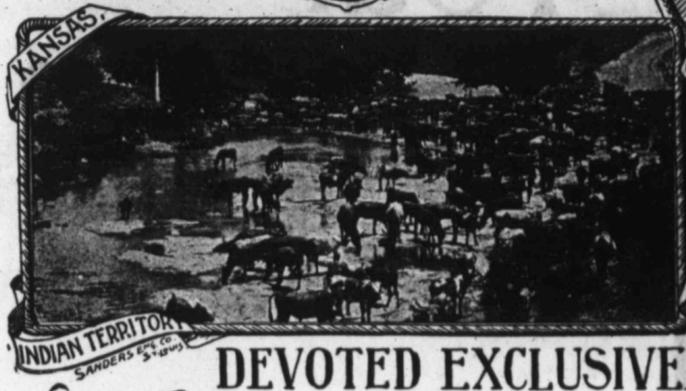


The LIVESTOCK



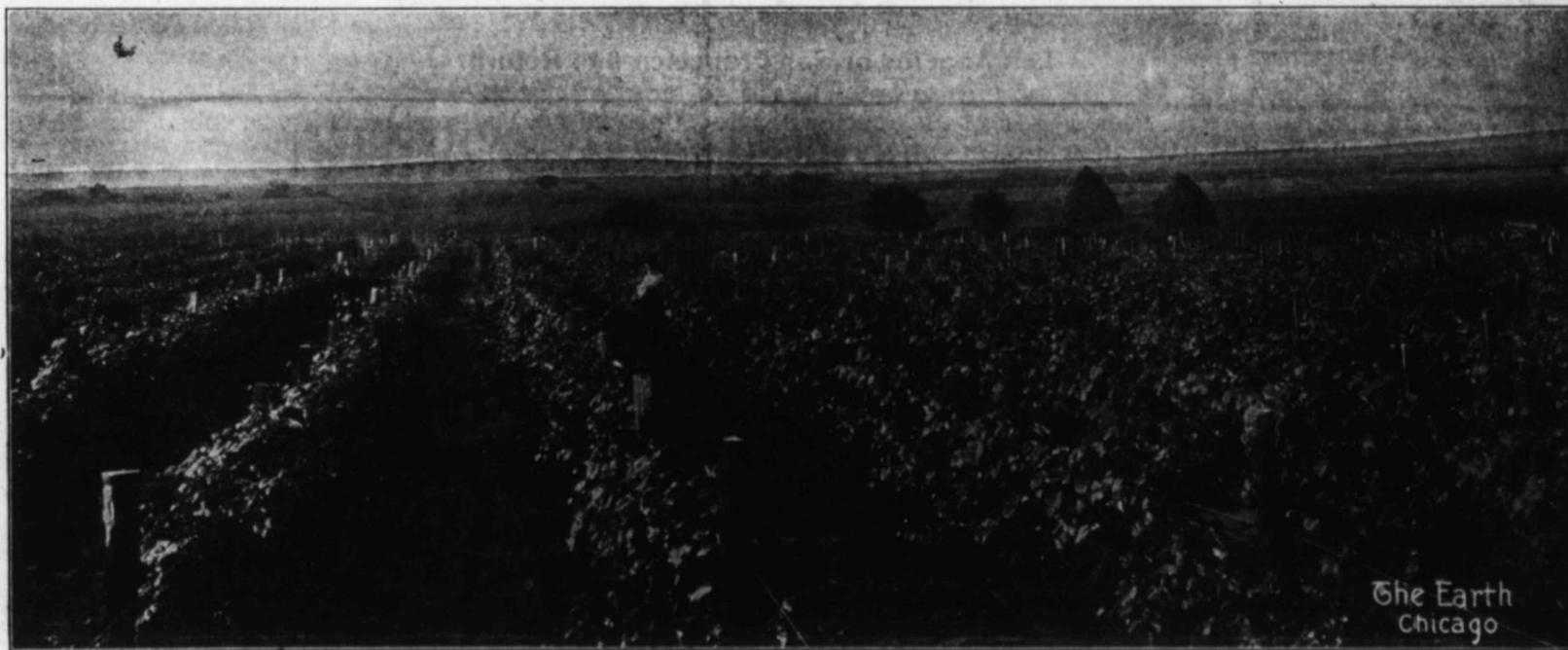
INSPECTOR

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO LIVE STOCK INTERESTS.

Twelfth Year,
No. 28

Woodward, Oklahoma, and Kansas City, Missouri, May 15, 1907.

\$1 Per Year



The Earth
Chicago

VINEYARD NEAR SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA.—(Courtesy Earth Pub. Co.)

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Attractive Trips.

Colorado. Arizona, California, Jamestown Exposition, the Northwest, etc. in some instances at about half the usual fare.

Take Your Choice.

Los Angeles or San Francisco and Return.

\$50, one fare for round trip. Tickets on sale June 8 to 15, inclusive, final limit Aug. 31. One way via Portland, via either boat or rail, \$64.80 Diverse routes, liberal stopovers going and returning.

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Portland and return	\$54.55
Tacoma and return	" "
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Los Angeles, San Francisco, or San Diego and Return.

\$60 for round trip, diverse routes. \$76.25 returning via Portland. On Sale June 1 to September 15, inclusive. Final return limit October 31. Liberal stopovers going and coming.

Jamestown Exposition.

Round trip tickets to Norfolk and return on sale as follows: \$59.80 for season tickets with final return limit of December 15, if one way via New York \$68.60. Tickets with limit of sixty days \$51.55, if one way via New York \$57.20. Tickets with limit of fifteen days \$40.70.

The Pacific Coast Resorts.

Are becoming better known to the residents of the whole country and their deserved popularity has resulted in a great increase in the number of summer tourists.

The Grand Canyon of Arizona.

Is the one natural attraction that does not resemble something you have seen elsewhere. And there's only one way to know anything about it. That's to see it yourself. Photographs have been taken of it. Descriptive writers have tried to tell what it is. None has entirely succeeded altho their attempts to depict the scene have not been absolute failures. Why not visit it on YOUR trip west?

Write me for literature and particulars.

Free books for the asking:
"To California over the Santa Fe Trail."
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Live Stock Inspector.

AND **FARM NEWS**
FOR STOCK FARMING AND THE HOME.

VOL 12, No. 28

WOODWARD, OKLA., MAY 15, 1907.

Subscription \$1.00.

Vote It Down!

Can You Answer These Questions
and Then Vote For the Bull-
Con Constitution

Kingfisher, Okla., April 25.—Former Governor A. J. Seasy in answering a statement made by a friend, to the effect that it would be a political mistake for the Republicans to defeat the constitution in its entirety and thereby be charged with the defeat of Statehood, made the following statement today:

"In my opinion it would be absolute inequity for the Republicans to do other than to attempt to defeat the constitution. That document is the Democratic platform, so recognized by all parties. Can anybody tell us how we can stand on a Democratic platform and run a Republican ticket with any hope of winning? And, at the same time, declare that the platform is outrageously false and unjust, and that we will make a new one as soon as we are seated in office? You understand that it is an easy matter to make amendments, I do not. In the first place how can we propose to amend something that we endorse by supporting and running our ticket upon it? How can we 'keep our pudding and eat it?' How can we stand on a platform that makes 'hewers of wood and drawers of water' of us, and at the same time 'rebuke' what amounts to not a gerrymander but a disfranchisement? In Greer county 466 votes entitle them to a representative—in Kingfisher county it takes 3160 votes to entitle us to a representative.

"How can a lawyer support that

When you answer any advertisement in these pages please mention The Live Stock Inspector. It is a small favor which costs but very little effort and will be appreciated in tenfold ratio. Advertising in The Live Stock Inspector pays and we want the advertisers to know where the results from their advertisements come from.

provision which gives every man a trial by jury before he can be punished for contempt of court, thereby bringing the court and the laws of the land in contempt of the people, emasculating the court and putting the ruffian in its control?

"How can free Americans endorse for a moment the partial destruction of the public school system? How can the old soldier, and his offspring, and all patriotic citizens submit to being put second to the 'ex-confederate' (rebel) giving him the place of honor in the constitution, or for one moment tolerate the doctrines promulgated by lawyers in the convention from the Indian Territory that the constitution of the United States is inferior and subservient to that of the state?

"How can the farmers of Oklahoma consent to the domination of Indians, squawmen, jim crow men, and Calhoun-Tillman-Vardaman men? How can they, who have taxes to pay and children to educate, bring themselves to allow the Indians and their allies to take forty millions of school property and all of sections Thirteen and Thirty three and administer on our estate, as it were, by taking half this school money to that part of the state and in giving in return the half of five millions donated to them by congress, taking the moneys from Thirteen and Thirty-three and locating the public buildings, including the capital, in the Indian country? The constitution provides for twenty state officers, all of whom draw liberal salaries which are to be paid by the people of the whole state according to the property they own. Our property on a one-fourth basis is valued at \$96,000,000 and the taxable property of the Indian Territory is estimated by "Boss" Haskell at full value, \$131,000,000. Under the constitutional provision requiring property to be assessed at its full value we would have to pay on \$384,000,000, which would compel us to pay three-fourths of the state taxes. Their population is estimated to be 80,000 in excess of ours. That will give them clear and absolute control of the elections. Now, when that is shown up to our farmers and merchants and mechanics, bankers and professional men—and it will be without question—will our people

support that constitution?

"Under the fellow servant provision who will dare to go into the Indian Territory to mine coal and take the risk of paying a hundred thousand dollars for the death of or injury to a miner, which was brought about by a fellow servant without any fault oratches on the part of the mine operator?

"Wealth in every phase, being drastically legislated against, will not be invited to our state. The building of railroads will be greatly retarded, capital from abroad will cease to come in and that which is here will hide its head and at the first opportunity fold its tent like the Arab and silently steal away.

"In defining the meaning of 'colored person' the constitution declares that the negroes are colored persons and that all other persons are white. That's good. 'White Indian.' So you see they have got a dead shot on the support of the Indians and squawmen, but every negro in the state, every man opposed to prohibition in the state, every man connected with a corporation in the state, every man in the state who has more children to educate than money with which to educate them, every man who will be eaten up by taxes in the small counties carved for him by the constitutional convention, and every union soldier and all his friends and every patriotic citizen who loves his country better than his politics, ought to vote against it and I believe that most of them will.

"You are no doubt aware that California never even had a territorial government organized, but those sturdy 49ers got together, adopted a constitution and sent it over to Washington by pony express and were admitted into the union as a Sovereign State."

Oklahoma to Succeed Secretary to President.

It is announced that William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the president of the United States will on or about the first day of January, 1908, step from the White House into the presidency of the Washington Street Railway and Electric company. Maurice A. Latta, first assistant secretary to President

Roosevelt, is said to be slated for Mr. Loeb's position.

At the opening of the Cherokee Strip, Mr. Latta came to Oklahoma and received an appointment as clerk of the probate court of Noble county. It was there that he met and married his wife, the Miss Clara H. Bullon of Perry. In 1895 Mr. Latta was appointed a stenographer and typewriter in the general and office at Perry at a salary of \$900 per annum. Three years later he was transferred to the interior department where he remained until 1900, when he was detailed for duty at the White House as a stenographer and typewriter. Because of his efficiency, Secretary Cortelyou recommended his permanent appointment and placed his salary at \$1,800.

