

# The Crockett Courier.

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MOTTO: "QUALITY, NOT QUANTITY."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, AUGUST 6, 1914.

VOLUME XXV—NO. 27.

## HOUSTON COUNTY DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION RETURNS.

	Augusta	Antioch	Ash	Crockett No 1	Crockett No 2	Ratcliff	Creek	Daly	Daniel	Dodson	Freeman	Grapeland	Holly	Kennard	Lovelady	Percilla	Porter Springs	Shiloh	Belmont	Weches	Volga	Weldon	Tyer's Store	Total		
For Submission	51	8	2	140	102	64	731	7	4	14	184	4	47	75	0	26	19	10	19	11	23	16	35	11	910	
Against Submission	61	56	32	159	136	117	35	22	17	10	15	141	21	50	100	0	26	33	20	37	13	53	36	62	25	1277
For Governor																										
Ball	57	8	4	195	131	66	8	22	14	5	19	221	5	70	93	37	34	24	6	21	13	20	5	51	15	1144
Morris	2	1	3	3	4	2	0	1	1	0	1	16	1	3	3	2	3	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	50
Ferguson	59	63	32	169	139	149	36	29	10	14	10	144	25	47	147	16	18	37	31	39	13	56	56	62	26	1427
For District Attorney																										
Rose	45	8	30	184	113	117	12	13	13	12	8	87	20	59	64	7	16	36	21	32	7	41	25	19	15	1004
Bishop	81	65	9	190	166	95	37	44	15	6	27	301	12	78	190	49	44	32	16	31	21	48	37	97	25	1716
For Representative																										
Patton	51	16	4	172	129	80	11	30	17	2	23	210	3	60	90	27	31	26	6	28	13	32	11	60	6	1138
Hairston	74	59	34	200	151	130	37	20	10	16	12	160	28	72	162	28	28	37	21	33	15	55	50	55	34	1531
For County Judge																										
Wilson	49	20	6	52	36	14	4	7	6	2	5	126	19	15	80	17	3	16	4	3	2	6	6	17	4	519
Winfree	48	40	28	203	178	166	30	27	20	10	12	167	9	64	107	21	51	42	23	47	16	58	41	46	35	1489
Ellis	31	15	5	126	67	32	15	23	2	7	18	9	3	59	72	18	8	8	9	12	10	23	15	54	1	724
For District Clerk																										
Morgan	127	76	39	350	279	208	49	58	27	16	35	385	32	134	258	56	62	67	36	61	28	80	62	114	40	2687
For County Attorney																										
Dent	127	72	38	358	278	206	47	57	27	19	35	374	30	134	263	54	62	67	36	63	28	88	62	118	39	2682
For County Clerk																										
Moore	101	35	30	223	163	91	23	25	22	6	4	232	14	75	67	38	20	58	21	54	7	39	19	60	35	1468
Goodwin	27	42	8	148	119	122	26	29	2	13	31	147	18	60	199	17	43	10	16	9	21	42	42	58	4	1253
For Sheriff																										
Fifer	4	1	18	54	39	28	8	0	0	1	0	22	5	4	10	3	2	21	3	0	2	6	1	1	0	233
Spence	33	26	6	155	89	41	3	16	6	4	17	140	12	47	92	8	32	21	11	24	4	20	20	44	12	883
Phillips	7	8	2	82	42	36	2	28	1	0	12	108	9	11	79	21	5	11	6	0	2	13	6	4	3	535
Holcomb	73	6	1	5	4	39	5	0	1	0	0	66	2	31	4	15	2	0	6	13	7	28	12	6	9	335
Hale	7	32	11	80	105	68	29	12	19	13	7	40	2	39	67	8	22	13	11	24	13	20	21	24	14	701
For Tax Collector																										
Denny	128	72	39	340	276	213	49	58	26	17	32	373	31	131	260	55	59	65	37	58	28	86	62	120	38	2653
For Tax Assessor																										
Ellis	33	21	24	229	189	111	37	40	11	3	12	195	15	40	88	28	25	51	22	14	8	34	21	34	25	1310
English	53	16	8	99	62	86	3	16	10	12	8	145	13	89	45	18	33	14	10	19	18	25	16	17	8	843
Beeson	42	42	7	49	33	19	9	1	6	3	17	60	3	7	132	10	5	4	5	30	2	29	24	70	7	616
For County Treasurer																										
Sheridan	129	76	39	327	279	213	49	58	28	18	36	389	32	134	264	54	62	67	37	58	28	89	62	119	39	2686
For County Superintendent																										
Snell	41	54	12	182	144	106	34	35	15	15	30	221	14	56	219	38	34	26	27	33	17	35	41	65	32	1526
Rosser	88	19	27	188	135	105	13	23	13	3	6	164	17	69	47	18	28	41	10	29	11	53	20	51	8	1186
For County Surveyor																										
Wakefield	127	77	39	329	278	212	49	58	27	19	36	378	32	138	265	55	61	67	37	63	28	88	62	118	39	2682
For County Chairman																										
Collins	70	64	34	197	140	120	39	18	13	11	16	143	25	48	180	14	23	35	30	33	17	46	50	69	28	1469
Daniel	58	10	5	181	136	92	10	39	14	8	20	241	6	87	79	41	37	32	7	28	11	41	11	41	12	1247
For Commissioner, No. 1																										
Holcomb	69			86								62												21	256	
Dennis	17			42								85												11	200	
Vaught	41			50								26												7	184	
For Commissioner, No. 2																										
Estes			38	43			6					46						48							181	
Long			0	76			27					22						11							136	
Murchison			1	38			24					114						7							184	
For Commissioner, No. 3																										
Harrelson	60			55		29				7		4						107		26				43	83	414
Sanders	3			28		1				2		1						66		8				7	15	131
Jones	15			21		17				2		27						90		3				12	18	205
For Commissioner, No. 4																										
Isbell				66	30		13	12	23					73				51		25	1	2			296	
McHenry				53	182		15	7	2					62				11		37	27	16			412	

boxes and ascertain who was elected precinct chairman and who was elected member of executive committee in voting precinct No. 15 and all other voting precincts where any contentions exist relative to the executive committee.

On motion committee was appointed of five to select delegates to state and judicial conventions as follows: I. L. Jeffus, Ed Thompson, A. G. Bray, J. B. Alexander, T. S. Cook.

At this stage in the convention W. B. Page presented and read the following resolutions:

The democrats of Houston county in convention assembled rejoice with exceeding great joy over the outcome of the late primary, and to the great democratic hosts throughout Texas whose voice and hand were lifted for sound fundamentals of government we tender greetings of good cheer for the present and a happy augury for the future over the triumph of the cardinal principles of popular government: The broadest liberty of individual action and the right of local self government.

We rejoice to know that the late primary was a vindication of the old democratic creed, as glorified in the person and exemplified in the administration of Thomas Jefferson by both precept and example—to be passed down as a precious legacy, strong and rugged from the teachings of Andrew Jackson—later to be revived and exalted in the administration of Woodrow Wilson, whose policies in the interest and for the uplift of the great common people deserve the commendation of all patriots of all parties.

We rejoice to know that at a critical juncture in party affairs in Texas there appeared on the stage of action a champion of old-time democratic simplicity and old

# The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

## PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

## CONGRESS PROPOSES HEAVY TAX ON FUTURE DEALS.

**Tax of \$10 a Bale to Be Levied on All Transactions Which Do Not Provide for Delivery of Standard Cotton.**

Washington, July 24.—Final agreement on a bill to tax out of existence so-called gambling transactions in cotton futures was reached today by house and senate conferees. Under the measure all of the futures contracts which do not provide for delivery of spinnable cotton of a designated quality under standards to be established by the department of agriculture will be subjected to a tax of \$10 a bale. No tax would be imposed on futures transactions which come within these requirements or upon trading in spot cotton.

The bill would become operative six months after its enactment into law. Chairman Lever of the agricultural committee, who will call it up in the house tomorrow, tonight predicted its early passage. He said it would mean an annual saving to Southern farmers of nearly \$100,000,000 and would increase the country's foreign trade by more than \$40,000,000 a year. The measure follows generally the Lever bill passed by the house, but the conferees increased the tax from \$5 to \$10 a bale to make more certain the elimination of gambling from cotton exchanges.

The measures as perfected in conference has the approval of the department of agriculture, which under its provision will promulgate an official standard of grades upon which contracts must be graded. All future contracts would be registered at the treasury department, and the public would be informed of the quantity and nature of the business transacted by the various exchanges. One provision specifically bars delivery on contract of "rejections," "dog tails" and other qualities of cotton unsuited for spinning and of a staple of less than seven-eighths of an inch.

### James E. Ferguson.

James E. Ferguson was born on a farm near Salado in Bell county, forty-two years ago. He is the son of James Edward and Fannie Fitzpatrick Ferguson, both natives of Alabama. His father was a Methodist minister. James E. lived and worked on the Bell county farm until he was 16. Then he "went West." In California he worked in vineyards, on wheat farms, as helper in placer mines and in a barbed wire factory. He signed to go on a whaling expedition, but the enterprise failed, and instead he landed in a lumber camp in Washington. Later he worked in mines in Nevada and Colorado. Also he did time as waiter and bell boy in Denver hotels. At the age of 18 he returned to his home, farmed for awhile, and then took employment with a bridge gang building county bridges. He remained at bridge work for seven years, in that time working for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, International & Great Northern, Southern Pacific, Austin & Northwestern and other railway lines. When about 25 he returned to the farm and took up the study of law. In 1897 he was admitted

to the bar and entered practice with John D. Robinson in Belton. He made it a policy to invest his savings in black land farms. He organized a state bank at Belton, which he afterwards sold and later organized the Temple State Bank, of which he is president. He is still engaged in the banking business and in looking after his farms. He married Miss Miriam A. Wallace of Bell county, a daughter of Joe Wallace, a pioneer settler. Mr. Ferguson announced last year for governor, on a business platform, subject to the democratic primary election, and refused to submit to any elimination process.

### Rosser Issues Statement.

Crockett, Texas, July 27, 1914. To the school people of Houston county: Now that the election is in the past, it is time to quit talking about who our candidate is and whom we will support and to rally unanimously to the support of the one the people have chosen as their school leader, thus enabling him to give to the schools the best that there is in him. In the race for the office of county superintendent, Mr. Snell and I have endeavored to deport ourselves in a manner consistent with the high calling that we represent, and in doing so we hope to have both made friends for ourselves and for the educational interests of the county. There has been no bitterness between us, and the disappointment of defeat on my part is not associated with nor attended by any uncanny hatred or ill-will toward the honorable gentleman who beat me. The moral and educational interests of the school children of the county are too vital and too sacred to be sacrificed upon the altar of personalities or selfish political interests, and those who can't lead the forces should be willing to become a humble camp-follower in so great a cause.

