

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL.

A Daily Commercial Newspaper for Modern Farmers and Stockmen and an Advertising Medium that Reaches the Buyers.

VOL. VIII. No. 129.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1905.

TERMS: PER YEAR \$4.00. SINGLE COPY, 5 CENTS.

LIVE STOCK MARKET

Official Receipts 43 Cars, 1,196 Cattle; 34 Cars, 2,587 Hogs; 12 Cars, 3,303 Sheep.

SLOW STEADY STEER TRADE.

No Smooth Quality Heavy Steers at Hand But Some Coarse Styles Seen.

GOOD FEEDERS ARE WANTED.

And Prices Held Firm on Small Supply—Market for Fat Cows and Heifers Was Steady, Canners Slow and Weak—Active Hog Trade With Values Mostly a Dime Higher—Sheep and Lamb Market Strong to 10c Higher.

RECEIPTS FROM JANUARY 1, 1905.

The following table shows the receipts from January 1, 1905, and receipts for the corresponding time in 1904:

	1905	1904
Cattle	41,995	56,130
Hogs	211,979	170,829
Sheep	84,732	52,079
Horses	2,197	1,231

	1905	1904
Monday, Jan. 30	1,488	3,757
Tuesday, Jan. 31	2,644	6,940
Wednesday, Feb. 1	2,547	6,617
Thursday, Feb. 2	2,168	6,392
Friday, Feb. 3	504	1,115
Saturday, Feb. 4	150	4,522

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RECEIPTS OF STOCK BY CARS.

The following shows the number of cars of stock handled today by railroads centering at the stock yards:

	1905	1904
Chicago	24,000	36,000
Kansas City	5,000	6,700
South Omaha	2,100	3,700
St. Joseph	1,200	2,600
East St. Louis	1,500	2,000

CATTLE.

Weather conditions, especially in the east are still unfavorable to a lively and appreciating market for cattle. Movement of cars has been greatly hampered on eastern roads and the result has been the piling up of beef in stores at all the packing centers. The receipts at leading markets were moderate for an opening day of the week, only about 33,000 at five points, yet the trade did not show a lively tone at any spot. On the local market there was a fair showing of steers, among them some fat but coarse heavy styles but the bulk of steer offerings were of medium down to common styles. As already stated, conditions were not such as to stimulate an active or appreciating market even with supplies light. Trade was slow and got started and prices at which the supply was finally moved out were not better than about steady with the best steers here, some coarse fat heavy kinds, going at \$4.75 medium to good 1,150 to around 1,300 pound averages \$4.40 to \$4.50. Common to medium light dressed beef cattle \$3.50 to 4.25.

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Prices ranged from \$4.00 to \$4.25 with bulk at \$4.00 to \$4.25. Bulk Saturday sold at \$4.00 to \$4.25, a week ago at \$4.00 to \$4.25, a month ago at \$4.00 to \$4.25, a year ago at \$4.00 to \$4.25.

CLOSING LEVEL FOR THE GENERAL RUN FOR DRESSED BEEF COWS AND HEIFERS, THROUGH AROUND 10% TO 15% LOWER THAN AT THE HIGH TIME OF LAST WEEK.

Very good fat heifers sold at \$3.80 to \$4.05, bulk of dressed beef cows and heifers \$3.00 to \$3.50 for ordinary to good styles. Canner trade slow with prices unchanged at a range of \$1.50 to 2.75 with bulk at \$2.00 to \$2.40. Bulls sold freely at steady prices ranging at about \$2.25 to \$2.50 for the bulk of bologna, \$2.75 to \$3.00 for good to choice heavy bulls. Market for calves was steady with fancy veals quoted around \$7.00, good to choice \$5.75 to \$6.50, heavy calves \$3.00 to \$3.50.

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HEIFERS.

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COWS.

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BULLS AND STAGS.

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VEAL CALVES.

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STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

Yard dealers and outsiders were looking over the yards for feeding cattle today, wanting weighty steers of useful up to choice quality, but there were very few at hand and prices were fully firm. It has been some time now since there were any considerable supplies and the trade is hungry for these attractive styles of feeders. Over in the dealer division there were about 1,000 cattle carried over from last week but they are not the styles or weights that the traders want at this season of the year, mostly common to medium in quality and light weight. A good feeding style of steers is selling around \$3.50 to \$3.75 with choice kinds at \$3.00 to \$4.10. Common to fair, \$2.75 to \$3.25. Stock steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Heifers, \$2.25 to \$2.60.

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YEARLING AND CALVES.

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PERDING BULLS AND STAGS.

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Packers' Cattle Purchases.

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Stock Cattle Purchases Saturday.

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HOGS.

Receipts light and market active and mostly 10c higher. The severe cold weather during the latter part of last week and the heavy snow of Saturday afternoon and Sunday prevented country delivery of hogs which resulted in very moderate supplies at all points today. In consequence the selling element was very bullish in their views and were generally asking ten cents higher for their holdings. There was nothing in conditions elsewhere to warrant buyers in standing out against the prices asked, therefore the movement began early and was quite active at prices mostly 10c higher than the general market of Saturday. There were exceptions both ways but not enough to affect the general tone of trade. Quality was fair to good with weights averaging somewhat lighter than Saturday. No pigs of consequence were offered but the few on sale met a good demand at fully steady prices.

Prices ranged from \$4.00 to \$4.25 with bulk at \$4.00 to \$4.25. Bulk Saturday sold at \$4.00 to \$4.25, a week ago at \$4.00 to \$4.25, a month ago at \$4.00 to \$4.25, a year ago at \$4.00 to \$4.25.

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A MISSOURIAN TALKS CATTLE.

Does Not Look For Much Change in Prices During Next Sixty Days. Talks of Export Steers.

Among stockmen who were Sunday guests at the Transit house was Mr. E. H. Reynolds, of Mayaville, Mo. "Ed" Reynolds, as he is known over a wide range of the corn-belt

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

The St. Joseph Journal Publishing Co., Publishers.

W. E. WARRICK, Editor and Manager

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INSTRUCTIONS TO SUBSCRIBERS: In making a change of address please state your former address.

Advertising Rates: Single insertion 10 cents per line, 10 insertions 75 cents per line.

Impoliteness of Americans: A contributor to the columns of the London Spectator recently asked himself...

Getting Ready for Death: Eccentric Kentucky Man Constructing His Coffin and Making All Necessary Preparations.

