THE DAILY LIVE STOCK REPORTER'S MARKET REPORTS ARE OFFICIAL, ACCURATE AND RELIABLE. SUBSCRIBE FOR IT AND KEEP UP WITH THE MARKET

The Fort Worth Daily Live Stock Reporter.

VOL. VIII. NORTH FORT WORTH, TEXAS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1904. NO. 217

LIVESTOCK MARKET

GOOD RUN OF CATTLE ON TODAY'S MARKET.

Good Demand Made an Active Market for Steers—Cows Active and Strong at the Opening, Later Weakened and Closed Easy—Calves Steady.

HOGS CONTINUE TO MAKE A LIGHT SHOWING.

With Good Demand and Light Supply, Sales Were Made at a Dime Advance. Quality Generally Good.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.
Today	2,500	650
Last month	1,553	218
Same day 1903	2,471	679

Official Receipts Yesterday.

Cattle	3,773
Hogs	696
Sheep	114
Horses and mules	99

Range of Selling Prices Today.

CATTLE—Steers, top $3.50, bulk $2.80@3.50. Cows, top $2.25, bulk $1.50@2.00. Calves, top $3.50, bulk $2.50@3.00.

HOGS—Top $5.70, bulk $5.40@5.65.

THE CATTLE TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Steers—Good to strict choice	$3 00@3 75
Medium fed	2 50@3 00
Stockers and feeders	2 00@2 50
Yearlings	1 25@2 25
Cows—Choice heavy fed	2 25@2 75
Medium butcher	2 00@2 25
Cutters	1 75@2 00
Canners	1 00@1 75
Bulls, stags and oxen	1 50@3 00
Calves—Medium to fancy	3 00@3 50
Common to fair	1 50@3 00

Another liberal run of cattle came in, and receipts so far this week show a slight increase over the corresponding time last week. Fifty-six cars were in in time for the early market, with but few reported, and total receipts were estimated at 2,500, against 3,023 for last Tuesday, 1,553 for the same Tuesday in August, and 2,471 for the same day one year ago.

BEEF STEERS.

A moderate supply of steers came in, the quality of which was medium to fairly well finished. Packers seemed to have plenty of orders for steers and selling ruled active and steady until the supply was sold out.

Three loads of cattle averaging around 1188 pounds topped the trade at $3.50, with a few sales at a range of from $2.90@3.25.

Good to choice heavy fed steers are quoted from $3.00@3.75, medium fed from $2.50@3.00, stockers and feeders $2.00@2.50, and yearlings $1.25@2.25.

Representative sales:

No.	Ave.	Price.
22	1184	3 50
22	1185	3 50
23	1194	3 50
21	1154	3 25
1	1140	3 25
3	1046	3 00
19	924	2 80
2	550	2 00
1	570	2 00
8	553	1 55
1	720	1 50

BUTCHER STOCK.

Offerings of butcher stock were liberal, and largely of a common grade. Early trading ruled active and strong, caused by fresh orders from packers and butchers, but later the demand weakened and the later trade ruled a shade easier.

The bulk of offerings went at a range of from $1.75@2.00.

Good to choice heavy fed cows are quoted at a range of from $2.25@3.00, medium fed from $2.00@2.25, cutters $1.75@2.00, and canners $1.00@1.75.

There was no noticeable change in the bull market. Not many arrived to attract buyers, and selling ruled about in the same notches, the bulk going around $1.75.

Bulls, stags and oxen are quoted at a range of from $1.50@3.00.

Cows.

1	960	3 50
1	820	2 40
1	760	2 25
28	861	2 20
18	766	2 10
27	830	2 10
15	818	2 05
25	654	2 00
1	800	2 00
29	748	1 95
27	713	1 90
4	650	1 90
27	756	1 90
21	740	1 90
18	750	1 90
29	671	1 85
16	748	1 85
23	734	1 80
25	771	1 75
31	761	1 70
34	635	1 70
20	579	1 65
2	955	1 50
29	720	1 50
7	550	1 45
5	760	1 40
9	626	1 25
7	684	1 25
8	698	1 25
7	614	1 25
16	620	1 10
2	680	1 00

Heifers.

2	465	2 00
7	540	1 90
12	508	1 75

Bulls.

1	1360	1 75
1	1390	1 75
1	890	1 60
2	1000	1 60
12	974	1 60
1	970	1 50

CALVES.

Calves continue to come in liberal numbers, and the quality today was largely of a medium heavy kind. Buyers claimed they were going to buy lower, but shippers started buying and this competition opened a steady trade, which ruled throughout the day, the bulk going at a range of from $2.50@3.00.

7	142	3 50
3	140	3 50
4	100	3 25
63	212	3 00
1	120	3 00
6	265	3 00
1	140	3 00
2	195	2 75
8	161	2 75
2	150	2 75
71	241	2 75
6	211	2 65
21	318	2 65
1 8	245	2 55
1	210	2 55
1	140	2 50
3	196	2 50
2	190	2 50
6	293	2 50
10	344	2 50
1	120	2 50
13	236	2 50
1	230	2 50
68	310	2 50
2	180	2 50
1	120	2 50
8	227	2 25
2	150	2 25
15	342	2 25
2	255	2 00
1	260	2 00
6	326	2 00
13	202	1 75
2	355	1 50
2	335	1 50
1	120	1 00
1	150	1 00

THE HOG TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Choice sorted	$5 55@5 70
Mixed packers	5 45@5 60
Lights	5 40@5 60
Pigs	3 50@5 00
Stags and roughs	3 50@4 50

Receipts of hogs were fair. Nine cars were shipped in with about 600 head, and enough wagon hogs arrived to make total receipts about 650, against 344 for last Tuesday, 218 for the same Tuesday in August, and 679 for the corresponding day one year ago.

All arrivals today were from Texas points, and the quality showed improvement over yesterday's run.

While the bulk of offerings today were mixed loads, everything showed finish and salesmen gained a 10c advance. One bunch averaging 235 pounds topped the trade at $5.70, with the bulk of sales at a range of from $5.40@5.65.

Good to choice sorted hogs are quoted at a range of from $5.55@5.70, mixed packers $5.45@5.60, light grades $5.40@5.60, pigs $3.50@5.00, and boars, stags and roughs from $3.50@4.50.

Representative sales:

Hogs.

No.	Ave.	Price.
9	137	3 85
2	340	4 50
5	136	5 25
1	140	5 30
27	146	5 35
1	170	5 40
33	142	5 40
1	230	5 50
57	190	5 55
22	207	5 55
52	186	5 57½
6	171	5 60
5	215	5 60
1	210	5 60
61	202	5 65
23	241	5 65
31	238	5 65
54	214	5 65
66	209	5 65
1	170	5 65
74	190	5 65
8	260	5 65
8	145	5 65
2	240	5 67½
84	235	5 70

Pigs.

20	128	3 85
2	100	4 25
50	94	4 50
10	124	5 00
16	124	5 25
5	115	5 30
19	116	5 30
4	112	4 50
10	91	4 50

THE SHEEP TRADE

Today's Quotations.

Lambs	$3 50@5 00
Wethers	3 00@4 00
Ewes	2 50@3 50
Culls	1 50@2 50

HORSES AND MULES

Horses.

Drafts, good	$140@150
Chunks, good	75@130
Drivers, good to fancy	75 up
Drivers, medium	55@ 75
Southerners, common to fair	35@ 50
Southerners, good to extra	75@100
Plugs	15@ 25
Rangers, plain	10@ 30
Choice range horses	50@ 75

Mules.

13½ to 14 hands, fat	$ 50@ 60
14 to 14½ hands, fat	75@ 85
14½ to 15 hands, fat	90@120
15 to 15½ hands, fat	125@140
15½ to 16 hands, fat with quality	145@160
16 to 16½ hands, extra, 1,200 to 1,500	165@175

RECEIPTS AT THE YARDS TODAY.

Cattle.

Geo. M. Brown, St. Joe	34
J. W. Perryman, St. Joe	31
Salman & Howard, Nocona	30
Quillen & L., Nocona	25
W. J. Wallen, Wichita Falls	28
W. J. Nolen, Holliday	55
S. G. Helm, Holliday	48
C. B. Filder, Burk	31
A. T. Tessett, Burk	58
Riley & G., Decatur	28
Covington & H., Alvord	17
A. J. Meyers, Vineyard	41
W. J. Gilmore, Graham	72
Densmore & Co., Graham	97
J. M. Hatfield, Henrietta	32
Dr. A. B. Edwards, Edwards' Spur	31
Reed & Ward, Byers	22
Byers Bros., Byers	66
J. E. Fish, Quanah	29
W. E. C. & Co., Dallas	39
R. N. Dickenson, Stamford	204
J. S. Boon, Stamford	70
R. W. Herron, Cisco	74
Geo. Crouch, Stamford	45
W. S. Pearson, Stamford	107
S. S. Cummings, Stamford	95
R. V. Calvert, Stamford	48
J. R. Williams, Ranger	30
J. Butler, Ranger	39
J. M. White, Addington	29
W. A. Yates, Comanche	30
J. W. Martin, Duncan	82
R. L. Baxter, Brady	30
Oscar Cain, San Angelo	77
W. Robinson, Comanche	47
B. Johnson, Granbury	30
D. Menefee, Graham	33
J. J. Stubbs, Wortham	6
E. V. Bryson, Eskota	30
W. R. Bigham, Merkel	88
A. Holt, Abilene	102
M. T. LaPrelle, Coleman	46
T. H. Shaw, Ballinger	83
C. C. Caldwell, Miles	58

Hogs.

