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The Clarendon Chronicle.

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A Faithful Chronicle of Local and General Events.

Advertising Rates on Application

Vol. 18

CLARENDON DONLEY COUNTY TEXAS. SATURDAY JULY 7, 1906.

No 53

SUMMARY OF THE WORK IN CONGRESS

Session Just Closed Has Been One of Extraordinary Interest.

EXTENSION OF FEDERAL POWERS

Railway Rate Bill One of the Most Important Before the Congress.

Meat Inspection Amendment to the Agricultural Appropriation Bill
—New Star Added to the Flag.

[By Edwin S. Potter.]

Probably more new and extraordinary questions were under consideration by the congress which began its legislative life Dec. 4 last, than by any previous session of our national lawmaking body. Not counting the many acts favorably reported to or passed by either branch and left in a state of suspended animation, their fate to be determined by the next session, the amount and character of new laws enacted makes the Fifty-Ninth congress the milestone of a new era in the history of American institutions.

The day of the nation has come; state and local powers are on the wane or in small favor. Commercial and industrial concentration having brought about new opportunities for abuse of privilege and the "muck rakers" having waked up the public mind to the various existing evils, President Roosevelt found in this congress workable soil for the growth of federal powers in dealing with those evils. The impress of the president's mind was given to all the more important remedies adopted. Neither friend nor foe in the political arena will question the statement that the work of the session bears the Rooseveltian stamp, although the Democrats all along have pointed out that the president was merely camping along the trail blazed by their party platforms. Nevertheless the president's party, being in the majority at both ends of the capitol, has either taken the credit or been forced to assume responsibility for what was done, even when aided by Democratic votes.

Railroad Rate Regulation.

The keynote was struck unmistakably in the message which congress received at the opening of the session, namely the insistence on federal fixing of interstate railroad rates as well as the prevention of rebates, or any kind of special favors. Rate bills of various kinds and descriptions were promptly introduced in both senate and house but, the house majority being under better discipline, the bill was more promptly formulated there which was approved at the White House. It was fathered by Representative Hepburn, as chairman of the committee on interstate commerce. It was so modified in the committee as to come before the house without Democratic opposition and after a few days of perfunctory discussion, it was passed on Feb. 8 by the almost unanimous vote of 346 to 7, the seven opponents all being Republicans. As passed it gave the interstate commerce commission full power to regulate interstate freight tariffs without express recognition of the rights of appeal in the courts. This however, was only the foundation of the law that was to go to the statute book.

In the senate the Hepburn bill was destined to run the gauntlet of fierce opposition from a conservative faction of the Republicans, led by Aldrich and Foraker, and become the football of personal and party bickerings over a period of three months. The main point of the dispute was the question of a broad or narrow court review provision, and at one time after the president's political and personal enemy, a man, had been placed in charge of the measure there was a tacit coalition between the president and the minority. Later however, the president accepted the compromise Allison amendment upon which his party associates had agreed, vesting jurisdiction in the circuit courts to enjoin, set aside, annul or suspend any order of the commis-

sion on appeal of the carrier concerned. It was at this time that the Democratic leaders charged the president with bad faith on the strength of representations said to have been made through ex-Senator Chandler. Finally the bill with sixty-seven amendments passed the senate May 18 by a vote of 71 to 3. Still further changes were made in conference thereafter.

The senate conferees held out stubbornly against the house proposal to drop the clause placing pipe lines under federal control. As this was finally agreed to by senate and house, the pipe lines are to be regarded as common carriers, but are not prohibited from carrying their own products. Railroad and railway mail employes are exempted from the anti-pass amendment.

Investigations and Inspections.

In both branches bills were introduced early, authorizing investigations of the railroad monopolies and a combination of these known as the Tillman-Gillespie-Campbell measure was passed by the house Jan. 23 and though signed by the president, was sharply criticised by him for not carrying funds and due authority. The money was appropriated later, and under this authority the interstate commerce commission has already unearthed a vast amount of graft and crookedness in railroad and oil industries.

The pure food bill which passed the senate Feb. 21, 03 to 4, was also in line with this federalizing tendency. It did not pass the house until June 23, 24 to 17, and then with a number of amendments which endangered its final passage.

In its final shape the provision affecting state rights or state and municipal control over the original package was cut out. As to blended whiskies, the package must be labeled "blended" or "mixed." The senate's provision remained, requiring labels to state the amount of alcohol contained in food packages but not in bottled drugs. This favors the patent medicine people. It is made a misdemeanor for any person to manufacture or sell any food, drug, medicine or liquor which is adulterated or misbranded, or which contains any poisonous or deleterious substances. For violation the penalty is \$500 fine and one year's imprisonment. The law goes into effect Jan. 1, 1907.

The greatest sensation of the session came from the president's investigation of the charges against the Chicago beef packers as presented in Sinclair's novel, "The Jungle." For fear of what the Neil-Reynolds report might contain, the senate passed the Beveridge meat inspection amendment to the agricultural bill, May 28, without opposition. Then when influences in the house committee on agriculture were seeking to weaken this bill, the fear of greater losses through prolonged agitation brought the friends of the packers to agree to a substitute satisfactory to the president.

This placed the cost of inspection on the federal government and did not require the packers to date the labels on their meat packages. Rather than see the entire bill fail, as the senate conferees said at last, they decided to recede on these and some minor points. An appropriation of \$3,000,000 was made to cover the inspection expenses.

The national quarantine bill, virtually putting state and local health authorities under federal control for the purpose of fighting contagious diseases, passed the senate April 2 and the house next day with little opposition.

