

# STOCK AND HORSE POWERS

COLORADO TEXAS

ARIZONA MEXICO NEW MEXICO

Live Stock, Feed Farming and Commerce.

Fifth Year, No. 32.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, OCTOBER 20, 1888.

Weekly, \$3 a Year

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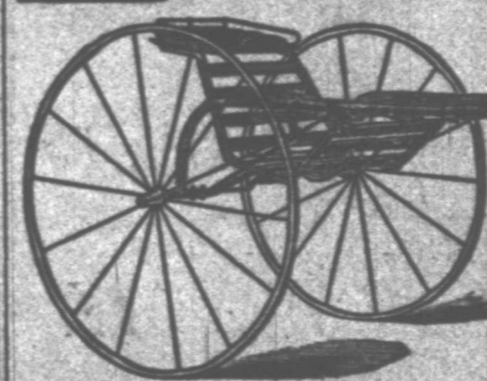
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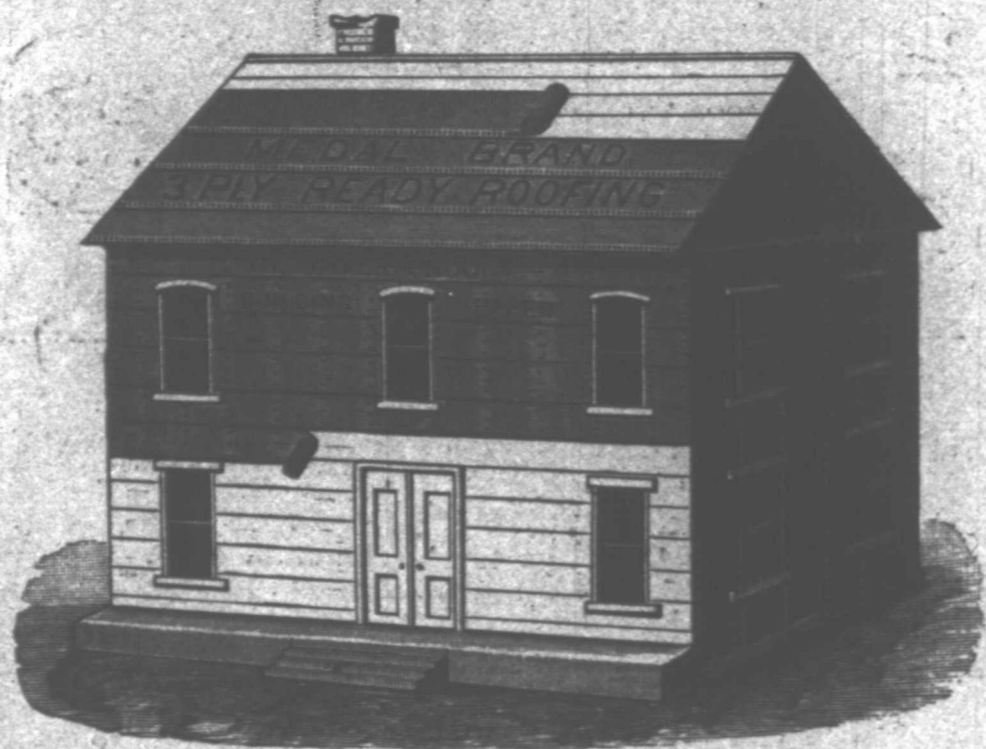
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Has sold in New Mexico during the past season over 1,000 head of grade and thoroughbred bulls, and would refer intending purchasers to any of my customers for the quality and condition of the cattle furnished.

I am prepared to furnish, at any time, thoroughbred or grade bulls, guaranteed of the best strains, and, being Colorado raised, ready for immediate service. The cattle from my herds, at the Albuquerque fair, won all first prizes. Correspondence solicited and inspection of herds invited. Full particulars and pedigrees furnished.

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Of the well-known herd of pure-bred Hereford cattle, of the late Hon. John W. Prowers. Young bulls and heifers for sale; also, twenty-five pure-bred and imported cows, ages ranging from three to six years old. Address all inquiries to

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## Contents.

Editorial Notes	1
The Big Four's Answer	2
Call for Meeting	2
The Pony and the Bull	2
Canned Beef Business	2
A Canine Time-Piece	2
Vilas' Cherokee Order	2
The Dubuque Butchers	3
Not Overstocked	3
Horse Notes	3
The 1888 Corn Crop	3
Hard Markets	3
From All Points	4
San Antonio Horse Market	4
The Savage way	4
Southwest Stock Notes	5
More Cattle Than Sense	6
Personal	6
Kansas City Market	6
At St. Louis	6
Why the Train Ran Slow	6
The Right Trail	4
Copp's Land Review	7
"I Want My Cow"	7
A Hundred Years a Hero	8

The United States senate committee having in charge the investigation of the beef question will be in St. Louis the week beginning Nov. 19, and consequently during the great cattle raisers and butchers' convention. Cattlemen who will not be able to attend the conference should forward to Hon. George G. Vest, Washington, D. C., any information they may have in their possession calculated to throw light on the matter the senate committee have under consideration.

THE range country has a short calf crop to report as a result of the branding for 1888. The cause may be summed up as short feed, scarcity of bulls and scattered herds.

FOR the Chicago papers that are bolstering up that thieving monopoly, the big four, the STOCK GROWER has a scriptural quotation: "Verily, they have their reward."

THE weather prognosticators have not yet promulgated the climatography of the coming winter. Whether we are to phlogisticate and swelter from the warmth of sudoriferous simooms or to didder with the algid, gelid blasts of a way-below-zero season. All of which above might be translated into meaning, are we going to have a warm or cold winter?

IF A current report be true then there are some very short-sighted and foolish cattlemen in the Cherokee Strip. It is said that a number of the present occupants of the strip have stated that if they are dispossessed they will secure revenge by firing the range and utterly destroying the grazing. That would be a poor revenge and one that would ultimately work damage to the perpetrators as the curtailment of the present circumscribed grazing region means a forced marketing of just so many cattle and a consequent depression of prices. Don't do it and don't say that you intend to.

IT HAS become evident to us of the range country that there must be a radical change made in some of the old-time range cattle working methods. We must plant alfalfa or some other good forage plant or must cut gramma hay if possible. This is no longer a steer country but a breeding section, and there must be a reserve of winter feed—not for fattening steers but to keep the weaker stock alive. The old way of trusting to providence to furnish a mild winter was all right when the country was not stocked so heavily and there was grass for stock; but things have changed and "the cupboard is bare." Suppose it does cost \$10 in feed to winter a \$20 cow? Is there not money in the scheme? A system must be adopted whereby the ranges will be ridden thoroughly all during the winter and spring and when a week animal is found it must be brought to shelter and enough feed given it to keep life. This looks like "eastern farm style," but it is good, sound reasoning. The death rate must be kept down or nature will settle the overstocking question of itself by starving down the herds until they fit the range and grass supply.

A WIDESPREAD interest is felt in the coming joint meeting of butchers and cattlemen to be held in St. Louis next month. It is not to be supposed that the attendance upon this meeting, from the range country, will be large in numbers. But it is hoped that a representative delegation of workers will be present. An alliance between the cattlemen and butchers cannot certainly hurt the former and no doubt will result in much good to those engaged in the business of cattle raising. The butchers of the eastern and middle states form a powerful body numerically. They are well organized and possessed of strength politically. It is now necessary to fight the big four by securing such state legislation as will call for live inspection of all cattle killed as meat. That is to say to have all meat inspected alive at the town or place where it is to be sold to consumers. Such legislation would destroy the wide-reaching operations of the four who supply ice box meat. Our friends the butchers will work for such legislation.

### THE BIG FOUR'S ANSWER.

The Chicago *Drover's Journal*, the "organ" of the big four, launches a labored reply to the accusing statements of the STOCK GROWER. To give the readers of this paper a fair chance to examine the defense, it is printed entire below. Read it and see what you can make of it.

The *Drover's Journal* says;

The STOCK GROWER, published at Las Vegas, New Mexico, in its issue of

September 28th contains a hot-tempered article in which it evidently aims to castigate both the *Drover's Journal* and the big four under a single play of its lash. It seems that the ire of the STOCK GROWER has been roused in this particular case by an article under the caption of Baseless Twaddle, which appeared in the *Drover's Journal* on the 17th of September. Against this article the STOCK GROWER charges, foams, and raves—linking in the big four for a full share of its groundless abuse. Right here we must say that it is not our mission to champion the cause of the big four. They need nothing of the kind at our hands, and we say further that we are and ever have been opposed to monopoly, syndicates and trusts of every kind. We believe in open, fair competition in every branch of trade throughout the whole commercial field, and as to the vituperative abuse which has been kept up against the big four, so-called, without stint or measure for the past two or three years by the STOCK GROWER and sundry other papers of its ilk, we have only been led to repeal some of the grosser attacks that have been made by these papers for the reason that so far as they could have any bad effect in any way they smirched the Chicago market to the fullest extent that any baseless twaddle could smirch it. Hence from our standpoint here we have been forced to repel the more glaring imputations that have been hurled recklessly and groundlessly against the big four at the same time involving the character of the whole cattle trade here.

But as to the article in the STOCK GROWER the writer in his eagerness to abuse the big four runs clear away from the subject in hand, after the following fashion:

"When we consider that some of the members of the big four are selling animal fat, cottonseed oil and their compounds under the label of 'refined lard,' we need not expect them to be governed by any high moral principles in their treatment of the cattle producers of the country."

This is very rabid. In our article, which has called out such a bitter onslaught from the STOCK GROWER, we cited the cold fact that the rise of \$1 to \$1.50 per 100 pounds on good cattle, which took place June 1st effectually upset the whole charge against the big four, and over which a thousand changes had been rung that this combination had put the price of cattle down and had been keeping prices down. In an attempt to answer the unanswerable argument which we made on this point the STOCK GROWER gets off the following:

This sophistry of the *Drover's Journal* has been answered time and time again by the live stock papers of the country, and was especially knocked out by Major A. W. Hilliard, vice-president of the International Range association, in a recent interview in the *Dallas News*, in which he said in substance that whenever the big four permitted the market to get away from them, as the *Drover's Journal* says, it is simply because they want to bait cattle into their toll mills, the same as the spider baited the poor fly into his web. The big four do not want to 'kill the goose that lays the golden egg.' They have the power to keep prices down all the time if they choose to exercise it, that is, until the people would arise in their might and pass laws curtailing their powers, which the people are now about to do.

Now let us see how much bottom there is for this subterfuge. Swift & Company slaughtered between the 1st of June and the 2nd of October 250,000

cattle on their dressed beef account and between the first of June and the middle of September they paid just about 75c. per 100 lbs more for the cattle they killed than they had been paying previously, which to state it very mildly, made a difference paid by them of \$7 per head, or \$1,750,000 in the aggregate, and during this time the other three parties making up the big four were forced to work on precisely the same kind of principle, so that these bad people, the big four, have, since the first of June paid \$4,000,000 or \$5,000,000 just for the purpose of "baiting cattle" into their toll mills the same as the spider baited the poor fly into his web."

Three of these parties have been operating regularly in slaughtering cattle and shipped dressed beef at Kansas City and Omaha between the 1st of June and the 2nd of October, where they have relatively paid the same advance in the price of the cattle they have bought there as they have paid at Chicago, so that this single game of spider and fly has already cost the big four several millions of dollars, and according to the present outlook the prices for good cattle will hold up until it will cost them a good many millions more by the same rule before we shall see the low prices of 1887 prevail again for cattle of the best grades. As a matter of fact supply and demand have been the only general governing principle in the Chicago market during the past three years in cattle, hogs and sheep. During that time the big four have bought heavily of hogs and sheep, and in all those operations these parties have been in competition with each other and with all the outside miscellaneous buyers that have been constantly operating against them, for the market here has been open to all kinds of live stock buyers from all outside points and during this time the Chicago live stock market has been in full competition with all other live stock markets. All the buyers that have operated here have been governed by the old-time common principle and have made their purchases of cattle, hogs and sheep at the lowest possible rates on each and every day, and as a matter of fact there has been no crookedness in the buying of cattle here than there has been in buying of hogs and sheep during the time of which we have spoken. The great trouble is that a great revolution has been inaugurated and established in the whole cattle trade which in its natural effects has badly hurt the trade of the common butchers all over the country; hence all the racket we have had over the matter. Upon common-sense, logical principles it would be just as wise to attempt to down the railway system as now established for the purpose of restoring the old coach-and-four system as it would be to attempt to down the dressed beef shipping system as now established for the purpose of restoring the old time butchering system for the handling and marketing of beef cattle.

AN INTERESTING article on the movements of certain stockmen at St. Louis will be found in another column. Read it.

**Call For Meeting.**

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE,  
TERRITORIAL LIVE STOCK ASSOCIATION,  
BENSON, A. T., Oct. 19, 1888.

To the members of this Association Greeting:

The undersigned your president and vice-president earnestly desiring that you should be represented at the forthcoming meeting of the honorable United States senate committee with the beef producing interests and butchers of the western states and territories, to be held in St. Louis on the 20th day of November next, do hereby call a meeting of the Executive Committee, to be held in Benson on the 30th day of the present month, at 10 a. m. At which time this and other matters of interest to this association will be under consideration.

Signed C. M. BRICE,  
ISAAC N. TOWN.

**The Pony and the Bull.**

An adventure in the stock ranges in Nevada is described in the Philadelphia *Call* which reads well. For its accuracy we are not responsible: I rode once with some cattle buyers through the stock ranges of Nevada. My pony—it was called Bob—had drifted into Nevada, Utah, and was known as a buffalo hunter. Bob was as mean-looking as a sheared sheep, and as bullet-headed as a political opponent. However Bob and I got along very well the first day of our acquaintance; got along, in fact, about fifty Nevada miles, which I have carefully estimated to be equal to sixty-five Christian miles.

The next day Bob was tired, or cross, or bored. He regarded the wastes of sagebrush disdainfully, and lunched off the sage-brush, while I threaded my whip upon him, and wore out my spurs on his shaggy sides. Then I lead him a few miles, and he regarded me in big-eyed meditation. When I remounted, which I did only when my shoes were worn out, Bob appeared so broken up that I felt sorry. I determined to go no further that day than the ranch house that we were approaching, for I did not want Bob's life charged to my cruelty. Just before we reached the house a herd of cattle reached us. I may say reached for us. A big bull, the biggest and wildest I remember ever to have seen, selected us for a target.

Considering Bob's condition, I was about to dismount and take my chances afoot, when Bob started. I believe he thought he was entered for the Derby. You never saw such a remarkable rate of speed attained by such a remarkable gait. Bob would alternately roll himself up into a ball and stretch out to three times his normal length; his head would get out of sight into his shoulders, and then go out sight in the distance. Suddenly Bob stopped—very suddenly—so suddenly that it unseated my dignity and pose. Looking about I discovered the cause to be that the bull had stopped. Just as suddenly as the bull began charging the other way, and Bob—that fool of a Bob—began charging the bull. If the bull had been a peck of oats Bob could not have displayed more earnestness in the chase.

Between my anxiety lest Bob should catch the bull, and not knowing what to do with it, and my uncertainty as to my seat, I was very unhappy. Bob, however, appeared to be having a real good time. The chase was kept up for miles, and until the bull suddenly stopped short, and swung his big-horned head around at Bob and me, as we came along. Bob dodged beautifully, and then the bull chased us awhile. The thing was kept up for hours. If the bull wouldn't chase us Bob would chase the bull; it was all the same to him—just as much fun for one as another. I reckon we chased each other—Bob and the bull and I—about fifty miles, when we happened upon a little oasis and Bob and the bull began browsing the unexpected grass together in the most friendly manner. I excused myself and walked back to the ranch.

Why suffer with that aching head when you may be cured with Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

200 LARGE MERINO RAMS, well bred and raised in New Mexico, for sale at \$12. per head, delivered at Albuquerque, N. M. Address G. L. Brooks, Manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

**The Canned Beef Business.**

A Chicago paper has the following:

Famine, war, pestilence and other evils are all providential benefits to somebody. Mr. Bob Sawyer and Mr. Benjamin Allen could not be expected to have grieved with entire heartiness if an elderly man of great wealth had fallen in front of their pharmacy and broken his leg. So with canners of meat and vegetables. At a time when the members of all the peace societies on earth are grieved at Bismarck's expressed opinion that there will be no European war, regarding the utterance, naturally enough, as a pretty good sign of impending war, these gentlemen are rubbing their hands with all the ghoulish glee of a plumber in a blizzard. Great is the canning industry.

"Whatever kind of food anybody can produce, I can," said a wealthy proprietor of one of the largest establishments in the trade, and his feeble joke was not far from the truth.