I take this means of thanking my friends for their support in the campaign. I appreciate it perhaps more than if I had been the winning candidate, though it gives me no chance to show them how smart I am. But it does give me an opportunity to show them how kindly I can take defeat, how friendly I can be with the man who leads, and how magnanimous and honest I can be in helping him wage the battle against the forces of ignorance and prejudice along school lines. I am still a man in the rank and as such am in the market for a job.

Let every teacher, every farmer and everybody else join hands in an earnest effort to raise the schools of old Houston county to the standard of efficiency to which they are entitled. There is but one county in the state that has a greater rural scholastic population than this one. Why not place it upon the map otherwise as well as in the matter of population?

Again thanking all my friends for their friendliness and thanking Mr. Snell for his fairness and courtesy in the campaign, with sincerest wishes for his success, I am  
J. H. Rosser.

### Keep Your Liver Active During the Summer Months—Foley Cathartic Tablets for Sluggish Liver and Constipation.

It does beat all how quickly Foley Cathartic Tablets liven your liver and overcome constipation. Ney Oldham, Wimberley, Texas, says: "Foley Cathartic Tablets are the best laxative I ever used. They take the place of calomel." Wholesome, stirring and cleansing. No griping. A comfort to stout persons.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

### How to Cure a Sprain.

A sprain may be cured in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

## PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION, AMENDING SECTION 24, ARTICLE 3 OF THE CONSTITUTION INCREASING COMPENSATION OF THE LEGISLATURE AND EXTENDING LENGTH OF REGULAR SESSION.

(S. J. R. No. 26.)

### SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION.

Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section 24, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, relating to compensation for members of the Legislature.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: SECTION 1. That at the next general election of the State of Texas for the election of State officers, or at a previous general election, in case a general election for the State shall be sooner ordered by the Governor for other purposes, there shall be submitted to the electors of the State of Texas, for their adoption or rejection, the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas, as provided for in Section 1, Article 17, of said Constitution, relating to the proposed amendments thereto, it being intended to amend Section 24, Article 3, of said Constitution, relating to the pay of members of the Legislature, and extension of term of regular sessions, so that the said Section shall read as follows:

Section 24. The members of the Legislature shall each receive from the public treasury as compensation for their services twelve hundred (\$1200.00) dollars for the year in which each regular session of the Legislature is held, payable in equal installments on the twentieth days of January, April, July and October of the year in which the regular session is held, and five dollars per day for each day of every special session held in the year next succeeding that in which any regular session is held. In addition to said compensation the members of each house shall be entitled to mileage going to and returning from the seat of government, which mileage shall not exceed five cents per mile, the distance to be computed by the nearest and most direct route of travel by land, regardless of railroads or water routes; and the Comptroller of the State shall prepare and preserve a table of distances to each county seat, now or hereafter to be established, and by said table the mileage of each member shall be paid. Each regular session shall continue until the business of such session is disposed of.

Sec. 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation submitting this amendment to be voted upon by the qualified electors for members of the Legislature, at the first general election to be held in this State. Those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For amendment to Section 24 of Article 3 of the Constitution increasing compensation of the Legislature, and extending the length of the regular session of the Legislature." Those opposing said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballot the words: "Against amendment to Section 24, of Article 3, of the Constitution increasing compensation of the members of the Legislature, and extending the term of regular sessions of the Legislature."

Sec. 3. The sum of five thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of such proclamation, publication and election.

(Note.—S. J. R. No. 26 passed the Senate by a two-thirds vote, yeas 26, nays 0, and Senate concurred in House amendments by a two-thirds vote, yeas 23, nays 1; and was passed by the House of Representatives with a two-thirds vote, yeas 101, nays 22.)

Approved April 3, 1913. Adv.4t.

**2 IN 1** Black White Tan 10c  
**SHOE POLISHES** In our new "Easy-Opening-Box." No trouble. No muss.  
THE F. F. DAILEY CO., LTD.  
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## VILLA STRENGTHENING ARMY WITH RECRUITS

### Americans Report That Vigorous Campaign Is Being Made for Additions to Army of the North.

El Paso, Texas, July 22.—A systematic recruiting service has been inaugurated by General Villa and recruiting agents have been sent by him to all sections in the division of the north to enlist soldiers for his army, according to Americans arriving today from the interior. These agents have invaded every settlement in the State of Chihuahua, the portion of Coahuila in the division of the north and Durango, and hundreds of men are being added to the rolls of the northern military division. For the first time an effort is being made to get the mountaineers and men from the rural districts to join the army, and the mining camps are being invaded by the recruiting officers in an effort to get the laborers to become soldiers.

The recruiting of troops for the northern division when it appears that peace is about to be restored is causing a great deal of speculation among the foreigners who are coming from the interior.

The policy of "watchful waiting," and Villa's vigorous fighting, seem to have about disposed of the question of intervention in Mexico in order to establish a "recognizable" government in that Republic. Permanent peace may not be on the way for that unhappy Republic, but for the time being, at least, the shadow of intervention no longer is the dread of either Mexico or the United States. But as an intervenor for peace and stable government in the Western Hemisphere, with the avowed purpose of seeing to it that there is peace, if he has to fight for it, Uncle Sam has undertaken a job that must, perforce, keep his army and navy busy for perhaps a great many years before he has educated these peoples to the point where they will fully and comprehensively appreciate the principles of "true constitutional government." With the Mexican problem not fully off his hands, he is now faced with the problem, deemed by official Washington as almost immediately imperative, of intervening with armed force in the affairs of both Haiti and San Domingo, in order to put a stop to savage warfare, protect foreign interests and oversee the establishment of "constitutional" governments in those troublesome little Republics.—Houston Post.

### Huerta to Go to Europe.

Kingston, Jamaica, July 25.—General Huerta has passed his time at his hotel since his arrival here from Puerto Mexico. He declares when the other members of his family

arrive he will proceed immediately to Europe, whence he will watch the course of events in Mexico. The former dictator has displayed a strong desire to make the acquaintance of the local military authorities.

### CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

HOUSTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Houston	11:28 AM
Leaves for Houston	12:38 PM
GALVESTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Galveston	8:33 PM
Leaves for Galveston	12:50 AM
LONGVIEW TRAIN.	
Leaves for Longview	11:28 AM
Arrives from Longview	12:38 PM
ST. LOUIS TRAIN.	
Leaves for St. Louis	8:33 PM
Arrives from St. Louis	12:50 PM
PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS	
On day trains from Chicago to Houston.	
On night trains from Houston to Chicago, from Galveston to St. Louis and from St. Louis to Galveston.	

W. T. Greene, Hopkinton, N. H., writes the following letter, which interests every one who has kidney trouble. "For over a year Mrs. Greene had been afflicted with a very stubborn kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills did more to complete her recovery than any medicine she has taken and I feel it my duty to recommend them."—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet.

## Professional Cards

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## Scrubs Fatten Quickly

You want your pigs to eat as much as possible when you fatten them. Give them a great variety of feed, keep the appetite keen and the digestion in good order, and you will obtain the desired result; especially if you mix with the grain ration a dose of

**Bee Dee STOCK MEDICINE**

Whets the appetite—Helps digestion.

I put some scrubby-looking hogs in the pen to fatten and gave them Bee Dee STOCK MEDICINE in their feed. I soon had fine, healthy-looking hogs which netted me over 500 pounds.

H. Kinser, Danlevie, W. Va.

25c, 50c and \$1. per can. At your dealer's. P. B. 4

**PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION, AMENDING ARTICLES XI, SECTION 7a, OF THE CONSTITUTION—PROVIDING FOR AUTHORIZING COUNTIES BORDERING ON THE GULF OF MEXICO TO BUILD SEAWALLS.**

[S. J. R. No. 22.]

**SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION.**

To amend Section 7 of Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Texas, authorizing counties bordering on the Gulf of Mexico to build sea-walls by adding Section 7a, so as to authorize such counties to build sea-walls and designate sea-wall reclamation districts for the protection of life and property from storm overflow, and to build or condemn land for sea-wall and reclamation districts, the county to have State's title to the roads and bay shore line to low tide within the district, and the right to issue district bonds for acquiring and developing the district and building the sea-walls, and when district is developed as townsite to sell such portions of the land as not reserved for public use by the county.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas be proposed to the voters of the State of Texas for their adoption in accordance with law, and that the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to add Section 7a of Article XI, and that Section 7a of Article XI shall read as follows, to-wit:

Section 7a. Where protection against the waters of the Gulf of Mexico is needed for protection of life, health, property or the sea-wall, any county bordering on the Gulf of Mexico may acquire title to the land for said sea-wall or sea-wall reclamation district as designated by the county commissioners' court by purchase or condemnation of all the land desired for sea-wall and land for the sea-wall reclamation district from the sea-wall to bay shore tide line boundary of the property abutting on the bay, and the state hereby cedes to the county, for such district, for reclamation and general uses of the district, the title to bay shore lands in the district between the property tide line boundary and the low tide line of the bay shore, and any land in the reclamation district that may have been retained by the Republic of Texas of (or) the state for roads when the lands adjacent were platted and sold, and the county is given the right to dredge in the bay or in the gulf for fill for the district, and right to sell the land when reclaimed and laid off as townsite or otherwise, and where condemnation is used to acquire the land the proceedings to be as under the Statutes for condemnation for railroads, provided that the condemnation shall vest title in fee in the county, and county may issue bonds or other evidence of district indebtedness for acquiring the property, building the sea-wall, reclamation developments and all incident thereto as expenses of sea-wall and reclamation district, with lien on land and such terms and conditions as county, through its commissioners' court may deem best, and the county commissioners' court shall appoint two persons who are owners of land within the district, and who desire to sell for reclamation and buy back from the county when reclaimed, who, with the county judge as chairman, shall continue a sea-wall reclamation district commission, whose compensation shall be fixed by the court, and this commission has power to make all rules and regulations for acquiring the land of district sea-wall building, reclaiming and plating land of district, issuing bonds or other evidence of indebtedness

for same, subject, however, to all such rules, regulations and acts of the commission being authorized and approved and ratified by county commissioners' court. The district must bear all expenses of sea-wall and purchase of the land and expenses of filing (filling) same and other expenses, and the same shall not in any way involve the credit of the county or be a basis for a tax by the county on general lands of the county unless authorized by a vote of two-thirds of the property taxpayers of the county voting at a special election therefor. It is further provided that any owner of land in a proposed district may subscribe and pay for the district commission, when organized, as the pro rata of his land of the expense of the wall, reclamation, platting as town lots on a basis as such area of land is to be the whole land of the reclamation district and sea-wall, and at any time before the completion of the district may surrender the bonds and receive from the county a bond for title for his land in town lots, less streets and alleys deducted therefrom, for which on surrender deed may be demanded from the county after the district is walled, filled and platted into streets, alleys and lots, and bonds so bought shall so provide. It is further provided that no district shall be formally designated by the county commissioners' court until owners of at least one-half of the proposed area of district petition therefor, and subscribe out for bonds for repurchase from the county as herein provided. This amendment may be acted on without delay of legislation in aid thereof or legislative action may be had in furtherance thereof if desired by the county, acting through its commissioners' court.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