In January, McCall of Massachusetts proposed a \$15,000 appropriation for the president's traveling expenses. But near the end of the session a bill appropriating \$25,000 for that purpose passed both house, in the senate by a close party vote. Democrats regarded it as extravagant and unconstitutional.

New Star on the Flag.

The statehood muddle, left over from the preceding congress, was one of the most difficult tangles to be unraveled. Under the leadership of Speaker Cannon, a Republican insurrection against joint statehood for Arizona and New Mexico was crushed, and the bill was passed Jan. 24, 194 to 150, the insurgents numbering forty-three. On March 9 the senate passed the statehood bill with provision only for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian territories as one state. Finally it emerged from conference under a compromise agreement providing for the admission of Oklahoma and Indian territories as the state of Oklahoma, and authorizing Arizona and New Mexico to hold a plebiscite on joint statehood next fall. This was approved by both houses and became a law with the president's signature, June 16.

Continued on last page

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Don't Guess!

Come where you can see just what you are going to get before you go to any extra expense.

Come where you can get Better Clothes, Better Styles, and Better made than any merchant tailor suit for less money. Come where you can try on different Styles of clothes and see what is the most becoming. When it comes to a clothing proposition, our goods positively "Kantbebeat."

Special Values all around the store in Dry Goods, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings, Groceries and Supplies. Don't fail to ask for coupon checks, they are worth money back to you.

The Powell Trading Co., Clarendon Tex



THE favorite suit, and one which most every man has in his wardrobe, is the single-breasted sack. Some prefer a three and some a four-buttoned. Both are made in the

Antrobus Brand.

Bailey's Abilene Speech.

For more than two hours Senator Bailey addressed over 6,000 persons at Abilene Wednesday. During his speech he predicted the nomination and election of W. J. Bryan. This declaration, as well as the confidence expressed by Senator Bailey in the course of which Mr. Bryan would pursue in the executive office were met with wild applause amounting almost to a demonstration.

Referring to President Roosevelt, the senator said he had only an occasional impulse toward the American people.

He declared the imprisonment feature of the railroad rate regulation bill was the only part worth wrapping about his finger.

Victims of the Fourth.

The Chicago Tribune gives the following summary of Wednesday's celebration of the declaration of independence:

Dead—43 Fireworks, 9; cannon, 1; firearms, 11; explosives, 7; toy pistols, 4; runaway, 1; drowning, 5.

Injured—2,789. Fireworks, 1,099; cannon, 261; firearms, 393; explosives, 697; toy pistols, 304; runaways, 35.

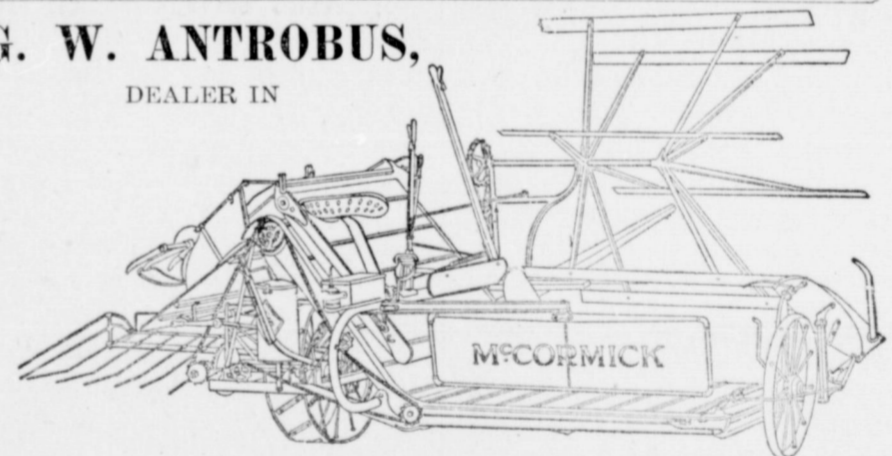
Fire loss—\$66,450.

Senator Hale, referring to an awkward remark, said: "It reminds me of the conversation of two women at a reception. They were strangers to each other. After a moment's desultory talk, the first, rather querulously, 'I don't know what's the matter with that tall blond man over there. He was so attentive a while ago, but he won't look at me now.' 'Perhaps,' said the other, 'he saw me come in. He's my husband, you know.'"

Consecration and kill-joy are not even on speaking terms.

For Saddles and Harness go to Rutherford's.

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Harvesters, John Deere Plows, Hay Rakes, Wagons, Buggies, Windmills, Casing, Pipe, Pipe Fittings, Machine Repairs, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Cutlery, Harness. Near depot, CLARENDON, TEXAS

No Cash For Ex-Confederates.

The first two days of this week there were over 4,000 warrants registered in the treasury department, 3,000 of these warrants being Confederate pension warrants for the old soldiers. As there is no cash in the state treasury with which to pay these warrants it becomes necessary to register them. After they are registeaed these warrants are mailed to the pensioners throughout the state and are cashed by local banks at a discount of about 2 per cent.

In Paris Tuesday by a vote of 253 to 221 the chamber of deputies annulled the election of Count Boni de Castellane to the chamber on the ground of corruption and bribery.

Cholera of most deadly type has broken out in Manila, and great alarm is felt.

The Missouri Supreme Court refused to order a rehearing of the Aggie Myers case in the court.

Farmers—You Can Save 25 to 50 per cent on your plow work by taking it to Eph Taylor's shop.

