

THE TEXAS REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME I

BRAZORIA, SATURDAY JULY 18, 1835.

NUMBER 46.

TERMS:
THE REPUBLICAN IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY F. C. GRAY.

And will be printed every Saturday at \$5 per annum, if paid at the end of six months, or \$7, if not paid until the expiration of the year.

No discontinuance will be allowed except at the end of the year, and not then until all arrearages are paid.

Advertisements of eight lines or under \$1 for the first insertion, and half that price for each continuance, longer ones in proportion—No advertisement will be withdrawn until paid for, but will be continued at the expense of the advertiser.

All communications of a personal nature will be charged for the same as advertisements.

PILOTAGE of Brazos.

The undersigned being appointed Pilot by the Illustrous Ayuntamiento of the Jurisdiction of Columbia for the Bar of the Brazos, takes this opportunity of informing all, whom it may concern, that he shall strictly adopt the following rules:—In all cases when vessels approach the Bar, if prudent, they will be boarded, if not, observe the following signals: The

top of the Staff at high water; & in crossing the Bar bringing two white flags with a red Ball in each in a range; should it not be possible to board a Vessel, and not prudent for a Vessel to attempt to cross the Bar, the Mexican Flag will be hoisted half mast, and under no circumstances will the signals be exhibited.

F. J. HASKINS, Branch Pilot. Velasco, May 9th 1835.

P. S. The undersigned has provided two substantial Boats & a full crew, and is determined to use every exertion in the discharge of his duties.

F. J. HASKINS.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of John Austin, dec'd. will present them to the undersigned for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate, will make payment to him and no other.

T. F. L. PARROTT.

M. R. JOHN A. WHARTON is my lawful Agent during absence to the United States.

W. B. SWENY.

TO THE PUBLIC.

LEAGUE & AINSWORTH, (formerly Ator-neys at Law) being a second time "choaked off," from the practice of their profession beg leave to inform their friends that they have modelled their Law Office into a Barbers Shop, and having a plentiful supply of scissors & Razors, are prepared to execute all work in the line of their new calling, in a BARBER-SHOP manner—Their patrons may rest assured, that if they call, they will be clipped and shaved to their hearts content.

N. B. Intending to allow a discount on large jobs, detachments from the regular army will be accommodated at half Columbia, July 11th, 1835.

EVERY DESCRIPTION NEATLY PRINTED WITH DISPATCH AT THE

BRAZORIA TEXAS.

JULY 18, 1835.

In consequence of the absence of the editor last week, a number of inaccuracies occurred, some of which are so important to the true meaning that we are compelled to insert a portion of the news of last week again.

To his Excellency the Political Chief of the Department of Brazos.

The committee appointed by the people of the Jurisdiction of Columbia in order, that no misconception may ever arise relative to their views have thought proper to communicate with you in writing on the subjects now immediately connected with the welfare and safety of Texas.

We recommend your Excellency, to send a commissioner to General Co. with an exposition from yourself of the feelings and wishes of the people of this Department of their loyalty to the Government, and of their intense anxiety to avoid every collision with the established authorities.

That this commissioner bear also a letter to Col. Ugartechea with similar assurances, and that he be instructed, to ascertain from Don Ramon Musquiz, the Vice Governor, whether he is willing, to take upon himself the functions of his office, and that the commissioner immediately communicate the result to your Excellency.

We recommend you to write to the other Chiefs of Departments, respecting the wishes of the people here, and requesting them, to unite with you in sustaining the laws and constitution of the land, and in adopting every necessary measure to promote the public weal.

ARTICLE 1st. Shall comprize the following boundaries viz. Commencing at the Cotton House of Fuller and Harrell on the west bank of the Brazos river thence running westerly on the lower line of John Sweeney's Plantation on the river Bernard thence west to Caney Creek so as to include all the inhabitants west of the river Brazos, and above the affore said line within the limits of the Jurisdiction of Columbia.

ARTICLE 2d. Shall comprize the following boundaries viz. Commencing at the Cotton House of Fuller and Harrell, thence up Oyster Creek to the upper line of the Plantation of W. H. Wharton thence in a direct line to the boundary between S. F. Austin and E. St. John Hawkins which is on the east bank of the river Brazos two hundred yards north of the house on the east side of said river occupied by Robert J. Colder, thence up said river to the Cotton House of Fuller and Harrell, thence in a westerly direction on the Columbia line to Caney Creek, thence down the said Creek to the mouth or place of beginning.

ART. 3d. Company District No 3. D. H. Milburn's Plantation (Live Oak Grove) Shall comprize the following limits viz. beginning on the east side of the Brazos river, two hundred yards above the house occupied by R. J. Colder thence running up said river to the upper line of the League of land granted by the Mexican Government to Francis Bingham, thence in a direct line to the head waters of Clear Creek, thence down said Creek to its mouth thence on the Bay of Galveston to the mouth of Oyster Creek, thence up said, Creek to the upper line of the Plantation of W. H. Wharton, thence in a direct line to the Boundary line between Austin and Hawkins, two hundred yards north of the house now occupied by R. J. Colder or place of beginning.

ART. 4th. All the persons liable to do military duty, between the age of 18 and 50 years, will assemble at the place designated within their respective Company Districts—on Sunday the 19th day of July inst, and organize themselves into a company, and make choice of their officers viz. —One Captain, two Lieutenants, two Sub Lieutenants, one 1st Sergeant, four second Sergeants and ten Corporals.

ART. 5th. Alexr. Calvi Esq. will give the necessary notice of said Election, and preside at the town of Brazoria.

ART. 6th. W. C. White Esq. will give the necessary notice of said Election and preside at the town of Columbia.

ART. 7th. Jas. F. Perry Esq. will give the necessary notice of said Election and preside at Live Oak Grove or D. H. Milburn's Plantation.

The Ayuntamiento have taken the part of the Political Chief's official letter in consideration relative to directing 25 men well armed and equipped from this Jurisdiction to rendezvous at the town of Eastrop, on the

10th day of August next for the purpose of proceeding against the hostile Indians; as also three persons be appointed for the purpose of raising subscription to purchase arms and ammunition for the common defence of the country, have thought it expedient to pass the following resolutions, viz. —

First Resolved that subscriptions be opened on the day and at the place of the choice of Company officers, by the individual, who presides at said Election.

Secondly, Resolved, That the Captains Elected shall immediately after the result of the votes are declared proceed to open a list of enrolment for volunteers to rendezvous at Bastrop on the 10th day of August next, to proceed against the hostile Indians, said volunteers will assemble at the town of Columbia on Saturday the 1st of August next to make choice of a Subordinate Officer to command them, during the Campaign said officer will be situated among their own number said volunteers will be provided with ammunition at Columbia.

Thirdly, Resolved, That the members of this Ayuntamiento meet at the town of Columbia on Monday the 20th inst, and make due return of result of the before mentioned Elections & subscriptions and also that each Captain Elected shall meet the Ayuntamiento at the last mentioned time and place and make return of the list of Volunteers together with a correct list of all persons living within their respective Company Districts liable to do military duty.

