# blaylock pub. co, publishers. official organ of all the texas and new mexico conferences of the methodist episcopal church. south. c. c. rankin. d. d. editor. 

The Present Issue Of The Advocate


T IS not often that we ever
step aside on the editorial page to call attention to the Advocate: but with the present issue we feel justified in saying a word about the character and subject matter of the paper. For years and years the publishers have bent every energy and spent a great deal of money to give to the Church the very best conference organ possible; and while they have not at all times realized their dreams in this direction, yet they have felt some gratification over the fact that in their part of the work they have contributed much toward making the Advocate one of the potent factors in the development of Methodism throughout this great western section of our country. As a result the Advocate has the largest circulation of any ont of our Southern Methodist papers and its character and subject matter will not suffer in comparison with the best family religious papers in our American Methodism.

This present issue is an illustration of the above statements. Take it into your hands, turn its pages carefully, look at its mechanical make-up, glance at its subject matter, and then we are confident that you will be forced to the conclusion that the Texas Christian Advocate is, in some sense worthy of the Church it represents. You first get a bird's-eye view of the history of the Church from the beginning. with facts and information of a very valuable character. Our connectional interests will stand out before you and the splendid history of the Church shows up well and commendably.
In the next place, the entire proceedings of all the patronizing conferences aregiven in one general survey and in the order in which each one was held; and yet they come in such order, even with their appointments, that they look like one great conference had been in session and put its work on official record. In other words, you have the progress of Methodism. throughout the territory represented, given to you in one issue of the Advocate.
Such is the importance of this issue, that every Methodist can well afford to put it on file for future reference.

Then, too, we give the list of our delegates to the General Conference, along with their pictures, places of abode and labor. Their faces stand before you as the men whom their conferences elected last fall to represent them next May at Oklahoma City. The clerical and the lay delegates alike are here and we feel just a trifle of self-congratulation at the enterprise that we have been able to consummate in this matter. It has taken labor, as well as time and money, to bring forth such an extraordinary issue of the Advocate. But we have an idea that our patronizing territory is entitled to the best we can do for it, and this explains this issue of which we are now writing.

Editorially, we are also giving all our
time, our energy and every item of talen toward making this department of the Advocate a contributing force in the march of Methodist events. We have now had fifteen years of experience and we have learned a great many things in this time of long service, and the Advo cate is getting the full benefit of it.

Now, we want to thank our preachers and laymen for the help they have given us in making the Advocate what it is today. Without you, we would have failed; but with you we have in some measure. succeeded. And we feel emboldened to ask you, if possible, to redouble your zeal
and thoughtfulness of us and in the year before us we will still do larger things for our cause through this medium. See to it, brethren, that the Advocate has a place in the homes of your people, and we will do our part to fulfill all your expectations in the way of a constantly improving conference organ.
With the experience of the past to instruct us, the observation of the present to guide and strengthen us, and with the hopes of a great future to inspire us, we send forth this splendid edition of our paper with gratitude to God and thanksgiving to the Church, and with the prayer that it may continue more and more a bleminito oumbion

Treatment Of Ou

0UR dumb animals are our
friends. They bear our burfriends. They bear our bur-
dens, they draw our loads and often guard our interests. We could not possibly get along without them. They are a part of our civilization. They make up a large part of our homestead.

The horse is indispensable. We cultivate our farms with him and his kind. From morning until evening he draws the plow across the field where the corn and the cotton grow. In the autumn he pulls the wagon that gathers our crops and carries them to the crib, or the garner, or the market. We sit behind him and drive our buggies and enjoy the ride at his expense. Sometime we throw the saddle across his back, buckle it on him and then mount him for a ride to the country, or the field or to town. What an inspiration it is to feel the thrill of his movement as we guide him with the bridle! What a noble animal he is! He carries himself proudly and when touched lightly by the spur or the quirt he throws additional spirit into his action. Sometimes he moves like the wind just for our pleasure. So that he is both serviceable in the production of our crops and as a means to our pleasure. Usually he has a good disposition. He never kicks us or runs away with us ex-
cept under strong provocation. He responds to our love and kindness and at times he is actually affectionate toward us. When we put his hay and oats into his mow he seems to speak his words of thanks to us.

Take the cow and how she enters into our very life. Her milk, her butter, her cheese and her beef make up a large part of our table supplies. Nothing prepared for the table would be hardly complete were it not for some portion of her production. The fact is we could hardly live without her. For every dollar we put into her she returns it tenfold with her useful articles. And when we carry her feed to her, how gratefully she moos her thanks to us. And she is so gentle and patient toward us. She could become furious and thrust us through with her horns, but it is very rare that she ever re- r Dumb Animals
sents bad treatment, even in this way When we become angry at her and show
a vicious temper and often abuse her, instead of her resenting it, she does her best to keep out of our way without ever turning upon us like a human being would do under similar circumstances.
What a wonderful animal is the dog! He is such an intelligent and affectionate fellow when we show him kindness. He watches our home by night and gives the alarm when intruders are near; he chases off other animals that have no business on the premises, he hunts game for us and he follows us by day and by night out of love for our company. The farm would be incomplete without the presence of the dog. His bark assures us that we have a sentinel on guard faithful to his trust. He never bites us and never shows an ugly disposition toward us unless we actually force him to do it. He has been frequently known to die for those who love him.

And we might single out the cat, the pig, the mule, the fowl and a long list of domestic animals without whose contributions to human weal life would not only be incomplete, but actually wanting in many of the necessities of our existence.
Then what snould be our treatment of these dumb animals? The question is easily answered. We ought to be kind and considerate toward them. As a rule they have no way to resent ill treatment. or to protect themselves against our impositions. We ought to feed them well and work them considerately. The man who willfully strikes a dumb animal, or the man who underfeeds him, or the man who overloads him, or works or rides him beyond his strength, is a bad man. He would treat human beings the same way were he not afraid to do it. We are glad that the laws of most of our States protect animals from man's inhumanity and cruelty. God cannot love a man who, without cause, whips his dog, beats his horse, kicks his cow, stones his cat, strikes his pig, or cripples his fowls. Such a man has a mean heart in him and knows nothing of the principles of kindness. Yes, he deserves punishment for such treatment of these helpless creatures.

But what about the boy who does these things? Well, he is a bad boy and such conduct is only proof that when he becomes a man he will be a bad and vicious citizen, unless he changes his way of doing. His parents ought to teach him to be kind to the horse, to love his dog, to be gentle with the cow and to be considerate of the old house cat. They ought to impress upon him the cruelty of killing the bird unless it be for food, or to interfere with the nest or the young of the bird. It rarely ever fails that the boy who is kind to the dumb animals grows up to be a humane man and a kind neighbor; but the boy who practices cruelty on dumb animals will in all probability grow up to be unkind to his fellow beings and have trouble with them. The vicious boy and the heartless man usually make the citizen for whom the criminal court, the jail and the penitentiary are prepared in after life. A kind-hearted boy never grows up into a mean and quarrelsome man. He learns the value of love in his youth and he practices it steadfastly when he goes out into the world and mingles with his kind.
In boyhood is the time to learn these lessons and to practice these virtues. The dumb animals afford a realm among which he can be easily taught the value of love and humaneness. It is not a bad idea to permit your boy to have his dog, or his lamb, or his chickens, or his pigeons, or his calf, or his colt on condition that he will make this dumb animal his companion and love it and care for it. It will tend to bring out the good that is in him and make him gentle and tender-hearted. And when you get these traits developed in the boy he is directly in the road that leads to Christ and to God. These dumb animals are God's creatures and it is only one more step toward loving God when the boy loves God's creatures.
Let us, then, learn to be kind to the dumb animals in the presence of our children and in this way develop our own kindness of heart and at the same time lead our boys into this course of conduct. We will be doing the dumb animals a favor, we will be doing ourselves and our children a favor: yes, we will be doing humanity a favor. God's word says: "A righteous man regardeth the life of his beast."

Any system claiming to be related to Christianity that denies the miraculous or the supernatural is a libel on what Christ teaches. He has all power on earth and in heaven; he is God as well as man, he lives in the past, the present and the future; and he is unchanging and unchangable. He has charge of the forces of nature and directs all currents of power. Therefore, the Unitarianism of this day is the infidelity of the days long gone. It masquerades in the garb and name of Christianity; but in reality it has nothing fundamentally in common with the Christianity of Christ.

## The Presiding Eldership

## by REV．J．W．head．Covington，Texas．

$\underbrace{\text { load }}$ out．
 up of charges and in these charges
the work is to be done．Presiding over the Quarterly Conference is the
oveast thing about it any pastor，or
leven layman can do that．Geetting the
information the Bishop needs will take
care of itself as the work goes on． whom Christ died＂to apply to this
matter the logic whici Paul applies


## ＂Athletics？＂¢

 By REV．J． uth，＂mean any
chool athleties？
hel
It has long been my purpose to write
an article on the above subject，but
press of other matters have crowded out until now．
In my opinion our schools have gone
io seed on so－called＂athletics＂and In my opinion our schools have gone
to seed on so－called＂athleties＂and
more especially the schools owned and
＂controlled＂？by our Church． controlled if we watch the zames play
In fact，
d by a tate sehool，or any other see ular institution and then turn our at
tention to one of our own Church
schools we would not be able to dis．

of the school combined．Of course，
i state this as a rule，and there are some fine young people who are excep－
tions to it as to all rules．
Thirr．It it the custom of many of
our schools to make concessions to our schools to make concessions to
leading athletic students，employ
coaches，etc． I challenge any man in charge of
any of our Church schools the right any of our Church schools the right
of using any money paid in for any
other purpose（than athletic fees）for
paying athletic coaches，or contribut． paying athletic coaches，or contribut－
ing to their support in any way，or for making any concessions to any student
for athletic purposes． Such use of mosey collected for tui－
tion，board，library fees，ineidentals contributed by annual conferences or in fact for any cause whatever（except
athletic fees）and applied to the ath－
letic department，is a misappropriation


## the same． The trustees of all of our schools

 should look into this matter and as－certain if the Church or private in－
dividuals are being＂duped＂into pay－ ing for athleties instead of for the
purpose to which they are supposed purpose to which they a
to be paying their money．

## More than one of our schools have ing for athletics instead of for the gone in the＂hole＂and careful inves． <br> gone in the＂hole＂and careful inves－ tigation as to expenditures should be

 tigation as to expenditures should bethe duty of each and every trustee
of our several sehools，requiring an
to show where the leaks are．
1 am aware that 1 have struck a

## unpopular chore，but，have struck a right use of our Church to to reney，clean

right use of our Church money，eleans
out gambling in our Church schools on
their athletic and debates
their athletic and debates，ete．，I shall
feel that I have attained the purpose
for which this is written，and will will
ingly submit to any criticism that
shall have called down upon my own
shall have called down upon my own
head．
Brethren of our schools and of the
Brethren of our schools and of the
several Boards of Trustees，let us stand by God＇s institutions of learning
and purge them of evil until any school having the name of the Metho－ dist Chureh behind it shall stand not
only for high morals，but for truly Chistian education．
1 am yours for better Churel

