

DAILY EXPRESS.
OFFICE—MAIN STREET.

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WEEKLY EXPRESS.
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ADVERTISEMENTS FOR DAILY AND WEEKLY
25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

VOL. V.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1871.

NO. 53.

1871.

THOMAS H. BARRY. CH. HUGO.
Late-Barry & Cole.

BARRY & HUGO,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

AND

COUNTRY PRODUCE,
Hides, Wool, &c.

LOPEZ HOUSE, MAIN STREET,
East side of the river, opposite new Catholic
Church, near corner of Alamo street,
Flour, Meal, Corn, Tobacco, Cigars and
Wines.

Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats,
&c. We have a large wagon yard attached
to the store, and camp shed for the accom-
modation of our country friends.
7-17dflm.

52. Commerce Street. 52.

(ONE DOOR EAST OF THE POST-OFFICE.)

ROSENTHAL & CO.,
IMPORTERS.

AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LIQUORS,

Vines, Brandies, &c.

OFFER A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Whiskies,

Brandies,

Cognac,

Wines,

Champagnes, &c.

At prices that defy competition.
30-7-70d&wflm.

NEW STOCK
Received by F. Guilleau.

BEST CLARET.

Claret in Casks and Boxes.
Muscat, Prunes in Jars.
Madiera, in Casks of Gallons.
Sherry, " "
Oporto, " "
Highest Cash price paid for hides and
country produce.
28-4-70dflm. F. GUILLEAU.

JUST RECEIVED,

D. Landreth and Son's fresh garden and
flower seeds Quince Buttons, Peas, Beans
and grass seeds.

Agricultural Implements,
Hardware, Nails, Wire,
Wooden-ware, Groceries,
Paints, Oils, and Brushes,
Corks, Sponges,

Rosedale Cement.

Astral Oil etc., children Carriages and
Cabs, Boys' and Toy wagons and wheel-
barrows, by

LOUIS HUTH,

Market street, nearly opposite
Braden Hotel.

2-11-69)

D. Landreth's & Son.,

FRESH GARDEN

AND

Flower Seeds.

Mixed Canary Seed, by
25-1-70d&wflm. WAGNER & RUMMEL.

IRON! IRON!! IRON!!!

H. GRENET,

Has now on hand,

200,000 Pounds

OF

Refined English Iron.

ALSO,

CAST AND SPRING STEEL.

All of which were imported direct from
the best English manufacturers.
9-2-71dflm.

50 BARRELS SEED POTATOES.

Landreth's "Early Rose," "Early Goodrich," and "White Peach Blow."

Landreth's fresh Garden
and Flower Seeds,

Onion Buttons,

Peas, Beans, Grapes,

Millet, Sugar Cane

Seeds, &c., &c.

Terra Cotta Flower Pots,
Vases and Baskets.

A general assortment of Agricultural
and Horticultural Implements, Hardware,
Woodenware, Groceries, Tobacco and
Sugars. Astral Oil, &c. Children's car-
riages and cabs, Toy Wagons, &c. Just
received by

LOUIS HUTH,

Market st., nearly opposite Braden Hotel.
28-1-71dflm.

LUMBER!

LUMBER!!

BUILDERS! BUILDERS!!

The especial attention of all those

that intend to build, as

well as the

Lumber Dealers

OF

SAN ANTONIO,

And the surrounding country, are
invited to the fact that I am now

PREPARED

To fill any ORDERS at the

LOWEST

PRICES,

OF

FLORIDA PINE

LOUISIANA CYPRESS,

BLACK WALNUT,

Rough and dressed

FLOORING.

SHINGLES

Of the BEST QUALITY, and all
other kinds of Building Material.

EDWARD STEVES,

ALAMO PLAZA,

SAN ANTONIO.

How California was Preserved
to the Union—A Chapter in the
History of the Great Rebellion.

In the dark days of 1861, State after State was throwing off allegiance to the Union, and joining the unholy alliance which was to perpetuate human bondage. Fortress after fortress, on the Southern coast, with their heavy ordinance and munitions of war, was being destroyed, lest they should fall into the hands of the enemy. Every department of government contained rebel spies, and the very air in our National Capital seemed loaded with treason, when there came, one day, to our good President a message that caused his cheek to pale, and his great heart to beat quick with apprehension. This was the message—short as it was ominous: "There is treason on Alcatraz." Alcatraz is the name of the island and fort that guards the Golden Gate, and commands the harbor and city of San Francisco. It is a rock of a few acres in extent, rising, perhaps, fifty feet above the surface of the water. The fort is the Gibraltar of America, as much stronger than Sumter or Pickens as solid rock is stronger than brick and mortar. Its commander at this time was Albert Sidney Johnston. The force under his command consisted of but a few companies. The Pacific coast was strongly Democratic. Its population consisted largely of immigrants from the slave States, who retained an intensely Southern feeling and sympathy, embittered by the fact that the great State of California had been lost to slavery upon its admission into the Union ten years before. A few leading spirits had long been in correspondence with the leaders in the rebellion. At their suggestion, more than a year before, Floyd, then Secretary of War, had, unknown to any loyal person living, transferred \$8,000 stand of arms from the arsenal at Troy to that of Benicia, to be used by the secessionists in California, when the plot should be ripe, and the rebel flag unfurled. The programme of the traitors was this: To obtain possession of Fort Alcatraz, which would give them control of the city of San Francisco. Then, with the arms stored at Benicia, they could at once arm and organize a force that would be irresistible throughout the State. It was a brilliant conception to gain slavery the whole Pacific coast, with its boundless resources, as well as all the vast region to the eastward, extending the Confederacy unbroken from the Atlantic to the Pacific seas. To insure the success of this scheme, Albert Sidney Johnson was placed in command of Fort Alcatraz. It was arranged that the leaders in San Francisco, with a force of picked men sufficient for the purpose, should surprise and capture the fort. The details were all arranged. They were waiting only for orders from the rebel government to strike the fatal blow. The birds of the air carried whispers of this treason to loyal ears. No time was to be lost. The mails were then carried semi-monthly by steamer between New York and San Francisco. The time was from three to four weeks. There was then no telegraph, no railroad even, west of the Missouri River. There was, however, a pony express running from San Francisco to St. Joseph, Mo., making the distance in sixteen days. By this express a message was instantly dispatched, warning President Lincoln of the danger. The message was duly received, and a hurried consultation was held with two or three members of his Cabinet. It was decided that Johnston must be superseded by a loyal officer. There was such an one at hand, one whose loyalty and integrity were perfect and unquestionable, a knight without fear and without reproach. It was General Sumner. But how should he secure the command? The fortress was six thousand miles away by the travelled route. If the least movement in that direction was made openly, fugal couriers, would carry the warning over the plains, and it would be too late. The utmost secrecy was imperative. There chanced to be a government war steamer in New York harbor. General Sumner was at once ordered on board this vessel, and its commander directed to put to sea instantly, with sealed orders, which were to be opened when one day out of port. These orders directed him to lay upon the track of the outgoing Cal-

ifornia mail steamers, look out for the one which was to sail the next day, put General Sumner on board her, and then cruise southward a week before returning to port. These orders were obeyed. The rebel spies were baffled, and the gallant Sumner, unsuspected, was on his way to assume command of Alcatraz.

Meanwhile its traitorous commander and his confederates were impatiently awaiting their orders from the rebel government by this very steamer. In due time the signal on Telegraph Hill announced the mail steamer at the Golden Gate. Within the city all was expectation and excitement. The eager throng who thronged the streets, expectant of thrilling news from their old homes so far away, hardly noticed the momentary pause of the steamer, when passing Fort Alcatraz, nor did they note the little boat that shot off from her side toward the island, yet that tiny boat bore more to them than Caesar and his fortunes. It bore General Sumner, who in a few minutes stood before the traitor commander, and, as his superior in rank, and under special orders from the President, assumed command of Fort Alcatraz. California was saved to the Union. Its people, viewing from afar the carnage and desolation of war, soon came to gaze with horror upon the dark abyss into which wicked and unscrupulous treason would have plunged them. And, with patriotism awakened by the inspired eloquence of Starr King, whose lips seemed touched with hallowed fire, they renewed their allegiance to the Union of their fathers. Thenceforth there was no more loyal State than California.

It is great distance from the scene of conflict forbade its full representation in the armies of the Union, but its Factorian streams of gold replenished the exhausted treasury of the nation, and its magnificent contributions to the sanitary fund attested that the heart of its people was loyal and true. Of the plotters of treason, many made their way at once to the rebel armies. Albert Sidney Johnson was rewarded with a high command, and died on the battle field at Pittsburgh Landing. Chicago Tribune.

Water Clocks.

Bowls were used to measure time, from which water, drop by drop, was discharged through a small aperture. Such bowls were called water clocks (*clepsydrae*). It was then observed how much water from such a bowl or cask, from sunrise till the shortest shadow, trickled down into another bowl placed beneath; and this time being the half of the whole solar day, was divided into six hours. Consequently, they took a sixth of the water which had trickled down, poured it into the upper bowl, and, this discharged, one hour had expired. But afterward a more convenient arrangement was made. They observed how high the water at each hour rose in the lower bowl, marked those points, and counted them, thus finding how many hours there were till sunrise. With the Chinese water clocks, or clepsydras, are very old. They used a round vessel, filled with water, with a little hole in the bottom, which was placed upon another vessel. When the water in the upper vessel pressed down into the lower vessel, it subsided by degrees, announcing thereby the parts of time elapsed. The Babylonians are said to have used such instruments; from them the Greeks of Asia Minor got them, at the time of King Cyrus, about the year 550 before Christ. But the Romans did not get the first water clock before the year 160 before Christ. But though the hours of the clepsydra did not vary in length, they still counted them from the morning. When the clock with us strikes seven the ancients counted one; when the clock with us strikes twelve, the ancients counted six, and so forth. This method of counting the hours was according to the New Testament, also customary in Palestine at the time of Christ. The water clocks had this advantage that they could be used in the night; and the Romans used them to divide their night watches, which were relieved four times, both summer and winter. Conformably to these four night watches time was counted, not only in Rome, but wherever Roman garrisons were stationed; consequently, also in

Palestine, after she had become a Roman province. The first night-watch was called *vespera* (evening), from sunset to 9 o'clock; the second, *media nocte* (midnight), from 9 to 2 o'clock; the third, *gallicinum* (cock crowing), from 2 to 3 o'clock; and fourth, *morn* (morning) from 3 o'clock to daybreak. [Old and New.

