

THE MULESHOE JOURNAL

Vol. 3

Muleshoe, Bailey County, Texas, Friday, April, 30, 1926.

Number 11

Bert Rudder Died At Amherst Tuesday

Bert Rudder, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rudder, of Amherst, died at his home Tuesday after a long illness of leakage of the heart. Bert will be remembered as one of the boys on the Muleshoe Ranch when Henry Edmonds was foreman. He had many friends here who will regret his going.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Edmonds attended the funeral.

Fish Stock Available From State Eaton Says

Those who wish to secure fish for stocking or restocking of ponds or lakes in this part of the state will be given every assistance by County Farm Agent David F. Eaton, who said Monday that he has been supplied by the State Game, Fish and Oyster Commission with application blanks for the stock.

So many inquiries have been received at his office in this connection that he took the matter up with state officials with the results that he was supplied with plenty of applications, Mr. Eaton said. Blanks may be secured by interested persons from Mr. Eaton on Mondays and Saturdays, his office days. The stock will be sent out by the State Game, Fish and Oyster Commission—Lubbock Journal.

Methodist Announcements For Sunday

Next Sunday, May the 2nd, is the day we desire to meet you at the Methodist church. We want to meet you in S. S. at ten o'clock in the morning, and preaching at eleven a. m., and 8:00 p. m. We need you in all the services of the church and we desire to be a blessing to you in every way possible.

Important subjects will be discussed at both the morning and evening hours.

League will meet at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at Davis school house at 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon.

J. E. Payne, Pastor.

Muleshoe Motor Co. Makes Announcement

The Muleshoe Motor Company is making an announcement this week enabling the Ford owners to overhaul their cars on the plan similar to the one the Ford people have in selling the Fords. This enables you to have your car overhauled and put in good shape. Read their ad in this issue and rush down and talk over the plan with the boys.

NOTICE

All people who bought tickets to the Negro plays Thursday night April 22, may get their money back by calling on the persons who sold the tickets, as no money was turned to any school member.

The plays could not be given because the boys failed to return from A. & M., on schedule time.

B. A. Trice, local manager of the Burrows Lumber Company has erected a very attractive portico to the office building. This is a good example of what many of us can do at our homes as well as business houses. Planting a few flowers they will soon cover the portico and this will add much to the appearance of the city.

Jack Johnson purchased a Chevrolet Coach from the Valley Motor Co., last week.

J. J. Scribner Is Now Out For County Judge

J. J. Scribner has authorized the Journal to make his announcement for County Judge and Superintendent of schools for Bailey county, subject to the Democratic Primary on July 24th 1926.

Mr. Scribner needs no introduction to most of the people of the county as he made the race last time for the same offices. He has been connected with the Valley Motor Company Inc., in the office department for the past year. He stated he expected to meet all the voters of the county in the near future, and that your vote and influence would be greatly appreciated.

Mr. Scribner is well qualified to handle the work, and if elected will make us a good official.

Epworth League Program For May 2nd

Leader--Iris Harden. Subject of Lesson (The Source of Courage and Strength.) Scripture Reading.

Sources of Strength--Helen Carles.

The Sources of Courage--H. Carlyle.

Special Reading Matt. 26:69-75 by Ethridge Payne.

The Companionship of Christ--Alva Douglass.

Strength in Unity of Purpose--Ray Buzard.

Song.

The Need of Humility--Mildred West.

Conditions of Success--Novella Elrod.

Song.

Business Men Subscribe \$40 To Track Team

The following men subscribed \$40 to help defray the track team's expenses to Austin, in case they win at Lubbock, and if they fail to win at Lubbock the money is to be used to defray the expenses of the Lubbock Meet.

L. S. Barron, K. K. Smith, C. D. Gupton & Son, Gardner Dry Goods, Judge Kennedy, McCarty Drug Co., City Bakery, D Hot Shot Cafe, White Front Garage, E. R. Hart, Alsup Gro., M. P. Smith, City Barber Shop, Bailey County Elevator.

We wish to express our appreciation for the loyal support given us by the Muleshoe citizens during our connection with your teams.

You have backed us in every effort that would promote clean athletics and we have done our best to fulfill your expectations of us.

Coaches: Reed & McClure.

A shipment of baby chicks came in Wednesday night for G. A. Anderson. Thousands of baby chickens have been received in this city this spring. It would be a good investment for someone to install a large hatchery here to take care of the baby chick business next year.

Miss Olive Ruth Burton spent the week-end with home folks, returning to Canyon Monday, with C. H. Williams where she is attending school.

Chester Layne was here the latter part of last week from Matador, where he is working for the State Highway, grading up the roads.

Commencement Exercises Are Well Attended

The Commencement Exercises were well attended, Sunday night Prof. Bickley, of Clovis, N. M., preached the Baccalaureate sermon, Monday night Dr. J. W. Hunt, of Abilene, delivered the graduating address to a large and appreciative audience.

Erick Moeller was valedictorian and Miss Dorothy Beller was salutatorian while Bill Elrod gave the class history and Roland Matthiesen read the class history.

This closed one of the most successful years of school work in the history of the school.

Due to the shortage of money the school was cut short one month, but the student body was able to work over time and make the grades.

Miss Dorothy Wentland Entertains The Young People

Friday evening, April 23rd, a crowd of young people met in front of the Court House where they found a truck waiting to take them to a windmill twelve miles south. The ride on the truck was very exciting and everyone enjoyed it.

The evening was spent in playing games, and roasting "Hot Dog" and Marshmallows.

Those present were: Miss Wentland, Billy Daniels, Helen Carles, B. A. Trice, Zula Harding, Howard Carlyle, Miss Spencer, Lambert Roubinek, Jesse West, Lela Bickel, Harold West, Eunice Page, Clay Buchanan, Lottie Huke, Mills Barfield, Ethel Kistler, M. H. Kelly, J. D. Thomas.

VINDICATION

'Twas at the sewing circle And not a word was said. So you who claim that girls are cats

Go and bag your head. Yes, at the sewing circle, And that is on the square. The meeting broke up early, For everyone was there.

—Judge.

Moral: Gossip. Shad Green returned from the Amarillo oil field this week.

The Senior Play Brings \$43.95; Music Was Fine

The Senior play put on at the High school auditorium Tuesday night to raise money to defray the expenses of the graduating exercises brought in \$43.95. The play was one of the best put on this year and the players rendered their parts well, compared to the time they have had to get the play up.

The Roubinek brothers were present with their splendid music. Mrs. Charley Walker, of Flagg, was present and played the piano. We are always glad to have this wonderful orchestra present for their music is worth the price of admission at any time.

Muleshoe has some wonderful talent when it comes to entertaining.

Mock Shower Given Misses Eunice Page and Ethel Kistler

Saturday evening a group of young ladies met with Helen Carles, Embroidering and fortune telling caused much merriment during the evening.

At 10:30 Misses Page and Kistler were blindfolded and taken into another room. They re-entered the room pulling a wagon that was piled high with useful articles, that had been collected are arranged by Miss Wentland. In the shower were kitchen cabinets, silverware, linen, cooking utensils, and two really useful articles a mouse trap and a rolling pin.

Misses Page and Kistler showed their appreciation by serving lolly pops. At eleven thirty all left, well pleased with the "rain."

W. E. Angley, of Lehman, who at one time was Supt., of the Muleshoe school, was here Saturday, meeting old friends. Mr. Angley is running for County Judge and Supt., of Schools of Cochran County. The people of Bailey County would be glad to see him elected to this office.

The Electric Pool is making their official announcement in this week's paper. When the first warm day comes along go up and take a plunge; in the fresh cool waters.

Muleshoe Ladies Doing Wonderful With Chickens

Mrs. P. E. Wilemon has a flock of 225 Black Manorca hens, and is receiving about a half case off eggs each day. At the present price of eggs that would be \$4.00 a day. She raises most of her feed on the 10 acre farm and uses jack rabbits as the meat ration. They kill and skin the rabbits and hang them up and let the hens help themselves. She reports that her eggs run from four to six pounds heavier than the standard requirements to the case.

Mrs. Swanson is making quite a success of the chicken business this year. She purchased a Buckeye Incubator some time ago and took off her first hatch last week. Out of 109 eggs she received 83 chicks. Many small incubators have been sold this year. The cow, sow and the hen are rapidly coming into their places on every farm in this part of the state. This route is the life saver of the farmer.

He Raises His Living At Home

A. Rogers, a farmer living two miles east of town came to the Leader office in the interest of his subscription and asked that his paper not be stopped when it expired as he gets lots of information from the Leader.

Mr. Rogers stated that the past year he picked seventeen bales of cotton off thirty acres, ten tons of maize from twelve acres, two hundred bushels of corn from four acres and from eight acres of sweet potatoes they gathered one thousand bushels which were sold for \$2.50 per bushel before Christmas.

Mr. Rogers calculated that his crop for this year will consist of less cotton and more feed and truck. He thinks the price of cotton this year will be less than it has been for several years. He will plant four acres of sweet potatoes, One acre of Irish potatoes and half an acre of cane to be made into syrup. He will have one and a half acres planted to water melons. Mr. Rogers states that he has several good milk cows, gets plenty of milk and butter. He has a barnyard full of chickens that are good layers and he brings a basket of eggs to town most every time he comes. He has enough hogs to make his own meat. Mr. Rogers is a farmer that believes in raising his living at home. He calculates that a farmer should always bring more farm products to town for sale than he will buy and take home. Collingsworth County would be much better off if it had many more farmers like Mr. Rogers.—Wellington Leader.

ADVANCE ANNOUNCEMENT

The Ladies of the Methodist church will serve dinner on Primary Election day. Which is July 24. Don't forget the announcement. 11tc

Miss Leona Brown has accepted a position with a law firm in Amarillo, and her mother will join her in a few days.

Mesdames Faulkner and Daniels returned from Amarillo, Monday, where they have been visiting relatives.

Josh Stalling and G. M. Culler, of Slaton, were looking our country over this week.

30 Cars Products Shipped In One Day

Business may be dull in some places, but from the way things are going on around Muleshoe, one would be inclined to have a different view of matters if they should watch the team tracks and stock yards.

Wednesday of this week we shipped 17 cars of cattle, 1 car of hogs and 10 cars of grain. Not so bad for one days shipments.

Agricultural Class Returns From Trip

Taylor White the Agricultural Instructor, L. C. Jones the truck driver, and the following teams returned from College Station the latter part of last week: Hart, Gaede and Cox the shop team, Lee, Dale and Roy the live stock team, Alsup, Rutherford and Gilbreth the grain team. Our shop team won first place and Lee tied in first place in the Holstein judging contest.

As the prize for being the best shop team, our boys were awarded the Chambers-Wilson Trophy, a beautiful silver cup.

Former Editor Of State Line Tribune Goes To Roswell

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Sigler, former publishers of the Tribune, returned Wednesday night from Roswell, N. M., where they closed a deal for a 40-acre irrigated farm. Mr. and Mrs. Sigler announce that they will move to that place in the near future. We wish them success in their new location.—Farwell State Line Tribune.

Weekly Report Of Baptist W. M. U.

The W. M. U. ladies of the Baptist church met Tuesday with Mrs. Coker in regular business and social meeting with some 12 ladies present. After devotional services a short business session was entered into. The ladies voted to have a cake sale, Saturday afternoon at C. D. Gupton's store. Also voted to have cards printed for the hotels and public places stating time of church services. After business was attended to a pleasant social hour was enjoyed, refreshments of sandwiches, salad, cake and cocoa were served. The ladies meet next Tuesday at Mrs. B. Griffiths.

Reporter.

D. R. Couch, of Aspermont and Carlton Couch, of Haskell, both bankers and big land owners were here last Thursday, visiting A. V. McCarty Sr., and looking over the country. They were well pleased and will likely make some investments here in the very near future.

Miss Spencer left Thursday for her home in Burkburnett, after a successful year in the High School here.

F. O. Gunby, of Raswell, is a visitor in our city this week.

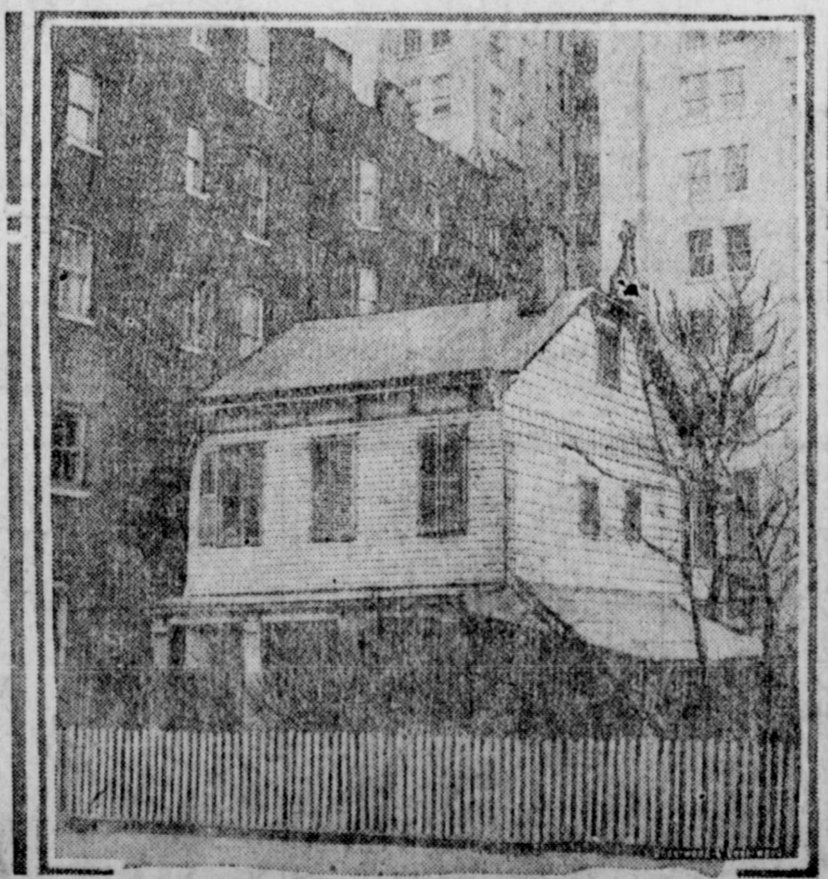
Miss Neal was in Lubbock the fore part of this week.

