

TWICE-A WEEK.

# The Clarendon Chronicle.

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The Nail. Repeated  
Ads Never Fail—If in  
THE CHRONICLE

You may have the very article  
That people dearly prize  
But how are they to know it  
If you do not advertise?

\$1.50 a Year.

Vol. 20

A Faithful Chronicle of Local and General Events.

Advertising rates on application

CLARENDRON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1909

No. 30.

**Legislative Bills Passed.**

Austin, April 10.—As a result of the extra session the following bills have been actually passed:

Amending the Robertson act governing foreign life insurance companies so as to require them to invest their Texas reserves in Texas real estate loans to get a reduction in premium taxes.

Appropriating \$25,000 for the use of the attorney general in the prosecution of suits for the recovery of illegally held school and other public lands.

Creating a state board of health.

Abolishing the doctrine of contributory negligence and substituting therefor the doctrine of comparative negligence.

Instructing the commissioner of agriculture to make an investigation of the irrigation canal situation.

Creating a board for the regulation of fire insurance rates.

Amending the anti-trust act so as to make the maximum daily penalty for violating same \$1,500; placing the venue of such suits in any county the attorney general may elect, and fixing the fees of attorneys at 10 per cent of the first \$50,000 and 5 per cent of amounts above that amount recovered in suits brought under the act.

Appropriating \$2,000 as a supplement to the amount spent by the national government for experimental tobacco culture in Nacogdoches county.

Appropriating \$25,000 for additional agricultural experimental stations throughout the state.

Providing for the organization of cooperative life insurance associations in this state.

There were also passed several bills making it a felony to sell and solicit orders for intoxicants in local option districts. Two of these bills are identical in purpose, but vary in the matter of penalty, one of them providing a punishment of three years in the penitentiary and the other five years. The question is, therefore, which bill goes? Furthermore, there was nothing said in any of the governor's messages about amending the local option law. Nor did he suggest some of the independent school district and local road law bills that were passed.

**Thomas Sworn In and Greeted by Hand-Clapping.**

Greeted by hand clapping in the galleries, Mr. Thomas was sworn in and took his seat in the senate Saturday morning and without opposition of members.

Lieut. Governor Davidson administered the oath, allowing the applauding to go unrebuked.

Without mention of a certificate of election the senate had previously adopted a resolution directing the sergeant at arms to notify Mr. Thomas that the senate was ready to receive him.

It had been reported from Austin that he would not be sworn in without his certificate of election, but it seems the majority of them thought it better policy not to go too far in their opposition, as public sentiment in favor of Thomas was strong in the "forks of the creek" is growing.

Rev. J. B. Tidwell, who for the past two years has been president of Decatur Baptist college, has resigned, to go into effect at the close of the present session. Rev. Tidwell has accepted a position as general field agent for Baylor university of Waco and he will take up the work for that institution. Under the direction of President Tidwell, Decatur college has greatly prospered. Rev. W. C. Carver was elected to succeed Rev. Tidwell as president. Rev. Carver is at present instructor of theology and history in that school.

**Experiment Station Bill.**

The bill providing for experimental stations passed by the last legislature, after saying one shall be in the rice belt, one in the black land belt, one in west Texas and one in northwest Texas, says:

Sec. 2. The governor, the commissioner of agriculture and lieutenant governor shall be and are hereby vested with power to designate such places or localities in the state upon which agricultural, horticultural and feeding stations may be established.

3. After the location of such station or stations, such station or stations may, at the pleasure of said board, be abandoned, and located elsewhere in the state of Texas.

4. In the location of any such agriculture, horticulture or feeding station, the board so locating such station or stations may take into consideration any donation of money or other property to be used in the operation and management of such station or stations, and may accept any lease of lands upon which to carry on such experiments.

5. It shall be the duty of the director of such stations and feeding places to issue and circulate among the farmers and livestock raisers of the state from time to time, as may be deemed beneficial to such industries, printed bulletins showing the results of such experiments, such bulletins to be mailed to such persons as may desire same.

6. That the agricultural and experimental stations now existing under the laws of this state shall, from the time this act takes effect, be under and subject to the provisions of this act and may at the pleasure of said board, be discontinued at such time as they may direct.

7. The director of such station or stations is hereby given authority in the conduct and management of such station or stations to employ such assistance as may be necessary and to purchase from time to time such implements, equipment and seeds as may be necessary in the successful management of such stations, subject to the approval of said board.

8. There shall be appropriated out of any funds in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$25,000 per annum or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended in the establishment, maintenance and operation of such station or stations, such appropriation to extend for two years from the end of the fiscal year for 1909.

9. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

**Deserved Greater Punishment.**

Waco, April 10.—Ernest Wilker son, found guilty of having a mock marriage performed with a highly respected young woman of this city, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary this morning. The ceremony took place on the train and the girl tried to kill herself when she discovered it was only a trick.

We understand that a solicitor for a local newspaper is telling it over the country that there will be one and maybe two papers there that will go out of business pretty soon. If it don't rain in the near future that solicitor will prove to be a prophet of the "first water"—rain water, we mean. The Enterprise has been here through several drouths, and has made arrangements to go through another one if necessary.—Brady Enterprise.

Our school shoes are guaranteed. Rathjen's Shoe Store.

**Haskell Escapes on Technicality.**

Tulsa, Ok., April 10.—Indictments against Gov. Haskell and six other prominent men of Oklahoma, charging frauds in the Muskogee town lot operations were quashed in the United States court this morning.

Sylvester Rush, special United States assistant attorney general, said he would again present evidence to the grand jury, submitting it without delay. The court in its decision quashed the indictments on the ground that they were returned by a grand jury of 23 men under the federal law instead of a jury of 16, as provided for by the Arkansas law, which was held to be in force in the old Indian Territory by federal enactment at the time when the alleged acts were committed.

Men freed besides Haskell are C. W. Turner, proprietor of a hardware company; W. R. Eaton, secretary of a construction company of which Haskell was president; W. T. Hutchings, a lawyer; F. B. Severs, Creek citizen by adoption and wealthy; A. Z. English, son-in-law of Severs; Jesse Hill, a lawyer.

