

San Antonio Express.

VOL. II.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FRIDAY, FEB. 21, 1868.

NO. 56.

Doctors.

DR. WEISSELBERG,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE, at Nettie's Drug Store,
On Commerce street,
San Antonio, Jan. 3rd, 1868. dwtif

DR. F. HERFF,
Respectfully announces to his friends that
he has resumed practice in the city.
Office, at Nettie's Drug store, on Commerce
street. (d&wif)

DR. NOHL,
CITY PHYSICIAN,
Residence opposite Orrell's east side of the
river.

Office hours before eight o'clock A. M.,
and from 2 to 4 P. M. (dec. 5 dw if)

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San
Antonio who wish to have medicine adminis-
tered according to the Homoeopathic Law of
cure.

Office on Main street, two doors west
of Post-Office. dly

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Ger-
many, and having done business as such with
good success for long years, I solicit the patron-
age of the public of San Antonio and its neigh-
borhood, and promise to justify the confidence
which the public may place in me.

My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's
Bakery.

MARY KLAEBE,
San Antonio, August 30, 1866. no49-4f

MRS. ECKEL,
Graduate of "Marburg Institute Europe,"
offers her services to the people of San Antonio
as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in
this service renders her one of the best pro-
fessionals.

Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of
Mr. William Elliot. 6-ly.

Lawyers.

S. G. NEWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
414-3ndwif SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

W. B. LEIGH, A. DITTMAR

LEIGH & DITTMAR,

LAWYERS,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

OFFICE FRANK'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.

147dwif

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,

Notaries Public,

COMMERCIAL STREET,

Two doors east of Nettie's Drug Store,

reply 5

M. H. BOWERS, A. S. WALKER

BOWERS & WALKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office—Congress Avenue,

(no. 11-ly) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Prompt Attention to Business.

May 17, 1866. no34ly

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.

FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!

Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her

friends to the extra facilities for travelers with

teams. Attached to her house is a spacious

yard fronting on the river, where any quanti-

ty of stock can be secured.

Commerce street, San Antonio. dltf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

Galveston, Texas.

M. F. THOMPSON,

Proprietor.

THE TARDE HOUSE,

CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.

The above named well-known Hotel is

open for the accommodation of the traveling

or pleasure-seeking public. The arrange-

ments are complete throughout, and no pains

are spared to make guests comfortable. To

those who seek a quiet and elegant home in

the country, this Hotel will suit them to a

charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has

no rival in the State. Y. TARDE.

1214f

STEVEN'S HOUSE,

21, 23 & 27 Broadway, N. Y.

Opposite Bowling Green,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The Stevens House is well and widely known

to the traveling public. The location is es-

pecially suitable to merchants and business

men; it is in close proximity to the business

part of the city—is on the highway of South-

ern and Western travel—and adjacent to all

the principal railroad and steamboat depots.

The Stevens House has liberal accommo-

Cards of City Merchants.

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Dry-Goods and Groceries,

HATS.

SHOES.

CROCKERY.

NOTIONS.

San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 1134f

PHILIP CONRAD,

Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress

Maker and Upholsterer.

MAIN STREET,

Opposite Zork & Griesenbeck.

Keeps constantly on hand a full assort-

ment of Mattresses; and offers his services

for repairing furniture, paper hanging, cur-

tain hanging, and carpeting.

San Antonio, May 6th. dly

WULFF & SHETELIG,

Importers

General Commercial Agents,

CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,

Mexico, Texas,

Cor. Alamo & North streets

A. STAACKE,

AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF

Wilson, Childs & Co.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Orders for any kind of their work solicited.

San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

Gauhrs.

J. S. Lockwood,

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

on Commerce street,

opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,

San Antonio.

Currency and Exchange bought and

sold; Collections made on all accessible

points. 80 if

E. A. FLORIAN,

INSURANCE AGENT,

No. 3, French's Building,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Capital Represented,

\$9,000,000 d3m

FOCKE & WILKENS,

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission Merchants,

OSTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.

Exchange on New Orleans, New York,

London, and Hamburg. jan8ly

ALBERT TURPE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.

The highest Cash Price paid for

Hid. sep174f

EMPIRE

Shuttle Sewing Machines.

ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

Ranging from \$15 to \$24 per Dozen.

Also, fine German Wines, such as

—CONSISTING OF—

FOR FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING

PURPOSES.

Agents wanted. Address, EMPIRE'S M. CO

618 Broadway, New York

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Boots and Shoes,

No. 53 Chambers Street,

sep21w6m NEW YORK.

CONRAD HUBERICK,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

Alamo Plaza, opposite Manger Hotel

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

LIQUORS, TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HARD

WARE AND PRESSED

TIN-WARE,

EARTHEN AND WOODEN WARE,

&c., &c., &c. [w37

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY,

Shippers and Dealers in

New York Cards.

R. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of

French, English & German

FANCY GOODS.

4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway

NEW YORK.

August 2^d [no48ly.]

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,

DRY GOODS,

350 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

Flannels, Hosiery,

Gloves, Dress Shirts,

Collars and Ties,

Ribbons, Laces,

Skirt Brails,

Lace Articles,

Dress Goods, Silks,

White Goods,

Linen Goods,

Embroideries,

English Crapes,

Shawls,

Cloaks,

Yankee Notions etc., etc., etc. 17septf

CONKLIN & DAVIS,

SUCCESSORS TO

J. CONKLIN & CO.,

GROCERS.

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 94 Front street,

New York. je28

G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGHT.

SCHMIT & VOIGHT,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,

GALVESTON. NEW YORK.

August 23. [no48-ly.]

BURTIS & FRENCH,

Importers and Jobbers of

CROCKERY,

CHINA AND GLASS WARE,

No. 12 Barclay street,

(Four doors below Astor House.)

je28ly.] New York.

BOGERT & OAKLEY,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

American, English, German, & French

Hardware,

Cutlery,

Guns, &c.,

89 Pearl street, and 56 S one street,

NEW YORK.

Orders promptly executed at lowest

prices. No Travelers or Drummers em-

ployed. All goods bearing our stamp war-

anted extra quality. sep5 6m

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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Indianola, Lavaca & Alletown.

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

Wholesale Grocers,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants

And Dealers in Hardware.

Liberal advances made on consign-

ments of Country Produce. [ly9

G. W. WARE & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

Hides, Wool, &c.,

LAVACA, TEXAS.

REFERENCES:

Frazier, Major & Co., New York.

Canal Bank, New Orleans.

W. H. H. Withersall, Esq., New Orleans.

William Chrysler, San Antonio.

National Bank of Texas, Galveston.

Heyck & Helfferich, Lavaca.

Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianola.

dec 10dly1

A. C. M'NEELY, CHARLES MAISON,

late of Walker's Div. = of the Terry Ran.

McNEENEY & HAIGNE,

Receiving, Forwarding

General Commission Merchants,

ALLEXTON, TEXAS.

We cheerfully recommend this firm as being

prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.

10 A. H. ENY, Galveston, Texas.

J. E. COWEN,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER

OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

STAND,

GALVESTON, Texas.

Particular attention to filling orders, accom-

panied by cash or produce. 1281f

Civil Law in Texas.

[From the Houston Journal.]

From Major Will Lambert, who has
just returned from above, we have the
following particulars of a difficulty which
occurred at Navasota, on Tuesday, the
11th instant:

Captain H. Clay Sarey, of the law firm
of Sarey, Boon & Bassett, was in the
barber shop shaving, when a man of the
name of McKinney, a horse drover from
Goliad county, came in, and commenced
a conversation with the barber after the
following style:

"Barber, that's a d—n fine looking
man you are shaving—has a d—n fine
head—looks like a lawyer or doctor. I
expect he has a d—n sight of money; I
with quite a number of profane and vul-
gar remarks too obscene to mention.

Captain Sarey, after bearing patiently
this abuse for some length of time, turned
and remarked:

"I am a stranger to you, sir; but it
matters not whether I am a lawyer or
doctor and have money; this is some-

thing in which you are not interested."
McKinney, having a Mexican blanket
over his shoulders, put his hand under
the blanket, cocked his pistol, and walked
in front of Sarey, in a threatening atti-
tude, saying he would shoot any d—d
man who set in a barber's chair.

Sarey arose from his seat without re-
plying, wiped the soap from his face, and
left the room.

A partner of McKinney's, standing
by, said: "Mac, I know that man
Sarey; he is a brave man, and you may
expect a fight."

McKinney took the chair, with his pis-
tol drawn, pointed towards the door.

Sarey soon returned with a shot-gun,

walked into the door, and remarked:

"Now, my friend—"

McKinney fired as he said this, the

ball taking effect over Sarey's right eye,

and coming out behind his right ear.

He fell on the pavement, out of the door,

raised himself to his feet, and got his

gun in shooting position, but fell before

he could fire. He was borne to the

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States.
Official Journal of Bexar County and City of San Antonio.

W. S. MOORE, A. SIEMERING, J. F. NEWCOMB,
A. Siemering & Co., Publishers.

FRIDAY, FEB. 21, 1868.

Copies of the Weekly Express for sale at Gamble's and Slocum's Book Store, containing as much reading matter as the N. Y. Ledger.

OUR FACILITIES.

The Daily Express has grown with the most wonderful rapidity known in newspaper enterprise, with daily dispatches from all parts of the world, and correspondents in the principal cities of the United States and Europe. It is the most valuable outlet of enterprising Journalism.

OUR WEEKLY EXPRESS.

A splendid eight page forty column paper, containing less advertising and more reading matter than any paper of its size in the country. We have never found it necessary to appeal to the friends of the Union to support this Journal, as its merits have been acknowledged at home and abroad, having subscribers and correspondents in twenty-three States of the Union and in Europe. Every town and every Postoffice neighborhood in Texas, should receive a Club of the Weekly Express. It is to the interest of all peace loving citizens to scatter broad cast throughout the State the truths in its columns. To do this, let every reader induce his neighbor to subscribe, after reading his paper, each subscriber can do his paper up and forward it to a loyal friend who will raise a Club in a region where the paper is now unknown.

Terms of Subscription:

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All communications for publication should be addressed, Editor Express, San Antonio, Texas.
All business communications should be addressed
A. SIEMERING & CO.,
San Antonio, Texas.

RELIEF.

The persecutions that our loyal people of the frontier have suffered from rebels within, during the past six years, and the ravages and depredations perpetrated by the savages from the outside, present an array of incidents in real life, that if written by Wilkie Collins, would place the most sensational characters in Armadale, high up among the long list of philanthropists. The causes for these defenceless loyal citizens being left to the mercy of the savages, wholly devoid of human instincts, and who delight to revel in the rich warm blood of defenceless women and helpless children, for two years past, may have been unavoidable. In any event, recrimination will not bring back to heart broken relatives, the dear ones who have been torn from their fire-sides and suffered torturing deaths past belief, in their harrowing details, save to the eye witness.

The future of Texas demands a change in our administration. In place of a farcical civil administration, which is a mere puppet in the hands of an inexperienced Military Commander, we want a stable organization, fresh from the people, responsible to those who are to be benefitted, and who, under the guidance of the laws, will take the State from anarchy to a condition of peace and safety.

The responsibility for our condition will rest, from this out, with the Military Commander of the 5th Military District, who by promptly ordering the meeting of the Convention—providing it is elected—will throw the responsibility upon that body. The duty of the Convention is plain and simple; ten other Southern States have held Conventions and framed constitutions in accordance with the requirements of the reconstruction laws. Our Convention needs but to make such additions to the examples given them, as are necessary for our special requirements, and after being put in grammatical shape and legal verbiage, by the committee on style, submit them to the people for ratification. The people are not in a mood to listen to long winded speeches and flowery perorations, and the man who attempts to waste the time of the Convention in this manner, will find himself—not the leader.

In one month's time, the Convention may, by proper expedition, be able to submit the Constitution to the people, who, at the same ballot, will select State officers and Legislature; and before the expiration of the first half of '68, the State may put into the field a loyal Militia that

will more than replace the Military, and the latter can be used entirely in defence of the frontier against the savages. Experience teaches us that when a military officer is thrown into a community for the protection of the poor loyalist, white or black, and that officer is entrapped by the honied words of fair rebels, or the sweet wines of ex-cotton speculators, the poor, down trodden laborer finds an additional weight to the mill-stone, against which there is no appeal and no relief, save the casualties of the military service that takes his oppressor to another field.

When the military are once relieved of civil functions which they detest, and are replaced by a militia organization, a recreant officer of the latter service may be gotten rid of instantly by a proper appeal to the Governor, and such outlawed murderers as the Taylor gang, who boldly visit towns within a few miles of Military Posts, can be hunted out of their lairs and brought to summary justice. Until this is done, and not till then, may we be able to invite immigration to a peaceful State.

OUR COURSE.

We have fought the first battle in this region, on the reconstruction question and have won a glorious victory. In the heat of battle it was our imperative duty to tell many unpalatable truths that smacked of personalities. Now that the campaign is over we shall drop all attacks of this nature, and devote our columns to the interest of the State in general and San Antonio and the West in particular. In doing this we need not, nor do we intend, to swerve from our past course, we shall fully maintain our political principles and stand ready to take up the gauntlet whenever the interest of the Union requires it. We shall pay no attention to personalities from others and close our paper against them unless they are of such a nature as to impair the influence and welfare of the people.