A MOTHER, in speaking of the smartness of her son, a lad of 6 years old, said: "He can read fluently, repeat the whole catechism, and weed onions as well as his father." "Yes, mother," added the young hopeful, "and yesterday, I licked Ned Rawson, threw the cat in the well, and stole old Hickory's gimlet."

With big tears in her eyes, a sweet little Pennsylvania girl of five summers asked:

"Will dear little brother Johnny die tonight, mother?" And when she was assured that the doctor thought not, she continued, while sobs choked her utterance, "Poor Johnny, I wish he would, 'cause then I could have his little white-handled knife and fork."

Mr. Golden, an old bachelor editor, thus, in his spite, comments on a recent moonlight incident:

"We left our sanctum at midnight last night, and on our way home we saw a ragged lady and gentleman holding a gate on its hinges. They were evidently indignant at being out so late, and we saw them kiss each other several times."

PROF. AGASSIZ, of the Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Massachusetts, makes an appeal for live specimens of every variety of trout, salmon and whitefish found in the waters of this continent, to assist him in the preparation of an illustrated work on the American Salmonidae. Specimens of the diminutive landlocked salmon, and the rarer kinds of the lake trout and sea trout, are particularly desired.

PRACTICAL POINT. A teacher of freedmen was sitting in the window of her room watching two negroes loading goats into a cart. One of them was disposed to shirk; the other stopped, and looking sharply at the lazy one, said: "Sam, do you expect to go to Heaven?" "Yes." "Then take hold and lift."

Lumber Yard!

LUMBER YARD!!

BRACKENRIDGE & STAPP,

INDIANOLA

AND

SAN ANTONIO

Having opened a
SUPPLY LUMBER YARD

In Indianola, we now offer to the public a large and full assortment of

Yellow Pine Lumber.

Boards of all dimensions.

Rough and Dressed Flooring,

Ceilings, Shingles, &c., &c.

We invite the especial attention of our lumber dealers in San Antonio. In addition to the above we keep constantly on hand in San Antonio, a full assortment of

BLACK WALNUT,

TEXAS LUMBER, SHINGLES

AND

Cedar Posts and Pickets.

Lumber yard on

MAIN STREET,

Opposite the Post House,

The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. RIEMERING & CO., Publishers.

STANLEY WELCH, Editor.

FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

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JAS. D. NEWCOMB, Secretary; ALEXANDER

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

W. J. PHILLIPS, Wharton.
W. H. MOORE, Austin.
W. B. HUBB, Galveston.
A. NELSON, Texas.
W. B. COOPER, Waco.
W. W. FLANAGAN, Walling Falls, York.
W. J. W. SMITH, Elkhorn, Franklin Co.
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W. H. SCHAFFNER, Madison.
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JNO. W. M. DONALD, secretary.

REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, 4TH
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Wm. J. Newcomb, Chairman; Asst. Com.
W. H. Moore, Secretary; Austin.
J. E. H. Thompson, Clinton, 4th District.
H. C. J. Williams, San Antonio, 1st District.
John B. H. Baker, Lockhart, 2nd District.
W. H. Marion, of Austin, 3rd District.
David Bell, of San Antonio, 4th District.
Lewis G. Brown, Corpus Christi, 5th District.

BLANK DEEDS,
For Sale at this Office.

Policy of the Administration.

In conclusion, I would sum up the policy of the Administration to be a thorough enforcement of every law, a faithful collection of every tax provided for, economy in the disbursement of the same, a prompt payment of every debt of the nation, the reduction of the taxes as rapidly as the requirements of the country will admit, the reduction of taxation and tariff to be so arranged as to afford the greatest relief to the greatest number, honest and fair dealing with all other people, to the end that war, with all its blighting consequences, may be avoided, but without **SURRENDERING** any right or obligation due to us, a REFORM in the treatment of Indians and in the whole civil service of the country, and finally in securing a pure, untrammeled ballot, where **EVERY MAN** entitled to cast a vote may do so just once at each election, without **FEAR** of molestation or **PUNISHMENT** on account of his political faith, NATIVITY OR COLOR.

U. S. GRANT,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1870.

**Fashionable Intelligence from
Nevada.**

A STYLISH BALL AT CARSON.

A correspondent of the White Pine (Nevada) News, writing from Carson, gives some peculiar particulars as to the fashionable customs to be seen there. Here is an account of the style in which some of the ladies dress:

"Miss X——— was attired in point-applyky dress, court-train, with green linen overskirt and hair a la panay. Her skirt were measured in tourures of red velvet, with silver buckles."

"Miss L———, of Ophir City, wore a waterfall of magnificent proportions, which a lady friend informed me cost \$40 in Virginia.

"Miss M———, of Sand Springs, was dressed in blanned taffeta, with inset sleeves and illusion lace slippers, fluted and flounced, hair short, and a cabbage rose set in diamonds, on her forehead. She was the stunningest looking gal in the outfit."

Mrs. M———, of Secret Canyon, looked magnificent in full suit of Mormon homespun, and wore her hair trimmed bias, which set off her masculine beauty to the greatest advantage.

"Mrs. A. C. C———, of White Pine, was really, to my notion, the most handsomely dressed woman in the room. This is on the square. She wore a white silk alapen shant dress, scalloped and flounced and trimmed with silver fringe, and looked splendid. Some of these high-toned Carson folks thought it wasn't pretty because there were not eight or nine yards of surplus silk dragging around the floor upsetting bashful young fellows like me. But I thought it was, as Marcus would say, smooth as oil from the can."

"Mrs. John W———, of White Pine, was also neatly and handsomely attired. She wore a dark drab silk, tastefully trimmed with point applyky lace, point lace collar trimmed with scarlet, and her whole appearance was tasteful in the extreme."

How to Make a Whistle Out of a Pig's Tail.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

Ieonoicism is the predominant feature of the present century. One by one the myths and legends of antiquity are dissipated by the mousing antiquaries. William Tell has been shorn of his pomological feat in archery, and then we are asked to believe, in the next breath, that the Swiss champion never lived at all, and that Tell is simply a two-told tale. That olive-hued, dark-

haired, and symmetrical maiden of the forest, Pocahontas, is metamorphosed into a dirty shabby squaw, whose delight it was to roll down hill in the mud and turn somersaults, and possibly swing on the wigwam gate or slide down the Powhatan's cellar door, and who never saved the life of doughty John Smith, the ubiquity of whose name may well lead us to doubt next the existence of the white hero himself, George Washington's little hatchet and his father's cherry tree can no longer figure in the Sunday School books as lesson for small boys, for it is now ascertained that he did not cut the cherry tree at all. Not satisfied with demolishing the myths and legends, the inconceivables have now seized upon the proverbs. The well-known saw that "you cannot make a whistle out of a pig's tail," no longer cuts a figure among the conventional maxims. Mr. Dodge, an artist of this city, working between commissions, has practically refuted the proverb by constructing a whistle out of a pig's tail. It is a good whistle, a clear, melodious whistle, and a better whistle than can be made from the pianoforte wire low." An alspies berry in the tail gives it a trill which Carlotta Patti might envy. The graceful swirl which marked the poohie appends while in the still remains.

As the demolition of the proverbs is now in order, we suggest to some of our other artists, who have plenty of leisure on hand, that they attack the assertion that "you cannot make a whistle out of a cow's ear." Thisfeat accomplished, both extenuation of the animal will have subserved a dignified purpose, and the literature of proverbs can be said to have gone the whole hog.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10, 1871.
The Professor is a Cutty.
TRUE STORY OF "OLD PEROX."

In the fifth chapter of the Rev. Elijah Kellogg's college story, now in course of publication as a serial in Oliver Optic's Magazine, appears the following droll narrative:

"A singular illustration of the extent to which theory fails in practice was furnished by a venerated professor — a most distinguished mathematician, whose works are still used as textbooks in many of our institutions — and occurred within the compass of our own experience."

"He went to Bethel; on his return he spent the Sabbath at Lewiston. Monday morning he was told the horse was sick. Nevertheless, he started. The horse went a few rods, fell down, and broke both thighs. He then sent his wife home and also sent to Brunswick for another horse and carriage to take him and the broken chaise home. When the driver came they lashed the two vehicles together and started. All went well till they came to the first long steep hill between Lewiston and Brunswick; on its summit they held a consultation. The Professor had an exaggerated idea of his strength, and said, 'Mr. Chandler, it is too much for the horse to hold these two carriages on this steep descent; take the horse out; I will get into the shafts.'

"Professor the breaching is strong, and so is the arm-girth."
"But the horse, Mr. Chandler, it is too much for the horse. Besides, being stronger, I know how to take advantage of the descent, and manage it much better than the horse."
"If the horse can't hold it, you can't."

"Do you sir, intend to place me, in point of intelligence and knowledge of mechanical forces, below a horse? I have made mathematics the study of a lifetime."

"I have no intention to be disrespectful, sir; but I know that a horse understands his own business — which is handling a load on a hill — better than all the professors in the United States. I was sent up here by my employer, who confides in me, to take care of his property; if you will take the business out of my hands, and be horse yourself, you must be answerable for the consequence."

