DALLAS NATIONAL BANK.

Capital paid in, $150,000; Surplus, $30,000.

DIRECTORS—S. G. Bayne, President; J. T. Trezevant, Jr., V. P.; E. M. Reardon, Cashier. W. B. Worsham, T. K. Fergusson, A. J. Porter, T. L. Marsalis, Alfred Davis, C. A. Keating.

EASTERN STOCKHOLDERS—G. M. Troutman, Pres. Cen. Nat. Bank, Phila.; T. W. Brown, Pres. Meridian Nat. Bank, Meridian, Miss.; W. A. Pullman, Pres. Seaboard Nat. Bank, N. Y.; S. G. Bayne, Pres. First Nat. Bank, Bradford, Pa., and V. P. Seaboard Nat. Bank, N. Y.; Jas. E. Granniss, Tradesmen's Nat. Bank, N. Y.; L. F. Lawton, of First Nat. Bank, Oleon, N. Y.; D. O'Day, Gen. Manager Nat'l Transit Co. of U. S.; Joseph Seep, of Standard Oil Company.

The Dallas Morning News.

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RELIABLE CONDIMENTS, ETC.

There is usually a marked increase in the consumption of table luxuries during the festive season, and in this connection it is eminently important that consumers should use only the best and most reliable goods. Our "select" spices in glass and tins are prepared with extreme care and ground from highly cultivated plantation grown stock directly imported by ourselves. The absolute purity, full strength and fine flavor of these goods renders them at once the cheapest and most economical spices on the market. Our "Rionosa" Coffee, O. G. Java and "Purity" Baking Powder are standards of excellence.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM.

RICKER & LEE,

Roasters of Coffee and Grinders of Spices, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

CLEVELAND'S

P. P. F.

PAST. PRESENT. FUTURE.

CIGARS.

Smoke this CIGAR and you will forget the PAST, enjoy the PRESENT and be happy in the FUTURE.

T. L. MARSALIS & CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

SANGER BROS.'

Great Holiday Offerings

are the order this week. Last Sunday's issue contains a catalogue of them, while our store is full of them.

OPEN TILL 9 O'CLOCK P. M. DURING THIS WEEK.

ELECTRIC LIGHT THROUGHOUT.

Every article can be seen as clearly as by the light of day. Our grand Doll Window still attracts large numbers and will remain intact until Jan. 1, when their New Year reception will close.

:o:

SANGER BROS.

E. BAUMAN.

:o:

HOLIDAY INDUCEMENTS.

:o:

POSITIVELY CLOSING OUT

THE BALANCE OF OUR

Cheap, Medium and Fine Wraps

AT PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

These goods were bought for cash by our resident New York buyer at a great sacrifice. Hence we are able to give you bargains in the above goods never before offered in the city, at the

PARLOR SUIT AND CLOAK ROOM.

:o:

Millinery Head-quarters. **Millinery**

The largest assortment in the State. A full line of Dress Silks, in black and colors, at surprisingly low prices. Fancy Goods and Ladies' Underwear and everything pertaining to Ladies' Wear. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

:o:

E. BAUMAN,

The Wholesale Millinery House, Dallas, Tex.

Dallas Opera-House.

TO-NIGHT—DEC. 22—TO-NIGHT.

FAREWELL APPEARANCE.

"Young Mrs. Winthrop"

DALLAS OPERA-HOUSE.

Grand Opera Festival.

RETURN OF THE FAMOUS EMMA

ABBOTT

Grand Opera Company.

Wednesday and Thursday Nights and Thursday Matinee,

December 30 and 31.

EMMA ABBOTT'S GREATEST ROLES.

Thursday Night, Emma Abbott in

"LUCIA,"

BRIDE OF LAMMERMOOR.

Abbott, Greenwood, Pruette, Broderick, Connell and Signor Michelena.

Grand Thursday Matinee at 2 p. m., the world renowned opera of

"LA SONNAMBULA,"

With two prima donnas and entire company.

Thursday Night, ABBOTT'S FAREWELL, Grand Revival of Verdi's

"Il Trovatore,"

ABBOTT as LEONORA, Lizzie Annandale as Azucena, Wm. Pruette, Broderick, Greenwood, Connell and Sig. Montegriffo.

GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

Sale of Seats will open Wednesday Dec. 23, at 9 o'clock.

W. L. MOODY & CO.

COTTON FACTORS,

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Parties wishing money in advance of shipments are requested to correspond with us.

DALLAS SKATING ACADEMY,

Cor. Elm and Olive Sts.

Grand Opening Wednesday Evening,

DECEMBER 23.

Opening address by His Honor, the Mayor, John Henry Brown, at 8:30.

Exhibition skating by MISS MAY WARD, of Chicago. Miss Ward has no equal as a lady skater. Her characteristics are grace, skill and refinement. Music by Silver Star Band. Open at 7:30, close at 10:30. Box office open Tuesday.

FARM AND GRAZING LANDS.

A number of both improved and unimproved tracts RANGING FROM 1280 TO 4000 ACRES. Several desirable parcels of respectively about 12,000, 50,000, 96,000 AND 117,000 ACRES. 2400 TRACTS OF 320 ACRES EACH, situated between three live railroads, Fort Worth and Denver City, Texas and Pacific and Texas Central Branch to Albany. Known as "Peters Colony," or "Premium Texan Emigration and Land Company" lands. Perfect titles by patents from the State of Texas, verified as shown on official county maps to be seen in either the County Clerk's or Surveyor's offices in the respective counties: Young, Palo Pinto, Jack, Eastland, Callahan, Stephens, Shackelford, Baylor, Archer, Clay and Montague. These lands were first selections in A. D. 1852. Most of the tracts are mesquite prairie, many of them partly timbered. Most of said lands can be bought on terms one-third cash, balance interest lien notes due in 1, 2 and 3 years. For purchase, or for free map of Texas, apply to, or address, E. S. GRAHAM, Graham, Young County, Tex. Cut this out and retain it for reference.

SAN ANTONIO.

Hostile Indians Surprise a Military Camp. The Late Tragedy.

Special to The News.

SAN ANTONIO, Dec. 21.—To-day Gen. Stanley, commander of the Texas Military Department, received a telegram from Alma, New Mexico, stating that the military detachment now in New Mexico from the post of San Antonio had been surprised on Saturday night, near Alma, New Mexico, by a band of Apache Indians.

In the fight that ensued Dr. and Lieut. T. J. C. Maddox, one sergeant and four men were massacred, all of them belonging to troop "C," 8th Cavalry, which is stationed here.

Lieut. Rosey, C. C. Coble and a sergeant, also of this post, are dangerously wounded.

The details of the attack have not been received yet, but the opinion prevails at government headquarters that the whole party was surprised by the red devils and killed before they were able to offer any practical defense.

The young man, Wm. Russell, who was shot early Sunday morning at the house of Lilly Gibson, died this forenoon. No further particulars were adduced at the inquest than already published. The verdict of the jury was that deceased met his death by a pistol shot fired by an unknown party. The evidence of several parties is being taken by the grand jury, which, it is said, will shed new light on the tragedy,

Hearne.

HEARNE, Dec. 21.—The failure of the City Bank of Houston was the subject of much comment on the streets here to-day. Several merchants were caught, but to what extent could not be ascertained.

Several of the churches are making extensive preparations for Christmas trees.

Business for the past two weeks has shown improvement.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

INDICATIONS FOR TO-DAY.—For West Gulf States: Local showers, east to south winds, stationary temperature, lower barometer.

DOMESTIC.—Both Houses of Congress adjourned for the holiday recess——In the Senate Mr. Beck took strong ground against the President and Secretary Manning on the silver question——A number of important bills were introduced in both Houses of Congress——Serious financial complications have been discovered in connection with Gen. Robert Toombs' estate——New York special report on Texas and Pacific Railroad and City Bank of Houston——The fire record is a big and bad one——Holiday heaviness is reported as the condition of the Chicago wheat market——A second cave of the Susquehanna coal mine occurred just when the rescuing party were in high hopes. It is now believed the imprisoned miners, twenty-four in number, cannot be rescued alive——Judge Goode, of Louisiana, arranged a trap with a shotgun, by which he committed suicide——Attempt to assassinate the famous Lum Smith in Philadelphia——Slosson defeated Vignaux at billiards in Chicago.

FOREIGN.—The latest news on the home rule agitation is that Gladstone and his followers favor it, but the Irish Orangemen predict bloodshed if it is granted——An armistice has been arranged between Servia and Bulgaria——The dog-bitten children of New Jersey have arrived in Paris——Lieut. Greely lectured in London.

THE STATE.—A squad of alleged "bad men" are under arrest at Gainesville——Dan Rice discovered a watch at Ennis which was stolen from him thirty-four years ago in New Orleans——C. U. Connellee was acquitted at Eastland of the alleged attempt to take the life of his wife——A Norwegian brigantine went ashore at Galveston; it is thought she will prove a total loss——Gov. Ireland telegraphed the Sheriff of Montgomery County to summon every ablebodied man to resist the mob, but before the Sheriff received it the deed was done——The Secretary of State rules that mutual insurance companies cannot be chartered under the laws of the State——Near Gilmer a sick man was dragged from his bed and badly beaten by a party of men——Chief Quanah, one of the Indian chiefs in the room with the gas blown out, is recovering; he does not yet know that Yellow Bear is dead——William Russel, who was shot in a bagnio at San Antonio, died of his wounds.

RAILROADS.—The complexion of the convention——Wylie interviewed on the Santa Fe extension——Rockwall's Rumble——At Brownwood.

THE CITY.—Real estate transfers——The grain elevator problem, with itemized estimates on the structure——Accounts under investigation——The railroad convention; delegates state their views——Seriously injured——The Craddock case——Important suit entered——Attachment suit——Theatrical——Local notes——Hotel arrivals——Personal——Four alleged horse thieves jailed.

Gold Fever in Pennsylvania.

TAMAQUA, Dec. 21.—The Hartranft farm, near this place, has been leased by Taylor & Co., of Binghampton, N. Y., who are backing Martin Johnson, a gold digger who professes to have made remarkable discoveries, over which there is great excitement. An old drift is to be opened, and the gold fever of years ago is again likely to spread in this section. The Hartranft farm is composed of thirty acres of good red shale. Mr. Johnson has mined gold in Australia, Sweden and other places. He says some specimens of ore found assayed $54 to the ton. Silver ore has also been found, assaying $66 to the ton. A furnace will be erected and other lands leased, and the "mines" worked to greater extent than ever.

BECK BLOWS HIS BIG BAZOO.

AND TOOTS WITH A SILVERY STRAIN.

Cleveland and Manning Criticised by the Blue Grass Statesman—Bills Introduced—Adjourned for the Holidays.

Special to The News.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—In the Senate to-day Senator Coke introduced the following bills:

A bill to establish a national live stock highway and to promote commerce in live stock between the States.

Section 1.—That the public lands in Range 41, along the east line of the State of Colorado, it being a fractional range averaging about two miles in width, be and is hereby reserved from sale, settlement, pre-emption or location for any purpose whatever under any laws of the United States for the period of ten years, and is hereby set apart as a national live stock highway for such purpose.

Sec. 2.—That for the period aforesaid, said highway may be used for the purpose of a national highway for live stock passing from one State or Territory to another or to market.

The object of this bill is to overcome the difficulty heretofore encountered by the Texas cattlemen in securing the privilege of driving cattle through the State of Colorado. By the understanding between the Texas Congressmen and Commissioners of the general land office, the lands designated in Senator Coke's bill are to be withdrawn from sale or location until Congress acts upon the pending bill. This practically secures the trail for the time being.

Mr. Miller will introduce a similar bill in the House.

Senator Maxey introduced a bill to reimburse ex-United States Marshal Thomas F. Purnell for $1000 paid by Purnell in 1875 as a reward for the arrest of Peter McCartney, under indictment for passing counterfeit money, who escaped from the officers having him in charge.

He also introduced a bill to pay Francis Gilbeau $2600 for rent of buildings in Galveston and San Antonio in 1865 and 1866 for government uses.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The House passed a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information respecting the importation of certain glassware from Bohemia by L. Lehman, of New York.

The Speaker proceeded to call the roll of States for the introduction of bills and resolutions for reference. Among the bills introduced were the following:

By Mr. Burns, of Missouri—Authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at St. Joseph, Mo.; also a number of resolutions of the Legislature of Missouri, among them one protesting against a suspension of the coinage of the silver dollar.

By Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama—To create a Bureau of Military Statistics; also to establish courts of appeals; also to pension survivors of the Mexican war; also to grant lands to Alabama to aid the St. Louis, Alabama and Atlantic Railroad; for the relief of Fitz John Porter; also to amend the civil service law. It amends the act by the addition of sections calculated to equalize appointments in the civil service among the several States, and provides that an appointing officer may designate a certain person for examination, and upon his being found capable may appoint him to the office.

Also authorizing the President to restore officers to the army in certain cases. It provides that whenever a board of army officers is convened or has been heretofore convened by the President to examine and report upon a case in which an army officer has been dismissed or cashiered from service, and the board recommends that the officer be restored to the army, the President is authorized to nominate said officer to the position in the army of the United States of the same grade and rank, together with all the rights, titles and privileges held by him at the time he was dismissed or cashiered. The President is also authorized to place him on the retired list.

By Mr. Henry of California—Declaring forfeited certain lands granted to aid in the construction of the Northern Pacific and the Southern Pacific Railroad Companies.

By Mr. Dunn of Arkansas—To repeal tonnage duties on ships and vessels of the United States and certain foreign vessels; also, two bills amending the Pacific Railroad act. One bill is similar to that reported to and passed by the House during the last Congress, and the other requires the railroads to take out patents for the land earned.

By Mr. Morrow of California—To amend the Chinese restriction act.

By Mr. Vaile of Connecticut—To suspend the coinage of the national silver dollar.

By Mr. Crisp of Georgia—Amending the Pacific Railroad acts requiring the railroad companies to take out patents to their lands.

By Mr. Springer of Illinois—To suspend the issue of patents to lands which have been granted to aid in the construction of railroads until Congress otherwise directs; also proposing a constitutional amendment prohibiting special legislation.

Mr. Townsend, of Illinois: To organize the Territory of Oklahoma; also for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians; also increasing the pension of widows of soldiers of the late war to $12 a month, and providing that the fact of re-enlistment shall be prima facie evidence of soundness at the time of enlistment; also proposing a constitutional amendment for the election of Senators by the people; also for the establishment of an American customs union.

By Mr. Thomas of Illinois—Granting pensions to all soldiers who served thirty days in the late war. Also providing a constitutional amendment prohibiting polygamy in the United States.

By Mr. Payson of Illinois—Repealing the timber culture pre-emption and desert land acts; also forfeiting the lands granted to aid in the construction of the following railroads: Girard and Mobile, Memphis and Charleston, Savannah and Albany, Northern Pacific; also to put lumber on the free list; also proposing a constitutional amendment permitting the President to veto items in general appropriation bills.

By Mr. Neece, of Illinois, (by request)—"Granting lands to aid in the establishment of an endowment for saving, by which thrift may be promoted and citizens assisted to preserve themselves from the economic impotence and dependence involved in their lack of the material factors necessary to make available their personal productive capabilities."

By Mr. Holman, of Indiana—To limit the disposal of the public lands adapted to agriculture to actual settlers. Also to forfeit unearned land grants.

By Mr. Lowery, of Indiana—Repealing all limitation as to time within which meritous applications for pensions may be filed.

By Mr. Matson, of Indiana—Proposing a constitutional amendment providing for the election of postmasters by the people.

By Mr. Weaver, of Iowa—For the establishment of a postal telegraph; also for the free and unrestricted coinage of the silver dollar; also to provide for the issue of silver certificates on deposits of standard silver dollars; also instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to apply the surplus money in the treasury to the payment of the interest bearing public debt.

By Mr. Peters of Kansas—To regulate interstate commerce through a national court of arbitration.

By Mr. McCrary of Kentucky—For the creation of a department of agriculture.

By Mr. Willis of Kentucky—To repeal the tenure of office act.

By Mr. King of Louisiana—Appropriating $4,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi River and for the appointment of a Mississippi River Commission.

It was after 5 o'clock when the State of Maine was reached in the call and it was evident that the House would have to remain in session until midnight in order to complete the call. At the suggestion of Mr. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, it was ordered that when the House met on Jan. 5 the call shall be continued where it was left off, and then, at 5:15 p. m. the House adjourned until Jan. 5.

Though only fourteen of the thirty-eight States were reached under the call to-day, there were 1004 bills introduced and referred. A large majority of these bills were of a private nature, while a still larger majority were bills that have been before previous Congresses. About twenty bills for the erection of public buildings at as many different points were also introduced.

THE SENATE.

In the Senate to-day favorable reports of committees were made:

By Mr. Edmunds, from the judiciary—On his bill amendatory of the law respecting bigamy and polygamy in Utah. [Mr. Edmunds said he would ask the Senate to consider this bill immediately after the holiday recess.]

By Mr. Hoar, from the same committee—A bill establishing a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States.

Among the bills introduced and appropriately referred were the following:

By Mr. Van Wyck—To establish an additional land district in Nebraska; also for the sale of part of Winnebago reservation in Nebraska; also to provide for the organization of that part of the territory of the United States known as the Indian Territory, to be known as the Territory of Oklahoma, to provide a temporary government for the same, for allotment of homesteads to the Indians in severalty, and to open unoccupied lands to Indian settlers.

The Senate adopted the concurrent resolutions of the House providing for a holiday recess from to-day until Jan. 5.

By Mr. Cullom—To provide for the establishment of a postal telegraph system. The bill constitutes the Secretary of State, the Secretary of War and the Postmaster General a board to be known as the postal telegraph commission, which is authorized and directed to purchase and acquire for the United States any existing lines under the provisions of the act of 1866, and subject to the approval of the President. While such lines are to be purchased at their appraised value, in the manner provided in the act of 1866, it is expressly provided that no line shall be thus purchased until it has been shown to the satisfaction of the commission that such line has earned enough during the twelve months prior to the passage of the proposed act to meet the necessary expenses of its maintenance, reconstruction and operation. Before any line can be purchased, the commission is directed to ascertain its actual value, which is to be computed on the basis of $1000 for every $50 of annual net earnings, and it is provided that no line shall be purchased at a higher valuation than that ascertained upon the basis thus prescribed, which would give net earning a capacity of 5 per cent upon the price paid. The bill also proposes that 3 per cent thirty-year bonds shall be issued in payment of any lines thus purchased and shall not be sold at less than par.

By Mr. Logan—To pension prisoners of war who were confined in Confederate military prisons during the late war.

Mr. Vest offered the following preamble and resolution and moved their reference to the committee on foreign relations:

Whereas, The correspondence between the governments of the United States and Austria-Hungary, which has been transmitted to the Senate by the President, shows that the Hon. Anthony M. Keily of Virginia was, on April 29, 1885, appointed Minister to Austria-Hungary; that on May 9, 1885, the government of the United States was officially notified by the government of Austria-Hungary that the "position of a foreign envoy, wedded to a Jewess by civil marriage, would be untenable and even impossible in Vienna," and on Aug. 4, 1885, the government of Austria-Hungary declared its determination not to receive Mr. Keily as Minister from the United States;

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the position assumed by this government and the principles affirmed in said correspondence by the Secretary of State meet with our unqualified approbation. The constitution of the United States provides that "no religious test shall be ever required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States," and while sincerely anxious to maintain friendly relations with Austria-Hungary and all other governments, the people of the United States deny the right of any foreign government to assert against any citizen of this country disqualification for office by reason of his religious belief or that of his family.

Mr. Vest strongly commended the course of Secretary Bayard in this matter.

Mr. Plumb thought the incident showed that the diplomatic service was merely an ornamental one, if it could be called even ornamental. He thought the whole diplomatic arrangement of the present day antiquated and unnecessary, and he hoped the committee on foreign relations, to which this resolution would go, would recommend that it be abolished.

The resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Harrison offered the following preamble and resolution, for which he asked immediate consideration:

Whereas, It is stated in substance in the last annual report of the Commissioner of Pensions that under the administration of his predecessor, or some of them in that office, other tests than those of law were applied to applications for pensions, and that applicants were required to show in addition to services in the field submission to and support of a party before pensions were granted; therefore,

Resolved, That the committee on expenditure of public money are hereby directed to inquire into such statements and to report the facts to the Senate, and that said committee are empowered to send for persons and papers and to employ a stenographer.

On the objection of Mr. Cockrell the resolution went over.

Mr. Hoar offered a resolution, which was agreed to without debate, authorizing the committee on finance to investigate the frauds and abuses alleged to exist in the collection of the customs revenues of the government at the port of New York, especially the subject of the undervaluation and reappraisement of imported merchandise at the port, and report to the Senate what changes, if any, should be made in the customhouse in order to prevent frauds in the importation of merchandise and in the collection of customs revenues.

Mr. Beck called up the resolution heretofore offered by him directing the committee on finance to inquire whether the officials of the United States had complied with the laws requiring that coin paid for duties on imported goods should be set apart as a special fund and applied to the payment of the interest on United States bonds, etc., and followed with a long speech, in which he attacked the positions taken by the President in his message to Congress and Secretary Manning in his annual report on the silver question. The laws of the land were equally binding on the highest executive officer and the humblest citizens, yet the law to which his resolution referred has not for many years been complied with by the treasury officials. No more statesmanlike message had ever emanated from the executive mansion, in Mr. Beck's opinion, than President Cleveland's first message; but he did not agree with the position of that message regarding silver. Three-fourths of our business troubles arose from the fact that the laws of the United States were not carried out by our executive officers. Combinations of bankers and bondholders, and their well paid press, were opposed to silver, and their present crusade against that metal was another evidence of the audacity of the organizations of wealth—organizations which had always secured whatever they had demanded. As to the question of paying the bonds otherwise than in gold, Mr. Beck quoted an opinion given in 1868 by Mr. Sherman, the presiding officer of the Senate, to the effect that the bondholders should take payment for money advanced in the same medium in which they had advanced the money. That opinion, he thought, was as sound now as in 1868. There was not an obligation pending in this country, national or municipal, that could not be lawfully paid in silver coin of the United States. An examination of our trade and a comparison of the exports and imports of this time with those of 1870 showed that the silver dollar now bought 20 per cent more than it did in 1870. Yet our treasury officials told us that grave trouble were apprehended by them if the present condition of things should last much longer. The falsity of this clamor could be readily proved by an impartial examination of the figures given out by the treasury officials themselves.

The example of England was held up to us by those officials, notwithstanding the fact that the workingmen of England were paid their wages in silver coin without regard to the bullion value of the metal. Why, too, had not France been troubled by its large amount of silver coin? The reason was to be found in the fact that the public functionaries of France supported the silver coinage of their, country as ours did not. The bondholders of the United States controlled enormous amounts of money and the best talent of the press, and having now captured the executive branch of the government, they were clamoring for gold, and gold alone, in settlement of their claims. How was the surplus silver to get out of the treasury if the Secretary would not call in the bonds that ought to be called in and pay out the silver? The people and their representatives, however, supported silver. Executive officers should not be allowed to disregard the law. He was not making war on the bondholders or the banks, but he would, if he could, take from the banks their political power and their influence on the currency, as shown when they secured President Hayes' veto on a memorable occasion. Mr. Beck disclaimed any personal interest in silver, saying he had never in his life owned a dollar of stock in a silver mine.

Mr. Morrill remarked that Mr. Beck seemed to be making a very elaborate assault on the Secretary of the Treasury and the President, and if the resolution in support of which it was delivered should pass the Senate it would be equivalent to a vote of want of confidence in the President and his administration. He regretted that the Senator from Kentucky should have represented the Secretary of the Treasury as little better than a common thief, and the President and Secretary together as having been bought up by the bondholders; but as probably no Senator "on the left" was at present prepared to enter into a defense of the present administration, he would move a reference of the resolution to the committee on finance. It was so referred.

Mr. Call offered a resolution providing for a special committee of five Senators to investigate alleged fraudulent appropriations of public lands in Florida.

Mr. Allison had no objection to such an investigation, but thought it ought to be made general, so as to cover other States as well as Florida. He moved that it be referred to the committee on public lands in order that the committee might have an opportunity of considering whether such general investigation should not be had. Agreed to.

Mr. Harrison moved to refer to the committee on Territories the resolution of Mr. Butler, recently offered, relating to the Territory of Dakota. He added that this disposition of the resolution was agreeable to Mr. Butler. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Allison the Senate took up and passed without debate the House concurrent resolution providing for an adjournment from to-day till Tuesday, Jan. 5.

At 3:20 p. m., on motion of Mr. Morrill, the Senate went into executive session.

At 4 o'clock the doors were reopened, and the Senate adjourned till Tuesday, Jan. 5.

GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS.

CIVIL SERVICE INVESTIGATION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Civil Service Commissioner Dorman B. Eaton was this morning before the Senate committee on civil service and retrenchment, and was examined by Republican members of the committee in relation to charges which have been preferred against his Republican friends. The examination was conducted secretly, but it is intimated that the report will be favorable to the confirmation of Eaton's recommendations.

AN EXCURSION.

A rearrangement has been perfected by the Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company to convey a party of excursionists, made up of Senators, Representatives and newspaper correspondents, to the New Orleans Exposition. The excursionists will be taken from Washington to New Orleans and brought back by the Baltimore and Ohio Company, which has kindly tendered the use of its lines, including sleeping coaches. The party will be in charge of Major J. G. Pangborn, assistant general passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Company, and will leave Washington at 10 p. m. Friday the 25th inst., Christmas night; returning will reach Washington Sunday, Jan. 3.

NEW YORK SPECIAL DAILY REPORT.

Opinions on the Texas and Pacific and the City Bank of Houston—Quotations.

Special to The News.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Thomas Denny believes $1,500,000 property expended on the Texas and Pacific Western division will put the road in as good physical condition as any in the country.

The Continental and Park banks to-day declined to cash drafts of the Houston City Bank. It is reported that the bank had not made any money for years, and that recent efforts to secure a good title to disputed lands were used against the bank and hurried its downfall.

Sterling further advanced on scarcity and manipulation. Payment sold at $4 84. Bankers generally doubt whether much gold will be shipped, as it would be unnatural at this season. Bankers of this city demand for January offerings $4 87¾.

Bonds steady.

Sixty thousand Santa Fe 6's sold at 85.

Sixty thousand International 6's at average of 83¼.

Twenty thousand Fort Worth and Denvers at 83; 100 stock at 20.

Nine thousand San Antonio Western at 91⅝.

Eighty thousand New Orleans Pacifics at 50.

Forty thousand Texas Pacific incomes at 35¼; 300,000 Rios at 44@42½.

Kansas and Texas stock sold at 31½@32¼.

Stocks closed quiet.

Cotton very dull; only local market.

Coffee steady; contracts advanced 10 points; sales 11,000.

THE GREAT MINE DISASTER.

Twenty-Four Miners Entombed Alive with Small Prospect of Being Rescued.

WILKSBARRE, Dec. 21.—The rescuing party in Nanticoke mines have not reached their unfortunate comrades who are imprisoned in the slope, and but little hope is now entertained of finding any of them alive. Rescuers are still at work laboring vigorously to get an entrance to the chamber. It is thought the imprisoned men will be found. Work will be continued unceasingly until some discovery is made. Excitement in the vicinity of the mine is unabated, and the anxiety of relatives and friends of the missing men has become unbounded.

There is hope yet. Rescuers say they hear knocking at the pipes. The rescuers are now but twenty feet from where the men are. The crowd around the mine is greater than ever and great excitement prevails. The superintendent says that the men will be taken out alive yet.

LATER.—At 9 o'clock to-night, while the rescuing party were within a few feet of where the imprisoned miners were supposed to be, a second cave occurred. Thousands of tons of quicksand and culm again filled the gangway, making the condition of affairs even worse than it was on Friday morning. Two of the rescuing party were caught in the huge mass of falling sand, and it was with much difficulty that they were brought out alive. The work of cleaning away the debris has been abandoned for the present, and every one appears to be discouraged. The men who were at work are now afraid to reenter the mine. It is now considered absolutely certain that the twenty-four men and boys are entombed in the mine and will not be rescued alive. They have been imprisoned since Friday morning, and, even though they may have lived for a time in the breastworks, they must now die of starvation if from no other cause.

It will take two weeks to penetrate the mass of earth now obstructing the passages. The excitement around the mine is indescribable. Women and children, who have hardly closed their eyes since Friday, are made nearly crazy by the frightful calamity. Screams and wails of anguish from the women rend the air, while the disheartened and exhausted miners sit around the mouth of the mine in sullen despair. Large crowds of people are coming from miles around to view the scene of desolation. The town of Nanticoke is a place of universal mourning and desolation.

Illegal Voter Pardoned.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 21.—Gov. Pearson this morning read the reasons presented by the Board of Pardons for the pardon of Emil Doerner, of Pittsburg, and then signed the pardon. Doerner was convicted of fraudulent voting, but the board found that he first obtained naturalization papers and his tax receipt, which led him to believe he had a right to vote, and also misled the board. The pardon was recommended in November, but a protest was made by union miners, who wanted revenge because Doerner furnished men to take the places of the strikers in the Hocking Valley

IRISH HOME RULE RAMPANT.

ABSORBING THEME IN BRITISH POLITICS

Englishmen Aroused Against It, and Orangemen Issue a Flaming Manifesto—Bulgaria and Servian Armistice.

THE HOME RULE SUBJECT.

"NOT FOR JOE."

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Joseph Cowen, Radical Member of Parliament for New Castle-on-Tyne, has issued a manifesto to his constituents with regard to the alleged home rule scheme of Mr. Gladstone. He says it will be impossible for the English government to consent to the enactment of protective tariffs by an Irish Parliament, consent to the confiscation of the property of landlords in Ireland, or to allow Irish members in the Imperial Parliament to take part in any legislation with regard to home affairs in England in addition to the legislation of the proposed Irish Parliament. With these exceptions Mr. Cowen declares himself in favor of home government for Ireland. In conclusion he says: "Paper guarantees are useless. The best security is the mutual interests of both England and Ireland."

STILL GUESSING AT GLADSTONE.

It is given out by Mr. Gladstone's intimates that the plan of home rule which he will actually introduce in Parliament will be a very much less formidable scheme than that which the public have been led to believe he would propose. If it be true, as many suspect, that Mr. Gladstone surreptitiously put forth the reports that have been circulating as to his intentions in order to test public opinion and see how far he dared go, they have succeeded admirably. He has found an overwhelming prepondence of feeling among people of all parts against so great concessions to Parnell as have been hinted at and discussed. So great an opposition has developed to an Irish Parliament with anything like general rowers that it has become certain that ignominious defeat awaits any statesman who would dare to propose this first step toward the separation of Ireland from the government of the United Kingdom. Having had this fact unmistakbly foreshowed, Mr. Gladstone now hastens to avert the storm of wrath that seemed likely to burst upon him, and trusty confidants are causing it to be known that he has not the rash designs attributed to him. This little incident still further excites the admiration of those who look upon the "Grand Old Man" as the wisest and most farseeing statesman. Gladstone's conduct in the present campaign is being watched with great interest, as it is generally believed that it is regarded by him as almost a life and death struggle.

It is his eager ambition that the close of his career shall be either death in the highest office of the realm or voluntary retirement from that office without the humiliation of having been driven from power by an adverse verdict of the people upon his policy. With this ambition as his incentive Mr. Gladstone is employing every resource of his fertile mind, full of expedients suggested by a long and varied experience in management of men and the molding of public sentiment. Victory under the present circumstances would indeed be a crowning achievement, for it would be won in the face of the secret opposition of the Queen and her court on account of the unfavorable impressions produced by the disastrous Soudan war during his last administration, and of the difficulty involved in the formulation of a policy acceptable to such discordant elements in his party as the Parnellites, the Radicals and the Whigs. Despite all these difficulties, however, the odds are considered to be in favor of the old man eloquent.

VIEWS OF MR. CHILDERS.

The Rt. Hon. Hugh C. Childers, Chancellor of the Exchequer in the last Gladstone Cabinet, expressed his views freely regarding Irish home rule in an interview with a correspondent of the United Press this evening. In general the views of Mr. Childers agree with those attributed to Mr. Gladstone. Mr. Childers said: "My views in regard to home rule for Ireland are unchanged. I am disposed to meet generously Ireland's requests for total self-government, but I should draw a rigid line at imperial matters with which the Imperial Parliament alone must deal. The ordinary administration of justice, internal trade, railways, public works, education and the relief of the poor, can all be better dealt with locally. The Imperial Parliament might require, even in the purely Irish matter, that religious liberty be secured, that there shall be a strict observance of contracts and the rights of property be protected, as under the American constitution they are protected from infringement by an individual State.