President Roosevelt grew to place the utmost confidence in the young Kansan and used him as his personal stenographer. When the resignation of Assistant Secretary Barnes took place Mr. Latta was selected to fill the vacancy, over a number of White House employes, as a result of the trust which he had inspired in the president.

Value of Oklahoma Oil and Gas

Reference has been made in previous issues of the Mid-Continent to the value of oil and gas, as resources, to the state of Oklahoma. Investments in oil and gas are greater than credited by persons having superficial knowledge of the industry. Railroads in Oklahoma have a greater investment than oil and gas, and the value of agricultural lands and their products show a greater sum, but no other natural resource or investment is greater than susceptible of producing a greater cash revenue and permanent source of wealth. The figures given below are not boomed and represent the work of only four years.

Oil pipelines, tanks, etc.	\$40,000,000
Gas pipelines, stations, etc.	5,000,000
Leases, Wells, etc.	45,000,000
Crude oil marketed	25,000,000
Value of refinery products	40,000,000
Cost of pipelines, etc., now underway	5,000,000
Cost of gas lines under way	2,000,000
Value permanent oil and gas investments	110,000,000

Business equality and economic prudence suggest that the owners in fee or the leases of oil and gas lands should be hampered with laws no more stringent or taxed more than the owners of agricultural or grazing lands, actual value and ad valorem levy being considered, if all the resources of the new state are to be on the same basis.

This office does fine job printing.

HARD NUTS TO CRACK.

Feast of Reason and Flow Soul by
Ed Marchant.

What has become of the pledge of the Democratic party that a state printing plan would be established and that school text books would be furnished and cost? Buried in the grave with James Crow

Democrats, when they shut their eyes and vote for the constitution because it has been formulated by their party, are voting against their own interests and to perpetuate the power of cunning political grafters who care not for the interests of the people. The convention which formulated the constitution was not one of patriots.

You people who vote for the constitution will vote to put your necks under the yoke of oppressive taxation provided by a people who are absolutely exempt from taxation for more than twenty years, and who, by an ingenious districting have placed in their own hands the legislative power of the proposed new state for all time to come, divesting you are of a right of representation regardless of the party with which you affiliate.

Constitution boosters, when their attention is called to the grossly inadequate provision for taxation for the support of the schools yelp "Raise the valuation, make it at its cash value." That is what you have now. If five mills is not enough under statehood, when the burden of carrying a non-taxpaying people has been imposed. Your hand will be worth no more under statehood than it is now. Indeed there is a grave question as to whether it will be worth as much.

The proposed constitution contains a provision that the legislature shall have the power to release or extinguish, or to authorize the releasing or extinguishing, in whole or in part, the indebtedness, obligations; or liabilities of any corporation or individual to the state, or any county or other municipal corporation thereof. This provision looks harmless upon its face, but a careful scanning of the powers conferred will disclose what might be done in the way of graft. It was put there for a purpose, and is one of the many shotgun provisions that may recoil upon the taxpayer.

Haskell, in his campaign for the nomination for governor urges that Lee Cruce, being a squaw man, is exempt from taxation upon his real estate holdings and will be, with all members of his family holding realty, for more than twenty years. He, Haskell, fails to remember that his principal, Murry, is also a squaw man, and stands so far as taxes are concerned in the same relation to the state as does Cruce. The truth is that the taxpayers of Oklahoma are up against a tax law constitutionally provided, if the constitution should be adopted, by representatives of a non-taxpaying people.

If the constitution should be adopted a section providing as follows will

become a part of the organic law imposing taxes. "Taxer shall be levied and collected by general laws, and for public purposes only, except that taxes may be levied when necessary to carry into effect Section thirty-two of the bill of rights." The section of the bill of rights referred to reads: "The right of the state to engage in any occupation or business for public purposes shall not be denied or prohibited," etc. Thus if grafters get their hooks in an "occupation or business for public purposes and it doesn't pan out the farmer pays more feigt.

Diversification the Remedy.

Secretary McNabb has compiled the following observation:

Fully 25 percent of the land in Oklahoma now devoted to wheat is ideal alfalfa land and had it been devoted to that crop instead of a crop that is subject to frequent destruction by all manner of pests and diseases, the farmers who are now in sackcloth and ashes over the serious loss of their wheat crops, would instead be wearing the proverbial smile that won't come off.

The writer recently went up the North Canadian and Cimarron Valleys from Oklahoma City to Cleo in Woods County. On all sides "green bug" stricken wheat fields were in evidence; fields which have since been totally destroyed by the pest. Standing out in bold contrast to this desolation, as if to present an object lesson by the Creator, was an occasional patch of alfalfa, luxuriant, free from the ravages of the pests and bidding defiance to the elements. Any one of the four or five annual cuttings of this valuable crop would equal the net value of a maximum wheat crop at prevailing prices. We would certainly like to know what further evidence of the application of wrong farming principles is necessary to convince the valley land farmers that they are at least, not improving their opportunity to its fullest extent when they insist on wasting their land and their effort in a fruitless attempt to win success with wheat against such odds as are offered by alfalfa. Year by year the land devoted exclusively to wheat is becoming poorer and the yield becoming lighter; attributed to agencies foreign to the real cause of failure which is lack of crop rotation; continual planting of the same crop on the same land year after year. A fair yield of alfalfa seed in Oklahoma is four bushels per acre, which at present prevailing market prices—about \$8 per bushel wholesale, produces a revenue of \$32 per acre for seed alone. Three tons of hay per acre from cuttings other than the seed crop at the prevailing market price, \$12 per ton, is worth to the grower \$36 per acre additional, or a grand total of \$68.00 per acre. Has there ever been a crop of wheat produced in Oklahoma which netted one half as much clear profit for the grower? A ton of good alfalfa hay is worth to the feeder as much as a ton of wheat bran. If you have occasion to purchase the latter commodity at this writing you will find that you will be required to dig up \$20.00 for a ton of it; add to this the expense of hauling it from the mill to your farm and you will arrive at the feeding value of alfalfa which you should grow

but are not growing, preferring instead wheat which under favorable conditions and present practices, averages 15 bushels or \$10 per acre gross. Certain portions of Oklahoma must necessarily depend very largely on wheat as a main crop, but the time is not far distant when stock raising must be combined with it or the land will cease to respond when planted to wheat. In the sections referred to, corn cannot be relied upon and alfalfa, cow peas, and Bermuda grass combined with livestock, offer the only avenue of escape from what must inevitably be failure.

Cow peas are to the upland farmer what alfalfa is to the valley land farmer. A ton of the former is worth just as much for feeding purposes as a ton of the latter, and when fed on the farm and the manure returned to the soil, seventy-five percent of the fertility taken from the soil necessary to produce the crop is returned to it. The improved mechanical condition of the soil brought about by the application and incorporation of the manure and vegetable matters renders available an increased quantity of the elements of fertility naturally in the soil.

If you have devastated wheat land well suited to the growing of alfalfa, set aside five or ten acres of it and do not plant it to any other crop but pasture it until in June, then plow it deep. Harrow it before it has chance to dry out and continue the harrowing process a dozen times if necessary to get the soil well settled and a garden soil condition on top by the middle of August. As soon after this date as you are assured of sufficient moisture in the soil to sustain the life of the young plants for a month, sow not more than twenty pounds of best grade alfalfa seed to the acre. (See page 90 Second Biennial Report Okla. Bd. of Agriculture for further particulars).

Besides raising a most valuable crop of cowpea hay, or supplying an abundance of excellent summer pasturage, the land set aside for wheat this fall could be very materially improved by drilling about one peck of cowpeas to the acre, which if not harvested should be plowed under about August 15th and soil thoroughly packed before the wheat is drilled in. Cowpea seed commands \$2.50 per bushel and is becoming scarce. Those who have decided to follow the best farm practices and have not yet procured their cowpea seed should get into early action

American Society of Equity Meeting

A State meeting of the American Society of Equity was held at Okeene Okla. Apr. 25-26-27th. The first day's session was given over to the Executive State Board. At this session a general discussion of plans for an aggressive campaign of organization was the main feature. Addresses were made along this line by J. A. Everitt National President; J. A. Hill, State President; W. L. McKibben Chairman State Board; S. C. Younger State Secretary; John Leasure of Woodward and several others present. It was determined at this session to start a campaign with about nine national organizers in the field commencing in Oklahoma at once and ending in Nebraska about July 1st as it is hoped by that time to have covered the main

winter wheat states. The organizers will then proceed to the spring wheat states. The society expects to have pledged at least 60 percent of all the United States by threshing time. On the 25th at the morning session an able address by Mr Everitt on the principles of Equity and controlled marketing was listened to with great interest by a crowded house. Several others present made short addresses on the same subject. At the afternoon session it was by resolution urged upon the delegates to use every effort to get farmers to pledge the 1907 crop and also insist upon complete organization in their different counties. The meeting then elected ten delegates at large from Oklahoma to attend the national convention at Omaha Neb. June 5-6-7th. These delegates with others from the different grain growing states will organize and establish a grain department and national clearing house to direct the sale and marketing of the grain and broom corn of the United States. This will be the greatest move ever attempted in the history of man. The delegates to that convention were John Leasure of Woodward; A. B. Anderson of Blaine Co; H. E. Wilson of Homestead; A. M. Reed of Wheatland; J. A. Hill of Lucien; S. C. Younger of Homestead; P. Voltz of Homestead; R. Sasseen of Ames; J. W. Miller of Bliss and A. Huffman of Mutual. The following resolution was heartily endorsed: Inasmuch as the mail order houses are taking a vast amount of money out of the rural districts; and thereby out of the regular channels of trade: And recognizing this to be a growing evil, we ask our members to desist from trading with mail order houses. We invite our merchants and business men to become members of the A. S. of E. that we may cooperate together for the upbuilding of home trade, which we believe will be of mutual benefit to all concerned. Saturday 27 no ball could be obtained to accommodate the people present and meetings were held on the streets at which speeches were made to large and enthusiastic crowds by J. A. Hill, W. L. McKibben and John Leasure. The citizens of Okeene gave their hearty support to this meeting and the greatest of good feeling existed between the people of all classes for the success of the American Society of Equity.

Changing the subject we will say that that the show for crops in the counties east of here are the worst we ever saw. The ravages of the green bug is something hard to realize. It is complete destruction of wheat and oats and all other crops as fast as they come through the ground. We saw hundreds of fields that had been sown to oats that contain not a spear of green, and wheat fields are ruined. Farmers are holding their old wheat for seed purposes next fall. Good old Woodward county has the only prospect for a wheat crop we have seen.

Yours truly,
John Leasure.

Black Leg Vaccine, Fresh, For Sale at this office. Strings, Pellet or Powder form as desired. The best, and is a sure preventive. 87 tf

Common Sense Talks to Farmers.

Series of Articles for the Information and Instruction of Raisers of Grain and Produce.

(Written for this Paper by John Leasure, Manager Clearing House, American Society of Equity, Woodward, Okla.)

COMMON SENSE TALKS TO FARMERS.

No. 5.

