



PLANT A VINEYARD.

Our exhortation to every farmer, every tiller of the soil, is, Plant a vineyard. There is no reason why Texas should not be the vineyard of America, it is naturally the home of the grape; from its mountain regions to its prairies wild grapes in many varieties grow in splendid luxuriance. The very dryness of the climate of Western Texas as compared with the regions where a great quantity of rain invariably falls, is the highest commendation as a grape land. Some advance has been made in grape culture in Texas, many persons having small vineyards, which have yielded fruit during the past season; and who will have abundant cuttings to enlarge their vineyards or to dispose of to their neighbors. It will be some time before our people become versed in the varieties of grapes; many who are growing grapes are ignorant of the species they have. Most any variety can be had from the nurseries of the north, and our advice would be to secure the finest of European varieties as soon as a little experience is gained in the culture, for the present it would be best to send to the adjacent grape growing regions of Mexico for cuttings. The Parras grape is a fine variety, and though not a hardy grape can be grown in any part of Western Texas by ordinary care. We have seen the same variety flourishing all over California, but it is grown best in the southern part of the State in the sandy warm soils. Our pestoak lands would be fine for this grape. Cuttings could be secured from Mexico this fall and planted out the coming spring. These cuttings should be from twelve inches to two feet long, done up in small bundles; if not exposed to the sun they can be transported without putting them in earth, and if the soil is ready, immediately planted out, or partly covered with soil to await the time of planting.

Land to be properly prepared for grape planting should be plowed deeply and then subsoiled and allowed to lie fallow one season. Before planting it should be plowed again and well harrowed.

In selecting a spot for a vineyard a hill side is preferable as it affords perfect drainage, and a southern or eastern slope is best, in consequence of northerly and late frosts. But in Texas vineyards can be planted with impunity almost anywhere, to suit the convenience of the person planting.

As to distance of planting there is quite a controversy in this country; some advocating close planting and others wide planting; six by six and eight by eight are usual distances, which allows of the use of the plow.

Plant your vines as you would any other plant, avoid puddling; press the earth carefully about the plant with the hands. Should the soil become very dry about the plant during the summer a few gallons of water to each plant applied so as to reach the roots will ensure a vigorous growth, but avoid flooding your vineyard by the ordinary means of irrigation. Keep down the weeds. Should the growth be so luxuriant as to cause the leaves to drop over it is necessary to top them enough to obtain an upright growth. This will be the work of the first year.

Cuttings of a thrifty growth, thick, short jointed, well ripened wood are the best, planted early in the season. Short cuttings are the best with one eye just above the surface and one or two beneath. Such cuttings are preferable to rooted plants, as proved by California experience.

It is easy to have a vineyard if only our people will use a little diligence in securing cuttings and preparing the soil. We don't intend to let this subject drop here but will give other hints from time to time.

"He is a bad citizen," said Napoleon, "who undermines the religious faith of his country. All may not, perhaps, be substantially good, but certain it is, that all come in aid of the government power, and are essential to the basis of morality. In the absence of religion, I can discover no inducement to a virtuous life. I desire to live and to be respected, and I desire to be a good citizen."

Speaking generally during the fall the great to his content, the strong reason that no with the spade, wants—both knowe mostly pulled.

CURE FOR LAZINESS.

Now and then one meets with an exceptional case in which energy seems to have been entirely omitted in the moral "spunk up" of the individual; but human beings totally devoid of this element of worldly success are about as rare as hairless living skeletons. Given a single spark of energy, it may be increased and utilized by cultivation, just as an insignificant amount of muscle may be developed and invigorated by proper exercise.

When other means fail, the sharp spur of necessity will sometimes rouse the indolent from their apathy and drive them ahead. The parent who has tried "moral suasion" in vain upon a slow-going, effortless son, should place him in a position where he must either labor or suffer. When it depends upon himself whether a man shall "sink or swim, survive or perish," in nine cases out of ten he will strike out and swim. If on the other hand, not even the instinct of self-preservation can overcome his vis inertia he might as well go down. He can do no good in this working world, and the sooner he leaves it for five men to bustle in, the better for himself and all concerned. But if there is a particle of the motive principle in the human drone, privation is pretty sure to render it active. The individuals who are dead to all the noblest incentives to exertion, should be subjected to the penal rule "he that will not work, neither shall he eat." The terapin is naturally a dull traveler, but if you put fire on his back he makes extraordinary time for a cold-blooded reptile, and a "hone-lazy" youth may generally be induced to bestir himself by an analogous appeal to his sensibilities.