A. BRIGHAM, President of the Ayuntamiento. W. H. SLEDGE, Secretary.

[From the Natchitoches Herald, May 23, 1835.]

ken already every necessary step to acquire this information.

I have taken measures to organize the militia of this Department in the shortest possible time, and have disposed, that prompt and decisive steps be taken to defend the frontier from the depredations of the savage Indians.

Gentlemen accept the assurance of my high consideration, &c.

J. B. MILLER.
WM. H. JACK
JOHN A. WHARTON.
W. D. C. HALL.
J. G. McNEEL.

Organization of the Militia within the Jurisdiction of Columbia.

ELECTION OF COMPANY OFFICERS.

Pursuant to orders Issued from the Chieftaincy of the Department of Brazos, to the Ayuntamiento of this municipality, through the recommendation of the committee of safety from this jurisdiction, this Ayuntamiento have

Resolved, That three companies be formed within the limits of this Jurisdiction, to be numbered designated and bounded as follows viz:—

COMPANY DISTRICT No 1—COLUMBIA.

ARTICLE 1st. Shall comprize the following boundaries viz. Commencing at the Cotton House of Fuller and Harrell on the west bank of the Brazos river thence running westerly on the lower line of John Sweeney's Plantation on the river Bernard thence west to Caney Creek so as to include all the inhabitants west of the river Brazos, and above the affore said line within the limits of the Jurisdiction of Columbia.

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A. BRIGHAM, President of the Ayuntamiento. W. H. SLEDGE, Secretary.

[From the Natchitoches Herald, May 23, 1835.]

similar location.—I have satisfactory assurance that not less than seven hundred have located themselves in Texas within the present month. Nor is this the only just ground of serious and unpleasant apprehensions to be anticipated by the citizens of the United States of Mexico. A short time since, several chiefs of Coahuila Indians, accompanied by two white men, from East Florida, passed thro' this place from an incursion as far south as the Brazos, and declared the intention of the chiefs, to remove to this province within the present spring, bringing several tribes of Indians with them from the Creek Nation located in Florida, within the United States of America.

The mutual faith of the two republics being pledged upon the subjects of this address certainly renders it a matter of much delicacy, and I should be wanting in respect for my own government, if I could even suspect that the President, or the immediate functionaries of the United States, could have either permitted or connived at the trespass which has taken place upon the territory of the republic of Mexico. It is nevertheless true, that these Indians passed by a military post of the United States (Fort Jessup) on their way to the Sabine, where they entered Texas. The route pursued by the Choctaws from Natchitoches was most manifestly different from that which they must have pursued in reaching the country assigned to them on the east side of the Red river, and within the territory of your government. By this early and sincere application, to the United States government, it is requested that such measures may be adopted by that government, in its characteristic good faith, as will not only prevent all future "incursions," but also to order that these already existing

provinces should be presently removed to the lands assigned to them by the U. States. I flatter myself, with the present existing treaties, and the otherwise friendly relations subsisting between the two governments and their citizens, that the President of the U. S. will feel bound, from his elevated political as well as moral character, to arrest and prevent the intentions of the tribe of tribes of the Creek Indians, from any and all contemplated "incursions" into the territories of Mexico, and particularly of this province. The consequences to its white inhabitants may prove of a character not only disastrous to them, but such as would claim the consideration of every humane and honorable breast.

You will at once perceive, from the nature of my situation, that my immediate duty will be to apprise my government of the facts, that it may be enabled to understand the exigencies of my command.

God preserve you many years.
I have the honor to be
Your most obedient servant
P. E. BEAN.

Colonel of Cavalry of the Mexican Republic.

Some time within the course of last winter, some five or six chiefs from the old Creek Nation in Georgia, headed by Apothleyahola, and under the conduct of a white man by the name of Dubois, visited Nacogdoches, the chief town of the Eastern Department of Texas. After spending a few days, they were joined by Benjamin Hawkins, a squadron Creek, who had recently emigrated from the Creek Nation, on the Arkansas river, to Texas.

From Nacogdoches they commenced a trip of exploration, towards the sources of the Sabine and Trinity rivers, where it seems they were much pleased with the country, and concluded to possess it, if possible. The lands which they selected, were once included in a grant made to Gen. Velasco, by the Mexican Government on certain conditions, none of which have been complied with on his part, and of course it is now void.

The Grant was to commence fifteen leagues, or forty five miles north of Nacogdoches, and would run north and west for compliance. On the return of the Chiefs to Nacogdoches, they thro' Hawkins, communicated to Col. Bean a wish to settle in Texas, who were promptly assured that it should be done, as it was contrary to relations and treaties existing between the two Republics.—Notwithstanding the assurances of Col. Bean, the Chiefs of their wishes

At the request of a gentleman, a resident of Texas, of high character and known abilities, and upon whose statements we place implicit reliance, we publish the following letter from Col. Peter Ellis Bean to Gov. Cass, Sec'y of War of the United States, dated Feb. 24, 1833, together with the intelligence which accompanies it.

NACOGDOCHES, Texas, Feb. 24th 1833.
Gov. Lewis Cass, Secretary of War. Sir:—As military commander of the North Eastern frontier of the United Mexican States, it has become a necessary and painful duty devolving upon me to apprise you of facts, which are not in accordance with the Treaties, and the very amicable relations existing between the two sister republics of the United States of America, and the United Mexican States. Which facts I trust you will feel bound to present to the President that he may be enabled to interpose his authority with the agents under his control, and redeem this government from an evil, which is not only an encroachment upon its territory, but must endanger its citizens in their property, as well as their lives.

In the treaty concluded at the city of Mexico, on the 5th of April, 1831, provision was made in the XXVIII Article, that annoyances and intrusions of all kinds by the Indians within the two republics should reciprocally be prevented. By reference to the treaty, and article cited, you will perceive that "both parties bind themselves expressly to restrain by force all hostilities and incursions on the part of the Indian Nations, living within their respective boundaries," &c. It cannot be doubted but the object of the article was to prevent, not only the evils which might result to the inhabitants of the two countries, but also to prevent the incursions or location of any of the tribes, or nations residing within the bounds of one of the contracting parts, upon lands claimed and owned by the other.

Incursions must necessarily precede location, and if the letter of the Treaty were complied with, and preserved from infraction, the grounds of this communication would be obviated.

Within a short time past, several hundred Choctaw Indians have passed from Natchitoches in the United States, and located themselves in the midst of the settlements within this municipality, & not more than twenty-five miles distant from this place, and bring with them the assurance that many more of their tribe contemplated a

more of their tribe contemplated a

more of their tribe contemplated a

more of their tribe contemplated a

tain captain Archibald Hotchkiss, Agent of the New York Company, who are engaged in colonizing the grants made to Baranet, Vealton, and Zavala, under the name and title of the "Galveston Bay and Texas Land Company." It appears that Capt. Hotchkiss and Hawkins agreed to meet the chiefs (who in the mean time were to return home) at New Orleans, in the month of April now passed, and there to receive from them \$20,000, and from thence they were to proceed to Mexico, and purchase from Gen. Felasola, his title to the grant, and transfer the same to the Indians, who are to remove there this ensuing fall. And in the event of obtaining Felasola's right to the grant, the Chiefs are to pay to Hotchkiss and Hawkins, the additional sum of \$50,000 out of the funds of the Creek Nation. The parties met, at New Orleans, agreeably to appointment, when the first instalment were paid by the Chiefs. Hotchkiss then engaged his route to New York (as is believed) for the purpose of seeing the agent of Gen. Felasola, and purchasing the grant, that he may complete the imposition upon the Indians. Hawkins has been guilty, we understand, of many frauds upon his tribe before he separated from them in Arkansas, and left them without leave. A few days previous to his setting out for New Orleans, he was in Nacogdoches, and passed counterfeit notes on the United States Bank, to the amount of \$400, and was arrested by the authorities of the town. There being no law in Texas defining the punishment of the crime, he agreed to indemnify the person to whom he had passed the notes, and paid a fine to the Court, rather than confess from whom he received the notes.