Gloves from Grenoble: Chief Article of Merchandise Sent from French Town to the United States.

Dumont's New Balloon: Novelty of Apparatus Is in Canvas Covering of Frame—Trials Point to Success.

Some Weather Forecasts: Are Handy to Have Around When They Turn Out All Right, But Do They?

Coffee Hint: The Chinese method of infusing coffee in cold water is said to eliminate the tannic element.

How to Make Turkey Cups: Cut the meat in small pieces; add to two cups one cup of canned tomatoes.

BIG BOOM IN TRADE.

OUR COMMERCE WITH MEXICO GROWING FAST.

Canada Alone Takes More Goods from United States Than the Southern Republic—Variety in the List of Exports.

Washington.—Figures have been compiled by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, regarding the commerce between the United States and Mexico.

These figures show the exports from the United States to Mexico have grown from \$13,000,000 in 1890 to \$46,000,000 in 1904, speaking in good round terms, and that the imports into the United States from Mexico have grown from \$23,000,000 in 1890 to \$44,000,000 in 1904.

An even more interesting fact is found in a comparison of the figures of Mexican trade with the United States with the total trade of Mexico. These show that the imports into Mexico in the latest year for which information is available the United States supplied 59 per cent. of the total imports and that of the exports from Mexico 76 per cent. was sent to the United States.

The principal classes of merchandise forming American exports to Mexico are iron and steel manufactures, coal, unmanufactured cotton, lumber, unmanufactured wood, cars and carriages, breadstuffs, wood manufactures, chemicals, drugs and dyes; copper and manufactures thereof, mineral oils, provisions and leather and manufactures thereof.

The principal articles imported into the United States from Mexico are fibers, mostly sisal grass; copper pigs, bars and ingots; lead in ore and base bullion; hides and skins, coffee and cattle.

Mexico takes from the United States a larger share of her total imports than any other country in the world, except Canada, which takes 63 per cent. of her imports from the United States, and Mexico sends to the United States also a larger share of her exports than any other country in the world, except Cuba, whose exports during the fiscal year 1904 80.6 per cent. went to the United States, as against 78 per cent. of the total exports of Mexico sent to this country.

While figures showing the percentage of Mexican imports supplied by the United States and the percentage of Mexico's exports sent to the United States are not available for earlier years, it is well known that the United States have rapidly increased the share which they supply of the imports into Mexico and the share which they take of the exports from Mexico.

This increase has been especially marked since the construction of railroads entering Mexico from the United States. Prior to the construction of railroads between the United States and Mexico the share of Mexico's imports supplied by the United States ranged from 20 to 26 per cent., against the 59 per cent. of the present time, as above noted; while the share of Mexico's exports sent to the United States was about in the same proportion. The effect of direct rail communication between the United States and Mexico is also illustrated by the fact that the Central American states, which can only be reached by water, as was the case with Mexico prior to the construction of railroads connecting the two countries, now take 43 per cent. of their imports from the United States as against the 59 per cent. which Mexico takes of her imports from us.

GLOVES FROM GRENABLE.

Chief Article of Merchandise Sent from French Town to the United States.

It is felt by the glove makers of this region that the mark "Made in France" is being abused, to their great detriment, by being put upon foreign products, and there is on foot here a strong petition, endorsed by the municipality, that the laws requiring goods to be marked, to show the country of origin or manufacture, be made more stringent or be more vigorously enforced.

As kid gloves are the chief article of merchandise sent from Grenoble to the United States, it is of interest to note that there has been not simply a temporary depression in the glove industry, but a steady decline through a period of years.

This has become a subject of great concern here on the part of glove manufacturers and glove workers, who number in Grenoble and vicinity some 25,000. With the majority the feeling prevails that the decline is caused by the high duties imposed on gloves by the United States. Were those duties reduced gloves would be more in demand, and reciprocally the people would have more means with which to buy the goods of the United States in return. In consequence a great petition is being prepared, endorsed by the city, asking the government of the United States to consider this matter for the common relief of all workers, sellers, buyers and consumers.

A minority, however, holds that, inasmuch as there has been a decline in the exports to Great Britain as well as to the United States, the improvement in and the future of the glove industry at Grenoble and throughout France must turn upon the superiority of the goods manufactured, irrespective of legislative relief.

The real cause of the decline is not probably to be found in the tariff, that

having remained the same for a number of years, but largely in the change of "mode" or fashion. The increased use in the warmer months of the "fabric" gloves, made sometimes of linen or cotton, but mostly of silk, and produced in Germany and the United States, has, without doubt, been the determining cause of the decline in the kid glove industry.

The exposition at St. Louis, as all previous world expositions, has bestowed upon the Grenoble exhibit—a most beautiful and artistic one, quite beyond competition—the "Grand Prix," Grenoble gloves. If they are to maintain their supremacy in the world's markets, and meet the wants of those who will always have "the best," must continue to be in reality the best, and without cheapening to meet competition must rely upon that suppleness in quality, that conscientious skill in fabrication, that elegance of finish and correctness in style for which they have always been celebrated.

The declared exports of gloves from this consulate from July 1, 1903, to June 30, 1904, were \$782,982, against \$835,151 in the preceding year.

C. P. H. NASON.

HAT TRUST OF MALACCA.

Exporters of Palm-Leaf Headgear Combine Against Rural Makers.

Palm leaf hat exporters, who have for years past engaged in almost daily commercial strife while purchasing hats from the rural makers, have formed a combination, with the result that one price now prevails for the different grades instead of several as heretofore.

The export of the hats to New York, which is their only market, numbers between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 a year. They are made from the narrow leaf of the palm grown in the adjacent country districts, where thousands of families, from grandfather to children not yet in their teens, are from January to December engaged in working the leaf into shape. These people compose, by the way, probably the most industrious and prosperous working class of southern Spain. They bring the hats to Malacca on the backs of mules and dispose of their wares to local merchants.

Prior to the formation of the "trust" hats were sold to the highest bidder, but under the present arrangement one house buys all of them at a fixed price and divides with other dealers. The combination pertains, however, only to the purchase of the hats, each merchant offering them to New York buyers at his own figure.

D. R. BIRCH.

GETTING READY FOR DEATH.

Eccentric Kentucky Man Constructing His Coffin and Making All Necessary Preparations.