ENTRANCE INTO LIFE.—It is doing a service to mankind to destroy the prejudice which is generally entertained, that youth is educated when some care has been taken of their infancy. This prejudice, besides other bad effects of it, suspends the zeal of that small number of individuals in the middle rank of life who wish to give their children the best education they possibly can. From a false notion that the minds of young persons are formed at a very early period, they suffer them to be their own masters at a time when they stand most in need of a guide to direct them in the course of the most important period of their education, by the wisdom of his counsels, the gentleness of his insinuations, and the force of his example. Few persons, in their infancy, learn the art of employing and governing themselves; and it is very difficult to learn it till the faculties of the mind are full blown, and the character has taken its true bias. When young persons, therefore, are entering upon the tempestuous ocean of human life, then is the time when they must be taught the pilot's art, the manner of steering their course so as to avoid rocks and quicksands. A philosopher might begin to take the charge of education at a time when the vulgar think it finished. Many persons are capable of educating children in the ordinary method; there are few, very few, who are capable of forming men.

REFUSAL TO PREPAY FULL POSTAGE.—G. E. P., R. N. H.—1. If a person refuses to prepay full postage on a letter, you should refuse to receive it. The law does not contemplate allowing a person to knowingly partly prepay postage. 2. Wrap your letters, and read them to the D. P. O. through which they would first pass on the proper route to their destination.

The above is from the U. S. Mail, the organ of the Postoffice Department. It is very common for people to partly pay a letter, thinking, of course, that the postmaster is bound to send it forward. By the above it will be seen that the postmaster is not under any obligation to forward a letter not fully paid.

Needles were first made in London by a negro from Spain, in the reign of Queen Mary. He died without imparting the secret of his art. The art was recovered in 1665. Elias Grouse first taught the English to make needles, but the art was again lost for nearly a century, when it was again recovered by Christopher Greening, who settled at Long Crendon, in Buckinghamshire.

They insure everything in Hartford, from your own life to that of your dog, or the steam boiler that heats your house. Apropos of the recent rainy season, one of the insurance presidents was asked, "Why don't you start a company to insure against a deluge?" "That was the first charter ever granted," was the quick reply.

A new feature is about to be introduced in New York journalism. It is to be a critique of all the clergymen of any note in the metropolis. Their matter and manner are to be coldly and impartially judged as they would be were they actors. Elocution, pronunciation, gestures, style, everything will be noticed.

The unpleasant fact is reported that thousands of graves of Union soldiers interred in the cemeteries at Chattanooga, Stone River, and Knoxville are unmarked by name or date, and bear only the inscription "Unknown," as a perpetual rebuke to the remissness of hospital officials during the earlier years of the war.

An old toper's conundrum: "If water rots your boots, what effect must it have on the coat of the stomach?"

The "wetter term"—we claim the pre-emption of this new and graceful expression—has been confined to belts, and in a longitudinal direction. Along the eastern shores of the continent the rains have been heavy and continuous, more water having fallen in three months than ordinarily falls in a year; but from a line in the center of New York State, westward, to the middle of Illinois, there has been almost a drouth; while along the Mississippi and its further tributaries, falling weather has prevailed to an excessive degree.—New York Citizen.

How A HOG SWRATS.—Not like a horse or a man, but through the foreleg. There is a spot on each leg, just below the knee, in the form of a sieve. Through this the sweat passes off. And it is necessary that this be kept open. If it gets closed, as is sometimes the case, the hog will get sick; he will appear stiff and cramped, and unless he gets relief, it will get hard with him. To cure him, simply open the pores. This is done by rubbing the spot with a corn-cob, and washing with warm water.

There have been four women hung in New Jersey. The first was executed in 1813, for murdering her mother; the second, in 1832, for murdering her husband; the third, in 1844, for poisoning her master; and the fourth and last, (Bridget Durgan,) on August 30th, 1867, for murdering her mistress, Mrs. Coriell.

Nothing could be better than the speech of a Mobile barber, whom a number of ex-Rebels lately offered him \$2,000 to run for Congress: "Gentlemen, if I sell myself, I sell my people; if I sell my people, I sell my children." If anything half as good was said at Antietam the other day we shall be glad to record it.

