



Joy and Faith.

Joy is a flower which blossoms in youth. When the heart is warmed by the breath of truth.

When the soul is moist with the dew of love. When faith falls like rain from the throne above.

Sorrow comes with a chilling blast. The flowers too tender and frail to last. It withers and fades—yet to bloom again. When the heart is freed from its load of pain.

Faith is a strength which to the world is a wall. The child wanders here but it does not fall. Firm in a strength which its tendrils afford. It clings to the wall, and the wall is the Lord.

Deceiving His Employer.

Holman Hunt, who began life as clerk to an auctioneer and estate agent, was constantly deceiving his employers.

He was a very clever fellow, and in his chosen profession, he was never slow to seize the flying moment.

"I won't buy your oranges," he said to an old woman who had entered the office in search of a new dress.

"Oh, I'll paint your portrait," said Holman, and thereupon she was put on paper in her habit as she lived, her basket on her head and an orange in her hand.

But one incident of this tell-tale yet ambitious period of the artist's life never ceased to afford him amusement.

The windows in his room were made of ground glass, and as he had little to do, he spent much of his time in gazing at the reflections upon the polished surface.

One day, by the number increased, and one morning his employer came in, stopped before the window and exclaimed:

"I can't make out how it is. Every day that I come into this room there seem to be more and more faces, and I am taking out my handkerchief, and attempting to brush them away."

Perchance there has not been a better illustration of the state of mind of those pessimists who think that everything is bad as it can be, but is going to be worse.

"This is always the way," said the man in a remark made by one of their number recently.

A party of people had been spending the evening at a friend's house, where the pessimist had come to see his self forth as the sage and peculiar victim of all the ills of the universe.

As the party came out into the open air, the pessimist inquired, he exclaimed:

"This is always the way," said the man in a remark made by one of their number recently.

"Why, don't you see? It rains!"

It was another pessimist who once declared that he was ready to end his life, and that he was going to throw himself out of the window of the fourth-story room in which he sat.

At this a friend who happened to be in the room rose and opened the window.

"Put that down," exclaimed the melancholy man, indignantly. "Do you want to give me my death of cold?"

It was a decided political movement in England. The audience could hardly breathe. Suddenly a quiet but determined-looking man stepped forward, every eye was turned to him.

"I want to put a question to the speaker."

Mr. Binks, the candidate, who was speaking, replied: "Well, sir, I am here to answer questions."

"Then what do Mr. Gladstone say in 1892?"

"That is an absurd question, he has said so many things."

"Never mind. What did he say in 1892?"

Here the audience began to show signs of discomfort, and cries of "Turn him out!" rose from all parts of the house.

"I again repeat, what did Mr. Gladstone say in 1892?"

Here he was asked and thrust out of the hall. A friend accompanied him, and said as soon as they regained their breath, "Did you make such a fool of yourself repeating that idiotic question?"

"Because I wanted some fresh air, and I did not know how else to get out of the place."

A Safe Night Light.

To instantly obtain light sufficient to read the time, a watchman at night, without danger of setting things on fire, is an easy matter.

Take an oblong vial of the clearest glass, put into it a piece of phosphorus about the size of a pea, pour upon this some pure olive oil, heated to boiling point, and the bottle is to be filled about one-third full, then cork tightly.

To use the light, remove the cork, allow the air to enter, then to re-cork. The whole empty space in the bottle will then become luminous, and the light obtained will be a good one.

As soon as the light becomes dim its power can be increased by opening the bottle and allowing a fresh supply of air to enter. In very cold weather it is sometimes necessary to heat the vial between the hands to increase the fluidity of the oil, and one bottle will last a winter.

This ingenious contrivance may be carried in the pocket, and is used by watchmen in Paris in all the magazines where explosives or inflammable materials are stored.

Driving Express Trains.

The general public has no idea what driving engines of the express trains means. It is no exaggeration to say that while the train is running the driver's whole life is in his work, and that he has no time to do anything but keep his engine and the signals ahead.

average that an duty for the men is nine hours a day, beyond which they are paid overtime. When they are not running their time is devoted to overhauling the engine.

The Broken Arm.

It is easy to forget how much children have to learn, and how the most obvious facts of life and experience may be to them mysteries the most profound.