Louisville, Ky.—Eccentric Isaac Perry, who lives near Jeffersville, and is 95 years old, has begun his preparations for death. He is having a granite monument, 18 feet tall, built, to be placed over his grave. The base will be large enough to cover his casket, and special orders for the arrangement of the shaft have been made. In addition to the date of birth, death, and an appropriate inscription, he will have a receipt from the manufacturer chiseled on the stone, showing that the cost of the pile has been paid.

At his home he has a choice lot of well seasoned walnut lumber, from which he is making himself a coffin, taking his time at the work, so that the box will be perfect in its construction. It is to be all hand work, and it is his desire to try it before he lays down his earthly burden, to see if it is wide enough to turn over in when the day of resurrection arrives. He does not go about his work with an air of bravado, but has undertaken the task in an earnest way.

Mr. Perry has never married, because he does not like women, the only one he ever thought he could make his wife having acted so independently with him that he broke off his friendship with her. He lives with a nephew. Several years ago he started to build a large house, but abandoned the project after the house had been nearly completed, and in this half dwelling he lives. He is well off, and his farm is rich in cement stone.

DUMONT'S NEW BALLOON.

Novelty of Apparatus Is in Canvas Covering of Frame—Trials Point to Success.

Paris.—M. Santos-Dumont is exploring a new field of science and invention, an addition to his steerable balloon, which he hopes will carry it safely from Paris to Monte Carlo with or without auspicious breezes. The novelty consists of a canvas covering for the wooden frame on which the motor rests.

The frame usually is 50 to 75 feet long and ten feet in diameter. All this space covered by canvas will make an additional balloon, which will be filled with heated air by means of a special heating apparatus. The heated air, it is assumed, will add to the stability and durability of the balloon. The first trials, at St. Cloud, were entirely satisfactory, and great hopes are entertained for the success of the new invention.

The New Sleeves.

Appropos of sleeves, it has been rumored that fullness hanging below the elbow is no longer in vogue, but quite to the contrary, almost all Parisian models show it. Some to be sure have the old "leg of mutton" sleeves, modified in various ways to make the lower part right, but as a rule the soft fullness below the elbow is employed.

It is proposed at Minneapolis, Minn., that the Minnesota educational exhibit, which won the grand prize at the St. Louis fair, be sent to the Lewis and Clark exposition at Portland, Ore.

TO DINE ON HORSE.

QUEER MEAL IS PLANNED FOR FRENCH MINISTER.

Cabinet Officer Will Be Guest of Honor at "Hippophage" Fete Which Takes Place in Paris—Equine Food Becomes Popular.

Paris.—Some of the tasks of the French ministers are hard indeed. They can scarcely ever refuse to preside over any fete connected with an industry or trade from which a certain recognized section of the French people gain their livelihood. For example, M. Trouillot, the minister of commerce, has had to accept an invitation to be present at the "hippophage" fete.

The eaters of horse flesh are to be present in full number, but particularly the horse meat butchers and the class of middlemen who find, sell, or kill the poor animals in question.

The speechmaking, in which the minister of agriculture will also participate, will be followed by a "grand banquet," at which horse meat and various preparations from it are to have the place of honor on the menu; and after the banquet a grotesque demonstration is to be made, after the fashion of the Chicago stock yards, of the time it takes to transform a living equine into a succulent (?) succession of "beef" steaks.

The final tidbit on the programme of the day is the unveiling of a statue to the veterinary doctor, Decroix, who was the determined propagator of the horse meat doctrine in France, who claimed that it was scientifically better food than that of other animals, and who was influential in getting the consent of the French government to the establishment of horse meat butcheries.

The consumption of this article of food has greatly grown in Paris during the past few years, for the price of other meat has steadily risen. During the last six months 5,000 horses, mules, or asses have been thus slaughtered for the Paris market.

TO MOVE INDIAN CEMETERY.

Remains of Many Noted Chiefs in Kansas City, Kan., to Be Interred in Other Places.

Kansas City, Kan.—The remains of more than 800 Wyandotte Indians are to be exhumed in Huron cemetery, one of the oldest Indian burying grounds in this city. They are to be taken to various places in Kansas and the Indian territory for final burial.

The old burial ground contains two acres of land and is desired for business purposes. It is valued at more than \$100,000. The sale of the cemetery was finally determined upon at a meeting of Wyandotte Indians. It has been held in trust by the United States government since 1853, and the cemetery lots will be sold under the direction of the secretary of the interior.

Many noted Indian chiefs and leaders are buried there. More than 300 members of the tribe now in the Indian territory will attend the ceremonies being arranged for the removal of the bodies. They will again worship under the old oak and elm trees under which their fathers met more than half a century ago, and which still stand in the heart of the business district of the city. Many of the bodies will be taken to another old Indian cemetery at Quindaro, Kan.

The people of Kansas City, Kan., have long been trying to persuade the Indians to remove their dead from the center of the business district. The graves have been neglected, fences torn down, and paths made across the unmarked graves. This had much to do with inducing the Indians to remove their dead.

SOME WEATHER FORECASTS.

Are Handy to Have Around When They Turn Out All Right, But Do They?

"It feels good and warm in here," said the man of the house, as he hung up his hat and umbrella in the hall. "It's turned awfully cold outside. I wouldn't wonder if there was a hard frost to-night."

"And you out all day without your overcoat!" said his wife, relating the Chicago Daily News. "I think you are the most careless man I ever knew."

"I took my umbrella," said the man.

"An umbrella isn't much good to keep one warm," said his wife. "Haven't you lived long enough to discover that there's nothing more uncertain than the weather in Chicago at this time of year? I just know that you've got chilled and if I don't have to nurse you through the grip, I'm mistaken. Why don't you try to be a little more thoughtful?"

"Thoughtful! Wasn't I thoughtful to take my umbrella? It didn't look like rain a particle. Was it to blame if it turned cold?"

"I'm not blaming you for that."

"It's kind of you not to, but unexpectedly," said the man. "Didn't I take my coat on Monday and didn't I sweater all through that hot, muggy, rainy afternoon?"

"I suppose you did. That isn't any reason why you shouldn't take some care of yourself. What would I do if you came down with pneumonia? Henry, you ought to take care of yourself for my sake if you don't for your own."

"Now, look here, Smith," said the man. "What is it you would have me to do? If I telephoned to the weather bureau for a forecast I don't know that I could be safe."

"You could take your umbrella and your coat as well."

"Yes," said the man, sarcastically. "I could take my coat and umbrella and I could pack a suit of heavy winter harness in a bag and a raincoat and wool stockings and a pair of rubbers. I could carry that outfit around with me,

couldn't I? Do you want me to do that?" "Well, you would be on the safe side, at least," said his wife, noncommittally.