"I is thought that Hawkins has accompanied Hotchkiss to New York, and will be used by him as a catspaw in this nefarious transaction. Gen. Felasola has no right to the grant, the Indians can acquire none; Hotchkiss and Hawkins will doubtless receive from them \$100,000, and the Indians get nothing in return from it.

"Should the Indians attempt to take possession of the country described, the President of the United States, we think, would be compelled to restrain them in an incursion into the Territory of Mexico, and if he should not, we are assured that the people of Texas will consider it an act of invasion by the Indians, and put to instant death their leaders. As to the sale of Hotchkiss' grant, it is looked upon by the people and authorities of Texas as an act of treason, and should they return, it is possible they may be sent on to the seat of government for trial, but it is most probable that they will be tried in Texas, by an extra-judicial tribunal, and receive its sentence. They are certainly guilty of an attempt to violate a treaty, which is the "supreme law of the land," and consequently its violation must be treason. How far the honest gentlemen referred to may be enabled to impose on the merchants of New York, defies conjecture. Their return to Texas will be awaited with some anxiety, where an adjustment of all the matters will promptly take place, and measures be adopted to exclude from its borders at least 24,000 Creek Indians.

"What has the Secretary of War done in relation to Col. Bean's letter? It is strange it has never been published.—And now what will the President of the U. S. order to be done? We hope that he will order justice to be done in relation to the people of Texas, for they are bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh; and that he will preserve the national faith, by insuring the execution of all treaty stipulations with Mexico, cannot be doubted.

"It is said, that the chiefs of the Old Nation are so confident of the success of the project, that they have sent runners to their Creek friends on Arkansas river to join them during the approaching autumn, in the country designated; doubtless expecting to maintain themselves by force. It is the only right they can acquire, and so soon as they can be expelled, they may be assured it will be done by the people of Texas, not withholding the assurances which they may receive from Hotchkiss and Hawkins, who are engaged in the infamous project of swindling the Indians, and annoying for a while the people of Texas."

BRAZORIA TEXAS.

JULY 13, 1835.
In publishing the proceedings of the Matagorda Meeting, during our absence last week, the name of the Secretary, (D. Davis D. Baker) was mistaken and inserted as two distinct names.

This week in an enlarged paper is now larger than printed in Texas.

compliance with the request of a number of our subscribers we will publish a portion of the laws in each number, commencing with the Federal Constitution.

We are requested to state that W. Barret Travis will appear in our next with a full exposition of facts in regard to the capture of the fort at Anahuac.

COMMITTEE ROOM, San Felipe, July 15, 1835.

To the citizens of the Department of Brazos:—
Fellow citizens:

The committee of the jurisdiction of Columbia in conjunction with the committee of San Felipe have thought proper to address and lay before you a part of the information now in their possession with a view of quieting all alarm that may exist in regard to the descent of the Federal Troops upon Texas. The official communication from the Committee of safety at Gonzales to the committee of safety of Mina contains information that can be relied on. Mr. Gritton, the gentleman mentioned in that communication is the same person who visited Texas in company with Col. Almonte. The letter of Judge Chambers confirms the statements of Mr. Gritton and in the estimation of the committee can be confidently relied on. We therefore take great pleasure in informing our fellow citizens that we believe there is no just cause of immediate alarm, and at the same time of assuring them that the have they most sanguine hopes that the present commotion will be quieted, and good order restored without any collision with the federal troops. They pledge themselves to the public that their exertions will be earnest and unremitting to effect this much to be desired

end. In a few days they will be joined by committees from other parts of this department, at which time they will make a full exposition of the affairs of Texas, and recommend such a course as they will deem best calculated to promote the general good; In the meantime we recommend to our fellow citizens, peace, union, moderation and a strict adherence to the laws and constitution of the land and in conclusion we subscribe ourselves your friends and fellow citizens.

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|------------------|----------------------------|
| J. H. BELL, | } Committee of
Columbia |
| JAMES KNIGHT, | |
| STERLING MCNEEL, | |
| JOHN A. WHARTON, | |
| JAMES F. PERRY, | } Com. S. Felipe |
| J. W. KINNEY, | |
| JOHN R. JONES, | |
| A. SOMERVELL, | |

Gonzales, July 4, 1835.

Gentlemen:—

Your communication per Mr. Bunton has been received and we are glad to inform you that we have at length received from the interior information that may be depended on; Mr. Gritton, whom we are informed is a confidential friend of the President, is now in this town direct from the city of Mexico who informs us that ALL the reports of the UNFRIENDLY disposition towards the colonies are false, and that if troops are ordered on to Texas, it is for the purpose of counteracting any insurrectionary movements that might be consequent on the arrest of the land speculators & corrupt officers of the state government. Mr. G. has also with him the latest Mexican papers, all of which express a decidedly friendly disposition towards the people of Texas;

from these your secretary, Mr. Bunton, has made copious extracts, which precludes the necessity of our entering into a detail of their contents, he has also copies of letters received lately from Judge Chambers, and Mr. Smith of Bexar, which will give you all the information that this committee are possessed of.

In the present attitude of affairs when the community is agitated by a thousand contradictory reports, & demagogues are busily engaged in circulating reports calculated to mislead the people, and hurry them into rash and precipitate measures, it appears to this committee to be a matter of vital importance that a CONVENTION be immediately called, so that the feelings of the people may be known on the subjects that now engross and agitate the minds of all men and that by a formal investigation of circumstances, the burden may be laid on the shoulders of those who have been the ORIGINATORS of the disturbances. The committee are of opinion that it is most expedient that the call for a Convention should be made by the municipality of Mina; and it is the opinion of this committee that by despatching runners to the different municipalities a convention might be called together in 15 or 20 days;—should you think it expedient to go into this measure, and the committee doubt not that its importance will strike you at once, you may depend upon the hearty co-operation of this municipality. It is also the opinion of this committee that the place appointed or the meeting of the CONVENTION should be without the bounds

of the San Felipe Junto. In relation to the expedition to the Indian village, we can only say that you may depend on our hearty concurrence.

Respectfully,
WM. J. FISHER,
Pres. Com. Safety.
To the com. of safety for Mina.
The above a true copy, J. W. B.