So it happens frequently that true stories sound impossible, and of this class is perhaps a thing which a little Boston girl said last summer to her mother.

She was only three years old, and she had no experience in the matter of broken limbs beyond that afforded by the castles in her family of dolls. She had the misfortune to fall and break her own arm, and as soon as she discovered what had happened to her she cried out:

"No, darling! the mother answered: 'it will hold it so that it will not hurt you till the doctor comes, and he will fix it all right.'"

"Well, mamma," the little one said, pressing her lips together and trying to be brave, "do hold on to it, so that the sawdust won't run out."

He Knew It.

Put not your trust in a foreign language, when you are tempted to say something about a stranger in his presence. An English writer tells for truth an anecdote related by a man who had returned to London after many years in India.

He was riding in an omnibus, when a man and his wife got in and took a seat opposite to him. Pretty soon the woman said to her husband in Hindustani:

"Deldio, Sahib ko kaisa bana nak hai," which means, "Look what a large nose that gentleman has."

The remark was true enough, but the lady was no doubt much surprised when the man of whom it was made took off his handkerchief and wiped his eyes in excellent Hindustani.

"Hau, Sahib bahut bana nak hai," which being translated means, "Yes, madam, I have a very large nose."

Manufacture of Artificial Fleece.

In Birmingham, there is a whole district which is dependent for its support on the manufacture of artificial fleeces. The men and women who work together at this same means of livelihood, and yet, through some simple germ, the men of whom it was made took off his handkerchief and wiped his eyes in excellent Hindustani.

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THE FARM AND HOME.

THE FERTILITY AVAILABLE IN THE SOIL.

Farmers Should Experiment With Their Soil—Starved Trees—Weighing Milk—Farm Notes and Home Hints.

Available Fertility in Soil.

No naturally fertile soil, by which we mean soil that abounds in the mineral elements of plant food, ever becomes entirely exhausted.

As cultivation decreases the proportion of vegetable matter the land becomes hard, cloying, and not easily permeable to air and water.

The two agents that chiefly aid in making plant food available for the roots of plants to feed on. Under such conditions the farmer and more costly mineral elements assume insoluble forms.

Analysis of the soil shows them still present, but each year two small proportions of these minerals become available, and the crop is a comparative failure.

Natural manure, of course, is the staple remedy for these conditions. By restoring vegetable matter to the soil in form likely to rapidly ferment it sets loose carbonic acid gas, one of the best solvents of mineral manure.

It is the carbonic acid gas taken in by the snow in its passage through the air that gives the water from melted snow such superiority for cleansing dirt. It is better even than the freshly fallen rainwater, as the snow in passing through the atmosphere exposes a larger surface to it.

The farmer who waters his plants with water from a cistern does not give them the proportion of carbonic acid gas that they get in showers or light snows. It is becoming known that by putting small quantities of carbonic acid gas in water used for irrigation its likeness to rain water and its value may be greatly increased.

There are other ways, however, of increasing carbonic acid gas in the soil. Underdraining is one of these, and indeed, is the most necessary.

It allows not merely the water that falls on the surface to sink through the soil, but by providing outlets beneath as it disappears in the drains, all takes its place, and its oxygen attacks whatever vegetable matter in the soil contains and turns it into carbonic acid gas.

This decomposition of air in the soil creates some heat, as it is in fact a slow process of burning. Hence it warms the soil, and this of itself makes its mineral plant food more available.

We suspect that the advantage from use of salt in some cases, and its little value as manure in others, depends on whether it can find in the soil any elements that need to be made soluble. Salt, in small amounts that are usually applied to land, hastens rather than prevents decomposition. It is thus a help in creating carbonic acid gas wherever it can find material to decompose. The salt itself is also decomposed, and may thus furnish an unapproachable amount of carbonic acid gas. Its greater help comes, however, from its ability to aid the decomposition of manures, and in furnishing the solvent to keep mineral fertilizers from reverting to insoluble conditions.

It is quite probable that much phosphate soon passes beyond the condition in which it can be used. While there is nothing in salt to take the place of phosphate it may be better to make phosphate in the soil available than to supply it from outside.