## 1 an schools

## TO PURGE OUR RITUAL． <br> Among Methodists a standard work

## ead as follows： <br> ＂The Romish Church now proudly

 tion to all who have separated from her communion．＂Now is the title not hers by long
usage，the talk of the common people usage，the talk of the common people
and even the decrees of our courts？
It is not Scriptural．Let her have it． It is not Seriptural．Let her have it．
She needs it to show she is a seg
me
The retention of＂Holy Catholic
Church＂in the Methodist ritual is in－
dispensible．It confuses thought and
dispensible．It confuses thought and
offends．Allow an old man，a preach－
er for seventy years，to
er for seventy years，to quote from
an excellent article written by Rev．
W．C．Hays for the Advocate at Nash－
$\qquad$
And why persist in the use of a
word which carries with it such cont
sequences？Are we not under ob－
to define exactly that which we mean
by＂Holy Catholic Church．＂Some
say＂Church of Chirist．＂This is not
quite so good，for the reason that it
does not oecur in the New Testament
in that form．To be sure he says
quite so good，for the reason that it
does not oecur in the New Testament
in that form．To be sure，he says
My Church．＂and we sure，＂Che says
of Christ；＂but nowhere have we the
Church of Christ＂as applied to the
aniversal body，while we have the
othersal so used in seeveral places．Dr．
Green says，＂Holy Church of God．＂
Some one else has suggested＂Holy
Church of Christ．＂But 1 would omit

is dificule for man＇s wirit，and
prove on divine inspin to
＂

## ＂Church of Ged＂is Seriptural．An

do we not teach that all Scripture is
iven by inspiration of God？
Hiwasse College．Tenn．


## The Change of Name



 ＂Epliscopal Methodist，＂ 1 am quite sure the change．
The Woman Question．
I cannot see where the danger would
in giving the good women the rights they are calling for．When money happens to fall into the hand
good women they are more apt，a rule，to put it to a good use than nany places would be about bankrupt
ut for the good women．I notice the
to Our Letter From New York or

| Anti－Saloon League at Work in New York－Governor Glynn an Unknown Quantity－Brooklyn Eagle Shows Up Tammany－to Get Good Government Remove the Cause of Bad Govern． ment． | and unfair，there is no doubt that he matehed the other fellows at their own game and frequently went them one better． <br> There was no trick of politics，no parliamentary device to which，to use an everyday epression，he was not |
| :---: | :---: |
| William A．Anderson，General Su － rintendent of the Anti－Saloon | ＂he．＂He studied Maryland politi－ cians and the game of politics as it |
| d |  |
| York and begun a campa | micro－ |
| te．No ma |  |
| been more cordily |  |
| been more cordially hated |  |
| he liquor men than | Is |
| erson．In Maryland he gave | knowledge of the careers of Maryland |
| more things to think about | politicians and of their affiliations，has |
| all the other anti－ | been a constant source of support to |
| ers put together who ever wazed | his opponents． |
|  | His experience and accomplishments |
| te．No campaigns against the lip | there and elsewhere will help him |
| era | here，but he will find whiskey more |
| ploited | firmly intrenched in New York State |
| mns as has | than in Maryland．He will also find |
| 㖪siderable complaint has | the Catholic Church and the gamblers |
|  |  |
|  | behind Tammany Hall．Most likely |
| pers， |  |
| the |  |
| 崖 | were not so strong |
| worth printing． | Mr．Anderson＇s call to New York |
| A Practical Worker． | Wws that there is a widespread |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| tly characterized as disingenu |  |

of Tammany Hall last November by such a union and the side tracking of
polities pointed out the way and polities pointed out the way and
proved that in no other way can the
job be completely done. Such a movejob be completely done. Such a move-
ment is becoming Nation-wide and the ment is becoming Nation-wide and the
flame is spreading like a prairie fire in
dry old summer time. Rum and Rodry old summer
Gov. Glynn An Unknown Quantity. the fact that there is a strong grow-
ing feeling in this State against Irish Catholic rule and he is trying to soothe things down a little. He knows as
everybody else knows that every city the State, including the schools, is packed and jammed with Irish Catho-
lies, and that Tammany Hall and the lics, and that Tammany Hall and the Democratic party is responsible for it,
He knows that city and State officials, ubordinate officers, bookkeepers, clerks, inspectors, stenographers, pub-
lic contractors, guards, attendants. lic contractors, guards, attendants,
policemen, detectives, firemen, school laborers in the parks, public ground and buildings and on the streets and
roads, are largely Irish Catholics. He knows that in years gone by the Cath
olic Church fought the public schoo system of the State, and that the Re publican party put a stop to that Church drawing out its pro rata of
the school fund for the support of
Catholic schools Catholic schools. He knows th
Church would do the same thing now if it could: but, as it can't, that it is
controling them, which is the next be controing them, which is the next best
thing. Finley, Irish Catholic, was recently inaugurated as Commissione
of Education, and the Governor paid a Catholic and to the public schools of the State. He said
Education which reaches from the highest to the lowest, which knows no
distinctions of race or class, which is child and becomes the reliance of every citizen, is the greatest influence Where such education flourishes, ther liberty breathes; where it grows and spreads, there tolerance and humanity
will be found. No man whose intelligence has been quickened into life, wilingly a slave; no man who doe
not know the reasons for his enfranchisement is really free. Ignorance
and tyranny go hand in hand; liberty and enlightenment are brothers.
But does education spread and
flourish and liberty breathe where the Catholic Church controls? Is intellifreedom and humanity noticeable in Catholic countries and communities In such places does not ignorance and
tyranny go hand in hand? And if the Catholic Church had had its way in the past or could have it now, would
there be any public schools in this country?
On January 7th, the American, Hearsts paper, replied and compli--
mented the Governor, but mainly to get in a hint than we have politics
in our public schools. He said: "The speech delivered by Governor
Gilynn at the inausuration of Dr. Finley as Commissioner of Education, and Dr. Finley's proved capacity and broad general culture marks an epoch in the history of public education in New
York State. It denotes as thoroughly and as convincingly as could any pos-
sible incident the divorce of New sible incident the divorce of New
York's system of public education from any political control, and the
setting up of a standard which any setting up of a standard which any
other State must do well to equal." The only way to "divorce" our pub
lic school system from politics and lic school system from politics and
Catholism is to keep Catholics and Tammany Hall, and all men named gerald, OCConnor, etc., out of power.
Their religion, if it can be called relig. ion, and their politics are so tightly linked together that the chain can-
not be broken with a pile driver and
""divere") Brooklyn Eagle Devotes Tammany.
The Brooklyn Daily Eagle of Janu-
ary 11, had a full page article outary 11, had a full page article out-
lining the inside story of the plan to destroy Tammany Hall by keeping
from it all city, State and National patronage. It showed conclusively that the Wilson administration was
behind the movement and that all anti-Tammany forces worked together
to defeat Tammany and boss rule, to defeat Tammany and boss rule,
and to divorce politics from city governments. The Eagle diplomatically
alluded to the evil influences that had alluded to the evil influences that had always it the power it has always
given
wielded for robbing the people of this city and State, but it lacked the courage to say that those influences were
the Catholie Church, the saloons and kamblers and the
The Eagle said: There is another factor which en
ters into this program of the new

The patronage of the State figures
largely in the rewards meted out to
those who are of Tammany, those who are of Thammany, and who
obey its laws. This patronage comes
in the way of many hip in the ways. of many high positions,
many appointments, many minor places and many millions of dollars
in State contracts. There are many public institutions, and men and women must till the places in them. There structed; there are highways to be
built; work on the canal; work on the built; work on the canal; work on the
waterways; work on the gigantic wa ter supply system; buildings to be
erected, and hundreds-yes, thousands
of jobs and contracts-all of which. of jobs and contracts-all of which,
the past, have held the army of Then the Eagle says the rank." Then the Eagle says that Governor Glynn is an unknown quantity in the
fight against Tammany. He is a member of Tammany Hall, an Irishman loons; in the language of a man close to Boss Murphy, "he is one of our
kind." In other words, he is not an The Eagle thinks that the cutting
off of city, State and National off of city, State and Natione pattron-
age will starve Tammany to death. age will starve Tammany to death. izations like it possible? When the combination of rum and Romanism with city and State politics is wiped
from the face of the earth the job will rom the face of the earth the job will
be finished and not till then. And how easy it will be to do that if the Take the tariff question and the currency question out of politics and then
bring together the moral temperate bring together the moral temperate
Protestant elements in the Democratic and Republican parties, North, South,
East and West, and the job will be one. On these two questions I will the

## Currency a National Question.

There was no party question in-
olved in the currency bill: voived in the currency bill; there is sense whatever an issue between the parties, and it is gratifying that so many Republicans at voth ends of the Capitol voted for it that it cannot be
regarded as a party measure. The country is indebted to a Democratic l'resident and a Democratic Congress
for it, but it is a National and not a for it, but it is a National and not a
partisan measure, and was not passed partisan measure, and was not passed
by a mere party majority. The Republicans attempted at one time to be-
lieve that the gold standard was in volved, but when the gold standard act of fourteen years ago was expressly
reaffimed they had no further opportunit
 and the Tariff.
John Hays Hammond, the mine excised President Wilson's tariff policy and the Administration's course of conduct in Mexico, advocating restric-
tion of the Monroe Doctrine to tion of the Monroe Doctrine to that
country and Central America. His remarks were made in the course of an address before the Social and Economic Section of the American Associaion for the Advancement of Science.
On the tariff question Mr. Hammond said:
The tariff problem which so vitally
ffects the welfare of our Nation affects the welfare of our Nation
should be entirely dissociated from partisanship, and should be regarded
as purely an economic issue. In the as purely an economic issue. In the
revision of the tariff the principle of protection should be maintained, since by that policy we would be able to esiablish the principle of reciprocity in making commercial agreements time prevent our country from becom-
ing the dumping ground, as I have ing the dumping ground, as I have tions competing with us in foreign
trade.".
The Louisiana Senators and many The Louisiana Senators and many
Democratic Congressmen from the
sugar belt growing sections of the West voted against the present tariff Democrats in the manufacturing busi ness are generally in favor of a tariff.
I merely mention these things to show that the tariff and currency bills are
even now half way out of party lines, even now half way out of party lines,
and so is the Wilson plan about Mexiand so is the Wilson plan about Mexi
co. Governor Colquitt agrees with Mr co. Governor Colquitt agrees with Mr
Hammond in regard to the Mexican
question. The two otd historic Na question. The two ord historic Na-
tional parties have come close tokether on many things. Now let them
come together and join hands to figh Rum and Romanism.

Cause of Bad Gove nment.
It is not hard to comprehend why the Catholics, the saloon men, gamb
lers and loafing criminal classes so lers and loafing criminal classes so
persistently line up together atu work so diligently together politically in so dilisently together politically
this city as an adjunct to the Demp cratie party. Many of them get office
year after year; others get position year after year; others get position
cthers "rake offs" on the purchase of market more than we ask the Nietho-
city supplies and on purchases of dists of the State to assume of this city supplies and on purchases of dists of the State to assume of the
property for city buildings, parks, etc. indebtedness. if the Meethodists of the
And many, very many, expect to get State will in turn give to them this leniency and light punishment when hey get into trouble, and invariably
hey do get it. When a thief rowdy or a drunk gets a thrested the first move by his friends is to see the Irish Catholic district leader; he tele-
phones to or calls on the Irish Catholic Borough leader and he and perhaps others of his kind see that the District
Attorney and the jucge, who are of he same kind and breed, are approached , and then at the trial there is Such things are common every-day ccurrences-indeed, they are the rule. party with such a following, such evil formidable influences behind it
cannot deal out law and justice or run city in the interest of morality and decency. To get good government the cause of bad corrupt government must
be removed. All that is necessary to accompl'sh that is the united co-operation of moral Protestant people re-
ardless of politics. Let the wicked combination against them be squarely met and overthrown. Nothing short
of an unconditional surrender, an of an unconditional surrender, an If to do it there is a shattering of parties and a crash of worlds let the disasters come. Let us have honesty,
decency, morality, and finally peace if decency, morality, and finally peace if
we have to fight to get it. New York, N . E. H. QUICK

## HE HAS NO FAITH

We have read with much interes he letters from Mr. Quick, of New
York, from the viewpoint of the Southern Democrat. There may oc-
cur reasons that would stand in the way of his proposition for Norther
Republicans and Southern Democrat topubicans and Southern Democrat: ment. In the first place, we infer from
the run of his letter that, with the beat the Democrat and the Catholic While with the Democrats South, i
seems to be anything to beat th seems to be anything to beat the
Republicans and the negro. In the Republicans and the negro. In the
light of the history of the past fifty ears, he may consider that it is t
the interest of the Southern Demo crat that a foreign element rule i if North. Again, he may conclude that on all the Nations of Europe he nee not dread them here. Napoleon, th First, spoke a living truth when h said that you could not rob a people,
and at the same time convince them that you were their friends. We ar no Catholic, but we have about as
much faith in the infallibility of the much faith in the infallibility of th
Pope as we have in the friendship o
the Northern Republicans for the the Northern Republic

Dexter, Cooke County, Texas.