DRS. STANDIFER & CAYLOR, Physicians & Surgeons.

Special attention given to disease of women and children and electro therapy. Office phone No. 66. Residence phone No. 55-3 rings.

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LAND AND LIVE STOCK Commission Agents, Good Farms and Ranches for Sale in all parts of the Panhandle country. We put buyers and Sellers together. Write us what you want.

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The Clarendon Chronicle

Published Twice-a-Week by
W. P. BLAKE, Editor and Proprietor.
Entered February 10, 1908, at Clarendon, Tex.,
as Second class matter, under Act of Congress
March 3, 1879.

CLARENDON, TEX., JULY 7 1908.

Now that the Armours and Swifts have educated the people up to eating any and everything, why don't somebody start a canery down in the prairie dog-infested districts?

CONGRESSMEN nearly broke their necks in the rush to adjourn in time to get home to make political speeches to the assembled crowds on the Fourth. This is too good a time to miss by the office-seeker.

THE Navy department has decided that the making or issuing the new flag with 46 stars by two officers of that department was premature, and that Oklahoma is not yet a state in fact, and as several things remain to be done before the state is actually admitted and as the law provides additional stars should only be set in the field at the beginning of the next fiscal year after the state is one in fact, the Oklahoma star will not be seen on the national ensign until July 1, 1907, and therefore the salutes which have been given were premature.

Fourth A Fine Day—A Large Crowd, Well Entertained.

Clarendon's celebration of Independence Day will long be remembered as an enjoyable occasion. People began to arrive the day before, both by wagon and rail and early next morning they poured in from every direction, Goodnight, Claude, Amarillo, Dalhart, Silverton, Matador, Rowe, Giles, Memphis, Childress, Groom, Jericho, Alanreed and other places being represented. The day was an ideal one, being delightfully cool, not wind enough to blow the dust, and most of the day cloudy. There was no wild hilarity, but everybody enthusiastically in a good humor and on good terms with his fellow man.

The band boys met the morning trains and greeted the visitors with good music and entertained the crowd at intervals throughout the day. The buildings and refreshment stands were nicely decorated.

Ex-Mayor Beville, master of ceremonies, introduced Mayor Carhart to the audience at the courthouse after the parade, who heartily welcomed the vast throng in a pleasing address. Rev. Dodson then made a fine speech telling of our progress and the necessity for the spread of christianity.

After this came dinner, and it was soon evident that every fellow brought his appetite along. We did not count the number busily carving meat, slicing bread and dumping provender on the table, but it was a large number, and for a time it was cleaned up faster than it could be replenished, but the waiters soon began to gain on the hungry crowd and when all had been satisfied there was a large amount left.

After dinner Clarendon ball team played Giles and won by 6 to 3.

In the pony race, fourth mile, run by horses owned by Phillips and Ward, won by the former.

Another race was between horses owned by Jno. Everts, Gibson and Hodges, the former winning.

Fph Stephenson of Silverton won first prize in the tournament contest and Nath Bozeman second.

At night the fireworks display was good, and would have appeared much better if the night had been dark.

Paint cannot make a picture by its own power.

A Political Platform for 1908.

Here is my suggestion; what do you think of it? Drop us a line.

1. Direct Legislation; election of all officers by the people; the right of recall.

2. The Necessaries of life on the Free List. Ports of entry in interior towns to be abolished. Custom houses where outgo exceeds income to be closed. Import duties to be laid upon luxuries, and for Revenue, only.

3. The Income and Inheritance tax, to increase progressively as the income and inheritance increase.

4. Repeal by Congress of all laws creating Federal Courts, excepting the Supreme Court, whose appellate jurisdiction shall be abolished. In this manner, the Federal Judiciary can be practically wiped off the face of the earth, and the Corporations compelled to obey state courts.

5. Public utilities to be owned and operated by the public for the public benefit.

6. All money to be created by the Government; the lending of public money to corporations and individuals to be prohibited; the public debt to be paid off; no more bonds to be issued or endorsed by the Government; the Act re-chartering National Banks to be repealed; the Financial system of the country to be that established by the Constitution and practised by Jefferson, Madison, Jackson and Lincoln.

7. The prodigal extravagance of the National Government to be checked; the increase in military and naval expenditures stopped; the Colonial Empire nonsense abandoned; the Philippines to be granted self-government.

8. No ship-subsidy, or mail subsidy. The compulsory use of steel cars for the Railway mail service; Postal savings banks; the Parcels Post; the abolition of the franking privilege; the continued extension of the Rural Free Delivery system.

Is not that a sound creed? Cannot the people, whether democrats, republicans, populists, prohibitionists, single-taxers or socialists unite on that platform until that much is done for the people?

Why spoil the horn by trying to make too big a spoon? Why cut off more than we can chew? If the people will pull, all together, for these reforms, until we get them, it will be time enough to strike tent and march further.

In the effort to do everything at once, we do nothing. Shall we never learn?

The speed of the fleet is that of the slowest ship; the strength of the chain that of the weakest link—why do we always forget that?

While we shout to the ignorant or timid or sluggish citizen, "Come Forward," let us shout to the advance guard, "Wait!" Battles are lost by the rash, as often as by the cowards.

Let us cultivate the spirit of cooperation. Excluding extremes, let us try to strike some general average upon which all reformers can harmonize for that campaign.

Do we earnestly desire to help our fellow man? Are we against governmental injustice? Do we realize that something must be done to break the intolerable sway of corporate money? Are we ready to enlist as soldiers for that war?

