

THE PLAINVIEW NEWS

Tuesday--TWICE A WEEK--Friday

Volume No. 15

Plainview, Hale County, Texas, Tuesday, January 18, 1921

Number 71

MANY JUDGMENTS TAKEN BY DEFAULT IN DISTRICT COURT

CIVIL DOCKET BEFORE COURT—MURRAY VS. ELLERD CASE ON TRIAL

District court the past week disposed of a number of non-jury cases in which judgment was taken by default, and this week it is trying some of the Ellerds cases, the one now on trial being styled H. H. Murray of Carbon vs. R. M. Ellerd, suit for alleged commission on the sale of some property. The case is being tried before a jury.

J. N. Donohoo vs. A. G. Hemphill, suit on note, judgment by plaintiff.

J. N. Jordan et al vs. N. M. Akesson, suit for title, judgment by default for plaintiffs.

J. N. Jordan et al vs. Mrs. S. Howell et al, suit for title, judgment by default for plaintiffs.

G. D. Allen et al vs. Earl and Opal Allen et al, suit for partition of property. Judgment fixing respective interests of parties and R. A. McWhorter appointed receiver to sell lands.

P. L. McMurray vs. V. K. Griffith, suit for custody of minors, judgment for plaintiff.

Steelmen Cattle Loan Co. vs. John Seay, suit on note, judgment by default for plaintiff.

First National Bank of Plainview vs. John Seay, suit on note, judgment by default for plaintiff.

G. R. Fletcher vs. Solena V. Ernest, trespass to title, judgment for plaintiff.

Three divorce cases were dismissed at costs of plaintiffs.

Minor C. Keith, et al vs. Charles O. Attilla, suit on note, judgment for plaintiff by default.

D. D. Bowman vs. unknown heirs of G. M. Slaughter et al, trespass to try title, judgment by default for plaintiff.

G. R. Cooper vs. O. W. Bryant et al suit to foreclose vendors' lien notes, judgment by default for plaintiff.

Donohoo-Ware Hardware Co. vs. J. Ellerd, foreclosure, judgment by default for plaintiff.

J. W. Grant vs. W. M. Prunty et al, trespass to try title, judgment by default for plaintiff.

R. B. Hulen vs. Magnolia Petroleum Co., suit for damages for personal injury, motion to quash citation sustained.

J. F. Garrison vs. E. L. Miller et al, suit for debt, judgment for plaintiff fixing first lien on Miller stock of auto goods. Sale ordered under Meade F. Griffin as receiver.

Ex parte Raymond Shook, petition for removal of disabilities as minor granted.

At the beginning of the court there were seven divorce cases on the docket, but three of them have dismissed at cost of plaintiffs.

Several cases of Jordan & Co. against property owners relative to payment for street paving done alongside their property are on the docket, though several have been settled and dismissed.

In the case of W. E. Lang vs. Sallie May Lang, suit for divorce, a jury has been demanded and the case set for trial the third week.

The grand jury has not so far returned any bills of indictment.

Plainview Creamery Improving
J. N. Morrison, owner of the Plainview Creamery, continues to make improvements on the plant.

At present he is having the wooden front part of the building converted into reinforced concrete and tiling, and is re-arranging the machinery.

The freezing department will be on the first floor and the mixing department moved to the second floor.

Would Enlarge School District
We are informed that Hale County people are asking the legislature to pass a special law, permitting the enlarging of Hale Center school district from its present size of twenty-five sections of land to sixty-six sections, joining portions of the school districts of Stoneback, Anchor, Hooper, Midway, Clements, and Iowa Avenues. This would make it the largest district in the county.

Floyd People Are Optimistic
Claude Goen of Floydada was here yesterday morning, enroute for a trip down in the state. He says conditions in Floyd county are improving rapidly, and most everybody is optimistic as to the future.

Boxing Bouts Thursday Night
The American Legion Post is planning to have a great meeting at the Campbell hall Thursday night, at which there will be several boxing contests.

Not merely is the oil supply giving out, but there is an awful shortage of elbow grease.

PETERSBURG IS GOOD TOWN RICH IN AGRICULTURE

Brick Business Houses, Modern School Churches, Gin, Prosperous People

Petersburg, Jan. 13.—Sited about sixteen miles east and slightly north of Abernathy, near the eastern border of Hale county, Petersburg is in the heart of an unusually fertile farming section of the South Plains. Although at present without a railroad connections, the independent school district surrounding the little town has a population of progressive and alert business men and farmers. The country adjacent to the town has an average population of one family to each 480 acres, or three-fourth section of land. The usual variety of row crops common to the South Plains, such as maize, feterita, kaffir corn, sudan grass, alfalfa, are profitably cultivated; farms are well improved and usually stocked with high grade hogs, cattle and poultry.

Although the crops listed above are profitably grown, the slightly rolling land which surrounds the town is particularly adapted to the raising of wheat, considerable shipments of which were made last year and present indications point to a material increase in the acreage of same for the coming one. Farming of all kinds is carried on chiefly by means of modern machinery. A new modern gin, new school building, new churches, a number of attractive new residences, and a large modern garage and repair shop which is now under construction places Petersburg in the rank of the most important inland towns of the South Plains section.

The school is a modern brick structure and six teachers are employed to meet the needs of the district, which has a scholastic enrollment of 212 students. The completion of the Presbyterian church within the past year gives the town a total of three houses of worship, and the second parsonage of the town is now being constructed by the Baptist denomination, and will be completed within the near future.

The increase production of cotton throughout the community has resulted in the securing of a modern gin, the receipts of which show a total of 500 bales ginned to date, despite the late date on which it began operation and several unavoidable but serious delays due to mechanical breakdowns. Current reports, however, tend to warrant the belief that the cotton acreage throughout the surrounding territory will be materially reduced next year, and that wheat and other small grains and row crops which lend themselves to profitable cultivation by tractor machinery will be substituted in the majority of instances. Vast fields of unpicked cotton may be seen in every hand, and it is estimated that more than 1,000 bales will remain in the fields in this section of the South Plains, due to the prevailing low price and the dearth of farm labor.

A number of the progressive farmers of the community are manifesting an increased interest in diversified farming, and the raising of pure-bred livestock, which is attributed in a large measure to the prevailing low price of cotton and other so-called "cash crops" this year. F. N. Cliff is probably the most successful hog breeder of the community, and has formed the nucleus of a highly profitable future business in this line.

Land values range from \$35 per acre for raw land to \$65 for improved tracts, the only requirements for improvement being the construction of fences and a house. The soil is of a rich sandy loam, which may be cultivated profitably the initial year. An abundant supply of good water may be had at an average depth of 75 feet and is utilized extensively for the irrigation of orchards and small gardens. Windmills are a pre requisite of every home, and are also used to provide water for stock in pastures.

Its modern brick business buildings, attractive churches, schools and residences, combined with its gin, modern garage and other recent industries, lend the little town an air of progressiveness and prosperity which cannot be gaissaid and no prophetic vision is needed to peer through the mist of future years and predict an era of prosperity and growth for the little town such as the hardy pioneer of its past annals never dreamed.

L. H. Rosser is Seventy-Six
L. H. Rosser left this morning for Fort Worth, to spend his seventy-sixth birthday with his sons, who live there, and his wife, who has been visiting there for several weeks.

He has been a citizen of Hale county since the pioneer days, and was a student in Texas University in the early days of that institution.

Stack Nail Through Hand
Sunday morning W. W. J., the small son of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Thompson, stuck a nail through his hand. The wound was dressed, and is now healing.

KEEP BUSINESS MOVING WILL SOON BRING GOOD TIMES FOR EVERYBODY

Continue to Buy the Things You Need So That Others Can Buy Your Products--Plains in Best Condition

According to telegraphic information from the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, per capita bank deposits in Hale county are \$103 greater than the per capita deposits for the state. The bank estimates the per capita deposits of Texas at \$197.00. Statements issued by the five Hale county banks in response to the recent call show the per capita deposits of Hale county to be slightly over \$300.00. A comparison of loan and cash on hand statements of Hale county banks with similar statements from other banks of the state shows an even more favorable condition for Hale county.

Prosperity at Present
Hale county bank statements show that deposits are greater than they have ever been at this time of the year and with money worth almost twice as much as a few months ago these deposits have a much greater purchasing value. Therefore Hale county is prosperous compared, not only with other sections of the state and nation at present, but with herself in the past.