Hence the glee of the canners. The armies of England and France are fed now very largely on American beef in cans. If the armies are increased and the productive force of the two countries are impaired by reason of a war the trade will assume greater proportions than ever.

The proportions now are staggering. From Chicago alone long trains of cars leave daily for the east, each car holding ten tons of canned beef.

How many cattle in a car? That is a little hard to say. If the entire animal was commonly packed in cars there would be about fifty, but a curious fact has been developed in the trade.

When a "beef critter" is slain about one-third of him is valuable to the butchers who deal in fresh meat. The rest is not easily saleable, though the good people who would like to see the whole world live on scientific principles instead of consulting their palates, insist that the less saleable parts are more nutritious than the choice cuts.

The parts, however, that are least saleable, go into the cans. Plates, navels, briskets, jowl cuts and occasionally the entire carcass of a cow all go to make up the canned-beef supply. The much-abused Texas steer, when he is too tough for the fresh-meat butcher, generally finds his way into the cans.

The scientists continually investigate the canned meat, and not infrequently find new and startling poisons of the most virulent character. Any one of the atoms, according to a scientific analysis, is deadly enough to destroy a regiment, and it seems strange, from a chemical point of view, that anybody remains alive after eating this dangerous food.

As a matter of fact, however, millions of people have been eating it for years, and there is no well-authenticated case of injury arising from the use of canned beef, unless the beef has been injured in some way after the can was opened.

Beef, however, and the standard vegetables are the great staples that form a very considerable fraction of the ocean carrying trade. The beef alone is big enough and important enough to justify the writing of many books about it.

Everybody knows how the business began. Or at least everybody ought to. In 1820, M. Appert, a scientific Frenchman, knowing the chemical fact that cooked food could be kept from decomposition if the air were kept from it, patented a method of packing such food in glass. Not much was done on his patents, however, and it was fifteen or twenty years later when an English firm began packing meat in tin as a regular article of commerce. Their processes, however, were crude compared with those of today, and it remained for American skill to perfect the work within the last dozen years.

This has been done, and now almost every article of perishable food is hermetically packed in tin for preservation and transportation to the time and place in which it is to be used.

You can buy canvas back ducks in cans. Corn beef, plum puddings, shrimps, baked beans, fowls, fish, curried foods, soups and roast beef, in short, almost everything good to eat can be had, and is done up in portable shape, so that it can

be taken to Bombay or Lapland without deteriorating in quality.

And not only are the variety and excellence of the goods very great, but the trade has grown to great magnitude. Many thousands of persons earn their livings in the business, and many millions of dollars worth of beef alone are exported from the United States to Europe.

To return to the beef, however, it may be said roughly that about one-half of a good animal is canned and one-half used fresh. Perhaps two-hundred weight, on an average, of the cooked meat from a single animal goes into the cans, so that each car load of canned meat that comes east contains portions of a hundred beasts. This is only an estimate, but it is a fair one.

When it is remembered that there are many thousands of these car loads annually, and that steamers and sailing vessels are constantly scattering the contents all over the globe, the importance of the tin can becomes apparent.

It has opened an avenue for the profitable disposition of one of the principal food products of the world.

Despised only a few years ago as fit only to be cast out and trodden under foot of man and devoured by goats, the humble can has brought millions of specie into our nation's coffers and carried good food to many other nations.

**A Canine Time-Piece.**

On the banks of St. Mary's river, in the sequestered Ohio village of the same name, lives James Litho, the fortunate owner of a remarkable dog. The animal is named Fritz on account of the German propensity of its master. He is a beautiful specimen, being a sort of amalgamation between the German poodle and the water spaniel species.

The dog has had a varied career with the brightness and the blight common to dog life, but it will suffice to state merely the distinguishing feature of his makeup. Fritz's superiority lies in his power to clearly comprehend the divisions of time in vogue among civilized nations. He seems to be a first-class time-piece in disguise, and if anything an improvement on the stem-winder.

When asked for the time Fritz always replies in his peculiar fashion so correctly that it is quite comprehensible. The hours are designated by sharp barks; the half-hour by a vocalism between a bark and a whine, and the quarter-hour by a pure whine. He seems to take no notice of anything less than the quarter-hour. His head toward the east signifies a. m., and toward the setting sun p. m. It will be seen that the interpretation is very simple, and the key to this canine clock is not being continually lost. For fear that the accusation will be made that Fritz has been taught this as a trick, it should be stated that such is not the case. Mr. Litho and his family are at a loss to explain just when and how their favorite acquired his art, but they are agreed that he is a self-made dog in this respect. His master is a jeweler, and it is but fair to presume that Fritz's every day surroundings have been favorable to his natural bent.

Some of the unsophisticated of the neighborhood explain the freak in a very ordinary manner. They say the dog has howled so much at the town clock when striking, with his head drooped toward the ground, that he finally acquired the habit of telling the time of day by looking at his shadow. The premises, the mode of reasoning, and the conclusion of the above theory is scarcely of that profound nature which would be acceptable to the mental philosopher, and this, together with the fact that Fritz seems to tell the time correctly in cloudy weather, will probably prevent the explanation from gaining a widespread credence.

Perhaps the strangest feat about this remarkable dog is the application of his powers in doing the alarm clock act. Owing to the fact that Mr. Litho's son is in the railway mail service, it has been necessary for him to rise at all hours of the night. So thoroughly has Fritz conquered this branch of the business that the convenience of an alarm clock has long since been dispensed with in the family.

The gong feature of Fritz is easily managed. A wring of his tail just before going to bed informs him that he is to do

the alarm clock operation, and the hour is indicated by the number of twists imparted to his caudal appendage. A quick jerk of the tail backwards is the half-hour set. Fritz always attempts to awake the one who does the winding process by a series of barks graduated like those turned by a fire alarm. He seldom makes a mistake, but when he does it is generally found that some one has accidentally tinkered with his delicate machinery. Another useful trait about Fritz is his persistence in arousing the young ladies of the family for breakfast.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

**Vilas' Cherokee Order.**

Washington advices say that a house resolution will be introduced inquiring by what authority Mr. Vilas issued the notice to the Cherokee Nation not to lease the Cherokee Strip to the cattlemen. Mr. Vilas' order, it is asserted, is in violation of the provisions of the treaty between the Cherokee Nation and the United States, and he desires to ascertain at whose instance it was promulgated. It is believed that the order was issued with a view to clearing the Territory of the cattlemen, so that everything might be in readiness for the proposed Oklahoma legislation. Congressman Barnes intimates that the order was calculated to influence legislation in favor of opening the Territory, and that somebody interested in the Oklahoma bill is responsible. He says that Mr. Mansur, of Missouri, has confessed that he secured the promulgation of this important and significant order, but he is inclined to doubt this assertion, on the ground that the Missouri statesman's vanity and garrulity had led him into this hallucination. While, therefore, Mr. Mansur, in his conceit, lays his flattering unction to his soul, Mr. Barnes is inclined to doubt that the Missourian is the influence behind Secretary Vilas.

A resolution inquiring of Mr. Vilas by what authority of law or treaty he issued his notice, and at whose instance it was issued, will probably be introduced in the senate on Monday, with a request for an immediate reply. The whole matter is now accepted as a flank movement on the part of the Oklahoma boomers, and the opponents of the Springer bill will prosecute the inquiry.

**The Big Four Again.**

A prominent shipper says: It is a fact well-known to most large cattle shippers that whenever the agents of the big four at Kansas City and St. Louis make an unsuccessful bid on Texas cattle, the Chicago agents of the big four are at once informed of the fact by wire, and the latter make it a point to prevent the cattle from netting the owners as much as they were offered at Kansas City or St. Louis, as the case may be. These efforts of the big four to discipline the cattlemen have proven successful to that extent that cattle owners or more generally live stock commission merchants representing them, almost invariably take the first price offered by the big four buyers. Some of the buyers of the big four in conversation with a Chicago commission merchant and a Texas cattleman, a few days ago, spoke of the fact that in bidding against each other there was rarely ever over 5 cents difference between their bids. They took great credit to themselves for this, as indicating great skill in judging cattle values. Cattlemen will, however, probably credit their evenness in bids to preconcerted plans not to run prices up on one another.

WARNER'S Log Cabin remedies—old-fashioned, simple compounds, used in the days of our hardy forefathers, are "old timers" but "old reliable." They comprise a "Sarsaparilla," "Hops and Buchu Remedy," "Cough and Consumption Remedy," "Hair Tonic," "Extract" for External and Internal use, "Plasters," "Rose Cream" for Catarrh, and "Liver Pills." They are put up by H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of Warner's Safe Remedies, and promise to equal the standard value of those great preparations. All druggists keep them.

700 ACRES ALFALFA AND CORN LAND in one body. All under ditch in the Rio Grande valley, six miles from Albuquerque, N. M. Price \$22.50 per acre. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

**THE DUBUQUE BUTCHERS**

**Aroused Over a Proposal to Furnish Their City With Dressed Beef.**

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Oct. 4th.—The butchers in this city have been agitated over a recent visit of an agent to their city with a view to furnishing the town with dressed beef. The Dubuque Herald, in speaking of the matter recently, said that the butchers did not seem to care much where they got their meat from, and made other insinuating remarks. This provoked a strong protest from the butchers and a capital letter to the Herald, of which the following is an extract:

The Butchers' and Drovers' Union presented a petition to the city council some months ago asking that all meat sold within the city limits be inspected alive. A great hullabaloo was raised at the time against the proposition. My own name was brought in contact with the matter as president of the society, an honor which I have never attained, and here, as elsewhere, the poor man was brought to the front as the man to be injured by the meat inspection, when really he would be benefited by it. Now Phil. Armour, of Chicago, sends his agent to the Dubuque butchers, and for the benefit of the poor man he offers to sell them meat cheaper than they can get it here. Your reporter says the butcher don't seem to be interested one way or the other, and why should they be? When they asked the council for live meat inspection, a measure the city by its special charter has the power to order, we were denounced as the enemies of the poor man.

The states of Ohio and Missouri passed special acts through their legislators for live meat inspection. Senator Smith, of Davenport, got a bill through the state senate last winter providing for live meat inspection, but when the big four of Chicago got wind of it and flocked into Des Moines didn't they convince enough granger legislators and some newspapers that are always taking the part of the poor man that it was ruinous for our people to kill their meat at home and have it inspected, but highly beneficial to send our money to Chicago or Kansas City for an article of which we had a surplus up to the present time?

There is not an intelligent farmer in this country that cannot foresee the great harm the introduction of foreign dressed beef will do them. It makes little difference to the butchers whose beef they cut, but they take an interest in the general welfare of the community at large. Live and let live is our motto, and do not send to other cities for what you can buy at home, even if you should have to pay a little more for it.

**Not Overstocked.**

SAN DIEGO CAL., Oct. 13, 1888.

I noticed an article in the STOCK GROWER of the 6th Inst., signed "Many Citizens," warning cattlemen not to bring their cattle to the Pecos county on account of the range being overstocked, I wish to state to such that are in need of range; that I have for sale, on one end of what is known as the Carizozo range, five Springs that will afford water sufficient for 5000 cattle.

The waters control a part of the best grass on the Carizozo range, and to under how good the range is, one need but know that the fat steers turned off of the Carizozo range each spring, (when but few others have fat cattle) get their feed near and about my springs.

I will sell these springs very cheap; in fact for much less than they cost me. For further particulars address

EDGAR A. WALZ,  
1318 D Street, San Diego, Cal.

The poultice which draws out a man's virtues is the sod that covers his grave. If you don't want all your virtues known too soon, regulate your regulator with Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla. It makes pure blood which gives sound health. Largest bottle in market—120 doses for \$1 Druggists.

**Horse Notes.**

[Breeder's Gazette.]

Stuart, the crack French three-year-old of the present season, has broken down, his last race being the Grand Prix of Paris.

A full sister and a full brother to the trotter Geneva S., that has won so much money this season, are owned by A. W. Smith, of Danville, Ky.

The brood mare Dollie, that produced the pacer Fuller, record 2:13½, died at C. F. Emery's farm, near Cleveland, last week. She was by Niagra Chief, but none of her colts except Fuller ever amounted to anything.

The New England record for yearling trotters was reduced from 3:18 to 3:12½ at the recent breeders' meeting at Boston by the bay colt Palin, a son of Messenger Wilkes. He is described as a good gaited one, but a 3:12½ clip is a good way from the 2:13½ of the California filly Norlaine.

Diablo, a son of Eolus that has already won stakes to the value of \$14,000 this year, cost his present owner less than \$550 last winter, being deemed of little account. As the get of Eolus generally train on it is expected that Diablo will cut a prominent figure in the handicaps next season.

The five-year-old stallion Surprise by McGregor Chief, dam by Sam Kirkwood, fell dead on the track at Norfolk, Neb., not long ago, while scoring in a race. He had a record of 2:23½, made at Marshalltown, Ia., last June, and was such a good one that he was sold for \$5,000 directly after the performance.

Oliver K., 2:16¼, came near being burned to death at the Louisville track not long ago when J. B. Shockency's stables took fire. Fortunately the groom had the son of King Wilkes out for exercise when the flames made their appearance, which saved his life, as the other horses in the barn were consumed.

The race mare Luna Brown, that was a good performer when the distance she was asked to go was not too long, was destroyed in this city recently, one of her feet having rotted off as the result of nerving. This operation, by the way, while almost universally successful in curing lameness that results from laminitis, generally results as above stated.

The stallion McLeod, record 2:19¼, made last year in a race at Cleveland, has been sold to J. B. Cassidy, of Colorado Springs, Col., and will be used in the stud. He is the first stallion with a record of better than 2:20 to stand in Colorado, but the people of that section want stallions whose speed has been developed, just as the people in other sections of the country do.

"Mambrino," whose right name is H. D. McKinney, has a right to be proud of his stallion Phallamont, a son of Phallas, as his get were first in all the stakes of the Wisconsin Breeders' association, trotted during the state fair in Milwaukee. Phallamont Girl, the crack three-year-old of the McKinney stable, can trot in 2:26, and the others are good ones of their age.

The stallion Pilot Medium, whose get have been winning so many races this year, was sold to his present owner for \$125, having a spavin and being deemed of little account. Now his colts bring fancy prices. Girlue, the three-year-old by Pilot Medium that Peter Johnston gave a record of 2:28¼ at the Wisconsin State fair, will probably be bought by Chicago parties within a few days, the price to be paid being \$3,000.

Viking, 2:20¼, by Belmont, and out of the famous Pilot Jr. mare Waterwitch, trotted a mile over the half-mile track at Tilton, N. H., recently in 2:22, which was a great performance in view of the fact that he had just closed a heavy season in the stud, having, as is the case with most stallions that are trotting-bred and whose speed has been developed and publicly shown, all the mares that his owner cared to breed him to.

Dan Sparling, who was a few years ago famous as a jockey, and after whom a well-known race horse was named, died at a New York hospital recently in destitute circumstances, having gone to the dogs by reason of excessive indulgence in liquor. When in his prime there were few better riders than Sparling, and his name was

associated with some of the best horses in the country. He rode Parole is nearly all the races run by the famous gelding as a two-year-old, and also had the mount on Saxon, Faithless, Idalia, and others.

Harry W. Seale, a prominent Californian and well known as a breeder of trotters, died suddenly Sept. 6 while discussing a race in which one of his horses had taken part that afternoon. Mr. Seale had a large ranch at Mayfield, and among the animals bred there was Overman, 2:19¼, that Orrin Hickok was so successful with and that is now being driven on the road in New York city.

The three favorites for the English St. Leger this year were the property of three of the richest men in England. Ayreshire belonging to the Duke of Portland, whose income is simply stupendous; Orbit to the Duke of Westminster, whose net annual income is nearly \$4,000,000, and Seabreeze to Lord Calthorpe, who is worth half a million pounds annually. The last-named horse, by the way, was the winner.

The four-year-old stallion Brown, record 2:18¼, that went lame during the breeders' meeting in this city, is slowly recovering, but will not take part in any more races this season. He is owned by Mr. J. I. Case, and the other noted horses that are the property of this gentleman, Jay-Eye-See and Phallas among the number, are reported in the best of health. Bither thinks that Jay-Eye-See will be ready for business again next year. Phallas was exhibited at St. Louis last week.

The thoroughbred stallion Revolver by Revenue, dam Balloon by Yorkshire, died last week at Washington Court House, O., where he has been owned for a number of years. In view of the fact that his chances in the stud were of the most limited character, there being but few thoroughbred mares in the country. Revolver did remarkably well as a sire of speed, among those of his get that ran well being Willie D., Fraud, Culpepper, Edwin A., Jericho, Turfmau, Daisy D., Surge, Maumee, Risk, and add.