These are the questions of the hour, and every mother's son of us who can lay his hand upon his heart and answer "yes," ought to find some line of march along which we can all advance against the common enemy.—Watson's Magazine.

STATE NEWS.

Gov. Lanham celebrated his 60th birthday the Fourth.

There were 131 births and 35 deaths in Grayson County during the month of June.

At Wolfe City Tuesday night the residence of William Minton burned, loss \$2,500, insurance \$1,750.

Eddie the 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Kingford, twelve miles west of Weatherford, was drowned in the Brazos river Sunday.

A woman in Kansas City was arrested Tuesday for spying on her husband. My! If that should be a criminal offense, how many officers would be kept busy!

By fire in the Kirby mills at Silsbee, nine buildings and 5,000,000 feet of lumber burned. Lumber loss alone is \$200,000. Other losses will be fully \$150,000.

The residence of Ashberry Wright, south of Gilmer, was destroyed by fire Monday, which originated in a defective flue. The property was insured for \$1,000.

The residence of Dr. Croft was burned at Montague while the family was away from home. An investigation is being made as the fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

While plowing near Estlelline D. B. Edmonson fell dead from his cultivator this week. Heart failure is supposed to be the cause of death. The Masonic fraternity of Memphis assisted in the burial.

At the receiver's sale of the Velasco, Brazos & Northern railway the road was bought by H. C. Alexander of Dallas, its president. The judgment under which the sale was made was for \$236,000.

W. C. Blake, editor of the Jasper Newsboy, and first sergeant of the Jeff Davis Rifles and a member of the firing squad that had charge of the cannon in the sham battle at Orange the Fourth, lost his left hand and was otherwise injured by an accidental shot.

Charles Brydeston, while working at a thrasher near Rome Tuesday was killed in a peculiar manner. One of the laborers dropped a pitchfork, which fell on the main belt of the machinery and was thrown terrifically against Mr. Brydeston, striking him on the abdomen.

The gin belonging to the Frisco Gin & Elevator company was burned at Frisco Monday, entailing a loss of \$10,000. The gin, seed house, engine room and machinery were destroyed. No insurance. This is the second time this establishment has been burned within the past two years.

Capitalists of Sweetwater, Tex., have inaugurated a movement to build a line of railroad from Sweetwater to Trinidad, Colo., gradually extending the line from Sweetwater to Galveston, a distance of 800 miles throughout. Sweetwater offers the right of way through that city, \$100,000 bonus and eighty acres for terminals.

The first bale of cotton of this season was delivered Wednesday at Harlingen, Cameron county, near the Rio Grande border. This is the first bale to be picked in Texas this season, and is seven days later than the first bale was delivered in Galveston last year, the date being June 26, the earliest in the history of Texas. This bale came from Starr county and was delivered to the gin June 18, thirteen days earlier than the present bale.

Two negroes were up in court for violations this week. Jim Young was fined \$25 and costs for selling whisky, and John Cason was fined \$5 and cost for peace disturbance.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

THE GLOBE

desires to announce that it has added to its Very Successful Tailoring outfit a Complete Assortment and Varied line of Shirt Samples from both sides of the "Big Pond."

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO GIVE YOU ENTIRE SATISFACTION

We are local agents for the Louisville, Ky., firm of
Loeb & Co., celebrated shirt makers.

COME AND GIVE US YOUR ORDERS.

Thanking you for past favors, we are
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E. DUBBS & SONS,

Donley County Lumber Co.,

(Successors to Yellow Pine Lumber Co.)

J. J. WOODWARD, Manager.

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W. H. COOKE, Pres. and Cashier. A. M. BEVILLE, Vice-Pres.

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Clarendon, Texas

Opened for business Nov. 1, 1899.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

The accounts of Merchants, Ranchmen, Farmers, Railroad men and others solicited.
Money to loan on acceptable securities.

Washington & Beverly DRAYMEN

Two wagons, suited to any sized load. A special spring wagon for pianos, folding beds, parlor furniture, etc.

Your Hauling Solicited

Careful Handling Guaranteed.

THE BEST PAPERS

The papers you want are the papers that will suit you—entire family best. A combination that will answer this requirement is the paper and the Forth Worth Semi-Weekly Record. The Record is a general newspaper of the best type; ably edited, splendidly illustrated, it carries a news service which is the best that knowledge and experience can suggest. Special features of the Record appeal to the housewife, the farmer, the stockraiser and the artisan.

The colored comic pictures printed in the Friday edition are a rare treat for the young folks. Its market news alone is worth the money. You will surely be a constant reader of the Record once you try it, and the favorable clubbing offer made below is an opportunity not to be missed:

The Chronicle one year	\$1.00
Both papers one year	\$1.75

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TIME TABLE.

Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 6, Mail and Express..... 5:47 p. m.
No. 7, Passenger and Express..... 6:25 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 2, Mail and Express..... 7:10 a. m.
No. 8, Passenger and Express..... 9:30 p. m.

Business locals five cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents for subsequent insertions. All locals run and are charged for until ordered out. Transient notices and job work are cash, other bills on first of month.

Business Locals.

Get your plow harness from Rutherford.

Hammar Paint is the Paint, if you want Paint.

A variety of Fresh Vegetables at the Enterprise Market.

Call at Powell's and see their new line of ladies collars—they are "just the thing".

Go to the Globe to get your tailor-made shirts—the best and 200 samples to select from.

When you want Plumbing or Mill repairing call on Preston at his shop near the Blake house.