## TEXAS METHODISM AND THE

 STATE UNIVERSITYOn every side there are now to be
found commissioners, agents, campaigners and other repreesntatives o whom I am, which for the next tw and a half months I have left my as Bishop Mouzon, Dr. Rankin, Dr foaz, Dr. Godbey, Dr. Bishop and
few oth of that stripe and am now busy with a persistent and thus fa successful campaign for the liquidation of the indebtedness of the Uni
versity Methodist Church and tie versity Methodist Church and tile
launching of a Bible Chair and Girls
Homing Hall for students of the State niversity.
At the last sessions of the several
nnual Conferences my work was dorsed by strong resolutions by ever conference in Texas. The indebted
ness of the University Methodist Church was assumed by these bodies nistricts in Texas were instrueted to look after the matter of raising this
money. However, it was understood between the Texas Bishops and myse elders that I was to give my time and attention to this matt-r until the
last Sunday in March, which day has last Sunday in March. Which day has
been set apart as University Church
Day and will be observed by ail our pastors and people.
Thus far 1 have met with signal success. I ind the people anxious to take and : wat the State University. The sitnats.n is this: We owe 17,000 on
cur Board of Church Extension has agreed to give us $\$ 2500$ of this amount, pro-
viding the whole is paid. The local Cnurch has agreed to pay. The local of what has already been paid by that
membership. This leaves $\$ 7500$. The officials at Austin have agreed to deed
to the several conferences land adjoining the church building and ideally
located for the Bible Chair and Girl's located for the Bible Chair and Girl's
Homing Hall and now worth upon the

In
amoun
In In fact, this church is clearly a
State-wide proposition and the N:ethodistso of the whole State should assist
in bearing this burden. There ar n
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sc
h University. Our Church is running
over with studnts and the good that
is being done is without lie over with students and the good that
is being done is without limit and can-
not possibly be estimated. not possibly be estimated.
Thus far I have secured $\$ 2315$ in Thus far I have secured 88.315 in amount being contributed by frimndt goes toward the purchase of opera
chairs for the galleries of the church. chairs for the galeries of the church.
The following districts have contribWhis amount:
Waco District.
Waco District......
San Marcos Distr
Austin District
Austin District.
Cleburne District.
Can Antonio District
Corsicana District

## sist and tho ma in he sc h

 many smaller that I can visit. In th mpossible for me to touch, thy caalhelp me no little by securing such subhad. I hope that every presiding eld $r$ in
Texas will feel the obligation of this matier. Tpon the success of this
movement depends the erection of a Bible Chair and Homing Hall and the
good resuits that will most surely fol-
low. There is no more important work now being done in Texas. up with the above in the next report NORTHWEST TEXAS CONFERENCE MISSION SUGGESTIONS. We, the Board of Missions of the
Worthwest Texas Conferrnce, in midCexas. January 14 1914 Clarendon, most respectfully submit to the presiding elders and through you to the pas-
tors and people of our conference the able conssuderation:

1. Full collections for Home and
Conference Missions if Conference Missions, if possible. by
April 1. Strive for a goal of $\$ 2000$ ex-
$\underset{\text { 2. Appoint Missionary Committee in }}{\text { very pastoral charge and engage in }}$ Every Member Camnaig
2. Organize a Woman Society in every preaching place 4. Strive for a areat revival through-
out the conference with a goal of tea per cent increase
profession of faith.
3. Call upon the pastors throughou the conference to give at least on
meeting to some needy field or placo. meeting to some needy field or placa-
under the direction of the presiding
elders, as a "Committee on Evangel. elder:
ism."
4. Have the Conference Missionaries
make quarterly repor's to cheir preto make quarterly repor's to their pre-
siding elder and to the Conference
Missionary Secretary 7. Fix the goal for the Sunday
school at the membership of the School at the membership of the Missionary Society,
5. Fix the goal for the Epworth Ceague membership at 20 per cent of hurch membership and raise $\$ 1000$
or Cuba Special, if possible. 9. Put the Texas Christian Advocate on the 100 per cent basis in every
charge in the conference, extend the irculation for the Missionary Voice 10. Tse missionary charts as fur nished by this board.
The above was The above was indorsed by the pre gram for our cenference operations
during the year. We sincerely hope hat all of these great interests will have the fullest sympathy of our peo-
ple and that the "Whole Line will advance. to the glory of God and the
urbui'diag of our beloved Church.

## the message for to-day.

The worthy volumes on Christian
brary. Our arguments are innumer-
able and unanswerable. The argument from the Bible, the argument from achievement, the argument from
humanity are all unanswerable. But controversial literature is not attracting much attention in our day. The
messaze for our day is found in 1 Petmessage for our day is found in 1 Pet-
er $2: 15$, and reads as follows: "For
so is the will of God, that with wellsoing ye may put to silence the ig
norance of foolish men." norance of foolish men." Men of
the every day world cannot understand our philosophy or our theology.
but they can understand a godly life. It is with welldoing that we put to sience the ignorance
Wathman-Examiner.

You owe to yourself to the folks you serve -a test of these curious foods. They are
more than delightful, they are scientitic foods. Inside of each grain there oceur in the mal. ing $100,000,000$ steam expla Serve with sugar and cream, or mix with fruit. Use
like nut meats in home candy making or as sarnish to ice

A: night serve the grains in
is of milk, like crackers They are whole grains, crisp and toasted. And they float.
Begin tomorrow to serve on
dish.
The Quaker Oats Company


Puffed Grains in Milk
The Supper Dish

a. C. RANKIN, D. D. -_Eater Office of Pualication--1800-1800 Jackson Street Published Every Thursday at Dalias, Texas Entered at the Postoffice at Dallas, Texas, as
Second-Class Mail Matter.
BLAYLOCK PUB. CO..... Publiehere
SUBSCRIPTION-IN ADVANCE.

It acknowledged that the movement Mr. Mayes give that feature of the ment of her death. She died about the the most dominant factor in the both expect to consideration. They date of the last paper. This removes politics of the State. Yes, and by and sort of argument can convince them ship of the Church and leaves the by some of these other anti dailies will to the contrary. But the July primaut their eye teeth and open their eyes ries
the same truth. Prohibition is here them! to stay and the anti who wants to
make fun of it is a very foolish man and unworthy serious consideration.
Yes, he is a blind bat in the hollow ree of public opinion.

## Those Churches away from the cen-

 ter in Houston are not to be lost sight of in the shuffle. They are not quiteso conspicuous in their buildings and so conspicuous in their buildings and
locations and they co not fixure so extensively in the publie prints, but they are taking care of Meihodist interests
at important points and their work is of prime importance. Among them is Woodland Heights, the youngest one
in the oranized life of the city. But under its wide-awake pastor, Rev. H.
M. Whaling, it is moving steadily to 1. Whaling, it is moving steadily to
the front and gives promise of a fine the front and gives promise of a fine
future. Rev. E. W. Potter has charge of Grace, a splendid plant, replete with
life and bubbling over with energy, life and bubbling over with energy,
and under the guidance of its wise and under the guidance of its wise
pastor it is a dominant force in that pastor it is a dominant force in that
part of the eity. MeKee Street is a part of the city. Mekee street is a
congregation of long standing and its results are found all over the fifth
ward. Rev. 1. $F$. Key is proving himward. Kev. I. F. Key is proving him-
self the right man in the rizht place self the right man in the rizgt place the city. MeAshan started twenty
years ago in a part of the city where years azo in a part of the city where G. Cooke is leading it successfully. I
has a deep hold in the locality where has a deep hold in the locality where
it operates. Rev. J. O. Coppase is just beginning his work at Washington beginning his work at Washington
Ave., but he already has things in hand and the promise for a good year is inspiring. Brunner Addition has a lit Morehead is zuiding affairs with pruhas his hand firmly on Trinity and his people
mony.
We notice in the public prints two important announcements: 1. That
J. W. Robbins, of Austin, and one of J. W. Robbins, of Austin, and one of
the best known laymen in Texas the best known laymen in Texas
Methodism, has been secured by the Southern Methodist University authorities to become one of their eduis already in the field and will fnaukurate an aggressive campalgn among certain class of our well-to-do laymen who have not yet been reached This is an important adjunct to the Vniversity force and large results ought to follow the work of Mr. Robbins. 2. That Rev. Frank Onderdonk. our missionary for years in Mexico,
has been secured by the Southwestern University authorities to ald in the effort to raise needed funds for the institution. He is one of our most capable and virile ministers, popular on the platform and winning in the
social circle, and we congratulate the University on securing such a capable man. With these added factors to plan for soliciting money, our edu-
tional interests ought to go forward tional interests ought to go forward
with great strides during this year. Comptroller W. P. Lane and Lleut. Governor Will Mayes have both replied to the request of Hon. Cullen Thomas to get together on some plan
by which our prohibition forces can be united on a single candidate for Governor: and they peremptorily adjustment. They give it plan of they are in the field and can be electd to the office, and that they will not submit to any arrangement that would
look to the elimination of either one or all of them. Their stand is greatly pleasing the anti press, and they are omplimenting Messrs. Lane and wisdom and statesmanship. They know that their only chance to elect an anti to this high office again is to the field, but netther Mr. candidates
 mentioned one little stunt that was
pulled off at a leading hotel; and this inspired the following, after quoting it, in the
Post:
"The
"The suspicion has long prevailed in select circles that if anything of Texas it would destined to break out in Texas it would erupt at a point nex las' moral disciple. It is particularl ad that while these Pharisees wer busy trailing the devil in Austin and ther cities, his majesty was geting in his finest work at the head of naviin his finest work at the head of navi-
gation on the Trinity. Some other things besides charity, it seems, could hings by begerve the eternal fitne If the editor of the Houston had any moral sense of a high order he would be able to distinguish between brazen women of the world
tween be able distinguish be
flouting their offenses against society under the connivance of law and oriet narily good women of "society" indulging in improprieties at socia functions. But the Post has run with the saloon gang so long until its powliterated. It was not thus twenty years ago. Furthermore, if the Post had any disposition to tell the truth about the crusade against social vice in Austin, it would have also said that the same crusade was successful in Dallas. But the Post cares nothing about little matters like the simple truth. It is afflicted with moral blindness. Hence, we will pass its
fling on with nothing more.

## PERSONALS

Rev. C. C. Childress, of Anna, maa.
a brotherly call last week.
Rev. J. T. Taylor, of Brandon, was
pleasant visitor to this office last
Brethren F. P. Dunkle and B. F ifice with a visit recently.

Rev. John E. Roach, one of the ersity, was a pleasant visitor to the

## dvocate office last week

We enjoyed a pleaisant visit from
ev. Minor Bounds, of Lewisville, the other day.
*
We had a delightful visit from Dr. He has made a fine start with this people.
Rev. J. T. Bludworth and son were out at Cedar Hill are moving on pleas antly with him.
Rev. C. P. Combs, of Wheatland and Buncanville, dropped in to see us this
reek. He is making a good start in is new charge.
Rev. S. P. Gilmer, now residing at Killeen and engaged in evangelistic ently.