**Bank Deposits Guaranty and Socialism.**

The deposit guaranty controversy has reached that stage where the entire scheme is called socialistic, communistic and other ugly names. The next that we shall hear will be that it is anarchistic. It is always the way. When the opponents of any cause get short of arguments they resort to epithets. So many good things are being designated socialistic nowadays by those who do not like them, or whose interests are affected, that the socialistic propaganda is actually deriving more help and comfort from this source than from any other. It causes many people to think that if so many good things are socialistic socialism must mean something quite different from what it has been painted.

No, bank deposits insurance is neither socialism, communism nor any other "ism." It is merely the insurance idea applied to money in banks. It is simply common sense applied to practical affairs. It is no more socialistic than a time lock is socialistic. It is only a measure of safety. As the brick vault is an evolution from the iron safe and is

**The Nine Jury Bill.**

There appears to be a persistent effort on the part of a respectable number of the present legislature to pass what is known as "The Nine Jury Law." The purpose of the law is the change of the existing conditions. All juries in the district court are composed of twelve men, and the law, as it stands, requires the unanimous decision of the twelve jurors before a verdict can be rendered in that court. The purpose of the law is that is now being agitated before the legislature is to allow nine members of the jury to render the verdict of the jury. The law is so framed that if a jury disagrees it cannot agree upon a verdict within six hours, then nine members of the jury can agree upon a verdict, then the verdict agreed upon by these nine men will be accepted as the verdict of the jury.

The interest in this proposition is a growing one, and various arguments are now offered in its favor. However, the nine jury law is only to apply in civil cases. It is argued that in questions of law, where there are three judges, as in our supreme court, and nine judges, as in the United States supreme court, a majority of these judges determine what the law is. A majority of the votes in the State legislature is sufficient to make a law, and it is argued that a majority of the members of a jury ought to be sufficient to determine its verdict.

This is a much mooted question, in which there are honest differences between good men. For instance, it is argued that in a civil case, in an action for damages, the jury may agree that the plaintiff is entitled to recover, but they may disagree as to the amount that he should be entitled to. In such case it looks like a majority of the jury should be authorized to determine that question.

And again, we can see no reason why it should not apply in a criminal case. If all the jurors agree that the defendant is guilty, but disagree as to the grade of his offense, or the amount of punishment it looks like this might be determined by a majority of the jurors. The question involved in this legislation has been much discussed in the State Bar Association, and the demand for a change in the present jury law is increasing.—Exchange.

**STATE NEWS**

Ben Dulaney of Bonham came near dying from a dose of carbolic acid taken through mistake for cough syrup at night.

There was heavy frost and some ice Friday morning at Denison, McKinney, Waxahachie and Terrell. Vegetables were nipped but corn not seriously hurt.

Will Lester, age 45 years, a farmer west of Dallas on the interurban at stop No. 23, was shot from ambush and killed Friday night. Suspected of the deed, H. C. Harris, aged 24, was arrested and is held pending investigation.

Around Denison the frost of Thursday night was very damaging to the strawberry crop. Potatoes suffered the most; truck gardens were hit very hard; young corn in the bottoms was nipped so bad that it will have to be replanted.

Though a majority favored acquitting Frank McCue, charged with killing Earl Mabry of Dallas, the jury failed to agree in two full days deliberation, and Friday was discharged by Judge Simmons. The first ballot showed eight to four, the second nine to three, for acquittal. This is the second mistrial.

All the street car lines in Washington, D. C., are operated by the underground trolley system. Even suburban cars which use the overhead trolley outside the city are equipped to use the underground system within the municipality.

**Yukon-Pacific Exposition.**

Seattle, Wash., April 5.—Music will be a big feature of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, and during the exposition season the finest musical organization of the United States will be heard. Liberati's, Innes' and Ellery's band will divide the season and these will be heard daily.

The Temple of Music is centrally located, and in this beautiful building, continuous concerts will be given free from the first day of June until the closing day on the sixteenth of October. A number of handsome band stands have been erected at various points, and these are so dispersed that music will be heard in every part of the grounds.

Shorter concert seasons have been arranged for orchestras and bands from foreign countries, and among these will be heard the Philippine Constabulary band and the National band of Mexico. Vocal and solo instrument concerts will as

rule be heard in the auditorium, and this new permanent building represents one of the very finest halls for such a purpose, that is to be found in the United States. Of great importance and assistance to concerts held in the auditorium will be the new organ which has been installed for the exposition. This instrument is one of the largest pipe organs yet built, and in tone and possibilities is not surpassed.

Interesting novelties in music will be heard, and among these will be a noted native Philippine band whose instruments are entirely composed of bamboo. The range and class of music produced by these rudely constructed instruments is remarkable, and the extremely crude appearance presented is in strong contrast to the equipment of other organizations.

**Immoral and Wicked Korean Flapdoodles.**

Cincinnati, April 9.—Aroused by an editorial in the Western Advocate denouncing the large size of women's hats that are said to be a nuisance in church by interfering with the view of worshippers in the congregation, Bishop Moore, presiding in the Cincinnati Methodist Episcopal conference, uttered the following condemnation of prevailing styles in feminine headgear:

"For a woman of moderate means to pay \$48 or \$35, or just \$19 for the plain hat without trimming is absolute wickedness."

"It is outrageous, nothing less. Why, one woman's Easter hat could buy an entire clerical outfit."

"They are aggravating, maddening," he continued. "One feels like taking a shot at them with a hymnbook and bumbling their lofty pretentiousness and pride in the dust."

"It is a solemn conviction that this which looks like such a trivial matter amounts almost to any absolute moral offense and sin. Ought not Christian women show more consideration for their fellow worshippers? Is there not something like a proper courtesy and a decent regard for the opinions of others and their convenience and comfort which ought to influence our sisters in reference to this matter of complaint? Is not the present practice a genuine imposition not only upon good nature, but upon the rights and privileges of those who gather in the house of God?"

"If women must don these Korean flapdoodles let them remove them as soon as they are seated in church."

All the street car lines in Washington, D. C., are operated by the underground trolley system. Even suburban cars which use the overhead trolley outside the city are equipped to use the underground system within the municipality.

**AVOID  
the rush**

**Have Your Spring Clothing Cleaned and Pressed Now**

**F. A. WHITE,**

CLARFNDON, TEXAS

The Clarendon Chronicle.  
Published Twice-a-Week by  
W. P. BLAKE, Editor and Proprietor.