Prosperity for Future
All daily newspapers today stated that the wheat and general grain market is higher with an indication that still higher prices will come. This was said to be due to the fact that Italy, Germany and other foreign nations were buying grain in large quantities. This stronger market, combined with the fact that the greatest wheat crop ever planted in Hale county is in splendid condition and gives promise of a bumper yield, makes the outlook for future prosperity very bright.

Favorable Developments
A careful review of conditions show that developments in general are tending to better times for the entire nation soon. Our banking system is a bulwark against financial panic, and although interest rates have properly been kept high to discourage inflation and over-speculation, bankers confidently predict easier monetary conditions within a few weeks. Readjustment in many industries has already been drastic, prices in many instances being back to or lower than pre-war levels. In other lines deflation is proceeding at such a pace that the bottom ought to be reached shortly. In view of most authorities, the worst of unsettlement incidental of price cut-

TEXAS LEADS ALL STATES IN CROPS

Value of Nation's Farm Production for Year 1920 is \$10,465,015,000

Washington, Jan. 15.—All farm crops of the country were valued at \$10,465,015,000 last year, based on Dec. 1 prices paid to producers, the Department of Agriculture has estimated. That compares with \$16,035,111,000 in 1919 and \$10,156,426,000, the five-year average, 1914 to 1918, inclusive.

Texas maintained its place as producer of crops of greatest value with a total of \$727,400,000, which was half a billion dollars less than in 1919. Iowa retained second rank with \$459,191,000. Illinois, only slightly behind Iowa, continued its place as third with \$459,179,000.

A. G. Hemphill is High Man
A. G. Hemphill of Plainview, agent for the Merchant's Life Insurance Co. of Des Moines, Iowa, was the high man for the whole country for writing insurance in that company during the month of December. He wrote \$130,500 worth of insurance in this company, going considerably ahead of any other contestant. He also represents two other life companies and wrote considerable business with them. He wrote more than a million dollars of insurance during the year 1920.

Beck Buys Back Market
Homer J. Beck has bought back the meat market which he sold a few days ago to parties from California, who will move back to that state.

Hale Center Girl Marries
Miss Mary Elizabeth Webb of Hale Center and Mr. Luther M. Witt of Slaton were granted a marriage license in Lubbock last week.

ting has already been experienced and steadiness in all lines is expected at once. Strikes are fewer; railroads are functioning efficiently and congestion is passing rapidly; state and national elections are over and all government bodies will be enabled to render real service.

In fact, the faith in the splendid outlook for 1921 is strong, that business men of foresight predict that the United States as a nation and the many individuals who compose its population will enjoy the greatest prosperity soon that it has ever been the privilege of any nation at any time to enjoy. And unlike the extravagant period which followed the war, the prosperity to come will not be followed by depression. Continued prosperity will be natural.

How to Preserve and Promote Prosperity

The peoples of a nation govern their own prosperity and just now a period of generous but safe buying and selling will do more to promote good times than any other method. A farmer can not sell his crops unless men are working. Men can not work unless the public, including the farm producer, is buying what they make. If we buy clothing, farm implements, household articles and general necessities; workers who produce these things, railroad workers who transport them, clerks and stock keepers in wholesale and retail stores, and countless others—all users of farm products—are furnished employment. They cannot eat bread made from the farmer's wheat, wear the clothing made from the farmer's cotton, and can not consume the growers fruits and vegetables unless they are working. They can not work unless the public keeps on buying. If the public stops buying—business stops—the farmer can no longer afford to farm.

This is the most prosperous section of the greatest country on earth and will continue so—but you can give it a bad bump unless you keep buying the things you NEED.

Perfectly safe too—now that prices are down.

(Note: This is the second of a series of articles relative to the financial and general business condition of Plainview and Hale county issued by the publicity department of the Plainview Chamber of Commerce.)

SUNDAY LAWS SHOULD NOT CAUSE INCONVENIENCE

Each Person Should Try to Co-operate and People Will Be Pleased

To the News:
The interest being taken just now in discussion of "Sunday Closing" both on the streets and from the press leads me to offer this article. I speak for no one except myself and shall give my own personal convictions and opinions.

Mankind has made progress thru the centuries during the last few decades more rapidly than ever before. Commercial activities has become more complicated and society in every way more complex. This fact makes it more and more difficult to form laws by which man is to be governed, and as conditions change laws which were formerly good may fail to function on impartially and for best interest of a community if enforced in detail. But law, at best, is only the interpretation and practical application of what is fundamentally right.

Now, it matters not whether you are a Christian and say God is the author of the Ten Commandments or whether you believe in no religion and say man discovered, long ago, ten fundamental facts and gave expression to those in the form of the Ten Commandments. The Ten Commandments are fundamental regardless of their origin. "Thou shalt not steal" is a fundamental truth. You cannot make it right to steal. It is wrong to take that which belongs to your fellowman. You cannot make it right to kill. It is wrong to murder. And so with the whole catalogue, every one of them is fundamental. And everyone of them inviolable society either directly or indirectly. You cannot make it right to labor on the Sabbath day. "Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work;" (Continued from Page 4)

Poultry Association Elects Officers

Wednesday there was a meeting of the members of the South Plains Poultry Association, to hear reports on its recent show which was held in Plainview, and to elect officers.

It was decided to hold the next annual show December 15th to 20th in Plainview, and E. C. Branch of Lees Summit, Mo., and Walter Burton of Arlington, Texas, was selected as the judges.

The following officers of the association were elected: O. T. Collier of Plainview, president; E. J. Morehead, Plainview, vice-pres.; Oliver Allen, Floydada, second vice-pres.; Edwin Heald, Munday, Texas, third vice-pres.; E. C. Cundiff, Littlefield, fourth vice-pres.; W. A. Williams, Vega, Texas, fifth vice-pres.; and Roy McDonald, Dalhart, sixth vice-pres.; J. C. Anderson, Jr., of Plainview, treasurer; E. B. Miller, secretary; W. J. Klinger, ass't. secretary; J. M. Lipscomb, superintendent, assisted by George E. Dallinger, Jesse L. Hamilton, V. L. Formway, all of Plainview, and L. V. Rea, of Lockney. The directory is composed of the above officers and J. E. Sheon, J. M. Malone, A. A. Hatchell, all of Plainview, and Sam W. Smith, of Abernathy.

Panhandle Swine Breeders

The Panhandle Swine Breeders convention was held in Lubbock last week.

The following officers were elected: Fred Boerner, Lubbock, President; S. E. Lewis, Childress, vice president; A. J. Ware, Tulsa, secretary; Ludwig Irelbeck, Happy, director, and J. L. Butler, Lelia Lake, director.

Clarendon, Plainview, Hereford, Childress and Floydada contended for the 1922 convention, Hereford won after Childress withdrew, and representatives of all contenders made speeches favoring their towns.

Carpenters Lower Scale

The Carpenters' Union of Childress held a meeting Saturday and voted a decrease of \$2 a day in their scale or \$6 for eight hours work.

This is the first real reduction made by any craft in Childress and others are expected to follow in a short time. With declines in building materials and the reduction in wages, building operations can now be resumed at quite a saving. Local real estate dealers state that there is a big demand for homes and that more should be erected this spring—Childress Index.

Qualifications for Voting

An election will be held Thursday in Plainview on a bond issue of \$50,000 for buying and improving parks. The election will be held at the city hall.

We have been asked to publish the qualifications of voters in this election. Any property-owning taxpayer, who owns real estate or personal property, can vote, if he or she holds a last year's poll tax receipt.

Thirty-seven Soldiers Recruited

Three young men left this morning for El Paso, having joined the army. Lieut. Leon Kotzebue, who is here with a recruiting party, informs us that thirty-seven young men have enlisted through him since January 1st. This is a exceptionally high record. The recruits are from a number of counties in this section.

Will Establish Detective Agency

A. H. Downs of Amarillo, representing the Pulk National Detective association, is here for the purpose of establishing a local agency. The agency will ferret out crime, seek information relative to many matters, look after the collection of bad checks, etc.

City Council Proceedings

The council at its meeting last night granted the Barker-Smith Grain Co. permission to build and operate a railroad loading track across a street just this side of the gin. Leo DeLay, water superintendent, was authorized to buy an additional fire hydrant and equipment and keep it on hand for any emergency.

