

# The Industrial West.

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Vol. 12.

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1900

No. 28

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When you read this paper, hand it to your neighbor, ask him to read it and send in his subscription.

## WRECK ON SANTA FE

A Passenger Train Jumps the Track Near Guthrie, O. T.

## THE RAILS SPREAD.

Two Passengers Were Killed and a Dozen or More Hurt, but Only One of the Injured Being in a Serious Condition.

Guthrie, O. T., Oct. 2.—The north-bound Santa Fe passenger train for Kansas City was wrecked at Waterloo, a flag station 15 miles south of Guthrie, on Sunday night and two passengers were killed and 12 or 15 more or less injured. The train left Oklahoma City 45 minutes late and was running 40 miles an hour when Engineer John Rain felt a jar and found the trucks of the tender broken. He reversed his engine and attempted to slow up his train. In a few seconds the baggage and express and mail cars were off the track, and a moment later the smoker was forced into the air by the momentum of the train behind, toppling over and turned upside down with a crash. The day coach following left the track partially, and then the whole train came to a standstill.

The passengers in the smoker were hurled to the roof with terrific force and found themselves in an indescribable mass of people, baggage, broken glass and seats. Everybody in the smoker was more or less hurt.

Thomas Mayer, a hardware traveling man from Oklahoma City, was hurled to the roof with terrific force and his skull fractured. He struck the lamp and his head and face were fearfully cut. He was killed instantly.

Edmund Rook, a cattleman from Jonah, Williamson, County Texas, was hurled half the length of the car and after being taken out, started to walk, but fell over and died in a few minutes from internal injuries.

Will the exception of a boy, none of those injured is seriously hurt. Many others were slightly cut by glass or more or less bruised.

The injured were taken to Edmond and this city as soon as possible. No trainmen were hurt, the baggage and express cars not turning over and the engine keeping the track.

The accident happened on a fill 10 feet high and was caused by the rails spreading. It will delay traffic 12 or 16 hours.

**Prominent Texas Dead.**

Dallas, Oct. 2.—Colonel W. A. Shaw of Clarksville, Red River county, a wealthy planter and prominent Democrat, died at St. Paul's Sanitarium here after an illness of eight weeks. His son, Hon. Gus Shaw, was with him when he passed away. The remains will be shipped to Clarksville for interment.

**General Greene Dead.**

Memphis, Oct. 2.—General Colton Greene, prominent as a Confederate soldier and leader of a brigade under Gen. Sterling Price of Missouri, died here Sunday, aged 68. General Greene founded the Tennessee club of Memphis.

**Dental from Secretary Hay.**

Washington, Oct. 2.—Secretary of State Hay Sunday gave out an emphatic denial to allegations that there are differences of opinion between him and other members of the administration of the United States' policy toward China.

**Palmer's Remains Buried.**

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 29.—Under leaden skies and with a cold rain falling the remains of General John M. Palmer, soldier, jurist, statesman, and writer, were laid away in the cemetery at Carlinville Thursday afternoon.

**Stevenson Accepts Populist Nomination.**

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 29.—In a letter received here at the Populist party national headquarters Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson accepts the nomination for the vice presidency in place of Charles A. Towne.

**A Father's Terrible Mistake.**

Denton, Tex., Oct. 2.—The infant of Elba Emoro was seriously burned by the administering of carbolic acid through a mistake at Pilot Point this week, the father thinking he was giving it paregoric.

**Machinery in Place.**

Corsicana, Tex., Oct. 1.—Machinery in the Corsicana cotton factory is nearly all in position and a test run of the engines has been made. The exact date of the opening has not been determined.

**Over Four Hundred Thousand.**

Washington, Sept. 29.—Thos. Fitchie, commissioner of immigration of New York, reports that 400,843 aliens passed through the New York station during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900.

**Prof. Guitner Dead.**

Columbus, O., Oct. 1.—Prof. John E. Guitner of Otterbein University died of heart failure at Westerville. He had occupied the chair of Greek for 28 years and was widely known.

**Salary List Extravagant.**

Washington, Oct. 2.—The salary list of Colonel Peck, commissioner general to the Paris exposition, is pronounced extravagant by officials who have seen the list.

**Hanging in Tennessee.**

Nashville, Sept. 29.—Dillard Warren was hanged at Woodbury, Cannon county, for the murder of El. Evans. The hanging was private.

## DIED OF HIS WOUNDS.

Charles A. Collier Killed by a Burglar at Atlanta.

Atlanta, Sept. 29.—Charles A. Collier, former mayor of Atlanta, and United States commissioner to the Chicago and Paris expositions, died yesterday morning from the effects of a pistol shot received early Thursday morning, while searching for burglars. Mr. Collier was one of the most substantial citizens of Atlanta and about the best known man in Georgia and adjoining states.



C. A. COLLIER.

received early Thursday morning, while searching for burglars. Mr. Collier was one of the most substantial citizens of Atlanta and about the best known man in Georgia and adjoining states.

## BIG RICE SCHEME.

Syndicate Trying to Buy the Crop for Four Years to Come.

Beaumont, Tex., Oct. 2.—A meeting of all the leading rice farmers, millers and all others who are in anywise interested in the culture of rice, was held in the opera house here to consider a proposition which is practically one of the most gigantic efforts ever made to control the domestic rice market of the United States. The meeting was held as the instance of Anderson T. Herd of New York and C. C. Dason of Crowley, La. Mr. Herd represents a syndicate of New York capitalists who have a cash capital of \$7,500,000.

The purpose of the company is to contract with the rice farmer for all of his rice for four years to come, with an option to extend four years more if desired by company, and to pay a stated price for the rice during the existence of the contract. Mr. Herd contemplates securing the signatures of 90 per cent of the rice growers to the agreement, and thus it will give the syndicate control of the entire rice crop.

## HOWARD SENTENCED.

He Was Denied a New Trial and His Case Will Be Appealed.

Frankfort, Oct. 2.—The motion for a new trial in the case of James Howard was overruled by Judge Cantrell late Saturday afternoon and Howard was sentenced to hang Dec. 7. It was agreed that the attorneys should be allowed to file their bill of exceptions in the appeal to the court of appeals any time between now and the third week in October.

Howard did not weaken nor appear agitated when the solemn sentence of the court consigning him to the gallows was pronounced upon him, but in answer to the usual question of the court if he could show cause why sentence should not be pronounced he said in a firm, clear voice, "I am innocent."

## Died in the Palpit.

New York, Oct. 2.—The Rev. Gilbert H. Gregory died Sunday in the presence of his congregation at the morning service in St. Stephens Methodist Episcopal church, Marble Hill, at the upper end of Manhattan island. Dr. Gregory was 63 years old. He had not preached in St. Stephens for three Sundays on account of heart attacks, but when word was passed around that he would resume his duties the church was filled. He died while a hymn was being sang.

## Fired on While Asleep.

Georgetown, Tex., Oct. 2.—Some negro cotton pickers asleep at a camp in the southern part of this county were fired upon by unknown parties. A child was killed and its mother and another negro seriously wounded. The negroes were picking cotton at 90 cents per hundred, having refused to join a strike for more. Parties threatened that if they continued picking at that price it would be at their peril. Officers are investigating.

## House Blown Up.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 2.—The home of Mary Bridges, a negro woman, was blown up with a dynamite bomb at Laurens. The whole city was startled by the explosion and the house was demolished. The woman was away from home and no one was injured. George Anderson, a negro, was arrested for the attempt. It is said he was enamored of the woman, but she rejected him, as he has another wife.

## An Invitation to Minister Wu.

Huntsville, Ala., Oct. 2.—General Joseph Wheeler has gone to Washington and while there he will urge the Chinese minister, Wu Ting Fang, to accept the invitation of Southern Industrial convention to address the New Orleans session of the convention on "Trade Relations with the Orient."

## Railroad Man Suicides.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 2.—Wardner N. Newbold, superintendent of a branch division of the Louisville and Nashville, committed suicide at his residence in this city, by shooting himself in the mouth with a 38 caliber pistol. He was dependent over the death of his wife.

## Oil Mill at Dodd City.

Bonham, Tex., Oct. 2.—The Dodd City oil mill has been completed, and was put in operation the first of this week.

## DEGRADE FOR TUAN.

An Imperial Decree Has Been Issued for His Punishment.

## NEWS SEEMS A FACT.

Some Appointments on the Peace Commission Not Accepted by the United States—Chaffee Preparing to Leave.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Several important dispatches were received yesterday from China. Generally they tend to confirm the events recorded Saturday. From Canton Consul McWade reports the issue of the decree punishing Tuan and his colleagues so that there is no longer any doubt as to the accuracy of Sheng's statement on that point. Mr. Conger also has received official notification of the Chinese peace commission which was forecasted by Minister Wu's advice several days. Mr. Conger made no reference to the condemnatory decree, hence it is inferred that it was not issued when his dispatch was sent last Thursday. The dispatch from Consul McWade is as follows:

"Canton, Oct. 1.—Secretary of state, Washington—Decree just issued by the emperor blames the minister for the whole trouble. It orders Tuan, Kangi and other officials degraded and punished by the imperial courts. The emperor holds Tuan and others entirely responsible for the bloodshed."