Lumber, doors, sash mouldings, columns, shingles, roofing paper, paint, of the best, at Clarendon Lumber Co's.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Phone us the news—83-2 rings

A little girl of J. T. Bain's at Rowe died Wednesday.

Jeff Trent, of Amarillo, has spent the time since the Fourth in Clarendon.

We give you a good synopsis of what congress did in its recent session in this issue.

D. L. Foster and his family have moved here from Graham, Texas, and will locate.

F. L. Adair, brother of the saddler, is here from Graham on a visit and prospecting.

N. S. Ray and family are down from Wellington, Kas., visiting in Clarendon this week.

McClellan & Crisp report the sale of 640 acres of land to Mr. Baldwin from Tenaha, Tex., at \$7,500.

Grant Calvert, of Memphis, who spent the Fourth here, remained over next day visiting relatives.

Selwin Harrington, of Amarillo, remained over for the Fourth on a two days visit. His wife is visiting in Missouri.

Mrs. J. A. Barnett left Thursday night for Fayetteville, Tenn., on a visit to her old childhood home. She will be gone about a month.

While J. W. Nelson was romping on the floor with his children at Blanket Wednesday the neck of his 12-year-old daughter was broken.

Henry Dunbar, of Hall county, had an introduction to our mayor this week and contributed \$5 and costs to satisfy the law on a charge of drunkenness.

Arthur Scoggins returned Thursday night from Oklahoma City, where he was operated on for appendicitis. He looks pretty pecked, but seems to be getting along fine.

T. M. Wolf, of McLean, spent several days here this week. Besides being in the drug business he is a candidate for county judge of Wheeler with good prospects of election.

Mrs. J. H. O'Neill returned home Tuesday night from Oklahoma City, where she underwent a serious surgical operation. She is fast improving and there is every indication that her health will be fully restored.

We learn that Capt. E. E. McGee has consented to make the race for county commissioner in Rowe precinct. He is a man of good judgment, takes an interest in public affairs and will be pretty apt to land the office.

Stocking has sold Hammar Paint nine years and knows what it is.

Any kind of cakes made to order at the Clarendon Bakery.

Now is the time to improve. Fine line of fencing, posts, pickets, etc., at Clarendon Lumber Co.

That wished-for rain has not fallen yet, though it still threatens.

The grandjury finally found five bills, three felonies and two misdemeanors.

A son of J. D. Cook's, living east of town, was brought in yesterday to have a 22-caliber bullet cut from his foot. He was shooting rats and let his gun go off accidentally.

W. W. Curnutte, aged 55, who has suffered for some time with internal cancer, died Tuesday and was buried Thursday after funeral service at the Methodist church conducted by Rev. Dodson.

Mrs. Modena Mullins, of Childress, is spending this week visiting friends and relatives in and south of Clarendon. Her two sisters, the Misses Hemphill from Arizona, are also here on a visit.

Giles Gossip.

CHRONICLE Correspondence

Mr. Rider came in the 1st to relieve W. A. Wylie at the section house. Mr. and Mrs. Wylie's many friends will regret to see them go, as they are a splendid family and will be sadly missed.

Born July 2, to Mr and Mrs. G. A. Coursey a girl. All doing nicely.

The 2nd baseball nine of Giles went down to Memphis Saturday to play their nine and Giles won out.

Farmers well up with their work. Some wishing for rain, but the crops not suffering for rain as yet.

E. H. Watt, P. C. Johnson and T. P. Shelton are serving as jurymen this term of court

P. C. Johnson has been busy this week gathering 600 head of steers sold to T. M. Pyle.

Mr. Folley and family, of Brisco County, relatives of H. M. Crawford who lives on the Gus Johnson place, came in the first for a visit of several days.

Misses Grace, Ruth and Zena Alley went to Rowe the 3rd to visit a few days with their cousins, Mrs. Mattie and Minnie Killian.

The Southwestern Telegraph & Telephone Co., of Dallas, had a gang of men surveying a new route through Giles on the 4 and 5.

A good many Giles people, including the baseball team, went to Clarendon to celebrate the Fourth.

Mrs. Dan Smith spent Wednesday visiting with J. W. Hardy's family of the Nester Flat neighborhood.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Willingham and their two sons left the 4th for their outing trip. They will take in San Antonio, Galveston and other places of note before returning.

I Need

to more than double the size of my store building to accommodate my trade, and have arranged to do so at once, but in order to do so I must have

More Money

and in order to get it I am willing to sacrifice any goods in my stock.

My Need is

Your Opportunity

Take advantage of it and supply your needs in Millinery, Skirts, Waists, Belts, Purses, Parasols, Ribbons, Laces, Dress Trimmings, etc.

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"The Ladies' Furnisher."

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Rates for county, district and state \$10; precinct, \$5, cash in advance.

For State Senator, 29th District.
JNO. W. VEALE.
D. E. DECKER.

For District Judge, 47th District.
HON. J. N. BROWNING.
IRA WEBSTER.

For County and District Clerk
C. A. BURTON.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector,
J. T. PATMAN.
J. MARION WILLIAMS

For County Treasurer.
J. M. CLOWER
GUS JOHNSON.

It seems as though a man in politics must be a good bit like a piano. If he's square, he's considered old-fashioned.—Philadelphia Record.

It is better for a peach tree to bear three bushels of large peaches than three bushels of small peaches. Why? Because the large peach is mostly juice—water—but the small peach is mostly pit—dry matter. It is very hard on a tree to mature a big crop of pits, but not so hard to produce a big crop of fruit. Thin the peaches severely and the tree will live longer, other things being equal.

