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THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

VOLMUE VII. DUBLIN, ERATH COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1894. NUMBER 1

A MAN

Going west, or east, or south who goes by our store, Patrick street, Dublin, without dropping in and examining our goods and prices is

BADLY FITTED

to support a famly. He needs a kind but firm hand to knock some since into him. Ours is the only stock in town which is calculated

TO SUPPLY

extravagent claims, but we won't make 'em. We prefer to have a man and his family come in and look us over. In fact, ours is

A FAMILY

store, and each member of your family will find something to interest and instruct, for it now being well known that for quality and low prices on

Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, Etc.

We are not only willing, but are daily knocking old high prices into oblivion.

E. W. HARRIS.

Cash Groceries and Hardware.

McCAIN TRADING CO.

Largest Mercantile Establishment in West Texas,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Etc.

MILLINERY GOODS, ETC.

Wholesale and Retail.

Groceries AND Farm Supplies

BEST GOODS. LOWEST PRICES.

We are Prepared to Run Good Farmers until Fall.

McCain Trading Co.,

DUBLIN, TEXAS.

DUBLIN MEAT MARKET.

IS THE PLACE TO GET GOOD, FRESH MEAT.

Full Weight and Reasonable Prices.

FREE DELIVERY TO ANY PART OF CITY.

JONES & LEE

ATTEMPTED BRIBERY

OFFERS MADE TO SENATORS HUNTON AND KYLE.

The Former Tendered $25,000 and the Latter $14,000 to Cast Their Ballots Against the Tariff—The Matter Will Be Thoroughly Investigated.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The rumor that some of the senators had been offered bribes to vote against the tariff bill is causing considerable talk in Washington.

It is known that Senator Hunton of Virginia has been offered $25,000 through his son to vote against the measure, and Senator Kyle was tendered $14,000 if he would cast his ballot against the measure.

The offer to Senator Hunton is not so well established as that of Senator Kyle. It is thought it will be a difficult task to reach the parties in his case, but Senator Kyle has his offer in black and white and the briber will, without doubt be prosecuted.

The punishment for bribery or attempted bribery of a congressman is a fine not exceeding three times the value of the bribe offered and an imprisonment not exceeding three years.

The senate will make a thorough investigation.

Butts Named as the Briber.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The committee to investigate the charges of bribery in the senate were on hand promptly in the room of the committee on privileges and elections. Senator Hunton was at the meeting as a witness. C. W. Butts, with his attorney, was without the doors of the committeeroom, and there were other expected witnesses in the corridors. Mr. Butts made a written application to be present.

The committee is holding the investigation with closed doors and the evidence cannot be given. Enough is known, however, that Senators Hunton and Kyle have named C. W. Butts as the man who offered the bribes.

Olney to Resign.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—There is a well defined rumor going the rounds to the effect that Attorney General Olney intended to resign. A gentleman whose official and personal relations with the attorney general are of the most intimate nature stated that Mr. Olney had determined to sever his relations with the government, and that July 1 was the date set for the resignation to take effect. He intimated that the attorney general's letter was already in the hands of the president and that under no circumstances would it be withdrawn. No reason is given for Mr. Olney's desire to leave official life.



RICHARD OLNEY.

The House.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—After the call of committees the house went into committee of the whole to consider the agricultural appropriation bill, with Mr. Richardson of Tennessee in the chair.

There were several slight changes in the bill. At 5 o'clock consideration of the bill was concluded, and the committee of the whole having arisen, the bill was favorably reported to the house, and the previous question being ordered, the bill was passed in spite of Mr. Marsh's efforts to recommit it.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Soon after the house met it found a filibuster on its hands, caused by a motion to consider appropriation bills running counter to private bills. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was taken up after an agreement was reached to close the general debate at 5 o'clock. The discussion of the bill opened up several interesting and important questions, among them being the sugar bounty question, the pension frauds investigation and the reduction of members' pay for absence.

At 5 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 o'clock. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of private bills and at 10:30 the house adjourned until Monday.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Almost immediately upon assembling the house went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill.

Mr. Hayes (Dem., Ia.) offered an amendment which declared that the section which allowed the docking of members' salaries had been heretofore repealed.

Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) made a point of order against the amendment.

The chairman, Mr. Richardson, sustained the point of order.

Mr. Hayes appealed from the decision of the chair and the chairman declared the nays had it. Only a bare quorum voted.

Rollcall was demanded and the decision of the chair was overruled by a vote of 89 to 112.

The question was then put on the Hayes amendment declaring the statutes repealed which authorized the sergeant-at-arms to deduct from the salaries of members for absence. It was agreed to—118 to 84. [Republican applause.]

The speaker and the other two Democratic members of the rules committee voted in the negative.

Mr. Dockery gave notice that a yea and nay vote would be demanded on the amendment when the bill was reported to the house.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The question of civil service reform was given full sway in the house, the occasion being the amendment to strike out the paragraph in the legislative appropriation bill providing for the civil service commission. It gave opportunity for some stirring and not a few amusing speeches. The amendment was adopted by a vote of 109 to 79 amid great Democratic applause and Republican cries of "spoils." No other amendments of any importance were made in the bill, the only ones adopted being to correct the totals of a few amendments.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Mr. Allen's resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information as to the number of persons directly affected by protective duties and by competition with foreign laborers in the United States was discussed in the senate until 12 o'clock, when the tariff bill was taken up.

There were several minor changes made in the tariff measure. The change of opium from $12 to $6 per pound occupied most of the time.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—After the senate agreed to Senator Lodge's resolution and all the amendments to investigate the alleged bribery the tariff bill was taken up and Mr. Gallinger for an hour and three-quarters continued his review of previous tariff legislation. He then yielded to Mr. Higgins (Rep., Del.) who spoke at length on the effect of protection on prices.

There were several slight changes agreed to and then the vice president announced the appointment of the following committee in accordance with the terms of the Lodge resolution: Messrs. Gray, Lindsay, Lodge, Allen and Davis.

At 6 o'clock Mr. Harris, the floor manager of the tariff bill, moved that the senate take a recess with the intention of continuing the legislative day and forcing the consideration of the tariff bill to the exclusion of all other legislative business.

The Republicans objected to this and made an attempt to adjourn, but were unsuccessful. Then the senate showed no quorum present.

At 10:30, after sitting for 11 1-2 hours and after some very sharp and plain talk on both sides, the Republicans succeeded in forcing an adjournment, although the battle was in reality a drawn one. A compromise had been practically agreed upon before adjournment by which the sessions of the senate are to begin at 10 o'clock after Monday.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Without division or debate the senate adopted the resolution introduced Friday night by Senator Harris fixing the meeting hour beginning Monday next at 10 o'clock.

The senate then, for the first time since the tariff debate began, settled down to real earnest work on the schedules of the tariff. For five hours the consideration was steadily pursued, the result being that 11 pages of the bill were disposed of—more progress than has been made in the entire three weeks during which the bill has been considered by paragraphs.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—In pursuance of the order adopted last Friday the senate met at 10 o'clock with only 12 senators in their seats. In about 10 minutes 45 senators—a quorum—were in the chamber, and under agreement the remaining 15 minutes before 10:30 were consumed in the consideration of calendar bills. The time was consumed by two bills, both of which were passed. Then the tariff bill was laid before the senate and the metal schedule was taken up.

The first amendment was that reported from the finance committee, placing a duty of 40 cents per ton on iron ore, including manganiferous iron ore, also the gross or residuum from burnt pyrites.

Senators Chandler and Aldrich consumed a good deal of time in nagging Senator Mills about his promises of free raw material, and so far as he was concerned he would like to see every customhouse turned into a schoolhouse to teach free trade. He said that while he was in favor of free iron ore he would curb his personal desires, as they could not be satisfied, and would vote for a reduction of 35 cents on the ton. He came at Aldrich and Chandler in good shape, and they got none the best of him.

The debate that followed was participated in by Messrs. Sherman, Lodge, Vest, Butler, Hoar, Gallinger and Dolph.

Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kan.) offered an amendment to transfer iron ore to the free list.

Mr. Peffer's amendment to transfer iron ore to the free list was lost—4 to 46. The yeas were: Allen, Hill, Kyle and Peffer.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The senate disposed of seven paragraphs of the metal schedule after eight hours of debate.

The debate was marked by quite a number of interesting clashes between the Republicans and Democrats. The sensational feature of the day was by the unexpected presentation by Mr. Jones of an amendment substituting the McKinley bill classification and specific rates on round iron in coils, blooms and charcoal iron, somewhat higher than those already proposed. The amendment was a surprise to some senators on both sides.

The vote was taken and seven Democrats and two Populists refused to vote for the Jones substitute, namely, Allen, Berry, Blackburn, Jarvis, Kyle, Mills, Pasco and Peffer.

GOVERNOR WAITE TALKS

He Makes an Address at Pueblo Upon the Silver Question.

PUEBLO, Colo., May 24.—Governor Waite in an address here last night classed Congressman Bland, whom he claims sold out silver in 1878, with Voorhees and Carlisle in their surrender to the foes of silver. He advocated the coinage of Mexican dollars, to be used



GOVERNOR WAITE.

as legal tender in Colorado. He expressed the hope that the ballot would soon overthrow the domination of Wall street, but if the ballot was not successful a man who would not bare his breast to bullets was not a man.

Adjutant General Tarsney made a few remarks and said that unless something was done the blood spilled when Coxey's army was clubbed at Washington would be the first in the new revolution.

Gold Excitement In Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, May 24.—There is considerable excitement in Paul's Valley over the discovery of placer gold in paying quantities. A woman who formerly lived in the placer region, California, has known of the existence of this metal for a long time, but has kept the matter quiet and worked the find, having washed out several hundred dollars worth, but her secret has leaked out. Companies are being organized to develop the find.

It Is Constitutional.

UTICA, N. Y., May 24.—The district court upholds the Ives pool law as being constitutional.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

James H. Johnson, lawyer of Boonville, Mo., is dead.

Mills and factories at Joliet, Ills., are closing for want of coal.

Employes of the Brooklyn trolly car lines are on a strike.

Two hundred thousand men are now out in the big miners' strike.

Atkinson seems to be in the lead for the Georgia governorship.

Sam Watt was shot by Policeman R. H. Wyatt at Hot Springs, Ark.

At Junction City, Kan., a co-operative housekeeping club has proved successful.

Walter Glover, a miner, was killed by strikers at Pratt mines, Birmingham, Ala.

Randall and his branch of the Commonweal army spent Sunday at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Kansas millers are working up a commercial union to boom Kansas hard-wheat flour in the east.

Ex-President Ashley of the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan railroad has begun suit against that corporation for $332,000.

Skin from 18 persons has been grafted upon the scalp and hands of Letter Carrier Fonte of Chicago, who was burned as the result of an explosion.

Mrs. Robert Gordon Hardie, a daughter of Senator S. M. Cullom of Illinois, is dead.

At Morristown, Pa., traffic on all railroads is suspended and the tracks are covered with water.

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

OFFICERS AND TRAINMEN CLASH IN THE TERRITORY.

The Trouble Originated Over the Violation of an Ordinance Regulating the Speed of Trains—Clubs, Couplingpins and Pistols Were Used.

OKLAHOMA, O. T., May 23.—Great excitement prevails over the capture of a Rock Island train by officers of the city of Enid for violation of the city ordinance against running faster than six miles an hour within the city limits. In a fight between the crew of the train and the city officers one of the officers was beaten to death with a couplingpin in the hands of a trainman.

The Enid authorities retaliated for alleged discrimination by passing the ordinance. A freight train running 30 miles an hour through the city was compelled to stop by an accidental breaking of a coupling. The officers boarded the train for the purpose of arresting the crew. A fight ensued between the trainmen and officers, couplingpins, clubsand revolvers being freely used. During the fight the train started again, carrying three officers, who were trying to arrest the trainmen.

The officers were overpowered and ejected, bruised and bleeding, at the next stop. One of them has since died of his injuries. There is strong talk of using dynamite. The company will be held responsible for its acts by the Enid authorities.

Officer Killed.

EL RENO, O. T., May 23.—A deputy sheriff of Yukon attempted to arrest two suspicious characters here upon a telegram from the sheriff of this county, who was pursuing them. When the officer started toward them they opened fire upon him and his posse.

The deputy and a bystander named Snyder were shot down and will die.

Over 50 shots were exchanged. One of the men was captured, but the other escaped with his horse and winchester.

The whole neighborhood is in hot pursuit.

The prisoner was brought to El Reno and is now closely guarded by officers. It is supposed that the men are members of the Dalton gang.

Fears the Dalton Gang.

GUTHRIE, O. T., May 22.—A posse of deputy United States marshals left this city for Stillwater to protect Judge Dale. The trial of "Arkansas Tom" is in progress there and it is feared the Dalton gang will attempt to recover the prisoner. Guards have been placed at various points in the town.

A Bloodless Duel.

GUTHRIE, O. T., May 21.—Frank H. Greer, editor of The State Capital, and Winfield S. Smith, editor of The News, closed a week of bitter personal journalism with a bloodless duel on a crowded street. Smith had his 20-year-old son to assist him and the boy downed Greer while the father was getting ready. Each man fired three shots without effect, when officers parted them and led them away. Both gave bond to answer to the charge of assault with intent to kill.

Santa Fe Shop Men Laid Off.

TOPEKA, May 24.—Between 300 and 400 Santa Fe shop employes were laid off Monday evening under an order issued by General Manager Frey. An official said the reason is very simple to understand. The account of poor business earnings have not been what receivers anticipated, and it is necessary to keep expenses within receipts.

Confessed to Forgery.

MEMPHIS, May 22.—Valentine Dell, who for nine years has served G. W. Agee, superintendent of the Southern Express company, as private secretary and stenographer, is missing. Dell had confessed that he forged express orders for $550.

THE NEWS OF T[illegible]

Smallpox has become epidemic at Chicago.

A war on whisky is raging at Jackson, Miss.

R. S. Rollins, mayor of Gainesville, Tex., is dead.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ON EVERY SOLDIER'S GRAVE.

It's lonesome—sort o' lonesome—it's a Sund'y day to me,
It 'pears like—mor'n any day I nearly ever see!
Yit, with the stars and stripes above, a-flutterin in the air,
On ev'ry soldier's grave I'd love to lay a lily thare.

They say, though, Decoration days is giner'ly observed
'Most ev'rywhares—espeshally by soldier boys that's served—
But me and mother's never went—we seldom git away—
In pint o' fact, we're allus home on Decoration day.

They say the old boys marches through the streets in colum's grand,
A-follerin the old war tunes they're playin on the band—
And citizuns all jinin in—and little children, too—
All marchin under shelter of the old red, white and blue.



"WE'VE TRIED THAT—ME AND MOTHER."

With roses! roses! roses!—ev'rybody in the town!
And crowds o' little girls in white, jest fairly loaded down!
Oh! don't the boys know it, from theyr camp acrost the hill?
Don't they see theyr com'ards comin and the old flag wavin still?

Oh, can't they hear the bugul and the rattle of the drum?
Ain't they no way under heavens they can rickollect us some?
Ain't they no way we can coax 'em through the roses jest to say
They know that ev'ry day on earth's theyr Decoration day?

We've tried that—me and mother—whare Elias takes his rest,
In the orchurd, in his uniform, and hands acrost his brest,
And the flag he died fer smilin and a-ripplin in the breeze
Above his grave, and over that a robin in the trees!

And yit it's lonesome, lonesome—it's a Sund'y day to me,
It 'pears like—mor'n any day I nearly ever see!
Still, with the stars and stripes above, a-flutterin in the air,
On ev'ry soldier's grave I'd love to lay a lily thare.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

TOLD AT THE GRAVE.

A STORY FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

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AT THE base of a mountain spur in northern Arkansas is a grave. There is an air of subdued romance about the place, an indescribable something that breathes a hallowed sadness. The country is of old but thin settlement. Up the narrow valleys the ferns are rank, and on the hillsides beflowered vines cling to the rugged trees. The grave is under a willow that shades an open space. It is the only willow in the neighborhood. Once every year since the war a man and a woman have come from the north to decorate this lone grave. At first the woman, bright eyed and springy of step, was exceedingly handsome, but latterly time had ceased to be playful with her. The man was sturdy and of sober mien. He looked as if his life had always held a secret suffering. This man and this woman have rather a unique history.

At the time of the breaking out of the war John and Henry Archer, brothers so nearly alike that they were often taken for twins, lived in Lake county, Ills. John was engaged to marry Tress Pryor, and the day for the wedding was appointed, but before the time came a drum beat, and sturdy young fellows mustered on the grass.

