

PLANTING TIME

Clean and pure seeds only will grow. Save money by cleaning.

The Friona Star

DEVOTED TO THE INTEREST OF FRIONA AND PARMER COUNTY

Vol. 14

FRIONA, PARMER COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8 1939.

No. 7

Hens grow from Chicks. Chicks grow from Good Feed.

COGITATIONS and APHORISMS of JODOK

Well! The war is on. And I am just wondering how many other newspaper columns or articles, throughout this United States this week, will start with these, or similar words. I feel sure that it is a thought that is uppermost in the minds of seventy-five percent or more of our people at this time; and while they are thinking "war," most of them are wondering whether or not, this country will be drawn into it, and how soon.

It is my most ardent and sincere hope that our country will be allowed to remain neutral throughout the entire catastrophe, regardless of how long it may continue. As I see it, there can be no possible good come of it to the United States, or to the world a large or as a whole.

And while I am thinking of this horrible nightmare, I will just give here something that was handed to me by a mighty good friend, not only of mine, but of humanity throughout the world:

"America may enter the European war for the sake of democracy; but she already has that.

"America may demonstrate the workability and the desirability of Democracy; she might, by example, engender in the European people, a real desire and an effort to govern themselves.

"America, combined with many other nations of equal strength, could never shoot or force democracy and co-operation into any part of Europe.

"Sunday night, President Roosevelt, in the shortest speech of his speaking career, said enough and did not say too much. It was a masterly strike for neutrality and peace.

"Regardless of the duration or severity of the European war, America's greatest contribution to Europe and the world civilization will be to stand by till the craziness is over.

"If during the terrible slaughter and destruction, America could be prevailed upon to produce and conserve with wartime zeal, her resources and man power, she would then be in good shape to aid war-torn Europe in the reconstruction period that is bound to follow. Is she Christian enough and sensible enough to do just that?"

"Every country in Europe has contributed generously with large numbers of their best citizens to build the United States. Every country in Europe has contributed generously to the up-building of American wealth, civilization and life.

"If Americans, during this mad struggle, could be prevailed upon to calmly stand by and prayerfully think in terms of appreciation of the fine sentiments, ideas and worthwhile contributions, that have come out of each of the European countries, the resentment at the atrocities coming from those same countries would be tempered.

"When Europe has spent her life blood, when she has wasted her wealth and crippled her civilization when despondency has displaced her anger, greed and pride, America can then be a friend in need in time of need."

It just occurs to me that no finer sentiment, or ennobling idea, than those I have just above quoted, can be spoken or imagined, and coming as they do from a man whose whole life and emotions are wrapped up in the same sentiments and endeavors. I cannot but have even greater appreciation of their worth, as I trust that all who read them may also have.

And, should not every one who claims the honor of being an American citizen, be proud of the fact that his country had taken the lead among all nations of the world in practicing just such idealism toward her sister nations?

Let us take for granted that America shall remain neutral, taking no part whatsoever, by favoring either side in this horrible struggle, but shall build up a wonderful storehouse of valuable materials so necessary to life and comfort of any and all peoples, regardless of rank or station or color.

May all our farmers be allowed to plant, and harvest, all the food and fiber crops they can possibly produce, let our mines and lumber mills work and produce to their limit, let all our industries run with full force and efficiency, and also produce to their limit, when all these raw materials have been manufactured or processed into products ready for the consumption and use of man, and after doing all that is demanded for its few minutes visit.

(Continued on page four)

Friona Chiefs Train For Methodist Church Longhorn Game. 1939 Schedule

Showing more determination and fight than at any time during the entire 1938 season, the Friona Chiefs have started serious training for their opening game Friday, Sept. 15, with the Lockney Longhorns, champions of District IV for last year. With thirty men reporting for practice, a scramble for positions is well under way.

"Barring injuries, we will be able to put a line on the field that averages 180 from end to end," Coach A. D. Holmes said when discussing the outlook for the year. "Our backs are light but are showing a great deal of fight for the early stages of practice," he added.

The game here September 15 will be the second meeting of the two teams. Lockney took the game here last year by three touchdowns.

A special entertainment feature is being planned for the opening game in the form of a Junior football game to be played between halves. Boys of the sixth and seventh grades will have charge of the field for this game. R. L. Bates, the junior coach, directing.

The eight games scheduled thus far are:

- September 15, Lockney, here.
September 22, Muleshoe, here.
September 29, Claud, here.
October 6, Open.
October 13, Open.
October 20, Hereford, here.
October 27, Farwell, here.
November 3, Vega, there.
November 10, Dimmitt, there.
November 17, Spring Lake, there.

BUILDING NEW HOME

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Brookfield have begun the construction of a new residence in the east part of town near the M. E. Church.

They recently sold their farm west of town to Lonnie McFarland, and will make their home in Friona as soon as the new house is completed.

A CORRECTION

It appears that the Star has made an error in the manner of making a statement as to the age of our good friend, Oscar Pope, as was given in the account of his birthday.

Oscar says it was stated as 65 years, which is correct as to time, but that the statement in the paper should have read "25". We stand corrected.

Closed Interesting Revival At Summerfield

Rev. H. B. Naylor, pastor of the Baptist churches at Summerfield and Lazbuddy, closed an interesting and profitable revival meeting at the Summerfield church, Sunday night.

Rev. Naylor received, as a part of the fruits of his labors in this meeting, six members by conversion and a number of others by letter.

The six coming in by confession of faith, were received into full fellowship Sunday night when the rites of baptism were administered at a baptismal service, held by electric light, in the running waters of Tierra Blanca Creek.

This closed Rev. Naylor's series of sixty nights of preaching.

GOODWINE FAMILY HOME

The members of the Goodwine family, which includes Mrs. Minnie Goodwine and son, Clyde and daughter, Miss Lola, arrived at home about midnight, Sunday, from a five-week visit with relatives and friends in California.

While away they visited in the home of their son and brother L. E. Goodwine and family, of Compton. They also visited in the homes of the Schlenker boys and Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Cline, who formerly lived at Friona.

They spent a few days also visiting in the San Francisco World's Fair and returned via Nevada, Utah and Colorado, where they visited Salt Lake City and the Mormon Temple, in Utah, and many of the wonders of nature in Colorado, and the families of C. J. Mardis and Everett Hartman, former residents of Friona.

Mrs. Goodwine and Mrs. Rasmussen, of the Mesquite Community, were in town Tuesday and Wednesday, and favored the Star office with a visit, all that is demanded for its few minutes visit.

VISITED SON AND FAMILY HERE

Mr. and Mrs. James Bragg and their small son, Clyde Ray, had as their guests over the last weekend, Mr. Bragg's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bragg, and his uncle, Charley Bragg, all of Blanket; and his sister, Mrs. W. M. Stacy and two children, Don and Wanda, all of DeLeon.

The guests arrived Friday forenoon, and spent the remainder of the day and Saturday with the family, who were sojourning at the Goodwine home, and taking care of the place while the Goodwines were visiting in California.

On Sunday morning the guests, accompanied by James and his family, drove to Carlsbad and spent the day visiting the Carlsbad caverns.

The elder Mr. Bragg, who is nearing his seventieth birthday, was not so much inclined to make the visit to the caverns, but after the visit he was highly pleased with the visit and the wonders of nature that he saw in the caverns. The guests departed for their homes Monday morning.

Indiana People Visit Friona

On Monday afternoon of last week, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Orbaugh, of Anderson, Indiana, arrived here during a sight-seeing and visiting vacation trip, to many points of interest, which included Friona.

Friona does not lay any claim to being either an historic spot nor the location of any natural wonder, but what made a point of interest to Mr. Orbaugh, was the fact that it was his home for a few months, many years ago.

Mr. Orbaugh, when a boy, came to Friona with his parents during the year of 1908 and remained here until during the year of 1909, and during that time became acquainted with most of the original settlers of Friona and the Friona country. He had not been back since then, and it was of great interest to him to note the many changes that have taken place in the town and surrounding country since 1909.

Only a comparatively few of those early settlers are here now, but he made it his business to meet just as many of those who still remain, as it was possible for him to see during the short time he was here.

He is the son of George and Alice Orbaugh, who were among Friona's pioneer citizens, his mother having died here during the year 1916, and his father, after a few more years spent here, at the request of his children living in Indiana, returned to that state, where he, too, passed away a few years later.

Mr. Orbaugh expressed great surprise at the growth the town has made since he left here, and only a very few of the business buildings, and not many of the residence buildings, remain that were here at that time. And the surrounding country, which was then an almost unbroken expanse of virgin prairie land, has since then been converted into cultivated farm land.

Mr. Orbaugh's father owned a tract of land near Spring Lake which they have been leasing out as grass land for pasture for enough to keep the taxes paid on it, and he was greatly surprised when he drove here to visit it, to find that it is all in cultivation, with an irrigation well on the adjoining tract, from which it is being irrigated and abundant crops being produced thereon.

While here Mr. and Mrs. Orbaugh visited in the L. E. Lillard home, Mr. Maurer's home, the Minnie Goodwine home, and called at the homes of many of the men whom he previously known, and Mrs. Orbaugh who was making her first visit here stated that she was having one of the most pleasant times of her entire trip, right here at Friona.

They departed Friday afternoon for New Mexico, planning to travel north through that state into Utah and Colorado, before returning to their home in Indiana, where he is employed with General Electric Company.

A. H. Jr. is visiting his father and other relatives this week at DeLeon and Celina. He is a son of Mr. A. L. Brantley.

Methodist Church Basement About Completed

Work is in full swing on the "old" basement of the Methodist church. A courageous group of donors are working faithfully with hammers, saws and squares. We want to have the basement auditorium ready to worship in, two weeks from next Sunday. Every Methodist man or friend of our church is invited to come and give us a little of his time in order that we may be able to rush the job to a quick finish. We are indeed grateful to those who are giving their time and energy to provide this more adequate facilities in the carrying on of God's kingdom in this particular group of His believers.

FOURTH QUARTERLY CONFERENCE

The Fourth Quarterly Conference will be held in the local Methodist church next Sunday evening, Dr. W. C. House, the District Superintendent, will preach preceding the Conference. All who are not attending church elsewhere will receive a hearty welcome to come and worship with us.

METHODIST CHURCH ZONE

The Methodist Women of this Zone met in an all-day meeting at the Congregational church Wednesday of this week. The out of town speakers were Mrs. Will C. House, Mrs. Joe Shields and Mrs. Randall, all of Amarillo. The out of town pastors present were Rev. Robt. L. Butler of Hereford, Rev. J. N. Hester of Bovina, Rev. Forch of the Dimmitt Circuit and our District Superintendent, Rev. Will C. House, of Amarillo. The local Auxiliary served a very delightful luncheon at the noon hour. Mrs. Howard Ford is the Zone President and Mrs. J. T. Gee is the secretary. All who attended felt indebted to them and the local committee for arranging such a fine program.

The Clovis Zone were invited to the meeting and were represented by a few of the women from that Zone. The next regular Zone meeting will be at Texico-Farwell and will be a joint meeting with the Clovis District.

Junior Woman's Club Held First Meeting Of Year.

The Junior Woman's Club met September 5th, 1939, in the home of Mrs. Eufaula Ethridge.

An interesting program on Parliamentary, International Good Will and Government was rendered by the following:

- "Parliamentary Pointers," by Mrs. Melba Miller.
"International Labor Organizations," by Mrs. Esther O'Rear.
"Southern Women, Prominent in Governmental Affairs," by Mrs. Lila Gaye Gee.
"Romance of the Western Frontier," a course of study obtained from the University of North Carolina, is being used by the club this year.

Refreshments were served to nineteen members by the hostesses, Mrs. Eufaula Ethridge and Mrs. Christine Holmes.

Reporter.

FRIONA WEATHER

The weather here during the past seven days has been totally destitute of moisture in any form, either rain, snow, or fog, but there has been no paucity of heat.

On Sunday afternoon the temperature ran as high as 96 degrees, followed by 94 degrees on Monday. Since then it has not been much above 90, but that has been almost oppressive owing to the lack of moisture in the atmosphere.

It has been almost impossible to keep green the lawns, gardens and flower beds, owing to the fact that applied moisture has been absorbed so rapidly by the dry air. Farmers in all the surrounding localities are complaining for the lack of moisture and finally facing for rain.

Mrs. E. C. Seehm, of Toledo, Ohio, arrived here by train Thursday for a visit to the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Kinley.

ATTENDED FAMILY REUNION

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Jones returned Sunday from Dallas and other points in that part of the state, where they had gone last week to visit relatives and to attend the annual reunion of the Jones family.

Charley reports a mighty good time, so far as the hot weather would permit, and that all the members of the family were present at the reunion but one brother, who was unable to attend.

When asked how conditions are down in that section of the country, he replied to the effect that we think we are pretty hard hit here at Friona, but that everything is lovely here compared to what it is there. Crops, he said, are not so bad, but many of the farms there are small, and the AAA has cut their wheat and cotton acreage down, until the owners of small farms have not enough acreage left to make a living on even under favorable circumstances. The "big" farmers, however, have no gripe coming. Charley says the weather here is an iceberg in comparison to what it was there.

American Legion News

The Friona Post of the American Legion will meet on Tuesday night, September 12th. Every member is urged to attend this meeting and bring the Buddies as some important announcements are to be made and final arrangements for the installation of the 1940 officers, which will be done at Dimmitt by our newly-elected State Commander, Lou Roberts, of Berger.

Along with other things, this Post has enjoyed a very nice increase in membership this past year, and as time draws near for the new year let us now begin to plan some really worthwhile programs and get our membership lined up early in the year. Many advantages are made by being ready for the emergency. Get your discharge to your Adjutant and have your birth certificates all in order. You may need this information on short notice. As your Service Officer, please bear these things in mind, that when calling the Veterans Administration, it is impossible to properly handle this until this information is obtained sufficient to warrant the question in doubt, and I have been called on several times when this could not be had until there could have been some serious misunderstandings. Don't let this happen. We are very anxious to assist all those that are in any way due such services; but it cannot be done when you keep this hid away. Let us start the new year off with a renewed courage, and let each of us put something into the cause to show the new officers that we are for them. It makes a Buddy feel proud that he is a member of the same old gang that patrolled the front lines in 1917. There is no difference in the service. We are simply Buddies in service. Don't forget our meeting, Tuesday night.

Roy Price Adjutant and Service Officer.

HOME FROM CONVENTION

Rev. E. E. Houlette returned Sunday from a ten-days visit in East St. Louis, Illinois, where he was in attendance at a large convention of members of the Pentecostal Holiness churches of the United States.

Rev. Houlette reports a wonderfully good time at the convention, which was largely attended and provided a most bountiful spiritual feast. He is well pleased with his trip, having driven through with friends from Portales, New Mexico.

CANNING SCHOOL WELL ATTENDED

The canning school that was held at the Blackwell Hdw. & Furn. Co. store on Friday and Saturday of last week was fairly well attended on Friday, and drew a good attendance on Saturday.

The school was under the auspices of the Ball Brothers Glass Company. They who discovered imperfection in food was directed by Miss ...