Toads should rank next to birds as insect destroyers in the orchard and garden. The toad is not as handsome as a bird, but has a large omnivorous appetite; feeds under the leaves where the birds cannot go, has neither a bite nor a sting for anyone, and is one of the best friends the gardener has. Everything possible should be done to encourage their increase.—Ex. G

Notwithstanding all the howling about the trusts, another one is forming with \$27,000,000 of capital, called the "Flour Products company." The object of it is to corner the macaroni wheat production of the United States. Seven companies now engaged in manufacturing that sort of wheat are to go into a trust and water their stock about 500 per cent.—Ex.

Shelled Indian corn wanted at Powell's.

Hammar Paint is the best Paint in the Panhandle. Stocking handles it and will save you money in a paint deal.

For Sale or Rent.

Two good work horses, two sets of harness, and one good second hand wagon. Will sell together or separately. A great bargain. See me at my residence in Clarendon. J. T. BELL.

A business education is utilized in every profession. Amarillo Business College conducts a first-class business department.

Looks well, wears well, spreads well—Palace Car Paint sold by Clarendon Lumber Co.

Monuments.

I often have enquiries about Tomb Stones and Monuments. I write this to the readers of the CHRONICLE to inform them that I have accepted the local agency of The Coggins Marble Co., of Canton Georgia. The Georgia marble is known to be the best marble in this country. And the work turned out by the Coggins Company, for art and beauty, cannot be excelled. We will take pleasure in showing you cuts of many different designs, ranging in price from \$25 to \$700. Prices are made on the stones being set up at the grave.

I believe I can save you money in buying. As well, I give you a home agency to patronize.

Fraternally,
WILSON C. ROGERS,
Clarendon, Texas.

If you want fine locust trees, apple trees, peach trees, grape vines or shubbery, see Egerton of the Panhandle Nursery. He now has 100,000 trees in his new nursery. Finest grapes in the world at from \$5 to \$10 per 100 and other stock in like proportion. A fine lot of berry vines also. Call and see his stock.

Bargains!

We will have another 15 per cent Discount sale for 30 days, beginning July 1, running to Aug. 1.

We need room for our Fall Stock, which is constantly arriving. Do not neglect this; it means money in your pocket.

J. H. RATHJEN.

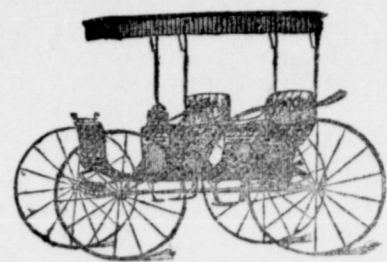
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Hack meets the trains at night.
Main St., Phone 62.

New Buggies, Rubber tires; Well-kept Gentle Horses, prompt attention to orders. Horses boarded, day, week or month at low rates. Your patronage kindly solicited.



Buggies! Buggies!! Buggies!

We now have the largest stock of buggies, carriages, runabouts, spring wagons, surreys, etc., in the country, and of the best make, most approved fashion and out of best material. They are beauties and are all to sell.



One of the best up-to-date blacksmith shops on the Denver road and only run by experienced men.
Don't fail to see my cement factory.

Phone 65.

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The City Barber Shop,

BERRY & POTTS, Proprietors.

New shop, new building, new fixtures and furniture, large clean bath room with cold or hot water, the best of workmen and our service will please you. This is what we are here for.

A trial will convince. Call in.

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We have an unlimited \$40 scholarship for sale, bookkeeping, shorthand, or telegraphy, in the Tyler Commercial college. If you want to fit yourself for competent business or want a good salary, we will give you a good chance to but this or earn it in work.

Gregg Shorthand, 13 years old, written by more people than any other three systems combined. Taught by the Amarillo Business College.

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I am here for business for the next 30 days, and will give you bargains in desirable trees. See me at Shepherd's hotel. General variety of everything in trees or shrubs.
W. R. CLAUNCH.

**Ora Liesberg
DRAYMAN
Coal Dealer**

Careful hauling and transferring. Best Maitland coal and correct weights. Your patronage invited

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The TWICE-A-WEEK REPUBLIC is the oldest and best semi-weekly family paper in the country, and FARM PROGRESS, which is also published by The Republic, is the fastest-growing farm monthly in America. Remember, that you get both of these splendid journals an entire year, and the beautiful colored picture, all for ONE DOLLAR.

Present subscribers may take advantage of this offer, by sending a dollar and having their time marked up a year. The Republic hereby gives notice that this offer may be withdrawn at any time, and those wishing the picture should send in subscriptions AT ONCE.

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SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT,
The Republic, St. Louis, Mo.

The immigration bill, requiring as an educational test that newcomers shall be able to understand the English language and pay fees amounting to \$5, passed the senate May 23, and the house adopted a substitute June 25. In the latter both the test and the tax were rejected.

Notwithstanding the disagreement over the immigration bill the house bill making uniform the conditions for naturalization was adopted by the senate June 28. Declaration must be made two years in advance. Anarchists and polygamists are barred.

For Lock Canal at Panama.

The house was the first to go on record in favor of the lock type for the Panama canal and the senate followed suit June 21, 36 to 31. By a party vote the senate directed that American products and manufactures should be used in the construction of the canal and in this the house agreed.

On Jan. 27, the house adopted the bill authorizing the construction of the Lake Erie and Ohio ship canal, and on June 18 it passed the senate 41 to 11.