Minister Conger's cablegram reads: "Peking, Sept. 27, via Taku Sept. 30.—Secretary of state, Washington—Have received word today from Prince Ching that he, Earl Li, Jung Lu and Viceroy Kung Yi and Chang Chi Tan will act in concert in negotiations for peace. Jung Lu is in the interior. Li Hung Chang is at Tien Tsin."

It is evident that the two viceroys mentioned are Li Kung Ki, viceroy of

## AMERICANS MISSING.

It Is Feared Captain Shields and Fifty-One Men Captured.

Washington, Sept. 29.—General MacArthur cables the war department from Manila that on Sept. 11 Captain Devereaux Shields, with 51 men of company F, Twenty-ninth volunteer infantry, left Santa Cruz for Torrijos. Nothing has been heard from him since and it is supposed the entire party, including Captain Shields has been captured with many killed and wounded.

Captain Shields is probably among the wounded. He is from Natchez, Miss., and was lieutenant colonel of the Second Mississippi regiment in the Spanish war.

## Killed by a Mob.

Lake Charles, La., Oct. 1.—While defending the Parish jail from the assault of a mob, Paul Sloane, deputy sheriff and jailer, was struck by a fusillade fired from the outside, receiving injuries which proved fatal an hour later. Ross Johnson, Will Daniels and W. W. Davis, reputed to be the leaders of the mob, were arrested charged with the killing of Sloane and taken to Crowley for safe keeping.

## Mrs. Nora Woodruff Sentenced.

Nashville, Sept. 29.—Nora Woodruff, who was convicted of the murder of her stepson, five years of age, was sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Anderson, in the criminal court. Mrs. Woodruff has been tried four times and twice convicted of murder in the first degree. A plea of present dementia was interposed as a bar to formal sentence, but was overruled.

## Baby Crawled into a Tank.

Walden, Tex., Sept. 29.—The baby boy of Charles Friserson crawled into a tank here and was drowned. The mother left the little fellow asleep at the house and the older brother went to sleep and when the little fellow awoke he crawled out of the house in search of his mother and into a ground tank near by.

## Tuition for Puerto Ricans.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—The trustees of the University of Chicago have decided to give free tuition to 10 of the Puerto Ricans who wish to be educated in this country, provided their living expenses are furnished by public spirited citizens. This action was taken in compliance with a request from M. G. Bumbaugh, United States commissioner of education at San Juan, Puerto Rico.

## Boers Attack Paget.

London, Sept. 29.—Roberts reports under date of Pretoria, Sept. 27, that the Boers attacked a portion of Paget's force at Bonaers river station, but was beaten off after three hours' fighting.

## Buller Occupied Mac river and the eastern side of Burglers pass on Sept. 26, after a slight resistance. Helbron, Beltz and Lindley have been recaptured.

## Captain Tobin Dead.

Memphis, Oct. 1.—Captain Thomas F. Tobin, who was supervisor of the census in this district until that work was completed Thursday, died here Friday, aged 61 years. Captain Tobin had been in the state and government service for many years and was well known as a Confederate soldier.

## Boiler Explosion.

Corsicana, Tex., Sept. 29.—The Kinsolving's power house, located in the oil field here, was totally destroyed by a boiler explosion and the machinery blown to atoms Thursday. The damage to property will amount to \$2500. No person was killed, but some had narrow escapes.

## Hangings in North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 1.—Chauncey Davis was hanged at Tarboro Friday for burning the residence of Mrs. Lavinia Battle. He claimed that he was innocent.

## Archie Kinsauls was hanged at Clinton for the murder of John Harring.

## Population of Waco.

Waco, Tex., Oct. 1.—Congressman R. L. Henry has received a dispatch from General Merriam giving the population of Waco as 20,686, which is a gain of about 40 per cent since the previous numbering of the people of Waco by the general government.

## More Troops to Be Sent.

Washington, Oct. 1.—The capture of American soldiers by Filipinos has been the subject of considerable discussion among members of the administration, and the decision was reached to send more troops to Mariandique at once.

## Colonel Ellsworth Dead.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Colonel D. Freeman Ellsworth, an oldtime Democrat, once candidate for governor of Iowa, is dead at Eldorado, aged 90 years. He held a number of trusts and was delegated to several national conventions.

## Farmer Killed by a Fall.

Roseland, Tex., Oct. 2.—As L. C. Blake was returning from the timber with a load of wood in trying to cross a bad place in the road he fell off his wagon, the wagon passing over him, breaking his back.

## Bank Robbed.

Centerville, Mich., Sept. 29.—Wolf Bros' bank here was robbed Thursday night of \$20,000. The vault was blown open with dynamite. No clue to the robbers.

## Will Award Armor Contracts.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Secretary Long has decided to award contracts for the armor for the new vessels without further competition.

## THE MINERS ARE FIRM

Advance Offered Induced No Men to Return to Work.

## LESS MINES RUNNING

Leaders of the Strike Say the Men Will Not Go Back to Work Until President Mitchell Gives the Word to Return.

Philadelphia, Oct. 2.—According to the official report of General Superintendent R. C. Lather of the Reading Coal and Iron company's mines to President Harris, but seven of the 39 colliers, as operated by the company started up this morning. This indicates that in spite of the offer of the advance of 10 per cent in their wages, the company is working five mines less yesterday than on Saturday.

Reports from various parts of the mining region indicate that the strikers are standing firm and will not return to work until President Mitchell gives the word.

## MUST BE RECOGNIZED.

No Settlement Possible Unless President Mitchell Has a Hand.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 2.—"We want recognition or nothing," said Henry Thomas, of the press committee of the United Mine Workers' general council here when asked if the men of this region would accept a settlement which did not include a recognition of the union. His views were endorsed by several other leaders, and they roundly denounced the stories that President Mitchell would not resent the operators ignoring the union if an offer of settlement were made. They represent the 48,000 striking miners of the Wyoming district, and they say that the 28,000 in the Lackawanna district feel as they do.

They do not believe the strike will be settled as soon as anticipated, because the men of the upper coal fields are not willing to accept a 10 per cent increase. The tieup in this field is complete, with the exception of the West End mine, and the strikers feel that if the operators are as eager to settle the strike as they claim to be, the union can get more than 10 per cent.

Whatever the feeling of the lower region may be, men of this district are unanimously in favor of holding out for recognition of the union and a greater increase than 10 per cent. The strike is only two weeks old, they have not got over the novelty of it, nor have they been called upon to give aid to any of their members. Their strike fund is large, and they can remain on strike, they say, all the winter without experiencing any great difficulty.

## Texarkana May Get Them.

Texarkana, Tex., Oct. 2.—Secretary G. A. Hays of the board of trade has received a telegram from Vice President Russell Harding of the Missouri Pacific saying that Texarkana's offer of a bonus of \$50,000 to have the Iron Mountain shops, lately burned at Little Rock, brought to this place, had been received and taken under advisement, and that an answer would be returned within the next ten days.

## Transval Refugees.

Lorenzo Marques, Oct. 2.—The Austrian steamer Styria Lloyd has sailed from here having on board 400 Transval refugees, part of them being Irish Americans. All their expenses have been paid by the Transval government. Each man received 30 shillings (\$7.50) and will be paid \$8.10 (\$21.50) on landing at any port which may be elected by them.

## Pardoned by the Governor.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 1.—Governor Johnston has issued a pardon to E. C. Paxton of Atlanta and Frank Devereaux of New York, who were convicted in the county court of stealing a ride on a train on the way from Galveston to their homes. This move was inaugurated by a New York newspaper.

## Indiana Mine on Fire.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 2.—The Sunny-side Coal Mine in this city, the largest mine in southern Indiana, is on fire, and about 50 men are in the mine fighting the flames. It is feared the entire mine will be destroyed. The value of the mine is estimated at \$200,000.

## Receipts and Expenditures.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures show that during the month of September the receipts from all sources amounted to \$45,394,328 and the expenditures \$39,169,971; leaving a surplus of \$6,124,355.

## Less Than One Million.

Austin, Oct. 2.—Governor Sayers announces that up to date he has received approximately \$673,000 in money for the Galveston storm sufferers. This does not include supplies contributed or money sent to other persons or committees.

## Public Debt.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business Sept. 29, 1900, the debt less cash in the treasury amounted to \$1,106,155,671, which is a decrease for the month of \$6,122,435.

## Died of His Injuries.

Taylor, Tex., Oct. 5.—John Sammers, the German farmer who was struck by a Katy freight train while crossing the track in his wagon, is dead.

## DAMAGE TO CROPS.

It Is Estimated That \$150,000 Lost in One Section on the Colorado.

Austin, Oct. 2.—Reports are coming in from various points along the Colorado river of crop losses caused by the present overflow of that stream. It is estimated that the losses in the bottoms between Austin and Bastrop will aggregate \$150,000. About 1500 acres of valley land in Travis county are under water, and cotton that would have made a bale to the acre, is ruined. Over 500 acres of the little Page and Hunter farms near Hornbush bend are under way.