C. J. Roach is the proud owner of a Chevrolet Touring car, purchased from the Valley Motor Co.

C. E. Dodson was in the city Tuesday looking after business.

Mrs. H. L. King, of Plainview, is here visiting in the home of her son, Henry King.

A Bit of Old New York



The oldest one-family frame house from the Battery to One Hundred Tenth street, New York. It is in the Fifth avenue section and was built in 1856. The little building is now entirely surrounded by towering apartment houses.

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25
3

THE FEATHERHEADS

By L. F. Van Zelm

It's Always That Way



MICKIE, THE PRINTER'S DEVIL

By Charles Sughroe

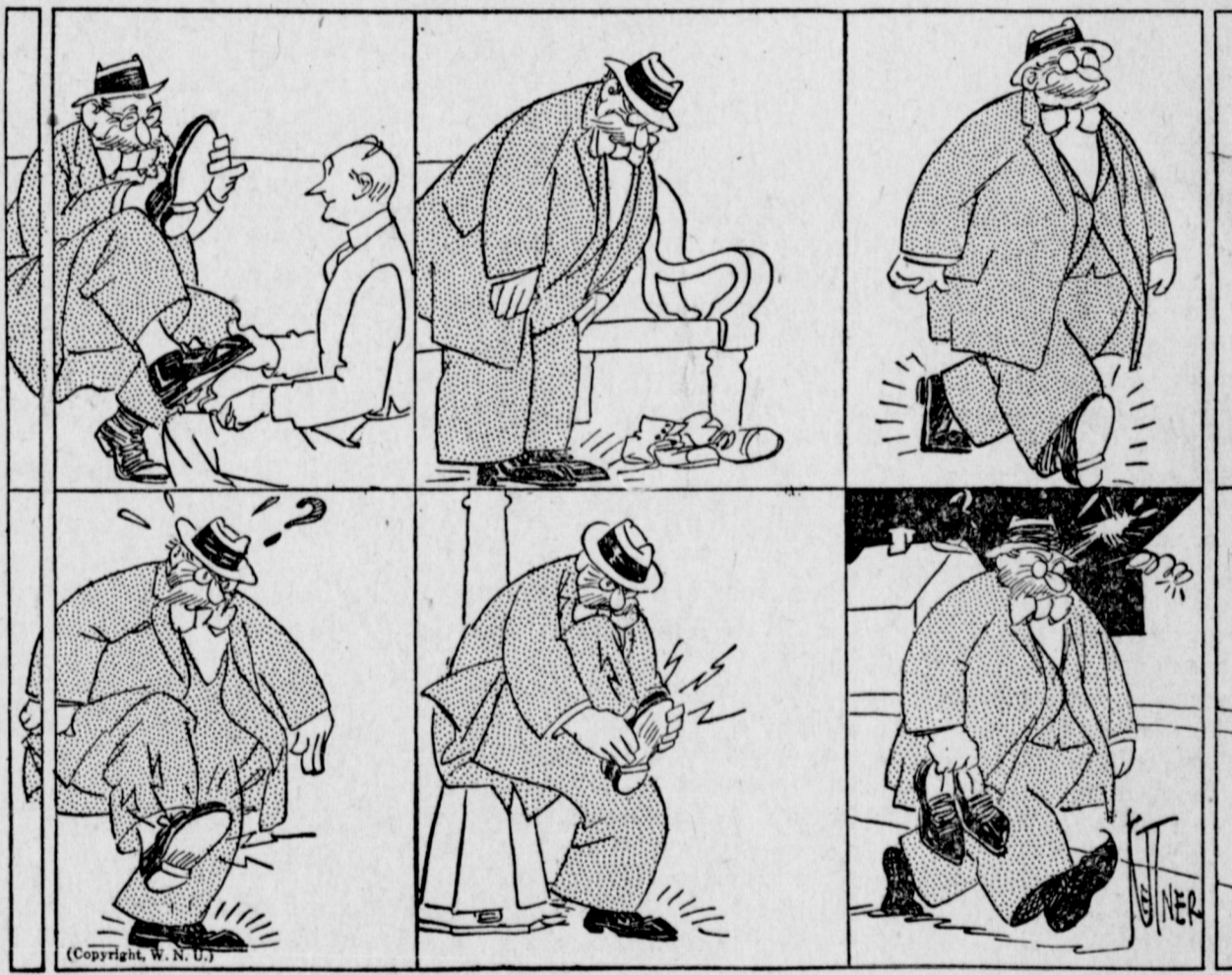
Little Sleepy-head



The Comic Strip
WHY DO HUMAN GIRAFFES ALWAYS WEAR COLLARS LIKE THIS?

Near the Concrete

Our Pet Peeve



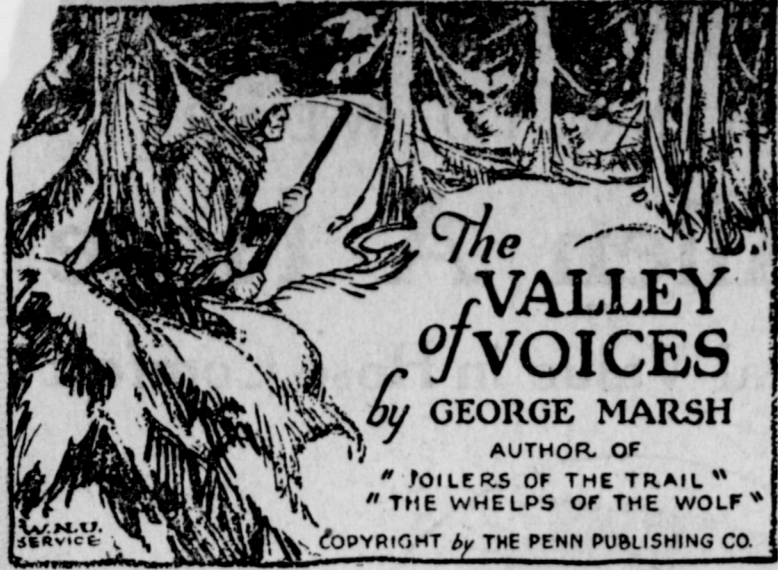
HOME WANTED FOR A BABY



The Clancy Kids
Horace Peels the Roll

By PERCY L. CROSBY





The VALLEY of VOICES
by GEORGE MARSH
AUTHOR OF
"FOILERS OF THE TRAIL"
"THE WHELPS OF THE WOLF"
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CHAPTER IX—Continued

"You met that skunk, did you?" he rasped, his control gone. Then, getting himself in hand, he went on: "And the people at Walling River—did you stop there?"

Could the free-trader have read the thoughts of the man who faced him, as he asked for news of the doomed post, he would have started as one starts at the warning of a rattler. For the mention of Walling River stirred a fierce desire in Steele to mangle with his bare hands the man who thought to obtain Denise St. Onge by bribery. But the bronzed face of the American masked his turbulent thoughts as he intentionally drawled, watching Lafamme's eyes:

"Well, it's a long story. Queer case, Walling River, very interesting to an ethnologist—like myself. They've had a hard summer."

Steele knew from the quick interest in the other's face that he had won—that however deep was Lafamme's distrust of his motives in taking the Ogoke trail, the desire for news of the girl at Walling River, for an inkling of the nature of St. Onge's answer to his offer, would result in an invitation to spend the night at the post. And he smiled inwardly as the manner of Lafamme swiftly changed.

"Mademoiselle St. Onge—was she well?"

"Why, as to that, I hardly know what to say," Steele answered. "Lascelles showed up there just as I left."

"What? Lascelles at Walling River?" exploded Lafamme, patently knocked off his feet at the news.

"What—what has happened? He's not going to marry her this fall?"

"No, he's not going to marry her—this fall." So emphatic was Steele's tone—so final the statement that it drew from Lafamme a sidelong glance of curiosity, in the course of his restless pacing of the landing.

"What brought him up river then?"

"Why, this Windigo trouble," he said, anxious to learn if Pierre had brought the news to Ogoke.

The eyebrows of the Frenchman lifted in surprise.

"Windigo trouble? What do you mean, Mr. Steele?"

Steele was confident that Lafamme was dissembling.

"Why, haven't you heard that the Walling valley is overrun by man-eating Windigos?" he laughed, closely watching Lafamme's dark face. But though, a moment before, the trader had made no effort to conceal his emotion at the mention of Denise St. Onge, Steele now looked into cryptic eyes.

"Mon Dieu, no! You mean to say that the Indians are frightened?"

"Yes, you might call it that," said Steele, facetiously, "although I think that I would make it a bit stronger. You don't believe in the Windigo, Monsieur Lafamme?"

Lafamme smiled. "You are a joker, Mr. Steele. We will discuss the Indian superstition tonight over some—excellent whiskey, if you like. You will do me the honor to dine with me—and my—sister, Mademoiselle Rose Lafamme."

"Thank you!" And Steele, accompanied by Antoine, of the scarred face, returned to the canoe, delighted that his interview, which had started so inauspiciously, had closed with an invitation to pass at least one night at the post.

While he shaved and changed his clothes in the shack assigned to him, and whittled Lafamme, with marked hospitality, had sent hot water from his kitchen, Steele held a council of war with David, who had made a hasty reconnaissance of the post.

"Did you see Pierre?"

"No, but I smell plenty whisky on de Injun."

"How many hunters are there here still?"

"Seex—seven—tupl here. Queer ting, wen I ask why dey are not on de trap lines, one of dem say dey not hunt dees long snows."

"How many post servants has he got—there are eight cabins?"

"Good mamee."

"Did they speak of Walling River or the Windigo?"

"No."

"Why do you suppose he is feeding all these bush Indians—what is he using them for?"

David's dark features stiffened as his eyes sought a crack in the floor. Steele paused in his shaving to glance quizzically at his friend.

"Oh, well," he laughed, "I suppose you've promised Michel not to tell me what you think of anything you see here. I must wait until November."

The Ojibway rose, rested a hand on the shoulder of his chief. "Eet ees not so, boss; but I promise Michel some tag. Sometam you know."

"That's all right, David; I want you to keep your promise, but don't you see that I might get more out of La-

flamme tonight, if I knew what you and Michel had in your heads?"

David shook his head. "Lafamme ees smart man. He tell you nothing."

"Nothing about what?" demanded Steele.

"Noding 'bout sendin' Pierre to scare de Injun—'bout stealin' de fur trade from St. Onge, wid whisky."

"Well, possibly he won't talk, but I'll give him a good opening."

The living room in the comfortable quarters of Louis Lafamme was a revelation to the man who anticipated finding the rude furnishings typical of northern fur posts. The shelves of books, the furniture—much of it brought from the railroad by canoe—the large graphophone, the pictures, were indicative of tastes which hardly squared with the reputation of the trader.

"You are extremely comfortable here," he said, as Lafamme led him into the room. "You're fond of music?"

"Ah! There's where this life is barren, monsieur," impulsively replied the Frenchman. "Why, I've hitched my dogs and traveled clear to the railroad in the middle of winter to hear some music. It's the thing I miss, and the phonograph is cold; I tire of it. If I played myself, but I don't." Then Lafamme turned a tense face on Steele. "Did she play while you were at the post?"

For an instant the muscles of Steele's body stiffened. To speak, as a stranger, of Denise St. Onge with the man who had plotted ruthlessly to



"Yes, It is My Home, but I Seldom See It."

win over her father—to buy her, sickened him. Yet menace though he was to the post at Walling River, his hatred and jealousy of Lascelles might be put to good use if the opportunity offered, and Steele intended to play upon those passions of his host this very night.

"Mademoiselle St. Onge seemed to be greatly depressed and played little the few days I was there—then Lascelles appeared," he said.

"She despises the dog, and yet he has openly boasted at Albany he would marry her," sneered Lafamme.

"I don't think he ever will," threw out Steele, lighting the cigarette passed him and watching the play of emotion on the handsome face of the other.

"Why?"

"Because she would kill herself first."

"Nonsense! Women don't do it, monsieur," scoffed the trader, but the fleeting look of approval which Steele caught belied the words. Lafamme's nature was elemental. To him, her death was preferable to having her the wife of Lascelles.

Steele writhed in his chair as the other paced back and forth, but the welfare of the girl at Walling River demanded that he smother all outward reflection of his thoughts, so he fought himself slowly into a state of callousness at the mention of her name, necessary, if he were to draw out his host.

"Monsieur," Lafamme stopped his pacing and glared down at the man smoking in the chair, "you are right!" Then, as he walked to the end of the room, added: "She will never marry that rat of the Revillon people—she will marry me."

"You seem hard hit," said Steele. "Although she spent but one evening with her father and myself, I found her charming, and I congratulate you."

"She is the—Shish! Rose!" And both men looked up to see a woman enter the room. Steele got to his feet.

"Rose, this is Monsieur Steele."

The woman who joined them and—

to his surprise—said graciously, in English, with an accent, "Monsieur, you are verree welcome," was not at all what Steele had expected to find at Ogoke lake. Instead of belonging to a type more or less common to the frontier railroad towns, the girl posing as the sister of Lafamme was undeniably handsome, with a mass of straight, black hair, and the brilliant olive skin which so often characterizes the quarter or eighth blood. For that she was a breed, he had no doubt.

Extending a round arm, she gave Steele her hand with something more than the pressure demanded by hospitality, as her white teeth flashed in a smile.

"It is kind of you, mademoiselle, to take me in tonight," he said, and the thought shaped itself swiftly, as her thick-lashed eyes made a bold appraisal of the stranger at Ogoke, that this girl, of whom Lafamme had tired might have knowledge invaluable—might even, by the adroit use of her evident vanity, betray the plans of the lord of Ogoke lake. For that she should be in ignorance of the infatuation of the latter for Denise St. Onge was unlikely.

"Oh, la, la! Eet ees to ourselves we are kind. Ees eet not so, Louls?"

"Yes, monsieur," replied Lafamme with a leer. "Judging from the toilet of mademoiselle, one should say it is to Rose that you are kind. You have not worn that thing in months, Rose."

"No? I had reason, I do not waste myself on the blind."

"Ah! But monsieur is not blind, eh?"

"No man ees blind who has been months ees the north with no one but the squaws to see, eh, Monsieur Steele?" And she smiled suggestively into Steele's amused eyes. Then her face darkened. "Oh, I forgot, monsieur has come from Walling River," she said in a low tone, husky with emotion.

Good, thought Steele, she knows, and will talk.

Then he gambled with: "One can never see too many beautiful women, mademoiselle."

"Oh, you think her beautiful, eh?" replied Rose Lafamme, tapping the floor with the toe of her slipper. "Louls say she ees not."