Homespun Stuff

By O. E. Enfield

The declarations of war by the governments of Great Britain and France, Sunday, bring back to mind the scenes of 1917 and 1918, when our boys were called to go to France to wage a war to "Make the World Safe For Democracy." The following poem and article written by O. E. Enfield, who was formerly a resident of this locality, may prove interesting to some or many of our elder readers. Here it is.

Homespun Stuff

In July, 1918, Jim entrained at Shattuck for Camp Greenleaf, Ga. These lines were immediately written and published in two or three local papers. As Mar. 12 is his birthday, they and the prose articles written in November are reprinted.

JIM

Jim just grinned when the train pulled out. And waved his hat from the window. While folks on the platform raised a shout. With a roar like distant thunder Jim had the nerviest, doggonest pluck. And the dadgumdest big broad grin— "So long, fellers! and lots o' luck. Till I see you all agin!"

That's what he yelled out to me and Joe. Where we stood on the platform there— We kinda hated to see him go. But we made that we didn't care. He shook our hands as the train hove in. And managed somehow or 'nuther. To say with the same old boyish grin, "Fellers, take care of mother!"

The I guess it hurt deep down inside. He wasn't the kind to show it— If ever you got the best of Jim. Nobody ever would know it. He looked at us with a steady eye. Head held high and a firm-set chin. "Good luck, fellers, and goodbye. 'Till I see you all agin!"

I stood by the track as the train pulled out. And thought of the war and sin; I saw him answer the crowd's wild shout. With a wave of his hat and a grin. And then somehow I choked inside. And wondered why couldn't I pray. But I ain't ashamed I sorter ride. As the train bore him away.

Us folks at home only watch and wait. For the news from "over there." And try to figure the thing out straight— If there is any good in prayer. And when it's done, the victory won. To the hearts that yearn will Jim return. With the same old fearless grin?

—July 28, 1918. Here follows the answer, November 15, 1919. This also is a re-print.

In Memory of James Wilson Mercer, Who Died in France of Pneumonia, October 14th, 1918

Jim, my desire to offer tribute to your memory overpowers the recollection that your modesty scorned all outward show and demonstration. Some speak of you as the you were absent. I cannot. To me you are ever present in spirit.

The sunshine and shadow of twenty-two years rolled over us, as the loom of time wove into the fabric of our lives many tender, hallowed fibers which are more precious than rubies. I walked with you in the balmy morning of life, when the gem of happiness glittered by the way, when the careless heart of boyhood laughed in sympathy with all that is beautiful and true. Down by the wood that skirts the little stream which is tributary to the turbulent Canadian we attended school where your venerable father presided— sweet days that cannot come again for you, nor for me.

At the early age of fifteen summers I saw you, with the calmness and resolution of manhood, step forward to care for an invalid father, to provide for a aged mother, and to guide a younger brother.

You indulged not in such things as please most boys of that age, but rather by day and night, you stood at the post of duty, a staff upon which decaying age could ever lean serene in the confidence that no pledge would be broken—no trust betrayed. Duty was your watchword and honor your religion, you were mortal but you were uncorrupted.

Perhaps it is not given to humanity to be perfect, yet few, indeed, are they who discovered imperfection in themselves. I have a right to hope you were perfect.

(Continued on Page Four)

# The DIM LANTERN

By TEMPLE BAILEY

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CHAPTER XII—Continued

"Baldy," Evans said, "I don't agree with you that it was—the money. That may have helped in her decision. But I think she cares—"

"For Towne—nonsense." "It isn't nonsense. She knows nothing of love. She may have taken the shadow for the substance. And he can be very—charming." It wrung his heart to say it. But almost with clairvoyance he saw the truth.

When they returned to the house Baldy found a message from Edith. He was to call her up.

"Uncle Frederick has just told me," she said, "that Jane is to be my aunt. Isn't it joyful?"

"I'm not sure." "Why not?"

"Oh, Towne's all right. But not for Jane."

"I see. But he's really in love with her, poor old duck. Talked about it all through dinner. He's going to try awfully hard to make her happy."

"Then you approve?" He heard her gay laugh over the wire. "It will be nice—to have you—in the family. I'll be your niece-in-law."

"You'll be nothing of the kind." "You can't help being—Uncle Baldy. Isn't that—delicious? And now, will you come in tonight and sit by my fire? Uncle Frederick is out."

"I've sat too often by your fire." "Too often for your own peace of mind? I know that. And I'm glad of it." Again he heard a ripple of laughter.

"It isn't a thing to laugh at." She hesitated, then said in a different tone, "I am not laughing. But I want you by my fire tonight."

It was late when Evans went upstairs. He had spent the evening with his mother, discussing with her some matters where his legal knowledge helped. They did not speak of Jane. Their avoidance of the subject showed their preoccupation with it. But neither dared approach it.

On the bedside table in Evans' room lay the valentine he had bought for Jane. There it was, with its cupid and bleeding hearts—its fidget-me-nots—and golden darts.

Arthur Lane and Sandy talked it over. "I wonder what has happened. He looks dreadful."

The two boys were on their way to Castle Manor. They wanted books. Evans' library was a treasure-house for youthful readers. It had all the old adventuring tales. And Evans had read everything. He would simply walk up to a shelf, lay his hand on a book, and say, "Here's one you'll like." And he was never wrong.

But of late, Evans Follette had met them with an effort. "Look for yourselves," he had said, when they asked for books, and had sat staring into the fire. And he had not urged them to stay. His manner had been kind but inattentive. They were puzzled and a little hurt. "I feel sorta queer when he acts that way," Sandy was saying, "as if he didn't take any interest. I don't even know whether he wants us any more."

Arthur refused to believe his hero inhospitable. "It's just that he's got things on his mind."

They reached the house and rang the bell. Old Mary let them in. "He's in the library," she said, and they went towards it. The door was open and they entered. But the room was empty.

That morning Baldy had had a letter from Jane and had handed it to Evans. It was the first long letter since her engagement to Towne. Baldy had written to his sister, flammily, demanding to know if she were really happy. And she had said:

"I shall be when Judy is better. That is all I can think of just now. Her life is hanging in the balance. We can never be thankful enough that we got the specialist when we did. He had found the trouble. The question now is whether she will have the strength for another operation. When she gets through with that! Well, then I'll talk to you, darling. I hardly know how I feel. The days are so whirling. Mr. Towne has been more than generous. If the little I can give him will repay him, then I must give it, dearest. And it won't be hard. He is so very good to me."

And now this letter had come after Towne's second visit:

"Baldy, dear, I am very happy. And I want you to set your mind at rest. I am not marrying Mr. Towne for what he has done for us all, but because I love him. Please believe it. You can't understand what he has been to me in these dark days. I have learned to know how kind he is—and how strong. I haven't a care in the world when he is here, and everything is so—marvellous. You should see my ring—a great

sapphire, Baldy, in a square of diamonds. He is crazy to buy things for me, but I won't let him. I will take things for Judy but not for myself. You can see that, of course. I just go everywhere with him in my cheap little frocks, to the theaters and to all the great restaurants, and we have the most delectable things to eat. It is really great fun."

Since he had heard the news of Jane's approaching marriage, Evans had lived in a dream. The people about him had seemed shadow-shapes. He had walked and talked with them, remembering nothing afterward but his great weariness. He had eaten his meals at stated times, and had not known what he was eating. He had gone to his office, and behind closed doors had sat at his desk, staring.

And now this letter! "You see what she says," Baldy had raged. "Of course she isn't in love with

Years afterward he spoke of this moment to Jane. "I can't describe it. It was a miracle—their coming. As much of a miracle as that light which shone on Paul as he rode to Damascus. The change within me was absolute. I was born again. All the old fears slipped from me like a garment. I was saved, Jane, by those boys' voices in the dark."

The next day was Sunday. Evans called up Sandy and Arthur and invited them to supper. "Old Mary said you were here last night, and didn't find me. I've a book or two for you. Can you come and get them? And stay to supper. Miss Towne will be here and her uncle."

The boys could not know that they were asked as a shield and buckler in the battle which Evans was fighting. It seemed to him that he could not meet Frederick Towne. Yet it had been, of course, the logical thing to ask him. Edith had invited herself, and Towne had, of course, much to tell about Jane.

Evans, therefore, with an outward effect of tranquillity, played the host. After supper, however, he took the boys with him to the library.

On the table lay a gray volume. He opened it and showed the Cruikshank illustrations.

"I've been reading this. It's great stuff."

"Oh, Pilgrim's Progress," said Sandy; "do you like it?"

"Yes," Evans leaned above the book where it lay open under the light, and started to read to them.

That night Evans found out for the first time something about his mother. "You look tired, dearest," he had said, when their guests were gone, and he and she had come into the great hall together.

"I am tired." She sat down on an old horsehair sofa. "I can't stand much excitement. It makes me feel like an old lady."

"You'll never grow old." He felt a deep tenderness for her in this moment of confessed weakness. She had always been so strong. Had refused to lean. She had, in fact, taken from him his son's prerogative of protectiveness.

"You'd better see Hallam," Evans said.

"I've seen him." "What did he say?" "My heart—"

He looked at her in alarm. "Mother! Why didn't you tell me?"

"What was the use? There's nothing to be worried about. Only he says I must not push myself."

"I am worried. Let me look after the men in the morning early. That will give you an extra nap."

"Oh, I won't do it, Evans. You have your work."

"It won't hurt me. And I am going to boss you around a bit." He stooped and kissed her. "You are too precious to lose, Mummsie."

She clung to him. "What would I do without you, my dear?"

He helped her up the stairs. And as she climbed slowly, his arm about her, he thought of that dark moment by the bridge.

If those young voices had not come to him in the night, this loving soul might have been stricken and made desolate; left alone in her time of greatest need.

CHAPTER XIII

Once more the Washington papers had headlines that spoke of Delafield Simms. He had married a stenographer in Frederick Towne's office. And it was Towne's niece that he had deserted at the altar. And most remarkable of all, Edith Towne had been at the wedding. It

Great Lakes Shrinking; Geologists Do Not Agree

That in the comparatively recent past our Great Lakes were much larger than they are today is no secret. And indications that the recession is continuing are easily discoverable. But just how rapidly the outlines and levels of the lakes change is another matter, and some reports made by two men from the University of Michigan invite attention to this somewhat important question, says Detroit Free Press.

Recently Dr. E. G. Greenman, archeologist, uncovered on Great Cloche island in the Georgian bay region the evidences of a great gathering of Indians at a spot which was then on the beach of the lake. But this same spot is 28 feet higher than the present beach.

Estimating that the water table has been falling for some thousands of years at the rate of a foot in from 38 to 50 years, Dr. George M. Stanley after studying the site believes the Red Men held their powwow and feast somewhere between 500 and 800 A. D.

was Eloise Harper who told the reporters.

"They were married at the old Inn below Alexandria this morning, by the local Methodist clergyman. Miss Logan is a Methodist—fancy. And Edith was bridesmaid."

But Eloise did not know that Lucy had worn the wedding dress and veil that Edith had given her and looked lovely in them. And that after the ceremony, Delafield had wrung Edith's hand and had said, "I shall never know how to thank you for what you have been to Lucy."

"Gee, but you're superlative." Baldy told her as they walked in the garden.

"Am I?" "Yes. And the way you carried it off."

"I didn't carry it off. It carried itself."

"Are you sure it didn't hurt?" She smiled at him from beneath her big hat. "Not a bit."

The moment was ripe for romance. But Baldy almost feverishly kept the conversation away from serious things. They had talked seriously enough, God knew, the other night by Edith's fire. He had seen her lonely in the thought of her future.

"When Uncle Fred marries I won't stay here."

He had yearned to take her in his arms, to tell her that against his heart she should never again know loneliness. But he had not dared. What had he to offer? A boy's love. Against her gold.

So he talked of Jane. "She doesn't want her engagement announced until she gets back. I think she's right."

"I don't," Edith said lazily. "If I loved a man I'd want to shout it to the world."

They were sitting on a rustic bench under the blossoming plum tree. Edith's hands were clasped behind her head, and the winged sleeves of her gown fell back and showed her bare arms. Baldy wanted to unclasp those hands, crush them to his lips—but instead he stood up, looking over the river.

"Do you see the ducks out there? Wild ones at that. A sign of spring."

She rose and stood beside him. "And you can talk of—ducks—on a day like this?"

"Yes," he did not look at her, "ducks are—safe."

He heard her low laugh. "Silly boy."

He turned, his gray eyes filled with limpid light. "Perhaps I am. But I should be a fool if I told you how I love you. Worship you. You know it, of course. But nothing can come of it, even if I were presumptuous enough to think that you—care."

She swept out her hands in an appealing gesture. "Say it. I want to hear."

She was adorable. But he drew back a little. "We've gone too far and too fast. It is my fault, of course, for being a romantic fool."

"I'm afraid we're a pair of romantic fools, Baldy."

He turned and put his hands on her shoulders. "Edith, I—mustn't."

"Why not?" "Not until I have something to offer you—"

"You have something to offer—"

"Oh, I know what you mean. But I won't. Somehow this affair of Jane's with your uncle has made me see—"

"See what?" "Oh, how the world would look at it. How he'd look at it."

"Uncle Frederick? He hasn't anything to do with it. I'm my own mistress."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

## FARM TOPICS

FARMERS LOSE CASH GRAZING WOODLANDS

Forestry Specialist Points Out Common Fallacy.

By R. W. GRAEBER

Farmers who graze cattle in woodlands lose money both in milk or beef and in timber and erosion control.

Experiments have shown that managed woodlands yield an annual return of about \$4 per acre, and that the best open pastures yield about the same amount. However, when grazing and forestry are combined on the same area, the yields are much less, the total annual return for typical woodland pasture being only \$1 per acre.

Why do farmers run their cattle in the woods? There is only one logical reason: They think they can pick up an extra dollar or two by letting the cattle pick a few buds and twigs in early spring, along with the low-growing plants and a few sprigs of grass or briars which may grow where a few rays of sunlight reach the ground.

This is a fallacy. A farmer doesn't pick up an extra dollar or two; the cows do not produce as much milk or as much beef as when they graze in open pasture; the timber supply is reduced; grazing woodlands induces erosion and loss of leaf litter; the fencing bill is higher.

Salt May Poison Hogs, Veterinarians Reveal

After investigating several cases of salt poisoning, veterinarians have found that most farmers are unaware that salt is poisonous to hogs if given in too large quantities.

A good example of such a case was a farmer who had 222 head of pigs which had been vaccinated with both virus and serum; seven of the group had died seven days after the vaccination and four more were sick. The farmer blamed the treatment. The sick pigs wandered about the pen in a daze, gradually weakening until completely paralyzed. Death soon followed. The owner said the pigs seemed to crave something, so he set out several blocks of medicated salt. A number of the pigs ate considerable amounts from the block, he continued. The salt was removed from the pens and no further losses occurred.

After observing several cases of salt poisoning, Dr. Hefferd says that inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, together with a hardening of the liver, are the most common effects of too much salt in the ration.

As a rule hogs require little salt in the ration and the practice of mixing salt with the feed or soaking mash feeds in salt water should be discouraged, as a brine is likely to form which may cause acute poisoning with death following quickly, leaving post-mortem findings somewhat indefinite.

