Serve Your Country
Join the National Guard

Wichita Daily Times

Weather Forecast
Wes Texas: Tonight and Saturday, partly cloudy.

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HOLLAND DECLARES EXPORTS EMBARGO

By Associated Press

Washington, April 26.—Holland has placed an embargo on the exportation from the Dutch East Indies of tin, tin ore, conchona bark, quinine, quinine salts and kapok, all of which are needed in large quantities by the United tSates for war purposes.

Official notification of the embargo, effective April 22, was received today and has caused much perturbation. Officials declined to indicate the probable reasons but in some quarters it was suggested the measure was in retaliation for the American requisitioning of Dutch ships. Elsewhere it was thought to have been prompted by the critical situation in which Holland finds herself with Germany.

The embargo on tin and tin ore will prove especially embarrassing to the United States. Supplies needed for munitions and food preservation were expected to come from the Dutch East Indies as the British are taking the entire output of the straits settlement. Cincho bark, quinine and quinine salts are needed for medicinal purposes by the army.

Zeebrugge Commander May Be Disgraced As Result British Raid

By Associated Press

Amsterdam, April 26.—Vice Admiral Schroeder, the commander at Zeebrugge according to reports reaching here, will be deprived of his command for being taken by surprise by the British Tuesday.

German newspapers, in commenting on the raid at Zeebrugge generally take the hint given in the official reports at Berlin and represent the enterprise as having been a failure. Some, however, admit that the attack was made with great boldness.

Kaiser Boasts That Opponents Are Making Graves For Themselves

By Associated Press

Amsterdam, Apr.l 26.—"The people who wish to destroy us are digging their own graves," said Emperor William, as quoted in an interview by Karl Rosner which the Dusseldorf Anzeiger publishes.

"The emperor, who was commenting on the large amount subscribed to the new war loan, said further: 'Our victories in the field and the victories of the Germans at home must make those over yonder realize that we cannot be subdued by arms and economic isolation."

EUROPEAN AIR LINE TO BE ESTABLISHED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 26,—An aerial line between Nice, Paris and London is to be established soon, says a dispatch from Rome. Italy has started an enormous industrial expansion looking to the development of aviation.

CLARK DECLINES SENATRRSHIP TO SUCCEED STONE

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 26.—Speaker Clark today declined Governor Gardner's proffer of the Misouri senatorship to fill the vacancy caused by Senator Stone's death.

Mr. Clark's announcement came after two days of consultation with political and personal friends. Mrs. Clark, to whose judgment the speaker gives great weight, and Mrs. Jas. M. Thomson, the speaker's daughter, urged him not to relinquish the speakership. Chairman Ferris of the democratic congressional committe also urged him not to accept.

Women suffragists called on the speaker today to urge him to accept on the ground that his vote was needed to carry the Senate for suffrage.

It was reported at the capitol today that the senatorship might be offered to Waller W. Graves of Jefferson City or Xenophen Wilsley of St. Louis.

THIS IS WHERE THE IRISH OF AMERICA STAND



DETAILS OF RAID UPON ZEEBRUGGE ARE ANNOUNCED

STORMING PARTIES ARE LANDED UNDER MOST TRYING CIRCUMSTANCES

By Associated Press

London, April 26.—(To Reuter Ottawa Agency)—Details of the British naval raid on the German submarine base at Zeebrugge as contained in the official narrative issued by the admiralty show to what lengths the crews of the cruiser Vindictive and the Liverpool ferry boats Iris and Daffodil sacrificed themselves to draw the attention of the Germans from the three cruisers assigned to block the canal. Concerning the engagement on the Mole where the Vindictive landed storming parties, the account says: "The Daffodil after aiding to berth the Vindictive should have proceeded to land her own men but Captain Carpenter ordered her to remain as she was with her bows against the Vindictive's quarter, pressing the latter ship into the Mole. Her casualties, owing to her position during the fight were small, one killed and eight were wounded, among the latter being her commander, Lieutenant Campbell, who was struck in the right eye by a shell splinter.

Iris Had Trouble.

"The Iris had trouble. Her own first attempts to make fast to the Mole ahead of the Vindictive failing as her grapnels were not large enough to span the parapet. Two officers, Bradford and Hawkins, came ashore and sat astride the parapet, trying to make the grapnels fast, till each was killed and fell down between the ships and wall. Command Gibbs had both legs shot away and died next morning.

"Lieutenant Spencer, though wounded took command and refused to be relieved. The Iris was obliged at last to change her position and fall in astern of the Vindictive. She suffered very heavily from the fire. A single big shell plunged through the upper deck and burst below at the point where fifty-six marines waited the order to go to the gangways. Forty-nine were killed the remaining seven being wounded.

Another shell burst in a ward room which was serving as a sick bay and killed four officers and 26 men. Her total casualties were eight officers and 69 men killed; 102 men and six officers wounded.

"The storming and demolishing parties upon the Mole met with no resistance from Germans other than intense and remitting fire. The geography of the great Mole with its railway line and many buildings, hangars and store sheds, was already well known and the demolition parties moved to their appointed work in perfect order.

Ships Steal In.

"And while they worked and destroyed, the covering party below the parapet could see in the harbor by the light of the German star shells the shapes of the block ships stealing in out of their own smoke and mak-

(Continued on page five.)

VILLERS-BRETONNEUX IS RETAKEN BY BRITISH IN ATTACK MADE AT NIGHT

By Associated Press

London, April 26.—Australian and English troops have recaptured Villers-Bretonneux and taken more than 600 prisoners in the region, Field Marshal Haig reports from headquarters tonight.

Further to the north on a line from Bailleul to Wytschaete there has been very heavy fighting and the allied troops were obliged to withdraw from their positions.

With the British Army in France, April 25.—The story from Villers-Bretonneux was most cheerful. The Germans began their attack on Villers-Bretonneux about 6 o'clock yesterday morning after a heavy bombardment including great quantities of gas shells which forced the British to pull out of parts of the town and hold it lightly. At that hour heavy mists were hanging over the whole region and under cover of this the Germans advanced, supported by five bulky and heavily armored tanks.

Simultaneously with their attack at Villers-Bretonneux, the Germans also began operations to the south against the French and north of the river Somme. At Sailly-Le-Sec and Vaire several attacks were repulsed during the early hours.

First Drive.

The first drive against Villers-Bretonneux was made with two divisions and this was thrown back. The Germans immediately put two fresh divisions into line and again surged forward. Five tanks were sent to the north through the valley leading through the southern part of the town and these engines were followed by large forces of infantry.

By noon the Germans had swung a salient about 6,000 yards wide and 4,000 yards deep about Villers-Bretonneux and were holding the town strongly. This they continued to do until ten o'clock last night when the British delivered a surprise counter attack. There should have been a moon to assist the British but the sky was heavily overcast and dense mist hung over the region.

Expected no Trouble.

According to prisoners the enemy had no expectation of further trouble from the British last night and were sitting snugly in their new position when the storm broke. The German artillery had been lulled into false security and was doing little shelling.

At the appointed hour, the British gunners put down a sharp barrage and the British infantry drove forward. The attack was made from the southwest and northwest on Villers-Bretonneux and these two forces drove in toward the eastern part of the town in a converging movement. As a result the British have bottled up the town.

The British infantry immediately rushed the town and heavy hand to hand fighting ensued, the bayonet being used freely. Six hundred prisoners were taken here and a great number of the enemy were killed. The town was virtually cleared and today only a few scattered pockets of Germans are in the place. Some of them are still dug in along the Villers-Bretonneux-Marcelcave Railway embankment with machine guns and these are causing some trouble but their ultimate extermination or capture is certain.

OVERMAN BILL IS SURE OF PASSAGE WITH AMENDMENT

By Associated Press

Washington, April 26.—Addition to the Overman bill of the amendment of Senator Wadsworth of New York, providing for re-organization of the aircraft program by authorizing the president to establish an executive agency with complete powers, was assured today when Senator Overman of North Carolina, in charge of the bill, advised the Senate that he would accept the provision.

The Senate formally adopted the amendment by a unanimous viva voce vote after Senators Gallinger of New Hampshire and Smoot of Utah had called attention to official statements that the $654,000,000 appropriated for the aviation program had been spent and $400,000,000 additional was asked.

Besides authorizing the president to center control of the entire aircraft program in one executive officer—probably John D. Ryan—the amendment would transfer to the officer all appropriations made for the aviation work.

FINAL VOTE GIVEN AS 1275 TO 383 IN PROHI ELECTION

Returns from the Cashion and Denny boxes completing the vote in the county make the total vote for prohibition in Tuesday's election 1275. The vote against prohibition is 383. Cashion gave 34 votes for prohibition and 1 against. Denny gave 16 votes for prohibition and 2 against.

Mount Kemmel Is Desperately Sought By Huns

By Associated Press

BULLETIN—London, April 26.—The Germans in their attacks on the northern battle front have occupied Kemmel hill, General Delma Radcliffe, chief director of military operations at the war office, stated this afternoon.

The war situation of today summarized by the Associated Press is as follows:

Heavy fighting is still in progress today along the ridge line of the Flanders front, where the peak of Mount Kemmel is the German objective.

This peak evidently is yet disputed ground out with the German threat against it more menacing, as it is conceded by the British official report that the enemy has secured a footing on the hill.

Although faced by a superior force in the ten mile sector between Bailleul and Hollebeke, the Anglo-French troops holding this line battled stubbornly all day yesterday giving ground only when compelled by the weight of numbers.

Line Holds Well.

The line seemed to have held fairly well, to the southwest of Mount Kemmel which is virtually impregnable to frontal attack but to the northeast the Germans were apparently able to push forward far enough in the neighborhood of Vierstraat to enable them to approach the height on the flank.

The allied effort naturally will be to concentrate against this enemy wedge and drive it back again sufficiently to ease the pressure on the easterly side of Mount Kemmel.

That they have not conceded the height to the Germans is evident by the wording of the London official statement which admits only an enemy footing there and reports the battle still continuing.

Might Be Serious.

Definite possession of Kemmel hill by the Germans might mean that the British would have to abandon the Ypres salient, according to correspondents at the front.

The fighting on the Somme front has died down to artillery fighting following successful execution yesterday of the British coup which reclaimed the village of Villers-Bretonneux from the Germans. The British troops last night completed the operation here for the time being by cleaning out hostile posts which were holding out to the southeast of the village. This establishes the British once more well on the high ground in this sector.

Unable to make appreciable progress against the defense of the British, French and American troops on the line south of the Somme in Picardy, the enemy swung his attacks to the northern battle ground. As on Wednesday, his first assaults on the seven mile front from Bailleul to Kemmel to Wytschaete were successful and the Allied troops wer compelled to give up their first defense line.

The tactics of switching attacks is not new to the Germans and was persisted in by them in their vain attempt to capture Verdun two years ago. After the first successful lunge, on both sides of the Meuse the enemy tried to gain his objective by attacking first on the right bank and then on the left. Apparently the Germans are now trying the same method by alternating between Picardy and Flanders in attempts to reach Amiens and wipe out the Ypres salient.

It is not improbable the Germans may be making strong attacks on various sectors in an endeavor to cover preparations for an effort some place else but it is significant that they have attacked on the most important sectors on either battle front.

South of the Somme the Germans have been driven from the high ground and village of Villers-Bretonneux by the British with the loss of 600 prisoners. Further south they hold Hangard. On this front heavy artillery duels are in progress.

Wounded Reach Paris

American wounded in the fighting on the French sector from Hangard to Castel are arriving in Paris.

In the Woevre near Regineville which is five miles northeast of Seichprey, where General Pershing's men were attacked heavily last Saturday, the French have repulsed a strong German attack. The enemy gained a footing in advanced elements but the French line was later re-established.

Complete success, it is authoritatively announced, attended the dramatic and courageous raid into the German submarine base at Zeebrugge. The enemy it is said, will be compelled for some weeks to use Ostend as a base and the British then can deal more easily with the German warships and submarines.

The channel at Zeebrugge was blocked and much damage done to the enemy defense and shipping.

A change of wind prevented like success at Ostend, the Germans discovering the raider before they had time to begin their allotted work. The importance of the raid is shown by the fact that Emperor William visited Zeebrugge immediately to ascertain the damage which Berlin insists was slight.

It is reported that the vice admiral in command at Zeebrugge has been dismissed.

TREMENDOUS RALLY TO GAIN RECRUITS SET FOR TONIGHT

JUDGE KAY WILL PRESIDE AT MEETING AT EIGHTH AND INDIANA

CAPTAIN COO WILL TALK

Cavalry and Machine Gun Branches Are Open Now in Texas National Guard

At a big open air rally to be held tonight at 8:30 at the corner of Eighth and Indiana it is purposed to complete the recruiting of the Wichita Falls cavalry and machine gun organizations, as by order of the commanding officer, Brigadier General McDill, all organizations must be fully recruited by Saturday, April 27. The rally will combine the National Guard and Liberty Loan meetings and Captain Coo, prominent Canadian officer who has seen overseas service will be one of the principal speakers.

Judge Kay to Preside

Judge Kay will preside over the meeting and the officers of the new companies together with prominent business and professional men will make appeals in the interest of enlistment in the new guard. It is understood that one complete company must be raised tonight and Saturday night, and it is the hope of the recruiting committee that practically all the recruits needed be secured at this meeting or as a direct result of the rally.

The citizens of Wichita Falls are urged to attend the rally tonight and to evidence their support of the new movement of raising troops for service on the Mexican border, to release men of the regular army and Guard for overseas service. There are many men over draft age joining daily, men of much prominence in the business and professional life of this section of the state and the committee holds these men up as examples of what a patriot ought to be.

The government will take the new organization into Federal service as soon as they are mobilized and the same arrangements for careing for dependants that obtains in the regular and national armies will be made, so that there is no drawback to a man who has dependents.

Age Limit is 45

In certain cases the age limit of 45 is being waived and this new Guard promises to be a gathering of unusual material, from all ages and ranks, all of them imbued with the spirit of patriotism which has led them to give up business and all other claims for the chance to serve their country and their state. Wichita Falls now is not quite up with the other cities and towns that have undertaken organizations but Major Smoot and Captains Napier and Davenport, feel confident that following tonight's rally there will be little further work to do and that the county will "go over the top" in the new Texas National Guard tomorrow night with the remainder of West Texas.

PRESIDENT MAKES SECOND SUBSCRIPTION

By Associated Press

Washington, April 26.—President Wilson made a second subscription to the third Liberty Loan at a local theatre last night, taking $2,000 worth of bonds. He made his first subscription for $1,000 worth at the same theatre two weeks ago.

ONE OF BIG GUNS FIRING ON PARIS IS NOW DESTROYED

By Associated Press

Paris, April 26.—One of three German long range guns which have been bombarding Paris, has been destroyed, according to Deputy Charles Lebouco, of the department of the Seine. The deputy said he had talked with the general commanding the sector near Crepy-En-Laonnois, where the big guns are stationed. The enemy, he declared, is constructing new emplacements.

NIGHT BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS PROVES FUTILE

By Associated Press

Paris, April 26.—The long range bombardment of Paris was resumed during the night. Up to six o'clock, as far as could be ascertained nobody had been hurt and the damage done was not appreciable.

ALLIED RESERVES STILL UNTOUCHED IN AMIENS SECTOR

FURTHER HUNS ADVANCE MORE PERILOUS THEIR POSITIONS

On the French Front in France, Thursday, April 25.—The more they advance along the road toward Amiens the more perilous to them becomes the salient the Germans are forming in the Somme region, especially in view of the fact that the Allied reserves are virtually intact and the Allied armies are now commanded by a single chief.

The present moment is less favorable to the German plan than when they started their advance on March 21. Then a weak point existed between the French and British armies. Now there is no sensitive part of the line since the unified command has been given the oportunity to make the most practical use of all of the Allied troops.

All Night Battle

An all night battle in which the Germans, after gathering powerful columns, hurled them upon Hangard-En-Santerre resulted in the village changing hands several times. Individual combats with bayonets, from house to house, were of frequent occurence. Fire burst out in all directions until the village is now a mere heap of smoking ruins which the Germans held this morning with diffculty, for the French gave them no liberty of movement and their repeated effores to advance further were stopped as soon as they began.

Meanwhile the artillery, extending the radius of its fire, bombarded heavily, Hailles, Castel and Senecat wood, all situated on the same plateau to the southwest of Hangard, which elevation bars the route to Amiens. The enemy launched several assaults upon Hailles and even succeeded in reaching lower slopes of Hill 82, just to the south of this village, but the French artillery and machine guns put an end to his progress here.

To Force Amiens

The German effort gives more marked signs of becoming a desperate attempt to force a way to Amiens, whatever the cost. This cost hitherto has been very high, for neither the French or British are ceding an inch of ground without taking the heaviest toll from the German attacking forces.

From March 21 until today the Germans have employed approximately 130 divisions, of which thirty have been withdrawn to refill the ranks and have then been sent into battle for the second time, making the total of divisions into action one hundred and sixty.

CENSORSHIP MAY GO INTO HANDS OF NEWSPAPERMEN

EXPERTS MAY "SAVE EFFORT" ON PART OF U. S. DEPARTMENTS

By Associated Press

New York, April 26.—As a result of a suggestion made before the American Newspapers Publishers Association, Hopewell Roger, retiring president, the organizations to seek cooperation by the government in establishing a voluntary censorship bureau composed of practical newspaper men.

Mr. Rogers in his address alluded to "wasted efforts" in the preparation of government publicity matter and classed the government's publicity committee as "incompetent and disloyal."

Under the plan proposed today a committee of trained journalists would be selected to gather from the various departments such news as would be of interest to the public and of value in the prosecution of the war and at the same time eliminate such material as publishers regard as unimportant, thereby saving the time and effort now used in sending out "copy" which reaches waste baskets.

A committee to confer with the government departments on this project will be appointed before the convention adjourns.

Life Saver Kills Wife At Ft. Worth And Ends Own Life

By Associated Press

Fort Worth, Tex., April 26.—Carl Thompson, famous as a life saver on the Lake Worth beach, who killed his wife last night and then shot himself, died this morning early. The double tragedy, occurred while the couple were walking along a street in the suburbs. A witness proceeding a short distance ahead of them, said he overheard them quarrelling violently before Thompson drew a revolver and fired. Thompson is a brother of the former Texas and Southern League ball player, "Swampy" Thompson.

ALEXANDER WILL PITCH ONLY ONE LEAGUE GAME

By Associated Press

Chicago, April 26.—Grover Cleveland is scheduled to make his Chicago debut and farewell as a "Cub" pitcher today. Tonight he will leave for Camp Funston to begin training in the national army.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REVIEWS LAST YEAR OF NEWS GATHERING

REPUTATION FOR ABSOLUTE ACCURACY OF ORGANIZATION MAINTAINED

By Associated Press

New York, April 26.—The report of the board of directors of the Associated Press this year is considered of such unusual interest as to warrant publication, it refers among other things to the experiences of some Associated Press men in the foreign service and in making this part public the board authorized the insertion in parenthesis of the names of the men concerned.

The report follows:

To the Members of the Associated Press:

In earlier reports we have endeavored to summarize briefly the most important news events of the year. We make no such attempt this year. There have been months during which more epoch-making news has developed than during some previous years and all newspaper men must wonder whether we shall ever return to former standards of news values. Nor do we enlarge in this report upon the news gathering achievements of the organization. With those achievements have come many inevitable disappointments. Overtaxed cables, muddled censorships and similar exigencies of war often have upset our plans and frequently neutralized the resourcefulness of our staff. Yet we have incomparably the most comprehensive machinery for collecting and distributing news that the world has ever known.

Men Abroad.

Of our men abroad we gratefully acknowledge our appreciation. Torpedoes and mines at sea and shot and shell on land have held no fears for them. Their escapes amid dangers have been countless. One, (Frank M America) was knocked down by a zeppelin bomb in London but worked all that night as usualy, merely an incident of the day's work in an office building which has itself been hit by such shells; another (Robert T Small), fell into the icy Somme but rode 35 miles to cable the story of the first American in Peronne; another (Charles T. Thompson) was on the highest rampart of the Castle of Gorizia when a shell buried it and him under earth but on that afternoon he wrote a story which thrilled the press of Europe as well as of the United States; another (Walter Whiffen) was shot in the knee on a Russian observation post; another (Chas. S. Smith) after a bayonet and fist encounter at Harbin escaped with painful lacerations; another (James Hickey) was blown through a glass door by the Halifax explosion but before dressing his wounds was resourceful enough to find in a demolished building the terminus of the cable to the West Indies and by way of Bermuda and Havana to New York the first direct messages out of Halifax. Such incidents are not unusual in the service of your organization.

Through the years the Associated Press has been maintained its standards of accurate reporting preserved the best traditions of journalism. The good name of the Associated Press has not been impaired. The public confidence in our dispatches has steadily grown until millions of readers now hesitate to give credence to many published reports until assured that they were carried by our association. The sensational Zimmerman note with its report of diplomatic intrigue in Mexico was universally accepted as genuine because the Associated Press said it was. The bombardment of Paris at long range was ridiculed by other press associations and by ordinance experts but the Paris bureau of the Associated Press which for two days alone reported this startling development of the war to American readers, convinced the skeptical quite as thoroughly as did the official confirmation of its report. When the government's action in taking over the Dutch ships in American harbors was reported in Europe, several chancelories inquired in European capitals whether the Associated Press announced this fact.

This reputation for telling the truth on the part of the Associated Press is recognized now quite as generally throughout diplomatic and journalistic circles abroad as it is in the United States and it is an asset of membership in this organization that is of the utmost value.

War Takes Many.

During the last year the war has naturally drawn heavily upon our staff. It has been the policy of the management not only not to seek exemption from government service on half of its employes but to encourage such service. Men who a year ago were serving this organization are now by the hundreds in the military and naval or other service of the United States. Our operators in particular have been able to render valuable service for which their training has particularly fitted them. Within a year we have thus lost more than one-fourth of our staff and many more are soon to leave us.

In this period of war as the activities and responsibility of our service have steadily increased it is a source of great pride to know that those upon whom the burden has fallen have met their obligations with a measure of faithfulness and intelligence for which the management is deeply grateful. By direction of the board of directors as a partial recognition of the efficiency of the staff, the life of each employe in the United States while in the service has been insured for the benefit of his heirs or dependents in the sum of $1,000. Because of the greater risk involved, established companies will not accept insurance upon the lives of our men in foreign service but the board has itself assumed liability on their behalf.

Continues to Grow.

While the growth in membership was unusually large during the last year, the members should not mistake the policy as to growth. Unlike the privately owned and profit making news agencies, we do not traffic in news. We welcome only such additions to membership as strengthen the news gathering facilities of this body. At the close of the year there were 636 evening newspapers, 391 morning newspapers and 61 Sunday morning newspapers or a total of 1,088 receiving the service. These newspapers from the smallest, which receives a five hundred word daily telegraph service, to the largest which receives upwards of 50,000 words daily, shows a net increase in membership in year 1917 of 139 of which ninety-six are evening, 34 morning and nine Sunday newspapers.

In 1917 there was a great expansion in the Morse leased wire service, more than 2,000 additional miles of wire being added, making the leased wire system of the organization over 53,000 miles in length and more than twice the mileage of all other press associations combined receiving the report on these leased wires which would stretch more than twice around the world are 308 evening newspapers, 269 morning newspapers and 48 Sunday morning papers. While there was a rapid extension of the leased wire service the increase in the number of papers receiving pony service, smaller than the Morse leased wire, was still greater, showing a growth of 87 over that of the preceding year.

With the extension of Morse service it was necessary to employ additional Morse operators. The number of operators employed at present is 660, representing an increase of 59 over the number employed for the preceding year. The body of operators, who copy the report in every State in the Union with a single exception, is greater than the combined operating force of all the other press associations of the world. Regardless of the loss of trained men and the fact that one-fourth of its personnel has been in service less than one year the delivery of the report has not been interrupted, and no member wishing a leased wire has been without service owing to the shortage of operators.

The total of assessments charged against members of the Associated Press from January 1, 1900 to December 31, 1917 was $47,731,937. Of this amount the treasurer was unable to collect $4,469, a little less than one hundredth of one per cent.

Respectfully submitted,

FRANK B. NOYES.
VICTOR LAWSON.
W. L. McLEAN.
ADOLPH S. OCHS.
CLARK HOWELL.
V. S. McCLATCHY.
A. C. WEISS.
CHAS. H. CLARK.
CHAS. A. ROOK.
W. H. COWLES.
R. M. JOHNSTON.
D. E. TOWN.
ELBERT H. BAKER.
O. G. VILLARD.
JOHN H. RATHOM.

HOBBY IS URGED TO BE PRESENT AT PHILADELPHIA

MEETING WILL BE HELD THERE BY LEAGUE TO ENFORCE PEACE

Special to The Times.

New York, April 26.—Ex-President Taft has written a personal letter to Governor W. P. Hobby of Austin, Texas, urging him to attend a meeting of governors and ex-governors to be held in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, on the afternoon of Friday, May 17, in connection with the convention on "Win The War For Permanent Peace." The Governor is requested, also, to apoint a delegation of prominent citizens to represent his state at this convention.

Mr. Taft and a committee of distinguished Americans, including Cardinal Gibbons, Alton B. Parker, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Samuel Gompers, Senator John Sharp Williams, President Lowell of Harvard, Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., (formerly Mrs. Grover Cleveland) and others, recently called this convention to be held under the auspices of the League to Enforce Peace, of which Mr. Taft, is President. Independence Hall, where the governors and ex-governors will confer, was the scene of the formation of the League, on June 17, 1915.

To Meet Three Days

The convention will be in session three days, May 16, 17 and 18. The keynote will be "to mobilize the mind and fighting spirit of the nation by showing the big prize for which the free and peace-loving nations are sacrificing life and treasure." Among the speakers already announced are: Mr. Taft, Charles E. Hughes, Dr. Henry van Dyke, formerly Minister to Holland; Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Dr. A. Lawrence Lowell, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, Senator John Sharp Williams, Dr. Talcott Williams, dean of the Pulitzer School of Journalism of Columbia, W. Morgan Shuster of New York, and William English Walling, the well-known internationalist.

In addition to these the foremost representatives of the allied nations now in this country have been invited to speak at an Allied War Dinner, which will conclude the convention on the evening of May 18th.

Taft's Letter

In his letter to the Governor Mr. Taft says:

"A special session of present and former governors of states is planned to meet in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, on the afternoon of Friday, May 17th, as a feature of the convention on "Win the War for Permanent Peace," which will be held from Thursday to Saturday of that week under the auspices of the League to Enforce Peace, of which I am president. I have the honor to invite you to be present.

"The purpose in calling this convention is to sustain the determination of our people to fight until Prussian militarism has been defeated, confirm opposition to a premature peace, and focus attention upon the only advantage the American people are hoping to gain from the war—a permanent peace guaranteed by a League of Nations. The efforts of Germany and Austria to arouse pacifist sentiment in this country and among our allies make it a patriotic duty to do everything posible to counteract this influence.

"Our Executive Committee wishes me to invite you to appoint a number of official representatives of your State to attend the Convention."

State Prison System Announces Receipts Of $69,806.70 In March

Austin, Tex., April 26.—Total receipts of the prison system of the state during March, were $69,806.70 according to the monthly report of the prison commission filed with Governor Hobby today. Disbursements during March were $250,427.06. The balance on hand March 30 was $1,113,138.04.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

MACK TAYLOR DRUG CO.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

A REVELATION IN ITALIAN SILK UNDERWEAR

It is called "Marvelfit" and lives up to the name in all respects. It fits perfectly, wears beautifully, and is an economy as every woman knows. Only Kayser's make it, and our assortment in plain, embroidered and lacy styles are complete and fresh. We call your attention particularly to the new Marvelfit features. A revelation in beauty and durability.

Italian Silk Unionsuits, all sizes, price	$3.90
Italian Silk Chemise, all sizes, price	$2.70
Italian Silk Knickers, all sizes, price	$2.95
Italian Silk Vests, all sizes, price	$2.50
Italian Silk Camesoles, all sizes, price	$2.70
Arrow Shirts	$1.25
Arrow Shirts	$1.50
Arrow Shirts	$2.00
Arrow Shirts	$2.50
Arrow Shirts	$3.00
Arrow Shirts, silk	$5.00
Arrow Shirts, silk	$6.00
Arrow Shirts, silk	$10.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	50¢
Keiser Cravats, silk	75¢
Keiser Cravats, silk	$1.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	$1.50
Keiser Cravats, silk	$2.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	$2.50
Keiser Cravats, silk	$3.00
Keiser Cravats, silk	$3.50
Keiser Cravats, silk	$4.00
B. V. D. Union Suits	$1.15
Gents hose	35¢
Gents hose, silk	65¢
Arrow Soft Handkerchiefs	2 for 25¢
Arrow Collars	20¢
Arrow Collars	2 for 35¢
Arrow Collars	3 for 50¢
Big Bath Towels	25¢
Wash Rags	5¢ and 10¢
Suit Cases and Traveling Bags, prices from	$2.50 to $50.00
Tennis Rackets, prices	75¢ to $8.00
Base Ball Gloves and Mits	25¢ to $5.00
Ukuleles	$5.00 and $10.00
Violen	$10.00 to $25.00
Guitars	$5.00 to $18.00
Mary Garden Perfume	10¢
Thedford's Black Draught, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
S. S. S. Blood Medicine, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Doan's Kidney Pills, 60c size, our cut price	50¢
Bayers Tablets of Asperin, per dozen	15¢
Dodson's Livertone, price 60c, our cut price	50¢
Mentholatum, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Mentholatum, 50c size, our cut price	40¢
Odo-ro-no 30c size, our cut price	25¢
Nujol American Mineral Oil, 75c size, our cut price	65¢
Sal Hepatica, 30c size, our cut price	25¢
Sal Hepatica, 60c size, our cut price	50¢
Sal Hepatica, $1.20 size, our cut price	$1.00
Syrup Pepsin, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Syrup Pepsin, $1.00 size, our cut price	90¢
Wine of Cardui, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Nonspi 50c size, our cut price	$45
Aviation Special Tooth Paste, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Woodbury's Soap, 25c, our cut price	20¢
Mavis Talcum Powedr, 35c size, our price	25¢
Colgate Shaving Soap, 10c, our cut price	5¢
Djer Kiss Talcum Powder, cut price	30¢
Colgate's Dental Cream, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Oriental cream, $1.50 size, our cut price	$1.35
Hind's Honey and Almond Cream, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
La Creole Hair Tonic, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Mahdeen Hair Tonic, $1.00 size, our cut price	85¢
Masatta and Sweet Pea Talcum, 25c size, cut price	15¢
Mennen's Borated Talcum, 25c size, our cut price	19¢
Palm Olive Soap, per cake	10¢
Pear's Scented Soap, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Pear's Unscented Soap, our cut price	15¢
Pond's Vanishing Cream, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
American League Balls, $1.50, our cut price	$1.25
Arrow soft handkerchiefs, 2 for	25¢
Bromo Quinine Tablets, 30c per box, our cut price	25¢
Castoria, 35c size, our cut price	30¢
Chamois Skin, $1.00 size, our cut price	99¢
Nuxated Iron, $1.00 seller, our cut price	85¢
One pound box whipped cream chocolate, regular 80c value—our price	39¢
Golf Balls	75¢ and up
Golf Sticks	$2.50 and up
Mack Taylor Letter File, 50c, our cut price	35¢
B. V. D. Underwear, cut price	$1.15
Colorite	25¢
Ender Safety Razor Blades, 25c per package, cut price	20¢
Freezone, 35c size, our cut price	30¢
Gillette Razor Blades, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Glover's Mange Remedy, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Horlick's Malted Milk, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, $1.20, our price	$1.00
O'Cedar Oil, 1 gal. can, regular price $2.50, our cut price	$2.10
O'Cedar Oil, $1.00 size, our cut price	80¢
O'Cedar Oil, 50c size, our cut price	40¢
O'Cedar Oil, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Orchard White, 40c size, our cut price	35¢
Baby Ben Clocks	$3.00
Big Ben Clocks	$3.00
American Alarm Clock, $1.25 value, our price	$1.00
Eastman Kodaks	75¢ to $25.00
Premium Pencils, big value—2 for	5¢
Putman Dye, any color, 2 packages 20c, our cut price	15¢
Sempre Givone, 50c size, our cut price	45¢
Tennis Balls, now 60c, our price	50¢
"Walnutta" Hair Stain, price 60c, our price	50¢
$1.50 Fountain Syringe, our cut price	99¢
47-11 Soap, 25c size, our cut price	20¢
Kodak Films—all sizes	25¢ to 40¢

Visit our Victrola department—over 7,000 Victor Records to select from.

Edison Phonograph No. C. 100	$100.00
Edison Phonograph No. C. 150	$150.00
Edison Phonograph No. C. 200	$200.00
Edison Phonograph No. C. 250	$250.00
VICTROLA No 4, our price	$20.00
VICTROLA No. 6, our price	$30.00
VICTROLA No. 9, our price	$57.50
VICTROLA No. 10, our price	$85.00
VICTROLA No. 11, our price	$110.00
VICTROLA No. 14, our price	$165.00
VICTROLA No. 16, our price	$215.00
VICTROLA No. 17, our price	$250.00
VICTROLA No. 18, our price	$300.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$25.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$35.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$65.00
Hartman Wardrobe Trunks	$75.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$15.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$20.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$25.00
Hartman Steamer Trunks	$35.00

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CAMPBELL-ANDERSON CO.
WICHITA FALLS STYLE AND QUALITY STORE



Just Received An Express Shipment of Silk Hose for Ladies

In Brown, Ivory, Sky, Medium Grey and Silver, splendid values at $1.50

Also a big assortment of white, black and fancy from $1.00 to $3.50

By the way we have pumps and oxfords in black, brown, grey, field mouse and white, $6.00 to $10.00

Let us fit you up in shoes and hose to match.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK
INDIANA AT EIGHTH
WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS

Save Food, Save Money
Save Time, Save Trouble

Use more vegetables and corn products, less flour and meats. Let us explain how easy you can do all this by trading with us:

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Electric Horns	Chisels	Flashlights	Battery Charging Outfits
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Western Auto Supply Company

Phone 219 718 Indiana

PATHETIC SCENE EFFECTS CROWDS AT LOAN RALLY

KELLY FIELDER ADDRESSES HONEY GROVE CROWD WITH CHILD IN ARMS

E. P. Clayton, Publicity Department Federal Reserve Bank at Dallas sends an account of some of incidents occuring all over the country in connection with the Third Liberty Loan, illustrating the splendid response being given by all classes of people. The message reads:

"Cadet Frank Countryman of Kelly Field, was talking at Honey Grove Texas, last night and gave the most graphic description of the horrors of warfare, the fiendishness of the Huns and the determination of every redblooded American soldier to fight this thing out to a finish, when a little girl broke away from her parents, rushed up to Countryman, threw her arms around him and said she wanted to kiss him. Overcome with emotion, Countryman took up the child and kissed her and as he held her up to the people he said, "I am fighting for a little girl just like this and so are we all." The audience, with tears streaming down their faces, subscribed one hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars to the Liberty Loan.

Pastor Breedlove of Windom, Texas, writes yesterday of the service, "I tested the congregation and there was not a single head of a family that did not own Liberty Bonds, one Sunday school class bought one and the school as a whole secured one. Our church is showing their patriotism not only in prayers and words but in sacrifices."

H. M. Krauss of Sicily, La., reported yesterday, "Held meeting at a small negro church, which netted $2,600, nearly all being in fifty dollar bonds."

John Graham lives at Ennis, Texas, is a Confederate veteran, seventy years of age, he made this statement to a representative of the Federal Reserve Bank: "The United States can have all I've got, which is not very much. I may have to sell my cow to buy a bond, but I am going to do it."

"A Chinaman went to one of our banks last week and said, "Me buy Lib'ly Bond." "What you want to buy one for, John?" said the cashier, just to make the conversation. "Why no buy?" said John. John had this matter straighter in his mind than have a good many Americans.

Why should not a man buy Liberty Bonds? It is not a question of how much per cent they pay, but just a question of the right thing to do. "Americans, why no buy?"

Grandson Of Local Woman Wounded Says War Department Wire

Walter L. Palmer of Hereford, Texas, was among those reported wounded in an action in France a casualty list received here yesterday. Palmer is a son of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Palmer and a grandson of Mrs. C. C. White, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Palmer were here on a visit with Mrs. White last night when they received a telegram from the war department announcing the wounding of their son. Young Palmer was a member of the marine corps.

The telegram read:

"We regret very much to inform you that Leroy Palmer was wounded on the 13 of April. If anything further terminates we will let you know as soon as possible."

Continuance of Case Of Priddy-Conover Is Asked Of Court

After the case had been on trial in Federal court for two days, attorneys for W. M. Priddy, yesterday afternoon asked for a continuance until next term of his suit against E. B. Conover Grain Company, following the ruling of Judge Meek that Mr. Priddy would not be entitled to special damages for which the petition asked. The request was granted, the attorneys for the plaintiff, Martin, Bullington, Boone & Humphreys asking for the continuance in order to prepare the case on the basis of suing for actual damages.

FIRST METHODIST LADIES WORK FOR RED CROSS

The First Methodist Episcopal Church was exceptionally well represented at the Red Cross workrooms, Thursday, that being the regular day for the church women to work. In addition to the workers in the surgical dressing and hospital garments departments at the rooms there were several knitting circles meeting in various of the homes.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Foster of Fort Worth, are the guests of Mrs. Foster's mother, Mrs. R. Robertson, 810 Fifth street.

DR. J. D. PROCTOR
PAINLESS DENTIST
Phones: Office 1415; Residence 249; Office over Morris Drug Store. 802½ Indiana Ave.

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—If You Know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

The secret of keeping young is to feel young — to do this you must watch your liver and bowels — there's no need of having a sallow complexion — dark rings under your eyes — pimples — a bilious look in your face — dull eyes with no sparkle. Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver.

Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are gentle in their action yet always effective. They bring about that exuberance of spirit, that natural buoyancy which should be enjoyed by everyone, by toning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities.

You will know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets by their olive color. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

GUARD RALLY TO BE HELD TONIGHT IN THIS CITY

ELECTRA AND BURKBURNETT TO HAVE SIMILAR MEETINGS TO GAIN RECRUITS

If Wichita county is to come up to the requirements made by Brigadier General R. H. McDill, commanding officer of the new Texas National Guard enlistments and complete recruiting for the cavalry troop and the machine gun company by Saturday night, April 27, enlistments will have to come in today and tomorrow much faster than previously, as the local organizations are only about 50 per cent completed, according to the statement of the recruiting officers.

Simultaneous with the rally tonight in this city, a rally will be held at Electra, where it is hoped to gain a number of recruits. Tomorrow night a similar rally will be held at Burkburnett.

Announcement has been made of the appointment of Coleman L. Hasie of Amarillo as first lieutenant of the machine gun company being organized by Captain John Davenport of this city. Other announcements as to the appointments of first and second lieutenants among local men are being expected daily.

REV. O. L. POWERS ADDRESSES GOOD CROWD AT CHURCH

Rev. O. L. Powers addressed a large and interested audience on "Why Men Do Not Come to Christ," on Thursday evening at the First Baptist church, continuing a series of evangelistic sermons begun about two weeks ago. The music continues a splendid feature of each of these services, the work of the quartet being especially faithful and inspiring.

Tonight "So Great Salvations" will be the subject of the pastor's address. Special music at each service.

High Cost of "Drink" Announced By Court; Fine Will Be $10.00

Judge Ogle has raised the assessment for drunks in Wichita Falls since prohibition became effective and announced this morning in the second case that has come before his court in the ten days of prohibition, that the usual fine would be $10 in such cases. He said he thought it was a greater offense to get drunk in a dry town than in a wet one.

The offender said that he met a friend at the carnival grounds last night and that he took several drinks from his friend's bottle with the result that he landed in jail. The police believe that the "friend's" bottle contained alcohol and they're looking for him.

Must Keep up Dogs.

All persons owning dogs are requested to keep them confined on account of the danger of hydrophobia infection. Several children have been bitten by infected dogs recently and there is danger of the spread of the infection. Dogs running at large are likely to be killed as it is better that all the dogs in town be killed than that any child should contract hydrophobia. Do not delay but confine your dog at once.

FRED K. SMITH, City Marshal.

SIGNALS EXCHANGED BEFORE RAID IS MADE

London, Thursday, April 25.—Captain Carpenter of the Vindictive says that before starting on his dash for Zeebrugge, Admiral Keyes signalled, "St. George for England." The Vindictive replied: "May we give the dragon's tail a damned good twist."