Brother farmers we wish to bring to your attention certain facts in regard to the wheat market that exist along the railroad line in our county. To make it plain to you we will illustrate it by an actual occurrence:

A few days ago a certain farmer south of Tangier wanted to market his wheat. In Tangier he was offered 58 cts. per bu. for it. He brought this wheat to Woodward and sold it to the same people that own the elevator at Tangier for 65 cts. per bu. Wheat is worth exactly as much in Tangier as it is in Woodward. Can you tell why these people tried to buy it at Tangier at 58 cts. and paid 65 cts. here at Woodward? Can you tell us why they compelled this man to take 7 cts. per bu. less for his wheat or haul it nine miles further over bad road? If it was worth 65 cts. in Woodward it was worth 65 cts. at Tangier. But wait a minute and let us see. They had no opposition at Tangier. The Clearing House had no agent there, if it had it would have been impossible for any one to have bought this wheat or priced it at 58 cts. Can you understand this? Why should any one take such an unfair advantage of any one else? Farmers do you want to keep on the way you are at the mercy of any set of men who skin you at every opportunity? Do you like to be at the mercy of any set of men who deliberately try to rob you of at least a part of your own toil? Can these people we have just mentioned offer any excuse for such methods of doing business? Only one and that is a most unholy one. I leave it to them to name it. Brother farmers I ask you are you going to stand for these infamous methods that are practiced on you by the grain trust or are you going to liberate yourselves? You can do it and you don't have to raise a great lot of money to fight them. You have the grain it is cash or even better than cash. Refuse to do business with them. Provide for an agent of your own at every station on the line and they can not harm you. Get in line with the Clearing House and make it big enough to protect you and your rights. It will give you your rights and special privileges to none. It will pay its way out of that part of your crop that has formerly gone into the hands of speculators and make you good margins besides. We might cite you hundreds of cases similar to the one mentioned above to prove to you how advantage is taken of you and your weakness. but what's the use? You know it.

Are we, the farmers, a set of weaklings that we should endure this longer? I say no. Let us rise up in our

might and cast off the leeches that have preyed upon us to our hurt. Though the farming world outside of Woodward county do nothing at present let us, the farmers of this county declare our independence and throw off the shackles that have bound us to the crop speculator in the past.

COMMON SENSE TALKS TO FARMERS.

NO 6.

Farmers of Woodward county, the opportunity is before you. Will you embrace it? Will you come out and declare yourselves ready to help gain your liberty? The American Society of Equity is advancing with mighty strides to the point where it will be able to deliver you out of the hands of the speculator and give you the rights that have always been denied you. The right to put a reasonable price on the products of your farm and your labor. The clearing house has been able to help you some as it has existed in Woodward county but this help has been small compared to what is now offered you. It has only been supported by a few men that have risen up out of the general way farmers have of doing business. Are you going to let this effort that has proven successful die for the want of help or are you going to show your willingness to get out from under the hand that has so long ruled you the hand of the exploiter? The American Society of Equity has taken the initiative and will in Omaha Neb. June 5 6-7 establish a great national clearing house for grain and broom corn. It will be established on lines and plans fashioned after those of the Standard Oil Co. and other great and successful business enterprises but not for the same purposes. Equity only asks for the equal distribution of wealth. Farmers this is a matter of business and is of great meaning to you. You are asked to join the A. S. of E. and become one of those who ask no favors of the Shylocks who have always kept you in the bonds of industrial slavery. Pledge your crops to your own agent who is the creature of your organization and you can rest assured that your power will be greater than any on earth. This is only common sense, you know you have the power, all that you ever lacked to enforce it, was the proper plans. We as farmers have had leaders galore in the past and it does seem strange that they were all wrong and that their efforts were in vain. But the fact remains that it was ever so. Looking over the wrecks of past hopes let us see why they proved failures. First the leaders taught that farmers had to pay too much for what they had to buy and to remedy this they built co-operative stores, they established mills and factories, they tried various

means to cheapen commodities. In fact they tried everything under the sun but attending to their own business, the business of farming and the business of getting a decent price for the products of the farm. Did you ever know in your time or ever read in history of any country that was prosperous during a period of low prices. You never did or never will. Then let us all work to put the price of the products of the farm up to a profitable basis. Let us build by a system of controlled marketing an equitable price and at the same time a machine that will always keep it an equitable price. This machine will be the clearing houses, local and national to direct by system the marketing of the crops of the farm. Will you support them by pledging your crops to them?

Your truly,
John Leasure Mgr. F. C. H.

National Corn Exposition Prizes

The cash prize to be awarded at the National Corn Exposition in Chicago, October 5-19, 1907, have been apportioned. The sum total amounts to \$14,259. This amount may be augmented to a considerable extent by special cash prizes which are being arranged for, but the sum named will be distributed without regard to what may be done hereafter touching other prizes. This sum is exceedingly liberal and is so distributed that every corn growing section will receive a large reward for participation in the show.

OPEN TO THE WORLD

The prize list open to the world was prepared with a great deal of care, and the sum for which any corn grower in the United States can compete amounts to slightly over \$6,000, distributed as follows:

Yellow	\$ 590
White	590
Any	330
Leaming	330
Boone County White	330
Silver Mine	330
Yellow Flint	195
White Flint	195
Yellow for Boys	419
White for Boys	419
Any for Boys	260
Yellow for Women	157
White for Women	157
Yellow for Farmers' Daughters	157
White for Farmers' Daughters	157
White Popcorn	31
Red Popcorn	31
Best Display Popcorn	70
Two largest ears	72
Two smallest ears corn	72
Freak	52
Early Sweet	60
Late Sweet	60
Display	675
Total	\$6,069

It will be noted that this consists of 25 lots. There are from eight to fifteen prizes in each lot. It will be further noted that an exceedingly liberal sum amounting to \$675, has been offered for the best display of corn. In this lot \$250 is the first prize, and is a handsome reward for the man who makes the best display. Liberal prizes are offered for sweet corn, popcorn and for the largest and smallest ears. The women on the farm also receive liberal compensation for exhibits and ought to be very much interested.

STATE PRIZES

Separate cash prizes are offered for fourteen different states, each state to receive a total of \$585. The amount will be \$8,190. By means of these state prizes it will be possible to reward the progressive corn growers in each state. This distribution makes it impossible for the big corn states like Iowa, Illinois, Kansas, etc., to capture the most money. Michigan will receive \$585 and is on par with Iowa. Consequently every corn-growing section has an incentive to compete.

SPECIAL PRIZES

A most excellent committee, consisting of some of the best business men in Chicago, has been appointed to secure special prizes. From the present outlook the value of these will reach at least \$20,000. Automobile manufacturers, makers of farm implements, merchants, real estate men, etc., have expressed a desire to contribute, and before very long it will be possible to announce the results of this committee's work. It is not saying too much to state that the special prizes will be much more attractive than the cash prizes liberal as the latter are.

WORK PROGRESSING

The work of the exposition is progressing rapidly and in a very satisfactory way. The Coliseum, with its roomy annex, has been rented, and prominent architects and decorators are outlining plans for making the building unique and of the deepest interest; special attractions are being provided for, industrial exhibits planned, and, what is of particular interest, special educational features will be elaborate and complete.

Any corn grower, or other person interested in the forthcoming National Corn Exposition, who is desirous of obtaining any special information concerning the event, should address
Curt. M. Treat, Secretary
Great Northern Bldg., 77 Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.

Uncle Samuel Buys Pueblo Made Saddles.

R. T. Frazier has succeeded in landing a large order from the government for regulation cavalry saddles, which are to be shipped to Fort Apache, Arizona. Several weeks ago the commissary department of the government advertised for bids for a large order of saddles for the troops at that point. Mr. Frazier submitted a sample saddle and a bid for work and he was awarded the contract over a large number of competitors.

The saddles are of the standard pattern used by the United States army cavalry service and Mr. Frazier feels confident that he will be able to secure other big jobs for the government in the future. Extra men were put to work at once on the saddles and they will be rushed to the destination as fast as possible.

The firm has also received a large order from the City of Mexico for a shipment of cowboy saddles, some of which are to be handsomely decorated to suit the taste of the caballeros of the southern republic.

Mr. Josh Hopkins is here from Higgins, the guest of Huse Hopkins and family.

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POULTRY DEPARTMENT.

THE SUMMER CHICKENS.

If you have been successful in getting out a large number of early chicks and desire to continue hatching during the summer you must arrange to keep the late chicks entirely separate from the early ones. If all are allowed to run together, the early ones, which are by this time of good size, will trample over and crowd back the late chicks, with the result that the latter do not get the amount of feed necessary to force their growth. Then, to the raiser, who has a large number of early chicks, generally loses interest as warm weather approaches and does not look after the welfare of the late broods as carefully as he did those that hatched early in the season. When this is the case late chicks are of but little value.

Suppose you desire to hatch during the the summer in the hopes of having enough stock to supply all the demands, you should care for the late hatch as carefully as you did the first little ones you took from the nest or incubator. When the December and January shows are on and many of your early cockerels are beginning to look a little coarse, and the early pullets have lost some of their grace and beauty on account of having commenced to lay. You go to your flock of summer hatched chicks and pick out your cockerels and pullets that will carry off the ribbons. This has been proved many times. Every year there are many people who buy a setting or two of eggs and the chicks they get from these are the only ones they raise. Many times these people, who do not have incubators are not able to obtain setting hens until late in the season, hence, they must hatch their chicks during the summer months or go without. Now, there is no good reason why this class of poultry raisers should not buy one or two settings of eggs and get their chicks out during June and July. It is folly to discourage them. Not having any other young chickens to care for they will naturally take a great deal of interest and give their summer hatched chicks the care they will require to bring them out in fine shape.

One half of all the chicks hatched never get more than three weeks from the shell. That's the distressing part of the poultry business. It is no trouble to hatch chicks. All the trouble lies in the raising. Little chicks die by the thousands of bowel trouble. The secret lies in feeding something your chicks will digest and assimilate.

Remember it isn't the chicks you hatch its the chicks you sell or raise to maturity that shows the profit.

SELLING DAY OLD CHICKS.

This is practically a new departure in poultry culture in this country. Three or four years ago it was almost unheard of. No one thought of shipping newly hatched chicks hundreds of miles and expecting them to arrive in good condition. This however is what is being done at the present time, with perfect satisfaction to the buyer. Dozens of breeders throughout the country here taken up this branch of the poultry industry during the past two years, and so far as I have been able to ascertain they are

Lands in Woodward and Beaver Counties Oklahoma, are the propositions most eagerly sought for by the Home-seeker and Investor, because they offer the greatest possibilities for an advance in price. They are not cheap worthless lands but good lands at moderate prices.

The Southwest has every advantage in the way of Climate, Soil, Rainfall, Diversity of Crops that can be grown, and a long growing season. Every product of the Temperate zone can be successfully grown in Oklahoma.

The Northern and Eastern states may excel, the one in corn, the other in wheat or apples or potatoes. Some of the Southern states may excel in cotton or other products peculiar to their locality, but we claim for our section of the country that we can grow all these crops, and as cheaply as they can be produced in any state in the Union. With all this our lands are cheap. In fact, in many instances, land is selling here at a price per acre that does not exceed the amount exacted as yearly rental per acre for many farms in Illinois, Iowa or Missouri. On this same land that is today selling at prices ranging from \$8 to \$25 per acre, we raise crops of Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Sorghum Cane, Kaffir Corn, Indian Corn, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Alfalfa, and nearly every variety of fruit that is known in the temperate zone, in quantities that are not far behind the yield (and in many instances surpass them) produced on land in other states, that are selling at the rate of \$75 to \$200 per acre.