Potash, especially in the form of wood-ashes, has also the same effect with the advantage that the ashes, besides furnishing carbonic acid, are themselves a supply of potash, one of the direct constituents of all plants. Wood-ashes are a necessity to the vineyardist or orchardist. Possibly farmers raising crops that require potash can keep their soil fertile by applying a little, at least, more cheaply for the use of salt. But when the time comes that potash is exhausted as it is, are quickly to be on sandy or gravelly soils, salt will no longer be of any benefit, and potash must be had to supply the loss.

It is well for farmers to experiment with their land to ascertain what means of filling it with carbonic acid gas is cheapest and most available. For the American cultivator. For though the gas in the soil does not itself become plant food, it is the lack of more than any other thing that is in the soil for available use. Drain the use of stable and green manures, and of such solvents as salt and potash, are such and all good in their places. Which will do the work best is to be determined in each case only by practical experiment.

Starved Trees.

There are on farms and fruit gardens an occasional tree or grape vine which seems to lack vigor—does not grow well, and yet seems to have no particular disease. The probabilities are that the tree is dying of starvation, and needs a liberal supply of food. When a tree is starved it does not pick a load of manure around the trunk of the tree or the body of a grape vine. This is the best place where it will do the best good. Nearest the trunk of the tree the roots are larger. The fibrous roots, the feeders, are farther off near the end of the roots. These only can take up the nutriment. It is always safe to assume that the roots extend as far from the trunk in every direction as do the limbs of the tree, and to properly fertilize spread the manure all over that area. Then fork it in, and you have done a good work and done it well.—Farmers Voice.

Weighing Milk.

For years I have weighed the milk of every cow at every milking, says a dairyman. A spring balance hangs on the platform behind the cows, and as a cow is milked the pail is hung on the scale and the weight noted; the pail is weighed twice, and a half-pounds each, and this is deducted from the weight of the milk as marked on a paper block which hangs on the wall with a pencil hanging by a string under it. Each cow has a number and under this is marked the column of weights of milk. Each week on Saturday evening, the sheet is taken to the dairy room and filed away, after having been copied in the milk-book in which every cow has a page. Thus at a glance may be seen precisely what each cow is doing and if any unusual change occurs in the yield the cause for it is sought for.

This is equal in value to a whole library of dairy books. It tells exactly the value of the milk, the effect of the injury from a storm; the effect of a cow, or a change of milker; and one cannot fail to make inquiry to take notice in regard to any falling off or decrease in milk, because it is brought so close to his attention.—Farmers Voice.

Peas for Hog Feed.

George Wyllie, in a paper before the Wisconsin general farmers' institute for 1892, said: "Peas sown as early in spring as possible make good feed for hogs. This crop is not appreciated by our farmers as it should be, and they probably will be in the near future. They are ready for use just when the pasture begins to fail and before any other farm crop is available. When the price of feed is high a crop of peas to turn the hogs and pigs into is valuable. If care is taken to keep the hogs out of the patch after rains, not enough will be wasted to pay for harvesting. If it is desired to seed the ground upon which they grow, to clover, the catch will be almost a certainty. If harvested and threshed, as a rule the crop will then be too expensive to be used for making pork. Peas range in price from seventy-five cents to upwards of \$1 per bushel, and while they are worth far more than corn for growing bone and muscle in young pigs, we have no authentic evidence that when the hogs come to be finished up for pork they will make more pounds of pork at that particular time than will a bushel of corn. Yet I believe a bushel of corn and peas, half and half, will make more pork than a bushel of either fed alone."

Regaining Old Orchards.

The loss from keeping trees which are naturally poor bearers or whose fruit does not sell well is apparently less considered than it used to be. When trees are mainly "natural fruit," it is not unusual to find a matter of course and was seldom neglected. Now the unprofitable tree is of a kind that has been once grafted, and any mistake that has been made is too often deemed irreparable. Every fruit grower ought to know how to graft. The operation is simple, and changing trees of unprofitable orchards may often be done by a few days work, more than doubling their product and value.

Household Hints.

Never wash raisins that are to be used in sweet dishes. It will make the pudding or cake heavy.

Many people are careless about washing fruit. It should always be thoroughly washed before it is put on the table.

To make brooms last longer than the ordinary broom, dip them once a week in boiling soda. This toughens the strands.

Spirits of ammonia, if diluted, applied with a sponge to faded or discolored spots in a carpet will often restore the color.