Heal Skin Diseases

It is unnecessary for you to suffer with eczema, blotches, ringworm, rashes and similar skin troubles. A little zemo, obtained at any drug store for 35c, or $1.00 for extra large bottle, and promptly applied will usually give instant relief from itching torture. It cleanses and soothes the skin and heals quickly and effectively most skin diseases.

Zemo is a wonderful, penetrating, disappearing liquid and is soothing to the most delicate skin. It is not greasy, is easily applied and costs little. Get it today and save all further distress.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

ADJUSTED TO PERFECTION

There Is Nothing

in which delay is so dangerous as in Eye Trouble.

When you consider that you can get along fairly well without any sense except sight, you will understand how important it is to take no chances with your eyes.

Our Business Is to Tell You When You Need Glasses

Haltom & Friedly

OPTICAL PARLOR

Entrance through Jewelry Store

614 Eighth St. Phone 575

HOLIDAY ENJOYED AMONG SOLDIERS OF CALL FIELD

LIBERTY LOAN DAY BRINGS JOY AT CAMP, BUT BUSINESS IS USUAL IN TOWN

Call Field is enjoying a holiday today and those who are benefitting from the general order that all army posts and camps observe Friday, April 26 as Liberty Loan Day, as a holiday are blessing the president of the United States, the commander of the southern department, Major Alfonte, the local commanding officer and every one else for the suspension of all duties. Cadets are permitted to be in town today and everyone, officers, enlisted men and cadets with the exception of those on guard or special duty, took advantage of the opportunity afforded by the holiday to visit the city.

Squadron officers made patriotic speeches to the men at meal time and were instructed to read the president's message of April 1 to the men. The following order for the observance of the day was issued yesterday by Lieutenant Victor Scamidt, adjutant:

"Fort Sam Houston, Tex., April 24, 1918. Commanding Officer, Call Field, Wichita Falls, Texas. The following telegram dated April 24, repeated for your information and necessary action:

"President of the United States has appointed Friday, April 26 as Liberty Day and has requested the people of the United States to pledge anew their financial support to sustain the Nation's cause, and that patriotic demonstrations be held. This day will be observed at all army posts and by all army commands in an appropriate manner. Patriotic programs will be prepared and will include public reading of the president's message of April 1. Enlisted men on Liberty Day will be relieved from their duties not demanded by maintenance of discipline and carrying out of military program. Liberty Bond officers of departments and tactical divisions in limits of the United States will forward by mail report of celebration.

"HARRISON."

In compliance with the above telegram tomorrow, Friday, April 26 all duties at this field, except the necessary guard and fatigue will be suspended.

By order of Major Alfonte.

VICTOR SCHMIDT, 1st Lieut. Signal Corps, Adjutant.

Miss Oliver Finds War Work Progress Good Over County

Returning from a several days' visit to the various poultry and canning clubs throughout the county, Miss Sadie Oliver is enthusiastic over the spirit of the people over the county in all lines of patriotic work. In Cashion she finds the club members learning yells and songs and working with much enthusiasm, and the same atmosphere prevails among the organizations at County Line, Burkburnett, Barwise, Enterprise, and Clara.

At Barwise and Clara Miss Oliver demonstrated wheatless recipes to large and interested crowds.

At Fairview the patriotism of the people was shown by the success of a box supper which netted $175 for the Red Cross. Junior Red Cross work is the subject of much interest among all the people, while Miss Oliver finds them eager to hear all suggestions from her.

SOCIETY

SOUTHERN METHODISTS ASSIST RED CROSS

Following the formation of a Red Cross unit on Monday of this week, forty-seven members of the First Methodist church, south, met in the basement of the church for several hours work on Thursday. Ample equipment has been supplied and the workers are enthusiastic over the prospects. Each Monday and Thursday will be devoted to the work an hour on Monday being set aside for the regular business meetings and Bible study of the organizations within the church.

Work was continuous from nine o'clock until five on Thursday, a number of workers staying all day. A light lunch was served at the noon hour. Eight garments were completed in the hospital garment department and 653 wipes in the surgical dressing work. The instructors were Mesdames Tully, Martin, Felder, and Gorsline.

—o—

ADDRESS OF DR. REED HEARD BY NUMBER

Following an address before the Musician's Club at Mrs. Laura Burris' studio in the afternoon on "Community Music" in which he urged the development of all forms of community singing especially, Dr. F. L. Reed of the musical extension department of the State University addressed a small but appreciative audience on "American Folk Music" at the First Presbyterian Church Thursday evening, illustrating each division of his lecture with selections on the piano and Victrola. Dr. Reed took up Indian and negro folk songs as the simple melodies in the original form and traced the development as they were elaborated upon by later musicians. Throughout his lecture Dr. Reed pointed to the folk song as the origin of all compositions.

—o—

FIRST METHODISTS HAVE KNITTING BEES

Knitters of the First Methodist Church continue the small "bees" which have become the custom on Thursday. The work is progressing well, completed articles being continuously turned over to the Red Cross.

—o—

MUSICIANS CLUB MEMBERS TO MEET WITH MRS. WALKER

Members of the Musicians Club will meet in the final session of this season at the home of Mrs. Wade Walker on next Thursday afternoon. All old members are especially urged to be present to consider plans for the work when recommenced in October.

—o—

BAPTIST WOMAN'S ALLIANCE ASSISTS RED CROSS

Thirty-one representatives of the Baptist Woman's Alliance worked at the Red Cross work rooms on Thursday. The work was continuous throughout the day and a large number of articles were completed.

EVERY PACKAGE YOU EAT OF POST TOASTIES



LET US BRIGHTEN AND FRESHEN YOUR SPRING CLOTHES

You can conserve in your expenditures if you will let us dry-clean your last spring's suits.

Phone 404 DE LUXE DRY CLEANERS 914 Scott

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A. J. VIETS, Prop.

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A Gossard Will Improve Every Figure!



The inimitable Gossard Corsets are offered this season with a front so perfect that it rivals the beauty of the world-famed Gossard back.

This cleverly designed front absolutely eliminates all appearance of fat or thickness at the front and emphasizes the tapering of the waistline by accenting the curve under the bust.

Only in a Gossard can this perfect front be attained together with the small hips and flat back demanded by the present mode. Gossards are the only front-lacing corsets that completely conform to Fashion's lines.

A genuine Gossard means more than a front-lacing corset; it means emphaticaly a perfect front, a smooth back, your all-day comfort, your safeguard health—it means unusual wearing service alone worth the price you pay, whether it be

$2.00, $2.25, $2.75, $3.50, $5.00, $5.50, Up

This name GOSSARD on the inside of the corset is your guarantee of the original—insist upon it.

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THE DRINK THAT SATISFIES

(NON-ALCOHOLIC)

Is Fit For All Occasions

BECAUSE it quenches the thirst, with the old-time flavor that reaches the spot, and is wholesome and invigorating. Wherever soft beverages are sold La Perla is a prime favorite. At Clubs, Army Exchanges and soda fountains it leads all other soft beverages—because it is snappy, sparkling and tastes good to the last drop.

Try it today—then have a case sent home.

San Antonio Brewing Association





McAfee & Witherspoon, Dealers

DO YOUR BIT—SAVE WHEAT AND FATS—HELP WIN THE WAR

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT



ON LAND OR SEA

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LIQUIDS AND PASTES. FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES.

PRESERVE THE LEATHER.

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THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY
(Printers and Publishers)

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Wichita Falls, Texas, April 26, 1918

Carries boys are not allowed to collect for subscription to the Times, except in the factory district and on north side of river. Our collector will call on you or else you will receive a statement from us through the mail. Times Publishing Co.

THE "FOREIGNER" IN THE ARMY

Away back in the days when we attended college, the "sophs" used to make life generally miserable for a while for large numbers of "freshies."

Now some of these "freshies" were undoubtedly fresh, and the course of treatment they received during their first few weeks in the "big league" of education vastly improved their dispositions and their outlook upon life and their fellows.

Hazing, however, very properly, has come under the ban in most institutions because more harm than good came of the practice. In wholesome doses for medicinal purposes, it was all right, but over-doses were too often administered with the result that the practice became a form of cruelty neither good for the freshman, nor for the upper classmen who learned to enjoy hazing as a form of sport.

Rumors have it that there are practices in some cantonments in the army in which not "freshies" but foreign born men or men of foreign parentage are made the "goats" by young Americans, with whom they have cast their lots to do or die for the sake of those principles which we all love. If such practices do exist, we wish to say here and now, that we are firmly of the opinion that the Americans who have taken part in them have done so simply for the sake of a variation in the monotony in camp life and without realizing for an instant the light in which they must appear to all red-blooded, patriotic citizens of their own country.

They should remember that these foreign born men, some of them Italians, some British, some French or Russians, if they are volunteers, certainly are imbued with the simon pure brand of patriotism if they are willing to give up their lives under a flag other than that which waves over their own native country. Many of these men have subscribed heavily to the Red Cross and have purchased Liberty Bonds. All are finding the life and customs in the army among a strange people to be puzzling and trying even under the best of circumstances.

There is nothing patriotic in petty persecutions of these warm-hearted men who have cast their lots with the Americans in the field.

Surely strong Americans can find nothing amusing in making a man, here and there, well in the minority, suffer humiliation without cause.

Surely that is not the right spirit to be in evidence among men who are offering their lives for the greatest cause for which any nation has ever fought.

But only the attention of American soldiers needs to be called to matters of this kind. Few of them are capable of doing small or contemptible acts, once they look the facts squarely in the face.

Two Volunteers Go To Camp With Draft Men From This City

Accompanying the second party of Wichita county draft men of the second call, who left this afternoon, were two volunteers, Jack Reddell and J. H. Gotcher, whose numbers were not in this call but who were anxious to go at this time. Gotcher has a brother who was drawn for the second increment of the present call and he volunteered so he might be with his brother. Bentley Bacon, prominent local young man, who had been given deferred classification by the board, also accompanied the party to San Antonio. Mr. Bacon having asked that his exemption be waived and that he be sent at the present time.

"We are going to whip the kaiser. Buy Liberty Bonds," was the parting message of 55 select men of Wichita county who left this afternoon for Camp Travis to begin their training in the national army. This message was painted in red on a banner hung the full length of the special coach assigned to the Wichita county select men.

A large crowd of relatives and friends were at the station to say good-bye to the men who were a lot of splendid looking fellows physically.

Two other coaches were filled here with men from Oklahoma points and from Archer and other Texas counties.

TWO AMERICANS FOUND IN DUGOUT IN NO MAN'S LAND

HAD BEEN WOUNDED IN SEICHEPREY BATTLE AND REMAINED MAINED ALIVE BY MIRACLE

By Associated Press

With the American Army in France, Thursday April 25—Two American soldiers wounded in the engagement around Seicheprey last Saturday were found alive today in a dugout in No Man's Land. The dugout had been badly smashed by German shell fire and how the men managed to keep alive in the rain and mud and under continuous German bombardments, physicians say, is little short of miraculous.

Another soldier Raymond Demunsky of New Haven, Conn., was buried alive for three days when he crawled to the surface. Demunksy was born in Russia but had been naturalized. He was found by Red Cross stretcher bearers who went out into No Man's Land this morning. The Germans fired on the Red Cross flag but the stretcher bearers kept waving it and the enemy fire stopped.

Were out Numbered

The American troops in the Seicheprey fight, additional details show, were outnumbered in some instances 8 to 1. The latest advices are that the Americacn casualties are much under the first estimates.

Edward Jacques, a New Haven boy, told the correspondent he was one of a hundred and fifty Americans who at one time were almost surrounded by at least eight hundred Germans. French troops came to their assistance, said Jacques, who added:

"We got on fine with the Frenchmen. They had been training us so it seemed like they were our own fellows. We certainly made it hot for the Germans."

Tells Remarkable Story

Sergeant John Dickman, formerly a printer of Somerville, Mass., and who is now wounded in a hospital told a remarkable story. He and his men had charge of two Stokes guns. They were isolated for 12 minutes in an enemy barrage and were unable to signal the American lines. Dickman was wounded but kept pouring a hot fire into the German attacking waves and broke up the formation. He and his men retired only when their guns became jammed.

"Machine gun," Parker, who manned a gun by himself was asked by his superior officer at one stage of the engagement whether he could hold the line. He replied that he could unless killed and he did.

Father William J. Farrell of West Newton, Mass., a regimental chaplain proved such a good fighter that a high officer offered him a commission in his command. Father Farrell went to the assistance of a battery when four of the American gunners were killed, carried up ammunition and helped the crew to keep the gun working. He was wounded slightly.

Personal Injuries Suit Is Expected To Be Decided Today

The case of H. O. Gossett vs. Guy Waggoner, suit for $15,000 damages for alleged personal injuries, was expected to go to the jury this afternoon. Trial was begun Thursday afternoon, the plaintiff being the first witness. According to the testimony of the witness he was thrown from a rapidly moving car, driven by the defendant, at a point between Electra and Harold in October, 1917. Gossett's claims for damages are based on injuries alleged to have been sustained to his shoulder when he was thrown from the car.

Dr. L. Mackechney of this city was put on the stand by the attorneys for the plaintiff Weeks and Weeks, and there were several out of town witnesses testifying for the defense and plaintiff. Jack Kelly, who was in the car with Gossett and Waggoner at the time of the alleged accident, was on the witness stand this morning. Waggoner took the stand about three o'clock this afternoon.

Final Arrangements Are Being Made For Gathering Of Women

Hot Springs, Ark., April 26.—Final arrangements are being whipped into shape for the opening here Tuesday of the biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs which continues in session through May 8. An auditorium to seat at least 5,000 people is being extensively decorated in the national colors.

The first general federation officer reached here yesterday with the arrival of Mrs. Harry L. Keith of Walthill, Nebraska, chairman of the credentials committee. Mrs. William Pedrick of New York City, chairman of the general federation program committee will arrive today with the official program.

Tonight and Saturday
ABSOLUTELY
LAST Opportunity
—Day—
TO BUY
Radium Diamonds
at $2.00
Now on Sale at
705 OHIO AVE., Wichita Falls
$17 TAILORING CO., by
RADIUM DIAMOND CO.

J. M. Garrison T. E. Edwards
Heavy Hauling to the Oil Fields
Experienced and Reliable Drivers
When you have casing or equipment to move call
Selden Sales & Service Company
1947
Agents for Selden Trucks; Harley-Davidson Motorcycles
Will Occupy quarters corner 7th and Ohio Ave. May 1, 1918.

CASUALTIES

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 26.—The casualty list today contains seventy-five names, divided as follows:

Killed in action 9.
Died of wounds 5.
Died of disease 3.
Wounded severely 33.
Wounded slightly 25.

Seven officers were named, five of them being reported severely wounded and two slightly wounded. They are:

Severely wounded: Captain Henry W. Worthington and Lieutenants Orlando C. Brown, Edward M. Freeman, John J. Hyde and Harry F. Kelly.

Slightly wounded: Lieutenants William H. Kirk and Alfred P. Kivling.

In addition to the seven officers named another, Lieutenant Julian N. Dow, previously reported killed in action, was reported a prisoner in Germany and suffering from a severe wound.

The list follows:

Killed in Action.

Sergeants Harry T. Corbin, William R. Knapp, Corporal Louis M. Holmes, Privates Harry J. Akins, Delmas J. Warner, Joseph Dimarco, Charles G. French, Joseph F. Gaudette, Ralph Palumbo.

Died of Wounds.

Privates Albert Adams, George Dito, Benj. Kasiaka, Clarence E. Pyrah, Charles L. Shull.

Died of Disease.

Sergeant Cooper D. Wells, Mechanic John L. Ehrle, George C. Ross.

Wounded Severely.

Captain Henry H. Worthington, Lieutenants Orlando C. Brown, Edward M. Freeman, John J. Hyde, Harry F. Kelly, Sergeants Fred R. Hines, Abe Ruskin, Corporal George W. Sterling, Cooks Frank Anker, Joseph N. Wood, Privates, Alexander Allerdiae, Joseph Amedeo, Leon K. Barden, Hugh Carroll, John P. Cottingham, Ralph J. Cullman, Malvern Davis, Michael J. Dillon, Harper H. Faulkner, John Gawlek, John Giguere, John F. Graner, Basilio Guidora, George E. Hight, George Alfred Hopkins, Robert L. House, Julius Kulhayi, Frank F. Malone, Peter Modzelski, John Morris, Samuel R. Schlimper, Ben L. Siemou, Charles W. Williamson.

Wounded Slightly.

Lieutenants William H. Kirk, Alfred P. Kivlin, Sergeant Charles H. Smith, Corporals Robert P. Barrett, Harry S. Gallagher, Martin O'Reilly, Mechanic Charles O. Thiesse, Wagner John Masterandi, Private Harold P. Archer, John Bordan, Walter Boek, Walter Balk, William E. Devine, Caleb W. Feeback, George Ford, Joseph A. Healy, Elmer Jernberg, Thomas Kelly, Walter Loiselle, Silvia June Lusardi, John Madere, George W. Marble, John Norman, Maurice D. O'Meara.

Privates Thomas Connelley, Chas. Wiggins and Michael K. Holmes previously reported missing in action, now reported wounded in action.

OFFICIAL

GREAT BRITAIN

London, April 26.—A footing has been obtained on Kemmel hall by the Germans in their attacks on the northern battle front, the war office announces today. The fighting is still continuing in this region.

The allied forces were engaged all day yesterday with greatly superior enemy forces along this front from Bailleul to Hollebeke (a distance of about 10 miles)) and finally were compelled to give ground.

German posts which were holding out southeast of Villers-Bretonneux, on the front south of the Somme, after its recapture by the British, were cleared up.

The statement follows:

"On the Bailleul-Hollebeke front after severe fighting lasting throughout the day against a greatly superior force, the allied troops were compelled to give ground and the enemy obtained a footing on Kemmel Hill. Fighting continues in the neighborhood of Dranoutre, Kemmel and Vierstraat.

"We carried out a successful minor operation during the night west of Merville and captured fifty prisoners and three machine guns. The hostile artillery has been active along our front from the Lys river to Givenchy."

"South of the Somme hostile posts which were holding out southeast of Villers-Bretonneux have been cleared by our troops. The enemy's artillery has been active also in this area with gas shells.

"On the remainder of the front there was nothing to report."

FRANCE

Paris, April 26.—Heavy artillery fighting south of the Somme is reported by the war office.

The statement says:

"South of the Somme violent artillery fighting occurred during the course of the night.

"We carried out a number of raids at different points on the front, especially in the region east of Lassigny, between the Mette and the Aisne near Besonvaeux in the region of Eparges, in Lorraine and in the Vosges. We took prisoners.

"Everywhere else the night was calm."

CRAVENS WALKER & CO.
GENERAL INSURANCE
—AND—
REAL ESTATE
KEMP AND KELL BLDG
PHONE 694
FIRE IS YOUR PROPERTY'S GREATEST FOE

Be Economical
Take Ice
Regularly

These days everybody is trying to be economical. It's a vital part of patriotism.

There are three ways that housewives can save in the use of their refriegrators.

First, systematize your purchase of ice by the refrigerator. Let them cool off first, else amount at the same time every day the air in your refrigerator will always be at the same temperature and your ice will last longer and the foods in storage will be fresher and more palatable.

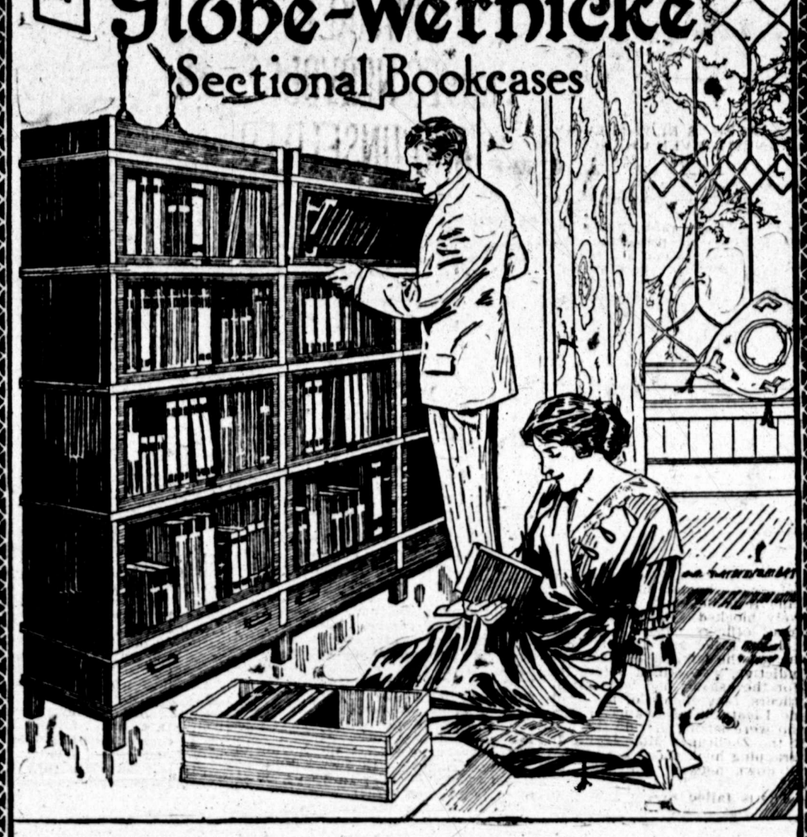
Second, be careful not to put hot dishes in the refrigerator. Iet them cool off first, else their heat will materially reduce the temperature and as a result the ice will melt twice as fast.

Third, don't let the doors of the refrigerator stay open one minute more than is absolutely necessary.

You can save quite a good deal—in both food and ice—if you will buy ice regularly and exercise reasonable care in the use of your refrigerator.

Peoples Ice Co.
Phone 81-259

Globe-Wernicke
Sectional Bookcases



ONCE books either overcrowded limited shelf space or empty shelves yawned and waited for books. When one bookcase overflowed, a new new one was purchased, and its gaping shelves were gradually filled. That was before the Globe-Wernicke period in bookcases. Now, books and their shelves come together. The bookcase grows apace with the library. This is the modern way of building a library. This is the Globe-Wernicke idea. Globe-Wernicke Sectional Bookcases are built to endure, and do not cost any more than the ordinary kind.

Golden Oak, Fumed Oak, and Mahogany finishes carried in stock at all times. Three different size sections one top and base in any of above finishes $19.50

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"The Home of Quality Furniture" 816-818 OHIO



No Modern Sickroom is without its Fan

Doctors appreciate the necessity of keeping the air of the sickroom in motion and renewing it frequently. An electric fan, properly placed, will aid ventilation without causing a draft. Its use is essential to summer time comfort in every room of the house. It costs but a trifle to operate.

We are agents for fans of Guaranteed Excellence

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816 Indiana Avenue Phone 837
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CHANGE IN WIND INTERFERED WITH OSTEND ATTACKS

SMOKE SCREEN IS BLOWN AWAY AND ENEMY GIVEN CHANCE TO AIM

By Associated Press

London, April 26.—According to an official narrative issued by the admiralty on the Zeebrugge raid nothing but a change in the wind prevented the success of the operation at Ostend. The Sirius and Brilliant were already past the Stroom bank buoy when the wind changed, revealing the arrangement of the fleet to the enemy, who with gun fire extinguished the flares which the British had lighted for smoke curtains.

The Sirius was already in a sinking condition when two ships, having failed to find the entrance, were forced to sink themselves about 400 yards east of the pier. Motor launches took off their crews. The difficulty under which the operations were carried out may be guaged from fact that the enemy batteries from Zeebrugge to Ostend numbered fully 120 guns able to concentrate their fire during daylight on retiring ships to a distance of sixteen miles. Hence the attempt was only possible at night time and at high tide.

Two old cruisers are lying across the Zeebrugge channel in a "V" position and it is believed the canal is effectively blocked. Rather a large number of officers lost their lives. Both Colonel Elliot and Captain Halihan who led the landing parties from the Vindictive, were killed before the order for the assault had been given. Two officers, Lieutenant Colonel Bradford and Lieutenant Hawkins of the Iris, who were sitting astride the parapet of the Zeebrugge Mole trying to make grapping hooks fast, were killed and fell down between the ship and the wall.

The Thetis failed to get into the Zeebrugge canal owing to ill luck, her propeller fouling a defense net which rendered her unmanageable. She was badly pounded by shore batteries and eventually sunk herself outside the channel.

DETAILS OF RAID UPON ZEEBRUGGE ARE ANNOUNCED

(Continued from Page 1.)

ing for the mouth of the canal.

"The Intrepid, smoking like a volcano, with all her guns blaring, was followed by her motor launch, which failed to get alongside in the outside harbor and she had men enough for anything. Straight into the harbor she steered.

"Lieutenant Stuart Bonham Carter, commanding placed the nose of his ship neatly on the mud of the western bank. He ordered the crew away and blew up the ship by switches in the chart room.

"Lieutenant Billyard Leak, commanding the Iphigenia, beached her and then blew her up and saw her drop nicely across the canal and left her there with her engines still going to hold her in position until she could have settled well on the bottom."

Mexican Is Killed By Three Men Whom He Had Wounded

Ballinger, Tex., April 26.—A Mexican who wounded three occupants of an automobile near Millersview, 18 miles south of here late yesterday, was in turn, shot to death by his wounded victims.

Tom Benge, a ranchman and J. F. Ones, a druggist were slightly wounded and Dr. Cheatham seriously wounded by buckshot. The Mexican was an employe of the Benge ranch.

Mexican Soldiers Are Found Armed With Hun Rifles

Marfa, Tex., April 26.—Private Sacco Stone was wounded in the eye when Mexican soldiers fired on an American cavalry patrol on the river near Everetts ranch, south of here yesterday.

The fire was returned by the Americans. The Mexicans fled across the river leaving five "made in Germany" rifles and a quantity of American made ammunition.

TODAY'S MARKETS

COTTON MARKET PROVES NERVOUS AND UNSETTLED

By Associated Press

New York, April 26.—The cotton market was nervous and unsettled again early today. Liverpool was better than due and opening here was 14 to 40 points higher on covering with both May and July selling at $26.40 on the call, or $2 per bale above last night's close while later months showed advances of 15 to 25 points. This bulge however met a renewal of active general selling under which May soon eased off to $26.03 while July sold at $25.90, or ten points net lower and into new low ground for the movement. Trade interests semed to be buying considerable cotton at the declines while the rallies met liquidation on local pressure and fluctuations were very irregular after the call with no particular news feature or change of sentiment in evidence around the ring. Preliminary reports to a local authority indicate increased of from 10 to 50 per cent in acreage in Alabama and Mississipi and a decrease of probably five to ten per cent in Tennessee.

Another private today indicated an increase of 2.6 per cent but neither of these acreage statements seemed to have influence on the market which became stronger later in the morning. Covering for over the two half holidays and the week end was probably stimulated by prospects for continued cold weather while there was talk of too much rain in the eastern belt. There was also some trade buying of July and August with July selling up to $26.67 and October to $25.98, or 42 to 67 points net higher.

Cotton futures opened steady. May $26.10 to $26.40; July $26.25 to $26.40; October $25.76; December $25.48; January $25.30.

The close was firm at a net advance of 20 to 60 points.

New Orleans Cotton

New Orleans, April 26.—Nervous and wide fluctuations marked the early trading in coton here today. On the opening call active months rose 25 to 31 points but met heavily selling. A sharp break carried the trading months 28 to 35 points below yesterday's close but an equally sharn recovery wiped out all of the loss, the market standing about net unchanged at the end of the first half hour.

Short cotton gave the market pronounced strength and late in the session prices were 73 to 76 points from the bottom and 45 to 51 points above yesterday's last figures.

Cotton opened steady. Opening bid May $25.85; July $25.35; October $24.68; December $24.50; January $24.40.

Cotton closed firm at an advance of 16 to 19 points.

Liverpool Spot Cotton

Liverpool, April 26.—Cotton spot quiet. Prices lower. Good middling $2.30; middling $21.75; low middling $21.25; good ordinary $20.25.

Sales 4,000 including 2,600 American. Receipts 19,00 including 3,700 American. Futures closed steady. New contracts April $2.20; May $21.65; June $21.30; July $20.92; August $20.53

Old contracts fixed prices April $20.93; April-May $20.85; May-June $20.77; June-July $20.69.

Frank P. Glass Made Head Of Publishers At New York Meeting

By Associated Press

New York, April 26.—Frank P. Glass of the Birmingham, Ala., News was elected president of the American Newspapers Publishers Association at the final meeting of the annual convention here today. Mr. Glass had been vice president of the association. Other officers elected are:

George A. McAneny, New York Times, vice president.

John Stewart Bryan, Richmond News-Leader, secretary, (re-elected).

Edward P. Call, New York Journal of Commerce, treasurer, (reelected).

Hopewell L. Rogers, Chicago Daily News, the retiring president, automatically became a member of the board of directors for two years.

T. R. Williams, Pittsburgh Press, was elected a director, succeeding Jason Rogers, New York Globe, who resigned.

TOBACCO CARDS BEING INTRODUCED IN AUSTRIA

Berne, Thursday, April 25.—Vienna dispatches say that tobacco cards are being introduced in Austria for the purpose of economizing the rapidly diminishing stocks.

LIVESTOCK

Fort Worth Livestock

Fort Worth, Texas, April 26.—Cattle receipts 2,00; unchanged, steady. Beeves $9.00@15.50; stockers $8.00@12.00; heifers $8.50@13.00; cows $7.00@11.00; bulls 7.25@9.25; calves $7.50@12.00.

Hogs, receipts 1,500; unchanged. Heavy $17.40@17.50; light $17.25@17.40; medium 17.00@17.25; mixed $16.50@17.00; common 15.75@16.25; pigs $10.00@16.75.

Sheep, receipts 50; active. Lambs, $16.00@20.00; yearlings $16.00@17.00; wethers $14.50@15.50; ewes $13.50@14.50; culls $9.50@11.00; goats $8.00@10.00.

Kansas City Livestock

Kansas City, April 26.—Hogs receipts 5,000. 10 higher. Bulk $17.10@17.45; heavy $17.10@17.35; light $17.20@17.50; pigs $13.50@17.00.

Cattle receipts 2,000; steady. Prime fed steers $16.25@17.25; dressed beef steers $15.25@16.50; southern steers $9.00@15.00; cows $7.75@14.00; heifers $9.00@14.00; stockers $8.00@13.75; calves $8.00@12.50.

Sheep receipts 1,000; steady. Lambs $20.00@21.25; yearlings $16.50@18.00; wethers $15.00@17.00; ewes $15.00@16.75; stockers $8.50@20.00.

New York Stocks

New York, April 26.—Stocks in control of pools were again prominent at the opening of today's market, recovering a considerable part of yesterday's irregular setback. Sumatra Tobacco and Distillers made initial gains of 1 to 2 points with International Paper, Baldwin Locomotive, Reading, Philadelphia Company and Peoples Gas. There was a fair inquiry for United States Steel, United States Rubber, General Motors and Central Leather. Gulf States Steel forfeited two points of its recent substantial advance. Liberty Bonds were firm.

Sinclair Oil & Refining, 27⅜; Texas Co. 144½-B

New York Stock Market

New York, April 26.—Trading in stocks was submitted to the forenoon session in recognition of Liberty Day. The market gave further proof of underlying firmness however, although interest centered mainly in speculative issues at advances of 1 to 3 ½ points. People's Gas, United Railways and Philadelphia Company also added to recent gains, the latter rising four points. United States Steel made an extreme gain of a point on steady accumulation. Superior Steel rose 3¾ but Gulf States Steel reacted six points. The closing was strong. Sales approximated 200,000 shares. Liberty 3½'s sold at 99.10 to 99.24, first 4's at 96.68 to 96.76 and second 4's at 96.72 to 96.80.

Perjury Is Charged Against Witnesses Result Of Testimony

Two more complaints charging perjury have been received by U. S. Commissioner Lantz as a result of testimony before the Federal grand jury. The complaints were filed this morning against Rose Arledge and Agnes Denny, two witnesses in a case under investigation by the grand jury.

Cadillac Eight, all new cord tires for sale, body finish in good condition, engine in perfect condition, priced $1500. See W. W. Anderson at Campbell-Anderson Co. 299 3tc

REDUCED ACREAGE CAUSES ADVANCE IN CORN MARKET

By Associated Press

Chicago, April 26.—Prospects for a reduction of acreage brought about a sharp advance today in the corn market. Increases of winter wheat and oats acreage were said to be largely at the expense of corn, and it was also said that seed troubles were operating to diminish production of corn. Opening prices, which ranged from 1-8 off to 1 7-8 advance, with May $1.27¾ and July $1.51½ to $1.52¼ were followed by indications of still greater strength.

Oats showed some sympathy with the upturn in corn. The slowness of demand from the east, however, acted as a decided handicap on the bulls. After unchanged to 3-8 higher, with May 83¾ to 84, the market scored a slight further gain but then underwent a material sag. Provisions were irregular. Lard was in demand but pork and ribs tended toward weakness. Belgian orders were said to explain the buying of lard.

Receipts were not large and were sold readily at full prices. The close was firm at ¼ to 2¾ net advance with May $1.27½ and July $1.53 to $1.53 ⅜.

	OPEN	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE
CORN—				
May	1.27¾	1.27½	1.27¼	1.27½
June	1.54	1.54⅝	1.54	1.54⅜
July	1.51¼	1.53⅜	1.51½	1.53
OATS—				
April	.87⅜	.87⅝	.87⅜	.87⅜
May	.83⅞	.84¼	.83⅜	.83⅞
June	.81	.81¼	.80⅞	.81¼
July	.74½	.74⅞	.74⅜	.74⅝
PORK—				
May	47.25	47.50	47.15	47.50
July	46.95	46.95	46.75	46.75
LARD—				
May	24.85	24.85	24.77	24.77
July	25.17	25.22	25.17	25.17
RIBS—				
May	22.72	22.75	22.70	22.70
July	23.32	23.35	23.27	23.27

Kansas City Cash Grain

Kansas City, April 26.—Corn number 2 mixed $1.67@1.70; number 2 white $1.84@1.87; number 2 yellow $1.68@1.72.

Oats number 2 white .87@.7½; number 2; mixed .85@85¼.

There will be no holiday observed locally for Liberty Loan Day as the city has already done more than its part in raising the allotted amount of bonds. Banks and other business houses remained open as usual.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Messenger boy at Baum & Gardner. 299 3tc

LOST—Casing on rim, reversible road grip 30x3½. Phone 2[illegible]0. Reward. 299 2tc

FOUND—Bunch of keys on Tenth Street, Thursday, call at Times office. 299 1tc

225 acres unimproved land 80 acres in cultivation ten miles southwest of Iowa Park, apply 500 Scott. 299 3tp

CHILDREN BITTEN BY RABID DOG TO HAVE TREATMENT

SONS OF J. C. STEWART AND LOTT McKINLEY GO TO AUSTIN; CORENE WILES LEAVES TONIGHT

The eight year old son of J. C. Stewart and the six year old son of Lott McKinley were taken to the Pasteur institute at Austin this morning for treatment to prevent rabies. The children were biten several days ago by a dog belonging to F. E. Johnson of 905 Austin street.

Later suspicion developed that the dog might have been infected with rabies and Wednesday the dog was killed by Desk Sergeant Chambers of the city police.

Mr. Chambers said that when he went to shoot the dog he noted a distempered look about the animal which seized and bit upon the muzzle of the gun with which he shot it.

The dog's head was sent immediately to Austin and last night a telegram was received saying that the dog had been infected. The children were sent to Austin on the morning train.

Corene Wiles, aged about 11 years, was also reported to have been bitten by the dog and will probably be sent to Austin tonight.

The dog had always been a very peaceable and playful animal and had been a favorite with the children of the neighborhood.

City Marshal Fred K. Smith this afternoon issued a notice calling on all dog owners to keep their dogs confined until further notice.

GRANDMOTHER KNEW

There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colds as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard-plaster burned and blistered while it acted. Get the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister

Musterole does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tenderest skin.

Just massage Musterole in with the finger-tips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears.

Use Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsilitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

Special Sale on Grocries for Saturday and Monday. Come see how much we can Save your next Bill.

Best Country Eggs, doz.	35c	6 can best Vienna Sausages for	.65
Best Wax-White onions, lb.	5c	4 cans Carnation Milk for	.25
New Spuds, lb.	3c	5 cans Fancy Pink Salmon	1.00
10 lbs. Swift's Jewell Comp.	$2.40	Big line pure, fresh Candys all kinds for lb	.25
5 lb. bucket for	1.20	Big line dried peaches, apples, apricots and prunes, sell cheap.	
1 gallon White Beauty Shortening	1.85	2 cans large Hebe milk for	.25
1-2 gal shortening for	.90	10 lb. boxes 30 to 40 extra size, Prunes for box	1.95
1 gal. Best White Swan shortening	1.85	5 box best matches for	.25
1-2 gallon for	.85	Best Rye flour for, per lb.	9c
1-2 gal. Best Peanut Oil for	.95	Best Rice Flour for	.12
1-2 Gal Cooking oil for	.95	No. 1 Fancy corn for, can	.10
1 gal White Karo Syrup	.85	2 cans No. 3 Hominy for	.25
1 gal Pure Plantation, Cane Syrup	.90	Big line Pat-A-Cake flour 25c or two for .45	
1 gal Pure Sorghum for	.95	Best Creamery Buttery, lb.	.50
5 lbs. best Peanut Butter for	1.45	17 1-2 lb. sack best Meal for	95c
5 bars C. E. or Cotton Bale Soap	.25	35 lb. sack best meal for	1.90
Nice Strip Bacon 6-8 Average	40c	5 roll good size toilet paper for	.25
D. S. Bacon	.32		
Best Cheese	.33c		
Big line new Jelly and Preserves, 4-04 Jr. for	30c		

McCARTY & McCARTY
716 Indiana PHONE 80
Deliver $2.00 worth free of charge

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WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS.

HELPFUL SERVICE AND FAIR TREATMENT

When you step into the National Bank of Commerce you know just what to expect—prompt, courteous, interested attention, efficient service and fair treatment in every respect.

Upon this policy of courtesy and fairness to all, the National Bank of Commerce is building its success.

That the people of this community appreciate this service and square dealing is indicated by the fact that we are adding new depositors every day.

We will appreciate the opportunity of placing our facilities at YOUR disposal. Checking and Savings Accounts are invited.

SPECIAL BARGAINS



Saturday, April 27

Received a new line of Black Sailors just from New York.

OLIVE A CHILD
805 Indiana
"Buy a Bond of the Third Liberty Loan"

FOR SALE

Overland 5 passenger moder 83. Just painted and thoroughly overhauled. If you are in the market for an Overland come and see this one. A big bargain.

$525

Terms to responsible parties.

S. BEMROD AUTO & SUPPLY CO.
712 Eighth Street Phone 2551
WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS.

ARE YOU CONTEMPLATING

the purchase of a typewriter? If so "Do It Now." Typewriters cost on an average 25% more now than last year the same date. They are advancing in price every day. In London, England, new machines are worth $500.00 each and second-hand machines cost from $225.00 up.

We carry all standard makes in stock.

Wichita Typewriter Exchange
707 Eighth St. R. H. HOLLINGER, Prop. Phone 2222

Charming Assortment of
Trimmed Hats
White Milan Hats

The All-Occasion Hat in white Milan—for the light colored dresses in large and medium shapes. Many of these hats are faced in deliacte shades. Others are in white materials.



$8.50 and $10.00

50 trimmed hats on sale, valued up to $7.50 $1.95

Colonna TOGGERY SHOP

STYLE HEADQUARTERS
Where Society Brand Clothes are sold

If you are fastidious about the little details of your clothes, the shape of the lapel, the lines of the coat, the hang of the trousers, etc.—

If you have found difficulty in getting ready-to-put-on clothing to fit the way it should—

If you want hand tailored clothes, that will fit and look as smart after long service as when new—

Then a visit to our men's clothing department will reveal the possibilities of clothing tailored to suit exacting tastes, at prices surprisingly reasonable.

Society Brand Clothes $30 to $40
Styleplus Clothes, two prices $21.00 and $25.00
the world over—
Manhattan Shirts—Stetson and Mallory Hats—
Gaberdines and Kahki uniforms for the army man.

Hanan Cordovan Boots, Shoes and Puttees for the army man.

Come in and see us Saturday or Saturday evening.