John Harris, manager of the Seven River Cattle company, of Lincoln county, New Mexico, was in Fort Worth last evening on his return west from the Indian Territory, and in reply to questions from a Gazette reporter stated that he had read an interview of Colonel C. C. Slaughter's and articles in the Gazette in relation to the enactment by the various states of the country of laws requiring towns and cities to appoint inspectors, whose duty it should be to condemn all meat which did not come from cattle that had been inspected alive by the local inspector and found to be healthy; he stated that laws of this character would remove from the public mind all suspicion of diseased meat, and would in consequence increase the demand for beef, and that in his opinion, if the people of the United States were offered pure, wholesome beef at a price in anyway commensurate with the price that cattle raisers receive for their cattle, the consumption of beef in the United States would be increased fully one third, if not one-half, as beef is the only kind of meat that people can eat every day in the year without getting tired of it. Mr. Harris stated that he should endeavor to be present in St. Louis at the meeting of cattle men and butchers to be held there November 20, and that he thought it was the duty of all cattlemen, that could possibly do so, to attend this meeting. He stated further that this meeting would be composed of homogeneous interests—as only beef men and butchers would participate in the meeting and there could be no question but what they would work in harmony; and with the light that the United States senate committee, who have charge of the investigation of the beef question, would be able to throw on this subject, he did not doubt that such wise measures would be inaugurated as would result in accomplishing some good. He considers this move a step in the right direction to break the power of the beef ring, which has used its immense power to the detriment of the cattle industry as well as the public at large.

DEFEAT is a school in which truth always grows strong. Though your disease baffle your physician, if you put your blood in good order with Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla, you can rely on finally growing well and strong. Pure blood means good health.

**The 1888 Corn Crop.**

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 7.—The following estimate of the total corn crop of the United States for 1888 will appear in the Farmer's Review on October 10:

As the increase in the corn crop of 1888 over that of 1887 will be produced almost entirely in seven great corn states, viz: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, we have compiled a careful estimate of the crop in those states on the basis of the average yield per acre as reported by the Farmer's Review correspondents and the area planted as estimated in the July report of the department of agriculture. The total for the seven states is 1,435,184,859, as compared with 780,425,000, the yield reported by the department of agriculture for 1887, or a gain of 654,759,859 bushels.

Assuming that the crop in other states will be equal to that reported for the last year by the department, viz: 875,936,000 bushels, we estimate the total corn crop of 1888 as 2,110,920,858 bushels.

**Mythical Buffaloes.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 12.—"A story which is now going the rounds of the press," says Mr. W. T. Hornaday, of the Smithsonian institution, "is of startling interest to naturalists, and to the general public as well. It relates how a herd of over fifty buffaloes nearly ran over a western hunter, swam the Missouri river, stampeding for water, so it is said, about sixty miles north of Bismarck, Dak., and then dashed of northwest, presumably in search of more water, and disappeared. Evidently there is a herd of buffaloes in Northwestern Dakota which runs in a circle, and swims the Missouri river every year at about the same point. In March, 1887, two western newspapers published a circumstantial account of how a herd of about fifty buffaloes crossed the Missouri about ten miles above Bismarck, near the town of Painted Woods, and ran on in a southwesterly direction. I wrote immediately to W. S. Barrows & Co., taxidermists, of Mandan, just across the river from Bismarck, inquiring for the facts in the case, and that firm replied with gentle sarcasm that they had not heard of any buffaloes coming that near town. A letter of inquiry to Mr. S. A. Patterson, postmaster at Painted Woods, where the herd crossed, elicited the following reply: "The whole rumor is false, and without any foundation. I saw it first in the Bismarck Tribune. I believe that the herd last reported is the same invisible herd that was reported in March, 1887, and that it will swim the Missouri river just above Bismarck again next year, and annually thereafter until further notice."

**Hard Markets.**

If a man desires to realize how hard a market we have had recently for Texas and Indian cattle, he may examine the following sales made at Kansas City last week, and which are a fair sample of the way cattle sold at other markets at the same time. The sales are as follows:

No.	Av.	Pr.
130 steers.....	977	\$2.50
107 same.....	1178	2 00
198 Same.....	1077	2 40
101 same.....	913	2 50
68 same.....	1081	2 25
88 same.....	1025	2 45
46 same.....	1130	2 10
162 same.....	1128	2 40
57 same.....	962	2 35

Now here are about one thousand steers averaging 1040 pounds in weight selling at an average price of \$2.30 per hundred, and netting to the owners not over \$20 per head or less than 2c. per pound. These steers were full four years, or 1500 days old, and if they were worth \$5 per head as calves they paid about a cent per day for grazing privileges during their existence on grass, and this not counting as loss their brothers that fell by the wayside before reaching a marketable age.

It is a wonder that cows and calves are going to market, or that cattle production is decreasing with rapidity?—Texas Live Stock Journal.

10,000 NEW MEXICO RAISED one and two-year-old steers for sale in bunches to suit purchaser at low prices. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

FROM ALL POINTS.

Live Stock Notes Carefully Collected from Every Source.

The Texas *Stockman and Farmer* offers as special premiums for the best pen of five grass heaves at the San Antonio fair, a \$75 saddle, and for the best pen of ten grass muttons, a \$75 registered Merino ram.

J. P. Maloney, of Sterling, sold last week, 100 yearling steers, delivered on the range, to Gen. M. Z. Smissien at \$9.50 per head. This is the best price we have heard of in years, being paid for yearlings.—*San Angelo Standard*.

John Gaddis has sold 99 ones and twos to Jinks Blocker at \$7.50 and \$11.50. Joe Ellis delivered, last Saturday, at Jinks Blocker's ranch on North Concho, 500 ones and twos of the Jefferson, Miller and Ellis cattle at \$7.50 and \$11.50.—*San Angelo Standard*.

Jno. K. Rosson, who returned from Canadian, in the Panhandle gave a very fair example of how the cattle are running, by saying that out of ninety-seven cars of cattle shipped to Stephens & Dobyns, the firm he represents only two or three were of steers, the balance were cows, calves and heifers.—*Texas Live Stock Journal*.

H. S. Tom, of Willson county, was in town this week and says that yearlings at \$6 are scarce as saints in his section, because the grass is too good to let it go to waste for want of stock to eat it. In a recent shipment to New Orleans some two-year old steers of his netted him over \$16 per head. "You bet, they must have been Joe Dandies."—*Texas Live Stock Journal*.

About 500 head of cattle were delivered last week to Capt. Schreiner at Hartwell's ranch and Markler's pasture, and this week he received 3000 head of ones, twos and threes on South Gualdaoupe. A third bunch for the same gentleman is being bought up in Kendall county at \$5 and \$7.50 for yearlings and two-year-olds. W. D. C. Burney, of Conter Point, sold 76 head of good cattle in fine condition to Jesse Burney at \$5 per head, calves included.—*Kerrville Texas News*.

The Moccasin round-up and the sheepmen in that vicinity have united in constructing an apparatus to check prairie fires. They propose to build tanks and locate them at various ranches on the range, the tanks to be placed on the running gear of wagons, so they can be moved about as occasion may require. In addition to the tanks they will construct and attach a drag made of several thicknesses of old carpets or wool sacks sewed together, about 12x16, which will be kept wet and dragged over the fire by a wire attached to the horn and saddle. It is believed that fires in their incipency can be easily checked by this means.—*Lewistown Argus*.

A new move in transportation in England is to attach special cars to passenger trains for carrying cattle, for those who care to pay for an accommodation of this kind. It is intended more especially for the benefit of breeders of thoroughbred stock transferring their animals from fair to fair, and moving them to other places. We have not heard how the innovation works, but do not see why it should not be a success if charges are not unreasonable. It is generally understood that in this country we have for a long time not only been carrying hogs on passenger trains but in passenger coaches; but in bringing cattle on board with human freight the Brion scores one head.—*National Stockman*.

It is very evident that the improved outlook for beef cattle in the last few months has not sufficed to cause a rush into beef making—and it is just as well that this is true, for the better times hoped for would certainly be retarded if not wholly prevented by such a policy among stockmen. Among the evidences that the people are still distrustful of cattle is the fact, before alluded to in these columns, that there is this season a phenomenally liberal marketing of female stock, as though farmers were anxious to curtail the possibilities of production. It is also true that in local markets almost everywhere this has been a year of very liberal marketing of dairy calves. When people are crowding into the cattle business there is no such wholesale destruction of cows and calves.—*National Stockman*.

With their usual slowness the Englishmen are awakening to their danger from diseased meat. Although they have not got their eyes open very wide they evidently have them turned in the right direction. A Manchester butcher has been sent to jail for two months for having diseased horse flesh on sale in his shop.

The people of Fort Worth, Texas, are certainly to be commiserated with upon the state of their meat market. Steaks from old cows and tough bulls, made tender by a freezing process which fills them with impurities and disease—breeding qualities, are brought there from Kansas City and sold for tenderloins. What aggravates this matter is the fact that these steaks are served in the public eating houses.

The importation of cattle to the Panhandle at this season of the year will prove to be a disastrous movement for the stockmen owning them. The experiment has been tried before and its termination should be a warning. From a herd of eleven thousand head turned loose here three years ago, only seven hundred lived through the winter. They were in poor condition when turned loose and could not stand the rigors of winter. Cattle must be in good condition to stand a Panhandle winter and they should be brought here early in the season so that they may fill up on Panhandle grass and get a good coat of tallow on their ribs before severe weather sets in.—*Texas Panhandle*.

The editor of the *Stockman* has been honored with an invitation to deliver an address at the coming St. Louis meeting, for which honor he returns thanks. As to the address, well we'll see about it. There will be no trouble about chin music in *quantum sufficit* on that occasion. There will be people there from here and everywhere, loaded with anathemas to be hurled with unrelenting force at the devoted heads of the big four, which, "anacondalike, has coiled its clammy folds" about the meat industry, etc., etc. All of which will not amount to a last year's drouth in Texas. There has been so much talk already that nobody pays much attention to it. In fact, the more we reflect over the matter, the more we begin to think if any body wants to know what we believe ought to be done with the big four, they would better send two dollars, invariably in advance for the *Texas Stockman and Farmer*.

When the natives which were turned into the pens used in the Union stock yards in Chicago for Texas cattle, took the Texas fever and died, every northern live stock paper and many of the leading dailies and weeklies give the news especial prominence and some dilated on the deadly contact of Texas cattle, and the danger to the northern cattle interests. But when the experiments went on by putting healthy native cattle with the sick, and no further spread of the fever occurred, none having the fever except those which had actual contact with Texas cattle, or had been penned in the same pens, not a line could be found in the papers that had previously devoted columns to the deadly Texas fever item. This is an unfair treatment of Texas at the hands of the northern agricultural and live stock papers. No intelligent Texas stockman denies that certain Texas cattle, (and exactly which is not yet determined) may communicate a deadly fever to northern stock, but they have always asserted that said fever cannot spread except by actual contact or coming into contact with pens or pastures recently occupied by the Texas cattle, consequently there is no danger whatever of a Texas fever epidemic. The Chicago experiments clearly prove this very important fact, and justice demands that the northern live stock journals give this fact wide spread publicity. Nevertheless we can hope for some fairness in the reports from the bureau of animal industry at Washington. Texas is not afraid to have the world know the "truth," the whole truth and nothing but the truth about Texas fever. It is the garbled truth that is worse than a lie.—*Texas Live Stock Journal*.

ONE small particle in the eye pains the whole body. Use Warner's Log Cabin Extract. It will cure many a pain.

300 LARGE MERINO RAMS, well bred and raised in New Mexico, for sale at \$12. per head, delivered at Albuquerque, N. M. Address G. L. Brooks, Manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

To Overhaul the Land Department.

If the Nevada senators can effect it there will be a pretty sharp investigation of the secret service of the land department and incidentally of the methods of the department itself. One of the subjects of investigation proposed is whether the expenses and annoyances to settlers by the operations of the secret service of the general land office are retarding the growth and prosperity of the states and territories where the land are situated.

The investigation, if ordered by the senate, will involve a large field, going thoroughly into the operations of the department and its agents, under the present administration, and as it is a matter of considerable local interest, the features of the measure by which it will be authorized are here given in full. The committee on contingent expenses recommend that the investigation be ordered.

Resolved, That a committee of five members of the senate be appointed by the presiding officer for the purpose of investigating—

1. Whether there has been any improper use of the moneys appropriated by congress for the purpose of protecting timber on the public lands, investigating fraudulent claims to the public lands, or for any other purpose connected with the administration of the general land office.
2. Whether any fraudulent practices whereby the public lands are illegally acquired exist, and whether the same are knowingly tolerated by the commissioner of the general land office.
3. Whether any discriminations have been made by the commissioner of the general land office or any of his subordinates between citizens of the United States in investigating claims to the public lands, or in canceling or setting aside applications to buy or enter public lands.
4. Whether there have been any discriminations between persons who have entered upon or fenced the public lands in the recommendations, prosecutions, or the removal of fences, or any other matter connected therewith, and if all such persons have been treated alike, or whether some have been allowed to illegally occupy the public lands while others have been required to remove therefrom.
5. Whether there have been any secret compromises between the commissioner of the general land office or any of his subordinates and influential persons or corporations, whereby the government of the United States has been defrauded and illegal claims to lands patented.
6. Whether any prosecutions have been recommended by the commissioner of the general land office at the instance of persons or their attorneys or agents having or claiming an interest in the lands to be recovered adverse to the United States.
7. Whether the name of the United States has been improperly used on the recommendation of the commissioner of the general land office to prosecute citizens of the United States for any improper purpose.
8. Whether the mode of conducting the secret service in the general land office is fair and impartial, affording to citizens whose rights are affected thereby a fair and reasonable opportunity to be heard before decisions are rendered against them, and whether settlers on the public lands are prevented from obtaining pre-emptions and homesteads by secret manipulations of agents or employes of the general land office.

San Antonio Horse Market.

The market is recovered materially under the order by the railroads to receive stock from all points in the cotton states except those in which it is known that yellow fever actually exists. There has been considerable inquires for mules and saddle horses are fairly active for ranch uses. Mares are dull and some very low sales were made this week of thin stock, one going at \$8 per head. The retail trade, owing to the very fine weather has been fair. Shipments were 856 as against 690 for the week previous.

Quotations are as follows:

Scrub and poor mares, 12 to 13 1/2 hands	\$ 8@12
Scrub, fair conditioned, 12 to 13 1/2 hands	11@14
Medium mares, 13 to 14 hands, fat	17@20
Medium mares, 13 to 14 hands, thin	15@16
Yearling fillies, branded	8@9
Yearling fillies, unbranded	10@12
Two-year old fillies, branded	10@13
Two-year old fillies, unbranded	12@14
Texas improved mares, 14 to 15 hands	30@40
American carriage horses, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2	75@100
Saddle horses, good, 13 to 14 1/2 hands	20@30
Saddle horses, poor, 13 to 14 1/2 hands	16@22
Unbroken horses, 13 to 14 1/2 hands	15@23
Weaned, unbranded colts	4.50@6
Mules, Mexican, 12 to 13 1/2 hand	27@46
Mules, improved, 13 1/2 to 14 hands	45@65
Yearling mule colts, improved	25@30
Two-year mule colts, improved	30@40
Yearling mule colts, Mexican	15@20
Two-year mule colts, Mexican	20@30

—*Texas Live Stock Journal*.



LOG CABINS have mostly disappeared as human habitations. Many good people have lived happy lives in them, and many great men have been born in them. Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla and "Tippecanoe" Stomach Tonic, made by Warner of Safe Cure fame, are reproductions of the best of the old time remedies, with which the pioneers of America maintained their rugged health.

THE SAVAGE WAY.

How the Indian Treats an Injury—Old Time Methods.

The savage is emphatically the child of nature. He lives close to nature, his only education is gained in nature's school.

When the Indian receives an injury, he does not seek a cure in mineral poisons, but binds on the simple leaf, administers the herbal tea, and, with nature's aid, comes natural recovery.

Our rugged ancestors, who pierced the wilderness, built their uncouth but comfortable Log Cabins and started the clearings in the woods, which in time became the broad, fertile fields of the modern farmer, found in roots and herbs that lay close at hand nature's potent remedies for all their common ailments. It was only in very serious cases they sent old "saddle bags" with his physic, which quite as often killed as cured.

Latter day society has wandered too far away from nature, in every way, for its own good. Our grandfathers and grandmothers lived wholesomer, purer, better, healthier, more natural lives than we do. Their minds were not filled with noxious isms, nor their bodies saturated with poisonous drugs.

Is it not time to make a change, to return to the simple vegetable preparations of our grandmothers, which contained the power and potency of nature as remedial agents, and in all the ordinary ailments were efficacious, at least harmless?

The proprietors of Warner's Log Cabin remedies have thought so, and have put on the market a number of these pure vegetable preparations, made from formulas secured after patient searching into the annals of the past, so that those who want them need not be without them.