Farming Not Easy

Successful farming is not easy. It requires much experience in doing the various kinds of farm work and the ability to show others how to do this work. It requires training in business management and knowledge of the principles of plant growth, the feeding and care of animals, and the maintenance of soil fertility. Few industries require such a wide range of training and experience. Farming is not simply growing a particular crop or feeding a certain kind of live stock. It is an all-the-year-round business, involving the production of various plants and animals and the successful organization of the varying farm enterprises into a smoothly working unit.

Heart of a Child

The great man is he who does not lose his child's heart.—Mencius, a Disciple of Confucius.

Black Leaf 40 KILLS LICE

Cap-Brush Applicator makes BLACK LEAF 40 JUST A DASH IN FEATHERS. NO SOAC FEATHERS OR SPREAD ON ROOSTS

Sad Sight

A fool attempting to be witty an object of profoundest pity.

Do You Know Why Folks Who've Been to Florida Sing—

HEAVEN CAN WAIT, THIS IS PARADISE

Read "So This Is Florida," a 300-page book (including 63 full-page illustrations) bursting with information about Florida's overflowing charms. Read it to understand why sportsmen regard Florida as the Happy Hunting Ground come to life... why fishermen flock to its abundantly stocked waters... why its rich soil is so prodigal in the favors it bestows... why Florida's myriad enchantments have made it an oasis of joyous, glorious living. Write today for a copy of

"SO THIS IS FLORIDA"

By Frank Parker Stockbridge and John Holliday Perry

Send only \$1 to Box 600, Jacksonville, Florida

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Street Address or R.F.D. \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

Since the relationship between the price of milk and the cost of grain is favorable, dairymen should feed all the grain their cows will use efficiently.

## Make Quaint Doll for A Toy or Decoration



Pattern 6433.

She's bound to be the belle of the bazaar—this charming old-fashioned doll! She does equally well as decoration or toy and is so easy to make. Pattern 6433 contains a pattern and instructions for making doll; illustration of it; materials required.

To obtain this pattern send 15 cents in coins to The Sewing Circle, Household Arts Dept., 259 W. 14th St., New York City.

Please write your name and address and pattern number plainly.

## Bank of Monte Carlo

For publicity purposes Monte Carlo has often released stories about gamblers whose great luck had "broken the bank of Monte Carlo." No one ever really broke the bank of Monte Carlo. Sometimes players have won all the money pro-rated for losses at a single roulette table and then that table would quit functioning for the night. But the other tables continued to operate.

Close Inspection

A man's reputation draws eyes upon him that will narrowly inspect every part of him.—Addison.

## INDIGESTION

Sensational Relief from Indigestion and One Dose Proves It

If the first dose of this pleasant-tasting little black tablet doesn't bring you the fastest and most complete relief you have experienced send bottle back to us and get DOUBLE MONEY BACK. This Bell's tablet helps the stomach digest food, makes the excess stomach fluids harmless and lets you eat the nourishing foods you need. For heartburn, sick headache and spots so often caused by stress, stomach fluids making you feel sour and sick all over—JUST ONE DOSE of Bell's gives speedy relief. See everywhere.

How Women in Their 40's Can Attract Men

Here's good advice for a woman during her change (usually from 38 to 52), who fears she'll lose her appeal to men, who worries about hot flashes, loss of pep, dizzy spells, upset nerves and moody spells.

Get more fresh air, 8 hrs. sleep and if you need a good general system tonic take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made especially for women. It helps Nature build up physical resistance, thus helps give more vivacity to enjoy life and assist calming jittery nerves and disturbing symptoms that often accompany change of life. WELL WORTH TRYING!

As a rule hogs require little salt in the ration and the practice of mixing salt with the feed or soaking mash feeds in salt water should be discouraged, as a brine is likely to form which may cause acute poisoning with death following quickly, leaving post-mortem findings somewhat indefinite.

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# 1940 Census Plans Indicate Most Important Tabulation

## Project Will Reveal Transitions in National, Social and Economic Life.

WASHINGTON.—Plans announced by the department of commerce for the sixteenth decennial census, to be taken in 1940, indicate the most significant and comprehensive statistical project ever taken in the United States.

The census, to cover the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and some small island possessions, will reveal the transitions in national, social and economic life in the 10 eventful years since the last census.

The records will be broken into four main divisions—population, manufacturers, agriculture and business—and will afford an inventory of the human and economic resources of the country. The business and manufacture count will commence in January. The population and agriculture tabulation will begin April 1.

"With the possible exception of the first census taken in 1790, the sixteenth decennial census will be the most important ever taken," an official said. "It will be an inventory of the human and economic resources of the country, since every person, every home, every farm, every factory, and every store in the United States will be recorded."

### Large Staff Needed.

Approximately 8,000 office workers will increase the permanent Washington staff of 700 to facilitate the reception and tabulation of reports from the estimated 140,000 field workers in the general census.

Civil service appointments will be necessary for the Washington jobs. The country will be divided into enumeration districts according to population, with each 1,400 residents of a suburban area comprising one district, and 900 set as the figure for a rural district.

In all cases, the census bureau said, district markings will follow, insofar as possible, natural boundaries in rural areas, as mountains, rivers and sea coasts.

Preliminary work of mapping the country is in progress and will not be completed until the bureau has an accurate physical description of the entire country, with a check on all village, town and ward bound-

aries. All hospitals, insane asylums and prisons will be located.

### Count to Take 15 Days.

Census bureau officials estimate the average time for completion of city tabulations at 15 days, and for rural areas, 30 days. Unfavorable weather conditions would naturally call for an extension.

Supervisory districts will be shuffled to embrace approximately 235 enumerators' districts each.

An almost universal rate of four cents per name will be paid enumerators, both city and rural, but the rate will be boosted in some exceptional cases as in mountainous country or other territory with adverse physical factors.

After tabulation is completed, all identities will be obliterated in the long rows of figures. The bureau repeatedly stressed that no federal or state agency can use the census for investigation, taxation or regulation. This stringent restriction applies especially to the federal bureau of investigation, the internal revenue division and the courts.

## Youth Forum Winners Receive Prizes



Winners of the annual American youth forum competition, Hilda Scott, 16, of Columbus, Mo., and James Gardner, 18, of St. Louis, Mo., are pictured in New York where they each received a prize of \$1,000. High school students numbering 1,250,000 participated in the contest, sponsored by the American magazine.

## The Sign

By MAY L. LUEDECKE  
(McClure Syndicate.)  
WNU Service.

HE DIDN'T come when the flying weather reports announced good visibility; nor when fair visibility was forecast. With poor visibility of course she didn't expect him.

Ransom didn't dream that she had read up on the improved weather service the department of commerce and weather bureau were issuing, or that she knew of the forty or so work records that any aviator was welcome to shoot at; no, Valarie Templeton wouldn't think of mentioning the latter fact to this big, easy-going, soft-voiced man of the skies with whom she was head-over-heels in love.

Valarie sighed. The atmosphere in the air-conditioned office high above the street seemed, strangely enough, to press her down.

After lunch she went out on the balcony where she viewed Fifth avenue through the fog rift as a narrow lane far below, its human tide, anti-like creatures that just now held no particular interest for her, moving back and forth. Maybe Anne Bingham was among them for all she knew. She would like to step on her, crush her. Ransom had mentioned her twice in his last letter.

The rhythmic hum of an approaching motor! She turned her gaze eagerly northward. Could it be?

Since the boss was safe in Canada somewhere, Valarie had busied herself with a "note" lettered on the back of a sign she had asked the porter to make for her. The letters were two feet high, so that any pilot could read them if he flew low enough.

The plane was just overhead now. She stood watching. Then he was gone, headed toward the airport.

Sighing, she went back to her desk to resume her typing. "From Swinertz to Youthful Men," the slogan the firm used with which to advertise its brand of tailored clothes, blurred before her eyes. Suddenly she heard the sound of the motor again and rushed out madly. The gray mist was clearing.

The plane was coming back now. If she could only step from the building into it, she thought, how romantic it would be!

Valarie leaned the sign against the balcony. She had done a good job of making the letters, only she had spilled a little paint on the rug. The plane circled, came closer. It was Ransom! It was his plane.

He swooped by just above the fog—now he was coming back, circling. And he had a passenger, too. Was it Anne? No, it was a man. She could see his hat. How glad she was of that!

The plane sailed away into the bright sky. Then it banked and circled again. She raised the sign hopefully. No use, it was going away and—it was heading straight for the Empire State building. It was going to circle the tower. It did. Then headed for the airport. The Empire State building of all places! Valarie's heart was like lead.

Anne Bingham worked in the Empire State building.

Dejected and downhearted she returned to her desk, the sign over which she had labored so long completely forgotten. Maybe Ransom would phone when he landed, and then she would know if he had read the "note."

She went to the window and stared down into the misty depths. He might at least have dipped a wing to her, she thought.

"Good morning, Miss Templeton. Any mail?"

She jumped as if shot. The boss! And he seemed extremely peeved.

"Why—Mr. Swinertz! I thought you were in Canada."

He looked up, annoyed. "I was. I flew back this morning. . . . Say, what's the idea of that crazy sign you had out on the balcony?"

Valarie gasped. So that had been the boss in the plane. And he'd seen her "note."

Mr. Swinertz strolled toward the balcony, looked at the sign, then turned it over. On the back it read:

### I LOVE YOU

"Why," said Mr. Swinertz, "what's all this? Say, look here. There's what it said. You musta had it backwards. Look at that, now, will you?"

Valarie stared with open mouth, horrified. "Good God!" she moaned.

"Why," Mr. Swinertz was saying, "you musta cut that strip from the sign we took down the other day—'From Swinertz to Youthful Men.' And you got it wrong side to."

No wonder Ransom had flown away and dipped his wings to Anne. The sign read:

### NERTZ TO YOU

George Washington General Washington's manners were rather reserved than free; though on all proper occasions he could relax sufficiently to show how highly he was gratified by the charms of conversation and the pleasure of society. His person and whole deportment exhibited an unaffected and indescribable dignity, unmingled with haughtiness, of which all who approached him were sensible; and the attachment of those who possessed his friendship and enjoyed his intimacy, though ardent, was always respectful.—From Marshall's "Life of Washington."

## Sammy Jay Is Frightened by Mr. Blacksnake's Old Clothes

By THORNTON BURGESS

Who plans a thing that's underhand, Or mean, or crafty, bad or small, Is in the end quite apt to find There is no gain for him at all.

SAMMY JAY ought to have found that out long ago. But somehow he never has. Sammy is a lot smarter than a great many other people of the Green Forest, but that is one thing he never has learned, and I am afraid he never will. You see, he has done mean things so long that it has become a habit, and habits, particularly bad habits, are very hard to break. Now nothing could be meaner than to steal eggs from his neighbors, and there is no



So all the rest of that day Sammy kept very quiet while he watched the tree.

one in all the Green Forest who would make more of a fuss over having his own eggs stolen than Sammy himself. If he should catch anyone stealing his eggs he would tell everybody within hearing of his voice his opinion of the thief, and it wouldn't be pleasant to hear. Yet nowhere is there a worse egg thief than Sammy Jay himself.

So as soon as Sticky-toes, the Tree Toad, told him about the home of Cresty the Flycatcher, Sammy made up his mind that he would have the eggs he felt sure must be there. But he didn't want anyone to know that he had stolen them.

That is the way with people who do mean things—they do them in secret. They want to be thought honest and respectable. So all the rest of that day Sammy kept very quiet and as much out of sight as possible while he watched the tree in which Cresty had made his home and studied how he could get those eggs without being found out. At last he thought of a plan, a very clever plan. At least Sammy thought it very clever. Early the next morning he hid in a thick hemlock tree and began to scream: "Thief! Thief!" at the top of his lungs. It wasn't long before he saw Cresty the Flycatcher hurrying in that direction to see what the trouble was about, and after him came Mrs. Cresty. Sammy knew by their anxious looks that they were worrying about their precious eggs, and had come to see who the thief was and to help drive him away from that part of the Green Forest. He screamed louder than ever, and then when they had almost reached the tree in which he was hiding he slipped out on the back side and, keeping the tree between him and them so that they could not see him, he flew away, without a sound.

Then while Mr. and Mrs. Cresty and a lot of their neighbors, who had hurried over there too, were talking it all over and wondering what it all meant Sammy silently hurried to the tree where Cresty's home was. As he drew near he chuckled wickedly, for he saw the doorway was plenty big enough for him to enter. He was still chuckling as he reached the doorway and made ready to alight. Just then a Merry Little Breeze happened along. Sammy's sharp eyes caught a glimpse of something long and slim hanging out of Cresty's doorway and it moved. To Sammy it seemed to wriggle, though really it was simply swinging back and forth as the Merry Little Breezes blew it.

With a frightened scream Sammy almost turned a back somersault in the air as with frantic beating of his wings he tried to get away as fast as possible. Cresty and Mrs. Cresty heard him, and came hurrying to see what was the matter. Sammy couldn't stop to talk. "Mr. Blacksnake is over in that tree! You better watch out!" he shouted over his shoulder and hurried on.

Cresty looked at Mrs. Cresty and Mrs. Cresty looked at Cresty, and then both began to laugh. They knew it was the tail of Mr. Blacksnake's old coat that had frightened Sammy, so, for it was for just such a purpose that Mrs. Cresty had left it hanging out of their doorway. And up in the tree top Sticky-toes the Tree Toad fairly hugged himself for joy. His little joke had worked just as he had planned it should.

"Funny," said Mrs. Cresty to Cresty that night, "that no one else ever has thought to use Mr. Blacksnake's old clothes to scare people away from their homes!" But no one else has.

### Uses of Mineral Wool

Mineral wool is a widely used insulating material made by pouring a stream of molten rock, slag or silica through a high velocity steam or air jet, which blows it into silk-like whorls. When these are gathered together, countless tiny dead air cells are formed between the fibers; these account for its exceptionally high insulating value.

## Originality Always Big Factor When Arranging Parties

By PHYLLIS BELMONT



FRIENDS of mine who were married more than a year ago have returned from an extended business trip and taken a house to live here permanently. I want to give them a surprise housewarming, but want to have it an unusual and novel affair. Can you give me a suggestion? MRS. E. L. T.

Answer—Here is a surprise party that is a surprise all around—to the invited guests and to the returning friends. The guests will get their surprise when they receive your invitations, for this is the way they should read: To Mrs. G., who is noted for her Italian cookery—"You and a casserole of spaghetti are invited, etc., etc." To Miss D., who makes delicious angel cake—"You and a large angel cake, etc., etc." and so on. "You and a pound of butter" to a man; "You and a dozen rolls" to another man; "You and a jar of your spiced peaches" to someone else; "You and a dozen bottles of ginger ale" to a group of bachelors. The invitations start the fun, which is brought to a climax when all the guests and the good things assemble to surprise Mr. and Mrs. Just Returned. The same idea can be used in giving a shower to a bride-to-be and in any number of other exciting ways.

Phyllis Belmont.—WNU Service.

### Jitterbug Champs



Jimmy Brennan and Tessie Fekan show off the acrobatics which helped them win the first national junior jitterbug dance contest held in New York. They won a cash prize and a chance to strut their stuff at a night club.

### Who's Grinning

HARTFORD.—A Connecticut scientist is studying which side of the face people grin on more.