## Columbus Has Been an Island.

Columbus, Tex., Sept. 2.—The river has continued to rise slowly until late Monday evening and is now at a standstill. It registers 33½ feet, and is within one inch of the mark of the rise last April, caused by the washing out of the Austin dam. Columbus has been situated on an island for the past three days with all communication cut off except by rail from the west.

## Bridge Is Gone Again.

Columbus, Tex., Oct. 1.—The river has been slowly rising and is now 29 feet. The Southern Pacific bridge, against which large quantities of drift have been accumulating, was partially washed away. Trains can only reach this place now from the west.

## Trains Reach Jacksboro.

Jacksboro, Oct. 1.—The first train that Jacksboro has had since Sept. 22, came in Friday night over the Chicago, Rock Island and Texas road.

## Brazos Within Its Banks.

Bryan, Tex., Oct. 1. The Brazos river continued rising, but is still five or six feet within its banks.

## Bloody Domestic Tragedy.

San Antonio, Oct. 2.—In the parlors of the St. James hotel here Monday evening Herman Schultz, Jr., formerly a well known business man of this city, shot at his divorced wife and then killed himself. The bullet cut through the hair of the woman and was diverted from its path only through the interference of the 7-year-old daughter of the couple. Schultz thereupon placed the pistol against his own head and blew out his brains.

## Murder and Suicide.

Antlers, L. T., Oct. 2.—In Ben Anderson, a fullblood Indian who resides near this place, became involved in a difficulty with his cousin, Nicholas Anderson, Sunday night, the result which both are dead. After they had fought for quite a while Ben Anderson got a gun and shot Nicholas through the head, killing him. After the killing was over Ben realized the enormity of his crime, placed the gun to his head, fired, dying soon after.

## Workmen Reaching Galveston.

Galveston, Oct. 2.—Workmen are beginning to arrive in good numbers. The exodus has almost ceased while every evening train brings artisans and others.

## Official reports show 6879 bales of cotton received yesterday and 60 cars of grain.

# INDUSTRIAL WEST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY  
W. P. BLAKE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Subscription price, \$1 per annum in advance.

Mailed at the Post Office at Clarendon, Tex.,  
as Second-class Matter.

Clarendon, Texas, Oct. 5 1900.

For President,  
Wharton Barker, of Penn'a.

For Vice-president,  
Ignatius Donnelly, of Minn.

For Governor,  
T. J. McMinn.

For Lieut. Governor,  
Clarence Nugent.

For State Treasurer,  
H. M. McCuiston.

For Land Commissioner,  
S. C. Granberry.

For Comptroller,  
J. S. Teague.

For Attorney General,  
J. G. Nix.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,  
V. A. Collins.

TEXANS should quit poking fun at Kansas now. The town of Okaloosa, which has a population of 1,034, sent \$600 in cash to Galveston.

A KANSAS man evidently don't look for peace very soon. He has bought a thousand acres of land on which he intends to "raise mules for military purposes."

ROOSEVELT wound up his Nebraska tour at Lincoln, Bryan's home, Tuesday. He was cordially welcomed there and a parade three miles long marched through the streets. He addressed 40,000.

The Jacksboro News has a rantankerous hot-head for an editor who calls a brother editor in the same town, and of the same faith, all the hard names he can think of because the latter as a matter of business does the press work for a populist paper in the same town, although he has nothing, whatever, to do with the contents, mailing or distribution of the paper. But such political prejudice is not uncommon among democrats of the south, where it looks like they will drift along in the old ruts until a new generation grows up.

The democrats in the Kentucky Legislature have agreed on an election law at last. Mr. Watterson of the Courier-Journal remarks that "it was not framed in heaven and brought down by the angels, but it will do." The general opinion is that if angels had transactions with this sphere Kentucky would be the last place they would do business with.—Dallas News.

## Pay Your Interest.

A good many school land purchasers have been paying their interest after Nov. 1 and before Jan. 1 and the land commissioner has allowed them to remain in good standing on the books, but a special from Austin says this practice has been questioned from a legal standpoint, not that the privilege of paying up a few days after grace is opposed, but it is claimed that should the question ever be presented in court in contest for a tract of land which should have been forfeited for failure to pay interest, the court will decide in favor of the contestant. There is no selfish motive actuating the agitation, but it is for the protection of those who have bought homes from the State, and who have not as yet grown rich, and who may be able to pay interest a few weeks after it is due, but probably not before Nov. 1. Land schemers and others who make a living by taking advantage of technicalities of the law to secure other people's lands, may cause trouble for those delinquents who pay after Nov. 1 and fail to comply with the law by not paying within the time limit.

There are some who believe that when this question is brought before the courts it will be decided against the party who was negligent in paying interest.

## Republican Estimate, McKinley 266, Bryan 112, Doubt 54.

New York, Oct. 2.—The republican national committee, after a thorough canvass of the political situation, today made a public statement of how it expects the elections to go. The following states are conceded to Bryan: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia. Total electoral votes, 112. The following are considered doubtful: Colorado, Idaho, Kentucky, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, Nebraska, Utah. Total, 54.

The republicans claim the rest with a total of 266. Necessary to elect 224. This estimate does not place Indiana, in which the committee says, will be the closest fight of all, but expects that its fifteen votes will be for McKinley, making certain a total of 281.

## Silver At Present.

While gold is nominally the standard, it is silver that is doing the work. It is the policy of the national banks to keep their own vaults stocked with silver certificates. In their regular business they pay out, on an average, 90 per cent of these certificates to 10 per cent of bank notes and treasury notes. The obligation of the government and of the banks are discharged in the same currency. If you deposit \$1,000 in gold with the banks, you get back \$900 of it in silver certificates. This is all right and proper, for silver is a legal tender. The sub-treasury of the United States also pays in silver certificates. In the interest of the banks Mr. Gage hoards in the treasury the gold, gold certificates and treasury notes which are payable in gold. Silver certificates are not payable in gold; so that, if it should happen, which is not improbable, that the banks wanted to depreciate the value of the silver certificate on a colossal speculation as they did of the old greenbacks, the result of the present arrangement would be that they would receive their pay for bonds and interest in gold from the government, while they could pay off their own obligations in a depreciated currency.

It should be mentioned that there are over 400 millions of silver dollars in the Treasury which are pledged for payment of the silver certificates in circulation. But none of these silver dollars can be touched by the government to pay its obligations. There are less than 13 millions of silver dollars available to the government for this purpose. This shows clearly enough why it is that such implacable enemies of silver as Schurz, Gorman, Wellington, Hill, Olney, and that whole tribe, can consistently support Mr. Bryan. He can readily do them no harm if elected; and, by the same token, he can do the people no good. Both the Democratic platform and Mr. Bryan are opposed to the irredeemable treasury notes, which would cut the banks out of existence and bring relief. And this is precisely what the Populists demand—a pure treasury note, or irredeemable government money instead of the present corporation bank money. The difference between us and the Democrats on the money question lies right here, and it is irreconcilable. The fact that the government has less than 13 millions in silver available to pay off its demands, and cannot increase the amount, is the basis of the arrangement used by Carl Schurz to convict Secretary Gage of hypocrisy, duplicity, and wilful falsehood in his recent statements, made for political purposes.—Mercury.

John G. Carlisle, who has come over to McKinley from the Democrats, is being played up strong by the Republicans against Richard Olney, who has cut loose from the Brahmin Democracy and joined himself to the Bryanites.—K. C. Star.

## McMinn Accepts For Governor. Extravagance And Other Wrongs Pointed Out.

Hon. H. F. Jones, Chairman Populist Party:

In accepting as I do, the nomination for Governor of Texas on the populist ticket, I am deeply sensible of the distinction conferred, and I am not less appreciative of the responsibility attaching to the place of standard-bearer in the cause of reform.

There is a crisis in the affair of our party, and in the fortunes of the cause we advocate as well, and I am persuaded that the emergency demand from us all a cheerful self-sacrifice. The battle is long and tedious, but our cause is just and right, and will ultimately prevail under one form or another.

The facts we face when carefully examined are appalling, and no loud declaration about foreign issues can for a moment blind our eyes to domestic iniquities and oppressions. There are two idle classes; the poor and the plutocrats, and the workers support them both.

For every dollar of wealth produced the worker receives (or did in 1897—possibly less now) the munificent remuneration of twenty cents! That paltry fifth of his creation was divided between himself and his enforced contribution to the support of paupers. Four-fifths went to the plutocrat who manipulated laws, and secured franchises, and special privileges. The inevitable result is, a steady

and increasing growth of poverty on the one hand, and an equally unceasing accumulation of the results of labor on the other. Fifty-two per cent, of the people are workers, yet they own but four and one-half per cent. of the wealth of the country. Plutocrats constitute nine per cent of the population, though they own 71 per cent. of the wealth of the land, and every hour and every day these classes grow further and further apart with respect to their holdings.