After standing pat against the onslaughts on the tariff revisionists during most of the session the majority permitted the passage of the bill placing denatured alcohol on the free list. This is expected to be a great benefit to many industries requiring power machines or vehicles.

Another bill which strengthens the arm of the executive in striking at the predatory trusts by preventing corporations from getting immunity because of testimony before a government becomes a law.

Labor interests, though angered at the eight-hour bill to even come to a vote, were pleased somewhat by the passage of the employers' liability act making interstate carriers liable for injuries to employees in the absence of safety appliances and regulations.

Other measures of general interest which passed both houses were: Authorizing the return of unidentified Confederate flags; abolishing the grade of lieutenant general; adding \$5,000 to each state's quota for agricultural experiment stations; prohibition of gambling in the territories; provision for marking Confederate graves in the north; extending the time of tribal relations for the five civilized tribes; changing coin and bullion reserves to \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000; providing for the selection of a delegate from Alaska; to prevent hazing at naval academy; to reorganize army medical corps.

Important Bills That Failed.

The Philippine tariff bill, which was one of the pet administration measures and which was forced through the house by making a concession of 25 per cent. of the Dingley rates on sugar, tobacco and rice, by the vote of 258 to 72, as early as Jan. 16, was put to sleep effectually in the senate committee on the Philippines through a combination of Democrats and standpat Republican senators. The committee voted 8 to 5 against reporting this cherished administration measure, and the efforts to bring about a reconsideration proved futile. The senate on June 5 tabled the proposed constitutional amendment permitting a federal divorce law. The house defeated by a large majority the Adams bill authorizing whipping posts for wife-beaters in the District of Columbia. The senate on Feb. 14, voted 38 to 27 in favor of the ship subsidy bill establishing thirteen new contract mail lines to Central American, South African, Australian and Pacific island ports at the rate of \$5 per ton a year for the foreign trade, and \$6.50 per ton for the colonial trade. It includes provision for a naval reserve force by payment of retainers to officers of subsidized vessels. This measure is stranded, however, in the unfriendly house committee or merchant marine.

A new bill to restrict and regulate immigration, which passed the senate May 23, contained provision for an educational test, namely, the ability to understand the English language, and raised the head tax from \$2 to \$5, while creating a commission to investigate the entire subject. When, however, the house passed this bill, June 26, the educational test and the head tax were stricken out and the senate refusing to agree, the bill died in conference.

Throughout the session the senate committee on foreign relations resolutely resisted all the administration's influence to report favorably the Santo Domingo treaty. Other administration measures which fared badly in one house or the other were: For federal control of life insurance companies; the employers' liability act, requiring the interstate carriers to become liable for accidents to employees in the absence of prescribed safeguards, which passed the house April 2; modification of Chinese exclusion; specific laws for prevention of election corruption.

Uncle Sam's Big Expense Account.

Just before the close of the session it became apparent that the total of appropriations to carry on the government for the next fiscal year would be somewhere in the neighborhood of \$900,000,000. At this writing the exact figures have not been officially reported. It is customary for each party to insert in the record a week or two after the end of the session a statement of the appropriations and its own explanation thereof. The total recalls the out-

cry that was made only fifteen years ago, when the Fifty-first congress under Reed's speakership appropriated a little over \$1,000,000,000 in the two years of its existence. Replying to the criticism that it was "a million dollar congress" Reed said: "It is a billion dollar country." Even the Fifty-fifth congress which covered much of the Spanish war expenses, spent only \$1,553,000,000 in its two years. Hence, at the pace set by this first session, the Fifty-ninth congress is certain to outstrip all its predecessors in the matter of public expenditures. To the criticism of the minority the dominant party replies that the country has grown in all directions. As a matter of fact, the numerous investigations and federal inspections provided for have added largely to the cost of government.

The approximate amounts carried by the different appropriation bills, and some extraordinary appropriations, were as follows:

Permanent annual, \$141,461,820; postal, \$191,695,998; pensions, \$140,245,500; naval, \$102,071,656; army, \$71,817,165; fortifications, \$5,053,993; military academy, \$1,063,115; sundry civil, \$102,390,000; legislative, executive and judicial, \$29,740,000; District of Columbia, \$10,181,200; urgent deficiency, \$16,900,000; general deficiency, \$11,645,000; agriculture, \$9,800,000; Indian, \$10,233,400; diplomatic, \$3,089,594; public buildings, \$25,000,000; Panama relief, \$2,500,000; militia, \$2,500,000.

Senate's Action on Treaties.

After having refused to ratify the San Domingo treaty, for which the administration had done its utmost, the senate agreed just before adjournment that the Moroccan treaty should come to a vote not later than Dec. 12 next, before it could die by limitation. The Japanese copyright treaty was ratified Feb. 28, and the trademark treaty with Roumania, May 4.

The death of Senator Gorman of Maryland left the minority without its leader, and Senator Blackburn of Kentucky was chosen as the new leader. Two other senators, Platt of Connecticut and Mitchell of Oregon, were taken by death, the latter after his conviction in the land fraud case had made his further attendance impossible. Senator Burton of Kansas was compelled to resign after the supreme court had approved his conviction on the charge of using his official position for pecuniary gain. Representatives who died were: Castor of Pennsylvania, Patterson of Pennsylvania, Marsh of Illinois and Lester of Georgia, the last having been killed by falling through a skylight in a Washington apartment house. The new faces in the senate were those of LaFollette from Wisconsin, Gearin from Oregon, Benson from Kansas and Dupont from Delaware.

