THE DAILY LIVE STOCK REPORTER'S MARKET REPORTS ARE OFFICIAL ACCURATE AND RELIABLE. SUBSCRIBE FOR IT AND KEEP UP WITH THE MARKET.

The Fort Worth Daily Live Stock Reporter.

VOL. VIII. NORTH FORT WORTH, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1904 NO. 10

LIVE STOCK MARKET

Today's Receipts of Cattle, 1,000, of Hogs 2,100.

FEEDERS STEADY, STRONG

Butcher Cows Slow to Steady. Calves Firm.

HOGS STEADY TO STRONG

So Far Receipts have Broken All Records.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	H.&M.
Today	1,000	2,100	101
Last month	1,862	1,0006	——
Last year	268	631	——

Official Receipts Yesterday.

Cattle	1,908
Hogs	1,198
Sheep	304
Horses	125

Today's Selling Prices.

CATTLE—Steers, top $3.30, bulk $3.10@3.15. Cows, top $2.35, bulk $1.75@2.25.
HOGS—Top $5, bulk $4.85@4.90.

THE CATTLE TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Steers—Choice fed	$3 50@4 00
Medium fed	3 00@3 50
Stockers and feeders	2 00@3 00
Yearlings	1 25@2 00
Cows—Choice heavy fed	2 25@3 00
Medium butcher	2 00@2 25
Light thin	1 75@2 00
Canners	1 00@1 75
Bulls, stags and oxen	1 50@3 00
Calves—Good to fancy veals	3 00@4 25
Common to fair	1 50@3 00

Receipts of cattle today were light. Twenty-four cars were in at the opening of the market, with about 700 head. Very few were reported, and total receipts for the day were estimated at 1,000, against 1,699 for last Thursday, 1,862 for the corresponding day last month, and 268 for the same day last year.

BEEF STEERS.

Only a few steers arrived, of from common to medium quality.

Local packers took a few of the most desirable cattle on a steady basis with yesterday, but the bulk of business was done among feeder buyers, and while in some cases salesmen were calling their sales of feeders strong, the general opinion centered on a steady basis.

Good to choice fed steers are quoted from $3.50@4.00, with medium fed $3.00@3.50, stockers and feeders $2.00@3.00, and yearlings $1.25@2.00.

Representative sales:

No.	Ave.	Price.
26	1038	3 30
18	988	3 25
13	720	3 20
16	773	3 15
1	700	3 15
43	874	3 10
46	865	3 10
23	864	3 10
2	1270	2 75
3	653	2 50
3	726	2 35
1	790	1 75
1	620	1 50
1	660	1 50

BUTCHER STOCK.

The supply of butcher stock was small and of medium quality.

Local buyers seemed to be in no hurry to take hold today and business dragged throughout the forenoon, but with no quotable change in prices. Outside butchers helped the dull conditions some on the late market, and a clearance was made in fairly good season.

Choice heavy fed cows are quoted from $2.25@3.00, medium butchers $2.00@2.25, cutters $1.75@2.00, and canners $1.00@1.75.

Very few bulls arrived and all offerings sold steady with yesterday at a range of from $2.00@2.50.

Bulls, stags and oxen are quoted from $1.50@3.00.

Cows.

1	1140	3 00
2	1000	2 50
1	1090	2 50
1	1290	2 50
1	1020	2 50
1	640	2 35
3	830	2 35
1	950	2 35
13	863	2 35
21	930	2 35
1	1030	2 25
9	761	2 25
1	840	2 25
2	740	2 25
29	840	2 25
42	798	2 20
24	665	2 15
2	685	2 15
24	802	2 15
18	732	2 15
5	820	2 10
4	880	2 10
29	788	2 10
26	762	2 10
1	900	2 10
1	860	2 00
3	787	2 00
1	830	2 00
11	753	2 00
3	1016	1 90
4	660	1 90
1	800	1 85
1	810	1 85
1	1020	1 85
2	665	1 85
1	800	1 80
1	690	1 80
25	762	1 80
17	836	1 80
1	560	1 75
7	778	1 75
7	857	1 75
2	830	1 75
29	676	1 75
1	580	1 75
3	790	1 60
22	693	1 55
1	570	1 50
22	720	1 50
2	740	1 25
1	770	1 25
1	740	1 25

Heifers.

1	990	2 50
1	810	2 35
2	640	2 35
8	656	2 35
2	790	2 25
19	657	2 25

Bulls.

1 stag	1440	3 20
3 stags	1156	3 20
6	1320	2 65
1	1010	2 35
1	1430	2 35
1	1210	2 35
1	1130	2 30
1	1010	2 25
2	1125	2 15
1	750	1 75
1	840	1 55
1	1150	1 55
5	1640	1 50
6	1073	1 45

CALVES.

Supplies of calves were small, with the demand firm and prices ruling strong on all grades.

Good to choice vealers are quoted from $3.00@4.50, common to fair kinds from $2.00@3.00.

2	80	5 00
2	135	4 00
1	230	3 00
1	110	3 00
9	388	2 50
13	273	2 50
5	244	2 50
16	413	2 35
6	328	2 25

THE HOG TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Choice sorted	$4 75@5 00
Mixed packers	4 65@4 90
Lights	4 65@4 85
Choice pigs	4 60@4 50
Stags and roughs	3 50@4 00

Another good run of hogs arrived today, making receipts so far this week about 6,600, over 1,000 more than were received for any one week since the opening of the yards.

Eighteen cars were in at the opening of the market, with about 1,450 head, but by noon ten more arrived, which, including a few wagon hogs, made total receipts close around 2,100, against 1,542 for last Thursday, 1,006 for the same Thursday last month, and 631 for the corresponding day one year ago.

Early arrivals included seven loads of Texas hogs and eleven from Territory points. Late arrivals were all from the Territory, and the quality was medium to good.

On the opening market bidding was a little weak, but local packers showed that they needed hogs, and when trading started the market had a good active tone, with sales generally on a steady basis.

There was a large number of pigs on the market, and as the demand calls for heavier hogs, they met a slack demand, but sold generally on a steady basis at a range of from $4.25@4.50.

The top today was $5 for 72 hogs averaging 243 lbs., with the bulk of sales at a range of from $4.85@4.90.

Choice sorted are quoted from $4.75@5.00, mixed packers $4.65@4.90, light grades $4.65@4.85, choice pigs $4.00@4.50, and boars, stags and roughs $3.50@4.00.

Representative sales:

Territory Hogs.

No.	Shrink.	Average.	Price.
3	.....	310	4 25
8	.....	126	4 30
2	.....	275	4 35
3	.....	183	4 50
6	.....	130	4 50
17	.....	125	4 60
14	.....	143	4 60
12	.....	141	4 60
34	.....	186	4 80
98	.....	203	4 80
79	.....	225	4 85
89	.....	206	4 85
46	.....	192	4 85
91	120	207	4 85
75	.....	219	4 87½
79	.....	201	4 90
75	.....	197	4 90
1	.....	300	4 90
75	.....	230	4 92½
46	.....	229	4 95
72	.....	243	5 00
Pigs.			
38	.....	133	4 25
42	.....	108	4 25
22	.....	102	4 30
20	.....	124	4 50
Texas Hogs.			
3	.....	226	3 50
1	.....	300	3 50
42	.....	195	4 55
17	.....	135	4 55
59	.....	166	4 55
66	.....	206	4 70
65	.....	221	4 70
76	.....	209	4 70
72	.....	220	4 70
Wagon Hogs.			
1	.....	440	4 30

THE SHEEP TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Lambs	3 50@4 50
Wethers	3 50@4 50
Ewes	2 50@3 50
Culls	1 50@2 50

SHIPPERS AT THE YARDS TODAY.

Cattle.

A. Hensohn, Fayetteville	23
A. C. Hart, Blossom	22
G. J. Terrell, Blossom	51
C. W. McC., Odessa	165
W. D. Clark, Denton	23
J. W. Tubbs, Cresson	29
J. G. Steen, Kopperl	112
T. & M., Cooper	26
R. S. Rogers, Terrell	27
R. D. Williams, Putnam	32
D. Ernest, Ranger	31
A. A. Spring, Ryan, I. T.	61
S. J. H., Temple	32
C. C. Ussery, Valley View	28
W. A. Stovall, Waco	26

Hogs.

L. W. Ward, Detroit, Tex.	397
S. F. Bennett, Mt. Vernon	117
C. S. McDaniels, Billings, O. T.	77
F. Clarkson, Cleo, O. T.	105
Bowers & Manning, Aline, O. T.	91
H. F. Blake, Cleo, O. T.	95
Turner & Henry, Elk City, O. T.	84
A. Lacy, Washita, O. T	88
Dr. C. W. J. Specht, Rusk, O. T.	98
E. J. Coyle, Skeedee, O. T.	75
D. B. Jones, Perry, O. T.	72
R. A. Childress, Temple, O. T.	88
Bank of Commerce, Ravia, O. T.	80
B. F. Rogers, Atoka, I. T.	68
W. B. Johnson, Hitchcock, O. T.	79
W. B. Johnson, Enid, O. T.	85
W. G. Scott, Carollton, O. T.	106
F. B. Gallion, Arapahoe, O. T.	167
J. A. Montgomery, Memphis, Tex.	108

Horses.

R. C. High, Bonham	25
W. T. Oliver, Cisco	50
J. O. Hart, Dublin	27

BUYERS ON YESTERDAY'S MARKET

Cattle.

Armour & Co.	669
Swift & Co.	564
J. M. Smith	15
F. V. Smith	25
Coleman	143
Saunders	189
Rosenthal	36
Fort Worth C. O. Co.	56
C Law	11
Lyford	56
All others	18

Calves.

Swift & Co.	91
Armour & Co.	48

Hogs.

Swift & Co.	565
Armour & Co.	317
Houston Pkg. Co.	325
A. Runyon	1
B. F. Hackett	2
W. L. Smith	1

ABOUT THE STOCK YARDS TODAY.

L. I. Hensley from Temple, O. T., sold 18 cows of 731 lbs. at $2.15.

Two 80-lb. calves sold today at $5.

F. Heinsohn from Fayetteville sold 13 steers of 920 lbs. at $3.20, 3 stags of 1156 lbs. at $3.20, and 6 bulls of 1320 lbs. at $2.65.

A. A. Spring sent in from Ryan, I. T., and sold 42 cows of 798 lbs. at $2.20, and 17 of 814 at $1.80.

W. E. Stovall from Robinson sold 18 steers of 988 lbs. average at $3.25.

G. J. Steen from Fowler was on the market with 112 steers of 869 lbs. average that sold at $3.10.

J. W. Tubbs from Cresson had 16 steers of 773 lbs. average and 1 of 770 that sold at $3.15.

WAY TO EXTERMINATE TICKS.

By Fencing and Shifting, Ticks May be Starved Out.

Dr. Dalrymple of the Louisiana Experiment Station, who accompanied a shipment of immunized Louisiana cattle to Chicago, has views on the extermination of ticks. The Drovers Journal says:

Dr. Dalrymple is of the opinion, and his associate professors at the Louisiana experiment station, including Professor Dodson, concur, that the possibility of exterminating Texas fever ticks entirely from the farms of the south is possible as soon as the pastures there are properly fenced. He believes that the life and the period of time required for the eggs of the tick to hatch and grow to a stage of life where they will infest cattle render this possible. It is claimed that a pasture that has been deserted by cattle for a period of about thirty-five days is entirely free from ticks, as the ticks drop from the cattle and deposit their eggs after a period of eighteen days, and the young ticks that hatch out will perish in a few days if they find no animal life to feed upon. It is therefore argued that by the careful shifting of cattle from one pasture to another the well-fenced farms of the south may be rid of this pest that is such a handicap to success in the cattle business in the south.

Dr. W. H. Dalrymple, chief of the veterinary division at the station, who immunized the cattle, in a letter to the Drovers Journal says:

"The whole carload was artificially immunized against bovine tick fever (Texas fever), the work being done by myself, witnout the loss of a single animal, directly, from the fever. During the two summers they have been with us they have been grossly infested with cattle ticks, and some of them, probably all, more or less, have suffered periodical relapses, but without any fatal results, although the fever occasioned by these relapses, together with the original artificially-produced fever, has undoubtedly interfered with their progress and development to some extent, and we believe that with the same grade of beef animals, native born and consequently possessed of greater immunity to the ill effects of our southern ticks, better results would be obtained. Still, I think, notwithstanding the untoward conditions mentioned, with regard to these animals you will say they are not such a bad lot."