We want to appeal to your business judgement in this matter; don't you think it would be a wise move to invest in land that you can buy for less than one-eighth of the price asked for good farming land in your state, and get land that will produce as well, or better, than the farm you left in the East or South? Our soil

doing a thriving business. This branch of the chicken industry has been carried on in the old country for several years, also in China. The chicks are taken from the incubator as soon as dry and packed somewhat closely in boxes and can be shipped 1,000 miles or more in perfect safety. Owing to the fact that little chicks do not require any feed for from 48 to 64 hours after they emerge from the shell makes it possible to ship them any distance that does not require a greater length of time than this, and by the time they arrive at their journey's end they are ready for their first meal.

STEPPING STONE TO PROFIT.

There is a greater incentive for the poultry breeder to work earnestly now than ever before.

Patience is a strong link in the chain of success in poultry raising. Lost patience, lost poultry profits. If successful poultry raisers did not possess an exceedingly large amount of patience few of them would ever rise to that plane called success.

Every time I see a neglected flock

of poultry I feel like telling the person in charge to do one or two things: Get in love with the business or get out of it.

Did you ever stop to think what a wonderful piece of mechanism that frail looking thing we call "hen" is? Shouldn't we give them the best care and attention?

To win a prize with a bird you have bought is nothing. But to create a new strain better than all your predecessors is to be of some real value to the fraternity.

A breeder when he ships eggs for hatching should realize that he is selling chicks, not eggs. If he is not willing to go to the trouble and expense of furnishing eggs with all the elements of strength in them possible, he should never offer them for sale.

If you want to get rich quick, stay out of poultry business, but if you want an occupation that offers a good opportunity for making a comfortable living, it is a good business to get into.

is new and wonderfully fertile. We have the best climate in the world and a growing season that cannot be equalled anywhere.

We do not ask you to come to a new and uncivilized county, but to a country where an excellent system of public schools has been established, where churches abound. Roads and towns and rural mail routes and telephones are numerous.

We have the finest climate in the world, not too hot in summer or too cold in the winter.

We have a growing season that is the most favorable for diversified farming, and cannot be surpassed by any state in the United States.

More than one half of railroad construction of the entire country for the past three years has been in this section; and the entire attention of all railroad companies interested in Oklahoma is given to filling up this section of country with desirable farmers and business men, with the result that in a few short years there will be a great advance in values of all properties, and land that is now selling for at four or five times the present prices.

There are many instances where crops such as Cotton, Broom Corn, Kafir Corn and Alfalfa have been raised and sold for more money per acre in a single season than you would have to pay for the land on which the crops were raised.

This is a stock country beyond any doubt. In the olden times the cattlemen did not pretend to prepare feed for the stock they wintered on the range. There are few winters that farmers have to feed their stock, only when we have storms. Wheat pasture and buffalo grass will carry them through in good shape.

THE RAISING OF DUCKS.

This is among the most profitable of home industries. The Imperial Pekin ducks at ten weeks old weigh four, five to six pounds, and bring an average price of 18 cents a pound. It is not necessary that they should have access to water, they grow and thrive rapidly without. Houses for ducks are simple affairs, they do not mind the cold if they can keep their feet warm.

Indigestion is not prevalent with ducks as with chickens, for their ceaseless motion aids the digestive organs. The food of the duck must be both vegetable and animal to get the most satisfactory results. Much hard food, such as grain does not agree with them. I always feed a mixture of corn meal and bran, with meat scraps and plenty of grit, but no sloppy food.

Save the calves—fresh Vaccine to prevent Blackleg, on sale at the NEWS office.

WOLF KILLING METHODS

Best Way to Get Rid of Them.

The enormous losses suffered by farmers and stockmen on the western ranges through the depredation of wolves led the government to make special investigations to ascertain the best methods for destroying the pests. The result appears in a pamphlet just issued from the government printing office. The report says at the outset:

"The chief object of the report is to put in the hands of every hunter, trapper, forest ranger, ranchman and farmer, directions for trapping, poisoning and hunting wolves and finding the dens of young. If these directions are followed it is believed that the wolves can be so reduced in number that their depredations will cease to be a serious menace to stock raising. Prime wolfskins are worth from \$4 to \$6 each, enough to induce trappers and enterprising ranch boys to make an effort to secure them if a reasonable degree of success is assured. Stock owners need little encouragement to catch or kill wolves on their own ranges, and it is believed that the forest rangers will be able to keep them down in the forest reserves. Their complete extermination on the western range is however, to be expected in the near future, and it is only by constant and concerted effort that their numbers can be kept down sufficiently to prevent serious depredations.

"The stock killed by wolves is mainly cattle. Calves and yearlings are generally selected, but if these are not available, cows, and even full grown steers are killed. They are usually attacked from behind and literally eaten alive. Occasionally an animal will escape the wolf with a great piece torn out of its ham, while the wolf goes on to catch another. The ranchmen in the wolf country maintain that a 'critter' even slightly bitten by a wolf, will die of blood poisoning, and many detailed instances seem fully to substantiate this. More cattle are therefore killed than are eaten.

"For thrilling sport and for a test of skill and nerve the hunting of wolves with dogs and horses can hardly be excelled, but as a method of destroying wolves it is costly in horse-flesh, dogs and the time of the best riders. Nevertheless, this is often the only method employed by the ranchmen.

"In no other way can the number of wolves be kept down so surely and so economically as by destroying the young in the breeding dens. It is now positively known that wolves always pair at least for the breeding season, and a knowledge of their habits, time of breeding and customary breeding grounds renders it an easy matter to find the dens and secure the pups. The large size of the litters makes this method peculiarly important. The usual number is eight, nine, ten or eleven, and the outside limits five and thirteen.

"The young are usually born in caves, among rocks, in washed-out cavities in bad land, or in old badger holes in banks that have been enlarged by the wolves. The dens are generally large enough for a man to crawl into and get the pups without having to

dig. A stout hook on the end of a stick will sometimes be very useful in getting the young out of crevices between rocks or from side chambers out of reach. There is no danger of encountering the old wolf in the den, for she usually sneaks off before she is even seen. One litter of eight pups taken from a cavity under a large boulder when they were about six weeks old fought as fiercely as their strength would admit, but they could not cut through my buckskin glove. There is no real danger from the young while they are yet in the dens, unless blood poisoning should result from a scratch of their teeth.

"For poisoning wolves, place four grains of pulverized sulphate of strychnine in a three-grain gelatine capsule, cap securely, and wipe off every trace of the bitter drug. The capsules should be inserted in a piece of beef suet the size of a walnut, and the cavity securely closed to keep out moisture. The juice of fresh meat will dissolve the gelatine capsule, hence only fat should be used. The necessary number of number of these poisoned baits may be prepared and carried in a tin can or pail, but they should not be touched with naked hands. Old gloves or forceps should be used to handle them. The baits may be dropped from horseback along a scented drag line made by dragging an old bone, or old piece of hide, or may be placed on, around, or partly under any carcass on which the wolves are feeding, or along trails followed by the wolves. Partial concealment of the bait usually lessens the wolf's suspicion, while some kind of scent near by along the trail insures its attention.

"The genuine capsule will dissolve in about a minute in the juices of the mouth or stomach. When the strychnine is taken on an empty stomach it will sometimes kill in a very few minutes, but when taken on a full stomach the wolf may have time to travel some distance before dying. In experiments on dogs the animal usually becomes helpless in one or two minutes after the first symptoms of poison, and dies five or six minutes later.

"For trapping wolves nothing smaller than a No. 4 double spring trap with heavy welded or special wolf chain should be used. If the trap is to be staked or fastened to a stationary object, the chain should have a swivel at each end; or to a drag one swivel next to the trap is enough. A wolf will bite and break an ordinary flat steel chain, and will break any ordinary chain that is allowed to twist and kink, if it is fastened to an immovable object.

"The trap, chain, and stone drag should be buried out of sight close to a runway, where the wolves follow a trail or road, cross a narrow pass, or visit a carcass, with the trap nearest the runway and flush with the surface of the ground; to keep the earth from clogging under the pan, the pan and jaws should be covered with an oval of paper, and over this should be sprinkled fine earth until the surface is smooth and all traces of paper and trap are concealed. The surface of the ground and the surroundings should appear as nearly as possible undisturbed. The dirt may be made to look natural again by sprinkling

water on it. Touching the ground or objects with the hands, spitting near the trap, or in any way leaving a trace of human odors near by should be avoided. Old, well-scented gloves should be worn while setting traps, and a little of the scent used for the traps should be rubbed on the shoe soles. A piece of old cowhide may be used on which to stand and to place the loose earth in burying the trap and drag.

"The wolf bait that has been found most effective may be called, for lack of a better name, fetid bait, because of its offensive odor. It has been long in use in variously modified forms by the most successful wolf trappers, and its preparation is usually guarded as a profound secret. It cannot be credited to any one trapper, since no two prepare it just the same way, but in most cases its fundamental odors are the same. It may be prepared as follows:

"Place half a pound of raw beef or venison in a wide-mouthed bottle and let it stand in a warm place (but never in the sun) from two to six weeks or longer until it is thoroughly decayed and the odor has become as offensive as possible. If the weather is not very warm this may require several months. When decomposition has reached the proper stage, add a quart of sperm oil or some liquid animal oil. Lard oil may be used, but prairie dog oil is better. Add half ounce of asafoetida dissolved in alcohol and one ounce of Siberian musk, or, if this can not be procured, one ounce of pulverized beaver castor or one ounce of common musk sold for perfumery. Mix thoroughly and bottle securely until used. Apply the scent to the grass, weeds or ground back of the trap with a stick or a straw dipped in the scent, or by pouring from the bottle. A teaspoonful should be enough for baiting one trap but in some cases more could be used to advantage. It should be placed beyond the trap to lead the wolf across never on the trap, as the first impulse of the wolf after sniffing it is to roll on it. This bait is very attractive also to cattle and horses, and unless great care is exercised the traps will be tramped over and pawed out daily by the animals they are intended to protect. If possible they should be set where cattle do not often pass or on patches of stony ground or just over a fence from cattle trails.

"Wolfskins are worth from \$4 to \$6. The skin should be complete, with feet, ears and nose perfect. The feet should be split through the soles, all bones removed except terminal segment of each toe, the thick base of cartilage removed and salt forced in between skin and cartilage. The tail bone should be removed and tail split along the lower side of the top. The skin should be nailed up as nearly square as possible, with the legs wide and short, and left to dry in the shade.

ANOTHER UNLUCKY 13.

Woodward County Homesteader Lost Out.

Another piece of land has reverted to the territory by reason of the provision in the enabling act providing that all land vacant in section 13 in Oklahoma at the time of its passage, or that may hereafter become vacant,

reverts to the university fund of the territory. The commissioner of Indian affairs in Washington has held that all lands become vacant as soon as a relinquishment is filed in the land in the land office, and other person can be allowed to enter a homestead filing.

The first decision of the commissioner was received about a month ago, and yesterday another case was referred to the school land department of the territory. In the first case the transfer was sold for \$2,400, but the filing of the purchaser was turned down by the department, and the land placed at the disposal of the universities of the future state.

