grapes. It has been proven that fifty or sixty bushels of wheat can be raised on an acre here and that two bales of cotton per acre is a fair estimate. Chiefly, however, we expect to develop the dairy industry to a high degree."—J. A. Kemp, Father of Irrigation in Texas, "Dreams Come True."

Major Leonard Withington, editor of the Fort Worth Record, in his story of the dam celebration and barbecue, said: "The great storage dam north of Mabelle, where today's ceremony was held, will run from a rocky bluff against which the river runs just a little west of north across the stream, and a gentle slope to bluffs, over 3,000 feet distant, but as these are thirty feet lower than the crest, it will continue to a still more distant bluff, making the crest of the dam 7,200 feet long. The dam will be 550 feet wide at the base and twenty feet wide at the top, and 100 feet high. It will create the greatest lake in the state, holding 500,000-acre feet of water covering 22,000 acres. The core of the dam will be of sheet steel piling driven far into the river bed and about it will be a puddled clay core. The slopes will be covered with a foot of gravel and the up-stream surface will be protected by an eighteen-inch rock rip-rap. From the dam the water will be conducted through outlets to the river again and will flow down to the lower reservoir north of Dundee, which will be kept full always. This will hold 45,000-acre feet of water, held back by a dam 4,000 feet long and thirty feet high, on which work has already progressed to a considerable degree. From this diversion dam a canal eighty miles long with laterals will convey the water to Wichita Falls and to the 200,000 acres of irrigable land between the dam and the Red river. The canal is thirty-two feet wide at the bottom and sixty-four feet at the top, and sixteen feet deep, and will carry eight feet of water. The cost of the entire project is $4,500,000, the bonds for which are backed by the taxable resources of Wichita Falls and nearby territory. The Callahan company is the largest in its line of America, and its contract is for $3,500,000. It is estimated that the work will take eighteen months, but that Wichita Falls will get its domestic and industrial water supply in twelve months. The directors of the water district are: J. A. Kemp, president; T. B. Noble, vice-president; N. H. Martin, secretary; Clint Wood and J. S. Bridwell. E. S. Heyser, vice-president of the W. E. Callahan Construction company, is in general charge; R. A. Thompson is chief engineer. He was engineer of the Texas railroad commission ten years, two years with the California commission, and the last ten years with the interstate commerce commission valuation board; Captain S. F. McFarland is principal assistant engineer. B. F. and C. M. Davis of Fort Worth are the principal sub-contractors on construction of the storage dam. Frank W. McCabe, who has probably built more miles of railroad track than any railroad contractor living, is another sub-contractor on piling and bridges. One big bridge was thrown across the Wichita river by McCabe in exactly seven days." There is one slight error in the story: Lake Wichita was built years ago and has never failed to give Wichita Falls an adequate supply of water, even in seasons of excessive drouth, for industrial and domestic purposes.

Press Comment

FEAR FOR THE DESTINY OF THE PEOPLE.

(From the Goree Advocate.)

Wichita Falls is often mentioned as "The City Built by Faith" and and quite often spoken of as "The Oil City" but any way that you take her, she is a fine little city that has promise of a great future. Wichita Falls is now coming into the limelight for a discussion going the rounds as to the proper place for the K. K. K. Dr. Knickerbocker preached a sermon Sunday night in which he advocated "The Tar and Feather" scheme of righting wrongs. Others have entered the arena for the purpose of showing the wisdom of enforcing the written law. When the public conscience is forced to accept the theory that the written laws, founded upon the basic principles of constitutional government, should be replaced by secret prosecutions and executions, we fear for the destiny of the American people. We would favor and support stricter enforcement of the criminal statutes, but the citizen ship of this great land and country can do no better than to sit as judge and jury in open court and pass upon the innocence and guilt of offenders. When every man fully realizes that he, as a citizen, should aid and assist in the enforcement of the laws, by reporting offenses and in every way possible assist in bringing criminals to trial, we will see a different condition in this country.

PLUMB LADYLIKE.

(From the Henrietta Peoples' Review.)

A big row was raised at Wichita Falls anent the showing of Clara Smith Hamon's movie, called "Fate." Regular picture houses turned it down, but some fellow dodged the missiles of authorities and women's clubs and is running it in a vacant theater. Viewing censors Monday pronounced it poor in about every way and void of "kick"—in fact plumb ladylike. If they are correct, it will fail to draw. The movie addicts want flesh not moral lessons.

CLAY COUNTY WILL HAVE NONE OF IT.

(From the Henrietta Peoples' Review.)

Wichita's county commissioners have decided to "pour it on," and will pave the Colorado-to-Gulf highway from Wichita Falls to the Clay county line. The distance is four miles, and the cost will be $150,000. All right, you little shrimp of a county, little more than a third our size; but be sure you stop exactly at the line. Clay county will have none of your upstart modernization.

BOYS' USE OF AUTO HIT

DENVER, Feb. 26.—"Parents who give young boys unrestricted use of an automobile are purchasing them a ticket straight to hell," Rev. Hugh McMenamin told a gathering of 500 married women at a retreat here.

Split-Second Editorials

By ROBERT QUILLEN

Associated Editors—All Rights Reserved

A little four-power tact would help some, also.

Love of money is also the root of all enterprise.

Another eternal triangle consists in hootch, flivver, coroner.

What has become of the old-fashioned war that did the victor some good?

Culture doesn't guarantee success. Many a polished man has a dull finish.

Backbone won't get you far, however, if the knot on the upper end of it is solid bone.

If it's wrong to covet your neighbor's ass, it is equally wrong to covet the hootch he uses to make an ass of himself.

Treaty advocates should'nt worry about Borah. There may be another vacancy on the bench.

Most of the white man's burden is occasioned by the folly and greed of other white men.

All the pedestrians ask is a little more co-operation between horsepower and horse sense.

That beauty specialist who married his best patron isn't the first man to be married to his art.

Well, if the treaties are ratified, it will be another example of the triumph of mind over patter.

Too many people think hospitality consists in forever nagging at guests to make them have a good time.

A writer says much of our progress results from a sense of humor. So that's what persuaded people to use rugs on a polished floor.

Philosophy: The art that enables a poor man to find satisfaction in the knowledge that Dives is in hell.

"France is very dear to America." Still, it's rather bad taste to keep reminding her of what she cost us.

The bonus matter teaches us that republics are not ungrateful when gratitude can be used to construct political fences.

Apparently the great need in movies is something that will give parents a pleasurable shock without corrupting the children.

Phonograph grand opera isn't wholly satisfactory. You miss the foot-patting of the low-brows who keep time with orthodox grand opera.

When you tell your wife she is getting prettier every year, St. Peter doubtless chuckles kindly and forgets to charge the lie against you.

Sunlight's Power

By H. ADDINGTON BRUCE

Author of "The Riddle of Personality," "Self-Development," Etc.

(Copyright, 1921, by The Associated Newspapers.)

Continually medical experimenters are bringing forth fresh evidence as to the marvellous power of sunlight in the way both of preventing and of curing disease. The latest findings in this connection are of special interest to parents, since they bear directly on that dread disease of childhood known by the curious name of rickets.

Commonly it is believed by medical men that rickets—involving a deficiency in bone growth—must be attributed to a combination of causes, with faulty diet as a predominating factor. And it has been definitely proved that when the diet is bettered to include a so-called vitamin element a cure of rickets can be achieved.

Now we have experimental evidence indicating that even when the diet is not all it should be rickets will not develop if a child is given plenty of sunlight, and suggesting that if rickets has developed it can be cured by sunlight's aid. This evidence comes from a group of investigators working at Yale and Johns Hopkins universities.

Eighteen rats about six weeks old were placed on a diet known, from previous experience, to produce in rats rickets comparable in every way to the rickets found in human beings. Twelve of the rats were sent to New Haven, to be exposed to sunshine. The rest were kept in Baltimore and reared in airy but none too well lighted rooms.

Every day, for about two months, the rats in New Haven were carried outdoors in their cages, and given an average of four hours' exposure to the light of the sun. At the end of this period they were killed, as were the rats retained in Baltimore.

The latter, according to a report read at the annual meeting of the American Child Hygiene association, had all developed rickets. Whereas:

"The rats exposed to the sunlight showed none of the evidences of rickets. The condition found was normal, except that the bone was more delicate than in rats of corresponding age reared on satisfactory diets.

"And there were some noteworthy findings outside the skeleton. An abundance of fat was present. In the control rats (the rats reared in Baltimore) the fat was scant."

So that:

"The improvement in the general condition of our animals which were exposed to the light of the sun was convincing evidence that the effect of the light was not on the skeleton alone. Sunlight obviously had a profound effect on every cell in the organism."

Hence.

"It has been no accident that sunlight has been found to exert a favorable effect in tuberculosis, in anaemia, in the treatment of burns and surgical wounds."

And, in fact, so far as rickets is concerned, curative effects from sunlight in the case of human beings have already been reported by several physicians. The Baltimore-New Haven experiments should incite others to try sunlight's value to patients of their own.

Further than this, in view of the accumulating proof of what sunlight means in a general way as a preventive of disease, boards of health and building authorities in all our cities should more earnestly insist on safe-guarding, so far as is humanly possible, the sunlight supply of all citizens.

Dark homes, dark working places, the unrestricted use of fuels that may blanket whole communities with smoke, cannot too soon be prohibited and abolished. Their abolition is sure to mean, not merely greater comfort for the people, but greater freedom from disease.

Watching the Parade

By JOHN PILGRIM

I'm not going to be as helpful to my friends in the future as I have been in the past. I can see that. One might almost say that I am not going to be helpful at all. Trying to boost a friend to a higher moral plane is just about as satisfactory an ethical endeavor as biting the end off a dynamite cartridge with iron teeth.

"You ought to treat that little wife of your's more kindly," I said to Harold Coons a few days ago.

It was true, too. That statement was as packed with veracity as an egg is with meat. Harold loves her—she loves him—they love each other—both love their children. But Harold gets up in the morning with a grouch that doesn't wear off until he has had his hot cakes and coffee and reduced his stenographer to silent tears. It comes on him again toward the end of the afternoon when he is tired with the day's work. But from 10 a. m. until 4 he is as delightful a companion as any one could wish.

"Whatta yuh mean, I don't treat her well?" barked Harold.

So I went at it. I'm a well meaning, kindly, fat-headed pliff, I am. I told Harold just what other people thought about the way he barked at his wife in public, and how we had all seen tears start to her eyes after one of his acid jibes and how we had noticed that she watched him when they were together just as a horse does his master after that master has rapped him on the nose a time or two.

Now—listen to me. I meant well. I am fond of both of the Coonses. I am so fond of them and I have been such an intimate of the Coons's house that I thought I could do this sort of thing without breaking off our friendly relations. But I was wrong. Not only did Harold resent what I said about him but he took advantage of the opening and broke into a new line of thought about my own conduct. He said some wholly unpardonable things about the trick I have of leaving my own wife——

"That poor little wife of yours," says he——

Alone for a month or so at a time when I am away on business. It wasn't friendship that inspired these remarks by Mr. Coons. It was poison, brass-tarnishing meanness. And I let him know just what I thought about it.

To top it all off Mrs. Coons cut me dead today.

DOGHILL PARAGRAFS

By GEORGE BINGHAM.



One of the old reliable American mottos that nobody pays any attention to is, Please Do Not Ask For Credit.

Slim Pickens, who worked two or three weeks in the Rye Straw store, says many employers would brag on their help if they were not afraid they would not have to pay them more money as soon as the help found out how good they were.

Little Stories for Bedtime

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

(Copyright by J. G. Lloyd.)

EVERYBODY HUNTS FOR HONEY

Such a funny time as there was in the Green Forest that beautiful, bright spring. All, or nearly all, the little people who wear fur went about with their heads up until you would have thought that their necks would have ached. Perhaps they did, but no one seemed to care. Only Jimmy Skunk and Prickly Porky the Porcupine went about their business just as usual. When they met their neighbors gazing up into tree tops they would laugh and say to themselves: "How foolish!"

What did it all mean? Why, just this: Everybody was hunting for the storehouse of Busy Bee. Yes, sir, that is just what everybody but Prickly Porky and Jimmy Skunk was doing. And the funny part is that no one wanted any one else to know what he was doing, yet everybody knew. You see, it was this way: Buster Bear, who had come to live in the Green Forest, is very, very fond of honey. Buster is so big and has such great, cruel looking claws, and such long, sharp teeth, and such a deep, fierce sounding growl, that nearly all the little people who lived in the Green Forest, or sometimes came up from the Green Meadows to visit there, were afraid, very much afraid of him. Jimmy Skunk wasn't. You know, Jimmy isn't afraid of anything or anybody. Prickly Porky wasn't. He came from the same Great Woods that Buster came from, and he had long ago taught Buster to have very great respect for the thousand little spears he always carries with him. Jumper the Hare wasn't afraid, because he also was once a neighbor to Buster in the Great Woods, and he knew that Buster knew that he couldn't catch Jumper no matter how he tried. But everybody else was afraid, very, very, very much afraid.

Now it happens that Buster Bear had given Reddy Fox a terrible scare when Reddy was trying to catch Jumper the Hare, and Jumper had wished that he could do something in return for Buster. Buster had asked Jumper to keep his eyes open for the storehouse of Busy Bee, for he was very, very hungry for some honey, and Jumper had gladly promised that he would, though he didn't think there was much chance that he would find it, because, you know, Busy Bee usually chooses a hollow high up in a tree, and Jumper cannot climb trees.

Sammy Jay had heard all this and straightway Sammy had made up his mind that he would find that honey and tell Buster Bear and so make Buster Bear his friend. Then he remembered how terribly frightened Reddy Fox had been when he met Buster Bear. Sammy had made fun of Reddy and called him bad names, and so they were anything but friends. But now that he had had his fun at Reddy's expense, Sammy wanted to make up with Reddy. You know, they are both scamps, and usually it is best for scamps to be friends. Here was a chance to make up with Reddy. He would tell Reddy how he could make Buster Bear his friend by finding some honey for him, and Reddy would be so grateful that he would forget his quarrel with Sammy.