Buy Thrift Stamps 25c
On Sale Everywhere

P.B.M.C. DEPARTMENT STORE



Society Brand Clothes

"Style Headquarters"—Where Society Brand Clothes are Sold

MANY MEN NEEDED BY GOVERNMENT IN ITS WAR WORK NOW

MEN ARE WANTED IN MANY INDUSTRIAL LINES IS REPORT

H. W. Lewis, Federal State Director U. S. Public Service Reserve Smithville, Texas, has been asked by the Ordnance Department of the army, to furnish a number of men as listed below, for civilian service in this country.

It is necessary that a non-assembled examination be filled out which is a detailed application of the applicant's experience, qualifications and references, and this information is graded and rated by the U. S. Civil Service department. An applicant is rated on experience and training in prefergnces to scholing, and will be called in the order in which he is rated.

Class One Not Eligible

Men who are in Class 1 of the draft are not eligible for this examination.

Number wanteW, Position and Salary

6 Asst. to Business Mrg. $1800.
48 Mechanical Engineers, $3,500.
10 Eupvr. Insp. of Ord Material $3,000 to $4,000.
12 Insp. of Ord., Material, $2,500 to $2,900.
40 Asst. Insp. Ord. Material $1600 to $2400.
12 Statistical Experts, $1800 to 4500.
2 Clk Qualified in Statistics $1,000 to $1800.
4 Clk Qualified in Office Administration, $1,00 to $1800.
4 Clerk Qualified in Accounting, $1,000 to $1800.
14 Clerks Qualified in Bus. Admn, $1,000 to $1800.
Mechanical Draftsmen, $1200 to $1800.
4 Junior Chemists, $1020 to $1800.
4 Metallurgical Chemists $1,000 to $2400.
Powder & Explosive Chem. $1,000 to $2400.
1 Insp. of Cartridge cases, $1600 to $2500.
4 Insp. of Assembling, loading etc, $1,600 $2,400.
4 Insp of Forgins $1,600 to $2,400.
Any number Insp High Explosive Shell loading $1,600 to $2,400.
Any number Ballistic Inspectors, $1,60 to $2,400.
25 Clerk-Bookkeepers, $1100 to $1,200.

NOTE—All of the above except the last, (Clerk-Bokkeepers) are "non-assembled" i. e. candidates are rated on training and experience without examination.

Mr. Lewis, will receive aplications for men wanted to serve in the Tank Corps for over-seas service. These men will be inducted from the drafted army or enlisted.

What they Must Answer

Applications should state age, weight heighth and disqualifications, if any, and should be accompanied with a concise history of the applicant's past experience, and should also be accompanied with at least two references.

Number and Position

4 Buzzer operators (Men who have had experience as telegraphers, either wire or wireless).
16 Cooks.
4 Storekeepers, country.
40 Machine gun mechanics (Men who have had experience as general machinists in machine shops).
4 Auto engine mechanics.
68 Tractor drivers (Men who have had experience as drivers of tractors used on farms, etc. There really is not much difference between the men wanted as tractor drivers and as heavy auto truck drivers.
32 Heavy auto truck drivers.
4 Motorcyclists.
4 Topographers.
4 telephone operators.
4 Automobile electricians.
4 Blacksmiths.
8 Oxy-acetylene welders.
4 Bench machinists.
4 Lathe hands.
4 Machine designers.



RADIATORS REPAIRED BY AN EXPERT

Radiators lights, fenders and mufflers. Soldering work of all kinds done and guaranteed by me. I also have new radiators for sale and will consider your old one at a fair price.

Remember—All Work Guaranteed

Specialty of Aluminum and Casting Soldering.

615 Ohio Avenue PHONE 1192

Wichita Radiator Repair Shop
Phone 1192.

GLAD TO TESTIFY

Says Watoga Lady, "As To What Cardui Has Done For Me, So As To Help Others."

Watoga, W. Va.—Mrs. S. W. Gladwell, of this town, says: "When about 15 years of age, I suffered greatly . . . Sometimes would go a month or two, and I had terrible headache, backache, and bearing-down pains, and would just drag and had no appetite. Then . . . it would last . . two weeks, and was so weakening, and my health was awful.

My mother bought me a bottle of Cardui, and I began to improve after taking the first bottle, so kept it up till I took three . . . I gained, and was well and strong, and I owe it all to Cardui.

I am married now and have 3 children . . . Have never had to have a doctor for female trouble, and just resort to Cardui if I need a tonic. I am glad to testify to what it has done for me, so as to help others."

If you are nervous or weak, have headaches, backaches, or any of the other ailments so common to women, why not give Cardui a trial? Recommended by many physicians. In use over 40 years.

Begin taking Cardui today. It may be the very medicine you need.

NC-13

CITY ENGINEER RESIGNS OFFICE; COUNCIL ACCEPTS

TAX ON SALOONS REFUNDED AND WAGES OF STREET WORKERS RAISED

City Engineer, M. M. Cooke laid his resignation, before the City Council Thursday night and it was accepted to become effective May 1. Mr. Cooke's resignation, it is understood, grows out of a difference with the council in reference to some changes ordered in the grades of Austin, Travis and Lamar streets at their intersection with Ninth street. Mr. Cooke said this morning that he expected to have a statement for publication before The Times went to press this afternoon.

Refund Authorized

The city tax collector was authorized to make a refund to the saloon keepers of the unexpired portion of their license fees. This will amount to between $1,000 and $1,200.

City Health Officer, Dr. M. A. Beckman reported that he was having difficulty in enforcing quarantine regulations in some cases of small-pox because families quarantined demanded that the city feed them during the period of the quarantine. He said that in some cases the families quarantined would have nothing to eat unless the city or some other agency provided it. The matter was referred to the board of health which was given authority to act.

A request from Superintendent Lee Clark for the use of the city teams for grading the grounds at the Travis school was referred to the street committe.

Street Workers Get Raise

On the recommendation of J. M. McFall, chairman of the street committee, the wages of city employes in that department wer ordered raised from $2 to $2.50 per day. Mr. McFall reported that the street workers had received no increase in pay in several years; that wages for other labor had advanced and that it was right that these laborers receive more and that it would be impossible to keep good men unless their wages were raised. By unanimous vote the increase was authorized.

An order was adopted that the Fort gates and necessary lights at the Sevgaes and necessary lights at the Seventh street crossing.

RATIONS IN PETROGRAD ARE DECLARED SHORT

By Associated Press.

London, April 26.—President Zeuovonoff of the Petrogradsoviet, according to a Russian wireless dispatch has sent a message to the grain growing provinces begging them to send food. Owing to events in Finland, rations have been shortened and only one day's supply is available in Petrograd.

BACK OF THE AMERICAN FRONT

(By George T. Bye))

"Here boy!" or "Take this, courier!" calls the Yank general or his aide gruffly to the tall figures standing politely in the hall polishing his goggles.

The dispatch rider might be a high light back home—an actor or autnor or scientific genius—but it doesn't count here. The little doo dads on the shoulder are the only signs by which you may distinguish personal importance in these parts. The author or actor gets "Here, boy-" and "Rush this, courier!" just as if he were an A. D. T. shoe lifter back in the land of peanuts and popcorn.

And the author or actor seems to like it, for never a swallowed growl comes from him, nor a frown nor a hurt expression. He knows his place in this military scheme, and he is proud to take a man's share in the work that has to be done.

At one of our base ports in France I found a great force of Yanks working on a road in the rain. It had been raining steadily for days, preventing the use of a newly arrived road machine. The big trucks that hauled men and supplies were cutting up the roads badly, and it was vitally necessary to make emergency repairs in the downpour.

"These men," said the captain of engineers as we bumped along the rutty road in his little official car, past squads of hustling, dripping Yanks, busy with shovels and picks, "are 60 per cent college graduates. Many of them have had as good scientific training as any of the officers of engineer regiments. They tried to get in officers training schools, but these were filled up so they enlisted as privates. They're about the classiest bunch of road builders you could find anywhere in this little old world."

Near this road building scene was a bull pen, a lock-up for naughty soldier boys. Back and forth strutted a stiff sentry, the elastic cord of his hat making his hair bristle in the back just like a business like bulldog's. When we got close up to this grim, unsmiling watchman of the guardhouse, the captain recognized him as a Filipino private.

He gave the captain the rifle salute with all the high pressure dash of a Tommy in front of Buckingham Palace.

Doing Husky Work.

"There are quite a good many of our young fellows doing husky work over here for the first time in their lives," said the captain later at dinner. "Well, for example, there's one chap who was digging on the road this afternoon who is a millionaire, in his own name. He bought a limousine from a French munitions factory the other day, and now he's trying to coax some little odd hauling jobs from me so as to get gasoline from our army supply.

"When these men get back home they're not going to dislike honest hand labor, and they're going to respect honest hand laborers a great deal more than they have in the past. They are having a good taste of hard work, not under one of their father's foremen but under army officers, it is doing them a world of good."

It was good sport to watch the expert army drivers crack the whip with big trucks. These trucks had just been unloaded from transports, and were being driven up to work sheds where army carpenters put special bodies on them. The drivers went on high speed up the slippery road to a point where they had to back in. Then they shut off the gas, put on the brakes, jockeyed the wheel and whipped or skidded the rear of the truck around to backing up position.

There were several hundred of these trucks waiting either for bodies or squads of drivers to take them to the interior bases. There also was a high wall of fairly large packing cases reaching to a good long Chicago block and more. The wall was about 15 feet high. The shipping cases contained 1600 of that make of automobile which, according to popular rumor, is first fashioned with a can opener.

"We had quite a few of them here a month ago," said the captain, "but most of them have gone up the line."

OLD MATTRESSES MADE NEW.

A faulty uneven Mattress makes a good night's sleep impossible. Let us make over any such mattress you may have in mind. We'll return it to you not just as good but better than it was when you bought it new. And as to our own special make, we will not only guarantee its substantiability, workmanship, but guarantee you a good night's sleep, if it takes only a comfortable mattress to induce it.

Bell Mattress Co.

T. J. EDMONSON, Manager.
Phone 2412.

Tonight and Saturday

ABSOLUTELY

LAST Opportunity —Day— TO BUY

Radium Diamonds at $2.00

Now on Sale at
705 OHIO AVE., Wichita Falls
$17 TAILORING CO., by
RADIUM DIAMOND CO.

MEN'S UNION SUITS	TENNIS SLIPPERS	75c BLUE WORK SHIRTS
65c	50c	65c

Men's Summer Suits in Palm Beach, Kool Kloth and Mohair

$6.95, up

150 to pick from, sizes up to 46.

$3.00 Straw Hats . . . $1.85
$4.00 Panamas $2.95

Shoe Bargainst at Saul's
Women's White Pumps

$1.95

Men's Ventilated Oxfords $2.95
Georgette Blouses . . $3.95
Percales, per yd. 18c

Trade with Saul and have money in Bank

Saul's

OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICT

617 INDIANA AVE



Filgo Tire & Supply Co.
703 Tenth Street.

Your Chance to Own an Automobile

We have been advised that the factory production of automobiles is to be cut another twenty-five per cent and as production has already been cut fifty per cent dealers are having trouble in getting new cars to fill their orders.

The time is near at hand when good used cars will bring very near new prices.

We have on hand a few used cars that have been over hauled and refinished and are now in excellent condition that we will offer for the next few days at the old time second hand price. This means for less than their real value.

Chalmers Six "30" run 5000 miles,	$1000.00
Kissle Six, run 6000 miles	$650.00
Oldsmobile Eight, run 7000 miles	$800.00
Dodge	$500.00
Ford	$300.00

Also a few cars that show a little more mileage that are in excellent shape that we will make very interesting prices on. It will pay you to look these cars over.

EXCELSIOR MOTOR CO.

C. W. FANT, Manager

611 Ohio — Dealers in Cadillac and Chandler Cars — Phone 2860

Buy Tires to Fit Your Needs

National economy has no place for haphazard tire-buying.

The Country's need demands conservation.

Your own responsibility as a motorist requires that you treat the equipment of your car as a business proposition.

Study your tire needs.

Select and buy the tires that will give utmost service per dollar, on the roads *you* travel, with *your* driving.

There is a United States Tire scientifically planned to meet every motoring requirement.

The steadily increasing sale of United States Tires is an evidence of their solid worth.

Steadfast performance has proved their unfailing reliability and long-service economy.

Equip now with United States Tires.

Let our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer help you to select the right ones.

For Passenger Cars—'Usco' Tread, as illustrated; also 'Royal Cord', 'Chain', 'Nobby' and 'Plain'.

United States Tires are Good Tires



Wanted To Buy Second-Hand Furniture and Stoves!

Star Furniture Co. Phone 1011

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

BETTER HAVE your rugs cleaned now leaving Wichita soon to be gone sometime. Phone 2268. R. A. Bailey. 267 tfc

FOR MATTRESS work of all kinds call Price's Mattress Factory 808 10 St. Phone 1629. 257-tfc

WANTED—To buy cast off clothing and shoes at 515 8th. Phone 353. 261-tfc

YOUR PLUMBING and repair work appreciated. Phone 746. J. L. Moore & Co. 276-26tp

WANTED—Dressmaking, reasonable prices 1508 14th street. Phone 1592. 276-tfc

WELL DRILLER and cable man, just moved in, ready for work, 904 Fifth street, L. T. Yancey. 280 tfc

SAFETY RAZOR blades, sharpened as good as new at 707½ Ohio Ave. Prices, double blades 35 cents per dozen, single blades 25c per dozen. 299 3tp

R. A. BAILEY Automotor power vacuum carpet and rug cleaning. Phone 2268. 289-tfc

IF YOU want your house wired for lights, call 2282. T. G. Grantham. 292 26tp

WANT TO RENT—House with garage close in, by May 1st. Phone 2713. 298 3tc

WANTED—To rent 6 or 7 room house by May 1.—W. L. Railey at Railey Printing Co., Phone 1703. 298 tfc

WANTED TO RENT—Three furnished housekeeping rooms close in, for couple without children, walking distance. Phone 1639. 298 3tp

PLUMBING and repair work, Franklin Plumbing Co. Phone 2182. 299 12tc

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—1800 ft. 6-inch, 20 pound casing. Address P. O. Box 765. 298 tfc

FOR SALE—The Times Publishing Co. will sell the following fittings at prices much less than they can be bought new:
4 pieces, about 30 feet of 1 7-16 shafting.
3 Hangers, 12 inch drop.
2 Hangers, 14 inch drop.
1 Castiron pulley 14 by 3 incues 1 7-16 bore.
1 Castiron pulley 8 by 3 inches, 1 7-16 bore.
1 Castiron pulley 10 by 4 inches, 1 7-16 bore.
1 Castiron pulley 7 by 2½ inches, 1 7-16 bore.
2 Wood split pulleys 18 inches, 4 inch opening.
2 Wood split pulleys 10 inches, 4 inch opening.
1 Castiron coupling 1 7-16 inches.
Also bolts and other fittings. These articles may be seen at the Times building. 284-tfc

FOR SALE—7 rooms of furniture in modern house, which can be rented. 1 block from Ind Ave. Phone2290. 299 tfc

VERY ATRACTIVE oil leases for sale in Sunshine and Electra fields ranging in tracts from 40 acres up. Also 1,000 acres in one block, near Wichita Falls. This is all first class stuff. Office room 2 Ward Bldg. Phone 2816. 99 3tc

FOR SALE—Crain Messenger service, also 2 shot guns and 3 bicycles. Phone 2094. 297 3tp

A FEW bargains left in secondhand motorcycles. Motorcycle Supply Co., 813½ Tenth St. 299 3tp

FREE—Kickless crank for Fords with each purchase of two tires or more. Filgo Tire and Supply Co. 703 10th. 298 5tc

FOR SALE—Red Top sorghum seed. G. H. Littleken, Route 4, Box 6. Phone 9032 F-13. 295 6tp

PLANTING SEED—We have a number of tons of first class planting cotton seed, which we are offering while it last at practically cost. Wichita Cotton Oil Co. S. R. Cockrill, manager. 291-tfc

PALACE MEAT MARKET at Burkburnett for sale at a bargain. Write or call J. W. Gilreath, Burkburnett. 292-10tp

FOR SALE—Kaffir, yellow dwarf maize federita, Oklahoma dwarf broom corn seed; all varieties of cane seed, peas. Write for prices. Wildman & True, Carnegie, Okla. 295 12tp

FOR SALE—Furnishings complete for two housekeeping rooms. Rooms can be rented. 1109 Scott, Phone 1699. 296 4tp

WE HAVE recently installed a new power mattress machine and have a first class mattress maker. We will appreciate your patronage and guarantee to give you all your own cotton back and satisfaction in every repect. We will make your old bumpy mattress just like new. Patton Furn. Co., 710-12 7th St. Phone 1660. 295 6tc

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—Maid at Westland Hotel. 290 tfc

WANTED—Experienced stenographer office. One able to do statement work. Phone 324. 297 3tc

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 802 Tenth. Phone 1160. 296 3tc

SITUATIONS WANTED

GENERAL housework wanted by middle aged woman. Phone 2743. 279 3tp

POSITION WANTED by experienced bookkeper. Would accept position as salesman. In class 5 of draft. A-1 references. P. O. Box 22, Goree, Texas. 296 6tp

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS

FOR RENT—Three large furnished connected housekeeping rooms. Sink in kitchen. Phone 1943. 298 3tc

FOR RENT—Two furnished light housekeping rooms close in, all modern, 806 Lamar, Phone 2535. 298 3tc

FOR RENT—Two furnished housekeeping rooms, 1307 Burnett. Phone 508. 298 tfc

UNFURNISHED ROOMS

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, to couple without children, 902 Lamar. Call after 6:30 p. m. 298 tfc

FOR RENT—Bed Rooms

FOR RENT—One furnished bedroom with garage; 1003 Travis, phone 1036. 257-tfc

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bedroom south exposure, 1202 Scott Phone 967. 297 tfc

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished bedroom for one or two gentlemen. References required 903 Austin. Phone 2287. 296 3tc

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished bedrooms 1200 Scott, Phone 1900. 280 tfc

FURNISHED room for a man, 804 Tenth, Phone 1350. 299 2tp

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front bedroom, 707 Austin, Phone 1343. 298 3tc

FOR RENT—Front bedroom, close in 707 Fifth St. 298 3tc

FOR RENT—Well furnished south bed room to gentlemen only. Phone Mrs. Bertrum at P. B. M., or 1830, after 6 p. m. 298 tfc

CHICKENS, EGGS AND PET STOCK

WANTED TO BUY white Eskimo Spitz pup. Phone 1081. 298 3tp

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red Eggs for setting. Floyd Billingsley, 1809 Elizabeth. Phone 1528. 240-tfc

FOR SALE—Two bull pups, phone 69. 298 3tp

FOR SALE—Thorough bred white Leghorns. Miss McSpaydden. Phone 9010 F 12. 297 3tc

FOR SALE—Setting eggs at half price after May 1. Eggs from special mated pen of E. B. Thompson's World Champion Ringlet Barred Rock, $2.00 per setting; McDonald strain fine Barred Rock $1.00 per setting. Mrs. A. W. Muller, Phone 937. 299 3tc

THOROUGHBRED Barred Rocks setting eggs, 406 Fifth St. East of tracks. 257-tfc

DRESSMAKING

SPIRELLA CORSETS made to measure; trained corsetier. Phone 1393. 273-tfc

EXCLUSIVE DRESSMAKING Miss K. J Harris now located at 1909 Eighth street, one block off car line. Phone 2826. 297 26tc

MRS. J. A. MARTIN dressmaking alteration 705 9 St. 276-tfc

I HAVE MOVED my hemstitcher from 1318 11 St to 2011 8 St. Phone 2234. 274-26tc

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD and room in private home for two gentlemen, room has private entrance and bath, 1303 12 St. Phone 1102. 280 tfc

BOARD and room at 1203 Burnett. Phone 1868. 294-7tc

FARMS AND RANCHES

EIGHT ACRES. J. E. Prince section, Wilbarger county, Texas. In south half section 37, block 13, H. & T. C. R. R. survey. This is a perpetual lease. I want to sell, make me offer on all or part. A. T. Patton, Box 194, Arlington, Texas. 294-7tc

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—Two solicitors, call 2110 Filmore Street, between 7 and 8 p. m. 295 tfc

TEAMS WANTED, apply Call Field, Gilsonite Construction Co. 298 3tc

WANTED—About ten salesmen to sell oil and refining stock, good clean deal. No promotion scheme; liberal commissions. Duncan Oil and Refining Co., Duncan, Okla. 299 4tc

WANTED—Male stenographer, must have commercial experience and good references. Duncan Oil and Refining Co. Duncan, Okla. 299 4tc

WANTED—Salesman to sell fast selling specialty, will furnish car to right man. Apply in person to E. B. Powers, Room seven Ward Bldg. 299 3tp

WANTED—Driver for wholesale wagon, must be a hustler and ready to go to work at once. Reference required Pure Milk Product Co. 297 3tc

WANTED—Live oil stock salesman to sell stock in an Oil Company with leases situated in the heart of the big Ranger and Stephens county oil fields in Texas actually worth $90,000. Company to spend $80,000 drilling on leases. Company capitalized for $150,000. Big oil wells on all sides of this proposition less than one mile distant. Extra good proposition made to capable men. Wire O. B. Horton, Denton, Texas. 291-16tp

WANTED—A1 bookkeeper and stenographer. Reference required Maxwell Hardware Co. 291-tfc

WANTED—Book-keeper and all-around lumber man for Electra Texas C. D. Shamburger, phone 1365. 292-6tc

SALESMEN WANTED—Real live men who can produce results. Men who can approach the higher class of the investing public with a proposition that will appeal to the most conservative. To a live wire we have an exceptional proposition; backed by bankers and the best type of business men. Have sixteen producing wells and an unusual proposition with it. If you are there let's get together. Prairie Hill Oil Company, Wichita Falls, Texas. 298 3tc

FOR SALE—City Property

FOR SALE—Some bargains in residences close in, no inflated prices. See Pond at the Laundry. 274-tfc

BUILT a short time, 5-room bungalow. FOR SALE—Seven business lots on Ohio avenue between 3rd and Fourth streets, very cheap. W. E. Frieze.

SIX ROOM house for sale, five blocks from business center, terms. D. M. Jones. Phone 44. 270-tfc

5 ROOM house on Travis, near river, in good repair: $150.00 cash, $15.00 monthly payments. Phone 2121. 294-tfc

AN EXTRA nice home close to High school with every modern convenience. Nice, well improved place with large lot, storm cellar, servant house, garden, chicken house and garage. An extra nice home for $4,750.00. O. F. Marchman, Phone 2851. 298 tfc

BRAND NEW 5-room bungalow, two bedroms, hall, living room, dining room, kitchen, large front porch, large lot on car line. Price $3,500. Easy terms. Phone 2851. O. F. Marchman. 296 tfc

BRAND NEW and will be ready to move in next week. Six large rooms all conveniently arranged, an attractive house on large lot. Only a substantial cash payment required. Price $4,000. On the car line. O. F. Marchman Phone 8251.

ELEVENTH STREET, pavement, one of most complete houses found in city, ivory finish, fire place, French doors, hardwood floors, floor plan ideal. Built for home. Owner leaving city. Will make you priec for few days, only $4500.00. Possession the day you buy. R. H. Chancellor, Phone 1352 or 1464. 298 3tc

BEST LOCATION on Elizabeth St., built for a home, 5 room bungalow, nicely finished, French doors, complete in every way, worth $3500, low price $2,850. R. H. Chancellor, Phone 1352. 297 3tc

THE Bungalow you have waited for. Seven rooms, hollow tile, thre bedrooms, built in features, coble stone mantel, close to school on paved street, garage and all conveniences for $6,000. Good terms and a home you will buy. Phone 2851. O. F. Marchman. 298 tfc

BEAUTIFUL NEW 10th St Bungalow, 6 rooms, 3 bedroms. High class finish, brick mantel, south front. Price $4750. Best, prettiest, most conveniently arranged you will be able to find for this money. O. F. Marchman, Phone 2851. 296 tfc

WELL built and in good condition, modern 5-room bungalow with garage, and all city conveniences on the car line for $3,000. Attractive terms, better investigate and stop paying rent. O. F. Marchman, Phone 2851. 298 tfc

FOR SALE—Two modern 5 room houses on corner lot eighth and Holladay, will sell at bargain and take some trade. See J. J. Simon, Ward Bldg. Phone 472. 274-tfc

GOOD MODERN six room, almost new bungalow, only 1-2 block from car line, 3 large bedrooms nicely arranged, built in features, fine neighborhood, can be bought for $4750. Reasonable terms and a bargain. O. F. Marchman, Phone 2851. 298 tfc

NEW 6-room bungalow corner lot, Elizabeth St., interior finish nice. Low price $3250., $350.00 cash, balance like you want it. Phone 1352 or 1464. 298 3tc

BUILT A SHORT TIME, 5 room bungalow, immediate possession. If you are looking for a bargain here it is $2,200. O. F. Marchman, Phone 2851. 298 tfc

FIVE ROOM brick cottage, modern throughout and very desirable part of city in Floral Heights for sale at bargain at once. Phone 2150. 280 tfc

ONLY BUILT a short time, an attractive 5-room modern bungalow on Eleventh, (now paved). You will like it well enough to buy it, $3800.00, easy terms. O. F. Marchman, Phone 2851. 298 tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE

FOR TRADE—Overland 5-passenger car for vacant lot or lots. J. H. Reason, 612 Ohio. 295 tfc

LIVESTOCK

TAKEN UP—One red steer calf with few white spots. Blind in one eye. Left ear split. Owner call at the city hall and pay fees. Fred K. Smith, city marshal. 298 3tc

FOR SALE—Good horse perfectly gentle, work anywhere. 909 Burnett. Phone 2247. 299 3tc

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—One Lee casing on rim 30x3½, between Wichita Falls and my farm six miles southwest of Holliday. Liberal reward for return. Phone 301. 291-tfc

LOST—Blue serge skirt somewhere between 400 Lamar and 600 Scott, Monday evening. If found call Mrs. Woods at Pond's Laundry. 297 5tp

Ponder

THE SECONDHAND MAN

Buy, sell, repair and upholstering.

Phone 718.

HIGH PRICE OIL

Will make this the greatest year ever known in the oil business. The demand for oil is increasing every day. Thousands of people are investing in oil that never thought of doing so before. New wells are coming in daily, stocks and leases are active. Production is in great demand.

FORTUNES ARE BEING MADE

by many of your local friends. The quickest and greatest fortunes in the world have been made in the oil business. We gladly give free information. Dependable information is a safeguard. It is to your interest to be posted. Call and see us at the Oil Exchange.

HUEY & COTTON

Office next door to Hearn Hotel. Phones 2036 and 1478

FINANCIAL

MONEY to loan—Farm and city property notes bought, sold and extended. Stehlik & Baber. 222-tfc

USED AUTOS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Cadillac 8, all new, cord Tires, body finish in good condition, engine in perfect condition. Priced $1500, see W. W. Anderson, at Campbell-Anderson Co. 299 3tc

FOR SALE—One Wichita Motor truck cheap as I am leaving country. Phone 1011. 298 3tc

FOR SALE—Second hand Hupmobile and other makes of secondhand cars at bargain price 908 Ohio. Phone 1924. 256-tfc

FOR SALE—One Ford Roadster.
One One-ton Buick Truck.
One Baby Grand Chevrolet.
These cars will be sold at a sacrifice. Coco Cola Bottling Co. Phone 1061. 290 tfc

FOR SALE OR TRADE Maxwell car. What have you, Phone 1537. 299 3tp

FOR SALE—Five passenger Overland car, good condition, run about 5000 miles, also Shaler shop vulcanizing outfit, used two months, price right on both, phone 2275, call 503 Lamar. 291-tfc

FOR SALE—At Schuler Wallace, one 1918 Dodge Roadster only been driven 1500 miles. 299 3tp

FOR SALE—Practically new car run 2,000 miles will sell cheap for cash or will take part in trade rest in payments would consider one or two good milk cows. Phone 1670. 293-10tp

FOR SALE—Cadillac 8, all new, cord Tires, body finish in good condition, engine in perfect condition. Priced $1500, see W. W. Anderson, at Campbell-Anderson Co. 299 3tc

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Five room furnished house,can be used by two families. Telephone 594. 294-6tp

"Eyes Of Texas" Are On Former Students Now On Battle Front

Austin, Tex., April 26.—"The Eyes of Texas" are upon a number of former University students now stationed on the battle front of Europe, some of whom have already achieved high honors by their valiant service rendered to the allies. In this connection, it is interesting to note that Curtis Asbury Keen of Sylvester, Texas as a junior student in the academic department of the University last year, is making somewhat of a name for himself as a flyer along the battle front of Italy. After finishing the ground school for aviators here in America, Keen was sent to Italy via Canada, England and France. Near Rome, Italy he received his commission as first lieutenant in the flying corps, and is now in active service. Keen has shown such marked ability in bringing down German airplanes and in raiding the German lines via the air, that suitable recognition has been given his work, and he is at present on his way to Paris on an important military inspection duty for the government. The flying school in Italy is proving to be the best equipped and has the best instructors in the world, and daily evidences of this fact are brought to light by the deeds of valor performed by its graduates. Keen writes that "it is great to be just an American among the allies, but it is much better to be an American soldier."

MANY HIGH SCHOOLS ASK FOR SPEAKERS

Austin, Tex., April 26.—Many of the high schools of the state have already sent requests to the University of Texas asking that members of the faculty be designated to deliver commencement addresses at their respective closing exercises. These requests are filled through the department of extension, and as there are a large number of University instructors who are available for the purpose the demand for such addresses on their part will be supplied to the fullest possible degree it is stated.

EACH INDIVIDUAL IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PUSHING WAR

"It is impossible to over emphasize the very real, the very deep personal responsibility of every man and woman in the great national crisis," says J. W. Hoopes of the federal reserve bank at Dallas in a statement urging the utmost support of the Third Liberty loan. The statement in full follows:

Success against Germany can be achieved only by every man feeling as though the results rest upon his personal effort alone. This is the philosophy of the soldier—It must be the philosophy of the civilian. It is impossible to over emphasize the very real, the very deep personal responsibility of every man and woman in the great national crisis. Every American faces a lifetime of satisfaction or regret for the part that he plays in this war. Experts in figures assure us that the average American is called upon to set aside about one fifth of his income for the use of the government; the money to be handed over to the government in the form of taxation or the purchase of Liberty Bonds. It is not only one-fifth of your neighbors income, but yours that is called for. Have you done your share?

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Political Announcements

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For District Clerk:
A. F. KERR.

For County Tax Collector:
J. P. JACKSON
M. L. TITTLE
E. S. WHITELAW

For County Tax Assessor:
T. E. RAGSDALE

For County Clerk:
M. P. KELLY
WILL T. HARRIS

For Sheriff:
R. L. (BOB) McFALL
G. A. (GEORGE) HAWKINS
FRANK L. BURNS.
J. L. HUFFINE.

For County Treasurer:
T. W. (Tom) McHAM.

For County Attorney:
JOHN DAVENPORT
ED YARBROUGH

For County Judge:
SHIELD HEYSER.
W. T. CARLTON
J. P. JONES.

For County Commissioner, Precinct 1:
M. K. EMMERT
ST CLAIR SHERROD
JOHN FORE.

For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 1.

For Constable Precinct 1:
R. V. GWINN.
W. W. HUMPHRIS.

For Justice Peace, Precinct Place 2:
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Wichita Falls Lodge No. 635 A. F. & A. M. Stated meetings first and third Friday nights in each month.
W. E. BROTHERS, W. M.
J. W. WALKUP, Sec.

Wichita Falls Chapter No. 202, R. A. M. Stated convocations second Friday nights in each month.
W. Y. HAMMACK, H. P.
J. W. WALKUP, Sec.

Wichita Falls Commandry No. 59 Regular conclave fourth Friday night in each month.
N. M. CLIFFORD, E. C.
J. W. WALKUP, Rec.

Wichita Falls Chapter No. 237 meetings first and third Tuesday nights of each month.
MRS. V. E STAMPFLI, W. M.
MRS. MAE DAKAN, Sec.

Knights and Ladies of Security Council 2361 meets every Tuesday evening Masonic Temple 10th and Scott. Drawing every business meeting.
M. W. McGinnis, Treas
Phone 1024 610 7th

Wichita Falls Lodge

B. P. O. E. ELKS.

Meets first and third Monday nights of each week in Elks' Hall
J. WILKIE TALBERT.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS.

Wichita Falls Council No. 1478 Knights of Columbus, meets every secon dand fourth Tuesday at 8 o'clock, Harrison-Everton Hall. Visiting Knights welcomed.

MODERN ORDER PRAETORIANS

Council No. 359 Meets Second and Fourth Thursday nights in lodge room above Overland Sales room, Eighth and Scott.
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EVANGELIST BROWN GAINS REPUTATION; WILL PREACH HERE

UNION REVIVAL SERVICE WILL BE CONDUCTED IN THIS CITY

Work will be started Monday morning on the construction of a large tabernacle capable of seating about three thousand people at the corner of Eighth and Lamar for use during the revival campaign to be carried on by the Brown Evangelistic party under the auspices of the First Methodist Church, South and the First Presbyterian Church during the month of May. The lot for the tabernacle was donated by J. W. Culbertson and the tabernacle will be built by voluntary labor after work hours.

Gain Reputation.

John Edward Brown, with a party of assistants including musical directors, womens and young peoples' leaders, and a business manager, widely known as the Brown Evangelistic party, has gained an enviable reputation throughout the South, having conducted a large number of successful revival meetings in the cities and towns of the district. The party is now in El Paso where a splendid meeting is being carried on. Press reports from that place are enthusiastic in their praise of Mr. Brown's work and indicate that all classes of people both old and young are being reached, a total of more than one thousand conversions having already been made in addition to the added spiritual awakening brought about among the church congregations of the entire town.

The following statement is made by Rev. N. F. Grafton of the First Presbyterian Church:

Issues Statement.

"The El Paso papers are enthusiastic in their reports of the revival being conducted in that city by Evangelist John Brown and party. From fifty to one hundred are being converted each day. This party will conduct our union meeting beginning the first Sunday in May in a tabernacle located on the corner of Eighth and Lamar. The tabernacle will be built by voluntary labor after closing hours. If you want in on the job speak to the tabernacle committee or to one of the pastors. You are going to like Mr. Brown. He is a fine preacher with no peculiar stunts. He appeals to common sense folks. The fact that he has conducted as high as seven revivals in cities like Tyler indicates that he is all right."

ORIGINAL VERDICT IN MILLSAPS CASE AFFIRMED BY COURT

The original verdict of $9,828.28 for the plaintiff in the suit of D. W. Colley et al vs. Millsaps et al tried here several years ago, was affirmed by the supreme court today, according to a telegram received by Weeks & Weeks, attorneys for the plaintiff. The suit grew out of dissolution of the McGrattan-Millsaps Company dry goods merchants. The verdict of the trial jury was later reduced by the district judge, and an appeal was taken from this finding by the plaintiff.

NOTICE—The Missouri Iron and Metal Company formerly managed by Mr. Sam Raiz who has been called to the colors, will, in the future, have its office at 504 12th St. and will be managed by George W. Ray, who will be glad to meet all old customers of the above concern. Phone No. 1274.

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RED CROSS DRIVE PLANS ARE LAID FOR THIS COUNTY

WORKERS HOLD MEETING TO DECIDE ON WAY TO SECURE $43,000

Plans for the Red Cross Second War Fund drive in Wichita county were laid at the monthly county meeting, held at Burkburnett Thursday afternoon. W. W. Silk, the district chairman of the War Fund Campaign and W. D. Cline, the county chairman, were both present at the meeting and addressed the Red Cross workers present on the coming campaign when Wichita county is to be called on for $43,000. The campaign is to begin May 4 and sometime before that time the county will be organized for the drive.

There were 45 members in attendance, despite the fact that neither Electra nor Iowa Park sent representatives. The meeting was one of much interest and it is felt that there will be no difficulty in raising the amount asked of this county for the Red Cross's second year of war work if all the members do their share, in contributing and in soliciting contributions.

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Oscar Lauman of Company G, 143rd Regiment at Camp Bowie has been on a short furlough for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Annie Berndt.

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Filed in 30th District Court
D. T. Cross vs. W. J. Sheldon et al, damages.

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AT THE CHURCHES

Church of the Good Shepherd
(Episcopal), 10th and Burnett
Red John G. Larsen, Pastor.
Holy communion, 8 p. m. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m. Morning Prayer and Sermon 11 a. m. Evening Prayer and Sermon 8 p. m. Strangers in the city are most cordially invited.

First Methodist Church.
(Corner Tenth and Lamar)
All the regular services will be held at the church Sunday. Beginning with Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., preaching at 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. by the pastor, the Epworth League will meet at 7:30. Subject of sermon Sunday morning "At Ease in Zion." Evening, "The Judgment." Mrs. Huckabee will sing at the morning hour. Special music at the evening service. We will be glad to have you in these services, the congregations are large, we hold you one hour only. The tabernacle meeting will begin at the corner of Eighth and Lamar the first Sunday in May. Rev. John E. Brown, evangelist will have charge of the meeting. We invite all Christians of the city to cooperate with us and all sinners to come.
S. A. BARNES, Pastor.

First Christian Church.
9:30 Sunday school.
10:45 morning worship and Lord's Supper. Special sermon for boys and girls on, 'SALT." Parents and teachers will be with the children in this month end service.
7 p. m. Junior, Intermediate and Senior C. E. meets.
8 o'clock evangelistic song service for all the people.
Evangelistic sermon, "Caught Napping."
Spirited singing, live preaching and democratic worship.

First Presbyterian Church.
The pastor will preach both morning and night. The subject of the morning sermon will be "Modern Job and His Comforters." The sermon deals with the war and laying the blame at the right door. What will be the issues? The theme for the special music will be, "Hark, Hark, My Soul." Miss Veale will sing at the evening hour. The subject of the sermon will be "Two Sides to the Story." The ladies have organized a Red Cross unit in the basement of the church and are enthusiastically at work. Not only are all the ladies of the congregation asked to join but those living near the church will be given a hearty welcome. Come Monday at 9:30 o'clock.
N. F. GRAFTON, Pastor.

Senior Epworth League Program April 28th.
Topic: Profanity Unclean and Evil Speech.
Leader: Miss Edith Slaten.
"Thou Shalt not Take the Name of the Lord thy God in Vain"—Miss Edith Slaten.
Style and manner of speech an index to character—J. R. Ogle.
Scripture references: Misses Pauline Harris, Gladys Herron and Lovie Evans, Messrs. Junius Thomas and Leslie Millican.
Reading: The Arrow and the Song—Miss Lois Martin.
Profanity—P. B. Cox.

Lutheran St. Paul's Church, Mo. Synod
(Eleventh and Holliday Sts.)
Sunday school at the usual hour, 9:30 a. m. Morning worship at 10:30 a. m. The Rev. J. Streckfuss of Bowie will fill the pulpit.
Berea Bible class will meet at 2:30 p. m. The young ladies of the Bible Class will meet at the Red Cross rooms Thursday night at 7:30. Everybody is cordially invited to worship with us, especially all the Lutheran boys at Call Field, as well as all others.
C. M. Beyer, Pastor

We wish to thank our friends for the many kind deeds during recent illness and death of our baby boy, also ofr beautiful floral offerings.
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BIG LAND DEAL IS REPORTED TO BE CLOSED HERE

A deed was filed for record with the county clerk today transferring 320 acres of land from John Beat to A. A. Honaker for a consideration of $21,600. The land comprises subdivisions Nos. 255 and 256 of the Waggoner Coloney lands in this county.

WICHITA COUNTY RED CROSS

The Red Cross is indebted to F. J. Timberlake of Perkins and Timberlake for a sock knitting machine, which has been instaled at the Red Cross work rooms.

The newly organized Methodist Church, South, Red Cross unit worked for the first time Thursday afternoon at the church and turned in 653 8x4 compresses and 8 suits of pajamas. The Presbyterian unit which is meeting daily, turned in two suits of pajamas and 100 8x4 compresses.