That the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Texas for their ratification and adoption at an election to be held throughout the state on the second Tuesday in November, A. D. 1914, and at such election those favoring the ratification and adoption of said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots: "For the amendment to Article XI, Section 7a, of the Constitution providing for authorizing counties bordering on the Gulf of Mexico to build sea-walls;" and those opposing the adoption and ratification of said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots, "Against the amendment to Article XI, Section 7a, of the Constitution, providing for authorizing counties bordering on the Gulf of Mexico to build sea-walls." Proclamation of such election shall be made by the governor, as required by the Constitution and the law, and there is appropriated out of any funds not otherwise appropriated the sum of five thousand (\$5,000.00) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the expense of advertising and holding such election.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

(Note.—S. J. R. No. 22 passed the Senate by a two-third vote, yeas 24, nays 1, and Senate concurred in House amendments by a two-thirds vote, yeas 27, nays 0; and was passed by the House of Representatives with amendments by a two-thirds vote, yeas 114, nays 0.)

Received in the executive office April 1, 1913, and filed in the Department of State April 5, 1913, without the approval of the governor.

**FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOR RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

**WEEDS OF MADNESS.**

The Odor of One Mexican Plant Causes Temporary Insanity.

The marihuana weed of Mexico is both seductive and maddening. When much indulged in the smoking of the dry leaves of the plant causes insanity.

It is said that immediately after the first three or four drafts the smokers feel a slight headache; then they see everything moving around them and finally lose control of their mental faculties. They imagine they see herds of tigers, lions, devils and monsters coming to attack them. They are not afraid, but feel themselves brave and strong enough to fight and annihilate any number of enemies.

The victim of the weed begins to fight and to imagine that he is killing monsters. But these are imaginary beings whom he cannot kill, and they inspire fear until the smoker is panic stricken and starts to run.

People who become addicted to smoking marihuana finally lose their minds and never recover.

There are many other plants in Mexico which are dangerous, among them being the tolvache, a kind of loco weed. The seeds of this plant boiled and drunk as tea will make a person insane for life, it is asserted. Among some people of Mexico it is believed that Carlotta, empress of Mexico, lost her mind because she was given tolvache as a refreshment. Empress Carlotta was the wife of Emperor Maximilian, who was shot in Queretaro. She lost her mind immediately after her return to Europe from Mexico.

There is in the state of Michoacan another plant the effects of which upon the human organism are very curious. The plant grows wild in some parts of Michoacan, and natives observed that whenever they traversed a field where there were many of these plants they lost all notion of direction, being unable to reach the place to which they were bound. An investigation was made, and it was found that the odor of the plant in question made temporarily insane persons and animals. The insanity caused by the odor of the plant is only momentary, and persons do not lose control of themselves. They simply lose memory of everything, of even what happened a few minutes before, it is said. It takes from three to four hours for a person affected by the odor of the plant to recover fully.

Another curious plant is the weed called de las carreras. When a person drinks a brew of the leaves or seeds of the plant he feels an impulse to run until he drops exhausted.—New York Sun.

**Punctuation.**

In the early days of their craft composers had no need to worry about quotation marks. Punctuation was then of the simplest, consisting only of an oblique line and a full stop. The first book to introduce the colon and notes of interrogation and exclamation appears to have been a Latinus, printed at a monastery near Rome in 1465. Title pages were also unknown in those early days. The books started straight off with "Here beginneth," no author's or publisher's name being prefixed. This causes much difficulty in attributing early work to the proper sources.

**Shakespeare's Slips.**

Slips will happen even with the best of authors. Shakespeare himself was not exempt from error. For instance, he writes in "Julius Caesar" of striking clocks, and among the furniture of Cleopatra's palace mentions a billiard table. In another of his plays one of the characters speaks of a printing press 200 years before the printer's art was known. And in still another he writes of King John and his barons fighting with cannon many years before these engines of war were invented.

**On a Boston Street Car.**

Just to show how easy it is to be "flimflammed."

Two women on a street car. Argument about paying fare, both insisting on doing so.

One woman drops a dime into conductor's hand.

The other woman drops in a nickel and takes out the dime as "change."

Conductor pockets the nickel and rings up two fares.

Everybody is satisfied, apparently.—Boston Post.



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## OUR LIMITED SENSES.

They Fail to Make Us Cognizant of Many Things About Us.

If man were endowed with 200 senses, each as different from the other and as full of perceptive power as the eyes and ears, the human race might the better be justified for its egotism. The scientific as well as religious opinion that mankind "knows a thing or two" and is "lord of the beasts of the field, the birds in the air" and over all inanimate nature might then be at least more justifiable than with his present endowment of a mere "handful" of sense organs.

Besides ultra-microscopic living beings, some beneficial, some friendly and some inimical—witness the virus of rabies, of cancer, of infantile paralysis—there are millions and millions of real things in the physical world beyond the reach of our senses. Just as you feel heat, see light, hear winds, taste nectar and smell ozone, so if you were properly endowed with the extra necessary hundreds of different organs you could sense:

- First.—The X rays.
- Second.—The ultra violet rays.
- Third.—Gravitation.
- Fourth.—Gamma rays.
- Fifth.—Electricity.
- Sixth.—Magnetism.
- Seventh.—Hertzian wireless wave rays.
- Eighth.—Beta rays of radium, thorium, uranium.
- Ninth.—Fast cathode rays from vacuum bulbs.
- Tenth.—Canal rays, electrical in vacuum bulb.
- Eleventh.—Slow cathode rays from incandescent bodies and chemical reactions.
- Twelfth.—Infra-red rays that are not felt as heat.

These and many elements, such as oxygen, hydrogen, helium—the alpha rays of radium—and argon, can only be sensed by the roundabout and circuitously indirect methods.

The battle of the human race against its mysterious environment is an unequal one. If the victory is always to the stronger, man has little chance in this unfair contest.

Happily, the experimental laboratory, as well as the "catch-as-catch-can" method of the "try and try again" inventor, lends gargantuan countenance to human pounding upon the doors of our shut-in environment. Inventors and laboratory workers are the Argus eyed myriads of extra senses, which give hope and promise to the weak mortal in his exploration of the world of real but unseen things.—Denver News.

### Ancient Egyptian Stones.

Stones were formed into the shapes of beetles by the ancient Egyptians. They regarded the beetle as an emblem of immortality, and hence it was the most popular of all forms of ornament. Counterfeit beetles of common stones were commonly buried with dead persons, and it was customary to engrave upon them the expression of wishes for future repose and happiness, dedications of the soul to God and various hieroglyphs. One of the latter was a hawk with a human head, symbolizing resurrection. Another, the vulture, meant maternity. A goose was the son of a king.

### Quite Condescending.

The college president was entertaining a freshman at dinner, when the conversation turned on football. To the student's surprise the president displayed a thorough familiarity with the game and proceeded to discuss it as earnestly as though it had been Greek or mathematics. Indeed, his treatment of the topic brought out so many points that the freshman had overlooked that the youth was moved to remark to his hostess, "Well, this talk with President Blank has showed me how true it is we never meet any one from whom we can't learn something!"

### Chicken Homiletic.

A country minister in the course of his dining out on the circuit came to a house where a roast chicken was served for dinner. He had previously encountered a series of rib corned beef dinners, and the chicken looked good to him.

"Well," he facetiously remarked, "here's where that chicken enters the ministry."

"Hope it does better there than in lay work," rejoined the small boy of the family.

## DEAF PERSONS CAN HEAR.

They Feel Sounds Through Vibrations That Reach the Brain.

That the deaf can really hear and do hear, but in a different way from ordinary people, is a fact that few persons who are not deaf understand. Stanley Robinson, who became deaf at the age of ten, tells how they do it.

Not only do the deaf hear sounds, but they are often greatly annoyed by them. They feel sounds through the concussion on the diaphragms of their ears and the vibrations reach the brain, according to Mr. Robinson, through the nerves of feeling rather than by way of the auditory nerves. A deaf man feels the motion of a passing truck through the vibrations it causes on the pavement. He does not feel the passing of a rubber tired vehicle on an asphalt paved street because this causes no vibrations. He feels the footsteps of a horse if near by and not on the soft earth. He does not hear a stamp upon stone pavement unless it is quite close to him.

"A deaf mute," says Mr. Robinson, "will be conscious of all the noise in the room which he occupies. He will feel the door slam, the fall of a ball, an apple, an orange, a key or any other weight; the footsteps of persons in the room if it is not carpeted or if they do not have on rubber shoes and slippers; also the noise which he makes with his own knife and fork when eating."

"A deaf person never feels the sound of a bell, as its vibrations are confined solely to the atmosphere. I think there is no way by which the sound of such an instrument can be imparted to our feelings."

Some of the devices employed by deaf persons to warn them of the ringing of the doorbell are most ingenious. One household has a rubber ball suspended from the ceiling of the living room, and the ringing of the bell causes this to swing back and forth. One man has a flag that drops when the bell rings. Another has the bell attached to an electric lamp so that it lights up when the bell push is pressed.

A New Yorker has an alarm clock attached to the foot bar of a brass bed. He feels the vibrations when the alarm goes off just as plainly as if he could hear them.—New York World.