WALL.

This murderer is still in the custody of the Mexican authorities, at Piedras Nuevas, although we received positive information that he had again escaped. We now learn that the report of his escape was purposely set afloat by his friends as a feeler, to ascertain what the feeling would be in case the Mexican authorities should set him free.

Soon after the false report of his escape, the Alcalde of Piedras Nuevas announced his intention to investigate the legality of Wall's arrest and detention by them. It seems that the first arrest on Mexican soil was without authority from the Governor of Texas; but before the Alcalde ascertained this fact, the indefatigable Judge of the 18th Judicial District—Noonan—obtained a requisition from the Capital at Austin upon the Governor of Coahuila, and served it. This fixed the responsibility upon the Mexican authorities, and Judge Noonan, in his reply to the Piedras Nuevas authorities, respectfully but firmly informed them that the highest authorities of Coahuila had spoken, and they had no discretion in the matter except to obey the demand of Governor Pease.

The legitimate result of the murder of Hon. R. W. Black may be seen in the result of the election in Uvalde county—always a Union stronghold; it gave a majority in the late election for the murderers' ticket, for the first time in its history, except in rebel reign; and could the feeling of those who voted the rebel ticket be ascertained, they would undoubtedly attempt to justify the cold-blooded act of Wall.

FRONTIER SPORTS.

It is not generally known that the frontier counties of Gillespie, Kerr, Kendall, Llano and others, abound in beautiful, clear mountain streams, and that these streams are alive with a fine fish as the world boasts; yet this is strictly true. These brooks and streamlets are tributaries to the Colorado and Guadalupe Rivers; they are skirted by cozy dales and rich bottom lands that make the finest wheat or fruit-producing lands in the world.

The trout in these streams are formed and speckled very similar to the brook trout of New England; they are blessed with the same rich, juicy flavor, and as few small bones; they bite at bait on fly-hooks with the same avidity, and, with the exception of size, would pass with professional sportsmen as the same. The Texas trout will weigh on an average 12 pounds, sometimes running as

high as 34 pounds; whereas the Eastern trout rarely aspires to a pound and a half. There are many varieties of fish, such as the perch, bass, etc., which are foolish enough to be taken in by the amateur sportsman.

Game is bountiful, also. Turkeys roam over the mountains and in the valleys in great droves, as it were; while deer, antelope, and other quadrupeds are the lords of the plains.

ALL HAIL YORKTOWN.

On the 13th inst., Buck Taylor and his murdering gang rode into Yorktown, Dewitt county, and while unconsciously parading around in their usual overbearing style the citizens quietly organized and advanced upon them with a view to make captives of them, suspecting the facts the whole gang started off when the citizens fired several volleys at them. The outlaws became completely demoralized and scattered in every direction riding at full speed on their blooded horses. Some of them were seen several miles off, still riding at a break-neck gait.

Our citizens are now all going to the coast by way of Columbus to avoid any encounter with these ruffians, and unless the citizens of other towns on the Indianola route follow the example of Yorktown, they will soon find themselves deserted by Commerce.

ALABAMA.—It seems the telegrams announcing the adoption of the Constitution of this State were premature although nine-tenths of the votes cast were in favor of the Constitution. The rebels remained away and thus prevented a majority of the total registered votes from being polled. They had the benefit of careless Union voters who remained at home as much as if they had voted the rebel ticket.

The passage of Mr. Bingham's Alabama resolution will remedy the evil.

TEXAS.—The dispatches of yesterday, show that Mr. Stevens has not forgotten Texas, and the probabilities are we will be divided into more States than we wish. If we can organize a radical Convention it would be better to let us remain in our present condition until a State Government is organized and a militia sent into the East to enable the loyalists of that region to throw off the rebel yoke now keeping them down.

McLennan County Radical.

We have just received a report from Waco and the vote stands
Union, 1113
Rebel, 86
Registered voters, 1883
Judge A. J. Evans of good old South Carolina blood, and Calhoun energy, leads the list of Union candidates, and W. E. Oakes and Nathan Potter, equally uncompromising Radicals, are but six votes behind. Waco is the outpost of eastern Texas and she sends us the forerunner of new hope for that much-abused region.

The candidates are old residents of Texas, one of them a Captain in the Union ranks during the war, and all of them are so thoroughly pledged to reconstruction, that there is no doubt in the minds of rebels what their action will be in the Convention.

This charade is amusing the English people:
"When first makes my second he calls himself my whole." And the answer is Pat-riot.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Postoffice, at San Antonio, up to the 20th day of February, 1868.

Published by Official Authority.
Aldogan, W. A. Morris, Dan
Anderson, Mrs. L. E. Morris, Joe
Akin, Charles B. McWilliams, John M.
Butler, Mrs. Harriett A. Meyers, Mrs. Ellen
Brown, George W. Maraden, George
Reynolds, Mrs. Caroline W. Miller Wm
Blackman, Levi Nolan, Henry
Childers, Aaron Petty, Joe
Crockett, David Prewitt, William A.
Crawford, John C. Prewitt, Anderson
Clark, Washington Rogers, Ransom
Denson, James Richardson, David
Dorsey, Mrs. Feland Rivers, Lilo
Fox, Mrs. Rebecca Reed, Jesse W.
Farrell, James Rice, H. T.
Gentil, Theodore Richardson, Charles
Grant, R. S. Strickland, John M.
Graham, James A. Strickland, G. W.
Graham, F. L. Stancanepiano, Miss D.
Grant, Francis Sapp, Obidiah
Hay, Thomas T. Shultz, Mrs. E. E.
Harris, Simon Thomas, A.
Hergat, William Will, Andrew
Hodnett, John P. Wetherbee, Asa
Hill, J. C. Williams, Ed.
Holland, John T. Williams, Ben F.
Hamilton, Miss Elizabeth Watkins, J. G.
Hamby, E. M. Williams, Miss Mary
Johnson, Miss Mary Wilds, Mr.
Jones, Dr. Chas. G. Winnet, F. H.
Jones, Mrs. Elizabeth Wicks, Maj. Geo. W.
Knight, James E. Whitehead, Henry J.
Langley, T. J. Wagner, Miss F. A.
S. P. GAMBIA, P. M.

Subscribe for the Express during the session of Congress and keep posted in current news.

New Advertisements.

Headquarters, District of Texas, Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands.

Office A. A. Q. M. and Disbursing Officer, Austin, Texas, February 15th, 1868.