In 1850—only fifty years ago—the workers owned half of the national wealth; now about 25,000 persons own half our wealth. Land is monopolized and held out of use, and is non-productive, for the pleasure and profit (in unearned increment, of people who furnish neither soldiers in war nor a fair and equitable proportion of taxes in time of peace. Murphy Bros. (California) own 2,000,000 acres. The Vanderbilts 2,000,000, Lord Scully 3,000,000, the railroads 200,000,000, and the English nobility has acquired a snug lot of 20,000,000 acres; hence doubtless in some measure, their unselfish solicitude about American finance, banks, foreign policy and the like. Fortunes in the hands of the "great families" have grown into inconceivably enormous proportions, and the power of the Rockefeller is so incredible that they do not hesitate to treat courts and states with even ostentatious contempt. And just in proportion as the rich become arrogant, entrenched and impudent, the poor become intimidated, helpless and homeless. Labor conditions at home, by the most conspicuous candidates, seemed to be ignored while the country is deluged with floods of eloquence about imperialism, expansion, China, Cuba, Porto Rico, and even Samoa—the interest of every man on earth, of every color, creed or persuasion, with most politicians, is paramount to the welfare of that labor and intelligent industry which has made us the greatest nation on the planet.

When we shall have done justice to the farmer and mechanic, the workers of America, when we shall have made it possible for industry to live outside of the yoke and free from the lash; when we shall have abolished the infamous blacklist and imprisoned the brutal blackliester; when we shall have destroyed the national bank conspiracy—in a word, when we shall have restored "law and order" in the best meaning of that much-abused phrase and shall have eliminated special privileges at home, and shall have made this indeed the "Home of the Free," it will be time enough for the "Land of the Brave" to seek foreign outlet for its exuberant and strenuous valor.

The public press takes no pains to tell of local wrongs and sufferings—we know more of the conditions of the Filipino than we do of the sorrow and hunger and nakedness in the factories and sweatshops of the East. Young girls in New York working in those fetid dens of torture for \$2 to \$3.50 per week (in New York where Croker holds the fate of a great party in his hands) helpless, well-bred girls weep in shame at the indelicacy of their enforced surroundings, but the eloquent champion of Croker's party never names the unutterable outrage perpetrated by those who make large per cent. out of the shame and tears of unfortunate girls—he is a statesman in search of a job and must needs talk of the little black barbarian 7000 miles away.

The Standard Oil magnates defy the law and abuse their workmen in Ohio, but McKinley, a statesman in possession of a lucrative job, must needs talk of "benevolent assimilation" by bayonet, and take under the folds of the flag some 10,000,000 of cheap competitive laborers.

Recent wars have cost approximately \$390,000,000 in money, and thousands of lives for what? To free Cuba, and we have not kept faith. Aside from that contest, a large proportion of our people—if not a majority—believe further fighting unjustifiable, and the question of "imperialism" is purposely obtruded to divert public attention from domestic affairs, and to obscure the issues between the people and the plutocracy.

What makes the rich so rich and the poor so poor? Special privileges, land grants, monopolies and legislation designed and drawn to order for the enrichment of corrupt

men. A man in debt is a slave; a nation in debt wears equally galling shackles. It is not necessary to dwell upon the crimes perpetrated against our monetary system; the record can be read of all men. Gradually gold has shaped platforms, and statutes, and manipulated legislative bodies and moulded court opinions till now it is master of the situation, and has the two old parties fighting their sham battle over irrelevant matters, and when the ideas of November shall have come and gone, we will settle down into the same old grind of extortion, strikes, injunction, riot, fire and death. Then again will come into vogue the bull-pen, with its martial law, wholesale arrests, suspension of habeas corpus, months of imprisonment, outraged women, hungry and innocent men insane from exposure—bayonets to strikers and dividends to stockholders.

After more than a quarter of a century of uninterrupted power the great party of "brutal majority" fame, confessedly incompetent, in convention assembled, brands its own representatives as untrustworthy, and provides against their venality in the probable acceptance of corporation favors! Self-condemned as it is, why should the hoary incubus not be removed from dominance in the state?

Our platform in its entirety, to which I heartily subscribe, affords ample room for all reformers to meet and wage-war upon that party whose malodorous record was so thoroughly aired at Waco and condemned by the makers of that same record.

The lasting shame and humiliating exhibition can all be traced back to the fact announced by Depeu and Von Moltke, "haute finance" rules the world. And the love of money is driving us to the verge of destruction. What motives control in the case of a strike? The workman strikes for endurable hours, the abolition of fines, or against dockage, or for relief from "pluck-me" stores—for love of life.

The employer is not in want of bread; he is only after dividends. He is moved by the love of money and is actuated by the safer motive?

It is idle talk to say that men strike and subject themselves to hunger, deprivation, arrest, imprisonment and the bayonet, merely to exploit employers. The average wage list disapproves any such assumption.

But money is insistent. We must have a metal medium of exchange, enhancement of the value of money, contraction of the currency, bonds, interest on watered stock, payment of "fixed charges," even though men, women and children starve for want of work at a living wage. Who sees to it that a workman shall have a fit and adequate return for his investment of industry, skill and character? But our expensive and ornamental railroad commission, impotent for good, though blessed forever as a political asylum, takes care that the corporations shall have a fair profit on its investment and watered stock.

What is watered stock? Fictitious value—merely a lie under seal. And all that lies at the door of the party which well nigh invites political apoplexy, in its vehement screaming of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

Under pressure of the undeniable wrongs which I have hastily indicated the public mind is drifting toward socialism, and of socialism plutocracy entertains, or affects to entertain, a fear, which no vocabulary of mine can accurately describe.

But if populism be not accepted while it yet offers relief in government ownership of natural and inevitable monopolies, socialism will enlist a great following and must be reckoned with—it is merely a matter of time. It has been advocated by philosophers, foretold by prophets and sung by poets and has taken a deep hold on the human mind.

Increased prosperity to the few and mighty prosperous with intensified indigence to the swelling swarms of the poor.

Homestead and Pittsburg and Hazleton, St. Louis, Chicago and Idaho will be repeated at the best of money; the rich will grow richer and the poor poorer and more numerous, till we reach a condition, the prospect of which seems to frighten the wise men—

Continued on last page.

## Concerning Cancer.

Some ten years ago I was made aware by a stinging sensation that a mole was appearing on my left cheek, under my eye and near the nose. I paid no attention to it, and only at long intervals did it attract my attention. A small lump appeared, but it was so insignificant that it did not alarm me, until about three years ago, when it began to itch and burn, so that I was continually putting my finger on it. One day I thought I would do the thing up and put some strong iodine on it. That opened it up and it seemed determined not to heal, but when it did it had a vicious appearance and showed its real character. I tried several remedies and a "specialist," and it "got no better fast." My mother had been afflicted for years with cancer, and I wrote her and she told me to use the remedy which I give you below, saying that she believed that if she had used it before she had become thoroughly diseased in every part it would have cured her.

When I noted in the Appeal that I was afflicted, many hundred sympathetic letters came to me recommending this and that remedy, and this one of the "sorrel" was recommended by nine out of ten, showing that it had been tried and in every instance had been a cure. One friend said that he had cured thirty cases with it (free) and not one had ever returned. It has now been two years since I treated myself with this method, and as far as I can tell, I am well.

Take the common "sheep sorrel" which grows in your yard, and which children like to eat because of its sourness, wash it up into a pulp in some vessel that will save all the juice that would otherwise be lost; then put it into a bag and squeeze out all the juice onto a pewter plate—to get some of the acid from the metal; then put this out into the sun and let it dry until about as thick as tar; then put in tight bottle; if the skin is not broken, put a drop of chloride of potash or lye on it to break the skin and then apply the "sorrel" on the cancer, just covering it with a thin coat. If the "sorrel" gets too thick, a little water will make it so that it can be handled.

The pain will be severe, but it is otherwise harmless. It will stop hurting in a few hours. Keep up these applications, one every day, until the cancer can be lifted out without any pain. It took four days in my case. The "sorrel" will cook the cancer, but does not eat it as it does the flesh, hence it eats all the flesh away and lets the cancer loose. When you see the cancer put the "sorrel" on it and not on the flesh. When the cancer is out heal the sore with any kind of healing ointment.

As I have been free to give you this without money and without price, be you kind enough to give it likewise to any sufferer whom you know of. Every unselfish and kind act you do elevates you and develops the divine principle that makes us different from the brute.

Hoping that this will bring you a relief, and that it will not cost you five cents, I am

Yours fraternally,  
J. A. WAYLAND.

HERETOFORE the Green faction has been called the "nigger" wing of Texas republicanism, but since the Hawley faction put up a negro on its ticket for a state office, what's de matter wid hof ob dem?