## Cat, Dog Rated Equals

### On Intelligence Scale

The only difference in the intelligence of a dog and a cat is that a dog is "something of a socialist while a cat is an individualist," according to Dr. Charles M. Diserens, assistant professor of psychology at the University of Cincinnati.

Dr. Diserens, who has made a life-long study of cats, says that persons who favor dogs over cats or who believe dogs have a higher degree of intelligence just don't know their cats. He believes one animal is about as intelligent as the other and that there is little difference in their nerve centers.

Although classifying cats as rugged individuals, Dr. Diserens wants it understood that felines have a genuine capacity for gratitude. He says this fact may often be noted during and after medical treatment when they become deeply grateful and very often more affectionate.

## Ardent Cyclist Discovers a Way



Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gilbert of Montecito, Calif., like nothing better than to tour through the California countryside on their bicycles. But the Gilberts couldn't leave their children at home, so Papa Gilbert invented these bicycle trailers. Now everybody is happy.

## LOFTY MOUNTAINS OF U. S. TEMPT VETERAN CLIMBERS

WASHINGTON.—Tragedy rode an avalanche down Mount Baker recently, and six of a party of 25 mountain climbers were killed. Such loss of life is rare in the United States, although less unusual in the Alps, where mountain climbing was developed as a sport.

"Switzerland has more than 50 peaks higher than the highest mountain top in the United States, Mount Whitney," says the National Geo-

graphic society. "A plane flying over Switzerland at an altitude of 15,000 feet would find at least half a hundred peaks to dodge.

"In the United States, the plane could drop to 14,000 feet and encounter about 60 named and measured mountains shouldering their way above the clouds. The United States, however, has more than a thousand peaks of the stature of, or higher than, Mount Baker, (Wash-

ington) where the recent climbing party ended in tragedy.

"These less lofty mountains, with the advantage of accessibility, are luring American sportsmen to exercise their Swiss mountain-climbing technique on native steep. Climbing is a popular pursuit especially in California's Sierra Nevada, Colorado's Rockies, Washington's Cascade range, and in the East, the White mountains of New Hamp-

shire. In these and several other states American sportsmen pursue the climber's thrill, the thin air unburdened with dust and fumes of lower altitudes, the cold quiet, the feeling of mastery that comes from victory in the primitive man-vs.-mountain struggle.

"Among the 'Little Switzerlands' of the United States, Colorado has the greatest number of giant peaks, mainly along the continental divide.

## CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

### STOVE REPAIRS

**REPAIRS** To Fit Furnaces, Stoves, Ranges of all Makes and Kinds. Order through your DEALER. METZNER STOVE REPAIR CO. Established 1880. Kansas City, Mo.

## Shelf Edging Dresses Up Kitchen Windows

By RUTH WYETH SPEARS

SOME of us can remember seeing our mothers cut scalloped shelf papers. Dextrously they folded and snipped the edge in points or curves, sometimes adding a cut out diamond in the center of each scallop. For many there is more satisfaction in this creation of their own hands, than in using fancy lace edge paper by the roll. Today, we find that



same satisfaction when we choose oilcloth shelf edging—thinking in terms of color has a fascination even beyond scallops with diamonds in the center.

The suggestion sketched here for using shelf edging to dress up kitchen windows was sent in by a reader. The busy homemaker will appreciate the fact that the curtains are perfectly straight and plain and easy to remove for laundering. When windows and shelves match the effect is especially good. Banded towels may be of the same color, and tin containers for bread, sugar, and spices may be painted with bright enamel, to match.

The new Sewing Book No. 3 by Mrs. Spears is packed full of useful, money saving ideas, that almost any homemaker may put to practical use. Every idea is clearly illustrated with large sketches. You will be fascinated with the variety of interesting things to make for the home and for gifts. The price is only 10 cents postpaid. Send coin with name and address to Mrs. Spears, 210 S. Desplaines St., Chicago, Ill.

## Opportunity and Chance

OPPORTUNITY is the swiftest bird that flies. This is one of the oldest of platitudes, yet needing always to be taught anew. And yet there would be little profit in gaining that piece of knowledge if it were not equally true that Opportunity is not too swift to be caught.

The bird flies low—within reach of our grasp—every day of our lives. Opportunity to make each day a victory; opportunity to cheer a sad comrade with a timely word or smile; opportunity to surprise someone who has known us well; perhaps too well, by showing that there is a kindness and courage in us that he never knew at all; opportunity to live instead of to drift, to engage in some stirring little adventure of faith which may turn doubt into certainty, fear into boldness.

Why do we so often let the bird flash by? Is it because we are looking for the wrong bird? Too many of us, I think, wait for gaudy-plumaged Chance to perch on our shoulders, while Opportunity hovers near us unregarded.

## Strong Take the Weak

We have unmistakable proof that throughout all past time, there has been a ceaseless devouring of the weak by the strong.—Herbert Spencer.

## Wichita's Best Address

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**You're Our Guest—**  
**\$2.50 and up**

You are more than a name, you are a Guest at The Lassen. You'll find this true—and pleasant—through our standards of comfort and service.

"Famous for Its Food"

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**JOHN W. WHITE**  
Editor and Publisher

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One Year, Zone 1 ..... \$1.50  
Six Months, Zone 1 ..... \$ .80  
One Year, Outside Zone 1 ..... \$2.00  
Six Months, Outside Zone 1 ..... \$1.25

Entered as second-class mail matter, July 31, 1925, at the post office at Friona, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Friona Star will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publisher.

Local reading notices, 2 cents per word per insertion.

Display rates quoted on application to the publisher.

## JODOK

(Continued from Page 1)

use of our own people and to all other nations who need such, let the surplus be stored and conserved for the day when this bloody strife shall have ceased, and our sister nations, though hostile now, shall have returned to calm reason, and have found themselves in great need of food supplies and the other products of industry, then let America open the doors of her storehouses and say to these sister nations—Here is food in abundance, and the products of industry sufficient to meet all your bodily needs until you can produce such for yourselves.

And let all this be done in a spirit of compassion, and with a total absence of any form of greed or avarice, but that each needful nation shall receive its supply of foods and other needed articles at just simply a fair price that would be received for same in any time of peace.

This would be showing the spirit of the "Good Samaritan," and what greater stroke of diplomacy could any nation make toward outlawing war and establishing permanent world-wide peace?

The war spirit will never be obliterated by the use of hate, greed and avarice, and the only way I can see to overcome those vices is through education. And to do that our preachers must cease preaching prejudice and hatred and bigotry, and our teachers and our text books must cease from teaching such sentiments, and humanity as a whole must lay off from talking and thinking them.

The world, so far, has found no better remedies for the cure of these top-notch vices than the rules laid down by the Greatest Teacher the world has yet known, and only through the following of his precepts will the great achievement of permanent world-wide peace be attained.

Love must supplant hate, avarice must give place to charity, compassion must take the place of arrogance, pity must take the place of selfishness, ignorance be overcome by knowledge, trickery and knavery must be buried by honesty, modesty be practiced in the place of bigotry, and superstition must be forever routed by common sense.

I heard Governor O'Daniel's radio address Sunday morning, and I must say that, to my mind, it was the best he has yet made, and I suppose, through practice, he has become not only a radio talker, but a radio orator and able to give the necessary emphasis to the most potent parts of his address.

I fail to see how anyone, except through malice or prejudice, could find fault with anything the Governor said. It occurred to me that he hewed straight to the line in giving to the people the amount of the State's indebtedness in round numbers and also the amount in round numbers that is required to meet the annual interest. This interest alone would go a long way toward paying the necessary running expenses of the state government, and it occurs to me that any set of statesmen who are only able to incur greater indebtedness for the state, and unable to curtail expenses or provide the means of paying any of the indebtedness they have incurred, should be dethroned by being deprived of their respective offices.

Of course, the professional politicians would never think of doing any such thing because every expense they might cut out, would lessen the number of State employees, and that would lessen his amount of patronage, and thus lessen his chances of re-election, which, of course, he could not be expected to do.

But the people of the state must bear the expense of this state government, and the sooner this government expense is curtailed and the State's indebtedness is liquidated, the sooner the burden of taxes now being borne by the people, can be lightened.

Governor O'Daniel is not classed

(Continued from Page 1)  
CONTRIBUTION FROM O. E. ENFIELD

right to speak; you were more than brother to my wife—you were as a brother to me. Together we roamed the hills and vales of the old home; together we toiled when the fury of winter's storm beat upon us; when summer's sun was fiercest, I saw the sweat of honest toil deck your brow with gems that are of more worth to the world than all the diadems of all the idle royalty of time! In early morning, at high noon, and far into the night we toiled. You were always just; you were always patient and kind, and now, looking back thru the long years intervening it is sood to recall that not once in all that time did we verge upon a quarrel, or either speak harshly to the other. You are entitled to most of the credit for the even tenor of our lives. Let him who will bid you a last farewell. I cannot, I refuse to think of you as gone; your memory lovingly lingers in our hearts your soul survives in the character of record you leave. Some talk of meeting you again—indeed, we all trust that there may be a time when all shall meet to never part, but as for you and me—we shall never part to meet! With a pride that dries all tears, I will take my sons by the hand and point them to the excellency of your manliness, and teach them to emulate your virtues—I would ask no more of them. It may be that life will not permit me to visit the place in France where your body lies, but as far as feeble words can combine for the expression of love, respect and gratitude, I weave for you now a garland out of the sweetly sorrowful past and lay it not upon the mystic abode of the dead; but rather upon the pulsing hearts of those who survive to the end that they may be bettered. You as one of the tireless toilers of earth gave your life that the world might be free and glad. Blessed is she who bore you and happy are they whose lives take up the principles you laid down.

No one you need now to defend you before men your life was its own defense and I shall ever strive to be as you were till this body moulders to dust. And our souls mingle with the infinite!

And now Jim with the many beloved memories of the yesteryears for consolation and your principles for a beacon I will humbly, though feebly, strive to attain that goal which you at an early age had already attained—the goal that merits the esteem of all mankind. And I repeat, it is, and to life's latest hour

as a politician, but simply as a man of the people, whose interests he has at heart, and he is endeavoring to bring them the true knowledge of our State's financial condition, and asking their help in putting a stop to the ever increasing cost and spendthriftiness. Are we going to listen to him, or are we going on in the same old line, which the politicians have blazed out, not for us, but for their own political welfare?

There are two possible ways of paying off this indebtedness. One of them is by economizing in the state expenditures, and the other is by steadily and continuously increasing the tax burden. The first of these is being advocated by Governor O'Daniel, the second is the policy of our politicians. Which are we, the people, going to support?

I wonder if anyone else has noticed the condition of the trees in the rows of shade trees that border the concrete walk in front of the grade school building. I have passed them frequently during the weeks that we passed and had not noticed it closely until my attention was called to it by my good friend, J. C. Wilkison, Sunday afternoon. Then, as I passed between these rows of nice shade trees, I reached up and grasped some handfuls of the leaves and, to my surprise, I found them dried to the extent that they fairly crumbled in my hands. I did this with several of the trees and found that the condition existed with all that I tried.

I had thought that these trees had been sufficiently watered to sustain their lives, but it seems that the past few weeks have been so abnormally dry and the sun, so hot that it was apparently required more water than usual and they are actually dying apparently for the want of moisture, and it occurred to me, that those having the care of them, had apparently not noticed their great need for moisture.

I do not know whether their suffering has gone so far as to cause them to die or not, but if it has not, then it is high time that they be given more water as soon as possible. The trees surrounding our school grounds form one of the beauty spots in our city and it will be just too bad should they die now, after so many pains and expense have been given them.

In a way, it is regret of our business, and in another way it is the business of all our people who have the beauty of our city and the welfare of our public school ground at heart. It is not child's play to have trees planted in; but as my good friend, Judge Smith, of Farwell, has offered to me—"I am just telling you,"

## Want Ads

FOR SALE—Good Seed Rye. At my farm 6 miles west and one and a half miles north of Friona. Granville McFarland. 4-6-40

FOR SALE—One 12-foot Peoria Grain Drill. See or write, T. H. Haney, Rt. 1, Friona, Tex.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Two wheat drills. See Virg Whitley, Friona, Texas.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—1800 acres good grazing land, near Clayton, New Mexico. Price, \$5.50 per acre. Will take up to one-half in good clear trade. Other land adjoining which can be bought or leased. M. A. Crum, Friona, Texas.

## Gas Gas All Time

Mrs. Jas. Miller says: "Gas on my stomach was so bad I couldn't eat or sleep. Gas even passed on my heart. Adlerika brought me quick relief. Now, I eat as I wish, sleep like never felt better."

## ADLERIKA

CITY DRUG STORE

## RELATIVES VISIT RASPBERRY HOME

Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Raspberry were host and hostess last week to a group of their relatives.

They were: Mr. and Mrs. Tom Isham and niece, Mrs. Ed Ramsey of Memphis; and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lee and son, Glenn, of Waco.

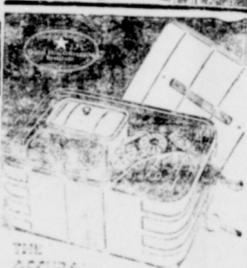
## FRIONA SCHOOLS SHOW INCREASE

Despite the fact that the Friona Grade School has five less than at the beginning of last year, the enrollment for the entire school shows a slight increase, according to the count taken Wednesday noon. The high school enrollment reached 175 Wednesday, showing an increase from 164 at the same time last year.

"The increase is due, in part, to the fact that Rhea School has been added to the schools transferring the entire high school here," W. L. Edelman, Superintendent of Schools said, when commenting on the opening of school.

shall be, my wish and hope that my sons and daughters may emulate your deeds and to their posterity bequeath those principles as life's richest blessings.

O. E. Enfield.



THE ACCURATE RECORD  
**EVERHOT**  
Electric ROASTER

## "SAVINGEST"

appliance we have ever offered for your approval at such a low price.

## IT SAVES...

- ... Time
- ... Fatigue
- ... Money
- ... Health
- ... Footwear
- ... Scouring of Pans
- ... Kitchen Cleaning
- ... Kitchen Disinfecting
- ... On and Off Cost!

Besides these savings, the Everhot Roaster—complete with handle, Glass Bake dishes and table—is truly a \$29.95 value. But the same roaster is offered to you during September for only...

**\$19.95**

\$1.95 Down  
\$2.00 a Month

Any employee will be glad to show you this outstanding value.

**Texas-New Mexico**  
Utilities Company

## CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

### CHRISTIANITY

#### SIXTH STREET CHURCH OF CHRIST

Church School, each Sunday at 10:00 a. m.  
Preaching Services, 11 a. m. and p. m., each Sunday.  
Young People's Meeting, 7:15 p. m. each Sunday.  
L. C. Chapin, Minister.

### the

#### UNION CONGREGATIONAL

CHRISTIAN CHARACTER is a SUFFICIENT TEST of fellowship and of Church membership. The right of PRIVATE JUDGMENT and the LIBERTY OF CONSCIENCE is a RIGHT and a PRIVILEGE that should be accorded to and exercised by ALL.

### Enlightenment

Each Sunday:  
Church school at 10 o'clock, J. M. W. Alexander, superintendent.  
Church services at 11 o'clock, C. Carl Dollar, minister; Mrs. F. W. Reeve, pianist; Milford Alexander, chorister.  
Young People's meeting held each Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock.  
Monthly business meeting, Monday night after each third Sunday.