Subscription.....\$1.50 a year

Entered February 10, 1903, at Clarendon, Tex.,  
as Second class matter, under Act of Congress  
March 3, 1879.

CLARENDON, TEX., APR. 14, 1909.

Gov. Hadley secured in St. Louis a court order to prevent Missouri railroads from returning to 3-cent fares. Until the court makes a decision two-cent fares will remain in effect.

The legislators of Missouri and the voters in some of the northern states are knocking the dram shops groggy, while down at Austin it is the legislators themselves who are groggy.

Not many companies who made their money honestly could afford to employ several \$1000-a-day lawyers to defeat the enforcement of violated laws, as the Standard Oil company is doing.

Judge O'Neal presents some plain facts regarding the proposed road bond issue in today's Chronicle. Read it carefully and see if you can afford to go without good roads for the sake of saving the small amount of tax to get them.

To the Texas legislature: Pay your board bills and go home, just to see what the governor will do about it.—El Paso Times.

Does the Times intimate that the governor would have a fit or drop dead if the legislators should do such a thing as pay their board bills?

A man in Sherman committed suicide because his sister died and left eight orphan children to his care.—Denton County News.

Oh, it doesn't take much to kill some people. A farmer near Pittsburgh, Pa., by the name of Heddinger went to the barn and shot himself to death because his wife presented him with twins, then his mother-in-law fell dead because of the excitement.

#### New City Officers.

The new city officers were installed yesterday. They are, C. W. Bennett, mayor; J. H. Hodges, marshal; Henry Williams, Frank Bourland, W. T. Hayter, Price Baker and Lloyd Blackwell, aldermen.

These men are all interested business men and will doubtless give us a good, sound business administration, and should have the backing of every resident of the place in everything that tends to our development and growth. A larger and better Clarendon should be the motto, and a united effort in that direction will bring it about.

The receipts from Mr. Bryan's Fort Worth lecture were \$632. Of this amount \$215 was paid Mr. Bryan; the McLean Memorial association received \$194; the Children's Home society, \$194, and the printing expenses amounted to \$23.

The Daily Panhandle claims that Amarillo has 300 automobiles and that they are soon to have an automobile show.

Mount Etna is in eruption. A great cloud of smoke is pouring out of the crater and ashes are falling thick over the surrounding country.

#### They Don't Speak Now.

Myra: "Do you think it's true that people catch anything through kissing?"

Blanche: "Oh, I don't think so. See how often you've been kissed, and you've never caught anybody yet."

The Commercial Club met Monday long enough to allow pending bills and elect Johnnie Thorpe temporary secretary until next regular meeting, when new officers will be elected.

Pumpkin Yam Seed Sweet Potatoes  
for sale. Will deliver in town on notice by card. A. L. Bruce.

#### Standard Oil Again Defeated in the Texas Case.

Washington, April 12.—The United States supreme court today refused to grant a re-hearing in the case against Waters-Pierce Oil company.

This court a short time ago affirmed the action of the lower court, fining Waters-Pierce Oil company \$1,600,000 and ousting that corporation from the state of Texas, holding State Receiver Robert J. Eckhart of Tyler as proper authority to take charge of company property. The company petitioned for a re-hearing and stay of judgment granted, but today the petition was denied, giving Texas a final victory in the celebrated fight, which has lasted several years.

Austin, April 12.—Above news from the Washington supreme court, giving the victory to the state in the Waters-Pierce litigation, as a result of which the company will be found to pay the \$1,600,000 fine and accruing penalties which makes a total of nearly \$2,000,000, has elated state officials. The ouster was upheld.

Attorney General Davidson led the fight for the last several years for the state with N. S. Priest and J. D. Johnson, representing the corporation.

Waters-Pierce lost in the Travis county district court, state supreme court, federal circuit court of New Orleans and federal supreme court.

Today's decision will take the property away from C. B. Dorchester, federal receiver at Sherman, who is en route to Austin to roll the company's back taxes.

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#### Useful and Convenient Invention.

The patent business of this city has been very active lately. R. W. Talley has just been allowed letters patent on an apparatus for holding tickets for telephone or desk use.

It is arranged so as to be instantly attached or detached from a telephone. It is so arranged that it makes as many duplicates as is wanted. It does not need any adjusting of the carbon. The top or original sheets are held firmly in place, allowing a perfect copy to be made the full length of the ticket. It is instantly ready to change on to the next ticket and can be operated with one hand only, while the other is holding the receiver. It is simple and easy to refill with tickets. The tickets are put up in roll or web form.

This style of tickets can be cheaply put up by the printer.

They do not require any binding, folding or carbon sheets, as in the book form. Just simple printing and winding on wood or paper spools is all there is to it. One advantage this apparatus has over the book form of tickets is that you get an absolutely correct copy of the original as it is written.

This apparatus holds tickets for the banker, the lumber and grocery merchants or any business that requires duplicate copies, and is especially adopted for use where only one hand of the operator can be used while the other hand is on the keys of the telegraph or telephone instrument.

This machine does all the handling of the tickets except what can be easily done by the free hand. When he gets this on the market he will likely be in position to give his friends some good jobs.

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#### Election Notice for School Trustees of the Clarendon Independent School District.

In pursuance of an order passed by the board of school trustees of the Clarendon Independent School District, an election for the purpose of electing four (4) school trustees is hereby ordered to be held at the Court House in Clarendon, Donley County, Texas, on the first Saturday in May, same being the 1st day of May, 1909.

I. W. Carhart is appointed manager or judge of said election, at which only duly qualified voters of said district shall be allowed to vote. The election shall be held as near as may be in conformity with the state election laws.

W. H. PATRICK.

F. D. MARTIN, Sec.

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#### Groom.

CHRONICLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Farmers are very busy here turning over the sod. Thousands of acres are being turned.

Wheat and oats are looking fairly well since the recent snow.

Slay & Crowell have completed a well for L. M. Bassett, three miles north of town, and has moved to O. Bergin's to make a well.

The Groom community is being dotted with wind mills and new residences.

Mrs. R. M. Cornett has returned from Melrose, N. M., bringing back her little sister, Leslie Wilkeron, who has been under the care of a specialist.