SALE CLOSED SUDDENLY

ALL WAS SOLD, OR CLOSED OUT PRIVATELY.

Some Bargains Were Got by Buyers of Horses, but Mules Brought Good Prices—Yesterday's Sales.

The January sale of horses and mules at the Fort Worth stock yards closed today, in so far as the public or auction sale is concerned. All of the stock offered was sold at private or public sale, and while it was the intention to have a sale this afternoon, the offerings were so small that it was not deemed justifiable to make a beginning, and Mr. Hicks announced that the end of the sale had come and there would be no further offerings at public sale until Feb. 9.

As has been stated in The Reporter, some of the sales have been recidedly advantageous to the sellers, and some, more probably, to the buyers. In instances both the buyer and the seller are satisfied, and it speaks well for the market that both parties to the transaction profess to be content with the results. For reasons given the supply of mules has not been equal to the demand, but the result of that was, of necessity, a better price for the seller.

Those of the trans-Mississippi buyers who have tried this market, and some for the first time, are pleased, and they look forward to the permanency of the Fort Worth market with great satisfaction, for they can make a fair profit on each carload shipped in the freight saving alone.

One or two buyers came in today from eastern Texas, and unless they can pick up what they want at private sale they are doomed to disappointment at this time.

All of those who shipped here this time are encouraged to return to the Fort Worth market when they have more stock for sale, and this sale is another long step towards making the Fort Worth market not only permanent, but one of the best in the country.

Mr. C. E. Hicks says he thinks it is, but just to give the Live Stock Reporter its meed of credit for the interest it has displayed in the sale, and for its efforts in helping the upbuilding of the Fort Worth horse and mule market, which is gaining attention throughout the whole Southwest and the gulf states. The sale was stopped, he said, because they ran out of material.

All of the sales made today were private-terms sales, and the parties to the transaction declined to make the prices public.

The following sales were made yesterday, after The Reporter had gone to press:

By C. E. Hicks—Gray gelding, 7 years old, works double, serviceably sound, to D. I. Galligher of Tucson, Ariz., $71; gray gelding, 8 years, works single or double, city broke, serviceably sound, D. I. Galligher, $60.

By J. R. Dendinger, Dallas—Brown mare, 5 years old, broke to double harness and to saddle, well bred, to K. Harrington, Goodman, Miss., $106; bay gelding, 5 years, sound, single or double, broke to saddle, to R. C. High, Fort Worth, $120; brown gelding, 8 years, works single or double, sound, to G. Norwood, $92.50; brown gelding, 5 years, works single or double, sound, to W. R. Christian of Palmer, $107.50; bay gelding, 6 years old, works single or double, serviceably sound, to W. Anson, of Fort Worth, $87.50; chesnut gelding, smooth mouth, serviceably sound, to D. L. Griffith of Mariana, Ark., $54; bay gelding, 8 years, serviceably sound, well broke, to D. L. Griffith, $51; gray gelding, 6 years, works single or double, city broke, also saddler, to D. L. Griffith, $55; white pony gelding, 7 years, well broke to harness and saddle, to D. I. Galligher, $36; sorrel pony gelding, 5 years old, sound, works double, to D. I. Galligher, $31.

By Cal Bates—Sorrel mare, smooth mouth, works anywhere, sound, gentle, city broke, to D. L. Griffith, $57.

By W. H. Mobley, Italy—Bay gelding, 7 years old, works anywhere, sound, to H. M. Murphy of Saginaw, $75; bay gelding, 8 years old, works single or double, serviceably sound, to D. L. Griffith, $58.

By Will Parks, Waco—Bay gelding, 8 years, single or double, wind and work, gentle, to D. L. Griffith, $117.50; dark bay gelding, 7 years old, fine roadster, wind and work, to Cal Bates, Fort Worth, $115.

By Mr. Jackson—Gray gelding, 8 years, works single or double, sound, to D. I. Galligher, $71; bay gelding, 7 years old, double or single, wind and work, to D. I. Galligher, $77; brown mare, 8 years old, double worker, serviceably sound, to D. I. Galligher, $45; buckskin mare, 7 years, single or double, sound, no brands, to D. I. Galligher, $35; gray gelding, 6 years, single or double, serviceably sound, to D. L. Griffith, $74; sorrel gelding, 7 years old, well broke, guaranteed for a 3 minute gait, to D. R. Kolp of Fort Worth, $72.50; sorrel gelding, smooth mouth, well broke, serviceably sound, to D. I. Galligher, $32.

Horse and Mule Notes.

Several new buyers have come in since the last report or have written they will be here for this sale.

S. K. Stone of Beaumont 'phoned he would be here tomorrow to buy a lot of stuff if he could get it right.

Hart Dillard of Godley, Johnson county, drove in 15 medium sized mules, mostly young and all in good condition.

Wm. Parks of Waco thinks a good horse and mule market is building at Fort Worth. He is coming back in March with another load of mules.

Hicks & Anson sold at private sale to D. I. Galligher today one large brown horse, 8 years old, and one sorrel horse (small) no description given. Prices withheld.

Most of the auction sales of horses were at satisfactory prices to the buyers, but by no means so to the sellars. There were exceptions, of course, but the majority of the sales were at low prices for the stock sold, some of which was of high grade, some of the roadsters being inside of the three-minute class.

The supply of mules was small and the prices were high, or at least higher than the buyers wanted to pay. The reason for this state of affairs is threefold; the cessation of breeding about 1892, the extraordinary demand of the British-Boer war, and the fact that the farmers who have a few mules for sale are able to hold them for the price they think they should realize.

K. Harrington of Goodman, Miss., who is here buying mules and horses, says he has not been to Kansas City or the other markets, but he is satisfied with his purchases here and thinks he bought on favorable terms. He bought one car load of mules at Abilene, but he found, he said, that country had been almost swept clean by the Kansas City buyers. He could see no valid reason why mules intended for the Mississippi market should go through Kansas City in going to their destination, for it added about $200 a car to the cost. He thought well of the future promise for the Fort Worth market.

To Make the Campaign.

Will Parks of Waco, a trotting horse breeder, was here with a pair of fine roadsters. They are not well matched, but they have worked as a team for two years or more, but they will work kindly, single or double. Mr. Parks says his only reason for selling was he has a valuable campaign horse in Val Dean, and he expects to start the circuit with him in the early spring. Val Dean has no record yet, and is eligible as a candidate for the grand circuit honors in all classes. He will be entered in the Detroit Merchants and Manufacturers stake, a 2:24 class. The stake in this race is worth $10,000. He was bred by Dr. O. L. Abney of Fort Worth, and was foaled within a mile of the stock yards. Val Dean is now in training at Dallas, in the Geo. King stables, and will be ready for the Windsor, Canada, races in June.

Private Sales Reported.

The following sales of mules are reported:

To Harrington & Lindsey of Livingston, La., 2 cars.

To Word & Boon of Marianna, Ark., 1 car.

H. Elkins of Munroe, La., 1 car.

D. W. Miller of Holly Springs, Miss., 1 car. Mr. Elkins also bought one load at the Polk stock yards.

To Mr. Teers of Coushata, La., 2 cars.

W. C. Tidwell, Mansfield, La., load of mules and horses.

R. C. High says he this week made the record sale for draft horses on this market, selling two draft horses 5 years old, weighing about 1500 lbs. each, for $175 apiece. They got their size from a strain of Norman blood in them, and they were good draft horses.

The New Barn.

The Fort Worth Horse and Mule Commission Co. is having built a large barn opposite the Exchange and it will be, when completed, one of the largest if not the largest in the country. It is in size 320x165 feet.

The Stock Yards company is building the barn for the commission company, and is doing it as well and thoroughly as it has done all of the construction work at North Fort Worth. Between the new barn and the barn just to the west, is a show alley, which will be used by both concerns. It is 520x40 feet in size, and will give almost unrivalled chances for the display of the stock offered for sale.

HORSES AND MULES

Horses.

Drafts, good	$140@150
Chunks, good	75@130
Drivers, good to fancy	75 up
Drivers, medium	55@ 75
Southerners, common to fair	35@ 50
Southerners, good to extra	75@100
Plugs	15@ 20
Rangers, plain	10@ 30
Choice range horses	50@ 75

Mules.

13½ to 14 hands, fat	$ 40@ 50
14 to 14½ hands, fat	65@ 75
14½ to 15 hands, fat	80@110
15 to 15½ hands, fat	115@130
15½ to 16 hands, fat with quality	135@150
16 to 16½ hands, extra, 1,200 to 1,500	155@165

Question of Time.

"Do you think poor people go to the big bargain sales?"

"Not much. The poor people come away from them."—Syracuse Journal.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKET REPORTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	8,000	32,000	15,000
Kansas City	9,000	9,000	6,000
St. Louis	2,500	8,000	2,000
St. Joseph	2,000	5,500	1,700
	21,500	54,500	24,700

Chicago.

Special to The Reporter.

Union Stock Yards, Jan. 14.—CATTLE—Receipts 8,000. Market steady. Top $5.75. Beeves $3.50@5.75, cows and heifers $1.50@4.75, stockers and feeders $2.25@4.00.

HOGS — Receipts 32,000. Market closed 5 lower. Top $5.10, bulk $4.80@5.00. Good to choice heavy $5.00@5.10, mixed and butchers $4.65@5.05, rough heavy $4.75@4.95, light $4.45@4.90, pigs $4.25@4.50.

SHEEP — Receipts 15,000. Steady. Top $4.75.

Kansas City.

Special to The Reporter.

Kansas City, Jan. 14.—CATTLE—Receipts 9,000. Market slow. Beeves $4.00@4.90, cows and heifers $2.00@4.00, stockers and feeders $3.00@4.25, Texas and Westerns $2.00@4.50.

HOGS — Receipts 9,000. Market steady to a shade lower. Top $4.95, bulk $4.65@4.80. Good to choice $4.85@4.95, mixed and butchers $4.65@4.90, rough heavy $4.75@4.85, lights $4.50@4.75, pigs $3.50@4.50.

SHEEP—Receipts 600. Lower.

St. Louis.

Special to The Reporter.

National Stock Yards, Jan. 14.—CATTLE—Receipts 2,500, Texas 300. Steady. Texas steers $4.20@4.30, cows and heifers $2.20@3.00.

HOGS — Receipts 8,000. Market steady. Top $5.15. Butchers $4.85@5.15, packers $4.65@4.95, pigs and lights $4.50@4.85.

SHEEP — Receipts 2,000. Market steady. Sales $3.70@4.40.

St. Joseph.

Special to The Reporter.

South St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 14.—The Stock Yards Daily Journal reports:

CATTLE — Receipts 2,000. Market steady to 10 lower. Top $4.90.

HOGS — Receipts 5,500. Top $4.95, bulk $4.70@4.85.

SHEEP — Receipts 1,700. Steady. Western lambs $5.85. New Mexican yearlings $5.50.

STRANGE BIRD FROM ALASKA.

Changes Colors Every Season and Lays Differently Colored Eggs.

New York News: There is an Alaskan ptarmigan in the Bronx zoo. Naturalists say it is one of the most wonderful of birds. The bird was contributed to the zoo by Alfred H. Dunham, a prosperous Nome business man. Mr. Dunham started with three of the birds, but only one survived the sea trip of twenty-one days. The bird belongs to the grouse family, closely resembling in size and general aspect the common field grouse of the United States. Its flesh is darker than that of any American grouse, and it is said one would relish it as fare 365 days in the year. Many a sick Alaskan miner owes his life to the wholesomeness of the meat, and its nourishing qualities. The birds are gregarious, and the Alaskan housewife who finds a flock in her yard on a cold morning can kill them as easily as chickens, with a club, in any locality where they have not been shot at.