It all worked out as Sammy had planned. Reddy was so much afraid of Buster Bear that he was willing to do almost anything to make him his friend, so when Sammy told him that he knew a way, Reddy wanted to know what it was. Sammy told him



So When Sammy Told Him That He Knew a Way, Reddy Wanted to Know What It Was.

and Reddy started off right away with his head tipped back looking up in the tree tops for signs of Busy Bee. Sammy Jay chuckled, for Sammy meant to find that honey himself, and he knew that Reddy Fox, being unable to climb, would have very little chance to find it. But Reddy is smart. Yes, sir, he is smart. He knew just as well as Sammy did that he hadn't much chance for finding that store of honey himself, so he went to Happy Jack Squirrel and to Chatterer the Red Squirrel, who know all the hollow trees, and promised them that if they would find the one where Busy Bee was storing her honey and would tell him, he would promise not to try to catch them any more. They wondered what Reddy could want with honey, but, of course, they agreed to hunt for the hollow tree with the honey. Then they discovered Jumper the Hare looking up in the tree tops, and he told them how he was hunting for honey for Buster Bear. Right away they guessed why Reddy wanted it, and made up their minds that they would tell Buster themselves if they found it, and so make him their friend. Of course, news like that travels, and pretty soon everybody who was afraid of Buster was hunting for honey.

NEXT STORY — THE NEWS REACHES PETER RABBIT.

The Roman Catholic Church

By DR. FRANK CRANE

(Copyright, 1921, by Frank Crane.)

The recent death of the Pope attracted the attention of newspaper readers everywhere to the curious ceremonies connected with the election of his successor.

At a time when the Roman Catholic church is thus in the foreground of the news it may be well to consider that great institution and the causes of its power.

Removing ourselves from all the passion of controversy, and considering the question merely from a historical and psychological standpoint, we can set down five elements which have given this church its amazing influence over so large a portion of the human race for so long a time.

First of all, it is founded on mankind's sense of the infinite. It has its roots in the very deepest instinct of wonder. It deals with God. H. G. Wells said the two greatest problems before the human race would always be God and Sex. Hence the church and the family are its most abiding institutions.

In the second place, the appeal of this church is frankly to faith. It has never made the mistake of endeavoring to establish religion upon scientific proofs. The religious sentiment cannot be rationalized any more than any other sentiment. It is not founded upon what we know, for this is variable and uncertain, but upon what we do not know, and that is both infinite and eternal.

In the third place, the Roman Catholic church has all the momentum of the centuries. It is old. It is probably the oldest institution which exercises considerable influence upon the world. Perhaps the strongest motive for human conduct is imitation. The reason why we do most things is because we have always done them. This antiquity not only gives the church its power, but it gives it a rare charm, which is felt not only by the great masses of people, but exercises a powerful effect upon cultured minds.

In the fourth place, this church postulates a dependable authority. People do not like to decide for themselves and instinctively crave something to lean upon. The Roman church does not hesitate nor falter, but "speaks as one having authority."

Most people like that.

And the fifth reason for the hold of this institution over the mind of humanity is that it is perhaps the most perfect organization ever known in history. It is the smoothest running machine for the control of human beings that has ever been devised. Of course, it has its external opponents and its internal schisms. But it keeps right on going.

This idea is expressed in the classic sentence of Macaulay: "She other Roman Catholic church) may still exist in undiminished vigor when some traveler from New Zealand shall, in the midst of a vast solitude, take his stand on a broken arch of London Bridge to sketch the ruins of St. Paul's."

There is no government on earth that can exact so prompt an obedience from its officials as that government which has its seat in the Vatican.

There is no nation on earth which receives a more passionate loyalty than that spiritual state of which the Pope is the head.

There is no army on earth whose generals are obeyed with more prompt and unquestioning obedience than the authorities of this church receive from their subordinates.

Whether we regard the Roman Catholic church as a force for good, or as a force for evil, no intelligent man can resist the conclusion that it is one of the greatest forces operating today upon mankind.

Rippling Rhymes

By WALT MASON

STILL, LEARNING.

I keep on reading, reading, until my eyes are sore; my dome of thought I'm feeding with new and ancient lore. I read the grand old masters, the poet and the seer; their thoughts, like porous plasters, to memory adhere. I read the modern feller, the "Main Street" type of scribe, whose book's the foremost seller among the human tribe. I read the thoughts of Caesar, the works of Harold Bell; I buy of every geezer who has a book to sell. One cannot grind forever with any sort of mill, if he makes no endeavor the hopper part to fill. So many brilliant gripings start out to conquer fame; they'll all be newer Kiplings, and beat him at his game. That they are grandly gifted no person can deny, who marks how they have lifted their lyres and lutes on high. They make a brave beginning, their fiery spirits soar; we say, "They'll soon be winning the wreath that Milton wore." They dash off something clever, they glitter for a day, and then wink out forever, and cease to put up hay. They do not read or study, their minds they do not school, but chase where lights are ruddy, to play a game of pool. No mill can function proper, or turn out flour, I wist, unless into its hopper you put some sort of grist.

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The Daily Story

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WEDGEWOOD PITCHER

Samuel had been greatly elated when red-haired Selina became engaged to him. Even at that time there were rumors concerning Selina's temper, but the young man, bemused by her dazzling coloring, had brushed all misgivings aside and had hurried on the wedding.

Seven years later he had discovered, with the odd illuminating moment that so frequently comes to awaken us to a situation that had crept upon us almost imperceptibly, that he was a cipher in his home—that he was known, with slight, amused glances, as "Selina's husband." Selina's pretty petulance, sometimes overlooked in a very young girl, had merged into shrewishness, and her sharp tongue kept Samuel in a state of suspense. If they entertained guests, as they often did, the slightest mishap would send Selina into a rage that she took no trouble to conceal and usually Selina's husband bore the brunt as no one else would stand it.

"Tonight the Briggses are coming and if she scolds me and nags me the way she is sure to do I will have no chance of becoming office manager," mused Samuel. "Poise and an authoritative manner are essentials for that job. I never have trouble with any one else; it is just that Selina feels so free to speak as she wishes." For a long time Samuel was lost in unprofitable reflections. He was delving into the past, trying to see how his wife had so completely gained the position of one who must be constantly coaxed into good temper after a display on her part that should have shamed her for lack of poise. "I believe," he murmured at last, "that the trouble began that time my mother happened to break a piece of the gold-banded china. I was so afraid that Selina might say something to hurt mother's feelings that I immediately began to honey her up and ask if we didn't need a new set of dishes anyway. I do believe that that was the time I went down and spent $9 for that blue Wedgwood pitcher for her. Selina dotes on good china."

When Samuel entered his home that night—he had hurried to get ahead of the guests for he was particularly anxious that the dinner should be a success—he smelled camphor, and the old harried look flooded his eyes. Almost instantly his shoulders drooped and his face fell into placating lines. "I'd better go into the kitchen and help her; if her head is painful she's sure to be cross," was his first thought. Then the speech that he had overheard concerning "Selina's husband" recurred to him, and as then the brick red of mortified pride rose in his face. Samuel worked exceedingly hard and the uneasy atmosphere of his home had told on him. A man should have peace when the day is done. It was the last thing found in the home where Selina had reigned with a bitter tongue for seven years.

"Is that you, Samuel?" called Selina after an interval. There was a surprised tartness in her tone that brought a thoughtful look to his face.

"Yes," he replied.

"Well, why in the world don't you hurry out here to help me. I should think that even you might have smelled the camphor." A guest of wind rushed through the kitchen, and she stopped before she had intended to end her speech.

"Yes, the smell is very unpleasant to me." These unbelievable words floated back with the wind from the front of the house. "If you must have these headaches I certainly wish you'd apply something less smelly," he called. "Better hurry up with dinner, for Briggs is always prompt."

Selina stood, her double chins quivering with surprise that had not yet merged into real anger. "What in the world has come over Samuel?" she cogitated. "He knows I never allow any one but myself to open the parlor windows, and every one must be open to let such a wind through the house."

Samuel did not appear at the back of the house at all, but he was ready, dressed in his best suit, when the Briggses rang.

"Come right in," Selina heard him say, an unwonted strength trickling through his ordinarily gentle voice. "Selina is still puttering about in the kitchen, but she'll be out presently. I shouldn't be a mite surprised," continued Samuel, genially, "if she's made a muddle of the gravy and let it lump."

Selina swallowed hard. This was a bit too much. Samuel knew that she never answered the bell at once; she liked to let guests stand a moment so that they would be sure to notice the brilliance of her clean windows, the immaculate whiteness of her parlor curtains. But he, after opening the door while the last peal of the door bell still lingered, joked about her ability to make gravy.

Selina presided over the delicious dinner gravely. She was pondering over Samuel and trying to devise a way of punishment for his incredible behavior. Although Selina loved to have guests so that she could display her skill in cooking and show her unusually nice table equipment, yet she had fallen into the way of pretending that the entertaining was some favor to Samuel, and as a consequence he always had helped with an uneasy fear of her temper.

"And now," remarked Selina, as they finished the soup, "we'll have the roast."

The henpecked husband chatted on pleasantly with Mrs. Briggs.

Selina regarded her husband scathingly. "I said," she repeated, "that we'd have the roast now!"

"It's all right with me," returned Samuel, a slight smile playing over his face. Samuel had just awakened from thralldom, and, somehow, the picture of the old Samuel, continually bobbing up and down placatingly, amused him.

Selina rose majestically and sailed into the kitchen. In her face were dire threats, but, as she noted furiously, no one looked at her to be awed by her knitted red brows. "I," she hissed, as she passed her husband, "am annoyed at your——"

The crash of breaking china drowned her words.

The Briggses, who had heard of Selina's temper, sat in a stunned silence as Samuel placidly surveyed the fragments of the costly Wedgwood pitcher that he had knocked off the table!

"That was downright careless of you, Selina," thundered Samuel, finally.

"Careless of me?" Selina grew pale, as she looked at the face of Samuel, who was plainly working himself into a furious rage.

"You should not put dishes at my elbows; always bothers me." And, as though to emphasize his words, he moved abruptly and the cut-glass olive dish fell with a sickening crash. "Domestic trifles are annoying," he said, turning to his guests, without a glance at the mess on Selina's polished floor.

"Samuel——" began Selina. But as his hand moved casually toward the centerpiece, a cut-glass affair on a mirror, the words choked, and with a helpless, frightened glance at this new and oblivious Samuel, she restrained herself and smiled at the Briggses.

"Mighty nice wife you've got, Samuel," commented Mr. Briggs later in the evening, and Selina, chatting with Mrs. Briggs, strained her ears to catch the answer.

"Yes. Some say a red-headed girl is sure to have a temper, but it all depends on the man. I'm willing to be pleasant, but if things don't suit me, I——" His masterful laugh finished his remark. And Selina looked over at her husband with respect in her blue eyes.

HOME NURSING and HEALTH HINTS

By M. JESSIE LEITCH

ICE COMPRESSES

The man whose head had been aching for the greater part of the afternoon dragged the damp towel off his head and threw it across the room. This is a man's way of expressing dissatisfaction with a treatment when he is ill. A woman would have felt like throwing the towel across the room, but in all probability would have refrained from so doing on account of the wall paper. It was ivory-white paper with a satin stripe, and the wet towel made a sullen splotch against it as it fell into a corner.

Then the man groaned aloud and threshed about savagely in the carefully made bed. As a final protest against law and order he wrapped himself in the bed clothes, thus tearing them free at the foot of the bed, and gave himself up to utter unhappiness.

Wife Finds Husband Excited.

At this moment his wife, who had purchased a book on home nursing and had become quite efficient in the matter of making envelope corners when she tucked in the sheet at the foot of the bed, entered the room.

First she saw the splotch on the wall. Then the damp towel in the corner. Then her heart sank at the sight of the hopelessly untidy bed.

"Is your head worse, John?" she asked, putting down the tiny tray she carried and patiently proceeding to remake the bed, much to the sick man's disgust.

"Yes, it is! A great deal worse," said John coldly.

"That towel only helps the pain for a moment and it makes the pillow all wet and uncomfortable, and the neck of my shirt is all wet, too. I'll get pneumonia."

And John spoke with conviction.

With a gasp at the prospect of pneumonia, John's wife withdrew to the other room and fluttered the pages of her book on home-nursing.

And made a discovery that restored peace—and cured John's headache.

The discovery was that ice compresses should be literally compresses chilled by ice, not by ice-water.

How It Should Be Done.

The thing to do is to put a large piece of ice in a basin, and make a compress out of an old handkerchief or old soft linen, folding it with the raw edges inside that no damp threads may annoy the patient by getting in his eyes. The compress should be large enough to cover the aching forehead.

Two compresses should be provided, so that one is chilling while the other is in use. Wringing the compress dry enough to provide against dripping, it should be placed on the ice, and when thoroughly chilled placed on the aching forehead and pressed down firmly with the hand. As soon as the compress becomes warm, the second one should be applied in its place.

To obtain results from ice compresses the home nurse should settle herself near the bed, with the basin of ice near by, and noiselessly and as unobtrusively as possible proceed to renew and apply the compresses till the headaches is relieved. Often a patient will fall asleep in the process and it is quite possible to change the compresses without disturbing the slumber, which indicates that the cold applications have lessened the pain.

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Wichita Falls Dog in Finals of Open All-Age

EUGENE M. JR., OWNED BY CLAUD WOODS, PLACED IN SECOND SERIES, BOWIE

Beautiful Prize-Winning Setter Will Race Today in Field of Six Greatest Bird Dogs in the World, Including Champion Becky Broomhill and Commanche Rap.

By C. F. CARTER

BOWIE, Texas, Feb. 26.—After being out like a jury for more than 15 hours Judges Hall and Cochran at noon today posted in the lobby of the National hotel the names of six of the greatest bird dogs in the world that will be called back tomorrow morning to run in the second series of the Open All-Age $600 stake race—and the excited Wichita Falls contingent whooped 'er up when they discovered the name of Eugene M., Jr., Claud Woods' great setter, posted in company with the triple champion, Becky Broomhill, Great Island Ringing Bells, Commanche Rap, Great Island Bramble and Don Proctor.

It is doubtful if any honor in the world of sports greater than this has ever fallen to Wichita Falls. Whether Eugene M., Jr., can get in the money tomorrow, with only three places to be awarded, is problematical, but the beautiful setter showed a bird dog class of national character when he was picked from the field to race again in the second series of one of the biggest events ever staged at a field trial in the United States.

Champion Becky Bromhill, Commanche Rap and Great Island, Ringing Bells today rate as the three greatest pointers in America. Becky Broomhill alone has brought $4,000 in prize money to her owner this season—and Eugene M., Jr., has never before been entered in an Open All-Age event to compete with the trained "money dogs." He is a hunting dog, one of the finest, but was never trained for field trials and never handled professionally. He has won prizes before in amateur events, and was judged at the Bowie bench show the finest setter entered, and was further named as the second finest dog, pointer or setter, male or female, in a field of 160 dogs examined by the judges; and on top of that he took fourth place in the Amateur All-Age of the field events, and scores of competent critics declared he should have been placed second and third.