THE ORANGEMAN'S OUTCRY.

DUBLIN, Dec. 21.—An important meeting of the Orange Grand Lodge, of Ireland, was held here to-day. Several peers and many of the newly elected members of Parliament from Ulster were present. The following manifesto, addressed to the Orangemen of Great Britain, was adopted, and will be placarded through England, Scotland and Wales to-morrow: "The aspect of affairs was never more menacing to Protestantism than at the present moment. Three of four provinces of Ireland are at the mercy of avowed conspirators, whose object is to avert the imperial rule. The duty of all true Irishmen is plain. While unwavering in the principles of Orangeism and abating not one jot of our conscientious opinions, we cordially welcome all who are willing to assist to keep the bond of unity of the great empire, of which we are proud to form a not unimportant part. The little band of loyalists finds itself in a position of unequalled difficulty. Greatly outnumbered by National League delegates—the direct heirs and successors of that league which even a Liberal government suppressed as illegal, and which is answerable for many thousands of outrages—the small but firmly united delegation of Loyalists, members of the House of Commons will, by energy and determination, convince their English brethern and their fellow countrymen that they represent the industry and intelligence of Ireland. If the Parnellite faction fails to succeed wholly in its present effort it will endeavor to sever the union by degrees. One of the first points will be to obtain complete control of education in Ireland. This would give them control of the rising generation, and command of the police would make them masters of the present generation. If we would be certain that the police were officered by Parnell nominees it would place us in a worse position than were our ancestors under the rule of Tyrconnell. The slighest relaxation of the ties of union will even terminate in separation and the ruin of the country, and will establish drilling grounds for hostile armies and dockyards for foreign fleets in the most valuable part of the empire. Therefore we appeal to those realizing the immensity of the peril to stand shoulder to shoulder in defense of the Union and in the promotion of loyalty, liberty and religion; for our God, for our Queen and for our country."

This manifesto is signed, among other peers, by the venerable Earls of Erne and Enniskillen, who are 83 and 78 years old respectively.

PARNELL'S POSITION.

Mr. Parnell has stated that he will oppose any scheme of home rule which does not include Irish control of the police.

MEXICO.

POLITICAL RIOTING.

Special to The News.

MATAMORAS, Dec. 21.—The delegates elected last Sunday met yesterday to decide who should be Mayor for the ensuing year. There were many fraudulent members present for either side. The result was a sort of double meeting. Yturria was declared elected by the Cuetar-Gonzales faction, and Torres by the Federal Government party. There was much disorder during the day, and in the afternoon a sharp skirmish on Cuercio street, in which Candolario Hernandez, a supporter of Yturria, and Pauch Gaimo, of the other side, were wounded. At 7 p. m. another fussilade took place near the Villa Nueva Club-rooms, further up the same street, Jose Marcha being shot through the leg. In each fight over thirty shots were fired. After the last heavy cavalry patrols were turned out and soon quiet was restored.

PERU.

FIGHTING IN OCEATARA.

Special to The News.

LIMA, via Galveston, Dec. 21.—An official telegram received Saturday afternoon from San Bartolome reports fighting going on in Oceatara between Col. Relayzes and the government forces. The Cornerico says: The gravity of the situation has obliged the government to request ex-President Iglesias and ex-Ministers Galup, Echenique, Urrutia, and Prefect Muro to abandon the city as a precaution for their personal safety, in consequence of the increasing unpopularity shown toward them by the populace.

The Pacific Steam Navigation Company have announced a reduction of 20 per cent in their tariff to and from Chili.

BULGARIA.

AN ARMISTICE ARRANGED.

SOFIA, Dec. 21.—The International Military Commission appointed to fix a line of separation between the Servian and Bulgarian armies, to be observed during the truce, has adopted a protocol which defines the terms of the armistice and prepaves the way for a treaty of peace. The protocol requires that the Servians shall evacuate the first district not later than next Sunday, and that the armistice shall continue until March 1, 1886. The protocol is signed by all the commissioners representing Austria, Russia, Germany and Italy, and by the delegates who attended the meetings of the commission on behalf of Servia and Bulgaria.

FRANCE.

ARRIVAL OF PASTEUR'S PATIENTS.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—The four boys who were bitten by a mad dog in Newark, N. J., arrived this morning in good health and were immediately taken to M. Pasteur's house, where they are now undergoing treatment. M. Pasteur stated this afternoon that although he regretted that so much time had elapsed since the four boys were bitten, yet he hoped to be able to save them. He had previously treated victims successfully after two months had elapsed between the time of being bitten and the time of beginning treatment. He will inoculate the boys to-morrow.

HE'S FIXED 'EM.

Pasteur has personally inoculated the four boys bitten by the mad dogs in Newark.

ENGLAND.

LIEUT. GREELY LECTURES.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Lieut. Greely lectured this evening before the Royal Geographical Society. The Marquis of Lorne presided. Present were Princess Louise, Minister Phelps and wife and Capt. Nares. The Marquis of Lorne said: "England was as proud of Greeley as if he had started from London." The lecturer was enthusiastically applauded.

IRELAND.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

CORK, Dec. 21.—The trial of Casey and Daley, for the murder of Daniel Curtin, at Motahuffe, Nov. 13, was concluded to-day. Both prisoners were convicted and sentenced to fourteen years penal servitude.

GERMANY.

THE EMPEROR THANKS THE POPE.

BERLIN, Dec. 21.—Emperor William has sent a letter to the Pope, thanking him for his impartiality in the mediation between Germany and Spain in the matter of the Caroline Islands.

NEWS AT CLEBURNE.

Poisoning at a Hotel—The Charge Against Mr. Gooley on Trial.

Special to The News.

CLEBURNE, Dec. 21.—Esquire Hodge was sick last night and could not go to hold the inquest over the body of the man Miles, who was killed yesterday by the accidental discharge of a Winchester rifle in the hands of one Rash. A Justice from another precinct was called and the verdict of the inquest cannot yet be learned, but from all accounts the killing was unquestionably an accident.

Last night at about 10 o'clock a number of boarders at the Cleburne House were taken violently sick with symptoms of having been poisoned. Judge Abbott, of Hillsboro, one of the victims, was for a few hours in a truly precarious condition, and grave doubts were entertained of his recovery. Dr. Greenwall was called in, and was busy until 2 o'clock treating the numerous patients. A dozen or more gentlemen, including Ed McDaniel, the clerk of the hotel, were more or less affected. Some pig's head cheese was on the bill of fare at supper, and to this was attributed the poisoning, as nearly every man who ate of it was prostrated. A thorough investigation will be made to ascertain the cause of the poisoning. The physicians say that the symptoms exhibited by the patients were those following antimonial poisoning.

The following officers were elected at the last meeting of the Knights of Honor: Dictator, T. F. Ragland; vice dictator, John C. Brown; assistant dictator, F. M. Conway; financial reporter, D. S. Coleman; treasurer, J. D. Osborne; chaplain, O. T. Plumber; guide, W. W. Grace; sentinel, Max Laski; guardian, B. F. Jenkins; trustees, Telman Smith, W. J. Rutledge and John Mitchell.

The Hudson-Randolph matter has at last been amicably settled, or at least an arrangement has been agreed upon which proves satisfactory to all parties concerned. Hudson has agreed to pay to Randolph certain notes and property amounting to $31,500 on the 1st of January, and has deposited in the First National Bank $750 to be forfeited in case he fails to come to time according to argreement.

The case of the State of Texas vs. R. B. Gooley now on trial in the District Court, is attracting much attention, and is being watched with much interest by Mr. Gooley's numerous friends, who are at some loss to know the reason for such a charge being preferred against him. The testimony, so far as it has gone, shows no connection, criminal or otherwise, on Mr. Gooley's part, with the disposition or taking of the animal alleged to have been stolen. The only circumstance tending in any manner to criminate him is that the animal charged to have been stolen was in his pasture—same 4000 to 6000 acres; but the testimony of the State also developed that Mr. Gooly had given orders to his employes to turn all stock out of the pasture save his own, and that this animal was turned out several times. It appears that Mr. Gooley did not know this animal or that it was in his pasture. It is not known what other testimony the State will offer.

Mrs. Lewis, mother of Mr. E. T. Lewis, died yesterday morning, at her son's residence. She was much beloved by every one and, notwithstanding her advanced age, was a most devoted attendant at the Baptist Church.

The following transfers were filed to-day: W. B. Griggs et al. by W. L. Cabell, United States Marshal, to Eugene Marshall, 160 acres for $125.

Eugene Marshall to Chas. T. McCown, 150 acres George S. McIntosh survey, for $700.

Sarah Ennis et al., by W. L. Cabell, United States Marshal, to Eugene Marshall, 150 acres George S. McIntosh survey, for $125.

R. Marchbanks to Wm. Jones, all interest in 122½ acres of E. M. Heath headright, for $125.

G. M. Dodge to H. D. Pounds, lot 1, block 19, Alvarado, for $50.

MARINE DISASTER.

The German Bark Gutenberg Lost Off Dry Tortugas.

Special to The News.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—The German bark Gutenberg, which left this port Dec. 9, on her way to Bremen, has been wrecked on Gordon Key Reef, off the Dry Tortugas. Her cargo consisted of 2000 bales of cotton, cotton seed cake and staves. The vessel is a total loss. It is thought that a portion of the cargo can be saved. There was no loss of life. Particulars of the wreck have not been received. The announcement comes from the captain now at Key West, and from a vessel that arrived in port to-day that passed the scene of the wreck.

Nervous headache—cannot work—lie in bed. St. Jacobs Oil cures headache.

GENTLEMAN GEORGE'S GAME.

SLOSSON AGAIN VANQUISHES VIGNEAUX.

The American Expert Secures the First Victory in the Play-to-a-Finish Series for the World's Balk-Line Championship.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—For the third time in the present play for the championship at the 14-inch balk line, Slosson and Vignaux faced each other in Central Music Hall to-night. The announcement of the terms of the match was: A play to a finish to decide the 14-inch balk line championship. This was greeted with applause. John Callahan, the Milwaukee expert, was introduced as referree. Mme. Vignaux and Mrs. Slosson occupied boxes.

THE BETTING

preceding the games was $10 to $7 in favor of the Frenchman. Vignaux won the bank, slipped up on an easy draw with one point to his credit.

Neither man made double figures until the fifth inning, when Slosson knocked out 20, and in the sixth 30 by scientific, all-round-the-table play, leaving the score 58 to 8 in his favor.

In the seventh he followed up his lead with a run of 54, the Frenchman scoring 5.

In the next three innings Vignaux added 152 to his string, while Slosson could only gather 63, leaving the score at the end of the eleventh inning: Slosson 175, Vignaux 165.

Vignaux opened the twelfth inning with a goose egg, and Slosson ended with a run of 56.

Vignaux followed with 43.

From this point until the twenty-fifth inning, when Vignaux rolled up 113 to his credit and overcame Slosson's lead, both men appeared nervous and poor playing seemed to be the order of the evening.

In the twenty-ninth inning Vignaux, by a miscue, left the balls in shape for Slosson, who did not let go of them until he had bettered his tally 32.

Vignaux followed in the thirtieth with 38 and Slosson quit with 2—leaving the score: Vignaux 503, Slosson 458, with runs of 37 and 38 for Vignaux and Slosson respectively.

The score at the end of the thirty-fourth inning stood: Vignaux 548, Slosson 514.

Both men continued to play a safe game. Vignaux opened the point getting in the thirty-seventh inning with a get of 95.

SLOSSON THEN GATHERED HIMSELF,

and getting the balls in position, quit with a run of 159—the second biggest run so far made at the fourteen-inch balk-line in the tournament, and leading the Frenchman once more. The score at this period of the game stood: Slosson 713, Vignaux 685.

Slosson continued his lead, making small runs, while the Frenchman scored a number of goose eggs and quit 57 behind at the end of the game. The following is

THE SCORE:

Slosson—2, 1, 1, 0, 20, 30, 54, 0, 24, 23, 16, 46, 6, 16, 16, 12, 3. 41, 1, 0, 13, 11, 0, 38, 0, 38, 3, 0, 37, 2, 0, 7, 13, 2, 34, 13, 0, 21, 159, 6, 41, 0, 7, 11, 0, 5, 13, 1, 2. Total, 800.

Vignaux—1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 6, 0, 5, 12, 47, 93, 0, 43, 0, 3, 18, 0, 2, 13, 38, 11, 3, 0, 6, 1, 42, 113, 0, 1, 33, 8, 20, 0, 8, 15, 5, 95, 2, 22, 13, 37, 0, 0, 0, 3, 1, 0, 14, 3, 5. Total, 743.

Averages—Slosson 16 16-49, Vignaux 15 8-49.

COLORADO.

Trading for Cattle Ranch—Holiday Luxuries. Court Notes, Etc.

Special to The News.

COLORADO, Dec. 21.—J. A. Peacock left yesterday for Kansas City for the purpose of closing the trade of the Half Circle S Ranch, owned by Peacock Bros., and the U S Ranch, owned by H. M. Catlett. Both ranches are on North Concho, and Kansas City parties offer $500,000 for the two ranches.

Mr. E. F. Swiney, cashier of the Colorado National Bank, returned from St. Louis yesterday.

Col. A. W. Dunn returned from his ranch on the Plains last evening. He reports very favorable indications of the cattlemen's success this winter.

Col. Winfield Scott and wife returned from his Eagle Pass Ranch, via El Paso, Saturday.

Judge Wynne and Mayor Smith, of Fort Worth, spent Sunday in Colorado.

Merchants are all very busy, and a big Christmas trade is already upon them.

Turkeys, bear, buffalo, antelope, deer and all sorts of beautiful looking wild meats are beginning to adorn the markets, indicating that people will revel in luxuries during Christmas week.

Dr. Higgins, of the Episcopal Church, delivered a beautiful discourse Sunday evening upon "The Fullness of Time," giving the historical transition of the governments and the influences which wrought the changes.

District Court convened to-day for a five weeks' session. Judge Kennedy organized the grand jury, and, after a very lucid and clear charge from the court, they began their diligent investigation. District Attorney D. G. Hill is with the grand jury. The criminal docket will not be taken up before the second week.

County Court adjourned Saturday evening. Many cases were disposed of within the two weeks it held.

THE COLLAPSED BANK.

Meeting of Depositors—Postponement of the Hearing to Wednesday.

Special to The News.

HOUSTON, Dec. 21.—At an informal meeting of the depositors of the City Bank of Houston, held to-day at 12 o'clock, it was resolved that the meeting adjourn until 10 o'clock Tuesday, when the meeting will be held at the District Court room, and all depositors of said bank are requested to be present and consult about the interests of said bank's affairs.

In the District Court, before Judge Masterson, at 10 o'clock to-day, depositors and creditors represented by J. W. Mitchell, O. T. Holt. C. Anson Jones, S. Taliaferro and W. P. Hamblen were present to ask a postponement of the hearing of all motions in reference to the appointment of the receiver of the City Bank until Wednesday. Judge Goldthwaite and J. C. Hutcheson appeared for the bank and the receiver.

Upon motion of Judge Goldthwaite Thursday was named as the day to hear the motion.

The defendants to the complaint asking for a receiver filed their answer, agreeing to the appointment of the receiver and action of the court.

Three weeks ago the saloon of Robert Blie, on Preston street, between Travis and Milam streets, was broke into and robbed of $37. Since the robbery Officers Scanlon and Quill have been in search of the thief. To-night they arrested Frank Morse, alias Punche, on a charge of burglary and theft. He will be tried to-morrow before Justice Breeding.

A NOVEL SUICIDE.

A Louisiana Judge Springs the Trigger of a Shotgun.

Special to The News.

HOUMA, La., Dec. 21.—Hon. F. S. Goode, Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District, was found dead in bed to-day on his plantation near this place. The Judge arose this morning and procured a shotgun, and going back to his room tied strings to both triggers, attaching the other ends to his toes. He then sat on the side of the bed, placed the muzzle against his head and sprang the triggers. One load passed through his head, causing instant death.

Murder in Second Degree.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—The case of Daniel E. Stanton, charged with the fatal shooting of Frederick P. Nash, on the night of Oct. 16, 1884, near Germantown Junction, was called for trial this afternoon. Mr. Sheppard, his attorney, addressing Judge Allison, said: "In view of all the circumstances, the defendant is prepared to withdraw his plea to the general issue and file a plea to the intermediate grade of the offense—murder in the second degree." This plea was accepted by the commonwealth.

Was Gen. Toombs Duped?

MACON, Ga., Dec. 21.—The Telegraph prints an article reciting that Gen. Toombs, shortly before his death, indorsed notes to the amount of $280,000 for certain parties in Atlanta and that his estate is now responsible for them. His heirs, it is understood, will contest, upon the ground that Toombs was mentally incapaciated at the time he indorsed the notes to attend to business. The article concludes by intimating that ugly disclosures are expected.

Attempt to Assassinate an Editor.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—An attempt was made this evening to assassinate L. Lum Smith, publisher of the Agents' Herald, by shooting through the glass door of his office. The ball passed directly over the chair in which Mr. Smith was sitting and lodged in a mirror on the other side of the room. There is no clew to the person who fired the shot. The statement of a small boy employed in a room adjoining that of Mr. Smith, is that he ran out into the hall on hearing the shot and saw a man wearing a brown Derby hat and light overcoat pass hurriedly down stairs. A citizen, who was standing at the foot of the stairs, however, says that he looked up on hearing the shot and is certain that no one passed him. The police are working on the case.

AFFAIRS AT GILMER.

A Sick Man Assaulted and Cruelly Beaten. Other Items.

Special to The News.

GILMER, Dec. 21.—Mr. G. L. Cook, of Simpsonville, and Miss Sallie Croley, of this city, were married at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Thomas Croley, living one and a half miles southwest of the city, Rev. C. J. Sherwood officiating. The attendants were Prof. J. P. Hart and Miss Laura Warren, of this city, Mr. J. N. Hart, of Simpsonville, and Miss Maud Grimmer, of Gilmer.

The bride was handsomely and tastily attired, as were also the bridesmaids. In the evening a magnificent supper was enjoyed at the residence of Mr. Croley, and the next morning the bridal couple left for Simpsonville, where they were handsomely entertained by Mr. Alex Crooks, father of the groom.

A brutal assault on an old man is reported from Hales farm, two miles below the city. About 10:30 o'clock five men went to the house of William Winn, who lives on the farm and demanded admission. Mr. Winn, who was sick in bed, besought the men to go away as he was sick. They then began battering the door, saying, "Let us go in and kill the —— ——." Having succeeded in forcing an entrance, they took Winn out of bed and carried him into the yard, where they beat him unmercifully and left him for dead. After they had gone away, Mrs. Hope, one of the ladies of the household, carried Winn into the house and dressed his wounds. Soon after the assailants returned, saying they intended to "finish the ——." Winn escaped through a side door and made his way to a place of safety in the woods while the men were being held in check at the front door. Information of the deed was sent to the city and officers immediately started out to arrest the perpetrators, returning soon after with John Wilson, Harry Turner, Jake Spangle and Joe McGarrett, who were found at their boarding house at McLean's mill and who are charged with being implicated in the assault.

It is learned this morning that there are two more men implicated in the affair of Saturday night. They are still at large. Mr. Winn is in the city to-day and is making affidavits against his assailants. The examining trial is set for Tuesday morning and will be very interesting. Public opinion is running very high against them and some fears have been expressed about lynching the offenders, but it is thought by the best citizens that the good sense of the people will prevail and the law be allowed to take its course.

Mr. G. F. Johnson, route agent for the Pacific Express Company, left this city yesterday, going south on the Texas and St. Louis Railroad, establishing offices for his company on this road.

OLD-TIMERS AT ENNIS.

Mr. Edwards, of Georgia, on a Visit—Col. Dan Rice Finds a Long Lost Timepiece.

Special to The News.

ENNIS, Dec. 21.—The holiday trade is brisk. Small quantities of cotton come in daily.

Mr. George W. Edwards, a citizen of Monroe County, Georgia, is visiting his son, an attorney of this place. The old gentleman is hearty and well conditioned as a youth. He reached his son's residence on his 72d birthday and enjoys himself splendidly circulating among the young business men of the place.

Col. Dan Rice is also in town. He treated a fair audience to an hour of amusing talk on Saturday night. During the Colonel's stay his attention was called to a watch that had been left at a jeweller's in the city for repairs, about a year ago. The timepiece was of rather antique model, English make, and heavy gold casings throughout. On the inner case it bore the following inscription: "A friend in need. Presented. to Dan Rice by the members of Philadelphia Engine Company 14, New Orleans, Jan. 1, 1852." The Colonel told in a princely way of how the boys, a long time ago, presented it to him for some trifling favor, and that a short time afterward his pocket had been picked at the door of his great show tent. He had advertised it far and wide, but had never heard of it until he roached Ennis. He has entered into peaceful negotiations for its recovery from the present holder, preferring that to legal methods.

An execution issuing from the Justice's Court at this place for $99 50, in favor of Mrs. J. V. Kennedy against the Mutual Fire Insurance Protectors of Texas, whose principal office is at Henderson, Rusk County, has been returned, indorsed "No property found" by the Sheriff of that county.

Capt. Latimer's little girl, who was accidentally run over by a buggy and considerably injured a few days ago, is improving.

VESSEL ASHORE.

The Brigantine Grane Wrecked Off the Coast of Galveston.

Special to The News.

GALVESTON, Dec. 21.—This morning at 8:30 o'clock the Norwegian brigantine Grane, G. Larsen master, arrived and went ashore on the bar west of the end of the jetties, near the wreck of the barge Orient. A heavy sea was running at the time with a strong east wind, and although the tug Keyser rendered all possible assistance, it was found the vessel was in a sinking condition and had to be abandoned. The crew were then taken off by the Keyser and brought in and landed at Labadie's wharf. The Grane sailed from Christiana, Norway, and was of 217 tons register. She sailed from Liverpool for this port Oct. 20 with a cargo of three hundred and ten tons of salt consigned to J. Mollier & Co. To-night the vessel is entirely under water, and together with her cargo will probably prove a total loss.

BELTON.

Arrested for Horse Stealing—A Runaway and Smashup.

Special to The News.

BELTON, Dec. 21.—Walter Nealey, a young man whose parents live near Moody, in McLellan County, was arrested and placed in jail this evening by Marshal Karnes, charged with the theft of a horse. He acknowledges to having stolen the horse, which he sold in Gatesville, but claims that his father has since paid the owner for the horse. He had a six shooter and dirk knife when arrested.

Another runaway occurred to-day in which Mrs. Spears, a most estimable lady, working in Mrs. Banknight's millinery store, was seriously hurt. Mr. Banknight was driving the horse to a buggy, but had alighted to arrange the harness, leaving the reins with the lady, when the horse became frightened and dashed the buggy to pieces against a tree.

A slow rain has been falling all day.

Alleged "Bad Men" Captured in the Nation.

Special to The News.

GAINESVILLE, Dec. 21.—Yesterday evening C. E. Garretson, a Deputy United States Marshal for the Western District of Arkansas, assisted by Deputy United States Marshal Lum Johnson, of the Northern District of Texas, arrested J. T. Davis and Thomas Davis on a charge of murder committed in the Indian Territory. They are charged with murdering a man named Davis some time since. Attorneys for the prisoners have sued out a writ of habeas corpus and the Marshal will have to appear before Judge Piner and show why he holds them.

Yesterday evening Deputy Marshall Carbell arrived from the Indian Territory with four men charged with horse stealing. They also have with them a large number of alleged stolen horses.

Chronic Sciatica Cured.

ASHLAND, MASS., January 23, 1885.

For the the last two years I have hobbled around on crutches. During that time I was afflicted with sciatic rheumatism. I not only suffered terrible pain night and day, but was utterly helpless. After using every possible effort to get well, and exhausting the best medical advice, I was induced to try four Allcock's Porous Plasters. These I wore on my side, hip-bone and thigh. In one week I was almost entirely free from pain, and strength returned to my palsied limb. I continued using these Plasters with the most surprising results for three months, when I became perfectly cured, and abandoned the use of crutches. Persons desiring further information can address me. J. F. GATES.

Postoffice Box 184.

STATE SPECIAL SELECTIONS.

DRIFT CAUGHT IN THE NEWS DRAG NET.

All Sorts of Items of the Day Culled and Condensed from Every Point of the Compass in Texas.

Specials to The News.

Weatherford.

WEATHERFORD, Dec. 21.—It has been raining here nearly all day, and the streets this evening are very muddy.

Mrs. Andes McConnell, wife of Eli McConnell, died yesterday at their residence. She had been sick for some time with consumption. She leaves three children, one of whom is a helpless invalid, and a husband to mourn her loss. She was to have been buried in the City Cemetery this evening at 3 o'clock, but owing to the inclemency of the weather her burial was postponed until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

A Deputy Sheriff of Hood County arrived to-day having in charge George Lewis, wanted in this county to answer to the charge of swindling. He now occupies a cell in the county jail.

The County Clerk to-day issued marriage license to Mr. A. J. Forrester and Miss M. A. Lawrence.

Alvarado.

ALVARADO, Dec. 21.—The various Sabbath schools and churches were well attended Sunday. The little children are manifesting great interest in the Sabbath schools in anticipation of a glorious time at the Christmas trees.

Capt. J. M. Mathis, of Victoria, who is now in the city, will increase the number of beeves being fed here to 1000, besides several cars of horses and mules. Capt. Mathis has arranged with a firm here to shell and grind all the corn fed to his stock.

The Knights of Labor have waited on the dry goods merchants of Alvarado and notified them not to buy any more Stetson hats.

Miss Monte Campbell is still very sick with dengue.

Little Claud Abbie fell from her horse while out riding yesterday evening and broke her collar bone.

Harrold.

HARROLD, Dec. 21.—The weather has been threatening for the past two days, but only a sprinkle has reached us up to this time.

The conclusion of the managers of the Fort Worth and Denver not to extend the road from here until they were ready to buld through to Dodge City, Kan., is having its effect in town, and things are beginning to brighten up. Every train brings settlers, who are securing homes in this vicinity. With an extension of the road from here to Dodge City, as is proposed, will make Harrold the distributing point for a large scope of country West and Southwest. The country is productive and will furnish homes for a large population. This country will give more profitable return to the farmer than any Northwestern States, and offers great indncement to settlers.

Waco.

WACO, Dec. 21.—The Police Court was the only one doing business to-day. Twelve mourners contributed $19 to the coffers of the city and the trimmings of the officers.

A large congregation assembled in St. Paul's Church to witness the solemn ceremonies attending the administration of the rite of confirmation by Bishop Gregg at St. Paul's Church. Among the class were Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Seley, Dr. and Mrs. Gebbardt. Mrs. Dr. Lumpkin and Mrs. H. C, Renick. Mrs. Col. J. L. Bartow received the rite at her home, being too feeble to go to the church. The music was very artistic.

Bob Prather was arrested this evening and fined $25 for carrying a pistol. No criminal information has yet been lodged against him.

Marlin.

MARLIN, Dec. 21.—Yesterday the Rev. Mr. Sears, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, preached his first sermon to a large and appreciative audience.

The County Court convened this morning, with a large criminal docket. The court will adjourn on Wednesday for the holidays.

District Court convenes on the first Monday in January.

There were two convictions and one acquittal in the County Court to-day.

A slow rain is falling, with indications of a bad spell of weather.

Franklin.

FRANKLIN, Dec. 21.—Mrs. Nora Kellogg, wife of H. P. Kellogg, and formerly Miss Nora Richardson, died here to-day after a week's sickness. She will be interred in the Owensville Cemetery to-morrow. She belonged to one of the oldest families in the county.

There are now twenty-one prisoners in the county jail awaiting the action of the grand jury soon to convene.

The weather has been very pleasant recently and everybody is busy fixing up for Christmas.

Paris.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—Jos. Bettes, a merchant of Denison and formerly of this place, who died in Denison yesterday morning, was buried this afternoon.

The weather is cloudy and threatening rain, consequently there has only been about 150 bales of cotton on the market to day.

Mr. John Martin left for Dallas to-day to meet the committee in regard to the Gulf, Colorado Santa Fe Road. Mr. Martin will represent the whole committee, as the other members could not leave home.

Marshall.

MARSHALL, Dec. 21.—Mrs. T. W. Clawson is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. B. Lipscomb.

Paymaster A. R. Howard received orders from Receivers Sheldon and Brown to pay off the employes, which he did, and the men are in the best of spirits. The workmen in the shops here are satisfied with the appointment of Gov. Brown as receiver of the road and believe that work will be increased in the shops.

Death of Col. Hill at Toyah.

Special to The News.

TOYAH, Dec. 21.—Col. Thos. R. Hill, a merchant of prominence, died of pneumonia at 9:10 this evening. He had been sick about ten days. The news of his death was a severe shock to this county. He has many friends in different parts of the State who will deeply regret to hear of his death.

Death of a Daughter of Gen. Scott.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 21.—Mrs. Corneila N. Scott, a daughter of the Gen. Winfield Scott, died at the University Hospital in this city to-day at the age of 60. She has been ill for several months. She was the widow of Lieut. H. L. Scott, United States Army.

LATEST RAILROAD NEWS.

TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS TAP.

GILMER, Dec. 21.—It is said on good authority that the Texas and St. Louis Railroad Company will make their entire line a standard gauge in a short time, and they propose building a tap road from Mt. Pleasant out to Dallas and Fort Worth if the people along the line of survey will give them a fair chance in the matter of right-of-way and a liberal subscription to carry their road into these places.

The Texas and St. Louis is paying up promptly, and all its employes passing here seem to be happy and contented.

SANTA FE PEOPLE HAPPY.

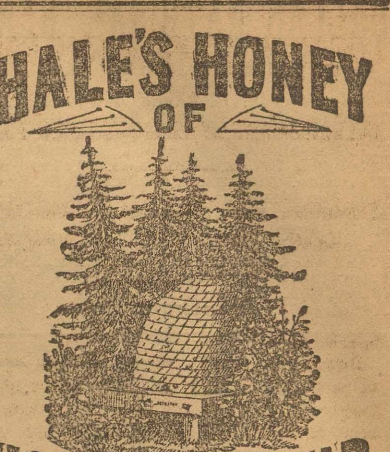
BROWNWOOD, Dec. 21.—Paymaster Thomas Deats, accompanied by S. C. Murrell, trainmaster, arrived by special train to-day, making all happy along the line as they paid them off. Mr. Oscar White, with his assistant, Mr. Smith, arrived Saturday to take charge of the company's business at this place. He now is comfortably ensconced in a caboose on the side track while waiting for the erection of the depot. The regular passenger coach will arrive every day attached to the construction until regular passenger trains are put on, which will be about the 1st prox.

MARINE.

GALVESTON, Dec. 21.—Arrived: British ship Munster, Capt. Alex. Fraser, from Montevideo in ballast. Norwegian bark Boreas, Capt. Svendsen, from St. Thomas in ballast.

Cleared: Brig Solveig, Capt. Larsen, for Cork with 3141 sacks of oil cake. Barkentine Stanley, Capt. Tellefsen, for Rochester, Eng., with 4160 sacks of oil cake. Bark Solafide, Capt. H. L. Jull, for Liverpool with 1054 bales of cotton.

There is a heavy sea on the bar, with a strong easterly wind.



Save Imperiled Lungs.—Materia Medica contains no finer specific for **coughs, colds, throat and lung complaints,** than this highly sanctioned and popular medicine.

RED DEVILS IN NEW MEXICO.

Further from the Late Fight—People Fleeing the Country.

Special to The News.

EL PASO, Dec. 21.—Additional particulars of the fight between the regular troops and the Apaches in the vicinity of Silver City, N. M., were brought to El Paso to-day by the train from the West. It is believed in addition to the physician and privates who were killed, more than a half dozen citizens met death at the hands of the savages. Everybody is leaving the country even the cowboys and ranchmen, and desolation and depopulation is met everywhere. The large ranches are left at the mercy of the Indians who are well provided with ammunition, and seem determined to carry the war through the winter. Several families have reached El Paso from the infested district, and dozens of women and children have been sent to other towns for safety. The troops massacred were a part of Fountaine's command, and were scouring the territory in which the late bloody fight took place. They were shot by savages from behind rocks and were killed in a few moments. Other portions of the command which consisted, all told, of thirty-five men, met dead bodies in numerous places, the result of the work of the Indians several days previous. Gen. Crook is now known to be in favor of the employing of bloodhounds as auxiliaries to the army in hunting down the savages and will communicate with the higher authorities with a view of securing a number of dogs.