Mr. Dunham, after his arrival in Nome, could find no satisfactory treatise on the bird, so being an amateur naturalist, he studied the ptarmigan and learned many marvelous things concerning the bird's habits. In April when the snow begins to melt, a change is noted in the pure whiteness of the winter plumage, and about the neck feathers of brown appear. During the spring and early summer months the dress of brown gradually grows, and by the first of August a complete metamorphosis has taken place, and the bird is entirely clad in delicately penciled shades of the most beautiful brown, which, with the first snow of the early fall, reverts again to white.

It is interesting to note that the change from white to brown takes a month longer than the transformation to winter garb. At no time when the change is taking place does the bird exhibit the rough and ragged appearance of molting. When one feather is about to fall a pin feather is ready to take its place, and the plumage presents a uniform appearance all the while. If, when the bird is ready to lay an egg in the spring, there yet remains a vestige of snow on the ground the egg is white. But should the ground be clear of snow the egg is brown.

The birds feed exclusively on willow buds and shoots, and are thus found in the greatest quantities along the waterways, although they exist in large numbers in the vicinity of Nome. It has been believed impossible to keep the birds alive in captivity, but by proper mixture of other food with their accustomed diet, Mr. Dunham kept a number caged.

AFFAIRS IN SOUTH TEXAS.

Bud Hildebrandt is back from the Hebbronville country and says cattle are going first rate and that the twelve or fifteen thousand now on cake and grass are doing exceptionally well. "The boys," said he, "are feeling very hopeful over the outlook for a fair market in the spring, but the cattleman is not any prouder of his lot; in fact. I may say he is not so inordinately opposed to selling out at a profit as some of the cotton farmers down there. I know of one instance where a Mexican planter had 25 bales ginned, sold his seed for cash and stored the cotton, declaring that he wouldn't sell it for a cent less than 20 cents per pound. I reasoned with the old gentleman some and tried to convince him that 19½ cents wouldn't be such a bad figure, if he could get it, but unless he changes his mind cotton is going to get very high down here there before he sells.—San Antonio Express.

Daily Live Stock Reporter.

BY THE REPORTER PUBLISHING CO.

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The grower of farm products, live stock and poultry is requested to read this paper before going to market. It will pay him.

Correspondence telling of the condition of live stock, its progress and improvement of the industry, and anything that would be of interest to stock raisers, is invited.

THURSDAY JANUARY 14 1904

Entered June 15, 1903, at Fort Worth, Tex., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1875.

Notice to Agents

Subscribers ordering The Reporter must sign subscription blanks. This is necessary to insure the name being correctly written, and to prevent mistakes in making up the mail list. Agents must see that these instructions are carried out.

Obeyed Instructions.

The city editor summoned the photographer of his staff. "Colonel Welligan's house is burning," he said, "and I want a picture of the fire. Get out there as quick as you can with your camera and take a view of what's left of the building from the inside of the fence corner."

"But," said the photographer, "if"—

"That's the point I want it taken from—right in the corner."

"But I think there's"—

"I don't care whether there's a better point or not. You know what I want. Hurry up. You are losing time."

The photographer took his camera and departed. A few hours later he came in with the proof of a picture he had taken from the desired point of view.

"What is this?" said the city editor.

"That is a photograph of the ruins of Colonel Welligan's house from the inside corner of the fence near the street."

"I can't see anything of the house."

"I couldn't, either," responded the photographer. "I tried to tell you there was a big tree standing between that corner and the house, but you wouldn't let me."

Ruined by a Receding Sea.

Castle Rising is an instance of decay brought about by a receding sea, the town, once a place of considerable importance, giving way to King's Lynn as the waters retired. A memory of the former relative positions of the two places is kept alive by the lines:

Rising was a seaport town
When Lynn was but a marsh;
Now Lynn it is a seaport,
And Rising fares the worse.

But, though it lost its commercial value, it retained its political status, returning two members down to the reform act of 1832. At that time it had three voters on its poll list, but the only person legally entitled to exercise the right of voting was the rector.—London Chronicle.

Professional Mourners.

In ancient times funerals were followed by professional mourners, who simulated the appearance of the wildest grief. The custom survives in the valley of Sondrio, in the Alps. There the women do not follow the funeral, but they group themselves at the entrance of the cemetery and burn, in honor of the dead, candles which vary in size, according to the remuneration. They are as prodigal as were the mourners of ancient times in their simulation of excessive grief.

It Rains Every Seven Days.

If it rains on the first Sunday of the month it is morally certain to rain on two or three of the other Sundays. Why it is so no one knows unless it be that rainstorms in this country come at intervals about seven days apart, and if the rain happens to hit the first Sunday the other rainy Sundays follow as a natural consequence. The coincidence has been noted too often to doubt that it really exists.—Exchange.

Evidences of Riches.

"Isn't her display of diamonds magnificent?"

"It is undeniably lavish," replied Miss Cayenne, "and in so much better taste than it would be to ornament herself with real money and government bonds."—Washington Star.

Getting Stingy.

Constance—Why so lachrymose, Gertrude? Is there any perceptible diminution of his love?

Gertrude—No, but of late he evinces a disinclination to talk about his money.—Town Topics.

Fatal Precaution.

A farmer in Cumberland county was driving across a railroad track when a train killed both his horses and knocked him about ten rods off his course. In the resulting suit for damages the plaintiff was on the witness stand, making out a good case, when the defendant's lawyer asked him:

"Did you take any precaution before driving upon the track?"

The witness seemed reluctant to answer, but, being pressed to do so, finally stammered out:

"Waal, squire, I took a little—just a couple of swallers, that's all."

This started a new line of defense, and it turned out that the couple of swallows were the last in a pint flask that had consoled the honest old farmer along the road. This put a new face on the situation.—Lewiston Journal.

Painful Modesty.

I'm glad I cannot read what they
Above my tomb will carve one day,
Because my gentle friends, I know,
Will say kind things that are not so.
—Washington Star.

JAPAN GIVES ANSWER

Her Reply to Last Russian Note Is Handed Baron de Rosen.

AS TO NEGOTIATIONS.

It Is Stated That They Will Continue Between Representatives of the Two Countries Regardless of Time Limit.

London, Jan. 14.—A dispatch from Tokio to Reuter's Telegram company says that Japan's answer to the last Russian note was handed Wednesday afternoon to Baron de Rosen, the Russian minister, and that negotiations will be continued without any time limit set for their termination.

The demands which Japan is said to have made, according to reports published abroad, have caused some surprise in Tokio, according to the dispatch, and it is now stated that Japan never asked for the evacuation of Manchuria, but on the contrary frankly recognized Russia's special interests there and her right to protect the interests there. Japan only demanded the realization of Russia's voluntary pledges respecting China's territorial integrity in Manchuria and the freedom of the residential rights and international trade therein.

At Port Said.

Port Said, Jan. 14.—The Russian cruisers Aurora, Dimitri Donskoi and seven torpedo boat destroyers have arrived here.

PLUNGED TO DEATH.

Six Men Instantly Killed, and Two Others Died Later.

St. Louis, Jan. 14.—A crowd of employes pressing against the elevator gate Wednesday night on the sixth floor of the Brown Shoe company caused the gate to give way and ten persons were plunged down the shaft. Six were taken out dead, and of the other four two died at the city hospital. James Brown, the elevator boy, was taken into custody. It is alleged that the gate suddenly gave way just as the elevator started to descend. Ten of the employes plunged head first down the shaft. Six were instantly killed and their bodies formed cushions which prevented the instant death of the other four. Johnson said the elevator gate did not break, but that it had been raised by employes in the rear, who pushing, precipitating them down the shaft. Factory Superintendent Fray corroborated Johnson's story.

FATAL KISSING.

Three Persons Are In a Critical State, and Child Dies.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—The kiss of a three-year-old child may cause the death of three persons now at the Pasteur institute under treatment for rabbies. One is is said to have but a slender lease on life. The child is dead of the malady. Although the grief stricken parents hurried the little one across the prairies of Iowa as soon as they learned the nature of the illness they were too late. The victims are:

Harrold Latta, three years old, died Wednesday.

W. V. Latta, the boy's father, who kissed the child while ill and was bitten on the hands.

Matilda Latta, the mother, whose lips were infected from kissing the boy.

Forest Birdsall, twelve years old, who kissed the child and was bitten.

NEGRO KILLS MERCHANT.

After Being Shot Down, Latter Put Two Bullets Through Former's Hands.

Vicksburg, Miss., Jan. 14.—C. C. McMillan, planter and merchant of Madison parish, Louisiana, was shot and fatally wounded by Butch Riley a negro. The tragedy occurred in McMillan's store at Trinidad. After being shot down, McMillan drew his pistol and shot Riley through both hands. Riley was captured late Wednesday evening and taken to Tallulah, La. A phone message from there says that a big crowd gatherid, and that the negro will probably be lynched. McMillan died at 4 o'clock Wedsenday afternoon. He was twenty-six years of age.

PANAMA THE THEME.

Spooner Called President a "Patriotic Brave and True Man."

Washington, Jan. 14.—Panama again was the subject of consideration in the senate Wednesday. The debate was spirited. Mr. Carmack opened the proceedings with a set speech in pointed criticism of the president's course, and was followed by Mr. Spooner, the only other speaker of the day, in defense of the president's action as law abiding and in defense of the president himself as a "patriotic, brave and true man."

Mr. Tillman frequently interrupted Mr. Spooner, and there were a number of sharp encounters between them. When the senate adjourned the Panama question was still before it.

Without Foundation.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The Japanese minister states that the report that a demand has been made on behalf of the Japanese government on behalf of the emperor of Korea that he recognized a protectorate over Korea is without foundation.

Signed by President.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The president has signed the proclamation putting into effect the Chinese treaty.

BODY AT ATLANTA.

Thousands of People View the Remains of the Distinguished Dead.

Atlanta, Jan. 14.—On a catafalque with Confederate flags for which he fought with the banner of the Lost Cause lying over the casket, the body of the late General John B. Gordon lay in state Wednesday in the marble corridors of the state house in this city. Guarded by troops of his own state and viewed by thousands who followed him as their leader or had known his name as a hero, the departed chieftain received every honor and tribute of respect that could be paid. All flags in the city are at half mast and offices in the state building closed.

Attended by an escort of citizens appointed by the governor and military troops which met the body at the state line, the remains of General Gordon reached this city Wednesday morning at 5:30 o'clock and were borne direct to the state capitol.

Will Participate.

Atlanta, Jan. 14.—General Buller D. Price of the Sixteen United States infantry, stationed at Fort McPherson, will have a place in the the funeral procession of General Gordon, attended by his entire staff, the band and a battalion of the regiment. The O. P. Mitchell post, Grand Army of the Republic, has also been assigned a place in the procession.

TREATY SIGNED.

Provides For Opening the Ports of Mukden and Antung.

Washington, Jan 13.—Ratification of the American-Chinese commercial treaty have been exchanged at the state department between Secretary Hay and

SIR CHENTUNG LIANG CHENG.

the Chinese minister. The treaty provides for opening the ports of Mukden and Antung in Manchuria to the commerce of the world.

OPEN SWITCH CAUSE.

One Man Killed, Another Perhaps Fatally Injured and Third Hurt.

St. Louis, Jan. 14.—One man was killed, one perhaps fatally injured, and one seriously hurt when a through freight eastbound on the Southern railway crashed into an extra coal train westbound on a siding at New Baden, Ill. The dead man is Fireman Nixon of the coal train, who was crushed and scalded in the cab. Engineer Knight of the coal train was also crushed and scalded and will probably expire. Engineer Stratton of the freight train was badly hurt. His fireman jumped and was not injured. The wreck was caused by an open switch.

Decision Reserved.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 14.—After a hearing of an application for the removal of William J. Bryan as executor of the will of the late Philo S. Bennett, held in the probate court Tuesday, decision was reserved, the court directing counsel on both sides to reduce their arguments to writing. Mr. Bryan was not present, having left for Washington.

Told of Duties.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Cross-examination of J. J. Howley, chief clerk in the office of the first assistant postmaster general in trial of Machum and others were continued. Witness detailed the duties of general superintendent of fre delivery, but he could not state them as facts, only from his knowledge of office practice.

MINOR MATTERS.

Mormon church now prohibits use of coffee and tea.