The Thursday morning workers in the surgical dressing department were Instructor and Chairman, Mrs. Bert Bean, Mrs. King, inspector, Mesdames Clegg, Garner, Johnson, Falling, McGregor, Owens, Woodruff, and Miss Wyatt, Mesdames Woods and Wilfong, packers Thursday afternoon (surgical dressing), Mrs. Bean, chairman, Miss Smith, instructor, Mrs. King, inspector, Mesdames Patterson, Shepperd and Alexander, moppers, Mesdames Herbert Brown, W. C. W. Brown, Barringer, Barnhart, Bardley, Bleakley, F. N. Carter, Fred Carter, Clark, Corlett, Davis, Dameron, Edwards, Hammond Hagin, Holland, Friberg, Johnson, Jones, Kaufman, Linskey, Lon, Mahoney, McCormick, Marquande, Morris, Penn, Rountree, Shepherd, Shumake, Smith, Simmons, Traweek, Walker, Wilson, Young and Misses Stayton, Long and Huggins. Thursday morning. Mesdames Couper, Cantree, Fauntleroy, Ekeen, Urban and Miss Porter. Thursday afternoon (hospital garment) Mrs. I. H. Roberts, chairman, Mesdames Corlett, Harris, Gibson, Hammock, Knobs, Morgan, Stayton, Stripling and Wilson.

The Thursday night class of fifteen made 156 8x4 compresses.

DANCE AT LAKE WICHITA NEXT FRIDAY NIGHT

There will be a public dance at Lake Wichita Friday night. 297 3tc

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Palmer have returned to their home at Hereford after a visit with Mrs. C. C. White of this city.

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Wichita Weekly Times

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Volume XXVII. WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1918. NUMBER 44

ATTACK ON GERMAN BASE PROVES SO DARING THAT HUNS YELLED 'AMERICANS'

Cruiser Puts Landing Party Ashore Despite Raking Fire From Nearby Shore Batteries.

By Associated Press.

New York, Apr. 24—Not only was the mouth of the canal at Zeebrugge blocked but British sailors and marines who participated in the raid on the German submarine bases believe that they destroyed every gun on the Mole, demolished the sheds throughout its entire length and blew up large stores of munitions contained in the sheds, according to stories given by the survivors to the correspondent of New York Times at Kentish port.

Until they were within a half mile of the harbor of Zeebrugge, no ships in the attacking force had picked up the light on the Mole. The attacking ship which started for the Mole followed by muttered calls of "Good luck" from the ships' companies of the escorting fleet outside the harbor had scarcely got within sight of the light when it was discovered by the Germans. Star shells instantly pierced the thick haze, showing the cruiser as plainly as if it had been daylight.

Batteries Concentrate.

In one second, it seems, every battery in the neighborhood had concentrated on the cruiser. How she was able to get ahead none of those watching her understood. Great seventeen inch shells and others of smaller calibres flew around her like hail. She was apparently hit by some of the smaller ones, but she plugged ahead and was seen to turn the corner of the Mole and gain the inside of the harbor. The German fire apparently was deflected from her vital parts by intervening structure of the Mole and most of the damage done was above the water line.

Disregarding all that had happened, the cruiser went up to the Mole and landed a large party of bluejackets and marines. The German defenders conceived the idea that their assailants were Americans and according to some of the survivors this cry was heard:

"It's the Americans! It's the Yankees!"

Some of the Germans bolted masse from the nearest batteries leaving their guns to the British. The guns were destroyed one by one, while others in the landing parties dealt with the sheds and munitions stores with flame throwers.

Apparently under cover of this operation, continues the account sent by the Daily Chronicle's correspondent, the concrete laden cruisers with which it was intended to block the channels made their way through the harbor, accompanied, as far as it can be ascertained, by only one submarine. As they approached the entrance they anchored, swung around on their cables and according to the testimony of one of the observers were sunk within twenty-three minutes.

One of the destroyers or submarines exploded a charge at the gates of the lock to the Bruges canal and they are believed to have been destroyed. Meanwhile four destroyers entered the harbor and cruised around, making observations, but were unable to take part in the battle.

Cruiser Turns Seaward.

When the attacking ship and its landing party had completed their work the sailors and marines were taken aboard again, despite the damaged condition of the cruiser it then began to make its way out of the harbor.

One of the seventeen inch shells cut off the hundreds of various calibres fired at the cruisers got well homeath her upper works. Her steering gear was injured and he signalled an escort ship to show her the way out, but before help arrived she had found her way out and taken her place under her own steam behind the lines of protecting cruisers.

One man who watched the operation from an escorting ship said to the correspondent:

"When we saw the damage she had suffered, it seemed scarcely possible that she was able to keep afloat. The men below must have worked like Trojans for she was throwing flames ten feet high from her funnels and she made the fastest time she probably ever achieved."

The German destroyer which was sunk, was rammed amidships and torpedoed. Those who returned to the Kentish port also say that boarders rushed on the German destroyers anchored in the harbor, taking them completely by surprise. Some of the Germans hurried up to the hatchways in their night clothes but before they could reach the decks, the British sailors knocked them on the heads with clubs and rifles and sent them tumbling down the hatchways.

SIR LORD BERESFORD WARNS AGAINST DISAPPOINTMENT

By Associated Press

London April 24.—Admiral Sir Lord Beresford in an interview on the raid on German submarines while eulogizing the Zeebrugge achievement as a great thing and worthy of attempting, warns against disappointment if the results do not reach the most sanguine expectations. He says that the blocking of a harbor is a most difficult undertaking and it can never be certain that the obstruction is placed just right. Moreover Lord Beresfort says there is a chance of building a channel around the obstacles or finding a channel between them.

HOBSON'S FEAT CITED AS PARALLEL CASE

By Associated Press

London, April 24. Articles by naval writers and editorials in the morning newspapers eulogize with natural pride the volunteers who carried out the raid against Zeebruge and Ostend and discuss the probable importance of the enterprise. Lieutenant Hobson's feat at Santiago and Admiral Togo's exploit at Port Arthur are recalled as notable precedents, but the landing on the beach at Fallipoli is regarded by some writers as the only real parallel. Curiosity is expressed as to the fate of the crews of the two old submarines which were assigned to blow up the piling at the approach of the Mole at Zeebrugge. Their devotion to duty appeals to the imagination of the writers, for it is assumed they voluntarily accepted almost certain death and that only by something akin to a miracle could those who remained aboard to explode the charge have survived.

Stories of survivors who have arrived at Dover flushed with belief in the full success of the expedition are not corroborated in every detail by the official account. The reported destruction of the lock gates and the consequent draining of the Bruges canal lack confirmation. If substantiated, this presumably would be the greatest achievement of the raiding squadron.

Estimates of time the Germans will need to remove the obstructions from the channel and repair the damaged Mole vary. Some assume that many days will intervene, others many weeks, while still others seem to suppose that the damage cannot be repaired for a very long time.

VISCOUNT MOTONO REPORTED LEAVING JAP PREMIERSHIP

By Associated Press

London, April 24.—Viscount Motono, Japanese minister of foreign affairs has resigned according to a Reuter dispatch from Tokio.

The question of Japanese intervention in Siberia probably led to the withdrawal of Viscount Ichiro Motono from the foreign ministery of which he has been the head since November, 1916 when Count Terauchi formed the present cabinet. There have been reports recently that Viscount Motono might resign in connection with the Siberian situation but explanations of such a possibility were scanty. Viscount Motono was given his present title in July, 1916. He was Japanese ambassador to Russia previous to his elevation to the foreign ministry. Since his graduation from the University of Lyons, France, he has been connected with the Japanese foreign office and served as minister to Belgium and minister to France.

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—Baron Shimpei Göto was minister for home affairs in the Terauchi cabinet and his appointment to succeed Viscount Motono is not regarded as likely to involve any considerable change in foreign policies with the exception of the Siberian question, with which Motono was peculiarly identified. Viscount Motono is known to have been in poor health for some time.

Notice of the cabinet changes had reached the state department where it caused little surprise in view of the persistent rumors of the impending retirement of Viscount Motono following the arrival in Tokio of Baron Uchida, the Japanese ambassador to Russia. Uchida took issue with the foreign minister as to the advisability of a Japanese campaign in Siberia and his views were accepted by the premier. Consequently the retirement of Baron Motono became inevitable.

The construction placed upon the retirement of Viscount Motono by officials here is that for the present at least there will be no forward movement by Japanese forces into Siberia without full and harmonious understanding with Japan's allies and with the United States; and it is understood there must be strong evidence presented to demonstrate the existence of German influence in Siberia before such an agreement can be reached.

ELECTRA OVER TOP ON LIBERTY LOAN IN BRIEF DRIVE

Special to The Times

Electra, Texas, April 24.—Electra went "over the top" today in completing their subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan issue, to make up their allotment of $125,000, only noe and one half hours being consumed in the task. All of the places of business were closed and the entire population of Electra devoted today to securing the needed subscriptions.

Drive On Amiens Is Resumed

THE MATADOR IS READY!



WILSON OPPOSES DECLARING WAR ON TWO NATIONS

MAKES KNOWN HIS SENTIMENTS AT CONFERENCE WITH SENATORS

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—Definite opposition to a declaration of war on Bulgaria and Turkey at this time was indicated by President Wilson at a conference with Senator King of Utah, who recently introduced a resolution calling for war with both of these countries.

Senator King sought the president's views as a result of debate in the Senate on a resolution of Senator Brandegee of Connecticut asking the Senate foreign relations committee for immediate action on the King resolution.

Not Press Resolution

Senator King announced after the conference that he would not press his resolution at this time.

Senator King declined to discuss the president's views but from other senators it was learned that the president was ready to present his information to the Senate with his reasons for opposing present action.

Arrangements were made for members of the Senate foreign relations committee soon to call upon the president.

Considerations of diplomacy and safety of Americans in Bulgaria and Turkey, particularly the latter, are understood to have prompted the president's decision. There is reason to hope, it was said, that both Turkey and Bulgaria may yet drop out as belligerents. The administration was reported to have information that if it were possible, Turkey as well as Bulgaria would be glad to take advantage of an opportunity to break away from the central powers.

After the senators were informed of the situation it was said that none of the resolutions having to do with the matter would be pressed in the Senate or in the committee.

Search Being Made For Ft. Worth Man; His Car Is Found

By Associated Press

Dallas, Tex., April 24.—Police and detectives here today began a search for C. L. Johnson, 28 years old, a resident of Fort Worth. Johnson left Fort Worth April 15 to come to Dallas, it was said, and had in his possession considerable money and jewelry.

Johnson is said to be wealthy. The automobile he was driving was reported found near Decatur, Texas.

LIEUTENANT AND CADET ARE KILLED AS PLANE IS IGNITED AND FALLS

Second Lieutenant Stephen R. Warner and Cadet Edwin D. Cryer were instantly killed two miles west of Call Field this morning at 8o'clock, when their plane fell from a height of 50 feet, after bursting into flames while in the air. According to the statement of Lieutenant Roderick Tower acting officer in charge of flying, the accident occurred two miles due west of the field. A civilian eye-witness stated to Lieutenant Tower that as saw the machine burst into flames while about 50 feet in the air, and that the machine fell immediately after he noticed the flames. The cause of the accident is not yet determined.

Lieutenant Warner received his commission at the local field on April 4, and since his leave of ten days, had been temporarily assigned to the flying field. Cadet Cryer was in the first solo class. The officer and cadet had been up about thirty minutes when the accident occurred.

Lieutenant Warner's home is in Maplewood New Jersey and Cadet Cryer's brother and next of kin, C. W. Cryer, lives in Allegheny county Pennsylvania.

The bodies are being held at the undertaking parlors of C. W. Hines, pending advices from relatives.

AVIATION OFFICER KILLED IN FORT WORTH

By Associated Press

Fort Worth, Tex., April 24.—The American aviation officer killed here late yesterday was Lieutenant Geo. E. Bell, of 3918 Spruce street, Philadelphia. His machine fell in a spinning nose dive. The cadet he was instructing was uninjured. It was first reported that Bell was from New York City.

FUND FOR RAISING NATIONAL GUARD IS NOW BEING SOUGHT

Twenty five hundred dollars was set by the finance committee as the amount necessary to finance the two local companies to be raised for the new eTxas National Guard and to date nothing has been raised, while the recruiting campaign has occasioned already a good deal of expense. W. M. McGregor is chairman of the finance committee and will be glad to receive contributions from those interested in seeing this new organization perfected and put on an equal footing with those being organized in other sections. This money is needed and immediately, the committee states.

Major Smoot went to Nocona tonight to attend a big patrotic rally which is being held for the purpose of encouraging enlistments in the new National Guard. A similar rally is planned for Wichita Falls in the near future.

LIEUT. H. EMBINE, ADJUTANT, DIES IN HOSPITAL HERE

Lieutenant Harold Imbrie, adjutant at Call Field, who has been ill for the past two months, died this afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the Wichita General Hospital. Arrangements have not yet been perfected but the body will be taken back to New York, the family home by his mother and brother who have been in the city for two weeks.

Lieutenant Imbrie had been suffering from a complication of disease, the first attack being similar to appendicitis. A series of surgical operations failed to give any relief and death had been imminent for several days.

Creel Takes Stand at Editor's Trial

New York, April 24.—George Creel, chairman of the committe on public information, took the witness stand today in the trial of Max Eastman, editor of the Masses, and other connected with the publication who are accused of obstructing the draft law

Offensive Under Way On Twenty Mile Front To North of Albert

DEEDS OF HEROISM AT SEICHEPREY BY AMERICANS TOLD

ONE SOLDIER PASSED THROUGH GERMAN BARRAGE SEVEN TIMES

MAN TWICE BLOWN AWAY

Two Men With Pistols Kill Eight Germans and Take Their Machine Gun

By Associated Press

With the American Army in France, Tuesday, April 23.—The shell torn village of Seicheprey, around which centered the hardest fighting in connection with the recent German attacks on the American positions appears to be destined to hold a proud place in the story of American participation in the world war. As further details of the engagement become known there are disclosed deeds which are fully in accord with the finest American traditions.

The correspondent is now permitted to tell of a few cases of individual heroism, which will convey an idea as to the mettle of the men. One of them, David Griggs of East Hampton, Conn., passed through the enemy barrage at least seven times to carry munition to his hard pressed comrades. Twice he was partly buried by earth upturned by shells falling all around him but he kept at his task. Griggs, who is a 19 year old boy, was so modest that he would not tell his story but insisted on speaking of the bravery of others. Finally one of his comrades pointed him out and said: "That is the bravest man in the regiment."

Blown Off Road.

Raymond D. Ferris of Medford, Mass., acting as a courier was blown off the road twice by the concussion of shells. Although stunned and nearly crazed by the intensity of the gun fire when he reached the point in the rear of the lines to which he was sent for ammunition he carried out his orders. Then he asked for a revolver, saying he wanted to go out and fight the Germans but he fainted from exhaustion. When he regained consciousness his first words were an inquiry whether his message had been delivered.

Charles Sinkler, a Philadelphia lawyer, who is now with the Red Cross, and was in the thick of the fighting, told the correspondent today of two Americans, who, armed only with automatic pistols, charged an enemy machine gun, killed eight Germans and captured the gun. It is also related that one American sharpshooter killed fifteen Germans.

Sisters in the Action.

In a village a short distance behind the front lines, Gladys and Irene McIntyre, sisters of Mount Vernon, N. Y., Salvation Army representatives, during the height of the engagement, handed out to the soldiers coffee, chocolate, doughnuts and much good cheer. They went on with their work while the shells were falling all around them and would not leave until at last they were ordered to do so. Now they are called "Daughters of the regiments."

At another point near the front, a middle aged, motherly woman, also of the Salvation Army, is braving the German shells to dispense comforts to the men.

"I had to come to France," she said, "to find out what wonderful boys we raise in America."

GAS SHELLS FALL ON AMERICAN FRONT

By Associated Press.

With the American Army in France, Tuesday, April 23.—Gas shells continued to fall along the American front northwest of Toul today, but generally speaking the artillery fire was lighter than usual. There was a slight increase however, in rifle and machine gun fire against the American positions around Seicheprey.

At one point three German propaganda balloons descended carrying copies of the Gazette Des Ardennes which is printed in French.

Adminitration Plans Merging of Express Companies of Nation

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—Railroad administration officials and express company representatives today conferred on terms of a tentative contract under which the companies would be merged with capital of $34,000,000 to act as government agents in the express business but without direct government control. The railroads would take a little more than fifty per cent of express receipts or approximately the same proportion as under present conditions. Railroad administration officials estimate that the remainder would be sufficient to allow the united companies to pay 5 1-2 to 6 per cent on the new capital stock.

The contract has not yet been presented to Director General McAdoo for approval.

The war situation of today is summarized by the Associated Press as follows:

The drive on Amiens for which the Germans plunged desperately but failed to reach in their great offensive last month, was resumed today.

In the effort to push toward this important junction point and allied base, renewed after a two weeks interval in which the main German effort was transferred to Flanders, the enemy this morning launched a heavy attack on a front of approximately twenty miles.

The line at which the German thrust is again being thrown extends from the district north of Albert, northeast of Amiens to the Avre river southeast of the city. Nearly all of this front is held by the British whose line links up with the French at the River Luce, about three miles north of the River Avre.

Blow Expected.

It has been regarded as almost inevitable that the Germans would again strike here, as the advance of their right flank in the Amiens region was stopped short by the strong British resistance at Albert, lagging far behind their left, which was pushed to Castel, to within a short distance of the Paris-Amiens railway. A further driving in of the wedge south of Amiens was thus virtually impossible unless the line to the north could also be advanced.

The attack here, furthermore, represents a continuation of the persistent German effort to push in between the French and the British by striking heavy blows near their point of junction.

The comparative narrow field in which the enemy could attack with reasonable expectations of profit to himself, has thus given the allies warning, largely eliminated the element of surprise which was so strong a factor in the earlier German successes and doubtless has led to the massing of strong Anglo-French forces at the point where the Germans are now striking.

Strong Artillery Fire.

The Germans have been working a strong artillery fire along virtually the whole British southern front for several days, following the easing of their pressure on the Flanders front, but the preliminary intensive bombardment was of comparatively short duration.

What was apparently intended as a surprise blow [illegible] at notable artillery preparation, was launched by the Germans at dusk last evening northwest of Albert. The British were on the alert, however, and met the advance with a hail of rifle and machine gun fire, driving back the enemy.

Meanwhile the enemy has maintained sufficient pressure for the Flanders area to keep the Anglo-French forces well occupied there. Not only has the artillery bombardment been very heavy in many sectors, but last night there was a strong hostile attack on the northerly side of the Lys salient, near Dranoutre close to Mount Kemmel.

Correspondents dispatches from the front indicate that infantry fighting on the northern front is continuing today although it had not developed up to this afternoon how serious the enemy movement in this region was.

In view of the reports from both the Somme and the Flanders fronts, the possibility suggests itself that the Germans may be resuming major attacks in each area with Amiens in the one sector and Bethune of Hazebrouck in the other as the respective objectives.

Cannon Are Busy.

Along both battle fronts in France the cannon continues to roar but the bombardment gives no sign of where and when the next battle will be fought. From north of Ypres to south of Verdun the big guns are active, the Germans especially so, in the region south of Albert; south of the Somme and around Noyon.

Taking advantage of the lull in the German offensive, Field Marshal Haig is improving his position on the Flanders field by successful local attacks. In the vicinity of Robecq, at the apex of the salient, he has again advanced his lines slightly, capturing more than 100 prisoners and some machine guns. Success also attended a local attack by the British near Metereu, west of Bailleul and the nearest point to Hazebrouck the Germans have reached.

The Germans have given no indication apparently of where they will attack again. The allied commanders are reported ready for the expected onslaught wherever it may come. It is not likely it will come on the Flanders or Picardy battle fields as the Germans must improve their position on both fronts, for to remain where they are would be to invite a counter offensive which might prove disastrous.

MOTOR TRANSPORT SERVICE WILL BE MADE INDEPENDENT

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 24.—A motor transport service was created today by the war department to take the place of the motors division of the quartermaster corps. The service will be headed by a general officer as yet unnamed, who will serve as an assistant to the quartermaster general.

Belgium Under the German Heel

By Brand Whitlock

On Wednesday morning, August 26th, when Villalobar and Baron Arthur von Luttwit, we found him at the Foreign Office. The Germans had established themselves in the Belgian ministeres and shut off the Park and the rue de la Loi; there were sentries everywhere and much explaining about de Spanischer Gesandter and der Gesandter der Verenigton Staaten and we waited a long while in the antercom where we had sat so often waiting to see M. Davignon. German officers were coming and going, very much at home. Finally we were shown into the presence of General von Littwitz, who was most affable and courteous, and evidently a man of strength and will. We began, Villalobar of communication and to make suggestions about Brussels; the question of food, for instance.' But the General said:

'Please grant me a truce for two days until I can install a civil administration. After that has been done all will go beautifully.'

As we were about to go General von Luttwitz said:

"A dreadful thing has occurred at Louvain, the general in command there was talking with the Burgomaster when the son of the Burgomaster shot the general, and the population began firing on the German troops."

We did not at once grasp the whole significance of the remark.

"And now, of course," he went on, "we have to destroy the city. The orders are given and not one stone will be left on another. I'm afraid that that beautiful Hotel de Ville, which we saw as we came through there the other day, is now no more."

When he said this he lifted up his hands in a gesture of regret.

That evening Gibson and Blount returned from Antwerp, full of news; first, and best of all, a despatch from Washington approving my course and leaving the question of the removal of the Legation entirely to my judgment. Only those who have been at the end of a telegraph wire, three thousand miles away from home, and in the midst of difficulties, can know the consolation that such words would afford.

Brussels Shudders.

It has been raining during the night but it cleared partly. Davis expected to leave at one o'clock with Gerald Morgan and Miss Boyle O'Reilly on a troop train for Aix-la-Chapelle.

"I told them," he said, at parting, "that in four days the American Minister would begin to inquire about me; that is the way they always do it on the stage." He said this with his humorous month twitching, fumbling with the broad black ribbon of his eye glass. I bade him good-bye and watched him drive away in a fiacre. It was drawn by the sorriest part of nags I ever saw and yet he sat there as calm and distinguished as if he were driving up Fifth avenue. And I thought of Van Bibber, and of how the avenue looks in the late afternoon when the throngs are going up Murray Hill. Ah me! Did that gay insouciance still exist anywhere in the world? I stood and watched him out of sight, regretting his departure. And I never saw him again.

The horror of Louvain was on us like a nightmare, all the more terrible because it was vague, undefined, a kind of nameless, formless thing, that sent a shudder through Brussels, as perhaps it was intended to do, where the like might happen at any hour. The city was filled with foreboding and vague apprehension; miserable refugees, with dumb expressions and eyes that had looked on horror, came plodding wearily into town.

Late in the afternoon it was reported at the Legation that at Louvain the Germans at that moment were massacreing the people; that the town was burning, and the tragedy complete; hundreds had been shot down; the cathedral, the library, the Hotel de Ville, were in flames. Forty priests, some of them from the American College, had been seized as hostages, and were even then being driven in carts along the road to Brussels.

What was to be done? As I was thinking Villalobar came, he too with that face of horror; there were Spanish priests in that band of hostages as well. We decided to go at ouce to General von Luttwitz. Villalobar's car was at the door and we drove away. It was seven o'clock. There was a heavy guard at the Ministries and the sentinels were ugly; one of them impudently mounted on the footboard of the car. At the Foreign Office we were told that we could not see the general. We insisted on sending in our cards and sat there waiting, sensible, in the movements of the officers who were constantly passing through, of an evil admosphere. The windows were open and the Marquis and I stood there looking out into the little place before the Palais de la Nation. There were groups of grey soldiers on the steps of the Palace, their arms stacked on the pavement. Two ugly machine guns were mounted to sweep the Park.

"They vomit death!" said Villalobar, as though speaking to himself. We turned away from the window. Finally Major Hans von Herwaerts, who had once been Military Attache at the German Embassy at Washington, and was then on the staff of General von Luttwitz, wearing a great pair of tortoise shell reading glasses, came out to receive us. To him I made my protests about the treatment of the priests and the professors of the American College, and indeed such treatment of priests in general, and Villalobar made similar representations on behalf of the Spanish priests. Major von Herwaertz understood, rushed into the room, where behind the closed door was General von Luttwitz. He came out and assured us that the release of the priests would be immediately ordered, and while he was telling us this two tall dark figures, priests, swept out in their long black soutanes.

Then we all went with the General into his—or into Davignon's—room. He was serious, and instantly instructed Major von Herwaertz to give orders liberating the priests; told him to give them by telegraph, by telephone, and in addition to send out mounted orderlies to meet the columns on the road, and to liberate the priests at once.

There was no more that we could do, but we sat and talked awhile with the General. He told us that the Germans everywhere were victorious and that they would soon be in Paris. And he said that Burgomaster Max had received an official telegram from the French Government saying that it could give Belgium no further aid on the battlefield. He spoke of M. Max with admiration.

"A brave man" he said, "and patriotic. I admire him; he stands up and does not crawl when he comes into my presence."

I did not know why anybody should do that.

When I returned to the Legation I found Madame Poulet, the wife of the Belgian Minister of Arts and Sciences with two of her children—little girls with golden curls, their upturned face filled with that distress and wonder and despair that children know when their parents weep, for then the world tumbles in ruins about them, and there is nowhere to go.

The world seemed very much like that, that evening, to all of us, who were as helpless as children. Madame Poulet's home was in Louvain and that afternoon her mother, a woman eighty years old, had walked all the way from the doomed city, a distance of twenty-four kilometres. She told me something of the awful tale as she knew it—but it seemed better, ultimately to talk of the two little girls standing by, and as she did so she gathered them into her arms, folding them in an embrace like that of countless other mothers in Beglium that night and finally led them away their curls bobbing, down the long corridor, somewhat comforted, I could hope for there was—strange miracle in those days!—a smile.

The Panic Stricken Refugees

All the next day the panic-stricken people continued to pour into the city from Louvain, with their tales of horror. The mind was stunned; the event was too enormous to be grasped; it seemed to have the inevitable and fatalistic quality of some great catastrophe in nature; it had happened, that was all; it was not to be escaped, it was there before one, in the world, like an earthquake or a conflagration or a tornado, all of which in its effect it so much resembled. Those who came told their stories calmly, sitting there with blank impassive faces; only in the eyes that had looked on those horrors the terror of it all was still reflected. One was struck by their lack of rancor; they seemed to have suffered too deeply for that.

Indeed, all through that experience then and afterwards, I was struck by the lack of passion displayed by all those who had so terribly suffered. I seldom heard any of them express hatred of the Germans or any desire for revenge. They never even spoke of them as "Boches" and were by no means in such a fury of rage and desire for revenge as I have observed in persons safe in luxurious drawing room thousands of miles away. None of them, so far as I could observe or learn, even acted in the tragic manner; there were no hetrioles; they did not demean themselves and people in the cinema or in the romanticistic novels. I have read somewhere a psychological explanation of this phenomenon by the late Professor William James, who observed it and made interesting notes of it at the time of the San Francisco earquake. In moments of great danger, of great strain and tragedy, people are simple and natural; they do not act, in the theatrical sense of the word.

It was thus with the young woman who, on that Tuesday, about eight o'clock in the evening, when German soldiers suddenly beat on the door of her home in Louvain and her father and brother ran to open it, heard shots and had not seen her father or brother since. She took her eight-weeks-old baby in her arms and, climbing the garden wall, found refuge in the home of a friend for a night and a day, while on all sides the houses were in flames, and finally, carrying her child, she dodged from street to street, holding up one arm and waving a white handkerchief, and so reached the village of Loefdael, Brussels.

It was so with the widow of sixty; German soldiers at five o'clock on Wednesday morning turned her and her niece, a young woman about to become a mother, out of her house and drove them from place to place, half clad—the guardhouse at St. Martin's barracks, the Place du Peuple, the Hotel de Ville, and finally to the Infantry Barracss, rue de Trilemont. They were forced every now and then to kneel on the ground and to raise their arms above their heads, while the Germans pressed the muzzles of guns against their breasts or kicked them or struck them; then, holding them as prisoners in the barracks until Thursday, allowed them to return home to find their house burned to the ground and all that the widow had in the world—shares of the value of 135,000 francs contained in an iron box in a valise; her jewelry and diamonds in a little hand satchel, which she had buried in the garden—gone.

It was so with a young Louvain priest I knew, one of the group in that tragic scene there in the Square before the railway station. He had been seized with others, made to march in front of the troops, kicked and cuffed, and spat upon, struck with the butts of guns; his hands were tied behind him with barbed wire and there at the Palace de la Station he was forced to remain standing, not even allowed to lean against the wall; and this for hours, with repeated insults and personal outrage, while his townsmen one by one were led out and shot, there at the side of the Square, "near the house of Mr. Hemaide."

The Old Priest's Tale.

I might go on indefinitely, recounting experiences such as these; they would fill a volume. But of all those I heard, of all those that were written out for me, there is one that remains more vivid in my memory than all the rest. There was another priest, an old white-haired ecclesiastic, a scholar and an educator, whom one addressed as Monseigneur. He was one of those priests whose liberation I had secured on Thursday night, and in the morning he came with two others to thank me. He had left Louvain when the exodus was ordered on Thursday; he had gone to Tervueren with other priests; there he had witnessed the murder of Father Dunierreux, he had been put into a filthy cart, as a hostage, and sent into Brussels; and seen thus, the story had been brought to our Legation—"et vous m'avez sauve la vie!" ("And you have saved my life.")

He sat there at my table, a striking figure, the delicate face, dignified and sad, the silver hair, the long black soutane and the scarlet sash; in his white hand a well worn breviary. There were two other figures, dark, grave and solemn—two Jesuit fathers who had come with him, sitting by in silent sympathy. They had come to express their gratitude. Monseigneur described the events. He told it calmly, logically, connectedly, his trained mind unfolding the events in orderly sequence; the sound of firing from Herent, the sudden uprising of the German soldiers, the murder, the lust, the loot, the fires, the pillage, the evecuation and the destruction of the city, and all that.

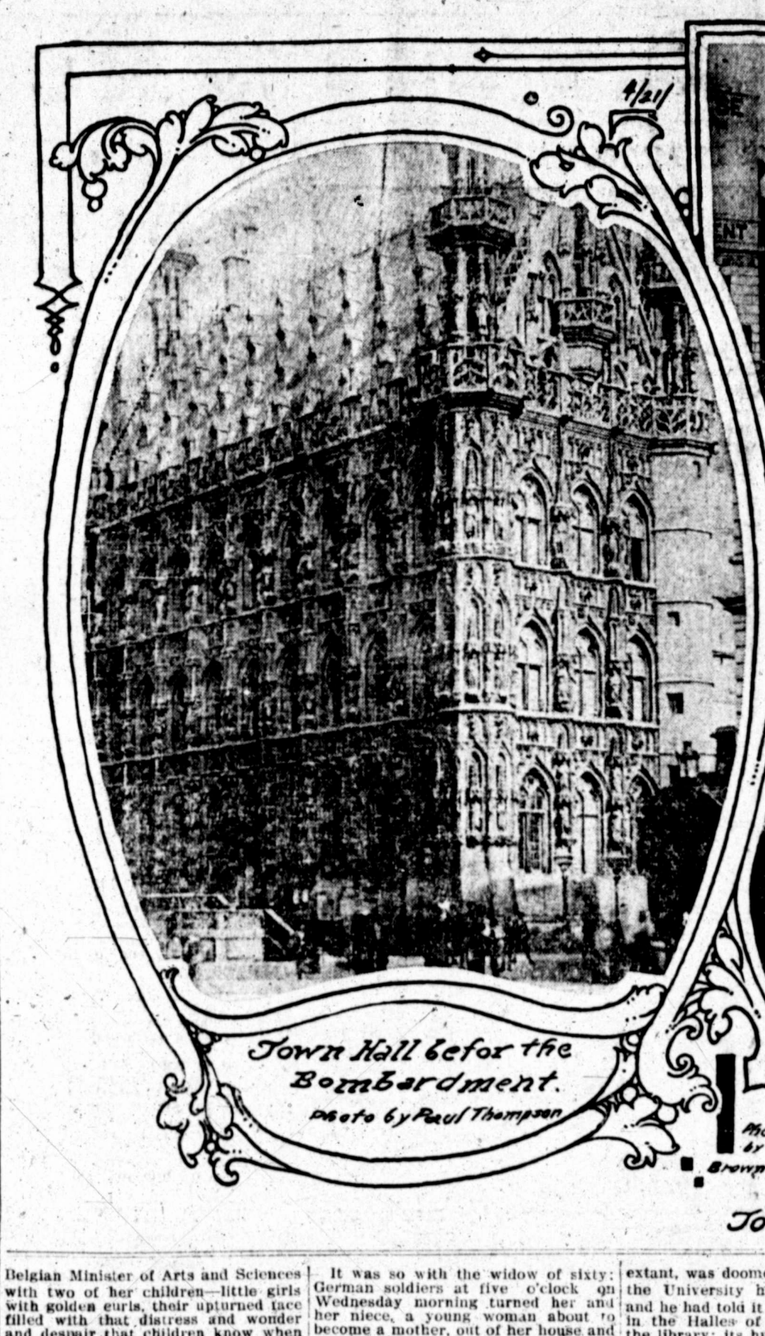
The home of his father had been burned, and the home of his brother; his friends and his colleagues had been murdered before his eyes, and their bodies thrown into a cistern; long lines of his townspeople, confined in the railway station, has been taken out and shot down; the church of St. Peter's was destroyed, the Hotel de Ville, the finest example of late Gothic extant, was doomed, and the Halles of the University had been consumed; and he had told it all calmly. But there in the Halles of the University was the library; its hundreds of thousands of volumes, its rare and ancient manuscripts, its unique collection of incunabula, had all been burned, deliberately, to the last scrap. Monseigneur had reached this point in his recital, he had begun to pronounce the word "bibliotheque"—he said, "la biblio," with quivering lip, "La bib—" he went on—and then, spreading his arms on the table before him, he bowed his head upon them and went aloud.

We sat there silent, the two priests and I—le coeur gros, as the French say—and our own eyes something more than moist.

They did not remain long after that, and when they went away Monseigneur forgot his breviary and left it lying on my table. And I let it lie there.

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Town Hall before the Bombardment.
Photo by Paul Thompson



Photo by Brown Bros.

Town Hall after the Bombardment.

German Troops in Louvain
Photo by Brown Bros.

ENEMY SUBMARINE SINKS LAKEMOOR 44 ARE MISSING

By Associated Press

Washington, April 20.—The American Steamship Lakemoor, sailing on her maiden voyage with a naval crew aboard was sunk by an enemy submarine in European waters about midnight April 11 and five officers and 39 men were missing, the navy department announced tonight. Five officers including Lieutenant Commander Kichen J. Powers, U. S. N. R. F., and 12 enlisted men have been landed at an English port.

The list of missing issued by the department follows:

Officers.

Lieutenant Lewis W. Offutt, U. S. N. R. F., San Francisco.

Lieutenant Thomas Kirk, U. S. N. R. F., Brooklyn.

Ensign Sotiries Lizikos, U. S. N. R. F., Island of Thassos, Greece.

Assistant Paymaster Claude B. Kriebel, U. S. N. R. F., Lansdale, Pa.

Enlisted Men.

Machinist James A. McGourty, U. S. N. R. F., Worchester, Mass.; Joseph Battle, Rocky Mount, N. C.; Frank W. Burk, Sioux Falls, S. D.; William F. Bush, Danville, Tenn.; Walter Chassey, Providence, R. I.; Chester C. Claus, East San Diego, Calif.; Jacob E. Cohen; Richmond, Va.; William L. Darnell, Berkeley, Va.; William B. Ferguson, Roanoke, Va.; Francis R. Flood, Hannibal, Mo.; Rheinhold A. C. Franke, New York City; Roy U. Crider, Bridgeport, Ala.; Alvin F. Hann, Catonsville, Md.; Charles B. Hiller, Philadelphia; Milton E. Hobbs, Alva, Okla.; John B. Howerton, Petersburg, Va.; Emmett Hughes, Chicago; Fred R. P. Hughes, Roseville, Md.; Woodfred W. Ice, Meyers, S. C.; Chester M. Iverson, Seattle, Wn.; Eugene A. Johnston, Portsmouth, Va.; Otto A. A. Kingrey, Olympia, Wash.; James E. Kirkpatrick, Greenville, S. C.; Thomas A. McIntyre, Philadelphia; Robert W. Meacham, Blissfield, Mich.; C. A. Nelson, unknown; Charles F. Oldham, Elko, Nev.; Cleland Kinlock, Richmond, Va.; Joseph F. Ryan, Philadelphia; Charles J. Slonaker, York, Pa.; Phillip Henry Stein, Jr., Philadelphia; Harry Taggart, Hamlin, Texas; Lawrence M. Tate, St. Petersburg, Fla.; Adolph J. Thibert, St. John, N. D.; George Henry Thorne, Baltimore, Md.; Loomis Tredeau, Schenectady, N. Y.; George Ward, Baldwin, N. D.; Frederick E. Young, Easton, Md.; Thomas Wilson, Portsmouth, Va.; Robert Harry Wuect, Cincinnati.

The officers and men rescued are:

Officers.

Lieutenant Commander Kinchen J. Powers, U. S. N. R. F., Willington, N. C.

Lieutenant Wm. D. Goodman, U. S. N. R. F., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Lieutenant Frank Pulaski, U. S. N. R. F., 3447 South Sawyer Ave., Chicago.

Ensign George Benrett, U. S. N. R. F., Bushell, Ill.

Ensign Allan Brown, U. S. N. R., Montclair, N. J.

Robert C. Barnes, Bridgetown, Barbadoes, B. W. I.; John J. Daley, Philadelphia; Clarence E. Hensley, Mansfield, Mo.; Chauncey M. D. Jaques, Rescue, Calif.; Prince A. Johnson, Franklin, Va.; Roscoe C. Leonard, Cambridge, Maryland; Richard V. Nichols, Camden, N. J.; John F. O'Neill, Somerville, Mass.; Wm. D. Reichard, Willshire, Ohio; Sidney L. Rusack, Lakewood, R. I.; James Edward Stribling, Hartford, Wash.; Frank Leslie, Fisk, Tex.

The Lakemoor was a cargo carrier of 4,500 tons commandeered by the shipping board while building in the United States for a foreign company.

"ALMOST" HANGED OKLAHOMAN NOW IN TULSA PRISON

MAN DENIES MAKING DISLOYAL REMARKS BUT IS OPPOSED TO WAR

By Associated Press.

Tulsa, Okla., April 20.—Henry Reimer, Russo-German farmer, who last night at Collinsville, Okla., narrowly escaped the fate of Robert Fraser, hanged recently at Collinsville, Ill., for alleged disloyalty, in federal court here today, pleaded not guilty to charges of obstructing the draft by endeavoring to incite to disobedience, contempt and disloyalty and was remanded in default of $500 bond. In broken English today Reimer said that the attack on him last night when he was hanged until unconscious and probably saved from death only by the plea of Charles Miller, Collinsville policeman, was the result of personal animus of his neighbors.

Reimer's preliminary hearing was set. He is in the Tulsa city jail.

In his statement today Reimer, who owns about 500 acres in Tulsa county south and west of Collinsville, declared that citizens who disliked him had promoted the attack. He said that he had been against war all his life but denied that he had done anything disloyal.

Reimer's son was taken recently in the selective draft, claimed exemption because of religious scruples and was placed in a non-combatant branch of the army.

TABERNACLE IS BURNED; ELDERS WOULDN'T SING

By Associated Press.

Berkeley, Cal., April 20.—The Church of the Living God, a large canvas tabernacle used by a religious sect here was burned down last night by a mob of men and boys because the pastor, Josiah Sykes and his elders refused to lower the American flag at sundown and join with the congregation in singing the national anthem.

WOMAN KILLS HER BABIES, BLAMING ACT ON HUSBAND

By Associated Press.

St. Louis, April 20.—Mrs. Katherine Skaggs, 35 years old, believing her husband was going to leave her with her four children to support, late yesterday bound the hands and feet of the four children, Leo five; Anna May 2; Mary Rose 3; and Dora 9 months and stuffed cotton in their mouths. She then took a hand axe and beat three of them to death and seriously wounded the other. Anna May and Leo were dead when the crime was discovered, and Mary Rose died later at a hospital. Dora is expected to die.

When her husband, Perry Skaggs, reached home at 8 o'clock last night his wife met him at the front door and told him she had killed "his babies." That she intended to kill herself is evidenced by a note she left blaming her husband for it all the police say.

Mrs. Skaggs who showed no emotion after the crime, was taken to the observation ward of the city hospital. Physicians say that her mind undoubtedly is affected.