A well-known gossip having related a story of a horrible murder, in which the victim's head was severed from his shoulders with a carving-knife, which turned out to be utterly without foundation, a wag remarked that "there was no head cut off after all, but that it was only a tale."

"I do wish I could have a whole crop of parasites!" exclaimed Louisa Jane. "Perhaps you could raise one if you'd only see your old umbrella," responded her trifling brother Ned.

When Bancroft was presented to King William of Prussia, the historian congratulated the king on having met him on Goethe's birth day. The king told him he had forgotten that, and that "Mr. Bancroft must be a scholar, which is better than to be a king."

The Texas Jimplecate says: "What does that mean—Jimplecate?" Jimplecate is a compound word, derived from jimple and ente. Jimple is a corruption for simple, and was originally applied to sophomores or the "wise fools" of college, but is obsolete anywhere except in Texas.

Dickens was paid by the New York Ledger \$5,000 for a story of three numbers.

If your mother's mother was my mother's aunt, what relation would your great-grandfather's nephew be to my oldest brother's son-in-law.

A QUESTION FOR THE SCIENTIFIC ASSOCIATION.—Is the dog star a Skye terrier, or only a terrier in the sky?

"Tommy, what does b-e-n-e-ch spell?" "Don't know, ma'am." "What! you little numskull; what are you sitting on?" (Tommy, looking sheepish.) "I don't like to tell."

After a recent rain in Vienna the shores of the lake were found covered with frogs, in some places lying in heaps. Of course their presence was accounted for by the theory that they rained down.

Parisian belles are dyeing at an awful rate—olive brown is the tint.

THOUGHTS AND MAXIMS.

The English language expresses the Deity more appropriately than any other—for God is the contraction of the Saxon good.

Every adjuration of love, every oath of fondness always contains this mental reservation—"so long as you are what you now are."

True philosophy can discern nothing else in a great many words and names, but the letters of the alphabet which compose them.

An active and faithful memory doubles life; for it brings a man again upon its stage with all those who have made their exits.

When a personage becomes formidable to his competitors, or subordinates, they generally seek to deceive or destroy him.

N. L. McCREADY & COMPANY,

SHIPPING Commission Merchants,

36 FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

Agents for the old line of direct packets to Lavaca and Indianola, Texas. Receive and forward goods to both points free of commission, and insurance effected if desired.

New Advertisements.

Proposals for Lumber and Shingles.

DEPT. QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 9, 1867. SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 13th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department, at this Depot, with the following Lumber, viz:

- 25,000 feet 4 x 4 Common Culls, cy-press or pine. 1,000 feet 4 x 4 Clear White Pine. 45,000 Shingles.

The lumber to be good, merchantable lumber, of the kind specified, and the shingles to be of first quality.

Delivery to commence on the awarding of the contract, and to proceed as required by the Depot Quartermaster.

Bids will be received for the whole amount or a part thereof, and for one or all of the articles, but each article must be bid for separately and will be considered by itself. Each bid, unless the responsibility of the bidder is otherwise satisfactorily made known at this office, must be accompanied by a guarantee of at least two persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record), that the bidder is competent to carry out the contract if awarded to him, and that he will give the required bonds therefor; and each bidder will state his place of residence.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty of each successful bidder, and the solvency of the persons offered, as security, will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour herebefore named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

The right is reserved to reject all bids if unsatisfactory, and no bid will be entertained that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed, "Proposals for Lumber," and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., Oct 10th U. S. Army.

LANDRETH'S Fresh Garden Seeds

For 1867, Just received and for sale by NORTON & DEUTZ, East side Main Plaza. Oct 10th

Caution!

This is to inform the public that my wife, CARMEL POSTERT, left my bed and board some seven months since, and has not returned up to the present date, (October 9, 1867.) I therefore caution the public not to allow her credit on my account, as I will not pay any debts contracted by her. Oct 9th CH. POSTERT.

Sale of Horses.

DEPT. QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 8, 1867. Will be sold at Public Auction, at this Depot, under the direction of Capt. D. W. Porter, A. Q. M., U. S. A.,

On SATURDAY, the 12th instant, At 10 o'clock, A. M.,

Ten (10) Cavalry Horses, condemned as unfit for the public service.

For road and farm animals good, bargains may be had.

TERMS.—Cash in Government funds. J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., Depot Quartermaster. Oct 10th

SCHMITT & DUERLER,

Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Wholesale Manufacturers

OF ALL KINDS OF Crackers, Candles, Syrups, AND

Confectioneries,

WEDDING AND BALL CAKES Made to Order.