The case received yesterday was that of William W. Scholl, of Woodward county, who sold eighty acres in section 13, township 19 north, in range 19 west. A quarter section was involved in the transfer, but as the other eighty acres was across the section line and not in section 13, the relinquishment is not effected on that eighty.

There have been two transfers filed in the Guthrie office which the officials believe will be turned down by the commissioner, as the transfers were made since the passage of the enabling act, and are therefore subject to the same ruling. Five similar cases are now pending before the commissioner and will be passed upon as possible.

It is held that all homesteaders on section 13 in Oklahoma who have not secured patents to the land, cannot transfer their title, as in order to do so a relinquishment must first be made by the entryman. The department holds that the moment the relinquishment is filed the land reverts to the universities under the enabling act, and no filing can be accepted by the land department.

There are a large number of homesteaders in Oklahoma on section 13 who have not received patents, and under this ruling they cannot transfer their lands. The ruling applies only to section 13 in the territory, and all entrymen should be warned of the decision, as they may lose their land, as the original entryman also loses his title in the land as soon as his relinquishment is filed.

A Post "Pome."

The Leavenworth Post has the following "pome":

"A little green bug sat chaffing his feet, on the windward side of a stalk of wheat, while fast and furious the snowflakes fell, and he said to his mate, 'This is certainly hell!' Your simple's poor and very bad taste," she said as she shook in her peek-a-boo waist. And the Frost King smiled when he found them there, and was glad they'd forgotten their under wear and he pinched them with all his might while Coburn smiled in his sleep all night."

John Leasure has returned from the state meeting of the A. S. of E. at Okeene and reports absolutely no wheat or oats in four counties to the eastward owing to the ravages of the green bug. Dollar wheat will be a low mark this fall if conditions are similar elsewhere as now reported.

Vaccine
sale at

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY BY

W. E. BOLTON.

WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA. KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

Represented in Denver, Colo., by C. O. Sprenger, Times Building.

The only journal published in Oklahoma and the Indian Territory, devoted exclusively to live stock interests and stock farming.

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

REMITTANCE. In sending money to the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR please observe that the Clearing House will not accept private checks at par. Remit by postal or express orders, eastern bank exchange, registered letter, or if by private check add twenty-five cents for collection. Amounts of one dollar or more can be paid in postage stamps.

DISCONTINUANCE. Subscribers wishing the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR stopped at the expiration of their subscription must notify us in writing to that effect otherwise we shall consider it is their wish to have it continued and we will make collection for the same.

CHANGES OF ADDRESS. When a change of address is ordered, both the new and old address must be given and notice sent two weeks before the change is desired. We require this on account of our heavy mailing list.

Official Organ of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association

Advertising Rates.

Display advertising 10 cents per line, eight to fourteen lines to the inch.

Special reading notices 10 cents per line. Business cards or miscellaneous advertisements will be received from reliable advertisers at the rate of \$1.00 per agate line for one year.

Annual cards in the Breeder's Directory, consisting of four lines or less for \$6.00 per year, including a copy of the Live Stock Inspector free.

Electrics should have metal base. Objectionable advertisements or orders from unreliable advertisers, when such is known to be the case, will not be accepted at any price.

To insure prompt publication of an advertisement, send cash with the order; however, monthly or quarterly payments may be arranged by parties who are well known to the publishers, or when acceptable references are given.

All advertisements intended for the current issue should reach this office not later than the 10th or 15th of each month.

Every advertiser will receive a copy of the paper free during the publication of the advertisement.

Address all orders to:
LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Okla.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR exercises great care in admitting advertisements to its columns. If any of our readers wish information regarding any advertisement or advertiser we would be glad to give same. If you wish to buy anything that is not advertised in our columns, write us and we will refer you to the best place to buy.

A postal card, addressed to the Secretary of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, Woodward, Okla., will bring by return mail a full set of blanks necessary for becoming a member of the Association, also full information pertaining to the same.

Mother's an Expert.

My brother, Jonny needs some clothes
He wants some right away;
But father says the boy is wrong,
"Your suit's all right," he'll say.
But Johnny wan't need clothing long.
He'll have a new suit soon,
For mother is to play some bridge
Tomorrow afternoon.

And little Mary wants a slate,
She's started in at school
But pa says, "Make the old one do!"—
He's stubborn as a mule.
But 'twon't be long till Mary has
Her slate, you wait and see—
For mother is to play some bridge
Tomorrow 'bout 3

There's lots of things we need at home
But father laughs at us;
He says we're too extravagant—
It does no good to fuss,
But we 'most always get such things,
You bet your life we do,
For mother plays bridge now and then
She understands it, too.—Denver Post.

And now it is learned that
wherever quail are abundant the
fatal green-bug has done little or
no damage. Shoot the quail hunters
and save the crops.

Was ever a more cowardly
wrong perpetrated upon the people
than is that of secreting from
the public eye the document "in-
tended" as a state document to
be voted upon?—Guthrie Capital.

Under the gerrymander of the
districts the Indian Territory
politician will absolutely control
all the state. Their power will
be supreme and the people of
Oklahoma will have to bear the
burden.—Brule Post.

A family of three, father, mother
and eight months old daughter,
whose combined weight is but
207 pounds, live in Aline.—Aline
Chronoscope.

Huh! We can skin that whole
family, a hundred or more, over
here in Woodward!

Less. Niblack in his Guthrie
Leader gives a column wide box
head to "Comment on the Consti-
tution," follows it with a five liner
from a Pennsylvania county
paper and runs the balance of the
space in Kidney and Liver medicine.
It would sure make any
body sick!

We received a finely illustrated
edition of the Sedgewick Kansas,
Panlagraph, last week showing
our old friend C. A. Seaman,
President of the State bank there,
and his assistants. We knew
Seaman when he was an ordinary
hired man and his present pros-

perity simply proves again the
wonderful opportunities of our
growing west.

A Denver woman, going from
home for the day, locked every-
thing up well and for the grocer's
benefit, wrote on a card: "All
out. Don't leave any thing."
This she stuck on the front door.
On her return home she found
the house ransacked and all her
choicest possessions gone. To
the card on the door was added:
"Thanks: we haven't left much."

The Bartlesville Herald re-
marks: A newspaper is expected
to publish all the news fit to
print. How is a paper to give
news unless they get possession
of the facts? It is a mark of
consideration and respect for
your friends that you can show
only by very kindly giving your
home paper a short notice of
their visit. The young lady gives
her lady guest discourteous at-
tention if she fails to tell the home
paper of her friend's arrival.
When friends neglect each other,
friendship's silver chains corrode
and separation comes.

It is given out that the consti-
tutional convention will not adjourn
but hold in session so that any-
thing that needs changing before
the election may be changed.
How this will work is hard to tell.
So long as they are in session
the presumption is that their
work is not completed. If this
be true what have the people to
vote upon? If it is within the
power of the convention to make
changes how can an intelligent
expression be given? If the body
proposes to enact a continuous
performance and remain in ses-
sion how will the people, if the
constitution should be ratified,
know what they are ratifying?—
Aline Chronoscope.

Vote 'er Down.

"There are many men of many
minds."

And 'tis well that there are.

We can not, however, conceive
of the condition of mind which
will condemn a thing in words
strong enough to move a freight
train and at the same time give
succor to it.

The Oklahoma Post is an edi-
torial apologizing for giving sup-
port to the constitution, speak of
it as follows:

"It is filled with the idiocies
and the idiosyncrasies of demo-
cracy, populism, and Herr Most-
ism. It is a hybrid—a nonde-

script and the only wonder is
that it has a parent that will ac-
knowledge it as its own."

A "hybrid" and "nondescript"
it is, and yet the Post would ask
those whom the constitution
would disfranchise, the people
whom it would bankrupt the par-
ents whose children it would
raise in ignorance, the protectors
of the nation whom it would point
the finger of scorn at, and the
capitalists whom it would des-
troy; to vote for it.

And for what?

The privilege of having state-
hood for many years under the
vilest laws and most domineer-
ing element of our body politics
that can be scraped together—

In preference to waiting but a
few month for an act that will
give us equal suffrage, just taxa-
tion, and a square deal for all.—
State Capital.

Mrs. Mary Gerlach.

As we go to press we are inform-
ed of the sad news of the death
of Mrs. Mary Gerlach which
occurred at 8:15 a. m. Mrs Ger-
lach has been a long and patient
sufferer from the dreaded malady
which caused her death but we
rejoice that that same hand that
weilds the so-called cruel sickle
of death has power to bestow up-
on His children an endless habi-
tude of blissful existence where
suffering and sorrow is no more.

When the call came she was
surrounded by her sons and
daughters and many other im-
mediate friends. The remains
will be taken to Larned, Kansas,
tomorrow night where they will
be laid to rest by the side of her
husband who many years ago
preceeded her to that better
world.—Canadian (Texas) Re-
cord.

Col. Frank Phillips and A. D.
Einsel Jr. of Greensburg Kansas
were in Woodward last week en-
route to N. M. after a string of
600 cattle. They will ship to
Woodward and drive north from
here. Mr. Phillips is an old time
friend of the writer who is pleas-
ed to note his prosperity. Frank
went to Kiowa county Kansas in
1884, settled on a claim and by
thrift and energy has accumu-
lated lands and banks and town
property until his valuation is
near the half million mark.

Uncle Tom Word was in from
the ranche near Supply Tuesday.
He says no green bugs have hurt
the wheat there yet and that he
and all his neighbors are tearing
up sod to beat the band.

Do you get Ft. Worth market reports? If not, write us.

SALES AGENTS PASTEUR BLACKLEG VACCINE.

Ed. F. Smith Company, Successful Sellers of Cattle, Hogs and Sheep.

Stock Yards.

FT. WORTH, TEXAS.

WE BUY STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

GREED, GRAFT, AND GRAB!

Read this and Read It Carefully.

Oklahoma City, Okla., April 25.—“The features of the proposed constitution of Oklahoma which provides that the principal of the school funds of the new state shall by first preference be loaned on farm lands will finally make the state government a live, breathing and organized oligarchy of greed, graft and grab.” In this startling language the Fort Worth Star, which is recognized as a Democratic paper to the core, discusses a clause in the proposed Oklahoma constitution which was introduced by “Railroad” Haskell of Muskogee. This statement coming from a publication of established reputation for Democracy is especially significant and shows just exactly how the miserable Democratic attempt at constitution making is viewed by Democratic papers which are not, either directly or indirectly owned and controlled by the man who wants to be governor. The Fort Worth Star said:

“The Oklahoma constitution, convention was controlled by the Democrats, but the spirit of Jefferson evidently did not make regular visits to the council halls, it found several good front seats occupied by the spirit of regulation, the spirit of intolerance, the spirit of class prejudice and the spirit of centralization, became discouraged and frequently absented itself from the scene of deliberation for several days at a time.

“It must have been during such a period that a certain feature was incorporated into the fundamental laws of the new state regarding farm loans and mortgages.”

The Star then quotes from the New State Tribune in which Haskell declares that the constitution of the new state did one of the wisest things it could have done in declaring that the principal of the school fund of the state should, by first preference, be loaned on farm mortgages. After presenting the alleged advantages of this particular clause Haskell winds up by saying that he had the pleasure of presenting this provision and was gratified at seeing it adopted.

Now notice what the Star thinks of this self constituted leader of Democracy in Oklahoma:

“This provision of the constitution is a serious blunder in economics to start with, since it encourages the mortgaging of the lands and home of the people. Mortgaging is burdensome, dangerous and often disastrous and should never be resorted to except in cases of urgency.