## For job printing cry the Ind. West

## Populist National Platform, 1900.

The Peoples party of the United States, assembled in National convention this 10th day of May, 1900, affirming our unshaken belief in the cardinal tenets of the People's party, as set forth in the Omaha platform, and pledging ourselves anew to continued advocacy of those grand principles of human liberty until right shall triumph over might, and love over greed, do adopt and proclaim this declaration of faith:

1. We demand the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate or such changes of existing fundamental and statute law as will enable the people in their sovereign capacity to propose and compel the enactment of such laws as they desire; to reject such as they deem injurious to their interests and to recall unfaithful public servants.

2. We demand the public ownership and operation of those means of communication, transportation and production which the people may elect, such as railroads, telegraph and telephone lines, coal mines, etc.

3. The land, including all natural sources of wealth, is a heritage of the people, and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All land now held by railways and other corporations in excess of their actual needs, and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

4. A scientific and absolute paper money, based upon the entire wealth and population of the nation, not redeemable in any specific commodity, but made a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all taxes and public dues, and issued by

# H. W. TAYLOR & SONS

## Carry the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Hardware and Farm Implements In the Panhandle.

Call and get prices on Windmills, Pipe, Casing, Tanks, Farm machinery of all kinds. Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, Tinware, Cutlery and Queensware. Blacksmith and wagonmaker's supplies, Painter's supplies. Stock Fresh and Clean.

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Music, Art, Elocution, Book-keeping, Stenography and Type-writing.

Reasonable Board,  
Reasonable Tuition,  
Healthful Location,  
A Ten Months Session.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPTEMBER 3, 1900.  
FRANK B. ST. JOHN, President.

For Catalogue and Information, Address  
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Wharton Barker FOR PRESIDENT. Ignatius Donnelly FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

## THE PEOPLE'S PARTY CANDIDATES.

All populists must know what our standard bearers have to say during the campaign before us, a campaign that promises to be the most aggressive and momentous in its consequences of any in the history of the country. Others also will want to keep thoroughly informed on the progress of the fight.

For the benefit of our present readers and others, and in furtherance of the cause of populism we have succeeded in making arrangements with The American (Wharton Barker's paper) and The Representative (Ignatius Donnelly's paper) by which we are able to offer both or either in combination with the INDUSTRIAL WEST at exceedingly low prices, to wit:

THE AMERICAN	one year for \$2.40.
THE REPRESENTATIVE	one year for \$1.75.
THE INDUSTRIAL WEST	one year for \$1.65.

The campaign has opened and will be pushed throughout the country, without cessation and with the utmost vigor until election day. Now take off your coats and in the spirit of populism, which knows no defeat, go to work with a will and elect your ticket.

Send your subscriptions to this office.

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Nearly 400 large pages descriptive of  
The Greatest Disaster of the Century!  
Death, Ruin, Crime and Carnage described  
and fully illustrated.

The above thrilling book FREE to any one sending us only Five New subscribers at \$1 each cash. Or all our present subscribers who pay all arrearages and one year in advance can have a copy at only \$1 additional. Publisher's lowest price, \$1.50.

the government only, without the intervention of banks and of sufficient quantity to meet the demands of commerce, is the best currency that can be devised, but until such a financial system is secured, which we shall press for adoption, we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1.

5. We demand the levy and collection of a graduated tax on incomes and inheritances, and a constitutional amendment to secure the same in necessary.

6. We demand the election of president, vice president, federal judges and United States senators by direct vote of the people.

7. We are opposed to trusts, and declare the contention between the old parties on the monopoly question is a sham battle, and no solution of this mighty problem is possible without the adoption of the principles of public ownership of public utilities.

## ..DEATH..

Is threatening the American Republic. If you would help avert it read...

### SOUTHERN MERCURY.

DALLAS, TEXAS.

It discusses all reform measures fairly and in a way that will not offend.

Weekly, 16 Pages. \$1.00 a Year.

Foremost, oldest and most widely circulated middle-of-the-road populist paper published.

It tells what good government is, and how it is to be established in a way that is acceptable to every honest citizen, regardless of politics.

WRITE FOR FREE SPECIMEN.

TIME TABLE.

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway. NORTH BOUND. No. 2 Mail and Express. Arrives 7:48 p. m. Leaves 7:49 p. m. Local, daily except Sunday. Arrives 7:30 p. m. Leaves 6:15 a. m. SOUTH BOUND. No. 1 Mail and Express. Arrives 7:30 a. m. Leaves 7:11 a. m. Local, daily except Sunday. Arrives 7:25 p. m. Leaves 7:35 a. m. RELIGIOUS EXERCISES. Baptist, 24, 3d and 4th Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. W. J. Skinner, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting, Tuesday night, 8 p. m. F. U. 4 p. m. every Sunday. M. E. South services every Sunday—Rev. J. E. Henson, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Junior Epworth League at 8 p. m. Epworth League at 4 p. m. every Sunday. Christian, Elder Arthur W. Jones, pastor. Services every Sunday except 3rd. Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday afternoon. Prayer meeting Friday nights, Sunday school Sunday 10 a. m. First M. E. 2nd & 4th Sunday 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m.—Rev. J. E. Henson, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Presbyterian—Services every Sunday 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Rev. W. P. Dickey, pastor. Sunday school every Sunday 10 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8:30 p. m. Meets in the Court House. Every body cordially invited. Catholic, 34—Rev. — priest in charge. SOCIETIES. I. O. O. F.—Clarendon Lodge No. 281, meets every Thursday evening in their hall in 3rd story of courthouse. Visiting brothers made welcome. W. T. JONES, N. G. JOHN McKILLIP, Sec'y. EVENING STAR ENCAMPMENT No. 143 I. O. O. F. Meets 1st Tuesday night in each month at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall over Bank of Clarendon. J. K. PALMER, H. P. G. F. MORGAN, Sec. K. of P.—Panhandle Lodge, No. 90, Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in every month in their Castle Hall, in Johnson's Hall. Visiting Knights cordially invited. W. H. COOKE, C. C. MORRIS ROSENFELD, K. of R. S.

Business locals ten cents per line first insertion, five cents for subsequent, and all notices run and are charged for until ordered out. Job work cash on delivery, other bills on first of month.

Announcements.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector. W. H. OLIVER. AL GENTLY. V. S. TERRY. For County and District Clerk. GEO. F. MORGAN. J. E. MOORE. J. S. TOWNSEND. G. W. GRAHAM. For County Treasurer. H. D. RAMSEY. For Tax Assessor. G. W. BAKER. LEE S. SMITH. J. S. STEPHENS. For County Commissioner Precinct No. 1. N. N. MARTIN.

Business Locals.

Up-to-date hats at Miss Gage's in Collier & Jackson's store. All school books and school supplies at Ramsey's drug store. Do not fail to try a sack of Anderson's famous B B Flour. Only \$2.25 per cwt. Don't forget that August Williams keeps ice drinks, ice cream and candies at his new confectionery store. Barrett strives to please his customers both in shaving and hair-cutting. For delicious cookies, cakes, light-bread and doughnuts go to August Williams. Barrett, the barber, keeps his razors keen and nerves steady and can give you a shave that is a pleasure. Call on August Williams for fine fruit, candies, nuts, cakes, cold drinks, etc., at the Caldwell building.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Jim Cain went to Dallas Thursday to take in the Fair. Collier & Jackson want their warehouse nearly done. Mrs. Burger and Walter went to Fort Worth yesterday. Smead & Gatlin have bought John Townsend's meat market. W. E. Jones has bought Walker Lane's residence, consideration \$450. Rev. J. B. Cole, of Memphis, preached at the Baptist church here Tuesday night. W. E. Jones bought the M. T. White property sold at sheriff's sale Tuesday, consideration \$361.91. Charley Taul, of Armstrong and Geo. Klutz of Childress were a couple of stockmen in town this week. Robert Hightower, who has had slow fever about a week, was taken out home yesterday by his father. He and his brother Walter came to town to attend college. This is the time of year when the settler on school land has to rustle up his interest money. The law requires it to be in the hands of the state treasurer on or before November 1st, or the land is forfeited. Mrs. Hilderbrand, who recently received notice of the death of a sister in Kentucky, was summoned to Memphis last Sunday on account of the sickness of her sister, Mrs. Phillips, at that place with typhoid fever.