Hughes & Hamilton are having a new residence built east of town.

The Boydston school had an Easter egg hunt Friday and all report a fine time.

We notice Will Brady on the streets again. He looks as if he is glad to get back.

W. A. Massie went to Crowell on business last week.

C. H. Harris and Wagner Bros.

shipped 15 cars of cattle last week.

The cattle were in fine shape and

were fed at their ranches on Panhandle products.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Steel April 2nd, a 12-pound girl.

Mrs. W. A. Massie and Mrs. P. E. Johnson made a trip to Clarendon last week.

Rev. McAfee preached at the Baptist church last 2nd Lord's day.

Miss Lillie Whately entertained

a few of her friends at Mrs. J. B. Weems' last evening.

#### Moral Wisdom vs. Learned Chicanery.

Although most of the jurors in the Carmack murder trial could neither read nor write, they were not deaf and dumb. They heard all the evidence and pronounced a verdict of guilty against Col. Cooper and his son. An illiterate's idea of justice may be as correct as that of his learned brother; and more so if the latter is lacking morally.—Clarendon Chronicle.

The illiterate man is likely to be a very unintelligent man, although there are some remarkable exceptions to that rule. The ignorant man is put in the hands of the slick lawyer, and it is because our system tends to give preference to the ignorant man when it comes to selecting a jury that so many murderers escape. Given ignorance and a sharp lawyer, and any miscarriage of justice is possible.—Galveston News.

To this Editor Patrick of the El Campo Citizen adds the following comment:

"There is a difference. Learning does not always mean wisdom. It hardly seems possible that a Harvard degree would have made a stronger man of Abraham Lincoln, or that Edison, whose brain has wrought greater changes than any other man of the century, was the loser by not being versed in physics as taught at Yale.

"Mark Twain was not made greater by his Oxford degree, his story saith that Shakespeare at Oxford did nothing beyond making the acquaintance of an inn-keeper's wife. It does seem at times that a certain ignorance is a necessary equipment for the doing of a great work. To live in a city and to know what others are doing and saying, and to meet the learned and powerful and listen to their sermons and lectures, to view the unending shelves of vast libraries, is not to be discouraged; but it is not all. Is it not a fact that genius is essentially rural—a country product? Churches, theaters, concerts, lectures, libraries produce a knowledge that smiles at the right time and bows when it is proper; but it is well to bear in mind that some of our great men and women were country lads and lassies, with little companionship. They grew up on picked up classes and with a healthy ignorance of what the world was saying and doing, and so it has been with all the good and great in every clime.

"Don't be too anxious about your learning. Get wisdom! The power to say and do! Think straight! See straight! Hear straight as the Cooper jury did! In the great cosmic machine men are but atoms struggling for a day, and wisdom is worth more than a college degree."

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#### Administrator's Notice.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF DONLEY. To Those Indebted to or Holding Claims Against the Estate of George Melton:

The undersigned having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of George Melton, late of the County of Donley and State of Texas, by J. C. Killough, special judge of the County Court of Donley County, Texas, on the 10th day of February, 1909, during a regular term of said court, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make settlement, and those having claims against said estate to present them to him at his office in Clarendon, Texas, where he has his residence and receives his mail.

Given under my hand at Clarendon, Texas, this 10th day of March, 1909. A. T. COLE, Administrator of the Estate of Geo. Melton.

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Given under my hand at Clarendon, Texas, this 10th day of March, 1909. F. W. Saunders.

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#### Six Milch Cows for Sale.

Apply to Chas. Wright, south part of town.

• • •

For Rent—Ground floor office, also a four-room house with storm house, barn, etc. Close in. J. L. Davis.

SAFE CAB SERVICE.

In the sale of the livery business I have retained the cab, which will at all times be in hands of a careful driver with a safe team to meet all trains, regardless of the weather. Your parsonage solicited.

J. H. Hodges.

Old papers 15c 100 at this office.

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#### STATE NEWS

Near South Bosque, west of Waco, the wife and mother of James Marrs, while driving in their buggy, were struck by an automobile.

The elder lady was fatally injured and the younger one seriously. They live near McGregor.

Lon Vickers, an aged recluse, living three miles from Georgetown, was found dead Monday morning in his house with a bullet wound in his head. Vickers lived there many years and it is reported considerable money was hidden in the house. No clue to robbers was found and search reveals no money.

N. S. McNeal blew his brains out on a train near Gurley, Ala., Sunday day. He lived near Howe in Grayson county. He was a witness

against two white men, charged with shooting into a tent occupied by three negroes, near Gunter, several weeks ago. His wife says he had been warned to leave, and his trip east was to find a new home.

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## SPRING MILLINERY!

Now is the time to get your new hat, while the stock is full and new hats are put out each day. We have one price.

## Give Us Your Order

We have some good things in Gingham, Percale, Calico, Lawn, White Goods, Suiting and other things too many to tell, at very low prices. Call and examine our stock.

## MISS SARAH PORTER

Have Some Rooms to Let

# LADIES' SUITS

F. A. WHITE,

Jackets  
and Skirts

# FRENCH DRY-CLEANED

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

*Business locals five cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents for subsequent insertions. All locals run and are charged for until ordered out. Transient notices and job work are cash, other bills on first of month.*

**Phone for 150** and all of the local news you can think of that will interest our readers. This will be but little trouble to you and greatly help us to make a more newsy paper.

#### LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Dick Allen is off duty this week by being somewhat indisposed.

J. Walker Lane is adding two rooms to his residence.

Rev. Newlin, of Rowe, was in Clarendon on business Monday.

J. C. Asher has returned to Dallas again to have his eyes treated.

W. M. Balter, of Memphis, spent Sunday in Clarendon with friends.

J. L. Red and daughter returned a few days ago from a trip to Plainview.

Attorney A. T. Cole has bought the Al Warner place at \$3,100 and will move to it.

Mrs. J. K. Porter left Saturday for New Mexico, where Mr. Porter has a homestead claim.

Misses Marion and Imogene King, of Memphis, spent Sunday with Minnie and Ethel Rutherford.

W. B. Higley, from Dalhart, is the new operator at the depot to take the place of Mr. Houk, resigned.

The Easter spell of weather has been pretty cool, but not very stormy. We look for fine weather from now on.