In compliance with directions from the Commission Bureau R. F. and A. L., I shall sell at Public Auction, at the office of the Bureau R. F. and A. L., at Waco, Texas, on the 17th day of March, 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the property held by the United States near the city of Waco, McLennan county, Texas, known as the Waco Factory, including all and singular, the Buildings, Tenements, Lands or Hereditaments therein pertaining; also one Steam Engine and Boiler, Wheat-rock, Bolting cloths, etc., one set of Corn rocks; two carding engines and one Ficker.

Detailed description of the property can be obtained at the Office of the Bureau R. F. and A. L. at Austin and Waco, Texas.

Terms—Cash. C. S. ROBERTS, Bvt. Capt. U. S. A., A. A. Q. M. & D. O. Feb 21st 1868. Dist. of Texas.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,

DEALERS IN

PIPES. CIGARS. TORRICO. GLASSWARE. FANCY GOODS. TOYS. MOULDINGS. PICTURES AND STATIONERY. NEWSPAPER AGENTS. Gas Burners for Kerosene Lamps. Feb 17th

TO THE TAX-PAYERS OF BEXAR COUNTY.

ASSESSOR & COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, San Antonio, Feb. 15, 1868. The undersigned Calisto Nunez, having been appointed Assessor and Collector for this county, hereby gives notice that he has entered upon the duties of his office and expects all Tax-payers to come forward and pay their dues. Office at D. Rossy's store, near the Court-house, and open from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M. CALISTO NUNEZ, Assessor & Collector, Bexar Co. By E. MONDRAGON, Deput. Ass. & Coll. B. Co. Feb 14th 1868.

GREAT DISCOVERY.

Every Man his own Artist. A SCIENTIFIC WONDER. An instrument by which any person can take correct Likenesses or Photographs. This instrument with full instructions sent by mail for one dollar. Address, G. B. AMES & Co., 181 Broadway, N. Y. Feb 14th 1868.

WANTED!! 300 Horses, broken and unbroken. ADAMS & WICKES. Feb. 7th 1868. San Antonio.

Drs. KINGSBURY & BERNDON,

SURGEON DENTISTS, Office at Dr. K's old stand, near French's Building, San Antonio. Jan 29th

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Mr. C. F. Viereck is authorized to sign my name for me during my absence. A. HARTMANN, San Antonio, Jan. 16, 1868. Jlf

NOTICE.

Mrs. C. T. Jones wishes to inform her friends that she will commence giving lessons on the Piano Forte and Singing, on the 1st of February, and desires a share of their patronage. To be in at the residence of A. W. Briggs, Col. Newton's house. Jan 30th 1868

The State of Texas, County of Bexar.

In County Court for Settlement of Estates, &c., January Term, 1868.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Johanna Richter, deceased.

Ernest Richter, administrator of the Estate of Johanna Richter, deceased, having filed his final account and statement as such administrator, in the Hon. County Court for settlement of Estates, &c., of said county, and applied for and obtained allowance and partition, &c., of said estate, among the legal heirs and for discharge. You are hereby notified to be and appear at the February Term, 1868, of said Court, to be holden on Monday the 24th day of said month, at the Court-house of said County, in the City of San Antonio, to show cause if any you can, why said account should not be audited and allowed, and said administrator discharged, and to do and suffer such other things as the Court may then and there order and decree in the premises.

Witness, Peyton Smythe, County Clerk of said County and Seal of said Court at office in San Antonio, this 28th day of January, A. D. 1868.

PEYTON SMYTHE, C. C. B. Co. By H. MacCormack, Deput. Jan 29th 1868

TURNER HALL.

Billiard Saloon and Bar-Room, Main Street, near the Bridge.

The undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have added another fine Marble Billiard Table (of H. Klatte) to their Saloon, also a Jenny Lind Table. They always keep on hand the finest of Liquors, Wines, Segars, &c., &c. HAUENSEN & PIPER. Jan 31st 1868

MADAME GARNIER REWARD.

Has the honor to announce to the citizens of San Antonio, that she has opened a school to teach the French language, also to instruct in dress making and embroidery. Persons who will favor her with their patronage, may convince themselves in advance, of good results. Residence, Alamo street, opposite Voltman's. Jan 15th

BELL & BROS.

DEALERS IN Jewels, Silver-ware, Plated-ware, Diamond Goods, American and European Watches and Clocks, Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind, Gold and Silver Trinkets, Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable for the aged or near-sighted. Engravers and Manufacturers OF ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, repaired and warranted. Orders Filled Promptly. Main Street, Five doors east of Main Plaza, Opposite their Old Stand. San Antonio, Texas. March 20, 1866

R. FRIEDLANDER, L. HAMMERSHEIM, C. F. FISH, New York. San Antonio.

AUCTION HOUSE

—OF— David Friedlander & Co., G. F. DEVINE'S OLD STAND, East Side of Main Plaza, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Daily Sales of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of every description. Consignments respectfully solicited from home and abroad. To Consignors from abroad we furnish worthy references in New York, New Orleans, and the principal cities of Texas. 163m

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

ONLY ONE WORD!

H. GRENET,

Respectfully invites City and Country Merchants and the Public generally to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. BY DOING SO THEY WILL FIND GREAT INDUCEMENTS to their advantage. EVERY ARTICLE IS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

A. NETTE,

Has just received a large stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES, and SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS. In fact all the leading articles, such as PATENT MEDICINES, that are usually kept in a First Class Drug Store.

The stock being selected by himself off his mark— 41-11

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

COUNTY OF BEXAR.

In County Court for Settlement of Estates, &c., January Term, 1868.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Bernhard Richter, deceased.

Ernest Richter, administrator of the estate of Bernhard Richter, deceased, having filed his final account and statement as such administrator, in the Hon. County Court for settlement of Estates, &c., of said county and applied for and obtained allowance and partition, &c., of said estate, among the legal heirs, and for discharge. You are hereby notified to be and appear at the February Term, 1868, of said Court, to be holden on Monday the 24th day of said month, at the Court-house of said County, in the City of San Antonio, to show cause, if any you can, why said account should not be audited and allowed, and said administrator discharged, and to do and suffer such other things as the Court may then and there order and decree in the premises.

Witness, Peyton Smythe, County Clerk of said County and Seal of said Court, at office in San Antonio, this 28th day of January, A. D. 1868.

PEYTON SMYTHE, C. C. B. Co. By H. MacCormack, Deput. Jan 29th 1868

10,000 VINE CUTTINGS,

(DIFFERENT KINDS.) Just arrived in sound condition from the principal Vineyards of Southern France, and for sale by E. PENTENRIEUX. PRICES:—50 Cuttings, \$2 00 100 " 3 00 500 " 15 00 1000 " 15 00 Jan. 29th 1868

RESTAURANT.