"The Professor had a habit, when a little excited, of giving a nervous twitch at the lappet of his coat with his right hand."

"I," he replied with a most emphatic twitch, "assume all responsibility."

"The driver, in reality nothing loth to witness the operation, took off the horse and held him by the bridle; and the Professor getting into the shafts took hold of them at the ends. The forward carriage was just descending the hill and the hinder one a little over the summit when the Professor trod upon a rolling stone, which caused him to lunge forward and increased the velocity of his lunge so much that he was forced to walk faster than he desired and exchange the slanting position — with his shoulders thrown well back and feet well braced which he had at first done — for a perpendicular one. At length he was pushed into a run;

the carriage were going at a fear-

ful rate. At the bottom of the hill was a brook; on each side, precipitous banks. The Professor was between Scylla and Charybdis, going nine feet at a leap. In order to cramp the forward wheel he turned suddenly to the right. The shafts of the forward carriage went two feet into the bank, breaking both of them short off; the lashings of the hinder one slipped; it ran into the forward one breaking the tender, and both vehicles turned over down hill with a tremendous crash,

the learned gentleman describing a parabola — one of his favorite figures — and landing some rods away. He rose from the earth a ducie and wiser man; knees skinned, pants torn, a piece of skin knocked off his forehead, and his best hat flat as a pancake underneath the hind carriage; and looking around he exclaim'd, "Is it possible I could have been so much deceived as to the momentum?" It was prodigious!

"I don't know anything about momentum," replied Chandler, "but I know something about horses. I know it makes a mighty difference about holding back a load on a steep hill, whether a horse has two legs or four, and whether he weighs a hundred and seventy-five or twelve hundred pounds."

"It cost the Professor thirty-six dollars and fifty cents to ascertain how much horse-power he represented."

ESTRAY NOTICE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

County of Uvalde.

Taken up by J. F. Robinson, a citizen of the country and State aforesaid, and estrayed before A. B. Dillard, Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1, Uvalde county, two miles of the following description, 45. wit: One mafit more than 4 years old, 13 hands high, branded with a Mexican brand on the left thigh, appraisal at forty (\$40) dollars.

One mane-colored horse-mare, five years old, 12 hands high, branded with two Mexican brands, one on the left thigh and the other on the left shoulder, appraised at thirty (\$30) dollars. The owner is hereby required to come forward prove property and pay charges, or the same will be sold as the law directs.

Witness my hand and official Seal at Office [s] in Uvalde, this 20th day of February, A. D. 1871.

Julius W. Van Slyck.

ATTORNEY & C., AT LAW.

Having returned to his old home, has resumed the practice of Law. Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. Office in French's building. (7-9-704&WTF)

JUST RECEIVED

400 Barrels Flour.

100 " Whiskey.

500 Boxes Bitters.

300 " Rhine Wines.

Potatoes, Herring's Pickles, Cheese, Lentils, Barley, Rice, Sage, Peas, dried and green Apples, Peaches, Raisins, Almonds, Figs, Brazil Nuts, Brandy and Can Fruits, Jellies, Sardines, etc., etc., etc.

WAGNER & RUMMEL

92-2704&WTF.

W. WESTHOFF.

L. FREUSS.

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

Merchants,

AND

DEALERS IN HARDWARE.

General Advances made on Consignments Country Produce, (d&w)

Administrator's Notice.

All persons holding claims against the estate of Patrick O'Brian, deceased, are hereby notified to present them to the administrator for approval and allowance, within the time prescribed by law. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to call and settle.

ED. BRAIDEN,

Adm'r Est. of Patrick O'Brian, dec'd.

15-2711&WTF.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas, at the February term, 1871, the Honorable District Court of Texas granted an order to sell lot No. 8, in Block No. 2, Avenue B, in that part of the city of San Antonio, county of Bexar, and State of Texas, known as Alamo city, belonging to the estate of T. D. Stith, deceased, for the payment of debts.

Now, therefore, I, N. O. Green, as administrator of the said estate, will on the first Tuesday, the 7th day of March, 1871, sell before the courthouse door of Bexar county, for cash, the above described property.

N. O. GREEN,

Adm'r of the Estate of T. D. Stith, dec'd.

15-2711&WTF.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

I will sell in forty acre lots, at the Court-house door of Wilson county, Texas, within the hours prescribed by law, on the first Tuesday in the month of April, 1871, it being the 4th day of said month, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following described property, to wit:

One thousand acres of land, part of the North Navidad headright survey No. 87, situated in Wilson county, Texas, on the waters of the Eleto creek, and bounded on the north and east by surveys 27 and 28, and on the south and west by the Garza, Losoya and Hall surveys; levied on by me as the property of Creed Taylor, by virtue of an execution issued by the Honorable District Court of Gonzales county, on the 29th day of November, A. D. 1870, to satisfy a judgment rendered in said Court on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1867, in favor of D. Randon and against Creed Taylor and Harrison Askew.

N. O. GREEN,

Sheriff, Wilson county.

By J. N. WALLACE, Deputy. (16-2711&WTF)

SHERIFF'S SALE.

I will sell in the town of Sutherland

Springs, Wilson county, Texas, at public auction, within the hours prescribed by law, on the 13th day of March, 1871,

to the highest and best bidder, for cash, the following described property, to wit:

One eighteen horse power Steam Engine, with

boiler, pump, and engine house.

Prepared by the GRAFTON MEDICAL CO., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by Druggists and Dealers in Medicine everywhere.

Address, 16-2711&WTF.

PATENT HAND CHISEL from Philadelphia, just received by

J. N. WALLACE, Deputy. (16-2711&WTF)

WAGNER & RUMMEL

16-2711&WTF.

WAGONS! WAGONS!



FROM THE MANUFACTORIES OF

WILCOX, CHILDS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

EMPIRE WAGONS, Saint Louis, Mo.

STUDENHARDT BROS., South Bend, Ind.

ELI & REEDER & REEDER, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

Of all which, a complete assortment always on hand.

IRON-AXLE and Thimble-Skein Wagons, with Springs.

ED. CHILDS, 16-2711&WTF.

A. STAACHE,

29-9-704&WTF. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

THE GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY!

DAILY EXPRESS.

Department of Texas.

Colonel J. J. REYNOLDS, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Commanding.

DEPARTMENT STAFF:

Major H Clay Wood, Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Army, Adjutant General; Lieutenant Colonel James H Carleton, 4th U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General;

Captain James Curtis, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General;

Major Dewitt Clinton, Judge Advocate, U. S. Army, Judge Advocate;

First Lieutenant Gustave H Radetzk, 8th U. S. Cavalry, Acting Signal Officer;

Lieutenant Colonel James A Ekin, Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. Army;

Chief Quartermaster,

Captain Samuel T Cushing, Commissary of Subsistence, U. S. Army; Chief Commissary of Subsistence;

Major Lewis A Edwards, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Medical Director;

Major John F Hammond, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Attending Surgeon;

Major George L Felker, U. S. Army;

Chief Paymaster, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Captain Lewis C Overton, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Engineer Officer;

Captain Robert H Hall, 11th U. S. Infantry, Acting Ordnance Officer.

GENERAL STAFF OFFICERS REPORTING DUTIES:

REUTER'S CHIEFS OF STAFF:

Captain Benjamin C Card, Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Deputy Quartermaster, San Antonio, Texas;

Captain W G Hodges, Military Stores keeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas;

Captain N D A Sawyer, Military Stores keeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Acting Assistant Quartermaster, Indiana, Texas;

Major John F Randolph, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Attending Surgeon, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Major Edwin D Judd, Paymaster, U. S. Army, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Major William Smith, Paymaster, U. S. Army, New Orleans, Louisiana;

Major Charles M Terrell, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas;

Major George E Glenn, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas;

Major Peter P G Hall, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas;

Major Wm P Gould, Paymaster, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas.

ROSTER OF TROOPS

SERVING IN THE

Department of Texas,

January 1, 1871.

Austin, Texas, Comdg Officer, Major J K Mizner, 4th cavalry; company D, 12th Infantry.

Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., Comdg Officer, Major J W Todd, Ordnance Dept., U. S. Army; Detachment of Ordnance.

Baton Rouge Barracks, La., Comdg Officer, Lt. Col Alfred Sally, 10th Inf. cos. G and H 12th Inf.

Fort Bliss, Texas, Comdg Officer, Major H C Morrissey, 24th Infantry; company A, 24th Inf.

Fort Brown, Texas, Comdg Officer, Col. H B Chis, 10th inf.; company K, 4th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, G, H, and K, 10th Infantry.

Fort Clark, Texas, Comdg Officer, Captain H C Corbin, 25th Infantry; companies E and G 9th cavalry; companies C and I, 24th Infantry; headquarters cos. E, F, and G, 11th Inf.

Fort Davis, Texas, Comdg Officer, Captain John W French, 25th Infantry; cos. B, C and K, 9th cav.; cos. B and F, 24th Inf. cos. A and G, 25th Infantry.

Fort Duncan, Texas, Comdg Officer, Major Zenus R Bliss, 25th Infantry; cos. E, 9th cav.; cos. K, 24th Inf. cos. E and I, 25th Inf.

Fort Griffin, Texas, Comdg Officer, Lt. Colonel J C Whiting, U. S. Army; cos. D and F, 4th cav.; cos. B, 6th Inf. headquarters cos. A, F and G, 11th Inf.

Fort Jackson & St. Phillip, La., Comdg Officer, Major H A Hamblight, 19th Infantry; cos. A, I and K, 19th Infantry.

Fort McRae, Texas, Comdg Officer, Major T M Anderson, 19th Infantry; cos. C, 4th cavalry; cos. C, 10th Infantry.