GERMAN NEWEPAPERS SAY RELATIONS WILL BE RESUMED

Amsterdam, April 20.—German newspapers say that the German government is about to resume permanent diplomatic relations with Russia. General Count Von Mirbach, former minister to Greece, who recently was named ambassador to Russia, departed from Berlin on Thursday for Moscow.

AUSTRIA DESPAIRS DESPITE GERMANYS' HOPEFUL CLAIMS

SITUATION IN DUAL MONARCHY IS SAID TO PRESENT PERPLEXITIES

"THE WAR; THE WHAT?"

Huge Debts, It is Pointed Out Overhang Nation and Still Supplies Will be Needed

By Associated Press

Washington, April 20.—The feeling in Austria is one of despair, despite the claims Germany is making as to what the offensive will accomplish, according to an official dispatch today from France. The situation in the dual monarchy, according to the dispatch presents many perplexities for the government.

"In spite of all the sensation the Germans are making in Austria about their offensive," says the dispatch, "they are preserving a definite appreciation of the painful situation with which the monarchy is struggling. The full diffficulties are inextricable. Heavy clouds are gathering in Bohemia and among the Jugo-Slays and even the decisive and rapid victory promised by the Germans would not bring much relief to the present perplexities of Austro-Hungary.

"This is at least the opinion of the Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna, which says:

Have to Pay Interest

"'After the war we shall have to pay Germany a huge sum in interest. But we shall also still be the debtors of France and England, to which we shall owe huge sums. Our agriculture will need machines from America and Algerian phosphates. In order to be clothed we shall need cotton from America and the Indies, wool from Australia and South Africa, hides from America and Russia. We shall need cereals from Rumania and Ukraine; meat from the United States and the Argentine; oleogineous from the tropics, coffee from Brazil, rubber from the Congo, copper from the United States and nickel from Canada. And for all we shall have to pay and use foreign nations for transport whose freight rates will be high.

"'But how shall we pay these billions in gold? We have none. In merchandise? Our exports are insignificant as compared with these importations. Issue a foreign loan. A loan of several billions is the only means of re-establishing our exchange and who will lend it to us? Germany? She will have enough to do to secure our annual debt.

Our Economic Future

"'Our entire economic future will depend upon whether the American money market will be opened to us or closed. But we cannot force America to lend us money. The soldiers of Hindenberg cannot advance to the other side of the ocean. We shall only have then these necessary billions if America is friendly to us after the war; if there is between the United States and ourselves no disputed question'.

"The conclusion which the socialist paper makes is that the famous Hindenberg offensive can only secure for the central empires a 'hunger peace'."

Immediate Peace For Austria Aim Of Slav Leagues

Amsterdam, April 20—According to Vienna advices t othe Cologne Volks Zeitung the Cech and southern Slav leagues after a conference on the change in the foreign ministry have announced that their parties will cont nue the effort to obtain immediate peace for Austria-Hungary.

The Volks Zeitung's Stolberg correspondent says that Field Marshal von Hindenburg has sent the following reply to a message of congratulation sent to him by that city:

"Our belief in God's justice and a strong German peace will not be disappointment. In this decisive hour give all your powers to the fatherland and victory will be ours."

THRIFT STAMPS SALES CONTINUE TO BE EXCELLENT

From Monday's Daily.

Thrift stamp sales in the schools on Friday, Thrift Day, totalled $486.75, and four war savings stamps, amounting to $16.60 were sold, according to the report of Mrs. J. W. Lee, woman's chairman. This is the best day's sales in the school since Thrift Day was inaugurated by Mrs. Lee.

The four war savings stamps were sold at the Austin school, and the school bought $302 worth of thrift stamps. The high school bought $105.50, the Alamo school $65.50 and the San Jacinto $9.75. Reports from the two other ward schools had not been received Saturday.

The work in the school is steadily growing broader in scope, Mrs. Lee reports, more and more children becoming investors. The principals and teachers are doing splendid work in interesting the children and this part of the thrift movement promises to become very important. Two rooms, one at the Austin school and the other at the Alamo, have become 100 per cent thrifty, every student in those two rooms being investors in thrift stamps.

Chas. Pogenpohl, manager of the local office of the Western Union, received notice today that the "deferred cable service" suspended last September has been resumed. The "deferred service" was at a lower rate.

FAITH IN LIFE CONTINGENT ON FAITH IN GOD

DR. PERCY G. CROSS DELIVERS THOUGHTFUL SERMON TO LARGE CROWD

REAL VICTORY LASTS

Sacrifices Are Declared by Pastor to be Essential if All for Their Ideals of Religion

From Monday's Daily.

"He who believes in God more, will believe in life more."

This was one of the axioms given a large congregation at the First Christian Church in this city Sunday evening by Rev. Percy G. Cross, pastor, in a thoughtful sermon dealing with "The Victory that Counts."

He said in substance:

The victory that counts is the lasting victory. The victory that will not stand the test of liberty, fraternity and the rights that of necessity belong to a government of the people and for the people and by the people, is a false victory. We cannot understand too well this conception of victory. Let this ideal be a vital part of the fiber of our citizenship, and we have a foundation and a stamina of moral worth that will ordain the pure spirit of victory.

Such a victory has its price, a price paid in the coin of character and conduct—not of a select few, or a forlorn group of martyrs to the cause, but of all who share in the privileges of citizenship as found in the home, the school, the church and the state. The man or woman, yea, the boy or girl who is not willing to share in some sense the responsibility in this mighty affair of victorious democracy is not worthy of the fruits and favors of democracy.

For such a victory with its certain price consider the path to this triumphant goal and seeing this path may we tread it gladly and gloriously. The ancient Romans had a motto that belongs to this way—"Solo nobilitas virtus"—virtue, the only nobility! To tread this pathway, how we do need virtue of body, virtue of heart and virtue of mind!

Fundamentally, victory of this nation hests upon victory in the life of this nation. For that there must be certain eternal principles that nothing of earth can shake. Think on them.

2. Faith in God. When the Apostles of Jesus Christ were amazed because of the whithering of the fig tree from the roots the response of Jesus was not some learned explanation of this miracle, but rather a mighty challenge to believe, for His word was, "Have faith in God." Put this down as an axiom—he who believes in God more will believe in life more. He who believes in God less will believe in life less. The greater your faith in God the finer your life on Earth! To accept the challenge of Jesus Christ is to believe in the God of Jesus Christ. That means to believe that God is! It means to believe that God is "The I am that I am"; it means to believe that this eternal, almighty Being is our Heavenly Father and that He is all-merciful and righteous. Given such a faith in God will put us far along the path to victory. This challenge goes still further for Jesus said to His disciples, "Ye believe in God—believe also in me."

Believe in God—believe in me! The sweep of such a faith beggars description. The fire of such a faith defies all dangers. The might of such a belief will overcome all obstacles. You can pile up words, and be lost in your labors and yet not touch the heart of this challenge. We can win this war by believing in the God and Father of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, with this faith working out into all our life. This is exactly what Germany has lost, and it is this spiritual loss that dooms Germany to the greatest defeat of all history.

3. This compels a second eternal principle that we may tread the path to victory. It is prayer to God in the name of Christ. This war is the world-call to prayer. The greater the need and the more crucial the crisis, the more will we pray and the better will our praying be. This forever precludes our prayin; God give us victory; much as a spoiled child asks for a nickle, but compels us to pray that victory be given to those whose lives are lived in faith and worked out in righteousness! Put this acid test to your own life! Put it to the life our nation! If you will put it to the life of the German Empire. If your praying is to be heard and to be answered then you must pray in faith and live in righteousness. The ideals of humility and justness so admirably expressed by the great French commander General Foch, find their foundation in these eternal principlas. Face these facts with relentless determination, and become worthy of the cause of humanity today that you may rejoice in the great tomorrow of the race.

4. But with this must go our sacrifices for these ideals in religion. Just as Jesus Christ was made perfect thru His sufferings, so must we, if we would tread the path to victory. Here banish all ease, all selfishness, all littleness. Here must die self-will that the will of God may become the will of humanity. So only can the democracy of good will ever come. And for this who would sacrifice? "Ibeseech you, therefore brethren, by the mercies of God that you present your bodies a living sacrifice, wholly acceptable to God which is your spiritual service." Sacrifices to God—the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ; not to some earthly king; to some privileged group of human beings; or to any system, but realize it, we are to "make a present" of our bodies to Him who so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son! Ah! to such an One who is such a royal lover can we gladly give our bodies and our all.

With all of this must go service. Not a slavish, menial service of bondage, fettered by ignorance and fear, but a service sustained by the freedom we have in Christ and inspired by knowledge in God! Here is the ideal of service colored by the traits of humility and patience, love and joy, and quickened by the unpurchaseable conscienciousness that our labor is not in vain. From all of this comes a confidence that our eyes will gaze full and free upon the flag of eternal victory. That come night, or come day, come suffering, come sorrow, in His good will and because of His good will the right shall prevail over all error and every wrong shall receive its just reward.

REASONS GERMANS DECIDE TO ADOPT SUB METHOD SHOWN

STATISTICS ON VARIOUS SHIPPING COMPILED BEFORE GENERAL ORDER

By Associated Press

London, Feb. 22.—An illuminating account of the deliberate manner in which Germany decided to adopt murder on the high seas as a government policy in defiance of all the laws and decent instincts of man and humanity, is given as follows in the Handelsblad:

At the close of the year 1915 the German Admiralty Staff prepared a semi-official Memorandum to prove that an unrestricted submarine campaign would compel Great Britain to sue for peace "in six months at the most." The character of the argument conveys the impression that the Chiefs of the German Admiralty Staff had already made up their minds to adopt the most drastic measures in regard to submarine warfare, but that they wished to convince the Kaiser, the Imperial chancellor, and the German diplomatists of the certainty of good results on economic and general rather than merely military grounds.

To this end the Memorandum based its arguments on statistics of food prices, freight and insurance rates in Great Britain. It pointed out that the effects on the prices of essential commodities, on the balance of trade, and, above all, on the moral of the chief enemy, had been such, even with the restricted submarine campaign of 1915, that if an unrestricted submarine war were decided upon, England could not possibly hold out for more than a short period.

The Memorandum was submitted to the Imerial Chancellor, who passed it on to Dr. Helfferich, the Secretary of State for Finance. He, however, rejected the document on the ground that in the absence of authentic estimates of stocks it was impossible to set a time-limit to England's staying power; and also that he was exceedingly doubtful as to what line would be taken by neutrals, especially the United States. Dr. Helferich maintained that so desperate a remedy should only be employed as a last resource.

The authors of the Memorandum then sent a reply, in which they developed their former arguments, and pointed to the gravity of the internal situation in Germany. They emphasized the importance of using the nearest and sharpest weapons of offense if a national collapse was to be avoided. They reinforced their argument by adducing the evidence of ten exports representing finance, commerce, the mining industry, and agriculture.

These experts were invited to send answers in writing to the three following questions:

(1) What would be the effect on England of unrestricted submarine warfare?

(2) What would be its effect on Germany's relations with the United States and other neutrals?

(3) To what extent does the internal situation in Germany demand the use of this drastic weapon?

All agreed on the first point: the effect on Great Britain. The effect of unrestricted submarine warfare on England would be that she would have to sue for peace in six months at the most. On the question of the effect on neutrals the experts were divided.

As to the third point, all the experts agreed that the internal situation in Germany demanded that the most drastic method of submarine warfare prospects were bad and trade—especially the iron trade—had suffered through the shortage of output and the dearth of skilled workers. The coal trade was better, but, sooner or later, was bound to feel the drain on labor. The reduction of output would affect the supply of war material, and would deprive a large number of families of their income. The nation would stand by the government, but not if it yielded to threats from America. Such weakness would lead to serious consequences.

Herr Schmidt, Councillor of Economics, admitted the possibility of Germany not being able to hold out, and emphasized the importance of taking drastic stens before disorder and unrest arose in the agricultural districts.

EARTHQUAKE SAID TO HAVE SOURCE NEAR LOS ANGELES

By Associated Press

San Jacinto, Calif., April 23.—Three more earthquake shocks during the night and early today, made San Jacinto and Hemet "shiver" but added nothing to the destruction of the Sunday afternoon tremors which half wrecked the business district here and severely damaged Hemet.

By Associated Press

Los Angeles, April 23.—Stock taking of the havoc wrought by the series of earthquake shocks which were felt in Southern California, Western Arizona and Utah and which covered a period of thirty hours beginning at 3:32 p. m., Sunday, strengthened today the belief that the disturbance originated in the granite backbone of the San Jactinto mountain about sixty miles east of here.

Latest estimates of the damage done at San Jacinto placed the loss at $200,000. Hemet's losses were believed to total $50,000.

Much interest was aroused here by the belief of old residents of San Jacinto that the quake resulted in the changing of the contour of the San Jacinto mountain. It was contended that the northern peak was higher and now the southerly peak appeared to be higher. Another curious phenomonen was the apparent rising of the bed of San Jacinto river at the point where it flows past the town of the same name and the expulsion of water from its underground channels.

SABOTAGE BILL IS SIGNED BY WILSON.

Washington, April 23.—President Wilson today signed the Sabotage bill carrying penalties of $10,000 and thirty years imprisonment for destruction of war materials or interference with war industries.

WHAT HINDENBURG TRIED TO DO...



LABOR MOVEMENT TO CALL STRIKE IS DENOUNCED

SENATOR POINDEXTER TELLS WHAT HE THINKS OF PROPOSED DEMONSTRATORS

MOONEY CASE INVOLVED

"Blackmail" Upon Government, Sedition and Treason One Among Terms Employed

By Associated Press

Washington, April 22.—A movement by Seattle, Washington labor leaders to call a general strike May 1 as a protest against alleged persecution of Thomas Mooney and others convicted of conspiracy at San Francisco was reported to the Senate today by Senator Poindexter of Washington, who denounced it in vehement terms as "blackmail" upon the government, sedition and treason.

Senator Poindexter submitted a letter from Secretary James A. Duncan of the Seattle central labor union, saying a referendum on the strike was being circulated. He also presented a resolution of Seattle trades unions declaring a "widespread suspicion" exists among workmen that the bomb plot convictions were an attempt to discredit organized labor.

The movement, Senator Poindexter declared "is in harmony with the I. W. W., Bolsheviki and other international unrest." Repudiating and denouncing leaders of the movement, Senator Poindexter said:

Should Be Punished.

"The writers of this threat to hold up the government, to cut off supplies from those deathless heroes who stand between us and the German horor, should be visited not only with the just indignation of an outraged public but with the punishment prescribed for blackmail, disloyalty, sedition and treason.

"It is a moral treason. The act itself being worse than death, an unspeakable crime—is deserving of the extreme penalty of death. The threat to commit it is a crime against the state and the government. These men should be arrested and dealt with as disloyal traitors."

Referring to the letter and resolutions of the Seattle labor council, Senator Poindexter continued:

"If recourse is to be had to such blackmail or to terrorism, sabotage, and murder, to the doctrines of 'direct action' of the Bolsheviki and I. W. W., the weak are the ones who will suffer."

Rioting In Russia.

"In Russia those who are rioting are counter parts and co-workers against law and established government and of the propaganda of murder, assassination, revolution, direct action, sabotage and anarchy which is stalking through the land."

Senator Johnson of California interrupted to say that Mooney was convicted on testimony of a witness named Oxman, who had confessed to mis-statements. Senator Poindexter asked for Senator Johnson's opinion of Mooney's guilt.

"I have no opinion," Senator Johnson replied, adding that Mooney could not have been convicted without Oxman's testimony.

"Mooney is an unworthy man," said Senator Johnson. "He is a man capable of the crime with which he is charged. That may be a prejudiced opinion but he had been engaged in transporting dynamite."

Senator Poindexter continued:

"The threat continued in these letters to gratify defiance of the law at the expense of our youth who are fighting for the liberty these men enjoy, needs to be put down by the strong hand of the government. Those who are putting forth this effort are cowards. They attempt to gain their purpose by blackmail and stealthy attack. These men do not represent labor. There is a vicious element in their ranks (labor), largely composed of aliens who are not only disloyal and seditious but enemies of the country and mankind."

Senator Poindexter also referred to the government commissions headed by Secretary Wilson of the department of labor, which recently investigated labor unrest on the Pacific coast and referred to the Mooney case as one of the causes. The Washington senator declared the movement he referred to was originated by the Bolsheviki and anarchists.

The labor commission, he said, had not attempted to pass on Mooney's guilt but had, however, suggested that the president use his "enormous power" to interfere with California's judicial processes.

Senator Poindexter said Mooney and his co-defendants had undergone the usual court processes and that the Seattle labor movement was by false representatives of labor, indicative of a general international lawless effort.

CURTAIN COMES DOWN ON SECOND BATTLE ACT

By Associated Press

(By K. WALTER)

London, April 19.—The curtain has come down on the second act of the great battle with the villian successful enough to leave us in suspense but frustrated again in the eleventh hour. In the first act he nearly separated the British and French armies and nearly captured Amiens; in the second act he nearly broke through and at the climax did indeed already threaten the British and Belgian armies in Belgium. Today we sit like spectators in a trench, speculating what the hero Foch will do in the next act, and what new villainy is planned.

The grave anxiety which we have felt, who knew how critical the situation had become last week end, was relieved by the withdrawal without interference from the dangerous salient east of Ypres.

Hindenburg has now the choice of seeking a desperate decision by further attempts to reach Amiens or staking everything on an effort to cut off the Belgian and British armies of the north. If he does not feel strong enough to do either he may initiate an offense on a new part of the line. Having taken the initiative like a gambler who doubles his stake after each loss, he may maintain it or lose all. Foch, in the role of banker, is satisfied to let the stakes increase while the losses continue, knowing what the player's resources are and that they are not unlimited. Hindenburg has indeed lost heavily in his first two throws and most of his gain has been the opportunity to play again. Here in London anxiety has given way to expectation, and confidence in Foch is unqualified.

The government seems to have benefitted by being forced to face a critical military situation. One had begun to hear that Lloyd George was played out, that he had lost his political courage and was at pains to avoid decisions. Today he is again the daring politician and his courage is likely to be rewarded. He has adopted England's just demand that Ireland shall bear her part of the sacrifices of war, and Ireland's just demand for Home Rule, two measures equally obnoxious to different parts of Ireland. Quite rightly he bases the demand for conscription on purely military grounds and the demand for Home Rule on political justice. In the English mind there is no question whatever of trading the one for the other; both are justified on their own merits; the necessity for each arises from a different cause. The conscription bill passed by a large majority; the Home Rule bill will just as surely be passed. Conscription cannot immediately be applied to Ireland; the machinery does not exist; Home rule will be a law before conscription can be set up. Only in this way are the two measures connected.

It should be added that no practical politician has ever contemplated giving Ireland control of military affairs, any more than the United States would admit the right of Kansas or Iowa or Wisconsin or any other state to reject the draft law. The demand of the Irish Nationalists that conscription shall await the convocation of an Irish parliament is not politics but propaganda.

DEPUTY SHERIFF IS OVERPOWERED AT JAIL

By Associated Press

San Angelo, Tex., April 20.—Dan H. Torrance, formerly of Colorado City, Colo., and Oreal Sup of Cooper, Tex., as overpowered W. B. Hamilton, a deputy sheriff who carried them their suppers last night and escaped from the Coke county jail after beating Hamilton unconscious. A posse is searching for them today.

FORD IS ELIMINATED AS POSSIBLE HEAD OF AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION

Washington, April 23.—Henry Ford was eliminated from consideration for the post of director on aircraft production today when he notified President Wilson that under no circumstances could he accept the appointment. The place was never officially tendered him, it was announced but his name had been frequently mentioned in connection with the position.

DUTCH STIRRED BY TROUBLE OVER REMOVING GRAVEL

GERMANY SEEKS TO RESUME OLD PRACTICE BUT MEETS WITH OPPOSITION

By Associated Press

London, April 23.—The German ultimatum to Holland, according to advices received in London, demands the right of transsit not only for civilian supplies and of sand and gravel through Holland, but also for war materials. The privilege of transit is asked not only on Dutch canals but on the railways.

By Associated Press

The Hague, April 23.—The Dutch cabinet met yesterday in extraordinary session.

The Vaderland says an agreement has been reached regarding one point which has caused friction between Holland and Germany but that the old dispute concerning the transport of sand and gravel to Germany continues to be a stumbling block. Germany desired to resume the practice of shipping gravel through Holland but the Dutch government offers objections on the ground that new circumstances have arisen.

The British foreign office, according to the London Daily News has learned that the relations between Holland and Germany are very strained. The dispute about the supply of gravel from Holland to Germany was said to have been the cause. Officials in diplomatic circles in London were reported to look upon the situation with uneasiness. Rumors were that something in the nature of an ultimatum had been delivered to Holland by Germany.

The Handelsblad of Amsterdam on Monday expressed the belief that Germany would not hesitate to use communication through Holland even at the risk of war if she believed that by doing so victory could be obtained on the western front.

It was reported recently that Germany looked with disfavor upon Holland's attitude toward the seizure by the United States and Great Britain of Dutch tonnage in American and British ports.

DISPUTE IS BELIEVED FAR FROM SETTLED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 23.—The dispute between Germany and Holland over gravel shipments dispatches to the state department today, indicate, is far from settlement. The controversy is a three cornered one, involving Great Britain also.

Last November Great Britain withdrew cable facilities from Holland after the Dutch had agreed to permit the transit of sand and gravel through Holland into occupied Belgium. For more than four months there was an embargo on commercial cables from Holland to overseas countries, including her colonies, but in February cable facilities were restored when it appeared the sand and gravel question was about to be settled. The Dutch press had reported that as a result of the conciliatory attitude that the German government had taken it appeared possible to reach an agreement which would be satisfactory to all.

FIGHTING FLYERS BECOME ATTACHED TO PLANES

(Special Correspondence from the Reciprocal News Service).

London, Feb. 26.—Fighting flyers quite naturally becomes attached to particular airplanes. If it gives good service they will wrangle and complain for days before being induced to change from an old "bus" to a new and more efficient one.

Most of the men have dogs at the airdromes, and between dogs and flyers and the machines there is a wonderful camaraderie. It is said that some of the dogs know when their masters are "up and out" and sit waiting patiently until the drone of the propeller tells them of his return. They are said to be able to distinguish a difference between the buzzing of the various machines and can always detect their master's hum.

Queer are the names the flyers apply to their machines. For one thing, they are never called airplanes. Every machine is a "bus" to begin with. After being a "bus" they may be either a mechanical cow, a pup, a buzzard, a flamswizzle, a sewing machine or a polywog.

YANK MAIDS SHOW SPIRIT

Letters to Little English Girl Full of Enthusiasm for Allied Victory

(By Reciprocal News Service)

London, April 19.—If little American girls are good barometers, there's a furious hurricane being uncorked for the kaiser in the United States. A wild storm of feeling is told of in letters that continue to arrive from all parts of the Middle West for Sheila Maxwell Davies, 13 years old, the young Londoner who wrote the tribute to Yank fighters, entitled "Sons of America," sent across the ocean by the Reciprocal News Service.

"I wish I were a boy so I might go and fight," declares Ruth DeLean, Lewis, Ia. You can see the sparks fly in the hand-writing of Eva McKisick, Rock Rapids, Ia., as she snaps: "I am a good American and I hate the name of German. If I had that old kaiser I would torture him till he would die."

Pro-German Families.

"In our town," says Esther Morgan, DeSmet, S. D., "several families are pro-German, and they certainly get theirs when they start talking. There's one woman who says the kaiser never lets the poor go hungry. If that's true why are there so many Germans over here?"

Pauline Woodward Lamphier, Lowell, Ind., is a bit disappointed in her brother. "I have one brother, aged 11" she writes. "I do wish he was old enough to help the war and help protect our country."

More than half of the letters express deep sympathy for London because of the air raids. Little Marjorie Dickson daughter of Judge R. R. Dickson of the 15th Judicial District Court, O'Neill, Neb., after telling of her horror at the bare thought of night bombing, writes that "General Pershing is from Lincoln, the capital of our state, and has a little boy going to school there."

Caresses for brave, suffering Britain come in a letter from Mattie Westbrooke, 824 East 18th Street, Little Rock, Ark., to this effect: "I saw your sweet little poem in our daily paper and I feel I just must compliment you for being so smart and for having such good thoughts of my dear country, the United States of America. I feel very much pleased with your poem about America and must say that I dearly love our old mother country, England.

Training at Camo Pike

"I only wish you could see the men training here at Camp Pike. Oh, it's a beautiful sight to see it fills your whole heart with gladness. If you could only get one peep at them you wouldn't think Germany would last a month. We don't intend for Germany to win. It is impossible. Her chances to win are none.

So rest easy darling. You need not fear because when all of our boys get there everything will be done—so it will be peace on earth and good will to men again."

There is evidently a little tiff between Ellis M. Fagan, Jr., 523 West 2nd Street, and Elizabeth Clayton, 1621 West 3rd Street, Little Rock, Ark. Ellis wrote a letter soliciting correspondence earnestly, and Elizabeth says, "I heard a boy, Ellis Fagan, say that the girls of America were not good enough for him and that he had to write to England. Quite a compliment."

Part Cherokee Indian

Miss Cecile Tinsley, Hutchinson, Kas., and Miss Freda Leonard, Medora Kans., school teachers, invited Sheila to send letters about England to be read to their pupils.

Oleta Reeves, Noble, Okla., says she is part Cherokee Indian and that most of the Cherokees didn't get any land in Oklahoma. "I look like no Indian," she says, "I'm an undecided blonde. I dare say I wish I did look like an Indian. There are seven of us sisters. We have no brother to go to France, but we are only too sorry we have not. I can tell you. Why, if I had a brother I had rather know he was in France fighting for Uncle Sam than to bear the thought of him being a slacker. I have a cousin fighting for Uncle Sam. He is a sailor, and I'tell you we are proud of him. We think England a wonderful nation; We would give our lives for Our Dear Old Mother Country!"

Ruth Gardiner, Steamboat Rock, Ia., gives a bit of interesting history. She writes: "My Papa is of English decent. His ancestor, Lion Gardiner, came to the United States in 1664 and settled on the Isle of Wright off the coast of Rhode Island, which was given him by King George. This island is now called Gardiner's Island."

"Everybody in my neighborhood is so anxious to see if you will answer my letter. I hope you will," writes Vivian Yowell, 102 Schiller Ave., Little Rock, Ark. Sheila will.

Council Bluffs, Ia., girls tell of the service flags hanging outside their churches. There were 36 fighters from the church of Helene E. Wheeler, 1807 Seventh Ave., and 34 from that of Laura Zebornick, 355 Harrison St. Laura informs that her school is studying about London and she hopes Sheila will tell her lots about it. "Have you ever seen any German airplanes over there, and did they scare you much? Do you have school underground?" she asks.

School Six Days

"We have school six days a week so we can get out earlier in the spring," writes Thelma Davis, Rein Leck, Ia. "Then the farmer boys can help more on the farm because they say, 'America has to feed the world.'" Vera Grover, Ames, Ia., has this plaintive inquiry: "Is it true the Germans do such awful things as to kill little babies? I have two dear little brothers and I wonder if any German could hurt them?"

Too many told of money-raising and Red Cross work to permit any extracts from letters on this theme other than this one, from Bernice Nelson, Algona, Ia. "There has been a great Red Cross drive here. Every family and store gave something, ranging from a rag doll to a buffalo. The buffalo brought 3,000 pounds just for the meat. He was offered 300 pounds for the hide 200 pounds for the head and 100 lbs for the tail. They sold the meat as high as 20 lbs a pound then some was not so high only 2.25. We had some and it tasted like real good beef steak."

Businesses Close Early

Letha Mae Berry, Geene, Ia.: "Our business houses are closing at 5:30 p. m. and opening at 7:30 a. m. to save coal to help win the war." Edna Rockwell, Gilman, Ia., "I was with you people in the movies the other night. Saw scenes of London and all over England, and it showed how kind and good you are to every American. We are proud to help your land in this time of need."

An indefatigable little patriot is Helen Larsen, 701 Hazel St., Council Bluffs, Ia. "Do you have children's gardening, sewing and canning clubs" she asks. "We do. I have made two trips to the Iowa State Agricultural College, about 125 miles from here. The first time they sent me because I canned 185 different kinds of fruit and vegetables. The second time I went because of the quality of 10 cans of vegetables." Then she told of the great knitting production of her mother and the war funds raised by Council Bluffs.

Now for Frances Trigg, 1104 States Street, Texarkana, Tex., whose spirited letter is worth publication in America in its entirety. She writes:

True American Girl

I am a true patriotic American girl from the 'Lone Star State.' I live in Texas, and am 12 years old. I live in a town where there are three states combined, Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana.

Many of our Texas boys are in France fighting for the right, and I am sure we will win the war for God is on our side. I have three cousins in the war, two over there and one in our land. I have been knitting and trying to 'do my bit.'

Our school system is a great one. We are preparing men and women who will have to take the places of the lead in the reconstruction work. All girls and boys attending schools of our city, not missing over five days in the term and making 90 per cent in work and deportment, are exempt from taking examinations.

Our President, the greatest man in America, is pleading to the boys and girls to stay in school as long as they have the opportunity, for upon their shoulders lies the burden of reconstruction.

If I could be of any assistance to my country or yours, I would only be too glad. I've only wished to be the Joanne d'Arc of this war. I certainly wouldn't mind having the kaiser's helmet as a souvenir.

Our schools are full of measles. They're called 'German measles' but our boys didn't like the name so they changed it to 'Liberty measles.'

"Conquer we must if our cause is just—which is it?"

AIR BELT ROAD SEEMS ASSURED; INTEREST KEEN

ENGINEER IS EMPLOYED BY ASSOCIATION TO MAKE FIRST ESTIMATES

COUNTIES ENTHUSIASTIC

Assurance is Given that Archer County Will do its Part as Link in Highway

From Monday's Daily.

Work of convincing the people of Brown, Eastland, Stephens and Young counties of the vital importance of the Oil Belt Highway is going on continuously and, according to W. S. Curlee, 211 Kemp and Kell building, who has been one of the leaders of the movement in Wichita county, there is every reason today to believe that the big road will be built speedily.

"We have employed an engineer named Dixon," said Mr. Curlee this morning, "to make estimates on the initial work cost of materials and cost of construction. He also is holding meetings in the smaller towns along the route of the proposed highway, and is arousing much enthusiasm.

Route of Highway.

"The highway, when built, will run from Wichita Falls to Brownwood by way of Archer City, Olney, Newcastle, Graham, Breckenridge, Eastland and Comanche. Citizens already are planning for an election to be held in the various counties interested in about 60 days. An election has been called for April 24 at De Leon on a bond issue of $40,000 for that district's share of expense for the road in Comanche county.

"We have not perfected any plans for the road from Wichita Falls to Oklahoma City. There is a stretch of hard surfaced road already built for about 60 miles south of Oklahoma City. When we have perfected the plans for the Highway in the southern portion—south of Wichita Falls—we are going to work on the road to connect this city with Oklahoma City and Tulsa.

Will Cover Oil Belt.

"This hard surfaced road when completed, will cover the entire oil belt, from Brownwood to Tulsa, traversing the oil belt which is destined to be the greatest oil field in the world. When the Highway is finished, it will be possible for an oil man to step into his car at Tulsa and traverse the entire oil belt to Brownwood and never get out of sight of an oil derrick.

"We have sounded the sentiment of the people of Young county, Stephens county, Eastland county, Comanche county and Brown county and there is no doubt that the bonds will carry in the coming elections.

"Archer county has not done much toward educating the people as to the importance of the building of this hard surfaced Oil Belt Highway through that county, but Judge Mellugin of Archer City, assures us that Archer county will do her part.

Worth Much to City.

"This Highway, when built, will be worth more to Wichita Falls than anything else that we could build at the present time. More than that, there is no question in my mind but that the government will designate this Oil Belt Highway as a military route and will, in the near future, connect Brownwood with Austin. This would connect the Highway with a hard surfaced road there which would give the government a direct military highway connecting Fort Sill, Okla., with Fort Sam Houston, at San Antonio, and with Laredo and the Mexican border.

"The report has gotten out in Archer county through the main offices of the Council for Defense, that the government will not countenance the issuance of bonds for good road purposes at the present time. The World's Work, a few days ago gave a statement from the U. S. government to the effect that the building of hard surfaced roads throughout different states, in sections where military routes are important, would be approved and assistance from the State Highway Commission would be granted, for the reason that the freight traffic of the country is so congested on account of the immense tonnage going to the Seaboard, and hard surfaced roads will not only relieve this congestion but will take care of the local freight traffic by means of automobile trucks. You can readily understand, with the immense tonnage of pipe and material used in the oil fields through which this Oil Belt Highway will run that it would be of great assistance to the U. S. government to put this highway through."

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HOARDER OF WHEAT.

The farmer who is hoarding wheat and who is giving a deaf ear to his government's call to bring it into market ought to be classed with the food profiter, the man who fails to put a part of his money into Liberty Bonds and other undesirables. The Times hopes there is none of this class of farmers in Wichita county.

There is probably a greater need for wheat right now than there ever has been since the days of the civil war, and it is to be hoped that the present situation in that respect is worse than it ever will be again, even during the war. The bread ration of the French soldier has been reduced. It may come to pass that the bread ration of our own soldiers in France will have to be cut. The civil population of our allies are doing without wheat bread almost entirely.

The farmer who can read of these facts and still hold more what than he will need for seed next fall in the hope that he can get a few cents more a bushel for it is anything but a patriot.

PATRIOTISM THAT IS OFF COLOR

The man who professes to be an American citizen and who says he wants the United States to win over Germany, yet declares that he can't bear to see the French or the British whip the Germans, still has an important lesson in Americanism to learn.

The French and the British have been fighting our battles for more than three years and are still bearing the brunt of the fighting while we are coming up. No genuine American could have read of the grim, dogged fighting of the British during the past four or five weeks without warm gratitude and hearty admiration springing from his heart. The man who hasn't felt this way about it, hasn't been anything but pro-German, no matter how hard he has tried to conceal the fact.

It's time for folks of Teutonic descent to quit talking disparagingly about France and England, and its time other folks stop permitting such talk to be made.

SHIPMENTS TO BELGIUM.

All food shipments to Allied countries are to be held up for the next ten days in order that three million bushels of grain may be forwarded at once to the stricken people of Belgium according to an announcement made at Washington.

This is as it should be. The Allied people will sacrifice for the time being in order that those who are suffering may be relieved.

If it is the proper thing for the civilian population of countries which have long been at war to suffer for the sake of humanity, how little it is to ask the American civilian population to give up entirely the eating of wheat flour in order that those men who are defending the rights of the whole human race may be kept properly fed and in good spirits!

Be it said to the credit of the American people that few of them have grumbled, and those who may have done so have at least had the good grace to do their grumbling to themselves.

"WORK OR FIGHT."

The "Work or Fight" proclamation of the Wichita county exemption board and its action in raiding the pool halls and similar places has attracted much favorable comment in the press of the state. Among others who have praised the action of the board is Charley Martin, editor of the Archer News. Mr. Martin's comment follows:

Military police and federal and county officers at Wichita Falls grievously insulted about one hundred and nine of the hard-working laborers of that city last Friday night, when they raided the various labor dodging resorts to get inside information regarding registrants who had been placed in deferred classification on account of having a dependant father or mother looking to them for support. Most of those enmeshed in the drag net were insolent grievously vexed. They were doing their duty work. They had worked hard all day helping support their dependents, and helping their country in its time of trouble, by groaning around a pool table, chalking up their cues, swearing and smoking, swearing and slacking. And the eleven o'clock p. m. curfew was hours too early, and upheard of effrontry to time interfere with their personal privileges of showing the world their prowess as masters and wizards with the balls of ivory and cushions of plush. Possibly such games are interesting and harmless; certainly they are worthless and unproductive. Those addicted to such games not only waste their money, but their time. Time is very valuable and should now be used in preparing to shoot bullets straight rather than billiard balls.

AMERICAN TOMMIES CAN'T CHANGE OVER

London, March 23—Many a Yank foot in well shined British army shoes has cluttered up the steps of the A. E. F. base section these last few days. Keep your eye on the shoes. They go in airily enough, considering their displacement. They straddle apart while their occupant gives the doorkeeper his name, age, dimensions of the mole on his knee and his favorite brand of cheese. The feet begin to jiggle about nervously. Then one leans on the other for comfort. When the doorkeeper has given the word they march deferentially into an interior office, and the heels click together while the thrill of a 100 per cent salute goes through the Tommy's whole anatomy.

But remember he's a Yank. His feet are fixed at the polite angle for a few minutes, then snap together for another heel click. When they retrace their steps in the corridor and out to the sidewalk, their speed is somewhat slackened and their manner no longer airy.

These Yanks in the British army have come to London on leave and have applied at the base section for transfer to the A. E. F. But it can't be done. There's no military advantage in it. The men are among friends or General Pershing. It would mean or General Praning. It would mean confusion to move them. No, sorry, but it has been necessary to turn down hundreds.

"I had a hunch I would be kissed on both cheeks if I came in to be transferred," a Yank Tommy said today. "I've been waiting five months to come here. And they don't want me. Well, I'll be hanged. Here I was imagining they'd give me a commission because I've been two years in the British army—or at least make an N. C. O. And they don't want me.

"Well, it really ain't so bad. I can't complain a-tall, a-tall. But I used to get a thinking in the trenches: pretty soon some of the guys from over home will be along down this trench line somewheres, and maybe some of 'em will be from Minneapolis where I come from. I helped build the motor speedway in Minneapolis. Ever heard of it? No it's called the Twin City Speedway—and what did St. Paul have to do with it? St. Paul's nothing but a suburb of Minneapolis. I'm telling you. See there—that is how you get gassing with a fellow from back home.

"I don't get altogether lonesome with the Tommies. They're damn fine fellows. But they don't know nothing about Minneapolis and its suburbs, like this St. Paul you was mentioning. And I thought it would be a good way to pass the time, chinning with the guys from back home.

"Then when I heard they were at last in the trenches, and I was standing by in our lines at night and thinking that down just a little ways to my right was a whole crew of nothing but Americans, why the hankering to join 'em got stronger and stronger in me. And it would have been peachy swell to be a sergeant over 'em 'cause if they're fighting in British style, I know the system to a T.

"I might mention another little thing and I don't want you to get the idea that I came over here to get rich. You understand that I came over here to fight—to clean up these dirty Boche. Well, us Tommies get something like a shilling sixpence a day, till the same as 26 cents American. Well, I figured I could make good use of about four times that amount, because I was making my good 3 pounds a day back home, and I like to buy some things when I want 'em.

"That's right. Smile. Smile your head off. I thought you'd believe I wanted to transfer for a little more change a day. But I didn't—so help me. And I can't so let's let it drop."

CONVOY OF TRANSPORTS PASSING LIGHTHOUSE IN BRITISH CHANNEL



A convoy is steaming up the Channel under the protection of destroyers. Overhead a watchful airship is peering down into the blue-green water for the "hidden hand" of the German navy.

FRUIT OR LEAVES--WHICH?

(By C. W. REID, President, The National Bank of Commerce, Wichita Falls, Texas.)

There is nothing so easy in this world as for people to talk about what they are going to do, what they would like to do, what it would be fine to do.

If this war could be won with words, there isn't the slightest doubt that long ago the Kaiser and all his miserable crew would have been reduced to such utter insignificance that we might almost be feeling sorry for them by now. But talk is not going to win this war.

Words have very right been compared to the leave son the tree of life, while actions are the fruit.

What are YOU going to represent—leaves or fruit?

It is all very well for you to talk eloquently against the Kaiser and against Germany. This is very necessary and a very useful thing to do in these days when there still remain some people who seem to be afraid to speak out their minds. But remember that words are not enough.

You must supplement your words with actions, you must have fruit as well as leaves on your tree.

And the action that counts nowadays is the buying of Liberty Bonds. Every Liberty Bond you buy for yourself or your family, every Liberty Bond that you persuade your friends and acquaintances to buy is a big healthy fruit that you have cultivated for the benefit of your country.

The strength of the United States in this great war consists mainly of two things: First, the loyalty and intelligence of its people, and, second, its enormous and inexhaustible material resources. The intelligence of its people applied to the developing of its resources is what is going to win the war. But in order that these resources shall be properly developed, in order that the necessary guns and ammunition, food and supplies of every description shall be sent to the men who have gone abroad it is of course necessary for endless quantities of money to be forthcoming.