### of the

#### PENTECOSTAL CHURCH NOTES

Pentecostal Order of Services Sunday school each Sunday at 10:00 a. m.  
Preaching Service each Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 8:15 p. m.  
Prayer meeting each Wednesday night.  
Rev. E. E. Houlette, Pastor.

### WORLD

#### FRIONA METHODIST CHURCH

"The Friendly Church"  
Weekly Calendar of Activities Sunday  
10 A. M. Church School.  
11 A. M. Church Services.  
7:15 P. M. Group meetings for all ages.  
8 P. M. Church Services.  
Monday  
3 P. M. Women's Missionary Society.  
Wednesday  
8 P. M. Fellowship meeting.

### GO TO CHURCH

#### BAPTIST CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Sunday Services:  
Bible School 10:00 a. m.  
Preaching Services 11:00 a. m.  
B. T. U., 6:45, Evening.  
Preaching Services 7:45, Evening  
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday Evening, 7:30.  
W. M. S., Tuesday, 2:30 p. m.  
Joe Wilson, Pastor.

### SOMEWHERE

#### Notice of Services Summerfield Baptist Church

Sunday school each Sunday at 10:00 a. m.  
Preaching each second and fourth Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
W. T. Legg, Sunday school director.  
Thurman Atchley, B. T. U. director.  
Rev. H. B. Naylor, Pastor, Evangelist.

### Every Sunday

#### Lazbuddy Baptist Church

Sunday school each Sunday at 9:30 a. m.  
Preaching services each first and third Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
O. C. Tiner, Sunday school supervisor.

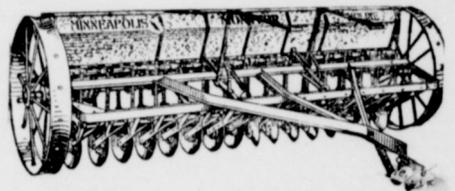
## VISITED EAST TEXAS AND OKLAHOMA

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh R. Lee, and grandson, Jack Raspberry, of the watermelons, and F. S. Truitt had a large truck load of peaches, plums,

prunes, and grapes, which arrived here Monday night, and all these were being dispensed readily to our fruit-hungry citizens, and all at reasonable prices.

# New ALL STEEL MONITOR DRILLS for Bigger Yields and LONGER LIFE

NOW you can get all the famous MONITOR drill features plus all-steel construction, roller bearings, and several new refinements in design.



No matter whether you're interested in a horse or tractor drawn drill, there's a New Steel MONITOR that will bring you years of service, plus the assurance of good yields and light draft that only a GENUINE MONITOR drill can give you.

ASK for the booklet that tells you the complete story of these new better balanced MONITOR drills. Sizes and spacings to suit your needs in either single or double disc types with either fluted or double-run feeds. Remember the hopper is built entirely of COPPER BEARING galvanized steel—ends and all.



# MAURER MACHINERY CO.

**Clovie's Bi-State FAIR**  
ONLY BIG FREE FAIR IN SOUTHWEST  
**SEPT. 20-23**  
ENTRY DAY SEPT. 20.  
—CLOVIE N.M.—

Every Department Crammed With Interest!  
**PARADE 10:00 A.M. THURSDAY SEPT. 20**  
**BIG HORSE SHOW**  
Thurs.-NIGHTS-Friday  
DIVING HORSES-5 SHOWS  
**BURKE CLEAN FUN SHOWS**



## The Way To get Houses in Friona is to START BUILDING HOUSES HERE.

We are Always at your Service in the Building Line  
**Friona Planing Mill**  
Fred Dennis Prop

## THE BEST THAT SKILL CAN DO

In All Kinds of Barber Work For You.  
Shine Boy and BATHS  
JACK ANDERSON'S BARBER SHOP

# BOVINA NEWS



WHAT IS PASTURE WORTH?

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rury and family, of Friona, visited in the Lilly Rhodes home, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Free and sons, Dick and Troy, returned home Saturday from Weeds, California.

Mrs. Coye Vestal, Mrs. Bud Queen, Mrs. Tom Lloye and Mrs. Emily Queen visited Mrs. Charles Rury in Friona, Friday.

Those who were baptized into the Baptist Church Sunday evening, at the Mustang Lake, northeast of town were Mrs. John Dial, Mrs. Jim Williams, Mrs. Sammie Stamer and Mr. Cleo Gee.

Miss Tressie McGee returned to her home at Portales, New Mexico, Friday, after a visit with her uncle.

Miss Merlene Horton visited her aunt, Mrs. Maggie McGee, in Portales this week.

Mrs. Lucy Wilson is visiting Mrs. Mark Wells, of El Paso.

Little Frankie Lee Small, daughter of Mrs. Norma Lee Clements, who has been quite sick, is lots better.

Mr. and Mrs. Vestra Venable, of Texico, visited in the Elmer Venable home, Sunday.

Mrs. Opal O'Neal is visiting her mother, Mrs. Venable.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker visited in the James Watkins home, Sunday.

Mrs. Steve Stephenson is building a new home.

Mrs. Belle Bellew, of Floyd, New Mexico, is visiting her niece, Mrs. Jess Vestal.

Sarah Nell McLean returned home Sunday after a week's visit with her aunt, Mrs. Jerry Spurlin, of Texico.

Mr. and Mrs. Travis Wheeler returned home Wednesday night from East Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Chambers and Jack Dial, of Wichita Falls, visited their mother, Mrs. Dial, over the weekend.

Mr. and Mrs. Buck Lloyd and family visited in Farwell, Sunday.

Mrs. Rhole Barren returned home Friday from California.

School started here, Monday.

Mrs. Evala Phillips and daughter, Jackie, visited her aunt over the weekend, in Texico.

Mr. and Mrs. Stacy Queen visited in Clovis, Sunday.

It has been comparatively easy to learn how many pounds of meat a pasture would produce per acre in a season, but data on the cash value of pastures for dairy cows have not been so plentiful nor so accurate. The annual report of the Central Plains Dairy Herd Improvement Association issued last spring brings out the cash value of a year-round pasture in a forcible way, and the results are based on accurate records.

J. E. Rigler, with thirty-one registered and grade Jersey cows, was one member of the Association who maintained pasture the year round. He sowed wheat in September, at about three times the normal rate of seeding for grain, to supply winter pasture. With summer pastures the rest of the year, ensilage, grain sorghum and alfalfa, his herd produced an average per cow of 6,254 pounds of 5.2 per cent milk. This was not among the highest records in the Association, but was well up in average production among the larger herds.

The interesting fact is that Mr. Rigler got nearly half—49 per cent—of his production from pasture. In calculating costs each kind of feed is charged at a uniform price by D. M. Carroll, official tester. Pasture is charged at 75 cents per cow per month. But Mr. Rigler's pasture, after deducting the energy terms which were supplied by grain and roughage, paid off at the rate of \$3 per cow per month as compared with the cost of roughage, and at the rate of \$4.50 per cow per month, calculated in terms of grain feed.

To put it another way, each productive unit (technically "therms") cost 2.3 cents in the form of grain, 1.5 cents in the form of roughage, and only four-tenths of a cent from pasture. Of course it required grain and roughage to complete the balanced ration. The point is that the cost of production would have been considerably higher without the pasture.

This record, it should be remembered, was made on the Plains of West Texas. A longer growing season and more regular rainfall in other parts of the Southwest make it easier to have a year-round pasture than in the west. Winter pasture is relatively more valuable than summer pasture.

and may be provided either in permanent pastures or planted fields.

The common cereals are the favorite stand-by for winter pastures in the Southwest, since the seed are cheap and easily available, and everybody knows how to plant them. Rye grass is becoming increasingly popular, and supplies more grazing per acre than either wheat, oats, rye or barley alone. Where grain is sown solely for pasturage, a good many farmers prefer a mixture of two or more kinds and a heavier seeding than for grain is preferable. The reason is obvious—they each grow better at different seasons, and a mixture therefore gives a longer grazing season. The mixture may be cut for hay in the dough stage.

For fall and early winter, barley usually provides more pasturage, while wheat, oats, and rye produce more grazing during the winter and early spring months. Rye grass continues to provide green pasture later in spring than the cereals.

Grain for harvest may be pastured without reducing the yield. In fact, pasturing under proper conditions tends to increase the yield by encouraging stooling. The Denton (Texas) experiment station found by measured tests that grain yields were increased by pasturing up to March 1, and grazing for another twenty days did not reduce the final yield of grain.

Electric fences are coming into wide use for confining animals on temporary pastures, where a permanent fence is not desired. Pastures give better results when grazed in rotation, and the electric fence offers a cheap and convenient means of resting one part of the pasture while grazing another.

### Credit Counts

The young bride was extolling the virtues of her husband to a friend. "George is the most generous man in the world," she declared. "He gives me everything credit can buy."

### Not Man Friday

Sunday School Teacher—James, what can you tell us about Good Friday?

James—Why, er a, he was a fellow who did housework for Robinson Crusoe.

### SWAN HIVE ELITE IS SIAOED

CLOVIS—The Clovis Bi-State Fair, to be held on September 21, 22 and 23 with entry day on the 20th, at Clovis, has been described by the fair management as most typical of the "old-time" fair, and the only major fair with free entrance gate in this whole area. Prizes will total \$2,500.00.

The fair board early adopted a policy of trying to fit the fair to the desires of exhibitors and visitors, rather than to have it earn money. A dozen carpenters and laborers are busy revamping the grounds and buildings with this object in view.

The real opening of the big fair will be an outstanding parade at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, the 21st, including many floats and features. George Curry, territorial governor of New Mexico in 1907-1910, who has never visited Curry county since it was named for him, and Governor John E. Miles will lead the parade.

Owners of show horses in three states have indicated they will participate in the horse show nights of 21st and 22nd, and promise the most outstanding horse show this section has ever enjoyed. Many valuable horses will be entered. Prizes of \$395.00 cash, four large cups and many special ribbons will be awarded.

Each night of the horse show, and once each afternoon will be seen the famous Betty Jane Bowman quartet of diving horses. A special chute and diving tank are being constructed in the horse show arena. No added charge will be made for this feature at the horse shows. Arrangements are under way also to bring here eight dancing horses from Las Vegas.

In response to popular demand the fair board has eliminated the usual gambling and lewd shows in securing the Burke Shows carnival. The entire grounds are lighted for night viewing of exhibits.

The present construction program includes about 20 new hog pens of adobe covering of other sheep and hog pens, a new poultry department larger than in former years, a large flower show, additional water lines, large judging pen, increased space for art exhibits with railings for protection of exhibits, horse chute and diving tank, and several other improvements.

### Card Of Thanks

Amarillo District's Zone No. 2 of the Northwest Texas Conference Woman's Missionary Society wish to express our thanks to the members of the local Congregational Church for their graciousness in extending to us the use of their church for our regular meeting Wednesday, Sept. 6.

Mrs. J. T. Gee, Sec.  
Mrs. W. H. Ford Chrmn.

### Subways for Imperial Rome

ROME.—Italy's plans for extending the city limits of Rome to Ostia, 30 miles away, include the construction of a subway system which will pass under the heart of Imperial Rome. The subway will be completed in time to serve visitors to the Rome 1942 World's fair, the site of which is midway between Rome and Ostia, ancient seaport. The buildings on the site of the fair will be part of the permanent city now rising on the site. Hourly capacity of 92,000 persons will be possible in the new subway.

## Time and Energy Are necessary for the successful operation Of MAGNETOS & BATTERIES

AND EXPERIENCE TEACHES THEIR USE  
All three of which we give to our patrons in the form of  
AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRICAL SERVICE

We Appreciate Your Business

### FRED WHITE

At Truitt Building On Sixth Street.

Exide Batteries.

Delco Batteries

GENUINE PARTS FOR CAR, TRUCK OR TRACTOR

## WE LOAN MONEY

AT

### 5%

For Purchasing

## New Automobiles

Dan Ethridge Agency

## AUCTIONEER

My Services as Public Auctioneer Are  
always available to the people of  
PARMER AND ADJOINING  
COUNTIES

Farm and Livestock Sales A Speciality

### W. H. "Bill" FLIPPEN

CALL AT FRIONA STAR OFFICE FOR DATES.

### HOME FROM VACATION

The largest homespun woolen industry in the world—the Biltmore Homespun shop—is located in Asheville, N. C. Originated in 1901 by Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt to furnish employment for a few mountain people in her neighborhood. It has grown steadily ever since, employing at present around 60 people. After the industry became well-established, Mrs. Vanderbilt sold it and the shops were moved to the Grove Park Inn estate on the outskirts of Asheville.

Most of the raw wool used comes from Australia, Wales, Scotland, and the Shetland islands. It is first dyed, then dried by natural air, no artificial heat being used. The colors are mixed, fibers broken up, wool re-oiled and then run through carding machines onto spinning frames. Power-driven machines are used for these processes and for setting up the warp on the loom, but the actual weaving is done entirely by hand on hand looms. Two types of weaving are done, plain and diagonal. Weavers are paid by the yard, the average individual being able to weave from 12 to 15 yards a day. The material, which is sold retail, is obtainable only at the plant.

B. T. Galloway and daughter, Miss Edith, returned the early part of last week from a visit of several days with relatives at Coleman and other points in that part of the state.

Among others they visited was Mr. Galloway's father-in-law, Mr. J. G. Wilson, who, Mr. Galloway states, is in good health and enjoying the blessings of life. Mr. Wilson rears the Friona Star and stated that he keeps up with what is going on in Friona as well as those who live here.

After returning from Coleman, the Galloways made a trip over into the mountains of New Mexico and Colorado for a few days more vacation.

### PLENTY OF FRUIT

The citizens of Friona, who wished to secure fruits either for canning or for immediate use, had abundant opportunity to do so on Monday and Tuesday.

Warren Ware and Albert Taylor had a truck load of fine pears. Bob Pearce had a load of apples and fine Messenger community, returned last Wednesday from a visit to East Texas and Oklahoma.

While away they visited relatives and friends at Hugo, Oklahoma, and at Bonham and Celina, Texas. They report that the crops are not looking good in those localities.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Pope were in town Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Pope seems to be wholly recovered from the injury he received to his knee a few weeks ago, when his lister turned over.

Becher Bristow is visiting in Oklahoma this week.

### A Tale About Cats

Everyone has heard the story of the two Kilkenny cats who fought until there was nothing left but their tails. The background of the story is that during the 1803 rebellion in Ireland, soldiers amused themselves by tying cats by the tails and tossing them over a clothesline. The commandant threatened punishment to any caught enjoying this "sport." Upon the approach of a guard, one night, a soldier took his sword and freed the cats by slashing through their tails. When the guard arrived, he was told the two bleeding tails were at that was left of a pair of fighting Kilkenny cats.