### Better Than London Bridge.

London children, whose playground is the street, have many games that rival "playing at horses" or "playing at motorcars." A popular one, obviously inspired by the picture palace, is "Indians and cowboys." If one is an Indian he has to crawl along the ground for some distance and then seize his victim by the hair preparatory to scalping him. At the critical moment, however, the cowboys come along firing their pistols (bought at the candy shop), there is a cry of "Hands up!" which the Indians obey, and then the game ends.—Chicago News.

### Overdoing It.

Mr. B., who was dining out, had done lavish justice to the good things before him. By way of a graceful apology he remarked with a beaming smile directed toward his hostess, "I've always heard, ma'am, that the highest compliment one can pay the housekeeper is to eat heartily. You observe that I have been exceedingly polite."

"Thank you, Mr. B.," smiled back the hostess. "Indeed, I think that you have carried politeness to the point of flattery."—New York Post.

### When We Get Old.

It's the struggle that the Lord wants, I reckon, and, anyhow, he makes it easier for us as the years go on. When we get past our fiftieth year we begin to understand that there are few things worth bothering about, and the sins of fellow mortals are not among them.—Ellen Glasgow.

### Discipline.

Father (left in charge)—No, you cannot have any more cake. (Very seriously)—Do you know what I shall have to do if you go on making that dreadful noise?

Little Girl (sobbing)—Yes.

Father—Well, what is it?

Little Girl—Give me some more cake.

And she was quite right.—Presbyterian Standard.

## AN ARCTIC VISITOR.

One Thump of the Polar Bear's Paw Wrecked the House.

Established in winter quarters in Greenland, Captain Einar Mikkelsen and his companion had an adventure with a bear which Captain Mikkelsen describes in "Lost In the Arctic." He was chopping wood on the floor of the house when an exclamation from Iversen caused him to look up, and he found himself confronting a bear which was not more than twenty paces off:

I spring back hastily, with a sort of mental snapshot of a big white furry lump with shining teeth and flashing eyes gliding silently and swiftly toward me.

In a moment we have shut and bolted the door, and Iversen puts his back against it further to bar the entrance against our unwelcome guest. We are not exactly prepared. Iversen has but one shot in his gun, and mine is empty. Both weapons are frozen, and it is doubtful if we can get them thawed in time. Bruin, however, has no sportsmanlike scruples about waiting until we are ready. He is hungry and evidently determined to break in.

A mighty thump of his heavy paw settles the matter. Iversen is flung half across the room and upsets the caboose, with pots, pans, dinner and all. The next moment he is on his feet again, at my side, with his rifle in his hand.

We glance at each other without speaking. There in the doorway, with his forepaws on the threshold, is the bear, staring in, open mouthed and dribbling in astonishment at the strange cave he has broken into. Never have I seen such utter consternation in the eyes of any beast.

A sharp click breaks the anxious silence as Iversen cocks his gun. The next moment the cabin is filled with a tremendous roar.

My eyes are fixed on the bear. His great white chest shivers at the shot, a few drops of blood appear, but still he stands there in the doorway as if petrified with astonishment. Then suddenly he decides to retreat, runs a few steps, stumbles over the sledge and sinks in a heap to the ground. The fight is over, victory is ours, and the undesired guest has paid dearly for his impertinence.

### Correct Collective Nouns.

A gang of elk. A drove of oxen. A herd of swine. A swarm of bees. A bevy of quail. A flock of geese. A wisp of snipe. A cast of hawks. A skulk of foxes. A stand of plovers. A trip of dotterel. A pack of wolves. A sounder of hogs. A pride of lions. A sleuth of bears. A siege of herons. A brood of grouse. A troop of monkeys. A building of rooks. A nide of pheasants. A covey of partridges. A muster of peacocks. A plump of wild fowl. A herd or bunch of cattle. A clattering of cloughs. A shoal of herring. A school or "pod" of whales. A watch of nightingales. A flight of doves or swallows. — Kansas City Star.

### The Withering Wind.

The name of harmattan has been given a periodical wind which blows from the interior of Africa toward the Atlantic during the three months of December, January and February. It sets in with a fog or dry haze, which sometimes conceals the sun for whole weeks together. Every plant, every bit of grass and leaf in its course is withered as though it had been seared by heat from a furnace. Often within an hour after it begins to blow green grass is dry enough to burn like paper. Even the hardened natives lose all of the skin on exposed parts during the prevalence of this withering wind.

### The Quarter Dollar.

No one seems unwilling to accept a twenty-five cent piece, even though there are on each coin the following hoodoo combinations: Thirteen letters in the scroll held in the eagle's beak, thirteen feathers in each wing, thirteen tail feathers, thirteen upright bars in the shield, thirteen arrow heads, thirteen leaves on the branch, thirteen letters in the words "quarter dollar."

### Any Old Color.

Diner—I think I'll try some fish today.

Waitress—Bluefish or whitefish, sir?

Diner—It doesn't matter; I'm color blind.—Boston Transcript.

## SAVED A SLAUGHTER.

A Glimpse of His Own Epaulet Made the Lieutenant a Hero.

"Nobility binds to noble conduct," says the old French proverb. "My boy," answered Senator and Colonel Baker at Ball's Bluff when called upon to obey his own order and lie down upon the ground—"my boy, a colonel cannot afford to lie down in the presence of the enemy!" He was shot a moment after.

There is a story that Lieutenant Guy Preston saved his men at the fight at Wounded Knee by thinking of the sentiment of the old proverb.

He was holding his men in the line before the Indians fired. Every one was looking for trouble of some kind, but it was the unexpected that happened.

The Indians were hovering about with their blankets around them when the signal was given by one of them, and in an instant every buck threw away his blanket and stood revealed with a gun in his hand.

The Redskins fired. They had every advantage of the soldiers, even without counting the surprise. And the soldiers ran. It was only for a short distance in any case, and they wanted some sort of cover.

But Preston, looking back over his shoulder to see if the Indians were following or for whatever purpose one looks back at a dangerous foe, saw a strap on his shoulder and experienced a shock.

It occurred to him at the instant that he was running away with the insignia of rank which his government had conferred upon him, that he was in a way the representative of a great nation and that he ought not to run. He stopped. Of course there was no well defined object in his stopping, but when the rest of the men saw him standing there without cover and returning the fire of the Indians they turned back, and in five minutes it was all over and the Indians were beaten.

It could have been nothing short of a slaughter had Preston gone with the rest, for there was no cover until the top of the hill was reached, and that was so distant that the Indians would have had an easy time picking off officers, their favorite pastime. Preston's idea of duty was what saved the day.—Washington Star.

### How We Get "Teetotal."

To stammering, according to a favorite theory, we owe the very useful word "teetotal." It appears to have been first used in September, 1833, by Richard Turner, a reformed drunkard. Opinions differ, however, as to whether it was the happy accident of stammering over "total" or an intentional emphasizing by reduplication, and it has even been claimed that it is an old dialect word. The only certainties are that the word has nothing to do with tea, though a French novelist did translate "teetotaler" into "totaliseur du the."—London Standard.

### The Explanation.

Men who sit still in street cars while women stand and give as their excuse the assertion that women do not thank them when they do offer their seats will like this story:

The man arose and gave his seat to a girl.

"Oh, thank you most kindly, sir," she replied.

"Don't mind her being polite," explained a sad faced woman. "I'm taking her to a sanitarium."—New York Globe.

### A Division of Labor.

The following dialogue at the Bow county court deserves to be recorded:

Witness—One day I had some shrimps to sell, and I asked the plaintiff to help me. He said, "I can't push the barrow because my arm is bad, but if you like I'll come along with you and holler."

Counsel—Why was that?

Witness—Well, it's like this, sir. A man can often shout when he can't shove.—London News.

### Planning Ahead.

"Theater parties," said the prospective bride, "will cost about \$200 annually, flowers as much more and bonbons, say, \$100. Certainly, we can marry on \$600 a year."

"And have a snug surplus," suggested her dad, "for such incidentals as grub and clothes and house rent."

## RACING AT STATE FAIR.

Every Great Stable in America Represented in the Entries.

Dallas—This city is to have the most brilliant turf program in history this fall at the 1914 State Fair of Texas, which begins Saturday, October 17, and continues sixteen days. The ten harness stake events, closing July 1, for purses and stakes valued at \$24,500, attracted 350 entries and every race filled. It is the greatest record in the annals of the local track, and nearly 100 more entries than recorded for similar events in 1913.

Every great turf center in the United States and Canada is represented. The greatest horses in America will participate in the trotting and harness events. Among the famous stables represented are those of Ed Geers of Memphis, Tenn.; T. W. Murphy of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., the biggest money winner of last year; W. O. Foote of Bonham, Texas. In fact there will be more grand circuit horses in Dallas this fall than ever before in the annals of the local track.

The State Fair management offers this year \$50,000 in purses and stakes. Each day there will be some big stake event in the harness classes as well as interesting contests for runners.

Racing begins Tuesday, October 20, and closes Friday, October 30, ten days in all.

## ARTISTRY IN EXHIBITS.

Symmetry in Arrangement of Exhibits Will Favorably Impress Visitors.

Dallas—Declaring an artistic display of grains and grasses the mirror which reflects the prosperity of a community, Secretary W. H. Stratton of the State Fair of Texas has inaugurated a movement for feature displays of farm, orchard and garden products at the coming meeting which opens Saturday, October 17, and continues sixteen days.

In his letters to agricultural exhibitors Secretary Stratton declares agricultural products should be massed together in a perfect, uniform, graceful display of symmetry and artisticness, in order to impress visitors with the fertility and agricultural possibilities of the section represented.

Prospects are for a big increased exhibition of the agricultural products from every section of the state. Secretary Stratton reporting the demand for county exhibit booths this early assuring an increase in number. "Our small grain displays promise to be the greatest in quality and in magnitude in the history of the Fair," said Secretary Stratton. "South Texas counties with exhibits of rice, ribbon cane, sugar, citrus fruits, etc., will be more largely represented than ever before."

Exceptionally low round trip rates from all points to the State Fair of Texas this year. A visit within the reach of all.

### The Farmer.

Let us never forget that the cultivation of the earth is the most important labor of man. Man may be civilized in some degree without great progress in manufactures and with little commerce with his distant neighbors, but without the cultivation of the earth he is, in all countries, a savage. Until he gives up the chase and fixes himself in some place and seeks a living from the earth he is a roaming barbarian. When tillage begins other arts follow. The farmers are the founders of civilization. — Daniel Webster.