Ed Jennings in the east part of the county has sold 320 acres of land to W. T. Youree at about \$13.50 per acre.

R. H. Alexander of Alureed spent Monday here on business. He will likely move to Clarendon in the near future.

Dr. J. F. McGhee will spend the next several days at McLean professionally and will teach a class in veterinary surgery.

Rev. J. P. Burk, of Memphis, missionary in the Pueblo Baptist Association, spent Monday here with Rev. A. V. Neely.

W. H. Crawford, the depot agent, is spending this week in Topeka, Kas., where he is a witness in a Santa Fe railway suit.

Mrs. John Sims leaves this morning for Roswell, N. M., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Loveless, formerly of this county.

H. Lott bought a 20-horse power automobile while at Roswell last week and Geo. Murrell will go over tomorrow and bring it through.

Mrs. T. E. Standifer was out trying her hand at driving the Doctor's auto yesterday and seemed to be doing fine in keeping control of it.

Ira Barnett, who is now employed in railway work in northern California, spent a few days here visiting his parents the first of the week.

S. W. Smith, who moved to Wise county just prior to Christmas, has moved back to Clarendon and unloaded his car of household goods yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Sachee and two children were up from Brice yesterday trading. He says farmers in that vicinity are going right along with farming operations.

Mrs. T. A. Babb and daughter, Miss Annie, who have been visiting several months in Wichita Falls, Galveston, San Antonio, Waco and Fort Worth, stopped over here Friday and visited a number of their Clarendon friends during the time up to Monday morning, when they left for their home in Amarillo. They lived here several years and their numerous friends are always pleased to see them.

#### Band Boys Won Highest Honors.

Clarendon's band boys had everything pretty much their own way at the Roswell Stockmen's meeting, and were ahead of the Roswell City band and the Military Institute band both in variety and the rendering of the music. The boys came back highly pleased with the way they were received at Roswell and Roswell was well pleased with the boys and their music.

Miss Claire Teague, who has been teaching school several miles northeast of here, came in Monday, her term having expired, and went to Plainview, where she will visit a few weeks before returning to her home in Clarendon.—Tulia Standard.

H. C. Brunley, of Clarendon, bridge foreman for the northern end of the Denver railroad, spent a portion of this week in Channing and vicinity with his crew, looking after the bridges and culverts. He reports that this end of the railroad is now in first class shape.—Channing Courier.

#### "A Real Good One."

Blondin's Big Show, under canvas, offering grand novelty "The Cowboy, Indian and the Lady." It's the newest play from a writer of real success. It is a genuine western comedy with a plot of much historic interest. The scenes are western and true to life, with an unusual amount of pathos and a raft of comedy by the Chinaman and negro character of the most amusing sort, with a distinguished quality of naturalness that pleases both old and young alike. The show as a whole is entertaining, instructive and strictly moral; not founded on dime novel lines, and nothing better could be asked for.

At Clarendon Monday, April 19.

#### Market Report.

The following is the Fort Worth stock market report for Thursday:

Steers \$3.00 to \$6.10.

Cows \$1.65 to \$5.00.

Calves \$2.75 to \$6.00.

Hogs \$5.40 to \$7.20.

#### THE GOOD ROADS BOND ISSUE.

#### Judge O'Neill Gives Facts and Figures.

To the Citizens and Taxpayers of Donley County:

A number of people over the country who are interested in the Road Bond Issue, to be voted on April 24, have called on me for information concerning same, and many have urged me to make a statement through our papers that the voter may be informed as to what his vote may mean to him individually.

Be it understood in the outset that, individually, I am heartily in favor of the bond issue and think it the opportunity of a life time to the farmer of Donley County, and especially those of the sandy road part of the county, and think every dollar paid in road tax will be amply repaid in convenience and actual saving to those who have crops to market.

But as I have so often said—and now repeat—I shall not attempt to influence the vote of any citizen, nor urge him to act on my judgment. But I think it my duty, especially since so many have requested me to do so, to explain the matter and state facts and figures of which I know, that the voter may think and vote for himself. To this end it will be necessary to discuss several questions:

1. Kind of road.

2. The cost of constructing—and will \$90,000 be sufficient?

3. The manner of constructing—that is, by home labor or by contract?

4. Where will the money be expended and what roads built?

5. The cost to the taxpayer.

6. The benefit to taxpayers.

Now let us notice each of these in its order:

#### THE KIND OF ROAD.

As every road man knows, this could be answered by the suggestion that only well constructed, permanent roads should be built. But many desire information as to how they shall be built and the material used.

Hence I will go somewhat into detail. Our commissioners' court elected a committee to go east and make investigation concerning the material to be used and also machinery needed.

Messrs. Williams and Naylor as such committee went to Dallas and were from there carried by experienced road builders and shown the actual

work and process of road building on the ground—observing the completed work along with work then being done.

They had civil engineers make estimate of cost and construction for our county—especially the deep sand country—which is the "elephant" in all road work. These engineers differ somewhat in figures. One thought possibly \$500 and the other \$600 per mile sufficient. This depends, of course, on distance to haul material.

Our said committee think that \$600 per mile a safe estimate for the sandy roads and in some places where the gravel and clay will be "handy" it will not take that amount.

It is thought that we will be able to get all needed coating for the sand road, and that which is good and will make permanent roads, reasonably near the several roads to be coated. I think we should build PERMANENT roads or NONE, but I am glad to say that I think we can get the material for PERMANENT work in Donley county.

#### THE COST OF CONSTRUCTING, AND WILL \$90,000 BE SUFFICIENT?

This has been answered in a measure in the first question, but it may be of interest to enlarge on that. As aforesaid it will cost some \$600 per mile for sandy road. It will cost from \$50 to \$150 per mile for hard road where only labor and machinery are necessary.

It was estimated by Messrs. McDougal and Naylor, I believe, that there will be 52 miles of bad sand road which at \$600 per mile will cost \$36,000 and 150 miles at \$150 per mile (which is a big allowance for hard road), \$22,500—total \$58,500, and to this we may add for all necessary equipment, \$2,000; total \$60,500.

This you will require \$60,500. Now let us suppose we have 70 miles of bad sand (which is not the case) at \$600 per mile—then the cost will be \$42,000—and 250 miles of hard road at \$150—\$30,000, making a total of \$72,000; then add for necessary equipment \$2,000 and for incidentals \$1,000, and we have as a grand total \$75,000.