It was evening, and Tress Pryor was standing on the veranda. John rode up, sprang off his horse and with a new accent in his manner—a peculiar bearing—came up the walk.

"Tress," he said, "did you see the men marching?"

"Yes."

"Do you know what it means?"

"They say it means war," she answered.

"It means more than that, Tress. It means that you are to marry a hero."

"I don't know that I understand you."

He laughed. "Are you so dull, little sweetheart? It means that I am going to the war."

"It means nothing of the sort," some one exclaimed, and John, wheeling about, saw his brother Henry standing near.

"What's the trouble with you, Henry?"

"There's no trouble with me. I am simply sensible, and you must not be foolish." He pointed to the girl. "There is your present duty. I am going to the war. You are going to stay here, and after awhile if we need you I will send for you."

"Well, now, this is a pretty come off," John declared. "You would make a hero of yourself and a drudge of me. You are not engaged to be married and are therefore a patriot. I am in love and am consequently a coward. Tress, you needn't say a word. I am going to the war."

"I haven't said anything," the girl replied.

"Good, and it means that you give your consent."

"It means that you must do what you consider your duty."

"You are a brave girl, Tress."

"If not, I shouldn't be worthy of you, John."

"That sounds very well," said Henry, "but without common sense bravery is but an aimless piece of foolishness. One soldier from our small family, I should think, is enough to prove our loyalty to the government."

"Henry, you needn't say a word. I'm going to the war."

The next day John and Henry were mustered into the service, and it was not long before they were under fire. One day in a skirmish not far from Fayetteville, Ark., John was shot while standing under a willow tree. He was so severely wounded that it was thought he could live but a few hours, but when the next morning had come he showed signs of improvement. He was taken to the hospital, and his brother Henry was detailed to attend him until an advance should be ordered. One day there came to the hospital a young woman from Kentucky. She had been regarded as a belle in the blue grass country, but she gave up society and went south to nurse wounded soldiers. This young woman took special interest in John Archer. She made a romance of her duty, and at times when the wounded man seemed brighter than usual she would sit near his cot and read poetry to him. But upon this Henry began to look with disapproval, and once when the girl had gone to fetch another book he said to his brother:

"I don't think that's right, John."

"Don't think what's right?"

"Why, having that girl read love verses to you."

"She's reading to herself as much as she is to me."

"I don't know about that, John."

"I do."

"Well, but I don't think it's right, and I know Tress wouldn't approve it."

"Then why doesn't she come and read to me?"

"She doesn't know that you are wounded. I haven't had the heart to tell her."

"Hush; here comes Miss Bush."

Henry withdrew, but some one spoke to him, and he halted within hearing distance of his brother's cot.

"I didn't suppose you were so fond of poetry," said Miss Bush, speaking to John.

"I wasn't until I heard you read it."

"Oh, that's a compliment surely; but, tell me, since you acknowledge that I have pointed out the beauty of"— She hesitated.

"Tell you what?"

"Oh, nothing."

"But what were you going to say?"

"Something hardly proper, I fear."

"Tell me" he pleaded.

"Oh, I don't suppose that it amounts to anything. I was simply going to ask if there had not been a time when some girl stirred a poetic emotion in your heart."

A few moments elapsed before he replied, "I worked so hard when I was at home that I had but little time for"—

"For love?" she asked.

He nervously fumbled with the covers of the bed, and gently she arranged the pillow for him.

"Near our place," said he, "there is a girl that I've known a long time. I've known her about all her life, I guess."

"What about her?"

"Well, I told her that she should marry a hero. You see, I thought I'd go home covered with glory."

"Oh, you are engaged to her."

"Yes, in a way."

"In a way! Why, what a funny sort of an engagement that must be! Shall I read now?"

"If you please."

* * * * * *

After returning home it was some time before Henry had the courage to call on Tress Pryor. But one evening he went to see her. As he entered the gate he saw her standing on the spot where she had stood when John came dashing up to tell her that he was going to the war. She reached out and took his hands, and for a time neither of them spoke.

"Tress, he died for his country."



TOOK SPECIAL INTEREST IN JOHN ARCHER.

"And for me," she said.

"Y-e-s. He lay a long time in the hospital, and we thought he was going to get well, but a sudden change came, and he died. He begged to be buried under the tree where he fell, and we buried him there.'

"But did he send no word to me?"

"Oh, yes, he talked about you a great deal. He was brave, and if he had come back you would have married a hero."

And it was Henry Archer and Tress Pryor who went every year to decorate the grave under the willow. They became well known in the neighborhood, and school children used to climb high up the mountain side and get strange flowers for them. Henry moved to the northwest, but on time every year he would get off the train at the milk station near Tress' home.

One time when he came she said to him:

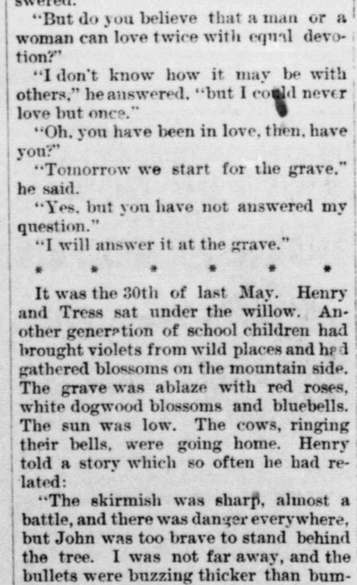
"It doesn't look right to drag you away from your business every year. My time, you know, doesn't amount to anything."

"Mine doesn't amount to so very much," he answered; "and besides it is a great pleasure to go there."

"Yes, it is. But tell me, Henry, why is it you have never married?"

"Oh, I don't know. Because there have been so many divorces, I suppose."

"That's a queer reason. But it isn't the reason, and you know it," she added, looking him full in the eye.



HE HAD SEIZED HER HANDS.

"Well," he replied, avoiding her gaze, "if that isn't the reason I don't know what it is. Perhaps I had a cause a good while ago."

"And you have forgotten what it was," she said, laughing, but in her laugh there was more of sadness than of mirth. After a time she asked, "Do you think a man's love is as constant as a woman's?"

"Not always, but sometimes," he answered.

"But do you believe that a man or a woman can love twice with equal devotion?"

"I don't know how it may be with others," he answered, "but I could never love but once."

"Oh, you have been in love, then, have you?"

"Tomorrow we start for the grave," he said.

"Yes, but you have not answered my question."

"I will answer it at the grave."

* * * * * *

It was the 30th of last May. Henry and Tress sat under the willow. Another generation of school children had brought violets from wild places and had gathered blossoms on the mountain side. The grave was ablaze with red roses, white dogwood blossoms and bluebells. The sun was low. The cows, ringing their bells, were going home. Henry told a story which so often he had related:

"The skirmish was sharp, almost a battle, and there was danger everywhere, but John was too brave to stand behind the tree. I was not far away, and the bullets were buzzing thicker than bumblebees in our meadow, but somehow I was not afraid of being hit—my mind was centered on John. What difference could it have made if I had been shot?"

"Don't talk that way," she interrupted.

"But why should I have cared for myself? There was no one at home waiting for me to come back a hero." He paused for a few moments. "An increase in the firing to the left caused me to turn in that direction, and when I looked back John was down."

"You have never pointed out the place where the hospital stood," she said.

He was silent for a time. "I don't like to think of the hospital."

"Why?" she asked.

"Oh, on account of a woman!"

"You have answered me at the grave," she said, looking away. "You were in love with her."

"No, I wasn't, Tress."

"Yes, you were."

"I swear I wasn't."

"Yes, you were."

"Tress, I hated her."

"Hated her! What for?"

"Because she was your enemy."

"My enemy! Henry, I don't know what you mean. How could she be my enemy?"

"She loved John."

"Oh, and is that all?"

"All," he repeated. "Isn't that enough?"

"To have made her my enemy? No."

"But—but—it's got to come now. John loved her."

"How do you know?" She was so quiet that he was surprised at her.

"I might as well tell you all now. Here." He took from his pocket an old and faded letter. "He told me to give you this, but I hadn't the heart. Read it."

The letter was brief. It was the breaking of an engagement. She read the letter and quietly handed it back to him. He gazed at her in astonishment.

"Tress," he cried, "on his deathbed he married that woman." She did not answer.

"I say he married her."

"Well?"

"Is it possible? Tress, I ought to have told you—ought to have given you the letter—but I thought you worshiped him. And why have you decorated his grave all these years?"

"Because he was your brother."

"What! I—I—don't"——

"Henry, oh, how stupid you have been, you"——

She did not complete the sentence. He had seized her hands. "Merciful heaven, girl, I have always loved you!"

"And, precious, I never loved John, because I loved you, but I was afraid you would despise me if I were not true to his memory. You engaged me to him. I don't know how, but you did."

The sun was down, and the music of the cowbells was far away.

OPIE READ.

AN OLD CAMP MINSTREL.

He Played Simple Melodies For Grant and Sherman.

One of the attaches of the North Dakota senate house at Bismarck is an old colored man named Blakely Durant. His war history was made under the camp sobriquets of "Blake" and "Old Shady," and the last mentioned was given to him on account of a song by that title, which he often sang at the headquarters of the Army of the Tennessee. Grant, Sherman, McPherson and other generals of the western army were entertained by the simple melodies of the musical darky, who accompanied his songs by twanging the guitar, which he handled skillfully.



"OLD SHADY."

"Old Shady" was the favorite piece of General Grant, and he called for it whenever he spent the evening at McPherson's campfire, where Blake was employed as a caterer for the mess. The song on the lips of a real contraband in the bivouacs of the liberating army was particularly appropriate. It ran as follows:

Oh, yah, yah, darkies, come laugh with me.
What do white folks say—dat "Old Shady" am free?
Don't you see dat de jubilee
Am comin, comin? Hail, mighty day!

CHORUS.

Den, away, away,
I cannot stay
No longer,
Hooray, hooray,
For I am going home.

Ole massa got scared, and so did his lady;
Dis chile breaks for old "Uncle Aby."
Open de gates fo' rout here's "Old Shady"
Comin, comin. Hail, mighty day!

Goodby, Massa Jeff. Goodby, Massa Steve.
'Xcuse dis darky for takin his leave.
I 'xpec' soon dat you'll heah Uncle Aby
Comin, comin. Hail, mighty day!

Goodby, hard work without any pay.
I'm goin up norf where de good folks say
Dat white wheat bread and a dollar a day
Am a-comin, comin. Hail, mighty day!

Oh, I got a wife, and we got a baby
Away up norf in the lower Canady.
Won't dey laugh when dey see "Old Shady"
Comin, comin? Hail, mighty day!

Blake, or "Old Shady," as he was best known, joined the army as cook for the officers of the Seventy-first Ohio regiment and was on the field at Shiloh. He afterward shipped on the steamer Magnolia, which was used as transport for Grant's headquarters at the opening of the Vicksburg campaign. During that time "Old Shady" came to the notice of the commander, and he engaged him as cook; but, true to his vagrant nature, the darky asked for transportation home on a brief visit as a bonus and failed to report back for duty at the end of his furlough. Subsequently he fell in with the steward of McPherson's mess, was employed as cook for a time and then became chief caterer.

"Old Shady's" song made a hit by reason of the patronage of the generals and was taken up by the Lombard brothers, who managed a band of singers that often entertained the soldiers in their camps during the winter season. The Lombards learned the song at McPherson's quarters, where the colored minstrel sang it for them over and over until they knew it by heart. Finally it became a popular campaign song and had its day with "Suwanee River," "Ole Virginny," "Joan Brown's Body" and other airs appealing to the sentiment of the hour.

A GREAT UPRISING.

The Surprising Material and Moral Strength of the Loyal States in 1861.

As the years roll by we get a proper perspective of the civil war, and as we have leisure and opportunity to compare it with other wars we realize the importance of one fact too often overlooked. In our impatience and criticism in 1861-5 we forgot that no war of modern times had been waged by any nation with rulers so little prepared by experience. The soldiers of the Union in 1861 were absolutely new to the art of war, and by an extraordinary combination of circumstances the civil rulers were at the same time almost devoid of experience in practical administration.

The Republican party was led by very new men, whose almost entire experience had been in political opposition. They were indeed ardent patriots, but so far as experience in governing went they were in 1861 just like passengers who might suddenly be called to take charge of a ship going to pieces beneath their feet in a storm which made thrice seasoned mariners pale.

Suddenly they were called upon to deal with the most embarrassing complications in diplomacy, the most difficult problems in finance, the most subtle and complex issues in constitutional law, and to meet demands for military purposes which would have staggered the most powerful monarchies in Europe. Russia, Austria, England and France had in turn owned their incapacity to suddenly mobilize a quarter of a million men. The United States, which had but 16,000 men in its regular army in April, 1861, had before the frosts of autumn fell nearly 700,000 men armed and equipped and in camp or on the march.

And with what success? Comparisons are in this case indeed eloquent. Great Britain's administrative system confessedly broke down in supplying less than 60,000 men in the Crimea. In the winter of 1861 the Washington administration supplied 600,000 men, scattered along a line of 2,500 miles from the mouth of the Potomac to New Mexico. Before the war a revenue of $60,000,000 a year alarmed the nation. In a few months Secretary Chase had to raise $600,000,000 a year, and soon had to double that.

In naval warfare the Americans of April, 1861, were as children, yet in eight months they had established a naval blockade the most thorough in history, and in eight more their rams, monitors and other ironclads had revolutionized naval warfare.

The energy of the north was indeed wonderful, its reserve of strength vastly greater than itself suspected. To quote a western byword, "We ached with strength." No country in the world was ever stronger for war purposes than were the adhering states in 1861.

And back of all the material resources were the soul, the moral vigor, the fierce and high resolve that the time had come to settle the great issue once for all. Only twice in all history has there been anything at all approaching it—the uprisings of Holland against Spain, and of France in her early revolutionary era. Time, instead of lessening, heightens our appreciation of that great and truly national movement. The perspective of 30 odd years gives us a more inspiring view of the great uprising of the north.

J. H. BEADLE.

Thoughts For the Hour.

To get away from the blood and enmity of the struggle is the first effort of patriots recovering from war. To commemorate the virtue and heroism of the army is to ennoble those traits in men by which nations are molded and upheld.

THE STORY THEY TELL.

How the Banners and Roses Recall the Virtue of the Dead.



THE flags and the flowers blend like currents of the same waters on Memorial day. Flowers are the bannerets of the throbbing underworld and seem to say, "Here in the bosom of the earth are beauty and grace and purity and strength." And when the red, white and blue emblems are thrown into the floral fields of nature a harmony so perfect is created that profusion either in bunting or in roses cannot lead to a loss of balance in the ensemble. To the soldier's mind this mingling of colors as loving hands plant flowers beside the little Grand Army markers at the graves of fallen comrades brings up the idea of re-enforcements, as though the story of heroism, and of devotion, and of victory recalled by Old Glory was being repeated again and again by each cluster of bright petals that share with it the gentle airs of heaven.

Naturally whenever a soldier's eye lights upon the starry banner his thoughts go back to war days. He sees in it a facsimile of the one borne in front of his regiment in every charge. Yet it was not a battleflag in the strict sense of the word when he followed it to the guns or unfurled it upon the line of battle. Men looked up to it as the representative of what the nation was fighting for rather than a signal for combat, a challenge to hostility. Now that the strife is a thing of the far past the battleflags are relics and the stars and stripes a live symbol of live ideas. All this is shown in the memorial observances, when the flag and its defenders are honored through the same act and in the same breath that glorifies the reign of peace. Flowers come in with settled peace, and love and tenderness are the meaning they convey.

The sentiments of Decoration day are and should be intensely patriotic and not martial, conservatively peaceful and not aggressive. The dead are to be remembered and honored because they fought for a principle and not because by any word or act they betrayed a love of glory. It is the emblem of undying affection, a sprig of evergreen, that is first placed upon the warrior's grave as a token from the living when the Grand Army opens the ceremony. Then follows the white rose to symbolize the purity and unselfish devotion of the patriot dead. Lastly the laurel of victory, token of a triumph that is the reward of purity and a proof of devotion. Victory crowns the soldier's trials and made the memory of them worth preserving.

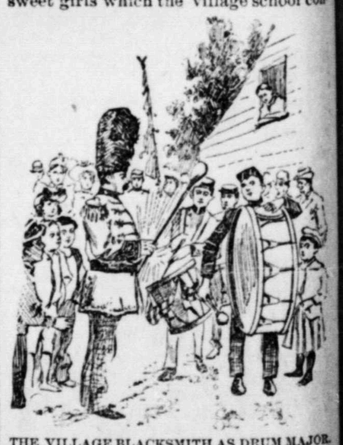
GEORGE L. KILMER.

A MEMORIAL SCENE.