Extract from a letter to Dr. Miller of Gonzales, from Judge Chambers:—
I understand that copies of a letter written by Carabajal are circulating in your neighborhood, in which he states, among other things, that the general government has decreed the confiscation of the lands of the colonists, and their expulsion from the country, with a view to alarm and excite them to rise against the general government. I take this early opportunity of informing you that such statements are utterly groundless and false in fact, and that from the best information I have been able to acquire, nothing unfriendly is intended against the people in general, by the federal government.—Do not imagine for a moment by what I say, that I have joined what is called the military party, or indeed any other party. I know no gentleman for my political conduct but facts, the constitution and laws, and the will of a clearly expressed majority of the nation of which we form a part. But I will not see the people alarmed and deceived by

The simple facts are these: the administration of the government of this state during the present year, has been of the most shameful character. Poor Viesca was completely hoodwinked and deceived by a few whose only object was to use the government for their own private purpose. A law was obtained for the sale of Four Hundred Leagues of vacant land, and the most shameless acts of SPECULATION were committed against the state and THE INTERESTS OF TEXAS. The general government was informed of the corrupt and scandalous proceedings, and passed a decree annulling those sales; and the purchasers and those interested in them and a few others who have been deceived by them, are the reports which you have heard and which I trust the colonists will pay no further attention to

than to treat with contempt and indignation, &c.

The movement of troops towards Texas has in my opinion no other object than to meet and counteract the revolution which the general government had grounds to believe would be attempted by those INDIVIDUALS. If you can obtain a copy of the letter alluded to &c, you will confer a particular favor upon me by sending it to me, &c. Dated June 30, 1835, Bexar. T. J. CHAMBERS.
A correct extract. J. W. B.

MUNICIPALITY OF MINA, July 4th, 1835

At a General meeting of the Citizens of this Municipality, convened agreeably to public Notice, for the purpose of considering the present situation of the relations of Texas with the Government of the Mexican United States and the purposes connected with the General safety of the Country—Dr. Thos. J. Gazley was called to the Chair, and John Moody appointed Secretary; the object of the meeting being explained the following resolutions were adopted:—

Resolved, that the people have entire confidence in the committee of safety, and that all their acts have the full approbation of this meeting; and that said committee be continued with all its powers.

Resolved, that we feel an entire confidence in the Constitution & Laws of our adopted country and will at all times sustain the legal authorities in the exercise of their constitutional duties.—

Resolved, that Thos. J. Gazley, D. C. Barret and Henry P. Hill, be a committee, to draft a circular to the Ayuntamiento of each municipality in the Department of Brazos, upon the objects contemplated by this meeting, and that the same be submitted to committee of safety for their approbation.

Resolved, that the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary

THOS. J. GAZLEY, Chairman.
JOHN MOODY, Secretary.

MINA, July 9th, 1835.

Gentlemen:—
On the 4th inst. the Citizens of this municipality met according to previous appointment, to confer together as to the degree of credence that they should place in the almost numberless reports that have been circulated among them,

cloud of difficulties that seemed hanging over them.

After the mature deliberation, they come to the conclusion, that there was certainly some reason to expect a movement of the Government forces, towards the Colonies and the greatest difficulty was, to define the precise object and intention of that advance.—

But they are aware that it would be the blindest credulity, to believe to its full extent, the idle exaggerations, that for some time past have agitated the public mind.—They forbear to express any opinion whatever as to the immediate cause, that wrought the present excitement, but deplore the evils that may result from the whims which have taken place in consequence they feel, and deeply feel, the necessity that there is for the existence of some medium, through which public opinion can be ascertained and wielded with effect, against the irregularities of those, whose disregard to the laws of the country has destroyed the mutual confidence as well as mutual respect, between them, and their fellow citizens of the Mexican Republic, in as much as the misconduct of a few designing men is attributed to the whole community, and construed into disaffection to the General Government.

They are by no means of opinion while making their own feelings their standard, that the whole of Texas, generally, cherish a hostile disposition to Mexicans or the Mexican Government when administered on its constitutional principles.

They are voluntary Citizens of the same Republic; have sworn to support the same Constitution, and are by inclination and interest, as well as the most solemn obligation, bound to cherish & sustain the liberal and free institutions of this Republic.

In the present confused State of things, they can devise no better mode of meeting the exigencies of the times, than by an assembly of delegates from each Municipality, at San Felipe, or some other central place, whose duty it shall be to act in council for the people, and in concert with the Executive power still existing in Texas, in providing for the general welfare of a misrepresented, but a determined people.

To effect which object, this meeting appointed a committee of address with instructions to submit its views to the committee of safety, for ritual and ap-

probation, and that the said committee should send a copy to the Ayuntamiento of each Municipality in the Department of Brazos, requesting their co-operation in the plan of sending delegates, as we have before suggested, and their Union in the common objects of safety and general defence of our constitutional rights.

HENRY P. HILL, } Committee
THOS. J. GAZLEY, } of Address.
Mina, July 5th, 1835.

At a meeting of the committee of safety, of this date, the following were among the resolutions adopted. The preceding address having been submitted, it was

Resolved, that the same receive the approbation of this committee, and be circulated according to the resolution of the people.

At the same meeting, was presented the proceedings of a public meeting, held in the Jurisdiction of Columbia, and upon reading and deliberating on the same this committee—

Resolved, that the Committee approve of the Columbia resolutions, and of the proceedings of that meeting generally—and that this resolution, be appended to the circular addressed to the municipalities.

By order of the Committee
D. C. BARRETT, President.

At a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of the jurisdiction in the town of San Felipe on the 14th. inst. pursuant to a call of the Political Chief.

Major Jesse Bartlett was called to the chair, and Thomas R. Jackson elected Secretary.

A committee of five persons were chosen to draft resolutions to be submitted to the meeting; namely, Martin Allen, J. Urban, J. R. Jones, Joshua Fletcher and C. B. Stuart, who retired a short time, and introduced the following resolutions, which were read and unanimously adopted by the meeting, as follows:—

1. Resolved, that this meeting view with the deepest regret the excitement which it is believed has been precipitatedly produced in these colonies, and that the meeting disapprobates all hostile proceedings which may have been made for offensive operations against the government.

2. Resolved, that this meeting earnestly desire peace and tranquility, and that it recommend to the people, a quiet submission to the constitution, laws and proper authorities of the country.

3. Resolved, that owing to the alarming situation of the colonies, it is necessary that the colonists organize and be prepared for defensive operations.

3. Resolved, that this meeting recommend unanimity and concert of action, to their fellow citizens on this highly important occasion.

5. Resolved, that the affairs of Texas as has approached a crisis, which requires a consultation of all her citizens in their representative capacity, and that we therefore recommend a meeting of the same in General Council.

6. Resolved, that a committee of three be elected, to confer with the committee from Columbia and all other committees, with full power to call a meeting of all the citizens of Texas, in their representative capacity in general council, and to adopt such other measures as they deem best calculated to promote the General Interest of Texas.

7. Resolved, that we concur heartily in unanimity of feeling and purpose with the resolutions of the meeting of the Jurisdiction of Columbia, and that we invite the Citizens of the other Jurisdictions of this department, to concur with us in the adoption of measures tending to the same end.