Among these Log Cabin remedies will be found "Log Cabin sarsaparilla," for the blood; "Log Cabin hops and buchu remedy," a tonic and stomach remedy; "Log Cabin cough and consumption remedy," "Log Cabin hair tonic," for strengthening and renewing the hair; "Log Cabin extract," for both external and internal application; "Log Cabin liver pills;" "Log Cabin rose cream," an old but effective remedy for catarrh, and "Log Cabin plasters." All these remedies are carefully prepared from recipes which were found, after long investigation, to have been those most successfully used by our grandmothers of "ye olden time." They are the simple, vegetable, efficacious remedies of Log Cabin days.

The butchers of Pueblo should meet and organize, or at least elect a representative to go to St. Louis and participate in the national meeting of butchers and cattlemen.—*Pueblo Live Stock Review*.

**ROYAL**

**BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be so d in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

THE STOCK GROWER.

ISSUED WEEKLY AT LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO. Office, Bridge Street, in Stock Grower Building.

THE STOCK GROWER COMPANY.

The Subscription Price of THE STOCK GROWER is \$3.00 a year, payment in advance. Single copies, ten cents. New subscriptions can commence at any time during the year.

The Stock Grower is sent to subscribers until an explicit order is received by the publishers for its discontinuance, and all payment of arrears is made, as required by law.

Discontinuance.—Remember that the publishers must be notified by letter when a subscriber wishes his paper stopped. All arrears must be paid. Returning your paper will not enable us to discontinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your postoffice address is given.

Always give the name of the postoffice to which your paper is sent. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.

The Courts have decided that all subscribers to newspapers are held responsible until arrears are paid, and their papers are ordered to be discontinued.

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Only Journal devoted exclusively to the stock growing, feed farming and commercial interests of the Southwest. We give the cattle news of the range country.

Endorsed by every cattle association and representative ranchman in the southwest.

- Official Paper of the Pima County, Arizona, Ranchmen's Association. Official Paper of the Lincoln County Stock Association. Official Paper of the San Miguel County Stock Association. Official Paper of the Dona Ana County Stock Association. Official Paper of the Central New Mexico Stock Growers' Association. Official Paper of the Canadian River Live Stock Association.

Officers and Members of the Cattle Sanitary Board of New Mexico. LEWIS LUTZ, President, East Las Vegas, N. M. J. E. SAINT, Albuquerque, N. M. S. S. JACKSON, Kingston, N. M. J. D. WALKER, Secretary, Las Vegas, N. M.

Officers and Members of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of Arizona. C. M. BRUCE, Chairman, Tucson, A. T. A. J. CHANDLER, Secretary and Veterinarian, Tucson, A. T. ISAAC N. TOWN, Calabasas, A. T. THOS. HALLBERG, Signal, A. T. WILL C. BARKER, St. Joseph, A. T. N. B. BOWEN, Prescott, A. T.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1888.

SOUTHWEST STOCK NOTES.

Short Items Relative to Stock and Stockmen of the Southwest.

The Red River company has relieved its range here of one thousand head of cattle, which were shipped yesterday to the company's Gila range.—Colfax County Stockman.

The Nathas Hall Cattle company shipped 19 cars of cattle on Wednesday. Their destination is the Indian Territory, where they will be put upon the range.—Magdalena Mountain Mail.

Talking about overstocked ranges, you'd think so to see the cattle on the prairies around and about Clayton. It reminds one of a vast herd browsing leisurely along.—Clayton Enterprise.

Articles have been filed for the incorporation of the Diamond L Cattle company, with principal place of business at Deming. The directors are James A. Lockhart, M. C. Van Norman, T. F. Chapman. The cattle and range of the company is located southwest of Deming.—Silver City Enterprise.

Friday morning of last week, Mr. Jas. X. Y. Sutherland was united in marriage to Miss Pearl Parsons, both of Roswell. The knot was tied by Justice Frank H. Lea. The groom is the manager of the Anderson & Bloom Cattle company, and has the respect of all who know him. The bride is the niece of A. H. Whetstone, Esq., and has been the belle of her balliwick for a long time.—Lincoln County Leader.

A bold attempt at horse stealing was made at the line Monday night. The parties, whoever they were, caught two horses, a bay and gray belonging to Sam Abbott and Mat Nichol's sorrel horse well known through this country. Nichol followed them on foot for a considerable distance and finally caught up with them while they were trying to catch his horse, which they had driven ahead. He got close enough to hear them talking, and judging that they had accomplished their work emptied his six-shooter at them, but without effect. The men rode off, but it was so dark he could not tell whether they took Abbott's horse or not. He then tried to catch his but the animal was so thoroughly frightened that he could

not get near him, and he was compelled to walk back. The next morning Nichol and Abbot got horses and started out in search of their horses. All three animals were found within a short distance of this point returning to their old haunts after being turned loose. The thieves are evidently men who are willing to take desperate chances, as Nichol's horse was staked within a few feet of his tent. Besides the horse is known by nearly every cowboy in the country and they could not have gone in any direction, but what they could be traced.—Clayton Enterprise.

Reports from Colorado and New Mexico are to the effect that the ranges in those parts are already bare, and the cattlemen are moving out as rapidly as possible. We call the attention of the Panhandle Stock association to this fact and would suggest that some united action on their part is necessary to protect themselves from being overrun, as our fine ranges will be an attraction hard to resist. We have heard of several large outfits working this way.—Texas Panhandle.

James Hinkle and Mr. Gunter, prominent Lincoln county cattlemen, arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Hinkle is manager of the big Casey & Adair Champion Cattle company, (CA-) and is here on land business. Mr. Gunter is a big cattleman whose ranch is on the Penasco, adjoining Mr. Hinkle's. He goes from here to El Paso on important business, and it is rumored that when he returns to the ranch one of the fair belles of Lincoln county will change her name.—Mesilla Democrat.

The San Vicente Cattle Company have filed articles of incorporation under the laws of New York, New Jersey and New Mexico. The capital stock is \$300,000, divided into 6000 shares of a par value of \$50 each. The names of the stockholders are Thomas Lyons, Angus Campbell, Jno. C. Baron, Alexander Gunn, Oliver P. Payne, A. P. Gorman and William C. Whitney. The directors of the company are Thomas Lyons, Jno. C. Baron and Alexander Gunn. The range of the company lies immediately south of this city.—Silver City Sentinel.

The Panhandle Stock association has been a potent factor in bringing this Panhandle country into its present state of security and prosperity, and it is to be deplored that such an organization is apparently dying out because of the lack of interest shown by its members. Good work has been accomplished but there is still a strong necessity for more. A measure in a measure been driven out, but there has sprung up another deadly enemy that needs to be combated and laid low—the big four, of Chicago, and the sooner measures for their suppression are begun the sooner will prosperity return to our stockmen.—Texas Panhandle.

The Clayton Enterprise gives the beef herd of the El Capitan Land & Cattle Co. a hard shot. It says: The cheekiest outfit that has as yet struck this neighborhood is that of the "three blocks" who have a herd here awaiting buyers. Tuesday they drove all the domestic cattle away from a water hole, within less than a half mile of town, which is on private lands, and brought their own cattle up to water. And yet we suppose the owners are among the "many cattlemen" who propose taking "any means" to defend themselves from the threatened invasion of cattle from the northeastern part of the territory. Mighty is the supply of gall with which some people are blessed.

Mr. J. C. DeLaney, of Lincoln county, writes the following: I have only time to give you a few facts in reference to Mr. Goodin. Dr. Taylor was sent for twice and went to the ranch to see him. He was brought here on Sept. 26th., his good wife accompanying him. Dr. Taylor did all he could for him, and Mrs. G. seldom left his bedside day or night. His disease was abscess of the liver and derangement of the kidneys. He died at 20 minutes to 2 o'clock, p. m., Oct. 7th. Dr. Taylor did not, at any time, entertain hope of his recovery. He died as a candle-flame would expire, without a struggle. He was born in Union county, Illinois, Oct. 25, 1835, and I understand was a Mason in good standing. He was buried at Fort Stanton, Oct. 8th inst. Mrs. M. E. Richardson was with Mrs. Goodin during her watches and final trial here and rendered her all the assistance and comfort she could. Mrs. Goodin and her three children went home yesterday by government ambulance kindly furnished by Capt. Overton, who is temporarily in command.

WARNER'S LOG CABIN REMEDIES.—"Sarsaparilla,"—"Cough and Consumption Remedy,"—"Hops and Buchu,"—"Extract,"—"Hair Tonic,"—"Liver Pills,"—"Plasters,"—"Porous Electrical,"—"Rose Cream," for Catarrh. They are, like Warner's "Tippecanoe," the simple, effective remedies of the old Log Cabin days.

A well-known stockman in conversation regarding the conference at St. Louis of cattlemen and butchers said: That former meetings of cattlemen have not accomplished anything for the beef interests is not surprising. The St. Louis association, and also the present Chicago association, known as the Consolidated Cattle Growers' association, are composed of cattlemen, raisers, feeders, breeders, dairymen, commission merchants, etc., representing such diverse interests that it is out of the question that they should unite on any practical plan that would remedy existing evils. Colonel Charles James, president of the National Butchers' Protective association, attended the meeting in Chicago of the Consolidated Cattle Growers' association year before last, in order to try to secure concert of action among the cattlemen and butchers for mutual benefit. When Colonel James obtained the floor and commenced his remarks on the beef question he was promptly called to order, and was shut off unceremoniously. Some members of the Chicago dressed beef syndicates were present at that meeting, and their influence had been sufficiently strong in that organization to prevent its taking any measures for the benefit of the cattle producers or butchers which would prove injurious to the big four. The International Range association, at a meeting following a few months after that of the Chicago convention, appointed a committee of three to investigate the beef question. This committee never made any report, and in consequence no steps have ever been taken by that association looking to the bettering of the condition of the western cattlemen. While the Range association has accomplished some good, and while it will undoubtedly prove of benefit to western range interests, at the same time it is a local association in a national sense, as its membership is composed solely of those interested in the range cattle business. The beef question must be handled from a national standpoint, by men interested in the business from every state and territory in the country, in order to accomplish good results. For this reason the Consolidated Cattle Growers' association or the International Range association cannot accomplish what it is reasonable to believe the coming meeting of cattlemen and butchers of the United States, to be held at St. Louis in November, can accomplish.—Fort Worth Journal.

Weak will power, from physical causes deranges a man's life in every direction. Every one will strengthen his will powers as well as his bodily powers, by using Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla. It is guaranteed the best. Sold by your druggists for \$1. Contains 120 doses. Take no other for it.

More Cattle Than Sense.

The Dallas News of last Tuesday contains the following, which simply shows that a man may own a good many cattle and still be a fool:

"A gentleman that owns more cattle than did the ancient party who ranched on a multitude of hills, stated to the News yesterday that the live stock sanitary boards ought to be called in, and diseases given a chance to kill off the surplus cattle, so that the fittest which survived would be worth something. He says that if it were not for hog cholera hogs would not be worth a continental. What all the cattle business is not beef syndicates, and things of that sort to which the depressed condition of the market is generally ascribed, but too many cattle, and the remedy he suggests is to give pleuropneumonia, splenic fever and other bovine diseases, real and alleged, which the cow doctors say are looking for situations in this country a showing at the cattle. He says that nothing would contribute more to the boosting up of cattle values in this country than the introduction of all the surplus cattle diseases lying around loose in Europe. He says he would be willing to lose half of his herds if half of all other herds in the country died at the same time.

Gen. Norman J. Colman, commissioner of agriculture, and Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, are in Chicago as we write conferring with the beef barons and pork princes of the city in regard to a display of pork and beef product of this country at the Paris exhibition next year. Congress has made an appropriation of \$300,000 to promote the American part of this exhibition, and as \$42,000 of this sum has been placed at the disposal of the commissioner of agriculture, he has, wisely we think, decided to devote \$25,000 of this amount to securing an exhibit of our meats, salted and otherwise. It is to be hoped that he will meet with hearty co-operation at the hands of those especially interested in our export trade.

SCRIP LOCATIONS on surveyed or unsurveyed land a specialty. Complete title obtained without delay. Send for circulars and prices: G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

2966 Notice for Publication. [Homestead No. 1287.] LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 16, 1888, viz: Manuel Abreu, for the NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 27, N 1/4 SW 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4, Sec. 26, Twp. 2 N, range 26 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Peter Maxwell, Anastacio Marea, Vicente Otero, Charles Cole, all of Fort Sumner, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

2966 Notice for Publication. [Preemption No. 1875.] LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 16th, 1888, viz: Peter Maxwell, for the S 1/4 NE 1/4, W 1/4 NE 1/4, NE 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 35, Twp. 2 N, range 26 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Manuel Abreu, Anastacio Marea, Vicente Otero, Charles Cole, all of Fort Sumner, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

MARRIED MEN, or those entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility, quickly assisted.

OUR SUCCESS is based upon facts. First—Practical Experience. Second—Every case is especially studied, thus starting right. Third—Medicines are prepared in our laboratory exactly to suit each case, thus effecting cures without injury. Send 6 cents postage for celebrated works on Chronic, Nervous and Delicate Diseases. Thousands cured. A friendly letter or call may save you future suffering and shame and add golden years to life. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cents in stamps. Address or call on

DRS. BETTS & BETTS, Corner Champa and Seventeenth Streets, DENVER, COLO.

Notice for Publication. [Homestead No. 2121.] LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate judge of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 29, 1888, viz: Kemary Kitter, for the Lots 2, 3 and 4, and NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of Sec. 6, Twp. 13 N, range 37 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: R. M. Perkins, Samuel Newman, Wm. S. Lackey, Jas. E. Johnson, all of Endee, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

Notice for Publication. [Preemption No. 1987.] LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M., September 25, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of San Miguel county, at Las Vegas, N. M., on Nov. 15, 1888, viz: James K. Blanton, for the W 1/4 SE 1/4 and E 1/4, SW 1/4 of Sec. 4, Twp. 1 N, range 28 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: W. Carter, John Hull, of Fort Sumner, N. M.; Byron Hixon, Pope Hixon, of Puerto de Luna, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

THE STOCK GROWER.

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1888.

PERSONAL.

Items of Interest Relating to Stock Growing People.

Mr. M. Slattery, manager of the Waddingham interests, returned this week from Kansas. He goes to the ranch Monday.

Robt. Minus, the Alamo Gordo cattleman, will to-morrow ship from Las Vegas a train load of steers to the Kansas City market.

Five hundred head of feeders passed through Las Vegas this week from Ash Fork, Arizona. They go to Nebraska and are the property of Day & Fisher.

J. C. Leary, the well-known live stock agent of the Denver & Fort Worth railroad, was a visitor in Las Vegas this week. He reports plenty of cattle going over his line.

W. H. E. Llewellyn, the popular live stock agent of the great Santa Fe route, was in the city this week. He says that his road will have all it can do in the next thirty days in the way of cattle hauling.

Mr. Joe Overhals, the Santa Fe's energetic cattle shipper, reports business lively in his line and notes the arrival of 18 cars of steers from Lamar, Colo., at Watrous, N. M., consigned to the Phenix Farm Co.

N. F. Cooke, who represents Irwin, Allen & Co. live stock commission merchants of Kansas City, called on the Stock Grower this week. Mr. Cooke is well-known throughout northern New Mexico and Colorado and will no doubt be a valuable man for his firm.

The Kansas City Market.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS, Oct. 19, 1888.

Special to the Stock Grower:

The supply of common and medium cattle has been fairly large. Good range steers ruled alightly higher in prices.

Representative sales and prices were:

242 Texas steers	1224	2 75
20 " "	807	2 20
21 " "	900	2 20
69 " "	951	3 00
43 " "	1039	2 60
22 " "	950	2 70
64 " "	988	3 00
96 " "	808	2 20
90 Colorado c. f. steers	1335	4 00
16 Texas steers	841	2 15
32 Texas heifers	584	1 60
399 " cows	828	1 75
504 " "	819	1 92
386 " spayed heifers	807	2 12

ed about as occasion may require. In addition to the tanks they will construct and attach a drag made of several thicknesses of old carpets or wool sacks sewed together, about 12x16, which will be kept wet and dragged over the fire by a wire attached to the horn of a saddle. It is believed that fires in their incipency can be easily checked by this means.—Lewistown Argus.

A new move in transportation in England is to attach special cars to passenger trains for carrying cattle, for those who care to pay for an accommodation of this kind. It is intended more especially for the benefit of breeders of thoroughbred stock transferring their animals from fair large cattle combines of the country and their relations with small dealers and the public, will meet in St. Louis on the 20th prox., just one day before the meeting of the cattle convention. Although a month will elapse before those two meetings take place, the cattle associations in various parts of the country are collecting data to be presented to both bodies, and especially to the convention, looking toward the enactment of state laws requiring towns and cities to have meat inspectors, who shall be authorized to condemn all meats of animals not previously inspected on the hoof. A number of prominent cattlemen from Texas, New Mexico and elsewhere are in the city at present laying the foundation of the mode of procedure to be carried out by the convention and enlisting local dealers in the cause.