Now to crown his amateur glories, at the age of six, this wonderful Texas dog is selected by the judges to run in the second series of a big race in the second series of its kind he has ever competed in—and furthermore, he is the only setter named for the honor.

Some idea of the size of the Bowie trials may be gathered from the fact that four great states are represented in this Open All-Age second series tomorrow.

Champion Becky Broomhill is owned by Louis Lee Hagin, of Louisville, Kentucky; Commanche Rap, Great Island Ringing Bells and Great Island Bramble are the property of William Zeigler, of New York; Eugene M., Jr., is a Texan, as already stated, and Don Proctor's owner is E. L. Richardson, of Lawton, Oklahoma.

Wise old Joe Crane, the 56-year-old handler of all of Zeigler's dogs and a man rated as the greatest trainer of bird dogs in the world, has declared he has never attended a field trial as big, as successful and as important as this Oil Belt association trial.

"I have seen the biggest entry list I ever saw," he said, "in the amateur events, and some of the greatest puppies I have ever seen, while I never saw entered anywhere a list of more wonderful bird dogs than were put down Saturday in the Open All-Ages."

And Chesley Harris, handler of Champion Becky Broomhill, holder of the national championship, the Canadian championship and the free-for-all championship, emphatically endorsed Joe's opinion.

With possibly one exception, the dogs named by the judges to run in the second series tomorrow are the dogs picked by the gallery also. There are many who favored Muscle Shoals Jake, Major D. C. White's beautiful Alabama pointer, to place in the second series over Great Island Bramble—but every other dog on the list the spectators agreed had earned the right to run again in the finals races for the prize money.

"I don't expect Eugene M., Jr., to get in the money," Claude Woods said today, "but there isn't an owner here prouder of any dog than I am of 'Gene. In every race he has he gave the very best he had. He showed the speed, the casting ability, the heart and the bird sense of a great dog. To get in that second series with Becky Broomhill, Commanche Rap, Ringing Bells, Bramble and Don Proctor—well, that's big enough for me and my dog, if we never get any farther."

RAINFALL ENDS AUTO RACES FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 26.—The 250-mile national championship race at Los Angeles speedway at Beverley Hills, near here was called off in the ninety-fourth lap today when a light rain made the course dangerous. At that time Tommy Milton was in the lead. The race will be run next Sunday, March 5.

Milton, who took the lead at the start, kept it and completed the 94 laps in one hour two minutes and 52.07 seconds, an average of a little more than 110 miles an hour. He led Joe Thomas and Harry Hartz, who were second and third, by nearly a lap.

Before the rain fell there were evidences of possible new world's records, as some laps had been made at a rate of more than 113 miles an hour.

It was estimated that more than 50,000 spectators assembled for the contest, the largest crowd at a winter race at the speedway.



By Norman E. Brown

STILL SWATTING THEM

Is Wahoo Sam Crawford, Ty Cobb's batting mate for many years.

Sam has just signed with the Los Angeles club in the Pacific Coast league for another season.

He stands out as one of the marvels of the game. He played with Cincinnati twenty-two years ago. He was playing three years before that. He has been a terrific slugger most of that time—ringin' the .300 bell year after year.

He helped Ty Cobb become the brilliant base runner and run getter that he has been. Batting behind Cobb season after season with the Tigers, Crawford gave Cobb the opportunity of the bases that his great speed and quick brain called for.

Crawford might still be playing in the big show had his legs and back held out. The strain eventually weakened him. But out in the sunny climate around the coast he is still able to play right field and slug with the best of them.

UNEVEN GAINS MARK WEEK IN STOCK MARKET

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—In the higher range of prices established by a majority of seasoned and speculative issues during this week's active and diverse dealings, the securities market seemed to move along the lines of least resistance.

The advance was extremely uneven however, rails showing to greatest advantage. Shares of various junior and newly recognized railways, especially Missouri, Kansas and Texas, St. Louis and San Francisco, and St. Louis Southwestern registered substantial gains and coalers, cotton carriers and many of the eastern trunk line systems.

Oils, motors, equipments, and steels were frequently confusing. Several of the steels became very unsettled following the passing of the dividends of Republic iron and steel preferred and the poor statements of earnings submitted by other companies of the same type.

Tobaccos and kindred specialties evinced occasional pressure on dubious dividend protests, but numerous miscellaneous shares of which leathers, textiles, rubbers and chemicals were conspicuous examples, seemed to be favored on the better trade prospects.

Country wide banking conditions as set forth by the federal reserve board were encouraging, but the local demand for funds was sufficient to force call loans up to six per cent. The greater part of the week's money was placed at 5 per cent, however, a 4 3-4 per cent rate holding for prime 30 to 90 days mercantile paper.

All the principal foreign exchanges made additional upward progress on their more favorable trade balances.

BRITISH AGAIN TAKE INTEREST IN RING GAME

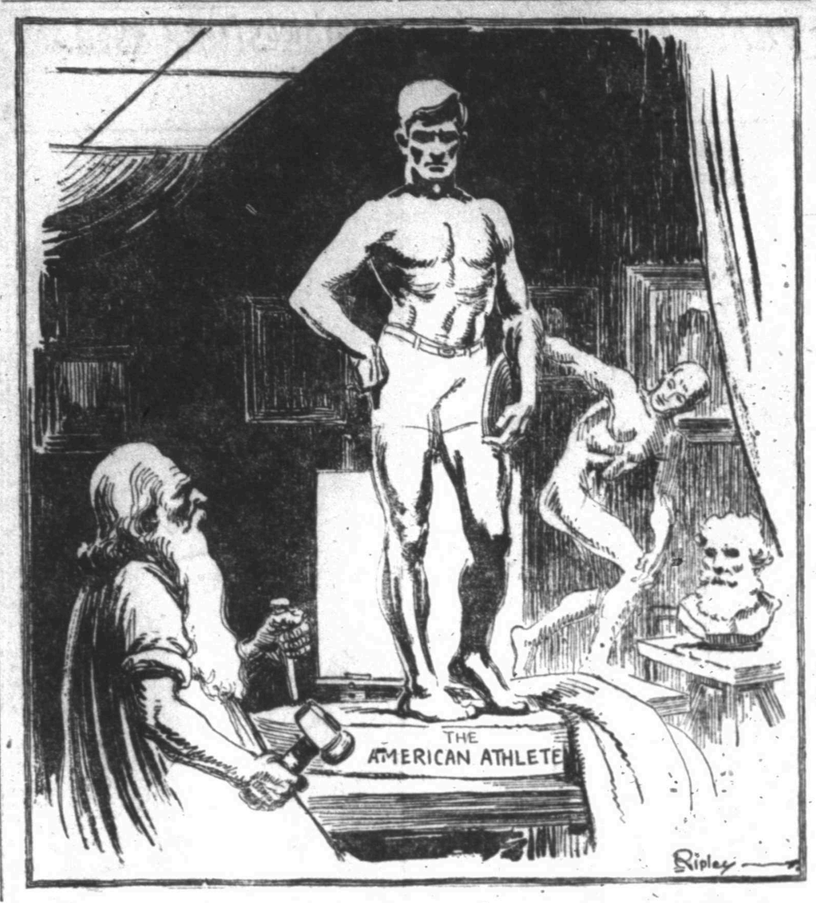
LONDON, Feb. 26.—With four home champions expected to uphold their titles during the coming two months, and the prospect of seeing Carpentier again in a London ring, English enthusiasts are following the boxing game closely.

George Cook, recently defeated by Carpentier, returns to the ring on March 27, meeting Joe Beckett, the English champion, in a match labelled the British Empire heavyweight championship. It is expected that this same bill will include a bout between Joe Fox, the holder of the featherweight belt, and the Belgian, Arthur Wyns, which has been postponed from this month because the former fell a victim to the influenza epidemic. Wyns has already beaten one English featherweight champion, Mike Honeyman.

Boy McCormick, who lost last November to Ted "Kid" Lewis, the middleweight holder well-known in America, will meet Jack Bloomfield two weeks later to decide future possession of the light heavyweight belt, now held by McCormick.

Lewis is also recovering from an attack of the "flu" and is expected to be in perfect condition for his match with Carpentier which, according to present arrangements, will be held here about the middle of April.

TIME'S MASTERPIECE — By Ripley



By ROBERT L. RIPLEY.

The American Athlete—the masterpiece of time.

Through all the ages Time has never equalled the athlete of today.

The runners, jumpers, swimmers, skaters, golfers, tennis players, baseball players, football players—in fact all kinds of athletes—are better today than at any other time in the history of the world.

Even the ancient Greeks and Romans, with their five hundred years of Olympic games and mammoth physical festivals, never produced a man who could run as fast as Paddock, a wrestler who could throw Zbyszko, a jumper who could approach Gourdin, a swimmer who could keep up with Weismuller, or a fighter who could last half a round with Dempsey.

Twenty-five world's records have been broken or equalled in the last two years.

This is the golden age of athletics.

And practically every world's record and almost every championship is held by an American!

BIG LEAGUE MOGULS
"SUNNY JIM" DUNN OF INDIANS

By NORMAN E. BROWN.

If "Sunny Jim" Dunn, president and principal owner of the Cleveland Indians, ever severs his connection with that club, the passenger receipts of the New York Central line for the Cleveland-Chicago division are going to suffer an awful slump. The general agent's going to call in the ticket sellers and say, "How come?" And then one sad-faced ticket seller's going to say, "Jim Dunn's sold the Indians."

For James C. Dunn makes baseball his hobby and not his business. His business interests center in Chicago. The team's in Cleveland. So, to avoid slighting either business or fun, Jim spends many a night aboard a Pullman going from business to pleasure or visa versa.

Dunn was born in Marshall county, Iowa, September 11, 1886. He began his business career as a messenger boy in the First National bank of Marshalltown. Then he graduated into the position of bookkeeper with an oil company. Next he decided to add up his own profits or losses and went into the contracting business. He is now the senior member of the firm of Dunn-McCarthy Co., builders of railroads.

Dunn became acquainted with Cleveland 14 years ago while supervising a big contract in that city. Several years later when he heard that the town was on the rocks, baseballically speaking, he couldn't imagine such a thing. And when Charley Somers was advised by a banker's committee to sell his Cleveland Baseball club holdings, Dunn jumped at the chance to buy the club. His associates are mainly in partners in the contracting business who wanted a hobby, too. And you'll usually find a half dozen of them around at an Indian game every time the team gets within a night's ride of Chi.

Jim had tried other hobbies. He was a member of the Iowa National Guard for years and was a sergeant when mustered out. Then he tried politics, being nominated for several offices.

Down around Marshalltown, Davenport and other nearby towns in Iowa, folk will tell you that Jim is a hummer. First thing he did after buying the Indians was to cart every last one of them to Davenport for a game with the minor league club there. I happened to be scribbling the doings of the team at the time and journeyed along. And the happiest gent in Davenport that day was James C. Dunn. A proud papa with his family all dolled up couldn't compare with Dunn.

Incidentally Dunn made a winning team of the Indians and a whiz of a baseball town out of Cleveland. Right off the bat he bought Tris Speaker for over $50,000. Tris very promptly led the American league in batting. Later Spoke became manager and led the team to its first American league and world pennants.



James C. Dunn.

REPORT IS MADE ON RAILROADS' NET OPERATING INCOME

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Net operating income of railroads in the United States, sums available for interest, dividends, rentals and surplus of the corporations owning the property, amounted for 1921 to $615,625,619, according to figures issued today by the association of railway executives. This was computed to represent returns of 3.31 per cent on the tentative valuation fixed upon all railroad property by the interstate commerce commission and covered reports from all of the 201 class 1 railroads which operate the greatest proportion of American railway mileage.

For December 1921, the net operating income of the roads, not considering returns of Detroit, Toledo and Ironton, was $51,510,474, estimated to represent an average rate of 3.44 per cent on the aggregate capital.

The total operating revenues for 1921 was given as $5,560,888,000, or 10.6 per cent less than the total for 1920 and total operating expenses were $4,602,425,000, a decrease of 21.1 per cent.

Wire Flashes

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The Chicago Opera company closed its five weeks engagement in New York last night and will leave on a 10,000-mile tour tomorrow with Philadelphia as the first stop.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 26.—Mabel Normand, film actress, who has been ill from influenza and nervous breakdown, was said by her physician today to be well on the way to complete recovery.

ST. JOHN, N. F., Feb. 26.—The crew of the Newfoundland fishing schooner Howard Parks rowed 200 miles in an open boat after their vessel had been driven far to the southward by contrary winds before she sprang a leak.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Domestic animals are threatened by a new and dreaded disease which causes death in from 5 to 71 hours, according to a bulletin issued tonight by the public health service. Suggestions that the organism of the disease is the same which causes "limberneck" in chickens has not yet been demonstrated, the bulletin said.

MANY CHANGES DUE IN BOSTON RED SOX LINEUP

Trades During Winter Months Have Given Manager Duffy Practically a New Organization.

(By International News Service.)

BOSTON, Feb. 26.—With the spring training trip swiftly approaching, Manager Hugh Duffy of the Boston Red Sox, is busily engaged getting the regulars and recruits into line.

Practically a new lineup will be presented at Fenway Park this season, owing to the trades that have occurred during the winter months.

The pitchers will report at Hot Springs, Ark., March 4, while the other players will report March 11. Beginning March 17 the Red Sox will play 15 games as a part of their spring training campaign. Starting March 17 the Red Sox will play five games with the Pittsburgh Pirates. These games will give the Red Sox sluggers a chance to develop their batting eye, as the Pirates have some excellent twirlers. They finish their five games series with the Pirates March 26.

The Boston club will leave Hot Springs on the morning of April 1 and proceed to Little Rock, Ark., where in the afternoon they will play the Little Rock team. The following day they will play the Milwaukee team of the American Association at Cartuhersville, Mo. Other games which follow daily are: March 3, Boston vs. Minneapolis, American Association, at Dyersburg, Tenn.; March 4, Boston vs. St. Joseph, Western League, at Dyersburg, Tenn.; March 5, Boston vs. Minneapolis, American Association at Jackson, Tenn.; March 6, Boston vs. Minneapolis at Clarksville, Tenn.; March 7, Boston Regulars vs. Substitutes at Bowling Green, Ky.; March 8, Boston vs. Toledo, American Association at Frankfort, Ky.; March 9, Boston vs. Cincinnati, National league at Cincinnati, Ohio; March 10, Boston vs. Toledo, American Association at Toledo, Ohio.