If ink is splattered on woodwork it may be taken off by scouring with sand and water and a little ammonia; then rinse with soda water.

Dry rot is a species of fungus which will attack furniture in a damp house and will render the house uninhabitable. Oak is liable to this trouble, and it is desirable that there should be no surface of raw wood on any part of furniture, but that it should be covered with some filling or varnish.

Saratoga chips or fried potatoes are prepared in the paper-like slices, and crisp, but not burned, in hot fat. The secret of preparing them properly lies in cutting them first in the thinnest slices possible, and soaking them for at least six hours in ice water. This process draws the starch out of the potato, and is positively necessary to success.

Fresh iron rust and fresh mildew stains are best removed by soaking the article which they are on in sour milk, and after it has lain for a day or a night in the milk, rubbing the spots vigorously with the hand in the milk. Where mildew or iron rust is on a white fabric, it may be completely bleached out by the use of salt and lemon juice, haying the article in a strong sun.

Lawn Notes.

Plant food is only available when soluble. Early-matured stock are the most profitable.

Breeding immature animals stunts both parents.

Neatness of package is a great advantage in selling butter.

Ashe is especially effective grass fertilizers and especially so for clover.

So far as possible the harrowing should be done before the ground becomes packed.

The finer the soil before planting the seed the earlier the cultivation can be commenced.

It is quite an error in preparing for corn planting to secure a deep, well pulverized seed bed.

Stable manure, bones and ashes are slow acting manures; sulphate of ammonia is quick acting.

MEGRIM.

A Form of Sick Headache Caused by Eye Strain.

This distressing condition of pain in the head. It is most invariably confined to one side of the head and is distinctly localized in the frontal (above the eyes), temporal or occipital (above the nape of the neck) region.

There is, perhaps, no form of pain more frequently encountered by the physician in his round of labor. It is an affection common in all climates, and neither height, depth nor atmospheric conditions confer immunity from the attack to those who are predisposed to it.

The fresh, cool fragrance upon the mountain top, the peaceful hush in the valley and the foam of the mad sea offer no relief to calm the most painful throbs, but might even elicit more is held back by such as these.

It is hereditary. It commonly shows itself before the 30th year of age and subsides in later life. Digestive disturbances were commonly supposed to be the causes which excited the attack. So too, nervous exhaustion and nervous irritation were believed to be active factors in precipitating an attack. The best medical authorities now say the chief and most frequent cause of megrim is an abnormal condition of the eye or its appendages.

There is no reason why a muscle or muscles of the eye should not become fatigued out just as the muscles elsewhere do. Let one bear a weight all day long, does he not attribute his consequent lameness to the heavy burden he has borne? It seems without elaborate thinking, and was seldom neglected.

Now the unprofitable tree is of a kind that has been once grafted, and any mistake that has been made is too often deemed irreparable. Every fruit grower ought to know how to graft. The operation is simple, and changing trees of unprofitable orchards may often be done by a few days work, more than doubling their product and value.

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Broad tires not only lighten the draft on soft ground, but they do not cut up the surface so badly.

One of the objects gained in a system of rotation is that the plant food in the soil is more evenly balanced.

Less fencing, large fields and long furrows are the most economical both in planting and cultivating the crops.

A less acreage worked and more grown on an acre is one of the best means of making the farming profitable.

Early planted corn need not be covered more than one inch deep, while generally the later the planting the deeper the covering.

Hay removes more of the essential elements of plant growth than grain, hence it is not considered a good plant to sell hay from the farm.

One decided advantage in a light mellow soil is that it is so much easier worked and with cultivated crops this is often quite an item.

While oats do not usually pay a large profit when raised for market, they can nearly always be given to a good advantage for feeding to the stock.

Hayden Days.

What are the hayden days? They are the seven days before and the seven days after the shortest day. The hayden, or kingfisher, is supposed to be breeding at this time, for which reason the sea, for this fortnight, very considerably preserves a perfect calm.

Up to Date.

"Physiognomical Haircutting" is the announcement of a Boston barber who is a little more up to date in his methods. One's hair and beard are trimmed by him to suit the features.

INDIANS STOLE THEM.