This from \$90,000 leaves us a balance of \$15,000 for anything that may not have been considered in costs aforesaid.

#### CONTRACT OR HOME LABOR.

This question has been causing some agitation and a little feeling among some of the voters because of a rumor (whose author, as is usual in such cases, has more of time for attending to other people's affairs than for his own) to the effect that all this work would be let by contract and non-residents would get all the money and our Donley county citizens get none.

How, or by whom, this was stated I know not, but will say that there is no foundation for same, in fact. However, I will say this much; Every time the matter has been discussed by the commissioners in my presence or hearing I have understood that they were WITHOUT EXCEPTION in favor of working every home man who wanted work. Provided, however, that every man be paid according to amount of labor performed. That is to say, the work should be under competent management and systematically performed. I think all will agree that it would be unjust for men and teams to be employed and money paid out except under the supervision of a COMPETENT and strict business foreman.

So without further discussion, and trusting these facts may be of benefit to the voter, I respectfully submit same. Respectfully submitted,

J. H. O'NEAL.

#### COST TO THE TAXPAYER.

I will answer this by stating that the court will levy a tax of fifteen cents on the hundred dollars valuation of property for the purpose of providing interest and sinking fund to take care of these bonds.

Now if the average farmer has \$3,000 worth of stuff he will pay \$4.50 more tax for the benefit to be derived from good over bad roads.

#### BENEFIT TO THE TAXPAYER.

I had thought of discussing this also but with the discussion of the other questions before you I feel it would be a reflection on the intelligence of the average voter to try to argue that a prima facia good thing is to your best interest. It needs no argument to convince a man that if he can haul as much with two horses (and in less time) on a good road as he can four or six on a bad road, then he can well afford to pay a small tax for the building of a good road.

So without further discussion, and trusting these facts may be of benefit to the voter, I respectfully submit same. Respectfully submitted,

J. H. O'NEAL.

#### Half Block for Sale.

Near college and handy to public school with 6-room house, well, windmill, tank, nice shade, sheds, etc. For price and terms see A. W. McLean.

#### Grace Hats

## COMING

The Best One There Is;

# BLONDIN'S BIG SHOW

UNDER CANVAS

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## "The COWBOY, INDIAN and the LADY"

With Betz's Military Band and a Superb Orchestra

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Two Special Cars. Parade at Noon Performance at Night Only



## "Grace Hats"

Assure Latest Styles

The superiority of "Grace Hats" is plainly evident to all discriminating women. It requires but a comparison of "Grace Hats" with others to be convinced that "Grace Hats" are identical in shape and trimming to the most expensive hats worn by fashion leaders in the largest cities.

## "Grace Hats"

are made in such a variety of models that it is possible for every lady in this city to wear a "Grace Hat" and have it entirely different from her neighbor's hat. Every woman who is truly desirous of wearing a hat this year which is as beautiful and as stylish as the expensive hats on Fifth Avenue, New York, owes it to herself to purchase a "Grace Hat."

All genuine "Grace Hats" have the label sewed inside the crown.

"Grace Hats" are no higher in price than millinery of less merit.

**Mrs. A. M. Beville & Co.**  
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### Payne Bill Passes House.

Washington, April 9.—With important changes made since it was reported by the ways and means committee the Payne tariff bill was passed by the House tonight. The roll-call showed that party lines had been well maintained. Only one republican voice against the bill and only four democrats voted for it. The vote was, for the bill, 217; against it, 161. The announcement by Speaker Cannon that it had passed was followed by a noisy demonstration by the republicans. They applauded, cheered and banged their desks and it was several minutes before the speaker could restore order. In the galleries and corridors was a great throng which joined in the enthusiasm on the floor. Tomorrow the bill will be sent to the senate, where many of its schedules will be changed.

The only modification in the bill not proposed by the ways and means committee relates to oil. After a bitter fight the House took action which it intended as a blow at the Standard Oil company. It adopted an amendment striking out the entire oil schedule inserted by the ways and means committee. The purpose of this amendment is to permit free entry to the United States to crude oil and all of the products of the oil industry. About 200 products, including paraffin, vaseline and candles, now on the dutiable list, are thus transferred to the free list. The fight to prevent the adoption of this amendment was directed by Speaker Cannon, who employed every influence at the command of the House organization for the retention of the oil schedule.

The advocates of free lumber were defeated as the result of a deal between the representatives from the lumber states and the New England and other delegations that demanded free hides. Yesterday in committee of the whole free lumber was beaten by only six votes. But in the House this afternoon the same amendment was rejected by a majority of 14. The defection of the democrats also entered into the controversy over lumber, as several members on that side of the House who represent southern lumber-producing states voted for the duty.

The delegations from the cattle raising states made a poor showing in their fight for the retention of the 15 percent duty on hides. Free hides won by a substantial majority.

The bill provides for a graduated inheritance tax, but this probably will be cut out in the senate. Assurance has also been given that the gloves and hosiery advance will be eliminated by the senate. In fact, the real fight on the tariff bill has just begun. It is generally recognized that the bill will be remodeled in the senate. Important modifications are inevitable, as the bill in its present shape with the tea tax removed, will provide only 3 million dollars more revenue from customs than the Dingley law provided. Should the inheritance tax, which is depended on for 20 million, be cut out, the bill would leave a deficiency and the senate would be compelled to provide additional sources of taxes. A tax of 2 per cent on dividends of corporations has been discussed, as well as some of the stamp taxes of the Spanish war.

### The Little Leaks.

While we do not in the least hold that the waste that is draining the family income, in city or country, is all on the woman's side, we would call the attention of the women of the family to the fact that the garbage can gathers in many a wasted nickel. Poor cooking, unwise planning or unchecked wastefulness on the part of the children are all factors in the loss. In many families, this waste is thrown out in the yard about the doors in the cold season, where it is very offensive to the eye of persons accustomed to cleanliness, and where it will rot and draw flies and give out foul smells as soon as the weather becomes warm. If there are poultry, pigs, or a compost heap, there is a way of utilizing it, but if not, it is better to throw all refuse into the stove, or a specially constructed crematory outside the gate. Watch for the extravagance of waste.