Said a well-known and prominent cattleman from Texas to a Globe-Democrat reporter yesterday: "Two or three large slaughtering firms at Chicago and elsewhere have succeeded in crippling and almost entirely breaking down the retail trade of the western country. They have not only succeeded in running the trade

of the butchers, but are controlling the entire cattle market and carrying the trade to Chicago. It is a notorious fact that three-fourths of the cattle now sold go to Chicago, while a short time ago it was divided, some going south and a reasonable proportion to St. Louis and other large cities. It is now shipped back as dressed beef to the various localities from which it was originally shipped, and there sold below local rates. We believe that an inspection in the nature of a police and sanitary regulation will curtail the operations of these gigantic establishments and scatter business, and, therefore, restore it largely to its old channels."

The gentleman added that the republican and democratic platforms of New Mexico, the democratic platform of Texas, the republican platforms of Kansas and Nebraska, all the boards of trade of the west and southwest, the cattle growers' associations of New Mexico, Colorado and Texas, the Deep Water convention, and numerous other public and private bodies of prominence, have addressed circulars to the cattle and commercial interests of the country indorsing the proposed legislation, and asking them to have representatives in attendance at the convention, which will be the largest of its character ever held on the continent.

By the way. It might be mentioned that Mr. Chris. Brokate, secretary of the Butchers' National Protective association of the United States, and who was recently detailed by the health department of this city to inspect the condition of the stock yards at Chicago and Kansas City, has submitted reports to Health Commissioner Dudley, in which he makes some startling disclosures relative to the condition of some of the cattle offered for sale at the stock yards of those two places. At Chicago he found cattle suffering from cancer, injuries of all kinds, and even Texas fever, being carried to the slaughter pens to be converted into beef and sold to the public. At Kansas City he discovered such a condition of espionage over strangers that he found investigation difficult. By careful watching, however, he discovered several head of diseased cattle in the slaughter pen, but not to such an extent as at Chicago, which he attributes to the live stock inspection law in operation in Kansas City. But there are an inadequate number of inspectors. He gives names, dates and circumstances in detail as to what he discovered in both places, and presents documents which, if published in full, would be liable to send an icy chill through the veins of the lover of good steaks and roasts.

Why the Train Ran Slow.

A man was one day making a trip on a "mixed train," on a Dakota road, says the Texas Siftings. Passage on the trains is never taken except for journeys of a considerable length; walking is as easy, and much faster for a short distance. On this occasion the movement was even more deliberate than usual, and the passenger called the conductor to his seat and said:

"Isn't this motion pretty slow?"  
 "Well, we ain't flying, I'll admit."  
 "Sure everything's all right."  
 "I think so."  
 "Wheels all greased?"  
 "Yes, I greased them myself."  
 "Tires all on?"  
 "Yes. We run through the creek back here and soaked up the wheels, so that they would stay."  
 "Any spokes loose?"  
 "No."  
 "You are certain that all the wheels are on the rails?"  
 "They was when I come in."  
 "Couldn't be possible that any of them are off and the axle dragging, could it?"  
 "I guess not."  
 "Are we going up hill?"  
 "No, this is pretty middlin' level."  
 "Do you always run at this gait?"  
 "No, we generally hump along a little faster'n this."  
 "May I ask what is the trouble then?"  
 "Certainly. We found a two-year-old steer stuck in a trestle back here, before you got in, and stopped and helped it out. You know the rules of the road are, that in such cases the animal belongs to the company."

"But I don't see why that should make you run so thundering slow."  
 "Why, you blame fool, we're takin' that steer along to headquarters; got it tied on behind, and is ain't used to leadin'

and don't walk up very well. I'm doin' all I can; got the brakeman prodding it up with an umbrell', and an ear of corn tied to the bell rope. If you think I'm goin' to start up and go howlin' along and yank the horn off as good a steer as there is in the territory, why you're mistaken, that's all. Us train men can't expect our pay unless we bring in some stock once in awhile."

The Right Trail.

Now, cowboys, give attention, and list to what I say. I'm out upon the round-up, a' hunting every stray. And though you've bust the hoppers and dragged the picket-pin, and quit the flat & jumping to the follow path of sin, I'll haze you in the narrow trail, where safely you can ride. It leads up to the home ranch, across the big divide.

You need not carry fodder, for you'll be sure to find Very best of sustenance and peace unto the mind. The round-up boss has promised to watch the trail of all. Of every stray and maverick that answers to my call. And range replete with plenty, where dangers ne'er betide, You'll find up at the home ranch across the big divide.

I'm not the only one who's gathering up the herd, For sinner's names are legion who need God's holy word. So come and join some outfit, no matter what the brand, For anyone will lead you up to the holy land. If with sincere repentance, to be God-like you have tried, You're welcome at the home ranch across the big divide.

There are so many trails in this degenerate day, If you should hunt for landmarks perhaps you'd lose your way. Split the breeze of the first one that leads you towards the right, Put trust in God Almighty and use everybody while. Come and shed your folly and every grain of pride, You'll wind up at the home ranch across the big divide.

Don't fall into temptation, but leap it wide and clear, As oft you've jumped a washout behind a Texas steer. And when weak souls are drifting and parting from the herd, Just tell them of the wind-break found in God's holy word; He'll say with every promise on which you have relied, He redeems them at the home ranch across the big divide.

God has made these promises, and makes them unto you, While he gathers up the big herd, he wants skimmilkers too. If beef steers on the scale are only large and fat, What if they ranged the Rio Grande or skimmilked on the Platte? So boys tie down these precepts and don't you let them slide, But strike off for the home ranch across the big divide.

If you do unto others as to you you'd have them do, When they skip and pull their freight pray they may wind up true; You forgive your enemies and act upon the square, When you reach the grand corral he'll gladly meet you there; God I know is merciful when our weak souls are tried, He close herds at the home ranch, across the big divide.

And now from deeds of evil come break the sinful spell, And you'll reach the cavyard up at the home corral; When death, the tire-less chop-horse, cuts you from out the band, He will run you to the bunch where the righteous ones all stand. An eternity of joy, with dear friends at your side, Awaits you at the home ranch across the big divide.

William McAdams and Mark Waite were arrested by Deputy Sheriff Force yesterday afternoon at McAdams' ranch on a charge of stealing eight cattle and one horse. The cattle were worth \$30 apiece, and the horse \$70. The stock was stolen from Abraham Moskowitz, eight miles down the Platte, on the 12th of October, were driven about four miles away, recaptured and taken back to their owner. McAdams and Waite were taken to the county jail and gave bonds for their appearance on Saturday before Justice Sale.—Denver News.

BOSQUE BONITA ALFALFA AND GRAIN FARM, 500 acres highly improved. 150 acres seeded to alfalfa. Two miles from San Marcial, N. M. Price very reasonable. Address G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N.

Day and Night

During an acute attack of Bronchitis, a ceaseless tickling in the throat, and an exhausting, hacking cough, afflict the sufferer. Sleep is banished, and great prostration follows. This disease is also attended with Hoarseness, and sometimes Loss of Voice. It is liable to become chronic, involve the lungs, and terminate fatally. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral affords speedy relief and cure in cases of Bronchitis. It controls the disposition to cough, and induces refreshing sleep.

I have been a practising physician for twenty-four years, and, for the past twelve, have suffered from annual attacks of Bronchitis. After exhausting all the usual remedies

Without Relief,

I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It effected a speedy cure.—G. Stoveall, M. D., Carrollton, Miss.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is decidedly the best remedy, within my knowledge, for chronic Bronchitis, and all lung diseases.—M. A. Rust, M. D., South Paris, Me.

I was attacked, last winter, with a severe Cold, which grew worse and settled on my Lungs. By night sweats I was reduced almost to a skeleton. My Cough was incessant, and I frequently spit blood. My physician told me to give up business, or I would not live a month. After taking various remedies without relief, I was finally

Cured By Using

two bottles of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral I am now in perfect health, and able to resume business, after having been pronounced incurable with Consumption.—S. P. Henderson, Saalsburgh, Penn.

For years I was in a decline. I had weak lungs, and suffered from Bronchitis and Catarrh. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral restored me to health, and I have been for a long time comparatively vigorous. In case of a sudden cold I always resort to the Pectoral, and find speedy relief.—Edward E. Curtis, Rutland, Vt.

Two years ago I suffered from a severe Bronchitis. The physician attending me became fearful that the disease would terminate in Pneumonia. After trying various medicines, without benefit, he prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved me at once. I continued to take this medicine, and was cured.—Ernest Colton, Loganport, Ind. ††

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

NEW MEXICO goes into the winter with short grass and thin cattle, but lots of pluck.

15,000 3 1/2 pound sheep, 90c. head.  
 12,000 5 pound sheep, \$1.25 per head.  
 10,000 6 1/2 pound sheep, \$1.50 per head.  
 8,000 8 pound sheep, \$1.75 per head.  
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 Address, G. L. Brooks, Manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

Send a 2 cent stamp to Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., for a set of their attractive album cards.

81 2-YEAR-OLD HEREFORD BULLS, wintered in New Mexico, on board the cars at Aleman, N. M., on the A. T. & S. F. R. R. at \$35 per head. Address, G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

STOCK HORSES, WANTED TO BUY GOOD stock horses. Address, with full description and price, H. R. Trask, Liberty, N. M.



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**COPP'S LAND REVIEW.**

**Annual Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office—Recommendation That the Pre-emption and Timber-Culture Laws Should be Repealed—Reasons why.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 17, 1888.  
To the Stock Grower:

The annual report of the commissioner of the general land office is in the hands of the printer and will be given to the public in a few days.

Like several of his predecessors in office, Mr. Stockslager recommends legislation for the prevention of frauds in relation to the acquirement of title to public lands and expresses, in no uncertain language, the opinion that the pre-emption, timber culture, desert land, and homestead laws so far as relates to the commutation clause, should be repealed or greatly modified, and that the public domain should be devoted exclusively to the use and benefit of persons who in good faith desire the same for actual homes.

An enormous array of testimony is introduced tending to show that the laws above mentioned admit of the perpetration of frauds, are detrimental to the settlement of the country, and operate to defeat the best interests of the government which demand that the lands shall be actually occupied by bona fide citizens and settlers owning their homes.

The repeal of the pre-emption, desert land and commutation clause of the homestead laws is advocated because they afford opportunities by which unscrupulous speculators, with the aid of conscienceless confederates used as dummy settlers, are enabled to acquire title to vast areas of land to be held for sale at advanced prices or to be leased to families why by reason of their greed are prevented from securing homes of their own. They tend to the erection in this country of a landlord and tenant system similar to those of some European countries, inconsistent with the principles of our government, and to build up a landed aristocracy.

The timber-culture law is denounced, not because title to land is frequently fraudulently secured under the same, but because it operates to reserve the lands from settlement for a period of years without any equivalent to the government and with but little cost to the timber-culture entryman. The entry of 160 acres costs but a small sum as fee and commissions. Nothing is required of the entryman for one year, then he must break five acres of the land—at a trifling cost. During the next year he must cultivate the five acres already broken and break another five acres. The next year he is required to plant five acres to timber and cultivate the other five. The next he must plant the second five acres to timber.

Thus, at a trifling expense, the party may for four years exercise complete control of a quarter section of land without violating or evading the law, and sell a relinquishment of his entry for a good round sum, the increase in value rendering the privilege of entering the land very valuable.

The registers and receivers of nearly all of the district land offices, in letters to the commissioner, concur in the opinion that the majority of public land frauds are perpetrated under the laws named. It is almost certain that the commissioner's report, with its convincing testimony, will secure at the next session of congress, if not at this, a repeal of the pre-emption and timber-culture, and at least a modification of the desert land laws.

HENRY N. COPP.

Every wife and mother in the country should know the great value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, as a blood purifier. It gives tone, health, and strength, to the vital organs, corrects all irregularities, and expels impurities from the system. Young and old use it. Price \$1.

1,700 GRADED ANGORA GOATS and 50 thoroughbred Angora bucks for sale at reasonable prices and in lots to suit purchaser. Send for descriptive circular. G. L. Brooks, manager, Albuquerque, N. M.

**"I Want My Cow."**

I am not quite sure of dates, but it was late in the fall, I think, of 1777, that a foraging party from the British camp in Philadelphia made a descent upon the farm of Major Rudolph, south of that city at Darby. Having supplied themselves well with provender, they were about to begin their return march, when one of the soldiers happened to spy a valuable cow, which at that moment unfortunately made her appearance in the lane leading to the barn-yard; and poor Sukey was immediately confiscated for the use of the company.

Now, this unfortunate cow happened to be the pride of the farm, and was claimed as the exclusive property of Miss Anne Rudolph—the daughter of the house—aged twelve years. Of course, no other animal on the estate was so important as this particular cow, and her confiscation by the soldiers could not be tolerated for a moment. So Miss Anne made an impetuous dash for her recovery, but finding the men deaf to her entreaties and the sergeant proof against the storm of her indignation, the high-spirited child rushed over to the stables, saddled her pony, and was soon galloping off toward the city, determined to appeal to the commander-in-chief of the British army, if nothing less would save the life of her favorite.

Meanwhile, poor Sukey trudged along, her reluctant steps quickened now and then by a gentle prick with the point of a bayonet in her well-rounded side.

To reach the city before the foraging party was the one thought of the child, as her pony went pounding along the Chester road at a pace that soon brought her within the British lines. She was halted at the first outpost by the guard, and the occasion of her hot haste was demanded. The child replied:

"I must see the General immediately."  
"But the General cannot be disturbed for every trifle. Tell me your business, and if important, it will be reported to him."

"It is of great importance, and I cannot stop to talk to you. Please let go my pony, and tell me where to find the General."

"But, my little girl, I cannot let you pass until you tell me whence you come and what your business is within these lines."

"I come from Darby, and my business is to see the General immediately. No one else can tell him what I have to say."

The excitement of the child, together with her persistence, had its influence upon the officer. General Washington was in the neighborhood, with his ragged regiments, patiently waiting the opportunity to strike another blow for the liberty of the colonies. The officer well knew that valuable information of the movements of the rebels frequently reached the British commander through families residing in the country, and still in secret friendly to the crown. Here might be such a case, and this consideration determined the soldier to send the child forward to headquarters. So, summoning an orderly, he directed him to escort the girl to the General.

It was late in the afternoon by this time and Cornwallis was at dinner with a number of British officers, when "A little girl from the country with a message for the General" was announced.

"Let her come in at once," said the General, and a few minutes later Miss Anne Rudolph entered the great tent.

For a moment the girl hesitated, overcome, perhaps, by the unexpected brilliancy of the scene. Then the spirit of her "Rudolph" ancestors asserted itself, and to her, Cornwallis, in full dinner-costume, surrounded by his brilliant companions, represented only the power that could save her favorite from the butcher's knife.

"Well, my little girl, I am General Cornwallis," said that gentleman kingly. "What have you to say to me?"  
"I want my cow."

Profound silence reigned for a moment; then came a simultaneous burst of uproarious laughter from the gentlemen all around the table. The girl's face reddened, but she held her ground, and her set features and flashing eyes convinced the General that the child before him was of no ordinary spirit.

A few words of encouragement, kindly spoken, quickly restored the equanimity of the girl. Then, with ready tact, the

General soon drew from her a concise narration of her grievance.

"Why did not your father attend to this for you?" he asked.

"My father is not at home now."  
"And have you no brothers for such an errand, instead of coming yourself into a British camp?"

"Both of my brothers are away. But, General Cornwallis," cried she impatiently, "while you keep me here talking, they will kill my cow."

"So—your brothers are away from home. Now, tell me, child, where they can be found?"

"My oldest brother, Captain John Rudolph, is with General Gates."

"And your other brother, where is he?" inquired the General.

"Captain Michael Rudolph is with Harry Lee."

The girl's eyes fairly blazed as she spoke the name of gallant "Light-Horse Harry Lee." Then she exclaimed, "But, General, my cow!"

"Ah, ha! one brother with Gates and one with Lee. Now," said the General severely, "where is your father?"

"He is with General Washington," frankly answered the little maiden, "but he is a prisoner now."

"So, so. Father and brothers all in the Continental Army! I think, then, you must be a little rebel."

"Yes, sir, if you please—I am a little rebel. But I want my cow!"

"Well, you're a brave, straightforward little maiden, and you shall have your cow, and something more, too." Then, stooping forward, he detached from his garters a pair of brilliant knee-buckles, which he laid in the child's hands. "Take these," he said, "and keep them as a souvenir of this interview, and believe that Lord Cornwallis can appreciate courage and truth, even in a young rebel."