How the Day Is Observed In a Backwoods Village.

A correspondent of a New York paper describes a Memorial day scene as follows:

Something like an hour later than advertised the procession forms at the church. First, the band in full uniform, with the village blacksmith as drum major in a bearskin hat of mammoth proportions, a gorgeous coat on his rather stooping shoulders, and wielding his baton as he would a sledge hammer, while the small boys crowd thickly about among the players and surround the bass drum like flies around a honey jar. Next, two diminutive drummer boys, very red in the face and very weary, bearing some battered drums wreathed with flowers, which have seen actual service in battle. Then all the sweet girls which the village school contains, with bright, fair faces, white dresses gay with flying ribbons, and each one, down to the tiniest little lisping maid in the infant class who brings up the rear, skipping along in her haste to keep up with the large girls, bearing a cross of flowers held against her heart.



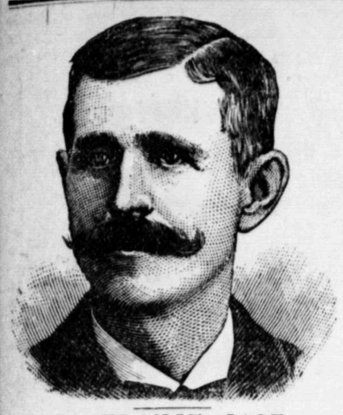
THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITH AS DRUM MAJOR.

A squad of Grand Army men in uniform shamble along, lame from rheumatism, stiff and lumbering from their long marches in the furrows after their plows, and each one taking a kind of go-as-you-please-only-get-there trot, and behind them one sailor in uniform, the cynosure of all eyes, steps proudly on alone, a big, handsome, brawny chested fellow, with a bronzed, strong face, and still farther back a veteran in a buggy drawn by an old, freckled, lame white horse sits with his wooden leg, which he has hewed and whittled out of a stick of wood, resting on the dashboard in front of him, the hero of the day.

Then comes the long line of carriages, buggies, wagons, buckboards, any kind of a vehicle on wheels, drawn by lame tired plow horses, with heavy collars and pieces of sheepskin or scarlet flannel tied under the straps of the harness, and invariably with a tiny flag on their heads.

Arrived at the cemetery, all are seated in order, and the exercises open with a prayer. Everything in the country does begin with a prayer and closes with a benediction. After the prayer, the captain of the G. A. R. post, in the solemn and impressive words of the military service, proceeds to command the procession to re-form and march to the graves.

A STRANG
How an Enemy
The following graphic
read with intense interest
the numb, creepy sensation
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of Dr Miles' Restorative
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Miles' Restorative Nervi
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Dr. Miles' Restorative
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A STRANGE CASE.

How an Enemy was Foiled.

The following graphic statement will be read with intense interest: "I cannot describe the numb, creepy sensation that existed in my arms, hands and legs. I had to rub and beat those parts until they were sore, to overcome in a measure the dead feeling that had taken possession of them. In addition, I had a strange weakness in my back and around my waist, together with an indescribable 'gone' feeling in my stomach. Physicians said it was creeping paralysis, from which, according to their universal conclusion, there is no relief. Once it fastens upon a person, they say, it continues its insidious progress until it reaches a vital point and the sufferer dies. Such was my prospect. I had been doctoring a year and a half steadily, but with no particular benefit, when I saw an advertisement of Dr Miles' Restorative Nervine, procured a bottle and began using it. Marvelous as it may seem, but a few days had passed before every bit of that creepy feeling had left me, and there has not been even the slightest indication of its return. I now feel as well as I ever did, and have gained ten pounds in weight, though I had run down from 170 to 137. Four others have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine on my recomendation, and it has been as satisfactory in their cases as in mine."—James Kane, La Rue, O.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid. It is free from opiates or dangerous drugs.



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OREGON AND CALIFORNIA.
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Mother's Friend robbed pain of its terror and shortened labor. I have the healthiest child I ever saw.
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THE OLD WAREHORSE.

Solon Chase Is Still In the Harness and Full of Energy In the Cause.

A meeting was held by members of the Populist and Labor parties in Portland, Me., the other day, at which the principal speaker was Uncle Solon Chase, owner of "them steers," and at one time presidential candidate on the Greenback ticket.

The sage of Chase's Mills was enthusiastically received. He said there is a money famine in America, the cause being that congress had demonetized the silver dollar, the reason given for so doing being the immense public debt.

"The result," he said, "is a race of bondholders who depreciated the value of land and property, my farm, my hogs and 'them steers' in order to enrich themselves.

"The government," he said, "has no gold obligations, and the silver dollars fit every requirement of exchange, just as a duck's bill fits into mud. One man gets his dollar made larger by law, the other has to make it larger by putting more licks into his labor for it.

"The injustice of the thing is caused by the fluctuation of values. Any system of finance that takes two to one out of the debtor is enough to make Coxeyites spring out of the ground as thick as flies in the swamps of New Jersey.

"Give us free coinage of silver. Let us coin our own money instead of borrowing it from England, and the whole country will blossom from Chase's Mills to Denver. The Coxeyites would go to work, and all would be peace and prosperity.

"The bondage scheme is what takes the value labor produces and hands it down to the children's children of the men that devised it. The old greenback is good enough for any one. After the war, when the gold had been run into the ground, the 'rag baby' was born, whose name is bonds. International money is not needed, since 90 per cent of our trade is done with our own people.

"After speaking in every state in the Union in favor of greenbacks I awoke one morning and found that the supreme court had stolen my thunder. Values need to be kept stable by honest money. In my youth my mother made my clothes. The wool was raised on the farm, spun and woven and carried to the fulling mill, and no money was used in the transaction.

"The system of making the borrower pay a bigger dollar than he borrowed causes the failures and distress in the country.

"I found when I returned from the west that I had been advised to drive 'them steers' up Pennsylvania avenue with Coxey's army. I might have been seen in a worse place, but I had to look after my own business, for planting time is at hand.

"Why should we copy our financial policy or anything else from any country, particularly England? We did not ask any assistance from England in 1775 or 1812 in shaping our policy, and we did very well without them then, and why should not we be able to do likewise now? All great reforms have been wrought by the great conservative multitude of the people. This class needs to be educated and directed to recognize what is needed, and when they have thought out justice they will act. It will be a slow process, but the result is as sure as fate."

Uncle Solon here concluded his speech, but being requested to give an account of the state of things he had found in the west he described the deplorable condition of the majority of the prairie farmers, ill clad and barefooted, crushed under the weight of mortgages held by Shylocks.—Cor. Boston Herald.

Distribution of Wealth.

In 1860 the population of the United States was 31,443,321. About 16,000,000 people possessed one-half of the entire wealth of the country. There were no Coxeyites then, for tramps were unknown. In those days millionaires were few and far between. Today tramps are to be counted by the thousand and millionaires by the hundred. There are more of the latter in the city of New York now than there were at the breaking out of the war in the whole country. Instead of a half of the people possessing half of the wealth of the country, the last census shows that 71 per cent of the wealth is owned by 9 per cent of the families, leaving but 29 per cent of it in the possession of 91 per cent of the families. Such a state of affairs could not be in a country that is universally admitted to be the richest in natural resources and brain power of any on the face of the earth but for systematically unjust legislation. The whole power of the government has been used by partisans to build up enormous private fortunes. It has been done through contracting the currency and giving a favored class a monopoly through control of production and the markets.—New York Daily America.

THE SHAM FIGHT.

The Great Demo-Republican Humbug. Tariff and Protection.

For years past the Democrats and Republicans have filled the heavens with their outcries over the tariff question. The clamor of the contending hosts has been terrible; the smoke of battle darkened the sun. The Democrats assured us that they were for free trade, and if they obtained power they would wipe out all "protection" and give the west cheap goods, and the west believed them. The Republicans played on the other string and told the workmen of the east that the death of "protection" meant the end of employment for them, and the workmen believed them. Two years ago the hard times gave the Democrats complete and absolute possession of power in all branches. What has been the result? The whole pretense of free trade is blown to the winds. It looks as if both Republicans and Democrats would harmoniously support the same bill! Ex-Senator Philetus Sawyer (Republican) of Wisconsin was interviewed the other day in California. Sawyer is a millionaire, as all Republicans should be, and a "father in Israel," and he said:

"I don't think the pending Wilson bill will be a tariff for revenue only measure when it gets through the senate. By the time it gets through there and the conference committee I do not believe it will produce enough radical changes to essentially disturb the present status of the manufacturers' interests."

Ah, indeed! There you are!

The people fight for 25 years over the tariff question, march and countermarch, hurrah and shout, burn rockets and blow trumpets, wrangle and fight, break each other's heads, shoot, kill and murder one another. And all for what? For a bill that is satisfactory to both sides.

Let the American people go out and kick themselves all around their back yards; let them cry out: "Humbugged! Swindled! Duped! Played for suckers! Bamboozled! Honey fuggled! Done up by a continental confidence game; played by thimble riggers! Where is the fool killer? Bring him in. The whole country needs him."

The Populists told you in 1892 that the tariff fight was a "sham battle" to keep the people from thinking about the money question. But you knew it all. You bellowed and roared, "Tariff, tariff, tariff!" like an infernal pack of unreasonable idiots. And now you have got what you deserved—wheat 45 cents a bushel, and the mortgages sweeping the land out from under your feet, and the two old parties frame a bill satisfactory to both, and the tariff issue, like Macbeth's witches, "makes itself air, thin air, in which it vanishes!"

Vanishes? Not a bit of it! The scamps are getting ready to play the same old gold brick, little joker game over again. McKinley is to be nominated for president in the name of "protection," and the dilapidated remnant of the Democrats—what is left after Grover gets through with them—will meet together somewhere and howl between drinks, "Free trade! free trade!" until their throats give out or the heavens crack. And the trumpets will blow, and the drums beat, and the orators speak, and the rockets explode, and millions of unfinished creatures, with the semblance of men, legs and arms without brains, will batter each other over the heads, shouting "Protection!" and "Free trade!" while the sheriff seizes upon their last cow.

It is really one of the great unsolved problems of this earth why the Lord should have made so many fools and so few sensible men and then have established this republic for the majority to govern.—Ignatius Donnelly in Minneapolis Representative.

Reveling In Comfort.

Ex-Census Superintendent Porter reports the average income per day of Kansas farmers to be 82 cents; their average yearly interest burdens on real estate mortgages, $114. This leaves a net income of 36 cents per day for 300 working days, and Mr. Porter writes to Secretary Mohler of the state board of agriculture to know if the farmers find this interest charge a burden and if it in any way reduces their comforts. As a good Republican Mr. Mohler is bound to answer no, the interest is no burden, and farmers revel in comfort on 36 cents per day. And lots of ragged, half starved Republican farmers will confirm it.—Jeffersonian.

The Fairest Tax.

The income tax is the fairest and most just system of taxation that can be proposed. The tariff taxes a man on what he consumes, and as a system for raising government revenues it is unjust and not fair. A man's income more nearly than anything else indicates his ability to pay taxes. The People's Party is the only political organization today that stands pledged in favor of this system.—Chicago Express.

Where Is the Difference?

Mr. Coxey is here in Washington demanding that congress shall enact certain laws by which the unemployed in his army as well as all other unemployed in the country may be put at work and thus enabled to earn an honest living.

In New York there is over $400,000,000 of idle money for which its owners can find no safe investment where it can earn even a small per cent of interest. The bankers and the president are now demanding that congress shall enact a law permitting the issue of bonds in order to permit this idle money to be earning something.

Coxey brought his lobbyists here on foot; the money owners bring theirs in palace cars. The first is met by the police and brutally treated; the others are met by boodling senators and congressmen and wined and dined. Study well this difference and carefully decide which is the better.—National Watchman.

How Long, O Lord?

With all the leading financiers, not only of this but practically of all commercial countries, agreeing that monometallism is a monstrous evil, how long must the evil be permitted to go on? How long must mankind be held in oppressive subjection to the money changers? How long shall they exact tribute from the mass of men? Shall the money power of one nation or two nations or even three nations control the welfare of mankind, and shall men groan under oppression until the men who profit by their misery consent to give up their rich tribute?—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

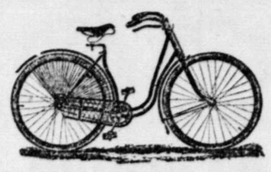
Straws.

The state convention of New York Populists will be held at Saratoga on Sept. 11. The convention will be composed of 320 delegates.

The Populist party in Mississippi is proposing to make a fight on every congressional district in the state at the coming November elections.

The People's Party state convention held at Harrisburg on May 1 nominated a full state ticket. J. T. Ailman is the candidate for governor.

Wisconsin Populists will hold their state convention July 4.

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SAFETY FROM RUNAWAY ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED WITH THIS BIT.

Any horse is liable to run and should be driven with it. By its use ladies and children drive horses men could not hold with the old style bits. Send for illustrated catalogue containing testimonials from all parts of the world, and earnest and candid expressions about the BRITT'S AUTOMATIC SAFETY BIT and its resistless but harmless and humane power in subduing the most vicious horses and controlling the most stubborn pullers and chronic runaways. The only bit in the world that is endorsed, advocated, used and sold by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals—the highest authority.
DR. L. P. BRITT, 37 COLLEGE PLACE: NEW YORK.

EVAN JONES, J. J. EAGER, J. S. DALEY,
WEST TEXAS
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
IMMIGRATION BUREAU
DUBLIN, TEXAS.
OFFICE WITH PROGRESS.
Property For Sale;

FARMS AND RANCHES.

West Texas Real Estate and Immigration Bureau has for sale.

No. 1. 140 acres on cow creek, 54 acres in cultivation four miles north-west of Dublin.

No. 2. 154 acres four miles north of Dublin; 125 acres in cultivation, good four room stone house, good well and underground cistern. Price $4000. ½ cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years.

No. 3. 100 acres, 60 acres in cultivation, forty acres in pecan grove, can be irrigated from Cohcho river, one mile from San Angelo. Price $10 per acre.

No 4. 1280 acres 3 miles southwest from San Angelo all under fence, two-thirds fine farming lands. Price $5.00 per acre.

No. 5. 1058 acres all under fence, nearly all fine farming lands. Price $5 per acre.

No. 6. 1600 acres in Menard county near Ft. McKavette, ½ farm lands, price $5 per acre. 1096 acres on which Fort McKavette stands; ½ of this land is fine farming land and can be irrigated from the San Saba river, which furnishes the finest water power in the west; also 15 good stone buildings, built by the government, which cost seventy-five or eighty thousand dollars, are included with this tract of land. Price $10 per acre.

No. 10. One farm of 143 acres in Cherokee county; 30 acres in cultivation, balance in fine pine, hickory and oak. Two houses, good well and orchard. This property is ten miles from the city of Rusk. Price $5.00 per acre.

No. 11. 300 acres of land, 110 in cultivation, good six room house, good smokehouse, crib, stable, one tenant house, plenty of water, good well, cistern and spring. School house, postoffice and blacksmith shop within ¼ of a mile. This property is located 12 miles southeast from Dublin. Big bargains here for some one who desires to buy a first class No. 1 farm.

TOWN PROPERTY.

No. 6. In Dublin, one lot in Keith addition, 100x125 feet with three room house, well-finished, barn and lot, good well, fine young orchard. Price $1000. ½ cash, balance in one and two years.

No. 7. Partof lots 1, 2, 3, 8, 9 and 10, block 1 of Keith addition, good seven room residence, good well, barn and lot. Price and terms on application.

No. 8. ⅞ acre tract of land in the town of Dublin, a bargain for some one; only open for 10 days. Call at once and secure the cheapest block of land ever sold in Dublin.

No. 9. In south-east Dublin, ¼ acre lot, very good house, no well. Will trade for wagon and team or $125 cash.

No. 12. Two lots 110x150 in Latham's addition, good three-room house, splendid well of water out houses, etc. Price $300, one-third down cash, balance in one and two years.

DUBLIN MEAT MARKET.
IS THE PLACE TO GET GOOD, FRESH MEAT.
Full Weight and Reasonable Prices.
FREE DELIVERY TO ANY PART OF CITY.
JONES & LEE

THE DUBLIN
Fast Horses. Nicest Rigs.
LIVERY


STABLE
Best Hacks. Polite Attention.
Having recently purchased the livery business of T. S. Maben I respectfully solicit the trade in that line. I keep good, fresh horses and first-class rigs. Terms reasonable.
W. J. DAVIES

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS

Entered at the post-office at Dublin, Texas as second class mail matter.

Office, Ground floor Traweek Building

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

LARGEST COUNTY CIRCULATION

J. S. DALEY EDITOR AND PRO.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1894.

A CHOICE TICKET.