Pittsburg, Tex., is to have a $20,000 Methodist church.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to blow up the bank at Dale, Okla.

Oklahoma pharmacy board examined twenty-three applicants at Lawton.

Charge in police court at Washington against Prince Cupid was dismissed.

The widow of the late General T. N. Waul passed away at Newland, Hunt county, Texas.

Gaston National bank of Dallas, capital stock $200,000, has been authorized to do business.

The mother of Congressman Stephens of Texas died at Amarillo. She was seventy-nine years old.

While cutting down a tree near Red Rock, Okla., it fell on Harry Charles Gewhega, a Ponca chief, killing him.

T. Rodriguez, a Mexican, was shot to death on Bob Lane's ranch, near El Paso. C. Marsden, a cowboy, surrendered.

While delirious Henry Osterman jumped from the second story of the city hospital at St. Louis with fatal results.

Footpads pulled Theodore Schanault off his pony at Belleville, Ill. They took his watch, money and animal and departed.

Because they were put off a Santa Fe train near Oklahoma City four negroes shot five times into the caboose and six times at a brakeman.

Moonshiners who met at Bald Knob in the Cumberland mountains to discuss revenue officers had a fight. Two were killed and one wounded.

The Result.

Who sits and waits for dead men's shoes
In which to make his climb
Will leave no footprints of his own
Upon the sands of time.
—Life.

Which?

Automobilist—Say, where can I get some repairs made? I've met with an accident.

Farmer—What d'ye want, a machine shop or a hospital?—Motor.

The Reason of It.

She smiles and laughs the livelong day;
Pray do not think her simple.
She'll laugh at anything you say
Because she has a dimple.
—Yale Record.

Needed a Living.

"You see, he really had to marry me."

"Case of holdup?"

"No. He was out of work."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

CAPTAIN OF CLALLAM

Serious Charge Made Against Commander of Sunken Ship.

PASSENGERS BAILED.

It Is Alleged They Were Kept Getting Out Water and Informed the Vessel Would Float For Fully Three Hours.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 14.—The British cruiser Grafton has returned from a cruise and reports having found the body of Bruno Lehman, customs officer of the Clallam, off the Race rocks. Lehman sprang from the upper deck of the steamer into a boat which was filled with passengers, mostly women and children, and was swept out with all in the boat when she swamped, almost immediately afterward. The steamer picked up the upper part of the Clallam and was towing it to port.

John Davis of Nanimo made a statement regarding a conversation with Captain Roberts by passengers, who remonstrated with him for not placing them on the tug Holyoke. Davis said he believed the passengers were kept on board the steamer to bail her in an effort to save the property, declaring that when a dozen passengers waited upon the captain and asked why he had not signalled the Holyoke for the purpose of placing the men aboard the steamer the captain replied: "I am running this part of the work. When I see we are in danger I will signal the tugboat to come back. We can get there all right. The steamer is good for three hours."

"Well," I said, "you could have signalled the ugboat and given instructions when the boat was alongside." The captain in reply stated that he wanted to save the steamer; that was what he was looking after now.

Davis declared the Clallam did not remain afloat twenty minutes after this conversation.

RUN ON BANK.

Started Tuesday Morning and Lasted Nearly All That Night.

Superior, Wis., Jan. 14.—The run on the First National bank, which started Tuesday morning, continued until 1:30 o'clock Wednesday morning, when the last of the savings depositors, who stood in line many hours, was paid and the bank officials locked the doors for the night and went home. Several business men of Superior who are acquainted with the condition of the bank expressed surprise at the run on what had always been considered one of the strongest financial institutions in the Northwest. The run on the bank was resumed at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. Cashier Benson of the bank said: "The bank received $150,000 in currency Tuesday night from St. Paul and $200,000 from Chicago has since reached us. We are glad of this opportunity to prove our ability to meet every demand."

DENBY DEAD.

Former Minister to China Expires Suddenly at Jamestown, N. Y.

Jamestown, N. Y., Jan. 14.—Colonel Charles N. Denby of Evansville, Ind., United States minister to China during the administrations of Presidents Cleveland and Harrison, died here suddenly Wednesday. Colonel Denby lectured here Tuesday night. He was about seventy years of age.

Driggs Serves Sentence.

New York, Jan. 14.—At the Raymond street jail, Brooklyn, it was said former Congressman E. H. Driggs, under sentence of one day and fined $10,000 for alleged accepting of compensation for procuring a contract with the government, had completed his term of imprisonment and left the prison.

Suddenly Changed.

Berlin, Jan. 14.—Official opinion regarding the probability of war between Russia and Japan has suddenly changed. Intelligence received at the foreign office Tuesday caused the government for the first time since the controversy began to believe the situation of extreme tension. Very definite views hitherto held are reversed and war has become a proximate contingency according to the view held in official circles here. Japan's delay in answering Russia's last note is deemed here as being a symptom that a grav decision is under consideration.

Quite Conciliatory.

London, Jan. 14.—Special dispatches from Tokio says the ministers who attended the recent conferences for consideration of the reply to the Russian note assert that the attitude Japan has taken up is remarkably conciliatory.

Large Amount Involved.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 14.—J. C. Willcox, former storekeeper for the Southern railroad, was arrested on an indictment charging larceny of brass and other material belonging to the Southern to the value of $35,000.

FULL ACCEPTANCE

Sultan of Turkey Agrees to All of the Macedonian Reform Schemes.

Constantinople, Jan. 14.—The porte has notified Austro-Hungarian and Russian ambassadors of full acceptance of Macedonia reform scheme and his consent to repatriation of Macedonian refugees, promising amnesty to all political prisoners with the exception of dynamiters. In conclusion the porte draws attention to the argument of Bulgaria and demands assurances that Bulgaria will not be permitted to nullify the work of reform.

Went Over.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Resolutions looking into affairs of postoffice department were laid before senate, but by unanimous consent went over.

PROTEST FILED.

Representatives of Labor Unions and Others Before Board.

Austin, Jan. 14.—A strong protest filed by citizens and labor unions affected by the employment of convict labor at the Alba mines, was presented Wednesday morning at the meeting of the state penitentiary board against the continuance of such a course by the state. A number of representatives of unions, also of the mines, appeared before the board regarding the matter.

Bell Back.

Austin, Jan. 14.—Attorney General Bell has returned from New Orleans, where he represented the railroad commission in the case of the Rosenbaum Grain company against the commission in the circuit court of the United States. Mr. Bell announced that the court will likely hand down a decision some time next week.

Immense Pecan Tree.

McKinney, Tex., Jan. 14.—In Kaufman county, near the town of Hettye, is a pecan tree stump which measures twenty-seven feet in circumference and nine feet in diameter. The majestic tree which this stump supported was long since destroyed by a fire. It was undoubtedly the largest tree of its species grown in Texas. A section of the stump will be sent to the World's fair.

In Session at Waco.

Waco, Jan. 14.—The fourth annual meeting of the Southwestern Retail Saddlers' and Harnessmakers' association is in session here with a large attendance. President Lehman of Dallas is presiding. Several interesting reports were read.

Labor Agents Leave.

Palestine, Tex., Jan. 14.—Merchants held a meeting and requested certain labor agents from Louisiana to suspend operations in this section. It was stated that many negroes had been taken away, some of them owing money to local merchants. The labor agents have left.

Swine Breeders Meet

Plano, Tex., Jan. 14.—The Texas Stat Swine Breeders' association has been holding an interesting institu e meting here, several timely topics being discussed. The attendance was large.

FLED OVER ROOFS.

Serious Mutiny Breaks Out Among Soldiers at Van, Turkish Armenia.

Constantinople, Jan. 14.—A serious mutiny broke out among soldiers comprising the garrison of Van, Turkish Armenia, owing to their pay being in arrears. About 500 armed soldiers plundered shops and attacked Armenians. The mutineers finally made an attack on a place, from which the commander of the garrison fled over adjoining roofs.

MANAGERS TO SUE.

Claim They Have Paid License and Have Inspection Certificates.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—The Record-Herald says: Suits against the city of Chicago for financial losses caused by the order which Building Commissioner Williams issued Jan. 1, closing every theatre in the city, will be brought by many of the managers and owners of plays whose engagements were booked in Chicago during the last two weeks. This statement is made by men who are in intimate touch with the local theatrical situation.

Since all of the managers are nonresidents, the cases will be taken before the federal courts. The brief of the plaintiffs will be based on two documents—one, the license to conduct a place of amusement, costing $300, and which has in no case been revoked by the authorities, and the other, the certificate of inspection by the fire department which hangs, framedfi near the main entrance of the down town theatres, and which states, over the signature of Fire Marshal Musham, that the house is certified to be safe as to fire protection.

New Addition For Okmulgee.

Okmulgee, I. T., Jan. 14.—Notice was received from the department of the interior Tuesday that the petition of Rebecca Smith for unrestricted sale of fifty acres of land joining the townsite of Okmulgee had been approved. It will be laid out in a city addition. The secretary has approved twelve similar petitions in the Creek nation.

Is Investigating.

Guthrie, Okla., Jan. 14.—Thomas Downs, a special representative of the interior department, is at Clinton, Okla., and investigating the methods by which Clinton townsite was secured from its recent Cheyenne Indian owners. There are numerous charges in connection with the deal.

Want Names Stricken Off.

Muskogee, I. T., Jan. 14.—The attorneys for the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations appeared before the Dawes commission and demanded that the names of 1200 Choctaw and Chickasaw citizens who had been admitted to the rolls or allotment be stricke noff.

Slapped a Preacher.

Ardmore, I. T., Jan. 14.—United States Commissioner Robnett sentenced Tom Kerrick of Orinne to jail for sixty days and fined him $50 because he slapped a preacher in the face while in his pulpit.

Seay Is Improving.

Kingfisher Okla., Jan. 14.—Ex-Governor Seay who recently fell on the steps of a local hotel and received serious injuries, is improving rapidly.

Maryland's New Executive.

Annapolis, Ind., Jan. 13.—Edwin Warfield has been inaugurated governor.

Race War Feared.

Muncie, Ind., Jan. 13.—Great alarm is felt at Normal City for fear of a race war. Negroes have received arms and ammunition and police with many deputies are guarding the homes of leading ones.

Tibet, the Strange Land.

It is a wonderful country and a strange people. Think of a tract of land where hot springs abound, round which the deposits are of such rainbow tints as blue, purple, green, red and yellow. It is easy to imagine that the landscape effects of such coloring are wondrous. The social customs of the people are scarcely less astounding. Polygamy is common where the men are rich enough, for wives seem to be a question of wealth. When poverty compels them, several men will have one wife in common. Brothers usually enter into those strange partnerships. The people rarely wash, finding it warmer to be dirty. The men anoint their faces with butter, while the women stain their countenances mahogany color with wood chips and lacquer the bridges of their noses jet black. Cleanliness is an unesteemed practice.—London Outlook.

TEXAS LIVE STOCK RATES.

Tariff Fixed for Shippers by the State Railway Commission.

The following tables gives the rate on beef cattle, oxen, cows, calves, goats, hogs and sheep; also on cattle 3 years old and over, for distances from 10 miles to 750.

DISTANCE—Miles.	RATES. No. 1	No. 2
10 and less	6	8½
15 and over 10	6½	9
20 and over 15	7	9½
25 and over 20	7½	10
30 and over 25	8	10½
35 and over 30	8½	11½
40 and over 35	9	12
45 and over 40	9½	12½
50 and over 45	10	13
60 and over 50	10½	13½
70 and over 60	11	14¼
80 and over 70	11½	15
90 and over 80	12	15½
100 and over 90	12½	16¼
125 and over 100	13¾	17½
150 and over 125	15	18¾
175 and over 150	16¼	20
200 and over 175	17½	21¼
250 and over 200	18¾	22½
300 and over 250	20	23¾
350 and over 300	21¼	25
400 and over 350	22½	26
450 and over 400	23¾	27
500 and over 450	25	28
550 and over 500	26¼	29
600 and over 550	27½	30
650 and over 600	28¾	31
700 and over 650	30	32
750 and over 700	31¼	33
over 750	32½	34

Column No. 1 is for shipment over a single line of road, or over two or more lines under one management. Column No. 2 is for shipment over two or more lines under different managements.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION FIRMS

Now Having Offices at the Exchange and Doing Business at the Yards.