Manager Duffy will have as regulars, provided all contracts are signed and there are no hold-outs: Catchers, Walters and Ruel; pitchers, Pennock, a southpaw; Collins, Myers, Thermahlen, Russell, Piercy and the veteran Quinn, all right-hand pitchers; first base, Harris or Burns; second base, Pratt third base, Dugan or Foster; shortstop, O'Rourke or Pittinger; left field, Harris, Smith or Monosky; center field, Leibold; right field, Burns or Collins.

MR. MAYFIELD'S CAMPAIGN FOR SENATE OPENED

State Railroad Commissioner Addresses Enthusiastic Gathering at Ellis County Courthouse.

WAXAHACHIE, Texas, Feb. 26.—Railroad Commissioner Earle B. Mayfield opened his campaign, for the United States senate here, addressing an enthusiastic gathering of 300 Ellis county citizens at the courthouse.

Invasion of state's rights by the Interstate Commerce Commission in regulating interstate rates and federal interference in other ways were severely condemned by Mr. Mayfield, who indicated he will make the State's rights question one of the chief issues in his race for the senate. He declared in favor of the American Legion adjusted compensation plan for former service men, continuation of the farmer bloc in congress and absolute prohibition of all immigration for two years.

J. R. Mayhew, of Waxahachie, in charge of Mr. Mayfield's local campaign, introduced the Railroad Commissioner. The Rev. Eugene W. Potter, pastor of the First Methodist church here, was chairman of the meeting. The Waxahachie Concert Band played before the speaking started.

Reviewing Mr. Mayfield's political career, Mr. Mayhew told of his election to the state senate from Bosque county and later his successful race for railroad commissioner, ten years ago when he was only 31 years old.

Mrs. Mayfield, wife of the railroad commissioner, was introduced by him as his "only campaign manager." He announced here that D. F. Lyday, president of the Farmers' Union, will aid him in his campaign and have charge of his correspondence.

From first to last Mr. Mayfield tracked the trail blazed out in his speech at Iowa Park in Wichita county last fall.

OSER ASSERTS HE WAS NEVER DOWRY HUNTER

By Associated Press.

ZURICH, Switzerland, Feb. 26.—No definite arrangement as to time or place will be made for the marriage of Max Oser and Miss Mathilde McCormick until Harold F. McCormick and his daughter come to Switzerland, according to a statement made by Mr. Oser to the correspondent of the Associated Press. He considers that the best plan will be to have two homes, one in America and one in Switzerland, thus both could keep home ties and friends.

"I was never dowry hunter" said the Swiss riding master; "our romance began with mutual respect and friendship. When the question of eventual marriage canaes, I gave Mathilde every liberty; I told her to go into the world and make new friends and see life; then if she still wanted me, I was always here.

"Mathilde returned last autumn and said she could do nothing with young men; she preferred older men and men of knowledge, with whom she could talk sense and discuss seriously subjects and problems.

Mathilde informed her father of this last year."

Taking Mathilde's photograph, Oser exclaimed:

"Look, both physically and mentally Mathilde is more developed than her age. We have many things in common; both like sports, art, architecture, literature, languages and above all, home life."

COTTON PRICES VARIED LITTLE DURING WEEK

By Associated Press.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 26.—Fluctuations were unusually narrow in the cotton market this last week, the extreme range of prices being over only 50 to 80 points. March traded as high as 17.37 at its best and from that level fell to 16.60, high prices being made on Thursday and low prices on Friday. At the highest the trading months were 13 points under to 45 points over the close of the preceding week, while at the lowest they were 33 to 63 points under. Last prices were 19 points net higher to 23 points net lower. old crop closing at net gains and new crops at losses. March closed at 17.12. Spot middling gained 38 points, closing at 17.13 cents a pound, which compared with 11.50 as the closing price this week a year ago.

The strength of Liverpool and larger spot trading there, bulges in wheat and stocks and continued cheap money were the main influences of the week's working for higher prices. On the closing session much was made of estimate of 250,000 pieces of print cloths as the week's sales in Fall River. New crop accounts were considered unsatisfactory and not as reflecting the progress that should be made with preparations for planting. Reports from South Texas were favorable and for a while it looked as if the drought in west and north Texas and in Oklahoma was in a fair way to be settled, but at the end of the week messages from that section claimed that the rainfall had been too light for real benefit and the forecast of dry weather for Texas and Oklahoma seemed to do away with the hope that the drought would be relieved completely at this time.

LITTLE MICKY CLARK, OF BOWIE, OWNS A BIRD DOG; AIN'T THEM TWO GOT FUN!

By "NICK" CARTER

BOWIE, Texas, Feb. 26.—This is the story of Micky Clark, the nine-year-old owner of Frank Longfellow, one of the finest derby dogs in the United States, winner of first prize in the derby dog class in the big bench show of the Oil Belt Field Trials association and ranked by the judges at the same show as the second best pointer dog in the entire entry list of approximately 100 pointers.

Micky Clark has not always owned Frank Longfellow. Little Micky is a Bowie youngster who never owned a dog of any type until twenty-four hours ago; not even a snub-nosed, scrawny street mutt—but he has the boy heart that loves dogs, has Micky, and now he owns Frank Longfellow, a blooded, registered bird dog of the finest, purest strain. Here's how:

"Long Frank" Goodwin, of Arlington, Texas, raised Frank Longfellow from his earliest puppy days; raised the big pointer and trained him; made a splendid field trial and hunting dog of him, and then brought him to Bowie last week to enter in the bench show and to compete in the races of the Amateur Derby.

Instead of housing Frank Longfellow in the downtown kennels, Goodwin placed the dog in a single kennel at the home of his friend, "Bud" Clark father of Micky. Now Frank Longfellow has always recognized Frank Goodwin as his owner, trainer and handler; he obeys Frank on the bench and in the field—but Frank Longfellow is a "one man dog," and until he met Micky he never loved any human being. His doggy heart was entirely free, and he made friends with no one.

Little Micky took a pan of water to Frank Longfellow, and he followed up the water with a dog biscuit Frank looked the boy over, and finally wagged his tail. Micky grabbed him around the neck and hugged him Frank stuck a long moist tongue in Micky's face. Micky slipped the leash from Frank's neck—and boy and dog headed for town!

All day Micky and Frank roamed the streets of Bowie, and in the evening Goodwin, the owner, saw them. Frank ranging ahead and whirling to return to the boy's side whenever Micky cut loose with a shrill whistle. Here was a kid that had Frank Longfellow under control on the city streets without a leash—and good bird dog men had tried that before and failed.

Frank Goodwin is a big fellow with a big heart. He couldn't deny Micky and the dog their fellowship—and so for a week the boy and the dog played together, save for the times when Frank Longfellow was cleaning up prizes in the bench show or racing after quail in the field trials.

On Saturday Frank Goodwin got ready to leave for home. He put his other bird dogs in their crates, and began looking for Frank Longfellow, for whom he had refused an offer of $300. He found Micky and Frank in front of the National hotel.

"Come on, Frank," said Goodwin. "We're going home, boy. Heel!"

But the big pointer didn't "heel." He looked at Goodwin, and he looked at Micky. Goodwin called him again, and the dog went a few steps in his direction—then turned back to Micky, jumped up and placed his paws on the boy's shoulders and stuck his long, moist, quivering tongue right in little Micky's eye!

"Well, I'll be damned!" exclaimed Frank Goodwin. "That beats me, Micky, take the dog. He's yours for keeps. He's not going back to Arlington."

Well, that's about all. There was a riotous scene of hugging on Micky's part and frenzied tail-wagging on the part of Frank Longfellow—and then Frank Goodwin went to the train.

Little Micky owns a dog, fellers. Aw, shucks, he ain't one o' them street mutts either. He's a bird dog, a thoroughbred, a prize winner worth hundreds of dollars. Gosh! Ain't Micky and Frank Longfellow got fun!

SCOUT BRIEFS

(The following news notes on Texas Boy Scout activities were furnished to The Associated Press by headquarters of the Ninth Region, Boy Scouts of America, Dallas.)

With the organization of a council at Tyler, the number of Boy Scout councils in Texas now totals 26, according to J. P. Fitch, regional executive for Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico. Each of these councils consists of several scout troops composed of 32 boys between 12 and 18 years old. Oklahoma has 21 councils and New Mexico 6.

Besides the various council troops, there are in Texas about 1000 lone troops, Mr. Fitch said. The latter organizations are not under the direct supervision of the executive, but are maintained through local effort entirely. Councils are maintained in localities where several troops exist, all business and activities being under the direction of a paid executive. Towns and cities in Texas where councils are maintained include Amarillo, Austin, Beaumont, Brownwood, Commerce, Corpus Christi, Dallas, Denton, El Paso, Fort Worth, Gainesville, Galveston, Greenville, Houston, Laredo, Kingsville, Orange, Paris, Port Arthur, San Antonio, Terrell, Texarkana, Tyler, Wellington, Wichita Falls and Waxahachie.

Regional Executive Fitch was in Tulsa county last week organizing council work there and carrying on a financial campaign.

Members of the national council are looking forward to the national council gathering to be held at Chicago, March 29 and 30. Frank P. Jones, Houston, chairman of the Ninth regional committee together with other committee members, is planning to attend.

W. S. Bareus, Dallas, has taken up his duties as scout executive in charge of the newly organized Tyler council.

There are 12 Boy Scout regional divisions in the United States.

About 800 Scouts from Texas and Oklahoma are expected to attend the summer camp at Cache, Oklahoma, near Lawton. Cranterville camp, as the site is called, is located on a vast forest reserve. The regional officials are co-operating with local Masonic bodies in perfecting the camp plans, the site being put in condition by the Masons.

E. C. Dunn, deputy regional executive, was at Port Arthur last week, reorganizing the scout work there.

The council at Paris, Texas, is being reorganized.

WHERE TO GO

Olympic—"Miss Lulu Bett."
Empress—Norma Talmadge in "The Moth."
Gem—Antonio Moreno in "Guilty Conscience."

CONCERT

FRANK FREDERICK LOEW

KEMP HOTEL, FEBRUARY 28, 8:15 P. M.

SEATS $1.00 PHONE 2989

AUSPICES UNIVERSITY CLUB

TO HOLDERS OF VICTORY NOTES AND OTHERS CONCERNED

Notice is hereby given as follows: First call for redemption of three and three-quarter per cent Victory notes. All of these three, three-quarter per cent series of United States of America convertible gold notes of 1922 and 1923 otherwise known as three three-quarter per cent Victory notes are hereby called for redemption on June 15, 1922. Pursuant to the provision for redemption contained in the notes and in Treasury Department circular number 138, dated April 21, 1919, under which the notes were originally issued, interest on all Victory notes of the three three-quarter per cent series will cease on said redemption date, June 15, 1922.

Second—suspension and termination of Victory note conversion privilege in view of the call for the redemption of all three three-quarter per cent Victory notes on June 15, 1922 and pursuant to the provisions of said Treasury Department circular number 138, the privilege of conversion of Victory notes of either series into Victory notes of the other series is hereby suspended from February 9, 1922, to June 15, 1922, both inclusive and on June 15, 1922, will terminate. Victory notes accordingly cease to be interconvertible effective February 9, 1922, and on and after that date no conversions of the notes may be made.

Third—detailed information as to the presentation and surrender of three three-quarter per cent Victory notes for redemption is given in Treasury Department circular number 277, dated February 9, 1922, copies of which are available at the Treasury and Federal Reserve Bank.

A. W. MELLON
Secretary of the Treasury.

February 9, 1922.

"SUT SAYS—"
HAV-A-TAMPA
mild Havana cigars will bring you back to
SUT'S SMOKE SHOP
618 8th St.

SAND & GRAVEL
Washed and Graded
Wagon Load Car Load Train Load
"Harder Than Glass"
WESTERN SAND & GRAVEL CO.,
Office 911 Scott St. Phone 5872
Plant, Seymour, Texas.

Record News Readers: Laugh With Us.

Some Chest-Nuts

Joe Wagge called 'round upon his friend Hardupp and found him in a cold attic at work on a mysterious operation.

The floor was littered with books, and Hardupp was bent over a big washtub containing a soggy mass of torn book leaves and water.

"Great Scott!" cried Wagge. "Whatever are you doing, Hardupp?"

"I've given up trying to be an author," explained Hardupp, "and I've discovered a great substitute for coal."

"Congratulations!"

"You soak paper in water," continued Hardupp, "then form it into hard balls the size of a hockey ball. Let them dry, and they burn splendidly. Think of it, old man, all my old returned manuscripts will be enough to keep my room heated through the whole winter."

Past booth after booth went the rich merchant, followed by a smart footman in livery, for the annual Christmas bazaar was in full swing.

"Ah, Mr. Swankington," gushed a pretty girl at one of the booths, "what are you going to buy? Auntie and I are in charge of this booth. We have cushions, pen-wipers, and all sorts of—"

"There's one thing I should like to buy," said the amorous visitor. "Do you sell kisses at your booth?"

"Or certainly," came the prompt reply. "A sovereign each."

"Right," said the aristocrat. "I'll take two, please."

"Auntie," cried the wily damsel, "forward please. Two kisses for this gentlemtn."

For a moment the wealthy one was nonplussed, but only for a moment.

"James," he said coolly, "just take this puchase, please."

Mollie came home after a visit for the afternoon with five-year-old Nellie.

"Oh, mother!" she cried, "Nellie was rude and cross all the afternoon. She just quarrelled and quarrelled!"

"Well," said the mother, "if a little girl had treated me that way when I was a little girl, I should have come home."

"Well, I didn't," said Mollie. "I just slapped her face and stayed."

Roberts has told his employer the old tale about burying his grandmother to enable him to see the football game. It was hard luck on him, though, that just as he was about to pass through the turnstile his employer should be standing beside him.

But Roberts was gifted with presence of mind. Instead of putting his money down he turned to the gatekeeper and said, in a tone loud enough for his employer to hear, "Would you kindly direct me to the cemetery?"

Mr. Foddles had sent in a very big account for "expenses," so the head of the firm sent for him.

"Mr. Foddles," said the head of the firm, "I notice that there is a considerable item for meals in your expense account."