"Come, monsieur," interrupted the trader, with a sequel at the speaker, as an Ojibway woman stood in the doorway, announcing dinner.

As they seated themselves at the table, Steele was highly optimistic of what his stay at the post might disclose. Whether Lafamme had decided to take him at his word, or still suspected his presence at Ogoke, David had more chance of learning that night than he, but that the outwaged pride of Rose Lafamme would lead her to talk, if the opportunity offered, he was now sure. Her reference to Walling River had cleared any doubt on that score. The canker of jealousy and the flouted woman's instinct for revenge would play havoc with the half-breed in Rose Lafamme.

"You are from New York, Monsieur Steele, that wonderful city I have never seen?" the hostess was saying.

"Yes, it is my home, but I seldom see it."

"Seldom see it? And all the life there to enjoy—the theaters, the beautiful women?"

"But there are beautiful women elsewhere, mademoiselle; Ogoke lake, for instance," Steele hazarded, lifting his glass to the girl as he glanced furtively at Lafamme.

"Mon Dieu, no! You mean the flatterer! You are a man of the ladies, monsieur, even eef you desert them to travel ees this wilderness."

"It is only that my inspiration is great this evening," he returned.

Lafamme laughed unpleasantly in the girl's face, kindling with pleasure at the remark. In a flash, she turned with what was near a snarl, her dark eyes flaming. "You see, from others there is appreciation!" Then, lighting a cigarette, she rested her round elbows on the table, and leaning toward Steele with a challenging look, startled him with: "Say more pretty words to me, you big American!"

Steele threw a sidelong glance at Lafamme, to find only amused tolerance. He was in doubt whether the girl was making a forlorn attempt to arouse the trader's jealousy or merely set on his own conquest. Since his ready answers to a few well-chosen questions of Lafamme's regarding New York, Steele believed that the latter's suspicions had faded. But it was too early to hazard an attempt to learn anything. He was dealing with a man both ruthless and powerful. So Steele was discreet, but he saw that little more whisky was needed to loose the tongue of the girl beyond control. For that he waited.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Nothing but Justice

In this God's world, with its wild whirling eddies and mad-flood oceans, where men and nations perish as if without law and judgment for an unjust thing sternly delayed, dost thou think therefore that there is no justice? It is what the fool had said in his heart. It is what the wise in all times were wise because they desired and knew forever not to be. I tell thee again there is nothing else but justice; one wrong thing I find here below—the just thing, the true thing. If the thing is unjust, thou hast not succeeded, though bonfires blazed from north to south, and bells rang, and editors wrote leading articles, and the just thing lay trampled out of sight to all mortal eyes—an abolished and annihilated thing.—Thomas Carlyle.

Unique September

During all the variations in the calendar, September has always had a day.



BY ELMO SCOTT WATSON
(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

His Wife's Tongue Made Him a Pirate

IN THE early part of the Eighteenth century there lived on the island of Barbados a retired British army officer named Maj. Stede Bonnet. A man of good birth, education and some wealth, he was highly respected by his neighbors and there apparently was no reason whatever for his action when, in the spring of 1717, he decided to become a pirate. But history, that industrious gossip, says there was a reason and that reason was Dame Bonnet. She, so it is said, had a tongue which would have made Xantippe stand silent in awe. So between piracy and petulance, the major chose piracy.

He purchased a swift schooner, which he named the Revenge, and set forth upon what was supposed to be a trading voyage. A few days out from port, he hoisted the black flag and announced to his crew that they were to be pirates.

From the Carolinas to Massachusetts the new pirate leader murdered and robbed and he is one of the few pirates who is known to have forced his captives to walk the plank. On one occasion he fell in with the pirate Blackbeard, who noticed that Bonnet was only an amateur pirate and humiliated him by depriving him of his command and making him a clerk.

Soon afterwards while Blackbeard was absent Bonnet went to Gov. Eden of North Carolina, surrendered and received a pardon. Then he announced that he was going to get a commission as a privateer and ravage the French and Spanish shipping in the West Indies. He got a crew by going to the island where Blackbeard had marooned some of his men, took them off and told them that he was going to seek out Blackbeard and have revenge. He failed to find the famous pirate, so he sailed away to the North.

On this cruise he changed the name of his vessel to the Royal James—a doubtful compliment to the Young Pretender—and himself took the name of Captain Thomas. After looting a number of vessels off the Middle Atlantic coast Bonnet again turned south, only to find that the Carolinas were aroused against him. A prominent citizen of South Carolina named William Rhett led an expedition in two ships against the pirate leader and after one of the bloodiest battles ever fought between pirates and the forces of the law, Rhett captured Bonnet and took him to Charles Town to be tried. Bonnet made the most abject, cowardly plea for mercy, but he was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged. He managed to escape from prison but was again captured on Sullivan's island by Rhett. He died in Execution dock, Nov. 24, 1718.

A Plaything of Fate

FATE must have been in a playful mood when Captain Greaves was born. Fate drove him into piracy, but could not make him fit into the picture of the regulation type of pirate, for he was too kind of heart. Fate condemned him to a pirate's death, then saved him by a miracle.

He was the son of a slave in Barbados, one of the thousands of Scotch and Irish who were sent there by Cromwell during the Civil war in England. Because of their bare knees, these slaves were called Red Legs and Captain Greaves is often spoken of as "alias Red Legs." His master was kind and gave him a good education. When this master died the boy was sold to another—a cruel one.

He immediately ran away, swam across Carlisle bay, but unfortunately climbed upon the wrong ship and found himself in the clutches of Captain Hawkins, a notoriously cruel pirate. So Greaves unwillingly became a pirate and quickly rose to eminence in the profession, although he was remarkable for his refusal to torture prisoners or kill unnecessarily. This led to a duel between him and Captain Hawkins, in which he was victorious, and was elected captain.

He now entered upon a career of almost unparalleled success as a pirate, culminating in his capture of the island of Margarita, off the coast of Venezuela. He did this by capturing the Spanish fleet, turning the guns of the fleet upon the forts defending the principal city and then storming them. From this town he obtained a huge booty of pearls and gold.

Red Legs then retired to the life of a respectable planter on the island of Nevis. One day he was visited by an old pirate friend, who denounced him to the authorities. He was thrown into a dungeon to await execution. In 1680 there came a great earthquake, which destroyed and submerged the town and Greaves was one of the few survivors. He was picked up by a whaling vessel, on which he soon won the praise of the captain by his skill as a seaman. More than that, a queer turn of fate won him even greater honor by his assistance in capturing a gang of pirates, and for this feat he was given a pardon.

Then he retired once more to his plantation, and there he lived out the remaining years of his life, greatly honored for his many acts of piety and gifts to charitable institutions.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL
Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D.D., Dean of the Evening School, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for May 2

GOD'S COVENANT WITH NOAH

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 8:20; 9:27.
GOLDEN TEXT—I do set my bow in the cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth.—Gen. 9:13.
PRIMARY TOPIC—The Promise of the Rainbow.
JUNIOR TOPIC—God's Promise to Noah.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—The Story of Noah.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—God's Dealing With Noah.

In order to grasp the meaning of God's covenant with Noah, the whole story of the flood should be clearly in the mind of the teacher and the pupil.

I. The Cause of the Flood (6:1-8).

It was apostasy from God. The two types of men we saw in Cain and Abel (the one of proud self-will, the other of humble faith), developed on diverging lines, but as they multiplied they came into contact and intermarried.

II. The Ark the Way of Salvation (6:14-24).

Although all flesh had corrupted its way before God, in His mercy provision was made for such as would avail themselves of it. Christ is the ark into which all who enter are eternally saved. As all outside of the ark perished, so all outside the redemption of Christ shall perish (Mark 16:16; II Thess. 1:8, 9; John 3:18, 19, 36; I Pet. 3:18-22).

Observe in connection with this judgment and provision of salvation:

1. The long-suffering God—He waited 120 years.
2. Noah, a preacher of righteousness (II Pet. 2:5).

God not only waited long, but through Noah sounded forth intelligent warnings.

3. God will not withhold His anger forever. At the appointed time the flood came and everything perished outside of the ark.

III. Beginning Life Upon a New World (Gen. 8:20).

This was a most solemn hour for Noah. With the fresh consciousness of God's hatred and judgment of sin, Noah faced the responsibility of giving shape to the life which was beginning upon the cleansed earth. He was to replenish the earth. Happily Noah began right, for he began with the act of worship.

IV. The Covenant With Noah (8:21; 9:27).

God was well pleased with Noah's act of devotion. Because of this He entered into a covenant with him embracing the following elements:

1. Assurance of the perpetuity of the race (8:21, cf. 9:8-17).
2. The security of the order of nature (8:22).
3. Establishing the privileges and responsibilities of Noah and his descendants in their relation to the earth (9:1-4).

- (1) The earth to be replenished (v. 1).
- (2) Dominion restored. The dominion which was lost through the fall of man was now restored, but on the ground of fear.
- (3) Animal food given.
- (4) Human government established (9:4-6).

The sword of justice was placed in man's hands and man was to be ruled by man. This sword has never been removed (Rom. 13:1-7).

5. The destinies and interrelations of the three great branches of the race fixed (9:18-27).

- (1) Cursed be Canaan (v. 25). The descendants of Ham were reduced to the lowest condition of servitude. This was partly fulfilled in the time of Joshua as their being partly exterminated and partly reduced to the lowest form of servitude, and also in the time of Solomon (Josh. 9:23; I Kings 9:20, 21), and it is still in the process of fulfillment in that for the most part Canaan's descendants are the world's servants.
- (2) Blessed shall be Shem (v. 26). This was fulfilled in making the Jewish race the repository of religious truth and ultimately in Christ the promised seed.
- (3) Enlargement of Japheth (v. 27). This was fulfilled in making him the progenitor of peoples and multitudes (10:5); also in the civilization which has been brought to the world through him.

Christ and the Resurrection

Let the science of historical investigation be rigorously applied to the resurrection of Jesus. Christianity will not fear the proof. For it has pleased God that this crowning seal put to His Son's life should be sustained and guarded by an amount of proof such as no other fact in ancient history can boast; so that no honest searcher for truth might be left in doubt that Jesus of Nazareth has been declared to be the Son of God with power.—J. Oswald Dykes.

MRS. BASSETT ALWAYS TIRED

Now in Good Health by Using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Lansing, Michigan.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound whenever I needed it. When I first used it I was so bad I could hardly walk across the room without crying. I was tired all the time. I think my trouble was coming on me for six months before I realized it. I read of your wonderful medicine in the paper, and my husband bought me a bottle, and after the first few doses I felt better, so kept on taking it until I was well and strong. I take it at times when I feel tired and it helps me. I will always have a good word for your medicine and tell anyone what good it has done me. I recommended it to my neighbor for her girl, who is sixteen years old, and it was just what she needed. She is feeling fine now, and goes to school every day."—Mrs. E. F. Bassett, 216 South Hayward Avenue, Lansing, Michigan.

Do not continue to feel all run-down and half sick when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is sold by druggists everywhere. It is a root and herb medicine and has been used by women for over fifty years.

American foreign trade with all continents except Asia increased in value during 1924-1925.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain only vegetable ingredients which act as a gentle purgative. 372 Pearl St., N. Y. Adv.

A spiritually minded man is easy to offend.

CHILD'S BEST LAXATIVE IS CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP



MOTHER! Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits. Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

ASK FOR **ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE** FOR TIRED, ACHING FEET

High Dry Lots in Waldom Terrace on Dixie Highway, near High Springs, Fla. \$50 to \$75. Small investor's opportunity. Buildard & Stillwell, Inc. Box 288, Fort Lauderdale, Fla.

Piles

CURED In 6 to 14 Days

All Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of ITCHING, BLIND, BLEEDING or PROTRUDING PILES. Cures ordinary cases in 6 days, the worst cases in 14 days.

PAZO OINTMENT instantly Relieves ITCHING PILES and you can get restful sleep after the first application. 60c.

CASH PAID for dental gold, old bridges, old plates, diamonds, discarded jewelry, magnets points. Cash by return mail. Florida Gold Refining Co. 21 Adams, Jacksonville, Fla.

CUTS and SCRATCHES

Stop the smarting and hasten the healing by prompt application of

Resinol

For torpid liver
DR. THACHER'S
Liver and Blood Syrup

A boon to sluggish constitutions, strengthening a feeble and easy treatment of piles, hemorrhoids, and other ailments. Liberal sample bottle at your druggist, or write The Chatterbox Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tennessee.

L. L. Martin, Dentist
of Lubbock
Will Be in Muleshoe
MAY 7 and 8
In Front Office
McCARTY BUILDING

If you want an electric motor of any kind or a fan let me give you my prices. We handle lamp globes in all watt sizes. In motors we can give you the General Electric, Western and Century. See me before you by. T. B. Fry.

Let the Journal do your printing

Time to swat the fly.

You'll like Muleshoe

MARLIN HOT WELLS
WHERE LIFE-GIVING WATERS FLOW.

Come to Marlin, the year round health resort for rheumatism, neuritis, stomach trouble and all chronic diseases. Modern up-to-date hotels, clinics and bath houses. Golfing and dancing. Ask your neighbor, who has been here, Or write the Marlin Chamber of Commerce

Garden Seed, Bell Brand

Buy Seed in the bulk

We now have a complete line of bulk garden seed. Come in and look them over.

Bailey County Elevator

C. C. Mardis, President W. G. Kennedy, Vice-Pres
L. S. Barron, Secretary-Treasurer
-NO. 3943-

Muleshoe National Farm Loan Association

The Best Thing Ever Organized for the Farmer

DIRECTORS C. C. Mardis W. G. Kennedy S. E. Morris
LOAN COMMITTEE I. W. Harden S. E. Morris W. G. Kennedy
Muleshoe, Texas

WE HAVE!

Groceries, fresh vegetables and fruit for the people of Muleshoe and this territory---then we have feed for their cows and chickens.

Let us feed you

Henington Cash GROCERY

Pure Half and Half Cotton Seed

Pure Culled and Graded Seed

Will go as far again as cheap and inferior seed.

From all indications 1926 will be a real cotton year.

Seed will be sold for cash or on a bankable note due next Fall.

Book your seed now while they last.

Will be glad to keep them in our storage for you until June 1st.

Communicate with

Ray Griffiths

at the Bailey County Elevator Co., or with J. E. ALDRIDGE at the bank.

LOCAL NEWS

Wm. S. F. Matthiesen reports work progressing nicely on the highway between here and Farwell.