R. McDONALD would respectfully notify the old patrons of

Whitehead's Restaurant, that he has located that establishment and will keep constantly on hand the choicest viands to be found in this market.

Don't forget Judge Whitehead's stand on the Main Plaza, Jan. 30, 1868. (dit)

MEYER, SAWYER & CO.,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Main Plaza and Solid Street, next to the Plaza House.

A good yard for stock in connection with the premises.

Sale days—Monday's, Wednesday's and Saturday's. (Jan 7th

Local Intelligence.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

ALLEYTON.

ARRIVE. DEPART.
Daily except Tuesday. Daily ex. Sunday
at 1 P. M. at 1 P. M.

VICTORIA.

Sunday 8 P. M. Tuesday 6 A. M.
Wednesday 8 P. M. Thursday 6 A. M.
Friday 8 P. M. Saturday 6 A. M.

WACO.

Monday 5 A. M. Thursday 5 A. M.
Tuesday 5 A. M. Friday 5 A. M.
Wednesday 5 A. M. Saturday 5 A. M.

FREDERICKSBURG.

Tuesday 6 P. M. Thursday 6 A. M.
Friday 6 P. M. Saturday 6 A. M.

COLEUS CHRISTI.

Wednesday 6 P. M. Thursday 6 A. M.

LAREDO.

Thursday 6 P. M. Monday 6 A. M.

EL PASO.

Saturday 6 P. M. Monday 6 A. M.

Through mails via Galveston leave daily at 12-30 P. M. All mails going out in the morning will be closed at 9 o'clock of the evening before. Mail matter intended for such routes as leave in the morning, must be deposited in the Post office by 9 o'clock, P. M., or remain over until the next regular time of leaving.

S. P. GAMMA, P. M.
Per JOHNSON, Dept.

CELEBRATION.—The Programme of the procession to-morrow, is to be in the general order as laid down in printed instructions. The announcement of two Grand Marshals was unintentional. Mr. Walker is the Marshal of the Union League and each separate organization is expected to have a Marshal who will report to Major Moore, the Grand Marshal, at 7 o'clock, A. M., on the Alamo Plaza.

MUSIC.—The Military Band, and such other music as can be obtained, will be in the procession to-morrow. It is impossible to have too many flags along, and it is hoped every flag in the city will be present in the line.

SENATE, Feb. 5.—Mr. Morton introduced a bill to remove the disabilities of Thomas J. Swan. Also, a bill to constitute San Antonio, Texas, a post of delivery.

RATS.—We saw yesterday a trap containing about twenty rats all about the same size and apparently half grown; the merchant had set the trap in a convenient place for his catch, and baited it with a nice piece of fresh beef, the places of entrance to the trap is a nice tapering hole of woven wire large and smooth at the outer end, and small, sharp and jagged at the inner end; the rat forces himself in without pain but when he attempts to leave the sharp points of the wire pierce his flesh and make escape impossible.

This trap is very much after the style of the gambling hell, at the entrance the young man is met with winning smiles and flattering attentions he is allured by the tempting bait and when it is too late he is himself entrapped in a burning cage with no escape save into the jaws of the dogs of justice who place him beyond the possibility of further mischief to others.

AN OLD PATRIOT.—The venerable Samuel Bell has volunteered his services to carry the flag, that he preserved through the whole war in the midst of treason and murder, at the head of the Alamo Lodge, Union League of America, in the procession to-morrow. Let the example of this noble Old Patriot encourage us to fulfill our duty.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.—That the sun moves upon its orbits and the San Antonio River flows down stream notwithstanding the fact that the people of Texas have thrown aside the professional thieves who have governed Texas for twenty years and pocketed the money that should have griddoned our State with railroads, and placed a thousand beautiful school houses in her borders.

CORRECTION.—The leading of our dispatches as "special to the Express" yesterday, was an oversight of our foreman. We are glad to make due acknowledgement to our cotemporary, for all favors.

ANOTHER KNIGHT OF THE ROAD.—Sharp who escaped from the San Antonio Jail some weeks ago is now a member of Buck Taylor's party, and is probably wearing a splendid diamond stud and such other nice things as young girls delight to read of the "Dick Turpins" of novels.

NEW GOODS.—Messrs. Hertzberg & Simon are offering a rich assortment of fancy goods to their customers. They are the agents for the sale of the "only kerocine burners yet proven a success," see card.

SCHOOLS.—It is gratifying to know that the schools in our city are growing with great rapidity under the control of private enterprise, and that the children are enabled to enjoy the advantages of learning at a very slight cost to the parents.

We learn with regret that the Bureau has suspended all payments to teachers of the colored schools, and they have been self-supporting since the 1st day of December. This renders education among the freed people exceedingly difficult, as teachers cannot live without bread, and these people are too poor to supply them.

NEW GOODS.—Our merchants are all talking of their new goods, now on the way from Eastern markets. It is a lamentable fact that a train from Indianapolis, a distance of 150 miles, has been out twenty-eight days. We have been unable to learn whether the delay is on the Mexican Gulf and San Antonio Railroad, or on the wagon road.

MAYOR'S COURT.

Yesterday was a lively day in the halls of justice. The first case tried was F. Deittler, keeper of a public coffee stand, who was arraigned for refusing a colored man refreshment, in abusive and grossly improper language. Mr. D. was fined \$10 and costs for his oaths and epithets. Josephine Prior, for abusive language; paid \$10 and costs.

The Police force were called upon in great haste on Wednesday afternoon, to suppress a row that amounted almost to a riot, among the occupants of the old "O'Det House," which has become a mere den of prostitutes. Stones and clubs were used freely, and in the melee several women were severely bruised. The police arrested Georgiana Lopez, Riquinta Alvera, and Alcaria Acost. The two former are in jail for three days; the latter paid \$5 and costs, and left.

The cases against Braden, and Howard & Giner, for neglecting to obtain licenses, &c., were dismissed.

SPECULATION.—Attention is called to the advertisement of Captain Roberts, A. Q. M., who proposes to sell the valuable property, in Waco, known as the "Waco Factory" with all its machinery, this is a rare chance for the capitalist.

THOMPSON'S COLT.—Everybody has heard that Thompson's colt was voted to be a fool because he swam across the river to get a drink. We saw a party of gentlemen cross the river in a boat, yesterday morning, and land in rear of Masonic Hall. Whether they went across to obtain a drink, the deponent sayeth not.

ALABAMA.—The despatches to-day indicate that Congress will not compel that State to go to the expense of a hundred thousand dollars to get up another Convention, but will pass a supplementary Act, permitting her to take her place on the vote already cast.