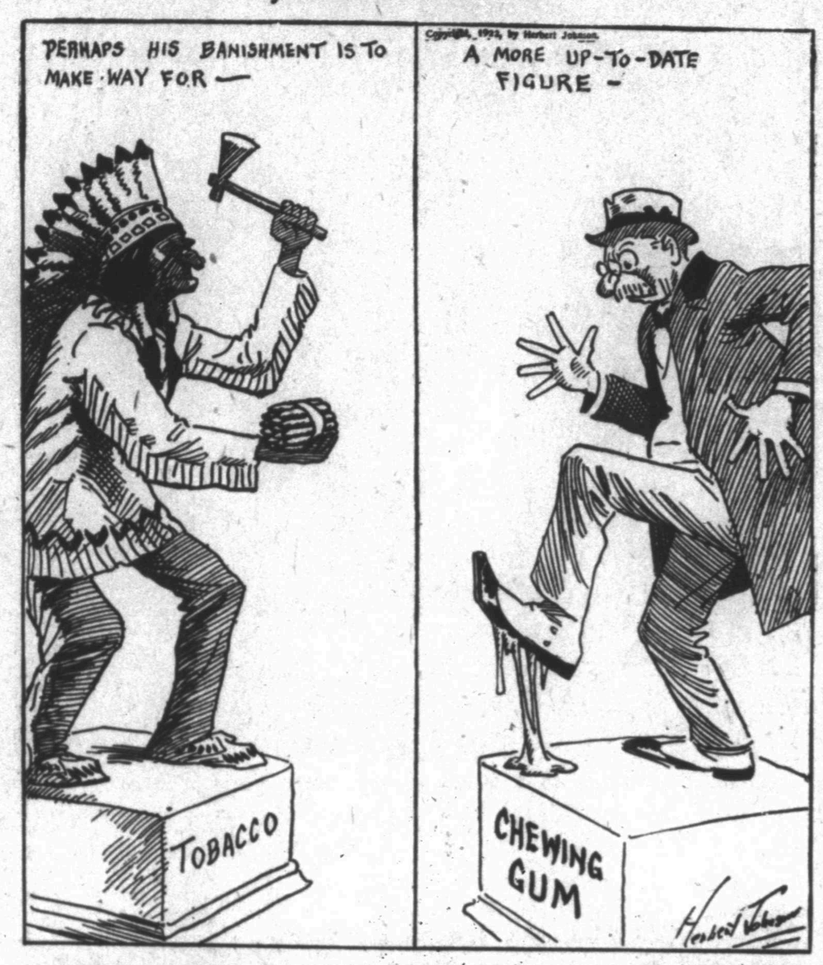
"Er—I was entertaining customers and prospective buyers, sir," ventured Mr. Foddles.

"All right," replied the boss, "I'm not complaining, but I hope you will bear in mind that we are selling motor cars, and no lady of the chorus ever buys a motor car."

THE 5:15 —By Segar



WHAT HAPPENED TO THE CIGAR-STORE INDIAN? By Herbert Johnson



THIMBLE THEATER —By Segar

NOW SHOWING—"MUCH MIRTH"
Tomorrow—"A Very Serious Dog."



KERNEL COOTIE—A Telephone Call from Niagara Falls



COLOR DEFINITION

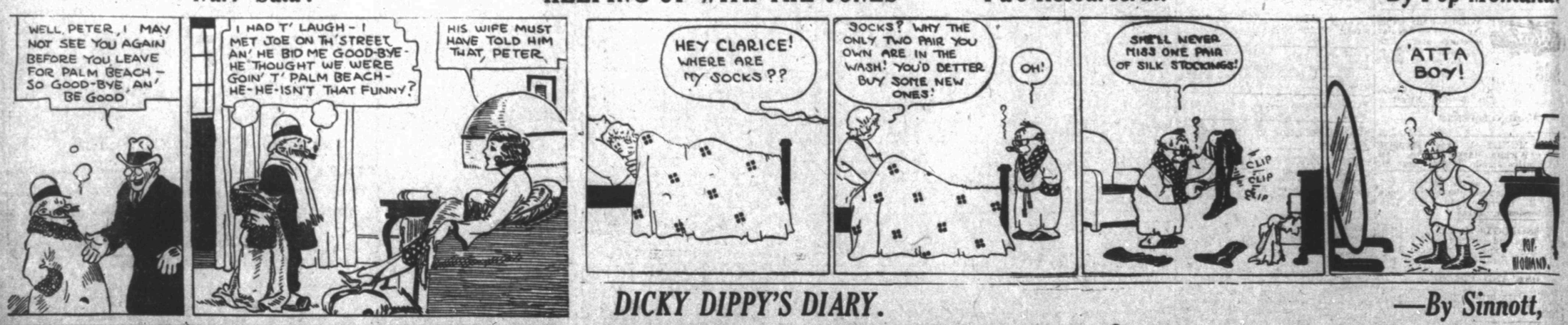


Edith—Is your new sister a blonde or a brunette, Jimmy?

Jimmy—I don't know exactly, but from her voice I should say she's a kind of a yeller.

WEDLOCKED —By Leo 'Nuff Said!

KEEPING UP WITH THE JONES— Pa's Resourceful. —By Pop Momand.



DICKY DIPPY'S DIARY. —By Sinnott,



RATES AND REGULATIONS For Local Classified Advertising in

The Record News

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS
ONE CENT PER WORD

4 Times, Cost of 3
7 Times, Cost of 5

No advertisement accepted for less than 25 cents, for the first insertion. The above rate applies to both Daily and Sunday issues.

No advertisement accepted on a "til forbid" order; a specific number of insertions must be given.

Notice to discontinue advertisements must be made in writing, otherwise we will not be responsible.

We reserve the right to place ads under their proper classifications and to reject unclean or objectionable copy.

Advertisements will be charged to established firms having regular accounts only.

All ads for publication on week days must be in the Record News office before 8 p. m. of previous evening. For Sunday issue 8 p. m. Saturday.

Telephone Your Ads to 4381

LODGE DIRECTORY

Faith Lodge N. 1158, A. F. & A. M. stated meetings the first and third Tuesday nights of each month.
W. Y. HAMMACK, W. M.
ALBERT ELLIS, Secretary.
FAITH LODGE No. 1158 will meet for work Friday evening at 6:30 to confer E. A. degrees.

Wichita Falls Lodge No. 635, A. F. & A. M., stated meetings first and third Friday nights in each month.
ED. BUNNENBERG, W. M.
W. J. WEBB, Secretary.
Work in the Masters degree Monday, February 27, at 6:00 p. m.

Wichita Falls Chapter No. 202 R. A. M. Stated convocations, second Friday night in each month.
L. I. BENNETT, H. P.
W. J. WEBB, Secretary.
Work in the Chapter degrees Tuesday, February 28, at 7:00 p. m.

Wichita Falls Commandery, No. 59. —Stated conclaves first and third Thursdays of each fonth.
WILLIAM Y. HAMMACK, E. Commander.
WM. J. WEBB, Recorder.
Work in the Red Cross and Malta Thursday, March 2nd, at 7:00 p. m. Members of the drill team be present at 6:30 p. m.

Maskat Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.—Meets second Tuesday of each month at Masonic Temple, Tenth and Scott, second floor. All visiting Nobles invited to attend.
W. D. CLINE, Potentate,
C. O. FRITZ, Recorder.

Wichita Falls Chapter No. 273, of the Eastern Star meets first and third Tuesday nights in each month.
MRS. VICTORIA FRITBERG, W. M.
MISS NENA FRITZ, Secretary.

Wichita Falls, Lodge No. 1105, B. P. O. E. meets first and third Mondays of each month at Elks Club, corner Eighth and Scott Sts. Visiting members invited to attend.
A. M. MILLER, Exalted Ruler,
H. C. ENGLISH, Secretary.

Knights of Pythias meet Tuesday nights at 7:30 o'clock, corner Ninth and Travis streets. Visitors are welcome.
M. A. BUNDY, C. C.
IRA D. BROWN, K. R. S.

Wichita Falls Camp No. 3001 — Regular meetings every Friday night, 7:30 p. m. at 603½ Scott Avenue.
JOHN E. STEPHEN, C. C.
E. D. TREVANTHAN, Clerk, 716 Seventh Street.

1—ANNOUNCEMENTS

SAVE MONEY—Do your shopping at the Wichita Market House. Old Co-operative stand, 707-709 Scott St.

ALL persons to whom Harrison and Dale are indebted, please mail bills to D. L. Harrison, 516 South 15th St., Corsicana, Texas.

PHRENOLOGY—Madam Keys will give advice and consultation for a few days only. Special readings, $1.00 this week. Stratford Hotel, room 3.

2—LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Dark brindle pit bull dog, license tag No. 72. Reward. Phone 6889.

LOST—Double stone Martin choker in business district. Reward if returned to 1008 Lamar or Record News office.

3—SPECIAL NOTICES

LET US SOLVE your repair work and locksmith troubles, keys duplicated. We also have a complete line of repairs for phonographs. Our work carries our usual guarantee to please. We call for and deliver.
ANDREW YOUNG CO.
Phone 6358 904-A 8th St.

LUECKE TRANSFER and Storage Co. is now located at 706 Wall St. Phone 2422. (The old McFall Transfer Co.) Piano moving a specialty.

NORRIS TRANSFER and Storage Co., office at warehouse at 510 Ohio. Phone 5630.

WICHITA Hat Co. has added to their establishment a cleaning and pressing department. Call us, 722 Ohio; phone 4253.

Political Announcements

Under this heading will be published the names of candidates for public office. The fees for announcement will be as follows:
For judicial district offices, $15.00.
For county offices, $15.00.
For precinct offices, $12.50.
For city offices, $12.50, except for councilmen, for which the fee will be $5.00.

For county offices, subject to the decision of the democratic primary:

District Clerk—
A. F. KERR.

County Attorney—
E. L. FULTON.

Judge, County Court at Law—
JUDGE GUY ROGERS

County Judge—
JUDGE J. P. JONES.
W. T. HARRIS.
B. D. SARTIN.

For County Clerk—
MISS ELIZABETH HALL.
MRS. R. L. MILLER.

County Tax Collector—
M. L. TIPTLE
W. W. (PAT) MURPHY.

County Tax Assessor—
IRVAN DEATON.

County Superintendent—
BURL BRYANT.

County Commissioner, Precinct No. 1.
J. P. JACKSON.

County Sheriff—
JAMES S. MAXWELL
FRED K. SMITH.

Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 1, Place 1—
R. V. GWINN

Justice of Peace, Precinct No. 1, Place 2—
J. F. MAXWELL
C. J. (Dad) ARRINGTON.
OLUFF D. BEAUCHAMP.

3—SPECIAL NOTICES

MATTRESSES RENOVATED—Have your mattresses made new. We will bring samples of ticking to your home. Call for and deliver the same day. Bell Mattress Co. Phone 2412.

EAT WITH US—Quality food at popular prices. We are also prepared to take orders for fine home-made cakes and pies.
VIRGINIA SISTERS CAFE
802 Lamar street.

FLOORS surfaced and finished. Al Brown, phone 3879.

LET White Transfer move you; $3 per load, or by contract. Phone 5265 or 5258.

SEND your suits and hats to Pantatorium Company. Suits cleaned and pressed, 50c; hats $1.00; dresses $1.00 and up. Phone 6858, 808 1-2 Lamar street. Call for and deliver.

DRAKE TRANSFER AND STORAGE—Phone 5733; residence phone 3650. Heavy hauling of all kinds. We also raise, move and underpin houses, any time, or place. When you want your work done right, call on us at 608 Ohio Ave. Shelby Drake or A. Drake.

PLUMBING—Our cars carry a complete line of repairing materials with them. You do not have to pay for that trip back to the shop. J. H. Castledine, 1920 Tenth-st. Phone 4420.

WE REPAIR all makes of phonographs in our repair department. Phone 2475. R. G. Ripley & Co., Seventh & Scott.

PRACTICAL house moving, raising and leveling. Jack Humphrey. Phone 3904.

YES SIR—Phone us about that trip you have to make to Iowa Park, Electra or anywhere. One or two passengers most any part of city 50c. One, two, three or four passengers anywhere in city limits, including factory district, or any refinery on north side $1.00. Slinker Bros. Service Cars and Baggage Transfer. Phone 5811.

PLUMBING—Phone 5370, licensed and bonded plumber. Spivey Plumbing Co.

WEATHER strips and awnings. Make home comfortable, avoid worry and inconvenience by ordering early. R. W. Cross. Phone 5769.

WE CAN do your hauling. Linepipe, boilers, well-rigs, or any thing that is heavy. Phone 2442. Cochran Motor company.

DIXON SIGNS moved to 708 Wall street. Phone 5998.

LET BROWN'S transfer move you. $3 per load. The reliable and careful mover. Office 605 Seventh. Phone 2286.

FOR plumbing, Phone 3644. David Black.

MOORE Plumbing Co., Phone 6300. 910 6th street.

CARPENTER work wanted. Fences, garages, sleeping porches, cabinets; screens; lattice; repair work a specialty. No job too big or too small. J. B. Ferrett. Phone 2250, 705 Bluff street.

Mack & Mack Plumbing Co., office rear of 714 Seventh St., Shop 1204 15th St. Phone 5066-2652.

4—AUTOMOBILES & SUPPLIES

WANTED—To exchange a new delivery body for a Ford Roadster body, or will sell and buy. J. B Ferratt, phone 2250. Shop in alley between Ohio and Indiana and 11th and 12th Streets.

UNHEARD OF BARGAINS—
Late Ford Roadster $175
Dodge Touring 210
Dodge Roadster 250
Dodge Tool Pusher 165
Chevrolet Baby Grand 125
Buick "4" 150
MEYER
1005 Lamar.

WORTH THE MONEY
1919 Buick Roadster $400.00
1919 Paige Touring 350.00
1919 Ford Roadster 200.00
Buick Six 7-passenger 250.00
ECKMAN & VON ALLMEN
Phone 5828 908 Ohio Ave.

FOR SALE—
A new 2-ton Master Truck-at-a-bargin.
ECKMAN & VON ALLMEN
Phone 5828 908 Ohio Ave.

HUGHES Bros., 208 Indiana, will pay cash for your unserviceable cars for parts. Phone 3215.

4—AUTOMOBILES & SUPPLIES

GOOD USED CARS OF ALL KINDS Should a car be misrepresented to you the mistake will be adjusted reasonably. L. & M. MARKET, 911 Scott.

LATE MODEL roadster, completely overhauled, exceptional good rubber upholstery and top. Priced way down low. DIXON MOTOR CO., 808 Scott Ave. Phone 5991.

WE PAY spot cash for used cars. SECURITY MOTOR SALES CO., 712-14 Ninth St. Phone 2015.

7 PASSENGER BUICK, completely overhauled, good rubber, upholstery and top. Ideal family car and priced to sell. DIXON MOTOR CO., 808 Scott Ave. Phone 5991.

SEE THIS BARGAIN, 1920 Nash coupe, new tires, must sell, $350 takes it, phone for appointment, Deans 4262. Ford touring $75, Ford 1920 coupe, hasslers, extra casing, large steering wheel, $375, terms, other bargains. Brand new Skelton touring, list $1350, will sell for $750. DEANS MOTOR MARKET, 706 10th St. Phone 4262.