### Cockroaches.

Of all creatures of our houses the cockroach is the most detested. Housewives may be surprised to learn that a cockroach can live five years and that it takes a year to develop to maturity. The female lays her eggs in a horny capsule like a spectacle case, which she carries about with her until she is ready to deposit it in some suitable place. Later she returns to help her baby cockroaches out of their shells.—National Geographical Society Bulletin.

### The Motor Enthusiast.

"Could you tell me where I could get some giant freerackers?" said the determined looking woman.

"We can order them for you," replied the merchant. "Might I inquire what you want with them?"

"To wake my husband. He has got so he pays no attention to an alarm clock. The only thing that will arouse him is a noise like a bursting automobile tire."—Washington Star.

### Sarcotic.

A customer had ordered lunch in a restaurant at 2 o'clock. He waited half an hour without result.

"Waiter," he called out, "what time do you close?"

"Half past 6, sir."

With deep concern in his voice the customer said:

"You are not going to lock me in, are you?"—New York Globe.

### Knew Her Own Limitations.

"Martha," said the mistress to the new cook, "I thought I told you we'd have curried chicken for dinner."

"Yes'm," the new cook answered, "but the hostler was busy, and I ain't no hand with a currycomb."—Exchange.

**PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION, AMENDING SECTION 1, ARTICLE 3, OF THE CONSTITUTION, PROVIDING FOR THE INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM.**

(S. J. R. No. 12.)

**SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION.**

To amend Section 1, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to give to the people, or reserve to them, the power to propose laws and to enact or reject the same at the polls, and to approve or reject at the polls any Act of the Legislature.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

That Section 1, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended to read:

Section 1. The legislative power of this State shall be vested in a Senate and House of Representatives, which, together, shall be styled "The Legislature of the State of Texas," but the people reserve to themselves power, as herein provided, to propose laws and to enact or reject the same at the polls, and to approve or reject at the polls any law, or any part of any law enacted by the Legislature. The Legislature shall provide by law for submitting to the vote of the people, upon the petition of twenty per cent. of the qualified voters of the State the enactment of laws and the approval or rejection of any law enacted by the Legislature.

Be it further resolved, by the Legislature of the State of Texas: that the above and foregoing is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, and shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State of Texas for members of the Legislature, for their adoption or rejection as a part of the Constitution of this State, and shall be voted on by such electors at the

regular election for the election of officers to be held throughout the State, on the second Tuesday in November, A. D. 1914, and those voting for the adoption of said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to Section 1, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for the initiative and referendum," and those voting against the adoption of such amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment to Section 1, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for the initiative and referendum." And the foregoing proposed amendment shall be duly published once a week for four consecutive weeks, commencing at least three months before the election at which it is to be voted upon, in one weekly newspaper in each county in this State, in which such a newspaper may be published. The Governor shall make proclamation of such election upon said proposed amendment by publication as aforesaid, and as required by the Constitution and laws, and the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) is now appropriated out of any fund in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expense of making such proclamation and publication and holding said election.

(Note.—S. J. R. No. 12 passed the Senate by a two-thirds vote, yeas 21, nays 5, and was further passed by a two-thirds vote, yeas 21, nays 7, and Senate concurred in House amendments by a two-thirds vote, yeas 23, nays 0; and was passed by the House of Representatives with amendments by the following vote: yeas 84, nays 36.)

Received in the Executive Office April 1, 1913, and filed in the Department of State April 4, 1913, without the approval of the Governor. Adv. 4t.

**EX-CHIEF OF TULSA HELD WITHOUT BAIL.**

**William J. Baber Charged With Shooting Down Two U. S. Marshals.**

Tulsa, Ok., July 25.—William J. Baber, former chief of police here, was late this afternoon held for trial in the superior court without bond for the murder of Deputy United States Marshals Holmes Davidson and Ed Plank, whom he shot down, it is charged, last Thursday when they attempted to search his home for contraband liquor. The preliminary hearing, which was held before Justice of the Peace Lee Daniel, lasted nearly all day and was attended by hundreds of people. Baber offered no evidence in defense.

Adjutant General Canton, sent here by Governor Cruce in answer to a telegram from the Law Enforcement League, after being "missing" from his hotel all morning, late this afternoon gave out a statement denouncing local officers for their failure to enforce the prohibitory and gambling laws. He said he had investigated the situation, but in view of the fact that the state had no money to pay the state militia, he would not recommend that martial law be declared at this time. He said he would go to Oklahoma City tomorrow and discuss conditions with the governor, but it was likely that no drastic action would be taken for several days, if at all.

**Citrolax! Citrolax! Citrolax!**

It's a laxative, of course—and the nicest hot weather drink you ever tasted. Flushes thoroughly and pleasantly, too. F. C. Crysler, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "Have used laxatives for 15 years, but this Citrolax has got everything else beat a mile." Try it.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

**HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE**

**After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.**

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good.

I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing all my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 1-6

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**The I. & G. N.**

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Round Trip Summer Tourist Tickets on Sale Daily.

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Please Mention This Paper When Answering Advertisements

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**WHEN** you want anything for your home or for your personal use, or some improvements or repairs made to your property, or your property insured, your eyes treated, your teeth filled, your automobile polished, your horse shod or your windows screened do you wander into the first office or store you come to that carries a sign alleging the proprietor's business or

**Do You Wisely Find the Man**

with whom you have become acquainted by reading his announcements in the Courier and who has thereby inspired your confidence?

**QUESTION---Are You a Wise Buyer or a Blind Spender?**

**Let the Courier Advertising Columns Guide You to Crockett's Enterprising and Progressive Citizens.**

# The Crockett Courier

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W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

## PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

For District Attorney  
J. J. Bishop  
of Henderson County

For Representative  
J. R. Hairston

For County Judge  
E. Winfree

For County Attorney  
B. F. Dent

For District Clerk  
John D. Morgan

For County Clerk  
A. S. Moore

For Tax Assessor  
John H. Ellis

For Tax Collector  
Geo. H. Denny

For County Treasurer  
Ney Sheridan

For Sheriff  
R. J. (Bob) Spence

For County Superintendent  
Jno. N. Snell

For Commissioner, Prec't No. 2  
G. R. Murchison

For Commissioner, Prec't No. 3  
J. A. Harrelson

For Commissioner, Prec't No. 4  
J. W. McHenry

For Justice of Peace, Prec't No. 1  
E. M. Callier

For Justice of Peace, Prec't No. 6  
T. R. Hester

For Constable, Prec't No. 1  
C. C. (Buck) Mortimer

Jim Ferguson is the political hero of Texas. He first licked the ants in their efforts at elimination, then the pros on election day and now he has called Joe Bailey's hand and forced a backdown.

When important offices are to be filled in a democratic primary, you always know how the Courier stands before the election. You also know how it stands after the primary—it is heart and soul for the nominee.

Ferguson's rise from obscurity to the governorship of a great state is remarkable. There are plenty of men in Houston county who are better known than Ferguson was a year ago. There must be something in him to bring him to the top in such a short time.

Those who take the result of the state election as a slap at the national administration did not follow the campaign closely. Ferguson gave his unqualified endorsement to the Wilson administration some time before the Wilson letter, thanking Ball for his efforts in Wilson's behalf two years ago, was given to the public.

The Courier is not a "political sorehead." The people always know how we stand on any question that they are interested in and they know that we are a "good loser." They also know that we never attempt humiliation to other "good losers" by "crowing over victory" when we are on the victorious side, as sometimes we are and as sometimes is everybody else.

Some of the prohibition counties where submission carried gave Ferguson majorities. Further proof that prohibition was not a predominating factor in the governor's race is the fact that the senate will be about evenly divided between pro

and anti and in the house the pros will have a majority. The vote for governor, the vote on submission and the vote for local representatives would indicate, if indicating anything, which we doubt, that the people of Texas are opposed to statewide prohibition, but favor the local option plan of county or precinct prohibition.

War to the hilt has broken out between the European powers and the whole world is suffering a financial paralysis. Our own country is badly hurt. In times of peace Europe takes much of our cotton and other products. With the beginning of hostilities market values are upset and the business world is thrown into a panicky condition. Markets are paralyzed because of instability of price and lack of foresight into the future.

If there ever was necessity for a government warehouse that necessity exists now. On account of the financial upset, caused by the European upheaval, there is no stability of market values and all staple products are affected. Every farmer should write his senator and congressman, demanding a warehouse where money could be drawn on cotton and grain during times of panic. Letters from the farmers themselves will have more effect than from anybody else.

The Courier has heretofore opposed a double primary, but we now believe the time has come, when the people are so evenly divided on a question of statewide importance, that a double primary would serve a good purpose. It would at least keep down elimination conventions in the future, if any more are contemplated, and give a free-for-all race for all offices. Every citizen of Texas who wants to run for office should have the right to do so. Having the field to select from, greater satisfaction would result to the people.

Ferguson's main plank was the land-rent question and it should be embodied in the state platform to be constructed at El Paso. No questions of national government were involved in his race and none were passed on by the people in the recent primary. Questions of national importance will be threshed out in the next senatorial race. It is expected that a general endorsement of the national and state administrations will be made and it is proper that such should be done. Ferguson made his campaign as the friend of both the national and state administrations and received the endorsement of his party. Now it is proper that the party, in state convention, should endorse both administrations.

An analysis of the state election returns shows that the whisky question was not a predominating factor in the governor's race. An analysis of the vote proves that Ferguson owes his nomination largely to the farming class. It was within the power of the farmers to elect either candidate by swinging their support to him. They swung it to Ferguson and they did it simply for the reason that a few men got together in the towns and put up a candidate for them to vote for. The trend of opinion and developments during the campaign leads us to this conclusion. And they will do it every time, no matter how good the man is or how good the people are who put him up. They want to, and ought to, and do, have a hand in the eliminating. It will be remembered that the Courier took no part in any eliminating convention, but supported the candidate whom it then believed to possess the highest qualifications regardless of elimination or prohibition.

## RESULTS KNOWN IN ALL CONTESTS.

Two Hundred Thirty Counties, Complete and Partial, Show Total Vote of 406,000.

It will be several days before there is a list published which will include all of the counties of Texas with the vote on submission and the state officers, but enough has been reported through the Texas Co-operative Election Bureau, which was organized by C. H. Abbott of the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone company, to know what the final result is as to nominees.