YANKING BABY'S ARM.

A Practice Among Women That Is Too Common and Extremely Dangerous.

One afternoon a smartly gowned woman came down the steps of a fashionable New York apartment house, leading a child by the hand. She was evidently in a hurry and her quick, long strides made a mighty pace for the tiny feet, which finally lost the power to take any steps at all, writes Bertha H. Smith, in Good Housekeeping. The woman, unwilling to be delayed by the child, hurried on, dragging the little one after her, deaf to the protesting wail that came from under the big hat atop the little figure at her side. On she went, anxious, no doubt, to make up time lost in hunting a misplaced hatpin, in lingering for a final word of gossip, or a long-drawn-out good-by—one of the hundred little delays that make women always in a hurry and never on time.

The people she met paid no heed. If one of them turned and gave a passing look at the pair, it was merely to wonder absentmindedly why the child cried. But from across the street the driver of a coal cart, busy unloading coal into a hole in the sidewalk, caught sight of the woman, and, with a brief exclamation intended for no one in particular, ran after her, calling loudly: "Madam, if you don't pick up that child, I'll call a policeman. You'd ought to be ashamed to treat a baby worse'n you would a bull pup."

At first the mother paid no attention to the man, unless inwardly to resent his interference. But as he repeated his threat she stopped, impatiently set the child on his feet, wiped his tears away, scolded him a little for crying, then went on at a pace the baby legs could keep, while the driver turned back to his cart, muttering: "If I'd struck one of them horses there'd been a dozen women's heads out of the windows yelling at me to stop, and they'd let another woman yank the arm clean out of a baby's body and never say a word."

TREES CARRY MESSAGES.

Maj. Squier of the Signal Corps Makes Important Discovery in Wireless Telegraphy.

San Francisco.—Maj. George O. Squier, of the United States signal corps, has made an important discovery in wireless telegraphy. He has found that trees may serve the purpose of mardon's metallic feelers, or antennae, as they are called, and that tree trunks, while serving as masts or towers, also serve as wires to bring the electro-magnetic currents down to the earth.

The healthier the tree the better it serves as a conductor for the highly oscillating currents. The leaves of trees or of plants behave precisely as if they were made of metal, and they will transmit these oscillations from the ground surrounding them through their leaves. At Fort Mason Maj. Squier attached his telegraphic apparatus to the trees and communicated with the wireless station on Alcatraz island, about two miles distant.

The major claims great advantages for this system of tree telegraphy in army field operations over any high mast, tower, or balloon system. Maj. Squier found that vegetation was stimulated by a moderate amount of electricity, and was killed by heavy shocks, just like animals.

Transportation in England.

The complaint of high local railway freight charges causes a discussion of greater utilization of British canals. They have a total length of 3,900 miles, but unfortunately the railways control 1,200 miles thereof, and none of the canals can carry boats of as much as 100 tons. Continental canals, it is said, will carry boats of 4,000 tons. The British canals are so well distributed that practically every important town has direct water connection with the seaboard. It is demanded that these waterways be made servicable as competitors of the railways. Electric tramways, though slow in coming, are now rapidly spreading over the kingdom. The investment in them at present amounts to about \$200,000,000—more than half by municipalities. The extension of tramways, by conveying workmen cheaply to suburban homes, is credited by some observers with the recent decrease in sales of beer, which has been generally attributed to the hard times.

Coffee Hint.

The Chinese method of infusing coffee in cold water is said to eliminate the tannic element. This method may be tried as a culinary experiment. The coffee will be found very strong and of a rich flavor. Put the usual amount of coffee, ground very fine, into cold water in a glass fruit jar. Cover tightly and let stand overnight. In the morning loosen the cover and set the jar in a vessel of hot water. Let the water boil until the coffee is piping hot, then strain into a hot coffee pot and send to the table. If wanted for after-dinner coffee, make the infusion early in the morning.—N. Y. Post.

How to Make Turkey Cups.

Cut the meat in small pieces; add to two cups one cup of canned tomatoes, a teaspoon sugar, half a cup sifted bread crumbs, a dash of cayenne pepper, tablespoon each of melted butter and minced celery, and if you have it on hand a tablespoon mushroom catsup. Heat all together over boiling water, fill individual paper cases with the mixture, cover the tops with crumbs and small pieces of butter. Brown a few moments in the oven and serve at once.


THROUGH SLEEPER SOUTH ST. JOSEPH TO CHICAGO VIA THE ROCK ISLAND. The Rock Island's Fast Express for Chicago and all points East leaves South St. Joseph Union Station Daily, 6:27 P. M. From Union Station, Up-town, 7:07 P. M. JOHN J. GOODRICH, City Passenger Agent, 6th & Edmond Sts., ST. JOSEPH, MO.

"The Right Road" TO Des Moines St. Paul Minneapolis Dubuque and Chicago. Equipment Right. Service Right. Time Right. "IT'S ALL RIGHT." City Ticket Office, 414 Felix St.

CHANGE OF TIME—FIVE TRAINS DAILY TO ST. LOUIS. Leave St. Joseph 7:20 and 9:30 a. m.; 2:50, 5:15 and 8:10 p. m. For Central Branch Points, 9:00 a. m. and 8:10 p. m. For Omaha 9:00 a. m. and 8:10 p. m. For Pueblo, Denver and Pacific Coast points at 7:20 a. m. and 8:10 p. m. For Joplin and Way Stations, 7:20 a. m., 2:50 and 8:10 p. m. For Atchison, Leavenworth and Kansas City, 7:20 and 9:00 a. m., 2:50, 5:15, 8:10 p. m. THE NEW HOT SPRINGS SPECIAL Leaving there at 12:01 noon. Arrive in Hot Springs to breakfast. Through Sleepers, Diners and Chair Cars to Fort Smith, Little Rock and Hot Springs. For Tickets, Sleeping Car Berths and all Information—Call at City Ticket Office, 603 Edmond Street. BENTON QUICK, Passenger and Ticket Agent.