FAMOUS "TRY IT" Oveland "4" Speedster for sale. Funker bearing throughout. Special equipment. Finest speedster in town for $375. Oldsmobile "8" touring, just overhauled, $225. Ford touring $75. Ford coupe $175 and $375. New Skelton, $600 less than cost. Deans Motor Co., 706 10th St.

BUICK Roadster, winter top, runs like new car, just overhauled. Just the car for work or pleasure; carries our usual guarantee; very liberal terms.
DIXON MOTOR CO.
808 Scott Avenue. Phone 5991.

PEP is what it takes to make your car give satisfaction. Let us tell you how to put in the Pep.
NORTON'S AUTO SHOP
909 Lamar. Phone 6859.

LATE MODEL Buick, 5-passenger car, new rubber, new paint and new top, equivalent to a new car. Priced with terms that will sell this week.
DIXON MOTOR CO.
808 Scott Avenue. Phone 5991.

NOTICE
Phone 4507 1005 Lamar St.
LAMAR ST. GARAGE
First Class Mechanical Work. Guarantee Satisfaction. $1.00 per Hour.
A. H. BEAZLEY, Prop.

FORD Roadster wanted. Phone 4262.

WE ARE CLOSING OUT

The buyers best chance to purchase a good used car, less the profit usually attached, in short at cost to us and even lower, for they must be sold.

Two Oakland 6-passenger, 1919 model, both are excellent buys.

1918 Model Nash Touring, new paint, good rubber, (practically new), and can't be duplicated for price we ask for it.

1918 Model Studebaker Touring, good car and dirt cheap. If you look it over, it's sure to please you.

Three Ford Touring cars, one with starter, two without. These are not wrecks, and they are worth far more than we ask.

If you will permit us to quote you prices on the above used cars, no further explanations will be necessary.

MARSHALL HUFF MOTOR CO.
609 Scott Avenue.

6—HELP WANTED—FEMALE

TWENTY ladies to work in city and small towns near Wichita Falls, beginning March first. Call room 209, Argonne hotel, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday.

8—HELP WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE

YOUNG men, women, over 17, desiring government positions $130 monthly, write for free list of positions now open. J. Leonard (former Civil Service examiner) 1292 Equitable Bldg., Washington, D. C.

11—SALESMEN AND AGENTS — WANTED

WANTED—Advertising salesman. Must be experienced. Man that qualifies will make $50 per week or better. Apply at 8:30 a. m., Room 12, 710 1-2 Indiana.

WANTED—A real commission salesman. Apply box 252, care Record News.

12—DRESSMAKING

HEMSTITCHING and buttons; called for and delivered. Phone 4651. Miss Staber.

SEWING done by day or piece. House dresses $3.50 each, silk $4.00. Phone 2757, Miss Albright.

DRESSMAKING, alteration, remodeling, ladies tailoring. Phone 6718, Mrs. A. W. Weaver, 709 Holiday St.

SPRING dresses, tatting, embroidery and sewing, all kinds. Phone 2006.

HIGH CLASS dressmaking. Mrs. Barr, 911 11th St. Phone 2136.

UP-TO-DATE dressmaking. Tenth and Burnett. Phone 4406.

13—PERSONAL

SPIRITUALIST for appointment. Phone 6095.

15—FINANCIAL

NOTES bought and sold. J. Wilkie Talbert, 220 American National Bank Bldg.

Money to loan on Ford cars. Address P. O. Box 1437.

15—FINANCIAL

MONEY to loan on improved city property and farm land. First class vendors lien notes bought. Chas. R. Daniel, 618 American National Bank Building.

READY MONEY—Have a client who has $2,000 to loan on city property.
JAMES T. CUMLEY,
312 First National Bank.

16—HOTELS AND ROOMING HOUSES

FOR SALE or Trade—Rooming house. Phone 6723.

17—ROOM AND BOARD

ROOM AND BOARD—Three meals a day; $10 a week. Also meals served by day or week, 1007 Burnett. Phone 6306.

ROOM AND BOARD in private home 1300 Travis. Phone 2687.

ROOM AND BOARD $8 per week. Virginia Rooms. Phone 2394, 1200 Ohio. Under new management.

ROOM AND BOARD, good home cooked meals served family style. Phone 6975.

ROOM AND BOARD—$8 per week. Phone 3879.

ROOM AND BOARD with private family. Modern conveniences. Service A-1. Rates reasonable. Mrs. R. C. Ealy, 1100 Indiana.

18—HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED—5 or 6 room house by responsible business man. Must be nicely furnished and in desirable location, family of three, best of references. Address Ebner, room 506 Kemp Hotel.

20—ROOMS FOR RENT FURNISHED

THE AVONDALE has good, modern rooms, $4 to $6. 714 1-2 Ninth-st.

NICE CLEAN rooms, reasonable rates, Stonewall Hotel, 818 1-2 Scott avenue.

BEDROOMS and light housekeeping rooms, 707 Burnett. Phone 6772.

FOR RENT—Lovely downstairs room, bath, hot water all hours, telephone, private entrance, on car line, kitchen privileges, five minutes walk from business district. Phone 6309, 1310 13th-st.

FOR RENT—Nice front bedroom with home privileges in private home. 1410 Travis. Phone 4031.

FOR RENT—Beautifully furnished front bedroom to refined lady or couple. Phone 2679, 1802 11th St.

FOR RENT—Close in, upstairs bedroom. 1109 Travis, phone 5597.

FOR RENT—First class bedroom in private home, to man and wife or ladies. Call 6481.

FOR RENT—Splendidly furnished rooms, all outside, everything new. Rates reduced $10 per week to one or two persons. New Wood Hotel. 911 1-2 Scott.

FOR RENT—Bedroom, close in, on pavement with garage. 804 Travis. Phone 5835.

FOR RENT—Two bedrooms near car line; private entrance. Phone 2708.

ROOM for one or two gentlemen, private entrance, adjoining bath; garage. 2312 Tenth st. Phone 2773.

FOR RENT—Furnished bedroom with adjoining bath. Phone 2090.

22—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished light housekeeping rooms, lights and gas furnished; also phone and garage, 2200 8th-st.

ONE LIGHT housekeeping room, in modern home, $6.00 per week. Phone 2449, 308 Burnett.

TWO south rooms, everything furnished for light housekeeping, modern. Phone 6503.

FRONT bedroom, light housekeeping privileges. Phone 6367.

FURNISHED housekeeping rooms. 502 Austin. Phone 2901.

23—HOUSES AND APARTMENTS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished modern, two-room apartment; reasonable rent. Address 1310 Eighth St. Phone 6689.

FOR RENT—Modern three-room furnished house, 2153 Avenue F. Phone 3833.

MOVE MARCH 1ST.
700 Harrison, newly papered, five rooms, $40.00.
1002 Eighth, seven rooms, will paper, $60.00.
806—Twelfth, newly papered, four rooms, $30.00.
706 Burnett, four rooms, $25.00.
804 Lamar, just papered, three rooms, $30.00.
411 Austin, four rooms, $20.00.
1213 North Fifth, four rooms, Scotland Addition, $15.00.
1308 Fifth, two rooms, free water, $10.00.
In 2900 Block on Tenth, six room home, completely furnished, $75.00.
Look at 1101 Lamar, five rooms, or 805 Lamar, five rooms.
H. G. HELGERSON
Real Estate & Rentals.
Basement City National Bank.
Phone 2573. Residence 2303.

FOR RENT—Five-room house on pavement, two blocks from car line $17.00. Apply at 502 Holiday.

FOR RENT—March 1st furnished modern 5-room house, located 1206 Kemp Blvd., also will consider trading property. Phone 2791 or 2289.

FOR RENT—Four-room house, modern, close in. Phone 5532.

FOR RENT—10-room house, 1200 Scott Ave. Phone 5034.

THREE rooms nicely furnished, adjoining bath, 2 closets, sink and pantry. 1518 11th St.

FOR RENT—Two-room furnished apartment in modern home; family with children desired. 1005 Seventh St. Phone 4617.

FOR RENT—Two three-room houses, near town on concrete road, $10 per month. Phone O-5412.

HELGERSON handles rentals. Phone 2573.

FOR RENT—One or two-room apartment completely furnished for light housekeeping, close in. Phone 5940.

23—HOUSES AND APARTMENTS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Modern eleven-room house located in most fashionable block of Tenth street. Two bath rooms, sun parlor, breakfast room and large sleeping porch. Steam-heated. Basement with built-in laundry. Two-story garage with private bath. Servant house and spacious yard and garden spot with fruit trees. Owner forced to leave city for indefinite time. Will rent reasonably to responsible party who can be intrusted with care of house and furniture. Owner may be seen at 2308 Tenth street, or Baum and Gardner's.

FOR RENT—2 complete modern houses C. C. Jones Sr. Phone 2572.

FOR RTNT—5 room house. Phone 6095.

FOR RENT—5 room house, on pavement, close to school. Phone 6502 or 2641.

TWO ROOMS in modern home, rent very reasonable, 413 Burnett. Phone 2449.

FOR RENT—4 room apartment well furnished, close in, reasonable. Phone 2223.

27—LIVESTOCK

WE NOW HAVE a herd of good cattle to trade for four or five-room house, well located.
HAGER REALTY CO.,
14 Ward Building.

FOUR fancy Jersey cows for sale; just fresh. Ray Black, 1407 Bluff-st. Phone 5839.

GOOD MILCH cow for sale. Phone 5183.

28—POULTRY, EGGS & SUPPLIES

FOR SALE—Small bunch of game chickens with 18-months old rooster; full blood Allan Roundheads; very reasonable, 500 Mississippi-st. Call after 5 p. m.

BROWN LEGHORN and Barred Rock eggs, 90c per setting or $5 per hundred. Wichita Chick Hatchery, 2610 Grant-ave. Phone 4638.

FOR SALE—White Leghorn eggs for hatching, $1 per setting or $5 per hundred. Route 2, box 14, Petrolia road. Phone O 1323. L. B. Bruner.

29 WANTED TO BUY

WANTED—A stereoptican with electric connections. Also a child's crib. Address W. A. Betts, 502 Bridge, St., city.

WANTED—To Buy or rent invalid's chair, prefer small one. Call 2410.

MEN'S SUITS, shoes and hats. 511 Indiana.

WANTED TO BUY
Your secondhand furniture and stoves. Phone 6011 and our buyer will call at your convenience.
STAR FURNTURE CO.

30—FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

CANARY Birds for sale, 210 Lamar.

FOR SALE—Nice 40-lb. Sealey Mattress, four large pure goose feather pillows for $25. Phone 2687.

WICHITA MARKET house will sell it for less, give us a trial. 707-709 Scott St. First door north of Howell Bros.

FOR SALE—Piano and phonograph boxes. Phone 2475. R. G. Ripley & Co., Seventh and Scott.

SPECIAL
Now is the time to brighten up your home for spring, and we wish to call your special attention to our big assortment of rare values in wall paper. Also paints, varnishes, stains, enamels and floor finishes. It will pay you to see us before you buy.
WILHITE & TOWNLEY
619 Ohio Ave.

31—FURNITURE & HOUSEHOLD GOODS

FOR SALE—Furniture, located in eight-room house, one-half block from Kemp hotel; best location for boarding house in city. Phone 6455.

FURNITURE
We would be pleased to show you. Best grade quartered oak chifforobe, $35.00; several dressers $10.00 to $12.50; dining tables $5.00 to $12.50; one lot new dining chairs, broken sets, $4.50 to $10.00 values, while they last at $2.00 each; cabinets, $10.00 to $12.50 and $15.00; gas stoves in 3 and 4 burners, and ranges, $10.00 and up. Beds, springs and mattresses our specialty. And lots of other bargains.
CARLTON FURNITURE CO.
Phone 2666 819 10th St.

TEN YEARS of successful second hand furniture business in Wichita Falls, enables us to offer the largest and most complete stock of second-hand furniture at the very lowest prices available.
STAR FURNITURE CO.
Phone 6011. 910 Indiana.

SAVE MONEY
Two dressers, each, $10; one library table, $6; four wash stands, each, $2.75; two dandy phonographs, each, $40; one thousand other things.
BOLDING & LUNN
813 Scott-st.

BETTER be sure than sorry. Buy from us for less, sell to us for more.
MICKS FURNITURE CO.
Phone 5528. 908 Indiana.

SPECIAL prices on all new furniture. Exchange new for used furniture.
WINTERS FURNITURE CO.
822 Ohio-ave. Phone 4219.

32—MISCELLANEOUS

WINFREY, Gun and Locksmith, key fitting and duplicating, general repairing. If it can be fixed, we can fix it. With Collier & Landon, 825 Indiana. Phone 5213.

LET US REPAIR YOUR SHOES. Competent service, honest work and most gratifying results. If we do your repair work, we call for and deliver.
ANDREW YOUNG CO.
904-A Eighth-st. Phone 6358

Any Suit or Overcoat in house made to measure.
$29.50
Fit Guaranteed
BELL TAILORING CO.,
610 Seventh Street

33—MACHINERY AND TOOLS

FOR SALE—One rotary rig, has oil well boiler size sixty, Ajax engine 11 1-2x12, Lucy special rotary, 1920 model, mudhog pumps, Johnson draw works, Louisiana model, Johnson swivel, plenty bits, eighteen hundred feet drill pipe, about thirty tool joints. This rig is almost new and will be sold at a bargain for cash, with everything complete ready to start drilling. Phone day 3202, or night 3012, Dow, 11 Ward Bldg.

WE ARE in the market for all kinds of pipe; also we have all kinds of pipe and oil well supplies for sale. Call the
TEXAS IRON & METAL CO.,
205 Mississippi. Phone 6860. P. O. Box 268.

34—GAS, OIL AND MINERAL

ARCHER OIL—Watch Archer. The abandoned well of Markley-Johnson is now making oil, and they are drilling an offset. The T. & P. Coal company and others are making locations. I have 500 acres in the play—and derrick up. Will give entire acreage and derrick for a well.
JAMES T. CUMLEY
312 First Nat'l. Bank

PRODUCTION—I have 60 acres, 15 bbls. Petrolia. Several other good buys in Wichita county.
JAMES T. CUMLEY
312 First Nat'l. Bank.

ELECTRA FIELD—Sixty acres; 5 producing wells; priced to sell.
C. A. PARKER
419 Am. Nat'l.

PRODUCTION WANTED—Thirty to seventy barrels daily production on not less than thirty acres. Have $14,000 cash. Owners only considered. C. A. Parker, 419 Am. Nat'l. Bldg.