Then, calling an orderly, he instructed him to go with the child through the camp in search of the cow, and when he should find the animal, to detail a man to drive her home again. So Miss Anne returned in triumph with her cow. And those sparkling knee-buckles are still treasured by her descendants as a memento of Cornwallis and the Revolution.  
—N. Y. Weekly Witness.

**A Strange Breed of Cattle.**

A strange breed of wild cattle is found in the high hills skirting the Umqua Valley, Oregon. In the mountains near Riddles and Rosebud, they are probably most plentiful, but they do not venture down into the valley much. They stay on the hills and get water from the living springs which rise there. For the most part they are concealed in the dense growth of oak and fir in these mountains. There is heavy underbrush, too, so that it is a hard matter to get them. They go in bands of six or eight usually, but at night a herd of forty or fifty get together and lie down in the same yard—that is, they sleep in the same spot, which is usually a secluded spot among the trees. A band of wild cattle have been known to get together on a clear space like this every night for a couple of years. When feeding, there are always a few bulls to act as sentinels. While the cattle graze in bands of half a dozen or so, they are, nevertheless, close to bands, so that at an alarm from one of the bulls, which leisurely feed on higher ground, they all run away together. The cattle are all colors and wilder than deer. It is a hard matter to get a shot at them, for the reason that their scent is so keen. They can smell a man a long distance off. They got wild in 1853, when the old man Riddles and two or three others of the old settlers came to the valley. Their cows wandered off and could not be found. After two or three years when the pioneers wanted beef all they had to do was to rig out pack animals and go up into the mountains. The animals had to be killed on sight, the same as deer or bear, for they could no more be driven down than deer could. Once killed they were quartered, packed on the horses, and carried down. They have been hunted a good deal of late years, so that there are not so many as there used to be. A peculiarity about these cattle is that their eyes and horns are jet black. The retina, iris, and the whole apple of the eye is one mass of black. You can't distinguish any difference in any part of it. The horns, too while being black as ink, are long and sharp. Brought to bay, the Oregon wild cattle are very wicked fighters,

**DRS. BETTS & BETTS**

Corner Champa and Seventeenth Streets, DENVER, COLO.



**NERVOUS** Debility, spermatorrhoea, Semina Vital Powers, Sleeplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Lassitude, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, Aversion to Society, Easily Discouraged, Lack of Confidence, Dull, Listless, Unfit for Study or Business, and finds life a burden. SAFELY, PERMANENTLY and PRIVATELY CURED.

**BLOOD AND SKIN** Diseases, Syphilis, a disease most horrible in its results, completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Blisters, Pimples, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Catarrh, etc. PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

**URINARY** Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Frequency of Urinating, Urine high colored or with milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

**To Young Men and Middle-Aged Men. A SURE CURE** The awful effects of early weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreadful ills, permanently cured.

**URETHRAL STRICTURE** Permanently cured! Removal complete: neither knife, caustic or dilation: without pain or injury. Proof indisputable.

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**OUR SUCCESS** Is based upon facts. First—Practical Experience. Second—Every case is especially studied, thus starting aright. Third—Medicines are prepared in our laboratory exactly to suit each case, thus effecting cures without injury. Send 6 cents postage for celebrated works on Chronic, Nervous and Delicate Diseases. Thousands cured. A friendly letter or call may save you future suffering and shame and add golden years to life. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cents in stamps. Address or call on

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**STEERS FOR SALE.** 300 to 500 3 and 4-year-old, N. M. raised, A1 condition. Address, W. A. Irvin, Hilton P. O., Dona Ana Co., N. M. 2714

**CHAMPION** **BALING PRESS.**  
Take up to two tons at one stroke. Leads 10 to 15 tons in one. Double working. Easy on men and team. Uses no draft.

**CHAMPION CONTINUOUS TRAVEL**  
Easy to Feed. No Bridge to climb. Presses two fourths each round of the team.

Send for Circulars with prices.  
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SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.

DIVISION OF CATTLE. ROBERT MINGUS AND C. A. RATHBUN.

Robt. Mingus. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop left and underbit right.

Horse brand, generally on left hip or thigh. All horses' tails bobbed.

C. A. Rathbun. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Alamo Gordo. In some cases the brand is on right side. Ear mark, crop and split left.

Horse brand, on left shoulder and hip.

In consequence of the dissolution of the firm of Robt. Mingus & Co., the stock in the old brands

remain the undivided property of the old firm. Calves following cows in either of these brands are to be branded as heretofore. The cattle so far divided have been branded

For account of Mingus. The is on the left shoulder and generally through the M. The cattle have been divided the same way.

For account of Rathbun. The is on the left hip and generally through the N. The have been divided the same way.

Old and New Mexico Ranch and Cattle Co. Lou H. Brown, Supt. P. O.: Hatchita, Grant county, N. M.

Deming Land & Live Stock Co. Incorporated Nov. 1887. Successor of "Deming Cattle Co."

Warren Bristol, Pres. C. H. Jones, Vice-Pres. and Sec'y. C. H. Danz, Treas.

Place of business, Deming, N. M. Range, between vicinity of Deming and Cook Peak mountains.

Robt. Mingus. C. A. RATHBUN.

Leach & Lane Cattle Co. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, south of Wagon Mound.

W. T. Marshall. P. O.: Wagon Mound. Range, Escondido, south of Wagon Mound.

Robt. Mingus. C. A. RATHBUN.

Carpenter-Stanley Cattle Co. P. O.: Fort Cummings. Range, east side of Cook's Peak, Grant county.

GRANT COUNTY.

Lindauer Cattle Co. S. Lindauer, Manager. P. O.: Deming, N. M. Range, on McKnight's Cienega, on Upper Mimbres

Lyons & Campbell. P. O.: Silver City, N. M. Range, Duck Creek, Mule Springs and Middle Gila, Grant county.

J. F. LaTourrette, President. W. H. Willcox, Sec'y and Treas.

BRANDS OF THE WAGON MOUND Local Stock Growers' Associat'n

H. H. Chandler - Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks.

Mrs. W. A. Crocker - Cattle branded on right hip, C right shoulder. Ear marks.

J. S. Elzea - Cattle branded on right side. Ear marks.

S. H. Fairchild - Cattle branded on left side. Other brand, Z.

G. O. C. McCrohan - Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks.

J. F. Maldaner - Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks.

T. C. Garlington - Cattle branded on right hip. Ear marks.

W. T. Marshall - Cattle branded on left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks.

T. F. Maulding - Cattle branded on left side. Ear marks.

H. C. Reed - Cattle branded on right shoulder, side and hip. Ear mark.

Watkins & Ecton - Cattle branded on right hip, side and shoulder. Ear marks.

MORA COUNTY.

M. Johnston. P. O.: Wagon Mound, N. M. Range, Vermejo. Horse brand, same on left hip.

The Wendling Cattle and Land Co. OF COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO. New Mexico Division.

Range, on OK ranches, Mora county, and on Glen Mora ranch in Mora and San Miguel counties.

H. T. Sinclair. P. O.: Wagon Mound, Range, Vermejo and Teta Vegue.

The Riverside Cattle Company. W. B. BRUNSTON, Manager. P. O.: Shoemaker, Mora county, N. M.

Portsmouth Cattle Co. E. E. HOLMES, Manager, P. O.: Kansas City, Mo.

Farr Bros. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Red River and Alamacitos.

H. D. Reinken. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range: Cherry Valley and vicinity, Mora county.

Aaron Bales. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Petrosco canon and Cherry valley, Mora Co.

T. E. MITCHELL, Range Manager, P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M.

Dubuque Cattle Co. General Management, Dubuque, Iowa.

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M.

Other Brands: OO, HD, OO, ED

A. L. Penhallow. P. O.: Tramperos, Mora county, N. M.

Other Brands: OO, HD, OO, ED

MORA COUNTY.

Charles Sumner. P. O.: Watrous, Mora Co. Range, south of Wagon Mound.

Shepard & Hall. P. O.: Tequesquite, N. M. Range, Alamacitos.

Illinois Live Stock Co. J. S. HOLLAND, Manager. P. O.: Tramperos, N. M.

E. A. CAHOON, Foreman. P. O.: Cimarron, Range, Cerososo Canon, Colfax county.

Home Land and Cattle Co. Principal office, Cass avenue and Second street, St. Louis, Mo.

Range, on the Perico, Colfax county, N. M. Cattle branded on left hip and left side, and right hip and right side.

Additional Brands: N-N on right or left side. X on left side and hip.

Miller & Harshman. P. O.: Springer, N. M. Range, Ocote, Colfax Co.

Palo Blanco Cattle Co. O. A. HADLEY, Manager. P. O.: Springer, N. M.

S. W. Dorsey. P. O.: Chico Springs, New Mexico.

Range - Currumpa, San Rafael, Cinnegulla, Perico, Carrizo, Pinipottus, and Sierra Grande, Colfax county.

Additional Cattle Brands: left side and hip.

left or right side. CS left hip or side.

left side and hip. LRB on left side.

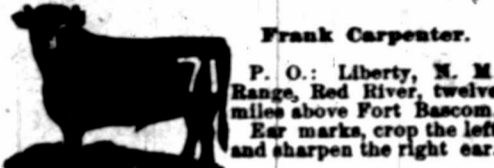
left side and hip. LRB on left side.



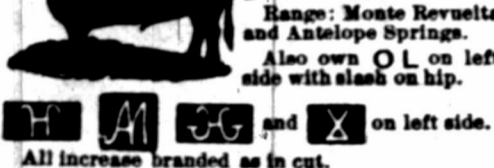
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



D. G. Fritalen. P. O.: Liberty, San Miguel Co., N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca. Ear marks, crop and slit twice the left ear. Horse brand, 77 on right hip.



Frank Carpenter. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Red River, twelve miles above Fort Bascom. Ear marks, crop the left and sharpen the right ear.



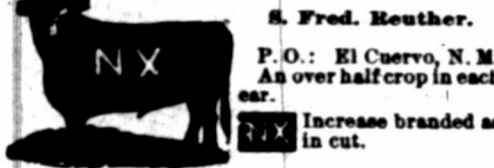
H. R. Trask. P. O.: Liberty, San Miguel county, N. M. Range: Monte Revuelta and Antelope Springs. Also own O L on left side with slash on hip.



A. Straus, Manager. P. O.: Liberty, Range, Rincon del Charco. Horse brand, same as on cattle, on right shoulder or left hip.



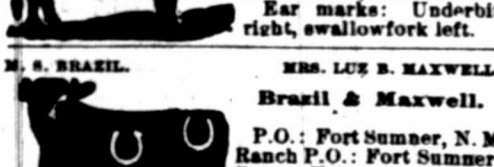
H. & L. Davidson. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca, San Miguel county. Ear marks, overslope left. Horse brand, on the left shoulder thus:



S. Fred. Neuther. P. O.: El Cuervo, N. M. An over half crop in each ear. Increase branded as in cut.



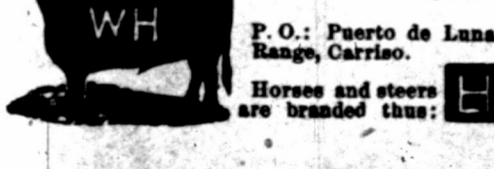
Neuther & Nahm. P. O.: El Cuervo, N. M. Crop two splits left; half undercrop right. Increase branded as in cut.



MRS. L. B. MAXWELL. Brazil & Maxwell. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county, New Mexico. Horse brand, on left shoulder.

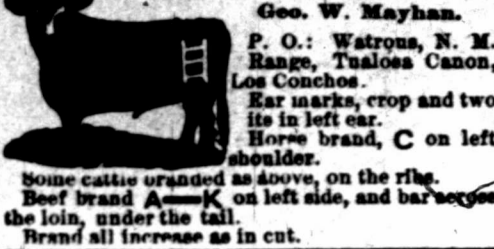


Fort Bascom Cattle Raising Co. STEPHEN E. BOOTH, Mgr. P. O.: Fort Bascom, San Miguel Co., New Mexico. Range, Baca Location, No. 2. Horses branded same as cattle on the left hip.



Mariano Hinojos. P. O.: Puerto de Luna, Range, Carriso. Horses and steers are branded thus:

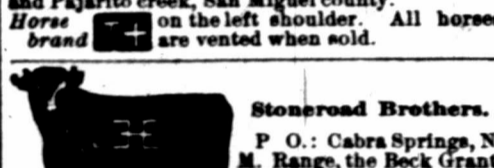
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



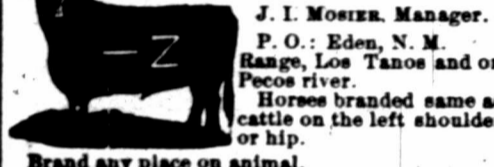
Geo. W. Mayhan. P. O.: Watrous, N. M. Range, Tualosa Canon, Los Conchos. Ear marks, crop and two its in left ear. Horse brand, C on left shoulder.



P. C. Pixlee. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Tierra Blanca and Pajarito creek, San Miguel county. Horse brand on the left shoulder. All horses are vented when sold.



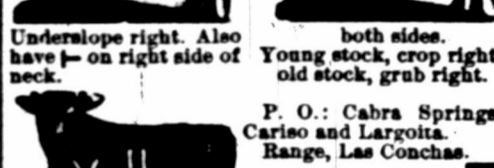
Stoneroad Brothers. P. O.: Cabra Springs, N. M. Range, the Beck Grant. Horse brand 2 on the left thigh.



Montezuma Cattle Co. J. I. Mosier, Manager. P. O.: Eden, N. M. Range, Los Tanos and on Pecos river. Horses branded same as cattle on the left shoulder or hip.



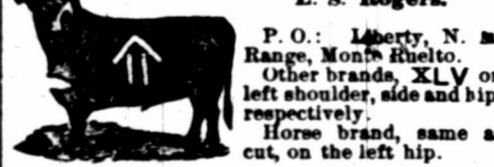
Simon Frankenthal. P. O.: La Cinta. Range: La Cinta Creek. Horse brand: S F on left shoulder.



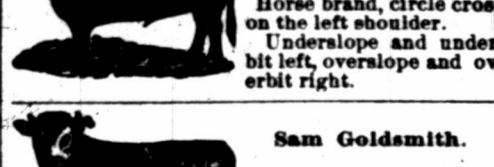
Las Conchas Cattle Company. A. S. HALL, Manager. Underslope right. Also have - on right side of neck. Young stock, crop right, old stock, grab right.



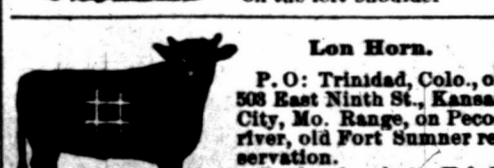
Waddingham Cattle Association. P. O.: Fort Bascom, N. M. Range, Canadian river and Ute creek. Additional brands 4 on right and left hip, making 44 when seen from behind. All horses branded on left hip 3P or V.



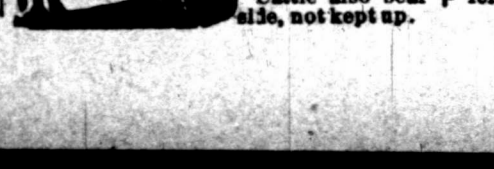
L. S. Rogers. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Monte Ruelto. Other brands, X L V on left shoulder, side and hip, respectively. Horse brand, same as cut, on the left hip.



A. Goldsmith. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Charco, San Miguel county, New Mexico. Horse brand, circle cross on the left shoulder. Underslope and underbit left, overslope and overbit right.

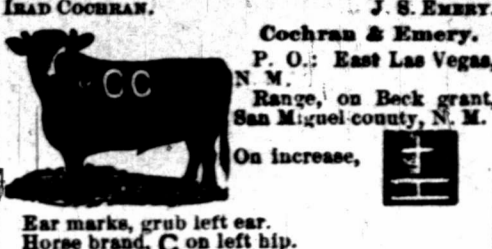


Sam Goldsmith. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Plaza Largo. Ear mark, crop and underbit the left. Horse brand, circle cross on the left shoulder.

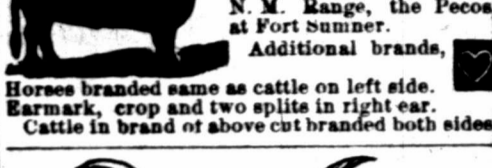


Lon Horn. P. O.: Trinidad, Colo., or 508 East Ninth St., Kansas City, Mo. Range, on Pecos river, old Fort Sumner reservation. Cattle also bear F left side, not kept up.

SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



IRAD COCHRAN. J. S. EMERY. Cochran & Emery. P. O.: East Las Vegas, N. M. Range, on Beck grant, San Miguel county, N. M. On increase.