In conformity with the sixth resolution J. R. Jones, J. W. Kinney and A. Somervell were elected to compose that committee.

On motion the thanks of the meeting were given to the chairman. On motion the meeting adjourned.

JESSE BARTLETT,
Chairman.

T. R. JACKSON, Sec'y.
San Felipe de M., July 14, 1834.

AYUNTAMIENTO OF COLUMBIA, July 11th, 1835

This body having met this day for the special purpose of deliberating upon the disorganized State of affairs; they view with the deepest regret, that so much excitement and commotion should prevail among us, we are aware that some ill disposed persons have misrepresented the true disposition and sentiments of the people of Texas, to the Mexican authorities.

Therefore it is deemed expedient this body to take prompt and efficient measures to open an immediate correspondence with the Mexican author-

ties, that they may be informed of the true sentiments of a great majority of the people of this Department and as soon as practicable that of all Texas.

Resolved, that a special committee of five citizens of this Jurisdiction be appointed and commissioned with full powers to act for this Ayuntamiento during the present crisis, they will proceed immediately to San Felipe and present the recommendations and resolutions of this body to the Political Chief of this Department and also to the Chairman of a public meeting, which will be held in the town of Austin on Tuesday the 14th inst. further more to take such measures as to open a correspondence with the authorities, (either civil or military) of the Federal Government of Mexico, particularly to the Ayuntamiento of this Department and Political Chiefs of other Departments of Texas, and adopt such other measures as they may think best calculated to promote the welfare of Texas always bearing in mind that we earnestly desire peace—they will further bear in mind that we are satisfied that the present commotion cannot be quieted, nor any lasting good obtained except by a commutation of all the people of Texas in general council, which they will earnestly endeavor to bring about with the utmost expedition, also that we deem it necessary that the most prompt steps should be taken to procure peace, provided it can be obtained.—They will correspond with this body from time to time as they may think necessary—and if practicable a majority of their number will remain in the capital of this Department until some definite plan is adopted.

Resolved, that Citizens John A. Wharton, Jas. P. Perry, Jos. H. Bell, Sterling McNeel and James Night compose said Committee and that the President of this board be requested to notify them of their appointment also to delegate them with such authority as will enable them to communicate the above resolution.

God and Liberty.
A. BRIGHAM,
President of the Ayuntamiento.
W. H. Sledge Secretary.

AYUNTAMIENTO of the Jurisdiction of Columbia.
To His Excellency J. B. Miller, Sir—Your official of the 1st. inst. was duly received and has been taken into consideration by this body, and resolutions have been passed which

of the militia &c. on the present month.

of this Jurisdiction has been specially called for the purpose of taking into consideration the disorganized and confused state of the affairs of the country and to suggest to your Excellency such a course as to them shall seem to be best calculated to promote the general good. This Ayuntamiento views with the deepest regret the great evils which threaten our adopted country, and in order to avert, if possible, these dreadful calamities which now seems almost inevitable.

We would beg leave to suggest to your Excellency the propriety of calling to our assistance two or more delegates from each of the Jurisdictions of your department to aid and assist you in devising measures for the safety, security and peace of the country, and to invite the two chiefs of the other departments of Texas to join you in council; they bringing deputies from each jurisdiction of their respective departments; and we would earnestly recommend to your Excellency to open an immediate correspondence with the officers of government, representing to them the loyalty and attachment of the citizens of your department; their determination to support the laws and constitution and their great wish to remain at peace with the Mexican nation; all of which we deem subjects of the deepest interest and most vital importance to the citizens of this Department.

All of which is most respectfully submitted for your deliberation; in the mean time take this opportunity of tendering to your Excellency the assurance of their high considerations.

God and Liberty.
A. BRIGHAM, P. of A.
W. H. Sledge, Sec'y.

AYUNTAMIENTO of the Jurisdiction of Columbia.
To the Chairman of the meeting in eclipse on the 14th of July, 1835.
The Ayuntamiento of Columbia has the honor to address you the citizens (viz. John A. Wharton, Sterling McNeel, James F. Bell and James Night) present this Jurisdiction, with you touching the public concerns, which now

agitate the country, confidently hoping that your united efforts will devise some plan to secure to this (thus far) afflicted country the substantial benefits of peace, law and government.

This Ayuntamiento would represent to you, that the citizens of this Jurisdiction hold themselves to be true faithful, loyal and unoffending Mexican Citizens that they do not violate the laws and constitution of the land, nor will they countenance others in doing it. This Ayuntamiento can see no end to present commotions until the people of Texas are consulted in general meeting, which said meeting they earnestly recommend to be called without further cause of delay—they believe from recent events and from the many false rumors that have abused the ears of the Mexican authorities that there is great danger of the citizens of Texas being brought into conflict with the Federal Troops of Mexico. An event, which they view with feelings but little short of horror, they believe it highly necessary in order to secure peace that a deputation should be sent to the Mexican Authorities, bearing communications from the people of Texas, and to make every honorable effort to secure peace.—They are willing to raise their part of the funds to defray the expenses of the deputation; & in conclusion tender you their most hearty co-operation in support of measures calculated to promote the public weal.

All of which is most respectfully submitted for your consideration, by this body.—God and Liberty.
ASA BRIGHAM, P. of A.
W. H. SLEDGE, Sec'y.

FEDERAL CONSTITUTION
The Supreme Executive Power, provisionally appointed by the general sovereign Congress of the Nation, to all who shall see these presents, *Know and Understand*, That the same Congress has decreed and sanctioned the following

FEDERAL CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED MEXICAN STATES.

In the name of GOD all powerful, author and supreme legislator of society. The general constituent Congress of the Mexican Nation, in the discharge of the duties confided to them by their constituents, in order to establish and confirm its Liberty, and promote its prosperity and glory, decrees as follows:—

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED MEXICAN STATES.

TITLE 1st. ONLY SECTION.—Of the Mexican Nation, its Territory and Religion.

ARTICLE 1st. The Mexican Nation is forever free and independent of the Spanish government, and every other power.

2d. Its territory consists of that, which was formerly called the viceroyalty of New Spain, that styled the Captain Generalship of Tucaton; that of the commandant generalship formerly called the internal Provinces of East and West, and that of lower and upper California; with the lands annexed; and adjacent islands in both seas. By a constitutional law, a demarcation of the limits of the Federation will be made as soon as circumstances will permit.

3. The Religion of the Mexican Nation, is, and will be perpetually the Roman Catholic Apostolic. The Nation will protect it by wise and just laws, and prohibit the exercise of any other whatever.

TITLE 2d. ONLY SECTION.—Form of Government of the nation, of its internal parts and division of Supreme power.

4. The Mexican Nation adopts for its Government, the form of Republican representative, popular Federal.

4. The parts of this Federation, are the States and Territories as follows: the state of Chiapas, Chinahua, Coahuila and Texas, Durango, Guanajuato Mexico, Michoacan, New Leon, Oajaca, Puebla de los Angeles, Quere, San Luis Potosi, Sinaloa and Sinaloa, Tabasco, Tamaulipas, Vera Cruz, Xalisco, Yucatan, Zacatecas; the Territory of Upper California, Lower California, Colima and Santa Fe of New Mexico; a constitutional law shall fix the character of Tlaxcala.