### YACHTSMAN'S NOVEL FEAT.

Leffingwell of Chicago Club Will Try to Set Mark in Arctic Zone.

To have its emblem carried farther north than that of any other organization which makes a sport of sailing is to be the distinction of the Chicago Yacht Club, whose burgee will be flown from the truck of one of its member's boats during a three years' cruise in the waters of the Arctic zone.

The yachtsman who will carry out the novel feat is Ernest De Koven Leffingwell, geologist and member of the University of Chicago geographical department, who has been made an honorary member of the Chicago Yacht Club. Mr. Leffingwell recently went to Pasadena, Cal., to perfect his plans for the Alaskan trip.

His craft is to be a stanch auxiliary schooner, now being completed in Seattle, and when it is launched the pennant of the Chicago Yacht Club will fly from the main truck, ready to be carried where no yachting emblem has been seen before. The schooner will be a fifty footer, and its auxiliary power will be furnished by a twenty-five horse power kerosene engine, which is thought to be safer for the purpose than one of the gasoline type.

Four sailors will be Mr. Leffingwell's companions during the trip, which is to start May 1. The first stop will be made at Nome and the second at Point Barrow, where is located the last Hudson Bay trading post. From that point a course will be laid for Flaxman Island, 300 miles northeast, and Mr. Leffingwell then will take up the task of making maps of the rivers that he discovered there upon his recent exploring trip.

### CULT OF SOUL MATES.

Club of Both Sexes Is Studying a Science of Symmetry.

A society having for its aim the cultivation of the human figure until it becomes absolutely symmetrical has been formed in Auburndale near Boston and has already extended its influence into the neighboring suburbs, the Newtons, Winthrop, Revere, Brookline, Lincoln and Dorchester.

The club is formed on the plan of having an equal number of men and women on the rolls, and so popular has the new science of symmetry become that no less than 200 of both sexes attended a recent gathering. The creed of the cult is embodied in a book which has already been written and is ready for the printer. Its title is "The Human Limit," and it deals with affinity extensively, and especially the power to recognize a limit, so that soul mates may know each other at a glance with a view of perfect and happy marriages.

The founder and teacher of the new idea is Edward Chase Merrill, formerly instructor in the Boston School of Practical Psychology. Both he and his wife, he declares, have become ten years younger as the result of practicing the precepts of the new science, which is asserted to be based on the philosophy of Froebel. The club is known as the Good Idea Club.

### CY YOUNG THE CHAMPION.

Griffith Claims That Veteran Is Greatest Twirler in Baseball.

"You can talk about your Clarksons, your Rusies, your Radbourns and your Mathewsons," says Manager Clarke Griffith of the Cincinnati Nationals, "but when it comes down to real figures, the greatest pitcher that ever lived is 'Cy' Young who was turned over to Lincoln recently by the Boston club."

"Just think of it, that old boy will be forty-two years of age on March 20, has been pitching in fast company for nineteen years, and is just as clever in fooling batsmen now as ever he was."

"It has been whispered around that the Cleveland club made a foolish trade in giving Pitchers Cech and Ryan and a bonus of \$10,000 for Young. Don't believe it. Why, Young will draw that \$10,000 the first three games he pitches for the Naps—and he'll keep on winning too, with that team behind him."

"Young's a wonder. Any man that can win upward of 500 games in fast society is a marvel. And you can bet that the old boy has a lot of good baseball in his makeup yet. Watch him."

Honest Ball Player.

Here's a new one. The Secretary of the New Castle (Pa.) baseball team claims he has secured a contract from one of the candidates for a place on the team which is unique, in that the player agrees that if he does not hit at a .350 clip for the season he will not ask for any pay for the final month of the season. The secretary will not give out the player's name, as he claims that if it were known every pitcher in the league would work overtime trying to beat the player out of that month's salary.

Pleasing Augury.

An era of good feeling is promised for the Taft Administration. The newspapers of all parties North and South are wishing the new President all kinds of good fortune and even predicting success. It is a pleasing augury.—Adrian (Mich.) Times.

A Duty to Aliens.

Italy's sons, in Brooklyn here, with brawn and patience labor as wealth creators, far and near. Their share they save despite the fear, unknown to Yankee neighbor, Of grim extortion's heavy hand, Whose blackness they can understand.

Protection is a debt we owe. Within our gates to workers. Their little hoards must fear no blow. From bandit bands Sicilians knew, Of shooters and of dirkers. Society its duty sees.

A hundred thousand peaceful folk In trade or manual toil, Of frugal life, beneath terror's yoke Breathe fast and dread a coming stroke.

From fierce Black Hand despellers. El Mano Nero's power is shown In Petrovino's dying groan! Brooklyn Eagle.

### THE ONLY VICTIMS.

An Adventure in the Surf on the West Coast of Africa.

West Africa is known to all navigators for its few harbors and its heavy surf, which at certain seasons rages like a battle, defying the white man who would approach its shores. The author of "The Jungle Folk of Africa," Mr. R. H. Milligan, tells of a successful, and to the observers an amusing, effort to reach shore at a point where the surf did not seem to be impossible.

One day when the beach seemed much better than usual the captain and the ship's surgeon ventured ashore. The captain afterward narrated the adventure of their landing to a small but enthusiastic audience. He said that after waiting outside the surf half an hour the headman suddenly gave the order, and in a moment they were in the breakers, riding on the top of one of them and speeding toward the shore at the rate of "seventy miles an hour."

The captain was in the bow of the boat, well braced and cushioned. But when the boat struck the beach with the force of a railway collision the doctor was thrown violently over two thwarts into the captain's bosom, whom he clasped about the neck with a steel-like grip.

The next moment another breaker picked the boat up and buried it upon the beach, throwing both captain and doctor to a perfectly safe distance, where they sprawled upon the sand. The doctor, still hugging the captain's neck and very much frightened, exclaimed:

"Oh, captain, dear captain, is there anybody killed but you and me?"

### BRAVE SOLDIERS.

Sacrificed Their Lives In an Attempt to Save the Colors.

In days gone by the Zulus were the boldest fighters among all the natives of South Africa, and it was not until they had been defeated in several battles that they would live in peace with white people.