ALSO—A Select Assortment of Fancy Groceries,

Such as Can-Fruits, Jellies, Preserves, Figs, &c.

Always on Hand. San Antonio, Oct. 7, 1867. dtf

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A Large Lot on Commerce street. Also, Two Valuable Residences, at easy distances from the Main Plaza.

We are authorized to sell the above property at very low rates for cash. sep26 St. JEFFERSON & MURPHY.

BURTIS & FRENCH,

Importers and Jobbers of CROCKERY,

CHINA AND GLASS WARE, No. 12 Barclay street,

(Four doors below Astor House.) New York. je28ly

Gentlemen's Dining Room.

The undersigned having taken the building on the northwest corner of Main and Alamo streets, formerly occupied by Mr. Frank Umbeid, has repaired the premises, and will open a Gentlemen's Dining Room, and will receive Day Boarders, after Saturday, the 7th of September. sep5th

Mrs. L. E. ECKEL.

Proposals for Army Transportation.

DEPT. QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 1, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 30th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transportation of military supplies, for two years, from the 1st day of January next, on the following routes:

- Route No. 2.—From San Antonio, Texas, to Fort Chisburne and Belknap, Buffalo Springs, and such other MILITARY Posts and Camps as are or may be established on the Texas Frontier, south of Red River, and north of 32° north latitude. Route No. 4.—From Indianola, Texas, to San Antonio, Texas, and intervening points. Route No. 5.—From Indianola, Texas, to Austin, Texas, and intervening points.

Bidders will state the rate per one hundred (100) pounds per one hundred (100) miles, at which they will transport said supplies, and must give their names in full, with residence and post office address, and if a firm, the name of each member will be separately signed.

Each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record), that the bidder will, in case the contract is awarded to him, enter upon the fulfillment thereof, and furnish good and sufficient security that he will faithfully carry out the conditions therein set forth, and each security will state his place of residence.

Separate bids and bonds are required for each route. The contractor on each route will be required to keep on his route good mule teams, of not less than six miles each, in numbers as follows:

- On route No. 2, Twenty-Five Teams " " " 4, Seventy-Five " " " 5, Twenty-Five "

Should, however, the transportation on any route be lessened from any cause, to such an extent as not to require the number of teams above named, it may be temporarily lessened by the officer in charge of the transportation lines.

The amount of bonds that will be required of the Contractor will be Fifty Thousand Dollars, (\$50,000) on each route.

The person or persons to whom any award is made, must be prepared to execute contracts and give the required bonds at once, and be in readiness for service on the first day of January next, as before mentioned.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder, and persons offered as security, will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour before named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening. No proposal will be entertained that does not fully comply with the terms of this advertisement.

Any contract made under the advertisement will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Forms of contract may be seen at the offices of the Chief Quartermaster, 5th Military District at New Orleans, the Chief Quartermaster District of Texas, at Galveston, the Post Quartermaster, at Austin, and at this office.

Proposals must be plainly endorsed—"Proposals for Army Transportation," and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., Oct 10th U. S. Army.

STAGE LINE

Two commodious Stages and one baggage wagon run regularly once a month by way of Paducah, Nebras (Eagle Pass) to Chihuahua.

This line connects at Cimarron with the stage that runs to Monterey and thence to Matamoros or Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, Zacatecas or the City of Mexico.

It also connects at Sta. Ildefonso, San Pablo and Chihuahua with the stage line to Paso del Norte.

The Stages are well protected by a strong armed escort.

For rates of passage, specie shipments and freights, apply to FELIX MACEIRA, Proprietor, Chihuahua.

WULF & SCHETELIG, Agents, corner Alamo and North streets, June 23-66 San Antonio, Texas.

AEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, TEXAS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

and will sell all at the very lowest prices San Antonio, April 14th. 3m

Farm to Sell or to Rent.

The Farm on the Cibola, at the Seguin crossing, opposite Ferryman's, belonging to Mrs. Madras, is for sale or rent upon a term of several years. It contains 340 acres, 40 of it under perfect culture, with a comfortable brick dwelling house of five rooms, and a separate kitchen. Constant running water.

Terms to be ascertained at Messrs. UHARY'S, on the Olmos creek, four miles from San Antonio. aug20th

For Rent.