E. R. Ward, Sanger, Tex.	39
S. H. Sullivan, Sanger, Tex.	100
C. D. Copeland, Mart, Tex.	74
Covington & H., Alvord, Tex.	50
Stubbs Bros., Wortham, Tex.	77
S. P. Stone, Itasca, Tex.	58
J. Galt, Winnsboro, Tex.	57
M. Allen, Marietta, I. T.	81
J. M. James, Mannsville, I. T.	77
Smith & McGaughey, Lindsay, I. T.	84

BUYERS ON YESTERDAY'S MARKET

Cattle.

Armour & Co.	858
Swift & Co.	61
Farmer	18
Burns	11
Others	16

Calves.

Armour & Co.	302
Swift & Co.	155

Hogs.

Swift & Co.	426
Armour & Co.	160
Others	9

Sheep.

Armour & Co.	87
Swift & Co.	41
Others	1

ABOUT THE STOCK YARDS TODAY.

C. D. Copeland sold a load of hogs from McLennan county, averaging 190 pounds, at $5.65.

Wm. J. Bryan had a load of cows in from Odessa, averaging 756 pounds, that sold at $1.90.

Oscar Cain sold 63 calves of 212 pounds at $3 and 10 of 344 at $2.50. They came from San Angelo.

L. H. Sullivan marketed a load of hogs from Denton county. They averaged 202 pounds and brought $5.65.

Dr. A. B. Edwards was on the market with a load of 924-pound steers from Edwards Spur, that sold at $2.80.

Stubbs & Bro. had hogs on the market from Freestone county. They sold 22 of 204 pounds at $5.55 and 33 of 147 at $5.40.

R. W. Herron sent in a load of calves from Stamford. He sold 68, averaging 310 pounds, at $2.50, and 6 of 265 lbs. at $3.

Smith & McGaughey had the top hogs in today, from Lindsay, I. T. A load of 84 head, averaging 235 pounds, sold at $5.70.

A. Holt shipped in from Abilene two loads of cows. He sold 27 of 830 lbs. average at $2.10, 29 of 749 at $1.95, and 1 of 960 at $3.50.

J. F. Gilmore was on the market from Young county with two loads of cows. He sold one load of 750 pounds average at $1.95 and one of 672 pounds at $1.85.

Byers Bros. shipped in from Byers four loads of steers, three of which were the best on the market. They sold 67 head of 1188 pounds average at $3.50, and 21 of 1154 at $3.25.

W. B. King, manager of the Stockyards company, is back at his desk, after a visit to his old home in Orange county, Va. He looks as if he had enjoyed his vacation.

FIRE FIGHTERS TO MEET.

Tournament Will Be Held at Dallas During the Festival.

The grandest volunteer firemen's and police department tournament ever held in Texas will be at Dallas on Monday, Oct. 10th, during the Texas Grand Festival and Kaliph's celebration. These will be on a magnitude never before attempted by the firemen of Texas, and there will be more fire organizations represented in the contests than were ever in any contest in the state.

The volunteer firemen's tournament will be under the management of Chief J. Ed Schmitz, of the Denton department, and it is his purpose to get to Dallas for the tournament fire companies from all over Texas. There will be a grand parade in front of the grand stand of all the companies, including the paid department of Dallas, including their fire-fighting machines. Contests of speed in answering an alarm of fire, hose coupling contests, hook and ladder drills, pompier corps' work and wall scaling contests. These contests will be the real thing, and will realistically show the work of the volunteers in an emergency.

SHEEP MORE IN FAVOR

TEXAS STOCK RAISERS BUYING IN NEW MEXICO.

Time Was When Texas Had More Sheep Than Any Other State—Advantages of Mutton Sheep.

It is not many years since Texas had more sheep than any other state. Vast flocks covered the pastures along the Rio Grande, and there were men who numbered their sheep up to a hundred thousand and then quit counting. The business was overdone, and began to decline. The drouth of 1886 and a hard winter destroyed thousands of them. Then came the decline in the price of wool, and sheep became as unpopular as prairie-dogs. They were sold, killed, and allowed to die, until in some counties where one could not have got out of hearing of a sheep's bleat in 1884, in 1890 there was hardly a lamb to be seen. Texas is now away down in the list of sheep states, with only about a million and a half, where it counted eight or nine millions twenty years ago.

These were wool sheep, generally Merinos, unfit for mutton. When wool got too low to make a profit, sheep became valueless. Good mutton sheep have never dropped so low as the wool-producing sheep, and there has never been a time when a fat mutton went begging for a buyer at a price that would keep it out of the poorhouse.

There is evidently a revival of interest in sheep-raising in Texas. The packing-houses at Fort Worth have made a market for muttons, and they pay good prices. The complaint has been of the lack of supplies. Four or five times as many sheep are wanted as are offered. Texas farmers and stock raisers will find no more profitable class of stock than mutton sheep. They are to some extent stocking up, but they find that they have to go out of the state to get what they want. As evidence of the scarcity of sheep in Texas now, we reprint a San Angelo letter in the Dallas News:

San, Angelo, Tex., Sept. 11.—West Texas sheepmen are going over to New Mexico in numbers to buy sheep and the result of their pilgrimage is shown in the many flocks of the "woolies" which are now trailing across the country from New Mexico to West Texas. The returning sheepmen say that sheep are getting scarce in New Mexico; that the constant inroads made into the flocks there are having but one effect and that is to thin out the sheep in that essentially sheep-raising country. They say that the sheepmen there are showing a disposition not to part with their ewes, and that on an average they are asking 50c a head more for ewes than for wethers, showing their desire to keep their ewes for breeding purposes.

Texas sheepmen are forced to go to New Mexico to buy sheep, for the reason that there are none for sale in this section at reasonable prices. While the quality of the sheep obtained in New Mexico is not high, they do very well for muttons and with the use of proper rams can be bred up very well for wool sheep.

R. L. Carruthers has just returned from Carlsbad, where he says there are numbers of Texas sheepmen hunting for sheep. He says there have been a great many transactions made and that there will be large numbers of New Mexico sheep trailed across to Texas this fall. Mr. Carruthers bought 3,800 muttons from John Yelart of Carlsbad at $2.50 per head and this flock is now at Pecos City, and the way across the country to his ranch, located in Crain county. These sheep will be kept on the range through the winter for marketing in the spring next year.

A. W. Mills is another sheepman who has returned here after purchasing 4,500 head of sheep around Carlsbad, for which it is reported he paid $2.50 a head. These sheep are also being brought overland.

Hector McKenzie of the big sheep firm of McKenzie & Ferguson, whose headquarters are at San Angelo, is over in New Mexico buying sheep. He has purchased 3,500 around Carlsbad and is looking for a good many more. He will purchase quite a string before he returns.

G. S. Long of El Paso purchased 6,000 sheep at Carlsbad and these sheep are being brought overland to be pastured by Sol Mayer, near Howard Wells. As an exception to the rule that the sheepmen in New Mexico are asking more for their ewes than for their wethers, one bunch of 6,000 sheep, said to be this sale, was sold at $2.75 for the ewes and $3 a head for the wethers. This was the only exception that proved the rule, so the sheepmen say, and these sheep were exceptionally good ones.

Another well known sheepman, ranching in the Devils River country—a Mr. Prosser—has purchased 12,000 or 14,000 sheep from Bob Owens at Carlsbad. These sheep will be shipped by rail to either Sanderson or Langtry, Tex., and pastured in the vicinity of the point they come in.

Al Garrett is another sheepman in New Mexico, buying sheep. He has purchased several flocks around Roswell and Hope and these sheep will be driven overland.

Altogether it seems there is a prospect for considerable depletion of the numbers of sheep in New Mexico if the Texas ranchmen continue, as it appears they expect to do, to buy up New Mexico sheep and bring them across to Texas.

EFFECTS OF THE STRIKE.

Donnelly Says the Union Men Have Learned a Lesson.

Discussing the calling off of the strike, the Chicago Live Stock World says:

Donnelly admits defeat. He said: "Our men have been chastened. Union labor will benefit from salutary lessons taught by the strike. It has been a losing fight for us, in a way, but I believe the final results will be for good. Our men have learned that they were not omnipotent; that they could be beaten. From now on they will be more conservative. There will be less of the spirit of dictation that has appeared, we all know too well, from time to time.

"The packers, too, I believe, are wiser than when the strike began. On both sides there is a feeling, I am sure, that the mistakes of the past are not to be repeated in the future.

"We have the assurance of the packers that they intend changing the system of operating their plants. They have told us that they will seek to give steady work to their crews so far as possible. This will mean fewer men for the union, but they will be higher paid, more satisfied men, and they will make the union a better organization."

"The second strike was a mistake," one of the conservative union men said. "There is no question that it was a violation of the agreement. Investigation has proved that the workers refused to abide by it when they reported back for duty."

CHAMPION SNAKE STORY.

Oklahoma Rattler Said to Have Been Nineteen Feet Long.

This is the snake story season. Oklahoma has the lead up to date. We print this story just as it is reported for the Fort Worth Record:

Oklahoma City, O. T., Sept. 12.—An immense rattlesnake is reported to have been killed one day last week by railroad graders on the Midland Valley near Broken Arrow, in Indian Territory. The snake is said to have been nineteen feet long and had forty-four rattles, and weighed 127 pounds.

The snake was found in a crevice among rocks that had been dynamited in the construction of the road grade. The monster snake was skinned and the hide will be mounted and sent to the World's Fair for exhibition.

GAVE THE BODY "HOURS TO LEAVE"

A Unique Verdict that Followed a Murder Trial in No Man's Land.

National Live Stock Reporter: Colonel A. Harrington, of Green county, Mo., who had a consignment of cattle on the market this week from his ranch in Beaver county, Oklahoma, tells some remarkable naratives connected with the early settlement of that section. Colonel Harrington is a crimipal lawyer of note and a man of marked characteristics. He has been identified with the development of the Southwest for many years and has participated in some of the stirring events of border life. He is an interesting story teller and related one which had much to do with making history in that famous section of the country known as the "Strip," or "No Man's Land." He himself, however, had no part in it, though his ranch house is located on the identical spot where the events here recorded took place.