In 1878 15,000 of the Zulus attacked and killed a regiment of British soldiers, and a most heroic deed was the attempt made by three British soldiers to save the two flags, or colors, belonging to the regiment.

When it was seen that the Zulus were so many that there was no hope of keeping them at bay the colonel of the British regiment called to a young officer whose name was Lieutenant Melville and said, "You will take charge of the colors, Melville, and try to get away from here."

The Lieutenant saluted and took into his hands the two colors of his regiment. Then, with another officer and a soldier, all mounted on horses, he suddenly dashed away with his precious burden.

They were at once seen by the keen sighted Zulus, however, and after a long chase the three gallant Englishmen, fighting to the last, were killed by the enemy.

Some time afterward one of the flags was found near a rocky stream, where the heroes had fought and died, and it was taken to England and presented to Queen Victoria.

And in memory of the three brave soldiers who had died while defending the queen placed a wreath of immortelles on the staff which held the flag.—London Mail.

### Paganini's Cab.

On awakening one morning at his hotel in Vienna, Paganini, the celebrated violinist, was informed that the cabman whom the previous evening he had employed to drive him to the concert hall where he was playing was waiting to see him. On being admitted to his presence the man, after having advanced poverty and a large family as an excuse for the request that he was about to make, prayed the great musician to make his fortune.

"What do you mean?" demanded Paganini. "Authorize me to write in large letters on the back of my vehicle these two words, 'Paganini's Cab,' was the answer. Consent was given, with altogether satisfactory results.

### Matrimonial Repartees.

(In stern and rockbound accents)—You married me for better or worse. Didn't you, Edgar?

He—Er—um—yes, I suppose so, my love.

She—Then what are you complaining about? I'm no worse than the average married woman, I can assure you!

He (meekly)—Well, if that is the case, all I've got to say is I'm mighty glad—

She (breaking in)—Glad?

He—Yes. Glad I'm not a polygamist. Er—um—looks a trifle squally over to the northeast, doesn't it, Miranda?—New York Times.

### Lincoln on Money.

"Lincoln," said a senator at a banquet in Washington, "had no great admiration for mere financial success."

"Financial success," Lincoln once said, "is purely metallic. The man who attains it has four metallic attributes—gold in his palm, silver on his tongue, brass in his face and iron in his heart."

### Diplomacy.

"Why do you insist on underrated the kind of golf you play?"

"Because," answered the wise official, "there is no use of making a whole lot of people jealous and antagonistic over a little thing like golf!"

### The Decisive Battles.

Some married men will contend that

"The Fifteen Decisive Battles of the World" will never be complete until a few domestic scraps are added to the volume.—London Telegraph.

### SANCTUARIES FOR BIRDS.

Boston Sportsmen Interested in Project For Protecting All Game Birds.

The interest of thousands of sport lovers all over the United States is now centred in an enterprise backed by several Boston sportsmen to establish a national "sanctuary" for the propagation, breeding and protection of millions of game birds of different species upon Cat Island, an immense tract of low land lying off the coast of Louisiana in the Gulf of Mexico.

The movement is headed by William Brewster, president of the Massachusetts Audubon Society, John E. Thayer and other prominent Bostonians interested in game protection, who propose to purchase the island, and they have already expressed their willingness to raise the \$25,000 needed as the purchase price.

The plan was brought to the attention of the present backers by H. K. Job, a well-known New England ornithologist, who recently paid a visit to the island to take photographs of the birds there and to study the island's merits as a breeding and gathering place for the migratory game of the country.

Mr. Job's glowing reports of the thousands of birds of all kinds that he found there, the tameness of the Cat Island feathered tribes and the natural features of the place for the successful propagation of birds were made the basis for the present Boston movement to acquire the island.

"I believe the creation of this island, remote from the mainland and now the home of both migratory and breeding birds, into a great sanctuary for our game birds is one of the most excellent measures than can and undoubtedly will enlist the interest of sportsmen everywhere," declares Mr. Brewster.

"The island itself, a low, level, well-timbered place in the Gulf of Mexico, is one of the most remarkable congregating places for both breeding and migratory birds in the United States.

"It is safe to say that millions of these creatures either make their nests there or else spend several weeks of each year on the island during their flights north and south.

"The object of the purchase of the island is to render the birds going there safe at all seasons from everybody."

"We know that when birds find such a place they will continue to go there in increased numbers, and they also tend to spread out from such localities."

The purchase of Cat Island is declared to be an initial movement is establishing a chain of such "bird sanctuaries" which will serve as protective spots against the annihilation of all classes of flying game now subject to the dangers of the open seasons during their migratory flights.

### ROMANCE OF HISTORY.

These Things Read Like Legends, but Are Matters of Fact.

A peasant girl called half witted to defeat the victors of Agincourt and did it; it ought to be a legend, but it happens to be a fact. A poet and a poetess did fall in love and eloped secretly to a sunny clime; it is obviously a three volume novel, but it happened. Nelson did die in the act of winning the one battle that could change the world; it is a grossly improbable coincidence, but it is too late to alter it now. Napoleon did win the battle of Austerlitz; it is unnatural, but it is not my fault. When the general who had surrendered a republican town returned, saying easily, "I have done everything," Robespierre did ask, with an air of inquiry, "Are you dead?" When Robespierre coughed in his cold baraguer Garnier did say, "The blood of Danton chokes you." Strafford did say of his own desperation of parliament, "If I do it may be my life and death be set on a hill for all men to wonder at." Disraeli did say, "The time will come when you shall hear me."

The heroic is a fact, even when it is a fact of coincidence or of miracle, and a fact is a thing which can be admitted without being explained.—G. K. Chesterton in London News.

### DOCTORS MISTAKES

Are said often to be buried six feet under ground. But many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they present alike to themselves and their easy-going or over-busy doctor, separate diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality, they are all only symptoms caused by some uterine disease, such as fibroids, or perhaps the disease of surffring, keeps up the suffering, until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better. It is the wrong treatment, but probably worse. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription would entirely remove the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and all the attendant misery, of prolonged misery. It has been well said, that "a disease known is half cured."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate system. It is made of native American medicinal roots and herbs, perfectly harmonized, offering in full combination the best remedy.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is unequalled in silencing and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, hysteria, spasms, St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental depression and nervous prostration. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

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### Rheumatism