Two Basket Ball Games

Thursday night at Wayland college court there were two games of basket ball—between the two girls' teams of Wayland and Hale Center and between the two boys' teams. The Wayland girls won by a score of 26 to 17, and the Wayland boys lost by a score of 19 to 14.

Miss Gilbert's Body Removed

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Gilbert were here last week, and had the remains of their daughter, Miss Louise Gilbert who died of the flu two years ago, taken up and they left Sunday morning for their home in Gainsville, where she will be re-interred.

Hatchell's Chickens Wins Prizes
A. A. Hatchell sent in pen or two of S. C. Buff Leghorn chickens to the El Paso poultry show last week, and won first rook, first and second pullet, first second, third and fourth hen and first old pen.

ARMY WILL BE REDUCED TO 175,000 SOLDIERS

RECRUITING WILL BE DISCONTINUED UNTIL ARMY REDUCED TO MINIMUM

Washington, Jan. 17.—Congress voted today to limit the size of the regular army to 175,000 enlisted men. The senate by a vote of 41 to 33 set aside its decision of last week to reduce the army to 150,000 and then, without a record vote adopted the original joint resolution of Senator New republican, Indiana, directing the secretary of war to stop recruiting until the army is cut to 175,000 men.

The house, ten minutes later, adopted a joint resolution sponsored by Chairman Kahn of its military committee, also directing the secretary of war to cease enlistment until there were not more than 175,000 enlisted men in the regular establishment. The house vote was 285 to 4, only representatives Bee, Texas, Blackmon, Alabama, and Coady, Maryland, democratic members, and Cramton, Michigan, republican, standing out against the reduction.

Fire Department Elects Officers

The Plainview fire department last week held its annual election of officers, which resulted as follows: W. H. Blakemore, chief and fire marshal; O. T. Rushing, first assistant chief; Leo DeLay, second assistant chief; Wm. Gouley, secretary-treasurer; Felix Zollicoffer foreman of hose company; Jamie Duncan, assistant foreman hose company; Jessie Lockhart, foreman of hook and ladder company, and Clem Ross, foreman of chemical company.

Fire Marshall Blakemore has issued the following appeal to the people of the town:

"We have made a good record in fire in the last two years. It is our earnest desire to make a better record this year. With the co-operation of every business man and resident in our city we will make a record that will surpass all previous records. All of you know what a fire hazard is, which is usually caused by defective electrical wiring, collection of trash and paper near a building, oils and gasoline placed in dangerous places, and carelessness. So, this year, let's be careful and co-operate with the fire department by removing all the causes of fires as nearly as possible, so that we may make a record for the town and pull together for a better insurance reduction, and a cleaner and better Plainview."

Will Have Simple Inaugural

Washington—President-Elect Harding will take the oath of office in the Senate Chamber and all outside ceremonies planned at the Capitol and elsewhere will be abandoned, according to a decision reached today by the joint Congressional Inaugural Committee.

After considering Senator Harding's request for a simple inaugural, the Congressional committee cancelled plans for outside ceremonies at the capitol, for a large reviewing stand and for official invitations.

Pay Your Poll Tax

This is a funny old world: The Jap is willing to come here and pay poll tax; the Chinaman is willing to come here and pay poll tax; the Hindu is willing to come and pay poll tax. All are barred. Americans, native Texans, must be urged to go to the office of the tax collector, contribute to the school funds and arm themselves with poll tax receipts.

Plains Boys Are Honored

Ralph Porter, of Tulsa, formerly principal of the Lamar school in Plainview has been elected president of the Hildebrand Law Society at the State University in Austin, and Frank R. Day, whose parents live near Aiken, east of Plainview, has been, elected clerk.

Childress Business Houses Burn

Childress, Texas, Jan. 15.—Fire destroyed two brick buildings on Main Street occupied by R. Shields & Company dry goods and Biggen's Dry Goods. Origin of the fire is unknown. Loss on buildings is about \$30,000. Total loss on stock and fixtures is about \$20,000. Some insurance was carried.

Mathee On Educational Committee

Burke Mathee, representative from this district, has been made a member of the house committee on education. He is also vice-chairman of the committee on military affairs.

Girl Gets Arm Broken

Trigene, the 17-year-old daughter of Mrs. Geo. Lock, had her arm broken in a run away buggy Saturday evening.

During the year 1920 in Hale county there were 291 births, 82 deaths and 167 marriages.

Horse-Car Conductor, Wins Nobel Prize



IN HANSUN'S COUNTRY



Knut Hamsun

D ID you ever hear of Knut Hamsun before he won the Nobel prize for literature? Well, you needn't feel lonesome—unless you are an old-time resident of Chicago, where he was a horse-car conductor back in the eighties.

Anyway, Knut Hamsun, who is a Norwegian and lives a near-hermit life in the wilds of Norway, has been awarded the belated prize of 1919—whereat most Americans are vastly astonished.

For a 64-year-old Chicago resident of Scandinavian blood, remember Knut—they seem to think in those days that it was spelt with three letters.

Why, sure, I knew him; I knew that Knut Hamsun, said Dr. Anders Doe, for many years prominent in Den Norske club. "He was such an out-at-the-elbows lad; he was very poor. No, he had no money. That was in the early eighties, when he came to Chicago after working as a plowboy on the virgin North Dakota prairies. He got a job as conductor on the old Halsted street line. The horses pulled the cars then. And, my, it was cold on the back platform. I still remember Knut's chapped, red wrists, where his coat-sleeves forgot to meet his mittens. And he carried books in his pockets. Always books, Euripides, Aristotle, Thackeray. Such a dreamer! The passengers used to get mad. He would forget to pull the rope. They missed their corners."

And so disaster befell Conductor Knut Hamsun. The Halsted street horse-car was not for him. He couldn't remember the streets. On pilgrimages down the line he used to call out "North avenue," for "Division street."

One day an old lady asked Hamsun if the car was southbound. Hamsun scratched his scraggled blond hair. He ran forward, trampling over the passengers' feet.

"Are we going south?" he asked the driver.

His great success and fame notwithstanding, Knut Hamsun continues to live a solitary life; he did not care for honors. When his fiftieth birthday was celebrated throughout Norway and the Norwegians rhapsodized over him as the "greatest living poet," Hamsun retired to a hut in the forest near Gulbrandstad. When he had reason to assume that his admirers would find him there he went further north to the Hamsun farm, where he lived when a little child. From there he issued his energetic "Honor to the Young," coming out for youth against age, in defiance of the accepted theory of the superiority of the old.

That he himself had not aged he proved by his novel, "A Wanderer Plays With the Sardine." Subsequently he wrote the wonderful satire of the drama, "Gotten by the Devil," which showed that the high quality of his own dramatic creations was not adversely influenced by his contempt of dramatic art and technique.

His other drama—the trilogy "At the Door of the Wealthy," "Queen Tamara" (his best drama), and "Munken Vendt" (an impressive picture of the life of a debauched theologian)—is powerful.

Still better are Hamsun's novels, among them "Mysteriet," "Editor Lange" and the love story "Pan." All these writings are a strange mixture of rude realism, dreamy mysticism and impulsive sentiment. On the one hand Hamsun lets loose the reins of phantasy and introduces us to a world of wonderfully dear dreams; on the other hand, he is a cold critic of the human soul, who exposes the weak side of modern life with penetrating intellect.

It is said that 65,000,000 pages of Hamsun's work have appeared in 23 languages, but it is safe to say that the average well-read American had never heard of him. In short, the award comes as a distinct shock. By what mischance all these years has he overlooked the Norwegian writer's name suddenly to be humiliated by his own ignorance? If he subjects to examination his acquaintances who have earned the reputation of being explorers in the world of books, it may be some consolation to find that they are no better informed about Hamsun and his works. Have American publishers done their duty to a country whose forests are rapidly being depleted, in the cause of literature in slighting an author held worthy by the Stockholm jury of signal honors?

In former years when the Nobel prize-winners were announced there was no such cause for self-reproach. At least it was reassuring to know that they were persons of world-wide renown, however widely read. Sully Prudhomme, Mommsen, Eijonson, Mistral, Echegaray, Sienkiewicz, Carducci, Kipling, Paul von Heyse, Maeterlinck, and the rest, whether French, German, Norwegian, Spanish, Polish, Italian, English, or Belgian, for the occasion needed no introduction. Then in 1916 came the crowning of Verne

Heidenstam, the Swede, and after a gap of three years—it is now the turn of Knut Hamsun, the Norwegian. Evidently if Americans are to keep up with the times they must pay more attention to the Scandinavian languages or put the translators to work.