The Store lately occupied by Messrs. Field, Egar & Co., on Solidad street, near north-east corner Main Plaza. Possession given 1st of October.

Apply to W. A. BENNETT, J. H. KAMPMANN, or S. G. NEWTON, Trustees. sep25th

LOST.

A County Warrant, No. 805, claim 662, for \$50 00, payable to Wm. Drummond's order, issued Sept. 4, 1867.

All persons are warned against buying the same, as the undersigned intends to apply for its satisfaction of the same. J. A. NAVARRO. San Antonio, Sep. 27, 1867. 11

Revenue Stamps.

Revenue Stamps of every denomination for sale at the Internal Revenue Office in French's building, No. 14. sep9th



**PUBLIC ACTS OF THE 39th Congress of the United States of America.**

**CHAP. CCLXII.**—An Act granting the Right of Way to Ditch and Canal Owners over the Public Lands, and for other Purposes.

**Sec. 10.** And be it further enacted, That whenever, prior to the passage of this act, upon the lands heretofore designated as mineral lands, which have been excluded from survey and sale, there have been homesteads made by citizens of the United States, or persons who have declared their intention to become citizens, such homesteads have been made, improved, and used for agricultural purposes, and upon which there have been no valuable mines of gold, silver, platinum, or copper discovered, and which are properly agricultural lands, the said settler, or owners of such homesteads shall have a right of pre-emption thereon, and shall be entitled to purchase the same at the price of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, and in quantity not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres; or said parties may avail themselves of the provisions of the act of Congress approved May twenty, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain," and acts amendatory thereof.

**Sec. 11.** And be it further enacted, That upon the survey of the lands aforesaid, the Secretary of the Interior may designate and set apart such portions of the said lands as are clearly agricultural lands, which lands shall thereafter be subject to pre-emption and sale as other public lands of the United States, and subject to all the laws and regulations applicable to the same.

Approved, July 26, 1866.

**CHAP. CCLXIII.**—An Act to authorize the Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tidewater Canal Company to enter the District of Columbia, and extend their Canal to the Annapolis River at any Point above Benning's Bridge.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That "The Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tidewater Canal Company," incorporated by the general assembly of the State of Maryland, at the January session thereof, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, by an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tidewater Canal Company," be, and the same are hereby, authorized to extend their canal from the point where it strikes the boundary line of the District of Columbia, thence in and through the said District to the Annapolis River at any point thereon above Benning's bridge.

**Sec. 2.** And be it further enacted, That the said company are hereby authorized and empowered to take, purchase, and hold, for the purposes of this act, so much real estate and other property as shall be necessarily required for the proper construction of the extension aforesaid, and for the construction of all proper and convenient basins, locks, reservoirs, docks, and wharves, to be connected with said extension. And where the said company shall not be able to procure such real estate by purchase from the owner thereof, or the owner thereof shall be a female covert, or infant, non compos mentis, imprisoned, or resident beyond the District of Columbia, then application may be made by the president of said company to the chief justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, for the appointment of three persons, who shall be freeholders in said District, as a commission of inquest of damages, and who shall go upon and inspect any property proposed to be taken by said company for the purposes contemplated by this act, and before any person so appointed as such commission shall proceed to act, he shall take an oath or affirmation that he will fairly and truly value the damages sustained by the owner or owners of any property by the use and occupation of any such real estate, water rights, or other property, by said company; and said commission shall reduce their inquiry or finding to writing, and sign and seal the same, and it shall then be returned to the said chief justice, who shall file the same in the office of the register of deeds of the city of Washington. But no such inquiry shall be had until after ten days' notice thereof has been served on the owner of the real estate to be taken, when he resides in the District of Columbia, or by publication of notice in one or more of the daily newspapers published in the city of Washington, for twenty days where such owner resides beyond the said District. When the owner is a female covert, the notice shall be to her and her husband; when he is a minor, to his guardian; and when he is non compos mentis, to his committee, or the person having charge of his estate. The said report shall be confirmed by the supreme court of the District of Columbia at its next term after the return of said report, unless for cause shown to the contrary. And where good cause is thus shown, the said chief justice shall set aside said report, and appoint another similar commission, who shall qualify in the same manner, and whose inquiry shall be taken, returned, filed, and confirmed, in the same manner as the first inquiry was taken, returned, filed, and confirmed, or set aside. And such commission and inquiry shall be renewed as often as may be necessary, until the inquiry made shall be confirmed. Such inquiry shall describe the property taken by metals and bounds, and the valuation thereof shall be paid or tendered within ten days after the confirmation of such inquiry by said district court; and when such valuation or damages are so paid or tendered, said company shall have a full and perfect right to enter upon, use, occupy, and enjoy any property so valued during its corporate existence, and all expenses incurred by such inquiry shall be paid by said company.