And the way that this money will be provided is by the sale of Liberty Bonds.

Every Liberty Bond you buy, every Liberty Bond you persuade some one else to buy, is a distinct blow struck for freedom and for the honor of your country.

Thousands of the best people in America are giving their service freely for the purpose of helping to sell Liberty Bonds. Men whose earning power is very great are giving their time for nothing in order to sell Liberty Bonds. What are YOU doing?

Don't feel for a minute that because your powers may be limited that they are not wanted. Everything counts, from a $50 Liberty Bond up to one for $100,000. If you have not a hundred thousand dollars to invest in a Liberty Bond that is no reason why you should not buy a fifty dollar bond, and with the plan by which Liberty Bonds can be bought on easy payments, there is no one in this entire country that cannot afford to buy at least one Liberty Bond.

Have you bought yours? Have your friends bought theirs? Don't wait until the last minute and don't think that some one else is going to buy so that it will not be necessary for you to do so.

Each and every one of us must do his or her "bit" and therefore buy Liberty Bonds and kep on buying them.

MAN 50 YEARS OLD, FORMER RANGER, IS LATEST RECRUIT

TRUE TEXAS SPIRIT IS EVIDENCED BY H. E. CONKLIN, OF WILBARGER

An example of the true Texas spirit, of the sort that enabled the pioneer Texans to wrest the country from the Indians and the Mexicans is shown by H. E. Conklin, wealthy Wilbarger county ranchman, who though 50 years of age, over the age limit, came in yesterday to enlist in the Texas cavalry, not asking for a commission but ready and willing to take "pot luck" with the enlisted men. Mr. Conklin is a former Texas ranger and served several years under Adjutant General H. W. King. He is an expert rifleman and knows the Ranger game from beginning to end, so that he will be of much service in the new cavalry. Mr. Conklin is expected to be the means of bringing in a number of like spirited men of mature age from this section.

FATE OF WORLD IS DEPENDENT ON KEEPING STRONG

That all depends upon the allies keeping their strength through the present year, when Germany and Austria are throwing the full weight of their resources into the balance against them, is the opinion of J. W. Hoopes, deputy governor of the Federal Reserve Bank at Dallas, who quotes Lloyd George as saying that "with American aid we can keep that strength."

"Now is the time American money is needed," says Mr. Hoopes in substance. "Buy Liberty Bonds," is the urge.

His statement in full, is as follows:

Issues Statement

The words of Lloyd George, English Premier, uttered recently before the House of Commons, contains a message which puts an issue squarely up to every American worthy of the name. Mr. Lloyd George said:

"Everything therefore points to the definite determination of Germany to put the whole of her resources into seeing a military decision this year, and this means a prolonged battle from the North Sea to the Adriatic with Germany and Austria throwing in the whole of their strength. Everything depends upon keeping our strength right to the end, whatever the strain upon our resources may be. With American aid, we can do it."

Most Effective Now

So it is now that our sacrifice of men and money is wanted. It is now that it will be most effective. One dollar now counts as two later on. If ever there was a time when we were on trial nationally and individually it is now. Let us strike now while our allies are powerful, now while every blow and every dollar counts as it never did before and may never again. Let us rise above every sordid thought. Let us forget percentages, luxuries—everything, but the fact that here, right at our hand, is the opportunity to banish for ever this horrible menace which threatens our trade, our future, our national patience, our honor, our manhood and womanhood, and the lives of our sons. It is a great and solemn privilege vouchsafed to us to help at this moment. Everything that is best in us is calling now—now."

TEXAS CAVALRY RECRUITS FAST FILLING BLANKS

OFFICERS ARE MUCH ENCOURAGED BY WAY MEN ARE COMING FORWARD

Enlistments in the new cavalry of the Texas National Guard are coming in well and the officers and others interested are much encouraged by the interest shown by men of all ages.

The draft board announces that Class 1 men enlisting in the Guard will not be called in the draft providing that the Guard is federalized, which is expected to be just as soon as the companies are recruited. Class 2 men should take this opportunity of getting into the service as this class will be in the next call and from all appearances this will be a very short time away.

Men enlisting in the Guard will have the same allowance made their families as men in the regular and National Army. The government is making provision for all dependents, regardless of the branch in which the men are serving.

FRENCH PRAISE SPLENDID WORK OF AMERICANS

By Associated Press

With the French Army in France, Tuesday, April 23.—The valor and steadfastness of the American troops during the German attack at Seicheprey last Saturday is given unstinted praise by the French troops on the same front. This admiration for the fighting qualities of his trans-Atlantic comrades is demonstrated in a report forwarded to the general commanding by the colonel of a French infantry regiment which took part in the Seicheprey engagement.

"I visited Renneres wood after the counter attack in which the position was recaptured and examined the situation in detail," says the report. "Everywhere traces of hand to hand fighting show that the American soldiers, despite two hours of heavy bombardment by large calibre guns, defended themselves valiantly.

"In the vicinity between the front trenches and the communication trench connecting the Jury and Renneres wood, two American machine gunners died fighting on their weapons after covering the ground around with German dead. The enemy suffered great losses thanks to this heroic resistance.

"Everywhere there are signs of German wounded having been carried off while many German bodies remain because the retiring enemy was unable to remove them. Numbers of the dead belong to German storming detachments."

LIGHTLESS NIGHTS ARE NO LONGER TO BE OBSERVED HERE

MANDS ORDER UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST.

Wichita Falls has had its last Lightless night until next September 1, an order from State Fuel Administrator Wiley Blair received today suspending the observance of lightless nights on Thursday and Sunday until that date. This is done by order of Federal Fuel Administrator for the United States, H. A. Garfield. This new ruling is made on account of the saving of light made possible by the daylight saving bill observance, as the lights are not turned on until a late hour, according to Mr. Blair.

WARNING ISSUED TO ALL DEALERS ON SUGAR SALES

ADMINISTRATOR ALSO CITES ORDER REGARDING POTATOES

Renewed warning to all dealers regarding the sale of sugar, a scarcity of which continues, is issued in a statement today by County Food Administrator T. B. Smoot, who also calls attention to Federal ruling requiring that potatoes shall be sold by the pound only.

Dealers, it is announced, must sell not more than eighty per cent of the amount of sugar to manufacturing candy, ice cream or like concerns in any month this year than was sold for the corresponding month last year to the same concern and no sugar may be sold to any manufacturing concern which has been organized since January 1, 1918, except upon written instructions from State Food Administrator Peden.

Must Fill Blanks.

Housewives may purchase sugar in quantities for preserving purposes only when they sign the following blank:

"This is to certify that I require.... pounds of sugar at this time to be used by me for preserving purposes, exclusively, and if same is not used by me within the next twenty days after purchase, I agree to return same to the merchant from whom purchased.

"Signed ....."

Merchants will be required to supply themselves with these blanks and to have them on file ready to show the food administrator or other qualified official on demand.

Attention is also called to the following:

Potato Ruling.

District and County Administrators:

The attention of all administrators is called to Rule 3, page 15 of the rules and regulations governing the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of food commodities for domestic trade by persons subject to license, which reads as follows:

"Rule 3—The licensee shall quote, buy and sell potatoes only by the pound."

Throughout Texas this rule applies to the unlicensed dealer as well as to licensees, and failure to observe it exposes any dealer to the penalty of having his license revoked, if he is licensed, or of having his supplies cut off if he is not licensed.

Very truly yours,

E. A. PEDEN, Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

MUCH ACTIVITY SHOWN AT SUBMARINE BASES

London, April 4.—Reports of intense activity at German naval bases, says a Daily Mail despatch from The Hague are connected in some circles with an address Emperor William made to submarine commanders in Flanders. During his speech the emperor said:

"The activities of the submarines together with our victorious armies and fleet are calculated to bring a strong German peace I am convinced that the united strength of these three weapons will in a comparatively short period make our opponents, who are still bent on destroying Germany's strong and free future, ready to accept an equitable peace."

SAYS U. S. ARMY MUST HAVE THREE MILLION ON LINE

MAJOR G. W. SIMMONS, OF AMERICAN RED CROSS RETURNS FROM FRONT

PREDICTS TWO YEARS WAR

Says Germans Will not Break Through Line and Counter Drive Will Be Beginning of the End

Special to The Times.

St. Louis, April 23—Major George W. Simmons, manager of the Southwestern Division of the American Red Cross, has returned from a stay of nearly three months in Europe where he visited every section of the fighting line, spending 20 days in the American sector. He sums up his observations as follows:

The United States must send 3,000,000 men to France and even with this number the war is not likely to end until the fall of 1920. The losses in the recent fighting have been truly appalling, the Germans suffering the most. Reliable estimates made in Paris place the German dead in the first eight days fighting at 378,000.

Hold Miles of Trenches

Americans have been holding four and one-half miles of trenches near Toul in the Vosges country since early in January.

The Germans will not break through the allied line and when the present will begin a drive that will mean the beginning of the end of the war.

Major Simmons sailed from New York January 25, his object being to learn just what the Red Cross is doing and just how the millions of dollars contributed in the United States and especially by Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Texas, and Oklahoma, the five states in the Southwestern Division, are being spent. He returns filled with enthusiasm for the work already done but with a full appreciation of the immensity of the task that now confronts the organization.

"The American Red Cross has more than 3,000 active workers in France, of whom 750 are volunteers who are working for nothing," said Major Simmons. "Among these are some of the biggest men in America who are doing all kinds of labor without a cent of compensation.

Direct Departments

"A great many Eastern men of unusual experience are directing various departments and in Paris each week a conference of about 25 of these men is held to discuss the work of the Red Cross. I don't believe there is a board of directors in the United States that is as strong as this body in brains, experience and keen judgment.

"Many of the warehouses have men working in them who at home were heads of large business organizations, yet they do the hardest kind of labor without a murmur.

"The American Red Cross in France is nothing but the external manifestation of the American people and we aim to do over there what any American would do if confronted with the same situation. To say that the work had been a success is not enough; it has been vital. General Petain himself has said that were it not for the American Red Cross work during the winter of 1916-17, France could not have held the French people in the war. That was the winter when coal sold for $100 a ton and was hard to get at that price and the Red Cross cared for thousands of French families though scores of clinics and aid stations scattered throughout France.

Equipped for Emergencies

"The Red Cross in France is equipped for emergencies of all kinds while many of the army organizations are not. It is right here where it does much good. An instance of this occurred not long after American troops arrived. Through some railroad error the baggage of a number of American troops was lost and they had nothing to wear but what they had on. The Red Cross had no red tape in the form of requisition and supplied the men with blankets, shoes, underwear, socks, and mufflers; and saved them from hardships.

"The American army has taken over hospital work, and the Red Cross continues to furnish much of the supplies to the 3500 hospitals in France. Right at this point I want to drive something home to the people of this State and all other states.

More Hospital Beds

"The Red Cross has been told that more hospital beds must be supplied for American troops than the total number of hospital beds now in the United States, including all the public and private institutions. To bring this right home, more beds must be supplied for the boys from Missouri alone than the total number that now are in this State. This gives you an idea of the magnitude of the proposition.

"The American trenches at one point overlook a cemetery where 20,000 French soldiers are buried. It was once French territory, but it is now No Man's Land. This is a grim reminder to our boys of what war really means."

The spirit of the American troops in France is the object of praise and admiration from everyone said Maj. Simmons. "Everywhere I went," he continued, "I saw it. Groups would gather and shortly a song would be heard. Our whole army over there is remarkably free from sickness of all kinds.

"The stories about the wild debauchery and drunkenness among the troops in France is not an exaggeration—it is a plain unadulterated lie. The time I was at the headquarters there was not a single case of alcoholism reported for the entire army.

COUNTY'S FARMERS HAVE OPPORTUNITY TO GET BOY HELP

PROF. CLARK SAYS FIFTY YOUTHS ARE READY TO WORK DURING SUMMER

Farmers of Wichita county are being given an opportunity to make application for members of the Boys' Working Reserve to work their farms this summer, Prof. Lee Clark, superintendent of the city schools, who is chairman of the enrollment in this county, announcing that he will furnish farmers interested all desired information and the required blanks. Fifty boys of Wichita county have already enrolled, signifying their willingness to serve on farms, truck gardens or anywhere else they are needed and can do the work during vacation this summer and still other boys are expected to enlist, so that there will be a number of workers for Wichita county farms available right at home, in the event there is any need.

Some Inquiries Made

Several farmers have already made inquiries of Mr. Clark as to the regulations of the Reserve and the manner in which the aid can be secured. Mr. Clark is supplied with full information and is anxious to hear from as many farmers who expect to need extra labor this summer. A blank has been supplied for the farmer to sign, which will be of assistance to the men at the head of the Reserve in estimating the work which the boys will be called on to do. This blank, which gives considerable information in itself, follows:

Blanks Sent Out

Name .....
Post office .....
County .....
Nearest R. R. Station .....
Name of R. R. .....
Phone..... Nearest Town.....

Without definitely obligating myself, but rather to give you some indication as to what I anticipate in the way of labor requirements this summer (between May 20 and September 10th), I hereby notify the U. S. Department of Labor, through the Boys' Working Reserve for Texas, that:

I probably can use..... boys or boys, 16 to 21 years of age, whom I shall need .....(date).
I am willing to pay.....dollars per day with board and lodging. I am willing to pay .....dollars per day, without board and lodging.

In consideration of the service they are to rener me, I shall gladly co-operate with them in their efforts to succeed, and will be patient and considerate of them. I realize that their presence on my farm will be indicative of the patriotism they possess, and, therefore, deserving of an equal amount of patriotic effort on my part to build of them fine, stalwart citizens, equipped for the man's job which of necessity they now must shoulder.

The Following is addressed to the Texas Farmer:

You ought to know about the United States Boys Working Reserve.

One farm out of every five in America was short a man before the war, a total shortage in man-power of one million men. Over half a million men from country communities have been taken into the army by the draft. In some sections more men have gone to the city to work in factories and other occupations than have been taken by the draft.

To help supply this shortage..... Texas boys between the ages of 16 and 21 have enrolled in the United States Boys' Working Reserve in the last month. These boys are physically fit, are willing to learn, and want to help you on your farm during the summer months while they are out of school.

Inspired by the same patriotic spirit and love of Country with which their older brother goes to the trenches, these young men wish to serve in the Army behind the Army. Can they serve you?

U. S. BOYS' WORKING RESERVE OF TEXAS.
611 Sumpter Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

DETROIT STREET CARS HALTED BY STRIKERS

By Associated Press

Detroit, April 24.—Street car service in Detroit was brought to a stand still here this morning as the result of the action of a small proportion of the motormen and conductors, in voting last night to suspend work. About 500 of the more than 3,000 car men voted for the strike without the sanction of their union officers and sent out pickets to meet the men reporting for work this morning. The few cars that started out on the day runs were soon returned to the barns and most of the city's wage earners walked to their places of employment. The car men are seeking increases in wages.

DO YOU USE OUR
"WHO CAN BEAT IT"
Fresh Roasted Coffee—????
If not, why not????????????

BERT BEAN COFFEE HOUSE
824 Indiana Ave Telephone 35

HUNS AND HINDUS WITH FEW OTHERS TO BE SENTENCED

CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE NEUTRALITY OF UNITED STATES WAS CHARGE

FRANZ BOPP AMONG THEM

Trial Sharply Focussed by Killing of One Defendant by Another at San Francisco

By Associated Press

San Francisco, April 24.—Sentence will be pronounced next Tuesday by Federal Judge William C. Van Fleet on twenty nine persons, Hindus, former German consular officers, business men and others who were found guilty, by a jury early this morning of conspiracy to violate the neutrality of the United States ahrough plots to foment revolution against British rule in India.

Thirty were on trial and the only verdict of "not guilty" was returned in the case of John F. Craig, head of the Craig Shipbuilding Yards, Long Beach California.

The German defendants were not entitled to bail, the court ruled, and the following were ordered interned pending sentence:

Those to Be Sentenced

Frang Bopp, former German consul at San Francisco; E. H. Von Shack, vice consul; Charles Tattendorff, "body guard" to Wilhelm von Brieken, military attache of the German consulate; Walter Sauerback, navigating officer of the German Gunboat Geier; Captain Edwin De Inat, commander of the steamer "Holsatia," German merchantman interned at Honolulu; Captain Heinrich Elba commander of the steamer "Ahlers," German merchantman interned at Hilo and Henry Kauffman, Chancellor of the German consulate.

The bail of each Hindu defendant was fixed at $25,000.

The remaining defendants and their bail was announced as follows:

Others on Bail

J. Clyde Hysar, San Diego, California, city atorney of Coronado, Calif., and former paymaster of the United States naval militia, $15,000.

Joseph L. Bley, member of a local brokerage firm $15,000.

Bernard Manning, San Diego realty man and politician $25,000.

Robert Gapello, local agent of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, $25,000.

Harry J. Hart, wealthy San Fraacisco shipping broker $15,000.

Morris Stock von Goltzheim, local real estate and insurance man $25,000.

Louis Hengler, San Francisco, admiralty lawyer, $15,000.

Shooting Heightens Interest

Public interest in the trial was sharply focussed by a dramatic incident in the court room yesterday when Ram Singh, a Hindu defendant shot and killed Ram Chandra, a co-defendant. Ram Shingh was in turn killed by a bullet fro mthe revolver of United States Marshal James B. Holohan, who fired over the heads of the panic stricken crowd that was filing from the court room just prior to the noon recess.

Ram Chandra was editor of Hindustan "Chandre" (Revolution).

The shooting was the result of a fued among rival factions of the Hindu defendants federal authorities said, and the dislike that existed between Ram Chandra and Ram Singh had been heightened by a controversy over a parcel of land in Canada owned by Singh.

Passenger Rates To Be Rearranged Soon By Administration

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 24.—Re-arrangement of passenger rates on indirect routes to increase travel on direct lines is contemplated by the railroad administration. Railroad passenger rate experts were called into conference here today to draft a new scale of rates for submission to Director General McAdoo.

Under the proposed plan, for instance, travel to the Pacific Coast from the east by way of New Orleans and other southern routes would be at actual mileage rates.

FEW SKILLED MEN ARE REGISTERED IN THIS COUNTY

ONLY TWENTY MEN OF TRADES SO FAR HAVE BEEN DESIGNATED OFFICIALLY

Wichita Falls is way behind in the registration of skilled workers in the draft for service in special divisions of the United States army, according to the local exemption board, which reports that in this city and county there have been only 20 registered as skilled in some of the trades for which the government is calling for workers. This is not at all a favorable showing when compared with other cities nearby, Denison, for instance, where in one day 150 experienced railroaders registered and where other trades were equally well represented.

"The government needs these skilled men and the men themselves should find it more pleasant working at something to which they are accustomed, than being privates in the trenches," the board states. "We are sure that the Wichita county men are as much skilled various trades as those of any other part of the country, but they are falling down in their duty by failing to register for this special work. Workers will be needed as much as the fighters and the aim of every man of draft age should be to serve where he is most needed. This is the last time we believe, that men will be given an opportunity to enroll for special service, and there should be no more delay in registering."

Dean Howard has bought the Mount Tailoring Co. The sale being made yesterday.

MANY TEXANS GET COMMISSIONS AT CAMP OGLETHORPE

ACTUAL OFFICES WILL BE GIVEN THEM AS THEY ARE NEEDED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—In announcing the names of graduates from the third officers training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, which was made public today the adjutant general gave out the following statement:

"Herewith is a list of names of men who have qualified at the third series of officers training schools to be listed as eligible for appointment as second lieutenants. These men will be carried on the list of eligible officers and commissioned at such time as suitable vacancies occur."

The list contains the following:

Infantry.

Fred A. Aherns, Victoria, Texas.
John T. Arrant, Terrell, Texas.
Lawrence Azbell, Waco.
Rodney E. Birkhicht, Shawnee, Oklahoma.
Marvin C. Bradley, Marlow, Okla.
Braxton D. Butler, Oklahoma City.
William W. Caperton, Harwood, Texas.
Clarence E. Coolidge, Fort Worth.
John H. Crow, Hanna, La.
Thomas P. Cruce, Silcam Springs, Ark.
Claude W. Davis, Romer, La.
Ira C. Dimmick, Shuteston, La.
Jesse N. Ford, Argenta, Ark.
Francisco M. Frasher, Beaumont.
Eugene M. Goss, Dallas.
Eral E. Graham, Coalgate, Okla.
Fred M. Howard, Oklahoma City.
Joseph N. Jones, Clarendon, Tex.
Samuel T. McCarty, Beeville, Tex.
Fred Merkinfi El Paso.
Otho K. Morrison, Gatesville, Tex.
Clarence V. Nichols, Lampasas.
Melvin J. Prentice, Brownood.
James C. Richardson, Liberty Hill, Texas.
Paul Robertson, Ardmore.
Robert B. Ross, Tahlequah, Okla.
Tiley H. Scoville, Shreveport.
Charles N. Tannehill, Jonesboro, Ark.
Jess J. Tarter, Ben Franklin, Tex.
Uriel G. Utley, Hardy, Ark.
Allen F. Vannoy, Corpus Christi.
Burt O. Warren, Waldron, Ark.
Willard B. Wilson, Alta Loma, Tex
Percy R. Winch, Laredo.
Jesse E. Young, Oklahoma City.

Field Artillery.

Bernard C. Bruce, Moorefield, Ark.
Lloyd Napoleon Hutcheson, Springtown, Texas.
Thomas H. Kinsella, Dallas.
John C. Macklin, Purcell, Okla.
Jefferson F. Tillis, Port Arthur.
Charles Williams Jr., Dundee, Tex.

At Camp Gordon

The list of graduates from Camp Gordon, Georgia contains the following:

Infantry: George S. Hawthorn, R. F. D. Number 1, Eagan, Texas.
Thomas P. Jones, Blytheville, Ark.
Charles A. Lambert, Dallas, Texas.
Earl Phillips, Shawnee, Okla.
James A. St. Clair, R. F. D. Number 6, Skimsboro, Texas.
Walter W. Wells, Charleston, Ark.

LIGHT VOTE IS BEING CAST IN ELECTION TODAY

NOT SINGLE SPEECH MADE HERE, AND "DRYS" ARE EXPECTING VICTORY

Wichita county today is experiencing one of the quietest local option elections ever held in Texas. "Committees" conspicuous by their absence, there have been no appeals to the voters by the printed page and not a single speech has been made on either side.

The voting has been very light and up to 1:30 this afternoon only 394 votes out of a possible 2,000 or more had been polled. The number of votes polled in each of the five city boxes at that hour was as follows: Box I (City Hall) 88; Box 2, 57; Box II, 23; Box 12, 85; Box 13, 141.

Expect County to Go Dry.

Anti-prohibitionists and prohibitionists alike expect the county to vote dry, although some of the antis expect the city to return a wet majority. Many of those who have taken a leading part as anti-prohibitionists in other years, however, are voting dry and among the number, it is said, are several former saloon keepers who closed their doors through the operation of the ten mile zone law, expecting never to re-open them.

A large number of pros are failing to vote because of lack of interest and on the other hand many antis are not voting because they believe that if the government wants the saloons closed during the war nothing ought to be done that might encourage them to attempt to contest any state or federal government regulations.

The polls will remain open until 7 o'clock. The count cannot start until after the polls are closed in local option elections. However, as the vote is light the result ought to be known within an hour after the polls are closed.

Reports from Iowa Park, Electra and Burkburnett indicate very little interest and light votes at those points. More votes appear to be cast at Burkburnett than either Electra or Iowa Park and the indications were most the votes polled were for prohibition. At Iowa Park 96 votes had been cast at 2 o'clock out of a possible 250.

The local option election today grows out of the application of a Wichita Falls saloon men for a transfer of his license to a location in the precinct outside of the ten mile limit from Call Field after the operation of the zone law. To prevent any saloon from opening outside the ten mile limit the local option election was ordered.

Liverpool Spot Cotton

Liverpool, April 24.—Cotton spot fair business; prices weak; good middling $23.13; middling $22.61; low middling $22.08; good ordinary $21.08; ordinary $20.56. Sales 4,000 including 2,600 American. Receipts 13,000 including 8,000 American.

Futures closed quiet. New contracts April $23.05; May $22.26; July 21.89; August $21.51.

Old contracts fixed prices April $21.46; April-May $21.38; May June $21.30; June-July $21.22.

WILSON OPPOSES COURT MARTIAL FOR DISLOYAL PEOPLE

BELIEVES SPIRIT OF CHAMBERLAIN BILL IS NOT PROPER ONE

HE WRITES TO OVERMAN

Favors Without Compromise Senator's Bill For Coordinating all Government Departments

By Associated Press

Washington, April 22.—President Wilson came out today in opposition to the Chamberlain bill which would try violations of the sedition laws by court martial and in a letter to Senator Overman of North Carolina, declared his belief that the measure is unconstitutional.

If enacted, the president declared the bill would place the United States on a level with its enemies. The measure, he said, is opposed to the spirit and purpose of the espionage laws.

Chamberlain Bill.

Enactment of the Chamberlain bill has been urged before the Senate military committee as necessary to stamp out German propaganda. Vigorous opposition to its passage has been developing and Senator Borah has sought support of Senate leaders in his efforts to defeat it.

In his letter to Senator Overman the president also indicated that he would not compromise with opponents advocating amendment of the Overman bill, which proposes a broad general grant of power to re-organize government departments.

His Letter.

The president's letter follows:

"My Dear Senator: Thank you for your letter of yesterday. I am heartily obliged to you for consulting me about the court martial bill, as perhaps I may call it for short. I am wholly and unalterably opposed to such legislation and very much value the opportunity you give me to say so. I think it is not only unconstitutional but that in character it would put us nearly upon the level of the very people we are fighting and affecting to despise. It would be altogether inconsistent with the spirit and practice of America and in view of the recent legislation, the espionage bill, the sabotage bill and the woman spy bill, I think it is unnecessary and uncalled for.

"I take the liberty, my dear senator, for expressing myself in this emphatic way because my feeling is very deep about the matter, as I gather your own is.

"It is admirable the way you have been handling these important bills, and I thank you with all my heart for standing by the bill which bears your name without any compromise of any kind.

"It gives me the greatest satisfaction to tell how much I have appreciated what you have been doing.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

The bill has not had the support of the department of justice and Charles Warren, assistant attorney general, resigned last week it was said after his advocacy of the measure failed to receive the support of the attorney general.

Cause of Resignation.

Particulars concerning Mr. Warren's resignation became known today when Representative Gordon of Ohio made public a letter from Attorney General Gregory explaining the circumstances and declaring the Chamberlain bill to be directly opposed to the policies of the department of justice. The letter was in response to one by Representative Gordon asking if the Chamberlain bill was written in the attorney general's office. Mr. Gregory replied:

"On April 18 my attention was called to the fact that on or about April 8, Honorable Charles Warren sent to Senator Overman of North Carolina a brief with the following titles:

"'Who are spies? A memorandum of law on the power of congress to subject civilians to trial by court martial under the explanation by Charles Warren, assistant attorney general of the United States' and that Mr. Warren had prepared and given to Senator Chamberlain a bill subsequently introduced by Senator Chamberlain * * * intended to carry out the views set forth in the brief * * *

No Connection.

"For more than six months Mr. Warren has had practically no connection with any of the activities of my department which would be affected by the legislation advocated by him. The brief and bill were sent or knowledge of the attorney general respectively without the consent orknowledge of the attorney general. The general policies therein urged and sought to be enacted into law are exactly contrary to those approved by the assistant to the attorney general, in charge of the problems involved and by the attorney general himself. I entirely disapprove of the action taken by Mr. Warren and it would not have been permitted had I known it was contemplated."

In writing the president, Senator Overman said today that he expressed that the Chamberlain bill is too drastic and also unnecessary.

Not to Press Bill.

He told the president that opportunity should be given for administration of the espionage laws before reporting to more severe action. Senator Chamberlain late today indicated that the senate military committee, in view of the president's opposition, would not press the bill. Further hearings planned, Senator Chamberlain said, have been indefinitely postponed.

AMERICAN CASUALTIES REPORTED TO CANADIANS

By Associated Press

Ottawa, Ont., April 122.—The names of the following Americans appear in today's casualty list:

Wounded: H. Wall, Liberty, Miss.; E. Creedon, "Company——, ninth infantry, U. S. A."

BOYCOTT OF GERMANY AFTER WAR PROPOSED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—International boycott of Germany after the war unless the German Reichstag or people by referendum accept definite principles of international law is proposed in a Senate resolution sponsored by Senator Owen of Oklahoma.

WESTERN FRONT TO DECIDE WAR DECLARE HUNS

LUDENDORFF BELIEVES THAT "FIGHT TO FINISH" ONLY CAN BRING PEACE

By Associated Press.

New York, April 23.—Peace for Germany, according to General Ludenorff, chief quartermaster general, rests upon the fighting on the western front and without severe battles fought to finish, Germany cannot obtain peace. These statements were made during an interview with German newspaper correspondents at great headquarters and printed in German newspapers, which have been received here.

Field Marshal Von Hindenburg was interviewed at the same time and the two German leaders apparently were convinced that for Germany force was needed to bring about peace.

Peace in the east meant a tremendous relief for the Germans in the west, Ludendorff said, adding:

"Now we are about to gain the ascendency numerically. We ourselves are in a position to assume the offensive wherever we desire.

Referring to France, General Ludendorff said:

"We may well say, without exaggeration that France has dug her own grave. She is about to bleed herself to death. Undoubtedly the French are brave soldiers."

Lieutenant General Von Ardone, the military critic of the Tageblatt, on March 20 the day before the beginning of the offensive, in an analysis of the interview with the military leaders, wrote:

"The German army leaders look forward with grave concern to the final fighting. The saving of German blood they have at all times considered as a sacred duty. But the German people and their allies will have to accept the necessity that the final battle must be fought out."

CASUALTIES

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 22.—The casualty list today contained seventy one names divided as follows:

Killed in action 10.
Died of wounds 5.
Died of accident 1.
Died of disease 4.
Other causes 2.
Wounded severely 7.
Wounded slightly 42.

The men killed in action are all privates. Lieutenant Stanley Huguenin died of accident and Lieutenants Marland C. Hobbs, George Peck, Arlie Alfred Schardt and Edward B. Wilcox were slightly wounded. The lits follows

Killed in Action

Privates Herbert F. Akroyd, Elmer G. Dawley, Ray D. Kraeger, John T. Larkin, Manuel Martin, George H. Nosigian, Herman Salner, John F. Staton, Charles Waldron, Bugler Grover K. Tanner.

Died of Wounds

Corporal Frank B. Amaral; Privates Henry J. Bergaron, Walker Hammett, Charles A. Henry, Leroy S. Wells.

Died of Accident

Lieutenant Stanley Huguenin.

Died of Disease

Sergeant Frank C. Cataldo, pneumona, Corporal Theodore Peck, tuberculosis; Privates Jos. L. Mattingly, pneumonia; James T. Welch, empyema.

Died of Other Causes Unexplained

Privates Frank J. Watson, Arthur Williams.

Wounded Severely:

Sergeant Edward G. Smith, Corporal Joseph Thifault, Privates John J. Brock, William J. Dillon, Abraham A. Fletcher, Charles H. Harrington, Geo. Kertcher.

Wounded Slightly

Lieutenants Marland C. Hobbs, George Peck, Arlie Alfred Schardt, Edward B. Wilcox; Corporals Robert S. Albacki, Timothy J. Barry, Walker B. Boardman; Privates John J. Benoit, Harold W. Berry, Glen H. Cole, Samuel H. Cole, Samuel J. Coskery, Edward L. Dambruch, Thomas N. Elukevich, Pasquale Ferrugano, John Fraco, Tony Frisco, Charles Germain, Phillip H. Goss, Harry Gould, Charles J. Hogan, Edward Boscoe Killion, Joseph A. Lacoy, Oclide Lavelle, Armand Lemieux, Lawrence R. Loveland, Karoid McDonald, Edward L. McFadden, Charles F. McLean, Lawrence J. McNamara, Freddie Moreau, Joseph Nuzski, Daniel J. O'Leary, George W. Russel, Frank St. John, Elwin A. Sheldon, Charles J. Sheridan, Frank N. Sincoski, George H. M. Thompson, Aron Torsian, Merwin H. Tuttle, Peter Viola, Alfred S. Yaffe. Previously reported missing, now reported killed: Major Raynal Cawthorne Boiling.

—o—

Washington, April 26.—The casualty list today contained forty-three names divided as follows:

Killed in action 2.
Died of wounds 1.
Died of disease 4.
Wounded severely 9.
Wounded slightly 27.

Three officers are named. Lieutenant Bernard F. McMeel was wounded severely and Lieutenants Thomas H. Holmes and Harry D. McNiel were wounded slightly.

Killed in Action.

Privates Frank G. Kane, Daniel L. McGaffigan.

Died of Wounds.

Private Windford Plorf.

Died of Disease.

Private Homer Bybee. Privates J. Frederick Courtney, George Lyeth, J. Payne.

Wounded Severely.

Lieutenants Bernard F. McMeel, Sergeant Henry C. Schwarnz, Corporal C. P. Kubiak, Mechanic Joseph P. Witcamp, Privates, Charles F. Allen, Walter A. Antoniewiez, Michael J. Cleary, Tony Plazzito, Flem Stapleton.

Slightly Wounded

Lieutenants Thomas H. Holmes, H. D. McNeil, Corporals William Carstens, George E. Egan, Edward Pieckarski, John Thompson, Privates J. J. Aleskandrowicz, Eugene M. Binion, J. W. Burke, Henry C. Burt, John Brickson, Bernard F. Erwin, Raynor A. Fahty, Frank E Henry, Corporal William La Flamme, Privates Herbert F. Melvin, Robert J. Nicholson, Thomas Okella, Harry N. Rayney, Harry F. Reed, Frank T. Savage, George F. Scheirick, Arthur L. P. Tarr, Foster Thomas, Harold R. Walker, J. Edwin Wickman, Neal E. Wood

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—The casualty list today contained forty-three names divided as follows:

Killed in action 6.
Died of wounds 2.
Died of disease 11.
Wounded severely 10.
Wounded slightly 13.

Lieutenant Renville Wheat is the only officer named. He was slightly wounded.

The list follows:

Killed in Action.

Sergeants Joseph H. Broadhead, O. G. Fuller, Corporal Frank P. Gordon, Privates Charles W. Fuot, Felix M. Olivia, Roger Wilson.

Died of Wounds.

Corporals Frank D. Brooks, Wagoner John Burwell, Private Charlie B Knutson.

Died of Disease.

Sergeants James A. Mulligan, Privates Guissepper Baldi, Clarence Bashaw, LeRoy Cook, Donald H. Munn, Ben Newell, Ora Newton Tidd, John N. Tweten, Winifred R. Vaux, Karl Wagner, John Hedges Weston.

Severely Wounded.

Corporal Vinal B. Rideout, Privates Steve Adams, Horimdas Des Rochers, John W. Gosminski, William E. Loper, Edward H. Monahan, Thomas E Morrison, Louis P. Palner, Garrard Stillings, Carl L. Witham.

Slightly Wounded.

Lieutenant Renville Wheat, Battalion Sergeant Major Joseph E. Housworth Jr., Sergeant Charles Cockerill, Corporal Arthur D. Muirhead, Buglers Frederick D. Hurrell, Earl H. Ramage, Privates Walter Cheever, Raymond E. Crowell, John Crowley, William J. Graham, Gaze Guernsey, Antony Kowalczyk, John R. Stoddard.

Women Must Register With County Clerk To Vote In Primaries

By Associated Press

Austin, Tex., April 24.—An opinion being prepared by Assistant Attorney General Townsend, holds that women who desire to vote in the primaries July 27 must register with the county clerk. The opinion points out that while a previous opinion held that women could register with tax collectors, the time for the tax collectors to make their rounds has expired and unless the women already have registered it will be necessary for them to go to the county seats.

Major Culbertson Is Made Commandant Of Training School

Fort Worth, Tex., April 24.—Major W. L. Culbertson, formerly county superintendent of Hill county schools, has been appointed commandant of the fourth officers training school at Fort Worth, opening May 15. Only enlisted men of the Texas and Oklahoma division and graduates of Texas and Oklahoma military schools will be accepted.

Market Report

COTTON MARKET AGAIN EVIDENCES EARLY DECLINE

By Associated Press.

New York, April 24.—An opening decline of six to 20 points in the cotton market here was only a partial response to the lower cables and prices steadied up after the call on covering for over the weekly report of the weather bureau. The weakness in Liverpool was supposed to reflect prospects for another reduction in Marine war risk insurance following the raid on German submarine bases, and there were also rumors that a large amount of freight room had been allotted to the cotton trade for May shipment. These rumors were not confirmed but served to check selling on the decline abroad and prices worked about 5 to 12 points net higher after the call. July sold up from $28.60 to $28.82 and October from $27.59 to $27.80.

Cotton futures opened steady: May $28.70; July $28.63; October $27.63; December $27.35; January $27.26.

Later reports that the freight room allotted for May shipment to Liverpol amounted to only 90,000 bales were somewhat disappointing and when the weekly report of the weather bureau failed to inspire fresh buying the market turned easier under liquidation and Liverpol selling. July was relatively weak breaking to $28.43 or 34 points net lower while October sold off to $27.50 or 18 points below last night's close.

The weekly weather report read bullishly, indicating that farm work is behind normal in the northern part of the belt.

New Orleans Cotton

New Orleans, April 24.—Early prices in cotto nhere today were 9 to 21 points off in sympathy with poor cables and because of improvement in weather conditions over the belt. Buying based on expectations of unfavorable weekly crop returns met the decline and caused a quick upturn, which put active months six to 10 points over yesterday's close.

New Orleans.—Cotton opened steady. Opening bids May 28.15 asked; July 27.53; October 26.56; December 26.40; January 26.25.

The weekly crop returns were considered unfavorable but had little effect beyond giving the market a steady tone. At noon prices were 3 to 9 points under yesterday's close.

LIVESTOCK

Fort Worth Livestock

Fort Worth, Tex., April 24.—Cattle receipts 6,000; steady. Beeves $9.00@14.75; stockers 8.00@12.00; heifers $9.00@13.00; cows $7.25@11.00; bulls $7.25@7.50; calves $7.50 to 12.50.

Hogs 5,000, 10 to 20 lower, heavy $17.50@17.60; light $17.40@17.50; medium 17.00@17.40; mixed $16.50@17.00; common 15.50@16.25; pigs $10.00@16.60.

Sheep receipts 50. Lambs $16.50@20.00; yearlings $15.50@16.50; wethers $14.00@15.00; ewes $13.50@14.50; culls $9.00@11.00; goats $8.00@10.00.

Kansas City Livestock

Kansas City, April 24.—Hogs, receipts 16,000, 10 lower. Bulk $17.10@17.40; heavy $17.10@17.40; light $17.35@17.55; pigs $13.50@17.00.

Cattle receipts 12,000 steady. Prime fed steers $16.25@17.25; dressed beef steers $15.00@16.50; southern steers $9.00@14.00; cows $7.75@13.75; heifers $9.0@14.00; stockers $8.50@14.00; calves $8.00@13.00.

Sheep receipts 8,000. Steady. Lambs $20.50@21.75; yearlings $16.50@18.00; wethers 15.00@17.00; ewes 15.00 15.99@16.75; stockers $8.50@20.00.

CORN STRONGER RESULT OF LACK OF OFFERINGS

By Associated Press

Chicago, April 4.—Strength developed in the corn market today as a result of failing off in arrivals from the country and owing to lack of offerings. It took but little buying to bring abo it a sharp advance. Opening prices, which varied from unchanged figures to ¾ lower, with May $1.27¼ and July $1.49⅝ to $1.49⅝, were followed by an upturn all around, especially in July.

Demand from the seaboard helped to lift the oats market. There was no pressure to sell. After opening a shade off to ¼ advance, prices scored material gains.

Provisions a' craged lower with hogs Trade was chiefly in lard and ribs.

	OPEN	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE
CORN—				
May	1.27¼	1.27⅝	1.27⅛	1.27⅜
July	1.49⅜	1.50⅛	1.48⅜	1.49⅝
OATS—				
April	.89¼	.89¼	.87⅜	.88¼
May	.84⅝	.85⅝	.83⅜	.84⅛
June	.81⅝	.81⅝	.81¼	.81⅜
July	.74⅜	.75¼	.74¼	.74⅝
Pork—				
May	47.50	47.55	47.35	47.45
July	47.25	47.40	47.15	47.15
LARD—				
May	25.00	25.07	24.82	24.82
July	25.30	25.37	25.17	25.17
RIBS—				
May	23.07	23.07	22.80	22.80
July	23.60	23.60	23.35	23.35

Kansas City Cash Grain

aKnsas City, April 24.—Corn number 2 mixed $1.64@.68; number 2 white $1.75@1.78; number 2 yellow $1.65@1.65.