It is no impeachment of the judges or the prize-winner that Hamsun's fame should have been so long in crossing the Atlantic, although his romance, "Hunger," was published as long ago as 1888. The Nobel prize, under the terms of the founder, is to be given annually "to the person who shall have produced the greatest work, in the ideal sense, in the world of letters." The names are apparently those of authors with a wide continental reputation rather than those most esteemed by their own compatriots.

Hamsun is evidently a born writer. Perhaps his boyhood in the Far North helped to make him a writer, poet and dreamer. The long arctic nights may have brought out the hereditary trait. For such a nature as his is described, "paradoxical and rebellious as it is poetic and picturesque," seems necessarily the final fruit of powerful hereditary tendencies, and his peasant forbears are said to have been marked out from their neighbors at least once in each generation by an artistic tendency that made of them skilled craftsmen. At any rate, from the time he learned to make his letters he was striving at literary creation, and when at seventeen he consented to be apprenticed to a shoemaker it was in order that he might earn the money to have printed at his own expense his first two complete works, a short novel and a long poem.

The next use he made of his apprenticeship was to jump the job with some more savings and go to Christiania, where he hoped to work his way through the university. But in that hope he failed. There were two reasons for this failure. The more important was that he had hoped to pay for his lectures by selling stuff to the Christiania publishers of newspapers and periodicals and he couldn't do it. They did not want his poetry, his fiction or his essays. This failure produced the second reason why he could not remain at the university. He became either an unbearable nuisance to his fellow students or the butt of their jokes. They did not understand him and he made no effort to be understood. So he left the university and came to America.

Hamsun, like other geniuses, was apparently born to be misunderstood. Anyway, "Shallow Soil," published in 1893, was the result of Hamsun's life among the Bohemians of Christiania after his street car experience in Chicago. It does not seem to have been a pleasant period in his life. Evidently he was no better understood or liked by the Bohemians than he had been by the students at the university a dozen years before. Hamsun took his revenge by his violent attack on the Bohemians in "Shallow Soil." The same life has been described by Strindberg in a much more good-humored way.

Hamsun's career and final success seems to point anew the moral that it is hard to keep a good man down. He had a hard life, and success seemed a mere ignis fatuus, but he kept on trying.

flowers are white, with a yellow-tinted cup, the stems having a truss, with from three to seven blooms. The Chinese cut away the hard skin on the top of the bulb, which seems to facilitate the growth, but in cutting, one must be careful to cut only one-eighth of an inch in depth, or the leaf growth will be injured.

Why Drones Are Numerous.
The great puzzle has been why did Nature create so many drones among bees, when but one ever served a definite purpose in a hive. Huber, famous bee student, has answered it by declaring that males must be numerous so that the queen in her bridal flight will have the best of chances to meet one. Were there but two or three to a hive they might miss the departure of their queen altogether, or else fall to find her on her flight. Her stay in her flight must be brief, for a sudden wind may blow her from her course or beat her to earth where, wet-winged and chilled, she would die or fall prey to a bird.

Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale

MARY GRAHAM BONNER
NICK AND NANCY.



Nice Pair.

"Once a year," said Nick, "I like to stop and think about all our friends."

"I like to think about them more than that," said Nancy. "Oh, so do I," said Nick. "I only meant that about once a year I like to let them know I'm thinking of them. I think of them a lot. I wonder so often if they've heard about us, and when Daddy tells us a wonderful story of some new animal or bird, or something like that, as he is always doing, I think to myself, 'Oh, I do hope some of our friends are going to share that story with us, and I hope, too, that some new friends will see it and will tell other friends about it.'"

"I think about our friends a great, great deal. But I do not think it would be fair to spend too much time telling them that I'm thinking of them when they should be given stories and such pleasant things!"

"I think, though, that they probably know that I think of them a great deal of the time and that I do so hope they like us and want to share our stories with us. Oh, I hope that so much."

"So do I," said Nancy. "I hope that boys and girls think we're a nice pair, and that they know what a fine brother you are."

"I hope they know that you don't bully me, and yet you aren't the kind that is wishy-washy or, as the old saying goes, 'tied to your mother's apron strings.' You're able to do lots of things and you're fine and you teach me how to swim and play tennis and skate, and you don't call me a cry-baby if once in a very great while I do make a mistake and cry, but you keep me from being a cry-baby, because you treat me like a real girl. And I like to show I am."

"You're a real girl and yet you can do all sorts of boy's stunts, too, and you're a great little pal, Sister!"

So they talked, and as they talked they thought of their friends all over the country. They thought of those who had heard the stories they had heard, who knew, too, the animals of the zoo and of the farm, the birds of the air, the happenings in the land of fairies and gnomes and all the little woodland creatures. They thought of all the secrets they had really shared together, of all the things they all knew. And they hoped that their friends would tell other friends about them, too, for they liked to feel that just as many as possible were going to hear of them, and especially of the stories that Daddy was always telling about the animals and the many creatures under the sun.

"Last year," said Nancy, "we asked some of our friends—all those who cared about writing to us—to tell us some of their favorite kinds of stories. We asked them to let us know whether they liked animal stories best, fairy stories, stories of birds, stories of animals in the zoo or when they were wild, stories of animals of the barnyard, and just what kinds were their favorites."

LIFE'S LITTLE JESTS



FOREWARNED.

A little girl was sent to fetch some milk from a neighbor. She took with her two cans.

On arriving home she was crying and bespattered with mud.

Mother saw at once that her darling had had a fall and asked if she had lost all the milk.

"No, mother, not a drop."

"And how did my clever little darling manage that?" mother asked.

"I knew I was going to fall, mother, so I stood the cans down."—London Answers.



MISDIRECTED CONCENTRATION

"I'm afraid that boy of ours lacks concentration."

"Oh, he has concentration enough, only instead of using it on the work he has to do he concentrates upon how to escape doing it."

Non-Producers.
Ideas, like men, are forbidden to shirk. And bring grief now and then by refusing to work.

Economy.
She—George, dear, I've just been thinking that if we could afford to buy that thousand-dollar car—
He—Yes?
She—Wouldn't it be just splendid to get that two-thousand-dollar one we saw in the window?—Cartoons Magazine.

Favored Son of the Highway.
First Tramp—Dusty Duggins is de laichest guy on the road.
Second Tramp—Ow's dat?
First Tramp—He's a somnambulist, an' does all his walkin' in his sleep. Dat leaves 'im all day to loaf around an' rest in.

The Reason.
"There is a fellow just got out of the dentist's chair who has his nerve with him."
"Dad he stand the operation so well?"
"He wouldn't let the dentist take the nerve out."

Reversing.
"An actress in preparing herself for the stage reverses all the usual rules of art."
"How so?"
"She paints first and draws afterward."

The Provocation.
"I hear they muzzled the speaker at that meeting."
"But not before there had been some biting remarks."

SCARED STIFF

The Cur—I thought Pug Dog tails curled?
The Pug—They do, but I saw a spook last night, and it frightened me so the curl came out.

Hard Hit.
His brain's in a whirl,
His years they are twenty;
The cause is a girl,
That's trouble a-plenty.

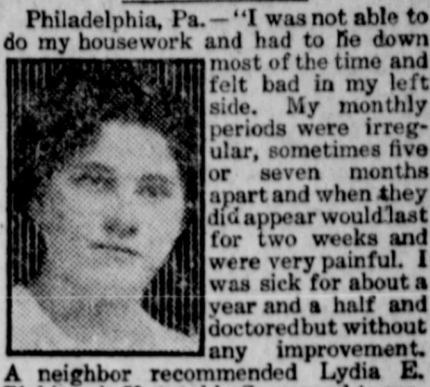
Not So Now.
"Do you believe in an elastic currency?"
"I want mine elastic enough to stretch from one pay day to another, anyway."

The Feline Accompaniment.
"Do you have a kitty in your poker game?"
"Not in Crimson Gulch," answered Three-Finger Sam. "What we have is something I'd be more willin' to describe as a full-grown and temperamental Bob cat."

Hidden.
"What's that you say?"
"I don't like for my wife to see me smoking."
"I suppose that's why you are throwing out a smoke screen."

AN OPEN LETTER TO WOMEN

Mrs. Little Tells How She Suffered and How Finally Cured



Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was not able to do my housework and had to lie down most of the time and felt bad in my left side. My monthly periods were irregular, sometimes five or seven months apart and when they did appear would last for two weeks and were very painful. I was sick for about a year and a half and doctored but without any improvement.