35—OIL LAND LEASES

PROVEN LEASES—I have a real oil lease in South Electra. Also in old Ramming pool. If you want to drill an oil well, better talk to me.
JAMES T. CUMLEY
312 First Nat'l. Bank

—WANTED—Burk Divide Oil company stock, if offer at bargain. State price first letter. H. H. Withers, Grosebeck, Texas.

37—FARMS AND RANCHES—FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Good farm of 100 acres, 70 acres in cultivation. Located near White City Dairy, 4 miles east of town; would prefer money rent, but will consider to renting usual way. V. B. Blakey, Ennis, Texas.

38—REAL ESTATE—WANTED

WANTED—To buy 5 or 6 room house, well located. Must be a real bargain. I will be at 525 Am. Nat'l. Bk. Bldg Saturday. Phone 3780 after Saturday Box 188, Burkburnett, Texas.

40—REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

On Fillmore
6-room house, east front, $3,750.
On Kemp
6-room house, east front, $3,500.00.
On Third
4-room modern house, walking distance, $3,000. On any of these properties we will take good car, teams or cows, or will sell on small cash payments and easy terms.
HAGER REALTY CO.
14 Ward Bldg.

SALE or trade; lot for small car, roadster or furniture. Phone 5193.

IF you can't sell it let us trade it. We trade in personal property and real estate.
HAGER REALTY CO.
14 Ward Bldg

A HOME—On the pavement in Floral Heights. Living room 14x28; sleeping room 9x14; tiled bath; breakfast room. If you want, come well recommended, you can buy it with a small cash payment.
JAMES T. CUMLEY
312 First Nat'l. Bank

WE SELL
High level lots in the best residential sections on terms of $10 down and $10 per month. Price from $200 to $750.
Duncan, Allison & McKenzie.
508 City Nat'l. Bk. Bldg.

41—REAL ESTATE—EXCHANGED

$15,000.00 FARM joining town of Montague to trade for good income property here. Also have other farms to trade for city property.
HAGER REALTY CO.
14 Ward Bldg.

FOR TRADE—Equity in Southland addition lot; north frontage on 8th St.; 1st block west of Broadway, for fresh milch cow. Trade must be made before March 1st. Phone 6689.

44—LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
The County Auditor of Wichita County will receive sealed bids until 10 o'clock a. m. March 6th, 1922, for the construction of one 70 foot steel bridge with concrete abutments, across Holliday Creek in Wichita County. Plans and specifications on file in the office of the County Engineer. Usual rights reserved.
W. F. MURPHY,
County Auditor.

SHERIFF'S SALE
THE STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF WICHITA
By virtue of a certain order of sale, issued out of the Honorable 30th District Court of Wichita County, on the 11th day of February, 1922, by A. F. Kerr, Clerk of the District Court of Wichita County, Texas, against D. Kinnard, for the sum of Two Hundred Thirty Nine and 65-100 ($239.65) Dollars and costs of suit in cause No. 11765-A in said court, styled H. E. Candy et al, versus D. Kinnard, and placed in my hands for service, I, Fred K. Smith, as Sheriff of Wichita County, Texas, did on the 11th day of February, 1922, levy on certain real estate situated in Wichita County, described as follows, to-wit:
Being lot 4 in block 8 of the Sunset Addition to the City of Wichita Falls, Texas, same being numbered 2212 7th Street, Wichita Falls, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said D. Kinnard. And on Tuesday, the 7th day of March, 1922, at the Court House Door of Wichita County, in the City of Wichita Falls, Texas, between the hours of ten a. m. and four p. m. I will sell said real estate at public vendue for cash to the highest bidder as the property of said D. Kinnard, by virtue of said levy and said Order of Sale.
And in compliance with law I give this notice by publication in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale in the Record News.
Witness my hand this the 11th day of February, 1922.
FRED K. SMITH,
Sheriff of Wichita County, Texas.
F. E. JOHNSON, Deputy.

HERO "ARRESTED" TO BE REWARDED



Francis S. Dolan.

Francis S. Dolan, quartermaster on the U. S. S. Centennial State, saved a man from drowning in London last October, rescuing the man from between a boat and the dock at the risk of being crushed to death. When the Royal Humane Society wanted to present him with a silver medal and the Carnegie hero trust fund of London sought to give him money and a citation, the boat was on the high seas. Dolan was "notified" by Scotland Yard to report to officials there on his return. When he reported he was presented with the rewards.

PREACHER WILL SEEK TO CHECK CHICAGO CRIME

(By International News Service)

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—At a time when banditry in Chicago is being compared with the days of the "wild and wooly West," a Methodist preacher, mild in speech and quiet in demeanor, has stepped into office as "law enforcement commissioner" of the second largest city in the country.

He is the Rev. John H. Williamson.

His position has no parallel in any other American municipality. His duty will be to see to i tthat the laws on the statute books now flagrantly violated, are obeyed.

Will Go "Limit."

Rev. Williamson's first announcement was that he expected the co-operation of the citizens of the city to the end that his regime will be successful. He will go the limit, he said, to remedy any illegal condition reported by any citizen or group of citizens, providing the evidence is produced.

He will not proceed on hearsay or gossip, he declared.

"Any person knowing of a violation of the law is expected to go to the police station, procure an affidavit blank, write out his information concerning this violation of law and swear to it before a notary public."

The new commissioner has prepared affidavit blanks and placed them in every police station in the city.

Against Anonymity.

He said he has nothing but contempt for any person who will hide behind anonymous communications. So if any citizen wants results he will have to get back of the investigation himself and go on record in black and white.

Commissioner Williamson said if citizens do not want to act individually they might organize investigating committees in their communities and in their churches and operate through those committees.

"Go out in companies of one, two, three or more and get your evidence" he said. "I will do the rest."

FARMER AIDED BY ADVANCES IN HOG MARKET

(By International News Service)

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—When top hogs reached $10 per hundred pounds on the Chicago market recently an unprecedented rist of nearly $3 in a month and a half at the height of the packing season was recorded. Packers stated that at the average price paid hogs were bringing from 80 cents to $1 per bushel for the corn consumed. That establishes the widest price known in the difference of corn sold as grain and corn fed into pork.

"The record set is a signal victory for the open competitive market," said S. B. Stafford, president of the Chicago Livestock Exchange. "In spite of a determined fight on the part of the big packers to hold values down, prices have rapidly advanced through the active competitive bidding of the numerous small packing plants scattered all over the country.

"Only a short time ago a Milwaukee packing house freely prophesied that hogs would sell on a parity with corn prices and cost the packers around $5. But the competition of the smaller houses on the open market upset that programme. During December 51 per cent of the hogs received at Chicago were bought by out shippers and in January they took 39 per cent. This competition is without precedence and indicates to what extent the smaller houses have at least temporarily wrested the control of the market from the big packers.

"In an attempt to avoid this competition the big packers are buying hogs at country points and keeping them from entering the market, where they would be subject to bids from all classes of buyers. If the big packers were obliged to buy all their supplies on the open market they would lose the advantage they now enjoy."

SHE MAKES GREATER USE OF IT

Johnny Bostonbeans—Why do they always speak of the mother tongue, and never of the father tongue?

Father (with a sigh)—It's because a mother always has more to say than a father.

RAILWAY SCHEDULE

WICHITA VALLEY.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
1. To Stamford and Abilene		3:20 p. m.
5. To Stamford and Abilene		12:30 a. m.
2. From Abilene	1:50 p. m.	
6. From Abilene	2:30 a. m.	

BYERS BRANCH.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
10 To Dean, Petrolia and Byers		10:20 a. m.
2. To Dean, Petrolia and Byers		3:25 p. m.
9. From Byers, Petrolia & Dean	1:50 p. m.	
1. From Byers, Petrolia and Dean	6:50 p. m.	

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS.
Eastbound.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
44. To Denison, St. Louis and Kansas City		6:15 p. m.
46. To Dallas (local)		5:30 a. m.
50. To Dallas (local)		11:00 p. m.

From North and East.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
43. From Kansas City, St. Louis Denison	11:15 a. m.	
45. From Dallas (local)	10:25 p. m.	
47. From Dallas (local)	6:30 a. m.	

FORT WORTH & DENVER.
Southbound.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
6. To Ft. Worth		7:15 a. m.
2. To Ft. Worth		3:25 p. m.
8. To Ft. Worth		3:10 a. m.

From South.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
5. From Denver and Childress	2:50 a. m.	
2. From Denver and Childress	3:10 p. m.	

WICHITA FALLS AND NORTHWESTERN

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
2. To Elk City		1:30 p. m.
4. To Forgan		7:00 a. m.
12. To Frederick, Oklahoma City		8:00 p. m.
1. From Elk City	12:40 p. m.	
3. From Forgan	7:45 p. m.	
1. From Frederick, & Okla. City	7:45 a. m.	

WICHITA FALLS AND SOUTHERN.

Train No.—	Arrives	Departs
— To Graham and Breckenridge		3:00 p. m.
— From Graham & Breckenridge	1:05 p. m.	

FOR SALE

A complete restaurant outfit, including stools, coffee urns, dishes, range, cash register etc.
Will sell right.
E. F. RILEY FURNITURE CO.
816 Ohio

3333 **Phone 3333** 3333
IT'S SO EASY TO REMEMBER—
Call 3333
We'll attend to selling your property
We'll find you what you want to buy
Ben Neal, Real Estate
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Home Town Stuff

A meeting of the members of the Municipal Welfare board will meet Monday in the city council room to discuss local conditions, according to an announcement Saturday. Members of the pastors' association are especially invited to attend.

Miss Flora Lee McCullough of Waco, will arrive today to be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. C. W. Stevenson and grandmother, Mrs. George Graves.

J. T. King, president of the Kingwood Oil Company of Oklahoma City, arrived Saturday to join Mrs. King, who is the guest of Mrs. J. L. McMahan and family. Mr. King is a brother of Mrs. McMahan.

A workers' conference will be held at the Walnut Street Baptist church Tuesday The program will be as follows:

10:00 a. m.—Devotional service, L. B. Owens.
10:15 a. m.—Reports from church rallies.
10:45 a. m.—What Are Our Evangelistic Opportunities in Wichita County? A. J. Holt, T. J. Furniss.
11:45 a. m.—The Most Essential Objectives of the Woman's Work, Mrs Miller, Mrs. A. J. Holt.
12:15 p. m.—Song by Mexicans.
12:30 p. m.—Luncheon.
1:30 p. m.—Board meeting.
2:00 p. m.—Song service, W. E. Young.
2:20 p. m.—Is the Baptist View of Baptism Scriptural? J. W Loving.
2:45 p. m.—Our Unfinished Work, E. M. Francis, O. L. Powers.
3:45 p. m.—Miscellaneous business.
4:00 p. m.—Closing prayer.

Miss Edith Yates of Wichita Falls who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. B. Hamilton, returned home Tuesday. She was accompanied home by Mrs. Hamilton and little daughter, Katherine.—Olney Enterprise.

S. A. L. Morgan of Wichita Falls, candidate for congressman from this district, and Fred T. Arnold of Graham were in the city yesterday.—Olney Enterprise.

J. Weldon Wray, Harlan Deets and Howard McCracken spent Tuesday night in Wichita Falls.—Olney Enterprise.

Mrs. E. F. Huff of Jermyn passed through Olney Wednesday en route to Wichita Falls. Mrs. Payne and daughters were in Wichita Falls the first of the week. L. B. Marcus of Wichita Falls was the guest of Miss Viola Wilborn Monday evening.—Olney Enterprise.

M. P. McCracken made a trip to Wichita Falls and Burkburnett the first of the week.—Olney Enterprise.

Sterling P. Strong, who thinks he is running for the United States senate opened his campaign at Gainesville last week and announced that he was a member of the Ku Klux Klan. —Chillicothe Valley News.

Mrs. F. F. Fisher has been near to death's door, and yesterday morning it was stated that if she did not get better she would not live through the day. However, she did get better and although she is still very seriously ill, hopes are had for her recovery. Dr. Small was here Friday from Fort Worth to see her, Dr. Buckley came up from Stamford, and Dr. Bell was here last night from Fort Worth. The trouble is an after effect of the flu and has been exceedingly hard to control. Mrs. Fisher's sisters, Mrs. Dan S. Bellows, of Fort Worth, and Mrs. Clyde Keitt of Hubbard are here. A nurse is here and every attention is being paid the patient to the end that she may be restored to health.—Baylor County Banner.

Mr. Bowden McGuire was a visitor here Monday, and we learned that he was married on January 29th to Miss Mora-Sloman. The wedding occurred in Seymour, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. R. Balch. The newly weds are living at Wichita Falls for the present, but Mr. McGuire says they will likely move out on the farm before long. He planted a wheat crop out there, and it is still alive. These young people have lived at Vera for a good many years, and they have a great many friends there and elsewhere, who hope for them the most successful voyage on their matrimonial sea.—Baylor County Banner.

Mrs. Dan Bomer, who is ill with influenza in a Wichita Falls hospital, is reported as being somewhat better. It is thought that danger of pneumonia is passed.—Vernon Record.

DEPEW TELLS OF HOBNOBBING WITH ROYALTY

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Days of hob-nobbing with Queen Victoria, the Prince of Wales who became King Edward VII, and other notables of England are recalled by Chauncey M. Depew in the fifth installment of his "Leaves from My Autobiography," published in the March number of Scribner's Magazine.

The famous New York railroad man, ex-senator and raconteur tells of a conversation between Queen Victoria and Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii during the former's jubilee, told him at that time by a court officer.

At a dinner the dusky queen said to Queen Victoria: "Your majesty, I am a blood relative of yours."

"How so?" was the queen's astonished answer.

"Why," said Liliuokalani, "my grandfather ate your Captain Cook."

Mr. Depew recounts many dinners, luncheons and talks with the Prince of Wales, and tells how the Prince's equerry awakened him one night at Homburg, a German watering place, saying the prince was on the terrace and wanted to see him. What he desired was to discuss American affairs, and Mr. Depew conversed with him until daylight at a table lit by one candle.

Once Mr. Depew went from Hamburg to the nearby nerve-cure of Hauheim, where Mark Twain was on a vacation with Doctor Joseph Twichell of Hartford, Conn., his hometown pastor. Doctor Twichell was a bright humorist, and often "furnished in the rough the jewels which afterwards in Mark Twain's workshop became perfect gems," Mr. Depew reports.

The famous after-dinner speaker invited Mark Twain to a dinner, and the next morning the humorist, attired in his tramping suit, met the Prince of Wales. They talked and walked for an hour, but the humorist was absent from Edward's dinner that night.