“The provision is undemocratic because it is the very essence of centralization and calculated to make the state a money loaning, money grabbing machine.

“The law will perhaps be the most popular one in the United States while everybody is mortgaging and getting money freely and speculating and expending.

“It will be one of the most hated laws in the world when mortgages mature and the people are called on to pay up or forfeit their lands and homes. It will become a case of: ‘The state giveth, and the state taketh away—cursed be the name of the state.’

“It will finally make the state government a living, breathing and organized oligarchy of greed, graft and grab.

“The state as a money lender and land shark holding out inducements to the people to burden and to finally in thousands of cases to forfeit their holdings, is the very sign and symbol of the three brass balls—the apotheosis of paternalism—the enthronement of Shylock in the state house.

“The shadow of Hamiltonian centralization, the spirit of a strong government in an aristocracy and that aristocracy in hereditary political control, is already darkening the land. Democrats everywhere should preach the better Jeffersonian creed of individualism, self reliance, freedom of opportunity with the least governmental interference consistent with public order. The hand of the government in all the affairs of the people means in the end the hand of that same government at their throats.

“Oklahoma as a land shark and forecloser of mortgages will finally plunge thousands of its people into peonage, who will curse the government, the constitution and the men who placed the cheap money and farm mortgage bait in their way.

“Long loans invariably makes life debtors. The ninety day note is more than often met at maturity than the one running three years.

“With everybody borrowing from the state freely the people would be led into feeling they were on easy street, owing nobody but the state, and the state would extend the time period, but in forced pay day must come some time and no end of trouble with it.

“The man who presented this paternalistic, centralizing, socialistic feature of the Oklahoma constitution may applaud himself and find himself applauded now, but if he lives twenty or thirty years, he will hear different greetings and receive other offerings than bouquets from the men who shall have lost their vines and fig trees at the farm mortgage wheel of misfortune and their self reliance and independence on the altar of our new American molech—governmental grabbing of everything, everybody and everybody’s business.”

Educational Value of Fairs

The educational value of county fairs, farmer’s institutes and conventions has been pointed out several times in these columns and it should be the aim of every person, whether he lives in the city or on a farm, to attend as many public gatherings as possible. Therefore we do not feel that we are “boosting” the Jamestown Exposition by urging as many of our readers as can do so to attend the great fair that is being held on the historic ground in Virginia where the first English settlement in America was established 300 years ago. The exposition was formally opened last Friday, but it will be at least two months before all exhibits are in place and the best time to visit the fair will be next fall. Such a statement is in a measure detrimental to the financial success of the exposition, but it is only right that the prospective visitors should know the true conditions. It has been the history of all great fairs and expositions that not one of them was ready to be opened on the date originally set.

While a great deal of benefit can be obtained by reading in newspapers and magazines about the world’s progress a great deal more can be realized by actually seeing the various improvements that have been made in all lines of industry. Even in the short time that has elapsed since the Louisiana Purchase Exposition was held in St. Louis some wonderful inventions in science and labor-saving devices have been made. Many of these directly affect the farmers and it is to their interest to acquaint themselves with anything that will serve to their betterment.

Fresh Blackleg Vaccine for calves, at the News office.

The Bob-white.

The ornithologists of the department of agriculture have been making an investigation of the economic value of the bob-white as a result of which it is announced that the bird is probably the most useful abundant species on the farms.

Field observations, experiments and examinations show that it consumes large quantities of weed seeds and destroys many of the worst insect pests with which farmers have to contend, and it does not injure grain, fruit or other crops. It is figured that from September 1, to April 30, annually, in Virginia alone, the total consumption of weed seeds by bob-whites amount to 537 tons. Some of the pests which it also destroys are the Mexican cotton boll weevil, which damages the cotton crop upward of \$15,000,000 a year; the potato beetle which cuts off \$10,000,000 from the value of the potato crop; the cotton worms, which have been known to cause \$30,000,000 loss in a year; the chinch bug and the Rocky Mountain Locust, scourges which leave desolation in their path and have caused losses of \$100,000,000 in some years. Certainly measures should be passed to preserve this valuable bird.

Two new station eating houses will be built this year by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe; one at Wellington, Kansas, to cost about \$40,000, and one at Emporia, to cost about \$50,000. Both will be under the management of Fred Harvey.

Twenty-five new Atlantic type passenger locomotives will be delivered to the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway within the next month or six weeks. They will be put into service on the eastern grand division.

NO LIMIT.

**To Taxes is Anywhere to be Found
in the Constitution of the New
State.**

The Democratic orators are laying great stress upon the provision in the constitution limiting the amount of state tax to be levied in any year to 3 1-2 mills. The state tax under this clause is limited to 3 1-2 mills, yet the Democrats have left the amount open to any sum the legislature may see fit to levy after the first year. The constitution provides:

"Sec. 9. Except as herein otherwise provided, the total taxes, or an ad valorem basis, for all purposes, state, county, township, city or town, and school district taxes shall not exceed in any one year thirty-one mills on the dollar—to be divided as follows: State levy not more than three and one-half mills; county levy, not more than eight mills." etc.

But in order to arrive at the actual amount that can be levied sections two and three of the same article must be read and construed with section nine. They read:

"Sec. 2. The legislature shall provide by law for an annual tax sufficient, with the other resources, to defray the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for each fiscal year."

"Sec. 3. Whenever the expenses of any fiscal year shall exceed the income, the legislature may provide for levying a tax for the ensuing fiscal year, which, with other resources, shall be sufficient to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated ordinary expenses of the state for the ensuing year."

After reading these sections no one can fail to see that the constitution place no restrictions upon the amount of deficiency the state officials may incur during the year and it gives the state legislature license to provide for a state tax sufficient to pay whatever indebtedness is incurred without limit.

The constitution restricts the amount of state tax to 3 1-2 mills the first year, and then provides that the legislature may provide for sufficient levies to pay all the indebtedness in excess of the amount provided for the fiscal year without restraint or limit.

How will the taxpayers like the two provisions when construed together? There is absolutely no limit on the amount of deficiency the state legislature may levy a tax for after the first year under the state government.

For instance, the state officers during the first year may obli-

gate the state for millions of dollars, although the first legislature can levy a tax of only 3 1-2 mills. But the next state legislature has the power to levy a tax sufficient to pay the deficiency made by the state officials, regardless of what the amount may be.

Thus it will be seen that the limit taxes only applies to the first levy. After that, the legislature is given license to tax the people in any sum that may be found necessary to pay the expenses incurred during the previous year.

There will be no limit to the amount of taxes the people will have to bear, although the constitution apparently limits the amount to 3 1-2 mills.

Mr. Taxpayer, read this article carefully and judge the result. It does not take a lawyer to find the limitless tax that the people are asked to vote upon themselves.—Alva Courier

And this, notwithstanding the fact that the traveling public had supposed the Alvarado, Cardenas and Castaneda—the famous trio of Santa Fe hotels at Albuquerque, Trinidad and Las Vegas.—represented everything superlative in Southwest inn-keeping.

Hotel Escalante is located away out in Arizona, where the Santa Fe branch to Prescott and Phoenix leaves the main California line. Travelers in that region will now enjoy staying at Ash Fork longer than merely between trains.

The building is of steel and concrete construction, which makes it absolutely fire proof; is surrounded by wide verandas and tastefully furnished. It has adequate capacity and provides every accessory of a high-class metropolitan hotel.

The architecture is "old mission." Each room has hot and cold water, steam heat (when necessary), electric lights and telephones. There is a lobby, a lounging room, also writing room, lunch room, barber shop, and buffet. Near by is an Indian building, where is gathered and exhibit of Indian handicraft, second only to the one at Albuquerque.

Following the Santa Fe custom of naming its best hotels after the Spaniards of the Conquest, this one commemorates that noted padre, Francisco Silvestre Velez Escalante—who sojourned here in 1776. The place where he crossed the Colorado river in Grand Canyon is now known as El Vado de los Padres—"The Crossing of the Fathers."

"Mother," said a college student who had brought his chum home for the holidays, "permit me to present my friend, Mr. Speenoodle." His mother who was a little hard of hearing, placed her hand to her ear, "I'm sorry, George, but I didn't quite catch your friend's name. You'll have to speak a little louder, I'm afraid." "I want to present my friend, Mr. SPEENODLE." "I'm sorry, but Mr.

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1 " Blue Blood Tomato	15c
1 " Juley Turnip	10c
1000 kernels gloriously beautiful flower seeds	15c
Total	\$2.00

All for 100 postpaid in order to introduce our warranted seeds, and if you will send 10c we will add one package of Berliner Earliest Cauliflower, together with our mammoth plant, nursery stock, vegetable and farm seed and tool catalog.
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—What was the name again? "Mr. SPEENODLE!" George fairly yelled. The old lady shook her head sadly, "I'm sorry George, but I'm afraid it's no use. It sounds just like Speenoodle to me."—Ex.



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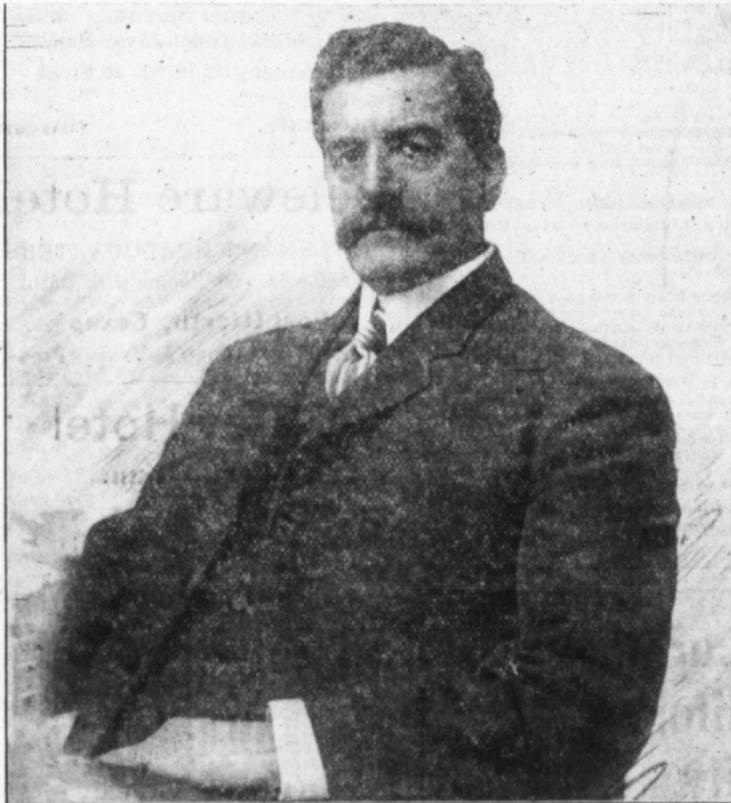
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- Inter State Live Stock Show. St. Joseph, Sept. 23-28, 1907.
- American-Royal Live Stock Show. Kansas City, Oct. 14-19, 1907.
- International Galloway Show. Chicago, Nov. 30, Dec. 7, 1907.
- Southwestern Stock Show. Enid, Okla., Jan. 1908.
- Western Stock Show. Denver, Jan. 20-25, 1908.
- Fort Worth Live Stock Show. Fort Worth, Tex., Mar. 1908.