A neighbor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me, and the second day after I started taking it I began to feel better and I kept on taking it for seven months. Now I keep house and perform all my household duties. You can use these facts as you please and I will recommend Vegetable Compound to everyone who suffers as I did."—Mrs. J. S. LITTLE, 3455 Livingston St., Philadelphia, Pa.

How much harder the daily tasks of a woman become when she suffers from such distressing symptoms and weakness as did Mrs. Little. No woman should allow herself to get into such a condition because such troubles may be speedily overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which for more than forty years has been restoring American women to health.

Freed From Torture

Antonic Cleared His Up-Set Stomach

"The people who have seen me suffer from indigestion brought on by nervousness and worry, and who have seen me perfectly sound and well—absolutely due to Antonic," writes R. Long.

Profit by Mr. Long's experience, keep your stomach in healthy condition, fresh and cool, and avoid the ailments that come from an acid condition. Antonic brings relief by taking up and carrying out the excess acidity and gases—does it quickly. Take an Antonic after eating and see how wonderfully it helps you. Big box costs only a trifle with your druggist's guarantee.

BABIES LOVE MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP
The Infant's and Children's Regular
Pleasant to give—pleasant to take. Guaranteed purely vegetable and absolutely harmless. It quickly overcomes colic, diarrhoea, flatulency and other like disorders. The open published formula appears on every label.
At All Druggists

DON'T DESPAIR
If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in
GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES
The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1895. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

In Conditions of Nervous Exhaustion
The person whose nervous system has been overworked, who is experiencing a faulty and slow convalescence, or who is suffering from the general debility and feebleness that result from an acute or infectious disease, will find in FORCE a beneficial aid to normal strength and health.
FORCE is sold by reliable druggists everywhere, and is of equal benefit to men, women and children.

"It Makes for Strength"
Force

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. Sold by all druggists, and at \$1.00 at Frigates, 235 West 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Calluses, etc., stops all pain, cures all itching, makes walking easy. No. 10, by mail or at Frigates, 235 West 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

A Baa Gough
If neglected, often leads to serious trouble. Safeguard your health, relieve your distress and soothe your irritated throat by taking
PISO'S
W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 2-1921.

Chinese Lily Fine Plant

One of the most successful bulbs for house culture is the Chinese sacred lily, a variety of the narcissus which is imported from China. Place in a dish about three inches deep, put in one and a half inches of sand, and cover with one inch of gravel, white pebbles, or broken marble. On this set the bulbs to prevent them from floating. Place them in a sunny window, and they will bloom perfectly. The

LEOPARD CANNOT CHANGE SPOTS

Mr. Dodson, the "Liver Tone" Man, Tel's the Treachery of Calomel.

Calomel loses you a day! You know what calomel is. It's mercury; quick-silver. Calomel is dangerous. It crashes into your bile like dynamite, cramping and sickening you. Calomel attacks the bones and should never be put into your system.

When you feel bilious, sluggish, constipated and all knocked out and believe you need a dose of dangerous calomel just remember that your druggist sells for a few cents a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone, which is entirely vegetable and pleasant to take and is a perfect substitute for calomel. It is guaranteed to start your liver without stirring you up inside, and can not salivate.

Don't take calomel! It can not be trusted any more than a leopard or a wild-cat. Take Dodson's Liver Tone which straightens you right up and makes you feel fine. Give it to the children because it is perfectly harmless and doesn't gripe.—Adv.

It is better to leap over the ditch than trust to the pleadings of good men.—Spanish proverb.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Doan's kidney starting treatment, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Much in Little.

The brief style is that which expresses much in little.—Ben Johnson

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills contain nothing but vegetable ingredients, which act gently as a tonic and purgative by stimulation and not by irritation.—Adv.

Peace and plenty breed cowards; hardness ever of hardness is the mother.—Shakespeare.

He doubts nothing who knows nothing.—Portuguese proverb.

Sure Relief



Vaseline

PETROLEUM JELLY

For burns, cuts, sprains and all skin irritations. Relieves dryness of scalp.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. State Street New York

UNLIMITED NUMBER OF HORSES AND MULES at our disposal. What will you give for them? 1.50 head Jan. 11 to 22, every day. Auction Every Thursday after that. Bring Draft or Letter of Credit.

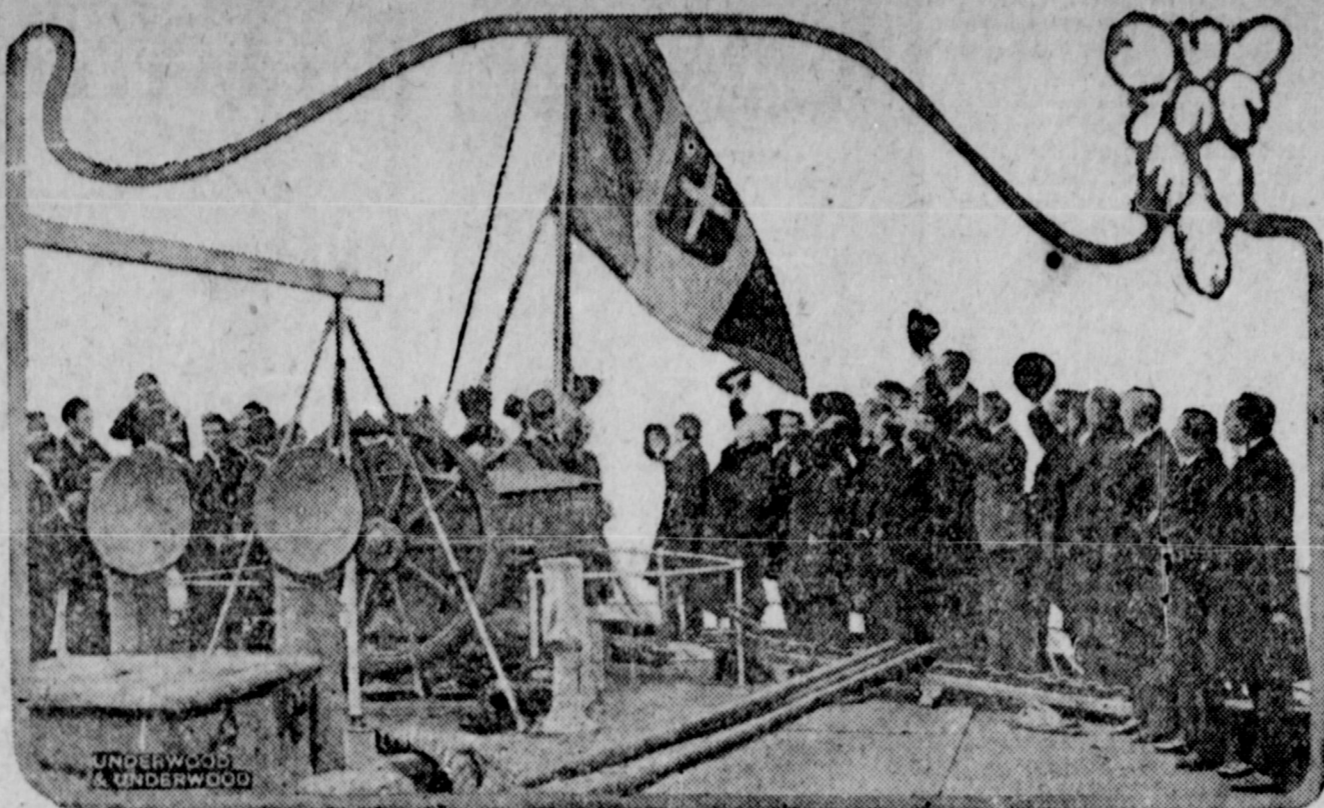
DENVER HORSE & MULE CO. Union Stock Yards Denver, Colo.

Beautiful Illustrated Catalog Free for the asking FLOWERS ROSES SEEDS BULBS Long Floral Co., Dallas, Texas

Accordion Pleating

of the Finest Workmanship Hemstitching, Buttonholes Embroidery, Etc. Work Promptly Done and Mail Orders Solicited. Houston Pleating & Button Co. 201 Klein Bldg., Houston, Tex.

Austrian Ship Becomes Italian at New York



Celebration in New York as the Italian consul, Dr. Chevalier Mariani hoisted the Italian tri-color over an Austrian ship, turned over to Italy.