Apples, oranges, lemons and peaches at Griffin's. W. T. Jones went to the Dallas Fair this morning. A. M. Beville is having his business houses repainted. John Morgan is now deliveryman for John Hoffer & Co. From now until March 15 you can shoot quail and not violate the law. Joe Williams' mother and sister, who have been visiting here from Denton, returned to their home this morning. Mrs. J. Frisbie returned home this morning from a lengthy visit in Amarillo. She brought her little grandson home with her. P. L. Shuford has sold his shop interest to Torrell Bros., and B. T. Lane has sold his blacksmith interest to his son, Walker. Rev. Skinner, Mrs. S. Anderson and Miss Grace attended the Fifth Sunday meeting at Memphis last Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Mrs. J. S. Scott returned this morning from Colorado City and Trinidad, Col., where she has been visiting several months. Her grandson, Willie Gray, returned with her. The oldest child, a little boy, of Mr. H. A. Campbell and wife died Monday. The funeral services were conducted by Eld. Jones. Their many friends sympathize with the parents in their affliction. Mr. J. R. Jowell had a stroke of paralysis Wednesday, caused by a blood clot on the brain. He is also suffering from heart trouble and is in a precarious condition. He has slightly improved since yesterday. The deacons of the Baptist church have sold the parsonage on First Street to D. J. Calvery and bought of John Hoffer the residence occupied by Mr. Meador, who swapped places of abode with Rev. Skinner Wednesday. Mrs. M. F. Berryman, mother of W. P. Blake and Mrs. H. W. Kelley came up from Dallas county and will remain till she recovers from a severe spell of sickness. Mrs. Kelley, who attended her during her worst illness, returned home at the same time. The water tank of a freight engine was derailed near Decatur Monday delaying the passenger train several hours. A new pair of wheels had to be sent from Ft. Worth before the repair could be made and the engine side-tracked. Another engine pulled the train on to Wichita Falls. Robt. L. Bigger and Miss Claudie Atteberry were married Wednesday night at the Atteberry hotel by Rev. W. L. Skinner. This is a couple well matched and their many friends congratulate them and wish them a life of happiness. They left yesterday morning for the Dallas Fair. Otto Anderson charges the hard times a few years ago, and justly, to Grover's financial policy, but he seems to forget that Grover's and Mack's policy on that line is identically the same, and the result will be the same just as soon as the mortgage holder is ready to say the word. Mark the prediction. Mrs. Lee Doster, sister of Mrs. H. F. Liesberg, died suddenly Sunday at Quanah, it is supposed from an overdose of morphine. She was complaining, took a small dose of the drug and retired. Some hours afterwards she was discovered unconscious and soon died, and the supposition is that she took more morphine. The remains were brought here on a special train early Monday morning and interred at the cemetery. For County and District Clerk. A new announcement this week is that of G. W. Graham for county and district clerk. Mr. Graham's services as clerical assistant in the various county offices for a number of years past is ample evidence of his ability to fill the office to the satisfaction of all fair minded people. He has made a good record as assistant in the assessor's, county clerk's and sheriff's offices and, if elected, his experience will add much to his efficiency in the performance of his duties. Consider his claims before casting your ballot. Corn-huskers' sprained wrists, barbed-wire cuts, burns, bruises, severe lacerations and external injuries of any kind are promptly and happily cured by applying Ballard's Snow Liniment. Price, 25 and 50 cents at Ramsey's drug store. Call at Miss Gage's and see her new fall hats. Prices reasonable. At Collier & Jackson's store.

From Adobe Walls. It is a great pleasure to us to receive your publication. By it, I can note the progress of the enterprising people of your section of the country; this great panhandle of Texas, a few years ago considered nearly a worthless waste except as a grazing country for stock. I well remember the first time I traveled between Fort Worth and Texline in 1890. Wichita and Wilbarger were then on a great boom. I think, and always will think, that they overreached themselves to some extent at that time. People from adjacent states and territories coming in and seeing these rich plains concluded that farming on the wholesale would be just the thing. Many with considerable means put their all into farming of the straight variety, the consequences were dire for nearly all of them, dry years come and devastated their fields, cut down the yield to the smallest minimum; the great Grover shattered the financial system, wheat sold at 25c per bushel and the necessities of life that they had to get at the store were held up at a maximum. Now, in all candor, how could the people prosper? The state of Texas, always liberal, donated a year's interest to the people on the school land, but still it was a great hardship among the people. Now, was the cause a rotten financial system, drouth or Grover? They say everything is well, that ends well. The panhandle is on another boom; people have had a diversity of object lessons, first they kicked out Grover, an action without which they yet would be wallowing in the mire. Second, they found that straight farming was not the very best thing for this part of the world. Now you will see the nester in a dugout and tilling a very small portion of his land. Millet, alfalfa, sorghum and Indian corn are his crops, and more or less dogies around him, according to his means. Happiness shines in their countenance, peace and prosperity stick their heads out in every direction. Once in a while there comes a political spell-binder around (confound them) they are an insult to the intelligent people of our country. Every one of them are an arm of some slimy, political octopus. Why not leave the good people alone? The source of their valuable existence, their high priced efforts in the behalf of some hocus pocus political party is drained out from the American people's pockets. When will the American people abandon these hateful, destructive, political methods? Hutchinson county, though, is pretty quiet since the organization racket quieted down. We have organized school districts, school houses are being built, peace and unity reign, though some of the children will of necessity have to go a few miles to their school. This don't hinder neighborly respect and sympathy, when the golden rule of sense and reason is considered. OTTO ANDERSON. Population of Oklahoma. The assessor's returns show the population of Oklahoma to be 396,500. This is a 50 per cent. increase in the population since 1893. The Twenty-fifth representative district contains one-seventh of the population of the territory and the Thirtieth county district one-fifth of the population. 'I wish to express my thanks to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, for having put on the market such a wonderful medicine,' says W. W. Massingill, of Beaumont, Texas. There are many thousands of mothers whose children have been saved from attacks of dysentery and cholera infantum who must also feel thankful. It is for sale by Ramsey. Eggs, Eggs! Eggs!! Leghorn hens 50c each, or \$4.50 per dozen. For sale by N. N. Martin, Clarendon, Tex. The stomach is our best friend and the next best is the 'Perfect' Baking Powder. It is chemically pure and assists digestion. By using the Baking Powder named 'Perfect' you will show appreciation of pure food. Always use the 'Perfect'. Only one price, and that rock bottom on school books and supplies at Clowers's store. Come and see my new styles of belt buckles, hair ornaments, etc. J. M. CLOWER, Jeweler. Largest stock to select from at Clowers's Jeweler. Those new crop evaporated apples, peaches and apricots at Anderson's are too good to last long at the price he sells them. You can get all of your school books at Ramsey's drug store.

Latest styles of Jewelry just received at Clower the Jeweler. Giles Gossip. Mrs. R. A. Morris is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Curtis at the Diamond Tail headquarters. Mr. Rodgers accompanied by Malvin King went to Clarendon last week. Miss Annie Copeland went to Memphis last Saturday, as her parents were going to move to the Indian Territory this week. Mrs. S. H. Teel is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. C. Curtis. Miss Lillie spent Sunday at her home near Rowe. W. R. Curtis has returned to Kansas City, where business called him. E. P. Caneely and Press Smith have been up in Hutchinson county prospecting. Mr. J. H. King is in Giles prospecting but we don't think he is looking after sheep, though. Dad Butler left last week with a train of cattle for Kansas City where he is taking a little recreation. J. H. King and son are in the village this week. Mr. Whitesides and family were the guests of Gene Simmons last week. Several went to Rowe last Sunday to church. Messrs. Dadis, Anderson and Moore were in town this week. Mrs. Stone accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Chandler, spent Tuesday in Memphis. The bad weather kept several out of school the past week. Messrs. Johnson and families went to Memphis Sunday to attend the Fifth Sunday meeting. Mr. Earl McBride returned to Sulphur Springs after a visit of several months in the Panhandle for his health. He has improved wonderfully while here. Mr. McBride is very intelligent and will be missed by his many friends. A stitch in time saves nine, and a dose of Ballard's Horehound Syrup at the beginning of a cold will save you many weary hours and even days of distressing and harassing cough. Price, 25 and 50 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store. Impure Baking Powders injure the stomach. Use the pure Brand named 'Perfect' and have no indigestion. PANHANDLE NEWS. Amarillo is reported to have a fourth newspaper, the Chiefman. Byron Holland has sold his ranch in Gray county and will return in about ten days to his old home in Tennessee.—Panhandle Herald. Captain Arrington returned last Thursday evening from St. Louis, where he went to rent a house for his family. Mrs. Arrington and the children left Sunday Morning for that city.—Canadian Record. Last week at Vernon the grand jury returned 43 indictments, of which 19 were for felony and 24 for misdemeanor. B. J. Norris was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for killing Ed Brewer. The surveyors in the Indian lands are having so much trouble finding the corner stones that they believe the Indians have made a systematic job of destroying all corners. If the matter continues to be as bad as it has begun it may necessitate another government survey, which would require at least a year.—Canadian Record. W. H. Saylor came down Monday and spent the day in town, returning to Amarillo that night. While here he sold his quarter section of land adjoining town including crop and all improvements to D. P. Webster for \$600. J. E. Saylor, who has been on the place will perhaps move to Clarendon in the near future.—Memphis Herald. We understand that railroad lands which are leased are now going hereabouts at \$50 per section, or about 8 cents per acre per annum. This looks pretty high in comparison to state lands which when leased only bring the state 3 cents per acre. Either the state lands are very much to low or the people are paying a high limit for railroad lands.—Hill Co. Herald. In anaemia and most women's ailments the digestion is weak, the making of color, flesh and strength out of food, is imperfect so that the patient is weak, wan, nervous and dyspeptic. This condition can be corrected by taking a course of Herbine. Price, 50 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store. The purity of the Baking Powder named 'Perfect' is a guarantee against sallow complexions caused by indigestion. CALDWELL & JACQUES. Ramsey's prices on school books and school supplies are what most of small dealers pay for theirs.