## Here They Are... THE WHOLE FAMILY OF NEW FARMALLS

### Features of the New "H" and "M" Farmalls

- Comfort—sitting or standing. Adjustable sponge-rubber upholstered seat.
- Clear vision—Smooth, streamlined design enables you to see your work.
- Balanced power—Smooth-running 4-cylinder, valve-in-head engine, with Tocco-hardened crankshaft, full force-feed lubrication, and replaceable cylinder sleeves. Brilliant performance and amazing economy on No. 1 tractor distillate and other tractor fuels.
- Five-speed transmission—Four field speeds, plus a 16-mile road speed (on rubber). Variable governor—you can control driving speeds within 1/2 inches per hour.
- Patented automatic steering—wheel cultivator gang shift. Clean cross-cultivation at 4 or 5 miles an hour.
- Finger-tip auto-steering. Brakes can be operated separately for making short or pivot turns—or as a unit on the road.
- More than 30 high-grade ball and roller bearings. 19 rawhide spring-loaded dust and oil seals.
- Can be equipped with "Lift-All," which lifts and lowers machines, or front or rear sections, on either side.
- Adjustable wheel tread—for all row-crop requirements.
- Most complete line of quick-attachable machines.



Last month we introduced the small FARMALL-A with its great new feature, "Culti-Vision."

Here's your first view of the little fellow's big brothers—FARMALL-H and FARMALL-M—spic and span from the Harvester factories, raring to go! You'll get a real thrill when you take hold of one of these steering wheels, give the smooth 4-cylinder engine the go-ahead, and put a new FARMALL through its paces.

Here are three bears for work—big size, middle size, small size! You'll find each one a go-getter in every inch and ounce. Step out ahead with your choice of the new FARMALLS. Phone us for the full story. Satisfy yourself about the quality, utility, power, comfort, and economy of these great new tractors—and about the new low FARMALL prices. Catalogs on request.

### THE NEW SMALL FARMALL-A with "CULTI-VISION"

Here is Harvester's new small Farmall, with features you have been waiting for: power, speed, economy, and "Culti-Vision." Built to do all the work on the small farm, or to replace the fast team on the big farm—and it sells at a new low Farmall price. Direct-attachable machines are available for all row crops, including vegetables. Ask us for complete details.



## Buchanan Implement Company.

### TRI-STATE FAIR AMARILLO Sept. 18-23

BEUTLER BROTHERS  
World-Famous  
RODEO

In front of grandstand every afternoon  
Thrills! Spills!

MIGHTY SHEESLEY  
MIDWAY

New rides. New shows.  
New attractions.

Stars on Parade  
NIGHT SHOW

A Music Corporation of America attraction.

GIGANTIC EXHIBITS

Livestock agricultural merchandise fine arts displays.

Gate admission adults 15c; children under 12, FREE.

Spectacular Free Attractions on Grounds

## NATIONAL AFFAIRS

Reviewed by  
**CARTER FIELD**

*The temper of the people of the United States is decidedly against participation of any kind in a European war. . . . Conditions vastly different from those at the time of the World war. . . . "Big business" confers on plan to bring about a big boom in business between now and January in hopes of refuting Roosevelt's dire predictions.*

WASHINGTON.—The greatest difference of opinion about any one important question in this country today is whether the United States can keep out of war in Europe. There is no doubt about the temper of the country. If a referendum could be held tomorrow, nearly all astute politicians believe it would go overwhelmingly for remaining neutral—or, as most people put it, minding our own business.

Moreover, there is no such element in this country today as there was immediately after the invasion of Belgium in 1914, which kept increasing until, in 1915, when the Lusitania was sunk, it reached a formidable crest.

On the other hand, there is no such division of sentiment in this country as there was from 1914 to 1917. In many states the German population openly sympathized at that time with the central powers, particularly in the upper Mississippi valley, which, as one old political leader remarked at the time, is more Teutonic than Anglo-Saxon. Minnesota, for instance, contrary to the belief of most Easterners and Southerners, has more Germans than Norwegians, though of course if the Scandinavians are considered as one racial group, they outnumber the Germans. Wisconsin, Nebraska and Missouri, not to mention Illinois, have huge German populations.

But today there is not much sympathy for Hitler among these German segments of our population which were so fervently pro-German in 1914-1917. Most of them still love Germany, but they do not like Hitler. There are plenty of exceptions, of course, as becomes apparent when one starts to canvass the situation, but it is very obvious that instead of the German-Americans being a solid pro-Hitler bloc they would show a substantial majority against him. Most German-Americans today would be pleased at the news of a political turnover in Germany, which would throw Hitler and the Nazis out of power. Most of them would even prefer the return of the Hohenzollerns to continuance of the present regime.

### Neutrality Laws Would Not Keep Us Out of War

All of which is cited to show that this country does not have to travel as far now in order to reach the point where it would plunge into the war on the side of Britain and France as it did in 1914-1917. Yet, although President Wilson was re-elected in November, 1916, on a "kept us out of war" issue, the country was in the war just five months later. So it may be wiser to be conservative in assumptions as to this country's remaining out of war in Europe.

Very few people think that the present neutrality laws, or for that matter any variation of them which anyone has suggested, would keep this country out of the war. As a matter of fact, the present law is very much misnamed. It provides against the shipment of "arms, ammunition and the implements of war" to belligerents. Yet it has never been applied to the present conflict between Japan and China.

The answer is simple. The administration believes that to recognize that a state of war exists and consequently to impose an embargo would benefit not China but Japan. The government at Washington sympathizes, quite openly, with China, not Japan, as the Japanese are wrathfully aware. So it ignores the spirit of the law, though observing the letter. Nobody kicks much, because the whole country is almost a unit in sympathizing with China.

There is no doubt that the sympathies of the administration will be even more strongly and actively on the side of Britain and France against Germany. Hitler will know that.

### Plan Boom in Business to Refute F. D. R.'s Predictions

Half a dozen conferences of men whom the New Dealers would call "big business" have been held in the last few days on an agenda looking to a sharp revival of business between now and January, when congress meets again.

The idea is to cause such a revival of business, and such an increase in employment by private employers, that the dire predictions of President Roosevelt growing out of the defeat by congress of the spend-lead bill will be made to look ridiculous to the returning lawmakers.

It would be little short of a miracle if anything came of the conferences. If business revives and employment increases, it will not be the result of them. Despite the pet theory of certain radicals, business is not such a cohesive unit in its operations. As a matter of fact no big corporation, even acting alone, is ever inspired by political motives in deciding on an enlargement or curtailment of its operations.

When business expands it is always for one reason, and only one. The same is true when it contracts. There is never any doubt about the motive, whether it be based on sound or poor judgment. The motive is always profit. When business sees a chance to make a profit it expands. When it fears losses if it continues the present scale of operations, it contracts. It may make a mistake in either direction, but there is never any question about why it was done.

### New Dealers Needn't Worry; Nothing Will Come of It

So while gentlemen with imposing names really have been conferring on this question of a manufactured boom in order to thwart the President, no New Dealer need be worried. Nothing will come of it. If the management of any particular corporation decides that by expanding it can make another 20 cents on each share during the next six months, that corporation will expand its operations. If it figures that it will lose money by continuing the present rate of production, it will begin laying off men.

One of the few exceptions in history happened in the early days of the Hoover depression, in the spring of 1930, when President Hoover induced a number of railroad and big business executives to continue just as they were going, when all the executives wanted to cut down. But that exception only made the "rule of profit" motive surer because of what happened then. Every corporation that took Mr. Hoover's advice on that occasion suffered terribly as a result. Mr. Hoover will always believe that what he induced these big employers to do softened the blow—cushioned the decline. But no business man wants to offer his own surplus to be used as a cushion.

### Predict Real Market Boom Following Outbreak of War

New York stock market gyrations perplex most outsiders, and the perplexity increases if one attempts to get an explanation from shrewd market operators. Never was this more forcibly demonstrated than by what the market has been undergoing in the face of repeated war scares. Every time there is a scare the market dips. Sometimes it almost crashes. Experts agree that when war really breaks out in Europe there will be a real crash.

But the same operators will tell you that not very long thereafter there will be a real boom in the market, with a crop of "war babies" not unlike those of 1915, though the names of the companies may be different.

Moreover, the same shrewd operators will tell you that the rise of these war babies will merely be a wave on top of a tide, which will sweep the prices of most sound corporations upward. The tide will be the inevitable result, they say, of business conditions in the United States which will be brought about by the war in Europe. Almost regardless of any details with regard to what nations join in the conflict.

Their logic is something like this. The United States will be the only country in the world capable of exporting many needed products in any quantities. This goes especially of course for manufactured goods, rather than raw materials, though the demand even for some raw materials will be prodigious.

### See Increased Demand for All Kinds of Supplies

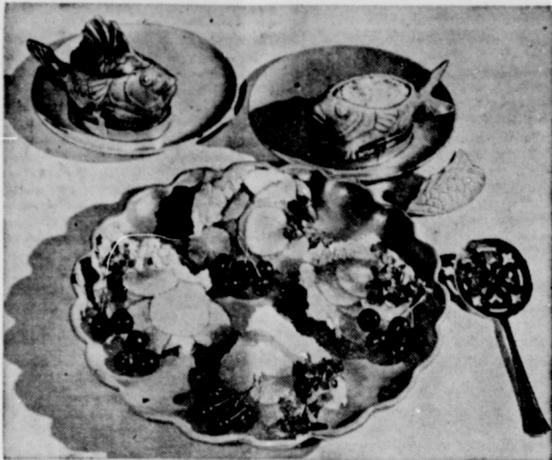
As a result of this certain spurt in manufacturing, there will be increased demand for electrical energy, for coal, for all sorts of things necessary to the manufacturing processes. This will spell enormously increased buying power on the part of a very large percentage of the whole population, including coal miners, oil workers, textile workers—everyone who participates in the production of materials not only by the factories which do the exporting, but those which supply them.

With so many lines busy, of course, the buying power of all these employees will in turn spread the prosperity into lines having no connection with the supplying of export trade materials. In short, the country will have a huge boom, very much like the one it began to enjoy in 1915 as a result of the World war.

Moreover, the world demand for all sorts of United States products will be much greater than it was then because of one important change in the world situation. During the World war, the other big manufacturing country that profited enormously was Japan. It is true that Japan was on the Allies' side during the World war, but actually it did very little fighting. After its successful raid on Shantung and the German-owned islands in the Pacific, Japan virtually forgot about the war, settling down to making goods and selling them at a profit to the Allies and the rest of the world.

This time Japan will not be able to take advantage of the same opportunity, whether or not she joins with Germany and Italy in the war. (Bell Syndicate—WNU Service.)

## Household News By Eleanor Howe



TASTY SUNDAY NIGHT SUPPERS  
(See Recipes Below)

### Sunday Night Suppers

Even though you expect everyone to have had a noon meal with staying power on Sundays, people do like to eat when Sunday evening rolls 'round! To be sure, they like food that's somewhat lighter, and food that's out of the ordinary. So it's a grand time to leave the beaten path and serve something a little different.

If you serve left-overs, be sure to serve them in a new way or with an unusual accompaniment like the jellied chili sauce I've suggested in menu No. III. If you plan a meal especially for Sunday night, plan one which can be served "help-yourself" style and arrange foods, dishes and silver on the table so that guests may serve themselves. Appetites will be quickened by the eye-appealing arrangement of the table, and the air of informality makes Sunday night supper a sociable affair.

These menus are suited, too, to serving larger numbers—lodge groups, church organizations or clubs. Recipes for the main dish and salad in every menu are easily increased. Unless you have special recipes and equipment, cakes and pastries are likely to be better if the single recipe is used.

### Sunday Night Supper Menus

Clam Chowder  
Wafers Assorted Relishes  
Lettuce and Tomatoes with Roquefort Cheese Dressing  
Pineapple Cream Tarts  
Beverage

### Tuna Casserole

Orange-Cherry Salad  
Hot Rolls  
Beverage

### Thin Slices of Cold Roast Beef

Jellied Chili Sauce  
Mixed Vegetable Salad  
Toasted Loaf  
Cocoa Marshmallow Cake  
Coffee

### Lettuce and Tomatoes with Roquefort Cheese Dressing.

(Serves 6)  
1 head lettuce  
2 tomatoes  
¼ pound Roquefort cheese (crumbled)  
French dressing  
Remove coarse outer leaves from head of lettuce. Cut into wedges. Peel tomatoes, remove stem end, and cut into eighths. Place in salad bowl with the lettuce. Add crumbled Roquefort cheese and French dressing. Toss lightly until well mixed.

### Cocoa Marshmallow Cake.

2 tablespoons cocoa  
¼ cup sweet milk  
2 cups brown sugar  
3 eggs (separated)  
¼ cup butter  
1 teaspoon vanilla extract  
2 cups cake flour  
1 teaspoon baking powder  
½ teaspoon soda  
½ teaspoon salt  
½ cup sour milk

Place cocoa, sweet milk, 1 cup brown sugar, and 1 egg yolk (beaten) in top of double boiler. Cook over hot water, until mixture is well blended. Cool. Cream butter, and add remaining cup of brown sugar while beating constantly. Add the two remaining egg yolks, together with the vanilla extract and mix thoroughly. Then mix and sift all dry ingredients and add alternately with the sour milk. Beat egg whites stiff but not dry, and fold into the cake mixture.

Place in 2 well greased layer cake pans and bake in a moderately hot

oven (375 degrees) approximately 30 minutes. Ice with boiled icing to which 8 marshmallows (cut in quarters) have been added.

### Jellied Chili Sauce.

1 tablespoon gelatin  
2 tablespoons cold water  
1 cup chili sauce (or catsup)  
Soak gelatin in cold water for 5 minutes. Add to chili sauce, which has been heated to the boiling point, and stir until dissolved. Pour into tiny paper cups, individual molds, or small pan from which the chili sauce may be sliced or cut in attractive shapes when firm. Chill thoroughly before serving.

### Tuna Casserole.

1 7-ounce can tuna  
1 tablespoon lemon juice  
1 cup cooked peas  
1 can button mushrooms  
2 cups cooked noodles (medium width)  
Salt, pepper and butter  
1 cup milk  
Butter individual baking dishes. Sprinkle tuna with lemon juice. (This brings out the tuna flavor). Arrange alternate layers of tuna, peas, mushrooms and noodles, putting noodles on top. Season each layer with salt and pepper. Dot top generously with butter. Pour milk into dish and top with buttered bread crumbs. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees) 30 minutes. (Serves 4-6.)

### Toasted Loaf.

Trim top and side crusts from a loaf of unsliced white bread. Cut through the center of the loaf, lengthwise, cutting just to the lower crust, but not through it. Then cut crosswise, spacing the cuts about 2 inches apart. Brush top and sides generously with melted butter. Toast in a moderately hot oven (400 degrees) until the loaf is golden brown. Serve hot.

There are so many points to be considered in planning meals. One which is all too likely to be overlooked is this—that the dessert is more than something to satisfy the family's "sweet tooth"; it really plays an important part in the menu. Next week in this column Eleanor Howe will tell you why—and will give you, too—some of her favorite recipes for "Desserts That Are Different."

### Clam Chowder.

(Serves 6.)  
½ cup carrot (chopped)  
2 tablespoons onion (chopped)  
1¼ cups potato (chopped)  
¼ cup celery (chopped fine)  
1 pint clams  
2 cups water and clam liquor  
Salt and pepper to taste  
1 pint milk  
3 tablespoons flour  
3 tablespoons butter  
1½ tablespoons parsley  
½ teaspoon paprika  
Chop the vegetables in small pieces and place in large kettle. Chop the clams and add together with the clam liquor, water, salt, and pepper. Cover and cook about ½ hour, or until vegetables are tender. Scald milk. Make a smooth paste of the flour and water. Add half of this flour paste to the clam mixture and half to the scalded milk. Cook each, stirring constantly, until the mixture thickens. Combine and add butter, parsley and paprika. Serve very hot.