The following live stock commission firms are members of the Fort Worth Live Stock Exchange and have their places of business in the Exchange Building:

Barse Live Stock Com. Co.
Campbell & Rosson L. S. Com. Co.
Cassidy-Southwestern L. S. Com. Co.
Evans-Montague L. S. Com. Co.
Evans-Snider-Buel Co.
Geo. W. Saunders L. S. Com. Co.
Greer, Mills & Co.
Interstate Live Stock Com. Co.
National Live Stock Com. Co.
North Texas Live Stock Com. Co.
Russell-Piato Live Stock Com. Co.
Way-Ware Com. Co.

CHARGES FOR SELLING LIVE STOCK

Rates Fixed by the Live Stock Exchange for Handling Stock.

The commission charges for selling and handling stock consigned to the Fort Worth market are fixed by the Live Stock Exchange and are as follows:

Cattle, 50 cents per head, but not more than $12 for a carload; calves, 25 cents per head, $12 for a single deck and $18 for double deck cars.

Hogs, 10 cents per head; $6 for single deck car and $10 for double deck.

Charges for sheep are the same as for hogs.

Yardage Charges.

The charges by the Stock Yards Company for yardage are fixed as follows:

Cattle, per head 25c
Calves, per head 15c
Hogs, per head 8c
Sheep, per head 5c

Prices charged for feed by the Stock Yards: Hay, 80c a bale; corn, $1 a bushel; oats, 80c a bushel; chops, $1.50 cwt.; bran, $1.30 cwt.; straw, 40c a bale.

Officers of the Exchange.

Officers and directors of the Live Stock Exchange are:

R. H. McNatt, president.
Sam Davidson, vice-president.
V. S. Wardlaw, secretary.
Marion Sansom, treasurer.

Directors: R. H. McNatt, Sam Davidson, C. L. Brown, D. Wyrick, W. B. King, J. W. Montague, A. F. Crowley, R. Barse, John Daggett.

Legs and Oratory.

In the "Souvenirs de Mme. Recamier" there is a pleasant description of a scene which took place during her exile at Lyons in 1813. Almost every cultivated or fashionable individual who passed through that city was sure to be attracted to her house. Talma, the tragedian, happened to be giving some representations in the Grand theater and was dining with Mme. Recamier when the bishop of Troyes, better known as the abbe of Boulogne, was announced. This celebrated preacher, though devoted to literature and familiar with the works of the great playwrights, had never seen a play performed.

After dinner Talma was persuaded to recite, to the intense gratification of the abbe, parts from his principal roles. In return Talma begged the ecclesiastic to repeat some passages of his sermons. When he had done so, "It is splendid, monseigneur, as far as this," exclaimed Talma, touching the chest of the preacher, "but the lower part of your body is deplorable! Clearly you have never bestowed a thought upon your legs!"

Stanley as a Fighter.

A thoroughly good man was Henry M. Stanley, whom I first met in the Ashanti expedition. No noise, no danger ruffled his nerve, and he looked as cool and self possessed as if he had been at "target practice." Time after time as I turned in his direction I saw him go down to a kneeling position to steady his rifle as he plied the most daring of the enemy with a never failing aim. It is nearly thirty years ago and I can still see before me the close shut lips and determined expression of his manly face, which, when he looked in my direction, told plainly I had near me an Englishman in plain clothes whom no danger could appall. Had I felt inclined to run away the cool, firm unflinching manliness of that face would have given me fresh courage. I had been previously somewhat prejudiced by others against him, but all such feelings were slain and buried at Amoaful.—"Lord Wolseley's Recollections."

His Old Master.

He (showing his country cousin a portrait in his art gallery)—What do you think of my old master?

She—Pleasant face the old gentleman has. How long did you study with him?

Physically, Not Financially.

She—I thought you said your father was a big contractor.

He—So he is. He weighs 325 pounds.—Chelsea Gazette.

WORTH RAILWAY SCHEDULE

Rock Island System.

hese trains at T. & P. Passenger Sta- foot of Main street:

rt.		Arrive.
0 am	Omaha and Mo. River	7:15 pm
0 pm	Kansas City, Chicago, Denver, Col. Springs and Pueblo Fast Ex.	7:10 am
art	Dallas Line	Arrive East
0 am	Mail and Express...	8:35 pm

Frisco System

Red River, Texas & Southern Ry.

art.		Arrive.
rth		North
5 am	K.C.&St. L. Mail&Ex.	2:55 pm
30 am	..... Mixed	7:50 pm

Ft. W. & R. G. Ry.

art.		Arrive.
5 pm	Brownwood M. & Ex.	10:55 am
30 pm	..... Mixed	6:00 am

ort Worth & Denver City Railway.

art.		Arrive.
	Denver, Colo. Springs	
5 am	and Pueblo Mail & Ex	5:10 pm
0 pm	... Amarillo Ex.	7:25 pm

Missouri, Kansas & Texas.

art.		Arrive.
rth		North
5 am	.. "Katy Flyer" ...	7:45 pm
	Kansas City, St.Louis	
5 am	& Chicago M. & Ex.	7:40 am
	Kansas City, St.Louis	
0 pm	& Chicago Fast Ex...	5:10 pm
rt.		Arrive.
th		South
5 pm	Hou. & Gal, & San Antonio, "Katy Flyer"	8:10 am
0 am	.Houston Mail & Ex.	10:55 am
0 pm	.Houston & Mail Ex.	8:15 pm

Cotton Belt Route.

rt.		Arrive.
am	St. Louis & Mem. Ex	5:05 pm
pm	St. Louis Lt.via Dallas	1:20 pm
pm	Dallas, Mem. & St.L..	6:50 am

Texas & Pacific Railway.

t.		Arrive. East
am	St. Louis Cannon Ball	7:45 pm
am	St. Louis Mail & Ex.	4:45 pm
am	....Dallas Local.....	5:15 am
am	Dallas & Wea'fd Local	2:55 pm
pm	.... Dallas Local....	1:20 pm
pm	.... Dallas Local....	12:30 pm
pm	..Wills Point Local..	11:05 am
pm	.St. Louis Mail & Ex.	9:25 am
pm	.... Dallas Local....	6:50 am
t	Main Line West.	Arrive West
pm	Colorado Mail & Ex..	7:00 am
pm	Weatherford Local..	10:30 am
am	..El Paso Express ..	7:00 pm
	ncontinental Division via Sherman.	
t.		Arrive.
am	Texark. & St. Louis.	4:35 pm

ernational & Great Northern Ry.

t.		Arrive.
am	Houston &San An.Ex.	7:35 pm
pm	Austin " " "	12:05 pm

Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Ry.

se trains at Union Station, Cor. nd Jones:

t.		Arrive.
h		North
m	K. C. & Chi. Ex.&Mail	9:00 pm
pm	K. C. & Chi. Fast Ex.	7:50 am
t.		Arrive.
h		South
am	Hou. & Gal. M. & Ex.	8:20 pm
pm	Hou. & San Antonio Gal. Mail & Ex.....	7:40 am

uston & Texas Central Railroad.

.		Arrive.
m	Hou. & Gal. Mail&Ex	8:50 pm
m	Hou. & Gal. Mail&Ex	8:05 am
m....	Ennis Mixed	11:50 am

Limerick of Moderuness.

old, when a fellow would steal
was dragged to a dirty bastile,
But the modernized crook,
When he's brought to book,
es to jail in his automobile.
—Baltimore American.

Like a Bargain.

l, anyway," he said during their
pat, "when I proposed to you you
e promptly enough."
" she replied; "I was only a
, and you did look so cheap."—
elphia Ledger.

Two Purses.

empty purse we've often seen,
But if you'll think a minute
u will agree that when a miss
kes of her lips a purse, there is—
Well, something in it.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Has a Kick Coming.

sir," remarked the one legged
I claim the hard luck cham-
. The day after my leg was
the trust advanced the price of
limbs 30 per cent."—Chicago
.

TERURBAN
NE
NORTHERN TEXAS TRACTION CO.

S 40 TRAINS DAILY
Between
T WORTH AND DALLAS.
ve from the business center
cities every hour, and on the
om 6 a. m. to 11 p. m. Cars
Union Depot, Fort Worth,
ta Fe and Cotton Belt depots,

ALLAS FT. WORTH

--THE--

Santa Fe

ROUTE.

KEENAN, G. P. A.
GALVESTON, TEXAS

Citation by Publication.. No. 24792.—The State of Texas. Suit pending in the District court Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas. To the sheriff or any constable of Tarrant county—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to make publication of this citation in some newspaper published in said county, for three consecutive weeks previous to the second Monday in February, 1904, the return day hereof, and thereby notify and summon the unknown owner, and Mrs. F. Barger and Mrs. V. A. Wells, whose residence is unknown, and all parties owning, having or claiming any interest in the land herein mentioned, to be and appear before the said District court of the Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house in the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, on the second Monday, the 8th day of February, 1904, then and there to answer the second amended petition of the State of Texas, filed in said court on the 5th day of December, 1903, in said above numbered cause, wherein the State of Texas is plaintiff and the hereinbefore named parties defendants, and in which the plaintiff alleges that there are now delinquent and unpaid to the State of Texas and county of Tarant, state taxes amounting to $13.47, county taxes amounting to $24.60, fees allowed by law amounting to $27.00, including a penalty amounting to 10 per cent of said taxes for the year, including and since the year 1897, for which the said taxes are delinquent, together with 6 per cent interest on said taxes from the first day of January next succeeding the years for which any taxes are delinquent, and that the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs are delinquent, unpaid and due to the plaintiff, and that the amount thereof is a charge against and a lien on the said land in Tarrant county, Texas, described as follows: Lots 27 and 28, block 2, Johnson addition to Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, for the years 1891 to 1902, inclusive. Plaintiff prays judgment for the amount of the said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for a foreclosure of the said tax lien against all of said defendants on said land, to satisfy the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for all other general legal and equitable relief. Herein fail not, but have then and there before this court on the first day of the next regular term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon indorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Fort Worth, this the 7th day of December, 1903. Jno. A. Martin, Clerk District Court, Tarrant county, Texas. (L.S.) By E. J. Brock, Jr., Deputy.

Citation by Publication. No. 24689.—The State of Texas. Suit pending in the District court Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas. To the sheriff or any constable of Tarrant county—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to make publication of this citation in some newspaper publised in said county, for three consecutive weeks previous to the second Monday in February, 1904, the return day hereof, and thereby notify and summon the unknown owner, and C. W. Campbell, whose residence is unknown, and all parties owning, having or claiming any interest in the land herein mentioned, to be and appear before the said Dist court of the Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house in the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, on the second Monday, the 8th day of February, 1903, then and there to answer the first amended petition of the State of Texas, filed in said court on the 5th day of December, 1903, in said above numbered cause, wherein the State of Texas is plaintiff and the hereinbefore named parties defendants, and in which the plaintiff alleges that there are now delinquent and unpaid to the State of Texas and county of Tarrant, state taxes amounting to $8.41, county taxes amounting $15.30, fees allowed by law amounting to $4.50, including a penalty amounting to 10 per cent of said taxes for the year, including and since the year 1897, for which the said taxes are delinquent, together with 6 per cent interest on said taxes from the first day of January next succeeding the years for which any taxes are delinquent, and that the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs are delinquent, unpaid and due to the plaintiff, and that the amount thereof is a charge against and a lien on the said land in Tarrant county, Texas, rescribed as follows: Lots 27 to 29, block 7, Grandview addition to Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, for the years 1901 and 1902. Plaintiff prays judgment for the amount of the said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for a foreclosure of the said tax lien against all of said defendants on said land, to satisfy the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for all other general legal and equitable relief. Herein fail not, but have then and there before this court on the first day of the next regular term thereof, this writ with your return thereon indorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Fort Worth, this the 7th day of December, 1903. Jno. A. Martin, Clerk District Court, Tarrant County, Texas. (L.S.) By E. J. Brock, Jr., Deputy.