The thanks of congress were extended to General Horace Porter for his efforts in finding the grave of Admiral John Paul Jones.

In Texas the reports to the state railway commission show an improvement in the earnings. There are about twelve thousand miles of railway actually operated in Texas, and for the ten months ending April 30 the gross earnings increased 8.57 per cent, while the income or net earnings increased 8.58 per cent. The increased mileage for the year is estimated at 350 miles.

An exchange says alfalfa must not be allowed to lie long in the swath, for the reason that the leaves will become dry and fall off; and the leaves are the richness of alfalfa. They are worth pound for pound a good deal more than the bran. Therefore, if you cannot secure the leaves, the rest is of comparatively little value. Hence it wants to be put in small windrows and then cocked and allowed to remain some days in the cock.

Too many scrub horses are raised. The long-talked of colt crop that was to flood the market failed to materialize. For several seasons past this colt crop has been threatened, but the prognosticators are unable to "make good." If all the horses now seeking market were what buyers required, the crop would be worth far more money. The evil agent is the scrub stallion, and he ought to be retired.—Ex.

Our pleasant weather of the past week cannot be beat.

If you read THE CHRONICLE you are always abreast of the times and know what is doing. You don't have to wait until its contents are too old to be of interest. Twice-a-week and only \$1.00 per year.

Old newspapers cheap at this office. Only 15 cts per 100.

Economy in The Legume.

Agricultural chemists tell us that while two tons of timothy hay, or a good average crop from an acre, takes away fifty pounds of nitrogen, a crop of clover of same weight takes over eighty pounds; likewise while the timothy hay takes off thirty-six pounds of potash, the clover takes nearly ninety pounds. With phosphoric acid it is different; the timothy takes twenty-one pounds and the clover only fourteen pounds. But the nitrogen which is the most expensive element is drawn from the air, to a large extent, in the case of clover, and so need not be supplied in the fertilizer. Here is the economy in growing the legume, which has the power, as it were, of making its own fertilizer, or most of it.

Salton Sea Still Rising.

Because of the rising of Salton sea, the Southern Pacific is reported to be about to move its main line in that vicinity for the fifth time within a year. The water is now approaching the track and it is through it will be necessary to build a new line within sixty days. On the last occasion the road was built on a permanent bed. The water is pouring into the sink thought the canal in-take from the Colorado river and Salton sea is rising at the rate of more than two inches daily.

Railroad engineers are convinced that the Salton sea, in the heart of the Colorado desert, in the southern part of California, is fed through underground fissures from the Colorado river. The Salton sea is now 100 miles long and forty miles broad and it will soon fill the whole gigantic basin which in prehistoric times was covered with water, as lines on the mountains around prove.

Some months ago an expensive engineering feat shut off waters of the Colorado river which were flowing into the basin. The salt flood continued to rise at the rate of an inch a day. Fourteen earthquake shocks last May and June opened subterranean fissures not far from the divide between the old Salton basin and the shores of the Gulf of California. This divide is some forty miles in width, of volcanic rock.

One of the industries ruined by the flood is the salt works which supplied most of the salt consumed on the coast.

At Kenton, Ok., Tuesday a severe hailstorm killed 400 sheep and fatally injured three Mexican herders. One herder crawled into the middle of the flock. He was uninjured, but five sheep fell dead across his body.

Faith in God will at last show fairness to men.

Fort Worth Market.
Prices Thursday were:
Steers from \$2.15 to \$4.20
Cows from \$1.85 to \$2.30
Calves from \$2.00 to \$4.75
Hogs \$5.75 to \$6.46.

100 Envelopes 40c
With name and address 40c printed and postpaid at this office.

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WATSON'S MAGAZINE is not a Socialist publication. It does not stand for collective ownership of all means of production. Mr. Watson believes in public or government ownership of railroads, telegraphs and telephones; in municipal ownership of street railways, gas, electric lights, water works, etc.; and he believes in private ownership of all industries not natural monopolies.

The middle class—the home owners, farmers, small business men and property owners—won Jefferson's victory in 1800; won Jackson's victory over Nick Biddle's money power in 1832; won Lincoln's victory in 1860. But each time after the flush of victory had died away, they became careless of their rights and went to sleep. They have slept a good portion of the time since 1865, but—

Watson's Magazine is waking them up. Another great victory is in the air. Keep in touch with the movement.

Fifteen cents a copy at newsstands; \$1.50 a year by mail. Sample copy for 4 two-cent stamps and four names of reading friends. Address: TOM WATSON'S MAGAZINE, 121 W. 42nd St., New York, N. Y. We club with above at only \$1.50 for both THE CHRONICLE and the Magazine. Why not save the 70 cents? Leave orders at this office.

Subscribers We will furnish the following papers and this paper at the annexed prices for the two:
News, Galveston or Dallas, \$1.50
Southern Mercury, 60
Texas Advance, \$1.50
Scientific American, 50
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ROCK ISLAND SLEEPER TO COLORADO.

Daily, from June 3rd, the Rock Island will operate a through Sleeping Car to Denver, leaving Dallas 7 p. m., and Fort Worth 9:00 p. m., reaching Denver 8:30 second morning.

Very low tourist rates will apply over this route, and full details can be obtained by addressing Phil A. Auer, G. P. & T. A.

Wanted Local representatives in Don County to look after renewals and increase subscription list of a prominent monthly magazine on a salary and commission basis. Experience desirable but not necessary. Good opportunity for right person. Address Publisher, Box 59, Sta. O, New York.

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