California Fast Mail. The Santa Fe's new fast passenger train for California, El Paso, Mexico, and the Southwest. Speedily and certainly—that's the way Santa Fe passengers go. They travel comfortably, though. Free chair cars and tourist and standard sleepers on this train. 'Tis for you to say which you'll take. The time's just the same. Leaves Topeka at 10:20 p. m. daily. Connecting train leaves here 7 p. m. OTHER TRAINS FOR CALIFORNIA. The Limited leaves Topeka 10:30 a. m., and the California Express at 1:25 p. m., daily. The former composed exclusively of standard Pullman's, with dining car through. The Express carries free chair cars and Pullman standard and tourist sleepers. Connecting train leaves here 7:30 a. m. L. O. STILES, City Pass. Ag't. 6th and Edmond Sts. ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI.

DR. POWELL, Specialist
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The RELIABLE Specialist, Cures private and chronic diseases. Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor, Seminal Weakness, Night Losses, Debilitating Dreams, Early Decay, Varicocele, results of excesses, Urinary Diseases, Gleet, Stricture, Unnatural Discharges and all Diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Skin and Blood. Out-of-town patients treated by mail. Consultation free and confidential, personally or by letter. Charges Low. Medicine sent by mail free from taxes.

DR. POWELL is a graduate of that world renowned medical college, the University of Pennsylvania, and his quarter of a century experience has enabled him to originate and perfect modern scientific methods of treatment which have wrought marvelous cures where others failed.

POPULAR ADVERTISING

WANTED—Stockmen to stop at the Homestead House, Rooms 202 to 211, Third and Felix.

J. C. Hodenberg 413 Francis St., ST. JOSEPH, MO. Abstract of Title of the City of St. Joseph and Buchanan County. Telephone No. 521.

You Would Be Surprised to know how often our Central girl is asked if you have a telephone. Call up Main 1 and the man will call and explain the new arrangement. Missouri and Kansas Telephone Co. Tel. Main No. 1.

NOTICE!
To the Public in General and Stockmen in Particular.
Parties desiring a first-class, well-cooked Meal, Steaks, Chops or Fish will find the same Mrs. Hight supervising the kitchen at the Edmond Hotel, who formerly superintended the Old Hill Hotel, 719 Felix. Look for the Big Sign over the door.

W. E. Haspel, Manufacturer of Fine Harness, Saddles, Etc. Turf Goods a Specialty. Edmond St., St. Joseph, Mo.

Belting!
For the Best Lewis Supply Co. 119 S. 4th St., St. Joseph, Mo.

UNEXCELLED SERVICE VIA FRISCO SYSTEM

TO POINTS IN Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida AND THE SOUTHEAST, AND TO Kansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Texas AND THE SOUTHWEST.

The Famous Health and Pleasure Resorts, **EUREKA SPRINGS, AND HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS,** Reached most conveniently by this Route.

Round Trip Home-seekers' Tickets at rate of ONE FARE plus \$2.00 on rate days and third Tuesday of each month.

For descriptive literature and detailed information as to route, train service, etc., address **J. C. LOVRIEN,** ASSISTANT GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, KANSAS CITY, MO.

HAMMONDS Coin Special

Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Lard and Canned Meats.

are the Finest that the Packing House Art can Produce.

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Journal Advertising Pays.

COLD CANNOT DETER

Japs Preparing Forward Movement in Weather 24 Below Zero.

RUSSIA'S LABOR TROUBLES ACUTE.

Strike in Poland Extends and Workmen in St. Petersburg Avert That Delegation Which Visited the Czar Was Not Authorized.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 6.—According to Gen. Kurapatkin's last reports, which indicate the wounding of a third Russian general, Demobowski, the operations at Sandiapi and the fighting at Shalke have been momentarily suspended. The Russians successfully repulsed the latest attack of the Japanese eastward with heavy loss. The cold is still intense, there being 24 degrees of frost. There are indications that the Japanese are preparing to break the inactivity on their own account as soon as the weather moderates.

Fighting Up to Saturday.
Tokio, Feb. 6.—There were a number of serious skirmishes along the Shalke and Hun rivers Friday night and Saturday. The Russians shelled portions of the Japanese lines Friday night and small bodies of Russians attacked Waitoo and Titi mountains and places in these vicinities. Reports received from Japanese Manchurian headquarters say that all the attacks were repulsed.

Workmen Repudiate Delegation.
St. Petersburg, Feb. 6.—The workmen to the number of 4,000 in the carshops here have drawn up a manifesto disclaiming the delegates who were put forward as representing them in the deputation which visited Emperor Nicholas at Tsarskoe-Selo on Wednesday, February 1. They assert that these men were selected by the employers and were not representatives of one or two other factories may follow suit, but the workmen in general are inclined to stand by the deputation.

The situation at Lodz has reached a critical stage and it will be decided soon whether the conflict will end or the strike be continued. The employers met on Saturday and decided to re-open all their factories. A large number of workmen are disposed to resume, but fear that the malcontents will employ coercion.

The strike movement in Poland has spread to the governments of Warsaw, Perekau, Kalisz, Radom, Lublin and Suwalki. Martial law has been declared in Kalisz, Radom and Siedlec.

Trying to Get to Warsaw.
Sosnovice, Feb. 6.—Strikers to the number of 15,000 Sunday marched from Dombrovo to this place and attempted to reach the Warsaw station, but Cossacks drove them back without using their weapons.

SEVEN BULLETS IN HIS BODY.

James C. Kennedy's Terrible Revenge on Man Whom He Accuses of Despoiling His Home.
Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 6.—Maddened by jealousy and the alleged infidelity of his wife, James C. Kennedy, foreman at the plant of the Union Spring Manufacturing company at New Kensington, sent seven bullets into the body of Howard M. Ebner, a young telegraph operator. Kennedy gave himself up immediately after the shooting and was lodged in jail here. Mrs. Kennedy was also arrested and is being held as an accessory.

Kennedy is said to have discovered that Ebner had been carrying whisky to the house and giving it to Mrs. Kennedy while the husband was at work. He also accused his wife of having been criminally intimate with the telegrapher and is said to have secured a confession from her.

Sees Tulsa a Big Town.
Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 6.—Alex Hilton, general passenger agent of the Frisco railroad system, was here en route to Tulsa, I. T., to look after an industrial extension trip citizens of Tulsa will make through the Indiana and Ohio gas fields. Two of the big Indiana gas works concerns have recently closed contracts to move to Tulsa and many industries of like nature are moving there daily. Tulsa is going to become a great town within a few years, Mr. Hilton thinks.

Japan Loses a General.
Tokio, Feb. 6.—Lieut. Gen. Tachimi, in command of the Eighth Japanese division, bore the brunt of the fighting in the battle of Hokkaido. He was constantly opposed by superior forces, but continued fighting to the last, with a total loss of 162.