For McKavett, Texas, Comdg Officer, Lieutenant Colonel W R Shafter, 24th Inf. cos. F and M, 9th cav.; headquarters cos. D and E, 24th Inf. cos. C and H, 25th Inf.

Fort Pilk, La., Comdg Officer, Captain P H Romington, 19th Inf. company F, 19th Inf.

Fort Quitman, Texas, Comdg Officer, Major A P Morrow, 9th cavalry; cos. H and I, 9th cavalry; company R, 24th Inf. company B, 25th Infantry.

Fort Richardson, Texas, Comdg Officer, Colonel James Oakes, 8th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, C, D, E, G, H, I, K, L and M, 6th cavalry; cos. C and K 11th Inf.

Fort Stockton, Texas, Comdg Officer, Major James F Wade, 9th cavalry; headquarters cos. A and D, 8th cavalry; company G 24th Infantry; company K 25th Infantry.

Jackson Barracks, La., Comdg Officer, Lieutenant Colonel Romeo B Ayres, 3d Artillery; headquarters cos. C, D and E, 10th Infantry.

Jefferson, Texas, Comdg Officer, Captain H L Chipman, 11th Infantry; cos. D and I, 11th Infantry.

Ringgold Barracks, Texas, Comdg Officer, Lieutenant Colonel A McD McCorkle, 10th Infantry; company L, 4th cavalry; cos. B, E and I, 10th Infantry.

San Antonio, Texas, Comdg Officer, Captain Robert H Hall, 10th Infantry; company M, 4th cavalry; company F, 10th Infantry.

San Antonio Arsenal, Texas, Comdg Officer, Captain Robert H Hall, 10th Infantry, in charge; no troops.

Shreveport, La., Comdg Officer, Captain Wm J Lester, 19th Infantry; company B, 19th Infantry.

LUCK IS A FORTUNE.

Empire Jewelry Co., 314 Olive St., St Louis Mo., manufacturers of Cheap and Plated Jewelry, importers of Watches and Jet Goods. Catalogue and handsome picture sent free.

MCCORMIK & LYON.

The Sun.

CHAS. L. COOPER, PUBLISHER.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

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Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farms & Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Farmers, and a Number of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

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of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of intellectual reading, and furnishing the news to subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

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Ten copies, one year, separate addressed and \$1 extra copy to the editor of each club.

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Twenty dollars, one year, separate addressed and \$1 extra copy to the editor of each club.

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Fifteen copies one year, to one address and the editor of each club.

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Fifty copies one year, separate addressed and the editor of each club.

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One hundred and twenty copies one year, separate addressed and the editor of each club.

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Two hundred and fifty copies one year, separate addressed and the editor of each club.

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In Post Office order, choose, or drafts on New York, which are never refused, and then register letters containing money.

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Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.*

Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

BEEF AND MUTTON,

On Hoof or Block, for ARIZONA.

Sealed Proposals,

In duplicate, will be received at this office, No. 703 Market street, San Francisco, California, by the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, M. Thursday, March 30th, 1871

(when they will be opened), for the supply and delivery at each and every one of the Military posts which are now or which hereafter may be established in Arizona Territory (Camp Colorado excepted), of all the Beef and Mutton, live or slaughtered, that may be required for the troops stationed thereat, during the year commencing July 1st, 1871, and ending June 30th, 1872. Proposals to express prices in currency. The supply will probably amount to about

2,000 BEEVES AND 1,000 WETHERS.

Copy of the present contract and detailed instructions to bidders can be obtained at this office, and at the offices of A. C. S. at Wilmington, California; any Military post in Arizona Territory; Santa Fe, New Mexico; San Antonio, Texas; Portland, Oregon; Omaha, Nebraska; Fort Leavenworth, Kansas; St. Louis, Missouri; and Chicago, Illinois.

Proposals will be received for one or any number of posts.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The right is reserved of rejecting any or all bids.

M. D. L. SIMPSON,

Lient. Col. A. C. G. S.

Office of the Chief Commissary of Subsistence,

Military Division of the Pacific,

San Francisco, California, Jan. 5th.

1871.

The New-York Tribune.

1871.

Through struggle and suffering, at the cost of multiform agonies, bereavements, devastations; the American idea embodied in the preamble to our fathers' Declaration of Independence approaches its complete realization. The noble, inspiring assertion that "all men are created equal, and endowed by their Creator with inalienable rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness," is no longer a glittering generality, a poet's fancy, a philosopher's speculation, but the recognized base of our political fabric. The mighty Revolution, which dates from the Boston Massacre of 1770, finds its logical completion just one century later, in the XVth Amendment, which gives to the equal political and civil rights of every man—born or naturalized—in our Republic the shield and defense of the Federal Constitution. The hollows of Caste and Privilege may roar and rage around that rock, and may transiently seem on the point of washing it away; but its foundations are deep, solid, and steadfast, and the breakers of Reaction and Slavery are hurl'd against and dash their spray over it in vain.

We do not underrate the forces of Prejudice and Aristocracy. We do not forget that a very large minority of the American People still hold in their immost hearts that Blacks have no rights which Whites are bound to respect. We fully appreciate the desperation wherewithal the Warring elements of hatred to Republican achievement will be combined and lined against the bulwarks of Republican ascendancy in the Presidential Election of 1872. We do not doubt that local successes, facilitated by Republican funds and dissensions, will inspire the charging host with a sanguine hope of victory, such as served it to put forth its utmost strength in the earlier stages of the contests of 1864 and 1868. Yet our faith is clear and strong that the American People still bless God that, on the red battle-fields of our late Civil War, the Union was upheld and Slavery destroyed, and will never consciously decide that the precious blood theron poure out was vainly spilt.

The TRIBUNE believes in the prosecution of the great struggle by legitimate means to beneficent ends. To State Sovereignty, it opposes Indissoluble National Integrity; to Slavery for Blacks, Liberty for All; to Proscription, Establishments to Popular Ignorance, Universal Education; to intensity and eternity of wrathful Hate, universal and invincible Good Will. It would fain do its utmost to hasten the glad day when the South shall vibrate with the North in exultation and gratitude over the disappearance of the last trace or taint of that spirit which impelled Man to exult in the ownership and chaffinod of his fellow Man.

Profoundly do we realize that the contest is not yet ended—that Millions innumerable more or less publicly, the downfall of the slaveholders' Confederacy, and rear their children to hate those by whose valor and constancy its overthrow was achieved. If we ever seek to differ essentially from other Republicans, our conviction that magnanimity is never weakness, that vengeance is never politic, and that devils are not cast out by Beelzebul, must serve to explain alleged eccentricities whose perfect vindication we leave to Time and Reflection.

THE TRIBUNE has been, is, and must be zealous advocate of Protection to Home Industry. Regarding habitual idleness as the greatest foe to human progress, the bane of human happiness, we seek to win our countrymen in masses from the ensnaring lures of Speculation, of Traffic, and of always overcrowded Professions, to the tranquil paths of Productive Industry. We would gladly depopulate our over-crowded cities, where thousands vainly jost

The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. SIEMERING & CO., Publishers.

STANLEY WELCH, Editor.

FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1871.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
AUSTIN, August 23d, 1870.

To A. Siemering & Co.,
You are hereby notified that I have this day appointed your paper, "The San Antonio Express," the official journal of the twenty-third Judicial District.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my name and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, at the city of Austin, this 23d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and the Independence of Texas, the third.

EDMUND J. DAVIS, Governor.

JAMES P. NEWCOMB.

NOTICE.

The SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS has received the commission of Official Organ for the twenty-third Judicial District, which embraces the counties of Bexar, Wilson and Comal.

The FREIE PRESSE has received the commission of Official Organ for the twenty-sixth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Kendall, Kerr, Gillespie, Blanco, Edwards and Kimble.

We call the attention of Sheriff's Constables, District Judges, District Clerks, Justice's of the peace; all county officers and administrators, or parties making either public or private suit under order of a Court, to the clause in Section 13, of the law, which says:

"Every advertisement and publication in any other paper than the one selected, shall during the term of such legal action, be null and void for any legal purpose."

Also to Sections 14 and 15 of same law, which reads:

"Section 14.—That before any public or private sale, under order of any court, shall be had, due notice of such sale, with a full account of description of the property to be sold, shall be published in the legal advertisement under the heading of 'Notice' to which such property shall be sold, for a period of four weeks; one insertion each week, immediately preceding such sale; and any officer selling property, of any kind whatever, without advertising the same as required by this section, shall be responsible for all damages resulting from such omission."

"Section 15.—That whenever it shall be established before any court of competent jurisdiction, that the provisions of section 14, of this act, have not been complied with, by the party, or parties, purchasing the property not properly advertised, shall forfeit the amount paid for such property, and the property shall be restored to its original position as when no sale had been made."

Another Stab at the Army.

We desire that it may become a record in the mind of every United States officer, that the "San Antonio Herald" edited by a thriving ex-pymaster of the army, dismissed for theft, is the abuser of those who stand highest upon America's proud record of military and patriotic leaders.

In the issue of Thursday morning we find the following in an article headed Massachusetts and Virginia:

"A State that in its puritan and pharisaical pride, turns up its nose at the Southern States, that have been desolated by war, and devastated by Goths and Huns, led by Alaric and Attila, and personated by Grant and Sherman.

The italics are ours. What is to be thought of a miserable wretch who kicked out of service for dishonesty, takes every opportunity of assailing gentlemen and officers who wear the laurels placed upon their brows by a grateful nation? We hope our army officers, of whom the country is justly proud, will remember the insults and abuse heaped upon their cloth by that fanatical old thief J. Y. Dashiel and his scurrilous sheet the Herald.

A Word.