In a note from Rev. 1. H. Brazwell, Venus, he informs us that his oldst son, editor of the local paper in appendicitis and is doing well at this riting.
Last issue we announced the serious ilness of Mrs. J. M. Armstrong, and

## sadness. But her end was one peace. Obituary will follow later.


perintendent, has been ill for some days with pneumonia and has been in Mineral Wells during his iliness; but to say, and will soon be at his post again.
Rev, J. F. Carter and his people are merging from the floods all right, and his Church work is moving off Inely. The Stewards gave him
raise in salary of $\$ 300$ over last and this is a mighty good sign.
Rev. T. R. Morehead, of Troup, wa welcome visitor to this office last week. He and his people are arrang-
ing to build a handsome new brick ing to build a handsome new brick church in the near future, and Bro.
Morehead was in the eity looking after plans to that effect.

Mrs. Virgil Pace, of Huntsville exas, has issued invitations to the Miss Sarah Catherine to Mer daughteMiss Sarah Catherine to Mr. MeDade
Wilburn, on January Wilburn, on January 29rh instant The happy couple will be at home in Houston after February $1: 5$
Rev. J. M. Binkley, the splendid old man of the North Texas Conference and one of the Advocate's long and cherished friends, is not very well shese days. He had a fall not long ince and fractured one of his ribs and But while he is confined to pis bed, hern is not very seriously hurt and we bope for him a speedy recosery hope for him a speedy recovery. The
Church has no truer or worthier man Chureh has no truef or worthier man
than Brother Binkley.
We had a delightful visit from Brother J. H. Garner, of Cisco, last
week. He is one of the lay delegates from the Central Conference to the Gieneral Conference. He is not a "lead
ing lawyer," as we inadvertently stated at the time of his election. He is a leading merchant, however, and a Chureh.

Rev. J. F. Lawlis and his people and Llano have made some marked improvements in their church buildthe floor and furniture repainted and a new carpet taid. They have spent about $\$ 400$ in the improvements and
the interior of the edifice looks ifke a new one.
Rev. C. F. MeKinney, of the Blu Hidge charke, writes us that the print ed minutes of the North Texas Con terence place his report last year in error. He states that his charge paic out everything in full. He made a fine report at conference, and the error is just one of those things that will oceur once in a while despite the care, the painstaking effort and conscientious oversight of the editor of that document.
We have just read a delightful letter from Mrs. S. A. Thornal, of Neches along with her renewal for the Advovocate more than forty years and finds it a great help to her. She not only her son and daushter married but when up homes of their own she put cople of the paper in these new homes.
 into ofliee he thinks to mighty mean of
anybody who tries to get in by attacking his record.-Sloux City Journal. Intoxicating liquors are the fathers
of half the crimes in the country, and
the grandfathers and great-grandfa. half the crimes in the country, and
grandfathers and great-grandfa. thers of all the rest.

## THE AFTERGLOW

In that chapter of emerald beauty. Corinthians 13 , in his climax, the
Apostle Paul wrote: "Now we see hhrough a glass, darkly; but then tace
to face: now I know in part; but the to face: now I know in part; but the
shall i know even as also 1 an hall ${ }^{1}$ know even as also 1 am
nown." 0 , the significance of that
now
now "then" expressed in the one
stue
we we
ver
of
adv
adver
adense
Ihen
dary
durat
duration.
And this opens up to us a fine field up thoughts. For a while our pent-
may allure world may allure us with its blandishments
But as the child separated from its mother may be held pleasure-bound
mat by toys for a while, but soon tires of
these and stretches out its little hands pleadiasly for tuother, so the soul
tires of the floxers that fade and the tires of the floxers, that fade and the
finiis that perrhb, as the apples of
sodem which with their beauty temptd the passerby only to turn to ashe The soul finds its center reat no
This such and minger ". and I will give you rest," was and secret longings of the human
heart. And it is only when vitiated by the subtility of satan that the hear
runs out affer transitory things. Thus it was with out first parents in th. Gar
隹 den of Eden: and so it has been with all their posterity. But in man', fall, the desire for something beyond
and above himself was not eliminated
but vitiated but vitiated. And wasee alone has re-
deemed our fond desire deemed our. fond desires for compan-
ionship with the celestial. ionship with the celestial. The ties
of our sacred relationship here on earth are divinely intended to draw arr affections heavenward, and
When our desires for When a mese boy and faren. om hotme, while thinking of mv lov a swollen river and watched its turbid waters rolling on toward the sea. And
when 1 recalled to memory the fael When 1 recalled to memory the fact
that the pure waters that came gurgling from the waters that came gur
mingling with spring were mingling with those of that restless
river, I felt nearer home and more in river, I felt nearer home and more in-
terested in that stream; for it seemed to have a friendily message for me.
And so with us as we press And so with us as we press the mar-
sin of the stream of time. We may
rightly feel that from our rightly feel that from our family may
cle loved members have gone to swell cle loved members have gone to swell
the waters which constantly are pour-
ing into the crystal sea. The Holy ing into the crystal sea. The Holy
seriptures employ the metaphor of
the waters. the rivers and the waters, the rivers and the sea to
represent the heavenly host. And
we may well bee we may well be glad, amid our sor-
rows, that we may regain our loved ones where, at hast, all the good shall
be gathered like the wate be gathered like the waters of a
great sea. The perturbation of a known star often leads the astronomer
to the discovery of another one hitherto unknown far out in the trackless
fields of appalling space. The Holy fields of appalling space. The Holy
spirit brings to the light of the soul's
vision the vision the otherwise inexplicable
drawing to the sunlit hills of glory. drawing to the sunlit hills of glory.
But we may change from the above But we may change from the above
metaphor-from the rivers, lagoons
and lakes the waters are drawn up. and it appears ast if the sun had con-
sumed them to quench its burnin. thirst. The heavens are overcast with
clouds, tiful bow paints its archway a beauthe storm clouds's frowning brow. It
is then we behold again thens is then we behold again those waters
collected and revealed to us in transformed beauty. St. Paul says: "Doth
not even nature itself teans not even nature itself teach you? So with the telescope of faith trained
upon the heavenly field, through the
rainbow, we can lo rainbow, we can look upon an enrap-
turing scene of our transfigured beauty. loved ones in
in the elo in the cloud," said the Almighty. bow
And Paul says And Paul saids we almighty.
about by a great cloud of compse
Not a blackene a sheen of burnished cloud, but one
gold-not one siven out in discordant sounds one
the pulse-beating thunders of the storm, but that made vocal by of the myrlads of angels ${ }^{\text {t }}$ trembling harpstrings
accompanied by the melody of the accompanied by the melody of the
voices of all the redeemed. Well
mikht the old apostle to the Gentiles write: "Or whom the whole Gentiles
in heaven and earth is named." That
assures us that we are akin assures us that we are akin to heaven,
of royal blood and "partakers of the
divine nature." Hence, we are taught when we pray, to say: "Our Faather
which art in heaven." "I will come again and receive you unto myself,"
premised the Son of God as the deep hhadows of the cross began to fall
about him. "Faith lend
Faith lends its realizing light,
The clouds disperse, the shado
fly. The invisible appears in sight,
And God is seen with
Corinth, Miss., Jan. 16, 1914 .


Notes From the Field year. The net increase in membership for the
year was ninety and the total expenditure wa
near $\$ 2000$. The secoud conficrence year near \$azoo. The secoud confrcercee yeare was
nearing its close and 1 began to want to go
nack to my forber's howe, back to my father's house, so 1 wrote Bishop
Mouzon to transfer us back to North Texas,


LIVER PILLS $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ayer's Pills are liver pills. } \\ & \text { They increase the flow of bile, }\end{aligned}$ and the bile is Nature's great laxative. They also increase the flow of the digestive juices, and this brings prompt relief in cases



$\qquad$ REV. E. HIGHTOWER, Editor, Weatherford, Texas.
mications for this department sho uld be sent to above address.

WHAT ABOUT THE EPWORTH
LEAGUE?

## In the Advocate of December 18, 1913, we published a letter from Miss Tucker, Junior



Epworth League Department

gUS W. THOMASSON.
SHIS Vietor Street, Munger Place,
Dallas, Texas.
Address all communications inten
department to the League Editor.

## state league cabinet.


north texas league cabinet.

| d. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  | Park Street, Greenvile.

Fourth Vice. Fresident Mrs. Grover C. Rob-
ettson, 3613 Live Oak Chairsan Travis St. Dallas $\frac{\mathrm{S}}{\mathrm{M}}$. Fund-Miss Mary Hay
Ferguson, McKinney.

CORRESPONDING SECRETARIES. The following is a list of the Corresponding
Secretaries of the League Boards of Confer-
ences in Texas:
Central Texas: Rev. W. T. Jones, Blanket.
North Texas: Rev. W. .. Douglas. Forney.
Northwest Texas: Rev. W. Y. Switzer, Clar-
endont
Texas: Rev. T. R. Morehead, Palestine.
West Texas: Rev. C. R. Cross, Cer. if a secretary's book is needed. Write
about what is necessary, for we want to rui
this League in the bet and most interesting
way so as to interest the young.
As some think it won't last long, we will
greatly appreciate all nformation.
Newport, Texas MRS. O. M. SHIPP.





with a membership of 3338, and fifty-seven
Junior Leagues, with a membership of
1854. These two strong conferences, tak-
en at random and becanse they are


| it might imrove the showing for the Learae a trifle, but the difference would prolably make no material change in our figures, oturing the last conference year the Sunday School in our Church made a gain in enrollment of <br> the same he is ready to advocate and defend <br> If "Editor Thomasson" or any other brotke has mud on his horns, let him come on. <br> DISTRICT SUNDA $\stackrel{\square}{\mathrm{Y}}$ SCHOOL SECRETARIES AND ELSE. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |League? If one department in "Editor Thom

assons" businss showed a steady decrease
in the volume of buiness and could not pay its
own way, and another department showed a
If any person doubt, whether our people
read the Advocate, and eien the Sunday School
Department, a speaking accuaintance with the
mail of the editor of this department would
Found the Answer Was "Coffeeand drank it every day. I never hwas always so pale, thin and
completely broke down and Isuch condition that I could hardlysuflcient nourishment to sustain
didn't think I could do withodecided to give it up and try PosWhen it was made right-darkI could eat
like a new being headached and
and tod am well and sto impro148 lbs . I attribate my present healtto the life-giving qualities of Postum
Name given by Postum Co, BatteCreek, Mich. Read "The Road to Well
ville," in pkgs.
Postum now comes in two forms:
Regular Postum-must be well b
Regular Postum-must be well bo
instant Postum-is a soluble po
in a cup of hot water and, with crean
and sugar, makes a delicious beverag
-

## Woman's Department

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE



POPULAR SOHG BOOKS
MEW EIIIIGEE WORLD BNIMEE





 said the brother who measured his spiritual
attainneents by his feelings. There are many
like him. Joytol feeling is a result of fivth



## Smith \& Lamar

Vathville. Tenn. DALLAS, TEXAS

FROM WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE HANDLEY MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

## The Conquests of Methodism in Texas

A Survey of all that Territory Occupied by the Annual Conferences of Texas and New Mexico.