General Sherman has acted gallantly in gently hinting to Andy that he understood the desire of the apostate to get him breveted, and then assigns him in his brevet rank over Grant, for petty personal spite.

GONZALES.—This county, the very strong hold of bitter treason, has elected Mr. Weeks, a colored man, to the Convention. The pro-rebel vote amounted to but 260 in the entire county. All hail Gonzales.

One dollar will pay for a month's subscription for the Daily Express.

F. KALTEYER, APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST, Presidio St., near the Court-house, SAN ANTONIO.

Has just received direct from Europe, a well selected supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, etc., etc.

Among others—

English Calomel,

English Mustard,

Citric Acid,

Acetic Acid,

Oil of Bergamot,

Oil of Lemon,

Lint, &c., &c.

Superior Steel Pens and Pen Holders,

Trusses,

Syringes, of

Block Tin,

Glass, and

India Rubber,

Capping Glasses,

Medicine Chests, Medical Saddle-bags, etc.

Genuine Eau de Cologne.

dec20d1-3m.

NORTON & DEUTZ.

Main Plaza, San Antonio,

DEALERS IN

Hardware,

Stoves, Agricultural Implements,

Woodenware, Window Glass, Paints

Oils, Leather, Arms and

(an 3-1f) GARDEN SEEDS.

SCHMITT & DUELER,

Commerce Street,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Wholesale Manufacturers

OF ALL KINDS OF

Crackers, Candles, Syrups,

AND

Confectioneries,

WEDDING AND BALL CAKES

Made to Order.

—ALSO—

A Select Assortment of

Fancy Groceries,

Such as

Can-Fruits, Jellies,

Preserves, Figs, &c.

Always on Hand.

San Antonio, Oct. 2, 1867. dtf

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical

and Miscellaneous Books:

Books, Stationery,

AND

NOTIONS,

AT

GAMBLE'S

BOOK STORE,

Commerce Street,

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH

SUPPLY OF

STATIONERY—

for Commercial purposes,

Ladies' Bath Gilt Note,

Octavo and Billet

Paper;

Lined Envelopes, &c., &c.;

Photographic Albums;

Portfolios;

Toilet Articles;

Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Ladies' Dress Buttons,

Visiting Cards, Spectacles,

Canes, Umbrellas,

and many other articles, too

numerous to mention.

Public Accommodations, &c., &c.

Books, Stationery, &c., &c.

Books, Stationery, &c., &c.

Books, Stationery, &c., &c.

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Books, Stationery, &c., &c.

Books, Stationery, &c., &c.

STOVES!



COOKING,

PARLOR,

AND BOX

STOVES!

Just received by

LEROUX & COSGROVE.

oct31dtf

ELMENDORF & CO.

Hardware Merchants.

MAIN PLAZA.

Have constantly on hand, and offer

for sale

English and American Cutlery,

Iron and Steel of all sizes,

Carpenters Tools,

Mill & Crosscut Saws of all sizes

Boring Machines,

Nails of all sizes,

Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc.

Door, Cabinet & Trunk Locks of all kinds,

Shoe Makers & Saddlers Tools & Trimmings,

Buckles, Rings, etc.,

Bridle Bits & Webbing,

Oil Cloth, Hames, Collars, etc.,

Tin, Rivets, & Kettle Coas, etc., etc.,

Steel Hoes and Agricultural Implements,

in general.

Landreth's Garden Seeds always on hand

And a general assortment of Hardware

Also: Paints, Oils, Turpentine & Glass;

Paint, Shoe & Clothes Brushes,

Petroleum & Lamps,

Colt's Army & Navy Sine Pistols,

Powder, Shot & Caps,

And all other articles in their line of

business at low prices.

Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's

also for Planer & Kayser's Sewing

Machines.

May 24th 1866. no35tf

Proposals for Erecting Pub-

lic Buildings for Wilson Co.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be

received at the office of the County Clerk of

Wilson county, in the town of Lodi, Wilson

county, on or before the 15th day of Feb-

ruary, 1868, for the erection of one Court

House, to be built of stone, of the following

dimensions, to wit: one story high and forty

five feet square. Each proposal must be ac-

companied with plan and specifications.

Payments to be made in Country Bonds; at

one, two, and three years, equal installments,

with ten per cent interest from date of com-

pletion. The successful bidder will be re-

quired to finish said structure on or before

September 1st, 1868, out of first class build-

ing material.

Proposals will be required to be accom-

panied by the names of two responsible citi-

zens and directed to the undersigned, at

Sutherland Springs, Wilson county, Texas.

W. LONGWORTH, Chief Justice.

J. C. COOK, Agents for the County.

Jan 12 dwt

B. OPPENHEIMER & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS

and Shoes, Hats, Hosiery, Gents'

Furnishing Goods, Notions, &c.

38 & 40 Commerce Street.

(Opposite the Foot Bridge).

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Jan 16dtf

N. L. McCREADY & COMPANY,

SHIPPING

Commission Merchants,

36 SOUTH STREET,

NEW YORK.

—AGENTS—

For the old line of direct packets to Lavaca

and Indianola, Texas. Receive and forward

goods to both points free of commissions and

insurance effected if desired sep24ly

G. E. JEFFERSON. DAN, MURPHY.

JEFFERSON & MURPHY

AUCTIONEERS,

AND

COMMERCIAL BROKERS,

Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

Respectfully Solicit Consignments.

Have abundant space for any quantity of

goods for

Auction, Private Sale or Storage.

Also, a large yard for Carriages, Wagons

Stock, &c.

Stock Auction every Saturday at 10

o'clock. Mules and Horses always on hand

for sale.

Cotton bought and sold.

Particular attention paid to the purchase

and sale of Real estate.

Also, to disposition of Bonded Ware

OFFICIAL.

LAW

UNITED STATES, Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-Seventh Congress.

TREATIES.

Postal Convention between the United States of America and the Republic of Mexico. Concluded at Mexico, December 11, 1861. Ratifications exchanged at Mexico, May 20, 1862. Proclaimed by the President of the United States, June 20, 1862.

By the President of the United States of America: A PROCLAMATION.

Article III. Upon all letters, newspapers, printed pamphlets, or other printed matter received in the United States of America from Mexico by sea, there will be charged by the United States such rates of inland postage as are now, or may hereafter be, established by the laws of the United States, which shall be collected at the place of destination, and shall belong exclusively to the United States of America, and vice versa, upon all letters, newspapers, printed pamphlets, or other printed matter received in Mexico from the United States of America by sea, there will be charged by Mexico such rates of inland postage as are now, or may hereafter be, established by the laws of Mexico, which shall be collected at the place of destination, and shall belong exclusively to Mexico.