The "Herald" is agonizing itself over surmises as to what the Republican party are going to do, and whistles (like the boy that was afraid) to keep its courage up; its whistlings being directed to stony investigators against the Republican party and its Bexar county executive committee. For the benefit of our distressed contemporaries we can assure them that as heretofore the Republican party intends to do that which is for the best interests of the city and county.

In the last twenty months it has paid off immense and burdensome debts; it has in our city made valuable public improvements; it has organized a good public school system; it has replaced the ills of an old foggy charter, with one which already shows its advantages, by the spirit with which our best citizens seem imbued with progressive ideas, and are adding and improving to an extent not witnessed before in the last ten years.

The Republican party proposes to continue its benefits. It proposes to weed from all places of trust, inefficient agents. It can find in its own party, good materials for filling all offices, and as long as it can find them, it will fill them with men whose principles are sympathetic with those great fundamental truths that have now brought forth good fruit in hundred fold.

On to-morrow the State executive committee meet at Austin to perfect their plans of organization and mark the policy of the Republican party.

There is work before every man in Texas. The Republican party proposes to so cut out and arrange that work, that every good, sturdy and honest living citizen can easily assert to bear the share of the labor necessary to wean the antagonisms of disunionists out from the land. Disunionism and violence must give way to good order and wholesome laws enforced. The rising generation have to be educated. Immigration is to be encouraged and all these tasks and labors rest upon the shoulders of the Republicans party. The Democrats have a seat and frame a platform so-called,

It is akin to the hoarse that was built upon the sands and crumbled away. It is aimless, drifting only with a tide of antagonism to Republican good. It is of a policy akin to the Irishman's at Donnybrook, whose advice to a comrade was "wherever you see a hand, hit it."

Its political principles are but mutterings of a disturbed slumber. So faint, so weak that even old time Democrats whose power of vision is not entirely lost by sectional hatred, confess to its weakness and avoid isolating themselves by expressions of sympathy for it. Repudiation never was stronger in Texas than it is today; but it is very strength that is needed at the hour; a strength to bear the burdens securing the future weal of our great State. The party must be a unit, and it must have neither secret enemies or neutrals in its camp. Let the planks presenting a front to the common enemy and disturbers of the peace, progress and prosperity of the State be truly, thoroughly and uniformly Republican.

Prospects for the Coming Year.

The aspect of affairs throughout the State, the pleasant seasons, the fine weather, and the bountiful supply of rain gives promise of a year of plenty, and ensures to our State an increase in her wealth of fully twenty per cent. Old residents declare that for fifteen years they have seen nothing as promising a year, in the way of assistance, as agricultural interests are this one just closed, and the one just ushering itself in, with all the beauties of the blossoming trees, the thrifly appearing fields and the luxuriance of the rich green grass.

In the west, the stock interest is already receiving its full shares of sales and profits. Encouraged by the mildness of the weather, the abundance of water along the route, and the nourishing and tender grass, which has already made its appearance, scores of cattle drovers are making their arrangements to drive through large herds, for which they leave behind, in the shape of an equivalent, thousands of dollars of good hard gold, which finds its way into every channel of trade, relieving any stragely that might prevail in the money market, and serving to create a healthy tone in all business circles.

The season of cotton receiving and shipping is nearly over, and from all sides come assurances of growers of the staple, that the past five years have learned them a lesson to be profited from now. This season there will be about one half the amount planted that there was last. The planters have learned that the planting of their entire acreage in cotton, tends not only to reduce the price of the staple, but ensures them losses from their very inability to procure the labor wherewith to cultivate the staple to the highest degree of excellence.

By a judicious division of the crop, the planting of corn and small grains in connection with cotton, they greatly benefit our own immediate State, and add to the independence of the people by finding at home the supplies that this last year we were compelled and are still compelled to look abroad for.

The wool interest for the past three years has been flagging. Experimental wool growers have met with so many reverses, that the results have well nigh discouraged those whose knowledge is of the practical rather than theoretical or experimental.

We believe, however, that the early spring season and the advance in the price of wool, which the commercial centers of the West and East predict, will have the effect of stimulating the wool enterprise. Texas journals, with due appreciation of the value of this interest, could do a great deal in agitating the subject of wool growth of the natural advantages and the adaptability of the country to it. Their action would in this winter be commendable, and would be beneficial to the economy of the State and in due proportion, profitable to them.

Our railroad prospects have been dwelt upon at length in other editorials that have appeared from time to time since the first of January. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas route will this year strike a point accessible and valuable as a shipping point for cattle, to be distributed thus the great West. The International will make full twice the progress demanded by their charter, and mayhaps more, while the completion of the Indianola route (the final West Texas and Pacific route) will be presented with vigor during the spring and fall.

Upon the Gulf, the pioneer steamer of a new line, has opened navigation to a monopoly that has been for years draining the life blood of our emigrant interests in West Texas. The mills of the trots ground slowly, but they grind exceedingly small. It is a truth that we trust, Mr. Morgan may learn practically in the patronage extended to the rival company to his detriment.

Before the present Legislature adjourns we shall probably have enacted, systems of Education and Immigration, fully equal to any in the United States. The Texas School system has an endowment, second to none in the country, and has should be made to complete an act practical and liberal in its effects, and guaranteeing education to every child in the State. On immigration, the policy is so well defined and shaped, that we can look only to the most beneficial results. It has no drawbacks and can have none, save through neglect to take advantage of the opportunities offered to us a living tide of blood, sinew and muscle in the direction of our emigrant lands and unexplored resources.

Taken altogether, the future of the Republic and its bright. But we say, with a smile, it is the shadow of a cloud, and the sun is in the background. It is the shadow of lack of protection, of a state that has no friends and stands a platform so-called,

within the year, some well defined and able policy will be adopted, insuring them against the evils of savage hate and butchery.

TELEGRAPHIC

SPECIAL TO THE SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS.

Neon Dispatches.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—It is reported that the occupation of the departments of the south and of the Seine ceases after the ratification of the treaty, and that of the other departments after the payment of five hundred millions of the indemnity. The forces are to be occupied until the indemnity is paid.

BORDEAUX, Feb. 28.—President Thiers read to the Assembly to-day the conditions of peace. France cedes one fifth of Lorraine, including Metz and Thionville, and all of Alsace except Belfort, and pays an indemnity of five millions (?) of francs, one million this year, and the balance in three years.

BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The Prussian King Leopold states that orders have been given to the municipal authorities of Berlin to prepare quarters for the Saxon, Baden, Bavarian and Wurttemburg troops, who will pass through Berlin with the other retiring troops.

The order says it is the wish of the Emperor that all parts of Germany should be represented on the occasion of his entry to the Capital.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Cotton sales 3000 bales at 15¢.

Gold 110¢.

LONDON, March 1.—President Thiers has issued a proclamation to the people of Paris, and appeals to their patriotism and wisdom for preservation of order.

The French army will occupy the left bank of the Seine to secure the execution of the convention.

Thiers urges the people not to break the convention, and thus entail frightful misfortunes upon France.

Texas Items.

SHERMAN, a small town in comparison to San Antonio, is to have a new court house. Of course our city is too big (?) to want such things.

BON'S YARD walking canes are the latest article of commerce exported from Texas. Bonham claims the honor of the trade.

JEFFERSON, has a negro fire company. Also, a building bought and paid for, belonging to the Union League of America, worth \$12,000.

WACO has a flourishing broom factory.

THE VICTORIA ADVOCATE calls "Ettie" of the LAVACA COMMERCIAL, a Roman wife. We thought she was Stonewall stock. "Ye gentle Percey" said so.

WACO is overrun with house breakers and professional thieves. They enter houses, chloroform the inmates, and take all they want in the shape of money or valuables.

INDIAN BARBARITIES.

DESPERATE AND DEATH STRUGGLE OF BRET JOHNSON AND HIS PARTY.

Four Negroes Killed--Their Bodies Horribly Mutilated.

[From the Waco Register, Feb. 25.]

From Capt. George A. O'Brien, who has just returned from a trip to Fort Richardson, we get the following particulars regarding the killing of the colored frontiersmen, Lieutenant Bret Johnson, and his party, on the 24th ult.

The first information of the killing was communicated to General James Oaks, commanding at Fort Richardson, by the stage driver, on the 25th of January, whenupon the General dispatched two scouts immediately, one to go above and the other below, with orders to ferret out the infernal red skins, and exterminate them if possible. Lieutenant Bothwick, of the 6th cavalry, is a detachment of twenty men, went to where the negroes were killed, Fort Richardson, on the Fort Griffin road. When the Lieutenant reached the place, he left a detail to bury the dead, and with the balance of the party continued in pursuit. Here he caught a glimpse of the red devils in full distance, and traveled night and day. At daylight on the 27th he overtook thirty Indians; when within two hundred yards of them he commanded his men to "commence firing," which order was readily obeyed. The Lieutenant occupied a mountain top and the Indians in a canon below. He noticed three or four of the Indians fall from their horses at the first volley. He supposed they were killed. The Indians held their position for several hours and kept up a continuous fire. Lieutenant Bothwick, finding himself in a close place, attempted to retreat to a lot of rocks, but upon nearing them, some forty or fifty Indians were found to be occupying the position, whereupon he retreated to another position without drawing the fire of this party.

The Indians were exceedingly well armed and mounted, having long range guns and six-shooters. They also appeared to be drilled as well as armed; the chief evidently understanding the modus operandi of battle.

Lieutenant Bothwick received a wound in the right side, which caused him to fall from his horse, but, although wounded, he mounted again, and the Indians retreated, he followed for forty miles, but night overtaking him, and in the morning, having spared during the night, the trail was lost.

Lieutenant Bothwick received a severe injury, by shooting himself in the limb of a tree. Shooting at full speed, his face was struck and severely injured on the left side, being struck in the mouth, which, together with a fractured bone, caused much pain.

The Indians were to right, left, and center, and were in full retreat, when the Lieutenant, with his party, came upon them, and, after a sharp engagement, captured them.