With Many Comparisons, Useful Deductions and Historical Facts.
The

do The Minutes


## Minutes of the Five Texas Conferences, New Mexico and German Mission for 1913-14



## January



## The Appointments for Our Conference Preachers for 1913-1914

| NEW MEXICO | western district. <br> C. A. Ielimberg. Presiding Elder, | Nixon Station-J. W. Rowland Palacios- A Alsers. | SAN MARCOS DISTRICT. Thomas Giregory, Presiding Elder. | cleburne district. w w. Moss. Presiding Elder |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| albuquerpue distri |  | Pandora-E. L. Edear. <br> Port Lavaca and Traylor-W. F | (timont Circuit-IW. D. Williamson. |  |
| G. II. Givan, Presiling Elder. |  |  |  | treet |
| ton Circuit W Li | creom junior College-C. A. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Transferred-To West Texas ConferCommissioners for Southwestern UniversityII. O. Launch, F. W. Radetzhy. | District Commissioner of Education-y. F. |  Hartiacalale-Lewis Mrivea |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | WT TEXAS |  |  |  |
| EL Paso dis |  |  | Pres dent Coronal Institute- Oistrict Commissioner of Edu Renfro. |  |
| EL PAsO District. | Goaber, Presting E |  |  | corsicana district |
|  |  | Ke | uValde district. | MeAfer |
|  |  |  |  | and |
|  |  | lometa C. H. Drak Supply. | Carrizo Sprin |  |
|  | Gack Lake K . |  |  |  |
| it Dex |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Fagle Pass and Soford-T. W. Hondo Station-M. K. Fred. | Cruesbeck-F. E Hask IIarmony-Z. L. Howel |
| Turs-w \% Huger |  | Distr | Laredo Station-W. A. Mann. |  |
|  |  | al |  |  |
| Horn and Kent-E. D. L. Lexis. |  |  |  |  |
| lent Vanderbilt University-Otis A. Morrik. | thotrict Missionary Evangelist-H. M. Whal. rimg insor in Southwostern University-H. L. | san angelo district |  | Thornton <br> Wortham Richland and teces Creek-II. IS, Ganern and Richland Whlter Griffirh Mision-F. O. Willians, Gimens |
| pecos valley district. <br> J. H. Messer, Presiding Elder. | Gray, Conference Evangelist-J. C. Wilson. | Brady Station-I. T. Morris; I. T. H. Miller, Eden and Menard-W. I. Wall. |  | Lin district |
| -Elis Smith. |  | Elatict | CENTRAL TEXAS | S. J. Vaughan, Presicine El |
| Clowio-Atiser Marster |  | Con |  |  |
| ton and Cakewood | J. II. Groseclose, | Wiothand Circutition | J. H. Stewart Presiding Eler | Se Station |
| i-w. W. Turne |  | Miles-R. A. |  |  |
|  |  | 号k |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { Brownwood }}$ Brownwod | Comanche Mission- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Cruntechield. |  | Procto |
| SSERRED-H. M, Bruce Pacife Co |  |  |  |  |
| tal |  | S. H. C. Curesin. Presiding Elider. | Winchell-W, A Neill | -on. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stat } \\ & \text { Shap } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tano } \\ & \text { Gone } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Wingate-1: it spert |  |
| ference. $\qquad$ |  |  |  | FORT WORTH DISTRICT <br> Jno. R. Nelson, Presiding Elder |
| GERMAN MISSION |  |  | ding Elder | W. Fer |
| RN |  |  |  |  |
| II. W. Weise, Presiting |  |  |  |  |
| g Memorial E. ${ }^{\text {E A }}$ |  |  | Council |  |
|  |  | Fow |  | S. P. Mc |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| , | 1. Cuero district. |  | stron |  |
| Creek o. W. Seenold; C. W. F. Lethm- |  | Pr, |  |  |
| Antonio and Cisolo PP P 11 Heemech, and |  | Distrier Commissioner of Education |  | Craperine |
|  |  | Principal Marshall Training |  |  |
|  |  | Commixsioner of Miscrion Ho | Wayland-P W. Lez | tent Seperannuate Home-D. L. Colire |
|  |  |  |  |  |




## Delegates to the General Conference New Mexico Conference

## CLERICAL



REV. J. B. COCHRAN, Presiding Elder,
El Paso, Texas.

LAY

I. J. AYERS,
ctor U. S. Tre El Paso, Texas.

Delegates to the General Conference German Mission Conference CLERICAL

REV. E. A. KONKEN, Pastor,
Houston, Texas.

LA Y


The Christmas
Conference, 1784

## Before The Separation In 1844

1784-The Christmas Conference, or cal preachers be ordained deacons. Arfirst General Conference, was opened with the right of appeal. Resolution in Lovely Lane Church, Baltimore, to strengthen the Episcopacy intro-
Maryland, at $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$., December 24, duced. 1784 Frer a. m., December 24, duced. 1784. Freeborn Garrettson, after six
weeks of travel, covering over 1200 weeks of travel, covering over $12001800-T h e$ Fourth General Confer-
miles throughout the United States, brought together 60 out of the 81 land, May 6 . Resolved that General ministers. Bishop Coke, having been Conference should consist only of eldordained by Wesley before leaving ers whal Conferences directed to send jourEngland, presented Wesley's Letters nals to General Conference for reviCredential, the famous magna charta si of Episcopal Methodism in America. Upon its adoption, the Episcopal
Church in America was formed. AsChurch in America was formed. As-
bury was elected Superintendent. Liturgy, as prepared by Wesley, ordered read in the congregations. This
was the first Discipline of the Methowas the first Discipline of the Metho-
dist Episcopal Church. It was authorized that the sacraments and ordinances, according to Episcopal form, be celebrated in American Churches.
Mr. Wesley's plan


1796-The Third General Conference assembled in Baltimore, Maryland, Oc tober into the "six original confervided into the six original england,
ences." They were: New England,
Philadelphia, Baltimore. Virginia, ences.
Philadelphia
Bere, South Carolina and the Western Con-
ference. The "Charter Fund" instituted, ference. The "Charter Fund ins in our
the object of which is now
Superannuated Fund. "Deed of Settleuperannuated property enacted. Agreement that lo- thirty-two, and the latter thirty-one.

The whole Discipline was at the mercy the birth of our time-honored custom
of a mere majority. The great ques- of Episcopal Addresses. Local deacons
tion of a delegated body forced itself made eligible to the office of elders. tion of a delegated body forced itself
upon them. A committee of fourteen-
two from each of the seven confer-
ences-was ordered to draw up a plan Thes -was ordered to draw up a plan. tee to make separate drafts. Joshua tee to make separate drafts. Joshua
Soulerer provided for a general superintendency in the itinerancy. The great issue in the conferen was: away with the Episcopacy, nor reduce The plan contained the following im portant restrictions, and may be considered the
Methodism:
Methodism:
1-The General Conference shall not

- The General alter, or change our Articles
of Religion, nor establish any new
of Religion, nor establish any new
standards or rules of doctrine con-
standards or rules of doctrine con
trary to our present existing and es
trary to our present existing and es
tablished standards of doctrine.
-They shall not allow of more than
one representative for every five
members of the Annual Conference,
members of the Annual Conference,
nor allow of a less number than one
nor allow of a less number than one
for every seven.
3-No rule of government could be so
altered as to do away with the Epis-
- The General Rules of the Unite

Societies could not be changed.
5-The privileges of trial and appeal
must remain with the ministry and
membership.
6-The produce of the Book Concern only for its original purpose.
-Provided, any of the above restric
-Provided, any of the above restric-
tions could be changed only upon
the joint recommendation of all the
of two-thirds of the succeeding Gen-
eral Conference. William McKRen-
dree was elected Bisho. Bishop
dree was elected Bishop. Bishop
Coke was the great missionary
Coke was the great missionary
Bishop among the peonles of the
West Indies, Wales, Ireland and

## Africa.

1812-The Seventh General Confer
ence assembled in New York, May 1 .
This was the first delegated confer-
ence and was composed of ninety mem-
bers. The civil government had passed
the ordeal of the first Congress under
the ordeal of the first Congress under
the Federal Constitution. Now was to
be tested the fealty of Methodism's rep-
resentative in the highest judiciary of
the Church to the Constitution itself.
At the opening Bishop McKendree
the Church to the Constitution itself
At the opening Bishop McKendree
made a communication in writing. It
1816-The Eighth General Confer-
nce assembled in Baltimore, Mary
elegated conference. Episcopal Ad
ress read. Enoch George and Robert
The select committee on slavery re ports that "the evil seems to be past candidates for the ministry instituted in this conference-the first in the his ory of the Church. The process of di-
viding the work, and for the alterna viding the work, and for the alterna-
tion of the fields, first instituted among the Bishops at this conference. In
thiten addition to the address to this Genera Conference, Bishop Asbury leaves his
valedictory, addressed to Bishop Mcvaledicto
Kendree

1820-The Ninth General Confer ence assembled in Baitimore, Marydelegates, from eleven conferences Bishop McKendree presents the Episcopal address. Missionary Society or ward. District Conferences for local
preacher's. created. Slavery legislation prominent. Canadian Methodism
question up. Joshua Soule elected
Bishop. Soule was the author of the Constitution of the Methodist Church 808 , 1 at the General Conference of by his own volition he refused to abide $y$ the reselution touching the ques-
tion of presiding elders and the manner of their appointment. The suspended resolutions cause $g$
throughout the Church.


1824-The Tenth General Conference assembled in Baltimore, May 1 The three Bishops and about one hundred and twenty-five delegates were
present. This body was stirred by the The people were the source of inch as, ative authority," "The power of the shops was to be found nowhere else in the popes;" "We have no Concommittees by portions. This marked
$\substack{\text { tio } \\ \text { tic } \\ \text { orif }}$
origin of our "May Meetings" as we 1828-The Eleventh General Confer This was the first conference eve Capers chosen as a delegate to Eng
lish Methodism. The presiding eller
ling uestion disposed of. The first forma
amendment to the $C$. history of the Church initiated. In
the conference of 1824 Upper Canadz ference on a mutual division with th
British Conference British Conference. At this conter
ence (1828) the five delegates of the
Camada Conference were rapada Conterence were seated, an
represented 10.000 members. By thei
own choice they were set apart, bu
resolution does not Journal of 1832 .

1832-The Twelfth General Conference met at Philadelphia, May 1 . No
less than six of the future Bishops were
members of that body. Unanimously members of that body. Unanimously
recommended that the ratio of mem
bership be one in fourteen, and that Conference be without representation
This was the last conference Bishop
Mckendree ever attended and the and only time Bishop Emory ever pre

1836-The Thirteenth General Conrerence met in Cincinnati, Ohio, May
2. On motion of Nathan Bangs, and
for the first time in the histor for the first time in the history of the
Church, a Judiciary. Committee was appointed. Its functions were
in the motion-"To whom may ferred all appeals or complaints of an Annual Conference, etc. and strongly against -itself squarely there was no slavery lege ratation by the
1836, or until long after the diviston
the Church. Waugh, Morris and F were elected Bishops. The last
tioned, on his return from Europe,

## clined to be ordained.



## Since The Separation In 1844

1846-The First General Conference Edward Stevenson and F. A. Owen were made Agents. Gieorge F. Pierce,
John Early, and H. H. Kavanaugh
were elected Bishops.