In the governor's race 406,533 votes have been accounted for from 230 counties. Not a single large county is missing, and the combined vote of those which have failed to report will hardly run as high as 10,000 votes, it being very likely that several of them held no primaries at all. Of the 230 counties accounted for, 108 are complete and at least 65 more of them are practically complete. In the others, the percentage of vote out is too small to change a single result.

Submission on the face of returns is defeated more than 21,000 votes. Ferguson is about 38,000 votes ahead of Ball; Jeff McLemore is the leading candidate for congressman at large and J. H. (Cyclone) Davis will be his associate. In the contested races seven anti state-wide prohibitionists and four state-wide prohibitionists have been nominated. "Congressman" Davis is the only state-wider given any opposition from the anti-prohibitionists who was successful.

The compilation of returns on the legislature continues to show sixteen pros and 15 antis in the senate, with 71 pros and 66 antis in the house, two districts holding no election, making the vote 71 to 68. In the two districts unaccounted for, according to returns, there will be at least one prohibitionist and maybe two chosen. The pro control of the house by a narrow margin therefore appears certain. Five of the pros nominated are men who have agreed to abide the outcome of the recent primary on the liquor question.

From the figures gathered it is shown plainly that in the race for congressman at large much "single-shooting" was done. Submission runs far behind the governor's race in the amount of votes polled as do all other state races.

The following result is indicated by the returns:

Submission—	
For	129,153
Against	151,519
Governor—	
Ball	181,042
Ferguson	219,439
Morris	6,052
Lieutenant Governor—	
Hobby	170,998
Sturgeon	158,790
Treasurer—	
Baker	139,649
Edwards	169,198
Criminal Appeals—	
Davidson	196,702
Faulk	113,677
Commissioner Agriculture—	
Davis	160,206
Halbert	139,943
Railroad Commissioner—	
Arnold	100,224
Mayfield	190,091
Superintendent Instruction—	
Doughty	189,865
Marrs	119,128
Land Commissioner—	
Bearley	113,723
Geers	8,356
Robison	179,617
Comptroller—	
Franklin	90,836
Mayfield	66,821
Terrell	136,782
Congressmen at Large—	
Davis	78,529
Garrett	67,785
Harris	38,455
Kone	59,054
Lane	67,764
Lowry	42,584
McLemore	80,116
Porter	14,903
O'Donnell	20,939
Shield	19,189



## Paint Is Cheaper

than wear and tear on your buildings. Painting doubles the life of wood or metal-work exposed to the weather. Don't be penny wise and pound foolish—paint up. Let us show you the best line of paints, varnishes, brushes and all painters' materials in this town. It's but little trouble to ask for our figures and you are sure to save money by doing so.

## King's Drug Store

Gasoline, Oils and Greases

### Massmeeting and Resolutions.

To the people of Houston county: We, the undersigned citizens in and adjacent to the town of Lovelady and qualified voters of same, in massmeeting assembled, do hereby adopt the following, to-wit:

Be it resolved, 1st—That we, having known the present county clerk of this county, O. C. Goodwin, from infancy, we have absolute confidence in his honor and integrity, and we know him to be a gentleman of the highest type and cannot believe he is guilty of the acts charged against him in a certain affidavit. We believe he would prefer to protect the name of a woman even under circumstances that would be detrimental to him in so doing rather than say any word or do any act which would reflect upon her, and we hereby place ourselves upon record as being bitterly opposed to any man, or set of men, who would for selfish purposes circulate such reports against Mr. Goodwin or any one else in the manner in which this report was circulated.

Resolved, 2nd: That we hereby condemn the action of A. S. Moore, who was O. C. Goodwin's opponent, in that he, the said A. S. Moore, did, just the night before the election, aid, assist and abet in circulating said affidavit among an innocent and unsuspecting public without giving any one interested an opportunity to make a defense.

Signed, Sam H. Sharp, W. F. Rayburn, C. B. Moore, Lang Smith, W. H. Tomme, E. Kennedy, committee.

G. L. Murray, W. W. Harris, H. Wakefield, M. W. Dent, J. L.

Straughan, John Goodwin, A. H. Young, C. C. Allen, W. H. Montzinger, I. J. Hartt, B. L. West, J. A. Hutchings, E. A. Snell, O. K. Goodrum, W. D. Gimon, J. W. Driskell, F. R. Morgan, L. W. McCall, Hayne Mainer, R. F. Atkinson, T. J. Toler, J. P. Okeefe, C. Goodwin, Boyd Perry, J. N. Collins, R. A. Shaw, J. D. Baker, B. B. Snell, W. L. Lawson, W. H. Collins, R. B. Mainer, A. A. Bussell, W. T. Ham, W. B. Cochran, N. H. Moore, W. F. Dent, J. W. Skipper, B. F. Parker, T. A. Newton, Walter Stevenson, L. R. Tigner, Edd Butler, E. S. Atkinson, W. W. Lundy, Clarence Hartt, R. A. Turner, Christian F. Niisse, W. B. Collins, J. J. Kennedy, T. A. McNeely, R. E. Parker, J. A. Harrelston, F. N. Lewis, B. K. Palmer, J. F. Fair, Jim Arnold, Peter Fridel, J. F. Hammond, C. H. Ciek, John Meadows, A. T. Speer.—Advertisement.

### Hospitality for Visitors.

On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. I. A. Daniel added to the gaiety of Crockett when she gave a picture show party complimentary to her niece, Miss Myrick of San Antonio, and Miss Cofer of Austin.

The guests gathered at Rose Lawn, the attractive home of the hostess, and from there all went to the Royal.

After the show delightful refreshments were served at the Decuir-Bishop Parlor.

Those accepting the hospitality were: Misses Kennedy, Carleton, Chamberlain, Dawes, Kathleen Hail, Ellis, Foster, McConnell, Grace Denny, Sue Denny, Cofer, Myrick, Beasley Denny, Aldrich, Beasley, Collins, and Mrs. J. W. Hail.

A Guest.

## Watch Your New Home Grow



day by day. And if it is being built with our lumber watch it with the confidence that it is being built right and for many years of good service and pleasant occupancy. You, of course, want a good house when you build. You can obtain it only by using the best lumber, such as we sell exclusively.

## Crockett Lumber Co.

"The Planing Mill"

## Paying for Prejudice

People who buy goods from year to year without looking around and investigating are paying for prejudice. Prejudice is expensive.

We never object to having our customers investigate the merits of other stores. The oftener they investigate the more firmly they become convinced that ours is the store that gives the best values for the money.

We ask you to investigate—investigate our store, investigate other stores, investigate all of them—and then you will come to us.

**The McLean Drug Company**  
The Rexall Store  
Everything in Drugs and Jewelry

### Local News.

Joel Leathers of Leon county was here last week.

Remember H. G. Patton for your bagging and ties. 1t.

Miss Marian Mallard of Rusk is visiting Miss Sue Smith.

Let H. G. Patton figure with you on your bagging and ties. 1t.

Some fine cotton and watermelons are being exhibited by farmers.

A complete, up-to-date abstract of—adv Aldrich & Crook.

W. C. Shivers is among Courier subscription renewals this week.

For Rent—A nice house in the Bruner addition. S. F. Tenney.

M. Q. Dominy of Pennington paid the Courier a pleasant visit Saturday.

Miss Louella Gardner of Palestine is visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Arledge.

Mrs. J. D. Woodward and children are visiting relatives and friends at Cushing.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Craig of Dallas are visiting Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Edmiston.

Miss Jeannette Scott of Houston is a guest in the home of Mrs. Bird Wootters.

Take your loose buggy and wagon tires to Jno. R. Foster, the Buggy Man. 4t.

Frank Chamberlain Jr. has returned from a vacation spent at Corpus Christi.

Miss Georgia Laura Dick of Houston is visiting Misses Mary and Jennie McLean.

The Methodist pastor, Rev. D. H. Hotchkiss, is assisting in a religious revival at Porter Springs.

Ring 250, Woodward's wood yard, and get any kind of wood you want—any length, any size. 1t.

T. T. Bitner of Lovelady, route 2, is among our good friends remembering the Courier since last issue.

FOR SALE—The windmill at old jail—cheap for \$40.00 as it stands. Apply to T. B. Satterwhite or W. B. Page. 3t.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Rodgers of Patterson Lake were here Saturday on their way to Hot Springs for the rest of the summer.

Good Invincible roasted coffee in double-lined 50-lb bags at 13c per pound at H. G. Patton's. Located across the railroad track. 1t.

Our stock of \$3.00 straw hats reduced in price to \$1.90. All \$2.50 hats to go at \$1.40. Come early while you can get your size. 2t. Daniel & Burton.

Mrs. Donald McDonald and little sons, Donald and Gordon, have returned home after a pleasant visit to Austin and Fort Worth.

We have a few suits of Kirschbaum summer-weight clothes for men to close out at and below cost. 2t. Daniel & Burton.

Surveying. We do surveying promptly, accurately and at reasonable rates. 1t. Hail & Wilson.

Miss Corinne Cofer of Austin, a guest of Miss Beasley Denny, left Tuesday at noon to visit friends in Galveston before returning home.

We have a few suits of Kirschbaum summer-weight clothes for men to close out at and below cost. 2t. Daniel & Burton.

J. T. Crook of Ratcliff and Dr. B. S. Elliott of this city are driving new Ford roadsters. Mr. Crook's number is 77 and Dr. Elliott's is 78.

Last week W. A. King was passing around a dollar's worth of "Farmer Jim" cigars with the compliments of L. C. Jeffus of Nevils Prairie.

Mrs. C. L. Edmiston and Miss Josephine Edmiston, Mrs. Earle Adams Jr. and Miss Judith Arledge are visiting in Houston and Galveston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McFarland and little daughter of Jacksonville, with their chauffeur and automobile, passed through Crockett Monday on their way to Galveston.

I. W. Sweet has returned from Milwaukee, Wis., his old home, and from Chicago, where he went for medical treatment. His health shows marked improvement.

Our stock of \$3.00 straw hats reduced in price to \$1.90. All \$2.50 hats to go at \$1.40. Come early while you can get your size. 2t. Daniel & Burton.

I can tighten your loose wagon and buggy tires and not take out the bolts. Bring them to my shop. I guarantee them. Jno. R. Foster, 4t. The Buggy Man.

A dance for the visitors was given at the Crockett Club Tuesday evening, following a picture show party given by Mrs. D. F. Arledge for her visitor and the other visitors in the city.

I have contracted for 6000 patterns 2 1/4-lb. bagging and Standard Arrow ties and I am prepared to save the gingers some money. H. Gauze Patton, Wholesale Broker. 1t.