Article IV. All letters, newspapers, printed pamphlets, or other printed matter in the United States of America, and addressed to any place in the United Mexican States or vice versa, when not conveyed by sea, shall be charged with the rate of inland postage of the country from which such mail matter is sent, which shall be prepaid, and with the inland postage of the country receiving, which shall be collected at the place of destination.

Such postage shall belong, respectively, to the country collecting the same.

Article V. All letters, newspapers, printed pamphlets, or other printed matter mailed in the one country for the other, or received in the one country from the other, whether by land or sea conveyance, shall be free from any detention or inspection whatever, and shall in the one case be forwarded by the most speedy means to their destination, and in the other be promptly delivered to the respective persons to whom they are addressed, being subject in their transmission to the laws and regulations of each country, respectively.

Article VI. So soon as steam or other mail packets, under the flag of either of the contracting parties, shall have commenced running between their respective ports of entry, whether under subvention from the United States or from Mexico, the contracting parties agree to receive at those ports all mail matter, and to forward it addressed, the destination being to some regular post office of either country, charging thereupon only the rates established by the present convention.

Mails for the United States of America shall be made up at regular intervals by the Mexican post office, and dispatched to ports of the United States; and, in the same manner, mails for Mexico shall be made up at regular intervals by the United States post office, and dispatched to ports in Mexico.

Article VII. The United Mexican States engage to grant to the United States of America the transit, in closed mails, free from any postage, duties, imposts, detention, or examination whatever, through the United Mexican States, or any of their possessions or territories, of letters, newspapers, printed pamphlets, or other printed matter, forwarded from the United States of America, or any of their possessions or territories, to any other possession or territory of the United States of America, or to any foreign country, or from any foreign country, or possession or territory of the United States of America, to the United States of America, their possessions or territories.

A mail agent of the United States of America shall be permitted to accompany the closed mails in their transit.

The United States of America, on their part, engage to grant to the United Mexican States the transit, in closed mails, free from any postage duties, imposts, detention, or examination whatever, through the United States of America, or any of their possessions or territories, of letters, newspapers, printed pamphlets, or other printed matter, forwarded from the United Mexican States, or any of their possessions or territories, to any other Mexican possession or territory, or to any foreign country, or from any foreign country, or Mexican possession or territory, to the United Mexican States, their possessions or territories.

A mail agent of Mexico shall be permitted to accompany the closed mails in their transit.

Article VIII. The means of making the transit of closed mails, under the stipulations of article seventh of the present Convention, shall be arranged between the general post office department of the two countries, subject to the approbation of each Government, respectively.

Article IX. In case of the misfortune of war between the two nations, the mail service of the two post offices shall continue without impediment or molestation until six weeks after a notification shall have been made on the part of either of the two Governments and delivered to the other, that the service is to be discontinued; and in such case the mail packets of the two countries shall be permitted to return freely, and under special protection, to their respective ports.

Article X. The respective post office regulations and rates of postage of each of the contracting parties shall be communicated to, and all matters of detail arising out of the stipulations of this convention shall be settled between the General Post Office Departments of the two republics as soon as possible after the exchange of the ratifications of the present convention.

It is also agreed that the measures of detail referred to in this article may be modified by the two General Post Office Departments whenever, by mutual consent, those Departments shall have decided that such modifications would be beneficial to the post office service of the two countries; and Mexico proposes, so soon as her means of internal transportation will permit to reduce her present rates of inland postage.

Article XI. The present convention shall continue in force until it shall be abrogated by the mutual consent of the two contracting parties, or until one of them shall have given twelve months' previous notice to the other of a desire to abrogate it.

Article XII. This convention shall be ratified in conformity with the constitution of the two countries, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at the city of Mexico within six months from the date hereof, or earlier if possible.

In witness whereof we, the Plenipotentiaries of the United States of America and of the United Mexican States, have signed and affixed these presents.

Done in the city of Mexico, on the eleventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty one, the eighty-sixth of the independence of the United States of America, and the forty first of that of the United Mexican States.

THOMAS CORWIN. [SEAL.]
SEBASTIAN LERDO DE TEJADA. [SEAL.]

And whereas the said convention has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged in the city of Mexico on the twentieth ultimo:

Now, therefore, be it known that I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States of America, have caused the said treaty to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this twentieth day of June, in the year [A. D.] of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-sixth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.
By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD,
Secretary of State.

Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United States and the Ottoman Empire. Concluded at Constantinople, February 25, 1862. Ratifications exchanged at Constantinople, June 5, 1862. Proclaimed by the President of the United States, July 2, 1862.

By the President of the United States of America: A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States of America and the Ottoman Empire was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries at Constantinople on the twenty-fifth day of February last, which treaty, in the English language, is word for word as follows:

Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United States of America and the Ottoman Empire.

The United States of America on the one part, and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan of the Ottoman Empire on the other part, being equally animated by the desire of extending the commercial relations between their respective countries, have agreed for this purpose, to conclude a treaty of commerce and navigation, and have named as their respective plenipotentiaries, that is to say: The President of the United States of America, Edward Joy Morris, minister resident at the Sublime Porte; and His Imperial Majesty the Sultan of the Ottoman Empire, his highness Hemed Emia Ali Pacha, minister of foreign affairs, decorated with the imperial orders of the Ottoman Empire in Brillants, Mejidieh, and order of Merit of the first Class, and the grand crosses of several foreign orders; who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

Article I. All rights, privileges and immunities, which have been conferred on the citizens or vessels of the United States of America by the treaty already existing between the United States of America and the Ottoman Empire, are confirmed, now and forever, with the exception of those clauses of the said treaty which it is the object of the present treaty to modify; and it is, moreover, expressly stipulated that all rights, privileges, or immunities, which the Sublime Porte now grants, or may hereafter grant to, or suffer to be enjoyed by the subjects, ships, commerce, or navigation of any other foreign power, shall be equally granted to and exercised and enjoyed by the citizens, vessels, commerce, and navigation of the United States of America.

Article II. The citizens of the United States of America, or their agent, shall be permitted to purchase, at all places in the Ottoman Empire and its possessions, (whether for the purpose of internal trade or of exportation,) all articles, without any exception whatsoever, the produce or manufacture of the said empire and possessions; and the Sublime Porte having, in virtue of the second article of the convention of commerce, of the 16th of August, 1838, with Great Britain, formally engaged to abolish all monopolies of agricultural produce, or of every other articles whatsoever, as well as all "permits" (tezkerehs) from the local governors, either for the purchase of any article, or for its removal from one place to another when purchased, any attempt to compel the citizens of the United States of America to receive such "permits" from the local governors shall be considered as an infraction of this treaty, and the Sublime Porte shall immediately punish with severity any viziers, or other officers, who shall have been guilty of such conduct, and shall render full justice to citizens of the United States of America for all losses of injuries which they may duly prove themselves to have suffered thereby.