Some months ago a young woman of Buffalo advertised in a Chicago paper for a husband. E. B. Clarke, of Indianapolis, answered the advertisement and a correspondence followed, which soon developed a flame in both their hearts.

Not long since Clarke went on to Buffalo to meet his prospective bride, and on starting on the journey he purchased an accident insurance ticket for \$5000. Stopping over at Detroit to visit relatives, he wrote to his lady love and sent her the insurance ticket, telling her to expect him in a few days, but the next thing that she heard of him he had been killed by an accident on the train. She promptly put the insurance ticket in a lawyer's hands and collected the \$5000 insurance, on the understanding that she had never seen. But the young man's sister, who claimed that she is not entitled to the money, and have instituted suit to compel her to give it up.

Too Modest.

There is in Maine a young man who had never been in a railroad car until the other day, when he mounted the steps of a car at a rural station on the Maine Central and knelt energetically on the door to be let inside. Like all other Maine men, he succeeded, notwithstanding his modesty.

Steel Boats.

Seamless steel boats, each made of only two plates, each plate riveted on a bulge keel bar, which forms also the stem and stern posts, are being made by a firm in London. They are less costly than the ordinary metallic boat, and keep in tighter and more seaworthy condition than wooden boats.

Leads the World.

France is claimed to be the greatest egg and poultry producing country in the world, the value of eggs alone amounting to \$175,000,000 annually, or nearly half as much as the largest wheat crop ever produced in the United States.

I Cure Constipation and Dyspepsia.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative Nerve Pills sent free with Special Mail Order. For Sale at Druggists. Dr. Shoop, Box 10, New York City.

Nearly every man complains of being greatly annoyed by tools.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured.

A. P. McLemore, The Leading Druggist of Haskell, wants your trade in the DRUG LINE.

I carry a full line of patent medicines, toilet articles of all kinds, writing tablets, paper, pens, ink, pencils and tablets. The finest line of box paper in town, musical instruments of all kinds, Lamps, Lanterns, Lamp-chimneys, in fact everything that is kept in a first class establishment. When you come to town come in to see me, I am always glad to see you and when you need anything in my line I am more than glad to serve you. Respectfully,
Dog Poison of all kinds.
A. P. McLEMORE.

BRICK DRUG STORE NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE SQUARE, HASKELL, TEXAS.

The Haskell Free Press.

J. E. POOLE,
Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application.
Terms \$1.50 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas,
as Second class Mail matter.

Saturday May 13, 1893.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Buy California Dog Poison at McLemore's.

—WINE OF CARDUI, a Tonic for Women.
—Mr. Ed Martin made a trip to Stonewall county this week.

—Trimmed hats from 50 cents up to \$1.50 at the Ladies' Emporium.

—McLemore's is the place to buy California Dog Poison.

—Jim Norris, at one time a citizen of this county, is here this week.

—Buy California Dog Poison at McLemore's.

—BLACK-DRAUGHT tea cures Constipation.

—Many an acre in Haskell county will be planted in cotton next week.

—McLemore's is the place to buy California Dog Poison.

—See those lovely silks at Ladies' Emporium.

—Wheat, oats, corn, cotton and green grass are growing all round and round.

—McLemore's is headquarters for what you want in the Drug Line.

—We are in receipt of a communication from Dr. Hagard which will appear next week.

—McLemore's is headquarters for what you want in the Drug line.

—McElree's WINE OF CARDUI for female diseases.

—Large stock of new hats and flowers just arrived at Ladies' Emporium.

—Mr. S. W. Scott is home from his trip to Austin, where he has been taking a tussle with the big court.

—McLemore can save you money when you want Drug.

—BLACK-DRAUGHT tea for Dyspepsia.

—G. A. P. Johnson, of Abilene, dealer in boots and shoes, made an assignment on last Saturday.

—McLemore can save you money when you want Drugs.

—Low prices will rule for sixty days at S. L. Robertson's, in shoes, boots and furnishing goods.

—McElree's Wine of Cardui

and THEODORE'S BLACK-DRAUGHT are for sale by the following merchants in Haskell, R. E. Martin and A. P. McLemore.

—McElree's WINE OF CARDUI for female diseases.

—Mrs. Moore from Jones county and Miss Williams from Abilene are visiting Mrs. Tucker.