Don't endure the needless pain and torment of rheumatism, aggravated as it is by the hot weather. W. T. Hutchens, Nicholson, Ga., says: "I suffered the aches and pains of rheumatism, swollen feet, irregular, painful bladder action, but Foley Kidney Pills fixed me up quickly." Foley's are the best.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet.

Misses Fannie Goolsbee and Virginia Chamberlain left Saturday for Corpus Christi, where they will spend the month of August with Mrs. B. F. Chamberlain and Mrs. Virginia Collins, who have a cottage there.

James Mulligan, a brother of A. B. Mulligan of Porter Springs, died in a Houston sanitarium Saturday and was buried at Porter Springs Sunday. He was taken to the sanitarium Friday in an effort to save his life.

#### Fair Will Be Held.

The Courier's information is that the county fair will be held in October, the exact date not yet determined upon. The directors will begin soon to put the grounds in condition.

An inexhaustible supply of natural gas has been discovered in the well on Bill Leediker's place in west Crockett. Gas has a fine commercial value, but we have heard of no plans for its utilization at present.

Sheridan & Cutler put on a town lot sale Thursday at auction and sold a number of lots. The property is in the Miller addition, between the Hall's Bluff and Porter Springs roads, and is well located for residence property.

Crockett took three straights this week from Eagle Lake, the champions of south Texas. The scores were: Monday, 7 and 4; Tuesday, 8 and 3; Wednesday, 5 and 3. The Eagle Lake team went to Rusk Wednesday night for three games.

#### Whose Heifer?

A Jersey heifer, 3 or 4 years old, spotted, no brand or marks, long-legged, yellow with white spots, is in my pasture. Owner will please call, pay costs and take the heifer. 1t. H. Bolc, Butcher.

The Courier bragged on this city's water supply last week and one of the pumps at the waterworks plant immediately broke down. The supply is greatly curtailed and no water can be had for sprinkling streets and lawns until the broken pump can be repaired.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Wootters were host and hostess Wednesday evening for Miss Jeannette Scott of Houston, Miss Louella Gardner of Palestine, Miss Emmie Pearson of Alabama, Miss Marian Mallard of Rusk and Miss Georgia Laura Dick of Houston. Ten couples were entertained.

#### Excursion Notice.

Cotton Carnival Galveston, July 30 to August 9. Three popular excursions via I. & G. N. Railway. Season tickets on sale July 29 to August 7, inclusive; return limit August 10. For particulars as to these and various other rates, see ticket agent, I. & G. N. Railway. 2t.

#### Card of Thanks.

I take this means of extending my sincere thanks to my many friends who so loyally supported me in the primary election. I shall endeavor to show my appreciation by a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. Yours very respectfully, Adv. 1t. C. C. Mortimer.

#### To the Citizens of Houston County.

I take this means of thanking the citizens of Houston county for the many courtesies extended to me in my race for representative of Houston county. I shall ever be very grateful to those of my friends for their support on last Saturday, July 25, 1914. Respectfully, J. R. Hairston.

#### Cemetery Work.

To the citizens of Crockett and vicinity: I will thank you to meet me at Glenwood cemetery on Tuesday, 8 o'clock a. m., August 11, 1914. Also those parties who have subscribed their help will please have the men there or come, and let us help in the worthy cause. The work will not be heavy where there is plenty of willing help. I am respectfully, H. F. Craddock.

W. M. Halfacre, Dexter, Mo., bought Foley Kidney Pills for Mrs. Halfacre, who was down on her back with kidneys so sore he had to help her move. He says, "She would cry with pain across her kidneys, but after she took the second bottle of Foley Kidney Pills, she was as well and strong as ever."—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

## Money to Loan.

We make a specialty of loans on land and to farmers. We buy vendors lien notes and any other good paper. If you want to borrow money you will DO WELL to call and get our terms before placing your loan. We buy and sell real estate.

### Warfield Bros.

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS



WILL BE IN  
LOVELADY, TEXAS

Thursday  
August 13

And Will Remain Until

Saturday  
August 22

Office at Mr. John Newton's Residence.

**Dr. A. H. Rosenthal**  
OPTICIAN

#### Expression of Gratitude.

I wish to convey to the democrats of my commission's precinct the sincerest gratitude of my heart for the majority given me in the recent primary. Let me assure you that I will make you the best commissioner that lies within my power. And for those who found reason to vote against me I entertain no spirit of antagonism and will make them just as good a commissioner as I will those who voted for me, showing no partiality on that or any other account. Soliciting the cooperation of all taxpayers in the management of the county's affairs, I beg to subscribe myself,

Your obedient servant,  
Adv. 1t. J. W. McHenry.

#### Not So Strange After All.

You may think it strange that so many people are cured of stomach trouble by Chamberlain's Tablets. You would not, however, if you should give them a trial. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Mrs. Rosie Rish, Wabash, Ind., writes, "Nothing did me the least good until I began using Chamberlain's Tablets. It is decidedly the best medicine for stomach trouble I have ever used." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

#### "Stay-at-Home" Sufferers of Hay Fever and Asthma Get a Bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound.

Restful sleep, relief and comfort from choking, gasping asthma and tormenting hay fever for those who take Foley's Honey and Tar. It spreads a healing, soothing coating as it glides down a raw, tickling throat and stops irritating coughs and summer colds.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

## Dangerous Kidney Diseases

Any kidney ailment is serious, no matter how early the stage of its progress. Such apparently slight troubles as backache, rheumatism, etc., are all probably symptoms of kidney disorders. You cannot afford to ignore these symptoms, nor to experiment with remedies of unknown efficiency. Use

### Nyal's Stone Root Compound

This is a remedy of proved merit. We have sold it for years under a strict guarantee. It pays to use something that is backed with a guarantee—not only because you are insured against loss, but because you are assured of quality.

Price 50c and \$1.00

### Decuir-Bishop Drug Company

Phone 47 or 140

No Item Too Small for Our Free Delivery

## HOW HEAVY ARE YOU?

After the Age of Forty Overweight Affects the Heart.

Life insurance statistics show that overweight policyholders very rarely die of old age. For that matter no one ever dies of old age. But overweight persons are apt to succumb to some illness earlier in life than persons of normal weight.

A man five feet tall should weigh 115 pounds.

A man five feet two inches should weigh 127 pounds.

A man five feet four inches should weigh 138 pounds.

A man five feet six inches should weigh 144 pounds.

A man five feet eight inches should weigh 155 pounds.

A man five feet ten inches should weigh 170 pounds.

A man six feet tall should weigh 177 pounds.

Between the ages of fifteen and thirty underweight is more important than in middle life. It is often the indication of incipient tuberculosis or some other chronic disease. Of course, it may be a family trait and mean nothing. But when only one member of a family shows underweight the case is one for the family doctor's observation. Diabetes, tapeworm, chronic appendicitis, anaemia, tuberculosis and other obscure conditions may be expressed almost exclusively by underweight in early adult life.

Underweight in individuals up to the age of forty shortens the expectancy of life—that is, insurance companies have found by experience that these individuals do not live as long on the average as do persons of normal weight. But after forty the factor of underweight seems to be of little importance. From forty up overweight begins to assume the more prominent place.

Why is overweight bad?

A moderate amount of excess baggage doesn't seem to be bad for younger men; in fact, it seems to be a favorable factor. But in men past forty excess weight simply adds to the work of the heart. It stands to reason that if your heart was made to do the work of a forty horsepower machine in the first place you can't load on enough for a sixty horsepower machine without causing a breakdown sooner or later. Every time a fat man walks upstairs or lifts himself out of a chair or tears himself away from the dinner table his heart is doing overwork. Both overweight and underweight individuals may accomplish much through diet. But the first thing necessary is to find out whether any organic disease is the underlying cause of the abnormal weight.—William Brady, M. D., in Chicago News.

## Names That Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil. Neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid, but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal, but arsenic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar. Cream of tartar has nothing of cream nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and black lead no lead.

## East Indian Village Deities.

There is a cruel custom prevailing in many parts of the Telugu country, in India, in connection with the worship of the village deities. At the end of a sacrifice a small cart with four, five or nine pointed stakes standing upright at the corners and sides is brought to the image. Pigs, lambs and fowls are then impaled alive upon these stakes. The cart is dragged in a procession to the boundary of the village. The animals die in agony on the way and are taken off the stakes when the cart reaches its destination.

## Second Thought.

Lawyer—Madam, I'm sorry to say that I don't see the ghost of a chance for you to break your uncle's will.

Client—Well, to be frank with you, I don't see the ghost of a chance to pay you for what you've already done if the will isn't broken.

Lawyer—H'm! On second thought, madam, I think the will can be broken.—Boston Transcript.

## CURIOUS GRATITUDE.

A Story at His Own Expense That Jacob Riis Used to Tell.

The late Jacob A. Riis was a good story teller, but there was one story that he used to tell to his friends with especial glee, even though he was the "goat" of it.

It seems that soon after he took up his residence on Long Island he decided to build a house. He went to an Austrian whom he had known in the days when he was poor and friendless, and who had since prospered. Riis asked him for a loan on mortgage. Riis' friend insisted that the money should be regarded as a gift. Riis would not consent, and the matter eventually was left as a loan (of which no written record was made) which was to be paid back at the borrower's convenience.

"Years passed," Riis used to add, "and somehow I never had the money to pay my friend. Then I heard he was ill and went to see him. I found that he had become estranged from his family and had many talks with him regarding his expressed desire to leave his property to distant relatives in Austria. Incidentally, he again told me that his loan to me was not to be repaid. Eventually he made a will, in which the bulk of his estate was given to the people of Austria.

"Well, my old friend died, and of course the family contested the will, alleging that the testator was of unsound mind. The Austrian crowd learned of my intimacy with him and of the fact that I had seen him often toward the end of his life, and I was called as a witness at the hearing of the suit to upset the will. I took the stand and told as fully and as frankly as I knew how of my relations with the dead man and of the talks I had had with him, making it clear that he was sound in mind if not in body, and knew what he was doing when he left his money outside the immediate family. Incidentally, in talking of my old friend, I told the whole story of the loan of years before.

"And would you believe it," Riis always finished with a chuckle, "when those Austrians won their suit and got possession of that estate the very first thing they did was to demand from me payment of that unrecorded loan. And, by golly, I paid it too!"—New York Post.