Citation by Publication. No. 24815.—The State of Texas. Suit pending in the District court Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas. To the sheriff or any constable of Tarrant county—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to make publication of this citation in some newspaper published in said county, for three consecutive weeks previous to the second Monday in February, 1904, the return day hereof, and thereby notify and summon the unknown owner, and L. G. Watson, whose residence is unknown, and all parties owning, having or claiming any interest in the land herein mentioned, to be and appear before the said District court of the Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house in the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, on the second Monday, the 8th day of February, 1904, then and there to answer the second amended petition of the State of Texas, filed in said court on the 5th day of December 1903, in said above numbered cause, wherein the State of Texas is plaintiff and the hereinbefore named parties defendants, and in which the plaintiff alleges that there are now delinquent and unpaid to the State of Texas and county of Tarrant, state taxes amounting to $4.19, county taxes amounting to $7.46, fees allowed by law amounting to $18.00, including a penalty amounting to 10 per cent of said taxes for the year, including and since the year 1897, for which the said taxes are delinquent, together with 6 per cent interest on said taxes from the first day of January next succeeding the years for which any taxes are delinquent, and that the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs are delinquent, unpaid and due to the plaintiff, and that the amount thereof is a charge against and a lien on the said land in Tarrant county, Texas, described as follows: Lots 10 and 11, block 6, Lawn Place addition to Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, for the years 1895 to 1902, inclusive. Plaintiff prays judgment for the amount of the said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for a foreclosure of the said tax lien against all of said defendants on said land, to satisfy the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for all other general legal and equitable relief. Herein fail not, but have then and there before this court on the first day of the next regular term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon indorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Fort Worth, this the 7th day of December, 1903. Jno. A. Martin, Clerk District Court, Tarrant County, Texas. (L.S.) By E. J. Brock, Jr., Deputy.

Citation by Publication. No. 11013.—The State of Texas. Suit pending in the District court Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas. To the sheriff or any constable of Tarrant county—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to make publication of this citation in some newspaper published in said county, for three consecutive weeks previous to the second Monday in February, 1904, the return day hereof, and thereby notify and summon the unknown owner, and Jno. A. Walker, whose residence is unknown, and all parties owning, having or claiming any interest in the land herein mentioned, to be and appear before the said District court of the Forty-eighth Judicial District of Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house in the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, on the second Monday, the 8th day of February, 1904, then and there to answer the first amended petition of the State of Texas, filed in said court on the 5th day of December, 1903, in said above numbered cause, wherein the State of Texas is plaintiff and the hereinbefore named parties defendants, and in which the plaintiff alleges that there are now delinquent and unpaid to the State of Texas and county of Tarrant, state taxes amounting to $0.73, county taxes amounting to $1.60, fees allowed by law amounting to $6.75, including a penalty amounting to 10 per cent of said taxes for the year, including and since the year 1897, for which said taxes are delinquent, together with 6 per cent interest on said taxes from the first day of January next succeeding the years for which any taxes are delinquent, and that the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs are delinquent, unpaid and due to the plaintiff, and that the amount thereof is a charge against and a lien on the said land in Tarrant county, Texas, described as follows: Middle one-third lot 1, block P, Rosedale addition to Fort Worth, Tarrant county, Texas, for the years 1886, 7 and 8. Above property now known as lot 6, block P, Rosedale addition. Plaintiff prays judgment for the amount of the said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for a foreclosure of the said tax lien against all of said defendants on said land, to satisfy the amount of said taxes, penalty, interest, fees and all court costs, and for all other general legal and equitable relief. Herein fail not, but have then and there before this court on the first day of the next regular term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon indorsed, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Fort Worth, this the 7th day of December, 1903. Jno. A. Martin, Clerk District Court, Tarrant County, Texas. (L.S.) By E. J. Brock, Jr., Deputy.

The Great Mortgage Lifter

In an address before the annual meeting of the Kansas state board of agriculture Frank Hobart of Columbus, Kan., made the following statement:

"I need not go into detail over the grains that can be raised on a Kansas farm to be used as a balancer for corn, but I cannot let this opportunity pass without saying a word for grass. Grass is one of the best balancers of the corn ration. The farmer figures, maybe, on all the condiments and high priced feed advertised and forgets that the green carpets of Kansas, on which he looks and treads so often, are the best condiments known, and careful experiments have shown will save him in feed 20 to 30 per cent.

"The two men who have made the most money out of hogs in Cherokee county have grass in abundance. Why will we keep our cows knee deep in grass and our hogs knee deep in mud? In a drive of nearly fifty miles last spring over a good portion of two of our southeastern counties I was astonished to see but one farmer that had adequate pasture for his herd of hogs. Corn has been cultivated 200 years, and its possibilities are just being discovered. Without it our Puritan forefathers would have perished, and we might have had no New England.

"Now corn culture is much discussed and corn breeding associations are in vogue. When will the grass growers form an association and lay before the world the possibilities of grass? Such a variety of grasses as grow in Kansas! Such a world of feed going to waste! The day of grass needs to be hastened."

The Hog House.

Many farmers do not have a suitable hog house because they think they cannot afford it. A good and serviceable one can be built that will not cost much and at the same time will give good satisfaction. The plan is as follows:

Build it sixteen feet wide. The length will depend upon the number of hogs kept or the number of sows to farrow on the farm. The building should run east and west and along the north side a passageway three and one-half feet wide should run the whole length of the building, thus leaving all the pens on the south side. It should be so constructed that movable partitions can be dropped into place every seven feet, making a breeding pen 7 by 12 feet, which will be large enough for a sow.

There should be a window in each pen and below the window a door, which should open into a little lot or space into which the sow and pigs can run on sunny days. When not being used as breeding pens the partitions can be removed, and it will make a sleeping house for the shotes or fat hogs. The troughs should be placed directly under the partition adjoining the passageway, and the partitions over them should be so constructed that they will swing from the top, so that when putting the feed in the troughs the pigs can be shut off. Such a hog house is not expensive, and it will soon pay for itself in caring for and saving the pigs.—Successful Farming.

Fort Worth Stock Yards Company

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

Daily Capacity

5000 Cattle,
10,000 Hogs,
5000 Sheep,
1500 Horses and Mules.

This Is Your Market...

There is no reason to ship elsewhere.
"What's the use?"

PACKERS.

Armour & Company,
Swift & Company,
Fort Worth Packing Co.

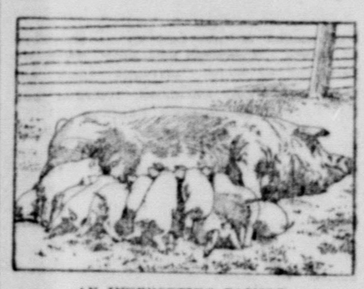
Facilities for handling Northern and Southern Cattle unsurpassed. If you investigate the markets before shipping, you will find the Fort Worth Market will net you more money.

W. B. KING, Gen'l Manager.

O. W. MATTHEWS, Sec'y and Treas.

Raising Large Litters of Pigs.

The accompanying illustration sent to the Breeder's Gazette by N. W. Crockett of Missouri shows a white sow with twelve pigs. She had thirteen and raised twelve of them. Just after the pigs are born, says Mr. Crockett, I like to keep the sow as quiet as possible for the first twenty-four hours. I give her all the water she wants to drink, and the next day I give her a little thin slop and a small feed of corn. I usually increase her feed each day until I have her on full feed. In about a week or ten days or as soon as the pigs are able to follow I give her the run of the pasture. I have a separate pen where I teach the little fellows to drink slop and eat soaked corn. I generally let the pigs wean themselves. My sows that farrow in March and April will bring pigs again the last of August and the first of September. They are bred before they wean their pigs. As soon as the sows show signs of drying up I remove them to another pasture, and the pigs do not miss them, for they have learned to eat and do not depend on their mothers.



AN INTERESTING FAMILY.

Keep the Pig Gaining.

The pig should never be permitted to spend a day without an average increase in weight. When a pig becomes settled in the habit of making daily, or, rather, constant, gains, he will not cease if well fed, whereas if the habit is interrupted by a period of short rations, under the impression that he will gain faster when well fed, the feeder will find that he was mistaken and that he will not fatten nearly so fast as if he had been well fed all his life.

Scalding Hogs.

Put the hog in a cask or trough and throw three or four handfuls of air slaked lime over it; then put in your boiling water. It will make the bristles fly. There is nothing better. I have been using it for years. There is no ugly smell like pine pitch tar or rosin about it.—J. S. Fishel in American Agriculturist.

A Fair Equivalent.

Johnnie's name and age were taken
And his date of entrance stated;
Then the teacher paused and asked him,
"Were you ever vaccinated?"

Without stopping for reflection
Johnnie answered with a "No, sir;
But I's been baptized, I reckon,
Most a year or two ago, sir."
—Lippincott's Magazine.

Contentment.

"Made enough cotton ter clothe me," says Brother Dickey; "enough co'n ter feed me; wood ter warm me; a roof ter keep the rain out, en who keers fer de rich man gwine throo' de needle's eye?"—Atlanta Constitution.

EXERCISE IN WINTER.

It Is Necessary to Keep Farm Stock In Good Condition.

The question of exercising farm stock in the winter season is one that should be given much attention. The winter is now at hand, and the well doing of the animals themselves, and particularly of their progeny, will be largely dependent on the amount of exercise which can be given to them. While all kinds of stock keep in a better condition of health and thrift when they can get a reasonable amount of exercise, none profits by it more than pregnant animals.

It is generally recommended to furnish exercise for brood mares by allowing them to run in a pasture or paddock. When of the heavy draft types, however, they do not in all instances seem to take enough exercise to insure the best results in the progeny. Especially is this the case when they are heavily fed and in a high condition of flesh. Where it can be done, therefore, the plan which would give them enforced exercise is a good one. By enforced exercise we mean working moderately in the hands of some one who will handle them with sufficient care.

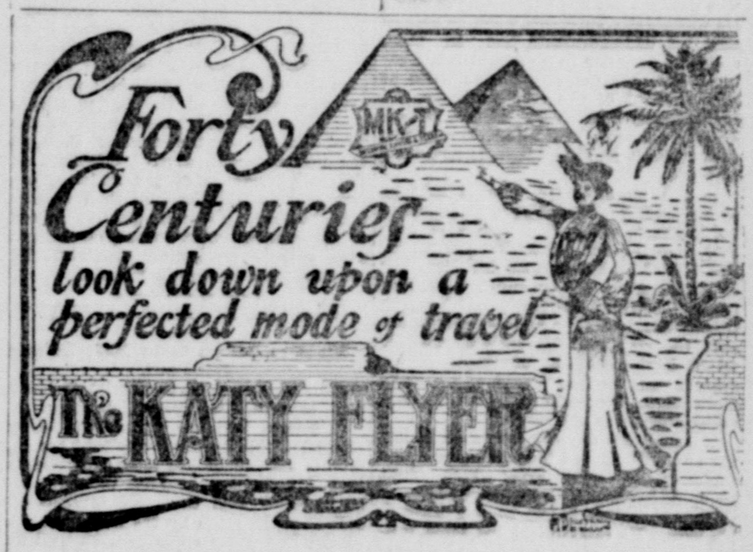
Cows usually get sufficient exercise when they have access to a yard, but when not giving milk they will not be injured and probably will be benefited by having access to a pasture field, to which they may be tempted frequently when the ground is not all covered with snow.

Sheep are apt to suffer more from lack of exercise than other classes of live stock. If they are confined to narrow quarters, say from the middle of November to the end of April, there is danger that the lamb crop will come weak and lacking in vitality. In order to encourage sheep to take exercise when the snow is deep some shepherds have adopted the plan of feeding them in an inclosure some distance from the sheep shed. They are thus forced to take exercise in getting back and forth to the inclosures referred to. Of course if the ground is bare, or even a part of it is bare, and the sheep have access to pastures at such a time they will take plenty of exercise while endeavoring to help themselves to the grass.

It is also injurious to young litters of swine when the brood sows are kept closely confined in the winter season. To avoid such a result where practicable these should have access to the barnyard, where they may employ themselves diligently in turning over the straw and manure in searching for grain that may be contained more or less in the same. When they are thus allowed access to a yard they should not, of course, be kept in the same all the time, but should be given access to it at certain parts of the day when they will not particularly interfere with the presence of other animals kept in the same.—Farmer.