1870-The Sixth General Conference er with a felt sense of depression. The
question of slave-holding the para-
mount isute. Great debate over mount is sue. Great debate over para-
op Andrew. "Plan of separath op Andrew. "Plan of separation"
adopted. Property rights and inter-
cot warmly discused

1844-The Fifteenth General Con- twenty clerical and one hundred and
crence held in New York City. The six lay delegates. Thomas $O$. Sumdelegates from North and South, gath- mers was Secretary. The plan of

The District Conference was estabored Methodist Church on the the Colof the organization of a General Con-
ference for the latter. John C. Keen-
r was elected Bishop.
1874-The Seventh General Confer-
nce was held in l. ouiswille, Ky.. May
$1-26,1874$. There were one hundred
nd, thirty-four clerical and one hun-
Ired and twenty-one lay red and twenty-one lay delegates.
Thomas $O$ Summers was Secretary. Revs. A. S. Hunt and C. H. Fowler Revs. A. Hunt and C. H. Fowler nal delegates from the Methodist Epis-
copal Church. The organization of copal Church. The organization of

```
mureh was approved
```

1878-The Eighth General Confer-
nce was held in Atlanta. Ga., May
and forty-nine clerical and one hiun-
Ired and twenty-nine lay delegates. The Publishing Honse was Sectorted insolvent. The Rook Committee way
instructed to put the Howse into liqui dation in case no relief conld be ob tained. The Woman's Missionary Somittee was given control of the Puh


1882-The Ninth General Conference was held at Nashivile, Temn. May 1-25,
1882 . There were one humdred and
forty clerical and one hundred and forty clerical and one hundred and
twenty-nine lay delegates. Thomas O. Summers was Secretary. He died
during the sesvion, and Johin S Martin was elected Secretary. The Book Committee reported the Publishing House debt funded. The matter of
changing the name of the Church to Nethodist Fpiscopal Church in Amer
ica was referred to the Annual Con
ferences. A. W. Wilson, L.inus Parker,
J. C. Granbery and R. K. Hargrove

1886-The Tenth General Confer-
nice was held at Richmond, Va. May tary. There were one hundred and thirty-seven clerical and one hundred
and thirty-one lay delegates. The con-
nectional plan for the entertainment
orferel The Quarterly Review was
adopted as a connectional publication. Plans for organizing Anmal Confer-
ences in China and Brazil were adoptCliureh The Woman's Deptension was organizent of W. Duncan, C. B. Galloway. E, R. Rishops.
1890-The Eleventh General Confernce was held in St. Louis, Mo., May Secretary. There were one humdred
and fifty-one clerical and one hundred and forty-three tay delegates. A gen-
ral Board of Trustes water dlditional Secretary for the Board. An Church Extension was elected. Two liwions were provided for. An As-
istant Sunday School Editor was prouded for. The Book Agents were or-
dered to publish at San Francisco the lered to publish at San Francisco the
Pacific Methodist. Provision was made I. G. Haygood and O. P. Fitzgerald were elected Bishops.

1894-The Twelfth General Confernce was held at Memphis, Tenn, May
3-21. 1894 . W. P: Harrison was Sec-eventy-two elerical and one hundred and seventy-one lay delegates. The
ratio of representation was changed aition of representation was ehanged
from one for every thirty-six to one or every fort-eight members of each
Innual Conference. The licensing power was changed from the Quartery to the District Conference. The
Levard, of Education was establiched, W. W. Smith was elected Secretary if Elucation. Thee Epworth 1 League was elected Fapworth and S. A. Steel tary. Rev. John F. Gonther, D. D. was fraternal messenger from the
Methoolist Episcopal Church, Rev. M1xander Sutherland from the Methodist Church of Canada, and Rev. T.
Bowman Stevenson. D. D. from the


1898-The Thirteenth General Con-
lay 5-23, 189. There were one hundimedred and thirty-six delegates. J. J.
Tigert was Secretary. Rishop Keener Thert was Secretary. Bishop Keener
etired from active work. Warren A. cetired irom active work Warren A.
andler and H. C. Morrison were
ected Bishops. Kev. J. F. Berry, D. D. and Hon. J. P. Dolliver, M. C.

Woman's Parsonage Aid Society was changed to Woman's Home My Mission
Society. Vanderbilt University was made entirely connectional, the Gas made entirely connectional, the Genrustees nominated by the Board of
Trist Trist. A commission to define the pointitution of the Church was ap-
pook Committee was cmpowered to establish a Publishing
902 at Shanghai, China.
1902-The Fourteenth General Con erence was held at Dallas, Texas, May
7.26, 1902 . There were one hudrel and thirty-nine clerical and one hundred and thirty-nine lay delegates. I J Tigert was Secretary. Bishops Fitz
verald. Hargrove and Granbery retired verald. Hargrove and Granbery retired
rom active service. Rev. DeWitt C Huntington, D. D. and Hon. John L. Bates, Lieutenant Governor of Massafrom the Were fraternal messenger Kev. F. Inke Wiseman from the Wesleyan Methodist Church, and Rev Ralph Brecken. D. D. from the Meth odist Church of Canad. The famouswar claim matter, after much discuCoke Smith were elected Bishops. The

1906-The Fifteenth General Con21. There were one humdred May orty-six clerical and one hundred and
orty-six lay delegates. J. J. Tigert was ceretary until his election to the lected Secretary, All preachers in werke of pastoral work were author-
zell to perform the rites of bapti-m D. matrimony. Rev. J. W. Sparling. Me Methodist Chureh of Canada, Rev Hethodist Clung from the Wesleyan !atthew. D. D. and Vice-President Episcopal Clurel. from the Methodist ing for a re-tatement of faith was adopted and a. -pecial committee ap 1910-The Sixteenth General Conrence was held at Asheville, N. C al delegates and 155 lay, 155 cleriTatkins, D. D, was elected Secreta-
The following were elected Bish. op- Collins Denny, J. C. Kilgo. W.

Delegates to the General Conference from the West Texas Conference

CLERICAL


REV. W. D. BRADFIEL.D, D. I


KEV: S. H. C. BURG:


LAY

w. M. CARTER

W. robinins

Real Estate.
Austin, Texas.


M M. Wilte,

Delegates to the General Conference from the Central Texas Conference

CLERICAL


KEV, F, P. CULVER, D. D.
Pastor.


REX. W, B, ANDREWS
Presiding Elder.
Presiding Elder,
Wace,

kEv. I. A whitehurst,



REV. JOHN A RICE, D. D.
Fout Worther. Tour


KEN. T. S. ARMSTRONG.
Presiding Elder,
Presiding Elder,
Georketown


RES: II. D. KXICKERBOCKER,
Waro, Texas.

LAY


JUDGE W. ERSKINE WHLDIAMS.
Fort Worth. Texa

II. Garner, Merchant,
Cisco, Texas.

F. Downs,

Banker,
emple, Texa

N.F ncle sper

M. Robertson.

McCoy. Bishop J. S. Key was laced made. Salarics of connectional offi- op in 1846 in Petersburg. Va.; died in
on the superannmated litt. The fol- cers were increased. The Bishops Anderson. South Carolina. Jan. 29.
lowing fraternal messengers were were requested to submit to the sev- 1855; was 56 at age of ordination and lowing iraternal messengers were were requested to submit to the sev- 1855 ; was 56 at age of ordination and nadian Methodist Church. Rev. W. R. quadrennium the question: "Shall the Young. D. D. British Wesleyan name of the Church be changed from Churech, Rev. John S. Simon; Methr. the Methodist Episcopal Church, dist Protestant Church, Rev. T. H. South.' to the 'Methodist Episcopal ewis, D. Methodist Church in Church in America? The report of in Peters. 12, 1799; ordained Bishop Japan, Bishop Y. Honda and Rev. M. the Vanderbilt Commission was adopt- 20, 1882; was 47 at age of ordination Hori: Methodist Episcopal Church. ed. The following new connectional and was a Bishop 37 years.
Rev. N. Inccock, D. D, and Gov. J. .fficer- were elected: Editor of the
HENRY B. BASCOM. Kev. N. L.nceock, D. D, and Gov. J. officer- were elected: Editor of the
Frank Hanly: African Methodist Epis- Christian Advocate. T. N. Ivey: MisFopal Zion Church, Rev. C. G. Cle- cionary Secretary, W. Wi Pinson; Sec ment: Colored Methodist Episcopal retary Epworth Leagues, F. S. Parker: Church, Rev. C. L. Bonner. The Mis- retary Epworth Eecragues, J. E. Dickey sion Departments were unified. A secretary of Elucation, succeeded by Commission of Appeals was created. who resigned and w
Varions changes in the Ritual were Stonewall Anderwon.

Bishops of the M. E. Church, South JOSHUA SOULE.

JAMES O. ANDREW.
ordained Bishop in Nashiville, Tenn., gee. Okla.; was 53 at age of ordination
in 1182; died in Nashville. Tennessee, and has been a Bishop 12 yeas.
i 005 ; was 53 at ase of 1905; was 53 at age of ordination and
W. W. DUNCAN. Born in Boydton, Va.. Dec. 20. 1839 ,
ordained Bishop in Richmond, Va.
1886 . ordained Bishop in Richmond, Va.
1886; died in Spartanburg, South Carolina. 1908; was 47 years at age of or
dination and was a Bishop 22 years. C. B. GALLOWAY Rorn in Kosciusko, Miss... Sept.
1849: ordained Bishoop in Rel. 1849: ordained Bishop in Rëchmond,
Va., 1886: died in Jackson, Miss., 1909;
A. C. SMITH. Born in South Carolina in 1849; dained Bishop in Dallas, Texas, in
1902; died in 1906; was 53 at age of J. J. TIGERT.

Born in 1856 in Kentucky; ordained
Bishop in Birmingham, Ala., in 1906:
Bishop in Birmingham, Ala., in 1906;
died in Tulsa. Okla., in 1906, and is
buried in Nashville, Tenn.; was 50 at
age of ordination and was a Bishop
not quite one year.
SETH WARD.
E. R. HENDRIX.

## Burn in Fayette. Mo. May 17, 1847;

 rdained Bisliop in Richmond. Va.. in1886 ; lives in Kansas City, Mo. was 1880; lives in Kansas City. Mo.; was
39 at aze of ordination and has been Born in Sexas in 1858; ordained ied in China in 1909 and is buried in diuston, Texas; was 48 at age of or-

## JAMES ATKINS.

Born in Knoxville. Tenn., in 1850;
ordained Bishop in Birmingham. Ala., in 1906; lives in Waynesville. North
Carolina; was 56 at age of ordination Born in LaGrange, Ga. July 18, 1829;
ordained Bishop in Richmond, Va., in 1880: lives in Sherman, Texas; was 57
at age of ordination and has been a
A. G. HAYGOOD. A. G. HAYGOOD.
Rorn in Watkinville, Ga.. Nov. 19,
1839: ortained Bi-tho in St Lonis,
1to. in 1890 ; died in Georgia in 1896; T1. in 1890; died in Georgia in 1896;
vas 51 at age of ordination and was

## COLLINS DENNY.

\$54; ordained 1910 in Asheville. N. C. Rever
$185+$; ordained 1910 in Asheville, N. C.:
lives in Richmond. Va; was 56 at age La
of ordination and has been a Bishop
J. C. KILGO. Clerical: Alternates.

Born in Laurens. S. C., July 22. Rev. P. H. Hensch.
Born in Laurens, S. C., July 22 . R
1861; ordained 1910 in Asheville, N. C.; 1.ay
lives in Durham, lives in Durham. N. C.; was 48 at time
of ordination and has been a Bishop 4 years.
W. B. MURRAH.

Born in Pickensville, Ala., in 1853;
ordained 1910 in Asheville, N. C.; lives
in Jackson, Miss.; was 57 at age of
ordination and has been a Bishop 4 years.
W. R. LAMBUTH.

Born in Shanghai, Chima in 1854; or-
dained 1910 in Asheville, N. C. lives
dained 1910 in A sheville, N. C.: lives in Nashville. Tennessee; was 55 at
time of ordination and has been a
Bishop 4 years.
R. G. WATERHOUSE.
E. E. HOSS.
R. G. WATER Delegates.
$\qquad$ Rev.

Phil Stantenberger.
WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

## Delegates.

Rev. W. D. Bradfield 1
Rev. T. F. Sessions, Corpus Christio Rev. S. H. C. Burgin, San Antonio Lay:
G. G. Johnson. San Marcos. J. W. Robbins. Austin.

Alternates.
Rev. J. H. Groseciose, Beeville.
Rev. J. M. Alexander, Cuero.

Born near Spring City. Tenn., Dec.
24,1855 ; ordained Bishop 1910 in Ashe-
E. D. MOUZON

Born in. D. MOUZON. J. H. McCOY. 1860: ordained Bishop 1910 May 19, Born in Blount County, Ala., Aug. 6, ville. N. C.: lives in San Antonio, Tex- ville, N. C.; lives in Birmingham, Ala. s, was 41 at age of ordination and was 42 at age of ordination and has
been a Bishop 4 years.

## Delegates To The General Conference

 Oklahoma City, May, 1914.NEW MEXICO CONFERENCE. CENTRAL TEXAS CONFERENCE. Clerical. Delegates.
Rev. J. B. Cochran, E1 Paso. Rev.
I. J. Ayers, E1 Paso.