### Send for Copy of 'Easy Entertaining.'

Serving "Sunday Night Supper" is a simple and charming way of entertaining; but there are lots of others—tea parties, bridge parties, holiday parties, and parties for a bride. Why not let Eleanor Howe's cook book, "Easy Entertaining," help solve your party problems? Send 10 cents in coin to "Easy Entertaining," care of Eleanor Howe, 919 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, for your copy. (Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

## Catarrh May Result From Bent Septums

By DR. JAMES W. BARTON

MOST physicians pay little or no attention to bends in the septums—the partition between the two nostrils. As a matter of fact, a nose with a straight septum is almost rare. It is estimated that perhaps one in every five or ten is about the average finding.

### TODAY'S HEALTH COLUMN

The reason little or no attention is paid to a bent or deflected septum is that the physician figures that there is no difference in air space between 50 and 50 each side in a straight septum and 60 and 40 with a bent septum; they both add up to 100. This, of course, refers to slight bends or deflections.

What about severe bends or deflections of the septum? Can the severe deflection cause symptoms? When the deflection is so severe that it actually closes up one side of the nose there will not be any air going to or coming from the lungs on that side. This means lack of ventilation of the sinuses on that side of the head and lack of draining of any mucous from the sinuses.



Dr. Barton

Dr. W. S. Syme of Glasgow, whom I have quoted before, in the British Medical Journal, tells us that middle ear and catarrhal conditions are found very often with deflection of the septum. When severe, it may cause pain by pressing against the side wall of the nose. However, the blockage of the little opening from sinus into the nose prevents mucous or pus from draining out into nose and throat, causing severe pain from pressure. In these cases the bend or deflection is high up in the nose due to injury—football, boxing, or a fall.

The point about this is that while most of us have a bent septum and no treatment is required, in cases of sinus trouble, catarrh or middle ear conditions where good ventilation and drainage is necessary, one with a bent septum is more likely to have severe pain and require operation than one whose septum is straight.

A bent or deflected septum, even if badly deflected, which is causing no symptoms requires no treatment.

## Causes of Chronic Arthritis

Despite our knowledge of preventing rheumatism—arthritis—by removing infection from teeth, tonsils, sinuses, gall bladder, together with proper rest, diet and exercise, there are many cases which become chronic before infection has been removed. The infection in joints has caused changes that often cannot be repaired or corrected and the patient is afflicted with stiffness, pain, and some degree of deformity.

In speaking of these cases of chronic arthritis, Dr. Robert T. Phillips, Boston, in the New England Journal of Medicine, tells of the help that can be given by "physical" medicine or treatment—rest, exercise, massage, and electricity.

Dr. Phillips points out that rest is needed by chronic arthritis because of the long drain on their nervous and physical energy caused by the infection. The suggestion is an hour's rest after meals. Two positions are taken. For the first 30 minutes the patient lies on his back, stretched well out, a pillow under lower back and the knees but not under the head. For the second 30 minutes he turns face down, supported by a pillow placed crosswise under his abdomen.

### Joints Should Be Straight.

In regard to exercise, arthritis must not allow joints to remain in a bent position. No matter what the degree of arthritis, the patient can carry out some exercise—lying, standing, sitting, walking—to move his joints and strengthen his muscles.

In regard to heat Dr. Phillips suggests the use of hot water applications by means of some woolen material covered with a towel or blanket to hold in the heat.

The massage is done by the use of long, smooth strokes in a direction toward the heart as it is the return circulation of the blood that needs help. If pain is present, massage should be gentle. Heat should be applied before or during the massage.

In regard to electricity, it is unfortunate that physicians do not give more attention to acquiring the knowledge of the proper methods of using electricity in the treatment of chronic arthritis as it gives excellent results in skillful hands. When proper treatment by electricity is not available, the use of the other "physical" forms of treatment—rest, heat, exercise, and massage—faithfully carried out will give satisfactory results. (Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

## Ask Me Another A General Quiz

### The Questions

1. In what battle of the World war did the vicabs play a big part?
2. An ex-slave is buried at Arlington National cemetery. Who is he?
3. What is an epithalamium?
4. What kind of a tailor's instrument is called a goose?
5. What is an iman?
6. In caves, which icicle-like projections are called stalactites and which are called stalagmites?
7. Is it possible for a whale to drown?
8. Here is the first line of a well-known poem: "Much have I traveled in the realm of gold." Can you give the second line?

### The Answers

1. In the first battle of the Marne, in the movement of troops.
2. "Uncle Jim" Parks, last of the Arlington home folks.
3. A nuptial song in honor of the bride and bridegroom.
4. A smoothing iron.
5. A Mohammedan teacher.
6. Projections hanging down are stalactites, and the inverted ones are stalagmites.
7. Yes. The whale is a true air-breathing, warm-blooded mammal.
8. "And many goodly states and kingdoms seen."

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PER PUFF—  
MORE PUFFS  
PER PACK

**Camels**  
LONG-BURNING  
COSTLIER TOBACCOS



**WHO'S NEWS THIS WEEK**

By LEMUEL F. PARTON

**NEW YORK.**—On his record, it would appear that Gen. Edward Smigly-Rydz, Poland's strong man, might be more inclined to fight Germany with Russia's aid than with it. He made his career fighting the Bolsheviks, and news dispatches of the last few weeks have hinted that he has been considerably embarrassed at being drawn into the new apparently broken fellowship with Russia. It has been clear that being saved by Russia was the least and last of his ideas.

He is beyond doubt the ablest of Poland's military leaders, and, once the bell rings, there is no question that he can and will fight, as he proved in the campaigns to free Poland and in his forays against early-day Bolshevik Russia.

He never has quite come through as a dictator. In 1936 there was one of those "ideological" build-ups in which he was to emerge as the head of reconstructed Poland. Handsome and imposing, of dominant bearing, he looked the part, but he couldn't seem to manage the big talk necessary for the job. The best they could get out of him was something to the general effect that nobody would ever be allowed to take a single button from Poland's robe.

On August 6 of this year, when it appeared that Germany might just take the robe and leave the button, he was expected to make a sizzling speech at Cracow. His audience was howling for a knockout punch, but the speech was mostly shadow-boxing, with nothing specific about what he proposed to do about Danzig.

Fifty-four years old, with an engaging personality, he has been a popular dinner guest and holds the honorary presidency of the Polish academy of letters. The old Marshal Joseph Pilsudski, nearing the end of his life, anointed the general as his successor. He has been supremely efficient in his army job, but, as a strong man, has been somewhat overshadowed by the showier, more facile and adroit Josef Beck, the foreign minister. But fighting is his main business and knowing observers figure that, talking little, he is more apt to fight.

A MICHIGAN friend of this writer reports that Gov. Luren D. Dickinson's war on sin may turn out to be good political medicine out there.

**War on Sin May Be Very Cute Politics**  
While big-town political leaders are said to be somewhat embarrassed by the aged governor's alarmed discovery of wickedness in high places, the word is that his forces have been entrenched and widened since he let loose about the drinking and dancing orgies of the Albany conference of governors. His Bible class at Eaton, Mich., is crowded to the doors and he is besieged with requests for lectures and participation in revival campaigns. Currently he tells a gathering of Chicago and Detroit "pupils" that this Albany conference was pretty much like Belshazzar's feast and that our Babylonian wasters will drag us down if we don't mend our ways.

For 25 years, Mr. Dickinson has held in fee simple the anti-sin vote of Michigan. It has held steadily around 200,000 votes, undivided in its allegiance in his repeated forays against evil, chief of which has been his still continuing prohibition battle. He is a spare, bald evangel of righteousness, his friendly eyes glinting behind his octagonal rimmed glasses when he is aroused, his meager frame shaken with pietistic fervor. He employs much of the lexicon of the late Dr. Parkhurst of New York, in assailing sin, and some of his philippics seem to voice again the pious horror of the author of "New York by Gaslight," written 60 years ago.

He is a native of New York, born near Lockport in Niagara county. His parents removed to Eaton, Mich., when he was a small boy. There he still lives, happily engaged with his Methodist church Bible class, and, more recently, with the state of Michigan and, unhappily for his peace of mind, in a bout with evil which he never knew existed before.

Shays's rebellion of 1786 jolted the big-town politicians with a realization of what a mixture of agrarian discontent and old-time religion may amount to. In Governor Dickinson's compact voting phalanx, things are something like that. His allied conservative Republican organization appreciates all this.

(Consolidated Features—WNU Service.)

**Rural America Leads New 'Dry' Trend As Nation Deserts 'Beer Barrel Polka'**

By JAMES HARRISON  
(Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

WITH the national pendulum swinging from tipping to temperance, rural America is climbing back on the water wagon.

There's little fanfare or hurrah about this new prohibition crusade. The traditional temperance groups are apparently playing but a minor part. The movement is growing in spite of campaigns by enlightened elements among the distillers urging temperance in drinking.

Local option is the process which is making the wet spots dry.

More than 4,000 communities have voted "dry" since prohibition was repealed 5½ years ago, a prominent research organization estimates. The majority of these have been in rural areas.

Counting the districts that remained steadfastly dry in the face of repeal, there are today at least 10,000 communities in which beer and booze are outlawed. This represents about one-fourth of all the townships, rural precincts, counties and villages in the United States.

**Rapid Growth Significant?**

An America only one-fourth dry might not be regarded as ominous to the wets, when compared with the situation preceding the adoption of the Eighteenth amendment. At that time 90 per cent of all townships and rural precincts, 85 per cent of all counties and 75 per cent of all the villages in the United States had their own form of prohibition.

But the rapidity with which the new dry movement is gaining ground today is significant of a changing public sentiment. Thousands of local option elections are scheduled for ballot this fall. In Pennsylvania alone 492 precincts will hold wet-dry contests.

Some ardent dries predict that when the votes are counted this autumn, at least 8,000 communities will have entered the dry belt since repeal. This may be overoptimistic, but it is not being entirely laughed out of court by impartial observers.

**Dries Win 80 Per Cent.**

How the dry forces have triumphed so far this year is indicated by results in Illinois. Out of 341 local option contests last April, the dries won 273 or 80 per cent according to a survey by the American Business Men's Research foundation.

Illinois now has 728 dry areas, of which about 500 represent communities that have voted that way since repeal. "It is estimated that there are now more than 1,000,000 people in Illinois living in areas made dry by local option votes," says an official bulletin of the foundation. If the results elsewhere are similar, it



**AUF WIEDERSEHEN TO PROSIT?**—In 1933 it was believed that return of legal beer would conquer the nation's taste for hard liquor. One of the strangest features of today's dry surge is that beer consumption has dropped. Meanwhile, more hard liquor is being consumed.

would mean that more than 16,000,000 Americans now reside in territory from which liquor is barred.

Why has the dry movement spread so rapidly in the farming districts? The answers range all the way from the rural accident problem caused by drunken drivers and tipsy pedestrians, to increases in crime and rising juvenile delinquency. But that doesn't tell the entire story.

**Folows Tradition, Says Authority.**

One of the most plausible explanations was given by Martin Nelson, secretary of the Keeley institute, of Dwight, Ill., sanitarium for the treatment of alcoholism. Rural America is simply running true to form, he says and he bases his statement on the 60-year experience of the institute in observing the ebb and flow of temperance.

"In banning intoxicants," Mr. Nelson declared, "farming areas and smaller towns are for the most part returning to the status they occupied before prohibition. They have been traditionally dry for a century. It is only natural they should lead the parade today."

"That rural America is dry in practice as well as theory is indi-

cated by the records of patients treated for alcoholism at the Keeley institute. A recent survey showed that only 16 per cent of the habitual drinkers come from farms and country towns. And although farmers rank near the top numerically among our patients, this can be explained by the fact that farmers as a class far outnumber any other single occupation or group of occupations.

**Cites 'Public Disgust.'**

"But while the country districts are following their normal disposition on the wet-dry issue, it cannot be denied that one of the major factors encouraging the spread of prohibition in rural areas as well as in cities is public disgust over the way drinking establishments are operated. People were told that with repeal the saloon was never coming back. But it did come back in many states and in a form far more vicious than ever before."

Whether big cities will follow the rural districts in going dry depends to a good extent on whether the growing resentment of law-abiding citizens against rowdy saloon operation can be stemmed.

Apparently the saloonkeepers are like the old Bourbon kings of France who never learned a new thing nor forgot an old one, for even the Chicago Tribune, arch-enemy of prohibition recently barked: "The cause of temperance will be served if the saloonkeepers are given a kicking around. They have learned nothing and presume too much." The Tribune was angered when the tavern owners and politicians of Chicago connived to legalize a later closing hour in return for higher license fee.

**Beer Down, Hard Liquor Up.**

The increase in dry sentiment throughout the country in the past year has been accompanied by a decrease in the total gallonage of alcoholic beverages consumed. One of the anomalies of this situation, however, is that while beer drinking has registered a marked decline, the consumption of hard liquor has actually shown a rise. Beer consumption fell off 79,389,016 gallons in the 11 months ending May 31, 1939, compared with the corresponding period of 1938. At the same time hard liquor consumption increased by 6,632,788 gallons. The net decline in all alcoholic beverages consumed amounted to 72,756,228 gallons.

"Fading popularity of beer is one of the tragic jokes of repeal," said a leading dry official. "When the agitation for the repeal of the Volstead act was at its height a few years ago, the wets argued that if beer and light wine were restored, America's thirst for hard liquor would vanish. They said people would drink more beer and less whiskey. But the fact is that Americans prefer booze to beer."

But even with the inroads of prohibition, past and imminent, the liquor industry is definitely to be considered in the ranks of big business. A statistician has figured that six times more money jingles across bars or is rung up in liquor store cash registers annually than is dropped into the Sunday collection plates of America's 248,000 churches.

Uncle Sam's yearly liquor bill is approximately \$3,000,000,000. At the same time Americans contribute about \$550,000,000 to the support of churches. It is estimated that there are 536,000 places in the United States where liquor, beer and wine can be bought, including taverns, cocktail lounges, retail liquor stores and hotels.



**CAREFUL DRIVER**

Her father had given her a new car. Dressed in the latest style, she flashed through the country. Sad to relate, she came to grief at a railway crossing.

She emerged from the ruin of her car, took out her vanity bag, and, oblivious of the crowd, proceeded to powder her nose.

The engine-driver of the express and others gathered round, and the driver asked: "Why on earth didn't you stop at the crossing until you were sure the road was clear?"

After she had powdered her nose to the required tint, she turned to the driver and cried: "I sounded my horn before you blew your whistle."

**Dog and a Half**

On a rainy day Mrs. B— allowed her young son to play with a few silver coins. He had one silver dollar and one half dollar which he persisted in calling two dollars. Finally she convinced him he had one dollar and a half. Later in the day a large dog trotted by with a small dog at its side. Sonny looking out the door looked questioning-ly at his mother and said: "Dog and a half?"