For Governor—
Thos. L. Nugent, of Ft. Worth.
For Congress, 8th District—
Chas. H. Jenkins, Brownwood.
For State Senate, 26th district—
Thos. Gaines, of Comanche.

The PROGRESS is your oyster, open and digest its contents.

Every issue of the PROGRESS is in point of circulation a special edition.

The democrats? do not deny that they favor a contraction of the currency.

The People's conventions all over the state are unanimous in their endorsement of the Hon. T. L. Nugent for governor.

Waller S. Baker, the Hogg chairman, has been solicited by admiring friends to make the race for governor, but he declines.

Public institutions are a great benefit to the people. Why not increase the benefit by adding the railroads and telegraph lines.

If "the Coxey movement is a populist movement" and over ninety per cent. of them voted for Cleveland, how fast is the "democrats gaining votes.

Dr. Geo. F. Perry of Hamilton, president of the Hamilton National bank is the Cleveland-Tammany party candidate for the state senate from his district. The district is composed of Bosque, Hamilton, Coryell, Bell and Lampasas counties.

When it comes to a matter of building up Dublin, let all parties pull together. We can't afford to let a political difference form a petty strife towards one another's business or social interests here at home.

Honest democrats, would you rather sell your cotton for three cents in gold, or for fifteen cents in legal tender paper? A bale of cotton would pay about $15 in gold in payment of your indebtedness, and in legal tender paper it would pay $75. Which is the best for you?

When cotton was fifteen cents per pound, the salary of a congressman was equal to sixty-four bales; at three cents per pound it equals three hundred and twenty bales, and a consequently increase in the toil of the laboring people to stand under the strain. The soil is not more productive at one price than the other.

The Tammany-Cleveland primaries have come and gone and the wonder is where they are gone too. The unfortunate, or rather fortunate ones, who were defeated draw their breath easy, the others still draw theirs with an able bodied cork screw.

The trio of "commonwealers," "General" Coxey, Marshal Carl Brown and Christopher Columbus Jones, who were tried and convicted in police court in Washington last week, asked for new trials, but Judge Miller overruled the motion.—Lampasas Leader.

The only surprise about this is that "Judge" Miller so much as allowed them a trial before conviction.

The democrats of Erath and Comanche counties believe they will win this year, and for one reason point to the large populist immigration to Oklahoma.—Granbury News.

It is well that the democrats of Erath and Comanche counties have faith, if indeed they have, for the Lord knows that is all they have got. We are extremely sorry for them, but they have no redemption.

Our populist friend Eager, who declared in a speech in De Leon Free Press that he was not a candidate for any office, and who has been elected since then to a city office in Dublin that he was seeking at the time, is not satisfied with the quantity of pie, and it is thought he will run for tax assessor of Erath county.—DeLeon Free Press.

The Free Press should have noticed Mr. Eager's positive declaration in the way of a card to the public in a recent issue of the PROGRESS declining to make the race for tax assessor.

The commonwailers of Eastland county are about at their wits' end for some charge to make against the democrats.—Cisco Round-Up.

There, now, Frank, that will never do. The democrats, with their tariff bugaboo, anti-silver proclivities, etc., etc., have enough to be sorry for. If it is to the Populists you refer, we would advise them to look for nothing more to charge against the democrats than what has already been published to the world. Enough is proved already to knock them as limber as a rag.

Whilst the demmy outfit may put collars on voters and bind them with oaths and stick the branding iron to them, and, regardless of the canvass, will endeavor to herd them at the polls under the lash of the party bull whip, we will see the People's party presenting candidates whose merits are to be openly canvassed for months and months, and the voters requested to consider their claims and their cause, and if approved by the voter at the close of the canvass, to vote for them. One of these methods is for freemen; the other is for —well, judge for yourself.

IF.

If such a man as Dick Long, who knows every man in the county and is personally very popular, is so weighed down with Clevelandism that he can only get about one vote in Erath county out of every seven, how can Clevelandism be so shown up by November as to enable Dick to get four votes out of every seven, which will be necessary to elect him?

The same of the balance of the nominees, brethren.

IN KEEPING; A CONTRACT.

Wide-awake, cosmopolitan Dublin, as shown in the late primaries, doesn't put on brass collars much, nor stop its mouth right in the beginning to see who it has to vote for. It awaits the letting on of the light and will act as free men should act. Poor old Stephenville is yet a little too benighted, as nearly one-half its partisans are being choked with a collar, the string of which is held by a chain gang leader. Let Dublin keep her well-established and broad-gauged spirit.

A SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE

The Demies, before the platform is made or the standard-bearer selected, swear people to stand on the one and vote for the other. The People,s party formulates a platform of principles' and recommends certain men to advocate those principles and then go before the voters and ask them to study our measures and inquire about our standard bearers, because they are the objects of a canvass, after full, free and fair discussion, to choose or refuse in freedom.

THE TEXAS ADVANCE ASKS!

Could a war, aided by a pestilence, beat the record in the destruction of values for the past year? Look at the record! Fifteen thousand commercial failures, amounting to $330,000,000; 100,000 mortgage and other failures, $200,000,000; 641 bank failures, $215,000,000; 26,000 miles of raiload failures $1,212,000,000. Total $1,952,000 000! More than one-half of the productive machinery of the country is silent and the majority of the balance is running at a loss. Everybody is in distress except the usurers and extortioners, and they are fattening on the distress of the people. Whenever the power of money to oppress the people can be enforced by extortion or through the courts, there the debtor is made subordinate to the dollar. It is time to call a halt.

Nothing but the best goods for the least money at the ONE CENT STORE. 1-2t

POPULIST STATE CONVENTION.

A Call of Chairman Ashby.

To the Populists of the State of Texas Greeting:

As chairman of the executive committee of the people's party of Texas, I hereby call upon you to meet in state convention at the city of Waco, Texas, on the 20th day of June, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m.

You will therefore elect delegates to represent you in said state convention. The basis of representation is fixed at one delegate for each 100 voters or majority fraction thereof cast in last election for Hon. T. L. Nugent; provided, however, that each county shall have one delegate. Let me urge upon you the necessity of a full representation at the convention. Arouse patriots! for the hour has come when our country's wrongs demand your active and best efforts, your purest devotion, your manliest manliness exerted in her behalf. Traitors have marred the beauty of our civilization by enacting laws favoring the few and against the interests of the many; enacting laws that have effected every interest of the masses of our people like a blight, sweeping away prosperity, wrecking our homes, and filling our highways with an army of idle men and the hovels with their wives and helpless offspring. The hand of monopoly has extinguished the lights along our pathway and dimmed the star of future hope. Aggregated wealth contrasts the democratic and republican parties, and they have lain aside the robe of patriotism and work for hire. Corporations boast that they can corrupt the voter and stuff the ballot box, buy legislation and intimidate courts, so as to secure decisions in their favor.

All this, and like things should nerve the reformer for the conflict. God and justice are with us. Then come to the meeting at Waco, determined to labor for the success of the only party that gives hope of reform. Let the coward paltroon go fawn at the feet of wealth and vote to enslave the people; but let no patriot value his life above liberty—liberty as broad as the nation; liberty that reaches with bening influence every cottage and heart in the land; liberty and freedom to one and to all who abide 'neath the folds of the stars and stripes.

H. S. P. ASHBY,
Chairman Executive Committee of the People's party of the State of Texas.

THE REASON WHY.

Mr. D. F. Owen, hide and animal inspector of Llano county, gives the following substantial reasons for his recent conversion to the Populist party:

"As the democratic nominee I was elected hide and animal inspector in 1892. Like my father and grandfather, I have always voted the democratic ticket. It is very well known that the democratic party has solemnly promised in every campaign for twenty-five years that if given the control of all branches of government they would repeal vicious republican class legislation and restore our government to its original purity it possessed in the days of Jefferson. Taking them at their word, I have, without exception, voted and labored to place the democratic party in power. Having now been in absolute control of all National law-making departments for over thirteen months I find that they have not only failed to repeal a single class law of the republicans, but that they have formed a combination with John Sherman and other republicans, which combination re-enacted the infamous demonetization of silver in 1873, to all intents and purposes by the repeal of the Sherman silver law and subsequent legislation and decisions. And, notwithstanding the fact that they have always denounced negro social equality, Mr. Cleveland has instituted negro social equality on the highest social plan by sending negroes to represent the United Statas in white republics. He has used his official power to tear down a friendly white republic, governed and controlled by intelligent whites, and put a profligate negro Queen on the throne to rule them. Instead of using the $55,000,000 of silver seigniorage lying idle in the treasury for current expenses, which would have cost the people nothing, Mr. Cleveland has issued $50 000,000 of interest-bearing bonds in open violation of law. This will put an additional burden of tax on the people to the extent of $2,500, 000 per year. The last ray of hope of the fulfillment of the promises in the democratic platform vanished when Mr. Cleveland vetoed the seigniorage bill and gave notice that he would oppose any increase of silver money from any source whatever. 'Protection is robbery' was the slogan of democracy during the last campaign. Notwithstanding this declaration the present democratic congress, with its overwhelming majority, has devised a bill which takes all the duty from raw materials—wool, etc.—sold by the producer, while it fails to materially reduce the tariff on the necessities of life. This will destroy the wool industry, while it will in no sense benefit the masses of the people. Even Mr. Watterson, the great tariff reformer, declares that the Wilson bill is a 'miserable makeshift, no better in principle than the McKinley tariff law.' In short, I find the democratic party has violated every pledge it made the people and has betrayed them into the hands of the money power of Wall street and England. In view of these facts, after mature and deliberate consideration, I am forced to repudiate the so-called democratic party led by John Sherman, Grover Cleveland & Company, and cast my lot with the people's party in its honest endeavor to restore the pure democratic principles of Jefferson, Jackson and Calhoun. In conclusion, I stand ready to tender my resignation, if demanded."

D. F. OWEN.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Has Been Proven to Be Catarrh of the Kidneys Beyond Doubt.

A letter from Mrs. Mary A. Shear of Jennings, La., states. "I am reccommending your Pe-ru-na to every one I hear complain. Several people have already commenced taking it. My disease was Bright's disease of the kidneys and catarrh of the bladder. I am quite well know."

The symptoms of Brigbt's disease are: Dull pain in the back; scanty, high-colored urine, containing albumen and various sediments; nausea, and sometimes vomiting; puffness of the face and feet; dropsy of the legs; shortness of the breath and general weakness, palor and dryness of the skin, chilly feelings, alternating with fever and sleeplessness. The treatment is: A tablespoonful of Pe-ru-na before each meal, between meals, and at bed-time, and enough Man-a-lin at night to produce one natural action of the bowels each day.

Send to thee Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company of Columbus, Ohio, for a free copy of the Family Physician No. 2, devoted to catarrh in all forms and stages.

RATHER A REMAKKABLE STORY.

A Miner Who Claims He Was Driven Out of Thurber.

GORDON, TEX., May 22.—Thos. Copeland, who came from Krebs, I. T., two weeks ago, to Thurber, and who has been working in Thurber since arrival, appeared in Gordon to-day and told the following story:

While standing in the door of the saloon at Thurber last night, he was arrested by an officer without warrant, was taken before another officer of the company, the arresting officer remarking, "I have one of them agitators." The other officer said, "young fellow, you are here agitating a strike, are you?" "Get a hack," he said to the captor, "and drive him out of the country."

Copeland says he was then taken before yet another officer, who said, "We have you now where we want you, I'll get your two comrades and have you all in the same box." Copeland then asked for a settlement as the company owed him $9.40. The officer replied, "Never mind a settlement, that will pay for carrying you away." He was then taken in a hack by six men and driven beyond Gordon. The men were drinking and frequently threatened to hang him. When Gordon had been passed, one captor said to Copeland as the men were drinking, Copeland's life was in danger. That Copeland should make a break for liberty. Acting upon this advice, Copeland ran, followed by a volley of shots. Copeland is here making complaint before the magistrate.

The pesky mosquito with his trusty gimlet and his obnoxious and untiring buz-z-z-z-z-z-p is making life a burden to those who have failed to take the precaution to fence him out early in the season.

J. W. JARROTT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

—AND—

COLLECTING AGENT.

STEPHENVILLE, TEXAS.

THEY WASH THEIR CLOTHES WITH



CLAIR ETTE SOAP.

That's where they get their style.

MADE ONLY BY

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. ST. LOUIS.

THIS IS TO YOU!

I am talking to you, personall, and want to interest you. I can and will do it if you will come to see me before placing your order for any of the following:

Binders, - Mowers, - Engines,

Boilers, Gins, Cotton Presses, Hay Presses, Threshers,

POWERS, SULKY PLOWS, WAGONS AND BUGGIES.

I am receiving Buck Eye Binders and Mowers in full car load lots, thus saving considerable in freight on each machine. Thia goes into your pocket. I also have the Mineapolis Binders, Wood Mowers, Case Threshers, Solid Comfort Sulky Plows and Schuttler Wagons. A good stock of Buggies always on hand.

PRICES DEFY COMPETITION.

I keep the best line of Machinery and Implements. Buy direct and mainly in car lots, and can afford to make better prices, quality considered, than any dealer west of Dallas. I also carry a full stock of Shelf Hardware, Nails, Barb Wire, Builders' Material, Glass and Queensware. Remember the only Exclusive House in Dublin when wanting anything in my line.

H. McEVOY,

M. C. FEWELL, Manager.

A. A. CHAPMAN, Pres. R. H. McCAIN, V-Pres. J. B. HERNDON, Cashier

First National Bank,

DUBLIN, TEX.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - $50,000.00

SURPLUS, $7,500.

Directors: A. A. Chapman, R. H. McCain, R. B. Spencer, W. B. Davis and J. B. Herndon

Transacts a general banking business. Accounts of merchants, farmers and stockmen solicited. Collections promptly made and remitted.

STUART'S

Actual Business College,

WEATHERFORD, TEXAS.

Fully ninety-five per cent of our graduates have good positions. Author of Stuart's system of Book-keeping. The only school in existence that will guarantee to teach you Book-keepiug or refund your money and pay your railway fares home.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Banki g,

Telegraphy and Book-keeping

Twelve years' experience as a practical bookkeeper gives us advantages that no other school can offer. Most practical institute in the world, endorsed by merchants, bankers and practical bookkeepers. Ex-bank cashiers and practical bookkeepers employed. No text books used. We spend time and money hunting positions for our granduates. Students allowed to review the course at any time free of charge. Send for catalogue.

J. N. STUART, PRINCIPAL.

CAMERON & SMITH,

THE OLD RELIABLE

Lumber Dealers.

A first-class assortment of Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Mouldings etc., etc., always on hand.

Prices to suit the Times. | DUBLIN, TEX.

THE DUBLIN PROGRESS.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

DIRECTORY.

DUBLIN CITY COUNCIL.

R. H. McCain,.....Mayor.
D. H. Hurd,.....Alderman Ward No. 1.
J. P. McKinnie,..... " " "
W. J. Clay,.....Alderman Ward No. 2.
W. T. Miller,..... " " "
J. J. Eager,.....Alderman Ward No. 3.
E. B. Gillett..... " " "
J. E Bishop, City Marshal, Collector and Assessor.
M. C. Witcher,.....Treasurer.
F. C. Crews,.....Secretary.
Green H. Harrison,.....Recorder.
S. T. Oldham,.....Attorney.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Announcement Rates.

To take run of paper up to the time of nominations or primary elections; Congressional offices, $5; district, $4; county, $3, precinct $1.50.

To take run of paper from and after nominations or primaries until the election: Congressional, $15; district, $10; county, $5; precint, $3.

ELECTION NOV. 1894.

AT the instance of his friends we announce W. B. whitacre of Lingleville community, as a candidate for Representative of Erath county in the state Legislature, subject to the action of the People's party primaries or convention.

WE are authorized to announce the name of J. H. McMillan as a candidate for county judge of Erath county.

AT the solicitation of a great many citizens of all parties, I announce as a candidate for county judge. Judicial offices rightly are non-partisan; yet, if party nominations are made I would seek the endorsement of the people's party. THOS. B. KING.

WE are authorized to announce A. J. Crane as a candidate for the office of county treasurer, subject to the action of the people's party.

WE are authorized to announce J. I Minter as a candidate for county clerk, subject to the action of the people's party.

WE are authorized to announce E. S. Whitacre a candidate for sheriff of Erath county, subject to the action of the people's party primaries or conventions.

BY order of friends of N. J. Shands, we announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Erath county, subject to the action of the people's party.

TO the voters of Erath County. I hereby announce for the office of county attorney, and in asking your support for this position, I promise, if elected, to enforce the law without fear or favor. Should nominations for county offices be held, I am subject to the action of the peoples party.
J. W. JARROTT.