Mrs. Tom L. Smith had a nice order of butter wrappers printed at the Journal office last week. She has been using the wrappers with her name printed on them for several months and is well pleased with the results. Many people call for her butter, for the quality is guaranteed, and they know it is her butter. There is no chance of a mistake in her butter.

Jackman's
Women and Childrens Wear
Clovis, N.Mex.

Miss Wentland will leave May the 4th, for Houston, where she will attend the State Nurses Convention. She will be away about ten days. All Clubs and classes will be suspended until she returns.

The Bailey County health Committee will meet at the Court house Saturday. Please remember the date and be on hand.

Have you cleaned up your premises? Remember this is clean up week in Muleshoe. Have everything in readiness not later than Saturday night. Let's make this one of the cleanest towns on the Plains.

M. P. Smith and E. J. Vance were business visitors in Crosbyton, Wednesday.

George Dodson and wife were in Lubbock, last Saturday with their little daughter, Wanda, where she had an operation for tonsils and adenoids. Mrs. Dodson and children remained with her mother, J. R. McCasland, they will return today.

Misses Ethel Kistler and Eunice Page spent the first of the week in Amarillo, in the C. H. Johnson home. C. H. Johnson at one time lived here.

Jackman's
Women and Childrens Wear
Clovis, N.Mex.

The following young people took a hiking trip to the sand hills last Sunday. Misses Helen Carles, Coney, Glasscock, Reta Lea Dodson, Wentland and Mills Barfield, Clay Buchanan, M. H. Kelley, Billie Daniels and B. A. Trice.

Fred Long, of Richardson, was here over Sunday visiting in the home of his brother, Charley Long.

C. A. Crump, of Santa Anna, was here Tuesday visiting Jim Lawler and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. (Andy) Hicks and baby spent Sunday in our city with H. C. Edmonds and wife.

W. H. Koons who has been with the White Front Garage for the past few months left last Friday for his home in Agusta, Kansas. Kyle Guthrie will take his place.

Lea Green is assisting Mr. Henington in the store this week during the absence of Mrs. Henington, who is visiting relatives in White Deer. She is also looking into the oil business while on the visit.

Misses Lottie Huke, Ethel Kistler and Eunice Page, J. D. Thomas, John Bickel and Raleigh Keith, of Ralls, spent Sunday at Yellow House Canyon and ranch.

Mrs. Haden-Strait, of El Paso, is here this week visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Gupton.

Phone 54 all the local news.

"EVERYTHING TO WEAR"
Wear Allen A Hose
And Enjoy a Real Value in Hose Comfort



Gardner Dry Goods Co.

"THE PRICE IS THE THING"

Just Arrived

We have just received a shipment of beautiful materials for Summer Dresses in all the wanted shades and colors

Rayon Silk per yard \$1.00

Voiles per yard - - 60c

Gingham per yard - 25c

Gingham per yard - 15c

Childrens sox - - - 50c

Pretty Patterns in draperies

M. P. SMITH

General Merchandise

Ross Glaze and family spent Wednesday in Lubbock, with relatives.

E. (Polly) Pavlicek is now keeping books for the Valley Motor Co., after banking hours.

It's only \$1.50 per year

If you are sick you need a Chiropractor. (Adv.)

Louise Geisert is owner of a New Chevrolet roadster, purchased from the Valley Motor Co., last Saturday.

Long's Dairy Phone 45 2-R.

Bailey County Abstract Company

Established in 1900

L. S. Barron, Mgr.

Muleshoe, Texas

Abstract, Loan, all kinds of Insurance and Conveyancing. All matters pertaining to land titles given prompt attention

[Member Texas Abstracters Association; also Member Association of Title Men]

Building Material of Quality

We are better prepared to take care of your building needs than ever before. Call and let us figure with you.

Burrow Lumber Co.

Muleshoe

C. R. Burrow, Owner.

B. A. Trice Local Mgr.

Canyon,

Happy,

Slayton

"In Business For Your Health"

Mother's Day

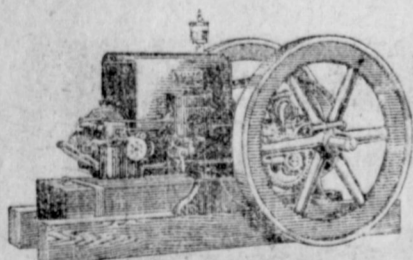
The best friend you have should not be forgotten on the day set aside for honoring her.

Remind her of your gratitude and love by sending her an especially prepared box of

Stationery or Candy

McCarty Drug Store

Remember we fill any Doctors Prescription



You'll Have The Water With a Witte Engine!

S. M. Goodson of Muleshoe, Texas, says: "We

received the outfit as ordered and have put it to work and it is giving perfect satisfaction." Wm. P. Birchfield, of Deming, New Mexico, says, "My 15 H-P. Stationary Throttling Governor WITTE Engine which I have installed is doing good work. With a WITTE Engine properly installed, you have the water and prosperity will follow."

The ideal engine for irrigation and all farm and ranch work. All sizes to 25 Horse-Power. Runs on gasoline, kerosene, naphtha, gas, or almost any cheap fuel. Throttling governor type, with WICO Magneto, speed and power regulator—a complete power unit.

Low down payment—easiest of terms. Write to-day for special irrigation information and FREE Engine Book.

WITTE ENGINE WORKS

1692 Wittie Bldg. Kansas City, Mo.
For your convenience, quick shipments can be made from stocks at Dallas, Texas, or Laredo, Texas.

Want Ads

Rates

You are allowed 25 words for 25c per insertion but we do not receive want ads for less than 25c. All ads over 25 words are charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Phone 54 your want ads.

Get your cotton seed early. Half and Half, \$1.50 per bushel. This is the kind to plant in this country. Seed grown at Vernon. M. S. Stidham at Hotel James. 8tfc.

Enjoy health the Chiropractic way. (Adv.)

NOTICE—The Oscar Shirley well drill will be continued in operation. If you want a well drilled or any kind of well work see John Kropff or A. J. Nichols.

FOR SALE—Half and Half cotton seed for planting. \$1.50 per bushel, see M. S. Stidham at Hotel James. 8tfc

Why don't you buy milk from the Long's Dairy and quit running the risk of contracting tuberculosis. Your life is to valuable, think this over. Phone 45 2R. 8-9-10-11-c

If you have anything you do not need, or if there is something you want and do not have it, advertise for it in the Journal. Our advertisements are result getters. Ask your neighbors.

FOR SALE—Bailed Cane Pummie. \$8.00 per ton at farm. \$10.00 delivered in town. Thrashed with slat stacker. Henry B. Kennedy. 9-12-p

Get your cotton seed early, Half and Half. \$1.50 per bushel. This is the kind to plant in this country. Seed grown at Vernon. M. S. Stidham at Hotel James. 8tfc.

FOR SALE—Good young milk cow. A. J. Scott 1 mile north of Hurley. 9-10-11-p.

FOR SALE—Genuine red dwarf maize seed, re-cleaned, free from any other kind of grains. \$3.00 per hundred sacked. R. F. Moore, box 93, Muleshoe, Texas, 4 miles north and 1 mile east. 10-12-p

FOR SALE—Half and half cotton seed \$1.35 per bushel. Freight paid. See samples at W. G. Panter's Office. 10-13-p

FOR SALE—Buff Orpington eggs, selected for setting, \$1.00 for 15 or \$5.00 for 100. R. I. Barnhill: first house east of Hurley R R Crossing. 10-11-c

Enjoy health the Chiropractic way. (Adv.)

FOR SALE—Half and half cotton seed for planting, \$1.50 per bushel, see M. S. Stidham at Hotel James. 8tfc

If you want an honest man for commissioner of Presinct No 1 Bailey County Texas. Vote for Joshua Blocher. (Adv.)

FOR SALE—Re-cleaned millet seed, sacked, and ready to sow, nothing better for baby chickens. Ed Bickel, seven miles east of Muleshoe. 10-11-p

RURAL CARRIER Examination Muleshoe. Salary \$1800 and maintenance. Age 18-50. Don't miss this opportunity. Coaching course \$5. Write for free booklet and particulars. L. Hampton, Box 1818-PC, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE—Two Brood sows and 6 six week's old pigs, also twenty stock cows, located 3 1-2 miles northeast of Muleshoe, on farm. Emiel Preboth. 11-p

FOR SALE—Kitchen cabinet, bedstead, shades, cooking utensils, bachelor stove, chairs, etc. See Mrs. E. V. Brown, across street from school house this week.

FOR RENT—Two 3 room apartments, close in. See M. P. Smith. 11tfc

LOST—Strayed or stolen, one brown mare mule, 8 years old, weighs about 1000 lbs., no marks or brands, notify W. E. Angley, Lehman, Texas.

Goodland Gleamings

Hurrah, for Goodland baseball team! Saturday afternoon our boys played Rogers, the score being 4-1 in our favor.

Sunday afternoon the Goodland ball team, and the Morton team had a game at Morton. The score was 24-21 in favor of Morton. We are expecting Morton at Goodland next Saturday, and we feel that Goodland will come out with flying colors.

There was a box supper at Goodland school house Saturday night for the benefit of the baseball team. The proceeds amounted to \$29. Charlie Locke and Harry Barber motored over to Sudan last Friday.

Harry Barber made a business trip to Littlefield Saturday.

E. F. Lanham has returned to his home in Temple.

Sunday quite a number of Goodland people attended the Educational Rally at Morton. At this time the new High School building—a building that would be a credit to any town was dedicated. Dr. Horn, President of the new Technological College, whom they were fortunate in securing for the address, dedicated it to the children, beauty, health, good literature, patriotism, public service, and true religion.

Messrs. Chitwood, Judah and Martin went to Littlefield, Monday.

Circleback Circles

Mrs. W. H. Walker is suffering with a severe case of tonsillitis but is reported better.

Mrs. E. V. Hall visited Mrs. Walker Thursday.

Miss Willie Davis was in Lubbock Friday and Saturday attending the District Meet.

Edward Foster spent Thursday night with Hodge Hall.

Lester Paten and wife are the proud parents of a big girl.

Mr. Charlie Elmore and daughter, of Amarillo, are visiting in the W. C. C. Elmore and W. F. Davis home this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Berry and daughter, of Kansas City, Kansas, are visiting his parents, F. M. Berry and wife.

Miss Ora Lee Anderson, of Figure 2, visited W. O. Workman and wife Sunday.

Orbin Sumeralls and wife visited J. H. Damron and family.

Misses Coney and Glascock were in Amherst Friday afternoon on business.

Miss Dorothy Wentland, of Muleshoe, visited in this community Sunday and Monday.

Virginia Hall and Ruby Damron visited Willie Davis, Sunday.

Ona Mae Perkins spent Sunday afternoon with Mattie Walker.

George Garner entertained Charles Wisman, of Fairview, Sunday.

Arthur Damron is very ill.

Thomas Berry spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Richardson.

W. O. Workman and wife are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Charles Clements, of Plainview, was here shaking hands with the voters of this part of the district Wednesday. Charles is running for District Judge and he says things are looking mighty good in his favor.

Who ever heard of a May Sale of tires and tubes? Well the Valley Motor Co. is going to have one anyway. Beginning on Saturday May 1st., and end on Saturday May 8th. See their ad in this issue.

Full Value for Your Grocery Money

There is a great amount of satisfaction in feeling that the money you spend for groceries and meat is bringing you a full measure of quality-value. We guarantee that you will be satisfied with what you get here.

C. D. GUPTON & SON

Grocery and Market

PHONE NUMBER 4

Genuine Half and Half Cotton Planting Seed

Just received a car load from Vernon, Texas.

\$1.50 per bu.

Sacked in 3 bu. bags.

See M. S. Stidham at James Hotel

OR

R. L. BROWN

The Land Man

Come early they won't last long.

PLAN NOW FOR SPRING

BUILDING

With the opening of Spring, building activities will be renewed. If you are going to build a new home, business building, garage, barn or other buildings, let us figure with you on your materials.

We have the best paint on the market.

How Are The Fences?

What of the Smaller Buildings?

The Rush of Spring is at Hand.

Garden time is right on us.

Poultry profits are waiting our attention.

Panhandle Lumber Co.

NOTICE

The Real Estate Business of Faulkner and Vance will be continued in the name given below. If interested in Real Estate of all kinds see

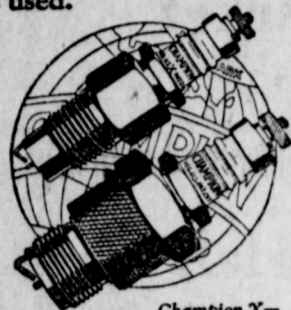
E. J. Vance

Real Estate

CHAMPION NATIONAL
CHANGE WEEK
MAY 2 TO 9

Install
CHAMPIONS
Now!

Hundreds of thousands of motorists will make certain of better engine performance for another year by installing new Champion Spark Plugs during National Change Week, May 2 to 9. They will bring back engine power and speed, forestall tinkering and costly repairs; and save their cost many times over in less oil and gas used.



Champion X—
exclusively for Fords
—packed in the Red Box 60c

Champion—
for cars other than Fords
—packed in the Blue Box 75c

CHAMPION
Dependable for Every Engine
Toledo, Ohio

**25c L-V DUST
CLOTH**
made of especially woven fabric "Crepette"
for only 10 cents and

FREE

two weeks' dusting supply of Liquid Veneer. Nothing like it for dusting. A few drops on your cloth removes ALL dust, dirt and blemishes INSTANTLY, and leaves your piano, furniture, woodwork & potles of glass and beautifully polished. Moreover it preserves the finish indefinitely. Piano people use it to improve their brand new instruments. Send for your FREE bottle today. You'll be delighted. Remember, we include a Big 25c L-V Dust Cloth if you send 10 cts. Don't miss this opportunity.

LIQUID VENEER
Buffalo Specialty Company
1 Liquid Veneer Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

No one will be more profoundly sad than he who laughs much.—Richter.

The war has made table linen very valuable. The use of Red Cross Ball Blue will add to its wearing qualities. Use it and see. All grocers.—Advertisement.

Filing a will sometimes rasps the feelings of the heirs.

Handiest thing in the house

FOR FIRST AID
Every day on the farm brings a new need for "Vaseline" Jelly. A pure, safe remedy for burns, cuts, rashes and minor skin troubles. Take internally for coughs and colds.