6. The supreme power of the Federation will be divided for its exercises, in Legislative, Executive and Judicial.

TITLE 3d. SECTION 1st.—Legislative power, of its nature and the mode of exercising it.

7. The legislative power of the Federation, shall be deposited in a general Congress, this to be divided in two houses, one of Deputies (Representatives) and the oth of Senators.

SECTION 2d.—Of the House of Representatives.

8. The House of Representatives

tives shall be composed of representatives elected totally every two years, by the citizens of the States.

9. The qualifications of the electors shall be constitutionally prescribed by the Legislatures of the States; to whom, likewise, appertains the regulation of the elections in conformity with the principles established by this Constitution.

10. The general basis for the appointment of representatives, shall be the population.

11. For every 80,000 souls, one representative shall be appointed, or for a fraction which passes 40,000. The State which may not contain this population, shall, notwithstanding, appoint one representative.

12. A census of the whole Federation, which shall be formed in five years and renewed every ten, shall serve to designate the number of Deputies corresponding to each State; and in the mean time, it shall be regulated agreeably to the basis established in the former Article, by the census which governed in the election of Deputies in the present Congress.

13. In the same manner shall be elected in each State, the necessary number of supererogatory representatives, in the ratio of one for every three full representatives, or for a fraction amounting to two; the States which may contain more than 40,000 inhabitants, shall appoint a full representative and one supererogatory, who shall have a voice and vote in the formation of laws and decrees.

15. The territory which may not contain the foregoing number of population, shall appoint one full representative and one supererogatory, who shall be entitled to a voice in all matters. The election of Representatives for the Territories shall be regulated by a special law.

16. In every State and Territory of the Federation, the appointment of Representatives shall be made on the first Sunday in October previous to its renovation. The election to be indirect.

17. The election of Representatives concluded. The electoral college, shall remit through their President to the Council of Government, a legal return of the election, and notify the elected of their appointment by an official letter, which shall serve as a credential of election.

18. The President of the Council of Government, shall give to the returns referred to in the preceding Article, the direction prescribed by the regulations of said Council.

[To be Continued.]

A CARD

W. Barrett Travis request a suspension of public opinion in regard to the Capture of the Fort of Anahuac, until he can appear before the public with all the facts and circumstances attending the Capture of that Fort.
San Felipe, July 18th, 1835.

Notice.

C. B. STEWART having applied to the Primary Judge of the town of Columbia for Letters of Administration on the Estate of D. H. Hunter dec'd, in place of W. D. C. Hall, Admr resigned. It is ordered that public notice be given of said application and if cause be not shown within three weeks from this date that the petition of the applicant will be granted.
S. DINSMORE, Primary Judge.
Columbia, June 15th, 1835.


Boarding School.

MISS TRASK respectfully announces to the public that she opened a Boarding School, for young ladies and misses, on the first of January, in Coles' Settlement, Boarding per week, 2 Tuition per quarter, \$6 to \$10 For particulars, these interested are referred to John P. Coles, Coles' Settlement, Asa Hoxey, Dr. J. B. Miller, San Felipe, James F. Perry, Brazoria, W. C. White, Columbia.

NEW ROAD

A New road has been cut out from this place to the Bernardo, crossing at my house, which shortens the distance to Cedar lake 6 miles; persons going to or from Matagorda will find greatly to their advantage to cross the river at my house, where there is good ferry boat always at hand.
J. B. COWAN:

DOCTOR ARTHUR APPENWEITZ HAVING local, in Brazoria, offers his professional services to the Citizens and inhabitants of Texas.—He hopes by his punctuality and success to merit a share of public favor.



Race.

THERE will be a match race over the Columbia Turf, on Thursday, 1st Oct. next, between Capt. John Chaffin's horse Gambler and P. R. Splan's horse Rocket, for One Thousand Dollars.

Also, the Columbia Jockey Club will commence on Monday the 5th October.

PROPOSAL

Repeated applications having been made at this office for copies of the Federal and State Constitutions, and various Statutes of the State, including all the Colonization Laws that time after time have been printed by the different previous proprietors of this establishment, the subscriber and proprietor is now making arrangements to procure all of said laws of the State applicable to this Colony, and to have the same translated by a translator whose capacity shall be admitted, and to publish the same, after the arrangement of several members of the bar; with an Index and marginal notes. The subscriber is well satisfied of the general utility of such a compilation, he therefore intends to spare no pains or expense in its accomplishment. If he receives that support that will justify the publication the work will be offered to the public as soon as it can be prepared, at THREE DOLLARS for each copy, to be paid on the delivery of the Book. That no more than the number subscribed for will be printed, the subscription list is now offered to which all disposed to encourage the work can be subscribed before the same is closed.

F. C. GRAY.

\$150 Reward.

RANAWAY on the 27th ult. from the subscriber living on the Brazos river near the Fort Settlement three negro men, one named Sterling, very black, thirty five to forty years of age, about five feet eight or nine inches high. Joe, a dark mulatto, about thirty five years of age, five and a half feet high or thereabout. Richard a bright mulatto, thirty three years of age, six feet high, very high forehead and bold spoken. When he left his hair was very thick and stood erect. Each of them had a horse; one of which was stolen. There is almost a certainty that the negroes were stolen by Thomas L. Nerson who will probably endeavour to take them to the State of Mississippi. Nerson is about thirty five years of age, six feet high or upwards is very slim and his hair remarkable red; speaks quick and has a down look. The above reward will be given on delivery of the said negroes at my house, or \$50 for either.

WILLIAM HUNTER.
Fort Settlement, July 4th 1835.
44 ft.

DOCTOR T. R. ERWIN. WILL PRACTICE MEDICINE, SURGERY AND OBSTETRICS.

Notice.
THE subscriber having resided in different places in the country takes this occasion to inform those who may want his professional services, that he will wait on them at their residences.—Terms for painting portraits \$12, and upwards. Likeness warranted.
CHARLES KNEASS.
Brazoria, July 18th, 1835.

JUST received and for Sale, A quantity of Corn, Flour, and a variety of other articles, just received from New Orleans per Schr. Shenandoah, and for Sale by
EDMUND ANDREWS.

CHOCOLATE.
24 BOXES Chocolate just received and for Sale by
EDMUND ANDREWS.

A PROCLAMATION.

ON or about the first day of April of the present year, William McGrew and William P. McGrew, in the county of Sumpter, murdered a couple of boys in the foulest manner, and under the most shocking and aggravated circumstances. The oldest of the lads was 16 or 17 years of age, and his little brother about 11 or 12. Their name was Kemp. They were peaceably at work, earning a subsistence for the indigent family to which they belonged, having give no offence or provocation whatever, when they were cruelly shot down; at the same time, in a very wantonness of deliberate and cold blooded murder.

The before mentioned offenders have escaped and are now going at large, and in virtue of the power and authority in me vested, I hereby offer a reward of EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension and delivery of the said offenders, or Four Hundred Dollars for either of them, to Sheriff of Sumpter county so that they may be dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this 21st May, A. D. 1835, and 59th year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN GAYLE.