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paved the negroes attempted to make their escape.

Bret Johnson was found with Indian's hair in his clenched hands, and by him about a hundred exploded cartridges thrown from his Winchester rifle. Bret and his party, from appearance, fought desperately. Bret Johnson is a colored man, and well known on the frontier as a noble fellow. He has lived there for the past eighteen years, and was a negro who knew his place, having been, before the war, a servant of U. S. officers. He has been known, several times, to go alone on foot into the Indian camps and either steal or ransom white children, whom the Indians had taken in captivity. He succeeded in getting three white children, belonging to Montezuma county, not long

before his death. It seemed to be his delight to re-capture children from the savages, and bring them into the settlements. For these acts of chivalry he never asked any remuneration. He was one of the best shots, with a rifle, on the frontier, and was a stranger to fear. He lived at Fort Griffin, and was an excellent Indian guide.

A foreign gentleman declares that he can tell whenever he crosses the border into Massachusetts, because all the women begin to have views.

An auctioneer advertises for sale a large quantity of oil paintings, copy some of the ancient masters of the day.

A pork-packer at Cincinnati claims to be the champion humorist of that pig-pony. He goes about, making everybody, "What's the difference between a lumberman's saw and a trichina?" the answer to which is, "One's a log-house, the other's a hog-house."

A LITTLE Boston girl joyfully assured her mother the other day that she had found out where they made horses; she had seen a man in a shop just finishing one of them, for he was holding on his last hoof.

SCENE in a Paris cafe, not long since: "Here garcon, your horse meat is very black?" "Yes, sir; so it ought to be. The animal belonged to an undertaker."

TID-BITS.

A lazy chap has found out that working between meals is unhealthy for him.

The ladies give as a reason for marrying for money, that they now seldom find anything else in a man worth having.

Daniel Drew, being on one of his own steamers, was accosted by a passenger, who took him for one of the crew, with "Do you belong to that boat?" "No," said Daniel, quietly; "the boat belongs to me."

"Equality means," says a French writer, "a desire to be equal to your superiors, and superior to your equals."

Jones, who wears his pocket-book on the left, not only does not let his right hand know what his left hand does, but he goes further—he does not let his left hand do anything for fear his right hand might know it.

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An auctioneer advertises for sale a large quantity of oil paintings, copy some of the ancient masters of the day.

A pork-packer at Cincinnati claims to be the champion humorist of that pig-pony. He goes about, making everybody, "What's the difference between a lumberman's saw and a trichina?" the answer to which is, "One's a log-house, the other's a hog-house."

A LITTLE Boston girl joyfully assured her mother the other day that she had found out where they made horses; she had seen a man in a shop just finishing one of them, for he was holding on his last hoof.

SCENE in a Paris cafe, not long since: "Here garcon, your horse meat is very black?" "Yes, sir; so it ought to be. The animal belonged to an undertaker."

FOR SALE.

Ten or twelve Missouri Buggy Horses by 3-3-1/2-dif. PEAY & KARBER.

NOTICE.

BRUNO MELO, or JOHN MARIA MELO, a Portuguese, who resided in Antigua, in the United States of Columbia disappeared from his house about fourteen years ago—heard of from California, and last year from Austin, Texas, whence he wrote to the American Consul at Palmyra, State of Columbia, United States of Columbia.

The above named man is in search of something to his interest by calling at the office of the

Local Intelligence.

NOTICE.

All log it advertising in the San Antonio Express must from this date be paid in advance, except where the payment is provided by law, or where contracts or manifest bills, under execution, or by order of court, are required by law to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale. This is the only exception to the rule of pre-payment. We wish not to be asked to deviate from this rule.

PUBLISHER SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS,

[See advertisement of Dr. Butts Dispensary, headed "Book for the millions" MARIAGE GUIDE—in another column.]

THE CITY DIRECTORY for 1871, of the city of San Antonio, for sale at 50 cents each, at this office and at Messrs. F. Simon, Julius Berends and W. W. Gamble's Book Store.

THERE was trouble "broulh" at Headquarters on last Tuesday night.

CHARLIE PARKER turned out on parade in Galveston, on stilts eighteen feet high, and had the pleasure of shaking the hands of all the gentlemen and kissing all the ladies in the second story of the houses along the main avenue. Oh, wouldn't we like to be Charlie!

YESTERDAY was decidedly a disagreeable day. An annoying east wind brought us a rain, effectively dampening the ardor of circus goers, and leaving our streets in a pasty and muddy condition.

THE COWS are becoming tricky over their supply of fresh green grass. One of them deliberately and with malice aforethought, ran into a buggy, yesterday, and battered the top of it considerably. The horse tried to run, but his driver managed to quiet him after a few jumps.

We hear further rumors of outrages from the country above. Three children in the neighborhood of Myers' ranch, beyond the Belotes, were taken in broad daylight, by a band numbering from nine to twelve Indians.

We have tried to trace the rumor to some definite source, but have not yet succeeded. As these outrages are of public import we trust those who obtain information of these horrors will place the knowledge in the hands of the press.

By courtesy of General H. Clay Wood we are in receipt of special orders Nos. 41 and 42 from headquarters, from which we extract the following:

Private Michael Heany, Co. C, 4th Cavalry, is granted a furlough of 60 days.

Lieut. Col. James H. Carleton, 4th U. S. Cavalry, acting Assistant Inspector General of the Department, will make the muster at department headquarters, provided for in paragraph VI General Orders No. 25, series of 1870.

The employment of two guides at the post of Ringgold Barracks is authorized, at the rate of \$50 per month.

ON THE ALBERT.—On Tuesday night Braden's bear, Jack, was out on a tour of inspection, and paid a visit to headquarters, walking boldly in and taking possession, he began inspecting locks, etc. Mr. B. came and tried to induce his bearship to return to his quarters, but to no purpose. Bruin was disposed to act on the defensive, and held possession for two hours, when he was induced to go home.

NIGHT WATCHMAN.

SAN ANTONIO, March 2, 1871.

CHARLES NOTES,
Manager Crescent City Circus,
Dear Sir:—In consideration of your untiring energies to please and the efficiency of management displayed in your truly fine Circus, the undersigned citizens of San Antonio desire to tender you a complimentary benefit, to take place at such time as you may be pleased to designate.

Very respectfully,

W G Tobin, Jno T. Brackbridge,
H B Adams, E D L Wicks,
Jen Manning, T C Clancy,
C H Merritt, A J Lockwood,
James Farrell, R W Peay,
H Tong, Stanley Welch,
A Siemering, G H Nossan,
W H Young, W A Bennett,
G Hoerner, W Present,
J R Marston, J S Lockwood,
S Koenigheim, J P Minter,
G B Cochran, N O Green,
E Sawyer, H A Mitchell,
G Kennedy, J G Ward,
E Braden, Jas V Fish,
Tob H Stridling, M Hall,
A Mitchell, J P Gambin,
W F Johnson, Moke & Bros.,
W A Dorsett, Moses Mickel,
Christopher Rhodus, Jessie M Bell,
K Pestoniester, G S Davis,
A W Kempton, J M Smith,
H Edington, W R Starns,
Henry C Thompson, Jas D Leibson
and 50 others.

SAN ANTONIO, March 2, 1871.

To Messrs. Brackbridge, Tobin, Adams, Wicks, and others.

DEAR SIR:—Your communication of this date in regard to the tender of a benefit has been read and I only would say that I am extremely anxious to do so, and will name Saturday night, March 4th, for the occasion, and I shall use every exertion to prove myself worthy of so high a compliment.

Very respectfully,

C. W. NOYES.

This performance of the circus will be the first of a series that could be reckoned from ten to fifteen, and enterprising managers, C. W. Noyes, manager of programs of the night before, found the arena—a

with novelties both interesting and enjoyable. Parker fairly outdid himself, and proved that his stay amongst our San Antonio people was fast wearing off what little defiance he has hitherto felt. His local hits were fully appreciated, as was also his announcement that he was the "big Indian" of the parade on Monday. His stilt act was even more laughable than before, especially as he descended from his greatness once, and put himself upon the level of the baseness of humanity. His "tangle-foot" act is an excellent assumption of "being elevated," and caused shouts of merriment. Last night, Thursday, he was to introduce "kitchen furniture." We shall speak of it to-morrow. Mrs. C. W. Noyes again delighted the audience with her menage act upon her Arabian steed, D'Jalma. Sonora Palmero, Woold Cook, Mr. Nichols, Monsieur and Madame Senyczy were fully up to the standard of excellence in their performance. The infant wonder, his brother Charley, and the trained dogs, and Shetland ponies, monopolized a large share of attention.

The "Bedouin entres" has usurped the place of the tournament. Everybody should turn out and visit the circus the remaining nights of their stay, for the change of program warrants a visit every night.

PLEASANT.—To find the district court entirely monopolized for three weeks, by a civil land case, while the county at an expense of hundreds of dollars is compelled to feed and support prisoners that should have been tried months ago. The time consumed by the three weeks' case now on hand, could have been saved, had the evidence and exceptions been prepared and submitted as arguments in the supreme court. The fact is, this procedure might have put the lawyers to a few dollars expense and some little trouble, so they shift the expense to the county by keeping the jails and prisons full at heavy expense for support, while theyiddle and fiddle around to gain time and stave off the case in the hope of wearing out witnesses, Judge, Sheriff and everybody else. They are succeeding to a charm.

TICKETS for Noyes' benefit for sale at the bookstores of W. W. Gamble and Julius Berends.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.
If you want want fresh garden seeds call at Leroux and Cosgrove, 56 Commerce Street. 3-3-71-dif.

BURNING AND SHAKING.