TEXAS INTERESTS IN CONGRESS.

Mr. Crain's Measures Ready—Nominations and Other Patronage Pointers.

Special to The News.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Had Texas been reached in the call of States to-day Mr. Crain would have presented a bill to amend the act of May 25, 1882, for the erection of a public building at Galveston by increasing the limit of cost for the building and site to the sum of $235,000, being an addition of $110,000 to the original appropriation. Mr. Crain's object in the introduction of this bill is to comply with the requirements of the supervising architect, who, in an interview with Mr. Crain on the subject several days ago, at which THE NEWS correspondent was present, and which was detailed in a late special to THE NEWS, expressed his disinclination to commence the construction of the building, for the reason that the balance of the original appropriation subject to his disposal is insufficient to erect one in accordance with the requirements of the law providing for it. He said that the sum available would not provide a building, either fireproof or otherwise, adequate for the uses for which it is designed. In his report to Congress he has stated that the balance in his hands is not enough to justify him in beginning the work.

Mr. Crain has also ready a bill to appropriate $60,000 to purchase land and erect thereon a Customhouse, Postoffice and Federal Court building at Brownsville.

Among the nominations sent to the Senate to-day were the following for Texas offices:

R. B. Reagan to be Marshal of the Eastern District.

John E. McComb, to be District Attorney for the Eastern District.

Rudolph Kleburg to be District Attorney for the Western District.

Joseph J. Cocke to be Collector of Customs at Brazos Santiago.

Otto L. Threlkeld, to be Collector at Salur ia.

Joseph Magoffin, to be Collector at Paso del Norte.

Samuel B. Cooper, to be Internal Revenue Collector for the First District.

N. B. Johnson, to be postmaster at Weatherford.

The Postmoster General has ordered the appointment of James R. Cross as postmaster at Black Jack Grove, Hopkins County.

Messrs. Reagan and Lanham each to-day presented petitions of citizens of Texas against a suspension of silver coinage.

SHREVEPORT.

Tried to Brain His Wife—An Alleged Counterfeiter's Story.

Special to The News.

SHREVEPORT, Dec. 21.—George Bowman, colored, was jailed last night for attempting to murder his wife with a hatchet. The woman is reported in a critical condition. Bowman was one of the principal witnesses against Gus Logan, colored, who is in the cell just above him, sentenced to be hanged for murder on the 22d of January next. Logan stated to THE NEWS reporter while visiting the jail today that Bowman was one of the principal witnesses who perjured himself in swearing his life away. Hot words passed between them from their cells. John L. Mitchell, a young white man recently arrested here by Deputy United States Marshal Spofford Keiley, and now jailed on a charge of passing raised United States currency, states that he obtained the notes in a horse trade in Clinton, Miss. He claims to be from near Chautraut Station, Lincoln Parish, Louisiana, where he has three half brothers, named Hinton, living. When captured he was on his way to Texas, and on his person was found all the fixtures for raising notes. He is seemingly ignorant, as one of the raised notes from ten he spelled it "twentey." The other was a $10 bill raised to $100. He will have a preliminary examination to-morrow. Accused is about five feet five inches, dark complected, with black eyes, hair and mustache. Mitchell is evidently not in his right mind, as he forgets it when quickly asked to tell his name, and has to stop and study for a while.

Hockley.

HOCKLEY, Dec. 21.—The races which commenced on the 18th closed to-day. Many fine horses were in attendance which would be creditable to any first class racecourse. Several thousand dollars chaged hands. Lizzie Magee, owned by V. M. Gibson, of Patterson, and Victoria Dunn, owned by E. T. Lewis, of Galveston, were matched to run 500 yards for $300, on Jan. 14. Parties attending races can get first-class accommodation for themselves and horses.

Mr. Francis T. Brown, of Boston, is here gunning.

Texarkana.

TEXARKANA, Dec. 21.—Miss Develling, one of the stars of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union, is in the city pushing forward the cause of prohibition. She delivered her first lecture on Thursday night last, at the State Line Methodist Episcopal Church South, and has continued the work each night since, large audiences being present on each occasion.

El Paso.

EL PASO, Dec. 21.—The County Court met to-day. There is an immense criminal docket to engage the attention of the court.

Parnell May Come.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Parnell fund, this evening, Eugene Kelly reported that he had a cablegram from Parnell stating that he would attend the Land League Convention in Chicago next month, if possible.

Diamonds and Watches.

A grand display of these sparkling gems at Knepfly & Son's, and it is at this great jewelry house where you can rely upon receiving good goods and the full value of your money.

LOCAL NEWS FROM SHERMAN

ALLEGED CASE OF PERJURY TO BE TRIED.

Convictions and Sentences in the District Court—Preparing for the Holidays. General Local Notes.

Special to The News.

SHERMAN, Dec. 19.—The morning opened up with a dull, drizzling rain, calculated to inspire a fear that the holidays were to be seen in mud and slush. About 4 p. m. the sun came out again and there are now hopes for pleasant weather.

But little has been done in the department of justice to-day. Several complaints were filed in the Justice Court against small negro boys for feloniously entering a colored church in direct opposition to the wishes of the managers thereof. There were fourteen penitents before his honor, Police Judge Buckner, to-day. Of this number all were fined, with the exception of two, whose cases were continued. The aggregate fines and costs amounted to over $100.

DISTRICT COURT.

In the District Oourt most of the morning was consumed in hearing motions and assessing sentences. The following motions were heard and passed upon: Dick Reed, colored, was sentenced to the penitentiary in two cases, one for burglary, in which he gets five years, and another for theft, for which he gets two years. No new trial was granted, and he gave notice of appeal in open court. Andre Knapp, convicted of theft from the person, and given two years, was given a new trial. Allen McPherson, convicted of stealing hogs and given two years, accepted sentence and made no appeal. Mart Jacobs, convicted and given four years for theft and six years for robbery, accepted sentence and gave no notice of appeal. Tom Pate, charged with the theft of a horse, has been on trial all day.

A PERJURY CASE.

It is possible that the case of the State vs. George McDowell, charged with perjury, will be called to-morrow (Tuesday) morning. This is a case wherein the defendant is charged with swearing to a falsehood in regard to a young lady's age in order to procure a marriage license for a friend. All of the parties connected are residents of McKinney. A large number of witnesses are in the city, both for the State and the defense.

LOCAL NOTES.

Jonathan Calvert has been on trial all day before Judge Ricketts on the charge of assault with intent to kill. The case has been hanging fire for several days, and it is probably that it will be concluded to-day.

Rufe Davis and Miss Fannie McGee were married at the residence of the bride's father, on North street, West Sherman, last night.

D. C. Freeman and Miss Fannie Ryan were married at the Binkley House parlors on the same evening.

The Board of Aldermen were in session last night at their hall. There was a full attendance. Routine business was all that was up for consideration.

The firemen are making grand preparations for their New Year's ball.

The receivers of the Texas and Pacific have notified the shippers of Sherman, through their local agent, Major Burnett, that no more freight will be loaded on the same unless delivered at the Walnut Street Freight Depot before 4 p. m. In consequence of this notice the dray lines were kept pretty busy during the early part of the day.

The soldier boys are hard at work getting ready for the coming minstrel exhibition to be given by them during the holidays.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Copley was buried to-day.

CORSICANA.

Holiday Sports—Outcome of a Divorce Suit. New Paper.

Special to The News.

CORSICANA, Dec. 21.—The owners of fast horses in the city and county have arranged for several races for 2 o'clock Christmas day. The main race will be a quarter mile dash, and the entries for the same are by John M. Rice, P. H. Collum, Joshua Kissenger, Fate Cherry and Harley Hyndman. A lively programme has been arranged, and other matches will be made besides the above.

The new City Recorder, J. F. Stone, held the first session of his court this morning and showed himself equal to the emergency by fining six violators of the law in an aggregate sum of $48 20.

A Mr. H. Wellge is in the city negotiating for terms upon which to get up a birds-eye view of the city.

The latest in the newspaper line in this city is The Daily Democrat, which made its appearance on the streets this morning. It is the production of C. Dalton, for many years editor of the Courier of this city, assisted by Col. Morgan.

John D. Lee, Esq., and Mrs. Lee left to-day for Centerville, in Leon County, to attend the marriage of Mr. Lewin Eliot, Mrs. Lee's brother.

The suit of Vince Ingram against Ama Ingram, for divorce, has occupied the attention of the District Court to-day. The plaintiff in the case is an old gray-headed negro, and he and his wife were married during the war. The defendant left her husband in the year 1867 and since then has lived in adultery with another person. Vince Ingram since the separation has acquired about $10,000 worth of property, and the defendant, when suit was brought for divorce, sought to have half of it set apart to her as community property. The jury dissolved the bonds of matrimony and gave the defendant nothing.

The following young gentlemen are applicants for license to practice law at this term of the court: F. G. Chambless, D. L. Blackman and R. B. Molloy. Messrs. Simpkins, Lee and Greer will examine them as soon as Judge Bradley is at leisure to give the matter his attention.

MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

What "Pap" Jones Got for Skylarking with a Pistol.

Special to The News.

PALESTINE, Dec. 21.—Dr. Jones, a colored faith doctor, was arraigned in the District Court at 9 o'clock this morning for the murder of Ella Haynie, colored, on the 14th of February last. Jones is a gray headed African, 60 years of age, with a low, flat forehead and a young looking face. The most important witnesses for the State were the two young daughters of the deceased, Ella and Julia Britton. Their story was to the effect that Jones came to the house where their mother was, and after a time the two engaged in skylarking and playing tricks on each other, the woman spilling water on Jones and also striking him playfully with a switch. The defendant finally drew a pistol and pointed it through the door. The woman said: "Don't shoot the chickens." Pap Jones then turned the pistol on the woman. She said: "Don't shoot me, pap; don't shoot me." The pistol was discharged and the woman fell, shot through the heart, and uttering the words "My God," expired in a few moments. Jones ran forward, caught her round the waist, kissed her and attempted to revive her by blowing his breath in her mouth, disclaiming any intention of killing her. The jury retired at 4:15 and returned at 5:10 with a verdict of murder in the second degree and assessed the punishment at five years in the penitentiary.

Latest Postal News.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Star service established—Route 31,957, Cypress Top to Klein, by Kerrville, 12 miles and back, twice a week, by a schedule not to exceed four hours running time each way; from Jan. 1, 1886, to June 30, 1886. Star service changes—Route 31,245, Burnet to Lampasas; from Jan. 1, 1886, embrace supply of the office of Strickland next after Burnet and omit Sage (n. o.), increasing distance 1½ miles. Star service discontinued—Route 31,935, Bertram to Strickland, from Dec. 31, 1885; route 31,814, Spring to Kerrville, from Dec. 31, 1885. Changes in star schedules—Route 31,425, Homer to Lufkin, leave Homer daily except Sundays at 2 p. m., arrive at Lufkin by 5 p. m.; leave Lufkin daily except Sundays at 10:30 a. m., arrive at Homer by 12 m.; from Dec. 21, 1885. Route 31,926, Saint Jo to Spanish Fort, leave Saint Jo daily except Sundays at 1 p. m., or upon arrival of mail from Gainesville, arrive at Spanish Fort by 7 p. m., or in six hours; leave Spanish Fort daily except Sundays at 6 a. m., arrive at Saint Jo by 12 m. Railroad postoffice service established—Tyler and Lufkin, Tex.—Railroad postoffice service has been established on the line of the Kansas and Gulf Short Line Railroad between Tyler and Lufkin, Tex., distance 39.43 miles, to take effect Dec. 21, 1885, the line to be known as the Tyler and Lufkin Railroad Postoffice. Postmasters commissioned—John L. Gill, Edgewood, Tex.; Byron K. Brant, Midland, Tex. Acting postmasters—J. H. Snell, Snells, Tex.

THE HIGHER COURTS.

THE SUPREME COURT.

TYLER, Dec. 21.—Reversed and dismissed: Galveston, Houston and San Antonio Railroad vs. Archer, from Harris County.

Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railway vs. Bainbolt, from Milam.

Reversed and remanded:

Fisher et al. vs. Wood et al., from Walter.

Hancock et al. vs. Trade and Lumber Company, from Jasper.

Ryan & Co. vs. Missouri Pacific Railway, Grayson.

Reversed and rendered for appellants:

Baker et al. vs. Smith, from Harris.

Motions for rehearing overruled:

Smith vs. Cassidy et al., from Travis.

Young et al vs. Gray et al, from Rusk County.

The following cases were transferred to Galveston:

Still vs. Focke & Wilkens, from Rusk County.

Coleman et al vs. Lord, from Donely County.

Laurens et al vs. Anderson et al, from Fannin County.

Cullers & Henry vs. James, from Grayson County.

Missouri Pacific Railway vs. Scott, from Grayson County.

Wallace vs. Crowe, from Burnet County.

Galbraith vs. Engelke, from Burnet County.

Goodrich vs. the State, from Travis County.

Caldwell Company vs. Harbort et al., from Caldwell.

The following motions for rehearing were transferred to Galveston: City National Bank vs. City Elevator, from Dallas.

Kennedy vs. Jarvis et al., from Webb.

State vs. Snyder et al., from Travis.

State vs. Talmage & O'Donnell, from Travis.

Stuart vs. Telegraph Company, from Harrison.

The court finally adjourned for the term.

The Supreme Court in the cases of the Galveston, Houston and San Antonio Railroad vs. Archer, from Harris County, and the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad vs. Rainbolt, from Milam County, adopted the conclusions of the Commission of Appeals, in so far as that the case should be revised and the cause dismissed; and in the Archer case say: "In our opinion section 9, of the act of April 10, 1883, in providing that when the passenger fare does not end in 5 or 0, the nearest sum so ending shall be the fare, rendered the receipt of $1 15 for the distance of 37 1-10 miles legal and proper. The proof, therefore, does not show that the appellant would now be subjected to any penalty for the fare exacted from appellee. We think that the repeal of that feature of the former law enures to the benefit of the appellant, although the judgment was rendered before the law changed. As to whether or not the penalty prescribed by article 4528 is rendered inapplicable to the offense as provided for in section 9 of the act of 1883 we give no opinion, nor as to any other point discussed in the report of the Commission of Appeals.

THE FIRE RECORD.

ANOTHER GIN GONE.

MCKINNEY, Dec. 21.—The ginhouse of W. C. Standford, nine miles east of McKinney, was burned Saturday evening. Loss $1500; insured in Dallas companies.

AT TARANTUM, PA.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 21.—Tarantum, Pa., twenty-one miles north of this city, was visited early this morning by the most disastrous fire ever known there. The Tarantum Light and Heat Company's office, Mechel's millinery and bakery, Ingram's jewelry store and dwelling, Goodwin's store and dwelling, the Western Union telegraph office, the telephone office, Compe Bros.' general store and McCullough's residence were completely destroyed. Loss $60,000; insurance probably one-half that sum. Careful examination of the office of the Tarantum Light and Heat Company disclosed evidence of the presence of burglars, and it is thought the fire was of incendiary origin. The loss of the company will not exceed $30,000.

AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.—Merril's Chemical Works, Sixth street and Eggleston avenue, were damaged this morning to the amount of $10,000 by an explosion in the laboratory of that establishment. A still boiled over and the air was filled with alcoholic vapor, which, it is supposed, was ignited from a gas jet and caused the explosion of a large amount of alcohol on the second and third floors, and the flames spread rapidly, gutting the building. John Nolan, an employe, was burned about the head and neck. Twenty-five girls employed on the upper floor managed to get out by means of a fire escape. The loss is covered by insurance.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—About 5 o'clock this morning fire was discovered on the second floor of the Link Belt Machinery Company, 11 to 23 Jefferson street. The firemen were unable to do more than confine the flames to the building where the fire originated. The basement was used for storing heavy machinery and manufactured stock and as an engine room, and was but little damaged. The first, second and third floors were destroyed. The loss will approximate $15,000; insurance small. The origin of the fire is unknown. One hundred and twenty-five men will be temporarily thrown out of employment.

AT BARTLETT, OHIO.

MARIETTA, Ohio, Dec. 21.—A dispatch was received this morning from Bartlett, Ohio, a town fifteen miles west of this place, saying a disastrous fire was raging there and twelve or thirteen house have already been destroyed. Further particulars are expected.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Ruling Concerning "Confederate Scrip" and Mutual Insurance Companies—Other Notes.

Special to The News.

AUSTIN, Dec. 21.—In answer to inquiry from the County Surveyor of Young County, the Attorney General advised him that the location of Confederate scrip on land lying in Stonewall County, it being a part of the reservation created by the act of July 14, 1879, commonly known as the "Fifty Cents Reservation," is a nullity and void, and should be disregarded. It was a case in which there was a conflict between the claimants of the location and pre-emptors. He advised the surveyors to recognize the claim of the pre-emptors.

Col. Driskill has given to the Confederate Home, to be established here, $100.

The charter of the Paris Publishing Company was filed this morning.

A telegram from Gov. Ireland to the Sheriff of Montgomery County to summon every able-bodied man to resist the mob and arrest the rioters concerned in taking the negro, Jackson, from the Sheriff, was answered that the negro had been hung and that everything was quiet.

The grass commissioner's have been given a holiday, but are to return here for fresh instructions Jan. 3.

C. W. White, of Waco, paid the secretary of the State Land Board yesterday $1561 60, being the third payment on sixty-one sections of land leased by the Colorado Cattle Company in Swisher County. This is the first third payment for leased lands made by any parties.

Secretary of State Bains rules that mutual benevolent associations which partake of the character of mutual insurance companies upon the assessment plan cannot be chartered under the present laws of the State.

State Senator C. J. Garrison and wife, of Rusk County, are in the city visiting relatives. Senator Garrison is spoken of as a candidate for Comptroller.

Suicide at Jacksboro.

JACKSBORO, Dec. 21.—The wife of Rev. John Powell was found dead in a stock water tank near her home, five miles from this place, this morning. She had been ill for several days, and it is supposed she suicided. Her mind was temporarily deranged.

Taylor.

TAYLOR, Dec. 21.—Bishop Gregg, of this diocese of the Episcopal Church, preached to a very attentive congregation at the Christian Church at this place. H. Dickson, assistant cashier of the First National Bank, and wife were confirmed.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $2, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $1, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.



We Present Free

To all cash purchasers of merchandise amounting to Fifteen Dollars or over, until further notice, a

WATERBURY STEM-WINDING WATCH AND CHAIN.

—:o:—

If you intend buying a Christmas Present for a Gentleman, visit our Furnishing Goods Department.

We have Gents' Silk and Cassimere Mufflers from $1.50 to $5; Gents' Fine Silk Umbrellas and Walking Canes; Gents' Gloves in Wool and Fur from 75c to $3.50; Gents' Fine Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs from 25c to $1.25.

The latest productions in Fine Neckwear, Block and Fancy Silks and Brocade Velvets from 25c to $1.50.

Our Grand Holiday Drive in Suits!

1000 All-wool Suits at $5 and $6.50; worth $8.50 to $10.
2500 All-wool Suits at $7.50 and $8.50; worth $12.50 to $15.
3000 All-wool Suits at $10, $12.50 and $15; worth $18.50 to $25.

The Grandest Xmas Bargain on Record!

Gents' Collar and Cuff Jewelry, Elegant Designs in Scarf Pins. The Largest Stock of Gents' Fine Underwear in the State, at Greatly Reduced Prices.

—:o:—

REINHARDT & CO.

Watchful, Live, Liberal, Generous and Accommodating

CLOTHIERS, COR. ELM AND MURPHY STS.

THE DEATH OF YELLOW BEAR.

AND NARROW ESCAPE OF CHIEF QUANAH

The Latter Now Able to Talk, But Not Aware of His Comrade's Death—General Local News.

Special to The News.

FORT WORTH, Dec. 21.—Quanah Parker, the Comanche Chief who came so near visiting the happy hunting grounds through the medium of escaping gas, is much improved to-day and will be able to leave for his home in the Territory to-morrow morning, and will take the remains of Yellow Bear along with him. Quanah states that he came to bed about midnight, Saturday night, and lighted the gas, and after having disrobed, turned off the gas and jumped in bed. He is very positive on this point, and the opinion now is that he must have hit his hand against the key and turned on the gas. He says that he and Yellow Bear woke up during the night, both complaining of being "mighty sick;" that he got up and fell down on the floor and lost consciousness at once and knew nothing more until yesterday afternoon. His chief solicitude is for Yellow Bear, and he has asked several times about him. He has been told that Yellow Bear was sick and worse off than he, but the physicians think the truth had better be kept from him until the morning, when he will be strong enough to bear it. Quanah is known as a good friend to the white people and a pretty smart, longheaded Indian. Had he died it would probably have been difficult to explain to his people that he and Yellow Bear had not met with foul play here, and some trouble might have resulted in the Territory. Great satisfaction is expressed, therefore, that he escaped death.

JACK HARRIS' ARREST.

It transpires that Jack Harris, who was arrested last Friday on suspicion of being an escaped convict, is a brother of Lucille Carpenter, nee Kirby, who suicided at the Southern Hotel last October. Kirby, alias Harris, had been in the city several days and had been shadowed by the officers, who had a suspicion that he was here with some desperate object in view. At the time of his arrest he was in a room over a saloon, corner of Seventh and Main streets, and when the officers approached he leaped through the window to the ground, but was unable to make his escape. It is charged that Kirby is wanted in Jones County for cattle stealing, and at Round Rock for forgery. He also used the alias of Jack McDonald elsewhere.

LOCAL NOTES.

John Thompson, colored, who was arrested here about a year ago on a charge of assault to murder and jumped his bond, was arrested to-day by Deputy Sheriff Seabe Maddox, who found him in a Third Ward dive. Thompson denied having intended to jump his bond and says that while in Fort Smith, Arkansas, he was arrested and kept in jail until the last term of court. His story is not credited by the officers.

About 4 o'clock this morning Officer Tulford heard a pistol shot from the direction of a house on Twelfth street, between Rusk and Calhoun, in the Third Ward. He entered the house and found a man named Bill Oliver lying in bed with a pistol in his hand, which showed plainly that it had just been discharged. Oliver was arrested. It was supposed he fired the shot for fun.

The house of R. W. Harris, in the Third ward, was entered this morning and a pair of pants, a dolman, a pocketbook and knife and about $2 50 stolen therefrom. Mr. Harris, on learning of his loss, suspected a woman named Mahaly Manning of having stolen the articles, and swearing out a search warrant, her house was ransacked and all the missing articles found. She was arrested at 10 o'clock and now languishes in jail.

It has been raining all day, with no signs of a let-up before to-morrow.

No cotton came in to-day and the market is quiet, with nothing doing.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued to-day:

W. M. Turck and Miss Leah Fancher.

A. A. Welch and Mrs. Julia Smith.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following transfers of real estate were recorded to-day: J. F. Dunn and wife to J. M. Pipkin, 80 acres out of the Allen 640 acre survey, located on Bear Creek; consideration $1000.

J. P. Boyd to E. R. Rogers, north half of the north quarter of block 20; consideration $400.

DISTRICT COURT.

W. C. Sickles vs. E. Black, suit to try title to lot of land in Fort Worth; on trial.

Mrs. M. A. Lake filed suit for divorce from her husband, J. P. Lake, on account of cruel treatment and intemperate habits. She was also granted an injunction restraining defendant from disposing of horse, buggy, corn and other articles to the value of $3000.

PERSONALS.

H. R. Parks, J. B. I. Hall, I. Reinhardt, E. W. Taber and wife, George C. Killian, all of Dallas, are in the Fort.

John H. Wiley, of Philadelphia, is in the city prospecting.

George F. Gates, of Silver City, N. M., is in the city.

J. B. Boone, of Weatherford, is in the Fort.

THE CONNELLEE CASE.

A Jury Conclude that Accused Did Not Attempt to Kill His Wife.

Special to The News.

EASTLAND, Dec. 21.—District Court has been running on criminal business all week. Among the most important cases disposed of was the State vs. C. U. Connellee. The indictment charged Mr. Connellee with assaulting his wife, Mrs. M. E. Connellee, with intent to kill last May. The facts showed, as related by Mrs. Connellee, she was lying on the sofa with her eyes closed and her face slightly turned to the wall, when some person entered the room and dealt her a heavy blow on the head. There was no person in the room at the time but herself. A negro woman and Mrs. Connellee's two little daughters were in the kitchen. The little girls ran to her when she screamed. The negro woman and Mrs. Connellee both testified to seeing, as they passed over the west stile leaving the house, a man whom they thought to be Mr. Connellee going toward the east gate of the yard. The testimony for the defense related principally to proving an alibi, several persons testifying that they were with Mr. Connellee during a period of time that covered the time of the alleged offense. The jury were out only a few minutes when they returned a verdict of "not guilty."

DENISON DOTS.

An Indian's Bad Luck—Arrested for Robbery. Old Citizen Dead.

Special to The News.

DENISON, Dec. 21.—A Denison News special from South Canadian, dated to-day, says: Yesterday Richard Jennings, a Choctaw Indian living near this place, while fooling with a pistol accidentally shot himself through the leg, causing a severe wound. Amputation will probably be necessary.

The man arrested for robbery, Wm. Hardwick, turns out to be John Conners, and hails from Ohio. He had a trial this afternoon and was held under $500 for his appearance at court, which he failed to give, and will be taken to the Sherman jail.

Mr. Joseph Bettes, formerly a resident of Paris, died this afternoon, aged 74 years.

Jefferson.

JEFFERSON, Dec. 21.—The District Court of Marion County was opened here to-day, Hon. W. P. McKean presiding. The grand and petty juries were organized. There are present and in attendance John L. Shepperd, Esq., District Attorney from Pittsburg; F. H. Prendergast, Esq., from Marshall; D. T. Leary, Esq., from Texarkana, and W. H. Miller, Esq., from Dallas.

Another $10 Prize Given

to nearest guesser of winning number of Cook Stove at our Grand Drawing on January 4, 1886. All guesses must come through the mail. B. O. WELLER & Co., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

$3.85 will buy a genuine hand-sewed men's calf shoe, in bal. gaiter and button, at Leon Kahn's.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers 75c, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

$3.50 will get a genuine hand turned ladies' cur kid button shoe at Leon Kahn's.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $1 25, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers 75c, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

A. McWHIRK,

Steam, Gas and Water Fitter,

406 ELM ST., DALLAS, TEX.

EXTRAS FOR STEAM ENGINES.



RUPTURE

Absolutely Cured in 30 to 90 days by Dr Pierce's Pat. Magnetic Elastic Truss Warranted ONLY ELECTRIC TRUSS in world Entirely different from all others Perfect Retainer, worn night or day with ease & comfort. Cured the famous Dr. J. Simms, of N. Y. and hundreds others. Pamp. free

MAGNETIC ELAS. TRUSS CO. 312 N. 6th st. St. Louis.



Great Offer

THIS WEEK.

500 CHILDREN'S SUITS 500

that were $6, $7 and $8, go for $4 per suit this week; all ages.

250 BOY'S SUITS 250

(long pants) that sold for $8, $9, $10 and $12, go for $5, $6, $7 and $8.

Given Away

One of our "Indian Chief" Guns or School Bags with every Boys' Suit or Overcoat SOLD THIS WEEK.

E. M. KAHN & CO.

Clothiers for the Little Ones,

Corner Elm and Lamar Sts.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CITY TAXPAYERS.

OFFICE OF ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR, Dallas, Tex., Dec. 19, 1885.

All property owners or their agents having any personal property or real estate subject to municipal taxation, are required to render the same at this office between Jan. 1 and Feb. 6, 1886. All parties owning such property, or having it under control, shall render a list of the same, together with its cash value; and shall be required to make affidavit to the truth and correctness of the same. Anyone failing herein shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty dollars. All merchants in the city are required within the same time to furnish to the Assessor and Collector, at his office, a statement, verified by affidavit, of the amount of all goods, merchandise and wares owned or kept on hand, for sale, by them on Jan. 1. Any merchant failing to comply with this requirement shall be liable as above provided. J. C. BOGEL, Assessor and Collector.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Under and by authority of a resolution of the City Council, adopted Dec. 15, 1885.

Sealed proposals will be received until 6 p. m. December 22, 1885, for the erection of a pump house for city waterworks, according to plans and specifications now on file in my office. All proposals must be accompanied by a good and sufficient bond. The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dec. 16, 1885. W. E. PARRY, City Secy.

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Renovates the body, makes healthy flesh, strengthens the weak, repairs the wastes of the system with pure blood and hard muscle; tones the nervous system, invigorates the brain, and imparts the vigor of manhood. $1. Sold by druggists.

OFFICE 44 Murray St., New York.

WANTED.

500 TIE-MAKERS AND 200 TEAMS

For ties 6x8, 8 feet long, in the very best of fresh, upland postoak. I am paying 16 cents for making. Can also employ a large number of men as scorers and sawyers at $1.50 per day, and first-class tie-makers at $3 per day. Board and lodging $4 per week. Pay day five days after inspection. Teams will find steady work at either Emory or Bolton Switch. Job begins on Jan. 1, 1886, and will last a long time.

For work apply to either of the places mentioned below.

E. P. COWEN, Contractor.

Apply in person to John L. Galt, Emory, M., K. and T.: Jonas Baum, Mineola, Tex.; W. B. Harl, Bolton, Texas and Pacific.

SUGARS. SALT.

COFFEE. SYRUPS.

To the Jobbing Trade Exclusively.

HAWLEY & HEIDENHEIMER,

Galveston, Texas.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.

Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.

G has taken the lead in the sales of that class of remedies, and has given almost universal satisfaction.

MURPHY BROS., Paris, Tex.

G has won the favor of the public and now ranks among the leading Medicines of the oildom.

A. L. SMITH, Bradford, Pa.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.00.

Gents Silk Plush Embroidered Slippers $3, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

[Established in Dallas in 1876.]

FRANCIS FENDRICH,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale Dealer in

Cigars and Tobacco

Also dealer in Merschaum and Briar Pipes and all kinds of Smokers' Articles. Imports tobacco for Havana Cigars direct from Cuba, and purchases seed leaf in Connecticut and Pennsylvania. Fendrich Brothers are the oldest cigar manufacturers in the United States. With thirty-six years experience we can offer the public finer brands of cigars for less money than are manufactured in New York or elsewhere for the jobbing trade. Attention is invited to our special brands, viz.: John's Gems, The Five Brothers, the Invincibles de Cubanas, Flor del Fumas, Big Guns, etc. Give my goods a trial.

FRANCIS FENDRICH,

604 Main St. - - Dallas, Texas.

—THE—

Windsor and Tremont

HOTEL COMPANY.

The Grand Windsor Hotel, Dallas,

BURK & WOODS, Managers, and

The Tremont Hotel, Galveston,

HENRY WEAVER, Manager,

are the largest, finest and best appointed hotels in the State, with all modern improvements. The most liberal management, offering superior attractions to any other hotels in Texas. Rates, $2 to $3 50 per day. Large sample rooms and special accommodations for commercial men. Reduced rates for theatrical companies. Cuisine of superior excellence.

OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE

FOR THE FALL TRADE

is now complete in every line, consisting of the finest assortment of

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SETS

ever brought to this city, and at prices that will astonish you. Also, furniture of every description at prices that can not be beaten. If you wish to be convinced of this fact call at the OLD RELIABLE FURNITURE HOUSE, Nos. 747 and 749 Elm street, near Sycamore. Outside orders will receive prompt attention.

GEO. RICK.

HARRY BROS.,

Manufacturers of

Corrugated Iron and Galvanized Iron Cornices,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

China, Glassware, Lamp Goods

Iron and Slate Mantels, Grates, Etc.,

House Furnishing Goods

Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps and Sheet Iron Ware.

629 Elm St. - - - Dallas, Tex.

BARTRAM, ROBINSON & CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS.

STATE AGENTS for Texas, Indian Territory, New and Old Mexico, for Wheeler & Melick Co.'s improved railway and lever Powers, vibrator Threshers, steam Engines, etc. Johnston Harvester Co.'s Mowers, Reapers and Self-binders. J. W. Bookwalter & Co.'s hand and self-dump Standard Hay Rakes and Lawn Mowers. Jones of Binghampton Scales; and "Jones pays the Freight." Evans & Foos M'f'g Co.'s Corn Planters, Check Rowers and Harrows. Superior Drill Co.'s new adjustable force feed Grain Drill. Foos M'f'g Co.'s grinding Mills, portable Forges, etc. Ertel Clipper hay Presses. McLaughlin, Sheiden & Co.'s grinding Mills. Parlin & Orendorff Co.'s Plows, Harrows, Stalk Cutters, and Rose rotary disc Harrows.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mr. David and Mr. Julius Cahn

Will represent us in Texas for the purpose of soliciting orders for our goods, and orders entrusted to them will receive prompt and careful attention.