Gen. Matsumura has died at the front from congestion of the brain. He commanded the operations at 293-Meter hill and was decorated and promoted for heroism.

Trying to Save London.
London, Feb. 6.—Royal Albert hall, London's greatest auditorium, with a seating capacity of 11,000, was filled last night when Remben A. Torrey and Charles M. Alexander, the American evangelists, opened one of the most remarkable religious revivals in the history of the metropolis or the United Kingdom.

Jap Colony in Texas.
San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 6.—A great Japanese colony will be planted in southwestern Texas for the growing and manufacture of silk. A splendid tract of land has been secured and upon each five acres of this will be settled a Japanese family.

THE WEATHER CEAR DENIES THE PETITION OF HIS FROZEN SUBJECTS,



MUST SHOW HANDS.

Statehood and Railroad Rate Bills Up This Week.

DEMOCRATS MAY HAVE ASSISTANCE

Considerable Opposition Among Republicans to the Esch-Townsend Measure, Which Has the Support of President Roosevelt.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The senate has laid out an extended programme for itself this week. To-day and Tuesday will be given over almost entirely to the statehood bill. Wednesday the senate will proceed to the hall of the house of representatives and assist in canvassing the electoral vote. To-day the statehood bill was displaced temporarily in order to permit the managers of the Swayne impeachment trial to present the replication of the house of representatives to Judge Swayne's answer in the proceedings against him. In accordance with the unanimous agreement reached the statehood bill and all amendments offered to it will be voted on before adjournment on Tuesday. The contest over some of the amendments to the bill will be sharp and may continue the session into the night.

Railroad legislation is to have the right-of-way in the house of representatives until Wednesday. The rule making the bill giving the interstate commerce commission power to fix rates a special order during sessions which are to begin on hour earlier than usual on Tuesday and Wednesday was the subject of lively debate to-day. Opposition to the bill which has been agreed on by the republicans of the committee on interstate commerce will be voiced in the debate on this rule. This opposition may come from the minority developed in the republican conference Friday, as well as from the democrats of the house. If the two should unite to defeat the rule, those who have counted upon say this could be accomplished. Should the rule be adopted, as is the belief of the majority leaders, there will be no opportunity to amend the bill. The democrats will be given an opportunity to show their strength on the Davy bill, to be offered as a substitute for the Esch-Townsend bill, when the times comes to vote on that measure at four o'clock Wednesday.

SHE HAD RUINED HIS LIFE.

Emil Bollinger, Whose Wife Had Deserted Him, Killed Woman Who Had Led Him Astray.

New York, Feb. 6.—A young woman, described as Louise Schroeder and Louisa Adams, was shot and instantly killed by Emil Bollinger, who was arrested after being seriously injured in an attempt to escape. The shooting took place in the dining room of a hotel on Third avenue. Bollinger said that he had shot the woman because she had ruined his life. Bollinger's wife left him two years ago on account of his attentions to the woman who was killed yesterday.

Indians and Catholic Schools.

Washington, Feb. 6.—President Roosevelt has sent a letter to Secretary Hitchcock on the subject of authority for granting contracts for the education of Indians in denominational schools. The president says that as the legal authority exists to grant the request of the Indians unquestionably they are entitled by moral right to have their moneys used to educate the children at the schools they choose.

Snowslide Caused a Death.

Telluride, Col., Feb. 6.—During a snowslide here, Tryie Sneed Collard, son of Rev. J. H. Collard, of El Paso, Tex., and nephew of the late Chief Justice Collard, of Texas, was killed by coming in contact with a live wire. The young man has been engaged in mining here.

SNOW, SLEET AND ICE.

Blanket of White in West. Wires Down in South. Blockades in East.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 6.—Telephone and telegraph service over a wide area of the south was almost completely crippled by heavy sleet yesterday. Railroad service also suffered and in some towns the lighting and street car facilities were suspended. The tie-up was the most complete in many years and although the telegraph companies and railroads have large forces of men at work it may be two or three days before normal conditions resume. The storm covered with a thick, icy coat Kentucky, Tennessee, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Indian territory, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana and Georgia.

New England Coast Blockaded.

Boston, Feb. 6.—The New England coast south of Cape Cod is tight in the grasp of one of the most extensive ice embargoes of recent winters. Nantucket sound being almost completely closed over, while Vineyard sound was filled with ice. Narragansett bay is full of ice and shipping there is practically at a standstill.

Churches Closed at Marshall.

Marshall, Mo., Feb. 6.—A ten-inch snow fell here Sunday, the deepest for several years. Churches were closed.

Ice Floes in New York Harbor.

New York, Feb. 6.—Ice floes completely filled New York harbor, rendering the passage of vessels into and out of the port slow and difficult.

WOULD LET THEM PLAY.

Catholic Bishop Says Boys Who Work Six Days Need Recreation on Sunday.

Seranton, Pa., Feb. 6.—In a sermon on "Child Labor" at St. Peter's cathedral Rt. Rev. M. J. Hoban, Catholic bishop of Seranton, came out unequivocally for permitting working boys to play athletic games on Sunday. After picturing the hardships many of the boys of this community are put to in the mines and mills, day and night, six days a week, he criticized those who protest against them enjoying the Sabbath in harmless recreations, and added: "I say let them play baseball or football or any other kind of ball to their hearts' content. The good Lord will be pleased to see them do it, I aver, providing they are good boys."

Can Attend His Own Bar.

Richmond, Ind., Feb. 6.—Charles E. Shively, supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the world, has decided that a member who is a hotel-keeper may personally attend his own bar, conducted in connection with such hotel business.

Killed at Country Schoolhouse.

Moberly, Mo., Feb. 6.—At the Brush Creek school near Jacksonville, during an entertainment, Jesse Stamper, who had been called to preserve order, killed Willard and Dad Michaels. John Murray was struck by a stray bullet and killed.

Would Discharge Mrs. Duke.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 6.—District Attorney Imboden, of Nacogdoches, wrote to District Attorney Jerome, of New York, suggesting that Mrs. Alice Webb Duke be discharged from custody, she being held on indictments against her in Texas.

Sea's Death United Crokers.

New York, Feb. 6.—The death of Frank Croker brought about a reconciliation between Richard Croker and his wife. Long before Mr. Croker took up his residence abroad he and his wife had practically separated.

Poison Caused Her Death.