In an early day in that country, as in all similar sections of the United States, when a sort of "first come, first served" policy prevailed in taking up claims, disputes often arose and were frequently settled by recourse to arms. On this particular occasion two families named Eldridge and Thompson became involved in a controversy over rights to certain lands and the ever ready gun was brought into play. They barricaded themselves in their homes, which were within rifle shot of each other, and kept up a hot fire all day. When night came the result was one dead Eldridge and two wounded Thompsons.

The next day, in the absence of formal officers to execute the statutes, the citizens met, organized, and elected a judge, sheriff and other officers, who proceeded without delay to bring all parties to justice. Court convened and the judge, who by reason of ministerial experience occupied the bench with dignity and authority, ordered the empaneling of a jury and the trial was on. It was ordered by the court that the body of the dead Eldridge boy should first be brought into court and placed on trial. The determined jury after listening to the evidence at once brought in a verdict of guilty and assessed punishment at a fine of $75 and costs and gave the body ten days to leave the country.

One of the Thompsons was then placed on trial and his conviction resulted in a similar verdict. The judge, however, arose and stated that as it was evident from the condition of the body of the dead man that ten days was too long a period to allow it to remain in the community he would set aside that part of the verdict and give the corpse of the deed Eldridge just twenty-four hours in which to be removed from the country. He stated further that he believed in justice and fair play and he would therefore order that the Thompson who had been convicted be treated similarly and that he be given the same length of time in which to take his departure. He further ordered that the sheriff immediately round up the cattle of the two contestants and sell same to raise funds sufficient to meet the judgments rendered against them, which was accordingly done.

At the conclusion of this unique trial all parties in the controversy left the country. Thompson has never been heard from but the father of the slain Eldridge boy subsequently returned and is an honored and respected citizen in that country, while some of the others who took part in this remarkable trial are likewise well known residents there. A few years after this particular event, Oklahoma was open for settlement and the territory organized, with the "Strip," now Beaver county, one of the attractive sections of the southwest cattle country, and today it is one of the most valuable of that great territory's rich districts.

SHEEPMEN IN GOOD SHAPE.

Conditions Have Been Rather Favorable to Them This Year.

Notwithstanding heavy winter losses and a constant struggle for range rights, the sheep owners seem to be making ends meet, and gain some, says the Denver Stockman. The high price of wool has been a big help this season, and with a big crop outlook and feeder buyers already in the field, the sheepman is feeling very enthusiastic on the situation. Wool sales have been made at 20 cents and better in Montana, and there is a record of one flock that averaged $1.44 per head for the wool alone.

The demand for mutton seems to be increasing faster than the supply, and as yet there is no indication that there is to be any falling off in the demand. The sheepman may be an ornery cuss as viewed from the range cattlemen's standpoint, but he does sure seem to have a stand-in with Providence when it comes to dividing the cash.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKET REPORTS.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	7,500	10,000	18,000
Kansas City	2,000	8,000	5,000
St. Louis	7,000	6,500	2,000
	16,500	24,500	20,000

Chicago.

Special to The Reporter.

Union Stock Yards, Sept. 13—CATTLE—Receipts 7,500. Market slow to steady. Beeves $3.85@6,25, cows and heifers $1.75@4.40, stockers and feeders $2.00@3.75.

HOGS—Receipts 10,000. Market weak to 10 lower. Top $6.05, bulk $5.50@5.65. Mixed and butchers $5.45@6.00, good to choice heavy $5.45@5.85, rough heavy $4.80@5.85, lights $5.55@6.00, pigs $3.75@5.60.

SHEEP—Receipts 18,000. Steady.

Kansas City.

Special to The Reporter.

Kansas City, Sept. 13.—CATTLE—Receipts 2,000. Market lower. Beeves $3.50@6.00, cows and heifers $1.50@4.50, Texas and Westerns $2.00@5.40.

HOGS — Receipts 8,000. Market steady. Top $5.65, bulk $5.50@5.60. Mixed and butchers $5.50@5.65, good to choice heavy $5.50@5.65, rough heavy $5.50@5.55, lights $5.50@5.65, pigs $2.50@5.55.

SHEEP—Receipts 5,000. Weak.

St. Louis.

Special to The Reporter.

National Stockyards, Sept. 13.—CATTLE—Receipts 7,000, Texas 4,000. Market slow to steady. Texas steers $2.50@3.55, cows and heifers $2.00@3.00.

HOGS — Receipts 6,500. Market 5 lower. Top $6.05. Pigs and lights $5.50@5.90, packers $5.55@5.95, butchers $5.85@6.05.

SHEEP—Receipts 2,000. Steady.

BOLL WEEVIL PUZZLE.

Theory That Bird Kills Pest Is Not Held Reliable.

Washington. — Reports from Texas that Miss Helen Gould had sent Col. Isaac Brown of Rochester, Ind., to the Lone Star state to try to find a bird which will prey upon the boll weevil are not received with much favor at the department of agriculture.

It is said that Col. Brown called upon Miss Gould and interested her in the theory that for every insect that destroys vegetable life there is a bird created to exterminate it. This theory was investigated by the department years ago and found to be untenable.

"There are a number of birds that would eat the boll weevil," said Prof. Galloway, head of the bureau of plant industry, "if they could catch it. But no bird has ever been found that preys exclusively upon the boll weevil, consequently there is nothing in the bird theory."

Report of the Condition
—of—
THE STOCKYARDS NATIONAL BANK

At North Fort Worth, in the State of Texas, at the close of business, Sept. 6, 1904:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$229,165.21
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		39,685.22
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		25,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		1,492.19
Bonds, securities, etc.		1,000.00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		1,348.69
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		72,426.72
Due from State banks and bankers		18,157.13
Due from approved reserve agents		136,435.39
Checks and other cash items		16,096.80
Notes of other National banks		2,820.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		274.84
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$15,652.00—	15,652.00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		1,250.00
Total		$561,704.28

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	100,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	5,116.43
National bank notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to other National banks	150,466.07
Due to State banks and bankers	3,133.23
Due to trust companies and savings banks	5,831.50
Individual deposits subject to check	268,155.59
Demand certificates of deposit	500.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,501.46
Total	$561,704.28

State of Texas, County of Tarrant, ss:

I, T. W. Slack, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. W. SLACK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of Sept., 1904.

(L.S.) CARRIE A. LOWE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
M. SANSOM,
J. B. GOOGINS,
Directors.

RECAPITULATION.

Resources.

Loans	$268,850.42
U. S. bonds	25,000.00
Premiums	1,492.19
Securities	1,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	1,348.69
Cash, on hand and with banks	264,012.97
	$561,704.28

Liabilities.

Capital	$100,000.00
Profits	6,116.43
Circulation	25,000.00
Deposits	431,587.85
	$561,704.28

Daily Live Stock Reporter.

BY THE REPORTER PUBLISHING CO.

50 cts. a Month. - - - $4.00 a year
Single Copy 5 Cents.

Issued Every Day Except Sunday, Exchange Ave., North Fort Worth, Tex. Telephone 569.

Entered June 15, 1903, at Fort Worth, Texas as second-class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1875.

Address all communications to The Reporter Publishing Company.

No drafts or orders will be honored by this company, unless given by agents showing proper written authority therefor.

HOW TO MAKE REMITTANCES—Whether by check, postoffice money order, or express money order, make it payable to THE REPORTER PUBLISHING CO., and not to the Daily Live Stock Reporter.

The grower of farm products, live stock and poultry is requested to read this paper before going to market. It will pay him.

Correspondence telling of the condition of live stock, its progress and improvement of the industry, and anything that would be of interest to stock raisers, is invited.

Notice to Agents.

Subscribers ordering The Reporter must sign subscription blanks. This is necessary to insure the name being correctly written, and to prevent mistakes in making up the mailing list. Agents must see that these instructions are carried out.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1904.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

When ordering your paper changed from one postoffice to another, state the office you are now getting it at, and the office to which you want it sent. If getting by rural route, state the number.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

No traveling soliciter is authorized to solicit for subscriptions or advertising or collect money on account of the Daily Live Stock Reporter or The Citizen, except J. A. Parchman.

Scrapbook Minds.

"Some men seem born with a scrapbook instead of a mind," says the London Spectator. "All their experiences, however gained, remain disconnected and are merely a selection of oddments, a selection which gets bigger as they get older, but out of which they can make nothing. While they are very young no one perhaps notices their mental misfortune. They display their scraps with pride and receive praise for their quantity and their quality. A good memory is a sufficient equipment for a starter in the race of life, and it is amazing how far it will take a man even when childhood is long past and he has his way to make in the world. Socially speaking, the scrapbook minded have almost always a superficial success. Perhaps the form of scrap exchange in which they excel most is of a personal nature. They forget nothing. They know what So-and-so does, and they know what he or she did and even very likely what his or her grandfather used to do, but as to what he and she actually are, though all the evidence is before them, they can form no estimate. Their store of knowledge does not help them to any moral conviction."

A Peculiar Animal.

Australia's nearest equivalent to the hedgehog is the echidna. It varies in length from twelve to eighteen inches. Its broad, depressed body is mounted on very short, strong legs, terminating in big, powerful claws suited to digging. The small head terminates in a slender snout. Although the mouth is toothless, the palate is studded with recurved spines. The slender, extensile, glutinous tongue is well adapted for the capture of ants and other insects. Stiff, hedgehog-like spines mixed with long, coarse hairs cover the back. It is stronger in proportion to its size than any other quadruped, and its peculiar build gives it wonderful power in digging. If when pursued it is unable to flee to its home burrow it digs a retreat for the occasion, and if unable to escape entirely underground so compresses itself into its excavation that all the surface presented to its pursuer is a bunch of spines, most unpleasant to attack.

A Grotesque Dresser.