Chesebrough Mfg. Company
State St. (Consolidated) New York

Vaseline
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.
PETROLEUM JELLY

INFLAMED EYES DISFIGURE YOUR LOOKS!
Don't experiment on them, use MITCHELL EYE SALVE for speedy relief. Absolutely safe.

25¢ at all druggists.
HALL & RUCKEL, New York City

Cuticura Loveliness A Clear Healthy Skin
Gained by Every-day Use of Cuticura Soap

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE
Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over. Will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed.
Insist upon DAISY FLY KILLER
from your dealer.
HAROLD SOMERS, Broc. L. V. N. Y.

Better Than Pills—For Liver Ills
The reason

Nature's Remedy
Geta 25¢ Box

NR Tonight—Tomorrow Alright

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 18-1926.

**MODISH BLACK SATIN COATS;
AIRY HATS HERALD SUMMER**

LIKE the return of an old friend, rejuvenated and chic—after a long vacation, the black satin coat of this season makes its entry—everywhere there is awaiting it a feast of a thousand welcomes. Black satin coats, following all the modish new ideas of the hour and stressing particularly the use of summer furs, in colors and trimmings, have returned in force; whole windows in the big apparel shops are given over to their display, showing them developed in straight lines and flaring models, and with all the variations in collars, sleeves, fastenings and other details that characterize the fashionable coat of the spring season.

Nothing quite equals black satin, in the crepe satin weaves, for the new flared skirt lines in coats and cape and jabot effects which are so graceful and chic; therefore a good proportion of the late models embodies these style points. An example of the flared silhouette is shown in the picture in a coat with deep revers and the popular gray fastening. Its fur collar, in light gray squirrel, holds its own with many other collars of similar shape, made of white ermine, but the displays emphasize the distinction of black and white



The Flared Silhouette.

they have been and often revealing picturesque brim lines. The group of five hats pictured here is representative of this class of headwear and leads off with a moderately wide-brimmed hat covered with georgette. Pastel colors and tan shades are especially well liked in this kind of millinery and they make perfect backgrounds for flowers in natural and pastel colors. The hair braid hat at the left, with high square crown, carries only one huge blossom, posed high on the right side. A light straw braid provides the graceful hat at the right with brim edge finished with a deep facing of silk and trimming of applique



Group of Summer Hats.

by many models in which ermine is used for collars and—with much restraint—in trimming touches. Fur collars are not confined to squirrel or white ermine by any means. Summer ermine and furs that imitate it, and dyed squirrel provide a choice of color in the short-haired furs, and white fox contributes its soft becomingness also. Except in sunny climes the story of millinery so far this season has been told in small, colorful and chic hats that belong to early spring. Flower trims on many of them herald a coming summer—like the songs of cheerfully promising robins—and we have listened to the songs and bought

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

Mary Graham Bonner
COPYRIGHT BY WESTERN NEWS-PAPER UNION

RUNNER RABBIT'S ADVENTURE

At the edge of the woods lived Runner Rabbit and his family. He had been well named, for he was one of the fastest runners the rabbit family had ever known. That is saying a good deal, too, for the rabbits have always been famed for their powers of running. Runner Rabbit was a very beautiful black-and-white rabbit. His eyes were pink and he stuck his ears way up in the air whenever he was interested in anything—which was pretty nearly all the time.

For Runner Rabbit was very glad he was alive, and he had many friends and exciting adventures. Mrs. Runner Rabbit was white with only two black spots, and the children were like both their mother and daddy. They were old enough now for Runner Rabbit to think they were worth noticing, though when they were little babies he might have eaten them up. You see, daddy rabbits, can never remember that the little bits of creatures that the mothers are paying so much attention to will grow up to be fine animals—and so, when they are very small, the mother rabbits keep the daddies out of the way. One day Runner Rabbit was taking a walk. "It's a fine day," he said to a song sparrow he saw perched on a tree nearby. The song sparrow trilled a little song and chirped that he agreed with Run-



"Nonsense," said Runner Rabbit, "I'm Not Afraid." "Were you ever in a court of justice before?" the squirrel asked him. "No, never," was the retort, "but I've been before a justice of the peace before." If you use Red Cross Ball Blue in your laundry, you will not be troubled by those tiny rust spots, often caused by inferior bluing. Try it and see. —Advertisement.

Saving Burglars' Time
A tag with this inscription, "This safe is never locked, turn the handle and it will open," has hung on the knob of the strong box of a fuel company at Tulare, Cal., for the last seven years. Although the statement is perfectly true, burglars do not believe it and have ransacked the safe three times. It is used only for protection of records against fire, and no money is kept in the safe.

Holy Land's Floriculture
Among the more prominent shrubs or small trees of Jerusalem are the olive and the almond. Other well-known flowers are the narcissus (lily of the valley in the Bible), azalea, acacia, mallow, oleander, althea (sometimes known as the rose of Sharon). The flora of Jerusalem includes over 1,000 specimens.

Unaware of Her Presence
Mr. Blank was out in his garage repairing his car one evening when little Eleanor and her father strolled in. The two men soon became engrossed in the work, Mr. Blank swearing in exasperation occasionally. Finally Eleanor spoke up quietly and with much dignity said, "Daddy, I don't believe Mr. Blank knows I'm here."

COLOR IT NEW WITH "DIAMOND DYES"
Just Dip to Tint or Boil to Dye.

Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple any woman can tint soft, delicate shades or dye rich, permanent colors in lingerie, silks, ribbons, skirts, waists, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings—everything!



Buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Old Superstition Dooms Girls to Spinsterhood

An old superstition of obscure origin is responsible for imposing a severe handicap on Japanese girls who are twenty years old this year. It is said that they must all be so bad tempered as to be unsuitable for wives. This unlucky time occurs every sixty-one years, and although the superstition is waning there are still large numbers of parents who will not allow their sons to marry girls under this cloud. A number of this year's unlucky girls have taken up professional work, in the belief that they are doomed to remain single. To combat the superstition, efforts are being made by a society organized in Tokyo to help its members select their wives and husbands without parental help or interference. In the past, thousands of girls, fearing a lifetime of loneliness, have committed suicide.

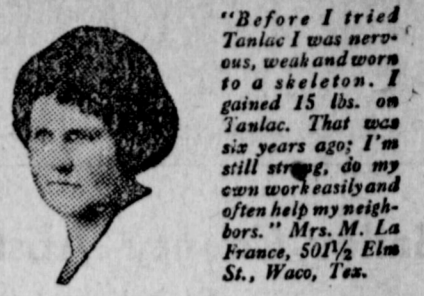
A Lady of Distinction
Is recognized by the delicate, fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Advertisement.

Never Before
A speeding motorist had been hauled up before a southern Indiana justice of the peace. The motorist evidently thought it was a trumped-up charge with a fine as the reward for the local department of justice, and his conduct before the justice bore this out. "Were you ever in a court of justice before?" the justice asked him. "No, never," was the retort, "but I've been before a justice of the peace before."

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Tanlac is Nature's greatest tonic and builder. Made from roots, barks and herbs after the Tanlac formula, it revitalizes the blood, tones up the digestive organs and puts the whole system in fighting trim. Don't go about your work sickly and discouraged. Take the example of millions who have been helped by Tanlac. Stop at your druggist's today and get this wonderful tonic. You'll be surprised how quickly you improve. For constipation take Tanlac Vegetable Pills.

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Bee Brand Insect Powder won't stain or harm anything except insects. Household sizes 10c and 25c—other sizes, 50c and \$1. At your druggist or grocer. Write for Free Booklet. McCORMICK & CO., Baltimore, Md.

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Put one on—the pain is gone

Laughs at Advancing Age
Despite her eighty-six years, there is no more enthusiastic lover of outdoor sports than Mrs. Olive Tobey of Elliot, Maine, and it is not an uncommon sight to see her and her daughter and granddaughters coasting on a double-runner bob sled. Mrs. Tobey apparently gets more enjoyment out of this than do the younger members of the group.—Boston Globe.

Sure Relief
BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION 25c
6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief
BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION
25¢ and 75¢ Pkgs. Sold Everywhere

Poland Dealing With Russia
Russia under the Soviet regime is dealing more extensively with Poland, according to trade figures. In the period 1923-24 Poland exported to Russia goods valued at \$1,713,710, whereas the exports had jumped in the 1924-25 period to \$7,803,737.

Children Cry for



Fletcher's CASTORIA
MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *W. D. Fletcher*. Absolutely Harmless—No Opiates. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

DIXIE FEVER AND PAIN POWDER
Reduces fever 25¢ Produces Rest
ALL DEALERS

Taking the Profit Out of War

By BERNARD M. BARUCH

Reprinted from *The Atlantic Monthly*.

[The February issue of the *Atlantic* for 1925 carried a paper by Mr. Sisley Huddleston dealing with the general subject of "taking the profit out of war," which Mr. Huddleston called "An American Plan for Peace." The first-quoted phrase was put into the language by the War Industries Board toward the close of the World War through its efforts to eliminate all war profits. Mr. Huddleston's article came to the attention of Mr. Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the War Industries Board and administrator of the non-profit plan, and (as he writes us), since it seemed to indicate a growing interest in the idea, induced him to invoke practical means to bring about a full comprehension of taking the profit out of war in the various great countries of the world. To this end he responded to a suggestion of Mr. Owen D. Young, of the Page School of International Relations at Johns Hopkins University, that he establish a course of lectures there to expound the War Industries Board plan in detail. Later he will proceed to make similar arrangements at leading universities in Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, and Japan. Agreeing with Mr. Baruch that the subject calls for public knowledge and discussion, it was natural for the *Atlantic* to turn to him for the following paper.—THE EDITORS OF THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.]

War was once described as Prussia's most profitable industry. It needs only a scant examination of history to learn that other countries were open to the same indictment. The methods of the Robber Barons did not pass with the end of feudalism. Annexation by conquest did not cease. But when America entered the World War President Wilson fathered a doctrine that shall always govern—that never a foot of territory would be added to our boundaries by force.

So, as America has taken the lead toward making impossible national profit through war, it too may be America's privilege to point the way toward making impossible individual profit through war. To take the profit out of war is to take a long step toward creating an economic detestation of war. The experience of the United States in the World War affords a basis for the belief that the plan here discussed is practical. In fact, it is more than a belief—it is a certainty, although not widely known.

The world is such a busy place, and the radius of human activity has been so greatly enlarged because of modern inventions, that it is not strange that there are but few people who are conversant with what was quietly but effectively taking place in this country in the mobilization and use of its material resources in the World War—a process that would have eventually eliminated all improper profits.

Strength is given to the public advocacy of industrial mobilization made by both President Harding and President Coolidge—Mr. Coolidge as recently as last October in his Omaha speech to the American Legion—by the fact that the plan they advocated as a part of the regular national war agencies had once been set up and successfully operated under the War Industries Board.

Preceding the President's recent clear exposition of this subject, some degree of public interest had been engendered by an exchange of letters between Owen D. Young (of Dawes plan fame), in behalf of the Walter Hines Page School of International Relations, and the writer. The correspondence resulted in the establishment of lectures at the Page School (of Johns Hopkins University) on this theme. Previously the *Atlantic Monthly* printed an article by Sisley Huddleston, who pointed out that Europe saw great strides toward peace in the American idea of "taking the profit out of war" in a systematic way. His basic reference was to the plan of the War Industries Board.

The resources of a country might be referred to as the five M's: (1) man power; (2) money; (3) maintenance or food; (4) material resources (including raw materials, manufacturing facilities, transportation, fuel and power); and (5) morale. The intelligence with which the first four are directed and co-ordinated as a whole will determine the fifth, the morale of the community.

In the war emergency it early became evident to those who were charged with the responsibility of mobilizing the resources that there was a just sentiment among the people against profiteering. Profiteering might be willful and profit making might be involuntary; but, whatever its form, there was a just determination it should cease. So it became necessary to fix prices where the supply was limited.

Whenever the government created a shortage by its demands, prices were fixed, not only for the Army, Navy and the Allies, but for the civilian population as well. And in addition to price fixing on war essentials (such as steel, wool, copper, and so forth), the balance, after the war program had been filled, was rationed or distributed according to the priority needs of the various civilian demands. In other words, where the price of the product of an industry was fixed that industry had to deliver the part which the government did not need to the civilian population, not in the way the industry chose, but as the government directed.

It must be remembered that when the war came there was no adequate preparation. Indeed, it is doubted by the best authorities whether any effective form of preparation then known would have been of much avail in view of the widespread and engulfing results of the war and the lack of knowledge of the various instruments of destruction which were being devised and which it became necessary to combat.

Our own Army had several divisions competing one with another for materials, transportation, housing, and so forth. On top of that there prevailed the demands of the Shipping Board, with the slogan that ships would win the war, and of the Food Administration, with the slogan, that food would win the war. Further, there was the Railroad Administration with its need for material and labor, and finally there was the feverish quest for labor and supplies on the part of the munition makers—all competing for labor, money, materials, transportation, fuel, power, and each insisting on the greater importance of its activity. All this while the labor supply was being lessened by the flow of men into the Army.

While an endeavor was being made to bring order out of chaos, the great undertaking had to go on. Men, ships, munitions, food, material, had to be provided. Old organizations, bureaus and traditions had to be met and changed, but not destroyed until the new was set up. The wonder of it all is, not that there were so many mistakes, but that so much was accomplished.

At the time we entered the war prices were at their peak, and tending higher because of the war's insatiable demands. The problem was not alone to secure the materials and labor and to stop the confusion, but to do it in such a way that the morale of the people would be maintained. The prices of some things, like steel and copper were fixed far below prevailing rates, and the wages of labor in those industries were standardized. The more highly organized an industry, the easier it was to arrange. Order did not commence to appear until the Army funneled its needs through one man sitting with a section of the War Industries Board and until the Navy, Shipping Board, Allies and Railroad Administration did likewise. Each department satisfied its requirements through a central authoritative body. This was called the War Industries Board, controlling and directing all materials and co-ordinating through its chairman the whole system of governmental and civilian supply and demand. It was created by executive order in March of the year 1918.

Briefly, this board endeavored to mobilize the industries of America so that the fighting forces of the Allied and associated nations could draw from the United States—the last reservoir of men, materials and money—the things needed for the winning of the war at the time the things were needed and with the least dislocation of industry and the least disturbance of the civilian population.

The War Industries Board was organized like any other supervisory committee, with a chairman, vice chairman, members in charge of various activities, bureau chiefs and subordinate workers. It surveyed and sought to arrange the whole industrial war field under the plenary powers conferred by the President and the Congress. How well it did this is a story for others to tell. What it did is the basis of the plan I am here drawing.