Floor For Stock Barn.

In making a floor for a stock barn I would advise the use of coal ashes, not too fine, and about two parts of good red clay, wetting well as it is put down, and the more it is tamped the better the job. Coal slack—that is, unburned coal—would rot and become loose, while coal ashes and clay form a cement.—W. J. Miller in Breeder's Gazette.



A BOOM

does not, ultimately, bring about the best results to a community

THE PANHANDLE

is NOT on a boom, but is enjoying the most rapid growth of any section of Texas.

WHY?

Because only recently have the public at large realized the opportunities which this northwest section of Texas offers. The large ranches are being divided into

SMALL STOCK FARMS.

Wheat, Corn, Cotton, Melons and all kinds of feed stuffs are being raised in abundance, surpassing the expectations of the most sanguine. A country abounding in such resources (tried and proven), together with the

LOW PRICE

of lands, cannot help enjoying a most rapid growth, and that is what is happening in the Panhandle.

"THE DENVER ROAD"

has on sale daily a low rate home-seekers ticket, which allows you stop-overs at nearly all points; thus giving you chance to investigate the various sections of the Panhandle.

Write A. A. GLISSON,
General Passenger Agent, FORT WORTH, TEXAS,
For pamphlets and full information.

THE

Interurban Electric Road

BETWEEN FORT WORTH AND DALLAS
A FAST CAR EVERY HOUR, EACH WAY

Two car loads of Vegetables
Five car loads of Fruits
20,000 pounds of Butter
50,000 gallons of Milk
10,000 dozens of Eggs
3,000 head of Poultry
Are consumed daily in these two cities.

All along the Interurban line are as fine lands for the production of the above as are to be found on earth. It's cheap now. Truck farmers, dairy men and poultry men, now is the time to get in line. Fortunes will be made in these lines in the next ten years.

The Interurban Line will haul the products to Fort Worth and Dallas every hour—quick action and cash returns. These industries beat all others. Anyone interested in these lines should write

W. C. FORBESS, G. P. A.
Fort Worth, Texas.

ARMOUR HEREFORDS
Immunized Against Texas Fever

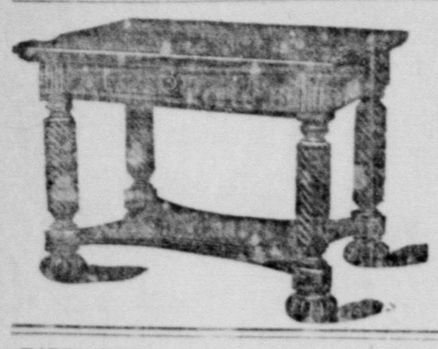
I have just had 55 of my best 7 to 10 months old bulls and heifers inoculated against Texas Fever, which Dr. Connoway allows us to say, is the best lot he ever immunized. These we are now offering for sale to those who wish such animals shipped below the Fever Line, and will be pleased to receive your inquiries regarding same.

CHARLES W. ARMOUR, Kansas City, Mo.

We have or prompt or future shipment to any point and in any quantity prime screened

Cracked Cotton Seed Cake, Meal and Hulls

Write or wire for delivered prices. FORT WORTH CHAIN AND COMMISSION CO. 212 Wheat Building, Fort Worth, Texas.



We make the price and sell the goods.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, MANTELS AND STOVES.

Everything for your office or house on easy payments.

ELLISON

FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

704 and 706 Main St
705 Houston St.

EARTH WITH MEDICAL VIRTUES.

Pueblo, Jan. 9.—Experiments in geology have led H. H. Bourne, the official geologist of the Pueblo & Beulah Valley railroad company, into other fields of research which has recently resulted in bringing to light what he considers a more valuable find than even the $14,000 gold strike made by him a few weeks ago in the mountains near Beulah. Three months ago he came upon a bed of peculiar clay, which is light in color and weight and not far from the route which is being followed by the contractors building the new railroad. Mr. Bourne states that he accidentally found the new material, his attention being called to it through a fine dust which permeated the atmosphere and some of it which found its way into his mouth. A considerable amount went down his throat.

Mr. Bourne has always been an advocate of hot water internally used as a cure for indigestion. When he went home that night he drank a pint of hot water, lest the dust that entered his stomach should do him injury. When removing his clothes preparatory to retiring he noticed that he was perspiring freely and that a peculiar odor was in the air. This was pungent but not unpleasant to smell. He was greatly surprised when he noticed that his undergarments had on them something similar to mud, which had exuded from the pores of his skin. He at once thought of the clay which he had involuntarily swallowed. At first he was greatly alarmed, but being of sanguine temperament he soon forgot it and went to sleep.

In the morning Mr. Bourne said he awoke feeling much better with regard to his stomach, which had been very delicate, than he had for fifteen years. He has decided that he has made a discovery of great value. He consulted a medical friend, who could not throw any light on the subject, except to suggest that probably the clay contains certain minerals which have beneficial effects upon the system. Mr. Bourne proceeded to make more thorough experiments with the clay, using himself as the subject.

Within a few days he consumed no less than a half pound of this earth and drank copiously of water after each dose. Perspiration began at once and the same muddy substance began coming through his skin. He experienced the same feeling of renewed vigor within a few hours and finally became convinced that the clay contains medical properties of great value.

Mr. Bourne is now urging the officers of the Beulah Railroad company to establish a sanitarium close to the site of the clay bed and proposes to call to his aid medical advice and will have chemists discover just what the power is that results in such wonderful benefits.

Mr. Bourne is 65 years of age, but in discussing the matter today said he felt he could whip his weight in wildcats.

DECLARE WAR ON SCRUB CATTLE.

Missouri Stock Breeders Pledged to Promote Only Pure Breeds.

Columbia, Mo., Jan. 9.—War to the death on all scrub cattle has been declared by the Missouri live stock breeders. The slogan of the state association, which convened here in the annual session, is "exterminate every scrub sire in Missouri." The live stock breeders are in joint session with the State Corn Growers' association, this being the first annual meeting of the latter. Dr. F. B. Mumford, acting dean of the State Agricultural college, announced in an address that the value of Missouri live stock was $260,000,000, an unprecedented figure. He also announced that the Missouri live stock industry was one and one-half times as large as the fourteen other leading industries of the state combined.

Dr. Mumford emphasized the importance of combined organization against scrub cattle, and urged the association to pledge itself to promote pure-bred live stock in this state. Secretary George B. Ellis of the state board of agriculture stated that last season Missouri produced one-thirteenth of all the corn in the world, and that on one forty-fifth of the area of the United States this state produced one-eleventh of the total corn crop of the country. Corn, at the last estimate, covered one-sixth of the entire acreage of the state. More was produced to the acre than in Illinois, he said. The corn growers agreed to unite in an effort to surpass Illinois next year as the leading corn state by increasing the acreage in Missouri.

FINE TEXAS-RAISED APPLES.

Millions of Dollars to be Made Raising This Fruit.

John S. Kerr, a horticulturist of Sherman, says in a newspaper interview:

"I believe that the experiments being conducted both by the government and by private individuals and these experiments that I have been making recently, all go to show that there are millions of dollars to be made by the fruit growers of the Red River apple belt, as well as elsewhere, in putting their apples in cold storage when they are worth 50c a bushel and keeping them indefinitely until they bring the highest market price, which at this time is $1.50 per bushel, and the cost of cold storage is usually not more than 25c a bushel per month. Following the suggestions as found in the bulletins of the Pomological Department at Washington I picked my apples last September from the trees, when they were hard, before they had begun to mellow, wrapped each apple in a piece of newspaper and put them into a 32 to 34 degree cooler and I have found that they have kept perfectly, without an exception, equal to the specimen which I have here.

"This process will easily obviate the loss of thousands of bushels of apples that now fall off in early fall and go to waste, or are sacrificed at a very low price.

"I am planting heavily of the late apples, such as Jonathan, Gano, Ben Davis, Winesap, Kinnard's Choice, Arkansas Black, Mammoth Black Twig, Shockley, Shirley, York Imperial, Missouri Pippin, and expect to spray them through the summer to prevent apple scab, which is beginning to appear in the Red River belt, and will place them in cold storage awaiting remunerative prices, which never fail to come. The cold storage bulletins of the department at Washington, I consider exceedingly valuable and can be had by addressing Hon. B. T. Galloway, Pomological Department, Washington, D. C. The department considers that apple culture and the harvesting and disposition of the crop have become matters of national importance, hence they have made these careful experiments and issued the cold storage bulletins at great expense, believing that they will be of incalculable value to the country.

"A Sherman ice company has built a very fine apple storage house here and is well prepared to handle large quantities of this class of produce. E. Arnoldi is very much interested in assisting me in making these experiments and shows himself always ready to help in any good work that will go toward the upbuilding of the industries of the country.

"A Texas fruit company of Denton also has large apple storage facilities and has wide experience in handling apples, both in the North and in Texas. They inform me that apples picked hard and stored at 31 to 32 degrees will keep in perfect condition as long as needed. At present, they tell me they can store apples for the orchardists in quantities of 100 barrels or more each, at 25c per barrel a month, and each barrel holds about three three bushels. They also state that when the business will justify it they will build much larger storage houses and increase their facilities in such a way as to store apples at 50c a barrel for six months, or any part of that time. They are very sanguine of great development along this line in Texas.

"It has been found that apples should be picked while still hard and before they begin to mellow, wrapped in papers, old newspapers being as good as any, and put immediately into cold storage from the trees and kept at a temperature of 31 to 32 degrees. With this process it has been found that success is invariably attained."

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FAVORS PACKERY PLAN

National Livestock Convention Goes Upon Record.

PAPERS ARE HEARD.

One Idea Is to Organize a Company and Place the Capital Stock of the Corporation at Five Million Dollars.

Portland, Or., Jan. 14.—The proposition to incorporate a company of livestock men for the purpose of establishing independent packing houses in the stock centers of the country to compete with the packers' combine and restore prices on livestock was the all-absorbing topic of discussion in the National Livestock convention Wednesday. By unanimous vote the convention indorsed a resolution favoring the incorporation of such a company and the establishment of independent houses.

Much time was devoted to livestock conditions in the various states. The burden of the report of each speaker was that while the condition of the market and range are not as the speakers would like them, yet the livestock industry is in good condition.

Owing to the fact that he was called back to Chicago, Colonel W. E. Skinner of Chicago delivered his address on "Livestock Expositions," which was scheduled for Friday morning.

Colonel C. E. Wantland spoke to the convention on the subject of "Winter Feeding on the Range."

The address of C. E. Adams of Nebraska was read by Colonel Wilson of Texas, in the absence of Mr. Adams, who was unable to attend the convention.

Secretary Martin's report showed the association to be in a flourishing condition.

COVERED WITH FLAG.

Loving Friends Banked Flowers Over South's Beloved Dead.

Atlanta, Jan. 14.—Banked in masses of flowers, the offerings of loving friends, and covered with the Confederate flag, the body of General John B. Gordon lay in state from early Wednesday morning until a late hour that night in the capitol of the state he loved. Through the long, unending lines of veterans, citizens, men, women and even children, trooped past the casket, catching a fleeting glimpse of the dead commander. If one would know the love and veneration and grief of Georgia's citizens he had but to watch these people. Sad faces were wet with tears; old men who remembered the towering form in the prime of manhood or who followed General Gordon on the field of battle, grasped hands in silent sympathy for words powerless to express the feelings.

Stationed as a guard of honor about the remains of the body, details from the state militia stood immovable, and yet the discipline of the soldier did not prevent these stern men involuntarily from brushing aside unbidden tears as they witnessed some of the expressions of grief.

LEE'S HEADQUARTERS.

Will Be Established by Commander at Columbus, Miss.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 14.—General Stephen D. Lee, who has assumed command of the United States Confederate veterans as the successor of the late General John B. Gordon, announces that he will establish general headquarters at Columbus, Miss., and this is the first time the head of the organization has ever been dominated in Mississippi. All general orders will be issued from New Orleans as heretofore. General Lee states that General William E. Mickle will be retained as adjutant general and all other members of the staff of the late General Gordon will be continued as the staff of the present commanding general. General Lee has named Major General Clement Evans to assume command of the department of Tennessee. This is the department over which General Lee held prior command.