## Mistaken.

Menzel, the German artist, was a regular patron of a certain Berlin wine shop. One day, says the Berlin Record, a man and wife came in and sat down at his table, and presently Menzel noticed that the woman was making fun of him.

Calmly he drew out his sketching book, gazed at the woman awhile as if to study her face for a portrait and then commenced to draw. Her husband immediately took notice: "I forbid you to draw a picture of my wife. Stop it!" he exclaimed angrily.

Menzel made a few finishing touches, and then, passing the sketching book over to the man, he inquired, with a laugh, "Is that your wife?" He had drawn a goose.

## Speed of Vessels.

"One knot" is a measure of the velocity—not a measure of the distance—and means one nautical mile per hour. It therefore includes the measure of distance and the measure of time. It is wrong to say "a vessel runs twenty-three knots an hour." Either "twenty-three knots" or "twenty-three miles an hour" is right. But it is apparent from the above that for the same reason it is wrong to say, "The day's run was 527 knots," because you wish to express the distance which that boat ran in one day. It should read, "The day's run was 527 nautical miles."—New York Times.

## Butchers' Common.

William, earl of Warren, in the time of King John, while standing upon the castle walls saw two bulls fighting in the castle meadow till all the butcher dogs pursued one of the maddened bulls quite through the town. The sight pleased the earl so much that he gave the castle meadows, where the duel of the bulls began, for a common to the butchers of the town, after the first grass was mowed, on condition that they should find a mad bull the day six weeks before Christmas day for the continuance of that sport forever.—London Standard.

## CORNERS IN THE HOME.

Have You the Least Idea How Many There Are in Yours?

It was not until I began to count the number of corners that I realized how little I really knew about my house, despite the fact that it had been built according to plans and specifications furnished by ourselves. To begin with, there are nine rooms. "Well," you will say, "put down four corners to each room." But I have brushed too many cobwebs out of the ceiling corners to have them thus ignored, so I put down eight to each room, or seventy-two for the nine rooms.

In the upper and lower halls, including side entry and back passage, there are twenty-eight corners which, added to seventy-two makes the first 100.

There are two flights of stairs, one at the front and one at the back of the house. Each stairway has nineteen steps, and as they are of the inclosed type each step has two corners, which brings the sum up to 176.

There are ten closets, including pantries and storeroom. Counting eight corners to each, we have 256 corners. But these closets, pantries and storerooms all have shelves, which in turn have corners, from the depths of which refractory particles of dirt must often be tediously fished out with some sort of an improvised skewer. Here we have 100 more corners, or 356 so far.

The forty windows in my nine room house must needs be frequently cleaned, 320 corners in all. Add this to 356 and we have 676 corners. While these are the main details, it is easily seen that if we are to consider the woodwork which must be rubbed down with a dustcloth after each sweeping, the number of corners made by the joining of baseboards, carpet strips, door and window sills and other architectural details would carry the number far and away beyond the limit of 1,000, which perhaps you thought impossible.—Mother's Magazine.

## A Genuine Apology.

Colonel Blank had a little boy five years old, and little Bobby had often heard the men in his father's company spoken of as "Colonel Blank's men." So he said to one of them:

"My father owns you." The soldier was very angry. "You little imp!" he exclaimed. "What are you talking about? Nobody owns me."

Bobby's mother heard about it and was much distressed. Calling the little boy to her, she said:

"Bobby, you were wrong when you said your father owns his men, and I want you to tell the soldier that you are sorry for what you said."

Running to overtake the private, the little boy exclaimed breathlessly:

"I'm sorry my father owns you!"—New York Post.

## Strong Soup.

In the biography of William Stokes, published in London fifteen or more years ago, it was related that Stokes was sent to Dublin during the famine to show people how to make soup. He asked one starving beggar why she didn't go and get some of the free soup.

"Soup, is it?" said the woman. "Sure, it isn't soup at all."

"If it isn't soup what is it?" "It's nothin' but a quart av water boiled down to a pint to make it strong!"

## Dust a Thousand Feet Thick.

China has its "bad lands," all dust and dreariness, and its irrigation wheels, and its "soul appalling" Gobi desert, along whose southern boundary lies the Great wall. In some of these regions the famous yellow dust of China lies to a depth of 1,000 feet, and when the wind blows the whole landscape is obscured. Yet it is upon this dust that the fertility of northern China depends. The Chinese call it "ginger powder."

## Not Tactful.

Some one asked Archbishop Langley of England once what tact was. "Well," replied the archbishop, "it is difficult to say what it is. Here, however, is an instance of what it is not: Only this morning a clergyman in my diocese wrote to me, 'In consideration of your grace's many infirmities and failing powers. That was not tactful!'"

## DRIVING A NAIL.

There is More to It Than Simply Hammering It into the Wood.

One who thinks that the driving of a nail consists simply in getting the whole length of it out of sight has little conception of the real nature of the operation, says the Scientific American. A nail driven by an expert will often hold several times as much as one ill driven. While, too, it is often made to draw the parts into place.

If you have ever watched a mechanic driving nails you have doubtless noted that he rarely drives one at right angles with the face of the work. There is a reason for this. Suppose that he is nailing the "sheeting" on the frame of a building and desires to draw the board down tightly against the one below it. He points the nail downward, and a few well considered blows at the last produce the desired effect. If the board is bent edgewise, so that much force is required, probably he will start the nail in the upper edge, pointing very sharply downward.

Again, two nails driven in a board at different angles will hold it in place much more firmly than the same nails would if they were driven at right angles with the face of the board.

Did you ever notice that in driving a nail in very hard wood one man will do it successfully, while another succeeds only in doubling the nail up before the point has fairly entered the wood? The difference lies in the fact that the expert strikes the nail fairly and not too hard, "coaxing" it in, while the other strikes too hard and with indirection.

It may be properly mentioned right here that in driving a nail into very hard wood it is usually profitable to dip the end in oil or grease. This will not sensibly interfere with the holding qualities of the nail, while it will be found to very materially facilitate its driving.

## Disinterested.

Lord Monbodo, an eminent member of the Scotch judiciary and one of the clear cut figures in Boswell's immortal "Life of Johnson," was a great bear in his youth and in his later years a brilliant and learned if whimsical man.

He was a friend of the Garricks and one day was their guest at their villa at Hampton Court when Hannah More was also visiting there. They were walking together in the garden when his lordship astonished the fair and sprightly Hannah by a declaration of love and an offer of his heart and hand. Meeting with a positive refusal, he soon returned to the house and made a clean breast of it to Mrs. Garrick. "I am sorry for this refusal," he said in conclusion. "I should have liked so much to teach that nice girl Greek."

## The Clarinet.

The clarinet has the richest, sweetest voice of all the wood wind instruments, although its sound does not travel quite so far as that of the oboe. Whenever, as sometimes happens, there are two melodies to be played at once, the clarinet takes the lower of the two, while the violins play the upper and more important one. But in a military band, where there are no strings at all, the clarinets play the chief melody. The bass clarinet is not so smooth or so sweet as the higher ones. It has a rather choky sound, though softer than that of the bassoon.—St. Nicholas.

## Self Evident.

One of the dangers of a little knowledge is that its possessor rarely estimates it at its true value. Ignorance, it has been said, bestows her choicest gifts on those who value her least.

A conceited undergraduate once said to his teacher that he feared he had rather a contempt for Plato. "I am afraid, Mr. Johnson," replied the teacher, "that your contempt has not been bred by familiarity."—Youth's Companion.

## Easy Reasoning.

The Counsel—How do you know this night letter was forged by a man and not written by the woman whose name is signed to it?

The Expert—Because it contains just forty-eight words, and a woman would have used two more to get her money's worth.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## The State of Texas

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, dec'd, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, dec'd, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary F. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the nearest county to your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House of said Houston County, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1914, the same being the 12th day of October, A. D. 1914, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 5512, wherein T. L. Hall and J. F. Hall are plaintiffs, and the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, and Elliott W. Eaves are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiffs are the owners in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of the following described tract or parcel of land situated in the counties of Houston and Trinity, Texas, and more particularly described by field notes as follows, to-wit:

Situated about 5 miles east of Lovelady and being a portion of the Francisco Martinez League, and beginning at the North East corner of said League, a stake from which a P. O. 24 in. dia. marked X brs N. 84 E. 2 9-10 vrs. Thence South with the East line of said league 1409 vrs. to stake from which a Pine 20 in. dia. marked X brs N. 4 E. 8 2-10 vrs. and a P. O. 6 in. dia. marked X brs N. 17 W. 3 vrs. Thence South 89-40 degrees West with the South line of a 64 acre tract on said league, 1087 vrs. to a stake at South West corner of said 64 acre tract from which a P. O. 13 in. dia. marked X brs N. 3 W. 4 2-10 vrs. and a R. O. 10 in. dia. marked X brs S. 39 E. 6-10 v. Thence North 326 3-10 vrs. to stake on the South line of the Gantt 200 acre tract from which a Hickory 8 in. dia. marked X brs N. 56 W. 2 2-10 vrs. Thence West 121 5-10 vrs. to a stake in a slough from which a Sweet Gum 18 in. dia. marked X brs S. 66 W. 2 7-10 vrs. and a Pecan 13 in. dia. marked X brs S. 33 1/2 E. 4 4-10 vrs. Thence North 20 West 1092 vrs. to a stake at the North West corner of said 200 acre tract from which a P. O. 22 in. dia. marked X brs S. 60 W. 6 4-10 vrs. Thence East 1212 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 296 acres of land, more or less, as surveyed by J. C. Ford.

Plaintiffs fully set out in their Original Petition the title under and by virtue of which they claim title to said land.

Plaintiffs allege that they and those under whom they claim title to said land have been in the actual, useful, continuous and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered, paying all taxes due thereon for periods of three, five and ten years, and plaintiffs specially plead in their said Original Petition the three, five and ten years' Statutes of Limitation in bar of all claims asserted by the defendants in and to said property.

Plaintiffs further allege and set out in their Original Petition that all of the claims of the defendants in and to said property are unknown, but specially allege various minor defects in and to said title by reason of various discrepancies which are fully set out in said Original Petition, and all of which cast a cloud on plaintiffs' title, which the plaintiffs sue to remove.

Wherefore, plaintiffs pray judgment for said land, removing all clouds and quieting their title to same.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914.

[Seal] John D. Morgan, Clerk.

Adv. 8t. District Court, Houston County.

**FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOR BACKACHE, HEADACHE AND BLINDNESS