BY A RIDICULOUS MISAPPLICATION OF LANGUAGE, INVALIDS ARE SOMETIMES SAID TO "ENJOY VERY POOR HEALTH," BUT IT IS NOT ON RECORD THAT ANY HUMAN BEING WAS EVER SPEAKEN OF AS ENJOYING CHILLS AND FEVER. AND YET THERE ARE THOUSANDS, AT THIS MOMENT, IN ONE OR THE OTHER OF THE TWO STAGES OF THE DISORDER, WHO MIGHT JUST AS WELL HAVE AVOIDED IT AS NOT. IF THERE IS ANYTHING DEMONSTRABLE IN THERAPEUTICS, IT IS THAT HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS IS AN ANTIDOTE TO INTERMITTENT FEVERS. NO INGREDIENT CAN BE CITED IN WHICH IT HAS BEEN TAKEN, EITHER AS A SAFEGUARD AGAINST THIS CLASS OF DISEASES OR AS A REMEDY FOR THEM, AND FAILLED TO PRODUCE THE DESIRED EFFECT. THE SEASON WHEN MALARIAL FEVERS ARE RIFE, HAS COMMENCED, AND NO INHABITANT OF ANY DISTRICT SUBJECT TO THEIR VISITATIONS SHOULD BE WITHOUT THIS GREAT PREVENTIVE AND REMEDY.

THE EMPLOYMENT OF TWO GUIDES AT THE POST OF RINGOLD BARRACKS IS AUTHORIZED, AT THE RATE OF \$50 PER MONTH.

ON THE ALBERT.—ON Tuesday night Braden's bear, Jack, was out on a tour of inspection, and paid a visit to headquarters, walking boldly in and taking possession, he began inspecting locks, etc. Mr. B. came and tried to induce his bearship to return to his quarters, but to no purpose. Bruin was disposed to act on the defensive, and held possession for two hours, when he was induced to go home.

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A Mitchell, J P Gambin,
W F Johnson, Moke & Bros.,
W A Dorsett, Moses Mickel,
Christopher Rhodus, Jessie M Bell,
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ERASTUS REED. M. D. MATHER.

REED & MATHER.

69 COMMERCE STREET. 69

Have now on hand, and will be con-

sistantly receiving the largest assortment of

FURNITURE,

AND

House Furnishing Goods.

Ever offered in San Antonio. Consisting

in part of

Fine Walnut Bed-room suits.

Walnut Bureaus and Bookstands.

Walnut Side Boards.

What-nots, Desks,

Easy Chairs, Sofas,

Parlor Furniture

COTTAGE SUITS

Or Walnut and imitation Chestnut, pack-

ed in one box, ready for shipment.

ALSO,

AT WHOLESALE.

A complete assortment of

CHEAP FURNITURE,

Knocked down and packed for shipment,

and will be sold lower than ever

offered in this market,

being direct from

the largest

MANUFACTORIES

In the United States, and

BOUGHT FOR CASH.

Particular attention paid to all kinds of

Repairing and Upholstering.

17-12-70d&wtf.

NORWEGIAN OATS.

Just received at the office of the "Texas Farmers Gazette," 20 bushels of imported

Norwegian Seed Oats, which will be sold

at cost price, in sacks containing 3 bushels each, at \$15.00 coin, per sack.

A. SIEMERING & CO.,

Publishers Texas Farmer Gazette.

16-2-71d&wtf.

FRESH FLOWER SEEDS.

Just received from James Vick, of Rochester, and for sale at liberal prices, a

COMPLETE SELECTION OF FLOWER

SEEDS, adapted to our climate; such as

Dianthus, Pinks, Carnations, Violets,

Snapdragons, Asters, Balsams of the finest sorts, Campanulas, Candalista, Celosia, Centaurea, Convolvulus, Datura,

Larkspur, Double Daisy, Lupine, Marigold,

Roses, Mirabilis, Myosotis, Nigella, Petunia, Phlox, Poppy, Portulaca, Scabiosa, Ten-weeks, stock, Tropaneum, Verbena,

Zinnias, Gladiolas, Hollyhock, Digitalis, Aucubia, Geranium, Sweet William, Wall flower, Ornamental Grasses, Lawn

irises, Sweet Vernal Grass, Alstroemeria, and White Clover, and a great many other Seeds.

Will receive in a few days a complete

assortment of bulbs and roots, Lilies, of

all sorts and colors, amongst them the celebrated

Gold Banded Japan Lilly.

Dahlias, Gladiolas, Peonies, Tritomas and

Tabebuia; all of which I offer at the lowest

prices.

F. SIMON.

15-1-71d&wtf.

HEADQUARTERS

IN

WESTERN TEXAS,

FOR

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wm. W. Gamble,

BOOKSELLER and STATIONER,

Also General Dealer in

NOTIONS and FANCY ARTICLES,

COMMERCIAL STREET,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Elegant Books for Presents.

Music, School Books, &c.

Blank Books,

Memoranda, &c., &c.

Also,

Wrapping Paper,

Paper Bags,

Playing Cards,

Barcelona Mexican Cards.

INK of all Colors.

Copying Ink, Mincilage.

Genuine Gillott Pens.

Commercial and other Pens, Pencils, Pen

holders, paper weights, and a

THE DAILY EXPRESS.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrives.	COLUMBUS.	Departs.
Sunday	8 A. M.	Monday 1 P. M.
Monday	"	Tuesday "
Wednesday	"	Wednesday "
Thursday	"	Thursday "
Friday	"	Friday "
Saturday	"	Saturday "
	VICTORIA,	
Sunday	6 P. M.	Tuesday 6 A. M.
Wednesday	"	Thursday "
Friday	"	Saturday "
	WACO, via Austin.	
Monday	5 A. M.	Monday 5 A. M.
Thursday	"	Thursday "
Saturday	"	Saturday "
	EL PASO,	
Sunday	6 P. M.	Monday 8 A. M.
Thursday	"	Friday "
Tuesday from Concho	Wednesday to Conch	
	EL PASO,	
Tuesday	12 P. M.	Monday 6 A. M.
Saturday	"	Friday "
	CORPUS CHRISTI.	
Wednesday 6 P. M.	Thursday 6 A. M.	
	LAREDO.	
Thursday 6 P. M.	Monday 6 A. M.	
Mails leaving at, or prior to 6 A. M., are closed at 9 A. M., on the evening previous; other mails close 30 minutes prior to the scheduled time of leaving; Dr. Net's time is the standard.		

Sherriffs of the Different Counties, State of Texas.

Austin county—G. D. Kelley.
Angelina county—B. F. Hill.
Aransas county—L. W. Peacock.
Austin county—Wm. Glenn.
Banderas county—P. C. King.
Bastrop county—Joseph Jung.
Beauregard—Thomas Marden.
Bell county—W. J. Long.
Bexar county—H. D. Bonnett.
Blanco county—Thos. F. Odison.
Boquie county—Samuel Possett.
Bowie county—R. M. Johnson.
Brasoria county—Edwin Gandy.
Brown county—Wesley Lusk.
Burleson county—R. F. Jackson.
Burnet county—R. W. Bates.
Calvert county—J. L. Lane.
Calhoun county—Joseph Cahen.
Cameron county—Wm. Scanlan.
Chambers county—F. M. Wallis.
Cherokee county—R. M. Regan.
Collin county—W. M. Bush.
Colorado county—W. H. Smith.
Comal county—Chas. Saur.
Comanche county—W. B. Cunningham.
Cook county—Isaac Hobbs.
Coryell county—J. W. Franklin.
Dallas county—J. M. Brown.
Davis county—A. Frasier.
 Denton county—W. F. Egan.
Delta county—B. Blackwell.
De Witt county—Jack Helm.
Ellis county—John F. King.
El Paso county—Juan Arredondo.
Erlanger county—Faulkner M. Ross.
Falls county—B. F. Seigler.
Fannin county—J. M. Mc Kee.
Fayette county—R. O. Fairies.
Fort Bend county—W. B. Burton.
Freestone county—J. B. Hodges.
Galveston county—Frank Dorke.
Goliad county—Sylvester Kless.
Grimes county—James Franklin.
Grayson county—W. Hunter.
Grimes county—J. M. Gibbs.
Guadalupe county—José F. Gordon.
Hamilton county—F. A. Hambright.
Harden county—P. S. Wait.
Harris county—A. B. Hall.
Harrison county—E. K. Taylor.
Hays county—J. R. Brown.
Henderson county—Wm. Davis.
Hidalgo county—Lion Estapa.
Hill county—Erin Roachamp.
Hood county—J. C. Hightower.
Hopkins county—J. A. Weaver.
Houston county—E. L. Dorsey.
Hunt county—Cedric Hall.
Jack county—M. McMillan.
Jackson county—John Mulver.
Jasper county—J. H. Carlton.
Jefferson county—E. C. Ogden.
Johnson county—O. P. Arnold.
Kaufman county—T. J. Reagan.
Kaufman county—R. H. Shaw.
Kendall county—J. F. Stenderback.
Kerr county—J. M. Tedford.
Lamar county—J. S. Bland.
Lampasas county—Shad T. Denison.
Laurens county—W. C. Coleman.
Limestone county—W. H. Davis.
Live Oak county—Payton Parker.
Llano county—Patrick Pugh.
McLennan county—M. B. Clendenen.
McLennan county—W. H. Morris.
Marion county—J. H. Roberts.
Mason county—Jno. S. Lemberg.
Matagorda county—Conrad Franks.
Medina county—Valentine Vollmar.
Milam county—J. T. Torney.
Montgomery county—Abner Wanseeck.
Nacogdoches county—R. D. Orton.
Navarro county—James A. Nolens.
Newton county—Henry Casy.
Navarro county—John McClane.
Orange county—W. W. Johnson.
Palmer county—D. C. Brooks.
Panola county—A. B. Ross.
Parker county—J. W. Hendricks.
Polk county—L. F. Motes.
Red River county—Jno. S. Carroll.
Robertson county—F. M. Hall.
San Augustine county—Henry Lewis.
San Patricio county—Hugh Timon.
San Saba county—Stephen W. Ferry.
Shelby county—Joel P. Wheeler.
Smith county—J. W. Butler.
Stone county—Wm. S. Haley.
Tarrant county—F. B. James.
Taylor county—Peter Davidson.
Travis county—E. B. Empainen.
Trinity county—Thomas H. Kenney.
Upshur county—B. T. Humphreys.
Uvalde county—James A. Robinson.
Victoria county—C. C. Caran.
Walker county—W. H. Stewart.
Washington county—Juddith Smith.
Webb county—J. M. Rodriguez.
Wharton county—Ivan N. Daughman.
Williamson county—Jno. L. Peay.
Wilson county—N. de la Zorda.
Wood county—Jno. F. Williams.
Zapata county—J. C. Shelly.