English Mayor Treats the Children



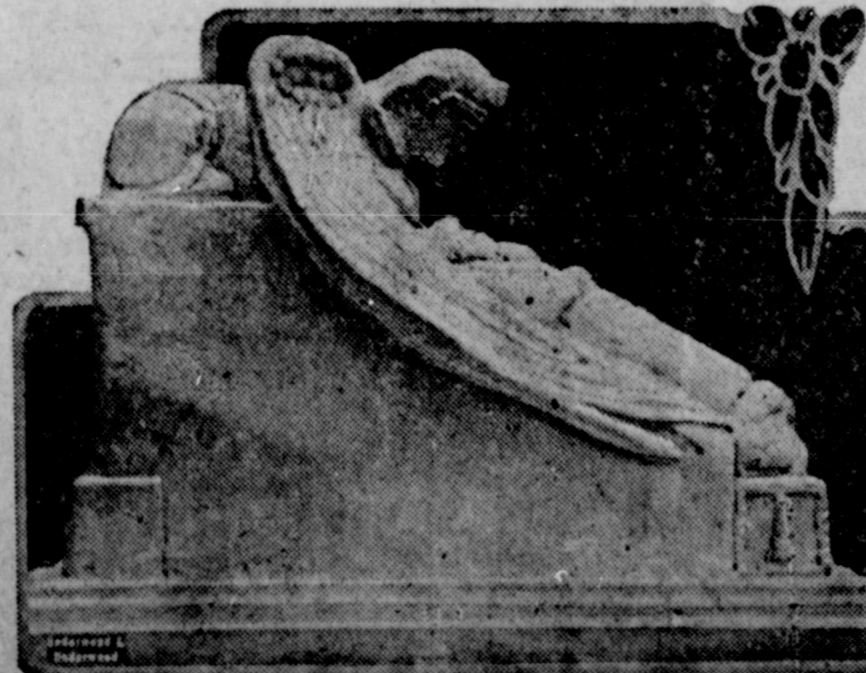
An ancient custom at Stockton-on-Tees, England, is for the newly elected mayor, with his party, to appear on the balcony with barrels of apples and bags of nuts, and to throw these delicacies to the school children of the town.

General Harris Honored by France



Major Gen. P. C. Harris, adjutant general of the army, being presented with the Commander of the Legion of Honor medal by the French government. General Collardet and Captain Dubreuil (without cap), both of the French embassy, are shown placing the medal upon the general. The decoration is fastened upon a long ribbon.

Monument to Rodin, the Sculptor



Model of a monument to August Rodin, the great French sculptor, designed by Olaf Bjorkman. Rodin is resting between the wings of a sphinx, and on the square in front of his feet is the inscription: "The Master Dies, But His Art Survives."

TALLEST AND SHORTEST



Private Reuben A. Pratt, U. S. marine corps, on duty at the recruiting station, 24 East Twenty-third street, New York city, is 6 feet 8 inches in height, while Sergeant Joseph Rain, who is shown with him, is but 5 feet 3 1/2 inches in height. Both are veterans of the World war, and are excellent recruiters.

SHELLED BY ACCIDENT



During the spectacular fire on an ammunition barge at Fort Hamilton, a 10-inch shell crashed through the wall of a house a mile away and plunged down to the cellar. Fortunately the family were all out watching the fire.

Wayside Telephones.

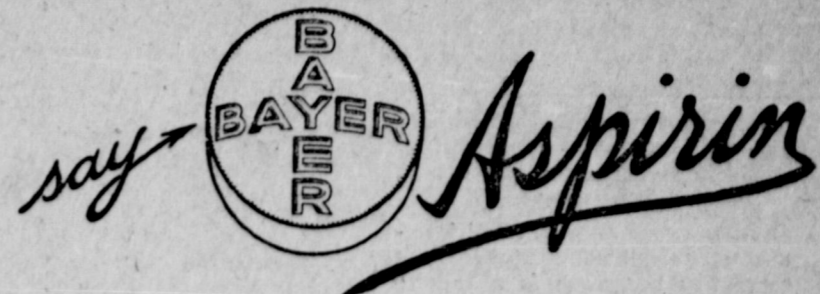
It is a wonder that someone has not thought before of the plan, soon to go into effect in Ohio, of putting small telephone booths along the roads of the state, one at every milestone, for the convenience of travelers. Instead of having to tramp to the nearest farmhouse, the stranded motorist or teamster will be always within half a mile of a telephone, by which he can summon help.—Youth's Companion.

Chance for Philatelists.

The French government is making preparations to sell the greatest collection of stamps which was ever made, valued at \$2,000,000. It comprised the collection of Baron Ferrary who died in 1917, and by the terms of his will the collection was left to the Berlin postal museum. The collection was in Paris at the time and it was seized as alien property.

WARNING

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for 21 years, and proved safe by millions.—Say "Bayer"!



SAFETY FIRST! Accept only an "unbroken package" of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains proper directions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and pain generally. Strictly American!

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monocaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

A bank isn't necessarily solid because it has a stone front.

DANDERINE

Stops Hair Coming Out; Thickens, Beautifies.



A few cents buys "Danderine." After a few applications you cannot find a fallen hair or any dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance.—Adv.

Many a man has been kicked out of a job and into success.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."—Adv.

Some live on hope, others on nerve; and still others on apathy.

THE BEST YET.

If you have never used Vacher-Balm, you don't know how quickly and pleasantly a cold in the head, or soreness anywhere can be relieved by this harmless remedy.

Ask your druggist, or send for a free sample, to E. W. Vacher, Inc., New Orleans, La. Avoid imitations. Nothing is "just as good."—Adv.

A new carpet will make almost any hotel bedroom seem luxurious.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine

Those are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the body, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions. All druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Disputing and borrowing cause grief and sorrowing.—German proverb.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 50 years for Malaria and as a General Tonic. Helps build you up. If Not Sold by Your Druggist, Write ARTHUR PETER & CO., Louisville, Ky.

The distinguished service cross is worn by no less than 130 American Jews.

A thankless work indeed is imposing your moral beliefs on others.

HELP THAT ACHING BACK!

Is your back giving out? Are you tortured with backache and stabbing pains? Does any exertion leave you "all played out"? Feel you just can't keep going? Likely your kidneys are to blame. Overwork, colds, hurry and worry tend to weaken the kidneys. Backache is often the first warning. Headache and dizziness may come, too, and annoying kidney irregularities. Help the kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills—the remedy recommended by thousands. Ask your neighbor!

A Texas Case

J. C. Cooper, retired cattleman, Highland Ave., Fort Worth, Tex., says: "My kidneys were badly disordered and my back ached in a dull way across the center. When stooping or lifting the pain got sharp and cutting and went into my hips. I took Doan's Kidney Pills and several boxes took the pains out of my back and corrected the kidney disorder."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.



The best clothes for rough work are Overalls, Jumpers, Uniforms

made of Stifel's Indigo Cloth. They never fade, shrink or stretch. Pattern positively will not break in the print.

Look for the boot trade-mark on the back of the cloth inside the garment. Dealers everywhere sell Overalls, Jumpers and Uniforms made of Stifel's Indigo Cloth. We are makers of the cloth only. J. L. STIFEL & SONS Indigo Dyers and Printers Washing, W. Va. 280 Grand St. New York.



Get Rid of the Worms

FATTEN YOUR STOCK VANN'S WORMS—GO for hogs and sheep. SULVA SALT BLOCK for cattle. One dollar brings big sample. American Chemical Co. of Texas, Inc. Houston, Texas

The Plainview News

Published Tuesday and Friday at Plainview, Hale County, Texas.

J. M. ADAMS, Editor and Owner

Entered as second-class matter, May 23, 1906 at the Postoffice at Plainview, Texas, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates

One Year \$2.50
Six Months \$1.35
Three Months75

A good way to pay most of the state government expenses would be to levy a tax on applications for office.

Seventy-five per cent of all the employees of telephone companies are women. The telephone is a talking device.

No wonder there is so much wire-pulling about Washington City—there is 170 miles of wire in the White House alone.

Some people send off hundreds of miles to buy articles of mail-order houses, and then they are mad because local stores do not carry missing parts when the thing breaks down.