Oats number 2 white .86½@87; number 2 mixed .84@.84½.

New York Stock Market

New York, April 24.—Gains extending from 1 to 2 points in Reading, Anaconda and Inspiration Copper, Sumatra Tobacco and Loose Wiles Biscuit were the distinguishing features at the opening of today's stock market. Otherwise changes were limited to fractions mainly upward. The motor group was irregular and specialties manifested variable tendencies. Dealings were light, interested again centering in the war situation. Liberty Bonds yielded slightly.

Specialties continued to feature the trading of the mid-session, Sumatra Tobacco, fertilizers, and papers adding 1 to 2 points to their gains of the morning. Standard stocks also rallied to levels where they exceeded opening advances.

Chicago Produce

Chicago, April 24.—Butter unchanged. Eggs receipts 32,582 cases unchanged.

Potatoes lower; receipts 55 cars; Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota bulk $1.00@1.25; do sacks $1.20@1.30.

JUDGE JONES IS CANDIDATE FOR COUNTY JUDGE

In this issue of the Times appears the announcement of Judge J. P. Jones who seeks the office of county judge of this county.

For twenty seven years Judge Jones has been closely identified with the people of this county and has in every way measured up to ahe requirements of good citizenship. For the past four years he has been justice of the peace of Precinct No. 1 and earnestly invites an inspection of his record as to whether or not he is a competent officer and fair alike to every class.

In this crucial time his record as a patriot is excelled by none for in addition to contributing all that he can from a material standpoint he has given three sons that are now in the service battling for their country and in a few months the fourth will join them.

Citation by Publication

The State of Texas: To the Sheriff or any Contable of Wichita County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon S. W. Lee by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County to appear at the next regular term of the 30th District Court of Wichita County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Wichita Falls, on the 3rd Monday in June, A. D. 1918, the same being the 17th day of June A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 22nd day of April A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 6263, wherein Ruby Lee is plaintiff and S. W. Lee, defendant and said petition alleging that Plaintiff was legally married to defendant about January 5th, 1916 and continued to live togeth r as husband and wife for about one week during which time she treated defendant with kindness and affection, but defendant disregarding his marital vows and obligations began a course of unkind harsh and tyrannic conduct toward plaintiff, cursed and abused her, and abandoned here, since which time she has supported herself; that defendant has not contributed to her support and that his whereabouts is unknown to plaintiff that defendant's action and conduct toward her generally are of such a nature as to render their further living together insupportable, wherefore plaintiff prays the court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, for judgment dissolving said marriage relations, that her maiden name Ruby Andrews, be restored to her for cost of suit and for such other and further relief special and general as she may be entitled to.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Wichita Falls, this the 22nd day of April A. D. 1918.

A. F. KERR, Clerk,
District Court Wichita County.
By Bonnie Bell Zetzseke, Deputy.
Weekly April 26-, May 3-10-17

At this particular time the county is particularly interested in having a business administration as the building of the roads and other improvements are to be made which will require a judicious handling of the funds of the county and Judge Jones believes that his large and varied experience as a business man peculiarly fits him for the office at this time. 296 2tc

Explosion of Engine At Beaumont Results In Loss of One Life

By Associated Press

Beaumont, Tex., April 23.—Engineer B. B. ——— was seriously injured when a Gulf Coast Railway Locomotive exploded here early today, injuring eight other people and partly demolishing two houses. He died while enroute to Houston, according to advices received here from Grayburg.

Professional Cards

ATTORNEYS

ROBERT E. HUFF
Attorney-at-Law
Promises attention to all civil business.
Notary in office. Office: Rear First National Bank.

MARTIN, BULLINGTON, BOONE & HUMPHREY
Rooms: 11—12-13-14, K. & K. Building.

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CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT
Lawyers
211 K. & K. Building Phone 1426
Practice in all the Courts

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DR. JUDGE R. E. RICHARDSON
Licensed Graduate Veterinary and deputy interstate inspector and general practice. Residence phone 1076; Office phone 88. Office: 510 Ohio

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DR. W. H. FELDER
Dentist
605 Seventh Street

ARCHITECTS AND CIVIL ENGINEERS

SANGUINET, STAATS & PATE
Architects
507 K. & K. Bldg. Wichita Falls, Tex.

ISBELL AND METCALFE
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Room 4 and 5 over National Bank of Commerce. Office phone 702; Res. 765.

GUARANTEE ABSTRACT AND TITLE COMPANY
W. F. Turner, Manager
702 Seventh St. Office phone 602.
Courthouse phone 1264

Political Announcements

For District Attorney:
FLETCHER S. JONES

For District Clerk:
A. F. KERR.

For County Tax Collector:
J. P. JACKSON
M. L. TITTLE
E. S. WHITELAW

For County Tax Assessor:
T. E. RAGSDALE

For County Clerk:
M. P. KELLY
WILL T. HARRIS

For Sheriff:
R. L. (BOB) McFALL
G. A. (GEORGE) HAWKINS
FRANK L. BURNS.
J. L. HUFFINE.

For County Treasurer:
T. W. (Tom) McHAM.

For County Attorney:
JOHN DAVENPORT
ED YARBROUGH

For County Judge:
SHIELD MEYERS.
W. T. CARLTON
J. P. JONES.

For County Commissioner, Precinct 1:
M. K. EMMERT.
ST CLAIR SHERROD
JOHN FORE.

For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 1.

For Constable Precinct 1:
R. V. GWINN.
W. W. HUMPHRIS.

For Justice Peace, Precinct Place 2:
J. W. (JINKS) MODE.
P. H. LEATH.
C. J. (DAD) ARRINGTON

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HOARDER OF WHEAT.

The farmer who is hoarding wheat and who is giving a deaf ear to his government's call to bring it into market ought to be classed with the food profiter, the man who fails to put a part of his money into Liberty Bonds and other undesirables. The Times hopes there is none of this class of farmers in Wichita county.

There is probably a greater need for wheat right now than there ever has been since the days of the civil war, and it is to be hoped that the present situation in that respect is worse than it ever will be again, even during the war. The bread ration of the French soldier has been reduced. It may come to pass that the bread ration of our own soldiers in France will have to be cut. The civil population of our allies are doing without wheat bread almost entirely.

The farmer who can read of these facts and still hold more what than he will need for seed next fall in the hope that he can get a few cents more a bushel for it is anything but a patriot.

PATRIOTISM THAT IS OFF COLOR

The man who professes to be an American citizen and who says he wants the United States to win over Germany, yet declares that he can't bear to see the French or the British whip the Germans, still has an important lesson in Americanism to learn.

The French and the British have been fighting our battles for more than three years and are still bearing the brunt of the fighting while we are coming up. No genuine American could have read of the grim, dogged fighting of the British during the past four or five weeks without warm gratitude and hearty admiration springing from his heart. The man who hasn't felt this way about it, hasn't been anything but pro-German, no matter how hard he has tried to conceal the fact.

It's time for folks of Teutonic descent to quit talking disparagingly about France and England, and it's time other folks stop permitting such talk to be made.

SHIPMENTS TO BELGIUM.

All food shipments to Allied countries are to be held up for the next ten days in order that three million bushels of grain may be forwarded at once to the stricken people of Belgium according to an announcement made at Washington.

This is as it should be. The Allied people will sacrifice for the time being in order that those who are suffering may be relieved.

If it is the proper thing for the civilian population of countries which have long been at war to suffer for the sake of humanity, how little it is to ask the American civilian population to give up entirely the eating of wheat flour in order that those men who are defending the rights of the whole human race may be kept properly fed and in good spirits!

Be it said to the credit of the American people that few of them have grumbled, and those who may have done so have at least had the good grace to do their grumbling to themselves.

"WORK OR FIGHT."

The "Work or Fight" proclamation of the Wichita county exemption board and its action in raiding the pool halls and similar places has attracted much favorable comment in the press of the state. Among others who have praised the action of the board is Charley Martin, editor of the Archer News. Mr. Martin's comment follows:

Military police and federal and county officers at Wichita Falls grievously insulted about one hundred and sixty of the hard-working laborers of that city last Friday night, when they raided the various labor dodging resorts to get inside information regarding registrants who had been placed in deferred classification on account of having a dependant father or mother looking to them for support. Most of those enmeshed in the drag net were doubtless grievously vexed. They were doing their duty work. They had worked hard all day helping support their dependents, and helping their country in its time of trouble, by spending around a pool table, chalking their cues, swearing and smoking, swigging and slacking. And the eleven o'clock p. m. curfew was hours too late, and upheard of affrontry to time interfere with their personal privileges of starving the world their brawn as shirkers and wizards with the balls of ivory and cushions of plush. Possibly such games are interesting and harmless; certainly they are worthless and unproductive. Those addicted to such games not only waste their money, but their time. Time is very valuable and should now be used in preparing to shoot bullets straight rather than billiard balls.

AMERICAN TOMMIES CAN'T CHANGE OVER

London, March 23.—Many a Yank foot in well shined British army shoes has clattered up the steps of the A. E. F. base section these last few days. Keep your eye on the shoes. They go in airily enough, considering their displacement. They straddle smart while their occupant gives the doorkeeper his name, age, dimensions of the mole on his knee and his favorite brand of cheese. The feet begin to jiggle about nervously. Then one leans on the other for comfort. When the doorkeeper has given the word they march deferentially into an interior office, and the heels click together while the thrill of a 100 per cent salute goes through the Tommy's whole anatomy.

But remember he's a Yank. His feet are fixed at the polite angle for a few minutes, then snap together for another heel click. When they retrace their steps in the corridor and out to the sidewalk, their speed is somewhat slackened and their manner no longer airy.

These Yanks in the British army have come to London on leave and have applied at the base section for transfer to the A. E. F. But it can't be done. There's no military advantage in it. The men are among friends or General Pershing. It would mean or General Pershing. It would mean confusion to move them. No, sorry, but it has been necessary to turn down hundreds.

"I had a hunch I would be kissed on both cheeks if I came in to be transferred," a Yank Tommy said today. "I've been waiting five months to come here. And they don't want me. Well, I'll be hanged. Here I was imagining they'd give me a commission because I've been two years in the British army—or at least make an N. C. O. And they don't want me.

"Well, it really ain't so bad. I can't complain a-tall, a-tall. But I used to get a thinking in the trenches: pretty soon some of the guys from over home will be along down this trench line somewheres, and maybe some of 'em will be from Minneapolis where I come from. I helped build the motor speedway in Minneapolis. Ever heard of it? No it's called the Twin City Speedway—and what did St. Paul have to do with it? St. Paul's nothing but a suburb of Minneapolis, I'm telling you. See there—that is how you get gassing with a fellow from back home.

"I don't get altogether lonesome with the Tommies. They're damn fine fellows. But they don't know nothing about Minneapolis and its suburbs, like this St. Paul you was mentioning. And I thought it would be a good way to pass the time, chinning with the guys from back home.

"Then when I heard they were at last in the trenches, and I was standing by in our lines at night and thinking that down just a little ways to my right was a whole crew of nothing but Americans, why the hanker ing to join 'em got stronger and stronger in me. And it would have been pretty swell to be a sergeant over 'em 'cause if they're fighting in British style, I know the system to a T.

"I might mention another little thing and I don't want you to get the idea that I came over here to get rich. You understand that I came over here to fight—to clean up these dirty Boche. Well, us Tommies get something like a shilling sixpence a day, all the same as 36 cents American. Well, I figured I could make good use of about four times that amount, because I was making my good 3 pounds a day back home, and I like to buy some things when I want 'em.

"That's right. Smile. Smile your head off. I thought you'd believe I wanted to transfer for a little more change a day. But I didn't—so help me. And I can't, so let's let it drop."

FATE OF WORLD IS DEPENDENT ON KEEPING STRONG

That all depends upon the allies keeping their strength through the present year, when Germany and Austria are throwing the full weight of their resources into the balance against them, is the opinion of J. W. Hoopes, deputy governor of the Federal Reserve Bank at Dallas, who quotes Lloyd George as saying that "with American aid we can keep that strength."

"Now is the time American money is needed," says Mr. Hoopes in substance. "Buy Liberty Bonds," is the urge.

His statement in full, is as follows:

Issues Statement

The words of Lloyd George, English Premier, uttered recently before the House of Commons, contains a message which puts an issue squarely up to every American worthy of the name. Mr. Lloyd George said:

"Everything therefore points to the definite determination of Germany to put the whole of her resources into seeing a military decision this year, and this means a prolonged battle from the North Sea to the Adriatic with Germany and Austria throwing in the whole of their strength. Everything depends upon keeping our strength right to the end, whatever the strain upon our resources may be. With American aid, we can do it."

Most Effective Now

So it is now that our sacrifice of men and money is wanted. It is now that it will be most effective. One dollar now counts as two later on. If ever there was a time when we were on trial nationally and individually it is now. Let us strike now while our allies are powerful, now while every blow and every dollar counts as it never did before and may never again. Let us rise above every sordid thought. Let us forget percentages, luxuries—everything, but the fact that here, right at our hand, is the opportunity to banish for ever this horrible menace which threatens our trade, our future, our national existence, our honor, our manhood and womanhood, and the lives of our sons. It is a great and solemn privilege vouchsafed to us to help at this moment. Everything that is best in us is calling now—now."

CONVOY OF TRANSPORTS PASSING LIGHTHOUSE IN BRITISH CHANNEL



A convoy is steaming up the Channel under the protection of destroyers. Overhead a watchful airship is peering down into the blue-green water for the "hidden hand" of the German navy.

FRUIT OR LEAVES—WHICH?

(By C. W. REID, President, The National Bank of Commerce, Wichita Falls, Texas.)

There is nothing so easy in this world as for people to talk about what they are going to do, what they would like to do, what it would be fine to do.

If this war could be won with words, there isn't the slightest doubt that long ago the Kaiser and all his miserable crew would have been reduced to such utter insignificance that we might almost be feeling sorry for them by now. But talk is not going to win this war.

Words have very right been compared to the leave son the tree of life, while actions are the fruit.

What are YOU going to represent—leaves or fruit?

It is all very well for you to talk eloquently against the Kaiser and against Germany. This is very necessary and a very useful thing to do in these days when there still remain some people who seem to be afraid to speak out their minds. But remember that words are not enough.

You must supplement your words with actions, you must have fruit as well as leaves on your tree.

And the action that counts nowadays is the buying of Liberty Bonds. Every Liberty Bond you buy for yourself or your family, every Liberty Bond that you persuade your friends and acquaintances to buy is a big healthy fruit that you have cultivated for the benefit of your country.

The strength of the United States in this great war consists mainly of two things: First, the loyalty and intelligence of its people, and, second, its enormous and inexhaustible material resources. The intelligence of its people applied to the developing of its resources is what is going to win the war. But in order that these resources shall be properly developed, in order that the necessary guns and ammunition, food and supplies of every description shall be sent to the men who have gone abroad it is of course necessary for endless quantities of money to be forthcoming.

And the way that this money will be provided is by the sale of Liberty Bonds.

Every Liberty Bond you buy, every Liberty Bond you persuade some one else to buy, is a distinct blow struck for freedom and for the honor of your country.

Thousands of the best people in America are giving their service freely for the purpose of helping to sell Liberty Bonds. Men whose earning power is very great are giving their time for nothing in order to sell Liberty Bonds. What are YOU doing?

Don't feel for a minute that because your powers may be limited that they are not wanted. Everything counts, from a $50 Liberty Bond up to one for $100,000. If you have not a hundred thousand dollars to invest in a Liberty Bond that is no reason why you should not buy a fifty dollar bond, and with the plan by which Liberty Bonds can be bought on easy payments, there is no one in this entire country that cannot afford to buy at least one Liberty Bond.

Have you bought yours? Have your friends bought theirs? Don't wait until the last minute and don't think that some one else is going to buy so that it will not be necessary for you to do so.

Each and every one of us must do his or her "bit" and therefore buy Liberty Bonds and kep on buying them.

MAN 50 YEARS OLD, FORMER RANGER, IS LATEST RECRUIT

TRUE TEXAS SPIRIT IS EVIDENCED BY H. E. CONKLIN, OF WILBARGER

An example of the true Texas spirit, of the sort that enabled the pioneer Texans to wrest the country from the Indians and the Mexicans is shown by H. E. Conklin, wealthy Wilbarger county ranchman, who though 50 years of age, over the age limit, came in yesterday to enlist in the Texas cavalry, not asking for a commission but ready and willing to take "pot luck" with the enlisted men. Mr. Conklin is a former Texas ranger and served several years under Adjutant General H. W. King. He is an expert rifleman and knows the Ranger game from beginning to end, so that he will be of much service in the new cavalry. Mr. Conklin is expected to be the means of bringing in a number of like-spirited men of mature age from this section.

TEXAS CAVALRY RECRUITS FAST FILLING BLANKS

OFFICERS ARE MUCH ENCOURAGED BY WAY MEN ARE COMING FORWARD

Enlistments in the new cavalry of the Texas National Guard are coming in well and the officers and others interested are much encouraged by the interest shown by men of all ages.

The draft board announces that Class 1 men enlisting in the Guard will not be called in the draft providing that the Guard is federalized, which is expected to be just as soon as the companies are recruited. Class 2 men should take this opportunity of getting into the service as this class will be in the next call and from all appearances this will be a very short time away.

Men enlisting in the Guard will have the same allowance made their families as men in the regular and National Army. The government is making provision for all dependents, regardless of the branch in which the men are serving.

FRENCH PRAISE SPLENDID WORK OF AMERICANS

By Associated Press

With the French Army in France, Tuesday, April 23.—The valor and steadfastness of the American troops during the German attack at Seicheprey last Saturday is given unstinted praise by the French troops on the same front. This admiration for the fighting qualities of his trans-Atlantic comrades is demonstrated in a report forwarded to the general commanding by the colonel of a French infantry regiment which took part in the Seicheprey engagement.

"I visited Renneres wood after the counter attack in which the position was recaptured and examined the situation in detail," says the report. "Everywhere fraces of hand to hand fighting show that the American soldiers, despite two hours of heavy bombardment by large calibre guns, defended themselves valiantly.

"In the vicinity between the front trenches and the communication trench connecting the Jury and Renneres wood, two American machine gunners died fighting on their weapons after covering the ground around with German dead. The enemy suffered great losses thanks to this heroic resistance.

"Everywhere there are signs of German wounded having been carried off while many German bodies remain because the retiring enemy was unable to remove them. Numbers of the dead belong to German storming detachments."

LIGHTLESS NIGHTS ARE NO LONGER TO BE OBSERVED HERE

MANDS ORDER UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST.

Wichita Falls has had its last Lightless night until next September 1, an order from State Fuel Administrator Wiley Blair received today suspending the observance of lightless nights on Thursday and Sunday until that date. This is done by order of Federal Fuel Administrator for the United States, H. A. Garfield. This new ruling is made on account of the saving of light made possible by the daylight saving bill observance, as the lights are not turned on until a late hour, according to Mr. Blair.

WARNING ISSUED TO ALL DEALERS ON SUGAR SALES

ADMINISTRATOR ALSO CITES ORDER REGARDING POTATOES

Renewed warning to all dealers regarding the sale of sugar, a scarcity of which continues, is issued in a statement today by County Food Administrator T. B. Smoot, who also calls attention to Federal ruling requiring that potatoes shall be sold by the pound only.

Dealers, it is announced, must sell not more than eighty per cent of the amount of sugar to manufacturing candy, ice cream or like concerns in any month this year than was sold for the corresponding month last year to the same concern and no sugar may be sold to any manufacturing concern which has been organized since January 1, 1918, except upon written instructions from State Food Administrator Peden.

Must Fill Blanks.

Housewives may purchase sugar in quantities for preserving purposes only when they sign the following blank:

"This is to certify that I require ... pounds of sugar at this time to be used by me for preserving purposes, exclusively, and if same is not used by me within the next twenty days after purchase, I agree to return same to the merchant from whom purchased.

"Signed ....."

Merchants will be required to supply themselves with these blanks and to have them on file ready to show the food administrator or other qualified official on demand.

Attention is also called to the following:

Potato Ruling.

District and County Administrators:

The attention of all administrators is called to Rule 3, page 15 of the rules and regulations governing the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of food commodities for domestic trade by persons subject to license, which reads as follows:

"Rule 3—The licensee shall quote, buy and sell potatoes only by the pound."

Throughout Texas this rule applies to the unlicensed dealer as well as to licensees, and failure to observe it exposes any dealer to the penalty of having his license revoked, if he is licensed, or of having his supplies cut off if he is not licensed.

Very truly yours,
E. A. PEDEN, Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

MUCH ACTIVITY SHOWN AT SUBMARINE BASES

London, April 4.—Reports of intense activity at German naval bases, says a Daily Mail despatch from The Hague are connected in some circles with an address Emperor William made to submarine commanders in Flanders. During his speech the emperor said:

"The activities of the submarines together with our victorious armies and fleet are calculated to bring a strong German peace I am convinced that the united strength of these three weapons will in a comparatively short period make our opponents, who are still bent on destroying Germany's strong and free future, ready to accept an equitable peace."

SAYS U. S. ARMY MUST HAVE THREE MILLION ON LINE

MAJOR G. W. SIMMONS, OF AMERICAN RED CROSS RETURNS FROM FRONT

PREDICTS TWO YEARS WAR

Says Germans Will not Break Through Line and Counter Drive Will Be Beginning of the End

Special to The Times.

St. Louis, April 23—Major George W. Simmons, manager of the Southwestern Division of the American Red Cross, has returned from a stay of nearly three months in Europe where he visited every section of the fighting line, spending 20 days in the American sector. He sums up his observations as follows:

The United States must send 3,000,000 men to France and even with this number the war is not likely to end until the fall of 1920. The losses in the recent fighting have been truly appalling, the Germans suffering the most. Reliable estimates made in Paris place the German dead in the first eight days fighting at 378,000.

Hold Miles of Trenches

Americans have been holding four and one-half miles of trenches near Toul in the Vosges country since early in January.

The Germans will not break through the allied line and when the present will begin a drive that will mean the beginning of the end of the war.

Major Simmons sailed from New York January 25, his object being to learn just what the Red Cross is doing and just how the millions of dollars contributed in the United States and especially by Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Texas, and Oklahoma, the five states in the Southwestern Division, are being spent. He returns filled with enthusiasm for the work already done but with a full appreciation of the immensity of the task that now confronts the organization.

"The American Red Cross has more than 3,000 active workers in France, of whom 750 are volunteers who are working for nothing," said Major Simmons. "Among these are some of the biggest men in America who are doing all kinds of labor without a cent of compensation.

Direct Departments

"A great many Eastern men of unusual experience are directing various departments and in Paris each week a conference of about 25 of these men is held to discuss the work of the Red Cross. I don't believe there is a board of directors in the United States that is as strong as this body in brains, experience and keen judgment.

"Many of the warehouses have men working in them who at home were heads of large business organizations, yet they do the hardest kind of labor without a murmur.

"The American Red Cross in France is nothing but the external manifestation of the American people and we aim to do over there what any American would do if confronted with the same situation. To say that the work had been a success is not enough; it has been vital. General Petain himself has said that were it not for the American Red Cross work during the winter of 1916-17, France could not have held the French people in the war. That was the winter when coal sold for $100 a ton and was hard to get at that price and the Red Cross cared for thousands of French families though scores of clinics and aid stations scattered throughout France.

Equipped for Emergencies

"The Red Cross in France is equipped for emergencies of all kinds while many of the army organizations are not. It is right here where it does much good. An instance of this occurred not long after American troops arrived. Through some railroad error the baggage of a number of American troops was lost and they had nothing to wear but what they had on. The Red Cross had no red tape in the form of requisition and supplied the men with blankets, shoes, underwear, socks, and mufflers, and saved them from hardships.

"The American army has taken over hospital work, and the Red Cross continues to furnish much of the supplies to the 3500 hospitals in France. Right at this point I want to drive something home to the people of this State and all other states.

More Hospital Beds

"The Red Cross has been told that more hospital beds must be supplied for American troops than the total number of hospital beds now in the United States, including all the public and private institutions. To bring this right home, more beds must be supplied for the boys from Missouri alone than the total number that now are in this State. This gives you an idea of the magnitude of the proposition.

"The American trenches at one point overlook a cemetery where 20,000 French soldiers are buried. It was once French territory, but it is now No Man's Land. This is a grim reminder to our boys of what war really means."

The spirit of the American troops in France is the object of praise and admiration from everyone said Maj. Simmons. "Everywhere I went," he continued, "I saw it. Groups would gather and shortly a song would be heard. Our whole army over there is remarkably free from sickness of all kind.

"The stories about the wild debauchery and drunkenness among the troops in France is not an exaggeration—it is a plain unadulterated lie. The time I was at the headquarters there was not a single case of alcoholism reported for the entire army.

COUNTY'S FARMERS HAVE OPPORTUNITY TO GET BOY HELP

PROF. CLARK SAYS FIFTY YOUTHS ARE READY TO WORK DURING SUMMER

Farmers of Wichita county are being given an opportunity to make application for members of the Boys' Working Reserve to work their farms this summer, Prof. Lee Clark, superintendent of the city schools, who is chairman of the enrollment in this county, announcing that he will furnish farmers interested all desired information and the required blanks. Fifty boys of Wichita county have already enrolled, signifying their willingness to serve on farms, truck gardens or anywhere else they are needed and can do the work during vacation this summer and still other boys are expected to enlist, so that there will be a number of workers for Wichita county farms available right at home, in the event there is any need.

Some Inquiries Made

Several farmers have already made inquiries of Mr. Clark as to the regulations of the Reserve and the manner in which the aid can be secured. Mr. Clark is supplied with full information and is anxious to hear from as many farmers who expect to need extra labor this summer. A blank has been supplied for the farmer to sign, which will be of assistance to the men at the head of the Reserve in estimating the work which the boys will be called on to do. This blank, which gives considerable information in itself, follows:

Blanks Sent Out

Name .....
Post office .....
County .....
Nearest R. R. Station .....
Name of R. R. .....
Phone..... Nearest Town.....

Without definitely obligating myself, but rather to give you some indication as to what I anticipate in the way of labor requirements this summer (between May 20 and September 10th), I hereby notify the U. S. Department of Labor, through the Boys' Working Reserve for Texas, that:

I probably can use..... boys or boys, 16 to 21 years of age, whom I shall need .....(date). I am willing to pay.....dollars per day with board and lodging. I am willing to pay .....dollars per day without board and lodging.

In consideration of the service they are to rener me, I shall gladly co-operate with them in their efforts to succeed, and will be patient and considerate of them. I realize that their presence on my farm will be indicative of the patriotism they possess, and, therefore, deserving of an equal amount of patriotic effort on my part to build of them fine, stalwart citizens, equipped for the man's job which of necessity they now must shoulder.

The Following is addressed to the Texas Farmer:

You ought to know about the United States Boys Working Reserve.

One farm out of every five in America was short a man before the war, a total shortage in man-power of one million men. Over half a million men from country communities have been taken into the army by the draft. In some sections more men have gone to the city to work in factories and other occupations than have been taken by the draft.

To help supply this shortage..... Texas boys between the ages of 16 and 21 have enrolled in the United States Boys' Working Reserve in the last month. These boys are physically fit, are willing to learn, and want to help you on your farm during the summer months while they are out of school.

Inspired by the same patriotic spirit and love of Country with which their older brother goes to the trenches, these young men wish to serve in the Army behind the Army. Can they serve you?

U. S. BOYS' WORKING RESERVE OF TEXAS.
611 Sumpter Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

DETROIT STREET CARS HALTED BY STRIKERS

By Associated Press

Detroit, April 24.—Street car service in Detroit was brought to a stand still here this morning as the result of the action of a small proportion of the motormen and conductors, in voting last night to suspend work. About 500 of the more than 3,000 car men voted for the strike without the sanction of their union officers and sent out pickets to meet the men reporting for work this morning. The few cars that started out on the day runs were soon returned to the barns and most of the city's wage earners walked to their places of employment. The car men are seeking increases in wages.

DO YOU USE OUR
"WHO CAN BEAT IT"
Fresh Roasted Coffee—????
If not, why not????????????

BERT BEAN COFFEE HOUSE
824 Indiana Ave Telephone 35

HUNS AND HINDUS WITH FEW OTHERS TO BE SENTENCED

CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE NEUTRALITY OF UNITED STATES WAS CHARGE

FRANZ BOPP AMONG THEM

Trial Sharply Focussed by Killing of One Defendant by Another at San Francisco

By Associated Press

San Francisco, April 24.—Sentence will be pronounced next Tuesday by Federal Judge William C. Van Fleet on twenty nine persons, Hindus, former German consular officers, business men and others who were found guilty, by a jury early this morning of conspiracy to violate the neutrality of the United States shrough plots to foment revolution against British rule in India.

Thirty were on trial and the only verdict of "not guilty" was returned in the case of John F. Craig, head of the Craig Shipbuilding Yards, Long Beach California.

The German defendants were not entitled to bail, the court ruled, and the following were ordered interned pending sentence:

Those to Be Sentenced

Frang Bopp, former German consul at San Francisco; E. H. Von Shack, vice consul; Charles Tattendorff, "body guard" to Wilhelm von Bricken, military attache of the German consulate; Walter Sauerback, navigating officer of the German Gunboat Geier; Captain Edwin De Inat, commander of the steamer "Holsatia," German merchantman interned at Hon. olulu; Captain Heinrich Elba commander of the steamer "Ahlers," German merchantman interned at Hilo and Henry Kauffman, Chancellor of the German consulate.

The bail of each Hindu defendant was fixed at $25,000.

The remaining defendants and their bail was announced as follows:

Others on Bail

J. Clyde Hysar, San Diego, California, city atorney of Coronado, Calif., and former paymaster of the United States naval militia, $15,000.

Joseph L. Bley, member of a local brokerage firm $15,000.

Bernard Manning, San Diego realty man and politician $25,000.

Robert Gapello, local agent of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, $25,000.

Harry J. Hart, wealthy San Fraacisco shipping broker $15,000.

Morris Stock von Goltzheim, local real estate and insurance man $25,000.

Louis Hengler, San Francisco, admiralty lawyer, $15,000.

Shooting Heightens Interest

Public interest in the trial was sharply focussed by a dramatic incident in the court room yesterday when Ram Singh, a Hindu defendant shot and killed Ram Chandra, a co-defendant. Ram Shingh was in turn killed by a bullet fro mthe revolver of United States Marshal James B. Holohan, who fired over the heads of the panic stricken crowd that was filing from the court room just prior to the noon recess.

Ram Chandra was editor of Hindustan "Chandre" (Revolution).

The shooting was the result of a fued among rival factions of the Hindu defendants federal authorities said, and the dislike that existed between Ram Chandra and Ram Singh had been heightened by a controversy over a parcel of land in Canada owned by Singh.

Passenger Rates To Be Rearranged Soon By Administration

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 24.—Re-arrangement of passenger rates on indirect routes to increase travel on direct lines is contemplated by the railroad administration. Railroad passenger rate experts were called into conference here today to draft a new scale of rates for submission to Director General McAdoo.

Under the proposed plan, for instance, travel to the Pacific Coast from the east by way of New Orleans and other southern routes would be at actual mileage rates.

FEW SKILLED MEN ARE REGISTERED IN THIS COUNTY

ONLY TWENTY MEN OF TRADES SO FAR HAVE BEEN DESIGNATED OFFICIALLY

Wichita Falls is wa, behind in the registration of skilled workers in the draft for service in special divisions of the United States army, according to the local exemption board, which reports that in this city and county there have been only 20 registered as skilled in some of the trades for which the government is calling for workers. This is not at all a favorable showing when compared with other cities nearby, Denison, for instance, where in one day 150 experienced railroaders registered and where other trades were equally well represented.

"The government needs these skilled men and the men themselves should find it more pleasant working at something to which they are accustomed, than being privates in the trenches," the board states. "We are sure that the Wichita county men are as much skilled various trades as those of any other part of the country, but they are falling down in their duty by failing to register for this special work. Workers will be needed as much as the fighters and the aim of every man of draft age should be to serve where he is most needed. This is the last time, we believe, that men will be given an opportunity to enroll for special service, and there should be no more delay in registering."

Dean Howard has bought the Mount Tailoring Co. The sale being made yesterday.

MANY TEXANS GET COMMISSIONS AT CAMP OGLETHORPE

ACTUAL OFFICES WILL BE GIVEN THEM AS THEY ARE NEEDED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—In announcing the names of graduates from the third officers training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, which was made public today the adjutant general gave out the following statement:

"Herewith is a list of names of men who have qualified at the third series of officers training schools to be listed as eligible for appointment as second lieutenants. These men will be carried on the list of eligible officers and commissioned at such times as suitable vacancies occur."

The list contains the following:

Infantry.

Fred A. Aherns, Victoria, Texas.
John T. Arrant, Terrell, Texas.
Lawrence Azbell, Waco.
Rodney E. Birkhicht, Shawnee, Oklahoma.
Marvin C. Bradley, Marlow, Okla.
Braxton D. Butler, Oklahoma City
William W. Caperton, Harwood, Texas.
Clarence E. Coolidge, Fort Worth.
John H. Crow, Hanna, La.
Thomas P. Cruce, Silsam Springs, Ark.
Claude W. Davis, Romer, La.
Ira C. Dimmick, Shuteston, La.
Jesse N. Ford, Argenta, Ark.
Francisco M. Frasher, Beaumont.
Eugene M. Goss, Dallas.
Eral E. Graham, Coalgate, Okla.
Frod M. Howard, Oklahoma City.
Joseph N. Jones, Clarendon, Tex.
Samuel T. McCarty, Beeville, Tex.
Fred Merkinti El Paso.
Otho K. Morrison, Gatesville, Tex.
Clarence V. Nichols, Lampasas.
Melvin J. Prentice, Brownood.
James C. Richardson, Liberty Hill, Texas.
Paul Robertson, Ardmore.
Robert B. Ross, Tahlequah, Okla.
Tiley H. Scoville, Shreveport.
Charles N. Tannehill, Jonesboro, Ark.
Jess J. Tarter, Ben Franklin, Tex.
Uriel G. Utley, Hardy, Ark.
Allen F. Vannoy, Corpus Christi.
Burt O. Warren, Waldron, Ark.
Willard B. Wilson, Alta Loma, Tex
Percy R. Winch, Laredo.
Jesse E. Young, Oklahoma City.

Field Artillery.

Bernard C. Bruce, Moorefield, Ark.
Lloyd Napoleon Hutcheson, Springtown, Texas.
Thomas H. Kinsella, Dallas.
John C. Macklin, Purcell, Okla.
Jefferson F. Tillis, Port Arthur.
Charles Williams Jr., Dundee, Tex.

At Camp Gordon

The list of graduates from Camp Gordon, Georgia contains the following:

Infantry: George S. Hawthorn, R. F. D. Number 1, Eagan, Texas.
Thomas P. Jones, Blytheville, Ark
Charles A. Lambert, Dallas, Texas.
Earl Phillips, Shawnee, Okla.
James A. St. Clair, R. F. D. Number 6, Skimsboro, Texas.
Walter W. Wells, Charleston, Ark.

LIGHT VOTE IS BEING CAST IN ELECTION TODAY

NOT SINGLE SPEECH MADE HERE, AND "DRYS" ARE EXPECTING VICTORY

Wichita county today is experiencing one of the quietest local option elections ever held in Texas. 'Committees" conspicuous by their absence, there have been no appeals to the voters by the printed page and not a single speech has been made on either side.

The voting has been very light and up to 1:30 this afternoon only 394 votes out of a possible 2,000 or more had been polled. The number of votes polled in each of the five city boxes at that hour was as follows: Box I (City Hall) 88; Box 2, 57; Box II, 23; Box 12, 85; Box 13, 141.

Expect County to Go Dry.

Anti-prohibitionists and prohibitionists alike expect the county to vote dry, although some of the antis expect the city to return a wet majority. Many of those who have taken a leading part as anti-prohibitionists in other years, however, are voting dry and among the number, it is said, are several former saloon keepers who closed their doors through the operation of the ten mile zone law, expecting never to re-open them.

A large number of pros are failing to vote because of lack of interest and on the other hand many antis are not voting because they believe that if the government wants the saloons closed during the war nothing ought to be done that might encourage them to attempt to contest any state or federal government regulations.

The polls will remain open until 7 o'clock. The count cannot start until after the polls are closed in local option elections. However, as the vote is light the result ought to be known within an hour after the polls are closed.

Reports from Iowa Park, Electra and Burkburnett indicate very little interest and light votes at those points. More votes appear to be cast at Burkburnett than either Electra or Iowa Park and the indications were most the votes polled were for prohibition. At Iowa Park 96 votes had been cast at 2 o'clock out of a possible 250.

The local option election today grows out of the application of a Wichita Falls saloon men for a transfer of his license to a location in the precinct outside of the ten mile limit from Call Field after the operation of the zone law. To prevent any saloon from opening outside the ten mile limit the local option election was ordered.

Liverpool Spot Cotton

Liverpool, April 24.—Cotton spot fair business; prices weak; good middling $23.13; middling $22.61; low middling $22.08; good ordinary $21.08; ordinary $20.56. Sales 4,000 including 2,600 American. Receipts 13,000 including 8,000 American.

Futures closed quiet. New contracts April $23.05; May $22.26; July 21.89; August $21.51.

Old contracts fixed prices April $21.46; April-May $21.38; May June $21.30; June-July $21.22.

WILSON OPPOSES COURT MARTIAL FOR DISLOYAL PEOPLE

BELIEVES SPIRIT OF CHAMBERLAIN BILL IS NOT PROPER ONE

HE WRITES TO OVERMAN

Favors Without Compromise Senator's Bill For Coordinating all Government Departments

By Associated Press

Washington, April 22.—President Wilson came out today in opposition to the Chamberlain bill which would try violations of the sedition laws by court martial and in a letter to Senator Overman of North Carolina, declared his belief that the measure is unconstitutional.

If enacted, the president declared the bill would place the United States on a level with its enemies. The measure, he said, is opposed to the spirit and purpose of the espionage laws.

Chamberlain Bill.

Enactment of the Chamberlain bill has been urged before the Senate military committee as necessary to stamp out German propaganda. Vigorous opposition to its passage has been developing and Senator Borah has sought support of Senate leaders in his efforts to defeat it.

In his letter to Senator Overman the president also indicated that he would not compromise with oppon ents advocating amendment of the Overman bill, which proposes a broad general grant of power to re-organize government departments.

His Letter.

The president's letter follows:

"My Dear Senator: Thank you for your letter of yesterday. I am heartily obliged to you for consulting me about the court martial bill, as perhaps I may call it for short. I am wholly and unalterably opposed to such legislation and very much value the opportunity you give me to say so. I think it is not only unconstitutional but that in character it would put us nearly upon the level of the very people we are fighting and affecting to despise. It would be altogether inconsistent with the spirit and practice of America and in view of the recent legislation, the espionage bill, the sabotage bill and the woman spy bill, I think it is unnecessary and uncalled for.

"I take the liberty, my dear senator, for expressing myself in this emphatic way because my feeling is very deep about the matter, as I gather your own is.

"It is admirable the way you have been handling these important bills, and I thank you with all my heart for standing by the bill which bears your name without any compromise of any kind.

"It gives me the greatest satisfaction to tell how much I have appreciated what you have been doing.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

The bill has not had the support of the department of justice and Charles Warren, assistant attorney general, resigned last week it was said after his advocacy of the measure failed to receive the support of the attorney general.

Cause of Resignation.

Particulars concerning Mr. Warren's resignation became known today when Representative Gordon of Ohio made public a letter from Attorney General Gregory explaining the circumstances and declaring the Chamberlain bill to be directly opposed to the policies of the department of justice. The letter was in response to one by Representative Gordon asking if the Chamberlain bill was written in the attorney general's office. Mr. Gregory replied:

"On April 18 my attention was called to the fact that on or about April 8, Honorable Charles Warren sent to Senator Overman of North Carolina a brief with the following titles:

"'Who are spies?' A memorandum of law on the power of congress to subject civilians to trial by court martial under the explanation by Charles Warren, assistant attorney general of the United States' and that Mr. Warren had prepared and given to Senator Chamberlain a bill subsequently introduced by Senator Chamberlain * * * intended to carry out the views set forth in the brief * * *

No Connection.