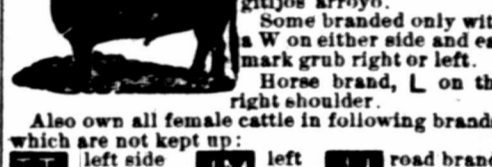
New England Live Stock Company. P. O.: Greeley, Colorado. Ranch P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, the Pecos, at Fort Sumner. Additional brands.



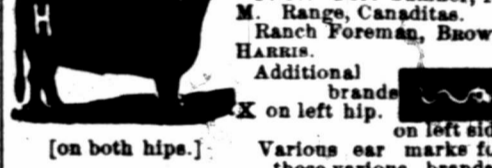
Frank Huntington. Postoffice, La Cinta, N. M. Range, Rincon La Cinta. Also own cattle in ZH on left side. Horse brand, same as cut, on left thigh.



Frank W. Dale. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, on Red River, 12 miles above Fort Bascom. Ear mark, crop the right and sharpen the left ear.



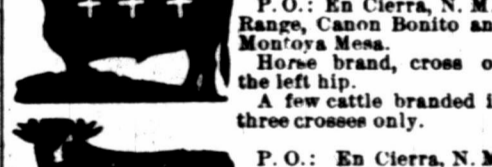
Heckle & McDowell. P. O.: Las Vegas, N. M. Range, Sabinnoso and Largitjos arroyo. Some branded only with a W on either side and ear mark grab right or left. Horse brand, L on the right shoulder.



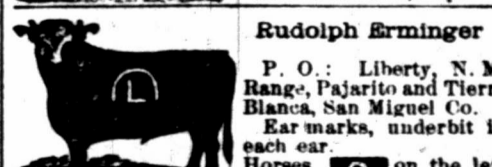
W. H. McBroom. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Canaditas. Ranch Foreman, Browns Harris. Additional brands X on left hip. Various ear marks for these various brands. Horse brand, same as cut.



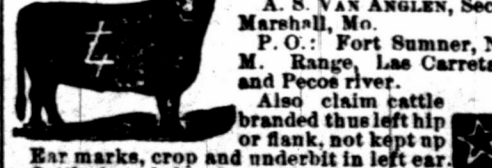
Circle Cattle Co. A. MORROW, Manager. Postoffice, Tequesquite. Horse brand, O left hip. Other Brands: O Q F left hip. 1881 L P S left side.



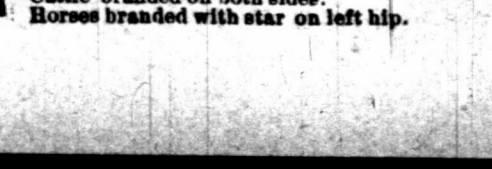
Lewis Walker and Mary Walker. P. O.: En Cierra, N. M. Range, Canon Bonito and Montoya Mesa. Horse brand, cross on the left hip. A few cattle branded in three crosses only.



P. O.: En Cierra, N. M. Range, Canon Bonito and Montoya Mesa. Both brands kept up.

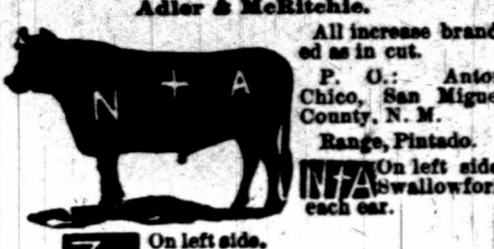


Rudolph Erminger. P. O.: Liberty, N. M. Range, Pajarito and Tierra Blanca, San Miguel Co. Ear marks, underbit in each ear. Horses branded 2 on the left shoulder. Also cattle branded on the left side.

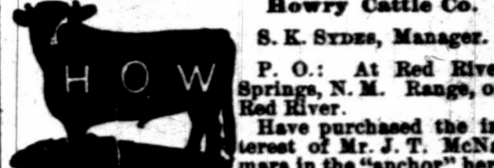


Las Carretas Cattle Co. A. S. VAN ANGLE, Sec., Marshall, Mo. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Las Carretas and Pecos river. Also claim cattle branded thus left hip or flank, not kept up. Cattle branded on both sides. Horses branded with star on left hip.

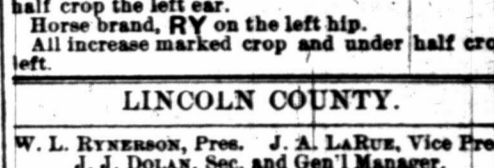
SAN MIGUEL COUNTY.



Adler & McRitchie. All increase branded as in cut. P. O.: Anton Chico, San Miguel County, N. M. Range, Pintado. On left side. Swallowfork each ear.



Howry Cattle Co. S. K. SIDES, Manager. P. O.: At Red River Springs, N. M. Range, on Red River. Have purchased the interest of Mr. J. T. McNamara in the "anchor" herd and range. All "anchor" cattle belonging to this company are tally branded and all increase of 1884 is in the brand. All increase from 1884 to date branded as in cut, and marked crop and under half crop the left ear. Horse brand, RY on the left hip. All increase marked crop and under half crop left.



LINCOLN COUNTY. W. L. RYNERSON, Pres. J. A. LARUE, Vice Pres. J. J. DOLAN, Sec. and Gen'l Manager. N. REYMOND, Treas. Felix Cattle Company. P. O.: Lincoln, N. M. Range, Rio Felix, Lincoln county. Horse brand, same as on cattle, but smaller, and on left shoulder. This brand will be kept up.



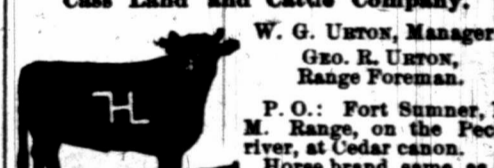
Additional Brands: EF FD on cattle. EF DD on horses.



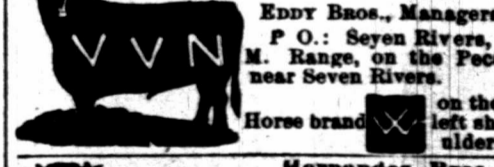
Seven Rivers Cattle Co. JOHN HARRIS, Pres. P. O.: Colorado, Texas. A. T. WINDHAM, Ranch Manager. Range, east side of Pecos river in Texas and New Mexico. Horse brand, same as the cut on the left hip. Mark kept up on young stock, since 1887 branding figure 7 underbit in each ear.



Carrizozo Cattle Ranch Co. (Limited). JAMES A. ALCOCK, Manager. P. O.: White Oaks, N. M. Range, Carrizozo. Horse brand, C with dot in center placed on left shoulder.



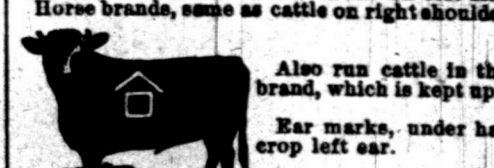
Cass Land and Cattle Company. W. G. URRON, Manager. GEO. R. URRON, Range Foreman. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, on the Pecos river, at Cedar canon. Horse brand, same as in cut, only on right hip. All young stock branded as in cut on the right side, and also with a 7 on the left hip.



Eddy-Bissel Cattle Co. EDDY BROS., Managers. P. O.: Seven Rivers, N. M. Range, on the Pecos near Seven Rivers. Horse brand on the left shoulder.




Hernandez Bros. P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, California Ranch, on Pecos river, and the San Juan mesas. Horse brand on left hip. Ear marks: Swallow fork in the left ear.



L. M. Long. P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo. Other brands: Both on left side. Horse brands, same as cattle on right shoulder. Also run cattle in this brand, which is kept up. Ear marks, under half crop left ear.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

**A. E. Powers.**  
 Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, N. M.  
 Ranch P. O., Powers' ranch, Red canon, Socorro county, N. M.  
 Horse brand same as cattle, same place.




**Other Brands:**  
**BUK** Crop and under half crop left, crop right.  
**EUK** Crop and under half crop left, crop and underbit right.  
 Both brands on both sides of animal.

**A. M. Rogers & Son.**  
 P. O. Independence, Mo. Range, Canaditas (with McBroome.)  
 A few fine young bulls for sale. Parties in need of either high grade or thoroughbred bulls will please correspond with us.



**El Capitan Land and Cattle Company.**  
 P. O.: Fort Stanton, Lincoln county, New Mexico. Range, north of El Capitan mountains, Lincoln county.



**Other brands:**  
**MEL** left shoulder, side and hip. Ear marks split and underbit in right.  
**COM** left shoulder, side and hip. **OWL** on left side. Mark, ed crop right, underbit left.  
**Q** left side and hip. Ear marks, split both ears. **Horse brand** on hip.  
 All increase marked as in cut and tails bobbed. When sold all horses are counterbranded with a mall block on the left jaw.

**Doak Good.**  
 P. O.: Paris, Texas. Range, Los Portales, Staked Plains.  
 All increase branded **FX**. Ear mark, underbit in left.  
 Old brand, **GOOD**. Ear marks, underslope each ear.




**Lea Cattle Company.**  
 J. C. LEA, Manager. W. M. Atkinson, Range Foreman.  
 P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Hondo, North Spring and Pecos rivers, and on the Aqua Azul, Blackwater and Baca Ranches, all in Lincoln Co.  
 Ear marks, crop and split left, split right. Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Ear marks sometimes reversed.




**Additional brands:**  
**E** side, and also some on side and hip. **W** side, **JB** on hip or loin. **LEA** on side, or shoulder, side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.  
**Horse brand:**  
**I** on left shoulder and **A** left hip or thigh. Part branded only on left shoulder thus: **I**


**Sutherland & Farrell**  
 P. O.: Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, above Roswell.  
 Other brands: All cattle have two bars across the butt.



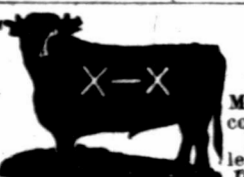
**George G. Gans.**  
 P. O.: South Fork, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Pleasant valley, 9 miles north of Upper Penasco.  
 Marked, crop both ears. Horses branded same as cattle, on left shoulder.  
 Also own all cattle branded **G** on both sides.



**J. & J. S. Reynolds.**  
 A. B. ALLEN, Foreman.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, 8 miles below Cedar Canon on the Pecos river.  
 Horse brands **J** on left shoulder.



**John Shaw & Co.**  
 Wm. MAILAND, Supt.  
 P. O.: Fort Sumner, N. M. Range, Yesso and Pecos river.  
 Horse brand, **X** on the left shoulder.  
 Increase brand both sides



LINCOLN COUNTY.


**The Holt Live Stock Co.**  
 WILLIAM T. HOLT, President. MYRON W. JONES, Manager.  
 Office, Opera House block, Denver, Colorado. P. O. box 2163.  
 A. TEMPLE THORN, Cashier and Accountant.  
 L. WALLACE HOLT, 7 Rivers, N. M., Asst. Manager.



Breeding range, on the west side of Pecos river, Lincoln county, New Mexico. GEORGE WILCOX, foreman. P. O., Seven Rivers, N. M.  
 Steer range, in Elbert and Bent counties, Colo. W. A. WAGONER, foreman. P. O., Hugo, Colo.  
**Horse** on the **C** on the left hip, **H** on the left hip, **thigh** on the right hip.  
 Thoroughbred Hereford and Polled Angus breeding farm, Horse Creek, O. Z. postoffice, Colo.


VALENCIA COUNTY.

**Davenport Live Stock Company.**  
 M. B. BOWMAN, Manager.  
 P. O.: Chilili, N. M. Range, Buffalo Springs  
 Horse brand, same as cattle on left hip




This company will pay a reward of \$300 for each and every conviction and sending to the penitentiary of any one illegally handling any stock in its brands.

**J. A. Johnson & Co.**  
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Range, San Jose ranch, on A. & P. railroad, forty-seven miles from Albuquerque.  
 Horse brand, **J** left hip  
 Various earmarks




**L. P. BRADLEY, Prest. T. S. MUMFORD, Secy. Cebolla Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: Santa Fe, N. M.; box 218.  
 Range, Valencia county, near Fort Wingate.  
 Horse brand, the same.



**W. P. METCALF, Superintendent. JAS. A. STINSON, Ranch Manager.**

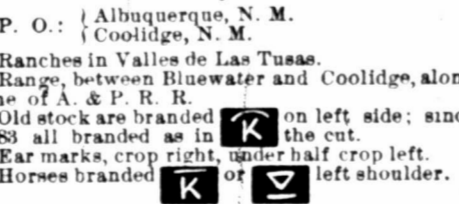
**New Mexico Cattle Breeding Company.**  
 P. O.: Chilili. Range, Estancia grant, Valencia county.  
 Horse brand circle on the left hip.



**Tusas Valley Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: Albuquerque, N. M. Coolidge, N. M.  
 Ranches in Valles de Las Tusas. Range, between Bluewater and Coolidge, along line of A. & P. R. R.  
 Old stock are branded **K** on left side; since 1883 all branded as in cut.  
 Ear marks, crop right, under half crop left. Horses branded **K** or **V** left shoulder.

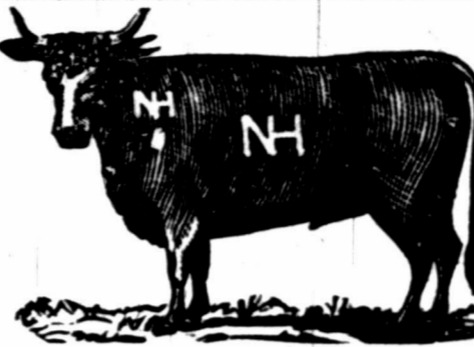


**Acema Land and Cattle Co.**  
 P. D. RIDENOUR, President, Kansas City. E. D. BRACKETT, Sec. and Treas., Kansas City. J. E. SAINT, Vice-Prest. and Mgr., Grants, N. M.  
 Range, the Acema Grant, and territory adjoining west and north.  
 Horse brand, **ALC** on the left hip.

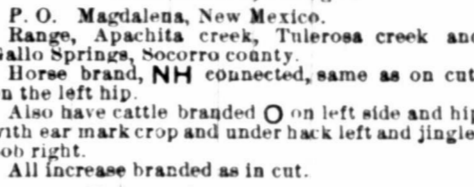


SOCORRO COUNTY.

**Nathan Hall Cattle Company.**  
 NATHAN HALL, Manager.  
 P. O. Magdalena, New Mexico. Range, Apachita creek, Tulerosa creek and Gallo Springs, Socorro county.  
 Horse brand, **NH** connected, same as on cut, on the left hip.  
 Also have cattle branded **O** on left side and hip with ear mark crop and under back left and jingle-bob right.  
 All increase branded as in cut.



**W S Ranch.**  
 P. O.: Alma, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Francisco river, Socorro Co.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder or thigh.



**H H**  
 P. O.: Alma, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Francisco river, Socorro Co.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, on left shoulder or thigh.



**J. D. Reed Cattle Company.**  
 P. O.: Socorro, N. M. Range, western slope of the Magdalena mountains, Gallinas and Hierolosa mountains, and the Bear Springs, all in Socorro county, New Mexico.  
 Bars across hips as in cut on both sides.  
 Ear marks, half under crop left and crop right. Bars across hips as in cut on both sides. Ear marks, sharpen the left and crop the right.



**Other brands:**  
**COO** left side. **E** left side. **CE** left side. **64** left side. **V** left side. **T** left side. **L** left side.  
**Horse brand** **H** left hip saddle horses. **H** rt. sh'lder stock horses.

**Nigrata Cattle Co.**  
 JOHN BELL, Foreman.  
 P. O.: Alma, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, South of Nigrata, Mogollons.  
 Horses are branded the same as cattle but on the left hip.




**Western Union Cattle, Land and Irrigation Company.**  
 A. P. BLAKE, President. JOHN B. ALLEY, Vice President. G. L. BROOKS, Secretary. T. J. WRIGHT, Manager.  
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Range, Ojo Caliente, Socorro county.



**Horse Brands:** **A** **V**  
**Other Brands:** **A** **V**  
**shoulder hip** **shoulder hip**  
**shoulder side hip**

SOCORRO COUNTY.

**Illinois Cattle Company.**  
 S. P. JOHNS, Manager. JULIUS M. EERTS, Foreman.  
 P. O.: San Marcial. Range, between Magdalena and San Mateo mountains, and on west side of Rio Grande river, between San Marcial and Cantaritas.



**Other brand** **AC** on the left side and left hip. Ear marks, crop the right and underslope the left.

**Glorieta Cattle Co.**  
 HOWELL & READ, Mangrs.  
 Pasture, with Howell & Read.  
 Ear marks, underhalf crop both ears.  
 Above brands, anywhere on left side of grown cattle. On increase, same as cut.