To cut the appropriation bill of the government \$420,000,000 and to take the first step toward putting the government on a pre-war basis is the announced purpose of the republican leaders in the present session of congress. Any effort to cut down govern-

ment expenses meets with the approval of Jones, the taxpayer, one of which we are.

Governor McRae of Arkansas is a progressive democrat. He has declared that he would not consider any petition for a pardon which reached him through "a pardon attorney" during his administration. Petitions and prayers for executive clemency for prisoners in the penitentiary must reach him by some other avenue than the pardon attorney of the professional politician.

One reason the wave of crime is prevailing over the country is there are thousands of persons obsessed with the Bolshevik idea that the world owes them a living without them having to work for it, and that the man who works and saves his money should divide with them. Right here in Plainview this idea is in the mind of some persons, and they had rather steal than work.

Real prosperity consists in having a job and good health and working at it. Ambition will take the small job and make something big of it. Work is the only magic capable of transforming the world. This year is going to be just like last year and every year since the dawn of time. Real ability will be prized just as highly. Serious ambitions will be rewarded just as nobly. Character will be honored just as truly. Production of that of which the world has need will be valued accordingly. The old is no better and no different from the new except as we ourselves choose to make it so.—Rev. Lee W. Heaton.

HEAD OF FAMILY GETS \$2,000 EXEMPTION

Two Hundred Dollar Exemption Allowed for Dependents Under 18 or Incapable of Self-Support

Single persons, though required to file a return if their net income for 1920 was \$1,000 or more, are, if they are the heads of families, granted a special exemption under the revenue laws. Such a person is defined by Treasury regulations as "a person who actually supports and maintains in one household one or more individuals who are closely connected with him by blood relationship, relationship by marriage or by adoption, and whose right to exercise family control and provide for these dependents individuals is based upon some formal or legal obligation." Such persons are allowed the exemption of \$2,000 granted a married person. In addition, they are allowed a credit of \$200 for each dependent under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective.

A married person living with husband and wife can not claim an additional \$2,000 exemption as the head of a family. His or her exemption is based upon the marital status, irrespective of the support of others living in the same household. The additional \$200 credit for dependents does not apply to the husband or wife of a taxpayer. For example, if a married man supports a father who is incapable of self-support, he is entitled to the \$200 credit for such person. If through force of circumstance he supports his wife away from home he is entitled to the \$200 exemption allowed a married person, but not to a \$200 credit for a dependent.

A son who has left home but who sends his mother more than one-half the sum required for her support is entitled to the \$200 credit, provided the mother can not support herself. Otherwise, the amount must be considered a gift, and, therefore, the credit is not allowed. A son living at home and supporting his father, mother, or other relative may claim the \$200 exemption allowed the head of a family, but not the \$200 credit unless such relative is under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support.

(Continued from First Page)
but the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God; in it thou shalt not do any work, etc." Aside from any religious motive it is the opinion of scientists that both man and beast need a seventh day for rest. It is not only convenient to have this rest day uniform, but if we are to consider the religious need (and the laws of this country recognize such a need) the seventh day must be uniform, for a part of the community cannot have a Sabbath day and the other part de-secrate it. It spoils the day for those who desire to observe it.

Now, I take it that in Plainview we are all agreed that no unnecessary labor should be done on Sunday, whether on the farm, in the store, or elsewhere. We may differ, however, as to what is unnecessary labor. The laws on the statute books for prohibiting unnecessary labor may be imperfect, we may have in some measure outgrown them in their present form but we have not outgrown the fundamental principles underlying them. If we have we have grown downward and not upward.

Again, laws are inconvenient things and we must not expect them to be so perfect that they will not work some inconveniences. Nearly all, if not very law works some inconveniences. The law "Thou shalt not kill" sometimes works an inconvenience. If a man to protect himself or family, is forced to kill another, he is more or less in jeopardy, for he is brought to account before a grand jury, if not in the courts. It is impossible to make laws that will have enough conditions, provisions and exceptions that under all circumstances no ill be inconvenienced. It is too bad that we have laws. It is a pity that everyone will not do right without being made. If all unnecessary selling in Plainview were eliminated willingly there would be no use for the obnoxious closing laws. This has been done by individuals and whole towns in this state.

But there are those who will not observe the closing principle without the enforcement of the closing laws. What are we to do about it? On the one hand the closing principle is right and ought to be observed. On the other hand the law for enforcing the principle causes inconveniences under some circumstances and whether good or bad, because it is law. Others taking the position that the law is bad, or faulty, seem to offer two alternatives; either do not enforce the law at all, or else enforce it to the limit, which would make it even more inconvenient and result in reaction in favor of no enforcement. Is there not some means by which Hale county can realize the principle of Sunday observance, that is, eliminate the unnecessary labor without going to extremes? In case of the law against murder a man depends on the circumstances under which he acts to clear him. It is seldom that a man is convicted of murder for killing another under circumstances which we ordinarily excuse. And no good man because of his convenience desires the officers to disregard the enforcement of the law against murder. He prefers the law as it stands. Let us consider this man who runs his hardware store on Sunday. Must depend on the circumstances to clear him, and there are circumstances under which he can be cleared. But we are not so diffi-

SOCIETY

Afternoon Bridge

Mrs. Geo. P. Droke entertained Friday afternoon at the T. O. Collier home.

Mrs. Droke used no special motif for her party and bridge was named as the afternoon diversion. Mrs. Ben Smith and Miss Sarah Ross tying on high score.

The guests were Mesdames Dave Collier, A. L. Putnam, L. A. Knight, Bob Malone, D. Hefflinger, Wallace Settoon, Chas. Saigling, F. W. Clinkscapes, Ben Smith, E. J. Miller, W. Dowden, E. H. Bowden, Earl Keck, I. C. Shepard, Geo. Wyckoff, Fred H. Put, Lemond and All of the Center, Siquelfield of Columbus, Ga., and Miss Ross.

That evening Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Droke entertained with five tables of forty-two. The guests being Messrs. and Mesdames A. E. Martin, R. A. Underwood, C. D. Wolford, Carl, Tom Foster, R. E. Meyers, David Neal, E. C. Keck, W. B. Anthony and Miss Neal.

Mr. Martin won high score. Both afternoon and evening the hostess served a salad course.

High School Parent-Teachers'

The Parent-Teachers' Association of the high school will meet in the high school auditorium at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon. This being the first meeting of the new year a good attendance is desired.

Odd Fellows Will Install New Officers Tonight

The Odd Fellows lodge will install its newly elected officers tonight. They are H. H. Rodgers, Past Grand; J. C. King, Noble Grand; J. F. Rice, Vice Grand; L. D. Griffin, Secretary, and Roy Frye, Treasurer.

Commandery Will Install Officers Tonight

Tonight the Knights Templar commandery will install the following newly elected officers: C. C. Stubbs, E. C.; Chas. Reinken, Gen.; B. T. Bowlin, C. G.; R. C. Dublin, S. W.; L. M. Frogge, J. W.; W. O. Anderson, W.; J. E. Watson, S. W.; Marshall Watson, Sen.; Chas. Vincent, Rec.; E. H. Bowden, P. G.; J. H. Slaton, Treasurer.

A banquet will follow the ceremonial.

Marriage Licenses

B. L. Sarge of Breckenridge and Miss Mabel C. Wells of Floyd county, January 15. They were married here by Rev. J. W. Israel.

R. E. Chaddick and Mrs. M. L. Barry. They were married today by County Judge Griffin. He lives in Jack county, but has been staying with his son, Jim Chaddick, near town. She has been living north of town.

Fine blankets at a bargain—Riley Duff & Co.

H. E. Bower of Higgins had business here yesterday.

Rugs are cheaper and we have a nice stock—Riley Duff & Co.

Ernest Fowler was here last week, visiting friends. He lived in Plainview prior to the war. He became a lieutenant in the army and was stationed in California, and after the war was put as manager of a government store in Portland, Oregon, where he now resides. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Fowler, and his brother, Guy Fowler and family, now live in Portland.

Trunks that are worth the price—Riley Duff & Co.