Schepflin, Baldwin, Tweedy & Co.,

Manufacturers of

Mens', Boys' and Children's Clothing,

PLAINFIELD, NEW JERSEY.

New York Office.....318 Broadway.

TEXAS TRUNK RAILROAD.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR, DALLAS, TEX., Dec. 4, 1885.—Notice is hereby given that the public office of the Texas Trunk Railroad Company has been established in rooms 18 and 19 in the Merchants' Exchange Building, on Lamar street, Dallas, Tex.

W. H. GLEASON, Secy. Texas Trunk R. R. Co.

The Morning News.

A. H. BELO & CO., PUBLISHERS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily

PER COPY	$ 5
ONE MONTH	1 00
THREE MONTHS	3 00
SIX MONTHS (by mail)	5 50
TWELVE MONTHS (by mail)	10 00

Weekly.

comprising TWELVE PAGES OF SEVENTY-TWO columns, made up from the cream of the daily edition, is the largest and cheapest newspaper in the South.

1 COPY, 1 YEAR	$1 50
CLUB OF 10, 1 YEAR, (each)	1 40
CLUB OF 20, 1 YEAR, (each)	1 25
CLUB OF 50, 1 YEAR, (each)	1 15

Invariably in Advance.

FREE OF POSTAGE TO ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

Remit by draft on Dallas, postoffice money-order or registered letter. If sent otherwise we will not be responsible for miscarriage. Address

A. H. BELO & CO., Dallas, Tex.

Specimen copies sent free on application.

ALL PAPERS DISCONTINUED AT THE EXPIRATION OF THE TIME PAID FOR.

Look at the printed label on your paper. The date thereon shows when the subscription expires. Forward the money in ample time for renewal, if you desire unbroken files, as we can not always furnish back numbers.

Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please state in their communication both the old and new address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Daily Edition.

[Classified Advertisements on Fifth Page.]

Three Lines—Nonpareil—One time, 40c; each additional insertion, 20c; one week, $1 60; two weeks, $2 65; three weeks, $3 35; per month, $3 90.

Six Lines—One time, 80c; each additional insertion, 40c; one week, $3 20; two weeks, $5 30; three weeks, $6 70; per month, $7 80. For additional space, if the advertisement is to be inserted with those that are classified, charge will be made pro rata for excess of space.

Advertisements of 7 Lines and Over.

[When to be inserted on any page publishers may select.] Cts. per line.

Displayed or solid nonpareil	$ 10
One week's consecutive insertions	42
Two weeks' consecutive insertions	64
Three weeks' consecutive insertions	84
Per month, or over, consecutive insertions	1 01

When ordered on first page, double price; eighth page, 50 per cent additional; on any specified inside page, 25 per cent additional.

Reading Matter.

Nonpareil measurement, leaded or solid nonpareil or minion solid, double price for space occupied; specified pages, 50 per cent extra.

Weekly Edition.

ADVERTISEMENTS—Per nonpareil line, 14c for first insertion; 10c two or more consecutive insertions.

READING MATTER—Nonpareil measurement—leaded or solid nonpareil or minion solid, double price for space occupied.

Weekly advertisements inserted every other week charged at 14c per line each insertion.

No advertisements taken for either edition for a less space than three lines.

Double column advertisements, in either edition, 25 per cent additional.

SPECIAL POSITIONS—Subject to special contract.

Terms strictly in advance. Those having open accounts with us will be rendered bills IN FULL each month.

Discounts.

Contracts running for three months or more are subject to the following discounts, provided the payment of the whole amounts are made in advance:

Three months	5 per cent off.
Six months	10 per cent off.
Nine months	15 per cent off.
Twelve months	20 per cent off.

Branch Offices of The News:

NEW YORK—*News and Advertising Agency*, F. A. Abbott, Room 21, United Bank Building, corner Wall street and Broadway.

FORT WORTH—*Reportorial and Business Office*, 511 Houston street, in office of Fort Worth Gaslight Co.

WACO—*Reportorial and Business Office*, 171 South Fourth street.

HOUSTON—*Reportorial and Business Office*, at the annex to Prince building, Main street, near Prairie.

AUSTIN—*Reportorial and Business Office*, 810 Congress avenue.

SAN ANTONIO—*Reportorial and Business Office*, 38 Soledad street.

THE NEWS is on sale and may be procured at the following stands:

W. S. Roose, Metropolitan Hotel, Washington, D. C.

P. Roeder, 322 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

Ed. Jett, 502 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

James Overton, Southern Hotel and Union Depot, St. Louis, Mo.

George F. Wharton & Bro., 5 Carondelet street, New Orleans.

George Ellis, opposite postoffice, New Orleans.

John M. Miller, 31 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1885.

Notice to Subscribers of Dallas Herald.

It is the purpose of the late publishers of the Dallas Herald to turn over to the management of THE NEWS all subscriptions which had been paid for in advance, to be completed by the sending of the latter paper, they paying for the performance of that service. In doing this possibly some names have been overlooked. If so, the parties are requested to address us at once, giving all particulars, and any whose date of expiration on the Herald does not tally with the yellow tag on the copy of THE NEWS sent them will please notify us without delay.

HERALD PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Notice to the Subscribers of the Dallas Herald.

OFFICE OF THE DALLAS HERALD,
Dallas, Nov. 30.

Dear Sir: By announcement made in the Herald of this morning you will see that it has ceased publication, and the individual proprietors and owners of the Herald have become stockholders in THE NEWS, published at Galveston and Dallas. A number of specimen copies of THE NEWS have been sent to you, and it is hoped you will transfer your patronage to that paper, with which we are now identified.

Thanking you for your patronage in the past, and hoping to receive an early response, we remain, very truly yours,

THE DALLAS PUB. AND PRINTING CO.

Referring to the above THE NEWS management begs to state that it respectfully solicits the subscription of every person formerly subscribing to the Herald. The subscription rates to THE NEWS can be found at the head of this column. Remittances can be made through the local agents, or by money order, registered letter or draft on Dallas or Galveston.

A. H. BELO & CO., Publishers.

BUILDING UP RIVALS BY THE BOYCOTT TARIFF.

The United States government sent a roving commission down to South America to solicit trade by the pleasant plan of having the South American governments bar out European and let in American goods. The proposition was not accepted. The European governments are not sending any roving commissions, but Mr. Bookwalter, who has traveled in Europe lately and investigated without government aid what is being done by rival producers and traders, draws public attention to the announcement that private English capitalists are going to expend $59,000,000 in building railroads and making harbors in the Argentine republic. That is the great cattle country which competes with Texas and the United States generally. On all sides the foreign energies which are debarred from free participation in the development of this country are building up rivals to our production and trade. Does the question arise, how the foreign energies are debarred? Can they not come here and exercise themselves to the full? No. The appearance of hospitality is deceptive. It is true that the foreign capitalist can come with his wealth, and the form in which he has it will determine whether or not he must pay duty as an entrance fee. Suppose he sells all he has and comes in with money. He is free to come without paying a customhouse entrance fee; but he has then to buy his plant and pay protective tariff price for it. In compensation he has a share of the American market. Here he is confined. He can not use his wealth to advantage in competition in the world's markets with manufacturers and others in a country that is on a basis of free trade or nearer to free trade. There are many forms in which the tariff obstructions entail loss. Even extra frequent periodical stoppages to avoid a glut are a drawback against the artificial advantage of a favored market. A striking fact is that ships have to come in ballast to get American exports. They do not need to go in ballast to Argentinia. This item of difference will tell, and with it the cost of exchange. It is not a question of silver or gold, but a question of coin running steadily one way and merchandise the other. Where the exchanges of merchandise are equal there is no sending of coin. Evidently it costs nearly as much to send a ship in ballast as to send her loaded; and it costs separately to send the cash with which to pay for the goods when there is a balance constantly running to one side. To pay for sending this cash is the cost of exchange. Inviting foreign capital into a cul de sac is not an attractive thing to it. The same principle applies locally. When a town with water power, but without railroad connections or access to navigable waters, invites a manufacturer to come in and improve and diversify its industry, he declines unless he is satisfied with the local market for his sole support. The tariff obstructions to imports really act as obstructions to the channels of trade, throwing upon exports the charges which should suffice for those exports and an equivalent quantity of imports. Exporting then is reduced to such American goods as can easily be produced and exported under such unfavorable circumstances. But the trade of any rival country will benefit by lower freights, and there will be a better trade connection established in every way where no impediments have been raised. Thus even the wheat and pork and cotton of America can be exported only under the increasing difficulty which the tariff created as to getting a market. They are not wanted except they can undersell the other countries' productions of like kind. Those other countries are being aided by the co-operation of English capital and talent and by the favorable tendency of equal trade both ways to both lower the costs of transit and increase the productive enterprises of the newer countries. The protective or boycotting policy of high tariffism, aiming to shut out the production of foreign countries, brings the boycotted together and shuts us, the boycotters, as a nation, off from our foreign markets. Shall it be remedied or shall there be an attempt made next, simply to give a few raw materials to certain American manufacturers, so that they may supply the South American rancheros and cowboys with cheap boots, cloth and hardware for the said rancheros to use while raising cattle for the London market in competition with Texas and other North American cattle raisers, who meanwhile are not to have any cheap boots, cloth or hardware, but who are to be taxed to enable the production of cheap boots, cloth and hardware to go on here for the consumption of their foreign competitors? Is it practicable that this country can be one-half free trade and one-half not free? Is it tolerable that the Mexicans, the Nova Scotians, the Brazilians and others can be cheerfully supplied from this country with cheap axes, harrows, plows and machinery, and still United States people have to pay high prices for the same kind of machinery? The raw material of the manufacturer being given him duty free, he can manufacture and sell to all the world. Well, then, he can sell right here in competition as well as he can sell in China, in Mexico, at Rio Janeiro, at Halifax or at Glasgow, where he has no tariff protection, but has to pay the same tax that any other foreigner may have to pay to get into the market. Let us have free raw materials all round. It is a grand idea. All that industry requires is freedom, a fair climate and free access to the raw materials on which it must operate. Let the truth be told in no partial sense. Let there be included free travel and exchange, interchange of ideas, reciprocal good will, intermingling of merchants abroad in business which grows only with trade both ways. Include truth itself, the highest of all moral raw materials of prosperity, as integral evidence and assurance of good will and honor, mindful of mutual interests. Let the absurd protective tariff boycotting system be repealed before England's capital and enterprise have made the outside world independent of the American farmer without making the American farmer independent of the outside market.

MR. C. C. BLAKE, of Richland, Kan., is publishing a paper, The Future, to make known his weather predictions and the science by which he arrives at them. Of the value of the work which Mr. Blake has done there is scarcely any difference of opinion among those who have inquired into it and watched the fulfillment of his predictions, as THE NEWS mentioned in noticing the first number of his paper. But now a danger threatens this source of public illumination. Aiming only at making his excellent publication pay the cost of its issuance, Mr. Blake finds nevertheless that several of the newspapers gobble up the practical part, the predictions, and thus deprive him of subscribers. This course might lead to a suspension. It is doubtless a hard case for the persons who would really like to read all about the weather scientifically explained. Mr. Blake will, it is hoped, be sustained in his publication by an intelligent public demand. Should he, however, find newspaper competition so ungenerous as to drive him from the field of separate publication, might he not still give the public his articles in the interest of science through some paper that has not taken advantage of his exposed position? He is not laboring for profit, and the dissemination of truth could still be accomplished.

IT does not look as if President Cleveland were an enthusiastic protectionist even incidentally. In his message, speaking of labor, he said: "Its stability and proper remuneration furnish the most justifiable pretext for a protective policy." Pretext is not the word that a protectionist in principle would have chosen.

THE New York Times says that "the whole organized body of protectionist congressmen, politicians and lobbyists are watching every chance to increase the confusion, the irresponsibility, and the inefficiency of the House, knowing that in these are the bulwarks behind which their favorite tariff can rest secure." It says Mr. Carlisle is a perfectly sincere tariff reformer, but an increase of appropriations will probably defeat his aims.

THE New York Financier says:

Already the reports from Washington indicate a determined effort on the part of some, who have espoused what they call "the people's cause," to bring the telegraph into the postal system. Should the step be taken it will constitute the first move of a series, each of which will logically follow its predecessor and which must end in making society more and more of a communistic character. Whether such a course would prove beneficial in the long run, or whether it would be an economical failure to the States as a nation, is a problem for the statesman and the political economist to solve.

THE New York Financier discourages the idea of calling a halt in debt payment, for the sake of a basis for the bank currency. It says: "As the demand for secure financial institutions increases, new banks will be formed and the fittest form of charter will survive. There are many other ways of obtaining a basis for circulation besides the one of government bonds, and until all these possible means are proved futile it is poor policy, to say the least, to suggest the cessation of the payments on the debt."

WHEN men begin to kick, they are near striking.

THE Memphis Avalanche says that Mexico is an organized anarchy. What is that? Most of the outrages reported from that country, as well as the greatest in this country, are perpetrated by rings of officials or with their connivance. Mexico has more officialism to the square foot than even this official-ridden country.

CONGRESS has been in session for two weeks, and Fitz John Porter is about due.

THE white-souled Hoar is making a good deal of a fuss over the presidential succession. He can afford to be patient. The presidential succession will never be provided for in his person.

MICHAEL DAVITT, speaking in Dublin on the 16th, said that the league would establish special industries if workmen would co-operate. He announced that he would forthwith commence an agitation to abolish landlordism in towns and to secure to tenants the benefits farmers enjoy through the working of the land act. He denounced the Earl of Pembroke and the Earl of Meath for drawing huge sums of money in Dublin that rightfully belong to the people. The townspeople have certainly stood back quietly a long time while the grievances of farmers and peasants have been presented for their sympathetic consideration and influence. Still, the remarks often heard from followers of Henry George and Mr. Davitt about huge sums belonging to the people are open to some demand for explnation. If the charges made by the landlords are unfair, they are unfair to the individual tenants who pay them, and in case they are to be abated no such accumulations will longer exist. There will be no just claim for the government to step into the landlords' shoes. The assumed value of a piece of ground, if depending purely upon prohibition to use adjoining pieces which are kept unused by combination sustained by force of arms, is of course as much a private tax as is protectionist profit. The government that abolishes a tariff does not speculate upon taking the protectionist plunder, continuing it for the government and distributing it among the people, but on abolishing a tariff the plunder is no longer visible—not taken from the consumers at all. If every family could have one lot, and some few did not care to take it up, they would have no more claim to compensation than has the man who neglects to exercise his right of going a fishing.

THE Senate barkeeper might deceive the republic with the "cold tea" on his bill of fare in the summer time, but in winter the American people will vigorously repel the insinuation that they are so soft.

GOV. FORAKER will suggest to the next Ohio Legislature the necessity for a new election law. He should suggest burglar proof safes for ballot boxes.

THE Harvard students are getting up a petition asking that they be not forced to attend prayers. Their knees are generally too sore from kicks received in base ball games to properly pray.

MINISTER KEILY is not a Republican. Had he been he would have sought a divorce rather than lose the Austrian mission.

THE latest device for making the cheeks red is tattooing. It looks well on young ladies, but when they get old their husbands will hide the bottles.

ON the succession bill Mr. Evarts was there. So was Mr. Edmunds. He intends to demonstrate that an old member, with recognized authority in the Senate, is still an old member with recognized authority.

COL. CHARLES CHAILLE LONG, the famous African explorer, is in Chicago and is telling the newspapers a few stories that even in the guileless East would sound fishy.

A NEWSPAPER published the story that Senator Mahone was taught to play cards by his father. This annoys the General, who replies that the tale is false, and that his pa taught him "lessons of truth, virtue and courage that cannot be forgotten." Even if the father had taught him cards and the son had not been more apt than he appears to have been in the other lessons, he would not yet know the first principles of that exciting game known as "smut."

THE Bulgarian and Servian war is reaching that stage when tickets to it would be considered high at 25 cents each. It is on a par with a base ball match between defeated professionals and a home team at a benefit.

EVEN Higgins and Hidden sit easily in their chairs.

THEEBAW'S sacred white elephant turned up its toes and yielded up the ghost a few days ago. Theebaw may not express it the American way, but Oriental as he is, he thinks he has "struck a very bad streak of luck."

THIS is a great country. One day this month the United States Senate argued the "succession bill" and the rules which provide that intoxicating liquors should not be sold in the Capitol. Both measures were discussed with equal warmth.

THEY are at last putting the Blaine boom in a proper shape. They say he owns a silver mine.

NOTHING can be more gratifying to the people of North Texas than to note that there is so much enterprise among the people in the way of developing this rich and growing country by new transportation lines.

THE magnificent prosperity of North Texas is the reward of its own wisdom in putting money into improvements of all kinds.

AND now watch O'Donovan Rossa say it was dynamite more than Parnell which did it.

THE Queen Regent of Spain seems determined to reign without having any of her late husband's relatives sitting by her side on the throne. She has refused to see the Duke of Seville and he is very angry. He speaks in coarse terms of her, but so far she has not been heard to sob over it. The late King's relatives, from his mother to the remotest branch, seem to be a hard lot.

IN England the royal family is inaccessible to the newspaper man, but the equerry is always around ready to give points.

BOSTON still goes Democratic, as if the whole country were not entirely dissatisfied with the Democratic party.

MR. JOHN SHERMAN has written the New York World that he owns no interest in the First National Bank of New York and that he never had any personal business with it. This being the case he should proceed to tell how he became so rich on his salary as an officer.

PENCIL POINTS.

The inequalities of life and pursuits are sometimes strangely illustrated. William H. Vanderbilt's cook received a higher salary than is allowed to the boss pitcher in a base ball league.

Lord Hartington takes pains to say that the Liberals have not formed any alliance with the Irish Nationalists, but he is careful not to intimate that there is a total absence of willingness.

Sympathy for murderers who have been convicted of their crimes is the merest sentimentalism, but it appears to be potent with the pardoning powers. It is hard work to convict a murderer who has either friends or money, but it is equally hard to have the sentence executed after conviction.

Sam Jones only gets $500 a week for his work in St. Louis, while John L. Sullivan gets nearly that much a night for his work in the minstrel troupe. It is not at all probable that Sullivan would be glad to change places with Jones.

Reverence for loyalty must be dying out in England when the son-in-law of the Queen is greeted on the hustings with such queries as "How's Lou and the kids?" as is said to have been bawled out during the recent campaign every time the Marquis of Lorne attempted to speak; but prominent Americans have not yet got in the habit of running over to the other side to teach "our foreign relations" decency and good behavior. Evidently the English lecturers are more needed at home than they are in this country.

Lo! the poor Indian! whose untutored mind blew out the light and left the gas unconfined.

It is a source of gratification to some people that Christmas comes but once a year.

A Nebraska paper turned its column rules in token of mourning on the occasion of Vanderbilt's funeral. The editor probably wanted to create the impression that he was a member of the family, and, as such, entitled to be one of the mourners.

A Chicago paper says: "Nothing has been heard lately from the Star-Eyed Goddess of Reform, and the belief is confirmed that she has been led astray by the minions of protection and monopoly, who have, according to late reports, bound the President hand and foot. She was beautiful, very beautiful, but her beauty was her bane. Brother Watterson needs all his fortitude." The Chicago man must have occupied a back seat in the gallery when the tussel between Mr. Randall and the admirers of the Star-Eyed Goddess was on, and was not provided with opera glasses.

There are paper roads and paper roads, but when Dallas makes up her mind to have a railroad, it's a railroad.

It is much easier to pass a prohibition law than it is to enforce it.

Suit Over Printing Machinery Patents.

ERIE, Pa., Dec. 21.—The Brown Folding Machine Company, of this city, has instructed its attorneys to bring suit against the Stonemetz Printers' Machine Company, of Erie, and the Dexter Manufacturing Company, of Des Moines, for infringement of patent covering an attachment device for connecting folding machines with printing presses. The suit is likely to be interesting, as large interests are involved.

Sent to Parnell.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—The treasurer of the Irish National League of America states that since Oct. 1 $75,000 has been forwarded to Mr. Parnell by the league

MR. SALTONSTALL'S SPEECH.

REMARKS WHICH MADE DEMOCRATS HOT.

It Was at the Dinner of the Merchants' Club at Boston, That He Drifted Into Politics and Spoke Plainly.

Boston Herald.

The monthly dinner of the Merchants' Club took place at the Parker House last night. Lieut. Gov. Ames presided, Collector Saltonstall being seated upon his right and ex-Collector Worthington upon his left as guests of the club. The speeches which followed the dinner were very spicy and interesting in their character, showing that an era of perfect good feeling reigned supreme. Lieut. Gov. Ames briefly addressed the members, and then, in a few most felicitous expressions, presented the new Collector.

ADDRESS OF COLLECTOR SALTONSTALL.

Collector Saltonstall on rising said he had been dined by the commercial clubs until he began to wonder how many there were. He had no idea there were so many. He thought when he said he would not go to political clubs that would be enough. Continuing, he said: "My duties are, of course, somewhat arduous to me, but I am beginning to learn what it is to perform the duties of the customs department. I am getting used to the applications for office, too. [Laughter.] My shoulders are pretty broad, and I think, perhaps, I can stand it. One advantage I have: The principal managers of the Democratic party opposed my appointment so very earnestly that I think they have no great favors to claim at my hands. [Laughter and applause.] So that to-day I feel about as independent as collector of the port of Boston as any gentleman who has ever been appointed collector. [Laughter and applause.] In saying this, I hope it will be understood that I am semi-serious, and that I appreciate the fact that President Cleveland was nominated and elected as a Democratic candidate, and that he nominated me as a Democrat. Yet there are various kinds of Democrats (laughter and applause), and this President of ours is one kind of a Democrat. Gentleman, what is a Democrat and and what is a Republicanc If I call upon either of you who believes in either of these parties to say where is the line between them, I think it will somewhat puzzle you to answer. [Applause.] I have publicly said for many years there was no real line between the two parties, except as it divided the 'outs' from the 'ins.' [Applause.] There is a tradition of what Jeffersonian Democracy meant, but, as I study Jeffersonian Democracy, it is pretty much as mine to-day—Civil Service reform Democracy. [Applause.] Jefferson, when he came into power, made but very few changes in office, and then and there declared that changes were to be made for the reason of fitness and nothing else. It was not to exclude federalists from office in order to put in those of his own party, except in the instance of some judges who were appointed on the very last night before the inauguration of Jefferson, and in that case there were changes. But I am not here to discuss politics. I presume that most of you are not Democrats, but are Republicans."

After Collector Saltonstall had discussed with great clearness and power the changes and the needs of mercantile life, he said: "We are pouring out our millions to the freight carriers of the world, the English, Norwegians and others, which we could save for ourselves, and, therefore, I do regret that something cannot be done to bring back the shipping to our own land. [Applause.] There is one point of which to you as merchants I cannot help speaking, for I have for a long time felt it deeply. I did not have to wait for my good old uncle Tilden to speak of it [laughter], and that is, that our port is open to any miserable third rate power which owns a first class ironclad. [Applause.] It does seem to me that we are going to sleep in this country over our defenseless condition, and Mr. Tilden is right; he is a wise man, when he talks about the surplus in our treasury, and that we are going to sleep with our coast defenceless. I ask you merchants whether, if the federal government be supine enough, we are subject enough to the interior portion of our land, who care not for our ports or commerce as long as their praries are safe, to do nothing about it. [Applause.] We should unanimously rise and demand of the federal government that the port of Boston shall be defended. We may be carried at any moment into war. There are questions occurring all the time. Perhaps we may avoid war, but does anybody believe that Bismarck would be averse to a war with our country if it would help him to obtain Cuba or some other territory? Supposing that to occur, how long would it be before he laid our port under tribute? The letter of Mr. Tilden made so much impression on my mind that I could not help making mention of this matter here, and I trust that something will be done in the shape of a great meeting or remonstrance in reference to the condition of this port, to act in connection with the remonstrance from New York. [Applause.] I hope that will be done at once. I hope, in the position that I occupy now, you will have some forbearance with a new hand, as you always have done. I cannot do aught to change the trade of the country. So far as I notice, it is one of those pieces of machinery which goes on under one collector or the other. I find that my predecessor has done all he could to leave the business of the office in splendid condition. [Applause.] There may be some of the employes who may have to be removed, but I have yet to be convinced of it. [Applause.] As I go on I hope I will become better acquainted with the duties of the office, and at the end of four years have performed the duties as well as my predecessor has his." [Applause.]

MR. WORTHINGTON'S SPEECH.

Ex-Collector Worthington was next called upon "to explain why a change was made, since he had done his duty so well at the customhouse." He said: "I hardly know what I could say as to why there should be change at the customhouse other than you all know President Cleveland was elected as a Democrat; I was a Republican, and am to-day. He was entitled to a man thinking as he did, and should have made a change, as he did, though not as soon as I expected. I did not regret it one moment; I expected it. When I entered upon the duties of that office I entered with a good deal of diffidence. I was not a merchant; I was a newspaper man. I had been in business in Boston for a good many years publishing a newspaper. I had supposed that it required a merchant for collector, when word came to me from Washington that Mr. Arthur desired to appoint me. I said: 'No, you want a merchant.' The messenger said, 'I will not take that answer back.' I was nominated. I thought over the duties of the office, and said I would make it a business institution, not a political machine. I resolved, first, that I should see that the duties the government was entitled to were fairly paid, and that the government should have what was fairly due. Next, the duties were to the merchants of Boston. I was but the servant of the United States to accommodate the merchants. I said to the heads of departments when I went to take the position, 'This I shall require of you: First, the government; next, the merchants; and I shall require of every clerk that he shall extend every facility possible to the merchants, doing all that is possible within the law, and there shall be the same courtesy to all. So much I insisted upon from every one. I said to them, 'I have not come down here to make changes. Every man that does his duty promptly and efficiently is secure in his place. [Applause.] More, every promotion shall be made upon merit.' I soon had occasion to show to the clerks that I meant what I said, and every man has done his level best. Every man has been striving for promotion, knowing that he could get promotion only in one way, by doing his duty and being courteous to every one. [Applause.] I want to return thanks and let it be known that every clerk in the customhouse during the three years and seven months has done his full duty, and without that no Collector can go on and gain your approval.

"It was my good fortune to be down there when my successor came into the customhouse. I had the pleasure of meeting him, and I found him a gentleman, every inch of him. [Applause.] His treatment of every one was so kind and courteous that he gained the good will of every clerk there, and he will find them all anxious to do everything possible to assist him, and I am sure that his success will be such that no one of you will ever have any cause to regret that any change has been made. It will go on just as smoothly as it ever has, and you will get every accommodation. In closing, I desire that you will permit me to join you in wishing Mr. Collector Saltonstall every success in his administration, and to thank you for your kind words." [Applause.]

The health of Collector Saltonstall was then proposed and heartily responded to by the company standing.

OTHER REMARKS.

Hon. Eustace C. Fitz, an ex-president of the club, said he could testify that the ex-collector had collected every cent he owed the government. He could not help thinking the office of collector was like that of president of the club in the fact that the new comer usually went into office with little opposition and went out without any. This was followed by other humorous remarks.

District Attorney Oliver Stevens said he thought the new Collector made a mistake in thinking that all Democrats were opposed to his appointment. "I have been out of politics for many years," said he, "although I vote the Democratic ticket. I am glad to see a Democratic Collector. You have not had a Democratic Collector for a great many years, and you don't know how good a thing it is. [Laughter.] We appreciate it, though. It is consoling to know that the country has not all sone to the bow-wows. I hope it will keep on with a Democratic Collector for a long time."

Mr. Asa P. Potter was next introduced and made a few interesting remarks.

Alderman C. V. Whitten said he was glad to meet the collector and the ex-collector. "The ex-collector has been an old friend of mine," he continued. "His term of official life and mine go out about the same time. His term expired a little before mine. I go out the first of January. I don't believe in political life, but any man who goes into politics must do certain things. It's very easy to say you must run politics on business principles, but somehow in city and national politics it doesn't work. I know, for I have been in and found out. It is the fellows on the other side that are always telling you that 'business principles' are the principles to live up to. [Laughter.] I know. I have tried it, and somehow you get left." [Great laughter and applause.]

After remarks from Mr. John M. Spaulding and Secretary Guild, the club adjourned for one month.

THE STATE PRESS.

What the Newspapers Throughout Texas Are Talking About.

A writer in the Calvert Conservative endeavors to awaken interest in mining in Robertson County. He says:

The recent work of mining coal on the Brazos has directed attention to this source of wealth lying so long neglected. There are several other places in the county on the banks of creeks and ravines where coal seams crop out, and in sinking wells, in many instances, strata of coal have been found of varying thicknesses. A coal seam seven feet in depth was passed in a well six miles east of Calvert, and near the same place in another well a stratum fifteen feet in thickness penetrated, the coal being of superior quality. During the present year an Austin company have mined coal of fine quality on Beck Prairie, 7 or 8 miles northeast of Calvert. The stratum of coal near the surface is at some places not very thick and the coal is of an inferior quality, but all who are familiar with coal bearing strata know that underlying the surface deposit beds of greater thickness and superior quality are found. Besides coal there is an outcrop of the very best quality of iron ore found on Mud Creek and the two Mineral Creeks and all the county adjacent to these streams. Several years ago, while Prof. Buckley was State Geologist, the writer showed him over a portion of these coal and iron fields, and he pronounced the ore to be of a very superior fine quality and made mention of it in his official report. These ores have been seen by those familiar with the ores at Kellyville and Rusk and pronounced by them superior. Kaolin of the purest and best quality, suitable not only for fire brick and pottery, but of a fineness suitable for the manufacture of the finest porcelain, is found in beds that promise an inexhaustible supply.

The Waco Day says:

The Farmers' Alliances are going extensively into the newspaper business in Texas. After a little bitter experience, at the cost of some very solid cash, they will retire and leave the field in possession of the regulars for all time to come.

This is about the result with class papers generally. People want all the news, not one sided ideas. The Day also remarks:

The Knights of Labor have had many grievances, some real and others imaginary, all of which they trace to the oppression of capital, but the last great blow is self inflicted—they have bought a newspaper, the Master Workman, of Texarkana, which is conducted on the co-operative plan. When they are called on every Saturday to see that salaries come up smiling, they will "see how the old thing works." There is a hebdominal monotony in that respect about printing offices more appalling than the worst boycott that ever existed.

Never go back on anybody, particularly a friend. The Jewett Messenger says:

Inconstancy in man or woman is one of the meanest traits in human character. The inconstant or fickle minded person deserves nothing short of the supremest contempt. They, like the traitor, live only to betray—creep into your confidence only to turn, like a viper, and sting you when you least expect it. If you cannot be true through all phases or circumstances of life that may befall the one to whom you have plighted your love or pledged your friendship, then you are unworthy the respect and confidence of all trueminded, wholesouled, faithful persons, and are a stranger to the warmest impulse that stirs the human heart—the throb of friendship, love and truth. Far better would it be for you to exile yourself in some remote cavern and pass your days among the worms, lizards and frogs—the only fit companions for such as you—than to crawl, fawn and creep into the confidence of the unsuspecting, only that you may betray the trust they place in you.

The Jewett Messenger personifies the President's message:

The Democratic President is a big man—so is his message.

The Messenger says:

It seems that there is always one element wanting to control all others. The labor union now comes out and is most exacting in its demands. They tackled Wm. D. Cleveland, Houston's clever cotton factor and commission merchant, last week, and commanded him to withdraw his "ad" from the Houston Age, the loss of their patronage being the price of his refusal. Cleveland did refuse, and showed them plainly they could not manage his business, nor dictate terms to him. And Cleveland is right.

RAILROAD RUMBLER'S REVIEW

THE FRESH TRAIL OF THE IRON HORSE.

Facts, Figures and Fancies Gleaned, Originated and Wired Specially for this Department of the News

As the extension of the Santa Fe from Dallas to Paris is perhaps of the most vital and substantial interest to our citizens of any project which has been agitated by our citizens for many months, the meeting of delegates from the various towns along the proposed line of construction receives in the local columns of THE NEWS that exhaustive treatment which its importance deserves. Owing to the nonarrival of delegates from Paris, Ladonia and Honey Grove in time to participate in the deliberations at the Merchants Exchange yesterday, the convention adjourned over until this morning at 10 o'clock.