Rev. J. H. Messer, Artesia N. M.
M. Sanford, Alpine.

GERMAN MISSION CONFERENCE. Rev.
Lay:
M.
iv.
M. A. Childress, Sinton.

## Delegates to the General Conference from the Texas Conference

CLERICAL


REV. JAMES KILGORE, D. D. Presiding Eler,
Houston, Texas.


RES. F. M. BROYLES, Presiding EMe
Mardatl. Te


REV. J. W. Milles, REV. J. W. MILLS
Presiding Elet,
Timpoon, Teve


REV. S. R. HAY, Pastor,
Houston, Texas.


REV. J. B. TURRENTINE Presiding Elder,
Jacksonville, Texas.

H. L. GRIFFIN,

Merchant,
Ienderson, Texas.


JOHN C. BOX
Attorney,
Jacksonville, Texa

LA Y

t. N. graham.

beeman strong,
Attorney.

Ceremony--The Pulse
Of The Church By REV. W. H. HUGHES, Dallas, Texas.
The worship of Almighty God is a most solemn and responsible duty, as Holy Scriptures and pattern is the well as the greatest privilege given to in is a than that which is taught there men. and is the highest delight of the command. To come short in our wor God-fearing soul. "For the Fath $r$ ship of what God requires is regarded God-fearing soul. "For the Fath r
seeketh such to worship him. God is a Spirit: and they that worship him must worship him in spirit and in must ." But to rush into his presence with cant and a superabundance of stilted ceremonies, which are only to be seen of men, is an offense and an be seen of men, is an offense and an Balaam gave the metes and bounds Balaam gave the metes and bounds
of that which said, "I cannot go beyond the word of the Lord my God, to do less or more." Num. 22:18. When God first set up the Tabernacle his o be made according to the pattern to be made according to the pattern
shown in the Mount. In the worship
came when he, through his avarice.
came short of the command of and saved for the command of God both of entering the promised land. cattle. He did les.
God commanded.
han the Lord his But now, turn to the other side of this question and inquire if it is not and go too far in our worship? One or two Bibie instances will fully illusand his sons were set ajart expressly as priests: their business was to offer burnt sacrifices and superintend other ceremonies. Aaron had just offered by fire the $\sin$ offering and the
people shouted for joy, and his sons. people shouted for joy, and his sons.
Nadab and Abihu, "took either of them his censer, and put fire therein, and put incense thereon, and offered
strange fire before the strange fire before the Lord, which he
commanded them not." Lev. 10:1. Bo cause they presumed to do more than God commanded, they died and were buried with none to mourn their death.
When Israel and all their cattle were When Israel and all their cattle were
famishing for water, God commanded Moses and Aaron to "speak to the rock" that it give forth water, but they thought it would be more mathe rod. To us perhaps this addition the God.s command was a very small
thing, yet for it God deprived them
both of entering the promised land. The preacher or leader has fearful re Everything material and religious has its limits, and anything "less or more - is dangerous. Eating drinking and sleeping, in due bounds, constitute the law of health, but a failure to use
any of these, or an overindulgence of one or all of them, may prove fatal. A distaste for food or an abnormal appetite are both indicative of an unhealthy organism. These simple facts
when applied to material things, wil hon applied to material things, will just as true in religious matters, men without thought or reverence pile on pretentious ceremonics as though God
could be placated by empty flattery could be placated by empty flattery
When the scribes and Pharisees used his sort of worship Christ called them hypocrites, and said they did it to be seen of men ard they had their r ward. Is this sin of evermuch cere-
mony now any betier than it was hen? or has God changed?
Proper ceremonies within proper me the the pulse of the Church. and like the pulse of the body, they indiate her spiritual conditions. They
health condition. A normal pulse has its bounds, but subnormal or ans over
number of pulsations are sure number of pulsations are sure ev
dence of disease and danger. This Just as true of the Chures

n this matter to the Nes Testam. alone. With these facts before me,
would define New Testament monies as follows: They are alway an outward expression of an inwar condition. Now as New Testamen
ceremonies are few and ceremonies are few and exceedingly
brief, let us count them one by on. brief, let us count them one by on-
and see if the above definition is correct. The Lord's Prayer is the longes formula given by our Lord. True prayer goes out in word from a heart
conscious of its need of help. Genuine conscious of its need of help. Genuine praver from books. The next ceremons in order of time. given by our Lord. the sacrament winich is taceedisisly an inward gratitude for redeeming an inward gratitude for redeeming oly bajtism. All the ceremony e this marching order of the Master it
couched in oue verse, "Go ye there-
fore. and teach all nations, baptizing
them in the name of the Father, and hem in the name of the Father, and
of the Son. and of the Holv Ghost Amen." Water baptism is an outward expression of inward grace. Any
ceremony which does not spring up irom the heart as a well of living
water, but is only partly repeated with the month, is but as "sounding brass, or a tinkling eymbal," and is an
insult to the fod of all the earth. This insult to the cod of an the earth. This
is the way Saint Paul describes it: For with the heart man believeth unTonthteousness: and with the mount The source of al pionto salvation."
the heart. All Netw Testany is mony is simply the heart revealing ceremonif- contributing to the eroate and powe of experimental godiness, erowth ins-rted itself into and fungus vital piet in has decereased. When it increase. Apostolic Church grew numerous and inopular. ceremonies increased until tholicism tolay is the dead and rotten Careas of a life departed. and rotten When the second Pentecost of pow-
by the Holy Ghost was snt upon

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE
Wesley and Whitefield,
xperimental godliness by and simple. estored to the Church, Seriptural
oliness, like a flood, swept over the lands. Its power and success were only day.ed by the Church in the apostolic
dave grown numerous, rich and fashionable, and now cere-
mony, the vampire which flatters and sucks the lifeblood of all true religion. is here and doing its deadly work. Su
voluminous are they that they sume from one-half to three-quarters of the hour set apart for the preaching save the word. by which God proposes to
I suppose that every preacher wants to save sinners and
why he will allow the preaching of the why he will allow the preaching of the
gospel to be minimized by long ceremonies in which no sinner was ever yet converted. I cannot see, unless it
is to please the formal and fashionto please the formal and fashion-
able Eetter adopt old Balaam's moto: "If Balak would give me his go beyond the word of the I cannot God, to do less or more."
Therefore Saint Paul, in defining the solemn pablic worship of our God. instead of making it a grandistond, senof men. or as the children would say of men. or as the children would say
"just for fun," he teaches us that wo.

W'ats, is the mos: soul-inspiring
sond I shall ever hear until I hear
ship is for the edification of the saints,
and thr fore not to be in an unknown ngue. He says: "Except ye utter the angels sing. The preacher may
tive tongue words easy to be under- feel flattered by the large crowds stood, how shall it be known what is drawn by these operatic performances spoken, for ye shall speak into the air drawn by there operatic performances
no honor to him or his a . I shall be unto him that speaketh God shall be a barbarian unto me. will pray with the spirit and 1 will pray with the understanding also: I
will sing with the spirit and I will sing
with the wider with the understanding also", 1 Cor.
14. Therefore if we. like the Romis Church, pray in an unknown tongue are we not barbarians? Saint Paul in
the above quotation places sinsing and the above quotation places singing and
praving precisely on a par. He depraying precisely on a par. He de-
scribes them in exactly the same words, and while we would not dare hire somebody to do our praying,
what about "singing with the spirit What about "singing with the spirit
and with the understanding, also," when some paid prima donna screams out some operatic tunc. and mumbles
out the words so indistinctly that the out the words so indistinctly that the sentiment of the hymn? Where is the spirit or understanding? I think good vocal music is the sweetest on
earth. A sweet human voice, uttering distinetly in melody the rich sentiment

Any ceremony not indited by the Noly splrit and which does not come up from the great deep of the heart,
but is only repeated by rote from the lips, is a falsehood in Ciod's house, and
a travesty upon divine worship and an insult to the great Jehovah. When we come into his house and in his make ourselves too familiar and pert but remember what God said to yoses hither: put off thy shoes from off thy eet. for the place whereon thou stand-
est is holy ground." God help us to he reverent. sincere and candid in our Norship of Almighty God: In an early
Texas a good brother had reached. and another brother followcan by saying. "Brother E. he be- has
preached you the truth, the whole pruth, yea, more the truth, the truth." whiele more than the truth" is the part to which
protest.

THE TONIC OF THE SPIRIT. There is no stimulant like spiritual insplration. Men seek exhilaration in wine, when the only real exhilaration is found in "the river of water of life."
They get a "pick-meup" for the body They get a pick-meup for the body What is the use in exciting the body when the real springs of vitality are caled? But it is our folly to magnify
the body and to minimize the soul, the body and to minimize the soul,
nid we think we only want fresh air when we really need a new heart.
The Spirit of the Lord brings The Spirit of the Lord brings the
secret life which turns heaviness of heart into the fresh joy of the morning. The only true sparkle of life is orn of his communtion: it comes not from a cistern but from a spring. It
is "the joy of the Lord" that is exhilarant, and that thrills the soul as with the pulse of recreation. Let us believe more confidently in the ministry
of the Spirit for dealing even with and ignore those perilous stimulants deeper pits of weakness and despait Christian Herald.

Cold prayer

Delegates to the General Conference from the North Texas Conference

CLERICAL


RANKI
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Texa.


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Texan



## HOUSHOLD LIIEIS AT BRABAIII PRICES

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|  |  | are dust. His presence is light, as its darkness. If there has been a

when the night is gone and we raise casket in the home, and the dear face
the blinds and let in the sweet and within has looked unresponsively ingentle morning. There is no other- to ours, we can look into the face of aside where the springs are full and the righteous well." The night shall the flowers are in bloom and the birds be as the morning. The grave be are singing sweetly, and there is a peace above expression and a fra-
grance that touches the soul, so here py home, and the grief of the rent
heart is turned to sweetness of the sweet repose and the there wait the holiest hope. We seem to be neare a time when patience blessing. It is heaven and the coming glory when sympathy, broad as humanity, comes alone with Jesus.-Selected. wings flies out into the night, and the To surfeit is to sin and the feasting dovelike presence that hovered above of health makes the fasting of dis. the Nazarene fills all the hour with an ease. Ineffable love. With Jesus! Is there Brutes leave drunkenness to men,
any tryst that will stir the best that as they also leave to men the disposiis in us like that? The day is not tion and ability to laugh at it and to half so dull and the night is bereft of weep over it.

## We Do a General Trust Company Business

## DEPARTMENTS

Trust Department-Executes all manner of trust acts, as executor, ad ministrator, guardian, escrow depositary, transfer agent, fiseal agent,

Investment Department-Through this department we offer investors notes, bearinz a reasonable rate of interest. Consult us before making investments.
Savings Department-Pays $4 \%$ interest on savings aad time certificate deposits. Out-of-town accounts solicted
Banking Department-Issues demand certificates of deposit on which interest is paid. Also allows interest on checking accounts, the rate depending
daily balance.
Loan Department-Loans on improved farm and eity property a reasonable rates, with favorable terms of pre-payment. Buys ven dor's lien notes.
Municipal Bond Department-Buys and sells entire issues of county.
eity, road and school distriet bonds.
Real Estate Department-Acts as agent in the purchase and sale urban real estate, collects rents, supervises repairs, pays taxes, places insurance, etc.
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Correspondence on any of these subjects
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DALLAS TRUSI AIID SNIIIIGS BAIIK

Incorporated Under State Bank Laws United State Depository for Savinge Deposits
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oppicers
Henry D. Lindeley. Chairman of Boerd
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I Will StakeThis Medicine Against Your Time
A Few Days Will Be Sufficient to Prove Its Value in Your Disease


##  used every opportunity to to good and was at all times about her "MAasters business." Her busband said he owes much of whet he is to  <br> HOWARD-The subject of this sketch, Ha. T. N. Howard, was born June 10,1838 , verted and joined the M. E. Che was cont, South, in Dallas County, near the town of DeSoto about fify one years ago, and lived a con cistent life to the end. In 1860 he was mar ried to Miss M. J. Parks at DeSota, Dallas County, Texas. Five chillren were born to this union, four of whion survive him. In the death of Droter. of God rest manon is gis gise. Maving the blessings lampanion and faitiful and obeqient children who are left to Take the children to Church. They have a right to go. If they bother the preacher ket another preacher. Better lose your pas or than your child. Widtand Me We have agitated the temperance question to long and continuously that the opponcits, thereof have gotten used to the vibration jusi as experienced trainmen regard not the mo. tion of the swaying cars. What we need now is to shake the is to shake the subject-slake the saloon till neither barrel nor bottle can abide with it <br> $\qquad$

 You needn't keop Needn'L on feeling distresed aftereating, nor belching, nor experiencing natsee


## 3. "The Story of My Life" 3o

The Unabated Interest
IN
"The Story Of My Life"

By G C. RANKIN, D. D.