It was comparatively easy to fix prices and to distribute materials, and indeed to stabilize the wages of labor in those industries in which prices were fixed. The labor situation, however, became increasingly difficult, particularly when General Crowder found it necessary to withdraw men for the proposed campaign of 1919 after 4,000,000 soldiers had already been taken.

Much has been said about the profiteering of labor. It is an unjust accusation. It is only fair to say that this condition was primarily brought about through the inexperience of the organization within our own governmental departments and by the furious bidding of munition makers and ship builders for services. That situation, together with the increased prices of the things that labor had to buy with the results of its work, made it inevitable that labor must get higher wages.

So it became evident that the price fixing program had to go even further, and the War Industries Board, when the Armistice came, was proceeding with a campaign to fix the prices of all the basic things that labor had to buy. Some had previously been fixed. I speak of labor in a much broader sense than manual labor, for the unorganized so-called "white collar" part of our community—clerks, teachers, government employees, professional men—were less able to meet the situation than labor in the narrower sense. For the protection and relief of such groups certain plans were devised. To illustrate—

One of them provided that manufacturers, jobbers and retailers of shoes could make and sell shoes only of a specified quality at a fixed price, effective July, 1919. No one who did not have a card of the War Industries Board in his window could sell shoes, and only the standardized shoes could be sold. No jobber or manufacturer would sell shoes to anybody who did not have this card. The shoes were to be stamped Class A, B or C and had to be of the quality prescribed and sold at the price fixed. The country was so organized in every district that there could be immediately reported to Washington the name of any shoe retailer who did not carry out the regulations of the War Industries Board as to price and quality. Through restrictions on his labor, money, raw materials and transportation no manufacturer would have been permitted to sell to any dealer violating the regulations. The Armistice stopped the execution of this plan.

Another plan of this nature: The manufacturers of men's and women's wearing apparel had in 1918 been called to Washington, together with the retailers of various goods, and notified that regulations would have to be made in regard to retail prices and standardization of clothing.

The rulings by the board were made known through the issuance of official bulletins at irregular intervals and were widely distributed by the press, which co-operated in this most necessary work with a whole-hearted purpose that gave to the orders of the War Industries Board the instant and broad circulation they required.

Mr. Hoover already was doing much to perfect his control of food products and prices. There was also talk of fixing rents, and in some cities this was done.

If we were to start, in the event of another war, at the place where we were industrially when the World War ended, the President, acting through an agency similar to the War Industries Board, would have the right to fix prices of all things as of a date previous to the declaration of war when there was a fair peace time relationship among the various activities of the nation. It would be illegal to buy, sell, serve or rent at any other than these prices. Brakes would be applied to every agency of inflation before the hurtful process started. An intelligent control of the flow of men, money and materials would be imposed, instead of having the blind panic heretofore ensuing on the first appearance of the frantic demands of war. The Draft Board would have before it the rulings of the priority committee, together with the estimated needs of every business and profession in its relationship to the conduct of the war, and men would be selected accordingly. The Draft Board could more intelligently decide, with the advice of the priority committee, many of the problems with which it would be faced. There would be no sending of men to the trenches who were needed for expert industrial war work and then bringing them back again. Businesses not necessary to the winning of the war would be curtailed. The Draft Board would have that information before it.

The prices of all things being fixed, the price fixing committee would make any necessary adjustments, as was done during the war. Under the system used in 1918 these prices were made public and adjusted every three months, so that any consumer or producer had his day in court when he considered prices unfair. Those who complained that during the war prices were too high had this ready recourse to hand.

In the meantime all the industries of the country would have been mobilized by the formation of committees representative of each industry as was done in the World War. Over them would be placed a government director or commodity chief. The various government departments would appoint committees representing their requirements, so that on one committee the resources of the nation would be represented and on the other the demands of the government. The government director would stand between to decide, in conjunction with the priority committee, to what department supplies should go.

Money would be controlled and directed like any other resource. "Taking the profit out of war" is not synonymous with "conscription of wealth," as it is sometimes regarded. The latter is a theoretical project, prohibited by our Constitution, contrary to the spirit of our social and political institutions, and impossible in practice. Taking the profit out of war is an orderly and scientific development of the economics and conduct of modern war, necessary to the effective mobilization of national resources and indispensable to equalizing the burdens of war among the armed and civilian population. Born of experience and proved by practice, it removes some of the most destructive concomitants of modern war—the confusion and waste incident to war time inflation.

This term "conscription of wealth," used by so many, has created a hope among those of socialistic tendencies, and a fear among those who, like me, believe in our system based upon personal initiative and reward, of a taking of money, without payment, for the use of State. Neither the hope nor the fear is justified by the recommendation herein contained or by our experience in the war. The use of money should be controlled and directed in a national emergency. A man should no more be permitted to use his money as he wishes than he should be permitted to use the production of his mine, mill or factory except through the general supervising agency. This was being done toward the end of the war.

During the final phase of the World War no man or corporation or institution could raise money without the approval of the Capital Issues Committee of the Treasury Department, which committee in turn would not permit the borrowing of money unless the War Industries Board approved the use to which it was to be put. Thus the City of New York was not permitted to spend \$8,000,000 for the building of schools. The City of Philadelphia was prevented from making improvements that in peace time would have been necessary, but in war time were not. Various states, counties and cities, and a vast number of private concerns, were denied the use of money and materials for purposes not necessary for the winning of the war. Each part of the community had to adjust its wants to the whole great undertaking.

There have been a great many bills introduced into Congress on the subject of industrial mobilization, some sponsored by great organizations like the American Legion, and others by newspapers and publicists. But it is surprising how little knowledge there was on the part of those who drew up the bills of the practicability and feasibility of so mobilizing our resources that it would be impossible to make as much profit in war as in time of peace. Take into consideration the fact that the following things were being done in 1918:—

General Crowder, who was in charge of the draft, had asked the chairman of the War Industries Board where he could obtain additional men needed for the Army in France with the least possible dislocation of the war making industrial civilian machinery, and we were in the process of replacing male labor with women. By a system of priorities the Board was allocating to our own Army and Navy, to the Allies and to the essential war industries the things they required. It was making priority rulings as to transportation, and they were being followed out by the Railroad Administrator. The Fuel Administrator distributed fuel only on the rulings of the War Industries Board. The Board was engaged in disentangling and removing the many conflicts and competitive efforts involved in labor and buildings that had previously occurred because of lack of any co-ordinating agency. It was allocating power and making regulations for the hitching up of scattered units of power. It was changing munitions orders from congested to less congested districts. It had actually carried into effect an order that no building involving \$2,500 or more could be undertaken without the approval of the War Industries Board. No steel, no cement, no material of any kind could be used for any purpose whatsoever unless the War Industries Board permitted it. No steel company could sell over five tons of steel unless approved by the Director of Steel. The Treasury would not permit the raising of money for any industrial or financial operation unless it was approved by the War Industries Board. The President issued an order that no commandeering should be done by the Army, Navy, Shipping Board or Food Administration without the approval of the chairman of the War Industries Board. Every raw material industry, and indeed practically every industry in the country, was organized through appointment of committees, and none of these industries would do any business except under the rulings promulgated by the Board. Standardization in every industry was rapidly proceeding. These rulings were made known through the issuance of official bulletins at irregular intervals and were distributed by the press. We were endeavoring to arrange it so that the fighting forces were to receive those things which they needed and no more, so that whatever was not actually required at the front was left to civilian purposes. Industries were curtailed, but never destroyed; skeletons, but never killed. Indeed, the use of men, money and materials was rapidly being brought into exactly that condition which I have previously stated to be necessary in case of another war.

If, in addition to this, the President in the future has the authority to fix prices and distribution of materials and labor, rent, and the use of man power, transportation, fuel and all the things necessary for the conduct of the war, any rise in prices will be prevented, even in anticipation of war. There are many who claim that war is caused primarily by the desire of profit. I am not one of those. But if there is anything in this contention this plan will remove the possibility of anybody urging war as a means of making profits. Even if there are no men who desire war as a means of making profit, the fact that profits would be less in war than in peace, and wealth and resources would be directed by the government, might have some active deterring influence on men of great resources. Instead of being passive, they might become active advocates of peace.

There are many people who are, for various reasons, afraid to discuss the subject during peace time and prefer to wait for war. There are also some great manufacturers who oppose any such plan because they were seriously interfered with during the war time. Indeed, it has been the experience of some of these responsible for the industrial mobilization in the World War to remain the objects of venomous attack begun during the time that the necessities of the nation made it imperative to control activities and profits. Some critics were prominent manufacturers, who said: "Tell us what the government wants and we will fill the orders, but don't interfere with the sale of the part of our product that the government does not want to use." That was unthinkable. President Wilson decreed that fair

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Satisfaction is our Motto: 17 years on the Plains actually growing trees that bear. If you want Fruit let us select the varieties of Peach, Plum and other Fruits for you.

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This applies to orders taken by our agents for fall and spring (if you write us at once) also to orders sent us from now on, or to those who call at our Nursery. The high electric line runs from coal chute crossing straight to our nursery, due north, also 1-2 mile east of Amarillo highway. We ship till May 1st. Most planting being done in January February and March. We have been established here 16 years, largest acreage of Nursery stock west of Sherman.

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The world, says a scientist, shakes like jelly; but maybe he has been going to too many dances.

No matter who discovered America, it happened so long ago we should be willing now to forgive him.

Evidently the fish that got away this summer are as large as those that got away during previous vacations.

"Speed," says an eastern doctor, "is the mania of the age." But where are we going, and are we getting there?

About the only comfort one extracts from the income tax is the knowledge that one's neighbor has been stung.

The snoopers who are curious about our tax returns are the same birds who used to worry about our cellars.

In the Old Days there was nothing that corresponded exactly to the saxophone, unless it was the heaves.

The fact that Mussolini has written a play suggests that it is likely to be a rough year for dramatic critics in Italy.

A Washington scientist says some monkeys are more evolved than man. No monkey is more highly involved than man.

"The homeliest object on earth," says a humorist, "is a fried egg." And one of the prettiest, alas, is a Ben Davis apple.

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CLOVIS, NEW MEXICO.

Taking the Profit Out of War

By **BERNARD M. BARUCH**

Reprinted from *The Atlantic Monthly*.

Make the fly pay as he enters.

Snappiest families are not always happiest.

Everybody was his own lifeguard at the old swimming hole.

The price of coffee appears to be still on its home grounds.

Speaking of changing styles, some women are wearing long hair.

Hush, little flivver, don't you cry; you'll be an airplane by and by.

Another hopeful sign is that no man is as tough as his old hat looks.

Another highbrow is trying to paint the lily by advocating scientific love-making.

It is hereby conceded that a pair of white pants in a busy city is a pair of pants.

Some men think they yearn for freedom when they merely yearn to swat the rich.

The leader of a jazz band is never told by his doctor that he needs more exercise.

A Jingo is a man who glories loudly in his fellow citizens' fighting strength.

Women learn to swim sooner than men because the men have to teach themselves.

In Imperial diplomacy the real trick is to touch the savage's heart without releasing his wallet.

Never concede that a man is a convincing speaker until you hear him try it on a traffic cop.

It is easy to pick out important people at the summer resort; they look so unimportant.

Another distinction that puzzles the foreign learner of English is between tar roof and pitch roof.

It is not only more blessed to give than to receive, but in the field of war loans it is easier.

prices for the government were fair prices for civilians. I must say, however, that the vast majority of American manufacturers rose to the situation in such a splendid way as to bring the following commendation from Woodrow Wilson: "They turned aside from every private interest of their own and devoted the whole of their trained capacity to the tasks that supplied the sinews of the whole great undertaking. The patriotism, the unselfishness, the thorough going devotion and distinguished capacity that marked their toilsome labors day after day, month after month, have made them fit mates and comrades to the men in the trenches and on the seas."

There are many men who are afraid that the adoption of this plan by Congress would give an impetus to socialism or communism or sovietism or whatever they may call it, because, they say, "if you show it can be done in war time there will be a demand that it be done in peace time." It cannot be done in peace time. There can be no great undertaking without a strong moving cause. In peace time the moving cause is personal initiative and payment for services performed. The substitute for that in war time is the common danger.

The War Industries Board was the foremost advocate of price fixing and distribution, and it had great power in this field, but when the Armistice came it recognized that peace conditions were being restored, and it was the first to change the war time order of things and to leave to the people themselves the readjustment of their affairs. I am satisfied that it is impossible for the government to do in peace time what I am advocating, although it becomes absolutely necessary in order to conduct a modern war successfully and to conduct it on a non-profiteering basis.

The application of this plan, besides making the nation a coherent unit in time of war, would impress upon every class in society a sense of its own responsibility in such event. If it were known that this universal responsibility would be enforced, no class—social, financial or industrial—could fail to understand that in case of war it would have to bear its share of the burdens involved and would have to make sacrifices of profit, convenience and personal liberty correlatively with those made by the soldiers in the field. To this extent the plan would act as a positive deterrent to any hasty recourse to force in an international controversy.

One thing that has definitely come from the war is the necessity of arranging affairs so that a portion of the population shall not be sent to the front to bear all the physical hardships and their consequences while others are left behind to profit by their absence. If applied at the outbreak, the War Industries Board (as it was functioning at the close of the World War) would prevent this and lessen, if not remove, the social and economic evils that come as the aftermath of war.

The silly season is the undertaker's Christmas.

Civilization: Pants on a restaurant lamb chop.

One thing is certain. Ignorance is the twin of intolerance.

One small jack can lift a car, but it takes a lot of jack to keep it up.

Piety alone may build a church, but it takes rivalry to erect the fine ones.

Whatever became of the old-fashioned farmer who hoofed it to town?

As a rule, the man who likes to come out flat-footed makes a lame entry.

Now they say they have squired another comet, and that may mean more trouble.

A lot of people would have lived to a ripe old age if they hadn't had the right of way.

The night air was considered bad for one long before the player-piano or phonograph.

Only an American could have lost a \$36,000 pearl necklace in Paris, and never missed it.

Maybe the flivver airplane will settle the problem of crossing the street for a pedestrian.

It is estimated that 92 per cent of all wars in history have grown out of parking problems.

That German plane, now building, that is to travel 400 miles an hour—will it come back?

London has only one phone to 50 people. No wonder they open up with: "Are you there?"