The complexion of the delegates and the expressions of opinion by them show that they combine the best elements of the intelligence, liberality and business interests of the various localities they came here to represent, and argue that an intelligent and comprehensive plan of action looking to a consummation of the enterprise for which they are assembled will be settled upon to-day.

It is highly probable that such an interchange of views, embodying substantial promises of proportionate aid from the several town and counties interested in the completion of the Santa Fe to a junction with the 'Frisco, will take place, as to put the directory of that corporation in a way to set on foot measures for the work of active construction to be commenced at the earliest practicable moment. The Rumbler conversed with several of the delegates and the actuating sentiment with every delegation was unanimous, and it was that—"we came here to get the road to run through our neighborhood, and intend to offer every inducement commensurate with the ability of our people to discharge the obligations we assume, in order to compass the desired result.

COL. WYLIE INTERVIEWED.

Pending the agitation regarding the extension of the Santa Fe Road southeast from this city the Rumbler corraled Col. W. D. Wylie at his office yesterday for an interview. The Colonel is somewhat bashful about railroad matters, but he responded cheerfully to the queries propounded.

"I understand you were connected with the Chicago, Texas and Mexican Central Railway, the predecessor of the Santa Fe at this point."

"Yes, I was one of the original incorporators and stockholders."

"Were you connected with the proposed extension of that road northeast?"

"I had charge of the right-of-way and donations along the line northeast from Dallas."

"Will you please give me some information in reference to the route?"

"There were some three or four preliminary lines run, I think. One via Rockwall, Duck Creek, Farmersville and Ladonia, closing on Red River, near the mouth of the Kiamitia. The line as far as Farmersville was finally adopted and the location made."

"What was the amount of donations subscribed?"

"The donations, of course, were contingent on the building of the road, and perhaps from here to Farmersville amounted to $12,000 or $13,000, including the lands. Quite a large proportion of the right of way was donated and the balance was contracted for and deeded to the company for stipulated sums."

"Could these donations be utilized again by the company on the same route?"

"The majority of the deeds and contracts were conditional and the citizens along the line would have to get them renewed."

"What would you estimate the width of the right of way from this city to Farmersville at that time contracted for and secured?"

"The most of it was 100 feet; it would, perhaps, average seventy feet, and embraced in area about 453 acres."

"What is your opinion as to the route which would be adopted by the Santa Fe in the event they could be induced to extend?"

"I have no opinion, further than the fact that the route via Farmersville could be built at less expense than via Rockwall and Greenville, as this line strikes the divide between the watercourses with less trestling and fewer cuts and fills, and longer tangents or straight lines can be obtained."

"What do you think, from your personal knowledge, of the country on the line as a paying investment?"

"Either line would traverse a rich country, and if properly managed, as the Santa Fe would manage it, I fully believe the local business would pay the expenses from here to Paris or any point on Red River, and the through freights would be profit."

"Do you think the expense of building the road via Rockwall and Greenville would cost more than the Farmersville route?"

"Yes. Anyone who is conversant with the topography of the country will readily understand this at a glance."

"What would be the effect on the general business of North Texas by building this line northeast?"

"By building to Red River from Dallas it would be but a short time when the 'Frisco Road would make a connection for Fort Smith, and thus shorten the time from Dallas to St. Louis at least six hours shorter than now, aside from giving Texas a competing line. It would also give us a direct route to the coal fields of the Choctaw Nation, which as yet are entirely undeveloped for want of transportation."

RAGSDALE'S REMARKS.

Mr. J. M. Ragsdale, a leading merchant of Greenville, and one of the delegates from that city to the railroad convention, was compelled to return home last night by the Denison express at 9:55. In a running talk with the Rumbler he said the citizens of Greenville would do everything in their power to get the Santa Fe Road to pass through that thriving town. The fact that they had two roads only made them want another all the more, and there would be little trouble, he thought, in getting the right of way through Hunt County, except in the vicinity of Greenville, for a distance of about five miles on each side of the town. That distance he thought would have to be paid for. He thought the route through Rockwall, Greenville, Cooper, would be the most advantageous as it bisected three county seats, whereas the one by way of Farmersville encountered no town of considerable size on the way, and the productiveness of the farms along the former line was as great as on the latter.

RECEIVERS' OFFICE, DALLAS, TEX.

The receivers of the Texas and Pacific, in circulars 2 and 3, have issued the following orders:

Until further notice there will be no change in existing relations between the Texas and Pacific Railway and connecting lines, nor in the mode or manner of interchanging business, or in the adjustment of all claims originating in current business.

The office of the receivers of the Texas and Pacific Railway, until otherwise announced, is Dallas, where all communications will be addressed, other than reports and correspondence, heretofore directed to be made to the auditor and treasurer and other parties.

All officers and employes of the company, at the date of the appointment of the receivers, only as charged by previous published circulars, will remain in the discharge of their appropriate duties under the receivers until otherwise ordered.

PERSONAL.

Gov. Brown now occupies the office in the Texas and Pacific formerly occupied by Coal Commissioner S. H. Ransom, of the Missouri Pacific. Mr. Ransom and Mr. G. H. Turner, division freight agent of the Missouri Pacific, have pooled offices and divide desk room for the present in a single apartment.

A RUMBLE FROM ROCKWALL.

ROCKWALL, Dec. 21.—Of the six thousand bales of cotton annually raised in Rockwall nearly four thousand go to Terrell and nearly two thousand to Dallas. Greenville only gets a few hundred, and only a few hundred are sold at Rockwall. At present, therefore, with nearly all the trade of the county going to Terrell, the town of Rockwall cannot raise a very large amount for the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad, especially as she has just paid out over $2500 for a school building. Some think that in and around the town $5000 can be donated; others put the estimate at $10,000. There is a commendable amount of public spirit among citizens and they will come up to the extent of their means to help build this much desired road.

GETTING IN SHAPE AT BROWNWOOD.

BROWNWOOD, Dec. 21.—The Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad workmen are now engaged in building a depot and laying side tracks. Regular trains will be put on in a few days.

TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Messrs. I. J. Wistar, John Markoe, John C. Bullitt, W. D. Windsor and P. N. Hutchinson, the special committee appointed by the board of directors of the Texas and Pacific Railway Company to make personal examination of the condition of the road, have made a report reading: "That it is inexpedient to borrow any more money in view of all circumstances to pay interest not earned, and steps should be at once taken to protect the common interests of the owners and creditors of the road. The traffic of the road was encouraging, but it would be impossible to earn the interest on obligations until a sum of at least $4,000,000 should be expended on the property, the physical condition of which was bad, caused by the poor work of the construction company which built it. The equipment, shops, terminal facilities, stations and water supply were all in fair condition. With the improvement it is estimated that operating expenses would be reduced from 87 per cent in 1884 to 55 per cent in 1886, a saving of $2,000,000." The committee further say that it is useless to discuss the question of the terminal mortgage, as the amount which could be raised, $2,420,000, would be entirely inadequate.

It also recommends the appointment of a general officer, who shall reside in Texas, with power to adjust questions satisfactorily to the community and advantageously to the company. In conclusion the committee urges the absolute necessity of an immediate consideration of the ways and means of completing and restoring the property, and the prompt adoption of such action as the emergency demands.

Purely vegetable, prompt, pleasant and efficacious—Red Star Cough Cure.

PERSONALS.

Deputy Sheriff Jacoby is jubilating over a ten pound boy.

J. C. Porter, of Atlas, Lamar County, was in the city to-day.

George Murphy, of Decatur, is quartered at the Grand Windsor.

R. D. Gribble, a banker of Gainesville, was in the city yesterday.

Capt. Veal returned yesterday from a tour in the interest of the city.

Prof. McLeod, of Commerce, paid THE NEWS a pleasant call last night.

Capt. Andrew Ross is confined to his bed with a severe attack of rheumatism.

J. D. Boydstun, of Rockwall, was a pleasant visitor at THE NEWS office yesterday.

Mr. J. J. Metcalf, of Waxahachie, was a pleasant caller at THE NEWS office to-day.

J. W. Hammack, of Arlington, was in the city to-day and called at THE NEWS office.

B. B. Hines, of Farmersville, was in the city yesterday, and favored THE NEWS with a visit.

Ben Levy, representing one of the Crescent City's largest interests, is at the Grand Windsor.

Miss Nina Myers returned from Rising Star Sunday morning and will spend two weeks with her friends in Dallas.

Ed. Graham, D. Graham and E. J. Davisson, of Choride, prominent stockmen, are registered at the Live Stock Exchange.

Rev. W. H. LeFevre, of Alvarado, in charge of a growing Methodist Church at that thriving place, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. F. M. Hall, of Bryan, visited THE NEWS office yesterday. The doctor has subscribed for THE GALVESTON NEWS since 1852.

J. M. Ragsdale and R. R. Neyland, of Greenville, called at THE NEWS office yesterday, and were welcome and pleasant visitors.

Gen. Cabell returned from Waco yesterday. His daughter, Miss Katie, who accompanied him, will remain in Waco several days, visiting.

F. L. Dieley, of Tyler, paid THE NEWS an agreeable visit last night. He inspected the Edison lights, a large number of which are under consideration by his city.

Col. J. F. Elliott left with his son, Willie Elliott, for Washington Sunday night. The former takes the position of clerk to the committee on Indian affairs, Hon. Olin Wellborn chairman, and Willie will have a good berth in the Interior Department.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure

COD LIVER OIL, WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES, IS EXCELLENT IN LUNG TROUBLES.

Dr. Enoch Calloway, LaGrange, Ga., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion with wonderful success in all Lung troubles; also find it has no equal in Summer Diarrhœa of children."

LOCAL NOTES.

Bad colds are all the rage.

The City Council meets to-night.

To-day is the last day of service in the justices' courts.

Mr. W. N. Coe, who was thrown from his buggy Sunday night, is doing well.

All citizens are invited to be present at the railroad convention to-morrow.

Superintendent Aiken, of the Pacific Express, says the business of that company in Dallas is simply enormous.

A ball, varied with an oyster supper, was given last night by ladies to the Knights of Labor, at their hall over Lyne's store on Elm street.

All members of the Y. M. C. A. are requested to attend the regular meeting of this association in the Lamar Street Church, Crowdus building, Main street, this (Tuesday) evening, Dec. 22, at 7:30 sharp.

It is understood that Judge Henry disputes the authority of the County Judge to order an election in East Dallas for the purpose of reaching an expression of opinion on the question of abolishing the charter of that city.

The Police Board met yesterday to pass on questions of discipline concerning three of their members. Such a thing as break of discipline was not suspected of the Dallas force, which has earned claims to a high order of efficiency.

Ruination

is staring us in the face unless we sell the greatest portion of our goods between now and Xmas. By unavoidable and unforeseen circumstances our goods were delayed by both railroads and steamboats, until at this late hour we are getting too large a stock of goods into the house, and they must go, if low prices will make them do it. In addition to the large stock of chandeliers and lamps already on hand, we will receive a new invoice on Monday or Tuesday next. We have new Dinner Sets, new Tea Sets, new Chamber Sets, new Fish Sets, new Game Sets, new Glassware, new Silver-plated Goods, new Cutlery, and in fact almost doubled up on stock. And we mean to sell them at rates that will silence not only our competitors but also the "fault-finders." In other words, "low prices" are the order of the day at the China Hall, the oldest house in the State of Texas in the house-furnishing line, and with its founder, D. Goslin, as manager.

THE RAILROAD CONVENTION.

PROCEEDINGS POSTPONED TILL TO-DAY

Delegates State Their Views, Showing a Concurrence in a Very Strong Demand for the Road.

The railroad convention, to consider the proposition looking to the extension northeasterly of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, met yesterday at 3:30 p. m. in the Merchants' Exchange, and organized by the election of Col. Keller, president, and Mr. Frank C. M. Cockrell, secretary.

The following composed the delegations from outside points:

E. M. Pendlelout and Samuel R. Hamilton, of Farmersville.

A. S. Marshall, F. A. Alexander, E. W. Terhune, A. Cameron, J. M. Rasdale, J. E. Edmunds and R. Neyland, of Greenville.

J. M. McLeod, of Commerce.

A. R. Nortman, T. W. Wade, W. B. Wade, B. W. Boydston, J. T. Benbrook, M. McCoulskey, J. D. Boydston, A. B. Goldenhine and Frank Clark, of Rockwall.

J. T. Nailor and R. S. Taylor, of Milwood.

T. A. Lambert, George W. Jones, John W. Roundtree and L. H. Bennett, of Cooper.

W. Sachse, of Sachse's Gin.

At the request of the president, Capt. Veal stated the object of the convention and recited in substance the proceedings of the meeting of the citizens of Dallas, publication of which was given in THE NEWS. He informed the convention that, owing to the shortness of the notice given, the Paris, Ladonia and Honey Grove delegations had not arrived, but all would be present to-morrow, and he suggested that, after the transaction of such business as was advisable under the circumstances of an incomplete convention, adjournment be made to 9 a. m. to-morrow, or whatever hour the convention might feel like designating. He also suggested that the delegation give expression to their view on remaining over.

Replying to this, Mr. Marshall, of Greenville, stated that he had not ascertained the preferences of his colleagues on the question of postponement, but he supposed that some of them would remain over.

Mr. Wade, of Rockwall, speaking for the delegates from that city, said that some of them would remain over.

All the other delegates announced their intention of staying.

Mr. Marsalis, at the request of Mr. Marshall, announced the proposition made by the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad Company, with which readers of THE NEWS are familiar.

Mr. Moroney suggested that before adjournment it might be well to have an expression of opinion from some of the delegates.

Mr. Marshall, responding to several calls, said: "I am not prepared to say what we can or will do. I know how our people feel on this question, but what we can do now I do not know, because the subject has not been canvassed except among a few of our people. What we have done in the past may or may not be a criterion in this instance. We have two lines of railroad in Greenville now, and we want another road. We want it very badly, and will do what will be reasonably expected of us. [Applause.] Perhaps we may do more, but as regards the extent of our action I cannot say. A right-of-way in our county is a very serious question. When we know what that would cost we can approximate somewhere near what we could raise in addition. My understanding is that we, from cities on the line of the proposed extension, are to ascertain from the people of Dallas about what amount will be required from other counties. I say this: that we will do our full duty in the premises, and that is about all I care to say this evening. [Applause.]

Mr. Sachse—I only represent myself in this subject. The right of way of the Santa Fe runs catacornered through my property. I gave the company that right of way, and they have cleared it out and it is open. I have promised them depot grounds, they to divide lots with me. The directors promise me a ride to Dallas whenever I want to go there. [Laughter.] I think that every one who lives on the line of the proposed road should do his duty by tendering the right of way. [Applause.]

Mr. Terhune—We all want the road, but Dallas is a big place, and I think it would be best for Dallas to say first what it will do.

Mr. Wade—In behalf of Rockwall I will say that, as you are aware, it is simply a question of interest. We want the road, and are willing to do everything we can in subsidy and right of way. But look at the question in another light. While Dallas is the agricultural center of North Texas, Terrell is trying to draw the road within reach of our little county. We raise six thousand bales of cotton, which is hauled in wagons, and about four thousand bales of which are sold at Terrell, while only from fifteen hundred to eighteen hundred bales go to Dallas. That is why Terrell wants to have the road go north of us. If the citizens of Dallas will assist us, I think we can be of great benefit to Dallas. I come as a representative to ask the Dallas people what they wants us to do.

In response to a request from the president, Mr. Hamilton proceeded to address the convention saying: As Farmerville and a Farmersville representation were not included in the proposition published in THE DALLAS NEWS, I felt ticklish about saying anything until requested to do so by your president. I thank him and you for the courtesy allowed me to speak. I am an earnest wisher of the success of my section and of other sections of the country. In testing two lines of survey the preference resulted to our route as affording the most advantages as regards the topography of the country, the richness of the section and the greater economy in the cost of construction. It was stated, I believe, by the surveyors that the lines could be built by way of Farmersville to Paris for $200,000 less than by any other route. By that route the road could pass over a backbone ridge, or divide, entailing a less expense in bridging; but I suppose that is a question that properly should be addressed to the railroad company, and not to the citizens of Dallas. A survey has already been made, right-of-way granted and $30,000 expended. If the company should select the Greenville route that money and those advantages would be thrown away, while the subsidy of $200,000 would only cancel the additional cost of construction. We do not propose to ask the company to extend the road through Farmersville for nothing. We secured them right of way, made a landed donation and gave $6500 cash donation. I suppose the intention of Dallas is to secure connection with St. Louis by an independent trunk line. I can say for our country that we want to see the day when Dallas will become the wholesale distributing center of North Texas, doing the North Texas business that is now transacted by St. Louis, New Orleans, Galveston and other points. [Applause.] We want to see the prosperity of Dallas grow and Dallas become the trade center of this country, and we think that one way of accomplishing that will be by building your road by way of Farmersville. As a result of that step a number of villages will become tributary to Dallas, with none of them in rivalry with your city. We are willing to help you, and our only dread is that we will not be able to help you as much as we want to. We are now surveying the right of way, thinking that there might be some trouble in that direction and wishing to present everything in a tangible shape. My opinion is that we will succeed in reviving the right of way on each side in Collin County. I will conclude by saying you may depend upon it that we will do as much as we are able, and do it with a good will. [Applause.]

Mr. Roundtree—I think, perhaps, the people of our section of the county are as well disposed towards Dallas as those of any other section. It is for ourselves that we expect to work, and in helping ourselves we expect to help Dallas. We need this road. We have as rich a county as there is in Texas. We raise about 12,000 bales of cotton annually, besides a surplusage of corn and other products that would be shipped somewhere if we had shipping facilities. Then the beautiful country to be intersected by this road cannot be surpassed anywhere in the State for fertility and productiveness. If we get that railroad I think our people will help you as much as the people of Farmersville or of any other part of the country. Cold figures are the basis of action, and when I say that ours is a rich country, our products large and varied, and our territory thickly settled, you cannot help perceiving the sum total that makes railroads and cities. I do not know exactly what we are required to do. I cannot tell you what we are able to do. The town I came from is small, not over 600 or 700 inhabitants, and is not able to do much. Our delegation cannot say exactly what we can do, but there is not a people under the sun that want a railroad worse than we do, and we will do all we can to get it. [Applause.]

Mr. Nailor—If you run it our way and our town is an obstruction we will move the town out of the way. [Laughter.]

Cries of "Crawford, Crawford, Crawford," to which Col. Crawford responded by delivering a lengthy and very eloquent address, in the course of which he reminded all whom it concerned of the fact that the country north of Dallas was all fertile and of large and varied productiveness, leaving the inference logically deducible that if a reasonable pro rata could not be secured from one succession of towns, it might be from another. Concerning the commercial relations existing and to exist between Galveston and Dallas, he said: "I do not believe there is any rivalry between Dallas and Galveston. I believe their interests are harmonious, mutual and interdependent. If Galveston could to-day be transformed into a great maritime city it would add to the material prosperity of Dallas. We should cherish this railroad. It places trade in the hands of a corporation which has not played in the damning role of watered stock; which is remarkable for the economy and integrity of its management; which is not involved in any disreputable speculations that accurse railroads, to the injury of the people and the commerce of the country, which is owned by Texans and in which we should pride, while indulging the hope that its management in the future will be as honest as in the past. [Prolonged applause.]

On motion of Capt. Veal the convention adjourned to 10 a. m. to-day.

After adjournment the sub-committee met and interchanged views, which will be ripe for presentation to-day.

Amusements.

Those who had expected to find in "Young Mrs. Winthrop," Bronson Howard's new play, the exciting situations, the tremendous eruptions of the marital economy and the merry chatter of George Washington Phipps, of the "Banker's Daughter," were more than disappointed to find in the play of last evening a pretty society drama, in which the strongest expression of very intense emotions and passions scarcely rise above a whisper, and the melting fire, which might furnish material for a social Vesuvius, emits only an occasional fitful glare, and the rumblings of the pent-up volcano but suggest a possible catastrophe. "Young Mrs. Winthrop" is an admirable play in that respect, or, rather let it be said, the acting is a good illustration of how nicely the stormiest passions can be interpreted without rising to those grand climaxes of oratory which have a tendency to rouse unbounded enthusiasm in an audience, but which still afterward leave the senses tuned a key too highly pitched. In "Young Mrs. Winthrop" the acting is subdued; more is suggested to the audience than is expressed in words, and for once the stage is forgotten—the audience becomes part of the social circle, feel as the actors feel and weep as the actors weep. The plot is simple; the scene still simpler—Douglas Winthrop's home—the scene of the earliest days of the true home happiness of himself and wife, the play ground of their prattling babe, the scene of their separation and the haven of their reconciliation. The four acts are enacted in the parlor of their home. The incidents of the play may be as briefly told: Douglas Winthop, taken up with business cares, becomes careless of his home, where he is rarely seen. The wife, for want of that companionship which binds husband and wife so closely together, forsakes her home to seek that companionship in the ball. The name of a Mrs. Dunbar is suggested, and a secret visit to her house by Douglas, which is disclosed to the distracted wife by the merry gossip, Mrs. Dick Chetwyn, caused a rupture in the young pair's relations, a rupture intensified by the death of their child while both are away from home. In "Banker's Daughter" the child effects a reconciliation; in "Young Mrs. Winthrop" this kind office is performed by Buxton Scott, the lawyer, an old intimate friend of the family, who, when drawing the deeds of separation, informs the husband that he must return in three months to sign other important papers. Through Scott Mrs. Winthrop learns that the real motive of her husband's frequent visits to Mrs. Dunbar's was to shield her brother from disgrace as a defaulter. The deeds are about to be signed. The wily old lawyer, as he reads of places described in the instrument, recalls scenes and incidents of their youthful loves and of their early wedded life. A deeper chord is struck when he touches on that little plot of ground in Greenwood which must remain undivided. "But there are digressions," says the man of law; come, both of you, and sign the deed." The revival of these touching memories has the desired effect, and husband and wife are one once more. The cast of "Young Mrs. Winthrop," as performed at the Opera-house last evening, is admirable. The characters are well acted, and it would be impossible to designate a single part that was neglected or slighted. "Young Mrs. Winthrop" will be repeated this evening, and should have a large audience. This engagement is one of the good treats of this season and deserves encouragement.

Alleged Horse Thieves in Custody.

Ben Cabell and Bob Curtiss, United States Deputy Marshals, arrived in the city last night, having in custody Doc Crunk, Jim Blankenship, John Trusler and Silas Davis, charged with horse stealing in the Indian Nation. The two first were captured in the Nation some days since, and Trusler and Davis were taken yesterday in Mantague County with forty-five head of horses in their possession, which are now held for identification.

The two latter were arrested some time ago by an Arkansas official, but were rescued by the Wade brothers and Crump, one of the four prisoners mentioned above. The four men are now in the Dallas County Jail, to await the action of the grand jury of the United States District Court.

A Creditable Publication.

THE NEWS has before it the first number of the College Chaplet, a monthly, published by the Erosophian Society of the Dallas Female College. It is intellectually bright and gotten up with exquisite taste.

Attachment Suit.

An attachment suit was run yesterday in the Federal Court by Emmerson, Talcott & Co. vs. McHeth & Fordyce, of Gatesville, for $2500.

Terrible Fall.

While ascending a ladder at the 99 cent Cash Store, 719 Elm street, Old Santa Claus fell to the bottom and so disabled himself that he will not appear on Christmas night. All holiday goods, dolls, toys, etc., have been again reduced to-day 50 per cent at the 99 cent store. This accounts for the rush in that direction.

"Colden's Liquid Beef Tonic is a wonderful remedy for weakness, fever and loss of appetite."

Burt & Mears and Hanan & Sons' fine men's shoes at Leon Kahn's.

Christmas cards from 25 cents to $10 at Hickox & Hearne.

Go and See Curtis, the Jeweler, Purchase $2 50 worth in goods and secure a chance in the $500 prizes.

Brazilian crystal and pebble eyeglasses from $1 50 to $15 at Hickox & Hearne.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $1 Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Baskets of French flowers from $3 50 to $8 50 at Hickox & Hearne.

Cigar cases from 50 cents to $10 at Hickox & Hearne.

Gents' complete traveling sets from $2 50 to $20 at Hickox & Hearne.

Only a suggestion of such articles as can be purchased of Knepfly & Son, Dallas. Prices 50 cents to $10:

Florentine bells.
Queen vest chains.
Cut glass berry bowls.
Rustic and ornamental stud buttons.
Knife, fork and spoon in case.
Initial sleeve buttons.
Pearl and ivory handled fruit knives.
Dickens watch chains.
Individual casters.
Ladies' and gents' diamond collar buttons.
Solid silver and plated napkin rings.
New styles ladies' lace pins.
Gold and silver thimbles.
Pap bowls.
Society badges for all orders.
Jewel caskets.
Necklaces and lockets.
Silver cups and goblets.
Gold pens and toothpicks.
Combination silver in cases.
Gents' scarf pins.
Bronze mantel ornaments.
Ladies' and children's bracelets.
Marble clocks and figures.
Gold specks and eye-glasses.
Mexican silver jewelry.
Gents' gold lockets.
Spoons and forks.
Onyx jewelry.
Pearl, ivory and silver table knives.
Ladies' and gents' watches.
Butter knives and berry spoons.
Garnet and plain gold rings.
Gold headed canes.
Diamond incrusted rings.
Royal copper smoke sets.
Carding sets.
Diamond earrings and pins.
After dinner coffee spoons.

Gents Silk Embroidered Christmas Slippers $2 50, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Our line of $2.50, $3 and $4 men's calf shoes, in all styles and toes, are the best value of any shoe sold in the city, at Leon Kahn's.

ROYAL



BAKING

POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y.

See the $40 game box at Hickox & Hearne.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $1 50, Lewis Bros & Co., 736 Elm street.

Unexampled Offer.

For the next twenty days every purchaser of $5 worth of goods from us will receive a ticket entitling him or her to one chance in a Victor Cook Stove or Heater. B. O. WELLER & Co., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $2, Lewis Bros. & Co. 736 Elm street.

Any Person Buying $2 50 Worth in goods from Curtis, the jeweler, will get a chance in the $500 prizes.

Reticules from 50 cents to $7 50 at Hickox & Hearne.

For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Solid Silverware.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

J. W. Webb, 610 Main street, have just received the largest and finest stock of Solid Sterling Silverware ever in the city, look at prices.

TEA SPOONS, $5 00 HALF DOZEN; COFFEE SPOONS, $8 00 PER DOZEN.

All of which are Solid Sterling Silver. Oyster Forks, new and elegant; Ice Cream Knife and Spoons, latest designs. You will find goods and prices to suit every one.

Classified Advertisements.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A situation as bookkeeper or bookkeeper and salesman for the year 1886. Good references. Ad. Box M., this office.

BOARDING.

WANTED— Boarders, at 250 Paterson ave.

SALOONS.

KING'S PLACE— For Fine Liquors, Ales and Cigars. Lamar street, between Elm and Main streets.

RESTAURANTS.

LANG'S RESTAURANT—725 Main st.; open day and night; every variety of game and fish in season; meal tickets $6 per week.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Half block of well improved property, consisting of four cottages, one large stable, two cisterns and plenty of well water; always occupied by good tenants; healthy locality and good neighborhood. Terms reasonable. Apply to W. P. Siler, Grand Windsor Hotel.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city property, two lots in the town of Lampasas, each 69x128 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 930 Main street, Dallas.

10 HOUSES AND LOTS—In different parts of the city, can be bought at a sacrifice for spot cash. See property. Address box 249, Dallas.

GOULD HOTEL at Hillsboro for sale or rent on long time. I desire to sell on account of failing health. Good transient trade established. Address J. I. KIRKSEY.

FOR SALE—LAND, HORSES AND MULES—175 head brood mares, 125 head mules and about 100 horses and colts. 2000 to 3000 acres of prairie land in a body, good grass, situated 2 to 4 miles south of Wills Point. Will sell stock and land together or separate. Address T. Z. WOODHOUSE & CO., Wills Point, Texas.

$175 CASH will buy a first-class dental practice in a growing town of 1500 inhabitants; sale includes furniture, carpets, chair, instruments, etc., etc.; good reasons for selling. Address J. G. B., News Office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Jan. 1, storehouse, 25x100, opposite Grand Windsor Hotel, now occupied by Brunswick Balke Co. Apply at store.

TO LEASE—At 6 cents per acre, thirty-three sections of land, solid body; some school sections, which are for lease at the same price. It is on Sulphur Creek, in Dawson County, Tex. ROBERTSON & TARVER, San Angelo, Tex.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—An experienced butcher and sausage maker (German). A reliable and sober man will have a steady job at JAS. A. BLACKE'S, Waco, Tex.

WANTED—If you want work of any kind apply at the Intelligence and Employment office, 609 Main street, Dallas.

WANTED—A good house girl. Apply at MRS. J. T. TREZEVANT, 380 Ross ave.

TWO A1 dry goods drummers, with an established trade, can procure good situation and salary. Call on or address Lessing, Soloman & Rosenthal, Waco, Tex.

WANTED—A woman for housework; good wages; no washing. Call at No. 420 Bryan Street.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED.—A good live office man with a capital of $15,000, as a partner in the wholesale grocery business in Abilene, Tex. The business is already established and, to the proper person, it is a rare opportunity. None but a thorough business man need apply. Address all communications to L. Caperan, Abilene, Tex.

PIANO MANUFACTURERS.

GEO. C. MANNER, 440 Collin st., cor. Orange, Dallas, Tex., Piano-Forte Manufacturer, Formerly manufacturer of the Arion Piano in the city of New York. Specialty: Pianos tuned and repaired under guarantee.

FRUIT COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

FOR WESTERN PRODUCE, FRUITS AND all kinds of nuts by wholesale, go to De Stefano Bros., 405 Main st. Bell telephone 180.

GROCERIES, FRUIT AND PRODUCE at Holloway & Co.'s, 820 and 1342 Elm st. Just received a car of apples, also potatoes and candy

LIVERY, SALE AND FEED STABLES.

CLARK, KIRLAND & CO.—Always ready, night or day, for carriages, buggies and saddle horses; horses bo't, sold, etc.; nr. Grand Windsor

WHEAT & WHEAT—Livery and hack stable, Elm, corner Live Oak st. Good turnouts, careful drivers. Telephone No. 324.

MASQUERADE COSTUMES.

AN elegant assortment of masquerade costumes for rent by Mrs. Egger, No. 1410 Main st., near Union Depot.

Classified Advertisements.

ATTORNEYS.

CRAWFORD & CRAWFORD, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 723 Main street, DALLAS, TEXAS.

PHILIP LINDSLEY— Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 735 (Lindsley Building), Main st., Dallas. Gives exclusive attention to commercial and corporation law in State and Federal Courts.

FRANK FIELD, Attorney-at-Law, Dallas, Tex. Practices in State and U. S. Courts. Special attention to commercial and corporation law.

W. T. ROBERTS, LAWYER AND LAND AGENT, GAINESVILLE, TEX., Has complete abstract of titles to Cooke County lands.

ROB'T L. BALL. IVY H. BURNEY, BALL & BURNEY— Notary Public. Attorneys at Law, Colorado, Texas. Special attention given to collections.

BALLINGER, MOTT & TERRY, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, GALVESTON TEXAS.

REEVES & SPENCE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 604 Main street, Dallas, Texas. NOTARY IN OFFICE.

TARLTON, JORDAN & TARLTON, Attorneys at Law and Land Agents, have a complete abstract of titles to all lands in Hill County, including town lots. Special attention given to commercial and land litigation. Abstracts furnished on short notice. Hillsboro, Hill Co., Tex.

J. C. BIGGER, Attorney at Law, late United States Attorney, will practice in all courts. No. 316 Main street, Dallas, Tex.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—At low rates, and on time to suit borrowers. C. E. WELLESLEY, Dallas, Texas

MONEY TO LOAN—For long time at reasonable rates, and in amounts to suit. J. B. WATKINS L. M. CO., Dallas, Texas.

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums to suit on any security which would realize at cash sale the amount loaned. All business strictly confidential. W. J. B., Lock Box 261, Dallas P. O.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE BY Cruther & Irvine, attorneys at law, 701 Main, corner Poydras street, Dallas, Texas.

MONEY TO LOAN.—Mr. James B. Kennedy, of New York, will visit Dallas in a short time to loan several hundred thousand dollars in sums of $1000 and upward, on improved property at low rates; 60 to 75 per cent will be loaned on property, the owner of which is in good commercial standing and whose business record is good; 50 to 60 per cent will be loaned on property whose owners are not in active business. All communications will be strictly confidential. Refers by permission to Importers and Traders' National Bank, New York City. Persons wishing to negotiate loans address James B. Kennedy, Postoffice Box 3194, New York City.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

THOMSON & DONNAN, GENERAL LAND AGENTS, AUSTIN, TEXAS.