The Rev. Robert Stephen Hawkes, the Cornish poet and antiquary, who died in 1875, wore crimson gloves and wading boots up to the hip and was sometimes seen riding on a mule in a poncho, a blanket with holes cut in it for his head and arms. He was asked by a woman about this garment and replied that it was the robe of an "Armenian archimandrite." His ordinary clerical attire consisted of a brown cassock with red buttons, girded with a cincture. This costume was criticised at a ruridecanal meeting, and he retorted hotly: "At all events, brethren, you will allow me to remark that I do not make myself look like a waiter out of place or an unemployed undertaker and that I do scrupulously abide by the injunction of the seventy-fourth canon of 1603."

How a Plant Has Traveled.

Something like 125 years ago the little plant known to the botanists as Lepachy's columnaris was only known to inhabit a small section of country in the very southern portion of Louisiana. Some time later it was reported as occurring sparingly along the Canadian river and later still on the Arkansas. Since that time it has slowly spread north, west and east, even to the very source of the Missouri, over into the British possessions and is now said to be creeping along the Saskatchewan toward Hudson bay. How a plant which originated in a warm climate could accustom itself to such changes is another of nature's mysteries.

Chinese Words.

There are words in the Chinese language which have as many as forty different meanings.

India's Government.

India is in every sense of the word a crown colony. The governor general in council has power to make laws for all persons—British, natives or foreigners—in the Indian territories.

Horseradish.

Horseradish promotes appetite and stimulates digestion. It is said to be good for rheumatism.

DAUGHTREY DEAD.

Oldest Native Texan Expires Suddenly at Kenney.

Kenney, Tex., Sept. 13.—While walking in his yard Edward Daughtrey, a prominent citizen of Austin county, was stricken with paralysis and soon died.

Mr. Daughtrey was born Oct. 20, 1825, in San Augustine county, and it was thought that he was the oldest living native Texan, being at the time of his death nearly eighty years old. Mr. Daughtrey was married in 1857 to Miss Antoinette Dixon. From this union there were sixteen children, of which twelve are still living—eight girls and four boys.

Mr. Daughtrey came with his father, Bryan Daughtrey, who settled in Austin county in 1830. His father kept an inn on the road from San Felipe to Austin during the forties. It was here that General Houston, when wounded, stopped and had his wounds dressed.

Fought With Butcher Knives.

Fort Worth, Sept. 13.—Justice Rowland held T. E. Wright and John Seals, negroes, for the grand jury, on a charge of assault to murder. Saturday the negroes engaged in a pitched battle with butcher knives in the Crown restaurant. Both are seriously slashed.

Vitrified Brick.

Sherman, Tex., Sept. 12.—Five cars of vitrified brick came in from Thurber and upon the arrival of special steel rails for the Denison and Sherman Electric railway company work will begin on paving North Travis street and rushed to rapid completion.

Dies Suddenly.

Fort Worth, Sept. 13.—The wife of Dr. Cravens of Arlington died suddenly at Terre Haute, Ind., Sunday. Dr. Cravens had gone there to attend medical lectures. This is one of the most prominent families in Tarrant county.

MONEY HELD.

Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars For Settlement of Claim.

Constantinople, Sept. 13.—The Ottoman bank has notified the American legation here that it holds $25,000 at its disposal in settlement of the claim for property illegally seized and belonging to American citizens at Smyrna.

The American Bible House at Constantinople is preparing documents concerning American schools in Turkey for presentation to the ministry of public instruction.

BREAK THROUGH.

Several Thousand Hereroes Said to Have So Done.

Berlin, Sept. 13.—Advices received here from German southwest Africa show the main body of the Hereroes, several thousand strong have broken throug the line of German troops dispersed for the purpose of encircling them and escaped toward the southeast with loss of fifty men killed. This is interpreted to mean an indefinite prolongation of the campaign.

PRICE SOARS.

"Wheat at Two Dollars Per Bushel Before Next May."

Chicago, Sept. 13.—"Wheat at $2 per for May delivery ranged from $1.11¼ to bushel before next May" was heard on the board of trade Monday by the bulls. At the opening of the market there was an excited demand for wheat, with few traders venturing to sell. Prices for May delivery ranged from $1.11 to $1.12 and for the present month from $1.07⅝ to $1.08.

APPLIED FOR WORK.

Twelve Thousand Men Were Seeking Employment on Monday.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—It is estimated that about 12,000 men applied for work at the stockyards Monday. About 4800 applicants were taken back by the packers. Many non-union men failed to report for work, but a number appeared on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern and other railroads, giving rise to much dissatisfaction among the union men. Few clashes, however, are reported, chiefly firstcuffs, between negro strike-breakers and white unionists. About 14,000 non-union men are still at work in the yards.

Part Re-Employed.

Sioux City, Ia., Sept. 13.—The striking packinghouse employes reported for work Monday. Part of the men were re-employed.

Rates Reduced.

Liverpool, Sept. 13.—Allen, Dominion and Canadian Pacific steamship lines reduced steerage rates from London or Liverpool to Quebec from $15 to $10. The new rate, which will become effective in October, is regarded as indicating a probable failure of peace negotiations between the Cunard and continental lines.

INCESSANT RAINS.

They Have Done Much Damage Along the Rio Grande River.

Laredo, Sept. 13.—As a result of the incessant rains which have fallen in the territory extending from the head waters of the Rio Grande to its mouth, much damage has been wrought and the waters are still on the rampage. The river has reached the sixteen foot stage, both at this city and at Rio Grande City, and if the rise continues much fear is expressed that great damage will result at the latter named place.

One House Remains.

El Paso, Sept. 13.—Further particulars received from Presido, del Norte state that the flood of the Rio Grande river Saturday and Sunday completely wiped away the town with the exception of one house. The water was four feet deep on the streets.

To Erect Academy.

El Paso, Sept. 13.—The Sisters of Loretto of the Catholic church made public plans which they have prepared for the construction of a large academy in this city. The academy will occupy ground already owned by the order, and will cost $100,000.

Child's Feet Badly Burned.

Guthrie, Okla., Sept. 13.—Near Martha, in Greer county, the home of J. M. Crosby was entirely destroyed by fire and his 3-year-old son had the bottoms of both feet burned off by walking unconsciously into hot ashes and standing until rescued.

Boys Killed on a Trestle.

Sterrett, I. T., Sept. 13.—On a trestle near here two boys, one of them supposed to be Fred Mills of Muskogee, the other named Cale, were struck by a train and killed.

Crushed by Ice.

Guthrie, Okla., Sept. 13.—William Culpepper of Waco, Tex., was critically injured at Edna, being crushed by a 300-pound cake of ice.

CALLS ON POPE.

Archbishop Chapelle Received an Audience at the Vatican.

Rome, Sept. 13.—Archbishop Chapelle of New Orleans, papal delegate to Cuba and Porto Rico, was received in audience by Pope Pius Monday. The pope exhibited the kindliest interest in the archbishop and expressed great pleasure at making his personal acquaintance. The audience lasted forty-five minutes, and was concerned with matters relating mainly to Archbishop Chapelle's duties in Cuba and Porto Rico. Archbishop Chapelle reported that on the eve of his departure from Cuba President Palma, whose relations with the church are of the most pleasant character, requested him to present his individual respects to the pope, and also to express his desire for the maintenance of the best understanding between Cuba and the head of the Roman Catholic church.

After the report of the archdiocese of New Orleans had been submitted Archbishop Chapelle presented the pope with an album entitled "Catholic New Orleans." The album contains 150 photographs of churches and Roman Catholic institutions of New Orleans of New Orleans. The pope was highly pleased with the album, which he examined with much interest.

SCALDED TO DEATH.

Fireman Hicks and Unknown Man Meet That Fate.

Reno, Nev., Sept. 13.—Two men were killed and several passengers were injured by a collision between Southern Pacific passenger trains at Lawton, seven miles west of this city. The dead: Fireman Al. Hicks of train No. 5 and an unknown man. Both were scalded to death. All the injured have been brought here and will recover.

The second section of westbound train No. 5, while running at a speed of thirty-five miles and hour crashed into the third section of eastbound train No. 6, carrying a large party of returning Knights Templars. Each train was a double-header with a heavy train of Pullmans and day coaches of both trains.

FOUR LIVES LOST.

Terrible Results of a Tenement House Fire Tuesday Morning.

New York, Sept. 13.—Four persons were burned to death and six injured in a fine which destroyed the three upper floors of a five-story tenement on First street early Tuesday.

Three of the victims were men and the fourth a woman. All were found suffocated on the upper floors. Their bodies were recovered by the firemen who made many daring rescures.

WOMAN'S LECTURE.

Her Strictures on People Resulted in a Bloody Affair.

Hickory, N. C., Sept. 13.—A bloody affair has taken place near Hudson, in Caldwell county, about fifteen miles from here. The origin of the trouble was the published account of Miss Abbott's lecture in Cincinnati, reflecting upon the people of Hudson and vicinity, where she had been conducting a mission school. She met a warm reception upon her return this fall, and threats to drive her out were freely indulged in. J. F. Bollinger, at whose house she boarded, took her part. He summoned reinforcements from Hickory, and a party of five left for the Bollinger home. During the afternoon a general fight occurred between a dozen men, led by one Lingle and Bollinger's party, in which the latter got the worst of it. John Martin was shot through the shoulders, the bullet lodging in his backbone. B. F. Bollinger and John Bollinger were also wounded, the former severely, the latter slightly. No information has been received as to the casualties in the Lingle party.

MAINE ELECTION.

Republican Ticket Elected, but by a Reduced Plurality.

Portland, Sept. 13.—The Republicans carried the state in the biennial election, the returns indicating a plurality of about 33,000 for Cobb, the Republican candidate for governor, compared with 33,384 for Hill, the party candidate four years ago.

In the first and second congressional districts the returns indicate the election of Amos L. Allen and Charles E. Littlefield by about the same pluralities as four years ago.