Article III. If any articles of Ottoman produce or manufacture be purchased by citizens of the United States of America, or their agents, for the purpose of selling the same for internal consumption in Turkey, the said citizens, or their agents, shall pay at the purchase and sale of such articles, and in any manner of trade therein, the same duties that are paid in similar circumstances by the most favored class of Ottoman subjects, or of foreigners in the internal trade of the Ottoman Empire.

Article IV. No other or higher duties or charges shall be imposed in the dominions and possessions of either of the contracting parties, on the exportation of any article to the dominions and possessions of the other, than such as are or may be payable on the exportation of the like article to any other foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the exportation of any article from the dominions and possessions of either of the two contracting powers to the dominions and possessions of the other, which shall not equally extend to the exportation of the like article to any other country.

No charge or duty whatsoever will be demanded on any article of Ottoman produce or manufacture purchased by citizens of the United States of America, or their agents, either at the place where such article is purchased or in its transit from that place to the place whence it is exported; at which it will be subject to an export duty not exceeding eight per cent, calculated on the value at the place of shipment, and payable on exportation; and all articles which shall once have paid this duty shall not again be liable to the same duty, however they may have changed hands within any part of the Ottoman Empire.

It is furthermore agreed, that the duty of eight per cent, above mentioned will be annually reduced by one per cent, until it shall be, in this manner, finally reduced to a fixed duty of one per cent, ad valorem, destined to cover the general expenses of administration and control.

Article V. No other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the United States of America of any article the produce or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of either of the contracting parties, into the dominions and possessions of the other, which shall not equally extend to the importation of the like articles, being the produce of manufacture of any other country.

His Imperial Majesty further engages that, save as hereinafter excepted, he will not prohibit the importation into his dominions and possessions of any article the produce or manufacture of the United States of America, from whatever place arriving; and that the duty to be imposed on every article the produce or manufacture of the United States of America imported into the empire and possessions of His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, shall in no case exceed one fixed rate of eight per cent, ad valorem, or a specific duty, fixed by common consent, equivalent thereto. Such rate shall be calculated upon the value of such articles at the time of their being landed, if brought by sea, or at the first custom-house they may reach, if brought by land.

If these articles, after having paid the import duty of eight per cent, are sold either at the place of their arrival or in the interior of the country, neither the buyer nor the seller shall be charged with any further duty in respect to them; and if such articles should not be sold for consumption in the Ottoman Empire, but should be exported within the space of six months, the same shall be considered as merchandise in transit by land, and be treated as is stated hereinafter in Article XII. of this treaty; the administration of the customs being bound to restore, at the time of their re-exportation, to the merchant, who shall be required to furnish proof that the goods in question have paid the import duty of eight per cent, a certificate between the duty and the duty levied on goods in transit by land, as set forth in the article above cited.

Article VI. It is understood that any article the produce or manufacture of a foreign country intended for importation into the United States of America, or into the principalities of Servia, which shall pass through any other part of the Ottoman Empire, will not be liable to the payment of customs duty until it reaches those principalities; and on the other hand, that any article of foreign produce or manufacture passing through those principalities, but destined for some other part of the Ottoman Empire, will not be liable to the payment of customs duty until such article reaches the first custom-house under the direct administration of the Sublime Porte.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

DROVER'S COTTAGE, ABILENE, KANSAS.

W. K. MCCOY & BROTHERS,

Great Western Stock Yards, ABILENE, KANSAS.

J. G. MCCOY, Proprietor.

REFERENCES:

Miller & Howard, Bankers, Junction City, Kansas.
H. & Rice, Bankers, Junction City, Kan.
J. D. Perry, President U. P. Ry., E. D.
A. Anderson, Gen. Sup't " "
J. M. Webster, " " "
Marsh, Coffey & Co., Kansas City, Mo.
First National Bank, " "
R. J. Oglesby, Governor of Illinois.
Sharon Tyndale, Sec. of State, Illinois.
O. H. Nisner, Auditor of State, Illinois.
G. W. Smith, Treasurer of State, Illinois.
First National Bank, Springfield, Illinois.
Jacob R. Baker, " "
J. L. Lamb, " "
Thos. Conell, Pres't " "
Second National Bank, St. Louis, Mo.
Ninth National Bank, New York City.
J. G. Scammon & Son, Chicago, Ill.
J. F. McCoy, " "
Union Stock Yard, Springfield, Ill.
Chicago.
J. G. MCCOY, Abilene, Kansas.
Open September 5th, 1867.

McCoy Brothers, ABILENE, KANSAS.

Buy and sell Exchange on
CHICAGO, NEW YORK,
—AND—
ST. LOUIS.

J. F. McCoy, Springfield, Ills.
J. G. McCoy, Abilene, Kansas.
W. K. McCoy, Union Stock Yards, Chicago.
San Antonio, June 15-1867

Live Stock Dealers, ABILENE, KANSAS.

Buy, Ship, and Sell Live Stock on Commission.
Business closely attended to, and Remittances promptly made.

Grovesteen & Co., Piano Forte Manufacturers, 499 Broadway, NEW YORK.

These Pianos received the Highest Award of Merit at the World's Fair, over the best makers from London, Paris, Germany, the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston; also the Gold Medal at the American Institute, for Five Successive Years! Our Pianos contain the French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Overstrung Bass, Full Iron Frame, and all Modern Improvements. Every instrument warranted Five years. Made under the supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty-five years, and is the maker of over eleven thousand Piano Fortes. Our facilities for manufacturing enable us to sell these instruments from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any first class piano forte.

Cavalry Horses Wanted Immediately!

Two Hundred and Seventy-Seven Horses,
For which the highest prices in specie will be paid.

Said Horses must be sound in all particulars, well broken, in full flesh and good condition, from (15) fifteen to (16) sixteen hands high, from (5) five to (9) nine years old, and well adapted in every way to cavalry purposes.

For particulars apply at the Messrs. H. & R. W. PEAY,
San Antonio, Nov. 12, 1867.

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Wagon Factory,

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The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

Making & repairing of Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, &c. Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings, made to order and of the best material. Sawing and Planing of all kinds done to order. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Felloes, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts & Bows, kept for sale.

All Work executed upon the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Having had many years experience in the above business, he confidently relies upon giving entire satisfaction to his customers.

J. YATES BROWER, Proprietor.

SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK.

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DRY GOODS,

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CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

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