"I would have invited Mark Twain this evening, if I thought he had with him any dinner clothes," the Prince explained to Mr. Depew. Upon being told that the humorist had some dinner clothes, the Prince invited him to dinner the next evening.

RUSSIA VIEWED WITH INTEREST BY U. S. AGENTS

Significant Developments Are Noted that May Affect American Relations With the Soviets.

(By International News Service)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—What is about to happen in Russia? And how will it affect American relations with the Soviet authorities?

Those are two questions that are uppermost in the minds of diplomats here, and of leaders of thought in the Harding administration.

Some significant developments may be noted, as indicating the drift of things. Standing out in these passing developments there are these points that may be considered:

1—Following declaration of a new economic policy by Lenine, Government official sources have begun to hear that there is an actual trend from the communistic toward the capitalistic system of government.

2—On the strength of the Soviet assurances that the shackles have been removed from private trading and property rights in some degree, and the fact that the requisition system has been modified to allow more incentive to the producers there is seen in latest reports a desire to speed up production in Russia in some lines.

Banks Are Opening.

3—Banks are opening in Russia, stores that have been closed for years have reopened, there is more active bargaining among individuals, and there is less fear apparently that all a Russian makes or acquires, will be taken to support the well-known Red army.

Of course, officials here do not take at their face value the statements made by Lenine, or his pronouncements contained in the lengthy statement of economy of policy which he promulgated.

Nor do officials accept the word of those who control the Soviet press, for they have been shown to be grossly misleading and in the past apparently circulated for effect, or for propaganda, rather than through a desire to disseminate news events truthfully.

This government is not depending, however, upon wild statements, or those that are clearly inspired. Its own agents are keeping the government informed of the trend of things in Russia. And the outlook is not so dubious as it was several months ago.

Russia Big Storehouse.

The fact that Russia is one of the big storehouses of the world, that her prosperity would at once help to lift the whole world out of the financial and commercial pool of despondence encourages the belief that the signs now noted are those of permanent change toward a more stable system whereby other nations safely may deal with Russia and with Russians.

These signs of change are not so pronounced that officials here are willing to hazard a guess that Lenine's plans, or the changes he has effected, have the element of permanency.

Russia's demand for American goods, if met with cash, or with credit that Americans would accept, would of itself largely solve some of the more pressing American economic troubles. It is recalled that Russia was not only one of the largest producers before the war, but was one of the largest buyers of American goods.

Buying From U. S.

During the last fiscal year Russia bought American goods worth $17,000,000. It may be near that figure the present year. But the purchases were made "indirectly" through Russian buyers stationed in neutral capitals. In such capitals as Copenhagen, Stockholm and others Russian gold in vast amounts had been deposited to purchase food for Russians after the Soviet got control. Much of this metal came to America. The goods were consigned to buyers in the neutral countries. But the gold when it reached New York bore the mint stamp of the countries which accepted it, and under a Treasury ruling it was acceptable at American assay offices.

High officials, discussing the Russian dilemma, assert that while they observe the trend toward the capitalistic system and the departure from things communistic, they still maintain that mature judgment cannot be formed thus early as to the permanent effect upon world affairs of the recent events. With partial resumption at least of some of the pre-war ways of doing things in Russia, including freedom in private trading and partial release of the requisition yoke from the peasant's back, officials here really hope for ultimate stabilization in Russia.

STATE OF NEW YORK LEADS IN WATER POWER

Potential Water Power of Various States Determined by Government Engineering Experts.

Special to The Record News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 26.—New York still maintains its position as the leading state in the amount of developed water power, with 1,291,857 horsepower; California is a close second, with 1,149,099 horsepower; Washington is third, with 454,356 horsepower; Maine closely follows in fourth place, with 449,610 horsepower; and Montana is fiifth with 344,420 horsepower, it was announced at the interior department today.

At present there are in the United States 3,116 waterpower plants of 100 horsepower or more, with a total capacity of installed water wheels of 7,852,948 horsepower. Of this total 79 per cent is in public utility plants and 21 per cent in manufacturing plants. It is of interest to note that the census of 1908, which embraced plants of all sizes, included 10 times as many plants as the present report, which embraces only plants of 100 horsepower or more.

There are 20 water wheels in Texas of 100 horsepower or more. Of these seven with a capacity of 10,077 horsepower, are public utility and municipal, while 13, with 3,290 horsepower are manufacturing and miscellaneous. There is also in Texas potential undeveloped water power resources estimated at a minimum of 255,000 and a maximum of 551,000 horsepower.

The potential water power of the United States was determined by dividing the rivers into sections of different lengths, the length depending on the slope of the channel, and the fall and flow of each section were determined from the best information available. With these factors the potential water power of each stream was determined on the assumption of an efficiency of 75 per cent in the water wheels. The portions of the streams where the slope is so small that water power can probably never be profitably developed were not included.

The minimum potential water power is based on the average flow of the seven-day periods of lowest flow in each year of record. This, of course, does not give the absolute minimum flow, but for all practical purposes potential water power based on this flow may be considered as continuous power. The maximum potential water power is based on the flow available for 50 per cent of the time. The use of storage was not considered in making estimates of either minimum or maximum potential water power. The estimates of both the minimum and maximum potential water power are considered conservative.

It is the general practice in the construction of water power plants to install hydraulic machinery capable of utilizing stream flow far in excess of the absolute minimum and much in excess of the flow used in determining the minimum potential water power as given in the table. This practice is forcibly brought out by comparing the minimum potential water power with the total capacity of water wheels installed in water power plants in some of the New England states. If all the water power of the United States were to be similarly developed, it would probably be necessary to install plants having three or four times the capacity of the estimated minimum potential water power. This condition should be fully considered in estimating the amount of potential water power that may still be available in any state at the present time, the department said.

DR. PITTENGER PREACHES ON 'STEWARDSHIP'

Taking the scripture and text of the morning from the gospel as found in the 21st chapter of Matthew, Dr. Pittenger preached the 3rd of a series of sermons on stewardship Sunday morning.

The pastor declared that the food of the world, the woods, minerals, streams and all other forms of material wealth had been given us by God, to build up His kingdom upon earth, and that the heartache of the world, the breakdown of moral principles and the breaking of the law are all the outgrowth of our efforts to seize this wealth and turn it to our own good, and that until a new purpose has dawned upon the people for the use of this wealth, there will still be trouble upon earth.

The church of Christ is to teach men what God wants them to do, wealth for our own purpose, without rendering service for it, that moment we violate God's law and become a usurper. The world has assumed that all wealth is its own, the do with as it pleases, but this is a wrong attitude, as the wealth is to be used in God's work. This wrong use of wealth will rot the moral foundations of any nation.

We must catch a new vision of service and consecrate the power of our individuality to God's work and in behalf of humanity. If you do not believe in the program the church has in behalf of humanity you should find a better one and apply yourself to it. Your duty to God will never be done by simply doing nothing. The trouble is that we have abused God's vision of what wealth is for and have thrown His vision of

GREAT EVICTION OF AGES NOW IN PROGRESS, SAYS LECTURER HERE SUNDAY

The "great eviction of the ages," the eviction of the forces of satan by the returned but invisible Savior, is now in progress as is evidenced by the irruptions and unrest throughout the world, E. R. Pollock declared at the Palace theater Sunday afternoon, lecturing on the subject "Millions Now Living Will Never Die." The lecture, in part, follows:

"To many people the Bible is an uninteresting, dry, old book because they think it is merely a record of the lives of people who died thousands of years ago, and of events and conditions which happened when business men shipped their freight by ox-cart and dictated to stenographers who wrote their notes on blocks of stone with a hammer and chisel. If people only knew that it is full of news about the 20th century they might be willing to cancel a visit to the "movies" and read it a little oftener. Even a curiosity seeker can find out what it says about the present day methods of tavel and transportation; the marvelous increase of knowledge on every subject; the disputes between labor and capital resulting in universal unrest; the World War of 1914-1918; the 'influenza' epidemics; the famines of 1920; the revolutions in Europe; the restoration of Palestine to the Jews, etc., etc.

"But to the earnest student, the Scriptures reveal that God has a plan, a system if you please, in connection with the human race. He had this plan all lined up before man ever appeared. This original program is plainly set forth as follows: Man should be a perfect being, physically, mentally, morally; should live forever; and have a perfect home on this globe throughout eternity. And so God created him upright, perfect, in his own likeness. Some are inclined to think that satan threw the monkey-wrench into the machinery and that the whole scheme has been a mix-up ever since. But just because man deflected, God's plan has not changed. If that were God's plan six thousand years ago, it is his plan still. We know this to be true because Jehovah gave his oath to Abraham that it would be carried out; because he reiterated the promise to Isaac and Jacob and to their descendants; because Jesus told us that was the reason he came to live and die on the earth; and because the apostles preached the same message of joy. We have the statement of the Apostle Peter for authority that every phophet who ever gave a message from Jehovah to man spoke of a time of blessing for man when his original estate of everlasting life, health and home should be restored. Acts 3:19-21). Yet, strange to say, scarcely a word of this real gospel of happiness for the people is being preached in our modern churches.

"When Jesus was here he told his followers that his kingdom was not of this world, because Satan is the god of this present world (cosmos—order or arrangement) but when he came the second time, he would displace Satan as the ruler and render him powerless. In a parable he speaks of the world as a house, the human race as 'goods,' Satan as the 'strong man' or 'householder.' The lease on the property has expired and the tenant is given quit notice but objects to the efforts of the sheriff to turn him out. But the sheriff slips in quietly, unawares, 'as a thief,' binds the strong man and ejects him. The binding of the invisible Satan by the returned but invisible Christ is the cause of the greatest disturbance in history—the world war, famines, pestilences, revolutions, threatening universal anarchy—which is completely wrecking and overturning the present order of things. This binding of the 'strong man'—Satan—in preparation for the seizure of his goods meets with great resistance on his part, manifesting itself to the upsetting of everything in the dwelling and general roughhouse, such as we see throughout the world. But Jesus told us that the period of trouble (though the severest of any in the history of the race) would be cut short in order that all the human family should not die. Various of the prophets, speaking of the present period of transition, explain that those who seek meekness and righteousness will have a chance to live through the time of great trouble, which only began in 1914, and thus will actually never experience dissolution. When Satan is completely bound and Christ, the Messiah, or the new 'householder,' takes possession of the world, a new order of things will commence. 'Judgment he will lay to the line and righteousness to the plummet'; nothing will hurt nor destroy under that holy government, and mankind under a process of instruction and judgment will be brought back to conditions of perfection. Those who refuse to avail themselves of the blessings provided and deliberately oppose righteous rule shall be absolutely blotted out of existence says the Apostle.—Acts 3:23.

"Then the original purpose of God will be carried out: then all will realize that God is a God of Love, of Justice, of Power and of Wisdom, 'with whom is no variableness, neither shadow of turning.'

"But how many are willing to take Him at his word now?"

LUTHERANS ANNOUNCE ASH WEDNESDAY SERVICE

Special Lenten services will begin at the Lutheran Trinity church Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock and continue until after Easter. The services will be conducted in the German language.

"PRESENT DAY TRAGEDIES" IS SUBJECT FOR FATHER AND SON SERMON BY REV. O. L. POWERS

Present day tragedies, as great and fearful as that of "the young man Absalom," are being exacted throughout the country, and in Wichita Falls, and the basic causes are in every instance those which led to the tragedy of the beautiful young son of King David, declared Dr. O. L. Powers, pastor of the First Baptist church in his "Father and Son" sermon, Sunday night.

Taking for his text, "What is the matter with the young man, Absalom," Dr. Powers told of the principal causes for that scriptural tragedy and drew their modern parallels.

"First there is the tragedy of environment," he said. "Young Absalom was reared in the luxury of the court. He knew nothing of self denial, of hardships. There is no character building, no strength to stand temptations, without a testing time. Softness and luxury does not build a strong body, or a strong mind and character.

Second, there is the tragedy of bad association. Absalom was surrounded by the licentiates of the court. His companions were evil. Bad companions and evil outside influences can overcome to a great extent the greatest care that father and mother can give.

"Coupled with the danger of bad associations for young people of today, indeed a very vital part of their associations, are the promiscuous use of automobiles, and the modern dance.

"Third, there is the tragedy of appearances. It was said of Absalom that there was no blemish of body or features, and his hair was the most beautiful in the entire country. He was vain, his vanity in fact helping to lead to his destruction. A splendid body is much to be desired, and should be given every care, but not to the extent of vanity."

In this connection Dr. Powers spoke of the evil habits that tend to destroy the beauty and strength of the body.

The fourth point, or tragedy, was that of falseness, or dishonesty.

"Absalom reached the depths of falseness, he betrayed his own father. The present tendencies of youth towards falseness is exhibited in their total irreverence, of all things. Many of them have no reverence for God, for age, for their fathers and mothers. Even the sanctity of the human body, 'made in the image of God' is ignored, is violated by irreverent youth.

"This tragedy of falseness leads to betrayal of all that is good, to self betrayal. The two worst criminals of all time were Absalom and Judas Iscariot. Absalom betrayed his father, and Judas betrayed his Christ.

"And coupled with this spirit of irreverence is the dangerous new philosophy of youth, the philosophy of self inclination, of lawlessness. Instead of the old application of prayer and hickory oil, the youth of today is brought up on the policy of 'do as you please.'

"And the last tragedy in the life of Absalom was the tragedy of a sinful father. King David had sin in his life and his son knew it. Oh, the tragedy of having a father who leads a double life, who is an example of sin instead of righteousness. There are local tragedies of this sort, of boys and young men whose lives are handicapped before hand by the sinful lives of the fathers. There are families where a shadow is cast by the double lives of the fathers."

In conclusion local application of the points in question were made by Dr. Powers.

There was a large crowd for the Sunday services, particularly at the special night service. Mrs. Louella Thompson of Dallas, sang, "The Holy City" at the night service.

COUNCIL WILL CALL ELECTION DURING WEEK

Calling of this year's municipal election, at which a mayor and two members of the city council will be elected, will be one of the actions before this week's meeting of the city council, either Monday night at the regular meeting, or an adjourned meeting later in the week. The election must be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April, and the call must be issued 30 days before. The next meeting of the council, on March 6, will not be 30 days exclusive before the April election, on April 4 this year.

Candidates must have their nomination petitions in by the end of this week, as the same 30-day period applies to the filing of nomination petitions. So far as known, no petitions have yet been filed with the city clerk.

SENATOR DAVIDSON TO ENTER THE RACE FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

MARSHALL, Texas, Feb. 26.—State Senator T. M. Davidson, has announced that he will enter the race for lieutenant governor, succeeding the present incumbent, Lynch Davidson, who has announced he will not be a candidate for re-election.

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