In the third district F. C. Burleigh ran ahead of his vote of four years ago.

In the Fourth district the re-election of Llewellyn is conceded.

The Democrats have probably made slight gains in both branches of the legislature, but that body will be strongly Republican, and will probably re-elect United State Senator Hale. The vote was the heaviest cast since 1888.

DROVE NEGROES OUT.

Non-Residents Forced to Depart From Carlisle, Ind.

Carlisle, I. T., Sept. 13.—Jasper Hammond, colored while resisting arrest was shot and seriously wounded by Constable T. H. Johnston. Hammond was trying to renew a quarrel with other negroes. A mob gathered and drove all the non-resident negroes out of town. Race feeling is intense. Hammond was taken to the Sullivan jail for safe keeping when threats of lynching were heard. The mob entered every negro house and demolished some of them.

Mississippians Go.

Jackson, Sept. 13.—Governor Vardaman and his staff, together with a large number of invited guests, left Monday afternoon in three special Pullmans, attached to the Illinois Central train for St. Louis, where they go to participate in the dedication of the Mississippi state building, known as "Beauvoir."

Fifty Years' Change

[Original.]

In 1848 Professor Carl Gottlieb of the University of Bonn was engaged upon different methods for an indefinite prolongation of life in a comatose state. There was at the time a student in the university, an American, Madison Curtice, who assisted the professor in these experiments. Curtice never returned to America; indeed he disappeared completely from the world.

After Professor Gottlieb's death his descendants continued to occupy his chair and the paternal mansion as well. In the cellar of the mansion was a door marked, "Open in 1898." When that date came round Professor Herman Gottlieb, a grandson of Carl Gottlieb, was in possession of both the chair and the house. He opened the door, found an oblong box, took out a mummy and proceeded, under written instructions long kept in the family, to resuscitate it. This is all that ever leaked out about the matter, and the Gottliebs never would acknowledge any truth in it at all.

One summer evening in 1898 a young man arrived at an American city and made his way to his former home. He found it a beer saloon. With a sigh he sank into a chair at one of the tables and called for a mug of ale. When the proprietor handed it to him the young man begged him to bring one for himself. This he did and the stranger questioned him.

"Did you ever hear of the Curtice family, once leaders in this place?"

"Nein."

"Who are leaders now?"

"De pig men?"

"Yes, the leaders."

"Mike Finegan is de piggest?"

"Mike Finegan? Our family butcher was Mike Finegan."

"Yah. De grandfader vas a butcher. He vent to Kansas and killed hogs, a pig lot of hogs. Dat made him a ferry pig man. Von vat kills twenty hogs is not much. Von vat kills 200,000 hogs is a pig man."

The stranger, wondering, sipped in silence.

"De Finegans are pig people now," continued the proprietor. "Udder people can't touch 'em. Got bienty country places, yachts und such dings."

An hour later the stranger appeared before the palatial residence of the Finegans in the center of a great private park. Dinner had just been finished and several men in evening dress were smoking on the piazza. A group of women were sitting near. The stranger mounted the steps, hat in hand, and addressed the men.

"Sirs," he said, "after many years' absence I have returned to my native land. When I left here my father, Munroe Curtice, occupied the position which is now occupied by your family—the Finegans. I would fain take my position in society and humbly crave the boon of an introduction. I can assure you of my respectability by stating that I am related to two presidents, my father having been named for one, I for another."

The ladies held fans before their faces to conceal their smiles. One of the gentlemen invited the stranger to take a seat on the veranda.

"You must excuse me," he said, "for not remembering your family since they have not been known here since I came into the world. You must have been born abroad or you would know that marked changes have come over this country. It now requires wealth to keep up a position."

"I have all that a bachelor of good family requires. Though my paternal estates have been lost to me, half a century ago a small sum was invested for me in Germany and it now produces $3,500 a year."

There was an audible titter from the ladies. The gentlemen turned their heads away.

"The incomes of the bachelors of our acquaintance," said the host, "vary from $20,000 to $10,000,000 a year."

The stranger looked disconcerted.

"May I ask," he said presently, "if any of the old families are now leaders in society?"

"We are as old as any. You must know that the leaders of the time you speak were not so influential as those who lead today. At that time few if any noble foreign alliances had been made. Now there are many. My sister is Duchess of Donemonegal."

Again Mr. Curtice was thrown "flat-a-back." He was too well bred to show his astonishment and pushed on to avoid doing so.

"Perhaps I misunderstand the customs of these times," he said. "Half a century ago a Curtice had but to mention his name and all doors were opened to him, or where he needed introduction it was given to him. Desiring to see something of those who have taken the places of the leaders of that day, I would humbly beg you to present me. First I would pay my respects to your lady."

At this the women arose and went into the house, screening their faces as they did so.

"The term lady," said the host, "is now used in America for saleswomen and laundresses. In society we are men and women, at least to each other. But you must excuse me, sir. We are to have a few friends to play bridge whist with us this evening, and I must leave you. Happy to have seen you and regret my inability to serve you."

The gentlemen all rose and went into the house, leaving the astonished Mr. Curtice a picture of confusion.

* * * * * * *

That night, in a chamber over the beer saloon that had been visited by the stranger on his arrival, his dead body was found. He had begun a letter headed, "In my own room," but had only written a few words. Since he was unknown he was buried in the potter's field. F. A. MITCHEL.

Vienna.

More than five-eighths of the area of Vienna is covered by woods, vineyards, parks and gardens.

The Infant Prodigy.

Christian Henry Heineck, who was born at Lubeck in 1721, was called the "infant prodigy." He only lived to be four years old, but at the time of his untimely death was "highly educated."

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SIX BLOCKS BURN.

Fire at Idaho Falls Did a Great Deal of Damage.

Idaho Falls, Ida., Sept. 13.—Fire which started Sunday night in the Butte restaurant threatened to wipe out the entire business portion of this town. Six entire blocks burned and the seventh was still on fire Monday morning. Estimated loss is $350,000. The wind blew a terrific gale and the fire spread fast. About forty buildings were destroyed and many others on fire Monday morning. The firemen aided by citizens here had to work hard.

BARBER ARRESTED.

Ascribes Close Shave of Twenty Families to "Black Hand" Society.

New York, Sept. 12.—Pellignini Stravalli, an Italian barber, whose shop was wrecked by an explosion early Monday, endangering the lives of twenty families, who occupied tenements in the building, has been placed under arrest on suspicion of having caused the explosion.

Stravalli claims the explosion was caused by members of the "Black Hand" society, and at the police station he showed two letters, signed with a mystic symbol, threatening with serious things unless he sent $500 to the writers.

Merely Keep In Touch.

Tokio, Sept. 13.—Field Marshal Oyama reports that a large body of Russian cavalry has appeared at Pintaitzu, eastward of the railroad between Yental and Mukden. He adds the Russians are merely keeping in touch with the Japanese.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Hon. David B. Hill called on Judge Parker Monday.

Slot machine crusade has been waged at San Antonio.

Country around Carizzo Springs, Tex., has been flooded.

A good grade of oil has been discovered near Lockhart, Tex.

A boy named George Berch was drowned in San Antonio.

Two Germans fought a street duel at New York. One was wounded.

Monroe Sawyer, a Dallas boy, was badly burned by a gunpowder explosion.

Public schools of Oklahoma City on Monday opened with 4000 supils and 118 teachers.

THE TOBACCO CROP.

The Acreage as Compared With Last Year—More Shade Grown.

The accompanying table by the bureau of statistics will show the tobacco acreage as compared with that of last year and the condition of this important crop by types or districts, according to the classification of tobacco producing areas recently adopted by this bureau.

Among those sections producing cigar types Florida and Ohio report an increased acreage. The increase in Florida is due entirely to the larger area planted to shade grown tobacco, as the sun grown crop of this state is 10 per cent less than that of last year. The largest reduction of acreage is reported from New York and Wisconsin, while New England and Pennsylvania report a reduction of less than 10 per cent.

The few counties in Virginia producing sun cured tobacco report an increase, while all other sections producing chewing, smoking, snuff and export types report a decrease. The preliminary statement of the bureau indicated a slight increase in the Burley district, which is composed of certain counties in Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia, but later reports since planting was finished show a decrease of 3 per cent. The greatest reduction in acreage has been in South Carolina and in the eastern counties of North Carolina. The dark tobacco sections of Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia also report a marked reduction.

	Per cent of last year's acreage.	Condition.
CIGAR TYPES.		
New England	93	85
New York	89	82
Pennsylvania	81	85
Ohio—Miami valley	103	88
Wisconsin	79	83
Georgia—Decatur county	87	83
Florida—Gadsden county	119	89
CHEWING, SMOKING, SNUFF AND EXPORT TYPES.		
Burley District—Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana and West Virginia	97	84
Regie or dark—Kentucky	79	87
Regie or dark—Tennessee	87	85
Virginia sun cured	104	88
Virginia dark	76	88
Bright Yellow—Virginia	84	88
Bright Yellow—North Carolina old belt	89	88
Bright Yellow—North Carolina new belt	82	86
Bright Yellow—South Carolina	88	88
Maryland export	87	87
Eastern Ohio and West Virginia export	87	88
Perique—Louisiana	88	88

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onsumed daily in these two cities.

All along the Interurban line are as fine lands for the pro- on of the above as are to be found on earth. It's cheap Truck farmers, dairy men and poultry men, now is the o get in line. Fortunes will be made in these lines in the ten years.

he Interurban Line will haul the products to Fort Worth Dallas every hour—quick action and cash returns. These ices beat all others. Anyone interested in these lines should

. C. FORBESS, G. P. A.
Fort Worth, Texas.

GENIUS AT WORK.

Curious Postures of Some Men to Woo a Flow of Ideas.