A fiction writer has to get a move on these days and complete his book while it yet is fiction.

PLANT TREES NOW—

Best season in ground in ten years. No communities and few homes have enough home grown fruit. Peaches, plums, pears, pecan, jujubes, berries and other fruits. We have new sure-bearing varieties and the old standards. Evergreens, flowering shrubs, roses, hardy climate-proof native shrubs and other ornamentals. Catalog free. We pay express. Satisfaction guaranteed. Information gladly given.

THE AUSTIN NURSERY
F. T. RAMSEY & SON Austin, Texas, Since 1875

NOTICE

The Electric Pool Will Open Today—Visit us and enjoy a healthful, refreshing swim.

Admission - - - 35c and 50c

Now is the time to have your last year Spring Clothes made like new. Or have us give you a perfect fit for new ones.

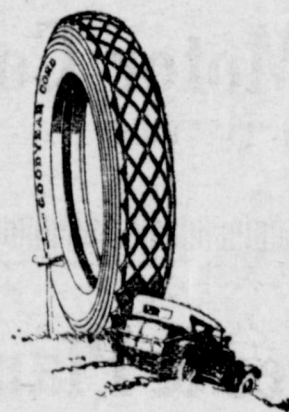
Hats cleaned and blocked for \$2.00.

Cleaning, Pressing, Alteration
The Muleshoe Tailor Shop

TUBES FOR ONE WEEK TIRES

We Will Give You One 30x3 or 30x3 1-2 Tube for **\$1.00**

With Purchase of One at Our Regular Price



All 29x4:40 Balloon Tires With Tube Included

\$20.00

This is a "May Sale" and will last only Thru the First Week. Beginning Saturday the 1st, and Ending Saturday the 8th.

Valley Motor Company, Inc.
Chevrolet Sales and Service
Muleshoe, Texas

McCormick-Deering Primrose

Ball-Bearing Cream Separators

When you consider that a cream separator bowl turns approximately 9,000 revolutions a minute, you realize that THE BEARINGS AND THE BOWL SPINDLE MUST BE RIGHT. The slightest wobble, vibration, or friction in these parts makes the machine turn hard and lowers its skimming efficiency. That's why the builders of the McCormick-Deering Primrose use a bowl spindle heavier than any other and mount it on friction-free ball bearings. McCormick-Deering engineers take no chances—they make your satisfaction certain!

Don't think lightly of the turning question. It is vital. You'll turn your machine twice each day, or 730 times a year. Isn't it worth while to save seven or eight thousand backaches during the life of your machine? Let us demonstrate the Primrose on your farm. No obligation.

A SMALL Down Payment Puts a New McCormick-Deering Primrose on Your Farm

E. R. Hart Lumber Co.

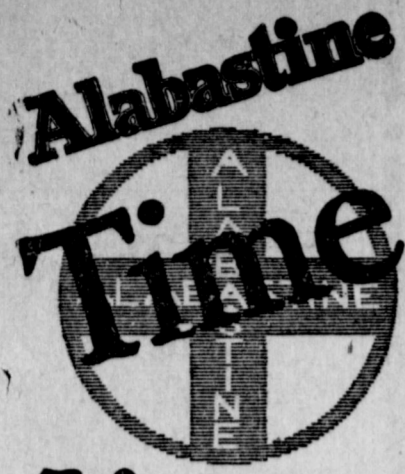
You Can't Equal This Cream Separator Construction Anywhere!



Short, Heavy Bowl Spindle—Runs on High-Grade Ball Bearings



Handwritten notes: 12/30, 22/2, 175, 70/5



It's easy

to get perfect walls with Alabastine. Alabastine is a dry powder in white and tints. Packed in 5-pound packages, ready for use by mixing with cold or warm water. Full directions on every package. Apply with an ordinary wall brush. Suitable for all interior surfaces—plaster, wall board, brick, cement or canvas. It won't rub off, properly applied. Ask your dealer for color chart and suggestions or write Miss Ruby Brandon, the Alabastine Company, Grand Rapids, Mich.

save money

ACCREDITED CHICKS. LOW PRICES. Foremost egg strains from stocks officially indorsed for high egg production. Cat. free. Smith Bros. Hatcheries, Box 99, Mexico, Mo.

TOMATO PLANTS

We have had no frost and are offering strong stocky open field grown plants, leading varieties for immediate delivery. Prepaid 200-disc, 100-1.00, 1,000-1.75. Also now shipping our Porto Rico sweet potato plants, parcel post prepaid 1,000-\$2.75, 500-\$1.50. Quantity shipments at \$2.00 per 1,000. You pay express. Unlimited supply. Raymondville Plant Farms, Raymondville, Texas.

Coal mines of France are increasing their output to care for French fuel consumers.

CALUMET
THE WORLD'S GREATEST
BAKING POWDER



35 years of unflinching service on bake-day has made CALUMET the world's greatest baking powder.

Retains its great leavening strength in every climate to the very last spoonful. Always dependable and pure.



Sales 2 1/2 times those of any other brand

BEST BY TEST
FOR OVER 200 YEARS

haarlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.



correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL

SANITATION SAVES LIVES OF CHILDREN

United States Aids Great Work in Santiago.

Washington.—Should a fire sweep through a children's hospital in Santiago, Chile, and snuff out the lives of 780 little children, millions would feel keenest sympathy and presidents and kings would send messages of condolence.

Less spectacular, but far more cheering, is the actual news that 780 lives of children under one year old have been saved in a six months' period in that one city.

And the United States had an important part in this magic boon of modern medicine.

The circumstances emerge into the news because of the announcement of the new sanitary code regulations and the decision of the United States public health service to permit Dr. J. D. Long of its staff to remain in Santiago as technical adviser to the Chilean ministry of hygiene.

Repaying Medicinal Favors. "It seems only a bit of poetic justice that the United States should minister to the land whose deserts make the world's gardens grow, bind the sores and wounds of mankind, and alleviate the pain of intense suffering in hospitals from New York to Singapore—for those are the effects of the nitrates, the iodine and the cocaine that Chile exports," says a bulletin of the National Geographic society.

"Medicine has wrought powerful changes in the geography of the world," the bulletin continues. "Quinine, for example, has been man's chief ally in conquering the tropics. And recent applications of medical science have been estimated to have saved more lives among the allied nations since the World war than were lost in that titanic struggle.

"Now Chile, by the creation of its national health service, with the assistance of the expert from our country, has embarked upon a program which she believes, at a conservative estimate, will save her nearly 30,000 lives a year.

"Such a program, through the length of her 2,700 miles, from the nitrate beds of Tarapaca to the forests of Tierra del Fuego, and her rich intermediate belts of copper, iron, fruits and the only sizable coal deposits in South America, will have an important bearing upon her future geography and upon the world supply of the raw materials and resources she possesses.

"An official resume of the work performed by the national health service since its inception last year, just received at the headquarters of the National Geographic society, tells how a fly elimination campaign, through refuse removal, and certain other sanitary provisions resulted in cutting down the infant mortality rate during the last six months of 1925 by 45.4 per cent over the deaths of 1923; and showed a falling of 31.4 per cent in the number of deaths in 1925 over those of 1924.

What Chile Has Done. "The elongated republic, with its one-fourth area of islands, has been divided into ten sanitary zones, a corps of health officers has been created, quarantine regulations have been put into effect, physicians licensed and compelled to report communicable diseases, sewage disposal plants installed in small communities, municipal sanitary codes drafted and physical examinations of school children are being gradually provided.

"Infant mortality in Chile has been approximately one-third the total mortality. Of those babies that die under one year of age about 60 per cent die under one month old. Therefore, the report states, a great saving of life, perhaps from 80 to 90 per cent of these deaths, will be prevented by proper hospital maternity provision for mothers.

"Four cities, Santiago, Los Leones, San Antonio and Talca, henceforth are to have their water supplies sterilized with chlorine. Certain cities which have had inadequate water for domestic purposes, including Valparaiso, are being surveyed for an augmented supply.

"In the water shortage, many towns suffer from a condition which makes for Chile's prosperity. Northern Chile is the one arid region of the world which doesn't want more rain. If the climate changed and heavy rains fell periodically the water would gradually dissolve the nitrate and wash away the country's unique reservoir of wealth."

Clock Gives Up After Running 400 Years

East Hendren, Berkshire, Eng.—Day in and day out for more than 400 years the church clock of this village has told the correct time, but at last it has been stopped for repairs, much to the inconvenience of villagers.

There is an ancient clock at Windsor Castle which, according to history, was given by Henry VIII to Anne Boleyn on the day they were married in 1533. It is still going. The oldest public clock now in service with its original mechanism is said by the Horological Journal to be one in the Rye parish church, which was set up in 1515.

OLD NEW ORLEANS IS QUIANT SPOT

Perfume and Antique Shops Intrigue Visitors

New Orleans.—The Vieux Carre—Old New Orleans—is known everywhere as one of the quaintest spots in America, but probably nothing else in this historic quarter so intrigues the stranger as the perfume and antique shops.

The tiny establishments are similar to those found through France, but there also are the larger shops. They are scattered throughout the quarter, but most of them are strung along Royal street.

In the antique shops, lovers of old things are in their glory, for unlike New England and other old sections of the country, the New Orleans establishments have not yet been cleared of their treasures.

Priceless pieces, many of them brought to Nouvelle Orleans by the first settlers, are on display, and the spirit of the owners is to welcome the strolling stranger whether he is on a buying mission or "just looking."

Feminine visitors get a real thrill from the perfume shops in which alluring bottles contain even more alluring odors. Many of the shops are operated by descendants of the old settlers and they have real family pride in the products they are offering.

In one or two of the places, special attention has been given to typically southern perfumes—magnolia, jasmine and orange blossoms—and the visitor who purchases one of those odors may be sure that when she returns to the "old home town" her hostess at the bridge party will not have "beaten her to it" in the way of perfume.

G. W. RIGHTMIRE



George Washington Rightmire was recently elected president of the Ohio State university. He has been a member of the faculty since 1902.

Woman Seeks Her Kin; Search Begins at 1828

Philadelphia.—In an effort to locate any surviving relatives who may still live in this vicinity, Mrs. Lewis Thorp has set a task for the bureau of missing persons, which dates back just ninety-eight years.

Mrs. Thorp writes that on August 16, 1828, her great grandfather, Samuel Crawshaw, accompanied by his wife and family, set sail from their old home in England, and on October 2, 1828, landed in Philadelphia.

Whether Mrs. Thorp is of the same or of another branch of the family her letter does not state, nor does it indicate why she begins her search with the landing of her great-grandfather in America just a fraction less than a century ago. She does state, however, that she is anxious to locate any relatives or possible heirs who may be living, so that apparently the settlement of some long-standing estate is the basis of the search which the Illinois woman asks.

Only Lord Beatty and Wales Can Tilt Hats

London.—The tilt of Lord Beatty's hat is the copyright of two persons only in England—the prince of Wales and Lord Beatty himself.

Lieut. Gen. Sir William Purse is advising the boys of the Church Lad's brigade, who are to be inspected by the prince in June, to remember to put their hats on straight and keep them straight.

"There are only two officers in the whole of the empire," Sir William said, "who are allowed to wear their uniform hats on one side of their heads. One is the great Admiral Lord Beatty and the other the prince of Wales.

"From the little I know of the prince of Wales, if he sees anybody mimicking him, he will not give them such a nice report as he might otherwise," the speaker added.

Needed Reform

New York.—Will Hays is making progress in ending misleading advertising by movie exhibitors, usually due to ignorance as in the following cases he cited: Special children's matinee for that great animal picture, "Black Oxen"; "A Doll's House"—bring the kiddies; "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse"—another great cowboy drama.

SIoux DEMAND MANY MILLIONS FROM U. S.

Tribal Claims Are Based on Treaty Rights.

Pierre, S. D.—Millions of dollars would come to the Sioux of the Dakotas if they can establish all their claims against the government in the action now before the court of claims on the showings they make.

This action started on the demand of the Sioux for compensation for the Black Hills, a territory which they allege was taken from them in violation of treaty rights and on the signatures of the heads of a few bands of the Sioux. Instead of a general agreement. The value they put upon this tract is \$156,543,750, with interest from 1876.

Go Back to 1851.

Besides the claim for the Black Hills the action carries with it claims which have been made by the Sioux under different treaty regulations, dating back to 1851, with interest running back that far on some of the claims. The direct claims without interest amount to approximately \$217,000,000 for the general tribal funds and approximately \$5,000,000 for various bands, and the interest charge will more than double this. The government will present offsets which will wipe out a portion of this claim, and just how much ever will come to the Indians is a problem.

These claims are the result of a demand made by the Sioux for pay for the Black Hills section. When the issue came up an agreement was reached by which they were to gather up all the old claims they made and put them into one action.

Claims for Hay.

Several claims are made for hundred thousand dollars each for hay cut upon the reservations for forage for teams used by the early military expeditions in the upper Missouri river country, and another good-sized bill for wood cut for building forts and for fuel by these expeditions.

Still another item is an estimated amount which should have been spent for education of the roving tribes between the years 1868 and 1898, under a treaty of 1868. Then there is a charge for farming implements and teams which were to be supplied under another treaty of the distant past, estimating the number of Sioux who were ready and willing to farm but could not do so on account of lack of the proper equipment.

Irishman, 125 Years Old, Walks Mile for Pension

London.—Ireland, famous breeding ground of hale and hearty old men, has produced a supercentenarian. He is William Smith of Dromara, County Down, who has celebrated his one hundred and twenty-fifth birthday. He was middle aged, according to ordinary standards, when he went off to fight in the Crimean war. His most strenuous exercise nowadays is walking a mile each Friday to receive his pension.

Ireland has produced many long-lived persons, but women in the British Isles as a whole are much longer-lived than men. There are about ten times as many female centenarians as male. Clergymen and peers seem to live longest in these modern times of rush and stress, but even the oldest of them are young compared to Thomas Carn, a Londoner, who died on January 18, 1588, at the venerable age of two hundred and seven. At least, this is a record said to have been inscribed in the parish register of St. Leonard's church, Shoreditch, which was destroyed by fire.

Students of longevity say centenarians come from long-lived families, where the thing is a habit. They discount the many pet modes of living, the prejudices for or against tobacco, alcohol, tea, or this food or that, to which old persons often attribute their achievements in piling up birthdays.

Fear, Love, and Cow in Drama of Prison Escape

Ossining, N. Y.—Fear, love and a cow figured in the drama of Lawrence Hawthorne's escape from Sing Sing prison and his return to serve a sentence of 39 years.