Louisiana, Mo., Feb. 6.—Mrs. Lou Norvell, a widow who died under mysterious circumstances last week, was poisoned, according to the verdict of the coroner's jury. No arrests have been made.

TO PROMOTE REFORM

Farm and Labor Organizations Suggest a Day for Meditation.

A LETTER TO EACH CONGRESSMAN.

Agitation for Government Control of Railroad Rates, a Parcel's Post for 11-Pound Packages and Post-Check Currency.

New York, Feb. 6.—A proclamation "addressed to the American people" was promulgated Monday from the various state capitals under the auspices of the national grange, patrons of husbandry and various national labor and agricultural organizations, declaring that Washington's birthday be observed as "farm, home and factory day."



MYRON T. HERRICK, Ohio's "Farmer" Governor.

It advises that upon this day the people concentrate their thoughts upon the conditions for the betterment of the home, farm and factory. The proclamation recites a number of reforms as the object of the movement, among them being government over railroads "sufficient to abolish unjust rates and discrimination;" a parcels post permitting packages up to 11 pounds weight and a post-check currency system.

The proclamation urges every one to communicate with his congressman in Washington in behalf of these measures. It is signed by Gov. Brooks, of Wyoming; Gov. Herrick, of Ohio; Gov. Elrod, of South Dakota, who excludes parcels' post from his approval; Aaron Jones, master of the national grange, and various officers of labor organizations.

DEATH CAME AS A RELIEF.

President Beckwith, of the Defunct Oberlin Bank, Was One of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick's Victims.

Oberlin, O., Feb. 6.—C. T. Beckwith, president of the defunct Citizens' national bank of this city, is dead after two days of unconsciousness. Mr. Beckwith was about 65 years of age. On December 14 last the federal grand jury in Cleveland returned five indictments against Beckwith upon the charge of violating the national banking laws in connection with the loans made to Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick by the Citizens' national bank, of Oberlin, of which deceased was the president. From the day of his arrest Mr. Beckwith's health rapidly failed, as a result of worry over his troubles. He frequently declared during his illness that he wanted to die. For several days prior to his death he refused to take food in any form. Death resulted directly from heart trouble. The death of President Beckwith may materially weaken the cases of forgery and conspiracy to misapply bank funds, now charged against Mrs. Chadwick.

Newton Will Prosecute.

Boston, Feb. 6.—It is stated here that if the litigation against Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick should fall, owing to the death of C. T. Beckwith at Oberlin, O., that proceedings against her would be immediately instituted in this state. The suit brought here would be in connection with an alleged loan made to Mrs. Chadwick by Herbert D. Newton, of Brookline.

Too Homesick to Stay.

St. Louis, Feb. 6.—Twenty Porto Rico girls departed last night for their native island, making the last detachment to return home of the 60 girls imported some time ago by a St. Louis manufacturing concern as employees. After being here a time all the girls became homesick and wanted to return home.

Carb Revolution at Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, Feb. 6.—In attacks upon police stations Saturday morning several rioters were killed, about 20 were injured and some 250 arrested. Order has been completely restored, and the city presents a normal aspect.

Held for Husband's Murder.

Richmond, Mo., Feb. 6.—Mrs. Emmett Perdue has been held for trial without bail for the murder of her husband, Dr. Emmett Perdue. Hannibal Tanner, her brother, held as an accomplice, was allowed to give bail.

Hero of Two Wars.

Springfield, Mo., Feb. 6.—Maj. Charles Galloway, a resident of this (Greene) county 70 years, is dead here, aged 80 years. He was a veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, noted for his bravery as a scout.

Frank Farris III at St. Louis. St. Louis, Feb. 6.—State Senator Frank Farris, of Steelville, Mo., is seriously ill at the LaCade hotel, suffering from an abscess in the ear and a severe throat infection.

Continuation of **Our Renovating Sale!!**
During Month of February

ALL OUR **SUITS, CLOAKS AND FURS** HALF PRICE.

Hirsch Bros Dry Goods Co.
5th Street, Felix and Frederick Aves.

Stockmen and Others visiting the St. Joseph markets are cordially invited to come up town and make the acquaintance of

ST. JOSEPH'S BIGGEST AND BEST STORE

IF YOU WISH TO SELECT A DRESS PATTERN, A WRAP, A Pair of Shoes, or anything else for the folks at home, our assortments, new styles and low prices, will afford you every advantage and assurance of getting the correct thing at the right price. We shall be pleased to have you call and meet us whether you wish to buy or not.

Townsend & Wyatt DRY GOODS COMPANY.
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CHAS. PASCHIE, Secretary.

ST. JOSEPH Stock Yards Company...
St. Joseph, Mo.

We are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep

We are especially bidding for range cattle and sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads and in the center of the best corn and live stock districts in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock. Our charges for yardage and feed are:

YARDAGE:
Cattle, per head.....25c | Horses, per head.....25c
Hogs, per head.....25c | Sheep, per head.....25c

FEED:
Corn, per bushel.....90c | Hay, per 100 lbs.....60c

OUR PACKERS furnish a daily market for all kinds of cattle, ranging from canners to export cattle. Look up your railroad connections and you will find them in our favor.

GRAND ISLAND ROUTE!
Short Line Between **St. Joseph and Kansas City**

Trains Leave Union Station, 7:45 a. m., 4:50 p. m.
Arrive Grand Central Station, up town.
Returning Leave Kansas City, 7:00 a. m., 5:20 p. m.

DIRECT LINE TO HIAWATHA, Seneca, Marysville, Kan.; Fairbury, Hastings and Grand Island, Neb.

QUICK TIME TO California and the Pacific Northwest.

C. T. HUMMER, Board Trade Bldg., G. P. & T. A. Room 29.

IOWA BANNER HERD, Established 1890. Are now offering **A FEW CHOICE BOARS FOR SALE.** Breed Sow Sale, March 23, 1908. Address W. L. ADDY & SONS, Parnell, Woodbury County, Mo. 50 Miles South of St. Joseph on C. & W. R.

Please mention The Journal when writing to advertisers.

SEEKS CANCER GERM.

ALL KINDS OF ANIMALS USED IN SEARCH.

Buffalo Scientist Begins Dogs, Cats and Guinea Pigs Into Service in Hunt for Microbe—Working on Two Lines.

Buffalo—Dogs, cats, guinea pigs and other animals, number uncounted, are wanted at the cancer laboratory of the University of Buffalo.