The Unabated Interest in<br>"The Story Of My Life"<br>By G. C. RANKIN, D. D.

Has made it necessary to issue the Third Edition of the First Volume. This is now off the press and ready for delivery.

"THE STORY OF MY LIFE" is replete with incidents humorous and pathetic in the life of the author, from the rugged barefooted period of early life to mature manhood. Recital of battles won and lost. It is an inspiring, elevating wordpicture of a life that was always busy.
$\rightarrow$ Interesting alike to old and young and readable thrice over by all $\longleftrightarrow$

## A Few Expressions Culled From Hundreds Received by the Author

My Beloved Rankin:
I have just gone through your wonderful book. Your dedication of "Men and Measures" is marvelous. "The "story" of your life will be a blessing to maay people

Sweetwater, Tenn. J. H. BRUNNER.

Abilene, Tex., Sept. 25, 1912. I have finished reading "The Story of I have finished reading "The Story of
My life." I have not read a book in years that gave me more genuine joy and plasthat gave me more genume but I want him to read and reread it, and i shall recommend it both to the young and old wherever 1
shall go. I have always loved and adshall go. I have always loved and ad-
mired you as I have but few men. But mince youding your book, the struggles of your early life, the hardships through which you have passed, and the victories won, I want to say I admire and love you as never
before. I anxiously a wait your next voltine, and I want the first copy. May the good Father continue to guide you in the great work which you are now, accomplish ing.

It is certainly full of interest and shows It is certainly full of interest and shows
that you have been down the line some yourself. Your efforts have been well directed, while your footsteps have been guided by an unseen hand. Your career has been most wonderful. It reminds me
of some of my experience in life. I, too, of some of my experience in valleys, muddy waters and rocky roads. You are certainly engaged in a great work. Plemons, Texas. $\qquad$
This is not the most learned, not the most instructive, not the most literary odds the most laudable book that I have ver seen.
Madisonville, Texas.

I have just finished reading "The Story of My Life," and found it a lively and en-
ertaing story. Your sketches of the promertaing story. Your sketches of the promparticularly illuminating and enjoyable. I was especially impressed by your estimate hot widely informed on the prominent men of our Church, so it is not strange that should never have heard of him. But cer tain language you use has excited my in
terest and makes me want to know more of the man. You speak of his end being "so sudden and pathetic," and of "the clouds that gathered around the sunset of his brillant life."
respectable showing. It had its origin among great men; and all along the line there have been those in its ranks that have loomed large in the world's eye. And it hibit quite a host that is exceedingly active and useful.
So it is with a feeling of apprehension that I read these words about Dr. Munsey Grandview, Texas.

It is almost a sin to put in a man's hands a book like "The Story of My Life." He forgets all duties and responsibilities until
he book is ended. I cannot tell you how much I appreciated the volume and I am sending you a marked copy of the Alabama Christian Advocate with the review. Supposed that this had been done before. The ook is now in Brother Glenn's hands. My
wifo organized a Brotherhood Club among a group of young men that seemed to be adrift. It has led a number into the Kingdom and transformed a number of lives In the hands of one young man who wa one time reckless and wild, but now has
a passion for winning and helping youns me, I placed your book, and he felt that he had never read anything more helpfu to him personally. H. WHITEHEAD.
Birmingham, Alabama.

For some time 1 have been intending to drop you a line of thanks for the great ploasyre the reading of your book- "The last birthday one of my children sent the book to me and I feel sure it will pleast you to know that one of the old preachers reads the book in the spirit with which it "as evidently written, and that it brought
in his many days of pain and depressio in his many days of pain and depression
a ray of sunshine. Your love and devotion to that elect body-your sainted mother, and the grim resolution of school and colMoge life-do you great honor, and are not only the indication of a strong religious
character, but the promise of a useful and character, but the promise of a useful and
distinguished life, such as yours has been I shall endeavor to see to it that my grandsons, especially, read the book.
Clarksville, Texas.


While visiting Dallas during the Fair, called at your office and bought one of your it and wish to say it is the most interesting book I have had the pleasure of reading. I wish every reader of the Advocate could read this book, especially the young people. It certainly is an inspiration for one to climb to a higher plane of this life ter world. May God's richest blessings res upon this editor and writer in the evening boy. BASCOM BRIDGES Provence, Oklahoma.


As respects the sale of your book, you have made an excellent point in printing
it on the plan of a boy's daily experiences and making it inspiring to worthy ambition in Soys. Louis, Mo.

Dr. George C. Rankin, a veteran of the militant ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, has written a book which he calls "The Story of My Life." He was
the son of one of Andrew Jackson's Indian fighters and was born in Tennessee brought up in the country from which naive account of the experiences of an insix years ago he joined the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and in it found a wide field for his activities. He writes of his
work as a preacher, temperance evangelwork as a preacher, temperance evangel-
ist and editor. Many places and some wellkides people figure in these pages. B photographs of the Rankin family, a group of Christian young men and women, of whom any man might be proud. -New York
Advocate.

| EEPING THE ORPHAN CHIL. DREN WARM. | President reynolds of henDRIX COLLEGE VISITS DALLAS. |
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| last report, because the receipts |  |
| been so small. 1 am fully aware |  |
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| ade through the pages of the Advo- and in other ways, for almost | look into the business methods, office |
| ery cause. 1 must insist, however, | details, etc., relative to Southern |
| ds, that there is nothing | Methodist University. He also made |
| t now of more importance than the | trip to the grounds and inspected |
| shing up of the job of heating the |  |
|  | the buildings under the direction of |
| are making special gifts please | President Hyer, and |
| nember the heating plant at the | o his home wrote Mr. Frank Reedy, |
|  | Bars |
| reviously reported .........\$1,8;4.19 These two weeks as follows: | that |
| rs. L. A. Anderson, Zyback, | wish to congratulate the Meth- |
| T. Dupree, Golhson |  |
| Norgan sunday School, Morgan | your plans for the Southern Methodist University, and the wisdom even |
| frs. Mollie H. Cox, Polytechnie | down to the minutest detail, with which they are being carried out. |
| ovall, Grah |  |
| A. F. Parker and | city and a site. The coming |
| Hereford . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00 | will zlso prove the far-sighted wis- |
| rs. E. A Roberts, Cooledge | dom with which you acted in |
| rs. R. T. Hill, Austin .... 10.00 | ing the services of experts in laying |
| Friends in Mereury | out a comprehensive scheme of build- |
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| man . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25.00 | erected any buildings. A university |
|  | uilt after a plan looks fifty per cent |
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| and total . ............. 81.950 .3 | Many institutions |
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| see his or her name appear in | suce |
| dvocate after two weeks, please | th |
| me. A. D. PORTER. | tion in the |
| Waco, Tex | re notable by reason of the |

## Statement of the Condition of <br> The American Exchange Mational Bank

## OF DALLAS, TEXAS,

Made to the Comptroller of the Currency at the Close of Business, Jan. 13th, 1914. RESOURCES.



Men's Building at S. M. U. UNQUESTIONABLY THE "LAST WORD" IN COLLEGE HOMES FOR YOUNG MEN-As it appears to-day

## 


the kind that never gets out of date. A century hence, fine builings will be of similar tyle.
THE SPLENDID 132 ACRE CAMPUS OF S. M. U. WILL NOT BE A CRAZY-QUILT DESIGN.

## COME ANO SEE AND REJOICE WITM US

S. M. U. this fall. The other condition is that of complet ing the Dallas Hall by citierens of Dallas, and they will surely EVERY DOLLAR PAID in means a step toward the opening, seftemeer is, 1914
that you have received no large gifts. and dollars was
That is your next problem, namely, to half dozen men.
reach your men of wealth. You ought "With hearty
" to find men who would give their great Tniversity of Dallas, for the
wenty-five, hundreds of thousands of dollars. In Very truly Dallas.
our campaign over here almost half
J. H. REYNOLDS, President.

## Mexicans in Particular, Foreigners in General By J. A. PHILLIPS.


$\qquad$

|  |  | ve atrealy gone a long way toward |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I missionary I have found that there are four | to note what some folls read into | this gool. But Clisistianity is a great wealth |
| ents that go to make people what tliey | Jesus' statement, "The poor ye lave always |  |
| , persol beak ters ant. | with you". They bave male it to real |  |
| vity. We camnet ask folls to clione | degree of poverty which inevitahly |  |
| but we may help them to be | ignorance, vice and crime, will, shoutl |  |
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| at consulting them |  |  |
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|  | being true, it would be equivalent to tak |  |
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| tian familieg may have on |  |  |
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| eme | otc | are suilty of nexkect. The main question we |
|  |  | ent torn may we get the vital |
|  | our citizenship bis |  |
| Ws the work of the ministry in Chureh | two or three w | fellow mortal? There is another like |
|  | requires as a foundation, the elements of an | ¢ |
| see to house. They try to help the nee | Er | - human being to create for himself a |
|  |  | to s-ow? And |
| en has some thirty-fi |  |  |
| ve | not |  |
| a girls |  | parable of the gool Samaritan to the point |
|  | Christian neighbors to find out what we mean by such expressions as regeneration, faith, |  |
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| de present time one hund |  |  |
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| rom |  |  |
| st startel. Our teacher-training | came preachers, they spreal | of a physician but they that are sick. And |
| most enthusiastic 1 | household to houseloid. Martia Luther was | who are we? We are not our own, we are |
| membership | the |  |
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| 隹的e year, \$517, and have till Februry | taking their places in the business, |  |
|  | cultured world. John |  |
| ing the fact that so many of our |  |  |
| $y$ raised aboun 8 | missionaries endeavored to develop |  |
| (ive the above facts merely |  | - |
| nds of Mexicans in T |  |  |
| dich |  | chief implements for this work A k.i.al- |
| king |  |  |
| ation of Mexican clildren in our pullic |  |  |
| ools throughout Texas is merely anotier | pointing upward is not enough. We need |  |
| of trying to lift up these people. This |  |  |
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| day |  |  |
| did in this city last |  |  |
| received the endorsement of the M | in the various waiks of life are doing and have |  |
| Methodist District Conference, the | bee |  |
| crial Union of San Antonio and the W |  | it may be said that |
| cevas Conference. It has the signature |  | Truly it may be said that the tender marcies |
| D. Mouzon, J. W. Hil |  | of the tactioss are cruel" Late do they |
| 18 |  | dream what annoyances they sive, what pain |
| le College, and over |  | they daily and hourly cecation. They are |
| e Mexican papers of San Antonio. Alice | citizenship to the enrichment of society. | geonscious, for instance, of the wound |
| 1 San Marcos are taking it up, also | me exhort that you be more hopeful and |  |
| man | you do not wait till |  |
| I am aware that there is some indifference | Give them the glat |  |
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