Lombroso says that some men of genius in order to give themselves up to mediation even put themselves artificially into a state of cerebral semi-congestion. Schiller worked best with his feet plunged into ice. Descartes buried his head in a sofa while meditating, while Milton composed with his head leaning over his easy chair.

Paisiello composed beneath a mountain of bedclothes, and Rossini found bed the best place for his best works. Cujas worked lying prone on the carpet, and Liebnitz is said to have been obliged to assume the horizontal to meditate at all satisfactorily. Rousseau worked with his head in the full glare of the sun, Shelley on the hearth rug with his head close to the fire, and Bossuet, retiring to a cold room, wrapped his head in hot cloths.

It is possible that some of these devices increased the flow of arterial blood to the head, just as many can think best when exhilarated by rapid exercise or by walking up and down a room.

Whistler and His Tailor.

"Curious enough," wrote Mortimer Menpes, "whenever one came in contact with Whistler one entirely forgot one's own affairs and became completely occupied with his. The fit of the master's coat was far more important to me than my own artistic work. At the tailor's Whistler would give an elaborate description of how a certain coat was to be made, and the tailor would carry out his directions literally. But no sooner had the man accomplished the work than Whistler would say: 'This is all wrong. How dare you say that it is what I told you to do? I am a painter. It is not my business to make coats. That is your province. Therefore you should have led me to do what you knew to be right.'"

Japan and Paupers.

There are very few paupers in Japan, because old age is revered there. No parents or children come to want unless all their natural protectors are dead or disabled.

FORT WORTH RAILWAY SCHEDULE.

These trains at T. & P. Passenger Station, foot of Main street:

Rock Island System.

Depart.		Arrive.
8:30 am	Omaha and Mo. River	7:15 pm
9:05 pm	Kansas City, Chicago, Denver, Col. Springs and Pueblo Fast Ex..	7:10 am
Depart East	DALLAS LINE.	Arrive East
7:40 am	Mail and Express...	8:35 pm

Texas & Pacific Railway

Depart. East		Arrive. East
7:45 am	St. Louis Cannon Ball	7:45 pm
11:00 am	St. Louis Mail & Ex	4:45 pm
8:30 am	....Dallas Local....	5:15 am
10:00 am	Dallas & Wea'fd Local	3:25 pm
8:00 pm	....Dallas Local....	6:10 pm
3:45 pm	..Wills Point Local..	11:00 am
6:30 pm	St. Louis Mail & Ex.	9: am
Depart. West	Main Line West.	Arrive. West
8:20 pm	Colorado Mail & Ex..	7:00 am
3:30 pm	Weatherford Local..	9:45 am
9:45 am	..El Paso Express..	6:00 pm
	Transcontinental Division via Sherman	
Depart.		Arrive.
8:30 am	Texark. & St. Louis.	4:35 pm

FRISCO SYSTEM.

	Red River, Texas & Southern Ry.	
11:15 am	K.C.&St. L. Mail&Ex.	2:55 pm
	Ft. W. & R. G. Ry.	
3:15 pm	Brownwood M. & Ex.	10:55 am
2:00 am	..... Mixed	6:00 am

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

Depart.		Arrive.
	Denver, Colo. Springs	
9:45 am	and Pueblo Mail & Ex	5:10 pm
8:40 pm	... Amarillo Ex ...	7:25 am

Missouri, Kansas & Texas.

Depart. North		Arrive. North
8:35 am	... "Katy Flyer" ...	7:45 pm
11:20 am	..Mail and Express..	7:45 am
9:00 pm	..Mail and Express..	4:15 pm
7:45 pm	....Fair Special....	8:35 am
Depart. South		Arrive. South
8:15 pm	Hou. & Gal. &San Antonio, "Katy Flyer"	8:10 am
8:30 pm	.Houston Mail & Ex.	10:55 am
5:05 pm	.Houston Mail & Ex.	8:15 pm
9:00 am	....Fair Special....	7:20 pm

Cotton Belt Route.

Depart.		Arrive.
7:20 am	..Mail and Express..	5:50 pm
10:30 am	..Mail and Express..	5:30 pm
9:15 pm	..Mail and Express..	6:50 am

International & Great Northern Ry.

Depart.		Arrive.
7:30 am	Houston & San An.Ex	9:10 pm
3:40 pm	Austin " " "	11:35 pm

These trains at Santa Fe Station, Cor. 15th and Jones:

Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe Ry

Depart. North		Arrive. North
8:05 am	K. C.&Chi. Mail & Ex.	9:00 am
8:30 pm	K C. & Chi. Fast Ex..	7:40 am
Depart. South		Arrive. South
7:55 am	Hou. & Gal. M. & Ex.	8:20 pm
9:10 pm	Hou. & San Antonio Gal. Mail & Ex.....	7:55 am

Houston & Texas Central Railroad.

8:10 am	Hou. & Gal. Mail & Ex	8:23 pm
7:35 pm	Hou. & Gal. Mail & Ex	8:05 am
11:15 am	....Ennis Mixed....	11:10 am

Go To The World's Fair
VIA

THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY

Three fast trains daily—through chair cars and sleepers.

Call on or address.

E. P. TURNER, G. P. & T. A. DALLAS.
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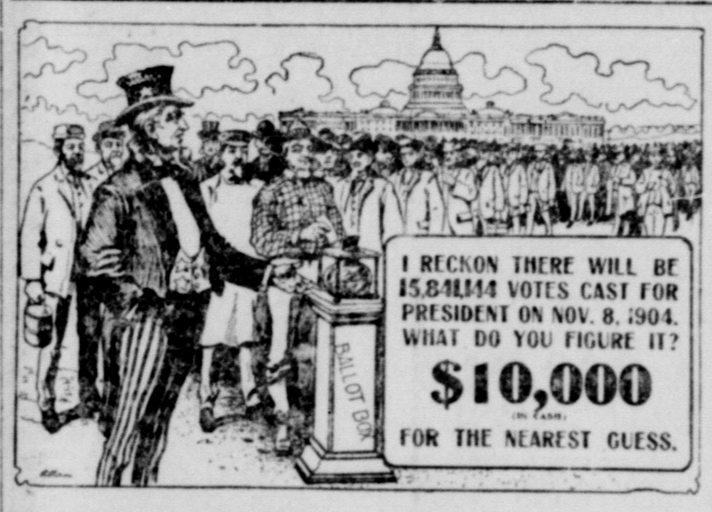
DIP! DIP! DIP!
Texas Fever Overcome!

The government dipping station located at the Fort Worth Stock Yards is in operation, and cattle feeders can now ship from below the line to northern pastures at any season of the year at a nominal cost by dipping at Fort Worth, under the government officers' supervision.

For full particulars address

W. B. KING, Gen. Mgr.,
Ft. Worth Stock Yards, Ft. Worth, Tex.

.....OUR GREAT.....
Profit-Sharing Contest



$25,000
IN
500 Cash Prizes

THIS IS FOR YOU.

First Prize, $10,000
Second Prize, $5,000
Third Prize, $1,000

8 Special Prizes of $500 Each for Early Subscriptions.

Every subscriber to THE DAILY LIVE STOCK REPORTER or THE WEEKLY CITIZEN has a chance to share in these cash prizes. The subject matter of the interesting Contest in which these large prizes will be paid is the Total Popular Vote to be cast for the office of President of the United States on the 8th day of November, 1904. Every man, woman and child in the United States should be interested in the Greatest Election the Country has ever had. It costs you nothing to win a prize.

Conditions of this Great Contest.

Every subscriber who remits 50 cents for one month's subscription to The Daily Live Stock Reporter, will be entitled to two guesses. For a year's subscription to The Weekly Citizen, at 50 cents, he will be entitled to one guess. For each guess he will receive a certificate. These certificates will insure to him any prizes which his guesses will entitle him to claim. When you send us your subscription also send us your guess or estimate of the Total Vote to be cast on November 8th, for the office of PRESIDENT. In making your guess consult thefigures below showing the total vote for President from Lincoln to McKinley. Write your name, address and estimate of the vote in the Subscription Blank. The paper will be sent to you regularly and we will mail to you certificates containing the figures of the guesses which you send to us. This certificate will guarantee to you any prize which your guess entitles you to. Keep the certificate until the prizes are awarded, so that you can compare your figures with the official figures at the close of the contest. The contest will close at midnight, November 7th, 1904, and no estimate received after that hour will be allowed. The official figures of the government showing the total vote cast for the office of Preident will determine who are entitled to the prizes and the awards will be made by a disinterested committee of prominent judges just as soon as the official figures can be ascertained. When the prizes are awarded every subscriber who holds a certificate in the Contest will receive a printed list of the winners. In addition to the large general prizes there are Eight Special Prizes of $500 each for early subscriptions. All have an equal chance to win these magnificent prizes. Those who estimate or guess NOW have a chance to win a special prize and just as good a chance to win the capital prize of $10,000 as the one who sends in his guess on the last day of the contest. Act at once. It may mean a fortune to you. The money with which to pay the prizes has been deposited by the Press Publishing Association, in the Central Savings Bank, Detroit, Mich., and can be used for no other purpose. In case of a tie for any individual prize such prize will be equally divided between the the contestants.

HERE IS THE LIST OF PRIZES.

For the nearest correct estimate or guess.....	$10,000
For the second nearest correct estimate or guess.	5,000
For the third nearest correct estimate or guess...	1,000
For the fourth nearest correct estimate or guess..	500
For the fifth nearest correct estimate or guess....	200
For the sixth nearest correct estimate or guess..	100
For the 10 next nearest correct estimates or guesses, $50 each	500
For the 20 next nearest correct estimates or guesses, $25 each	500
For the 42 next nearest correct estimates or guesses, $15 each	630
For the 100 next nearest correct estimates or guesses, $10 each	1,000
For the 314 next nearest correct estimates or guesses, $5 each	1,570
492 prizes amounting to	$21,000

In addition to the foregoing prizes the following

Special Prizes for Early Estimates will be paid

For the nearest correct guess received before July 1st	$ 500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after July 1st and before July 15th.....	500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after July 15th and before August 1st.....	500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after August 1st and before August 15th....	500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after August 15th and before September 1st..	500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after Sept. 1st and before Sept 15th.....	500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after Sept. 15th and before Oct. 1st.....	500
For the nearest correct guess received on or after Oct. 1st and before Oct. 15th.....	500
Total 500 prizes amounting to.....	$25,000

Valuable Information.