STRICKEN OUT.

Salaries and Expenses Provisions For Civil Service Commission Eliminated.

Washington, Jan. 14.—After a lively debate lasting three hours the house in committee of the whole, by a vote of 78 to 63, struck out the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill the paragraph providing for the salaries and expenses of the civil service commission and clerks employed under the commission. The action was taken on motion of Mr. Hepburn of Iowa. He was supported by both Republicans and Democrats, both in speech and on the vote. Those who spoke in opposition to the civil service system were Messrs. Hepburn, (Rep., Ia.), Grosvenor, (Rep., O.), and Bartlett, (Dem., Ga.), while among those speaking for the service were Messrs. Cooper, (Rep., Wis.), and Gillette, (Rep., Mass.). No conclusion was reach in committee on the legislative bill.

Noted Arkansan Dead.

Fayetteville, Ark., Jan. 14.—Colonel Thomas M. Gunter, who represented this district in congress from 1875 to 1885, is dead. He was seventy-five years old. One of his sons is Judge Julius Gunter of the supreme court of Colorado, who is here.

Died of Heart Failure.

Tampico, Mex., Jan. 14.—S. H. Cook, formerly superintendent of the Mexican Central, but of late interested in the waterworks and drainage contracts, died of heart failure.

THIRTY-EIGHT ARRESTS.

Charged With Violation of Local Option Law and Gambling.

Tyler, Tex., Jan. 14.—Sheriff Robinson made a wholesale arrest for violation of the local option law and gambling. In all thirty-eight parties were arrested, the bulk of whom are for violation of the local option law. A cold-drink house was searched by the sheriff and a large quantity of a drink similar to beer obtained. The sheriff has had this drink analyzed and claims it contains 4 per cent of alcohol. The keeper of the place was also arrested.

GREAT GUSHER.

It Is Reported to Flow Fifteen Thousand Barrels Daily.

Sour Lake, Tex., Jan. 14.—It is stated the Spindleton Power company has brought in a 15,000 barrel well three miles east of the Paraffine well at Batson's Prairie. This well is known as the Clevinger and an effort was made to hold back the flow, but the pressure was too great.

Man Fatally Shot.

Nacogdoches, Tex., Jan. 14.—Ed C. Skiller was shot and fatally wounded in the suburbs. He had been requested to deliver a message by a Mrs. Taliaferro to her daughter. When he stopped at the latter's house a man met him and a row ensued. Skillen was shot. Cal Scott surrendered.

Girl Dies In Half an Hour.

Pittsburg, Tex., Jan. 14.—While Ada George, a negro girl, was making up a boarder's bed near Pine, a pistol which had been placed under a pillow fell to the floor and was discharged, the load taking effect in the girl's body. She died in thirty minutes.

Ratified by Saddlers.

Waco, Jan. 14.—The Southwestern Retail Saddlers and Harness Makers' association took up the matter of the ratification of the treaty involving the success of the Panama Canal and ratified it.

TERRIBLE FIGHT.

Fifteen Shots Were Fired, and a Switchman Lost His Life.

Oklahoma City, Jan. 14.—Edward Kelly, a switchman, was shot through the head Wednesday night and instantly killed. Officer Joe Burnett was shot through the thigh and hand, but was not fatally hurt. The officer had a warrant for Kelly on the charge of carrying a gun and came upon Kelly unexpectedly at First and Harvey streets. Both men went after their guns at the same time and a terrible battle ensued, during which fully fifteen shots were fired, and then they clinched and fought for possession of each other's weapons.

Kelly had a "pal," who was near at hand, and who started to run. Kelly told him to come back and kill the officer, and then fell over dead. Burnett stated that the unknown man had clicked his gun at him, but the cartridge failed to explode, and he took to his heels. A suspect has been arrested.

From Ear to Ear.

Vinita, I. T., Jan. 14.—In a battle at Grove John Woodall's throat was cut almost from ear to ear, making a wound that will probably prove fatal. James Perrin and William aBiley were arrested.

HANNA HONORED.

For the Second Time He Is Chosen United States Senator.

Columbus, O., Jan. 14.—In the presence of the joint assembly of the members of the Ohio senate and house Lieutenant Governor Harding declared Marcus A. Hanna reelected United States senator from Ohio for the term of six years, beginning March 4, 1905. The senator was given an ovation as he was escorted in the house. Addressing the assembly, Senator Hanna paid a tribute to the intelligence of the people of Ohio.

"A new era seemed to have dawned when an element in fragmentary parts had, from time to time, made it appear that a mistake had been made in laying the foundation stones of this republic," said the senator, "and the claim was made that the mistake grew out of the fact that it was a primitive form of government. The people of Ohio made that issue without regard to past party affiliation and put the seal of condemnation upon any and all forms of socialism, announced it to be their determination from the standpoint of good citizenship and good government to protect the people of Ohio without regard to political affiliations—personal and cooperative—and all the elements which have contributed to our wonderful growth and development were entitled to and had a right to that prediction. It is because of that principle and those policies connected with our greatest natural resources that the state of Ohio stands where she does in the family of states."

In closing, Mr. Hanna made a feeling allusion to the death of Hon. Charles Foster and the serious illness of Asa S. Bushnell, former governors of Ohio.

Strongly Denounced.

Memphis, Jan. 14.—At a massmeeting held in the Auditorium here Wednesday night, and attended by about 8000 citizens, resolutions were passed strongly denouncing the outrages at the recent municipal election in demanding that the guilty parties be apprehended and punished. A committee of fifty citizens was appointed to do everything possible to carry the resolutions into effect, and a sum of $2000 was subscribed to aid the committee in its work.

Several thousand dollars' worth of hay burned near Lawton, Okla.

The Celtic Affirmative.

In the speech of so highly developed a people as the Celts there is no equivalent to "yes." Thus it happens that you shall never hear an Irish waiter pronounce the shibboleth "yessir" of his English confrere, for he invariably expresses an affirmative by some such phrase as "I shall, sir," "It is, sir."—Blackwood's Magazine.

"Pleasant."

Nobead (as he prepares to take his leave)—I can assure you, Miss Nicer, the time has passed very pleasantly this evening.

Miss Nicer (absently)—Yes; it is a pleasure to know it has passed.—Scraps.

Everybody knows the phrase "All the world loves a lover," but very few people know that Emerson said it and that he said it in a slightly different way—"All mankind love a lover."

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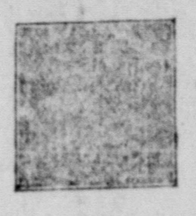

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CARPETBAG JUSTICE

[Original.]

"Moses Washington," said the colored carpetbag judge, "yo' is charged with de crime ob killin' Tom Jefferson an' ob robbin' de wife ob her libin'."

"I didn't kill nobody," said the prisoner, a fine looking darky of twenty-one.

"Call Oliver Burnet."

An ebony hued man whose black eyes rolled restlessly obeyed the order and waited as if expecting a wildcat to spring at him. The prosecuting attorney arose and faced him.

"Oliver Burnet, whar was yo' on de night ob de murder?"

"Don' know what night de murder was done."

"Dis mornin'."

"On dat night," said the witness, thinking hard and measuring his words with great care, "I war in my bed sound asleep."

"What reason hab yo' to t'ink yo' war in yo' bed dat night?"

The witness rolled his eyes up in earnest, then, lowering them, responded:

"'Cause I hain't slep nowhar else sence I moved into dat cabin five year ago."

"State to de co't what done happen dat night."

"I heard a chicken squealin' an' got up to fin' out who war de thief. I went to Jeb Mason's yard an' saw Jeb lyin' on de groun' daid. It was black dark, an' I couldn' see my han' befo' my eyes. Den I got 'feard ob de ha'nt ob de murdered man an' run like de dickens! On de road I run ag'in de prisoner."

"Yo' honah," said the prosecuting attorney, "ef dat don' prove fo' sartin dat de prisoner done de murder I don' know nottin' 'bout law."

"Yo' honah," said the attorney for the accused, "in de fus' place, how did de witness see de daid man layin' on de groun' when it was so dark he could'n' see he han' befo' he face? In de secon' place, what de sutenty ob de prisoner's committin' de murder because de witness run ag'in him in de dark?"

The judge scratched his head before replying.

"In de fus' place," he said, "a co'pse—mebbe a ha'nt—air so terrifyin' dat any nigger with good eyes could see it in de dark. In de secon' place, it don' stan' to reason dat any lazy nigger's goin' to be outen he bed in de middle ob de night onless he after chickens or watermillions."

The court called for more evidence, but, as there was none forthcoming, the case was submitted to the jury. The twelve marched into an adjoining room, where they remained an hour before returning with a verdict.

"Yo' honah," said the foreman in response to the usual question, "dis air a 'culiar case. Dere's some doot 'bout de prisoner committin' de murder, but dere ain't no doot 'bout de widder bein' lef' in a bad fix. De verdic' is dat de prisoner has to marry de widder."

"Yo' hear de verdic', Moses Washington. Yo' hab to marry de widder or hang. Which yo' do?"

This was a startler to the prisoner, who was expecting to wed that very day a good looking colored girl, who was present among the spectators. He deliberated till the judge, becoming impatient, renewed the question.

"Lemme see de widder," said the condemned man.

The court directed that the relict of the murdered man be summoned. When she came into court, there was a hum of sympathy for the prisoner. She was old, fat, blear eyed, whiskered—indeed, she was a fright. The judge stated the case to her, and she turned her eyes upon Moses.

"Judge," said the latter, "I reckon I choose de hangin'."

"Stan' up, Moses Washington, an' hear de sentence ob de co't. De sentence air dat yo' be tooken to de jail yard nex' Friday an' be hunged by de neck till yo' air daid, an' God hab mercy on yo' poo' soul."

The sheriff took charge of the prisoner and was about to lead him away when there was an unexpected entry, no less than the person of the murdered man. Judge, jury and spectators started simultaneously to run from the "ha'nt." Some got out, others only part way out. They were recalled to themselves by a realistic speech from the ghost:

"Yo' Sairy, wha' yo' done foolin' yo' time away hyar? I wan' my dinner."

"Fo' de Lawd," said the supposed widow, throwing up her hands, "I thought yo' was daid. Oliver Burnet saw yo' layin' in de back yard."

"Daid in de back yard! Wha' become ob de co'pse?"

The murdered man seemed as much surprised as any one and was troubled that he should have been seen dead.

"Wha' was yo' all dis time?" asked his wife.

"Didn't I tole yo' las' night I was goin' to git up airly an' go to Curnel Turnley's to beat carpets?"

"Sho' enuf, an' I done forgot 't."

"Oliver Burnet," said the judge, "wha' dat yo' didn' see in de back yard?"

"Dat was me sho' 'nuf, Jedge," said Jefferson. "Pete Cat'ts he come to hencoop to steal a chicken. I hit him 'tween de eyes, an' he hit me on de nose an' knocked me down. That reason I thought I might 'a' been killed."

There being no further explanation the judge, turning to the prisoner, said:

"Moses Washington, de co't finds a great disjustice, an' de co't wants mak' separation. De co't, according to de law, is de proper person to marry colored people. De co't will marry yo' an' Pinkey Price fo' life."

The marriage ceremony was then and there performed.

DAVID PARKER OLCOTT.

The Polite Germans.

We Germans are not only the most polite, but also the most ceremonious people in the world. Without ceremony it is not possible for us to present a friend, to take a seat in a restaurant, to drink or even to utter a single word. Consequently a people like the Britons, which ignores and utterly disregards these customs, must appear to us as a people of lubbers.—Frankfurter Zeitung.

A Line of Action.

"You see," said the young lawyer, "my client is accused of bigamy, and he's guilty; so I hardly know how to defend him."

"Why, that's easy," said the old lawyer. "Defend him on the ground of insanity and get a few henpecked husbands on the jury."—Puck.

Cause For Worry.

She—Why do you look so worried, Bertie? Did papa object?

Bertie—No. But he said: "It's all right. You'll soon find out it's useless to object when Nell is set on anything."

Invitations.

Archie—See how I am run after; these are invitations.

Friend—Good gracious! All those? Invitations to what?

Archie—To call and settle accounts.

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