LERCH & LANDRUM, GENERAL LAND AGENTS, San Angelo, Tom Green County, Tex.

MURPHY & BOLANZ, Real Estate and Collecting Agents, established 1874, 721 Main street. Dallas, Texas, sell city property, farms and vacant lands, rent houses and collect rents; take acknowledgements, negotiate loans, render property and pay taxes; our city and county maps for sale.

EARNEST & SHEPHERD, LAND AGENTS AND SURVEYORS, Refers to local Banks. Colorado, Tex.

CRUTCHER & CRUTCHER, general land and collecting agents, 701 Main, corner Poydras street, Dallas, Texas.

SAFES.

FRANK J. SMITH & CO., general agents Detroit fire and burglar proof Safes. Also bank time locks, 812 Elm street.

SADDLERY AND LEATHER.

SCHOELLKOPF & CO—Jobbers and Manufacturers, Saddlery, Leather, Shoe Findings. Only Exclusive Wholesale House in the State. Solicit orders from the Trade (Merchants and Manufacturers) only. 830 and 832 Main Street and 813 and 815 Commerce Street, Dallas.

SHIRTS.

C. H. CLANCY—Manufacturer of Shirts, Gents' Underwear and Furnishing Goods. 612 Main street.

WOOD ENGRAVING AND STAMPS.

SANDERS ENG. CO., designers and wood engravers, and DODSON'S Rubber Stamp and Stencil Factory, 912 Elm street, Dallas, Texas.

LUMBER. SHINGLES, ETC.

CRUTCHER & HARRISON, wholesale and retail lumber, sash, doors, moldings, etc. B. E. ANDREWS, Manager, McKinney road.

HOTEL.

BEST !— ABILENE'S GREAT COMBINATION ENGLISH KITCHEN and CLEVELAND HOUSE. Best location. Best accommodation. Patronage of commercial men specially solicited.

HOTEL CAMP STROTHER—New hotel, 20 feet from Union Depot, Dallas; rates $2 per day; ladies' parlor free; lunch counter connected. Strother & Johnson, Proprietors.

PACIFIC HOUSE— PECOS CITY, TEX. The best accommodations in the city. Every attention shown commercial men.

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

WEIR PLOW CO.—Makes a specialty of fine Buggies, Carriages, etc. General agents for Racine Wagon and Carriage Co.'s spring wagons. Write for prices, etc.

LAUNDRY.

DALLAS STEAM LAUNDRY — The finest equipped laundry in Texas; work called for and del. Telephone 10, Grand Windsor building.

COAL.

E. G. CHILDS, dealer in hard and soft coal. Also the celebrated Piedmont smithing coal. Office corner Jackson and Lamar streets.

EAST DALLAS COAL AND WOOD YARD—Coal, wood and feed at lowest prices. A. DYSTEBBACH, 1424 Elm street. Telephone 140.

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

E. D. ANDRUSS—DENTIST, corner Elm and Murphy streets. (Reinhardt building.) Residence 1126 Main street.

PLUMBERS.

F. A. CAMPBELL, practical plumber, gas and steam fitter, No. 710 Murphy stteet. Work promptly attended to.

INSURANCE AGENTS.

JOHN S. ALDEHOFF, FIRE INSURANCE, NOTARY. Poydras street, Dallas.

BEER AND ICE.

W. J. LEMP'S Agency for Beer and Ice, Dallas, Tex. CHAS. MEISTERHANS, Agent.

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FISH, OYSTERS, ETC.

GALVESTON FISH AND OYSTER COMPANY, Postoffice box 13, Galveston, Tex. Plants $1 10 per hundred; Berwick Bay $1 per hundred; Matagorda 75c per hundred; Galveston 50c per hundred. Choice fish 8c per pound, 50 pound lots; smaller quantities, 10c per pound.

FOR FISH AND OYSTERS— address G. B. MARSAN & CO., P. O. Box 328, Galveston, Texas.

HOUSTON FISH AND OYSTER COMPANY—Orders solicited and promptly filled. Selected Berwick Bay oysters. J. O'Brien, Prop.

EUGENE ARTUSY, Houston, Tex., wholesale oyster dealer. Interior orders solicited. Send for price list.

THE CHILDREN'S HERITAGE.

A VOICE WHICH COMES FROM THE WEST.

The Situation as It Is—The Cause of It and the Way to Get a Remedy Pointed Out.

To the News.

COLORADO, Dec. 19.—That the lease system is a stupendous failure does not admit of much argument. The Land Board has published this fact to the world as its official utterances. The members of this wonderful anomaly in law in their individual capacities have admitted this to be true. The grass commissioners in their reports to the board and in repeated interviews have asserted that the lease law has not been, nor ever will be, enforced in the State. It is an absolute dead letter upon our statutes. Instead of a princely income to the school funds from lease of the lands, the actual sum of money paid annually will scarcely amount to the pittance of ½ cent an acre—that is, allowing there are 40,000,000 to 45,000,000 acres of school lands. At the price fixed by the Land Board, which is 6 cents per acre, there ought to be an annual revenue of from $2,400,000 to $2,700,000. The honorable grass commissioners state positively that this immense area of school lands is being used all the time, and by men who pay no leases; also that many millions of acres are illegally enclosed, thereby robbing the children of Texas out of their heritage. The Legislatures have passed laws to guard against the evils complained of, and why are not they enforced? This Land Board was created by legislative enactments and given almost plenary powers. In fact, by a system of absorbtion it has taken in all that the Legislature ever intended and deliberately arrogated unto itself far more than was ever dreamed of, until now nothing short of infinite wisdom can devise a plan to rectify the blunders of this Board. With phrases of honied sweetness, long drawn out, it has assumed to be the guardians of our children in controlling the sacred fund set apart for their use. But to what purpose? Under the fostering care of this board out here in West Texas, the cattle and sheep industries have been paralyzed and almost destroyed. Many who came here for the purpose of developing this section, and would have made this so-called desert the meat, wool and grain producing region of the State, are disheartened. Others have become aliens to the State they loved. They have taken their herds and flocks to old and New Mexico, where at least grass commissioners cannot enter or land boards thwart enterprise. The same may be said of the actual settler, this mysterious personage about whom this board prates so much. Where is he? Echo answers, where? We read of such a character but have looked, waited and longed for his coming, but all in vain. We have been told that in his hands he would bring the plow and hoe, with which to wrench from our virgin soil its wealth Occasionally we have seen what in our ignorance we took to be an actual settler. We have stood somewhat in the background and noticed the expression of his countenance when he ran against a wire fence illegally inclosing choice acres of the sacred school lands. With what wistful glances he peered through the wires, saw the paradise within, heaved a sigh, mournfully shook his head and read the warning: "Thus far shalt thou go and no further." With one of old we of West Texas and the Panhandle exclaim: "Is there no balm in Gilead; is there no physician there? Why then is not the health of the daughter of my people recovered?" In the fullness of time the balm was found, the physician came, and the health of the daughter of the people was recovered. It took much praying and a long period of waiting, but the result was grand, glorious and complete. What, then, is the balm and medicine needed by our long suffering and maligned people, among whom are located these school lands? To my finite comprehension the answer is simple and the remedy easily applied. Let the people of Texas arouse from their lethargy. Let them understand that the landlord system has been played long enough. Let the disposal of these school lands be taken from under the control of politicians and given to men who have some training in business. In short, elect a Legislature committed to the repeal of the lease law, the abolition of the Land Board, strict enactments as to fencing and sale of the lands to purchasers. Then have these lands correctly classified as to their value and adaptation to agriculture, stock raising, timber and minerals. Place on each class a fair price, to be sold on long time and a low rate of interest. Under this regime we will have no need for immigration bureaus in order to attract settlers.

Lands suitable for agricultural purposes will pass ere long into the hands of farmers. The stockraiser will take the grazing districts and so on through the list. So soon as the State parts with her ownership, and the title becomes vested in bona fide purchasers, in addition to the income set apart for the school and asylum fund from annual payments in principal and interest, the State will get her revenue in taxes. Admit, for the sake of argument, that speculators will buy the lands, will not each and every purchaser become an interested and live immigration agent? Will not their object be to encourage the settlement of the country? This has been the policy of the federal government in dealing with the same qusstions, and who doubts the wisdom that has perpetuated it? The countless homesteads erected and teeming millions of dwellers upon what used to be government lands, bear testimony to the results of their sale. In Texas the same plan would have worked, but for the ignorance of our lawmakers. They claimed that the dual policy of lease and sale would be an improvement upon the plan adopted by the United States. The opponents of the lease law contended from the outset that it was doomed to be a dismal failure. They predicted the evils to accrue from such a system. For all of which they were denounced, traduced and almost outlawed. The promise of a lease law that should not retard or interfere with the settlement of the frontier was made only to be broken. In the face of everything that was honorable, just and manly, one fair domain out here has been given over to the grip of wire-fenced corporations and syndicates, until where once the white-winged angel of peace dwelt and the sun of a great prosperity began to dawn, all is turmoil and strife. That is if the assertions of the Land Board are true and the grass commissioners are entitled to the slightest credence. West Texas and the Panhandle is indeed a princely domain, of large area, fertile lands, pure water and salubrious climate.

The sun of heaven never shone upon a better country, or one that a few years ago promised grander in the way of growth and development. But to-day how changed her conditions and blasted are her hopes and expectations. All because she has passed under the yoke made by the Land Board, held in a relentless grip that has slowly but surely squeezed her life blood from every vein. In the dispensation of an allwise Providence no people or individual have sinned so long that a day of reckoning did not come. So it will be with this lease law and Land Board. The former started without any acknowledged parentage, and its offspring has been—what? Simply that the law is a farce, the fund it was to make a myth, and the children of Texas a something to be preyed upon according to the testimony of the Land Board and its agents. Instead of bread, the children have been given a stone, and the vine from which grapes were to be plucked has borne a stunted, withered, limited crop. In advocating the sale of the lands THE NEWS has espoused the right side and has the hearty indorsement of the people of West Texas. It may take hard work to bring about the change, but come it will, and to those who bear the heat and burden of the day the reward will be refreshing.

DROFFE.

THE DINGY SPOT.

Where the Higher Courts are Doing Their Work.

Special Correspondence of The News.

TYLER, Dec. 20.—Either a quick glance or a long look at Texas on the map of the United States shows it to be the prettiest in the Union. It is not so square as to offend the eye with its simplicity of shape nor ragged enough along its lines to oppress with its ruggedness. The map makers always paint it a soft vermillion or a deep red, and save their gaudy paint pots for its exclusive use. In fact, on the maps Texas is a fine picture. Turning to the reading matter which sometimes accompany these maps figures are found more pleasing, but not less gaudy than the artistic work. This reading matter says that in 1880 the State had 1,591,749 people, and in 1884 had increased in population to the startling number of 2,253,000—in fact, nearly doubled its population in four years. Within this same four years the assessed value of property had increased from $311,470,736 to $603,060,917. Those people who saw the State grow within that time and since 1884 know that instead of its prosperity being exaggerated by the figures shown, they do not truly tell of the prosperity. The mortifying part of this showing is that it convicts the people of being very close, and the rooms of the higher courts are proof of it. The Supreme Court room of Tyler is not as comfortable or as well furnished as some of the private law offices of Dallas. It is a room about thirty feet square, and carries on its face more of grime than sternness. The floor is carpeted with barber pole matting—a streak of red and what was formerly a streak of white. Time and tide and shuffling feet have about run the colors together. The window curtains are of the cheapest quality, and hung on fixtures that were intended for the finest damask. The chairs are all of a different pattern. The hide bottom one leans up against the one which seems to have done service in the parlor of some nice housekeeper. Those occupied by the Judges are of the cane back kind, a little higher in the back than the usual office chairs and a little lower than that one supposed to be used by the plaintiff. The tables are plain pine, covered with cheap green or blue baize. There has been no expenditure of genius in carving. The legs have not a twist or curlymacue about them. They come down abruptly and strongly, as if made to support a quarter of beef, and not the briefs of attorneys. The law books look dingy and old, as do all law books, and the furniture seems to have fallen in the habit, by association, with looking the same way. The clerk has made a spurt toward obtaining something new. Glaring rather than glistening up against the wall is an imitation wardrobe—one of the kind in which you put your clothes and which never stays shut after the first year of use. In this he keeps his papers. A look at it and one involuntarily casts his eyes about for the safe with perforated tin panels in the doors (punched in the shape of stars as they always are), and he gets hungry for cold cornbread, which is always found in the depositories for plain food. And this is the kind of room set apart for the highest of Texas courts—for the highest court of a State which shows, braggingly, that the increased taxable values for four years is $291,590,181! Our style seems to be on paper entirely.

Brownwood.

BROWNWOOD, Dec. 21.—Mr. G. H. McLin, of Big Springs, has located here in business.

Judge M. Z. Lynch, of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Thos. A. Price contemplates removing to Gatesville.

The postmaster has made improvements by adding new lock boxes and a new front, which makes the postoffice the finest west of Dallas.

Mr. M. Crenshaw, who claims to hail from Albuquerque, N. M., was lodged in jail on a charge of swindling, preferred by Mr. Brooke Smith, of the First National Bank. He is to have a preliminary hearing in a few days.

Waterworks are an assured fact. Mayor Crump is receiving subscriptions at his office in the Courthouse for that purpose.

A hook and ladder company has been organized.

The market is glutted with game. Venison sells at 7 cents per pound and live quail 5 cents each.

The Cyclone Club gave an entertainment at the gospel tent last night, which was largely attended.

Gilmer.

GILMER, Dec. 21.—Capt. J. T. Miller, of Dallas, is in the city. Capt. Miller acted as Judge Lowe's business manager here last year. He and his family have many warm friends in the city.

Judge T. J. Lowe is in the city to-day and as usual has a host of friends around him.

Miss Judah Barnwell returned to the city to-day from a vist to relatives at Waco.

Prof. W. P. Culberson and family, of Atlanta, Tex., are visiting his father, Mr. William Culberson, one and a half miles west of here. Prof. Culberson was raised here and his friends are delighted to know of his success as principal of the Atlanta school.

Thornton.

THORNTON, Dec. 21.—Quite an excitement is prevailing among the students of the Thornton Institute over the expulsion of two of the most popular young men of the school, caused by the young men taking some girls buggy riding on last Saturday evening, which is a violation of the rules of the institute.

Business in every line good. The young folks are preparing for a big ball to-morrow night, a big concert Wednesday night and Christmas tree Thursday night. All are looking forward to a merry Christmas.

Dr. Turner and family leave to-night for Brown County to spend the holidays.

Sheriff Love, of Groesbeeck, was in town to-day.

Lancaster.

LANCASTER, Dec. 21.—Saturday night, at 12 o'clock, Mrs. Emma Moffett, widow of the late Mr. W. R. Moffett, of this place, died of consumption of the stomach, after an illness of only two days. The family have the warmest sympathies in their bereavement.

Miss Frick, of Ennis, is visiting Mr. Wm. Hatter and family.

McKinney.

MCKINNEY, Dec. 21.—A burglar broke into the residence of Capt. J. H. Bingham, editor of the Enquirer, Saturday night, and being an experienced hand, went for the provision safe, and now the captain needs another Christmas turkey.

County Treasurer Bagley paid to twenty-eight teachers Saturday $1354 15.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Our variety of ladies' and gents' slippers, suitable for Christmas presents, can't be surpassed in elegance, design and cheapness. We keep them in kid, Morocco, patent leather, alligator, cloth and velvet embroidered, and all other designs you might want. A present of this kind is useful as well as ornamental and will be appreciated more than anything you can get for the amount invested, at Leon Kahn's.

TYLER.

A Wagon Episode—First Mail on a New Route. Adjourned.

Special to The News.

TYLER, Dec. 21.—Mrs. Rather, wife of Dr. H. M. Rather, a prominent physician of this county, committed suicide yesterday morning by taking strychnine. The cause is not yet known.

A team belonging to Mr. Hutchins became freightened this morning, and jerking loose from a boy who was holding one of the horses by the bridle, ran away and collided with a wagon containing three negroes—Mitchell and wife and Alf Moreland's wife—violently throwing them out and completely demolishing the wagon, both horses having jumped into the bed of the wagon occupied by the three negroes. Mitchell and wife were only slightly injured, but Alf Moreland's wife has several ribs broken, and is considered seriously hurt.

W. R. Millburn has been appointed route agent on the Kansas and Gulf Short Line and carried the first mail over that line to-day. Both the Texas and the Pacific Express Company have messengers on this road now.

The Supreme Court has adjourned.

Walnut Springs.

WALNUT SPRINGS, Dec. 21.—While switching in the yard this evening, Brakeman James Mathewson fell and one car ran over his left arm, mashing it to pieces.

A heavy rain fell to-day.

Business is good.

Town lots are changing hands rapidly.

LOTTERIES.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

La. S. L.

WE DO HEREBY CERTIFY that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and quarterly drawings of the LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY, and in person manage and control the drawing themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties. We authorize the company to use this certificate, with fac simile of our signatures attached, in its advertisements. G. T. BEAUREGARD, J. A. EARLY.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counter.

J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. La. Nat. Bank.
S. H. KENNEDY, Pres. State Nat. Bank.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. Nat. Bank.

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OVER QUARTER MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, adopted December 2, A. D. 1879.

Its Grand Single Number Drawing will take place monthly. IT NEVER SCALES OR POSTPONES. Look at the following distribution:

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING,
In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, January 12, 1886,

under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia. CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000; 100,000 tickets at $5 each; fractions, in fifths, in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE		$75,000
1 do	do	25,000
1 do	do	10,000
2 PRIZES OF $6,000		12,000
1967 Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information, write clearly, giving full address.

POSTAL NOTE, Express Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by express (all sums of $5 and upward at our expense) addressd

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Make Postoffice Money Orders payable and address registered letters to

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

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CURE Billousness, Sick Headache in Four Hours. One dose relieves Neuralgia. They cure and prevent Chills & Fever, Sour Stomach and Bad Breath. Clear the Skin, Tone the Nerves, and give Life and Vigor to the system. DOSE: ONE BEAN. Try them once and you will never be without them. Price, 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealers generally. Sent on receipt of price in stamps, postpaid, to any address,

J. F. SMITH & CO.,
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BUCK'S BRILLIANT STOVES AND RANGES

BUCK'S BRILLIANT
Base Burners
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Every Stove Guaranteed.

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Deposit accounts received from bankers, merchants and others and interest allowed on balances.

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APPEARANCE UNRIVALED — SIMPLICITY UNPARALLELED — EXCELSIOR MANF'G CO. — QUARTER OAK STONE — 612-18 N. MAIN ST. ST. LOUIS MO. — UNSURPASSED IN CONSTRUCTION — UNPRECEDENTED IN DURABILITY

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Money Orders.

Cheap Convenient and Safe. For any amount, $1 and upward.

Payable either "to bearer" or "to order," at 8000 places in the Eastern and Western States, the Territories, Pacific States and Canada. They can be deposited in banks. Can be remitted in letters as exchange upon the large cities of the United States. Safer than money for the traveler. Receipts given and money refunded if orders should be lost.

POSITIVELY NO RISK.

Sold at all offices of Wells, Fargo & Co. in the United States.

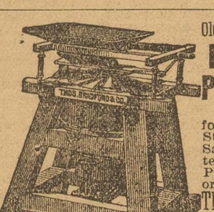
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From $1 to $5	5c	Over $20 to $30	12c
Over $5 to $10	8c	Over $30 to $40	15c
Over $10 to $20	10c	Over $40 to $50	20c

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MEN: YOUNG OR OLD



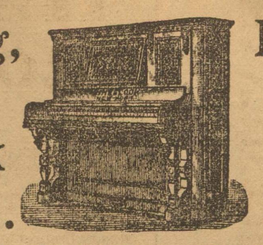
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It is the most popular route between the EAST and WEST.

It is the SHORT LINE to NEW ORLEANS and all points in Louisiana, New and Old Mexico, Arizona and California.

It is the favorite line to the North, East and Southeast.

It runs elegant PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CARS through between ST. LOUIS (via Texarkana) and DEMING, N. M.; also PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS between FORT WORTH and NEW ORLEANS without change. SOLID TRAINS EL PASO TO ST. LOUIS (VIA TEXARKANA).

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BECAUSE

It is the great thoroughfare between Central Texas and all points North, East and West

It is the only line passing through the beautiful Indian Territory.

It runs a line of SUPERB PULLMAN HOTEL and SLEEPING CARS between ST. LOUIS (via Denison, DALLAS and Fort Worth) and SAN ANTONIO.

It runs DOUBLE DAILY trains, making close and sure connections in Union Depots at Kansas City, St. Louis and Hannibal for all points. SOLID TRAINS SAN ANTONIO TO ST. LOUIS (via Fort Worth, Dallas and Denison.

By either Line there is but ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO

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Train for Little Rock, St. Louis and the Southeast and East via T. & P. R'y—"Buffet Car Line"—leaves Dallas 8:40 a. m.
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Train for the West and points in Southwest Texas via T. & P. R'y leaves Dallas 6:25 p. m.
Train for St. Louis and the North, East and West via Mo. Pac. R'y—"Hotel Car Line"—leaves Dallas 10:20 p. m.

Passengers booked to and from all points in EUROPE via the AMERICAN Steamship Line, between Philadelphia and Liverpool, and the RED STAR Steamship Line, between New York, Philadelphia and Antwerp. For full information or tickets call on

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So well known have these Watches become, thousands are buying them in preference to higher priced Watches. The company are now making 1000 Watches each day, an average of 1 2-3 Watches per minute. You would imagine the whole country supplied by this time. By no means. This is the merchant's Watch, the farmer's Watch, the miner's Watch, the laborer's Watch, the boy's Watch, the schoolgirl's Watch—in fact, everybody's Watch.

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will give special attention to securing good investments in land for COLONIES, location for Stock Ranches, Pine Lands for Saw Mills and Farming Lands. He will also give special attention to the investment of Texas and Pacific Railroad Company

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Having had a surveying corps on the frontier of Texas for the last eight years, and traveled extensively in the State, he is thoroughly acquainted with the quality of lands in different portions, as well as the value of the same, and being familiar with the different proposed lines of

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his facilities for assisting purchasers to good bargains are unsurpassed, and he guarantees satisfaction to all parties entrusting him with their business. He is also prepared to furnish on short notice complete abstracts of title of Dallas city and county property.

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COMMERCIAL.

NEWS OFFICE, Monday, Dec. 21.—Business is natural and fully in accord with the season. It is easy to observe that times are not hard. Buying at retail against holiday wants is largely in excess of any previous year. The Santa Clause feeling—described as "a craze" by a dealer in solid wares—is at its highest tide. Its potentiality is enormous any year, and this year big crops and plenty of money gave all its energy liberty. It is wonderful and indescribable, but any observer may take it in as he passes the fronts of stores handling holiday supplies. This condition diminishes wholesale output of substantials to some appreciable extent, but jobbers are willing to rest now. Their trade is hand to mouth, and most of them could afford, if permitted, to rest a few days entirely. But reorders and hand to mouth request will keep them at their posts all through the holidays.

The freight market was steady to-day in most branches. Inquiry is applied freely to room for cornfeds, anticipating the opening of movement next month. Accommodation for miscellaneous supplies, for provisions, flour and cotton is fair at rates nearly unchanged. There is little chartering movement yet. Tonnage for lumber and fuel is in good request. Sailing vessels for cotton are inquired for fairly toward foreign ports. The general agent of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Company furnishes the following table of rates instant, and subject to daily change as to ocean rates:

COTTON RATES.

	All Rail. Per 100 ℔	Gulf. Per 100 ℔
New York	$1 08	$1 05
Philadelphia	1 06	1 03
Boston	1 21	1 18
Providence	1 21	1 18
Fall River	1 21	1 18

OCEAN RATES.

	Steam.	Sail.
Liverpool	$1 35.46	$1 22.34
Bremen		1 25.63
Havre	1 42.03	1 25.63
Hamburg	1 42.03	....
Antwerp	1 38.75	....
Genoa	1 55.51	....

The quiet demand of previous reports for cotton goods has been continued and fairly large transactions are reported. Colored and fancy cottons have had attention, and of the first named stocks are in better shape than for some time, and a fair production under contract for later delivery. Brown cottons have moved more sparingly for new engagements, but on previous purchases deliveries are taking care of a good quantity. Chief attention has been directed lately to the leading makes of medium grades of bleached shirtings, with good sales having resulted because of a change in prices to meet buyers' views. Eastern dealers, on Saturday last, revised prices of Fruit of the Loom bleached cottons to close stock on hand as follows:

Fruit of the loom 36 in. bleached, 7¾c; fruit of the loom 31 in. bleached, 7c; fruit of the loom 7-4 bleached, 17c; fruit of the loom 8-4 bleached, 19c; fruit of the loom 9-4 bleached, 21c; fruit of the loom 10-4 bleached, 23c. Lawrence, Taylor & Co. have revised prices of their several makes of bleached cottons, as follows: Lonsdale, 36 in. bleached, 7¾c; Lonsdale, 31 in. bleached, 7c; Blackstone, 36 in. bleached, 6¾c; Hope, 36 in bleached, 6¾c; Fitchville, 36 in. bleached, 6½c; Blackstone XXX, 36 in. bleached, 7¾c; Forget-me-not, 36 in. bleached, 6c. Upham, Tucker & Co. have made the following revision of prices: Hill's "Semper Idem," 36 in. bleached, 7¾c; Hill's "Semper Idem," 31 in. bleached, 6¾c. Wheelright, Anderson & Co. have revised prices of bleached cotton as follows: Farwell, 36 in. bleached, 7¼c; Cabot, 36 in. bleached, 6¾c; Cabot, 31 in. bleached, 6c. Minot, Hooper & Co. have revised prices of bleached cotton as follows: Dwight Anchor, 36 in. bleached, 8¼c; Dwight Anchor, 36 in. half bleached, 8¼c. Grosvenor & Carpenter have made the price of Masonville 36 in. bleached, 7¾c. Considering the demands of buyers and their reluctance to making forwardings at previous prices, these reductions are not unexpected, but having been made, the engagements have been of very good proportions.

Business in leather has been good here, but moderate with tanners for the past month. A Boston establishment doing a very heavy business says that on moderate trade supplies have been proportionately restricted there, and adds that existing conditions are based, at least in part, upon the labor difficulties prevalent in many of the boot and shoe manufacturing districts, and with the expectation of an early settlement the market for nearly all descriptions has been and is still very well maintained. Quoting the present Boston market, which is the best Dallas basis, we give the following general report:

"Hemlock Rough Leather—There is yet a very small supply of choice leather of under 13½ ℔s suitable for either grain or card leather, and although the demand is not urgent it is sufficient, with the light receipts, to give a strong tone to prices. The same applies to good and poor damaged and cropping leather. Other grades are in better supply, although by no means large, but the demand is very quiet and prices rule rather in favor of the buyer. We quote good tannages of the usual trim as follows: An average of 12½ ℔s, and down, 27@30c; an average of 12½ to 13½ ℔s, suited for card, 29@30c; an average of 12½ ℔s and over, for pebble grain, 26½@28c; heavy leather for belting and harness, 24@25c; heavy leather for cropping, 24@25c; good damaged light weights, 25@26c; bulls, 22@23c. Southern Leather—Demand is quiet, but there is very little accumulation, and holders are firm for good tannages of light average at 25@26½c. Rough Splits—There is only a fair inquiry, but supplies are moderate and prices are firm at quotations. We quote prime lots of union knife, 20@22c; ordinary to good union knife, 16@20c; prime belt knife, 18@18½c; ordinary and No. 2 belt knife, 16@16½c. Rough calf skins are not in large stock, and holders are pretty firm at quoted prices, but the demand is very moderate, and, to press sales to much extent, considerable concessions would have to be made. We quote good tannages of usual trim as follows: Choice tannages of 31 ℔s and down, 18@21c; ordinary to good skins, 45@47c; heavier weights, 35@47c. Sheep Skins—Choice lambs and heavy sheep in pickle continue to find pretty ready sale at full prices, being in limited supply. Low priced skins in pickle are also having a fair request, and are fairly firm, but all other grades, both in tan and in pickle, are very quiet and rather nominal."

The same center, of hides, says: "Demand has only been for immediate requirements, but, being fully equal to receipts, values have been very well sustained, and there is a firm tone to the market for most all descriptions. We quote: Western flint, No. 1, all weights, 17½@18½c; light g. s., No. 1, selection, 10⅛@10¾c; light g. s., seconds, including been, 9⅛@8⅛c; Southern flint, 7 to 18 lbs., glue out only, 18@18½c; Southern flint of 18 lbs. and over, 15½@16c; Southern g. s., No. 1, all damaged out, 9¼@9½c; Southern g. s.. No. 2, 7¾@8c."

The ranks of inquirers for job lots of boots and shoes daily diminishes, as was expected, and there is a little lull in the placing of contracts. The daily mails bring in more or less orders from retailers, who have taken samples home and settled on what lines they will purchase. There is a pretty fair call for piecing out of broken stocks, and a respectable amount of staple ready made shoes have been sold. A few spring goods are going forward, and early January will probably witness many good shipments to the newly settled points. The Shoe and Leather Reporter, referring to the Boston market, says in its latest issue: "The forwardings for the week have been 34,743 cases against 38,743 cases for the previous week, a decrease of 4000 cases. Since Jan. 1 the forwardings have been 2,592,933 cases, against 2,434,578 cases for the same time last year, an increase of 158,355 cases."

DALLAS SPOT MARKET.

Cotton is quiet at last week's range of prices. The middle grade finds buyers occasionally willing to pay higher, but the exchange continues to quote the value as 8.15c. The exchanges are preparing to close for a holiday of one day.

RECEIPTS TO-DAY.

By wagon	196
By rail	0
Total	196
Total receipts to date	20,143
Shipments to-day	40
Stock on hand	1,836

THE GENERAL LOCAL MARKET.

APPLES—Western $3.25@3.75 ⅌ bbl. Apple and peach butter by the barrel 8c ⅌ ℔.

BACON—Short clear smoked 6⅞c, short clear dry salted 6¼c, breakfast bacon 9½c.

BAKING POWDER—Standard goods in ℔s $5 ⅌ doz. Grape or Kitchen Queen in ℔s $2.50.

BAGGING AND TIES—Boston 1¾ ℔ 11⅜c, Southern 2 ℔ 12¾@13c, Empire 1½ ℔ 10⅞c. Ties—Arrow full length $1.50.

BLUING—In bags 60c ⅌ doz, 4 oz liquid 50c, pints 85c, Sawyer's $3.50.

BEESWAX—Texas product 25c, refined Northern 50c.

BROOMS—Dallas or Northern best $3.50 ⅌ doz, medium $2.25, common $1.75.

BUTTER—Fresh country choice 22@30c, choice western dairy 20c, New York creamery 28@30c.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Coopered lime $2 ⅌ bbl, in bulk $1.35. Plastering lath $3.50 ⅌ M. Goat hair 75c ⅌ bu. Cement, Rosendale $2.50 ⅌ bbl, Louisville $3.25, English Portland $4.75. Michigan plaster $4.50. Rough lumber ⅌ M, under 25 feet $17.50, over 25 feet $20; dressed on one side, clear $22.25, do star $20, do sheeting $17.50; D. & M. flooring $25, do star $22.50, D. & M. ceiling ⅜ $17.50, do ½ $20, do ⅝ $22.50, rough ceiling $15; siding, native $17.50, poplar $25; D. & M. poplar ceiling $25; poplar boards $50; shingles, cypress O. K. ⅌ M $4.25, do Boss and Best $4.75; heart pine $4, do S. P. $3. Window glass, per box of 50 feet classes A and B 60 per cent off list price for single thick; for double thick 60 and 10 per cent off.