**Sec. 3.** And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for said company to levy, demand, and receive such even tolls and rents for the use of the wharves and docks of said company on said extension, or for freight transported by said company, or for the passage through said extension of boats, rafts, or any other water craft, as a majority of the directors at any regular meeting shall assess therefor: Provided, That the Congress of the United States shall at all times have power to increase or reduce such tolls or rents.

**Sec. 4.** And be it further enacted, That the said canal extension, when completed, shall forever thereafter be esteemed and taken to be a public highway for the transportation of all goods, commodities, or produce of every kind and description, and for all canal boats, rafts, or other water craft of every kind whatever, upon the payment of such tolls or rents as are authorized to be imposed by this act.

**Sec. 5.** And be it further enacted, That the said company shall permit all public property belonging to the United States to pass through said canal extension free of all charge or toll; and the said company shall, from time to time, as may be required, lay before Congress a just and true account of their receipts and expenditures on said extension, with a statement of the clear profits thereof.

**Sec. 6.** And be it further enacted, That

subject to the aforesaid provisions of this act, all and singular the provisions of the aforesaid act of the general assembly of the State of Maryland, entitled "An act to incorporate the Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tidewater Canal Company," relating to the powers, liabilities, and authority of said company, in operating and using their canal, shall take effect and apply to the extension aforesaid in the District of Columbia.

**Sec. 7.** And be it further enacted, That this act shall be deemed a public act, and shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and shall be subject to alteration or repeal by Congress.

Approved, July 26, 1866.

**CHAP. CCLXIV.**—An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue Certificates of Registry, or Enrollment and License, to certain Vessels.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to issue certificates of registry, or enrollment and license, to the steamer "Diana," of Victoria, Vancouver Island; the schooner "M. C. Rowe," of Gloucester, Massachusetts; "Mary," of Dexter, New York; "James Conger," of Oswego, New York; "N. G. Ford," of Buffalo, New York; "Sweet Home," of Rochester, New York; "Alma," of Sodus, New York; "Marco Polo," of Erie, Pennsylvania; brig "Three Bells," of Rochester, New York; barque "J. S. Austin," of Buffalo, New York; and sloop "Delphin," of Alexandria Bay, New York; Provided, That there shall be paid on each of such vessels that are foreign built a tax equal to the internal revenue tax upon the materials and construction of similar vessels of American build.

Approved, July 26, 1866.

**CHAP. CCLXV.**—An Act to authorize the issue of certain Bonds in Denominations greater than One Thousand Dollars.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That heretofore the bonds of the United States authorized by the act of July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, "to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean," and by all acts amendatory thereof, may be issued in denominations greater than one thousand dollars, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, however, That it shall at all times be optional with any railroad company whether they will receive bonds of a larger denomination than one thousand dollars.

Approved, July 26, 1866.

**CHAP. CCLXVI.**—An Act making Appropriations for the Current and Contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with various Indian Tribes for the Year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and for other Purposes.

**Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,** That the following sums be, and they are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes—

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, namely: For the payment of superintendent of Indian affairs and of Indian agents, one hundred and ten thousand and fifty dollars.

For pay of sub agents, six thousand dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent at Saint Louis, Missouri, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of temporary clerks by superintendents of Indian affairs, five thousand dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent of Indian affairs in California, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For pay of interpreters, twenty-eight thousand four hundred dollars.

For presents to Indians, five thousand dollars.

For provisions for Indians, eleven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For building at agencies and repairs thereof, ten thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the Indian department, thirty-six thousand five hundred dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes:—

Chesapeake, Susquehanna, and Unalaska Indians.—For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per third article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per fifth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per sixth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per seventh article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per eighth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per ninth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per tenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per eleventh article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twelfth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per thirteenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per fourteenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per fifteenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per sixteenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per seventeenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per eighteenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per nineteenth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twentieth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twenty-first article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twenty-second article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twenty-third article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twenty-fourth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twenty-fifth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twenty-five instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per twenty-sixth article treaty eighth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

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