"For more than six months Mr. Warren has had practically no connection with any of the activities of my department which would be affected by the legislation advocated by him. The brief and bill were sent or knowledge of the attorney general respectively without the consent orknowledge of the attorney general. The general policies therein urged and sought to be enacted into law are exactly contrary to those approved by the assistant to the attorney general, in charge of the problems involved and by the attorney general himself. I entirely disapprove of the action taken by Mr. Warren and it would not have been permitted had I known it was contemplated."

In writing the president, Senator Overman said today that he expressed that the Chamberlain bill is too drastic and also unnecessary.

Not to Press Bill.

He told the president that opportunity should be given for administration of the espionage laws before reporting to more severe action. Senator Chamberlain late today indicated that the senate military committee, in view of the president's opposition, would not press the bill. Further hearings planned, Senator Chamberlain said, have been indefinitely postponed.

AMERICAN CASUALTIES REPORTED TO CANADIANS

By Associated Press

Ottawa, Ont., April 122.—The names of the following Americans appear in today's casualty list:

Wounded: H. Wall, Liberty, Miss.; E. Creedon, "Company——, ninth infantry, U. S. A."

BOYCOTT OF GERMANY AFTER WAR PROPOSED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—International boycott of Germany after the war unless the German Reichstag or people by referendum accept definite principles of international law is proposed in a Senate resolution sponsored by Senator Owen of Oklahoma.

WESTERN FRONT TO DECIDE WAR DECLARE HUNS

LUDENDORFF BELIEVES THAT "FIGHT TO FINISH" ONLY CAN BRING PEACE

By Associated Press.

New York, April 23.—Peace for Germany, according to General Ludenuorff, chief quartermaster general, rests upon the fighting on the western front and without severe battles fought to finish, Germany cannot obtain peace. These statements were made during an interview with German newspaper correspondents at great headquarters and printed in German newspapers, which have been received here.

Field Marshal Von Hindenburg was interviewed at the same time and the two German leaders apparently were convinced that for Germany force was needed to bring about peace.

Peace in the east meant a tremendous relief for the Germans in the west. Ludendorff said, adding:

"Now we are about to gain the ascendency numerically. We ourselves are in a position to assume the offensive wherever we desire.

Referring to France, General Ludendorff said:

"We may well say, without exaggeration that France has dug her own grave. She is about to bleed herself to death. Undoubtedly the French are brave soldiers."

Lieutenant General Von Ardone, the military critic of the Tageblatt, on March 20 the day before the beginning of the offensive, in an analysis of the interview with the military leaders, wrote:

"The German army leaders look forward with grave concern to the final fighting. The saving of German blood they have at all times considered as a sacred duty. But the German people and their allies will have to accept the necessity that the final battle must be fought out."

CASUALTIES

By Associated Press.

Washington, April 22.—The casualty list today contained seventy one names divided as follows:

Killed in action 10.
Died of wounds 5.
Died of accident 1.
Died of disease 4.
Other causes 2.
Wounded severely 7.
Wounded slightly 42.

The men killed in action are all privates. Lieutenant Stanley Huguenin died of accident and Lieutenants Marland C. Hobbs, George Peck, Arlie Alfred Schardt and Edward B. Wilcox were slightly wounded. The lits follows

Killed in Action

Privates Herbert F. Akroyd, Elmer G. Dawley, Ray D. Kraeger, John J. Larkin, Manuel Martin, George H. Nessigian, Herman Salner, John F. Slaton, Charles Waldron, Bugler Grover K. Tanner.

Died of Wounds

Corporal Frank B. Amaral; Privates Henry J. Bergaron, Walker Hammett, Charles A. Henry, Leroy S. Wells.

Died of Accident

Lieutenant Stanley Huguenin.

Died of Disease

Sergeant Frank C. Cataldo, pneumona, Corporal Theodore Peck, tuberculosis; Privates Jos. L. Mattingly, pneumonia; James T. Welch, empyema.

Died of Other Causes Unexplained

Privates Frank J. Watson, Arthur Williams.

Wounded Severely:

Sergeant Edward C. Smith, Corporal Joseph Thifault, Privates John J. Brock, William J. Dillon, Abraham A. Fletcher, Charles H. Harrington, Geo. Kertcher.

Wounded Slightly

Lieutenants Marland C. Hobbs, George Peck, Arlie Alfred Schardt, Edward B. Wilcox; Corporals Robert S. Albacki, Timothy J. Barry, Walker B. Boardman; Privates John J. Benoit, Harold W. Berry, Glen H. Cole, Samuel H. Cole, Samuel J. Coskery, Edward L. Dambruch, Thomas N. Elukevich, Pasquale Ferrugano, John Fraco, Tony Frisco, Charles Germain, Phillip H. Goss, Harry Gould, Charles J. Hogan, Edward Boscoe Killion, Joseph A. Lacoy, Oclide Lavelle, Armand Lemieux, Lawrence R. Loveland, Karold McDonald, Edward L. McFadden, Charles F. McLean, Lawrence J. McNamara, Freddie Moreau, Joseph Nuzski, Daniel J. O'Leary, George W. Russel, Frank St. John, Elwin A. Sheldon, Charles J. Sheridan, Frank N. Sincoski, George H. M. Thompson, Aron Torsian, Merwin H. Tuttle, Peter Viola, Alfred S. Yaffe. Previously reported missing, now reported killed: Major Raynal Cawthorne Bolling.

—o—

Washington, April 23.—The casualty list today contained forty-three names divided as follows:

Killed in action 2.
Died of wounds 1.
Died of disease 4.
Wounded severely 9.
Wounded slightly 27.

Three officers are named. Lieutenant Bernard F. McMeel was wounded severely and Lieutenants Thomas H. Holmes and Harry D. McNiel were wounded slightly.

Killed in Action.

Privates Frank G. Kane, Daniel L. McGaffigan.

Died of Wounds.

Private Windford Plorf.

Died of Disease.

Private Homer Bybee. Privates J. Frederick Courtney, George Lyeth, J. Payne.

Wounded Severely.

Lieutenants Bernard F. McMeel. Sergeant Henry C. Schwarnz, Corporal C. P. Kubiak, Mechanic Joseph P. Wittcamp, Privates, Charles F. Allen, Walter A. Antoniewicz, Michael J. Cleary, Tony Plazzito, Piem Stapleton.

Slightly Wounded

Lieutenants Thomas H. Holmes, H. D. McNeil, Corporals William Carstens, George E. Egan, Edward Pieckarski, John Thompson, Privates J. J. Aleskandrowicz, Eugene M. Binion, J. W. Burke, Henry C. Burt, John Erickson, Bernard F. Erwin, Raynor Fahty, Frank E. Henry, Corporal William La Flamme, Privates Herbert F. Melvin, Robert J. Nicholson, Thomas Okelja, Harry N. Rayney, Harry F. Reed, Frank T. Savage, George F. Scheirick, Arthur L. P. Tarr, Foster Thomas, Harold R. Walker, J. Edwin Wickman, Neal E. Wood

By Associated Press

Washington, April 24.—The casualty list today contained forty-three names divided as follows:

Killed in action 6.
Died of wounds 2.
Died of disease 1.
Wounded severely 10.
Wounded slightly 3.

Lieutenant Renville Wheat is the only officer named. He was slightly wounded.

The list follows:

Killed in Action.

Sergeants Joseph H. Broadhead, O. G. Fuller, Corporal Frank P. Gordon, Privates Charles W. Fyot, Felix M. Olivia, Roger Wilson.

Died of Wounds.

Corporals Frank D. Brooks Wagoner John Burwell, Private Charlie B Knutson.

Died of Disease.

Sergeants James A. Mulligan, Privates Guisseppe Baldi, Clarence Bashaw, LeRoy Cook, Donald H. Munn, Ben Newell, Ora Newton Tidd, John N. Tweten, Winifred R. Vaux, Karl Wagner, John Hedges Weston.

Severely Wounded.

Corporal Vinal B. Rideout, Privates Steve Adams, Horimdas Des Rochers, John W. Gosminski, William E. Loper, Edward H. Monahan, Thomas E. Morrison, Louis P. Palner, Garrard Stillings, Carl L. Witham.

Slightly Wounded.

Lieutenant Renville Wheat, Battalion Sergeant Major Joseph E. Housworth Jr., Sergeant Charles Cockerill, Corporal Arthur D. Muirhead, Buglers Frederick D. Hurrell, Earl H. Ramage, Privates Walter Cheever, Raymond E. Crowell, John Crowley, William J. Graham, Gaze Guernsey, Antony Kowalczyk, John R. Stoddard.

Women Must Register With County Clerk To Vote In Primaries

By Associated Press

Austin, Tex., April 24.—An opinion being prepared by Assistant Attorney General Townsend, holds that women who desire to vote in the primaries July 27 must register with the county clerk. The opinion points out that while a previous opinion held that women could register with tax collectors, the time for the tax collectors to make their rounds has expired and unless the women already have registered it will be necessary for them to go to the county seats.

Major Culbertson Is Made Commandant Of Training School

Fort Worth, Tex., April 24.—Major W. L. Culbertson, formerly county superintendent of Hill county schools, has been appointed commandant of the fourth officers training school at Fort Worth, opening May 15. Only enlisted men of the Texas and Oklahoma division and graduates of Texas and Oklahoma military schools will be accepted.

Market Report

COTTON MARKET AGAIN EVIDENCES EARLY DECLINE

By Associated Press.

New York, April 24.—An opening decline of six to 20 points in the cotton market here was only a partial response to the lower cables and prices steadied up after the call on covering for over the weekly report of the weather bureau. The weakness in Liverpool was supposed to reflect prospects for another reduction in Marine war risk insurance following the raid on German submarine bases, and there were also rumors that a large amount of freight room had been allotted to the cotton trade for May shipment. These rumors were not confirmed but served to check selling on the decline abroad and prices worked about 5 to 12 points net higher after the call. July sold up from $28.60 to $28.82 and October from $27.59 to $27.80.

Cotton futures opened steady: May $28.70; July $28.63; October $27.63; December $27.35; January $27.26.

Later reports that the freight room allotted for May shipment to Liverpol amounted to only 90,000 bales were somewhat disappointing and when the weekly report of the weather bureau failed to inspire fresh buying the market turned easier under liquidation and Liverpol selling. July was relatively weak breaking to $28.43 or 34 points net lower while October sold off to $27.50 or 18 points below last night's close.

The weekly weather report read bullishly, indicating that farm work is behind normal in the northern part of the belt.

New Orleans Cotton

New Orleans, April 24.—Early prices in cotto nhere today were 9 to 21 points off in sympathy with poor cables and because of improvement in weather conditions over the belt. Buying based on expectations of unfavorable weekly crop returns met the decline and caused a quick upturn, which put active months six to 10 points over yesterday's close.

New Orleans.—Cotton opened steady. Opening bids May 28.15 asked; July 27.53; October 26.56; December 26.40; January 26.25.

The weekly crop returns were considered unfavorable but had little effect beyond giving the market a steady tone. At non prices were 3 to 9 points under yesterday's close.

LIVESTOCK

Fort Worth Livestock

Fort Worth, Tex., April 24.—Cattle receipts 6,000; steady. Beeves $9.00@14.75; stockers 8.00@12.00; heifers $9.00@13.00; cows $7.25@11.00; bulls $7.25@7.50; calves $7.50 to 13.50.

Hogs 5,000, 10 to 20 lower, heavy $17.50@17.60; light $17.40@17.50; medium 17.00@17.40; mixed $16.50@17.00; common 15.50@16.25; pigs $10.00@16.60.

Sheep receipts 50. Lambs $16.50@20.00; yearlings $15.50@16.50; wethers $14.00@15.00; ewes $13.50@14.50; culls $9.00@11.00; goats $8.00@10.00.

Kansas City Livestock

Kansas City, April 24.—Hogs, receipts 16,000, 10 lower. Bulk $17.10@17.40; heavy $17.10@17.40; light $17.35@17.55; pigs $13.50@17.00.

Cattle receipts 12,000 steady. Prime fed steers $16.25@17.25; dressed beef steers $15.00@16.50; southern steers $9.00@14.00; cows $7.75@13.75; heifers $9.00@14.00; stockers $8.50@14.00; calves $8.00@13.00.

Sheep receipts 8,000. Steady. Lambs $20.50@21.75; yearlings $16.50@18.00; wethers 15.00@17.00; ewes 15.00 15.90 @16.75; stockers $8.50@20.00.

CORN STRONGER RESULT OF LACK OF OFFERINGS

By Associated Press

Chicago, April 4.—Strength developed in the corn market today as a result of failing off in arrivals from this country and owing to lack of offerings. It took but little buying to bring about a sharp advance. Opening prices, which varied from unchanged figures to ¾ lower, with May $1.27¼ and July $1.49⅝ to $1.49⅝, were followed by an upturn all around, especially in July.

Demand from the seaboard helped to lift the oats market. There was no pressure to sell. After opening a shade off to ¼ advance, prices scored material gains.

Provisions averaged lower with hogs Trade was chiefly in lard and ribs.

	OPEN	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE
CORN—				
May	1.27¼	1.27⅝	1.27⅛	1.27⅜
July	1.49⅜	1.50¾	1.48¾	1.49⅜
OATS—				
April	.89¼	.89¼	.87¾	.88¼
May	.84⅝	.85⅜	.83¾	.84⅛
June	.81⅝	.81⅝	.81¼	.81⅛
July	.74⅝	.75¼	.74¼	.74⅝
Pork—				
May	47.50	47.55	47.35	47.45
July	47.25	47.40	47.15	47.15
LARD—				
May	25.00	25.07	24.82	24.82
July	25.30	25.37	25.17	25.17
RIBS—				
May	23.07	23.07	22.80	22.80
July	23.60	23.60	23.35	23.35

Kansas City Cash Grain

aKnsas City, April 24.—Corn number 2 mixed $1.64@.68; number 2 white $1.75@1.78; number 2 yellow, $1.65@1.69.

Oats number 2 white .86½@87; number 2 mixed .84@.84½

New York Stock Market

New York, April 24.—Gains extending from 1 to 2 points in Reading, Anaconda and Inspiration Copper, Sumatra Tobacco and Loose Wiles Biscuit were the distinguishing features at the opening of today's stock market. Otherwise changes were limited to fractions mainly upward. The motor group was irregular and specialties manifested variable tendencies. Dealings were light, interested again centering in the war situation. Liberty Bonds yielded slightly.

Specialties continued to feature the trading of the mid-session, Sumatra Tobacco, fertilizers, and papers adding 1 to 2 points to their gains of the morning. Standard stocks also rallied to levels where they exceeded opening advances.

Chicago Produce

Chicago, April 24.—Butter unchanged. Eggs receipts 52,882 cases unchanged.

Potatoes lower; receipts 55 cars; Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota bulk $1.00@1.25; do sacks $1.20@1.30.

JUDGE JONES IS CANDIDATE FOR COUNTY JUDGE

In this issue of the Times appears the announcement of Judge J. P. Jones who seeks the office of county judge of this county.

For twenty seven years Judge Jones has been closely identified with the people of this county and has in every way measured up to the requirements of good citizenship. For the past four years he has been justice of the peace of Precinct No. 1 and earnestly invites an inspection of his record as to whether or not he is a competent officer and fair alike to every class.

In this crucial time his record as a patriot is excelled by none for in addition to contributing all that he can from a material standpoint he has given three sons that are now in the service battling for their country and in a few months the fourth will join them.

Citation by Publication

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Contable of Wichita County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon S. W. Lee by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County to appear at the next regular term of the 30th District Court of Wichita County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Wichita Falls, on the 3rd Monday in June, A. D. 1918, the same being the 17th day of June A. D. 1918, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 22nd day of April A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 6263, wherein Ruby Lee is plaintiff and S. W. Lee, defendant and said petition alleging that Plaintiff was legally married to defendant about January 5th, 1916 and continued to live togeth r as husband and wife for about one week during which time she treated defendant with kindness and affection, but defendant disregarding his marital vows and obligations began a course of unkind harsh and tyrannic conduct toward plaintiff, cursed and abused her, and abandoned here, since which time she has supported herself; that defendant has not contributed to her support and that his whereabouts is unknown to plaintiff that defendant's action and conduct toward her generally are of such a nature as to render their further living together insupportable, wherefore plaintiff prays the court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, for judgment dissolving said marriage relations. That her maiden name Ruby Andrews, be restored to her for cost of suit and for such other and further relief special and general as she may be entitled to.

Hergin Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Wichita Falls, this the 22nd day of April A. D. 1918.

A. F. KERR, Clerk,
District Court Wichita County.
By Bonnie Bell Zetzseke, Deputy.
Weekly April 26-, May 3-10-17

At this particular time the county is particularly interested in having a business administration as the building of the roads and other improvements are to be made which will require a judicious handling of the funds of the county and Judge Jones believes that his large and varied experience as a business man peculiarly fits him for the office at this time. 296 2t

Explosion of Engine At Beaumont Results In Loss of One Life

By Associated Press

Beaumont, Tex., April 23.—Engineer B. B. T. was seriously injured when a Gulf Coast Railway Locomotive exploded here early today, injuring eight other people and partly demolishing two houses. He died while enroute to Houston, according to advices received here from Grayburg.

Professional Cards

ATTORNEYS

ROBERT E. HUFF
Attorney-at-Law
Prompt attention to all civil business.
Notary in office. Office: Rear First National Bank.

MARTIN, BULLINGTON, BOONE & HUMPHREY
Rooms: 11—12-13-14, K. & K. Building.

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CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT
Lawyers
211 K. & K. Building Phone 1424
Practice in all the Courts

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

DR. JUDGE R. E. RICHARDSON
Licensed Graduate Veterinary and deputy interstate inspector and general practice. Residence phone 1076; Office phone 88. Office: 510 Ohio

DENTISTS.

DR. W. H. FELDER
Dentist
605 Seventh Street

ARCHITECTS AND CIVIL ENGINEERS

SANGUINET, STAATS & PATE
Architects
507 K. & K. Bldg. Wichita Falls, Tex.

ISBELL AND METCALFE
Civil Engineer and Surveyor
Room 4 and 5 over National Bank of Commerce. Office phone 702; Res. 705.

GUARANTEE ABSTRACT AND TITLE COMPANY
W. F. Turner, Manager
702 Seventh St. Office phone 661.
Courthouse phone 1264

Political Announcements

For District Attorney:
FLETCHER S. JONES

For District Clerk:
A. F. KERR.

For County Tax Collector:
J. P. JACKSON
M. L. TITTLE
E. S. WHITELAW

For County Tax Assessor:
T. E. RAGSDALE

For County Clerk:
M. P. KELLY
WILL T. HARRIS

For Sheriff:
R. L. (BOB) McFALL
O. A. (GEORGE) HAWKINS
FRANK L. BURNS.
J. L. HUFFINE.

For County Treasurer:
T. W. (Tom) McHAM.

For County Attorney:
JOHN DAVENPORT
ED YARBROUGH

For County Judge:
SHIELD WEAVER.
W. T. CARLTON
J. P. JONES.

For County Commissioner, Precinct 1:
M. K. EMMERT.
ST. CLAIR SHERROD
JOHN FORE.

For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 1.

For Constable Precinct 1:
R. V. GWINN.
W. W. HUMPHRIS.

For Justice Peace, Precinct Place 2:
J. W. (JINKS) MODE.
P. H. LEATH.
C. J. (DAD) ARRINGTON

AMERICANS DEFEAT GERMANS

By Associated Press

With the American Army in France, April 20.—Twelve hundred German storm troops, the largest number ever concentrated against the American troops for an offensive operation were hurled against the American positions on a one mile front west of Renneres forest, northwest of Toul, today after a terrific bombardment of gas and high explosive shells. The enemy succeeded in penetrating the front line trenches and taking the village of Seicheprey, but after furious hand-to-hand fighting, which was still going on at nightfall, the American troops recaptured the village and most of the ground lost in the early fighting.

No Americans were taken prisoners, but four Germans were captured.

German airplanes, flying at a low altitude, attempted to disorganize the American fighting men but two enemy aviators were brought down and the others driven off.

The Germans suffered heavy casualties and the American lines remained virtually intact

American Airmen Oppose

The German airmen poured machine gun fire into the American troops but the anti-aircraft batteries came into play and American airmen took the air, bringing two of the enemy planes down and dispersing the others. All the American airmen returned saely.

All enemy troops carried entrenching tools indicating that they intended to occupy the American positions for a long period. A heavy haze overhung the sector when the attack began, but later there was bright sunshine. The American artillery did valiant work, the men on many of the batteries wearing gas masks.

The enemy's casualties are believed to have been the heaviest sustained by them thus far in any operation against American trops. Numbers of German dead are lying in No Man's Land in front of the American trenches.

The correspondent viewed the battle from a hill a short distance behind the lines. Trains moved to the front with great regularity and scores of hush shells were seen bursting, throwing up clouds of white smoke in the neighboring hills.

Heavy Rumbling Heard

The heavy rumbling was heard all day and American ambulances raced over the shell torn roads and approached within a short distance of the front line. Numbers of men in the rear positions begged their commanders to be sent up to assist the infantrymen bearing the brunt of the attack. The men of all services were eager for an opportunity to fight the enemy in the open. The resistance offered by the American trcops was a surprise to the enemy who expected to break through with little difficulty.

Contrasted with the activities of the Americans behind the lines, scores of old men, women and children were seen peacefully employed in the fields, apparently unmindful of the furious fighting which is going on less than five miles away. The troops in nearby towns eagerly sought news, expressing confidence in the Americans and hoping for the chance to take part.

All the Americans moving to the front were in the highest spirits and waved their caps to the cheering villages.

Place of Attack

The village of Seicheprey where the German attack occurred Saturday is northwest of Toul and about 7 miles east of the forest of Apprement where repulsed masses of German troops recently. The fact that German troops have been on the sector north of Toul has been known but the fighting at Seicheprey i with the report of an engagement north of St. Mihiel shows that upwards of 20 miles of the line in the sector is under American control.

Seicheprey lies among rolling hills over-looking a winding valley which runs off to the northeast. The probable objective of the German attack there was to get possession of a strategic road which parallels the battle line for 15 miles.

GERMAN PLANES BROUGHT DOWN BY AMERICANS

By Associated Press

With the American Army in France, Sunday, April 21.—Two low flying German airplanes were brought down Saturday by American machine gunners during the German attack in and about Seicheprey, northwest of Toul. The machine gunners who bagged the Germans had been ordered to retire, but they remained in their position and fought effectively against the enemy aviators.

During the engagement the Germans concentrated their artillery fire on the American telephone and telegraph wires which were cut many times. Couriers were forced to pass through two or three barrages in order to maintain communication. In the meantime, the men of the signal corps, many of them smoking cigarettes in face of a heavy bombardment restored the wires almost as fast as the enemy shells disrupted them.

Ambulance men ventured into No Man's Land during the thick of the fight and did heroic work in gathering up wounded. One German, who had offered to surrender, attempted to explode a bomb on the ground as three Americans approached. Another soldier however, discovered the trick and hurled a grenade at the German. One of the German's legs was blown off and he died later, a prisoner of the men he attempted to blow up. A village near the front lines which the correspondent visited today tells a mute tale of Saturday's fighting. There are huge shell holes in the streets and part of the church and other buildings have been blown off.

The enemy fire became so hot there that Salvation Army girls, who had been serving coffee and daughnuts to the Americans were forced to leave. The girls protested saying they were not afraid of the Germans and wanted to stay in their dugout but the officers did not wish to take the responsibility. As they left the girls were cheered by soldiers returning from the front lines.

BULGARIA-TURKEY WAR DECLARATION IS CONSIDERED

By Associated Press

Washington, April 23.—After spirited debate today in the Senate in favor of declarations of war by the United States with Turkey and Bulgaria, resolutions designed to initiate such declarations went over without action until tomorrow.

By Associated Press

Washington, April 23.—The resolution introduced by Senator Brandagee of Connecticut, calling upon the Senate foreign relations committee to give early consideration to a resolution proposed by Senator King of Utah, providing for a declaration of war against Bulgaria and Turkey was called up for consideration in the Senate today.

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania; republican and former secretary of state, offered a substitute for Senator Brandagee's resolution proposing that the president be requested, if not incompatible with the public interest to inform the Senate if there were any reasons against declarations of war with Turkey and Bulgaria.

Mr and Mrs. P. A. Harp of Kirkland are here for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nail.

NEW DESTROYER IS LAUNCHED AT FOUR RIVER YARD

SECRETARY DANIELS AND PARTY ATTEND CEREMONY AT PLANT

By Associated Press

Quincy, Mass., April 20.—It took no less a personage than Secretary Daniels himself to pry off the lid of secrecy, which on the declaration of war was clamped on by the navy department on the activities of the Bethlehem ship building plants—Four Rivers plant and Squantum works. Thesecretary of the navy came here on a tour of inspection of these yards escorted by Joseph W. Powell, vice president of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Company. With Mr. Daniels, Governor McCall, the mayors of Boston and Quincy and other guests arrived at Four River early in the morning. Here was a launching stand, over which one of the latest type of destroyers being turned out at the Four River poked her sharp cut bow.

The Four River band played the Star Spangled Banner and Mrs. Daniels discharged her office as sponsor of the latest of Uncle Sam's warships which took the water to the cheering of a constantly augmented mass of grimy ship builders.

Mr. Daniels appeared tremendously impressed for the yard he knew when he last visited it, had only 3,500 men at work. Today it has sivteen thousand.

"The greatest disappointment of the kaiser," Secretary Daniels said, "has not been the failure of the U-boat to starve our allies, although that was a keen disappointment. The greatest disappointment was the falling down of the well planned propaganda to foment social revolution in America. The greatest disappointment of all is that the efforts of his paid spies and commissaries whispering in ears of any laboring man who would listen, are worse than wasted.

"Labor in America understands that it depends for its life and progress and future victories upon overcoming German autocracy in this war."

Mr. Daniels announced that the new destroyer had been christened the **Bell in honor of Rear Admiral Henry** H. Bell a native of North Carolina, who commanded a division of the United States fleet under Farragut in the Civil War. Mr Daniels' party then visited the Squantum works where a few months ago was a quagmire and now stands a great ship building plant

KAISER MAY BE KING OF RUSSIAN PROVINCES

Amsterdam, April 22.—Berlin newspapers report that the national liberal party leaders have decided unanimously to send a telegram to Emperor William recommending that he accept the crowns of the former Russian governments of Esthonia and Livonia.

FORMER AUSTRIAN PREMIER REPORTED DEAD

By Associated Press

Amsteruam, April 22.—Baron Gautsch von Frankenthurn, former Austrian premier, is dead at his home in Vienna, says a dispatch today from the Austrian capital.

Baron Gautsch Von Frankenthurn had been three times Austrian premier, his last term in that office coming to a close late in 1911. He was 67 years of age.

Nicest, Newest Roads Are Neatly Torn Up By Allied Artillery

Ottawa, April 9.—The Germans are energetically repairing roads with large quantities of concrete slaps which are laid like paving stones declares Reuters correspondent at British headquarters in France in a despatch received tonight at the Ottawa agency.

"As soon as they are nicely set," continued the message, "our gunners tear great craters in the smooth surface. A captured letter describing the appearance of the Bapaume road pays tribute to the devastating work of our airmen and artillery."

Referring to the participation of Alpine troops in an attempt by the Germans to capture a chain of hills running eastward to Cassel, the message said:

"An officer of this corps in a letter which has fallen into our hands said, 'We have made up our minds to plunder again ruthlessly. In the Alpine corps we understand the business.'"

WATER SUPPLY NOW IS COMING FROM THE LAKE

Wichita Falls is now getting its water supply from Lake Wichita, exclusively, the water from the river wells which had been turned into the mains, being cut off for the time being, since the emergency is temporarily relieved. The lake has three months water supply added by recent rains, as has been previously estimated, and as long as this water lasts, river water will not be turned in.

NORTH OF ST. MIHIEL ATTACK IS REPULSED

With the American Army in France, April 20.—A German raid against the American position near St. Mihiel this morning was easily repulsed. The American troops withdrew from part of the front line and allowed the Germans to enter it. They then drove them out, the enemy leaving two dead in the trenches and one German lieutenant dead on the wire. Two wounded Germans were made prisoners but died later. One of the American patrols encountered an enemy patrol in another part of this sector and dispersed the Germans after a short fight. All the Americans returned safely.

The commander of one of the American units which bore the brunt of last week's fighting northwest of Toul addressed the men today, praising them for the gallantry and courage shown in that action and for their defeat of numerically superior enemy forces.

LOVE ME, LOVE MY DOG!



AN AMERICAN MASCOT of the HEADQUARTERS STAFF of the 1st. BRIGADE, EN ROUTE to the FRONT.
© BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION

As far as the armies of the United States may go and to whatever corners of the world the battle ships carrying the Stars and Stripes may fly, there is always to be found in the arm of some man or boy of each unit a mascot

"PROUD OF OUR ARMY IN FRANCE," SAYS MR. BAKER, BACK IN AMERICA



LEFT TO RIGHT,- LT. COL. M. L. BRETT, SECRETARY BAKER, RALPH A. HAYES and GENERAL W. M. BLACK, U. S. A. PHOTO by R. T. PHILLIPS, N. Y. H.

This is the only photograph of Secretary Baker taken upon his arrival at an American port after his momentous trip to France. He stated that he had returned to the United States with a sense of fine confidence and pleasure at the achievements of the United States and allied troops abroad.

"LADIES FROM HELL" ON THEIR WAY TO GREET THE HUNS



AMERICAN FORCES MOVING TOWARDS THE FIRING LINE
© COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION FROM U. S. G.

AMERICAN POWDER CARGO BLOWS UP FORTY-ONE KILLED

Washington, April 20.—An internal explosion wrecked the Florence H. in a French port on the night of April 17 with a probable loss of 41 members of the crew. The blowing up of the vessel was reported to the navy department by Vice-Admiral Sims, but the advice gave few details.

The brief announcement published today said: "The navy department has received a dispatch from Vice-Admiral Sims stating that the national Florence H. was blown up in a French port by an internal explosion on April 17 about midnight. First reports indicate that 34 out of her crew of about 75 were rescued. Most of the rescues were made by a United States destroyer, whose work Admiral Sims describes as 'most gallant.'"

Besides the civilian crew on the Florence H., there were 23 men in the naval armed guard aboard the vessel. The names of six survivors of the vessel had been received by naval officials as follows:

Aloysius Joseph Engelhardt, New York City.

Leonard Graham Johnson, New York City.

Leonard Lafayette Livesaye, South Richmond, Va.

John W. Rogers, next of kin not known but enlisted at New Haven, Conn.

Ray Hampton Smith, Sayville, N. Y.

Horace Campbell Woodworth, Hyde Park, Mass.

Livesaye, Rogers, Smith and Woodworth, were slightly wounded in the explosion but their injuries are not serious.

The Florence H. was built on the great Lakes for a foreign concern and was christened Souki Ahras. She was commandeered by the shipping board before completed but was cut in two and brought through the Welland canal and put together again. She was re-christened the Florence H., in honor of Mrs. Hurley, wife of the chairman of the shipping board, and was operated by the Luckenbach Steamship company for the board.

The vessel carried a civilian crew of about 52 men and last sailed from Philadelphia with a cargo of 5,000 tons of power and steel.

NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS SWELL LIBERTY LOAN

By Associated Press

Washington, April 23.—New subscriptions reported today raised the total of the Liberty Loan already pledged to $1,596,709,900. Until further reports are received it will not be possible to determine whether the St. Louis or the Minneapolis district exceeded its quota first.

The St. Louis district reported 332,769 individual subscribers, little more than half the number that had been expected. In Phillips county, Arkansas, where the population quota was 2,515, there were 5,801 purchasers. All sections of the St. Louis district exceeded their quotas except Tennessee and the city of St. Louis.

HUN IS CAPTURED IN FRENCH UNIFORM

Paris, April 23.—Wearing the uniform of a French infantryman, a German was arrested in the streets of Paris yesterday. He told the authorities he was born in Alsace and had deserted from the German army after being brought to the western front from Galicia. The police are of the opinion that the prisoner is a German officer.

LOYALTY ACT IS INVOKED AGAINST MAN FROM ELECTRA

JOHN SMELTZER HELD UNDER 000 BOND BY THE COURT

From Monday's Daily.

John Smeltzer of Electra, of German descent, was ordered held to the grand jury on $25,000 bond for alleged violation of the state loyalty act by Judge Haryvey Harris, following a hearing held at 10 o'clock this morning in the Wichita county court. Smeltzer who is the first resident of Wichita county to be apprehended under the new layalty act, was brought to Wichita Falls Saturday from Electra, where he was arrested following an investigation by T. R. T. Orth, chairman of the county council of defense, and county and district officers.

At this morning's hearing the only witness was J. W. Jones of Electra, who is employed by the Magnolia Petroleum Company at Electra, the same company for which Smeltzer was working. The alleged disloyal remarks on which Smeltzer was ordered held by Judge Harris, were made during the course of a conservation between Jones, the defendant and several other pumping station employes on the morning of April 4, according to the testimony of Jones.

Alleged Conversation

Smeltzer is said by Jones to have opened the conversation on that morning with some remarks about the German gains on the western front. Jones replied that he didn't see that they were gaining so much, according to the testimony, and Smeltzer replied that he was reading the wrong news.

"That made me sore," said Jones, and then he said the subject was changed to a discussion of the lake which supplies Electra with water. Jones said Smeltzer said the dam would break some day and let all the water out and that he replied that if the dam didn't break that he was afraid a lot of people would get poisoned by the weeds and trash in the lake. Then he said that Smeltzer said it would be a good thing if it did kill them, that it would save "us Germans" powder and trouble. Jones also alleged that Smeltzer had previously made remarks against the draft, saying the men who were drafted didn't have nerve to fight and had made other derogatory remarks.

Lawyers for the defense, Weeks & Weeks brought out in examination of the witness that several months prior to the conversation of April 4, the defendant, Smeltzer, and Jones had had some trouble. Jones said, however at this time, he "wasn't sore any more."

A second man who had been arrested was turned loose as there was no evidence to show that he had in any way violated any of the provisions of the Texas loyalty act.

Priest Gives Self Up to Authorities After Indictment

By Associated Press

Cape Girardeau, Mo., April 20.—Rev. Micael D. Collins, a Catholic priest at Jackson, near here, for whom an indictment was returned by a federal grand jury this week, has surrendered to a deputy United States marshal and was placed under arrest today. The indictment charges Father Collins with having caused insubordination and disloyalty by remarks made last July. He was released on a bond of $2,000.

DISLOYALTY IS CHARGED TO TWO UNDER NEW LAW

BOTH ARE RESIDENTS OF COUNTY AND HAVE BEEN PLACED IN JAIL

The first arrests in Wichita county under the new Texas "disloyalty" statute were made north of Electra by Sheriff Hawkins Saturday afternoon when two residents of German birth were taken into custody on complaints charging disloyal utterance living in the same neighborhood, placed in jail. They will be given a hearing Monday before Judge Harris. The alleged remarks were made to a pumper at the Electra water station.

It is reported that something was said about some scum or other matter floating on the water. The pumper said something about preventing it from getting down to Electra, when, it is alleged, one or both of the Germans said he hoped it would for if it did it would save the kaiser's soldiers a lot of work.

A warrant has also been issued for another citizen of German descent diving in the same neighborhood.

PETAIN TO GRANT FURLOUGS TO MEN; NOW NO ANXIETY

By Associated Press

Paris, April 23.—The best proof that there is no cause for anxiety is that General Petain has decided to grant furloughs for the first time since the German offensive began, said Premier Clemenceau on his return to Paris from a long visit to the French and British fronts.

"Of course," the premier added, "there can be no questions of resuming the system of regular leave to the French soldiers as in normal periods but the tap has been turned a little."

Leave of absence also is to be resumed in the German army beginning with May, according to the Reuter correspondent at British headquarters in France, who obtained this information from German prisoners.

BRITISH Y. M. C. A. HEAVY SUFFERER BY RETREAT

By Associated Press

London, April 23.—The British Y. M. C. A. was a heavy sufferer in the retreat on the western front. Eighty Y. M. C. A. huts with their equipment and supplies had to be destroyed with a financial loss of about $500,000.

SILAS HARE APPOINTED TO BE DISTRICT JUDGE

By Associated Press

Austin, Tex., April 23.—Judge Silas Hare of Sherman was today apopinted by the governor judge of the 15th judicial district court to fill the vaacncy caused by the resignation of Judge C. T. Freeman.

THIS IS MESSAGE SENT AMERICANS BY BOYS ON LINE

WAR SECRETARY JUST BACK FROM FRANCE URGES THIRD LOAN

OUTCOME IN NO DOUBT

Allies Are Standing Solidly Together and Even Broken Line Doesn't Mean Loss of War

By Associated Press

Washington, April 20.—"We will do our part; you do yours" is the message from the American army in France to the American people that Secretary Baker delivered here tonight at a Liberty Loan rally in his first public address since his return from Europe. "We are fighting an adversary," Mr. Baker declared, "who has elected to make force the center of his political philosophy and belief; pure, naked force. It is not the doctrine upon which a permanent and beautiful civilization can be built; but we accept the challenge as it has been made. There is no answer except, cold, relentless, adequate force."

A tremendous crowd that packed Liberty hut, the great Y. M. C. A. building to capacity roared with enthusiasm as Secretary Baker endorsed the Liberty bonds.

"Aside from mortality," he said, "there is something more than morality that enables the force to overcome it."

No Doubt of Outcome

"There is no doubt of the outcome."

Turning to the German drice, Mr. Baker said pleople watched the bulletins from day to day and hour to hour, always with the question in their hearts, "will the line hold."

"The line has been bent," the secretary continued. "Will the line hold or will it break?"

The end of this war will not come when a line is broken. This war cannot end until a people's heart is broken and those who have looked into the faces of the people of England of France, or of Italy, who have looked in the faces of those refugees leaving territory to be occupied know that mere force can never break that heart."

Again the crowd roared its appreciation.

The secretary told of the action of an American officer who passed along the front lines on a dark night when his men were first in the trenches and an attack was impending. This officer, he said, patted each officer and man of the command on the back as he passed and spoke to them. Later, then came the raid. It was repulsed brilliantly by these new troops going under their baptism of fire. When it was over a captain told of his own emotions. The higher officer ha dcome to him early in the night, he said, and his hand on his shoulder had asked:

Captain, how goes it here?"

"Well," the captain replied.

"Good," said the officer, "Hold 'em."

"All night long," the captain continued, "I could feel that hand on my shoulder saying "hold 'em."

Mr. Baker applied the lesson:

"We must put our hands on the shoulders of those boys in the trenches. They hear what goes on in America. They hear what we are talking about. They learn whether our hearts are as stout as theirs.

"When an opportunity comes for America to express her spirit as she always has in this war, they hear it, and it is a hand on their shoulders on the dark and moonless nights saying "hold 'em,'".

CITIZENS WARNED AGAINST HOARDING OF FOOD STUFFS

COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR T. B. SMOCK GETS FEDERAL ORDER

Wichita county citizens are warned against hoarding by County Food Administrator Smock, who Saturday received a bulletin from the state administration office, quoting the law on hoarding, his bulletin follows:

District and County Administrators:

An impression seems to have gotten abroad in Texas that there are no teeth in the hoarding law. Such is not the case.

Any person convicted of having in his possession more than a sixty-day supply of licensed food commodities (except those packed seasonally, and except flour, which is restricted to a thirty-days supply; is subject to a fine of $5,000 or imprisonment or two years in a federal prison, or both.

The Federal Food Administrator of Texas is convinced that there is a great deal of hoarding being practiced in the state, especially the hoarding of wheat flour and sugar, and he is anxious to know that the machinery of government is in operation to punish offenders and thus put an end to the practice in this jurisdiction.

Very truv yours,
FEDERAL FOOD ADMINISTRATION FOR TEXAS.
By H. J. Dannenbaum.

Enemy Alien Women Now Most Anxious To Leave Country

By Associated Press

New York, April 23.—A rush of German women to the New York port enemy alien bureau, seeking permission to return to Germany has followed the publication of the act requiring enemy alien women to register, it was announced today.

One of the applicants yesterday was Madame Margaret Arndt-Ober, a contralto, who sang at the Metropolitan Opera House under the name of "Margarete Ober." She said she hoped to obtain an engagement in Berlin. Her application has been referred to Washington.