An artist was talking about the late Walter Appleton Clark, who died at the beginning of his artistic career. "And Clark," he said, "had a strong sense of humor. I remember going through a millionaire's stables with

him one day. You know what a millionaire's stables nowadays are like—floors and walls of translucent white tiles, drinking fountains of marble, mahogany mangers, silver trimmings and so forth and so on. "Well, gentleman," said the millionaire, proudly, "is anything lacking?" "I can think of nothing," said Clark, "except a sofa for each horse."

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Expansion of Tillable Area.

However one may explain it the fact has recently been forced to the attention of the world that vast areas formerly listed as unfit for general farming because of supposed shortage of moisture have become immensely profitable. Former scant grazing lands are dotted with white cottages and red barns. A farmer here and there has solved some of the problems which baffled the pioneers. neighbors were let into secrets, special experimenters have seen the fruition of earnest labor, and today the West is rich with those who can honestly say they have had many successful crops. By their energy and genius, making intelligent study of conditions, and finally by adoption of the Campbell system for treatment of the soil modernizing their methods in every way possible—those men have worked a miracle in the dry country. Everywhere there is increasing and permanent prosperity and we are only at the beginning of the development.

In the so-called semi arid region, where the rainfall is not such that the farmer may indulge in waste of water, the adoption of the Campbell system of soil culture has been more potent in effecting this wonderful transformation than anything else, and it has done more to establish confidence than any other agency. It is one thing to break up and plant the prairies, quite another to make sure of crops, the very best the soil is capable of, and this every year—yet this is in fact being done and it is resulting in prosperity far beyond anything possible even in more favored climates where farming methods are not so advanced.

Land values have advanced measurably because of the certainty, now amply demonstrated, that there are indeed few sections that cannot be made to yield good crops by intelligent application. The area made profitable in this way is much vaster than the area reclaimed by irrigation. Its possibilities are far greater. Farming has been popularized as never before by this making of crop failures only a matter of history and remisesces for the old timers, and it has added greatly to the comfort of innumerable farm homes in regions where comfort has been scarce.

Practical results have proved that farming in the semi-arid region or so-called dry country is no longer an experiment. In a great region in eastern Colorado, for instance, where many have been following this system sometimes imperfectly, results have been truly wonderful. From 30 to 55 bushels of best wheat per acre without irrigation on land formerly supposed to be of no use for farming. Near Holdridge, Neb., in 1906, on summer tilled land, Prof. Campbell got 51½ bushels of wheat testing 64 lbs. From a dozen different states reports equally as encouraging have been gathered.

This wonderful expansion of the area of tillable soil by reason of newer and better methods of farming makes for the permanent prosperity of the country as nothing else can.

Paul Bickley and Cecil Bigelow were among the Shattuck visitors in the city Sunday.

A standard book written, printed and published by the United States Government and for the first time advertised for sale.

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Special Report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding.

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Trying to Catch Up

The railway managements of the country have been trying catch up. In view of the widespread and apparently well grounded complaints last fall that the transportation facilities were far behind its needs and steadily losing ground, any interference with attempts to "catch up" is a serious matter, and constitutes not the least disquieting of the dangers of the present situation. The railway congestion of the past winter has seriously interfered with business, and if it is to become more and more acute a very unwholesome reaction on the business of the country is likely to follow.

According to the Railway Age there is nearly as large a mileage of new railroads projected for 1907 as was the case last year at this time, but the probability is that the present uncertainty as to federal and state interference in the affairs of the railways will hold in abeyance a very considerable portion of these extensions and improvements.

In March of 1906 13,000 miles of new road were under contract, and about half of this was completed before the end of the year. At present the mileage under contract is 11,912, and of this about 8,700 miles are what the Railway Age calls live projects and explains as those "which probably would be undertaken during the present year were the conditions more favorable."

In other words, 1907 would probably be a record year in railroad building were it not for two adverse influences: hostility toward capital invested in railroad enterprises, and the excessive and still increasing cost of material and labor. Hence, says the Railway Age in conclusion, a considerable curtailment of extensions and enlargements, not alone during the coming year, but possibly extending to the next presidential election will not be surprising.

Mane Hints To Horsemen.

The physical nature of the horse is similar to our own. In winter instead of taking off clothing we put on more. Use the same logic with the horse and provide him with a good warm blanket when standing in the cold. When standing hitched, turn his head with the wind, rather than facing it. He will feel the cold much less.

Save your horse from exposure to sudden and extreme changes of temperature. See that he has proper shelter and that he is fed and exercised regularly.

Horses are naturally well and strong and seldom suffer from any but man-made causes, such as over-driving, over-loading, under-feeding, bad shoeing, neglect and expense.

Over-loading a horse is a violation of law. A horse should not be given a heavier load than he can pull with comfort on a level road.

Water your horse often, in winter as in summer. There are all kinds of theories about the proper time to water horses. If you water him as you water yourself you won't be far wrong. Let him drink with the bridle on and the bits in his mouth, so that he will drink quietly and slowly.

See to it that blinders do not press



O. L. Chase
St. Louis, Mo.

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I AM the paint man. I have a new way of manufacturing and selling paints. It's unique—it's better. It revolutionized the paint business of this country last year.

Before my plan was invented paint was sold in two ways—either ready-mixed or the ingredients were bought and mixed by the painter. Ready-mixed paint settles on the shelves, forming a sediment at the bottom of the can. The chemical action in ready-mixed paint, when standing in oil, eats the life out of the oil. The oil is the very life of all paints.

Paint made by the painter cannot be properly made on account of lack of the heavy mixing machine. My paint is unlike any other paint in the world. It is ready to use, but not ready-mixed. My paint is made to order after each order is received, packed in hermetically sealed cans with the very day it is made stamped on each can by my factory inspector.

NOTE—My 8 Year Guarantee Backed by \$50,000 Bond.

I ship my thick pigment, which has double strength, freshly ground, in separate cans, and in another can, I ship the pure, old process Linseed Oil—the kind you used to buy years ago. Any child can stir them together. I sell my paint direct from my factory to user—you pay no dealer or middleman profits.

My \$100.00 Cash Guarantee

I guarantee, under \$100 Cash Forfeit, that the paint I am offering you does not contain water, benzine, whiting, or barytes—and that my Oil is pure, old-fashioned linseed oil and contains absolutely no foreign substance whatever.

I guarantee the freight on six gallons or over. My paint is so good that I make this wonderful fair test offer:

When you receive your shipment of paint, you can use two full gallons—that will cover 600 square feet of wall—two coats. If, after you have used that much of my paint, you are not perfectly satisfied with it in

every detail, you can return the remainder of your order and the two gallons will not cost you one penny.

No other paint manufacturer ever made such a liberal offer.

It is because I manufacture the finest paint, put up in the best way, that I can make this offer.

I go even further. I sell all of my paint on six months' time, if desired.

This gives you an opportunity to paint your buildings when they need it, and pay for the paint at your convenience.

Back of my paint stands my Eight-Year officially signed, iron-clad Guarantee.

For further particulars regarding my plan of selling, and complete color card of all colors, send a postal to O. L. Chase, St. Louis, Mo. I will send my paint book—the most complete book of its kind ever published—absolutely free. Also my instruction book entitled "This Little Book Tells How to Paint" and copy of my 8-year guarantee.

O. L. CHASE, The Paint Man.
Dept. 524 St. Louis, Mo.

too close on your horses eyes and obstruct his vision. The "open" bridle is a sure cure for close flapping blinders.

Do not dock your horse's tail. It involves a cruelly painful operation, which stamps it as a barbarous fashion.

Do not over-check your horse. It is painful, unnatural and ungraceful.

Do not say "Whoa" unless you mean it and do not whip your horse instead of giving a signal word to move on.

Machinery and science in farming have released the successful farmer of today from the thralldom and drudgery of labor to a great extent. The successful farmer is the man who has learned the science of the soil and the growth of crops, or of growing and fattening of animals, or increasing the production of milk, eggs and other farm products by the best use of the feeds and materials at hand.

A Mixed Market Report.

A prominent live stock daily using type setting machines, in the hurry of making up forms, recently got the lines of two articles mixed so that it makes interesting reading—to every one but the proprietor of said paper. It follows:

"The church was finely decorated with holly and evergreen and the altar was entirely hidden in a wealth of flowers. Out of the recess rose rare tropical plants, and from the ceiling hung fifteen western veals, which just at the time of year are scarce and correspondingly dear at 6@8½¢ per lb. There was also an active demand for choice lambs and farmers living east of the Mississippi river can now profitably turn to sheep raising and take the bride, who wore a gown of white corded silk, a creation of Worth's with pearl ornaments.

"Then came the maid of honor, the cousin of the bride, a Miss Henrietta Blower of Chicago wearing a dress of white tulle, with diamond ornament, and she was closely followed by a small bunch of Montana sheep, which most piteously as they were driven on board and shipped to the winter hotels in Bermuda. They will there be cut en train and slightly décolleté, and after the remainder of the party had reached the rail the minister turned

Bright Side Stock Farm

Thoroughbred Poland China Swine
AND PURE
Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens

I have quite a number of boars large enough for service, weighing from 75 to 125 pounds. Most of them are grandsons of U. S. Model and Perfect Sunshine and a few others of different breeding and all bred in the purple. In fact I have most everything in the swine line anyone would want and will have a number of bred gilts for spring and summer farrow. Boars large enough for service, \$20; extra grade \$25; younger boars or pigs, sows, \$12; boars; selected and bred gilts from \$20 to \$30.

EGGS FOR HATCHING IN SEASON. STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND
WE INVITE INSPECTION

R. D. No. 2
U. H. SHULL.
MULVANE, KANSAS.

Get All Your Wool Is Worth.

Wool Growers! Buyers in the country are trying to obtain your wool at a low price to make up for last year's losses. If you want the highest market price instead of the lowest

Ship Your Wool To Us

We will get full value for you at once, and do it for one cent a pound commission. Reference any bank anywhere. Write us today.

Silberman Brothers, 122, 124, 126, 128 Michigan St., Chicago, Ill.

GET ONTO THE Live Stock Inspector SUBSCRIPTION LIST

and said in a most impressive voice: "I cannot bid more than 6¢ for state veals, but cablegrams from London quote refrigerated beef at a price that will enable me to pay \$4.90 for a car of choice Indiana beeves, and hearing this there was a rush for the young married couple, and the bride fell into the arms of her father, who is known to bear a striking resemblance to a Connecticut ox weighing 1,875 pounds. The market here took an upward turn and advanced 1@2¢, and the guests

who numbered about 200, were served with a sumptuous dinner at the house of the bride."

The Santa Fe is having some trouble securing new ties. The price now offered makes every tie worth from 50 to 75 cents, and even then the supply is not up to the demand.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway has lately placed an order for fifty-seven new freight locomotives.

Buy Double Eagle Now!

Just Think
Of It!

Our Guarantee

This is Important.

This Company guarantees to resell your stock for you at any time after one year from date of purchase of same, from the Fiscal Agent of this Company, provided you are dissatisfied and desire to sell same, in which event this Company agrees to deliver you 8 per cent over and above the price you paid for same, or any other amount over and above the foregoing, that this company may be able to obtain for said stock. This offer remains valid for six months after one year from date of purchase.