—Don't forget that the Ladies Emporium will sell goods at cost for the cash every Saturday.

—Mr. J. E. Dickinson is preparing to open up his soda water, ice cream and milkshake stand.

—Everybody loves something good to eat, and the cash gets lots of it at W. W. Fields & Bro's. store.

—The ditches or gutters along the sidewalks of Haskell were running streams several days this week.

—Mr. A. C. Foster, one of Haskell's ablest lawyers, will leave on Monday for Fort Worth on legal business.

—F. G. Alexander & Co. received to-day, another lot of new goods. Failing to make your purchase there is losing money.

—The rains of this week, according to the best information we have, were general over this section of the state.

—Mr. Hall Morrison, one of our prominent and progressive young business men, went down to Graham this week.

—County Commissioner J. B. Adams made ye pencil pusher smile the other day by handing over a year's subscription.

—Rained? Yes, it rained. It poured down Saturday night, Monday night and a good shower fell Wednesday night and another during the day Wednesday.

—Look! Look! at those lovely trimmed hats at 75 cents to \$1.50 at the Ladies' Emporium.

—Dr. Neathery reports the arrival of a fine baby boy at the residence of Mr. J. F. Ross on last Monday morning.

—Mr. J. J. Mearns, we are informed, had a mare to bring twin colts this week. Both colts are alive and doing well.

—Mr. Ed J. Mearns, one of our leading criminal lawyers, was sent for and went down to Anson Monday to take a hand in the arson cases.

—Now that the prospect for a good crop year is as good as you could ask for, draw up your belt another hole and, go at it like a thousand of brick.

—A big (lye) man, not the FREE PRESS man, either, got in his work on the Haskell merchants this week; he was a drummer for the manufacturers of Babbitt's lye.

—Some ten or twelve wagons loaded with household goods and families leaving Scurry county, and enroute to the I. T. passed through this place Monday and Tuesday.

—By an oversight of Prof. Merchant the names of several students of the Haskell school were left out of the report published last week. They will be found in this issue.

—Prof. Merchant informs us that 196 pupils within the scholastic age and 51 overs and unders, making a total of 247 pupils, attended the Haskell public school during the last session.

—Mr. Bob Dickenson got back from his trip to the Chickasaw nation on Sunday evening. He says the crops in Haskell county are looking as well or better than in any of the country he traveled over.

—Drummers, like the grass and other green things are coming thick since it has begun raining—only the drummers are not generally green as the boys found out, who tried to get one to pull the badger the other evening.

—Messrs. Will Dickenson and Rile Stephens and wife, Mr. Sewell and family and Misses Beulah and Annie Glasscock went down to Clear Fork fishing Thursday morning. They caught a rain, we know, but we have had no report as to their luck with the finny tribe.

—The general verdict is that it is not near so bad with the wheat and oat crops as many thought it was, or as it might have been. The fact is, a panicky apprehension of what might be caused the estimate to be made more or what might come, than on what really was the condition.

—Mr. A. F. Stubbs representing the Babbitt lye manufacturing company was here this week. Mr. Stubbs is an old newspaper man and called and chatted the FREE PRESS awhile. As he left the devil remarked that he was still in a lye-ing business, and we promptly fired the shooting stick at him.

—The rains of the past week have brightened the farmers' up wonderfully, and as an evidence that they still have considerable faith in the out come of the wheat crop, we notice a half dozen or more self-binders standing on the vacant lot near Sherrill Bros. hardware establishment, brought in for repairs and to be made ready against harvest time.

—Important to Cattlemen.

The live stock and animal industries department at Washington some time since advised the veterinary sanitary board of the state of Colorado that it would refuse to admit cattle into the Colorado ranges, if the Colorado board desired it, from Wilbarger, Baylor, Throckmorton, Shackelford, Jones and Pecos counties in Texas. At a conference held a few days ago the Colorado board wrote the department at Washington that it was desired that the order be promulgated and enforced, and it doubtless will be done. It is thought that such restriction will affect the price of cattle in the counties named to the extent of \$5 per head.



I am happy! Have been buying at

F.G. Alexander & Co's.

See What They Have:

New, Stylish Spring Dress Goods,

DRY GOODS AND SILKS

Gloves, Hosiery, Parasols etc.

and in fact everything required by a lady to make a modern toilette, from the plainest to the most tasteful.