**Hurst, Black, Kiehne & Wiley.**  
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico. Range, San Augustine plains, and Nigrata river, Socorro county, N. M.  
 Ear marks, swallow fork the left, crop the right.  
 Above brand and ear mark kept up.  
 Horse brand **Y** on left hip.



**Additional Brands, not kept up.**  
**OC** **711** **CO** **F**  
**H** **YEE** **LANE** **B77B** **TIE**

**Curwen & Norris.**  
 P. O.: Magdalena, Socorro Co., N. M. Range, north slope of San Mateo mountains and adjoining San Augustine plains.



**Additional Brands:**  
**AD** **AD** **HD** **HD** **4C** **4O**  
**7HL** **7HL** **7HL**  
 and **HE** on right side, and **7HL** on left side.  
 All the increase of above brands, branded same as in cut with the addition of **N** right side of neck or jaw.  
 Ear mark, crop and two splits in each ear.  
 Horse brand, **C-N** on right thigh.

NORTHWEST TEXAS.

**Liberty Cattle Co.**  
 W. C. BISHOP, Manager, Big Springs, Texas.




**Lee-Scott Cattle Co.**  
 P. O.: Tascosa, Texas. Range, Oldham and Hartley counties, Texas.  
 Horse brand: **L** on the left hip, **S** or **J** on the left hip




**Additional Brands:**  
**LS** both sides; marked, crop and split both ears.  
**left side; over** both sides; crop and half crop, under split right and split left.  
**both sides; split each also, all on the left ear.**  
**GM** left side; marked, underslope each ear, all steers.  
 In addition to the reward offered by the association, we will pay a reward of three hundred dollars for the conviction of any one stealing, butchering or illegally branding any of our stock, or marking any of our calves.  
**LEE-SCOTT CATTLE CO.**

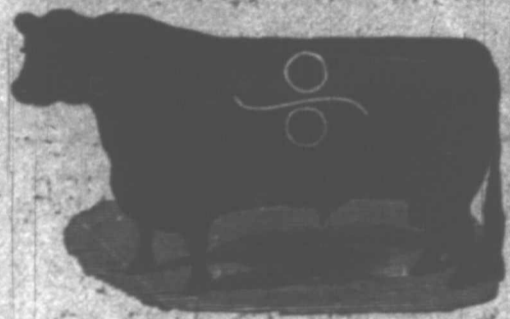




**Presnell & Mussey.**  
 P. O.: Fort Stockton, Tex. Range, Comanche creek and Pecos river, Texas.  
 Ear marks, sharpen left ear.  
 Horse brand **F** on left hip.



**SOCORRO COUNTY.**

**Bell & Taylor.**  
  
 P. O.: Socorro, N. M.  
 Range, Ocuras mountains,  
 Socorro county.  
 Horse brand, XK on left  
 shoulder.

**JOHN R. HOWELL.**  
  
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.  
 Range, Rio Grande  
 river, San Juan springs,  
 Cedar springs and Nogal  
 creek, Socorro county, and  
 Rio Grande river and Pen-  
 asco springs, Sierra coun-  
 ty, N. M.  
 Ear marks, crop and split both ears.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, but on left hip.

**Deer Park Cattle Company.**  
  
 FRANK H. WINSTON, Manager.  
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M. Ranges, at Elk moun-  
 tain, Socorro county.  
 Also owns the following  
 brands:     
 Horse brand,  on the left shoulder.

**SOCORRO COUNTY.**

**C. S. Roberts.**  
  
 P. O.: San Marcial, N. M.  
 Range, Los Burros, 20  
 miles west of San Mar-  
 cial, Socorro county.  
 Ear marks, crop right and  
 small crop and half circle  
 above and below in left;  
 also, skin cut on nose.  
 Horse brand, same as cut on left hip.  
 Cattle branded either side and hip.

**Black Range Land and  
 Cattle Co.**  
  
 J. B. FARRIS, Manager.  
 P. O.: Fairview, N. M.  
 Range, on head of Gila,  
 Socorro county, N. M.  
 DD left side.  
 Ear mark, crop the right.  
 Horses branded D on left hip.

**Iowa and New Mexico Ranch Company.**  
 JUSTUS CLARK, President, Red Oak, Iowa.  
 BENJ. B. CLARK, Vice Pres., Red Oak, Iowa.  
 PAUL F. CLARK, Sec. and Treas., Red Oak, Iowa.

  
 P. O. Magdalena, New Mexico.  
 Range, Socorro and Valencia counties.  
 All increase branded as on  
 left calf, in cut, and marked crop  
 hip, right and underslope left.


**SOCORRO COUNTY.**

**J. C. TIFFANY, Manager, San Marcial, N. M.**  
**BOSQUE BONITA**  
**Land & Cattle Company**  
**SAN MARCIAL,**  
**SOCORRO COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.**  
 Holstein cows, high grade Shorthorns and Hereford cattle. Berkshire hogs.

**UPCHER, STEVENS & BURR.**

**H. A. JONES, Range Superintendent.**  
 Postoffice, Frisco, Socorro county, New Mexico.  
 Range, Tularosa and San Francisco Rivers, and Johnson Basin, Socorro county, New Mexico.





We run two brands, SU and M—F. Ear mark, crop the right and split the left, for both brands.  
 Horse brand, SU on left thigh or left shoulder.  
 All increase of the following brands, also owned by us, is put in the above brands and marks.  
**MAY** on side, **S** on hip. **BEL** on side, **S** on hip. **A** on side. **OWO** on side.  
**ALA** on side, **W** on hip. **U** on side. **Q** on side. **MON** on side, **S** on hip.  
 on side, **S** on hip. **A** on both sides. All brands on left side.  
 Other horse brands, **U** and **JON** **S** on left hip.

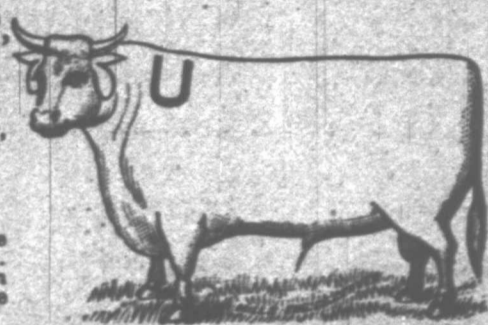
**The Armijo House,**













**ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.**  
**NEWLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.**  
 Every modern convenience has been added, making it one of the best hotels in the southwest.  
 Commercial travelers will find commodious sample rooms. The bar and billiard room are the finest  
 in the territory. Its nearness to business, street car lines, opera house, depots, etc., make it desira-  
 ble in every way. Requesting your patronage, respectfully,  
**W. E. TALBOTT, Proprietor.**  
**CHAS. E. BONSALL, Manager.**

**DETROIT AND RIO GRANDE LIVE STOCK CO.**

**PHILLIP MOTHERSILL, General Manager.**  
  
 P. O.: Eagle, N. M.  
 Range, Jornada del Muerto, Caballo and Sa-  
 Andress mountains.  
 Ear marks, crop and split left.  
 Horse brand  or JJ left hip.

**LINCOLN COUNTY.**







**WM. ROBERT,**  
 Postoffice,  
 Roswell, Lincoln county,  
 New Mexico.  
 Ranges,  
 Breeding range, on the  
 Pecos river, New Mexico.  
 Steer range, on the San  
 Pedro river, in Cochise  
 county, Arizona.  
  
 Horse Brand,  
 U on the left shoulder.  
 Ear Marks,  
 Jinglebob in both ears  
 Same brand and marks  
 kept up on both the steer  
 and breeding ranges.  
 All increase of follow-  
 ing brands, which I own,  
 marked and branded as in  
 main cut.



 Underslope each ear.	 Overslope each ear.	 Crop left, under half crop right.	 Crop and underbit left some same mark right
 Crop and under half crop each ear.	 Crop right and under- slope left.	 Swallow fork in either ear.	 Crop the left and half crop right.
 Crop left, underslope right.	 Crop the right.		

**THE ANGUS V V RANCH.**  
**KIRBY & CREE.**

Postoffice, Fort Stanton, Lincoln county,  
 New Mexico.  
 Range, Rio Salado, Rio Bonito, Little  
 creek, Eagle creek, and Rio Ruidosa.  
 Ear marks, underbit in each ear.  
 Horse brand, V on the left shoulder.  
 Additional Brands:  
 on right side, un-  
 derbit both ears.  on left side,  
 or either side.  
 on either hip.  on the left side.  
 on left shoulder, side and hip. Mar-  
 ked, crop right and underslope left.

**COLORADO AND NEW MEXICO.**

**THE BLOOM CATTLE CO.**  
**FRANK G. BLOOM, General Manager, Trinidad, Colorado.**  
 Also own the following brands:  
   Half undercrop left,  
 crop right.  
 Swallowfork left, split right.  
 Swallowfork left, crop and underbit right.  
 All increase branded same as cut and marked swallowfork right, and  
 tin tag in the left.  
 Horse and Steer Range, Apishapa Temp creek, Bent and Lockwood canons, Colorado. W. F.  
 Bloom, Foreman, Postoffice, Thatcher, Colorado.  
 Breeding ranch, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, New Mexico. JOHN BURNS, Foreman, Postoffice,  
 Lincoln, New Mexico, care Circle Diamond ranch.  
 Breeding ranch  cattle. JAS. X. Y. SUTHERLAND, Foreman.  
 P. O.: Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo, Lincoln county, west of Roswell.

Additional Brands:  
 on left side and  on left hip. Ear mark  
 upper half crop.  underbit left, crop right.  
 on left side,  on left hip. Ear mark,  
 same as boot.  bar cattle.  
 on left side and hip. Ear mark, crop and  
 split in left and underbit in right.  
 on left side,  on left hip. Ear mark, up-  
 per half crop.  on left side. Various ear marks.

J. RAYNOLDS, President.  
 JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, Cashier.  
 A. B. SMITH, Asst. Cashier.

JOSHUA S. RAYNOLDS, President.  
 J. RAYNOLDS, Vice-President.  
 M. W. FLOURNOY, Cashier.

J. RAYNOLDS, President.  
 JOHN W. ZOLLARS, Vice-President.  
 H. S. KAUFMAN, Cashier.

The First National Bank

The First National Bank

The First National Bank

LAS VEGAS, N. M.

ALBUQUERRUE, N. M.

EL PASO, TEXAS.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000

SURPLUS FUND, \$40,000.

SURPLUS FUND, \$15,000.

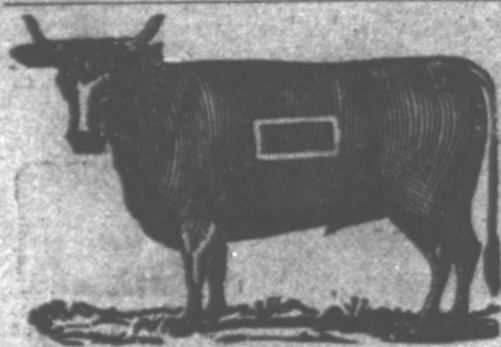
SURPLUS FUND, \$20,000.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.

Designated U. S. Depository. Depository of A. & P. R. R. and A. T. & S. F. R. R.

Depository of Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. and Mexican Central R. R.

SOUTHERN COLORADO.



George W. Thompson.  
 P. O. Address: Trinidad, Colorado.  
 Ranges in western portion of Las Animas county, Colorado, and eastern portion of Colfax county, N. M.  
 Some branded same as above on right side.  
 Some cattle in the following brands on either side or hip: WI HH TI Various ear marks.  
 Horses also branded same as on above cut, but smaller, on the left shoulder or left thigh.

New Haven Cattle Company.  
 W. W. Thompson, Foreman.  
 F. T. Bradley and C. K. Dowell, Assistants.



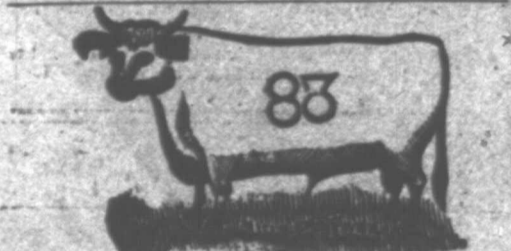
Postoffice, Trinidad, Colorado.  
 Range, Lower Apishapa.  
 Brand as here given.  
 Ear marks, under half crop to left.  
 Horse brand same as cattle brand.



Lane & Murray.  
 P. O.: West Las Animas, Colorado.  
 Range, Fort Lyon to Mud creek, Colorado.  
 Ear marks, underslope and underbit each ear.

Additional brands:  
 Triangle on jaw. U left side. V right side.  
 P left side. FS left side. 22 left side.  
 Horse brand, HL (connected) on left shoulder.

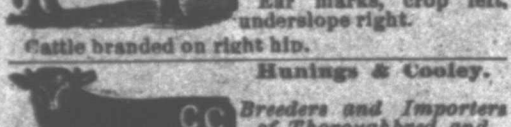
ARIZONA.



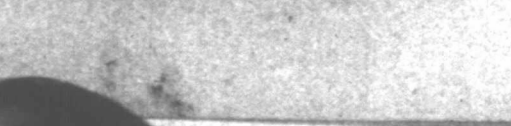
Santa Rita Cattle Co.  
 ISAAC N. TOWN, Superintendent.  
 Postoffice, Calabassas, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Range, Santa Cruz river, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Calves of 1898 and imported bulls are branded same as cut on left hip.



A. L. Morrison & Son.  
 P. O.: Springerville, Arizona. Home ranch, Mamie creek, near Escudilla Mts.  
 Ear marks, underslope right, crop left.  
 Horse brand, same as cattle, on right hip.



C. H. Ward.  
 Granger Trust, Manager.  
 P. O.: Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Range, Sulphur Spring Valley, six miles north of Wilcox, A. T.  
 Ear marks, crop left, underslope right.  
 Cattle branded on right hip.



Hunings & Cooley.  
 Breeders and Importers of Thoroughbred and Graded Cattle.  
 P. O.: Show Low, Apache county, Arizona.  
 Horse brand, same as on cattle, on left shoulder.

ARIZONA.

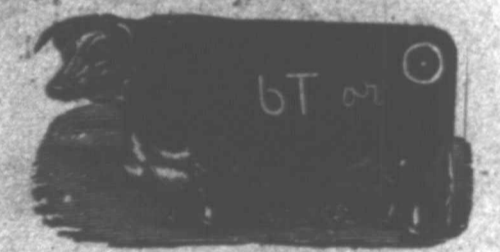
\$1,000 REWARD! I desire to call attention to my marks and brands for cattle, as shown in cut. I sell no stock cattle, and will pay \$1,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of any person or persons unlawfully handling cattle in the following brand and marks.



J. H. Hampson.  
 P. O.: 481 Nelson building, Kansas City, Mo.  
 Ranch P. O.: Camp Thomas, Arizona.  
 Range, on Eagle creek, Graham county, Arizona. WILLIAM CHREACT, Foreman.  
 Ear marks, crop and split left, crop right.  
 Horse brand, [square with 'H'] on the left shoulder.



Gardiner, Gillies & Wilmerding.  
 P. O.: Navajo Springs, Apache county, Arizona.  
 Range, Deer and Cedro Springs, Apache county.  
 Ear marks, right ear is grabbed.  
 All cattle in addition to above brand, have an X on the left jaw.  
 Horses are all branded [square with 'G'] on right shoulder.



Cameron Bros.  
 Postoffice, Lochiel, Pima county, Arizona.  
 Range, on the San Rafael de la Zanja Grant.  
 Ear marks, right cropped, left slit.  
 All cattle in the quarter-circle U brand are marked underslope the right, swallowfork in left.  
 Horse brand, like cut.  
 Also own the following brands, kept up:



Smith, Carson & Co.  
 P. O.: Springerville, Apache county, Arizona  
 Telegraph and express office, Navajo Springs  
 Atlantic and Pacific railroad.  
 Ear marks: [square with 'S']  
 Crop off the left. Horses branded: [square with 'S']

R. G. McDONALD,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealer

GIVENS' BLOCK, BRIDGE ST.,

LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO.

Special attention given to ranch trade.  
 Mail orders for all classes of liquors and cigars carefully attended to.

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 \$250 Reward.  
 OFFICE OF THE A. & P. CATTLE ASSO., GRANTS, New Mexico.  
 A reward of \$250 will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person unlawfully handling stock belonging to any member of this association, and \$100 for each additional person implicated in the same offense. Also a reward of \$100 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons for killing cattle and not preserving the hides for inspection.  
 G. H. PRADY, President.  
 J. E. SAINT, Secretary.

COOLEY & HUNTER,

Proprietors Livery, Feed and Sale

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 OPEN CARRIAGES, AND SADDLE HORSES.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

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S. L. LEON,

THE LEADING

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OF LAS VEGAS.

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C. A. RATHBUN

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