By the Governor:
E. A. WEBSTER, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION:
William P. McGrew is about twenty four years of age hair a little dark, fair skin and blue eyes; mild, and retiring look when sober; six feet high; William McGrew, the cousin of the other, is about twelve years old, red hair, fair skin; eyes between gray and blue, six feet high; down look and forbidding countenance; both addicted to intemperance.

It is understood that about the sum of Three Thousand Dollars has been subscribed for the apprehension of these persons, by the citizens of Marengo and Sumpter counties, which will doubtless be paid as soon as they are lodged in the proper Jail.

The Printer of the laws of the United States at Mobile, and the State Printer at New Orleans, will publish the foregoing Proclamation, &c, weekly for three months; and forward their accounts to the secretary of State, for payment; They are requested to send their papers, if practicable to a Printer in Texas; who is requested to publish this Proclamation in like manner for three months—the account all to be forwarded to the secretary of State for payment.
JOHN GAYLE:
Tuscaloosa July 23, 1835

\$150 Reward.

RANAWAY on the 27th ult. from the subscriber living on the Brazos river near the Fort Settlement three negro men, one named Sterling, very black, thirty five to forty years of age, about five feet eight or nine inches high, Joe, a dark mulatto, about thirty five years of age, five and a half feet high or thereabout. Richard a bright mulatto, thirty three years of age, six feet high, very high forehead and bold spoken. When he left his hair was very thick and stood erect. Each of them had a horse, one of which was stolen. There is almost a certainty that the negroes were stolen by Thomas I. Nerson who will probably endeavour to take them to the State of Mississippi. Nerson is about thirty five years of age, six feet high or upwards is very slim and his hair remarkable red; speaks quick and has a down look. The above reward will be given on delivery of the said negroes at my house, or \$50 for either.

WILLIAM HUNTER

Fort Settlement, July 4th 1835, 44 ff.

Attorney

I. N. MORELAND will attend to any business entrusted to him—his office is in Liberty on the Trinity river.—Reference
W. T. Sledge, } Columbia.
Jno. Chaffin, }
J. S. D. Byrom, } Brazoria.
P. C. Jack, }
Mosely Baker, } San Felipe.
m21

PROSPECTUS FOR PUBLISHING A PAPER UNDER THE TITLE OF THE TELEGRAPH AND TEXAS PLANTER

The undersigned proposes to publish in the town of SAN FELIX DE AUSTIN, a paper under the above title, the uses of which shall be devoted to the diffusion of political and other useful knowledge.

That this is the most eligible location for such an establishment, is evident, from the fact that it is the point where the communications from the interior are earliest received; and being a central place, papers may be distributed with facility to all parts of the country.

The Telegraph will be a tool to no party, but will fearlessly expose error and political error wherever met with.—Its columns will be open to all; but the editors will reserve to themselves the right of rejecting such communications as they may deem unworthy or improper to be inserted.

The Telegraph will ever be ready to advocate such principles and measures as have a tendency to promote union between Texas and the Mexican Confederation, as well as to expose every thing tending to dissolve or weaken the connexion between them.

Its papers from the interior will be received, and every thing of importance to Texas will be immediately translated and inserted in this paper. Thus will be rendered the most speedy vehicle for conveying to the people the information most important to their interests. No pains will be spared to make this paper interesting to all classes of readers.

By pursuing this course, the editors hope to render the people of Texas a service so important, as to secure a liberal patronage.

JOSEPH BAKER,
C. V. BORDEN, JR.,
JOHN P. BORDEN.

CONDITIONS.
The Telegraph will be printed every week, on a sheet larger than any hitherto published in Texas, at \$5 per annum in advance, \$6 if the expiration of the year, and \$7 if not paid until the end of the year.

DISSOLUTION

THE copartnership heretofore existing in the name and style of A. G. & R. Mills is by mutual consent, this day dissolved, except in liquidation, those having claims against them will please present them for payment and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment, or satisfactory arrangements—otherwise indulgence will not be given.

A. G. Mills,
R. Mills.

N. B. The business will in future be conducted by Robert Mills and David G. Mills in the name and style of Robert Mills & Co. and their goods will be sold at reasonable prices for cash, and on the usual credit, to punctual customers.

NOTICE TO SHIP-MASTERS.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that another flag staff has been erected at the mouth of the Rio Brazos and as the bar is very often too rough for boats to board vessels, they might be deceived by seeing both flags flying and in range together; therefore the following signals will be exhibited:

At high water will be hoisted at the flagstaff a white flag with a Mexican Eagle, in black in the middle. If it is half tide or low water the same will be hoisted at half mast only—should she not be boarded and there be plenty of water on the Bar the following rules may be observed:

When the vessel is near down to the Bar the flag on the flagstaff will be hauled down and two smaller flags erected at a suitable distance from each other these flags will be a black Ball on a white ground—and are the ranges for crossing the Bar without a Pilot. In running down should it be rough for boats to come out you should lay off and on, taking care not to get to the Westward of the Bar as there is generally a strong current setting in that direction, and unless your vessel sails well it will be almost impossible to come in. Vessels with good ground tackle need not be afraid to anchor off the Bar, taking care to anchor in 4 1/2 fathoms water in rough weather, and in fine weather they can anchor in safety in 3 1/2 fathoms. When vessels are off the Bar in bad weather, a fire will be made on the Beach every night. I shall still continue to conduct the Pilotage as usual and so do my duty at the hazard of my life.

J. CROWN, Pilot.

Mouth of Rio Brazos, May 23rd 1835.

Notice.

THE subscriber having returned to Brazoria from a professional visit to the country, is now prepared to wait on those persons, who may want his services.

39 ff. CHARLES KNEASS.

WAGON MAKING

THE subscriber is now prepared to attend to any business in his line, his shop is at his plantation on the Bernardo, three miles from Brazoria where wagons will be made and repaired on moderate terms.

J. B. COWAN.

VELASCO HOTEL

THE subscriber having leased the above establishment is now prepared to accommodate all those who may favor him with their custom—Private rooms are now prepared for the accommodation of families who may wish to spend the summer on the coast. He hopes by strict attention to the comfort of his guests, to receive a share of public patronage.

44 ff. J. C. DOWNER.

BY virtue of a decree of the Honorable Silas Dinsmore, primary Judge of the jurisdiction of Columbia bearing date 2nd day of March last, will be sold at Public Auction for cash in hand, at the Court house in the Town of Columbia on the 21st day of August next; the following tracts of Land as the property of Thomas Cayce the same having been specially mortgaged and pledged for the payment of the purchase money, viz: One League of land known as the Teel league situated on the San Bernardo and also the half of a league lying immediately below References to which will be so particular and satisfactory on the day of sale. The above property will be sold at the instance of George Huff as Curator of the succession of Samuel Sawyer deceased.

JOHN CHAFFIN, DEPUTY SHERIFF

JUST received and for Sale, A quantity of Corn, Flour, and a variety of other articles, just received from New Orleans per Schr. Shenandoah, and for Sale by

EDMUND ANDREWS.