CANNED GOODS—Apples, 3 ℔ cans $1.25 ⅌ doz, gallon cans $3.25; blackberries, 2 ℔ $1.10@1.20; strawberries, 2 ℔ $1.40@1.65; gooseberries, 2 ℔ $1.10@1.20; raspberries, 2 ℔ $1.30@1.35; whortleberries, $1.35@1.50; Winslow's corn $1.45@1.50, seconds $1.30@1.35; lobsters, 2 ℔ $2.15@2.25; mackerel, 1-℔ cans $1.10@1.15 ⅌ doz, 5 ℔ $5.50@5.75; oysters, 1 ℔ full weight $1.10@1.15 ⅌ doz, 2 ℔ full weight $2.10@2.15, 1 ℔ light 60@70c, 2 ℔ light $1.10@1.25; peaches, standard goods 3 ℔ $1.70@1.80 ⅌ doz, pie peaches 3 ℔ $1.50@1.60, Numsen's 2 ℔ $1.40@1.50; pineapples, standard goods 2 ℔ $1.60@1.75; peas, Numsen's small May marrowfat $1.65@1.75, soaked 85c@$1, French Chatelein 26c each, French Dupon 20c; salmon, Columbia River $1.50@1.55 ⅌ doz, Sacramento City $1.45@1.50; shrimps, standard 2 ℔ $2.90@3; tomatoes, standard 3 ℔ $1.30, 2 ℔ $1.05@1.10.

CALIFORNIA CANNED GOODS—Table fruit, 2½ ℔ cans $2.60 ⅌ doz; pie fruit, 2½ ℔ $1.75, 8 ℔ $5.25; apricots, 2½ ℔ $2.35@2.50; blackberries $2.45@2.60; gooseberries $3; raspberries $2.90@3; strawberries $3.25@3.50; cherries, white $3.10, red $2.60; pears $2.60; peaches $2.85; plums $2.15.

CANDIES—Pails mixed 12@14c ⅌ ℔; in 5 ℔ boxes, caramels 90c, butterscotch 90c, penny maple 90c, cream bar 75c, rock 75c, A. B. drops 50c, lemon drops 75c, taffy 90c, jelly beans 90c, peanut bar 90c, barrel candy 90c, banana candy 90c, flint stick 9@10c ⅌ ℔.

CANDLES—Full weight 8 12½c ⅌ ℔, do 6 12½c.

CRACKERS—No.1 X 5½c ⅌ ℔, No. 3 X 6c, cream soda 8¾@9c, Excelsior P. O. 8c; ginger snaps, No. 3 X 8½c, lemon cream No. 3 X 8½c; cakes and jumbles 12c, knick-knacks 12½@13c, alphabets 12c, cartoons 10½@12c.

CHEESE—Full cream twins 13½c ⅌ ℔, Young America 13½c, cheddar 12½@13c.

COAL OILS—Eupion in bbls 28c ⅌ gal, in 2-5 cans $3.10; Brilliant in bbls 18c ⅌ gal, in 2-5 cans $2.10, in 1 gal cans $3.96; gasoline $3.

COFFEE—Fair 10@10½c ⅌ ℔, prime 10¾@11c, choice 12@13c, peaberry 13@14c, golden Rio 13@14c, Mocha 23@24c, Java 19@20c.

COTTON SEED—At mills $7 ⅌ ton, feed 12c ⅌ bu.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, Alden's process evaporated 9@9½c, bright quarters 4½c. Currants, new crop in bbls 7½c ⅌ ℔, in ½ bbls 7¾c, in 50 ℔ boxes 8c, old cooked over 6@6½c. Peaches, sliced 5¼@6c. Prunes 6½@7c. Dates in frails 7½c ⅌ ℔. Rasins, California London layer $3 ⅌ box, Spanish London layer $3.75, Muscatel $3.

DRUGS AND OILS—Acids, benzoic 21c per oz, carbolic 40c ⅌ ℔, citric 56@60c ⅌ ℔, gallic 18c ⅌ oz, salicylic $2 ⅌ ℔, tannic $1.65 ⅌ ℔, tartaric powd 50c. Alcohol $2.35@2.50. Alum 3½@5c ⅌ ℔. Ammonia, carbonate 16c ⅌ ℔, muriate cryst 15c. Asafetida 20@30c ⅌ ℔. Arrowroot 45c ⅌ ℔. Balsam, copaiba 45c ⅌ ℔, fir 35@45c. Bay rum $2@3 ⅌ gal. Bismuth, subnitrate $2.25 ⅌ ℔. Blue mass 45c ⅌ ℔. Blue vitriol 7@10c ⅌ ℔. Cassia bark 12c ⅌ ℔. Cubeb berries 90c ⅌ ℔. Calomel, American 75c ⅌ ℔, English $1. Camphor 26c ⅌ ℔. Cantharides, Russian Po $2.60 ⅌ ℔. Chloral hydrate, fused $1.50 ⅌ ℔, cryst $1.60. Chloroform 65@75c. Cinchonidia, 1 oz vials 25c, 5 oz cans 20c ⅌ oz. Cocaine, muriate cryst 8c ⅌ grain, 4 per cent solution ⅛ $2 ⅌ oz. Corrosive sublimate 65c ⅌ ℔. Cream tartar, C. P. 40c ⅌ ℔. Extract logwood 10@18c. Glycerine, 30 per cent 18@25c. Gum, arabic 85c, opium $3.85@4.10 ⅌ ℔. Hops, pressed ¼'s 20@25c ⅌ ℔. Iodoform 42c ⅌ oz. Buchu leaves 15c ⅌ ℔. Senna leaves 20c. Sage, pressed ¼'s 12c ⅌ ℔. Mercury 55c ⅌ ℔. Morphine, P. & W. ⅛ $3.20 ⅌ oz, do ounces $2.95; S. ⅛ $2.85, ounces $2.60. Oil, bergamot $2.25 ⅌ ℔, castor $1.48@1.55 ⅌ gal, Norwegian cod liver $1.85 ⅌ gal, peppermint $4.75 ⅌ ℔, sassafras 55@90c ⅌ ℔. Potassium, bromide 43c ⅌ ℔, bichromate 16c, chlorate cryst 25c, cyanide fused 57c, iodide $3. Dovers powders $1.10 ⅌ ℔. Quinine, P. & W. ounces 90c ⅌ oz, do 5 oz cans 92c; B. & S. ounces 82c, do 5 oz cans 77c. Red precipitate 85c ⅌ ℔. Sulphur 3½@5c ⅌ ℔. Silver nitrate cryst 83c ⅌ oz. Castile soap, mottled 8@10c ⅌ ℔, white 14@18c. Bromide soda 63c ⅌ ℔. Spirits niter 35c ⅌ ℔. Strychnia cryst $1.60 ⅌ oz.

DRY GOODS—Prints; Dunnell satine 5½c, Manchester 5½c, Dunnell fancy 4¾c, Manchester fancy 5c, Gloucester 5c, American 5c, Metropolis 4½c, Windsor 5c, Eddystone 6c, Marion 4½c, Charter Oak 4½c, Simpson black 6c, Peabody 5½, Peabody solid 5c, Hamilton 5c, Lodi 4¾c, Berwick 4c, Manchester pink and purple 5¾c, Hartel green and red 6½c, Washington indigo 6½c. Heavy brown domestics: Augusta 6c, Piedmont 6½c, Empire A 4c, Vancluse A 6¾c, Central 4½c, Charter Oak 3½c, Ettrick LL 5½c, Boott AL 7¼c, Swift Creek 5c, Derby C 4½c, Enterprise 5½c. Fine brown domestics: Williamsville 6¾c, Perkins 6½c, Amory 7c, Dwight Star 6¾c, Laureldale 6½c, Farmers' A 5½c, Blackhawk 6½c, Cleveland 6½c, Lake George 5½c, Lockwood 6¾c, Allendale 6½c, Arizona 5c. Bleached domestics: Lonsdale 8c, Amory 8¼c, Barker 7¾c, Pioneer 6½c, Best Yet 4-4 6c, do 7-8 5¾c, Full Value 6¾c, Fruit of the Loom 8¼c, Holmesville 6¼c, Wamsutta 10½c, Farwell 7¾c, do ¾ bleached 7½c. Drilling: Stark 7½c, Graniteville 6¾c, Crescent City 7¼c, Pepperill ¾ fine 7⅞c, do ¾ bleached 8c, do 4-4 bleached 10½c. Stripes: Rock River 6x3 8c, do 3x3 8c, Thorndike 3x3 9c, Hamilton 3x3 10½c, Unknown 6x3 8¾c. Cotton plaids: Cottondale 7½c, Sibley 7¾c, Union 7¼c, Memphis 6¾c, Huntington 7c, Cumberland 6½c, Naomi 6¾c, Algernon 7¼c, Superior 7¾c, Arlington 7c. Jeans: Humboldt 34c, Cornwall 22c, Pride of Texas 32½c, Steamship 13c, West Point 12½c, St. Nicholas 30c, Banner 15c, United States 24c, Piedmont 13½c. Cheviots: Hamburg 8¾c, Slater 9c, Sibley X 8c, Columbian 8½c, Fulton 12c, Bengal 12½c, Oakdale 10c, Wincey 12½c, Everett 7c, Arlington 8¾c, Germania AA 15c, Sterling 6¾c, Novelty 11½c. Ginghams: Westbrook 8½c Ayrshire 9c, Forest 8½c, Scotch BF 11½c, Compton 7½c, Yorkville 7c, Amoskeag 7¾c, Tidal Wave 7c, Warsaw 7c, Greylock fancy 12c, Slatersville 7½c. Carpets: Moquettes $1.10@1.50, body brussels $1.05@1.40, tapestries 65c@$1, three-ply 75c@$1, two-ply extra 65@75c, two-ply 50@60c.

EGGS—Market dull on overplus of offerings. Jobbers pay 18c ⅌ doz.

FLOUR—Dallas Mills, fancy patent $2.90, half patent $2.50, fancy family $2.25, family $2, quoted ⅌ cwt in car load lots, smaller lots 10c ⅌ cwt higher. Northern patents $3.20, half $3@3.05, extra fancy $2.85@2.90, fancy $2.65, choice family $2.45.

FREIGHT RATES—Cotton rates, all rail, ⅌ 100 ℔s, to New York $1.08, Philadelphia $1.06, Boston $1.21, Providence $1.21, Fall River $1.21; to same points by gulf the rates are 3c lower. Ocean rates, by steamer, to Liverpool $1.35.46, Havre $1.42.03, Hamburg $1.42.03, Antwerp $1.38.75, Genoa $1.55.51; by sale, to Liverpool $1.22.34, to Bremen and Havre $1.52.63.

FRUITS—Apples, Western $3.25@3.75 ⅌ bbl; bananas $2.50@3.50 ⅌ bunch; cranberries, Cape Cod $9.50 ⅌ bbl, bell and cherry $8.25; grapes, Malaga $8.50 ⅌ bbl; lemons, Messina $4.15 ⅌ box, Malaga $4.25; oranges, Louisiana or Florida $6.50@7 ⅌ bbl or $2.50 ⅌ 100.

FUEL—Indian Territory coal $6.50 ⅌ ton delivered, West Virginia coal $13.50; gasmakers' coke $6.50, I. T. baked $10; hard wood $3.50 ⅌ cord at cars.

GRAIN AND BREADSTUFFS—Wheat 75c for No. 1 Texas milling grade; corn, Texas sacks 41@42c, in shucks from wagon 34@35c; oats in sacks 24½@26½c, in bulk 2c lower; bran, at mills $15 ⅌ ton; cornmeal, fine bolted $1 ⅌ cwt; hominy and grits $5 ⅌ bbl; graham flour $2.25 ⅌ cwt. Feed: Chopped corn 90c ⅌ cwt, chopped corn and oats $1.05 ⅌ cwt, corn bran 35c ⅌ cwt; hay, prairie $8@9 per ton, millet $10.

HAMS—Uncanvased Chicago and Cincinnati hams are quiet at 10½c ⅌ ℔.

HARDWARE—Bar iron $3, Norway 8c, No. 22 sheet iron 4c, No. 27 B sheet iron 4¼c, galvanized sheet 9@9½c, No. ½ ⅛ sod 17c, No. 1½ do 15½c; 20x28 roofing tin $14 ⅌ box, 14x20 and 10x14 bright do $7.75@8.50; horse shoes $4.85 per keg, mule shoes $5.85; Northwestern horseshoe nails $4.90 rate, Ausable $4.50 rate; trace chains, 6½-6-2 35c; iron nails $3.75 rate, steel nails $4 rate; axes, standard brand $6.50@7.50; barbed wire, painted 4½c ⅌ ℔, galvanized 5½c; tacks $1 ⅌ box, $2 in papers; tinware, discount 50 per cent; hames, 2 loop $3.25, 3 loop $3.50; singletrees $2; axlegrease 60@90c.

HORNS AND BONES—Clean and dry bones, delivered on track, $10 per ton; fresh and clean ox horns 4c each, steer 3c, cow ½c.

HIDES—No. 1 dry flint 20 ℔s and over 14½c, No. 2 do 11½c; No. 1 dry flint under 20 ℔s 12⅞c, No. 2 do 10c; dry bulls and badly damaged 8c, dry glue 4c; No. 1 green salted 7½c, No. 2 do 6½c; No. 1 green butcher hides 6c, No. 2 do 5c; sheepskins 20@40c each, according to amount of wool.

LEATHER—No. 1 oak harness, Louisville, 35c, No. 2 do 33c; No. 1 oak harness, Ohio 34c, No. 2 do 32c; No. 1 hemlock harness 33c, No. 2 do 31c; California skirting 40@41c; fair Ohio skirting, No. 1 38c, No. 2 36c. Sole, oak, heavy X 39c, do medium 36@37c; one brand to each side, heavy 36@37c, do medium 34@35c; oak sole X backs 44c; Buffalo slaughter 30c, good 28c, damaged 25c. Calf, French $1.10@2 ⅌ ℔, American 85c@$1.20, French kip 95c@$1.45, American kip 65c@$1.

LARD—Refined in tierces 7¼c ⅌ ℔, 50 ℔ pails 7⅜c, 20 ℔ pails 7½c, 10 ℔ pails 7⅝c, 5 ℔ pails 7⅞c, 3 ℔ pails 8c.

LYE—Western Union f. w. $2.90@3 ⅌ box, Philadelphia l. w. $2.75, American f. w. $3.75.

LIQUORS—Highwines $1.10. Brandies, apple $1.75@3, peach $2@4, domestic cognac $1.50@3, imported brandies $4.50@10. Gin, domestic $1.50@2.75, imported $3.50@7. Whiskies, XX $1.35, XXX $1.60, western $1.45, rye $1.50@5, Scotch imported $6@7, Irish $5@7; Tennessee, spring of '81 $2.55, spring of '82 $2.30. Clarets, California 70c@1, Zinfandell best 90c@$1.30; imported $70@80 ⅌ cask; Medoc, quarts $6 ⅌ case, pints $7; St. Julien, quarts $6.50, pints $7.50; Chateau Bouliac, quarts $8, pints $9; California claret, quarts $4, pints $5; California hock $1@1.50 ⅌ gallon, quarts $4 ⅌ case, pints $5. Brandy, Otard Dupuy $12, Chateau Lafitte $18. Champagnes, Piper Heidseick, pints $31, quarts $29; G. H. Mumm, pints $31, quarts $28; Jules Mumm, pints $31, quarts $28; Krug & Co., pints $30, quarts $27; dry Verzenay, pints $30, quarts $28; Cook's Imperial, pints $16.50, quarts $16; California Eclipse, pints $18, quarts $17. Cider $7.50 ⅌ bbl.

MOLASSES—Choice Louisiana 55c, prime 45c, fair 35c.

NUTS—Almonds 22c ⅌ ℔, filberts 15c, Brazil nuts 11c, pecans 4½c, cocoanuts $5@6 ⅌ 100, peanuts 6c.

POULTRY—Mixed coops of chickens $1.75@2; turkeys 60@65c; geese $5, guineas $1.75, ducks $2.

POWDER—Rifle and shotgun $3.50 ⅌ keg, blasting $2, Eagle ducking $3.50 ⅌ ¼ keg.

POTASH—Babbit's (2) cases $2@2.15, Union (4) $2.50@2.75.

RICE—Prime to choice 5½@7c.

ROPE—Sisal ½ inch basis 9¾c ⅌ ℔, cotton rope 17c.

SARDINES—French $13, American $8.

SAUERKRAUT—$11.50 ⅌ bbl of 45 gallons, $7.50 ⅌ bbl of 30 gallons, $4 ⅌ ½ bbl.

STARCH—Royal gloss, 6 ℔ boxes 6¼@6½c, 3 ℔ 5½@5¾c, 1 ℔ 5⅞@6c, bulk 4⅜@4½c; Pearl 3⅞@4c.

SODA—Bicarb, in kegs 4¾@5c ⅌ ℔, 1 ℔ packages 5¾@6c, sal soda 2¾@3c.

SALT—Michigan flat hoops $2.25@2.35 ⅌ bbl; Louisiana fine $2.15@2.25, coarse $1.95@2.

SPICES—Black pepper in grain 18@20c ⅌ ℔; allspice in grain 10c; ginger in grain 14@16c; nutmegs 65c.

SUGAR—Plantation granulated 8c, standard granulated 8c, cut loaf 8½c, powdered 8¼@8½c; new crop, white clarified 7½c, yellow do 7¼c, choice O K 6¾c, prime 6½c.

SCRAP IRON—Wrought $7 ⅌ ton, heavy castings $10@11, stove plate $7@8. Pig iron, No. 1 Scotch $14.50.

TALLOW—Local product 4½c, country cakes 5c.

TEAS—Gunpowder 35@50c ⅌ ℔, Imperial 40@60c, Oolong 35@50c.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF—Standard plug, navies 40@45c ⅌ ℔, do bright 7 oz plug 35@45c, 11 inch plug 30@35c; smoking, assorted standard goods 42@54c. Snuff, Garrett's 6 oz bottles $11.25 ⅌ box, do 1 oz boxes $4; Ralph's 6 oz bottles $10.50, do ½ oz boxes $4.25.

VEGETABLES—Beans, California in bags 4c ⅌ ℔, hand picked medium 4c, Lima beans in sacks 4½c. Cabbage, Michigan $2.50 ⅌ crate. Potatoes, Early Rose $1.10 ⅌ bu, Burbanks $1.15; sweet potatoes 60@65c. Onions, Northern and Western $125 ⅌ bu, $3.25 ⅌ bbl.

WOOL—Bright medium Abilene 17@20c.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

NOTE.—All sales of stock in this market are made ⅌ cwt, live weight, unless otherwise stated. Butchers' animals are dull and hogs in limited demand. No shipping movement. Market based on local consumption.

DESCRIPTION.	Medium.	Good to extra.
Cattle—		
Steers	$2.25@ 2.40	$2.50@ 2.75
Feeders	1.90@ 2.40	2.45@ 2.70
Cows	1.50@ 2.00	2.25@ 2.50
Bulls	1.00@ 1.25	1.25@ 1.50
Veal calves	3.00@ 3.50	3.50@ 4.00
Milkers, ⅌ head	20.00@30.00	30.00@35.00
Hogs—		
Packing and shipping	2.75@ 3.00	3.00@ 3.15
Light weights	2.75@ 3.00	3.00@ 3.25
Stock hogs	1.50@ 3.00	....
Sheep—		
Natives	1.75@ 2.00	2.25@ 2.50
Stockers, ⅌ head	1.50@ 2.00	....

COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Dec. 21.—General business is as usual during the holiday season. Staples are quiet and trade is mainly in holiday goods.

Cotton lacks active friends. The only fluctuations reported in the leading spot markets today were an advance of 1-16c in New York and a decline of 1-16c in Wilmington; but a somewhat stronger feeling seems to prevail in other markets. Liverpool futures are about 1 point higher. New York futures advanced 1 to 2 points for all months except October, which advanced 3 points. New Orleans futures advanced 1 to 2 points for all months except January, which advanced 5 points.

Galveston stock this day 98,883 bales, same date last year 57,541; in compresses this day 61,432, same date last year 30,050; on shipboard this day 37,451, same date last year 27,491; total receipts this season 510,091, same date last year 373,944.

GALVESTON SPOT COTTON.

Tone	Steady
Sales	595
Ordinary	6 15-16
Good Ordinary	7 15-16
Low Middling	8 5-16
Middling	8 13-16
Good Middling	9 5-16
Middling Fair	9 9-16

HOUSTON COTTON MARKET.

HOUSTON, Dec. 21.—Tone steady. Sales 1147 bales. Ordinary 6 15-16c, good ordinary 7 15-16c, low middling 8 5-16c, middling 8 13-16c, good middling 9 5-16c, middling fair 9 9-16c.

CONSOLIDATED SPOT MARKET.

	Tone.	Middling. To-day	Middling. Satd'y	Sales To-day
Liverpool	Steady	5	5	8,000
Galveston	Steady	8 13-16	8 13-16	595
NewOrleans	Steady	8 11-16	8 11-16	9,700
Mobile	Quiet	8 11-16	8 11-16	800
Savannah	Steady	8⅝	8⅝	800
Charleston	Quiet	8¾	8¾	700
Wilmington	Firm	8 13-16	8⅞	....
Norfolk	Steady	8 13-16	8 13-16	930
Baltimore	Quiet	9⅜	9⅜	....
New York	Quiet	9 5-16	9¼	245
Boston	Quiet	9⅜	9⅜	....
Phila	Dull	9 7-16	9 7-16	....
Augusta	Quiet	8⅝	8⅝	783
Memphis	Steady	8⅝	8⅝	2,500
St. Louis	Quiet	8¾	8¾	878

RECEIPTS AT UNITED STATES PORTS.

Galveston	10,663
New Orleans	17,429
Mobile	2,968
Savannah	6,145
Charleston	2,616
Wilmington	723
Norfolk	7,017
Baltimore	276
New York	411
Boston	405
Philadelphia	225
West Point	2,277
Total this day	51,135
Total this day last week	44,034
Total this day last year	38,948

EXPORTS FROM UNITED STATES PORTS.

Charleston	858
Galveston	6,125
New York	6,123

U. S. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT.

Receipts thus far this week	89,095
Receipts same time last week	85,303
Receipts same time last year	64,903
Receipts this day	51,135
Receipts this day last year	38,948
Total this season	3,229,585
Total last season	3,384,856
Decrease this season	155,271
Exports to Great Britain	24,641
Exports to France	4,121
Exports to Continent	1,923
Stock this day	1,035,143
Stock this day last week	972,793
Stock this day last year	1,009,641
Excess this day	25,502

FUTURE MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 21.—Futures opened steady, ruled dull and closed dull; December 5d asked, December-January 5d asked, January-February 5d asked, February-March 5.02d asked, March-April 5.05d asked, April-May 5.08d asked, May-June 5.11d, June-July 5.15d asked, July-August 5.19d asked.

HAVRE, Dec. 21.—Spots quiet and easy; tres ordinaire 63, low middling afloat 62¾, low middling loading 62¾. Futures easy; December 59½, January 59⅝, February 59⅝, March 59⅞, April 60¼, May 60⅜, June 61¼.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Futures opened, ruled and closed dull but steady; December 9.28@9.29c, January 9.32@9.33c, February 9.42@9.43c, March 9.54@9.55c, April 9.66@9.67c, May 9.77@9.78c, June 9.88@9.89c, July 9.97@9.98c, August 10.05@10.06c, September 9.77@9.79c, October 9.54@9.56c; sales 54,100 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Futures opened dull but steady, ruled dull and closed quiet; December 8.81@8.83c, January 8.85@8.86c, February 9.02@9.03c, March 9.13@9.14c, April 9.28@9.29c, May 9.42@9.43c, June 9.55@9.57c, July 9.67@9.69c, August 9.72@9.74c, September 9.35@9.38c; sales 13,900 bales.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK MONEY AND STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Money closed easy at 1½@2 per cent.

Exchange closed firm, posted rates $4.85½@4.89, actual rates $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days and $4.88¼@4.88½ for demand.

Government bonds closed firm; currency 6's 125¾ bid, 4's coupons 124⅛ bid, 4½'s coupons 112⅝ bid.

The feature of the dealings on 'Change this morning was a drive, which had evidently been prearranged, in Kansas and Texas stocks and bonds. The price of the stock under selling declined 2⅜ to 3½—the 6 per cent bonds 3 per cent to 90 and the 5 per cent bonds 2¾ to 78. The lowest prices for the stock and bonds named were touched at 11 o'clock, but the decline was partly recovered in the cases of stock and 5 per cent bonds in the next half hour, while the 6 per cent bonds fully recovered. No lucid explanation could be given for the weakness of the Kansas and Texas securities, and it was generally attributed to a bear raid. The rest of the market weakened somewhat in sympathy and at noon, with but few exceptions, prices were off ¼ to 2⅜ per cent, the latter in Pacific Mail which had also been quite freely sold during the two hours to noon. The sales for the morning amounted to 140,000 shares, of which 47,000 was in Kansas and Texas, 15,000 in Western Union, 14,000 in St. Paul, 14,000 in Lackawanna and 42,000 in Pacific Mail. After the noon hour the market lapsed into a dormant state and transactions were of such a limited scale and so few and far between as to almost fail of sustaining the semblance of a market. In the last half hour there was some recovery on a small buying to cover, but as a rule prices closed within a fraction of or at the lowest point of the day. The decline ranged from ¾ to 1⅜ per cent. The volume of business was the smallest in the two months, only 281,000 shares changing hands. The specialties were neglected.

CLOSING BIDS.

Pacific Mail	64⅞	Missouri Pacific	108⅝
Western Union	73⅛	M., K. & T.	32¼
C. and N. W.	107	N. Y. Central	102⅛
C., R. I. & P.	129	N. Pacific common	28
C., B. & Q.	136⅛	N. Pacific pref'd	60¼
C., M. & St. P.	92⅝	Phil. & Reading	21
Delaware, L. & W.	127⅜	St. L. & San Fran.	....
H. & Tex. Central	....	St. L. & S. F. pref.	97½
Illinois Central	....	Texas & Pacific	12⅛
Lake Shore	84⅝	Union Pacific	54
Louisv. & Nashv.	44⅜	W., St. L. & P.	10⅞

EXCHANGE AT GALVESTON.

	Buying.	Selling.
Sterling, 60 days	4.78	4.83
New York, sight	⅜ dis	⅛ pre
New Orleans, sight	¼ dis	¼ pre
American silver	par	par

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

	To-day.	Yesterday.
Bank rate of discount	3	3
Rate of silver	47	47
Consols for money	99⅞	99 3-16

EXCHANGE AT NEW YORK.

	Buying.	Selling.
Sterling—Bank, 60 days	4.83¾	4.85
Commercial, 60 days	4.83¾	4.84
Francs—Bank, 60 days	5.18¾	....
Commercial	5.21¼	....
Reichsmarks—Com'l, 60 days	95⅛	....

EXCHANGE AT NEW ORLEANS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Sterling—Bank, 60 days	4.85	....
Commercial	4.82¼	4.83
Francs—Commercial, 60 days	5.22½	....
New York Sight—Bank	Nominal	....
Commercial	1.25 dis	1.50 dis

GENERAL TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Wheat was active and firm to-day, with a large local trade. It was reported early that the visible supply will show only a very small increase, and the crowd were eager to buy all day. Toward the close the market weakened somewhat, but closed steady.

Oats were firmer and in good demand, owing to cash oats being called for to an unusual extent.

Corn was fairly active and steady, with a good trade in all deliveries. Year was again very weak, and large lines were sold, depressing the price to within ⅛c of January at one time. Receipts are increasing, and will probably continue large for some time to come.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—January 84⅝@84½c, February 85c. May 90⅝@90¾c.

Corn—January 36¾c asked, February 36½c asked, May 39¾c.

Oats—January 27¾c, February 27¾c bid, May 31c bid.

ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—Wheat higher; the market improved steadily from the opening until 1c above Saturday's close, subsequently showing little change and but lightly traded in. The close was easy and ⅛c below the top rate. Corn opened weak and sold ⅜c lower on large receipts but stiffened up and at the close was strong, with December ⅜c and other months ⅛@¼c above Saturday.

Oats dull.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—December 92⅞c bid, January 93⅜c bid, February 95½c bid, May $1.01⅜.

Corn—December 32½c bid, January 33c, February 33¾@33⅞c bid, May 36⅞c bid.

Oats—December 26¼c bid, May 31@31½c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN MARKET.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Wheat very strong and ⅝@⅞c higher with a moderately active business; January 91⅜@92c, February 93¼@93⅝c, March 94⅛@94⅝c, April 96⅛@96⅝c, May 99@99½c.

Corn ¼@⅜c higher; mixed western, spot 40@54c, futures 46¾@49c.

Oats unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS GRAIN MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Corn steady; mixed 46c, yellow 46@47c, white 44@45c.

Oats quiet; No. 2, sacked 37@37½c.

Bran steady at 80@82½c.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—The provision market was dull for all hog products. No essential change but demand very light. Liberal offerings of lots to arrive, but dealers stood off and very little was sold.

Pork—Standard new mess held at $10.

Lard—Prime steam nominally $5.80.

Dry Salt Meats—Shoulders $3.45, longs $4.75, clear ribs $4.85, short clear $5; boxed shoulders $3.50.

Bacon—Boxed longs $5.55, clear ribs $5.62½, short clear $5.90; new shoulders nominal at $4@4.25; hams $8.75@11; breakfast bacon steady and unchanged.

Beef—Family $10@13.

Flour dull; family $3.25@3.40, fancy $4.20@4.30, patents $5@5.40.

Rye flour $3.25@3.80.

Buckwheat flour, western $4@4.50, eastern $5@5.25.

Cornmeal $1.75@1.80.

Pearl meal, grits and hominy $2.50@2.85.

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Provisions closed as follows:

Pork—January $9.77½ bid, February $9.85, May $10.20.

Lard—January $5.97½, February $6.02½ bid, March $6.10.

Ribs—January $4.80, February $4.88½, March $4.95.

NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Flour quiet; extra fancy $4.90@5, fancy $4.60, choice $4.40.

Cornmeal quiet at $2.

Provisions quiet.

Pork $10 for old, $10.50 for new.

Cut Meats—Shoulders $3, long clear sides $5.

Bacon $3.62½@5; long clear sides $5.80.

NEW YORK PROVISION MARKET.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Beef dull.

Pork steady; new mess $9.87½@10.37½.

Lard firm; steam rendered $6.32½.

Sugar quiet; crushed 7¼c, powdered 6⅞@7¼c, granulated 6¾c.

Molasses steady.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Receipts 767 head; light supply, good demand. Butchers' steers, fair to choice $3.25@3.40, common $2.50@3; cows and heifers, fair to choice $2.40@2.65, common $2@2.25; feeding steers $3.25@3.75, stockers $2.25@3, native bulls $2@2.10, good to choice wintered Texans $3.25@3.75, bulls $1.75@1.90.

Hogs—Receipts 7273 head; market slow and 10@15c lower; Yorkers $3.30@3.40, packers $3.50@3.60, butchers to best heavies $3.60@3.70.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Receipts 6300 head; trading brisk, 10c higher; shipping $3.50@5.50, butchers $2@4, stockers $2.40@4.15.

Hogs—Receipts 47,000 head; market slow and 5@10c lower; light $3.20@3.60; rough packing $3.40@3.55; heavy packing and shipping $3.60@3.75.

Sheep—Receipts 5200 head; market weak; common $2@3; good $3@3.75.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Sugar—Open kettle, choice 4⅞@5c, strictly prime 4⅝c, prime 4⅜@4 13-16c, good fair 4⅛@4⅜c, good common 4⅛@4⅜c, common 4¼@4⅜c, inferior 3⅞@4c; market quiet. Centrifugal, plantation granulated 6⅞@6 9-16c, choice white 6⅜c, off white 5⅞@6c, gray white 5⅞c, choice yellow 6@6⅛c, prime yellow 5⅞c, good yellow 5¾c, seconds 4⅜@5½c; market easy. Receipts 2391 hhds 5825 bbls, sales 1719 hhds 4325 bbls.

Molasses—Open kettle, choice 42c, strictly prime 38@40c, good prime 35@37c, prime 30@34c, good fair 28@30c, fair 25@27c. Centrifugal, strictly prime 29@30c, good fair to good prime 20@24c, good common and fair 16@19c, common 14@15c; market irregular at quotations with large receipts. Receipts 8011 bbls, sales 5371 bbls.

GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.

GALVESTON, Dec. 21.—Coffee quiet but steady; quotations are unchanged; ordinary 9@9½c, fair 9⅝@9⅞c, prime 10¼@10½c, choice 11@11¼c, peaberry 12¼@12¾c, Cordova 12½@13c, old Government Java 21¾@25¾c, according to grade. Importers of Rio coffee fill orders for round lots at the following prices: Fair 8⅜@8⅝@8¾c, good 9⅛@9½c, prime 9⅝@9⅞c, choice 10⅛@10⅜c, peaberry 11¼@11½c.