While we have taken great pains to please the ladies we also attend the wants of our gentlemen friends, for our stock of

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS

is complete in all the latest styles, as to cut, finish and pattern of goods.

OUR BOOT SHOE and HAT

department is well stocked in all styles and qualities for ladies, gentlemen and children. If you want the best there is,

—We've Got Them—
We bought for cash at Bottom Prices, and will give our customers the benefit.

F. G. Alexander & Co.



I didn't buy there, but wish to thunder I had.

Haskell School Picnic.

(Continued from first page.)

minutes until all eyes were directed to the man under the elm tree, who would try to eat the drum stick a while and then the biscuit. In the short space of 45 minutes the gentleman began to "catch on." Clearing up his throat, pulling down the sleeve of his princely shirt, and reaching back after his straw hat, which had worked back over his occipital down to the third joint of his spinal column, said, "I expect to eat this if my teeth don't wear out fast."

Willie began to laugh, but Mary who sat on the opposite side of the spread from him, shook her head and said in a low tone "let him catch on if he can, don't tell." Willie, who is of a misanthropic disposition, could not stand it any longer, and began saying, "that fowl has been in the west during nine droughts, if he eats him the dentist will sure 'nough have a job."

Mary was irate at Willie's remarks and started around to box or pull his ears, but just as she passed around the elm tree the meat let go its tremendous grip of the drum stick and the poor girl was knocked down.

Mary's mamma was not there but the cook was, who, seeing Mary struck with the bone, made at the assailant with a butcher knife which she was holding in her hand. The gentleman took to the bushes, closely pursued by the cook. In the course of five minutes the cook returned with a piece of black broad cloth tightly clutched in the left hand, said, "the gentleman gave her the dodge in a thick clump of chapparal bushes. The gentleman came in late in the afternoon and said he would not have known Mary down for the best hoss in Haskell county. With the exception of this one accidental disturbance everything moved on nicely and smoothly and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

For Sale.

Thirty shares of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Haskell, Texas; what will you give for it? Also lands in Haskell county and Northwest Texas. Address B. C. Evans Co. Fort Worth Tex.

Advertised Letters.

Unclaimed letters remaining in the Haskell, Texas, post office, Apr. 30, 1893. If not called for within 30 days will be sent to the dead letter office.
Hartbrook Miss Mattie, 1 Miss Eddie, 1
Hartbrook John, 1 Miss James, 1
Williams Lumb, 1 Moore A. W. 1
McHenry Mrs. Alice, 1 Cluckey J. I
Savage Dr. W. S. 1 Bayley M. E. 1
Monday Miss Emma, 2 Onion Joseph, 1
Franklin H. M. 1 Kidd Wm P. 1
Queest charges on advertised letters.
Rept. Chas. B. Banks, P. M.

Stockholders Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Central Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company at Waco, Texas, on the 28th day of June, 1893 at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of authorizing an issue of bonds not to exceed \$2,000,000 in amount to provide for liabilities and general purposes of the company, and for betterments, extensions and branch railroad to be built, and of authorizing the making of a mortgage upon its property and franchises, and upon the property, rights, franchises, extensions and branch to be acquired and built by the proceeds of sale of said bonds, to secure said issue of bonds.

CHAS. HAMILTON,

Vice-President.

RICHARD OLIVER,
Secretary. 4,79-81

HILL'S

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE
IF YOU TAKE THE TABLETS AS DIRECTED
AND STOP DRUGS AT ONCE

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 4 to 10 days. Perfectly harmless, causes no sickness, and may be given to a child of 10 years of age without the least danger. The patient, by the use of our SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CLIP TABLETS, can be cured at home, and without the necessity of stopping work or leaving home. We send patients and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our tablets.

DRUNKENNESS AND MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without the necessity of stopping work or leaving home. We send patients and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our tablets.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all first-class druggists at \$1.00 per package. If your druggist does not keep them, enclose \$1.00 and we will send you, by return mail, package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are offered for sale. Ask for **HILL'S TABLETS** and take no other.

Manufactured only by
—THE—
OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
61, 63 & 65 Opera Block,
LIMA, OHIO.
PARTICULARS
FREE.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

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