Hay Baling. Having a first class Baling Press, I offer my services to any wanting work of that kind. Rates reasonable. A. J. BAKER, Whitefish. Only 25c to Jan. 1, 1901. THE INDUSTRIAL WEST until Jan. 1, 1901, only 25 cents. To Candidates. That there can be no misunderstanding, we will make our announcement rates the same as heretofore: District and county \$10. Precinct 5. Above prices are cash, and includes name on election tickets. Those who do not announce will be charged 1/4 the announcement fee for name on ticket. The postoffice at this place was robbed of \$150.00 last Thursday night. No clue to the robber has been found.—Childress Budget. The wife of Prof. J. W. Messick died at Memphis last Monday and her remains were taken to Sherman for burial. Happiness depends very much on the condition of the liver and kidneys. The pills of life make but little impression on those whose digestion is good. You can regulate your liver and kidneys with Herbine and enjoy health and buoyancy of spirits. Price, 50 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store. Miss Gage has just received a nice line of stylish fall and winter hats. Call and see them at Collier & Jackson's. All College text books at Stockings store. If your children need school books send them to Stockings store. When you want the best ice cream don't fail to go to Griffin's. Go to Ramsey's drug store for your school books. The 'Perfect' Baking Powder is made of pure materials tested by competent chemists and will not cause indigestion. Try the brand named 'Perfect'. CALDWELL & JACQUES. Dr. Stocking has on hand the largest stock of school and college text books and supplies that has ever been in town. Special Rates. Dallas State Fair—The F. W. & D. road will sell round trip tickets on Sep. 28 to Oct. 14, inclusive at \$10.20. Tickets limited to return one day after day of sale \$9.30. All tickets must be stamped by Dallas ticket agent before date of return. Abilene Fair—One fare round trip, on sale Sep. 25 and 26, good to return in ten days. Special St. Louis Fair rates Oct. 1 to 6, also special rates to Kansas City on account of Christian church Nat. convention Oct. 11 to 18. Rates on application to F. A. KENNEY, Ag't. SANTA FE ROUTE SPECIAL RATES. Summer Excursions to all Eastern and Northern Resorts. Tickets on sale June 1st to September 30th, limit Oct. 31st. See agents for rates. Summer Excursions to Galveston and Tampas. From all points on the C. & S. F. Ry. and to San Angelo from all points except Temple and San Angelo branch. We please others in job printing, both in quality and price, and believe we can please you. Give us a trial. CLUB RATES. We will furnish the following papers and this paper at the annexed prices for the two: News, (Galveston or Dallas), \$1.80 Southern Mercury 1.50 Texas Live Stock Journal 1.50 Scientific American, 3.50 Theological Journal, 1.50 Chicago Express 1.30 Texas Farm and Ranch, 1.50 ENDORSED BY BETTER AND SCIENTISTS AS CHEAPER THAN PRACTICALLY ANY ANY Indestructible STONE. Over 500 Beautiful Designs. Send for Price List & Circulars. MANUFACTURED BY MONUMENTAL BRONZE COMPANY, BRIDGEPORT, CONN. I am agent for the above and take pleasure in showing samples, quoting prices, etc. Orders solicited. Call or address me at Whitefish, Texas. W. L. OLIVER. Only 2c per week will get this paper if taken by the year

TO YOU who enter our Store, stand face to face with Great Bargains! The destiny of our Goods and prices is a Journey of Advertising for us. You pay so little for so much value, you cannot help telling others about it. Out Summer Clearance Sale is a mammoth Bargain Counter. Do not fail to ask for coupons for Hand-painted China. MORRIS ROSENFELD, The Reliable and Popular Dry Goods merchant.

THE CITIZENS' BANK, Clarendon, Texas, Opened for business Nov. 1, 1899. Will transact a general Banking Business. We solicit the accounts of Merchants, Ranchmen, Farmers, Railroad men and Individuals. Money to loan on acceptable securities. Directors: E. A. Kelly, B. H. White, W. H. Cooke, M. Rosenfeld, J. G. Tackitt.

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W. T. JONES, Successor to I. E. Jones, General Grocer. Buy and Sell All Kinds of Produce. Clarendon, Texas

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CLARENDON Livery Stable, BUNTIN & BAKER, Pros. Drummers Accomodated. First-Class Turnouts, Horses boarded, Feed Sold Cheap.

Only 2 Cents per week Pays for this Paper if Taken by the year; can you afford to do without it? Clarendon, Texas. Miss ANNIE I. BABB, Teacher of Pianoforte and Theory of Music. Graduate of Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. Your Patronage kindly solicited. For further particulars confer with her at her home.

ALL THE NEWS! Foreign News, Campaign News, Industrial News, National News, State News. ALL THE NEWS! You can get both The Semi-Weekly News (Galveston or Dallas) and The Industrial West for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$1.80. You thus get three papers a week (15 a year) which will give you a merry nominal but not all the news of the week. The closing of the 19th Century will be a period of unusual interest, as will also be the year '00. Keep posted! Take the Semi-Weekly News in connection with your local paper and thus get your information quickly. Subscribe now! Twenty cents for 21 words or less. This is the rate for classified advertising in any one of the following papers: Galveston Semi-Weekly News, Dallas Semi-Weekly News, Galveston Daily News, Dallas Morning News. Send cash with order for advertising to Dallas News. Ere's Your Best Advertising Medium. THE PEOPLE TAKE IT. As an Advertising Medium THE INDUSTRIAL WEST has no superior the Panhandle.

they avert their timid eyes and fix their gaze on things afar off.

Years ago Judge David Davis used this language: "Great corporations and consolidated monopolies are fast seizing the avenues of power that lead to the control of the government. It is an open secret that they rule states through procured legislatures and corrupted courts; that they are strong in congress, and that they are unscrupulous in the use of means to conquer prejudice and acquire influence. This condition of things is truly alarming, for unless it be changed quickly and thoroughly free institutions are doomed to be subverted by an oligarchy resting on a basis of money and corporate power."

Special privileges in the shape of legalized larceny, was granted the railroads in fulfillment of Judge Davis' apprehensions. In 1897 Postmaster-General Vilas gave notice that the roads were robbing the postoffice. Wanamaker repeated the information, and Texas' present executive was then on the committee on appropriations, if he was not chairman.

It was shown that the postoffice was paying for car hire and for transportation by weight at the same time a double charge for the same service. Ten millions per annum were stolen in that manner, and yet Congressmen were agape and at sea as to the best method of supplying a deficit of \$8,000,000 then existing in that department.

Such wrongs and similar "special privileges" too numerous to mention induced Mr. Lincoln, speaking of the war, to say: "It has indeed been a trying hour for the republic, but I see in the near future a crisis arising that unmurders me and causes me to tremble for the welfare of my country. As a result of the war, corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow. The money power will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until the Republic will be destroyed. God grant that my fears may prove groundless."

This was less than forty years ago, and yet in that short time his alarm at the prospective ascendancy of the money power" was abundantly justified by the subsequent events. In 1890, at the one hundred and twenty-second annual dinner of the Chamber of Commerce in New York, Chauncey M. Depew, the petted mouthpiece of plutocracy, in speaking of bank aid to Baring Bros., used these words: "It demonstrates that the power of peace and war is passing from the hereditary legislator and the accidental politician to the bankers and merchants of Europe. The details of the preservation of order and the pageantry of courts can be left to public officials, but these new masters of the situation will insist upon the rule of commercial principles and the laws of trade."

The new ministers of the situation have made good the presence of Lincoln. The great soldier, Von Moltke, said: "The Bourne has assumed such influence that it has power to call armies into the field to protect its interests. Mexico and Egypt were swamped with armies to satisfy the demands of haute finance." Mammon loves and investigates conquest, national debt and murderous war; there's money in it, and what are common people good for, if not for soldiers to be shot in the interest of organized greed?

"Haute finance," the money power, indicated by Mr. Lincoln, has decreed warfare and has oppressed home labor and starved it into enlistment till it has enlarged the army and strengthened its hold on government and means to keep its place in power. "Haute finance" sits in Lombard street and dictates the building of navies, the equipment of armies, the subjugation of nations, the spoilation of South Africa and sees to the war in the Philippines, and is careful that the American flag comes down to John Bull in Alaska and enforces military suppression of strikes in this boasted land of liberty and will maintain the gold standard when that issue arises between the banks and the people, as it will arise sooner or later.

sibly in the interest of the state), that a great financial combine might win a cruel and bloody victory over labor.

We should concentrate attention upon our own country and its rapid drift toward revolution. This should be the land of liberty, peace and plenty.