WE are authorized to announce Prof. B. E. Cook a candidate for County Attorney, subject to the action of the democratic primaries or convention.

WE are authorized to announce D. M. Rumph as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector, subject to the action of the people's party.

WE are authorized to announce Terrell Bryan a candidate for tax assessor of Erath county, subject to the action of the people's party primaries or conventions.

WE are authorized to announce J. B. Keller, of near Alexander, a candidate for Tax Assessor, subject to people's party action.

WE are authorized to announce J. D. Jackson as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor, subject to the primaries of the people's party, if such be held.

WE are authorized to announce B. F. Allison as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor of Erath county, subject to the action of the people's party.

WE are authorized to announce J. B. (Brad) White a candidate for re-election for Commissioner of Commissioners' precinct No. 2, Erath county.

WE are authorized to announce F. M. Brown, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the peace in the Lingleville precinct, No. 8.

WE are authorized to announce Grant Holden a candidate for Constable of Justice precinct No. 2,

WE are authorized to announce J. A. Adams as a candidate for re-election to the office of Constable in precinct No. 2. (Dublin.)

WE are authorized to announce T. B. Lafferty as a candidate for constable of Dublin precinct No. 2, subject to the action of the people's party.

AUTHORITY has been given us to announce J. S. Whitefield as a candidate for re-election to the office of constable of the Lingleville precinct, No. 8.

A number of young people enjoyed themselves at a social gathering at the Wiley Cottage Tuesday evening.

Roche's Painless Eye Water is curing every persons sore eyes who try it. Use no other. For sale by S. S. Davis.

Mrs. Jones, mother of Hon. Evan Jones is very dangerously ill at the residence of Mr. Jones.

Dr. R. A. Miller, offices with the Dublin Drug Co. when not in his office in the Cagney building, and wishes his prescriptions filled at that store. tf

District judge Straughn rejected the motion of Dave Pevehouse for a new trial. The motion of J. G. Bennett was granted and Mr. Bennett is now at liberty under a bond of $800.

J. H. (Cyclone) Davis.

Hon. J. H. Davis will speak in Dublin at 1 o'clock p. m. Monday, June 4th. Everybody is invited to hear him.

Albert Collier and a young lad from Albany had a lively tussel at the Central depot yesterday evening just as the Central excursion train pulled in from Walnut. They were interrupted before the phiz of either was materially disfigured.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver medicine.

Of a total of over 800 votes cast in the Dublin and Kikers Gin precinct (No. 2) at the election in '92, the democratic primaries on last Saturday succeeded in driving in a total of 173, a part of whom went into it only on the understanding that they were to vote only for one, two or three men on the ticket. At Pecan Grove, near Dublin, a sufficient number of the faithful could not be mustered to count a quorum, so the thing went by default. At Alexander the election was held and the votes torn up by one of the managers. At Lingleville and Jones school house, out of 410 votes cast in '92, they succeed in running in 62 who still bore the mark and brand. At Thurber and Liberty school house out of 542 in '92 they polled 342, one half or more of which were not legal voters, and the whole affair was a complete farce from start to finish, and exhibited the state of dissolution in which this barnacle on the body politic is coming too in Erath county.

Strayed.

Two-year-old sorrel horse mule, brand, if and, unknown; 12½ hands high, jumped out of pasture near Dublin about April 10th, raised near Duffau. Liberal reward for recovery. [52-2t]
B. W. LAFFERTY, Dublin, Texas.

File Copies for 1893.

We desire for our files copies of the PROGRESS of the following dates of 1893, viz, January 6, July 28, August 4th, December 24, and will be obliged to the person who may furnish any one or all of them.

Prof. W. H. Rayzor, principal of the Alliance high school at Lingleville, was in the city a few days this week.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away

is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't runs no physical or financial risk in using "No-to-bac." Sold by all druggists,

Book at drug stores or by mail free. Address the Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

Do Honor To The Nations Dead.

By the proper observation of Memorial Day. By special invitation Rev. J. T. Harris will conduct the services at the Methodist church at Dublin, Sunday, May 27th, at 3:30 o'clock p. m.

Our friend W. H. Howard of near Lingleville, dropped in to see us a few minutes to-day.

Everybody is invited to visit the ONE CENT STORE, whether you buy or not. 1-2t

Special—Free Literature.

Every reformer wishing to circulate good sound silver literature should send requests for same to John M. Devine, Secretary American Bi-Metalic League, Sun Building, Washington, D. C. Call especially for the book called "Facts About Silver."

Sickheadache Cured.

Mrs. Mary Shneck of Iredell, Texas writes. "I have been subject to sick headaches since I was 13. After taking one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I did not have any sick headache for six months. Hood's Sarsaparilla kept me from having slow fever last summer."

Elder A. J. Tant of Ballinger has moved to Dublin and taken charge of the pastorate of the Baptist church.

WANTED: To employ a lady or gentleman to represent us in each county. Salary, $40 per month. Address with stamp, Chas. A. Robinson & Co., Salina, Kans.

Le Grande-Hooper Arson Case.

In connection with the loss by fire recently at Denison, of a stock of goods generally supposed here to have been the property of the McCain Trading Co., of this place, it has developed that the stock was the property of Hooper & LeGrand, who had purchased it from the McCain Trading Co. It is charged that R. V. LeGrand and A. D. Hooper set fire to the goods for the purpose of defrauding the insurance company, and that instead of being $16,000 worth of goods as they represented, there was a great deal less. Both the gentlemen have been arrested, but released on a bond of $800 each, signed by A. A. Chapman and R. H. McCain; an examining trial is now in progress at Denison, which, judging from the published evidence, will likely result badly for them. It is to be hoped however that the case is not so bad as the examining evidence indicates.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by the Dublin Drug Company.



IT'S A SIGN OF DANGER, when pimples, blotches and eruptions appear on the skin, no matter how slight. It warns you that your blood isn't pure. Heed the warning while there is yet time; clear up your system and purify the blood by taking Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It rouses every organ into natural action, purifies and enriches the blood and through it cleanses and invigorates the whole system. It attacks all scrofulous, skin and scalp diseases in the right way—by purifying the blood.

The diseases that it cures come from a torpid liver, or from impure blood. For everything of this nature, it is the only *guaranteed* remedy.

In Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Biliousness; all Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affections, even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its earlier stages—if it ever fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

The worse your Catarrh, the more you need Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

Dublin is growing and her enlargement is healthy and permanent. A number of beautiful and substantial residences are now being placed in condition for occupancy.

How's This?

We offer one hundred dollard reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co.,
Proprietors, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists; price 75c. per bottle.

The Leader issues this week a very creditable write-up edition, which is intended for general distribution for immigration purposes.

There is nothing I have ever used for muscular rheumatism that gives me as much relief as Chamberlains Pain Balm does. I have been using it for about two years—four bottles in all—as occasion required. I believe I know a good thing when I get hold of it, and Pain Balm is the best liniment I have ever met with. W. B. Denny, dairyman, New Lexington, Ohio. 50 cents bottles for sale by S. S. Davis.

A great many Dublin people went on the Texas Central excursion train yesterday to take part in the picnic at Walnut. The agent here reports the sale of 104 round-trip tickets.

Decoration Day May 30th.

Will be properly observed by Sam Houston Post No. 55 G. A. R. who will meet at G. A. R. hall 10:30 a. m.

All ex-Confederate soldiers, citizens and school children are cordially invited to participate in public services at new cemetery.

Mr. J. S. Whitefield, of near Lingleville, announces in to-day's paper as a candidate for re-election to the office of constable in precinct No. 8. He has made a good officer.

While Mr. T. J. Richey, of Altona, Mo., was traveling in Kansas he was taken violently ill with cholera morbus. He called at a drug store to get some medicine and the druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhœa Remedy so highly he concluded to try it. The result was immediate relief, and a few doses cured him completely. It is made for bowel complaint and nothing else. It never fails. For sale by S. S. Davis.

The PROGRESS enters on its seventh year to-day.

The school board of the Dublin graded school met last Saturday evening and selected Prof. W. J. Clay as principal for the ensuing term. The assistants have not yet been elected.

The promptness and certainty of its cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy famous. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping coughs, and is the most effectual remedy known for this disease. Mr. C. B. Main, of Union City, Pa., says: "I have a great sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I warrant every bottle and have never heard of one failing to give entire satisfaction." 50 cents bottles for sale by S. S. Davis.

The genial managers of the Rio Grande railroad did themselves proud in the efficient manner in which they provided for the accommodation of their patrons on the excursion to Brownwood last Sunday. Ten roomy coaches were provided and the seating capacity was ample.

Alliance High School.

The following is the list of text books used by the Alliance High school at Lingleville. The PROGRESS has been requested to publish the list some time back, but the publication was deferred for want of space at that time.

PUBLIC SCHOOL COURSE.

Speller: Swinton's Word Primer. Swinton's Word Book.
Readers: Barnes' New National.
Grammar: Harvey's Elementary and Harvey's Practical.
Arithmetic: Ray's New Primary, Ray's Intellectual, Ray's Practical.
Geography: Eclectic, Elementary and Electic Complete.
History: Barnes' Brief History of the United States, Pennybacker's history of Texas.
Physiology: Pathfinder Series, Child's Health Primer, Young People's Physiology, Steele's Hygiene and Physiology.
Geometry: Stewart's Plane.
Civil Government: Peterman's.
Algebra: Ray's New Elementary.
Rhetoric. Waddy's Rhetoric and Composition.
Physics: Steele's Popular.

ACADEMIC COURSE.

Arithmetic: Ray's New Higher.
Rhetoric: Quackenbos'.
Algebra: Schuyler's Complete.
Geometry: Stewart's Complete.
Trigonometry: Schuyler's.
Mechanics: Peck's.
Analytics: Peck's.
Physics: Appleton's.
Botany: Gray's.
Zoology: Steele's.
Chemistry: Steele's.
Geology: LeConte's.
Political Economy: Gregory's.
Psychology: Schuyler's.
Logic: Bain's.
Cæsar's Commentaries: Harkness'.
Cicero's Orations: Harkness'.
Virgil's Aeneid: Harper & Miller's.
Horace: Lincoln's.
Ovid: Lincoln's.
Sallust's Cataline: Harkness.'
General History: Barnes'.
History of Greece: Thalheimer's.
Mediaeval History: Greene's.
Modern History: Thalheimer's.

Tax collector Rumph was in the city Monday and Tuesday.

There will be a picnic and public discussion of political issues at Alexander on the 15th day of next month. J. J. Eager of Dublin will be among the speakers; an excursion train will be run each way on the Central railroad.

Parties desiring builders' hardware, screen doors, hoes, steel shapes, or anything in the hardware line, will find we are UP with the times and DOWN with the prices. E. W. HARRIS,
49-4 Oldham Building.

Last Wednesday morning Sam O'Bannon very seriously disabled T. R. Lewis, a farmer of near Moccasin Rock, with a field hoe. Lewis was passing through a field where O'Bannon was at work chopping cotton, he attacked Lewis with his hoe. Lewis succeeded in warding off the first blow with his arm, but the instrument cut an ugly gash. The next blow struck him in the side and broke the hoe handle, next the handle came down heavily on his shoulder.

O'Bannon at once skipped and was taken by his brother to Gordon where he boarded an east ound T. & P. passenger.

Lewis had two ribs broken and was otherwise badly cut and bruised but will recover.

The cause of the trouble is said to be the result of an insult offered the little twelve year old daughter of Mr. Lewis', over which O'Bannon expected trouble.

I don't see how you can sell them so cheap is a common remark at the ONE CENT STORE.

J. M. Cooper, a former well known citizen of Dublin, has entered the furniture business in connection with cabinet making at Jonesboro, Texas.

Democrats Attention.

You are hereby called to meet at city hall Saturday, May 26th, at 8 p. m. for the purpose of organizing a democratic club and taking such action as will tend to democratic success in the coming election. J. L. HOWELL,
Precinct Chairman.
Dublin, May 22, 1894.

In to-days PROGRESS we print the announcement of T. B. Lafferty, for the office of constable in this precinct (No. 2,) subject to the action of the People's party. Mr. L. served the people of this precinct in that capacity during the two years of 85 and 86, and also served as deputy sheriff under Jno. Gilbreath during '83 to '86 inclusive. He made a record during his service as a fearless officer of the law, who executed every duty of his office with becoming grace.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Recorder Green H. Harrison is making it lively for those who persist in violating the city ordinances. Recorder Harrison is doing a good work and presides with dignity over his court.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If "la grippe" has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on liver, stomach and kidneys, gently aiding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with sick headache, you will find speedy and permaneut relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c. at the Dublin Drug Co. 6

Erath county Tax Collector, Maj. D. M. Rumph, has turned in, and settled with the state and county for a full balance on the collections for 1893 tax, to the entire satisfaction of the comptroller. The collections thus disposed amounting to a little less than $51 000. The Major deserves credit for the efficient manner in which he has conducted this department and discharged his official duty even in matters where his just and only action would, to some extent, damage his candidacy for a second term, but the PROGRESS is glad to note that in every case he did the best for each tax payer and has made numerous friends by his impartial and strict attendance to the interest of the duties of his office.

Tonkoway.

Dr. J. D. Rubhett, of Brownwood, Texas, in speaking of Tonkoway and its wonderful effects in curing Rev. Moss Martin, says:

To meet Bro. Moss Martin in fine health, and to hear him preach in a strong voice, was a joy inexpressible to me. The last time I saw him, his doctors had given him up to die. The remedy which brought him up from the last stage of consumption deserves much praise. Cures all common complaints and flux. For sale by H. C. Birchmore. 3

C. C. Andrew, with his family, left Wednesday for Oklahoma, I. T., where he expects to remain until fall.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50c. and $1 at Dublin Drug Co's. 5

The "One Cent Store" is a new enterprise in the way of a stock of notions just opened in the second door north of the Grange store. R. O. Elishman is propietor.

It Should Be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds; that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free trial bottles at the Dublin Drug Co's. Large bottles 50c and $1. 5

People's Party Call.

A meeting of the executive committee of the People's Party of Erath county is hereby called to meet at Stephenville on Saturday, at 11 o'clock a. m., June 2nd, 1894, for the purpose of adopting some method for the selection of candidates for the offices in said county, and for other business neccessary to be transacted.

The names of the executive committee can be found in the Tribune and PROGRESS.

W. W. MOORES,
Chm'n P. P. Ex. Com

Important Information.

The "Rock Island Route" is now running through vestibule sleeping cars between Texas and Colorado, leaving Fort Worth daily at 8:15 p. m., and arriving in Denver at 7:45 second morning. If you intend making a business or pleasure trip to Colorado this summer, call on your nearest ticket agent, or address the undersigned for folders, rates or information.

It is needless to add that we still continue to run the "Flyer" to Kansas City and Chicago without change of cars.

Purchase your tickets via "The Great Rock Island Route," and get full value for your money.

J. C. MCCABE, G. P. A.,
Fort Worth, Texas.

Last Sunday presented a deserted appearance in Dublin. A large number of our citizens went on the excursion to Brownwood to hear Sam Jones.

ALL DISEASES of the blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which by its vitalizing, enriching, and alterative effects makes only **PURE BLOOD.**

2,228,672.

These figures represent the number of bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds, which was sold in the United States from March, '91 to March, '92. Two million, two hundred and twenty-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-two bottles sold in one year, and each and every bottle was sold on a positive guarantee that money would be refunded if satisfactory results did not follow its use. The secret of its success is plain. It never disappoints and can always be depended on as the very best remedy for coughs, colds, etc. Price 50c. and $1 at the Dublin Drug Co. 6

A personal letter to the editor received wednesday from Comanche says that editor Thos. Gaines of the Exponent is still dangerously ill with typhoid fever.

Cleveland-Tammany Primaries.

The following is the vote of the democrats primaries held last Saturday to elect candidates for the various offices in Erath county.

COUNTY JUDGE.

J. H. McMillan	970
S. T. Morris	453
J. D. Berry	46

SHERIFF.

W. C. Ready	940
Dan A. Rogers	309
R. T. Hume	209

DISTRICT CLERK.

J. J. Bennett	1452

COUNTY CLERK.

W. E. Cody	1079
James Collins	202
E. R. Reid	188

TAX COLLECTOR.

R. T. Holt	780
M. L. Patton	536
J. F. Collier	154

TAX ASSESSOR.

R. T. Long	660
John A. Robertson	632
J. A. Gardner	182

COUNTY TREASURER.