CHOCOLATE.
24 BOXES Chocolate just received and for Sale by EDMUND ANDREWS.

Notice.

THE Harrisburg Steam Mills are now in complete order, and number can be had at Twenty five Dollars per thousand. Delivered at the Mills.

M. W. SMITH,
President of the H. S. M. C.
Harrisburg, July 11th 1835. —ff—

GROceries.

Fresh Superfine Flour,
Canned Hams,
Mess Pork and Beef,
Sugar and Coffee
Cognac Brandy,
Lemon Syrup, &c. &c.

for Sale by
L. C. MANSON
July 12. 3c—45.

Notice.

HAVING sold my stock of goods for the purpose of closing my business—all those indebted to me are most earnestly solicited to make immediate payment Messrs. Bennett & Sharp will attend to the settlement of any business of mine when I may be absent.

STERLING M'NEEL.

Brazoria July 4th, 1835.—43 3c.—

NEW TOWN AT THE MOUTH OF THE LABACCA

AND at the Pass of Matagorda Bay Known by the name of Cox's point.

This town presents every advantage of location necessary to the establishment of a commercial place, being the only good landing at the bay where vessels can come to with safety, and the most convenient to the Mexican trade, and also surrounded by a fine body of land it must evidently be a town of business in a very short time.

A Sale of Lots will take place on the 9th day of July next.

Purchases can be made at private sale previous to the day of sale.

Notice.

THE undersigned gives this public notice that he has been appointed Agent for the different Insurance Companies in the city of New-Orleans; and whereas, in order the insurers may be the more fully satisfied of the fairness of all losses that may hereafter happen here or on the adjacent coast, certifies of the Agent will be required before any loss will be paid.

EDMUND ANDREWS.

LEAGUE & AINSWORTH
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
COLUMBIA, JUNE 6, 1835.

40. ff.

**DOCTOR
JOHN Y. WALLACE**

Respectfully offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Columbia and its vicinity.

DR. E. HARRIS,
HAVING located himself permanently in Columbia for the purpose of practising Medicine, Surgery, &c; is now ready to attend to any business in his line. His office is next door to Mr. John Chaffin. By strict attention to business, together with the success which has attended a long course of practice in the United States of the North, he hopes to share a part of that public patronage which has been so liberally bestowed on his brothers in the profession.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE undersigned having entered into Copartnership, under the firm of Bennett & Sharp, in the purchase of the entire stock of Merchandise formerly belonging to Mr. Sterling M'Neel are now prepared to dispose of them on as reasonable terms as goods of the same quality can be bought in the country. The Stock consists of a general assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, MEDICINES, &c. &c.

Our Friends and the Public generally, are respectfully invited to give us a CALL.

THEODORE BENNET.
JOHN SHARP.

Brazoria, June 3d, 1835. —40—ff.

DOCTOR T. R. ERWIN.

WILL PRACTICE MEDICINE, SURGERY AND OBSTETRICS. 45-1

THE estate late property of Edward Robertson deceased, will be leased for the term of one year, it is situated 3-4 of mile from town, and consists of about one hundred and twenty acres of land, twenty of which is cleared and under fence, a good house kitchen &c.—Terms made known on application to EDMUND ANDREWS. Brazoria, March 7th, 1835.

NEW GOOD HANDY & LUSK

HAVE just received from New-York, per schooner Elizabeth Jane, a very extensive assortment of NEW AND SEASONABLE BRITISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN DRY GOODS—All of which they offer for sale by the Bale, Case or Piece, at New Orleans prices, for cash. Also, a full assortment of fashionable ready made summer clothing. Fine Guns, pocket, belt, holster and duelling pistols; a few medicine chests for plantation.

A PROCLAMATION.

ON or about the first day of April of the present year, William McGrew and William P. McGrew, in the county of Sumpter, murdered a couple of boys in the foulest manner, and under the most shocking and aggravated circumstances. The oldest of the lads was 16 or 17 years of age, and his little brother about 11 or 12. Their name was Kemp. They were peaceably at work, earning a subsistence for the indigent family to which they belonged, having give no offence or provocation whatever, when they were cruelly shot down, at the same time, in a very wantonness of deliberate and cold blooded murder.

The before mentioned offenders have escaped and are now going at large, and in virtue of the power and authority in me vested, I hereby offer a reward of EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension and delivery of the said offenders, or Four Hundred Dollars for either of them, to Sheriff of Sumpter county, so that they may be dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this 21st May, A. D. 1835, and 59th year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN GAYLE.

By the Governor:
E. A. WHEATON, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION.

William P. McGrew is about twenty four years of age hair a little dark, fair skin and blue eyes; mild, and retiring look when sober; six feet high. William McGrew, the cousin of the other, is about twelve years old, red hair, fair skin, eyes between gray and blue, six feet high, down look and

forbidding countenance; both addicted to intemperance.

It is understood that about the sum of Three Thousand Dollars has been subscribed for the apprehension of these persons, by the citizens of Marengo and Sumpter counties, which will doubtless be paid as soon as they are lodged in the proper Jail.

The Printer of the Laws of the United States at Mobile, and the State Printer at New Orleans, will publish the foregoing Proclamation, &c, weekly for three months, and forward their accounts to the Secretary of State, for payment. They are requested to send their papers, if practicable to a Printer in Texas, who is requested to publish this Proclamation in like manner for three months—the account all so to be forwarded to the Secretary of State for payment.

JOHN GAYLE.

Tuscaloosa May 22, 1835.

PROPOSAL.

Repeated applications having been made at this office for copies of the Federal and State Constitutions, and various Statutes of the State, including all the Colonization Laws that time after time have been printed by the different previous proprietors of this establishment, the subscriber and proprietor is now making arrangements to procure all of said laws of the State applicable to this Colony, and to have the same translated by a translator whose capacity shall be admitted, and to publish the same, after the arrangement of several members of the bar, with an Index and marginal notes. The subscriber is satisfied of the generality of such a compilation, and fore intends to spare no expense in its accomplishment. If he receives that support that will justify the publication the work will be offered to the public as soon as it can be prepared, at THREE DOLLARS for each copy, to be paid on the delivery of the Book. That no more than the number subscribed for will be printed, the subscription list is now offered to which all disposed to encourage the work can be subscribed before the same is closed.

F. C. GRAY.

Race.

THERE will be a match race over the Columbia Turf on Thursday, 1st Oct. next, between Cant. John Chaffin's horse Gambler and P. R. Sulan's horse Rocket, for One Thousand Dollars.

Also, the Columbia Jockey Club will commence on Monday the 5th October.

Notice.

COLUMBUS R. PATTON, having applied to the Primary Judge of the Jurisdiction of Columbia, for letters of Administration on the succession of William Alexander late of this Jurisdiction, deceased. It is ordered by the Court that Public Notice be given of said application and if cause be not shewn within thirty days from this date that the petition of the applicant will be granted.

SILAS DINSMORE JR., Primary Judge.
Columbia, June 3d, 1835—40 ff.

DOCTOR ARTHUR APPELWEIN

HAVING located in Brazoria, offers his professional services to the Citizens and inhabitants of that County as—He hopes by his ability and success to share a share of public favor.