Possibly it would be unfair to hint at political uncleanness in Texas, except upon democratic authority; the mass of partisan voters might hesitate to accept a populist statement, but reference to democratic daily papers will satisfy the most incredulous that each of the warring factions at Waco, consisting of chosen representatives, judges, lawyers, legislators and Congressmen, accused each other of dishonesty and treason to the state in words of such vulgarity and indecency that I dare not give the vile terms a place in public print. Some accused others of having been corrupted with railroad money; the accused retorted that the accusers had been soiled with Waters-Pierce oil money, and both made plausible cases—possibly both were correct. Certainly each was in a position to know whereof he spoke. But the leaders confidently assume that the voter will vote the ticket and take the offensive dose, whether it be oil or railroad corruption or both. Democratic candidates count upon total moral obliquity in the voter.

The Waco convention found an indictment against its own legislature, providing as it did for a constitutional amendment, the purpose of which might be effected by appropriate legislation, could the legislature be trusted to faithfully perform its clear duty.

After more than a quarter of a century of uninterrupted power the man miffed.

The intolerable status arrived at has grown up under both old parties and neither can or will afford relief. Their platforms constitute an unbroken record of evasion, falsehood and deception. Money controls them both.

The prolonged ascendancy of the democratic party in the state has led to many serious abuses, but time and space forbid that I should go into minute detail, suffice it to say that entrenched as the party has been behind its heretofore prodigious majority, its managers have been able to outrage the people and extort expenses and make comfortable and profitable places for partisans with impunity.

There are twenty-one appellate judges in the state, seven appellate courts with their attendant marshals, clerks, stenographers and expenses. The system has been condemned by every well informed lawyer in the state, but party policy fastens it upon a patient people, even though it is common knowledge that our decisions are so entangled and conflicting among the various districts and as between some of the courts of civil appeal and the supreme court, that no man, either lawyer or judge, dare say with confidence what the law is in Texas on many important points. The system should be abolished and a supreme court established consisting of an adequate number of judges, and that court should pass upon every case appealed from the trial courts, to the end that reliable uniformity of decision may be attained. Money would be saved to the state and costs to litigants, while the law would speedily settle into certainty.

Of course, democracy will never inaugurate that reform; too much power through patronage is involved. The ridiculous railroad commission should be abolished and the heavy expense thereof saved to the state. The outlay incident to that abolition, or a considerable portion of it, might well be diverted to the old Confederate veterans, whose pitiful wail now and then reaches the public ear from the Home in Austin.

The wrongs herein detailed and the remedies suggested, afford ample ground for hope that the people will cast off party yoke and rebuke the self-convicted who gathered at Waco, inaugurate reform in the judiciary and other abuses and provide for their own welfare and the prosperity of the state, rather than submit longer to the dictations of politicians who have made and parceled out profitable places for the elect, regardless of the best interests of Texas.

Respectfully,  
J. T. McMINN.  
San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 22, 1900.

### The Spirit of Brotherhood Liveth.

Wharton Barker says, editorially, of the response to the Galveston sufferers: "The living, surrounded by the dead, by the wrecks of their homes and places of business, gave themselves not up to despondency or a bemoaning of their fate, but with a courage sublime, a resolution unconquerable, commanding our aid and sympathy, resolved to rebuild that which the storm had destroyed, restore that which it was possible for mortal hand to restore, build upon the ruins of the old a greater Galveston. No insurance moneys have they to help them in the work of rebuilding, for there was no custom of insurance against destruction by wind and waters, as against fire, to distribute the property losses of such a calamity as has fallen upon Galveston among the people of the country. Those losses can only be in some part distributed, and thus alleviated, through the generosity of the country. Let those who have given generously for Galveston's relief. Let response be prompt and full. The response so far has been generous and of a kind to show that sentiments of brotherhood are not dead, that selfishness is not ever the ruling creed of our countrymen, rich or poor, that in the presence of such a dire calamity as that of Galveston the heart will be touched and feelings of common brotherhood shine through. The only pity is that the country's heart is so dead to ordinary sights. It is too much to expect that the people of this country will, from the generosity of their hearts, share with Galveston a tithe of her losses. But such a disaster as has overwhelmed that city, such a spectacle of sudden death and destruction, of suffering and loss so sudden as to rivet attention as no long drawn out suffering of the submerged tenth, of struggling workers crushed down to starvation's point by capitalistic greed, by iniquitous systems ever can, touches the heart of those who have, causes those hearts to bleed for the suffering and open purses for their relief."

We have seen the frail infant when the faint struggle for existence seemed almost ended, resuscitated and made strong by the use of White's Cream Vermifuge. Price, 25 cents at H. D. Ramsey's drug store.

The democrat says it favors disfranchising the negro because his vote is purchasable. It was openly charged by democrats high in authority that white votes were purchased in Texas in the 1898 primary in great abundance, the McKim vote selling for an average of \$8. The same logic would say disfranchise the democratic white vote of Texas. Again it has been repeatedly charged by Mr. Bryan and other leading democrats that McKinley was elected in 1896 by the purchasable labor vote of America, both white and black. According to the reasoning of the democrat they should be disfranchised.—Granbury Graphic Truth.

On the 10th of December, 1897, Rev. S. A. Donahoe, pastor of the M. E. Church, South, Pt. Pleasant, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which was attended from the beginning by violent coughing. He says: "After resorting to a number of so-called 'specifics,' usually kept in the house, to no purpose, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. I most cheerfully recommend it to the public." For sale by Ramsey.

### Both Sides of the Campaign—A Novel Feature.

The Kansas City Star has decided upon a special feature for the Presidential Campaign. At its request the chairman of the two National committees, Messrs. James K. Jones and M. A. Hanna, have selected and appointed two distinguished writers to conduct, in the Star, a department to be called "The Campaign Forum." In this department the arguments of each of the two great parties will be presented, side by side, day by day. To conduct the democratic side, Mr. Jones has selected and formally appointed Mr. Willis J. Abbott, Chief of the Press Bureau of the Democratic National Committee, and for the republican side, Mr. Hanna has selected and appointed the famous journalist and literateur, Mr. Murat Halstead.

### Ho For Oklahoma!

Congress has authorized the opening to settlement of the famous Kiowa and Comanche reservation—offering rates—opportunities to secure free, fine farms, valuable town lots and rich mineral claims. Excellent openings for business and the professions. Morgan's Manual, a book of nearly 200 pages, tells you how to initiate and perfect your claims. A complete settler's guide. Recognized authority. Morgan's Manual, a fine sectional map of this new country and Oklahoma, and a book, (illustrated) over 100 pages, full of valuable information concerning Oklahoma, all three sent on receipt of \$1.00. Address Dick T. Morgan, Land Attorney, Perry, Oklahoma.

### Points About Milking.

Milk with dry hands. Never allow the hands to come in contact with the milk. Do not milk a cow when warm or excited. This refers to the milker as well as to the cow. Never allow cows to be excited by hard driving, abuse, loud talking or any unnecessary disturbance. If in milking a part of the milk is bloody or stringy or unnatural in appearance, the whole mess should be rejected.—Live Stock.

### Canadian Butter in England.

Consul Brush of Niagara Falls sends the following to the state department: "The growth in the exports of Canadian butter to Great Britain is attracting general attention. In 1897 the average exports of butter from Canada to the English market were 302,000 pounds per month. In 1898 the average was 616,000 pounds per month, and during the first eight months of 1899 the average exceeded 1,500 hundredweight per month. In August, 1899, the tremendous total was recorded of 1,624,000 pounds, or 52,387 pounds of butter per day. The butter is prepared especially for export, brings a high price, and the demand for it seems almost unlimited. The minister of agriculture has been especially active in promoting the sales of Canadian butter and cheese throughout Great Britain. The results of two years' work show possibilities that are worthy the earnest attention of United States shippers."

There are thousands of people, suffering untold torture from piles, because of the popular impression that they cannot be cured. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment will cure them and the patient will remain cured. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents at Ramsey's drug store.

That syndicate which paid \$118,000 of debts for McKinley before he was elected president, has already profited to the extent of millions by having strings on him.—Kansas Populist.

During the winter of 1897 Mr. James Reed, one of the leading citizens and merchants, of Clay, Clay Co., W. Va., struck his leg against a cake of ice in such a manner as to bruise it severely. It became very much swollen and pained him so badly that he could not walk without the aid of crutches. He was treated by physicians, also used several kinds of liniment and two and a half gallons of whisky in bathing it, but nothing gave any relief until he began using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This brought almost a complete cure in a week's time and he believes that had he not used this remedy his leg would have had to be amputated. Pain Balm is unequalled for sprains, bruises and rheumatism. For sale by Ramsey.

### Letters of Acceptance.

The National Chairman, J. A. Parker, of Louisville, Ky., by order of the Executive Committee has had printed a number of 16-page pamphlets, containing the Letters of Acceptance of the nominees, Barker and Donnelly, a biographical sketch and fine cut of Mr. Barker, the preamble of the Omaha platform and a correct copy of the Cincinnati platform. This is a most excellent campaign document and should be widely circulated. These pamphlets will be sent by mail in any quantity for one cent a copy, or by express for \$8.00 per thousand. Orders should be addressed to J. A. Parker, Chairman Populist National Committee, Louisville, Ky.

### The Jew and His Money Laws.

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