Dr. Roswell Park, director of the laboratory, said yesterday that it being impossible to experiment upon human beings in the search for the cancer germ, recourse was necessarily had to animals.

Several years ago Dr. Park drew a very dark picture of cancer conditions in this state. He then predicted that within ten years the number of deaths from cancer would equal those from consumption and smallpox combined.

He was violently attacked for this statement, yet the most recent report of the state board of health seems to bear out Dr. Park's views in every particular.

Work at the laboratory, said Dr. Park, is now progressing on the lines of chemistry and biology. One man is in the field making a topographical investigation, so to speak.

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self was not competent to manage a \$70,000 estate. He advised, however, that the trustees turn over from \$5,000 to \$15,000 to Medbury to find out what he could do with that amount.

BABE IS LEFT MOTHERLESS.

Mystery Surrounds the Tragical Closing of the Life of Mrs. John Kirkpatrick, of Allegheny.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 6.—The dead body of Mrs. John Kirkpatrick was found in the back yard of an unoccupied house at No. 9 Jackson street, Allegheny, only a short distance from her home.

The police arrested Norman Geysler, a board-maker in a local broker's office, and are holding him on the charge of murder.

Non-Union Miners Sue. Tuscaloosa, Ala., Feb. 6.—Twenty-one suits, amounting to \$147,000, have been filed in the county court here.

Two Babies Smothered. Detroit, Mich., Feb. 6.—Loo Onsky, aged two years, and his baby brother, James, aged two months, children of a shipyard laborer, were suffocated to death by smoke in Wyandotte.

Liquor Killed Two at Vineta. Vineta, I. T., Feb. 6.—Thomas Daugherty and S. S. Clover died here from drinking lemon extract, which was believed to contain wood alcohol.

\$240,000 Fire at Birmingham. Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 6.—Fire which at one time threatened to destroy millions of dollars' worth of property has caused losses to the amount of \$240,000, divided among a score or more firms in the principal business section of the city.

Tin Plate to Be Higher. Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 6.—The American Steel & Wire company at Homestead announce an advance of \$1 a ton on all wire and wire products.

SMALL ITEMS BY TELEGRAPH. A man supposed to be O. Rickard, of Belleville, Kan., was killed by the cars in the railroad yards at Kansas City, Mo.

Two Rock Island passenger trains were derailed near Altamont, Mo., Sunday night. Several passengers were injured, none seriously.

A large number of Delaware Indians in Indian territory are soon to receive shares in a payment of \$1,824,000 which will be paid out some time this year.

John Mitchell, national president of the United Mine Workers of America, has gone to Birmingham, Ala., where he will investigate the grievances of the bituminous miners of the Twentieth district, who have been out for some time on a disputed wage scale.

ART GARLAND. Base Burners, the World's Best \$32.50 to \$60. PENINSULAR Base Burners Warranted the Best \$20 to \$40. GARLAND OAK Soft Coal Heaters From \$10 to \$28. ROUND OAK Soft Coal Heaters, \$18 to \$22. Air Tight Wood Heaters 75c Up. PARRISH-ERICKSON HARDWARE CO.

Percheron and Shire Stallions! When you go to buy a horse stop at Lincoln, Nebraska, and see WATSON, WOOD BROS. & KELLY'S PERCHERONS AND SHIRES. Fifty head on hand. Send for beautiful photographs of latest importations and price list. These are free to all who mention The Journal. Address, WATSON, WOOD BROS. & KELLY, Lincoln, Nebraska.

PREVENTS BLACKLEG. Vaccination with BLACKLEGOIDS is the best preventive of blackleg—simplest, safest, surest. PARKE, DAVIS & CO. JACK AND STALLION SALE. JACKS are large, heavy-boned, well-breasted, black with white points and trace to the best farm-bred stock.

LOYRIO THEATER. H. WALTER VAN DYKE, Lessee and Mgr. THE VAN DYKE CO. PRESENTS "IN THE HANDS OF THE ENEMY".

SEED CORN. Ratekin's Pride of Nishna, Iowa Silver Mine, and Imperial (white) are three of the best varieties of full corn cob cultivated.

VEST A DEADLY GARMENT. British Schoolmaster Holds Present Style Is Perilous and Starts Crusade Against Them. London.—L. N. Marshall, head master of the Kingston grammar school, has started a national crusade against the waistcoat.

Opheum. Handmade Turned Away Yesterday. ORPHEUM THEATER. NEW HOME OF THE. Prices 10c and 25c.

Wanted to Buy Horses, Mares and Mules. JOHN HANN. Barn 1024 South 7th Street, northwest corner Patee Park, St. Joseph, Mo.

JAMES C. SMITH & CO. Hides, Wool, Tallow, Furs, Pelts. Second and Edmond Sts., St. Joseph, Mo. Bell Telephone 995. The hide market is decidedly weaker than last week, and in fact is 1-4c lower in Chicago and eastern markets. SPECIAL--We Will Make Our Prices 9c for This Week. Free Weekly Prices Furnished. We charge no commission. Shipping Tags Free to Shippers.

Percheron Stallions. We made our 25th annual importation this year. We are natives of France, thus enabling us to buy a limited use of Interceptors and with less expense.

NELSON MORRIS & CO. SHIPPERS OF Dressed Beef. MUTTON, PORK AND PROVISION DEALERS. Orders Solicited. We Sell Direct to the Trade. PRICE LIST FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

SHAMROCK WHISKEY. Is Distilled for Medicinal Purposes From Rye and Barley Malt. Age, ten years. No full oil, no drugs. Price, \$4 per quart; \$10 per doz.

112 Bushels an Acre. right here in Nebraska. Lowest reported yields 60 bushels when common oats ran only 20 to 30 bushels. This is the record of the wonderful new Kherson Oats originally imported from Russia by Neb. Exp. Sta. at Lincoln, for extra early and hardy.

PURE BRED, FIRE DRIED SEED CORN. Do you change your Seed Corn and plant Pure Bred varieties, or are you still in the same old rut, planting the same corn on your farm year after year?

RELIABLE SEED. CLOVER, BARLEY, ALFALFA, TIMOTHY, BLUE GRASS, MILLET, CANE, KAFFIR, SPELTZ. A FINE LINE GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS. Write for Catalogue, Price Lists, Etc., Mailed FREE.

Seed Corn. That will grow where any corn will grow. The man who buys Vansant's Farmer's Interest, Reid's Yellow Dent or Early Learning Insects 20 bushels more per acre on his corn crop.

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