TO AID IN FORMING YOUR ESTIMATES, WE FURNISH THE FOLLOWING FIGURES:

The TOTAL POPULAR VOTE for President in the year

1864, was.....	4,024,792	
1868, was.....	5,724,686	increase of 42.23 per cent.
1872, was.....	6,466,165	increase of 12.94 per cent.
1876, was.....	8,412,733	increase of 30.10 per cent.
1880, was.....	9,209,406	increase of 9.47 per cent.
1884, was.....	10,044,985	increase of 9.07 per cent.
1888, was.....	11,380,860	increase of 13.30 per cent.
1892, was.....	12,059,351	increase of 5.96 per cent.
1896, was.....	13,923,102	increase of 15.45 per cent.
1900, was.....	13,959,653	increase of .26 per cent.

1904, What will it be?

Figure it out or guess at it, and send in your subscription. It may mean a fortune to you.

Be careful to write your name, figures and P. O. plainly.

Don't fail to take advantage of the

SPECIAL PRIZES.

Subscription Blank.

Inclosed find $.....to apply on Subscription Account

Name .....

Postoffice .....

State .....

My Estimates of the total vote to be cast on November 8, 1904, for the office of President, are:

.....

.....

.....

Remember that the CAPITAL PRIZE is $10,000, and that there are EIGHT SPECIAL PRIZES of $500 each for EARLY ESTIMATES. Send all orders to the

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WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF

EVERYTHING MADE OF LEATHER

Used for Riding or Driving.

Are you in the market for a nice set of double harness? If so try our store. We never fail to please. We take great pains to satisfy our customers. We make and carry in stock the best goods. When we buy leather we call for the best make. We defy anyone to produce superior workmen to those employed by our firm. Our prices are reasonable—our goods are up-to-date and guaranteed.

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We make the price and sell the goods.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, MANTELS AND STOVES.

Everything for your office or house on easy payments.

ELLISON FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

704 and 706 Main St.
705 Houston St.

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Located at Fourteenth and Main streets, Fort Worth, Texas, offers every facility for the transaction of your banking business, and begs to offer its services when in need of banking facilities.

Capital Paid in $100,000

WE SOLICIT YOUR ACCOUNT.

PROFESSIONAL.

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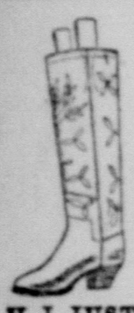
I make a specialty of adjusting and prosecuting claims for damages against railroads, for stock injured in transit. If you are interested, write to me.

W. R. BOOTH, Ft. Worth, Tex.



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Drop me a postal card and I will send a self-measuring system of the Best Cowboy Boot Made in the West.

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THE LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Places you in direct and instant communication with all important towns in Texas and Arkansas and many in other states. Its use will often save you a fatiguing journey.

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THE SOUTHWESTERN TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CO.

HOTEL WORTH,

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Stockmen's Headquarters. First Class Central Location. Stock Yards Cars Pass Our Doors.

Mrs. W. P. Hardwick, O. P. Haney } Managers

INTERURBAN LINE

NORTHERN TEXAS TRACTION CO.

RUNS 40 TRAINS DAILY Between FORT WORTH AND DALLAS.

Cars leave from the business center of both cities every hour, and on the hour from 6 a. m. to 11 p. m. Cars pass by Union Depot, Fort Worth, and Santa Fe and Cotton Belt depots, Dallas.

DALLAS FT. WORTH

FRACAS ON TRAIN.

Two Men Killed Then and Another Wounded Next Day.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sep t1.3.—During a row on an excursion train on the Georgia Southern and Florida railway between white men Jack Duncan was killed and his brother, Marshall Duncan, was dangerously wounded. Both men live at Eddy, a station just south of the Georgia-Florida line. Jim Riley, a negro, was killed by a stray bullet, he not being mixed up in the row. Monday W. M. Duncan, father of the Duncan boys, was shot four times in the back as a result of the trouble. He resides at Baxter, Fla., six miles from Eddy. W. M. Duncan is a turpentine operator at Baxter. His sons run a general merchandise store at Eddy.

STANDING GUARD.

Fifty Friends of Two Men Are Protecting Them.

Atlanta, Sept. 13.—A special from Cordele, Ga., says a party of about fifty friends are standing guard with loaded Winchesters around a house in Baxter, Baker county, Florida in which are Charles Altman and Hillary Altman, two men who are accused of killing a negro and a white man in an excursion train near that place Sunday night. The friends of the Altmans say that the sheriff or military will take the men over their dead bodies.

The two men killed were Jackson Duncan, a young white man, and Jim Riley, a negro.

W. M. Duncan, father of the man who was killed, was shot from ambush four times Monday. It is not known who did the shooting.

It is reported that a military company from Jacksonville has been ordered to the scene.

The exact cause of the trouble on the train is not known.

At Stillwater, Okla., Byron Stackhouse, charged with embezzling funds from the Cushing, Okla., postoffice.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Prices to Sellers.

POULTRY—Hens, per doz.	$3.00
Fryers, per doz.	$3.00
Broilers, per doz.	$2.00
DUCKS—Per doz	$5.50
EGGS—Per doz.	12½c
BUTTER—Per lb., yellow	15c to 20c

GRAIN AND HAY.

Prices Paid to Farmers.

HAY—Johnson Grass, wagons ton	$8.00
Prarie Texas, ton	$8.50
Prairie, Territory, per ton	$7.50
OATS—Per bushel	37@40c
WAGON WHEAT—Per bushel	$1.05

Vegetables.

CABBAGE—Per pound	2½c
ONIONS—Per pound	2c
PEACHES—Crate	75c@$1.00
APPLES—Per crate	$1.50
APPLES—green, per bbl.	$3.50@5.00
BEETS—Doz. bunches	25c
BEANS—Per bushel	$2.00
POTATOES—(New) bushel	$1.00@1.10
SWEET POTATOES—Per bu.	75c
ROASTING EARS—Per doz.	12½c
CANTELOUPES—Per crate	$2.25
CORNFIELD PEAS—Per bushel	40c
EGG PLANT—Dozen	60c

HIDES.

Prices Paid Shippers.

Heavy Dry Beef	15c
Heavy Dry Fallen	13c
Lights	11c
Dry Salt	9½c
Green	7c
Green heavy, 40 lbs and up	6½c
Green, light, under 40 lbs	5½c

PROVISIONS.

From the Store.

BACON—Standard	11½c
Extra	10½c
Dry Salt Standard	10½c
Dry Salt Bellies	11½c
Bacon Bellies	12½c
HAMS—Medium	15c
Large	12½c
LARD—Leaf, in tierces	11c
50-pound cans	11¼c
10-pound cans	12c
Compound, tierces	8c
10-pound cans	10c

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

Selling Prices at Stores.

CUGAR—Granulated, pound	6c
Cut loaf and powdered, lb	6½c
Yellow	5½c
MOLASSES—Sorghum, gallon	50c
Reboiled molasses	55c
Table syrup, gallon	60c
Louisiana Ribbon Cane	65c

STAPLE GROCERIES.

Selling Prices.

COFFEE—Roasted, pound	15c
RICE—Fancy, full grain	7c
Choice	6c
Prime	5c
FLOUR—High Patent	$2.90
Fancy Patent	$2.80
Third, or Straights	$2.55
SALT—No. 1 fine, bbl	$2.50

JAPS FILED PROTEST.

Wished Prompt Action Taken In the Lena Matter.

CONSUL MAKES CALL.

Commander of Russian Vessel States Her Boilers Are In Need of Repairs and an Inspection Was Ordered.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—The Japanese were the first to bestir themselves when they learned of the presence of the Russian ship, Lena, in the harbor. Prominent members of the Japanese colony called on Kishaburo Uyeno, Japanese consul general, and a long conference was held. What took place at this session is told by a prominent Japanese. He said that it was decided to have the Japanese consul general call on Chancellor Stratton and make the demand that the Lena leave port immediately. In the event of the refusal of this request the consul general was advised to demand Collector Stratton that he be allowed to be the judge of the fitness of the Russian cruiser to put to sea.

In accordance with these plans the consul general called upon Stratton shortly after he entered his office Monday morning. The two gentlemen were closeted for an hour and a half. Neither principal of the colloquy would disclose what had been said, but it was learned that at times the discussion was most animated.

At the first demand that the Lena be ordered to leave within the twenty-four hours' limit the collector returned a curt refusal. Then the consul general made the demand that he be permitted to be the judge of the seaworthiness of the Russian ship.

The reply that Collector Stratton made to this demand was in effect that the United States was not only willing, but able, to cope with the situation without the assistance of either of the belligerents. When Consul Uyeno emerged from the collector's office he denied that there had been any friction. That was all he would say at the time.

Monday afternoon Captain Berlinsky of the Lena, accompanied by the Russian consul, Kosavevitch, called on Collector Stratton. Captain Berlinsky assured the collector that he would be most happy to acquiesce in any demand relative to an investigation of the condition of his ship that the collector thought necessary. He carried with him duplicate copies of a somewhat lengthy statement, one of which he sent to the Japanese consulate and the other to Admiral Goodrich, commanding the American fleet now in this harbor.

The contents of this statement were not made public, but it is known that the captain explained why the Lena was in this port, just what repairs he deemed necessary to make his ship seaworthy and just how much coal he thought essential for him to take on board her.