**PLAYING CLOTHES**



Girlie—Oh, mother, look at the clothes on the line playing in the breeze!

Mother—They're your rompers, dear.

**Texas Life**

Some boys in Kansas City were showing a Texas rancher the city. "What do you think of our stock yards," they asked him.

"Oh, they're all right, but we have branding corrals in Texas that are bigger," he said.

That night they put some snapping turtles in his bed. When he had turned back the cover, he asked what they were.

"Missouri bed bugs," they replied.

He peered at them a moment. "So they are," he decided. "Young uns aren't they?"

**Remodeled Dresses**

Two friends had been downtown and on their return one said: "I wonder what has become of all the eyelet dresses we used to see."

"I don't know, unless they have all been sewed up," her friend replied.

**What's That Got to Do With It?**

Sioux City (Iowa) Tribune—FOR SALE: By owner, 1936 Chevrolet coupe. Owner recently overhauled. Call 65785.—Spotted by Goldfish Bowl.

**CATCHING**



"She seems to catch on to the fellows best when in bathing."

"Sure—she's a perfect leech."

**Old Saying Is True**

"The prison team won the football game with the cadets."

"Well, that proves the old theory that the pen is mightier than the sword."

**Brotherly Aid**

Miss Popplestone—When we are married, dear, we must have a hyphenated name—it's so much smarter. What would go well with Eaton?

Small Brother (from behind dav-enport)—How about "Moth"?

**Located**

Mother (to son wandering around room)—What are you looking for?

Son—Nothing.

Mother—You'll find it in the box where the candy was.

**These Smart Patterns Look Ahead to Fall**

DO YOU take a woman's size? Then here is a lovely dress for you, (1799) youthful yet sophisticated, with clever bodice detailing, to create a round-bosomed effect, and a paneled skirt that makes your hips look narrow. It's a perfect style for luncheons and club affairs, yet not too dressy for street and shopping wear, too.



Flat crepe, thin wool and rayon jersey are smart materials for this.

**Princess Lines and Shirring.**  
Business and college girls will like the slim lines and simplicity of this very attractive dress (1780), with princess skirt cut high in the front, shirred shoulders, and flaring revers that frame your face becomingly. For this, choose flat crepe, taffeta or thin wool, with revers in white or a pastel tint.

**The Patterns.**  
No. 1799 is designed for sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, and 46. Size 34 requires 5½ yards of 39 inch material. ½ yard of lace for vest.

No. 1780 is designed for sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, and 40. Size 14 requires 5 yards of 39 inch material; ½ yard contrasting.

Send your order to The Sewing Circle Pattern Dept., Room 1324, 211 W. Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill. Price of patterns, 15 cents (in coins) each.

(Bell Syndicate—WNU Service.)

**A Good Temper**  
Good temper, like a sunny day, sheds brightness over everything; it is the sweetener of toil and the soother of disquietude.—Irving.

**Pull the Trigger on Lazy Bowels, and Also Pepsin-ize Stomach!**

When constipation brings on acid indigestion, bloating, dizzy spells, gas, coated tongue, sour taste, and bad breath, your stomach is probably loaded up with certain undigested food and your bowels don't move. So you need both Pepsin to help break up fast that rich undigested food in your stomach, and Laxative Senna to pull the trigger on those lazy bowels. So be sure your laxative also contains Pepsin. Take Dr. Caldwell's Laxative, because its Syrup Pepsin helps you gain that wonderful stomach-relief, while the Laxative Senna moves your bowels. Tests prove the power of Pepsin to dissolve those lumps of undigested protein food which may linger in your stomach, to cause belching, gastric acidity and nausea. This is how Pepsinizing your stomach helps relieve it of such distress. At the same time this medicine wakes up lazy nerves and muscles in your bowels to relieve your constipation. So see how much better you feel by taking the laxative that also puts Pepsin to work on that stomach discomfort, too. Even fussy children love to taste this pleasant family laxative. Buy Dr. Caldwell's Laxative—Senna with Syrup Pepsin at your druggist today!

**Self-Confident**  
Doubt whom you will, but never doubt yourself.—Bovee.



WNU—H 36—39

**At Peak of Jest**  
When the jest is at its best 'twill be well to let it rest.

**Watch Your Kidneys!**  
Help Them Cleanse the Blood of Harmful Body Waste  
Your kidneys are constantly filtering waste matter from the blood stream. But kidneys sometimes lag in their work—do not set as Nature intended—fall to remove impurities that, if retained, may poison the system and upset the whole body machinery.  
Symptoms may be nagging backache, persistent headache, attacks of dizziness, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes—a feeling of nervous anxiety and loss of pep and strength. Other signs of kidney or bladder disorder may be burning, scanty or too frequent urination.  
There should be no doubt that prompt treatment is wiser than neglect. Use Doan's Pills. Doan's have been winning new friends for more than forty years. They have a nation-wide reputation. Are recommended by grateful people the country over. Ask your neighbor!

**DOAN'S PILLS**

**EGGS! EGGS!**  
 During the early Fall and Winter  
 Are The Revenue Producers  
 To Secure this, Always Feed  
**ECONOMY EGG  
 MASH**  
 See Us For  
 Economy Feeds, Mill Feeds, Salt and ICE.  
**We Want Your Produce.**  
**FARMERS PRODUCE**  
*Cecil Malone---Proprietor*  
**WE ARE PLEASED TO SERVE YOU**  
 Phone 39 Friona, Texas

**SUIT CLUBS**  
 On September 9th, We will begin Organizing Our SUIT  
 Clubs. Get in on the First one. See US for all kinds of  
 GENTS' FURNISHINGS.  
**FROM HATS TO HOSE**  
 A COMPLETE LINE OF LADIES DURABLE SILK HOSE  
 Cleaning, Mending, Pressing.  
**CLEMENTS' TAILOR SHOP**  
 Roy Clements Proprietor

**LUBRICATION**  
 Is the LIFE of Machinery, and  
**GOOD FUEL**  
 Is the source of its power; Therefore:  
**USE PANHANDLE PRODUCTS  
 ALWAYS**  
 Panhandle Gasoline, Kerosene, Oils and Greases, and  
**MANSFIELD TIRES AND TUBES**  
 WE DELIVER.  
**Friona Independent Oil Co.**  
 Sheets Brothers, Proprietors

At The Far Sides Of  
**OUR GREAT & PEACE-  
 FUL CONTINENT**  
 Are Two Great World Fairs, Both Signs  
**PROSPERITY AND PROGRESS.**  
 Let us now bring both these conditions to  
**OUR HOME CITY**  
 By supplying it with the needed Homes and  
**BUSINESS HOUSES.**  
 Our Stock, Quality, Prices and Terms  
**MUST PLEASE YOU**  
**Everything For The Builder.**  
**ROCKWELL BROS. & CO**  
**LUMBER**  
 O. F. LANGE, Manager

**IS IT AILING?**  
 When You Tractor, Truck or Car is Ailing. There is  
 Nothing better to relieve the Ailment than  
**MOBILGAS**  
 And all other Magnolia Products. Call us. We deliver.  
**Wright Williams, Agent**

**TO "REA" SUBSCRIBERS**  
 Your "REA" is Assured and You are urged to have Your  
 Your Houses Wired AT ONCE, to be  
**READY FOR THE SERVICE.**  
 I am prepared to Figure Estimates and do Your Wiring.  
**SEE OR CALL ME NOW,**  
**JOHN GOSNELL**  
 With Fred White

**HEALTH NOTES**

**AUSTIN**—Infantile paralysis, like typhoid fever and intestinal disturbances of infants, is largely a summer disease. Although cases may occur during any month of the year, over half of the total number occur during July, August, September, and October. To date, 109 cases of poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis) have been reported to the Texas State Department of Health in 1939.

Direct contact between persons is regarded as being the chief factor in the spread of infantile paralysis. Because of the seasonal prevalence of the disease, flies and other insects have been suspected of conveying the virus or germ. Insect transmission has not, however, been scientifically proven. Although animals are subject to paralysis, they are seemingly not susceptible to the human type of this paralytic disease. Carriers are difficult to determine; in fact makes advisable the reduction to a minimum of human contacts during an outbreak.

Early symptoms of infantile paralysis comprise headache, fever, vomiting, intestinal disorder, drowsiness and irritability, followed by neck or back stiffness. Prompt medical care, early recognition and reporting of cases to health authorities make possible the use of valuable preventive and control measures.

After the acute stage of the disease has passed and walking is permitted the patient, under no circumstances, must the affected part be fatigued. It is thus observed that the secret of successful rehabilitation lies in continuance of professional guidance and large doses of patience.

Elmer Riddle left Monday for Las Vegas, New Mexico, where he will enter school.

**Coffee Plantations Are Operated by Hand Power**

Coffee plantations are interesting places, especially to Americans who are accustomed to seeing only American-style production of ordinary agricultural crops.

Coffee seeds are thickly sown in carefully prepared beds. The seeds sprout in about 40 days, showing two small leaves.

The plants then are transferred to the nursery plots in rows about a foot apart. During two years in the nursery the plants grow about two feet. Then they are ready for transplanting into holes as described above.

When the roots take hold firmly in their new location, the young trees are bent over and clamped to the ground by forked pins. This breaks the skin or bark some eight or ten inches from the ground. From these breaks many little sprouts shoot upward. As soon as the healthy ones can be distinguished, they are pruned down to four. This process makes for bushy trees.

About five years later, writes Capt. M. M. Corpening, Guatemala City correspondent in the Chicago Tribune, the trees are ready to produce. In the meantime the soil must be kept clean and the shade trees at a correct foliage density. The grown coffee tree is about eight feet in diameter (maximum) and 12 feet high, and will last 30 to 40 years if cared for properly.

All soil maintenance is by hand with hoes and machetes. Plows are taboo because they aid soil erosion.

The coffee bean when ripe is red, and if of good grade half an inch in diameter. The trees resemble cherry trees in good seasons.

The berries are hand picked by men with baskets strapped around their waists. This phase is piece work, at so much per 100 pounds picked. The harvest begins in November and lasts through to February. There is one crop per year.

**Chinaware Among Later Table Furnishings Used**

It was not until the Dutch East India company began trading with the Orient that china was introduced into the western world.

This brought something entirely new in table furnishings to those who had been accustomed for generations to the dull, gray monotony of pewter or wooden ware. The desirability of this china was quickly recognized and the bright colors and its cleanness brought pleasure to those possessing it.

Delft ware was produced by the Italians in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth centuries.

The method of covering a colored body with a white glaze, however, was not unknown to the Arabians and Persians, relates Alice R. Rollins in the Los Angeles Times. The Dutch followed the method of the Italians and in turn the English copied the technique of the Dutch. Holland produced a delft ware from 1650 to 1710, in imitation of the importations from China by the Dutch East India company, which maintained a port at Delft.

The Dutch potters themselves exported their products to all parts of the world opened to them by trade and many potters migrated to foreign countries including England.

It was the desire to create a white ware that led to the production of delft. The colored clay body was first fired, then dipped in a white glaze or enamel derived from binoxide of tin or stannic acid.

**Regal Theatre**

Friday Saturday  
 Fronteersman  
 William Boyd, George Hays  
 Paramount Special Shots  
 Sun. Mon. Tue.  
 Alexander Graham Bell  
 Don Ameche, Loretta Young,  
 Henry Fonda.  
 Three Bears, Good Neighbors  
 Wed. - Thur.  
 I STOLE A MILLION  
 George Raft, Claire Trevor  
 Oswald Cartoon

**HOME DEMONSTRATION CLUBS**

**Hold Cooking School**  
 Miss Margaret St. Clair, county home demonstration agent, has announced that she will conduct a cooking school for club demonstrators on Monday, September 11, at the Blackwell Hardware Store in Friona, beginning at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. At this time, various types of cake making will be demonstrated, she stated, and urged that all demonstrators be on hand.

**Change Agent's Meeting**  
 A change of the agent's meeting with the Lazbuddy demonstration club was announced in the local office this week, when Demonstrator Margaret St. Clair stated that she would meet with the club on Sept. 25, rather than Sept. 12, as previously planned. Official visitors to the local office have necessitated the change.

**ATTENDED ANNUAL REUNION**

We beg pardon for the omission, in the last issue of the Star, to mention the attendance of T. N. Jasper at the Jasper Family Reunion, which is held each year at the home of some member of the family.

The reunion was held this year at Brownfield, at the home of one of the brothers. The attendance this year is reported not so large as usual, although there were several of the relatives there whom Mr. Jasper had never seen. There were only about 200 people present at the reunion this year.

1901 1939  
 Have Served You for Thirty-Seven Years and are Prepared  
 to Render Better Service than Ever.  
**PROMPT AMBULANCE SERVICE DAY or NIGHT**  
 Prices Same as in Hereford, Call—  
**E.B. BLACK CO., Hereford, Texas**  
**FURNITURE and UNDERTAKING**

**Your Grain Mixture**  
 Is a Better Mixture and a better FEED  
**WHEN WE HAVE GROUND IT**  
 And It Is No Mixture at all, and a better SEED  
**WHEN WE HAVE CLEANED IT.**  
 Our Portable Grinder Is Now Ready to Serve You  
**J. A. GUYER'S FEED MILL**

We are glad September again is here  
 With its good old school days, to all so dear;  
 And to all our Teachers and students, too,  
 We extend the "glad hand" of welcome to you.  
**AND HELPY-SELFY IS ALWAYS READY TO  
 SERVE YOU.**  
**HOULETT'S HELPY - SELFY LAUNDRY**  
 "We take the work out of wash."  
 E. E. Houlette, Proprietor

**NOW IS THE TIME**  
 To have Your Motor Tuned up and Get It ready for  
**THE COLD WINTER MONTHS**  
**SEE US**  
 For a Complete Motor Tune-up, and Complete Overhaul.  
**W. B. WRIGHT**  
**ALL WORK GUARANTEED**  
 Phone 50 Friona, Texas

**REEVE GUYER STILL IMPROVING**  
 Reports from Reeve Guyer, who has been critically ill for several weeks, are to the effect that he is still gradually improving, and is now able to sit up most of the time and is gradually regaining his appetite and strength. Reeve was taken suddenly a several weeks ago, with an ailment that has been variously diagnosed, and was in the hospital for about three weeks, since which time he has been convalescing at home.

**COMMUNITY CULTURE**  
 We, as a community, are proud of our Culture. Whether it  
 be in Religion, Education, Social Affairs, Business or  
 Economics; and  
**IT IS AN ESTABLISHED FACT**  
 That CULTURE depends upon Commercial and Economic Honesty, and that depends  
**honest dealings between the Farmer and the Merchant**  
**IT IS OUR PLEASURE**  
 To do all in our power to maintain Such Relations  
**We have on a supply of the celebrated**  
**TENMARQ SEED WHEAT**  
 Grown in Texas  
 We invite your Patronage and Co-operation  
**Santa Fe Grain Company**

**See Our Line Of Used  
 Cars**  
 All "Spic and Span" and look and work  
 And Ned to be used MORE.  
 They are just too good to be allowed to stand Idle. Step in  
 And see, -- Learn Our Prices, -- and  
**BUY ONE NOW**  
**REEVE CHEVROLET CO.**