F. C. VINCENT, Fiscal Agent.

This protects your investment absolutely and the CONTINUED AND POSITIVE ADVANCE IN THE PRICE OF THE STOCK OF THIS COMPANY which is bound to go upwards by leaps and bounds, makes this possible, and guarantees the fulfillment of the foregoing agreement. This guarantee is backed by over \$200,000 assets.



IMPORTANT!!!

Do not invest with a Mining Company That Cannot Show Smelter Returns.

Smelter Returns on Double Eagle Show \$70 a Ton.

Smelter returns are the only absolutely reliable and unquestionable proof of a mine's productiveness, reliability and stability. A mining company that cannot show smelter returns is still a prospect. You can purchase stock in a fully developed and equipped mining property at the low rate of 15c per share. As says from \$44.20 to \$8,261. per ton and over \$3,000,000 worth of ore blocked out and lying on the ore dumps. The Famous Camp Bird, Liberty Bell, Tom Boy and Smuggler Union Mines are in the same district as The Double Eagle Mines. All have paid millions of dollars a year to their stockholders and none have stock for sale. The Double Eagle is as good if not better, than any of the aforementioned properties.

San Miguel County, in which The Double Eagle is situated, produced over \$4,000,000 in precious metals in 1906.

Write For High Art Prospectus Today!

GOLD! - SILVER! - The Famous Double Eagle Gold Mining Co.

In Great Abundance

THERE ARE A FEW GOOD MINING ENTERPRISES
This is One. We Invite Your Investigation.

Read this advertisement very carefully. IT MAY MEAN FORTUNE TO YOU.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.
The Double Eagle Gold Mining Company, incorporated under the laws of Colorado for \$1,000,000 divided into 3,000,000 absolutely non assessable shares.

PROPERTY
The property of the company is located in Bridal Veil Basin, near the city of Telluride, and right in the very heart of the rich gold and silver bearing district of San Miguel County, Col. It consists of twelve very rich claims and three mill sites, and comprises about 130 acres. The company owns this property in fee simple, and there is no incumbrance or indebtedness on same. Immediately surrounding this company's property are the famous Smuggler Union, Liberty Bell, Tomboy Nellie and Camp Bird mines.

These companies earned upwards of \$1,500,000 last year. The Double Eagle property is more advantageously situated and its ore assays far greater values than any of the foregoing companies.

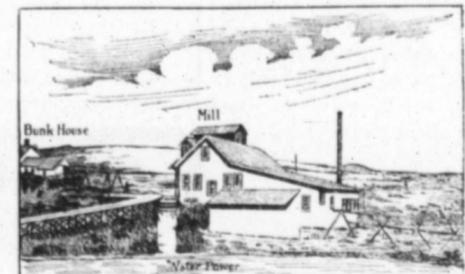
PRESENT EQUIPMENT.
The company has erected on its property one fully equipped mill with a capacity of ten tons daily, a blacksmith shop, a machine shop, power house and dynamo room, a bunk house, assay office and laboratory and other minor buildings, all fully equipped. The machinery and buildings are in splendid condition, and as good as when installed.

WATER POWER
Within 150 feet of the mill runs Bridal Veil Creek and this stream has been utilized by this Company to provide about 80 horse power. A turbine has been installed which gives us sufficient power for all present needs. One hundred horsepower more can be generated on our water rights. We have no expensive fuel costs.

DEVELOPMENT
The various claims of the Double Eagle Group have been opened up in eight different locations, and to date work has been done as a result of which there is now upward of 3,000 feet of tunneling, drifts, cross-cuts, winzes and adraises. These cuttings, cross-cuts, and drift upon eight true fissure veins from four and a half to twelve feet wide.

VALUE OF ORE DEPOSITS
Assays and smelter tests show that the average value of the Double Eagle ores are upwards of \$60 per ton. Assays show from \$44 to \$8,261 gold and silver values per ton. The Company has now over 150,000 tons of this high grade ore blocked out, and also about 140,000 tons of low grade ore, averaging about \$10 per ton, lying on the dumps, only waiting increased facilities to be turned into cash.

Over \$200,000 Already Expended in Equipment, Development and Purchase of this Property.



This Company owns its property outright. Not a prospect, but a thoroughly developed and equipped mine.

\$1,000 will do if invested in this stock.

Pres. J. H. HARRINGTON, of the Harrington-McCormick Com. Co., Kansas City, Mo.
Vice-Pres. WM. PEET, President of Peet Bros., Soap Co., Kansas City, Mo.
Secy. and Treas. C. COURTNEY, State Agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., Kansas City, Mo.

DIRECTORS
HARRY HALDEMAN, of the Sonora Chief Mining Co., Kansas City, Mo.
J. T. GOODFELL, Idaho Packing Company, Kansas City, Mo.
E. E. TOMLINSON, Traffic manager, Swift & Co., Chicago, Ill.
Z. F. CRIDEN, Cider Bros., Com. Co., Kansas City, Mo.
J. H. KENTNER, Prop. Hotel Washington, Kansas City, Mo.
J. LINDERMAN, Farmer and Real Estate, Kansas City, Mo.

REFERENCES
The foregoing gentlemen earnestly urge you to enquire of Any Bank in Kansas City, Mo., or any Mercantile Agency, as to their character and high standing. They are men of the very highest integrity and are trusted and respected business men of Kansas City.
F. C. VINCENT, Fiscal Agt., 459 Gibraltar Bldg., KANSAS CITY, MO.

THIS STOCK WILL ADVANCE TO 25 CENTS PER SHARE SHORTLY.

The Double Eagle Co. has already spent over \$20,000 in Development and Equipment of its 12 Rich Claims.

If you Purchase Double Eagle Now you permanently increase your income. Bear in mind that this is a developed industry and not in any respect a prospect. It costs you nothing to enquire. Cut out the coupon, mail today.

PRICE OF STOCK ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN.

\$	15 Buys	100 Shares	\$	3 Down	\$	3 per month
30	"	200	"	6	"	6
45	"	300	"	9	"	9
75	"	500	"	15	"	15
105	"	700	"	21	"	21
315	"	2100	"	63	"	63
525	"	3500	"	105	"	105
1050	"	7000	"	210	"	210

We can positively convince the most skeptical that the Double Eagle's proposition is absolutely square, honest and above board. We most earnestly urge your careful investigation.

PLEASE WRITE PLAINLY
Address F. C. Vincent, Fiscal Agent,
DOUBLE EAGLE MINING CO.,
459 Gibraltar Building, Kansas City Mo.

Please send me all information and High Art Prospectus of Double Eagle Mining Co.

NAME
ADDRESS

NOTE: Be Sure to state how many shares you wish reserved in your letter

WRITE TODAY.

Give Your Stock Fresh Water —Every Morning and Evening

FRESH water for stock, particularly for fattening hogs or cattle and for working horses is very necessary. Stagnant water does not refresh a tired horse, nor stimulate growth of fattening stock. Stagnant water is liable to contain the germs of disease. And remember, disease is not always manifested by actual illness, but often by retarded development. Anyway, you know the great importance of fresh water on the farm. And the modern way, the easy and sure way, to get it is by using a gasoline pumping engine.

The Famous Pumping Engine will pump water for you at a cost of about 4c an hour. It will be always ready; ready by simply closing the switch and opening the fuel valve. No trouble, no danger, no work. No waiting for the wind to blow.

The engine and equipment are mounted on one and the same base, and the whole, together with gasoline

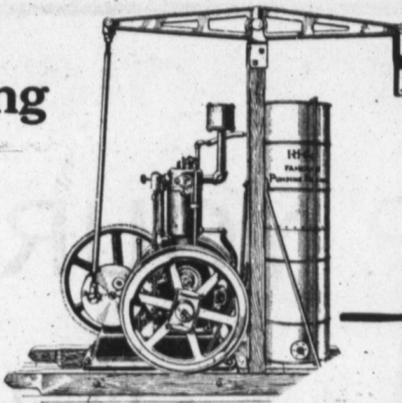
tank, is placed on small skids with handles, and can be readily moved from place to place. By detaching walking beam from pump and using belt from fly wheel pulley, the engine can be used for light power to run grindstone, cream separator, feed mill, fanning mill, churn, butter-worke and various other small machines.

The pumping jack is so made that it can be readily attached to any standard pump.

Works successfully in pumping from either shallow or deep wells—giving a steady flow of water—no jerking.

It's for you to decide what kind of an engine to buy, but it will pay you to go slow and do some investigating. Find out all you can about I. H. C. engines—

- about their simple construction;
- about their strength and durability;
- how little fuel they use, and how



they waste none;
—how easy it is
—how much power
The full line of I. H. C. embraces many styles a Vertical—2 and 3-horse. Horizontal, Portable and stationary—4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 and 20-horse power.
Call on the local agent and investigate our pumping engines or write for catalog.

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Homeseekers' Excursion tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month. Rate in many cases less than one fare, and limit twenty-one days or thirty days, according to destination.

Winter Tourist tickets on sale daily. Very low rate. Limit June 1st.

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FOR
Rice Brothers.
Kansas City Stock Yards.

We don't care what kind of stuff your ship to us. We have men who know how to sell all kinds—common to good—old skates or market toppers. Our staff of cattle sellers includes Bill Curtis, Joe Smith, Bob Yancey and George Rice. If you'll bill 'em to us we'll get all they're worth all the time and some times more.

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Cheaper Freight Rate. Shorter Haul. Less Expense.	DAILY CAPACITY 3,000 Cattle. 5,000 Hogs. 3,000 Sheep.	Private Yards for Texans Perfect Sewerage and City Water.
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Do you know that many of our common weeds are worth more money to the acre than corn, wheat or cotton, and that about \$15,000,000 worth of them are imported to this country from the old world every year. Such weeds as Jimson, mullein, the docks and many other can be collected and cured at a large profit.

Special Industries magazine tells all about what weeds to gather, when to gather, how to cure and where to sell them, also articles on the cultivation of Ginseng, Golden Seal, Senega and other special crops that are money makers for the grower. 25c a year sample copy 5c. L. E. Lindsay, Publisher, Joplin Missouri.

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For Western Planters
NEW CROPS, TESTED SEEDS, for Farm, Field and Garden. ALFALFA, CANE SEED, MILLET, KAFFIR CORN, POP CORN, ONION SETS, CLIPPER MILLS, ETC. Also FULL STOCKS GARDEN SEEDS. If you wish to buy or sell, write us for price lists before you buy.
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For spring planting we offer the following choice varieties assorted as follows:—

	2 Yrs.	Old In.	High
100 Scotch Pine	"	6	\$1.00
100 White Pine	"	4-6	1.00
100 Norway Spruce	"	4-6	1.00
100 White Spruce	"	4-6	1.00
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Bargain price \$1.00 per 100 or in 600 lots \$5.00 prepaid. These trees are suitable for wind-break purposes or ornamental planting. Also 50 other bargain lots at from \$1.00 to \$10.00 prepaid. Write for catalogs
D. HILL, Evergreen Specialist, Dundee, Ill.

Black Leg Vaccine, Fresh, For Sale at this office. Strings, Pellet or Powder form as desired. The best, and is a sure preventive. 37 t

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We grew 1311 bushels of this corn on 10 acres of ground in 1906. We guarantee seed to grow 99 per cent strong.

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