Hawthorne fled from the prison because he feared another convict, he explained. The cow furnished him with food while he hid in a woods for ten days.

The convict went to Hollywood, Cal., where he got a job in the "movies." He fell in love with a girl who jilted him. Then he returned to prison to complete his term.

To Save Church

Burgos.—Spain's most beautiful church, the Burgos cathedral, built in 1221, is falling to pieces, but the government has voted funds to save it.

300 Clocks to Replace Noon Gun at Rome

Rome.—One of the most picturesque institutions of Rome, dating back several centuries, the firing of a noon gun on top of the Janiculum hill each day, will disappear soon.

Governor Cremonesi of Rome has decided to institute in its stead a system of 300 electrical-ly controlled clocks through the city.

A real whole wheat cracker

TRISCUIT

made the same as Shredded Wheat Biscuit Pressed into a wafer. Crisp, Delicious

Government is often in a quandary to run as a newspaper; so we give no advice.



Genuine **ASPIRIN**

SAY "BAYER ASPIRIN" and INSIST!

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

- Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
- Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid



Fly-Flit-Flop!

FLIES breed in filth, feed on filth and bring filth into your home.

Flit spray clears your home in a few minutes of disease-bearing flies and mosquitoes. It is clean, safe and easy to use.

Kills All Household Insects

Flit spray also destroys bed bugs, roaches and ants. It searches out the cracks and crevices where they hide and breed, and destroys insects and their eggs. Spray Flit on your garments. Flit kills moths and their larvae which eat holes. Extensive tests showed that Flit spray did not stain the most delicate fabrics.

Flit is the result of exhaustive research by expert entomologists and chemists. It is harmless to mankind. Flit has replaced the old methods because it kills all the insects—and does it quickly.

Get a Flit can and sprayer today. For sale everywhere.

STANDARD OIL CO. (NEW JERSEY)



DESTROYS Flies Mosquitoes Moths Ants Bed Bugs Roaches

"The yellow can with the black band"



DR. W. B. CALDWELL AT THE AGE OF 63

Mother! It's Cruel to "Physic" Your Child

To Dr. W. B. Caldwell, of Monticello, Ill., a practicing physician for 47 years, it seemed cruel that so many constipated infants and children had to be kept constantly "stirred up" and half sick by taking cathartic pills, tablets, salts, calomel and nasty oils.

While he knew that constipation was the cause of nearly all children's little ills, he did not believe that a sickening "purge" or "physic" was necessary.

In Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin he discovered a laxative which helps to establish natural bowel "regularity" even if the child is chronically constipated. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin not only causes a gentle, easy

bowel movement, but, best of all, it never gripes, sickens or upsets the most delicate system. Besides, it is absolutely harmless, and so pleasant that even a cross, feverish, bilious, sick child gladly takes it. Buy a large 60-cent bottle at any store that sells medicine and just see for yourself.

Dr. Caldwell's SYRUP PEPSIN

The Muleshoe Journal

R. B. BOYLE, Editor
\$1.50 per year

Political Announcements

We are authorized to make the following announcements for public offices subject to the Democratic Primary in July.

DISTRICT JUDGE

Charles Clements, Plainview
R. C. Joiner, Plainview

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

W. E. Huffhines, Floydada
Meade F. Griffin, Plainview
W. C. Wright, Silverton
E. S. Rowe, Littlefield

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER

Precinct No. 3
H. E. Barber, Goodland.

Precinct No. 1
Joshua Blocher
A. J. (Andy) Hicks

FOR TAX ASSESSOR

Mrs. W. C. Bucy
(re-election and second term)

FOR TREASURER

Mrs. Irene A. Edmonds.
(re-election and second term)

FOR COUNTY CLERK

C. C. Mardis

SHERIFF & TAX COLLECTOR

H. A. Douglass

COUNTY JUDGE

J. J. Scribner

All announcements and political advertising shall be cash with the copy. All printing will be cash when delivered. Do not ask us to break this rule as it is final.

The rain came—now follows the sunshine! Few farmers are now to be seen on the streets of Muleshoe, they have gone to the fields to prepare the soil for the bumper crops that every one expects shall be reaped in this country this year. The sunshine is drying the fields out and the land is working good; the listing of hundreds of acres is going on at present, and what has been the remains of last year's crop is being transformed into a brown scene of rich acreage that makes the farmers feel proud to say that they have carried on this nation-wide industry. The planting of crops is soon to take place, and when the time arrives there will be no handicaps; and the farmers are going to be the proudest and most progressive people in the world.

And now comes the East Texas Chamber of Commerce. If the West Texas Chamber of Commerce has accomplished no other thing it has attracted attention to the great empire, known as West Texas, as a section. Undoubtedly the East Texas Chamber of Commerce is an outgrowth of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce. If this be fact, then ring up another credit for the West Texas Chamber of Commerce. Though the resources of the two sections vary widely, both are richly productive. East Texas is finding itself, just as is West Texas. East Texas has found itself unsuited to many of its old agricultural practices. It has found new industries which are converting its natural resources into wealth. We take our hats off to the East Texas Chamber of Commerce and wish it a long life and a useful one for its section.

Mickie Says—
When you're born, th' good ole home town paper rejoices and congratulates your parents! When you die, it mourns and prints a nice piece about what a great man you were. All your life it cheers your successes, excuses your failures and is silent about your shortcomings. Th' ole home paper is yer friend from th' cradle to th' grave!

When y'u goin' pay me?

W. H. Graham, of Melrose, N. M., has purchased the Texico-Farwell field from Stanley Sigler and has moved his newspaper plant there from Melrose, N. M. The old Tribune plant has been sold and has been moved to Portales, N. M. Mr. and Mrs. Sigler will move to Roswell, N. M., where they have purchased an irrigated farm. We have known Mr. Graham for the past seven or eight years and know him to be a splendid man and a good newspaper editor and printer. Farwell is indeed fortunate to secure such a family as the Graham's. We wish them much success in their new field.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Bailey County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, That you summon, by making Publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the County of Bailey if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 64th judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 64th judicial district, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof.

John L. S. Coldren whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, at the next regular term thereof, to be holden in the County of Bailey at the Court House thereof, in Muleshoe, Texas on the first Monday in June, the same being the 7th, day of June then and there to answer a Petition filed in said Court, on the 22nd day of April A. D. 1926, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 180, wherein Fred B. Lyon is plaintiff and John L. S. Coldren defendant.

The nature of the plaintiff's demand being as follows, to-wit: Plaintiff alleges that on or about the 14th day of December, 1923, he was seized and possessed of the following real estate in fee simple: The NE one quarter of Section No. 32 in Block 'Y', Johnson's Subdivision No. 2 in Parmer and Bailey Counties, Texas; and that on the day and year aforesaid, defendant unlawfully entered upon the said premises and ejected plaintiff therefrom and from the possession thereof to his damage in the sum of \$574.00.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for the title and possession of said land and premises, for writ of restitution, for his damages and costs of suit.

Herein fail not. And have you before said Court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this Writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Muleshoe, Texas this 22nd day of April A. D. 1926.

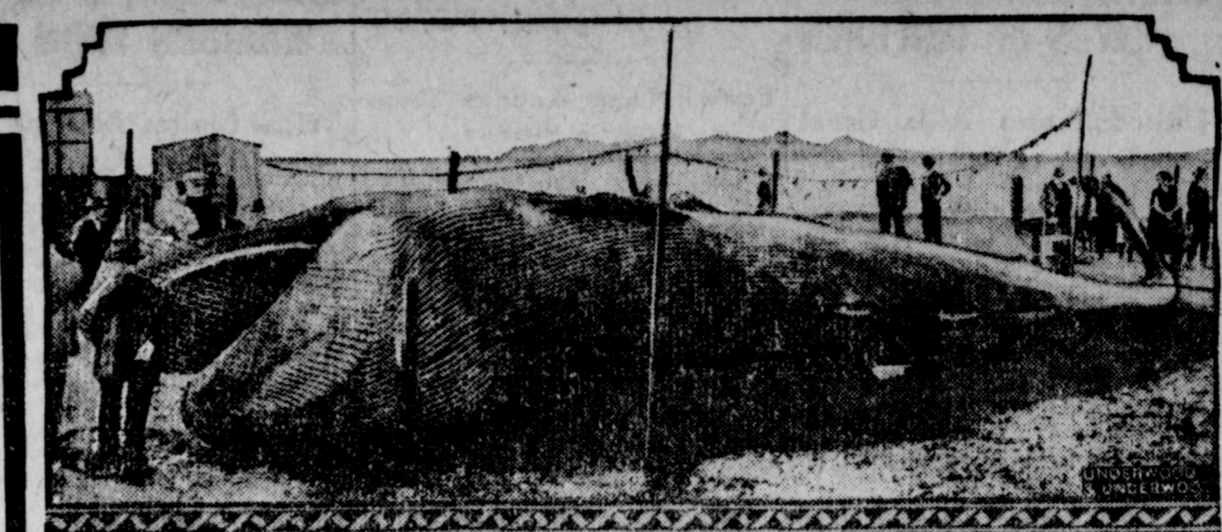
C. C. Mardis, Clerk District Court Bailey County, Texas.
By Lola Lipscomb, Deputy. H-14

H. C. Edmonds is having a wash house erected at his Tailor shop. The new electric machinery for his shop will arrive in a few days, then he will have one of the most modern shops on the Plains.

Earl Worm and family, of Big Square was over Sunday, guests in the John Burton home.

STAR PARASITIC REMOVER
A GREAT PULTRY REMEDY
Gives worms in drinking water
or mixed in feed thoroughly
kills them of all blood-sucking
insects, flies and blue bugs, detests
in them all intestinal worms and parasites.
Its formula is simpler and other
ingredients lower, remedies for improving
the appetite, purifying the blood, toning
the system and preventing disease. Better
prevent than try to cure. Contains no alcohol
or poison. Can be given to all kinds
of chicks, old fowls and turkeys, any kind
of weather with good results.
Its cost is very small—a one dollar bottle
will last 100 fowls more than 100 days.
The manufacturers are anxious for all
poultry raisers to try it 60 days at their
risk, on the following conditions: After
using 60 days if your flock has not im-
proved in health, produced no eggs—eggs
that hatch sooner and healthier young
chicks—come back to your dealer—he is
authorized to refund your money.
McCarty Drug Store.

Seventy-five Foot Whale Caught



Striking picture of a 75-foot whale captured off the coast of Texas. Picture taken at Sabine Pass, Texas.

Blackwater Valley State Bank

at Muleshoe, Texas, at the close of business on the 12th, day of April 1926.
published in the Muleshoe Journal a newspaper printed to be published at Muleshoe, Texas, State of Texas, on the 30th, day of April 1926.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts, undoubtedly good on personal or collateral security - - - - -	\$153,867.46
Loans, secured by real estate, worth at least twice the amount loaned thereon - - - - -	7,448.83
Overdrafts, good, - - - - -	449.99
Bonds, Stocks and other securities - - - - -	25,150.00
Real estate (banking house) - - - - -	5,000.00
Other real estate - - - - -	22,230.00
Furniture and fixtures - - - - -	2,947.03
Cash on hand - - - - -	2,467.76
Due from approved reserve agents - - - - -	11,656.09
Due from other banks subject to check on demand - - - - -	839.92
Interest in depositors guaranty fund - - - - -	2,304.84
Assessment Depositors' guaranty fund - - - - -	4,474.01
Other Resources - - - - -	1,798.02
TOTAL - - - - -	\$240,633.95

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock, - - - - -	\$ 25,000.00
Undivided profits net - - - - -	2,175.37
Individual deposits, subject to check on which no interest is paid - - - - -	132,101.44
Individual deposits on which interest is paid or contracted to be paid - - - - -	14,358.99
Time certificates of deposits - - - - -	10,169.03
Public funds on deposit: County - - - - -	\$10,962.03
School - - - - -	\$25,128.31
Total - - - - -	36,090.34
Cashier's checks - - - - -	10,711.78
Bills payable - - - - -	10,000.00
TOTAL - - - - -	\$240,633.95

State of Texas, county of Bailey
We, E. R. Hart as president and J. E. Aldridge as cashier, of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

E. R. HART, President.
J. E. ALDRIDGE, Cashier.
CORRECT-ATTEST:
Jno. J. Lacy,
S. E. Morris, Directors.
G. A. Anderson,
Subscribed and sworn to before me the 20th, day of April 1926. A. D. K. K. Smith
Notary Public, Bailey county, Texas. (SEAL)

Mrs. J. E. Aldridge returned from Kansas City, Tuesday, where she has been visiting friends and relatives.

Send Your
Abstract Work
—To The—
Muleshoe Abstract Company
A. P. STONE, Prop.
Muleshoe, Texas
Agent for Warren Addition

Beginning April 1st, milk will be 12 1-2 cents per quart, strictly cash. Don't ask for credit. Long's Dairy. Phone 45 2R.

FOR
COMPLETE
INSURANCE
SERVICE
SEE
J. E. ALDRIDGE
at office of
Blackwater Valley State Bank
LIFE—FIRE—TORNADO—HAIL

J. E. HANLEY
Chiropractic Masseuse
All forms of
Chronic Diseases
Hours: 9 to 12 and 2 to 5
Office at
HOTEL JAMES

Jim Martin, sheriff of Parmer County and Clifford Brally, District Attorney of the 69th District were here Wednesday on legal business.

A. R. Matthews M. D.
Physician
and
Surgeon
Muleshoe, Texas

PLANTS--SEEDS, Prepaid Prices
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If you are sick you need a Chiropractor. (Adv.)

Levi Pressly has been in Farwell, this week attending District Court.

J. D. Thomas
Attorney
County Attorney
Parmer County
Special and prompt attention given to all legal matters
Farwell, Texas

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AND NOT KNOW IT
EARLY SYMPTOMS—Nervousness, stomach trouble, despondency, shortness of breath, burning feet, constipation, brown or rough skin, tingling sensations, smothering spells, diarrhoea, loss of sleep, loss of weight, dizziness or swimming in head, general weakness with loss of energy.
You do not have all these symptoms in the beginning, but if you have any of them YOU MAY HAVE PELLAGRA. My FREE BOOKLET, "THE STORY OF PELLAGRA" will explain. My treatment differs from all others, and is endorsed by a State Health Department, physicians and hundreds who have taken the treatment. Write for Questionnaire and FREE Diagnosis.
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