L. E. Gillett	683
J. L. Hansel	396
J. L. Durham	375

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

Mark Logan	976
B. E. Cook	497

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Commissioners: Pre. No. 1, R. A. Biggs, 483; Pre. 2, J. M. Wadlington, 286; Pre. 3, C. C. Woods, 145, W. M. Gillespie, 87; Pre. 4, A. H. Miller 298, W. R. Killian, 127.

Justice of the Peace: Pre. 1, W. T. Carlton 232, B. F. Sikes 192, J. T. Knowles 47; No. 2, J. M. Kiker 22, Green Harrison 5, J. W. Hurt 1; No. 3, thrown out; No. 4, C. C. Wood, 127; No. 5, W. N. Gillespie, 65; No. 6, W. R. Killian 38, Tom Matthews 23; No. 7, J. R. Williams 350; No. 8, J. L. Sechrist 23

Constable: Prec. No. 1, Riggs Roberts 240, A. L. Darrow 160, John Oxford 93; No. 2, C. L. Holden 97; No. 3, J. M. Robertson 73; S. E. Blair 41; Nos. 4 and 5, no returns; No. 6, F. A. Williams 38, A. M. Holden 19; No. 7, Lit Williams, 342; No. 8, W. Goodson 23.

The above names are the receiving the nominations fo ces as mentioned, as shown b returns by us examined, and we hereby certify that they are correct.

J. G. O'BRIEN, Ch'm.
J. L. HOWELL, }
A. H. MILLER, } Clerks.

J. H. Davis will be at Dublin on June 4th.

WAITING ON ENGLAND

THE POLICY OF AMERICAN TORIES TO DELUDE THE PEOPLE.

It Is Nonsense to Expect the Ruling Class of Great Britain to Assist In the Remonetization of Silver and Give Up $500,000,000 a Year Gold Profits.

The question of international bimetallism presents some peculiarly interesting features. It is a question on which a good deal of light may be shed by those who have hid their goldbug principles behind it or by those who are employing it to shield the Cleveland administration from the just indignation of the public. As the matter stands, there are a great many dark places in the project that need illuminating.

It is not by any means a new question. It has been considered and discussed from all possible points of view. Nevertheless at this moment and by the light of current events it assumes an entirely new aspect. It becomes interesting by reason of the mystery that is thrown around it. We therefore appeal to the financial Tories who are making much of international bimetallism to give the people a clear idea of the scheme.

About what time are we to expect relief from that source? Every interest in the country is in a crippled condition and growing worse. It is absolutely essentials then, if the European Shylocks are to dictate our financial laws and fix our currency system to suit themselves, to know when the event is to occur.

But this is not all. There is another question that is still more important. In the nature of things it may happen that England will not agree to surrender the advantages she now has—that her ruling class will not consent to forego the golden profits that are now flowing into their pockets. What then? The American Tories say that there is no possible way to restore silver as a part of our money standard except by international agreement. Are we to conclude that if England fails to recede from a position which she has firmly held for years or refuses to change conditions that she has been striving for half a century to bring about we are to accept these conditions and suffer the attendant and inevitable losses merely because the financial Tories have assumed that the United States cannot open their mints to the free coinage of silver?

England's first official reply to the petitions of the bimetallists since the administration at Washington adopted John Sherman's financial policy is a contemptuous one. The question has been kicked out of court. The house of commons refused to discuss it. There is no longer any concealment in the matter. There is no longer any reason why England should have any concealment in the matter. There is no longer any reason why British interests should pretend to be anxious to increase the use of silver as a money metal or to restore its money functions. Having made tremendous sacrifices of its own in India in order to drive the United States to the single gold standard, there is no longer any reason why the house of commons or any other department of the government should engaged in an effort to deceive us. Consequently, when the question of bimetallism is presented for discussion in the house, the "faithful commons"—more faithful to the ruling class than to the people—incontinently kick it out and refuse to consider it.

We should think that this action of the commons would put a very large flea in the ear of those who pretend to believe that England is about to surrender the fruits of the victory it has won at the expense of much conspiring and maneuvering. At any rate, the event that has just occurred in the house of commons ought to open the eyes of our own people to the futility of any hope or belief that England is likely to make any move that will divert from her coffers the constantly increasing treasure that the single gold standard is pouring into them.

Whatever the American Tories may say, whatever pretenses the adherents of John Sherman's financial policy may put forward, the fact remains that the constantly increasing value of gold is making England richer. Her home interests are infinitely more powerful and important than her colonial interests, and it is her fixed and unalterable policy to sacrifice the latter to the former whenever the necessity arises. We have lately seen a remarkable example of that policy. Under the stimulus of the single silver standard the manufacturing interests of India were rapidly taking away from Lancashire the rich trade of the east. The appreciation of gold was a premium to the Indian manufacturers and enabled them to undersell Lancashire in China and the markets of the east to just the extent of the difference between the value of gold and silver.

England did not hesitate to sacrifice her Indian interests to those of Lancashire, particularly when the policy she adopted was likely to influence the United States in repealing the Sherman law. She closed the government mints in India to silver and in effect placed the currency system of that country on the gold standard, precipitated the silver panic that wrought ruin in this country last summer and sat herself down to the enjoyment of securing our cotton and wheat at half price.

In the face of all this there are men among us who pretend to believe and are trying to make the people believe that England is now getting ready to surrender the immense advantages she has acquired by conspiracy, by diplomacy and by the sacrifice of important interests in India. There are American Tories who insist that this republic, which was powerful enough more than a hundred years ago to conquer England by land and sea, is not now able to put in operation and maintain a currency system fitted to the needs of its people and to the interests of its trade and commerce. There are professed bimetallists who pretend that this republic, more powerful in every way than England and continental Europe combined, must rest in depression and despair until England shall be generous enough to give the signal of relief by graciously permitting Americans to enlarge their money basis. And this act of benevolence is to be performed only when England concludes to present to the rest of the world the trifling sum of $500,000,000 a year, which represents the profits that accrue to Great Britain's ruling class as the result of the demonetization of silver.

When will England get ready to perform this extraordinary feat of international benevolence? Some of our Tory friends pretend not to know, but we know the exact day. On the day that the czar of Russia abdicates in favor of a democratic form of government—on the day that Emperor William leads a mob of anarchists in the streets of Berlin—on that day England will consent to the remonetization of silver.—Atlanta Constitution.

Steady, Boys!

Hold hard and steady. Don't get impatient. This movement of ideas is making more rapid progress than any other in the world's history. The reform ranks today contain more than 2,000,000 of voters who were but recently with the old parties. The number we gain not only strengthens our cause, but weakens the opposition. Thousands of men and women are reading and will be able to help the cause by pen and speech. Only a few years ago speakers who knew the problems were very few. Today they are legion. A few years ago the data to base cause for condemning the present political tricksters were hard to get. Today the books and papers are multiplying like the grasshoppers of Kansas. A few years ago the old party voters would not read or listen. Today a majority of them are open to reason, and many hundreds of thousands are investigating.

Everybody feels there is something wrong and is looking at the questions from new standpoints. What more can you expect, what more can you ask? The corporation anarchists are squeezing the whole people and making them think. It is our duty to get them to think right. Keep right on using reform books and papers. These are effective means. They cannot be arrested and imprisoned. They violate no rights. They make no enemies of the readers. And when the investigator sees things as they are he will know what to do. He needs no guardian. Redouble your labors. The boys everywhere are helping you. It is only a matter of time when intelligence will win over prejudice.—Coming Nation.

What Will the Harvest Be?

Says a Lock Haven farmer, writing to the Baltimore Union: "I've waited now 13 months, and the promised relief isn't here. Ever since the repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman act I've walked out to a high hill near my house and looked toward Washington for the tidal wave of prosperity (anywhere from 20 to 60 feet high) that was to follow the repeal, but so far in vain. I haven't been overwhelmed yet with prosperity, as promised. I fully concede that it is 'a condition, not a theory,' and that condition is a depreciation in prices of farm products of not less than 25 per cent in the past year and a greater reduction in the remuneration of labor, with general employment unobtainable even at the reduced rates.

"Thirteen months of tariff reform agitation has destroyed business, closed factories and workshops, suspended payments by the banks, started souphouses for the unemployed in every city and town, driven men to crime and caused women and children to cry for bread and fire and caused the gaunt wolf (poverty) to howl loud and long at doors where only comforts of life have heretofore been known. If the present are only the leaves and twigs and dry grass that precede the storm, 'what will the harvest be?'"

Organize Legions.

All farm and labor orders, silver leagues and all other organizations in full sympathy with the People's Party can be organized into the Industrial legion for 20 cents, which is simply the cost of postage and supplies. All persons, male or female, over 14 years are eligible for membership, and where they have no organization the charter fee is $1, which is used to pay the expenses of printing and postage. Where the people are utterly unable to afford to pay this $1 they can send the postage as above and cost of supplies.

Quartermaster General George Washburn has perfected a wonderful plan for the benefit of the legion. It will be known as article 7 of the constitution. It will benefit each member, pay all of his dues and net all the money that is needed for political and educational work. It is simple, easily understood and has been thoroughly tried, and we earnestly request all organizations to turn into Industrial legions as rapidly as possible, so as to take advantage of this plan.

PAUL VAN DERVOORT.
H. E. TAUBENECK.

Populist Principles Catching On.

Well, b'gosh! Both the Democratic and Republican parties of Clackamas county, Or., adopted a resolution demanding the calling of a constitutional convention for the purpose of including in the constitution the initiative and referendum. The Democratic and Populist state conventions made the same demands, but the ring ruled Republican state convention sat upon the idea. The "wild and woolly" Populist theories seem to be catching on.—Cleveland Citizen.

For Direct Legislation.

The Populists of Alameda county, Cal., in convention at Oakland recently, adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That we recommend that a plank embodying the initiative, referendum and imperative mandate be made a part of the state platform.

Constable's Sale of Real Estate.

STATE OF TEXAS, }
COUNTY OF ERATH. }

By virtue of an execution issued out of the Justice's court of precinct No. 4, Brazos county, State of Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court, on the 9th day of September 1890, and directed and delivered to me as Constable, I have levied upon and will proceed to sell on the 1st Tuesday of June 1894, it being the 5th day of said month, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock, p. m., at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the court house door of Erath county, Texas, in the town of Stephenville the following described property, to-wit:

A track or partial of land situated in the town of Dublin, Erath county, Texas, a part of the Wm. Thomas survey, and bounded as follows. Beginning at the N. E. corner of a one-half acre block deeded by J. E. Bishop and wife of W. B. Sin Clair for S. E. corner of this, thence N. 74 W. with Sin-Clair's N. line 84 varras, thence N. 1¾ E. 70¾ varras, thence 79¼ E. 110 varas, thence S. 15 W. 80 varas to beginning.

Said property being levied upon as the property of J. W. Peeples, and to satisfy an executed issued out of said court in favor of R. R. Chatham & Co., and against J. W. Peeples for the sum of one hundred and ninety-four dollars and forty cents, and costs.

This the 3rd day of May 1894.

J. A. ADAMS,
Constable Precinct No. 2, Erath county, Texas.

Farmers' Alliance Co-operation.

The executive committee of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union met in Washington last week. Chairman Marion C. Butler of North Carolina presided. There was a long discussion over the proposed formation of a National Farmers' Exchange to try co-operation on a vast scale. The proposition discussed contemplates co-operation between 5,000,000 and 8,000,000 farmers for the purchase and sale of commodities used by agricultural interests. A part of the scheme has in view the fixing of the price of cereals in this country instead of at Liverpool. It is asserted that this can be brought about by the co-operation of all the farmers' organizations in the United States. During the day a representative of the Chilean government appeared before the committee and spoke of the desirability of trade reciprocity between farmers of this country and Chile, in order to obtain nitrates directly from that country. Representatives of several railroads also held a conference with the committee, at which their co-operation with the farmers' organizations for better rates for agricultural freight and for summer encampments of the Alliance was discussed.—Washington Star.

Favors Government Control.

The house committee on postoffices listened the other day to arguments from M. C. Butler, president of the Farmers' Alliance, in favor of a postal telegraph system.

Mr. Butler made a very good argument to show that such a system would be a great benefit to the farmers, as, if the government had control of the telegraph system, messages could be sent by any postmaster, and thus farmers could have the benefit of the telegraph system, even when there was no telegraph wire to the postoffice where they got their mail. The postmaster could in that case take the message and send it to the nearest postoffice where there was a wire. This would greatly increase the business and would help the people generally.

Pennoyer, Populist.

Governor Pennoyer opened the campaign at Ashland, Or., the other day for the Populist party in a speech of some length. His address was principally taken up with the tariff and financial questions and an arraignment of President Cleveland.

Referring to his letter to President Cleveland last Christmas, the governor said, "If I ever performed one conscientious act in my life, that was it."

He concluded with an earnest appeal to the people to support the Populist ticket in the coming election. During the ensuing five weeks the governor is billed to speak at 42 points.

Ohio For Silver.

All of the signs by which men are guided in the absence of an absolute submission of a question to a popular vote, in making up political judgment, indicate that Ohio is a silver state. A majority of her people, without reference to party lines, are in favor of such a use of silver as money as can only be brought about by the free and unlimited coinage of it.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

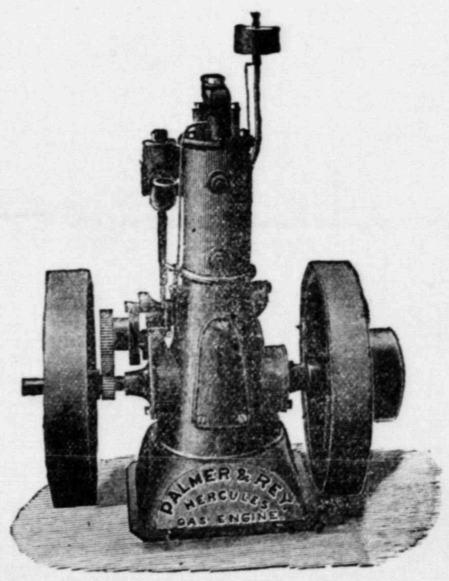
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cure
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DUBLIN, - - - - TEXAS

FREEDOM'S REVEILLE.

The time has past for idle rest.
Columbia, from your slumber rise!
Replace the shield upon your breast
And cast the veil from off your eyes
And view your torn and stricken fold—
By prowling wolves made desolate—
Your honor sold for alien gold
By traitors in your halls of state.

Our mothers wring their fettered hands;
Our sires fall fainting by the way.
The lion robs them of their lands;
The eagle guards them to decay.
Shall they who kill through craft and greed
Receive a brand less black than Cain's?
Shall paid "procurers" of the deed
Still revel in their Judas gains?

Oh, daughter of the matchless sire,
Whose valor made your name sublime,
Whose spirit, like a living fire,
Lights up the battlements of time,
The world's sad heart, with pleading moan,
Breaks at your feet—as breaks the main
In ceaseless prayer from zone to zone—
And shall it plead and break in vain?

Fling off that garb of golden lace
That knaves have spun to mask your form
And let the lightning from your face
Gleam out upon the gathering storm—
That awful face whose silent look
Swept o'er the ancient thrones of kings,
And like the bolts of Sinai shook
The base of old established things.

The promise of an age to be
Has touched with gold the mountain mist;
Its white fleets plow the morning sea;
Its flag the morning star has kissed.
But still the martyred ones of yore,
Whom tyrants to the scaffold led—
Transfigured now forevermore—
Gaze backward o'er the ages dead,

And ask: "How long, O Lord! how long
Shall creeds conceal thy human side,
And Christ the God be crowned in song
While Christ the Man is crucified?
How long shall Mammon's tongue of fraud
At Freedom's prophets wag in sport,
While chartered murder stalks abroad,
Approved by senate, church and court?"

The strife shall not forever last
'Twixt cunning wrong and passive truth—
The blighting demon of the past,
Chained to the beauteous form of youth—
The truth shall rise, its bonds shall break,
Its day with cloudless glory burn,
The right with might from slumber wake,
And the dead past to dust return.

The long night wanes; the stars wax dim;
The young day looks through bars of blood;
The air throbs with the breath of him
Whose pulse was in the Red sea flood,
And flanked by mountains, right and left,
The people stand—a doubting horde—
Before them heave the tides uncleft,
Behind them flashes Pharaoh's sword.

But lo! the living God controls.
And marks the bounds of slavery's night,
And speaks through all the dauntless souls
That live or perish for the right.
His face shall light the people still,
His hand shall cut the sea in twain,
And sky and wave and mountain thrill
To Miriam's triumphant strain.

—James G. Clark.

"The Farmer's Lot In England."