It was determined that United States Inspector Bulkger would examine the vessel.

NOT CREDITED.

Three Rumors That Are Still Awaiting Official Confirmation.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 13.—The rumor that Viceroy Alexieff has tendered his resignation has been current for several days. No confirmation of it is obtainable, but it is hardly credited.

A report that Lieutenant General Leinevitch will succeed General Kuropatkin as commander in chief is also in circulation, but is not confirmable.

The report published in the Daily Mail of Londan that General Kuropatkin had been ordered by the emperor to recapture Liao Yang is not credited here.

DUM DUM BULLETS.

Two Kinds of Them Have Been Captured by the Japs.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The Japanese legation have received the following cablegram from Tokio: "The Manchurian army reports that two kinds of dum dum bullets were found among the munitions of war captured at the Liao Yang battle. They resemble cartridges intended for Russian rifles of the type of 1901. Some of the bullets were found among the munitions of war captured at the Liao Yang battle. They resemble cartridges intended for the Russian rifles of the type of 1891. Some of the wounds inflicted on the Japanese, it is thought, were caused by the bullets of this kind.

Invaded Korea.

London, Sept. 13.—The Daily Mail's correspondent with the Japanese repeats the Tien Tsin report that Lieutenant General Linevitch, with 50,000 men invaded northeastern Korea and cut General Kuroki's communications with Feng Wang Chang.

RISE IN RISKS.

Insurance Rates on Cotton Advanced Ten to Fifteen Cents.

Fort Worth, Sept. 13.—The presence of a Russian warship at San Francisco has caused cotton speculators to take out war risks. Much cotton is shipped from Texas to Japan. Risks are from 10 cents to 15 cents a bale.

Mobile Not Affected.

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 13.—According to Superintendent Henry Bolling of the Mobile cotton exchange the action of the Texas cotton shippers in taking out extra insurance because the appearance of a Russian warship in American waters will not affect Mobile shippers. Superintenient Bolling construes a decision of some months ago that cotton is not contraband, and that therefore cotton consigned to Japan will not be in danger.

FIGURES ON LOSSES.

President Roosevelt Receives a Cablegram About Liao Yang Casualties.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 13.—President Roosevelt has received by way of the state department a cablegram from United States Minister Griscom, at Tokio, giving the revised official figures of losses at the battle at Liao Yang. As reported by Field Marshal Oyama the losses during the several days' battle were 17,500, while the Russian losses were 20,000.

LENA CAUSES A STIR.

Armored Russian Vessel In Harbor of San Francisco

CREATES SENSATION.

Cruiser Will Either Have to Depart Within the Time Limit or Be Tied Up Until the Conflict Shall Have Ended.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Admiral Goodrich's report of the presence of a Russian transport in San Francisco harbor caused a great stir in official circles here. The entry of the ship was entirely unexpected and a disagreeable event, for it had been hoped by officials that America would escape being drawn into the necessity of making close decisions respecting the rights of belligerent vessels in our ports. It is probable the government here will follow closely the course pursued by Germany, France and China in cases where Russian war vessels sought shelter in their harbors. The first thing to be done is to find out the exact condition of the Lena and whether or not there actually exists need for repairs. If it should appear the vessel is really seaworthy she must go to sea at once, or, at least, within twenty-four hours after notice to our officials of her arrival in port. She may take on a supply of coal but only sufficient to move her to the nearest home port. It is believed at the navy departments that conditions will not be allowed to shape themselves so the Lena can go out of San Francisco harbor to prey on American commerce. In fact, the impression prevails that the Lena will be tied up at San Francisco until the end of the war, her crew remaining aboard, if the Japanese government does not object, and this is not likely.

PATRIOTIC MOTHER.

Writes Her Son He Must Not Let Russians Capture Him.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 13.—No fresh light had been thrown on the situation at the front up to noon Monday. Unofficial information tends to confirm the reports that General Kuropatkin is withdrawing the bulk of his army northward from Mukden.

Rain continues at the front. The three armies of Field Marshal Oyama are reported united north of the Taitse river, but there is nothing to indicate they have sufficiently recuperated to resume the advance. The best unofficial opinion is that Kuropatkin does not contemplate making a serious stand at Mukden.

The spirit animating the Japanese troops is shown by the translation of a letter written by a Spartan Japanese mother to her son, which has reached the war office. The letter was found on the body of her son. It adjured him to fight nobly for the mikado and his country and informed him that his capture would be considered an everlasting disgrace on his family ancestors, but that if he died on the battlefield it would be an honor which his family would celebrate for a week.

The Russian correspondent says Kuropatkin's strategy was upset by the failure of Major General Orloff to hold General Kuroki's extreme right. According to this correspondent the plan was to catch Kuroki after he crossed the Taitse river by a quick and clever movement. Orloff's mission was to attack desperately Sept. 2 in front of Kuroki's army, which marched northwest to hold him, and, if possible, to drive him back toward Kuropatkin, while the latter was severing Kuroki's communications to strike with all might at the flank and rear. But Orloff was unequal to the task assigned him. His division had just arrived from Russia and its fighting efficiency was not known. When he struck Kuroki, Orloff was wounded early in the fight and compelled to hand over the command. To make matters worse, the horse of his chief of staff bolted. The division could not resist the onslaught of the Japanese and the best troops gave away and retreated. In the meanwhile Kuropatkin was just launching his attack, but when he was compelled to abandon the offensive and withdraw and order a retreat. As it turned out, however, General Stakelberg had come to Orloff's rescue and checked the Japanese flanking movement just before they reached Yen Tai. Had Kuropatkin held on a little longer the fate of the day might have been different, as this critical moment for Kuroki is referred to in dispatches from the Japanese side.

A dispatch has been received from Lieutenant General Sakharoff, under date, reporting that no large Japanese force had been seen north of the Yentai railroad, but south there were many large camps of Japanese.

NEVSKY HOLIDAY.

Emperor Had on His Head a High Sugar Loaf Cap.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 13.—The Alexander Nevsky holiday was celebrated by a review by the emperor on Camp de Mars of 8000 guard troops of the Paul regiment. The emperor came here from Peterhof on the imperial yacht, crowds cheering him as he drove from the pier to the review ground. The emperor wore the uniform of a colonel of the regiment, with a high sugar loaf cap.

Continue to Retire.

Mukden, Sept. 13.—Russians are continuing retirement to Tie Pass. The Japanese advance is slow, though the military situation is not unfavorable to them. Many Russian companies now consist of only thirty men. Notwithstanding the Russian reverse, the retreating troops are cheerful.

FOOD IS SCARCE.

There Is No Complaint, However, of Scarcity of Water.

Mukden, Sept. 13.—Sunday night rain again fell in torrents and Monday it was drizzling. The roads are impassable and military movements at a standstill. The town is crowded, foodstuffs are almost unprocurable. Prices have been trebled and quadrupled. A division of sutlers lost almost all their supplies during the Russian retreat. Civilians are besieging the railroad station and other places but it is almost impossible to get food.

A LEADER, $3.50

NEW FALL SHOES

THE ARRIVAL

Is announced of the season's new importations of fall and winter Shoes for

Ladies', Men's and Children's Wear

MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.

The Famous

True Fitting Shoes. 709 HOUSTON STREET.

LARGE CASUALTY LIST.

Japs Estimate Russian Losses at Over Twenty-Five Thousand.

Tokio, Sept. 13.—Telegraphic reports received here Sunday from the headquarters of the Manchurian army declare the Japanese to be in full possession of the Yein Tai coal mines, and estimate the Russian losses up to the fall of Liao Yang at over 25,000 men. The estimate of losses does not include those who suffered by the Russians in the rear guard actions fought after the evacuation of Liao Yang.

HIS INTENTIONS.

Secretary of the Navy Wants to Know Purpose of Lena's Captain.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Secretary Morton has telegraphed Rear Admiral Goodrich, commander in chief of the

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Pacific station, directing him to detain the Pacific squadron and inquire of the commander of the Lena what his intentions are.

ORDERS CANCELLED.

Russian Vessel at San Francisco Is Cause For This Action.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—The Chronicle says the sailing orders of the American squadron, now in this port, have been cancelled by the navy department. The squadron was under orders to sail Monday for Magdalena bay for target practice. The sudden change of orders, it is said, is due to the unexpected arrival of the Russian warship Lena in this port.

Relative to Lena.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The navy department has received a dispatch from Rear Admiral Goodrich, commanding the navyyard at Mare Island, stating the Russian transport Lena arrived there and her commanding officer claimed the ship's engines and boilers are in need of repairs. The telegram was referred to the state department.

EIGHT INJURED.

Attacks Made Upon Non-Union Workers at Chicago Stockyards.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Savage attacks were made upon non-union workers at the stockyards Monday night and in the fight that followed eight people were injured, four of them so severely that it was necessary to take them to hospitals. At Halstead and Foot streets two young women, Annie Cook and Mamie Jasper, were dragged from a street car, pounded over the head, knocked down and badly beaten before the police arrived. Miss Cook was severely cut in the face, her shoulder was injured and she was taken to the hospital. Miss Jasper was struck with a brick and her face and forehead badly cut.

MINOR MATTERS.

Postmaster Michie on Quinlan, Okla., has resigned.

McCloskey's saloon at San Angelo, Tex., was burglarized of $370.

One mile west of Mineral Wells, Tex., Sam McDonald blew off the top of his head.

E. C. Barkley, a well known commercial traveler, died suddenly at Oklahoma City.

While feeding a threshing machine near Ada, Okla., John Schafer had his arm cut off.

O. L. Lubbard, superintendent of the dead letter department, suicided at Washington.

Enid Electric Light and Gas company of Enid, Okla., capital $200,000, has been chartered.

Grand jury of Travis county did not indict Jack Burdett, charged with killing Jesse [illegible]

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