The following named counties are without sheriffs; as soon as they are appointed, or should, we will add them to the above list:
Archer, Baylor, Callahan, Clay, Coleman,
Comanche, Dawson, Dimmit, Duval, Eastland,
Edwards, Erath, Frio, Hardeman, Jones,
Kimble, Kinney, Knox, La Salle, McCulloch,
McKinney, Madison, Marquez, Menard,
Montague, Presidio, Refugio, Runnels,
Scurry, Shackelford, Stephens,
Throckmorton, Van Zandt, Wichita, Wilbarger
and Wise, Young and Zavala.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, now and then, and none is more generally adopted into use, in every country, and among all nations, than Ayer's Laxative Pills. They have been used for centuries, and far more effectually than any other. Those who have tried to know what it could do, those who have tried to stop its use, those who have tried to copy it, and those who have tried to imitate it, all know that it never fails if done always—that it never fails through any fault or negligence in its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of the remarkable virtues of the following complaints, and we can assure all that they are true, and we have not written a word. Adapted to all ages and constitutions, in all climates, containing neither calomel nor Tartaric acid, they may be taken with safety by everybody. Their agreeable taste, however, gives pleasure, and they are easily digested, and can be given to children, as well as adults, with entire safety.

Minor divisions are given in the writer upon the subject, for the following complaints, which those who really care for their health,

the following—*Constipation, Flatulence, Gas, &c.* Consists of:

Medicaments, Chalk, Whatnots, Rocking Chairs, Titles, Pursuits, &c., &c.

and a full assortment of WALL PAPER, &c., of which he offers at liberal prices.

He also offers his services for repairing Furniture, Paper Hanging, Curtain Hanging, and Carpeting, &c., &c.

Call him, or write to him, for a sample.

F. GUILBEAU

Received consignment of E. Turpin, New Orleans, of assorted CANDIES, for sale cheap for cash.

PHILIP CONRAD.

MAIN STREET.

NEXT TO NETTE'S DRUG STORE

Dealer in all kinds of

FURNITURE,

and House Furnishing Goods.

Mattress-maker and upholsterer

Has just received a select stock of

FURNITURE

Consisting of:

Medicaments, Chairs, Whatnots, Rocking Chairs, Titles, Pursuits, &c., &c.

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Received consignment of E. Turpin, New Orleans, of assorted CANDIES, for sale cheap for cash.

FOR SALE,

The General and Special Laws of the Twelfth Legislature of the State of Texas, at \$2.50 per copy. Can be had at the bookstores of Messrs. F. Simon, Julius Berende, W. W. Gamble and of this office.

A. SIEMERING & CO.

11-19 7d&f.

ATTENTION!

The undesignated having received authority to raise the strength of the San Antonio Light Artillery company to seventy-five members, will receive the applications of a few more respectable and intelligent young men, who desire to join the organization. These applications will be submitted to the board of officers for their consideration.

STANLEY WELCH,

Captain S. A. Light Artillery.

1-2-7d&f.

NOTICE

Mr. Louis Ritter is my authorized agent for the transaction of my business during my absence from the city.

Dr. TH. HERTZBERG,

San Antonio, Jan. 25th, 1871. (26-1-71)

27-1-7d&f.

Get the Best.

THE

BLANCHARD CHURN

In every respect the best ever offered for sale. It is simple, cheap, durable. It

Churns, Works & Salts without change of Dashet or touch-

ing the hands to the Butter. Five sizes made.

30,000

Now in actual use. Sold by all dealers in

really first class Farm-Machinery. For

Churns, Agencies, Descriptive

Circulars and Fifty Dollar

Prize Butter Essay,

Address,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

Porter Blanchard's Sons,

Concord, New Hampshire.

Or their Wholesale Agents,

R. H. ALLEN & CO.,

P. O. Box 376, New York City.

10-2-7d&f. w4m.

F. SIMON

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes,

Mouldings and Glass.

General Agency for

BOOKS, PERIODICALS AND

NEWSPAPERS.

20-4-6d&f.w4f.

CANTEROVILLE WATER MILL

This mill is in full running order, and I

will be pleased to receive a return of my

old customers and the patronage of the

public generally.

JOHN VANCE

15-2-7d-w3m.

MUREAU, C. GROOS, G. F. GROS.

10-2-7d&f.w4m.

MOUREAU & GROS

NEW BRAUNFELS,

TEXAS.

Commission Merchants

AND

COTTON FACTORIES.

#217-6d&f.w4m.

THE European Mail,

A FULL AND COMPLETE

Summary of Home and Foreign News

FOR THE

United States, Canadian Dominion, New

foundland, Prince Island, Bermuda,

Cuba, Honduras, British Columbia,

Vancouver Island, and the

Sandwich Islands.

Published weekly for despatch by the Mail

Steamer. Colonial Buildings, 44a, Cannon

Street, London. Entered at Stationers'

Hall. Subscription payable in advance,

12s per annum, exclusive of postage, which is to be paid to the publisher.

JOHN W. GLENN,

Editor-in-Chief.

100 Bushels to the Acre.

GREAT SOUTHERN DEPOT

I-medell Norway Oats.

Hugh & Church, Proprietors, Southern

States, Knoxville, Tenn.

J. S. Shauan, General Agent, 284 Front

St., Memphis, Tenn.

Look out for bogus Oats. Thousands

of bushels are offered for sale. Buy only

DAILY EXPRESS.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

San Antonio, Texas.

The following is a list of business men in this city, who may be addressed in reference to their respective class of business:

Mayor - W. G. A. Thielepape.

ARCHITECTS, &c., J. H. Kampmann, Architect and Builder.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION, L. Wolfson.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY, W. W. Gamble, E. Penteleider, F. Simon.

BANKERS, San Antonio National Bank, Bennett & Thornton.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES, A. Netter.

DRY GOODS, Louisa Zork, A. Morris.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, Elmendorf & Co., B. Mauermaier, Mateean & Fairweather.

FURNITURE, Philip Conrad, Reed & Mather.

GROCERS, Theo Schleunning, Rhodus & Co., H. Greuet, F. Guillebeau, Wagner & Rummel, Dresel & Briam, A. Biesenbach & Co., Louis Huth, Barry & Hugo.

HARDWARE, Norton & Dentz, Elmendorf & Co., Louis Huth, A. Biesenbach & Co., Barry & Hugo.

HOLES, Mrs. Schmidt, Commerce Street.

JEWELRY, Bell & Bro's.

LAMPS, TOYS AND FANCY GOODS, F. Simon, E. Penteleider.

LIVERY STABLES, Peay & Karcher, John C. Crawford.

LUMBER YARDS, Edward Stoves, Brackenridge & Stapp.

MERCHANT TAYLORS, Safford & Delesseux.

PROFESSIONAL, Jack Cocke, Attorney at Law, Julius W. Van Slyck, Attorney at Law, John H. Shook, Lawyer.

SOAP MANUFACTORY, Simon Mengen.

WINES AND LIQUORS, Theo. Schleunning, A. Biesenbach & Co., Dresel & Briam, Importers Cal. Wine, Rosenthal & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS, San Antonio Meat Extract Company, Schmidt & Duerler, Candy Factory, Wm. Kellner, Confectionary and Oyster Saloon.

B. Mauermaier, Gunsmith, El Paso Mail Line, B. F. Ficklin.

A. Staacke, Wagons.

Harwell's Gallery of Fine Arts.

Western Texas Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

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DR. SCHENCK advises Consumers to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a tolerably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step is for the patient to avoid taking cold, and the best place on this continent for this purpose in winter is Florida, well down in the State where the temperature is regular, and not subjected to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Palatka is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the heating influence of the climate and my medicine, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which I would prefer to Palatka, the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Merionville and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Merionville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The taking in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite and when this is the case they generally increase in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, could safely be recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are liable to take cold more than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person goes home so frequently, colds are certain to come shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing east winds and fog. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the locations I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills, and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly all are using Schenck's Medicine, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption especially of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are ridiculous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, and Schenck's Mandrake Pills, and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions, they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a greater quantity of Mandrake Pill is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry, I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish, come good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrates and annoys, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold.

Now, there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured hundreds by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake pills and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act an liver better than calomel, and have none of its hurtful effects behind, in fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of trout and diarrhoea comes, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headaches, take a dose of Mandrake, and they will relieve you two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a charge of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, oranges, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will prove to those who live a dissipationary, luxurious and debauched life, that they can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 19 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. for those who wish to consult me concerning the consumption, will be charged to a dollar. The Doctor also desires the exact description of the lungs, and patients are requested to state whether or they are stable or not, and whether or they are distinctly audited. No charge of my

medicine depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are no longer liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Full directions in all languages accompany my medicines, so explicit and clear that any one can use them without consulting me, and can be brought from any druggist.

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