I would like to correct a misstatement which appeared in The Record under the above heading. W. E. Wisdom writes that in England the agricultural laborer has to pay rent and maintain generally a large family on from $2.50 to $3 a week. I never knew an instance where a farm laborer was paid less than $4.50 a week, and instead of having to pay rent, etc., he has a cottage rent free and a certain amount of farm produce for his own and his family's use. Thus a farm laborer is paid $4.50 a week and upward, with what are termed benefits—that is, the cottage and farm produce, etc. I have known farms where the benefits were worth almost as much as the cash paid. Mr. Wisdom says the laborer in England barely exists on the meager food he gets. I never met a farm laborer in Great Britain who had the appearance of barely existing. It is quite true the laborers here do not eat much flesh meat, but they do not feel the need of it so much as the laborer here. The farm laborer works harder and longer hours here than his British cousin, and besides the climate is more exacting here. On the whole, I think the farm laborer—and, for that matter, the majority of mechanics—are as well off in Great Britain as they are here.—John Caldwell in Chicago Record.

Illinois Democrats Disgusted.

The Illinois Democratic convention is to meet in Springfield on June 27, and already there are indications of a fracas between the silver and antisilver men. The effort is to be made by the friends of Cleveland to secure an indorsement of his financial policy, and on that issue the party will certainly be divided.

In reality it will make but little difference what stand the Illinois Democracy shall take on the silver question. The people of that state, in common with the rest of the great west, have lost confidence in the Democratic party on the silver question, because it has violated its direct and positive pledges, and no new promises, whatever they may be, will restore that lost confidence. If the Illinois Democratic convention promises free coinage, it will be met with the proposition that it did the same thing two years ago. If it indorses Cleveland's financial policy, it will make itself ridiculous, for there has been no policy to indorse except the policy of obstruction and negation. If it straddles the fence, it will never get down until too late.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Screen door wire, all sizes, at E. J. Harris', Oldham building.

Good Blood IS ESSENTIAL TO HEALTH.

You cannot hope to be well if your BLOOD IS IMPURE.

If you are troubled with

BOILS, PIMPLES, ULCERS OR SORES

your blood is bad. A few bottles of S. S. S. will thoroughly cleanse the system, remove all impurities and build you up. All manner of blemishes are

CLEARED AWAY

by its use. It is the best blood remedy on earth. Thousands who have used it say so.

"My blood was badly poisoned last year, which got my whole system out of order—diseased and a constant source of suffering no appetite, no enjoyment of life. Two bottles S. S. S. brought me right out. There is no better remedy for blood diseases.
JOHN GAVIN, Dayton, Ohio

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

PEOPLE'S PARTY CANDIDATES.

It Is the Desire of the National Committee That They Be Nominated Everywhere.

Headquarters are in receipt of a number of letters asking this question, "Is it worth while for the People's Party to nominate congressional, legislative and county candidates this year where our strength is not sufficient to elect?" This idea is erroneous, and it will not do for the People's Party to follow it at any cost.

In 1892 we had a ticket in every state in the Union; we polled over 1,000,000 votes and became a factor in proportion to the votes polled. The same will be true this year if we fail to nominate tickets in every congressional and legislative district, as well as in every county, and, our total vote decreased on this account, it will be construed that our movement is receding and our forces disintegrating. No Populist can afford to cast his vote for any of the old parties or remain at home on election day.

It matters not how a voter may talk between election days; his voting tells to what party he belongs. It is imperative that the state committees insist that every congressional and legislative district and county nominate a full ticket this year, so that our total vote will swell above high water mark, because we will become a factor in politics after the next election in proportion to the votes we poll next November. No Populist can afford to vote for any other party or to be forced to stay at home on account of not having a ticket in the field. Therefore it is the duty of our committees to see that candidates are nominated for every office to be filled regardless of how small the vote may be. The last 30 days have been eventful ones. More recruits have come to our ranks than during any six months in the history of the party.

H. E. TAUBENECK.

Washington.

Not an Age of Courtiers.

What fatuists these goldbugs be! At the international bimetallic conference in London Hon. Arthur Balfour made what is esteemed the most profound and argumentative discourse delivered in late years on any monetary topic. His unquestioned abilities were equal to the task of analyzing the causes of which the present depression is the effect, and of pointing out the safe and practical remedy to the satisfaction of the practical thinkers and observers who were his auditors, and to the equal satisfaction of the unprejudiced public which has been privileged to read them.

Such an effort from such a man should arouse the advocates of a single gold standard to the work of resisting his conclusions with all the stern logic and unyielding facts which they are constantly assuring the world is their exclusive monopoly. The Statist contents itself with saying in reply that "the banking community everywhere opposes an international agreement" and rests at that, evidently believing that it has covered the case. The London Times attacks Mr. Balfour, asserting that "no man can combine the incompatible functions of an apostle of the fads and a responsible statesman without injuring his usefulness." But The Times' reputation for infallibility was lost in the Parnell suit, and if there were ever many who would sneeze when The Times snuffed there are but few to do it now.

The monometallists must justify their faith by their work. This is an irreverent age, and there are few among the people like the oriental courtier who declared that if the prince at noonday should say it was night he would swear he beheld the moon and stars.—St. Louis Republic.

The Crawfish and the Levees.

"Whenever I hear of a break in the levee down in my district, I know that nine chances to one crawfish have caused it. The assertion may sound slightly exaggerated, but it is a fact nevertheless that the troublesome little crawfish work more danger to the levees than does the water. On a big rise, when the bed of the river is stretched from embankment to embankment, the crawfish burrow into the levees and live there in the moist earth. They multiply faster than maggots and loosen up the earth worse than moles.

"The levee may be completely sodded with grass and you see no external evidence of the damage going on within, but when the next big rise comes you will see it. I have frequently known the water to break through the levee two or three feet from the top, and you can attribute it to nothing but the destructive work of crawfish. This was particularly true of the break at Offut's in 1889, when a portion of the town of Greenville was submerged. The builder of the levee in the future will have to take into account the crawfish as one of his most stubborn foes."—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

No Danger of a Salt Famine.

The amount of salt in the sea waters of the globe, if extracted, would be greater in mass than the land, so far as it appears above the surface. The seas cover 73 per cent of the earth's surface, estimated at 9,260,000 (German) square miles. The percentage of chlornatrium in the sea is the same at all depths. Assuming that the average depth of the sea is a half (German) mile, there are then 3,400,000 cubic miles of sea water. A cubic mile of sea water contains on the average about 25 kilograms of salt. The 3,400,000 cubic miles of sea water would therefore contain 85,000 cubic miles of distilled pure salt.—From the German.

Journalism In Servia.

Journalism in Servia is a peculiar institution. The Schumadiski List, which has the reputation of being the leading newspaper of the kingdom, came out one day with the following announcement on its first page: "Owing to the intolerable laziness of our editor in chief, Mr. Zrak, who spends his nights in feasting and sleeps the whole day through, our number this week is only half its usual size."—Philadelphia Record.

GET ON THE INSIDE.

If You Want to Shape the People's Party, Become One of Its Members.

The open letter of Mr. M. H. Slater to Senator Peffer, published in The News, requires a response from the real free silver men of Colorado. Mr. Slater complains that the "silver Republicans" and "silver Democrats" have not been "invited" to the ranks of the People's Party. Pray, who "invited" the original Populists to organize themselves to resist the organized humbug of the Democratic and Republican party? Who laid down a carpet for "tenderfeet" to walk into a party which is today the scoff and scorn of the professional politicians of the United States? With all due respect for Mr. M. H. Slater, whom I regard as a pure patriot and a superb organizer, I take the occasion to assert and predict:

First—That, no matter what Governor Waite may say or do, the People's Party will continue to grow stronger.

Second—That there is no intermediate line or "half way house" between the Democratic and Republican parties, and the "young giant" known as the "Populist party" is the only refuge for real Western men, regardless of political lines.

Cuts Both Ways.

The demonetization of silver and the closing of our silver mines are proving to be a two edged sword, so far as the farmer is concerned—cutting both ways. Not only does it depreciate the value of his products, but it is to result in setting up silver miners in business as his competitors in raising what we have too much of already—farm products—when they should be raising what we haven't enough of—silver.

So many miners having been thrown out of employment, something had to be done to prevent the depopulation of the state. So prodigious efforts are being made to develop agriculture. The sum of $250,000 is to be spent in advertising, and railroads are to be asked to help make an agricultural state of Colorado. As Colorado's agricultural possibilities lie largely in irrigation, it will be seen that their products, being sure, will not only come in competition with ours, but will be a certain crop every year, since they will not depend upon the possibilities of drought.

To the farmers who have year after year witnessed the shrinkage in the value of their products this new evil result of silver demonetization cannot but be discouraging. When times are brisk and prices advancing or profitable, farmers can look with complacency at competition, but more competition at starvation values means ruin.—North Dakota Independent.

Import Duties Abated.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 4.—President Diaz has issued a decree abating import duties on a large number of articles including jute, iron, glass, [illegible]

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion & Debility.

T. J. FARMER,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
DUBLIN, : : TEXAS.
Office at Dublin Drug Co. Can be found at night at former residence of R. H. Andruss, near Christian church.

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PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
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Offers his professional service to the citizens of Dublin and vicinity. Calls promptly answered day or night.
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Office in Wasson & Miller building.

L. N. Frank. Lee Young.
FRANK & YOUNG,
LAWYERS.
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Will practice in the State and Federal Courts.

R. A. MILLER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
DUBLIN, TEXAS.

G. W. Hamblett & Co.
Have just opened up a Fresh Stock of
GROCERIES
In the building just vacated by J. Z. MILLER,
—and—
SOLICITS YOUR PATRONAGE
Call and see them.
Dublin, - - - Texas.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

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Free reclining chair cars and Vestibuled Wagner Buffet sleeping cars on all trains. Best accommodations and quickest time.
W. G. CRUSH, G. P. A,
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FORT WORTH and RIO GRANDE
RAILWAY CO.
Shortest and Most Direct Route from
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The Best Route for Live Stock Shipments, either to Indian Territory or Market.
For information regarding rates, etc., apply to
GEO. BUCKINGHAM, Agent, Dublin, or
OSCAR WHITE, Gen'l Freight Agent, Fort Worth, Texas.

Judicious Advertising
Has created many a new business,
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Has revived many a dull business,
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Has preserved many a large business
And Secures Success In Any Business
Get Space in the DUBLIN PROGRESS.—Leads all in Point of Circulation. Fact!

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.
Promptly and permanently cures all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses.* Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the *only Reliable and Honest Medicine known.* Ask druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps.
Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.
For Sale by S. S. Davis, druggist


Cook's Cotton Root Compound
Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.
A recent discovery by an old physician. *Successfully used monthly by thousands of Ladies.* Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, *take no substitute*, or inclose $1 and 6 cents in postage in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps.
Address Pond Lily Company, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.
For Sale by S. S. Davis, druggist.



VIGOR OF MEN Easily, Quickly and Permanently Restored.
A positive cure for all Weaknesses, Nervousness, Debility, and all their train of evils resulting from early errors and later excesses; the result of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Develops and gives tone and strength to the sexual organs. Stops unnatural losses or nightly emissions caused by youthful errors or excessive use of tobacco, opium and liquor, which lead to consumption and insanity. Their use shows immediate improvement. Accept no imitation. Insist upon having the genuine Nerve Berries, no other. Convenient to carry in vest pocket. Price, $1.00 per box, six boxes, one full treatment, $5.00. Guaranteed to cure any case.
If not kept by your druggist we will send them by mail, upon receipt of price, in plain wrapper. Pamphlet free. Address all mail orders to AMERICAN MEDICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.
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Our Two Great Successes.
The Dublin Drug COMPANY.
WE STILL SELL THE BEST.
PRICES GUARANTEED.
It is no empty boast when we say that we have as large a stock as all the combined stocks in Erath county, Having paid our tax we are prepared to
Fill Prescriptions for
Whiskies, Brandies and Wines.
Quality and Price Guaranteed.

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OVER THE COUNTY.

BUNYAN.

A cold mist fell on the night of the 23rd. Cotton not doing well but corn is looking fine.

Fruit trees are shedding most of their fruit since the late hail.

Mr. McClanahan and his two sons are in bed with slow fever.

Prof. H. C. Williamson and wife of Dublin are visiting friends and relatives here.

Neal Corbell's home was made happy this week—it's a twelve pound boy.

Our peoples party club meets next Wednesay night. Everybody is invited to attend.

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DUFFAU.

Good rains and prospects are better.

Oats will not make much; as they were damaged by the dry weather and also the chinch bug; the corn will also be damaged by them if we do not have a great deal of rain. The prospects for cotton is especially fine.

Politics is getting warm and each party is making deperate struggles to keep all they have and get all they can. There will be a discussion between the demy and populist clubs at this place shortly. The demys say they are determined to beat the $3 pop who was appointed justice of the peace in this precinct. The demys are "much" on economy, they want a 15c democrat for the place.

There are about 330 voters in this precinct and the democrats got them all but 245.

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BLUFF DALE.

We are needing rain again.

Health tolerably good except a few cases of flux.

Farm work is well up.

The primary went high fly. Everything was pulled that could be pulled. demmies, pops, reps and transient; anything to swell the number and make a show. A very large per cent of them denounced the party policy, but voted just the same. In a conflab with a demy we asked how the party could hope to pay forty billions of dollars indebtedness with cotton at 3c or 4c as it was certain to be if contraction continued? His only answer was that that was a matter of the debt holders, we needn't bother ourself about that.

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HIGHLAND.

The crop prospects are not so gloomy as at our last writing, corn is coming out considerably, cotton planting will soon be over again and the acreage will be larger than before the hail and heavy rainfall.

There is quite a number plowing up their wheat and planting cotton in its stead.

Quite a large number of people attended the picnic at the Methodist church last Saturday and all had a nice time.

"Grandma" Denton is visiting friends in the neighborhood.

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VICTOR.

Crops are looking fine in this community and some wheat has been cut.

Wm. Warner gave a "working" one day last week in order to catch up with his work in which he had dropped behind on account of sickness.

Miss Flocie Chatham was on the sick list last week, we are glad to report she is now able to be up.

Messrs. Brantley, Olinger and slaughter made a trip to Stephenville last week.

Rev. G. W. Hallowell of Tula, Miss., and O. D. Slaughter of Spring Dale, Ark, both of Missionary baptist faith just closed a series of meetings at this place with one conversion and five additions by letter.

Mrs. Brauty and little daughter Girda, left today for Brownwood where they will visit relatives and attend the Sam Jones meeting for a few days.

The Sunday school at this place will give a picnic the 16th day of next month and invite everybody.

Revs. G. W. Hallowell and O. D. Slaughter left to-day for their respective homes.

Stephenville seems to be a favorite place with the Flat creek boys of late, judging from the way they visit that berg.

Your scribe made a flying trip to Stephenville last week.

Victor's business establishments now consist of one store, a post-office, two gins and a blacksmith shop, besides we have a good church and a school and a fine surrounding country with plenty of good lands for rent or sale. We also have a fine opening for another general merchandise store.

DESDEMONA.

Not since our school boy days have we had the pleasure to look upon so large a sea of smiling faces as there was gathered at the Desdemona academy last Friday night to listen to the literary and musical entertainment given by Prof. O. D. Fowler and Miss Laura Snodgrass. We have neither the time nor space to mention all who took part, but all deserve much praise for their efforts. There was six duets all well rendered and duly appreciated by the audience. We especially mention the piano solo, Sweeet By and By with variations by Miss Willie McAfee; Maiden's Prayer by Miss Laura Herrington, both of which were well rendered and more than repaid us for our attendance. The songs "The Farmer," "The Miller," and "the Little Shaking Quakers," was jolly in the superlative degree. The speech by C. T. McAfee, on current topics; by Geo. Hawkins, have a purpose; by Dave Davis, appeal to educate; by John Purvis, choose a vocation; by Geo. Daniels, life of a student and Wade Davis on class representation are all worthy of especial mention. The valedictory by Mr. Ed Davidson was most highly appreciated by all and it was a grand tribute to the schoolmates and teachers and to the patrons of the school. The stage decoration displayed exquisite taste of the young ladies to whom that business was entrusted.

We are having delightful weather since the rains, excepting a norther last week. You can almost see corn and cotton grow.

Wheat harvesting time is upon us and as a consequence the town is dull and quiet. Health is good in the community.

Mrs. J. E. Stephens is visiting her mother at Mt. Airy.

Several candidates around last week shaking hands.

Mrs. Minnie McCain is visiting her mother, Mrs. Dr. Martin.

How Far Is It to the Limit?

Whatever the fate of the tariff bill now before congress, the vital question of money will never be sidetracked again in a national campaign. The people know that more bonds mean more interest, and that more interest means more business depression, more idleness for workers, more taxation for the people, heavier burdens for the mortgage ridden farm owner and less wages for the staving farm laborer.