Sugar quiet and easy. Round lots are quoted by plantation agents as follows: Louisiana pure white 6 5-16@6⅜c, choice white 6 3-16@6¼c, choice off white 6 1-16@6⅛c, yellow clarified 6@6⅛@6¼c, according to grain and color. Northern refined steady; wholesale grocers quote as follows: Crushed and cut loaf 8⅝@8¾c, powdered 7⅞@8⅛c, granulated 7⅝@7⅞c, standard A 7⅝@7¾c, off A 7⅛@7½c.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Coffee for futures opened: December 6.65@6.75c, January 6.65@6.75c, February 6.70@6.75c. Noon: December and January 6.70c, February 6.75c. Closed: December 6.70@6.75c, January 6.70c, February 6.70c.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Business in commission circles was only moderate to-day, and the jobbing trade relapsed into the quiet condition usually witnessed at this stage of the season.

HIT BY HOLIDAY HEAVINESS.

WHEAT PIT BUSINESS KNOCKED OUT.

Prices Not Expected to Come to Time Till After New Year's—Big Receipts From the Northwest.

Special to The News.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—The wheat market on 'Change has taken on its holiday phase. Throughout last week the feeling was heavy and with the exception of a fair recovery at the end, there was a steady, monotonous drop in prices. The usual news channels seem to have dried up for the winter. The commission men try to appear enthusiastic, for a commission man is nothing unless enthusiastic; but orders are anything but plenty. Holders are discouraged and disheartened by the steady growth of stocks, and all hopes that the visible supply has reached the maximum limit have been abandoned even by the bulls. Advices from the Northwest tell of the small quantity of grain left in farmers' hands, of renewed milling operations and diminished receipts, but the stuff continues to come forward so that the crowd are now inclined to believe these dispatches incited by the Minneapolis millers, and conservative operators figure that the shrinkage of stocks in sight will not begin before the middle of January. The export demand showed no improvement and any support that might have been derived from moderate shipments was offset by the drop in English markets. From all these things coupled with the general December heaviness the crowd concluded that the wildest "bear" predictions were likely to come true and confidently spoke of 65c as not an improbable figure for cash wheat. As usual, the crowd overdid the matter and sold themselves into a hole. The first setback which they received was the report of the amount on passage, which showed an increase of only 160,000 bushels instead of 1,000,000 bushels, which had been predicted. Then it was suddenly found that everybody was short and everybody wanted to cover at once. Various large dealers were mentioned as the owners of the stuff by gossips, but leading men were of the opinion the principal "longs" were the Minneapolis wheat grinders and their Duluth following. The bulge which resulted, however, was purely speculative, and when the "short" lines were covered the feeling was again easy. "A natural reaction," is the general comment. No one claims that much wheat has been bought for investment, and hence confidence is still wanting.

"I see nothing in the situation on which to buy wheat, but much depends on the temper of local speculators," remarked J. H. Chandler to-night.

Corn "bulls" hard. The improvement in the inspection due to the colder weather has shaken the faith of year holders, and deferred deliveries are weak in sympathy. Still some good judges believe the manipulators of the year deal intend to put the screws on at the last.

Provisions held pretty steady. Some of the packers are still bearing them, but not as heavily as heretofore. Smaller receipts of hogs are expected.

BURGLARS AT WORK.

Two Towns Visited by Them and Safes Blown Open.

Special to The News.

DAINGERFIELD, Dec. 21.—It is learned that on last Friday night, at Hughes Springs, a small town seven miles east of here, Mr. Mike Womack's safe was blown open by burglars, who, after getting inside, found the vault burglar proof and too much for them, and left without getting its contents. No clew as to who the guilty parties are. It is also learned that Cason Bros. had a safe at Cason, six miles west of here, blown open by burglars Saturday night, and its contents, amounting to about $500, taken. The entrance to the safe was made by drilling a hole in the door and the use of powder. It is supposed that the same party or parties are guilty of both offenses, but as to who they are no one can tell, but every effort is being made to ferret them out.

Mr. Gladstone and the Irish-Americans.

Mr. Gladstone recently sent a letter in reply to a long address to him, published by a number of Irish citizens of St. Louis, United States, immediately after the resignation of the late Liberal Government, in which they say, speaking as representative Irishmen: "We use no flattery in stating that you are the first English statesman since Lord Fitzwilliam who has attempted to mitigate the miseries of the Irish people, and we feel grateful to you for it. We cannot feel otherwise, and we wish your return to power with increased strength, and a greater power to perfect the reforms you have proposed for Ireland." Mr. Gladstone's reply was as follows:

HAWARDEN CASTLE, Cheshire, Nov. 30.—Gentlemen—The opportune publication of your letter in the St. Louis Republican reminds me that it has not yet received from me the full acknowledgment which it so well deserved. I am very grateful to you for your words of generous kindness, and, moreover, I am convinced that they speak the general sentiments of America. I have them before me at a time when the Liberal party, which alone has ever made any attempt to redress the grievances of Ireland, is described by Mr. Parnell as the party which consigns her citizens to chains, imprisonment, and death. As having been the leader of that party for the chief part of the last twenty years, I am well aware how large a share of the weight of this accusation, if it be a just one, must rest upon me. Whether just or not, it has been the signal for a systematic co-operation of Irish Nationalists and English Tories in the present elections, which has taken from us and won for Toryism between twenty and thirty seats. I pass no judgment upon these remarkable occurrences, and my only reply to the vituperation of the hour is this: Of the more arduous labors of my long public life a large part have been devoted to the service of Ireland; and the most potent of the motives which have led me at an advanced age to forego a long coveted repose has been and is the hope of possibly being allowed to render her some further service. With renewed thanks, I remain, gentlemen, your most faithful servant, W. E. GLADSTONE.

Wills Point.

WILLS POINT, Dec. 21.—A social party at the residence of Mr. G. H. Brace last Tuesday evening is pronounced by those present as one of the most enjoyable affairs of the season. Mr. and Mrs. Brace and their accomplished daughter, Miss Pearlie, exerted themselves to make the occasion pleasant to all.

The sociable at the residence of Mr. J. H. Reynolds, Sr., last Friday evening was an occasion which will not soon be forgotten by those who had the good fortune to be present. The young people are greatly indebted to Miss Alice Reynolds for her untiring efforts to make "all hands" enjoy themselves. To say that she succeeded is superfluous.

A hop at the opera hall on Thursday evening, though not largely attended, is said to have been quite a pleasant affair.

Miss Nina Cousins, an accomplished young lady of Tyler, is visiting relatives in Wills Point and is the guest of Mrs. Dr. Monghun.

Miss Lizzie Estis, one of Dallas' most delightful young ladies, who has been visiting Wills Point for some days, returned home last Thursday. She was the guest of Miss Jessie Human during her stay at Wills Point.

Miss Bertie Mehaffey, who has been visiting relatives at Marshall for some weeks, returned on Friday to spend the holidays with her family and friends at Wills Poins.

Cleburne.

CLEBURNE, Dec. 21.—The social event of the past week was the marriage of Mr. S. C. Paddleford and Miss Minnie Beard, an account of which has been furnished THE NEWS.

A party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Epperson, Mr. and Mrs. Bander, Mrs. T. J. Wagley, Miss Lomie Patton, Miss Ruth McCranie, Miss Biddie O'Brien, and about a dozen gentlemen, went to Fort Worth Saturday evening to hear Emma Abbott.

This week will be celebrated in the true Christmas style: a masquerade, a phantom party, a progressive euchre, and innumerable other entertainments are already on the programme.

Miss Lomie Patton, of Alvarado, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Bledsoe, returned to her home to-day.

On the evening of the 17th a very pleasant progressive euchre party was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Flore, complimentary to Misses Flore and Murray.

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LOCAL TIME CARD.

Going South. Leave.			Going North. Arrive.	
2:20 pm	2:00 am	Denison.	1:15 am	12:15 pm
2:45 pm	2:25 am	Sherman.	12:50 pm	11:50 pm
4:15 pm	3:52 am	McKinney.	12:25 pm	10:25 am
5:55 pm	5:30 am	Dallas.	9:55 pm	9:00 am
8:50 pm	8:15 am	Corsicana.	7:30 pm	6:35 am
8:30 am	.....	Cisco.	.....	5:50 am
3:50 pm	6:45 am	Morgan.	9:10 pm	10:15 am
8:30 pm	9:00 am	Waco.	6:45 pm	6:30 am
1:10 am	12:01 pm	Hearne.	3:15 pm	2:20 am
6:35 pm	8:25 am	Austin.	6:20 pm	7:45 am
2:08 am	1:28 pm	Brenham.	1:28 pm	1:07 am
	Arrive.			
6:30 am	5:00 pm	Houston.	10:00 am	9:00 pm
8:55 am	7:40 pm	Galveston.	7:25 am	6:40 pm
.....	7:40 am	New Orleans.	7:30 pm	.....
.....	Arrive.		Leave.	.....

For information about rates, tickets, routes, etc., apply to any agent of Houston and Texas Central Railway, or to D. TICHENOR, Union Depot Ticket Agent, Dallas, Tex.
E. O. FLOOD, City Ticket Agent.

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PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS:

READ DOWN.			READ UP.	
6:30 a m	L've	Dallas	Arr.	1:20 a m
9:00 a m	Arr.	Cleburne	L've.	10:55 p m
1:00 p m	Arr.	Temple	L've.	6:45 p m
4:05 p m	Arr.	Lampasas	L've.	3:35 p m
11:00 p m	Arr.	Galveston	L've.	8:40 a m

MIXED:

3:30 p m	L've	Dallas	Arr.	9:40 a m
7:45 p m	Arr.	Cleburne	L've.	5:15 a m
8:40 p m	Arr.	Montgomery	L've.	10:30 p m

Through tickets and baggage checks to all points and to and from Europe. For tickets and other information call on or address
W. J. STORMS, Ticket Agent, Dallas.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce Mr. Ford House as a candidate for the office of City Assessor and Collector, to be voted for at the ensuing election to be held Tuesday, April 6, 1886.

The Morning News.

THE CITY.

NO ONE IS authorized to make any purchases for our account or have work performed for any department of our establishment without the written order from the business manager, and these orders should invariably accompany monthly statements rendered at the close of each month. A. H. BELO & Co.
Dallas, Tex., Oct. 16, 1885.

Mr. J. E. Millender is authorized to take city subscriptions and collect amounts due me on bills for THE MORNING NEWS.
F. A. WILMANS, City Circulator.
Dallas, Dec. 17, 1885.

Seriously Injured.

While Mr. J. W. Morris, of 940 South Harwood street, was driving a light spring wagon down Ervay street yesterday afternoon, a runaway team hitched to a wagon came into collision with his vehicle and dashed him with terrific force from his s eat to the street. He was removed at once to his home and a surgeon called, who pronounced his case serious, owing to internal injuries.

The Craddock Case.

Referring to the most recent decision of the Supreme Court in the Craddock case, Mr. Clint says he will enforce the law if it is a settled fact that the law of the State prevails over the city charter. The question naturally arises, does the last decision settle the question?

Judge Johnson said: "I cannot give an opinion before seeing the court's. I read the dispatch in this morning's NEWS and have no doubt about its correctness, but it is unsatisfactory. I think perhaps there is some point in the ruling that will save Dallas. The case under consideration could not be exactly like the Craddock case, because Dallas was chartered under a special law, and the case before the court came under the general law. The general laws' final title says: "All laws of a local nature, operating in part against cities or towns, and all laws of a private nature operating on persons are not affected by the statute repealing clause. The special charter of this city is in strict harmony with the constitution, and in view of the law referred to, I prefer to wait and read the decision in its completeness before admitting that the ruling reported has been made."

Card receivers from $1 50 to $12. Hickox & Hearne.

Accounts Under Investigation.

It was rumored yesterday morning that there was trouble in the water department and that the water commissioners were in session looking into the books of Mr. Wheless, who was charged with being in default to the city. The commissioners were in session all day, and late yesterday evening a reporter of THE NEWS called on Mr. Linskie and asked him in regard to the reports. Mr. Linkie is chairman of the water commission, and stated that Mr. Wheless had asked an investigation and it had been proceeded with. So far nothing wrong had been discovered. He said the rumor of a large default probably originated in a report made by him to the council several months ago, which showed that there was a deficiency; that is, there had been more money spent in extensions and other matters connected with improving and keeping in repair the water system than was on hand. This, he said, may have been the cause of the report. The work before them was an extensive one, yet he did not anticipate any defalcation.

To get at further facts as far as possible, without doing injustice or making hasty statements, THE NEWS sent a representative to see Mr. A. M. Wheless, superintendent of the Dallas waterworks. Mr. Wheless stated that he intends to resign his office at the meeting of the City Council to-night; that his accounts are all right so far as he is concerned, and that at the end of the examination this would be found as he states it.

If you buy anything in the way of chinaware, silver-plated goods, lamps, or in fact anything in the way of house-furnishing goods, from China Hall, you can have them delivered at any hour Xmas eve or day free of charge. CHINA HALL.
D. GOSLIN, Manager.



DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS

MOST PERFECT MADE

Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc., flavor as delicately and naturally as the fruit.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

GRAIN ELEVATOR PROBLEM.

ESTIMATES FROM A FIRST CLASS FIRM,

With All the Modern Improvements, Including Steam Shovels for Unloading Railroad Cars.

A NEWS representative dropped in yesterday on Mr. Frank M. Cockrell and found him in the act of sampling flour preparatory to making further shipments to Mexico. After the usual interchange of courtesies, he proceeded to interview him as follows:

"Your mills, like those of the gods, grind mighty fine, Mr. Cockrell."

"Yes; but they don't grind quite so slow. By the way, I have received a sample of white wheat from a point west of Weatherford for which I have offered 5 cents a bushel above the highest market quotation. The parties who sent it are offering ten car loads. I merely refer to this to show you that the Western country is peculiarly adapted to wheat growing. I have also to say that in my former interview with you I had no idea of reflecting on the fertility of the soil of Navarro County, which I believe to be very fine. As to whether or not that county is, properly speaking, within the wheat belt, we can only 'judge a tree by its fruit.' I do not care, however, to discuss the question further, as the best of feeling exists between the mills of the two points; and, indeed, I should be only too glad to see Navarro County converted into one vast wheat field."

"Have you, Mr. Cockrell, anything fresh in regard to the public elevator scheme?"

"I have had an estimate made by one of the leading elevator firms in the West, which makes me still more confident that an elevator of 750,000 bushels capacity can be built for $75,000, which, if you will remember, was the result of the rough estimate I made when you last called around. The estimates are on 750,000 bushels storage capacity, operated by a 100-horse engine, with an elevating capacity of 10,000 bushels per hour, having 120 storage bins of 8 by 22 and 50 feet high, and forty-eight carload shipping bins, the building to have a frontage of 86 feet and a depth on lot of 267 feet. They offer to build such an elevator for $87,900, based on Chicago prices of material and labor. They have itemized their estimates, and these estimates show ther lumber to be from $3 to $5 a thousand in excess of what I paid for lumber last summer, while their estimates for excavating, painting, roofing, corrugated iron, nails and other material are proportionately dearear than was paid here last season. They propose to furnish a 100-horse power engine, with all modern improvements, including two sets of steam shovels for unloading cars. Now as to the paying feature of the investment I will only say that at the rate of 1 cent per bushel per month for three months the return would amount to $22,500, which, after deducting the operating expenses, would leave a very handsome dividend. We would carry 100,000 bushels for six months, which would be equivalent to 200,000 bushels for three months or 600,000 bushels for one month.

"Mr. Cockrell," queried the reporter, "have you any objection to let me see the estimates and draw them off?"

"Not at all," saying which Mr. Cockrell handed over the documents, which were headed with and signed by the firm, and of which the following is an extract, with the lumber bulked:

Two cleaners, capacity 30,000 bushels in 10 hours	$ 400
Excavation for foundation and sinks	800
Foundation and sink walls, 40,000 feet of rubble stone laid up at 12 cents per foot	4,800
Lumber	27,300
37,000 square feet of tin roofing put on and painted	2,220
Steel nails, 1000 kegs	3,000
10 doors, 3x7, and frames	50
100 windows, 12 lights, 10x14 inch glass and frames	325
Builders' hardware, hinges, latches, hasps, screws, etc.	900
Carpenter work	19,000
Two sets of steam shovels	500
Painting, 500 square yards, two coats, awning, etc	50
Bin rods, nuts, wrought washers, 200,000 pounds	5,500
65,000 square feet of corrogated iron No. 24 put on and painted	3,900
4 elevator boots and tightening screws	200
4 elevator swivel spouts and 4 spouts for loading cars	160
4 belts for elevators, 800 feet, 15-inch, 4-ply rubber	526
Belt for driver, 60 feet, 18-inch, 5-ply rubber	60
Other belting	215
800 iron elevator cups	240
Capstan for switching cars complete	140
3500 wrought iron elevator bolts 1 inch by 1½ inch and leather washer	40
4 iron hopper bottoms and swival spouts.	125
48 iron gates for shipping bins	132
8 iron gates for sinks	40
4 sets of hopper scales, 700 bushels capacity	1,100
1028 feet of wrought steel conveyor, 8000 bushels capacity	2,827
Shafting, gearing, pulleys, etc	2,500
Millwright work, setting machinery, building sinks, elevators, weigh hoppers, spouts and conveyor troughs	3,800
100-horse engine and two 60-horse boilers, pump and beater, 18x24	4,000
Steam and water pipes and pipe filling	500
Brick engine house and bed, boiler setting and brick stack	2,400
4 blast fans to clean conveyor	150
Total	$87,900

"Now," Mr. Cockrell continued, "you can use iron instead of brick for the boiler stock, and savings could be made in several other directions."

An Important Suit.

Suit was entered yesterday in the District Court by the Texas Land and Mortgage Company against the Cobb Land and Cattle Company, of Clay County, on a note for $20,000 with interest from March 17, 1884, and attorneys' fees, and to set aside a deed of conveyance made by W. G. to J. G. Eustis.

Claimed His Mule.

Robert Donnell arrived yesterday from Denton and claimed the mule for which William Candle, after being chased into the city by hounds, was arrested on suspicion. Donnell said it was stolen from his father's place about a week ago.

Gorgeous Display of Holiday Goods.

J. W. WERB, 610 MAIN STREET.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, Silverware, Silver Platedware, Gold Pens, Pencils, Toothpicks, Spectacles, Opera Glasses, Music Boxes, Carving Sets, French and American Clocks, Plush and Fancy Goods, China and Bisque of every variety, and all at greatly reduced prices. Parties at a distance can have goods sent them on approval.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR.—D. B. Chiles, St. Louis; Ben Levy, Texas; Leon Halford, San Angelo; E. H. Todd, Quincy, Ill.; W. A. Garner and wife, Fort Worth; Dr. W. P. Stephens, city; F. L. Dilley, Tyler; Wm. H. Clark, Mississippi; W. W. Long, Waskom, Texas; J. C. DeLaney, Fort Stanton, N. M.; R. L. Terrell, Big Sandy; J. H. Britton, Sherman; S. C. Haley, Philadelphia; James M Steere, Dallas; George B. Robeson, city; A. Myers, Philadelphia; A. Salinger, Cincinnati; W. J. Curtis, New York; C. M. Whitney, New Orleans; L. Campbell, San Antonio; Brad Barner, Longview; L. C. Kranthoff, Jefferson City; M. Savage, Little Rock; Smith Ragsdale, Milan County; B. S. Johnson, G. W. Donaldson, Ladonia; R.N. Thomas, St. Louis; John Martin, Paris; William T. Sadler, A. F. Hess, Boston; D. J. Kerr, Dallas; John Pierce and J. M. Terry, Honey Grove; P. J. Masterson, Chicago; S. B. Allen, Bonham; C. Mayhoff, New York; M. L. Slaughter, Ranche; George Murphy, Decatur; E. C. DeJarnett, Montague; D. T. Lacey, Gainesville; F. E. Moyer, Keokuk.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL.—A. E. Graham, Denton; F. J. Jeffries, Lamar County; L. E. Bowser, Kendallville; Dr. F. M. Hall, Bryan; F. M. Shick, Waco; W. R. Boyd, Hico; E. A. Kerr, Jeff Bowles, Grandview; J. F. Douglass, Hillsboro; John W. Adams, Kansas City; Shelton F. Leake, Terrell; J. T. Anderson and wife, Kansas City; J. W. Hudgins, Cleburne; P. O'Donnell, Dr. O'Donnell, Grand Prairie; J. F. Gulledge, Lebanon; J. H Gulledge, Plano; Sam R. Hamilton, John A. Smith, Farmersville; David Sloan, Chicago; J. W. Boatner and wife, Lewisville; K. H. Embree, Duck Creek; E. M. Bankley, New York; Mrs. S. S. Turner and child, Lewisville; R. A. Taylor, Millwood; Sam Bowles, Fort Worth; Martin Pritty, Henrietta; J. M. Lane and wife, Denison; Z. J. Adams, Fort Worth; W. B. Fagg, Grayhill; J. W. Franklin, Allen; C. D. Hughes, A. J. Oslin, Sherman; Robert Moss, Edwards, Miss.; John A. Jackson, Plano; J. K. Wilson, Dallas County.

Real Estate Transfers.

J. M. Harvey to B. A. May, 12 acres, D. Parker survey	$ 156 00
F. E. Hughes and wife to John V. Hughes, 135½x352 feet on Hughes street; love and affection and	1 00
F. E. Hughes and wife to George V. and John V. Hughes, two-third interest in Hughes Bros.' factory lot	666 66
G. K. Stratton and Wife to M. Blackburn, 100 acres, J. Byrd survey	2000 00
Bolivar Eason and wife to J. H. Austin, lot 50x122½ on Hughes street	250 00
J. A. Campbell and wife to W. Robertson, lots 3 and 4, block 7, and lots 3 and 4, block 9, of Kleberg	75 00
J. P. McFadden to D. S. Roberts, 33 acres on Trinity River	400 00
Philip and Alex Sanger to E. M. Tillman, lot on commerce street, 25x200	11500 00
J. B. Simpson and T. W. Scollard, lots 11, 12 and part of 13, block 30; also part of block 9; also lot in block 128, 70x180; also lots 19 and 20, block 28; also lot in block 109, 96x100	200 00
H. M. Spalding to Philip and Alex Sanger, lot on Commerce street, 25x200	11000 00
R. H. Bryan to W. C. Howard, lot on Ervay street extension, other considerations and	1 00
W. A. Blackwell and wife to A. Swoden, 130x180 feet, Grigsby league	2500 00

Fish and Oysters.

I. M. Lewis has removed to 607 Main st. Keeps on hand fresh fish, crabs, oysters, clams, shrimps, bulk oysters 90c and $1 per 100. Families needing anything in Mr. Lewis' line will do well to telephone him.

Dr. F. L. Foscue.

Physician, Surgeon, Oculist, 810 Main street, Dallas. Office Telephone, 67; Residence, 208.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $1, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Bisque figures from $2 to $40 at Hickox & Hearne.

Our line of boys', misses' and childrens' school and dress shoes can't be surpassed for durability and cheapness, at Leon Kahn's.

Many of THE NEWS people have had shoes made by the Hunstable Boot & Shoe Company, 712 Elm street. They are well pleased with them. Will Hunstable fits people correctly.

Before the Ball

Go and get a mask in silk, satin, wire, plain or fancy, animals, fowls or reptiles at Harris'.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers 75c, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Dressing cases from $5 to $175 at Hickox & Hearne.

Holiday Goods.

ELEGANT DISPLAY

At 701 Main street, corner of Poydras. Diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, fine marble and French gilt clocks, gold and silverhead canes, gold spectacles and eyeglasses, opera-glasses. Immense stock. All the latest designs in new goods. Call and see L. E. CURTIS, Jeweler.

For Pure Home-Made Candy Go to 812 Main Street. J. W. SKAER.

Dr. Wasserzug, chronic diseases, 734 Elm street. Debility, impurities, impediments to marriage, speedily, radically cured.

Exhibition of Cotton Gin Machinery.

There will be some parties out to see our cotton gin machinery in operation to-day, and any one else who is interested in Dallas enterprises are cordially invited to call and see it. I make this invitation now, as I will take the machinery down when I put on increased force after the holidays. The Main street car passes the door of the factory, formerly called car shops, in East Dallas.
R. S. MUNGER.

Buy a pair of Hawkes' celebrated spectacles for a Christmas present from Messrs. Eisenlohr Bros. & Schneider, druggists and opticians.

Visit the new 99 cent Cash Store, 719 Elm street.

Bargain every day in holiday goods and toys at Goldsmith Bros.

Buy the James Means celebrated $3 shoes at Leon Kahn's.

Our Bulk Baking Powder

is sold by all grocers at 20 cents per pound. Do not be humbugged by lottery schemes into paying high prices for bogus goods.
BABCOCK, FOOT & BROWN.

Jewelry Manufactory.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

J. W. Webb, 610 Main street.

Having put on an extra night force of workmen, we will be able to finish all our order work on time for Christmas. We can take a few more special orders for diamond work, medals, charms, bangles, etc. Large lot of loose diamonds always on hand, with new designs of moldings.

Gents Silk Embroidered Sippers $1 50, Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

If with ailments you're afflicted,
If to pains you are addicted,
And the peace-disturbing fiend you wish to foil,
The deed is quickly done if you go to Patterson
And apply his famous Rabbit's Foot Oil.
So pleasant the sensation of each application
The patient seldom fails to cry for more; [again
'Twill take away your pain and bid you come
To "The People's Druggist," Patterson's Drug Store.

Manicure sets from $2 to $25. Hickox & Hearne.

Globe Clothing House.

We offer this week the greatest bargains ever given before. Come and see us. 703 Elm street.

Groceries at Low Prices at J. F. Caldwell & Co.'s. Court House square.

Gents Silk Embroidered Slippers $1 25, Lewis Bros. & Co., 836 Elm street.

As Usual.

Useful and ornamental Christmas Gifts for children, young people and grown folks. Fine Books, Toys, Fancy Goods, Christmas Cards. J. D. A. HARRIS,
730 and 732 Main street.

$10 Prize Given

to the nearest guesser of winning number of Heater at our Grand Drawing on Jan. 4, 1886. All guesses must come through the mail. B. O. WELLER & Co., the Hard Cash Grocers, corner Elm and Harwood.

FOUR RATTLERS!!

E. M. KAHN & CO.'S

GREAT OFFER THIS WEEK

—OF—

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

UNMATCHABLE IN VALUE.

$8 - Eight Dollars - $8

This week we will offer 1,000 Men's and Youths' GOOD WOOL SUITS, Tailor-made, good trimmings and warranted to wear well, at only EIGHT DOLLARS each. These Suits cannot be duplicated at any other Clothing House for $12.
UNEQUALED SUIT BARGAINS AT $5, $6 AND $7.

10 Dollars -10- Dollars 10

At this price we will offer this week 2,000 Men's and Youths' FINE CASSIMERE SUITS, cut in all the leading styles, made and trimmed first-class, and altogether the best Business Suits to be found anywhere for $15.

12 Dollars -12- Dollars 12

The Fine Chinchilla, Cassimere, Diagonal and Worsted Overcoats that we offer at TWELVE DOLLARS each cannot be duplicated by any Clothing House in the State for a cent less than $20. We offer them for exactly what they cost the manufacturer to make them. Unequaled Overcoat bargains at $4, $6, $8 and $10.

15 Dollars -15- Dollars 15

This week we will offer immense bargains in FINE OVERCOATS AND SUITS at $15, made from all the best fabrics, made and trimmed with first-class materials, and equal in quality to any regular merchants tailor's $25 Overcoats and Suits.

COME AND SEE THEM!

No man who wants a substantial and serviceable Suit or Overcoat can afford to overlook these FOUR RATTLING BARGAINS.

Bargains for Big Boys. Bargains for Big Boys.

We have some EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS in Overcoats and Suits for Boys from 13 to 17 years in Cassimeres, Meltons and Worsteds.

Given Away! Given Away!

Beginning TUESDAY, DEC. 22, we shall present to every purchaser of a Suit or Overcoat in our Boys' and Children's Department
THE INDIAN CHIEF GUN OR SCHOOL BAG.

E. M. KAHN & CO.,

Corner Elm and Lamar.

60 to 75 Per Cent

loaned on improved property. See advertisement of Mr. Kennedy, of New York City. fifth page, last column.

Blankenship & Blake Company.

We offer the remaining stock of the Blankenship & Blake Company (about $50,000) to the citizens of Dallas and dry goods merchants throughout the State. The company is organized under the laws of the State of Texas, and commences business Jan. 1, 1886. The paid up stock will be $300,000; shares $500 each. The company is bound to become one of the grandest wholesale and manufacturing concerns in the State. We shall make it a source of great pride and profit to all who take stock with us. We will own a controlling interest in the company, and will give to all other stockholders a guarantee of their stock and a dividend of at least 10 per cent per annum. Our Eastern friends would take all the stock we have, but we prefer to have the fruits of our labor at home. We believe our company will be one of the leading factors in the commerce of the State long years after we have passed over the river of life.

Persons interested are invited to call and get all the information they may desire.
B. BLANKENSHIP,
S. D. BLAKE.

Photograph albums from $1 to $20 at Hickox & Hearne.

Lumber.

I have bought the H. S. Matthews lumber yard on Ross avenue, not the accounts. Will keep a well selected stock of everything in the building line and ask for a fair share of the public patronage. Will give estimates on buildings of any character at the following places where I have yards: Sherman, Whitesboro, Gainesville, Alvarado, Hillsboro, Bowie, Henrietta, Wichita Falls, Harrold and Kemp. By calling at the above yards parties can get information concerning prices. I buy in large quantities and can offer inducements in prices and selections equal to any one in the trade. Respectfully, O. T. LYON.

To have your watches and jewelry repaired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

To the young face Pozzoni's Powder gives fresher charm; to the old, renewed youth. For sale by all druggis,s and fancy goods dealers

Buy Your Holiday Goods from Curtis the jeweler, and secure a chance in the $500 prizes.

I HAVE FOR SALE

A large number of High Grade and Full Blooded Imported

Percheron Stallions,

from 3 to 6 years old, weighing from 1200 to 1800 pounds, possessing fine style and action, acclimated, and most of the grades bred and raised by me on ranch in Grayson County, twelve miles west of Sherman and five miles east of Whitesboro. Will guarantee same class of Horses can not be purchased for less money than I offer them.

I also have TWO FOUR-YEAR-OLD STALLIONS, by Foster, he by Lexington; dams richly bred.

Also a number of JACKS, 4 years old next spring, from Mammoth and Black Hawk stock.

Postoffice address: Houston.

Will meet parties at ranch at any time that may be agreed upon.

H. B. SANBORN.

BARLEY [CHASE'S] MALT WHISKY.

Rich in flavor, mild and elegant in taste. It does not contain one drop of impure oil. Being a genuine Barley Malt Whisky, it possesses much nutriment, and is a fine tonic for use in malarial sections. It greatly prevents attacks of Pneumonia. A splendid tonic for weak lungs and feebleness. Most excellent for drinking, and purest for home use.

E. H. CHASE & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Ky.
For Sale by J. H. POTTS. Dallas, Texas

Save the Chickens

By using Bass' Chicken Cholera Cure. For sale, wholesale, by Crowdus Drug Company, Dallas, Texas.

From Fifty Cents to Ten Dollars.

In another column read the list of pretty holiday goods to be found at Knepfly & Son's great jewelry house, Dallas.

SCHOTT'S HAMBURG SYRUP.

Composed of Petroleum Tar, pronounced by Dr. Griffith as a specific for consumption. Certain it is that it has worked wonders in curing the worst forms of Chronic Bronchitis and Consumption, purifying the breath, allaying the cough, creating an appetite and restoring to health the most obstinate cases.

The old saying is here repeated, that an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," for all coughs and colds commence with Sore throats or Croup with children. With this Syrup you have an immediate cure,

Composed of Syrup of Wild Cherry, an old and long-used remedy, soothing the iritated Lung and Nervous System, quieting the most annoying Cough.

Composed of Syrup of Capsicum, an "old woman's remedy for Sore Throats."

BADGER'S ANTI-BILIOUS BITTERS

THE ONLY LIVER STIMULANT.

CURES

BILIOUSNESS,	JAUNDICE,
INDIGESTION,	DYSPEPSIA,
SICK HEADACHE,	AGUE CAKE,
LOSS OF APPETITE.	CONSTIPATION,

AND

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

The Great Tonic and Carthartic for the

Stomach, Liver and Kidneys

Price $1 a Bottle.

Handkerchief and glove boxes from $3 to $35. Hickox & Hearne.