Beware, Mr. Carlisle; there is a limit to the patience of even the long suffering American people.—K. of L. Journal

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, May 22—July closing:
Wheat—56¾c.
Corn—37¾c.
Oats—30⅝c.
Pork—$11.77.
Lard—$6.75.
Ribs—$6.10.
Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; left over, 500; market, active and steady.
Cattle—Receipts, 2500; market, stonger and 5@10c higher.

Mr. Stead Talks Disagreeably.

William T. Stead, the celebrated former editor of the London Pall Mall Gazette, has been in Chicago for some time studying the state of the unemployed and the social question generally as it comes to head in that city. He seems to have developed a very robust quality of impatience with the utter inadequacy of the relief measures which are being taken to relieve the immense need of this bitter time, and especially with the massive indifference of the influential and wealthy classes generally to the terrible situation. His was the remark made the other day that if the millionaires and ministers could be turned out on the street some freezing night it would greatly hasten the solution of the unemployed problem.—New Nation.



Only a Scar Remains

Scrofula Cured—Blood Purified by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"It is with pleasure that I send a testimonial concerning what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for my daughter. It is a wonderful medicine and I cannot recommend it too highly. Sarah, who is fourteen years old, has been

Afflicted With Scrofula

ever since she was one year old. For five years she has had a running sore on one side of her face. We tried every remedy recommended, but nothing did her any good until we commenced using Hood's Sarsaparilla. My married daughter advised me to use Hood's Sarsaparilla because

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

it had cured her of dyspepsia. She had been troubled with that complaint since childhood, and since her cure she has never been without a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house. We commenced giving it to Sarah about one year ago, and it has conquered the running sore,

Only a Scar Remaining

as a trace of the dreadful disease. Previous to taking the medicine her eyesight was affected but now she can see perfectly. In connection with Hood's Sarsaparilla we have used Hood's Vegetable Pills, and find them the best." MRS. MARIA GRIFFIN, Xenia, Illinois.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

MEMBERS OF THE

County Executive Committee of the People's Party.

Following are the names and post-office addresses of the members of the county executive committee of the peoples party.

1. B. F. Yarbrough, Alexander.
2. W. B. Whitacre, Antioch, post-office, Lingleville.
3. J. B. Moats, Acrey.
4. Thos. Kimbrough, Alarm creek, post-office Stephenville.
5. K. D. Blankenship, Armstrong, post-office, Highland.
6. A. Gesieche, Birdsell. post-office Hico.
7. Bethelda, not appointed.
8. N. B. Sikes, Bluff Dale.
9. M. Simmons, Bunyan.
10. J. T. Barrett, Bushong.
11. J. L. Forsen, Big Sunday creek, post-office, Gordon.
12. A. G. Elkins, Bethel, post-office Stephenville.
13. T. L. Stigler, Chalk Mountain.
14. Centre, not appointed.
15. J. C. Carthen, Centre Grove, post-office Stephenville.
16. Cottonwood, not appointed.
16. Clarkson, not appointed.
18. W. H. Fields, Corinth, post-office, Lingleville.
19. E. L. Haile. Cantrell, post-office Morgan's Mill.
20. J. J. Davidson, Cedar Point, post-office, Cowan.
21. Joe McCarty, Camp branch, post-office, Hico.
22. Carlton, not appointed.
23. Cow creek, not appointed.
24. R. S. McKinzie, Double mountain, post-office, Lipan.
25. Willard Chamberlin, Duffau.
26. Davies, not appointed.
27. L. R. Cox, Dry Duffau, post-office, Duffau.
28. V. S. Daugherty, Evergreen, post-office, Stephenville.
29. Geo. M. Clark, Fairview, post-office Stephenville.
30. G. W. Reeves, Flat creek, post-office Victor.
31. Foy Carter, Fitzgerald, post-office Gordon.
32. J. D. Martin, Gilmore, address Carlton.
33. J. T. Gibbs, Germany, address Morgan's Mill.
34. G. L. Clark, Huckabay.
35. J. O. A. Clark, Hannibal.
36. W. P. Bowen, Hackberry, address Topaz.
37. T. B. Denton, Highland.
38. U. J. Morton, Harbin.
39. J. D. Stell, Hallswell, address Lipan.
40. P. F. McInroe, Howell Spring, address Stephenville.
41. Hunter, not appointed.
42. Hico, not appointed.
43. John Carter, Indian Creek, address Stephenville.
44. C. J. Davis, Jennings, address Stephenville.
45. Wm. Davenport, Jones' School house, address Bunyan.
46. Keith Branch, not appointed.
47. Chas. H. Young, Live Oak, address Dublin.
48. Cal Deaton, Little Sunday creek, address Gordon.
49. Long Acre, not appointed.
50. A. J. Crawford, Liberty, address Hannibal.
51. F. M. Brown, Lingleville.
52. Marvin Chapel, not appointed.
53. E. A. Williams, Morgan's Mill
54. J. C. Ansley, Mt. Airy, address Dublin.
55. D. H. McCluskey, Mt. Pisgah, address Patilo.
56. S. J. Baber, Moore's school house, address Stephenville.
27. V. A. Roberts, Manassas, address Clairette.
58. Peter Ewers, Marthal Gap, address Duffau.
59. A. H. Graham, Moccasin Rock, address Linglevilie.
60. Mitchell's creek, not appointed.
61. Blake, Carlton, Mt. Zion, address Berlin.
62. H. C. Cunningham, Miller's school house, address Hico.
63. Whit Crabtree, New Hope, address———
64. J. B. (Brad) White, Oak Grove No. 1, address Dublin.
65. J. H. Johnson, Oak Dale, address Stephenville.
66. Lee Hughes, Oak Grove No. 2, address Stephenville.
67. J. W. Jones, Fields' School House and Prairie Grove, address Alexander.
68. E. P. Purvis, Alexander.
69. Albert Cox, Pony Creek.
70. Chas. Palmer, Palmer, address Alexander.
71. Jas. J. Turpin, Pleasant Hill, address Topaz.
72. Geo. W. Huffman, Prairie View address Hico.
73. Joe Key, Pleasant Home, address Topaz.
54. J. W. Morgan, Pilot Knob, address Stephenville.
75. B. F. Laughlin, Pleasant Ridge address Morgan's Mill.
76. W. T. Montgomery, Round Hole Branch, address, Duffau.
77. James Guest, Rush Creek, address, Hannibal.
78. W. W. Moore, Rose, address Alexander.
79. A. A. Venable, Rocky Point, address, Stephenville.
80. J. H. McAllister, Smith's Springs, address, Stephenville.
81. Isaac Fulfer, Sims Valley, address Gordon.
82. Chas. Slater, Slater, address Hico.
83. Salt Branch, not appointed.
84. Shady Branch, not appointed.
85. J. W. Smith, Shelby's School House, address, Lingleville.
86. D. B. Smith, School Hill, address, Topaz.
89. Henry Mitchell, Spring Creek, address Alexander.
88. Sam Leatherman, Selden.
89. J. W. Hughes, St. George, address, Dublin.
90. — Hamilton, Thurber.
91. Thompson, not appointed.
92. L. J. Evans, Union Grove, address, Dublin.
93. J. J. Williams, Union, address Huckabay.
94. Underwood, not appointed.
95. Jas. H. Roberts, Valley Grove, address, Stephenville.
96. Z. W. Cole, Wesley's Chapel, address, Bluff Dale.
97. W. A. King, Winn's Point, address, Stephenville.
98. Young's Creek, not appointed.
99. J. J. Eager, J. A Adams, Ward 3; C. P. Kennedy and J. A. Cole, Dublin.
100. Terrell Bryan, J. M. Williamson, W. F. Chambers, T. B. King, Stephenville.

The News In Brief.

Seven men were killed in a railroad wreck near Princeton, Ky.

Two editors at Guthrie, O. T., fired about 10 shots at each other.

The steamboat New York burned at Camden, N. J. Loss, $55,000.

The district about Tours, France, has been laid waste by a hailstorm.

General Phil Cooke, ex-secretary of state, died, aged 77, at Atlanta, Ga.

Portugal has requested Great Britain to look out after her interests in Brazil.

Serious trouble is threatened between the Owens and Breckinridge forces in Kentucky.

Danville (Ills.) miners marched to Missionfield to force out the miners there, but failed.

H. W. Thorne & Co., dealers in hardware and oil, lost $75,000 by fire at St. Johns, N. F.

Miners along the river are organizing a raid into West Virginia to force the Kanawha men out.

The apportionment case at Danville, Ills., was decided against the Republicans by Judge Bookwalter.

Wishman, Thomas and Greenwald, the San Francisco smugglers, have been found guilty of conspiracy.

The mayor and priests of St. Denis in France got into a row over funerals, and the council of state had to settle it.

Governor Jones has respited Harry Jones and John Clark, the murderers of Mme. Wright at Kansas City, till June 29.

It is beyond question that the true name of the late Captain Thomas A. Harris of Kansas City was Ballantyne, and that he left a wife in Ireland.

England is just now greatly interested in the coal mine troubles in this country, as the large orders being received abroad have tended to adjust the colliery troubles in Great Britain.

Striking miners at Goddy Mines, Tenn., are destitute and have appealed for help.

An illicit still at McCook, Neb., was broken up by Federal officers.

In a battle with the sheriff's posse one of the Southwest City (Mo.) bank robbers was fatally wounded.

Several persons afflicted with smallpox mingled with the crowds in the city hall at Chicago.

The Fidelity and Casualty company has brought suit against M. S. O'Brien, his bondsmen and the Catholics Knights of America.

James Marshal, an insurance agent of Jackson, Mich., was drowned while fishing in the Kankakee near Joliet.

A petition containing 12,000 names asking for the pardon of ex-Treasurer Hemingway has been presented to Governor Stone of Mississippi.

Governor Flower vetoed the teachers' pension bill.

The Winter Wheat Millers' league met at Cincinnati.

The Illinois Homeopathic convention at Quincy has adjourned.

The Arkansas Dental association is in session at Little Rock.

Stephen Stearns hanged himself with a pocket handkerchief at Carthage, Ills.

A cloudburst near Lebanon, Ind., destroyed much property and flooded the Wolf and Sugar creek valleys.

Lightning fired the barn of Colonel James Boswell at Carrollton, Ky., and burned seven fine horses to death.

Wood thieves near Moscow tortured an informant to death and are being hunted by the military.

The Hungarian diet got into a fight over accusations against Premier Wekerle and the minister of justice.

Mrs. S. B. Armour has given the Kansas City Children's Home $25,000.

Lightning fired a sash factory at Merrill, Wis., and caused a loss of $60,000.

The government has closed its testimony in the Indianapolis bank wreckers' cases.

The citizens of Ocala, Fla., lynched a negro brute named Nero Young.

The Republican state convention for Iowa has been called to meet at Des Moines July 11.

It is reported that the Prohibitionists of Kansas intend to nominate ex-Governor St. John for governor.

Miss Ira Carleton of Springfield, Mo., is trying to find her parents, from whom she was stolen while an infant.

Professor Henry Morley died at Carisbrooke, Isle of Wight.

Headquarters for Drugs
For 1894 will Be at . . . . .

S. S. DAVIS

WHO WILL SUPPLY YOU WITH

PURE, FRESH DRUGS

FOR BOTH CASH AND CREDIT.

Also a Fine Line of

Toilet Articles, Jewelry, Silverware

AND SCHOOL BOOKS

P. P. P.

PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM

Makes Marvelous Cures in Blood Poison Rheumatism and Scrofula

P. P. P. purifies the blood, builds up the weak and debilitated, gives strength to weakened nerves, expels diseases, giving the patient health and happiness where sickness, gloomy feelings and lassitude first prevailed.

For primary, secondary and tertiary syphilis, for blood poisoning, mercurial poison, malaria, dyspepsia, and in all blood and skin diseases, like blotches, pimples, old chronic ulcers, tetter, scald head, boils, erysipelas, eczema we may say, without fear of contradiction, that P. P. P. is the best blood purifier in the world, and makes positive, speedy and permanent cures in all cases.

Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition, due to menstrual irregularities, are peculiarly benefited by the wonderful tonic and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P.—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 14th, 1893. —I can speak in the highest terms of your medicine from my own personal knowledge. I was affected with heart disease, pleurisy and rheumatism for 35 years, was treated by the very best physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, tried every known remedy without finding relief. I have only taken one bottle of your P. P. P., and can cheerfully say it has done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I can recommend your medicine to all sufferers of the above diseases.
MRS. M. M. YEARY,
Springfield, Green County, Mo.

Pimples, Blotches and Old Sores Catarrh, Malaria and Kidney Troubles

Are entirely removed by P.P.P.

—Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium, the greatest blood purifier on earth.

ABERDEEN, O., July 21, 1891.
MESSRS LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: DEAR SIRS—I bought a bottle of your P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Ark., and it has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs. Send three bottles C. O. D.
Respectfully yours,
JAS. M. NEWTON,
Aberdeen, Brown County, O.

Capt. J. D. Johnston.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby testify to the wonderful properties of P. P. P. for eruptions of the skin. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. I tried every known remedy but in vain, until P. P. P. was used, and am now entirely cured.
(Signed by) J. D. JOHNSTON,
Savannah, Ga.

Skin Cancer Cured.

Testimony from the Mayor of Sequin, Tex.

SEQUIN, TEX., January 14, 1893.
MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.: *Gentlemen*—I have tried your P. P. P. for a disease of the skin, usually known as skin cancer, of thirty years' standing, and found great relief; it purifies the blood and removes all irritation from the seat of the disease and prevents any spreading of the sores. I have taken five or six bottles and feel confident that another course will effect a cure. It has also relieved me from indigestion and stomach troubles. Yours truly,
CAPT. W. M. RUST,
Attorney at Law.

Book on Blood Diseases Mailed Free.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT.
LIPPMAN BROS.
PROPRIETORS,
Lippman Block, Savannah, Ga.

EVAN JONES, J. J. EAGER, J. S. DALEY,

WEST TEXAS REAL ESTATE

. . . AND . . .

IMMIGRATION BUREAU

DUBLIN, TEXAS.

OFFICE WITH PROGRESS.

Property For Sale;

FARMS AND RANCHES.

West Texas Real Estate and Immigration Bureau has for sale.

No. 1. 140 acres on cow creek, 54 acres in cultivation four miles north-west of Dublin.

No. 2. 154 acres four miles north of Dublin; 125 acres in cultivation, good four room stone house, good well and underground cistern. Price $4000. ¼ cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years.

No. 3. 100 acres, 60 acres in cultivation, forty acres in pecan grove, can be irrigated from Cohcho river, one mile from San Angelo. Price $10 per acre.

No 4. 1280 acres 3 miles southwest from San Angelo all under fence, two-thirds fine farming lands. Price $5.00 per acre.

No. 5. 1058 acres all under fence, nearly all fine farming lands. Price $5 per acre.

No. 6. 1600 acres in Menard county near Ft. McKavette, ½ farm lands, price $5 per acre. 1096 acres on which Fort McKavette stands; ½ of this land is fine farming land and can be irrigated from the San Saba river, which furnishes the finest water power in the west; also 15 good stone buildings, built by the government, which cost seventy-five or eighty thousand dollars, are included with this tract of land. Price $10 per acre.

No. 10. One farm of 143 acres in Cherokee county; 30 acres in cultivation, balance in fine pine, hickory and oak. Two houses, good well and orchard. This property is ten miles from the city of Rusk. Price $5.00 per acre.

No. 11. 300 acres of land, 1[illegible] in cultivation, good six room house, good smokehouse, crib, stable, one tenant house, plenty of water, good well, cistern and spring. School house, postoffice and blacksmith shop within ¼ of a mile. This property is located 12 miles south-east from Dublin. Big bargain here for some one who desires to buy a first class No. 1 farm.

TOWN PROPERTY.

No. 6. In Dublin, one lot in Keith addition, 100x125 feet with three room house, well-finished, barn and lot, good well, fine young orchard. Price $1000. ½ cash, balance in one and two years.

No. 7. Partof lots 1, 2, 3, 8, 9 and 10, block 1 of Keith addition, good seven room residence, good well, barn and lot. Price and terms on application.

No. 8. 7 acre tract of land in the town of Dublin, a bargain for some one; only open for 10 days. Call at once and secure the cheapest block of land ever sold in Dublin.

No. 9. In south-east Dublin, 1 acre lot, very good house, no well. Will trade for wagon and team or $125 cash.

No. 12. Two lots 110x150 in Latham's addition, good three-room house, splendid well of water out houses, etc. Price $300, one-third down cash, balance in one and two years.