But we have a greater difficulty when we come to consider the man who sells goods that are forbidden to be sold on Sunday. Indeed, he receives his regular profit, and should, but he is endangering himself (if there be any danger) not so much for the profit but primarily for the purchasers convenience, and naturally he is not willing to venture the risk. And yet, I feel that a man would be running but mighty little risk if he acts with discretion and in all sincerity, for the courts of this state and the people of these Plains, from which the jurors would be selected, would be pretty safe protection against any injustice from this source. For example, it would be quite as permissible to pull an auto out of a ditch on Sunday as to pull an ox out of a ditch on the Sabbath. It would be quite as permissible to sell a man gasoline to answer a sick call as for the Perfect man to haul on the Sabbath day. It is unnecessary selling or labor that the Sunday law was made to prevent. But you say "Where are you going to draw the line?" Let the courts and the public draw the line, they draw the line with reference to every other law on the statute books of this state. The same protection which we have from the inconveniences of every other law we have from the inconveniences of the Sunday closing laws. The purpose for enforcing the closing law is to eliminate unnecessary selling and labor, and to this end the law is workable like every other law. It can be worked so as to cause a minimum of inconveniences. And no community can work it better than Plainview if we will apply the same hard-headed co-operation and good will which is characteristic of every other community effort that this splendid citizenship undertakes.

E. E. BULLOCK.

The Foresighted Man

The growth of your business naturally requires that you look ahead at the needs of tomorrow.

Your future banking requirements will be greater in the proportion that your business expands.


Let us plan together.

The First National Bank

Resources Over TWO AND ONE-HALF MILLIONS

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"



What Edison did during the War

THE official announcement is out. Ask us for your copy of "What Edison Did During the War." Write for it, if you can't call.


It tells how Edison left his home and business and went to sea, how Edison's "Yankee magic" foiled the German submarines.

The bulletin tells many other things Edison did while Chairman of the Naval Consulting Board. It explains how Edison kept the price of his phonograph at bed rock during an era of high costs and soaring prices. Since 1914 the New Edison has advanced in price less than 15%—and part of this is war tax.

This bulletin also describes the Budget Plan, which makes it possible for every home to enjoy the benefits of good music without feeling the financial outlay.

McMillan Drug Co.

Watch for the announcement of Mr. Edison's New Research!



IMPROVED TRAIN SERVICE

NORTHBOUND

Lv. Plainview	8:06 A. M. Monday
Ar. Wichita	12:17 A. M. Tuesday
Ar. Kansas City	7:30 A. M. Tuesday
Ar. Chicago	9:20 P. M. Tuesday

SOUTHBOUND

Lv. Plainview	8:35 A. M. Monday
Ar. Sweetwater	4:10 P. M. Monday
Ar. Fort Worth	7:30 A. M. Tuesday
Ar. Houston	7:40 A. M. Tuesday

For information at to rates, routes, sleeping car reservations, etc., call on JOHN LUCAS, Agent, Plainview, Texas. Address mail inquiries to B. B. GALLAHER, General Passenger Agent, P. & S. F. Railway, Amarillo, Texas.

Rugs are cheaper and we have a nice stock—Riley Duff & Co.

Charter No. 5475 Reserve District No. 11
Report of the Condition of the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at Plainview, in the State of Texas, at the close of business on Dec. 29, 1920.

RESOURCES			
1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts (except those shown in b and c)	\$2,006,256.64		
Total loans	2,006,256.64		
Deduct:			
d Notes and bills rediscounted with Federal Reserve Bank (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 54a)	294,835.42	1,711,421.22	
2. Overdrafts, unsecured		9,757.84	
3. U. S. Government securities owned:			
a Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds par value)	25,000.00		
f Owned and unpledged	5,522.90		
h War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	866.90		
Total U. S. Government securities	31,389.82	31,389.82	
Other bonds, securities, etc.:			
e Securities, other than U. S. Bonds (not including stocks), owned and unpledged		11,137.84	
Total bonds, securities, etc. other than U. S. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)		11,137.84	
7. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	6,000.00		
8. Furniture and fixtures	25,070.61		
9. Real estate owned other than banking house	19,341.37		
10. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	81,691.24		
13. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	267,768.97		
14. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States (other than included in Items 11, 12, or 13)		9,818.72	
16. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 15)		9,495.82	
Total of Items 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16	287,083.51		
17. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items due from U. S. Treasurer		2,883.71	
18. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		1,850.00	
20. Other assets, if any: 5 per cent Fund Citizens National Bank		259.77	
Total	\$2,188,886.03		
LIABILITIES			
21. Capital stock paid in	100,000.00		
22. Surplus Fund	100,000.00		
23. a Undivided profits	102,940.52		
b Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	66,050.10	36,890.42	
c Amount reserved for taxes accrued		622.00	
27. Circulating notes outstanding		25,000.00	
29. Net amounts due to national banks		15,058.57	
30. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies in the United States and foreign countries (other than included in Items 28 or 29)		105,641.83	
Total of Items 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32	132,846.97		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):			
33. Individual deposits subject to check	1,002,090.02		
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	152,985.24		
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, and 38	1,155,075.26		
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):			
39. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	538,450.78		
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 39, 40, 41, and 42	538,450.78		
47. Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank (including all obligations representing money borrowed other than rediscounts)	100,000.00		
Total	\$2,188,886.03		
54. a Liabilities for rediscounts with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d)	294,835.42		
Total contingent liabilities (54 a, b, c, and d) (not including items in Schedule 23 of report	294,835.42		
*55. Of the total loans and discounts shown above, the amount on which interest and discount was charged at rates in excess of those permitted by law (Sec. 5197, Rev. Stat.) (exclusive of notes upon which total charge not to exceed 50 cents was made) was none. The number of such loans was none.			

STATE OF TEXAS, County of Hale, ss:
I, J. C. Anderson, Jr., cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. C. ANDERSON, JR., Cashier.
GENEVA SEIPP, Notary Public.
CORRECT—Attest: R. C. WARB, W. E. RISBER, CHAS. C. GIDNEY, Directors.

SEEDS WANTED

Hegari, Feterita, Kaffir, Maize, Barley, Dwarf Broom Corn, bring samples at once.

C. E. White Seed Co. Plainview



CLEARANCE

Hundreds of Suits

Garments that in every detail measure up to the high quality standard demanded by this store.

Single and Double breasted, in fine worsteds, serges, velours, herring bones, cassimeres,—plains, stripes, checks, and plaids, all wool fabrics, hand tailored.

Radically reduced to **\$25.00, \$30.00, \$40.00**

Smart Overcoats in Young Men's and Conservative Models **\$25, \$35**

These Clearance Prices indeed represent **Wonderful Clothing Values**

REINKEN'S

CLOTHING AND SHOES

Sizes
from
35 to 50 Chest

Collegian Clothes 1933
David Adler & Sons

CHURCHES

Services at the Baptist Church

There were 491 in Sunday school last Sunday and good cheer and enthusiasm abounded on every hand. The congregation at the morning hour taxed the seating capacity of the building and many chairs were placed in the aisles. The crowd at night was almost as large, practically every seat being taken.

The pastor preached at both hours. Mrs. Matthews sang at the morning service and Mr. Crabb and Mrs. Wil-

liams rendered a beautiful offertory. A ladies trio consisting of Mesdames Knoohuizen, Watson and Patty sang at night. There were four additions to the morning service. The P. M. U. had a crowded room at their meeting.

The services next Sunday as usual. The pastor will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Resurrection of the Dead or Will the Bodies of the Dead Really Come Forth from the Grave" and at 6:45 p. m., he will preach on "Looseness in Religion."

Special music at both services. Great crowds are expected and you are cordially invited.

HARLAN J. MATTHEWS, Pastor.

Sunday School Workers' Council
Sunday School Workers' Council of

The Baptist church will meet at the home of Mrs. Rosella Rushing, 304 East Fifth Street, Thursday evening of this week at 7 p. m. All the officers and teachers are expected to be present.

C. A. PEARCE, Supt.
HARLAN J. MATTHEWS, Pastor.

Christian Church and Sunday School Are Growing Rapidly

The work of the First Christian church and Sunday school is prospering. There were 162 in attendance at Bible school Sunday morning, which is more than double the attendance six months before, when Pastor G. W. Davis began his work here. This is the first time the attendance has reached the 100 mark.

There were three additions to the church Sunday morning, two by letter and one by confession. The church has increased fifty-one in number during the past six months.

Services for next Sunday as follows: Sunday school 9:45, communion and sermon by the pastor at 11, Christian Endeavor 6:00, and sermon 6:45.

At the Church of the Nazarene

Rejoice with us! Sunday was a great day with us, at all services. God was especially present at the Sunday night preaching service. There were seven seekers at the altar and they all seemed to get what they were seeking. Thank God for answering prayer.

Our Sunday school is building up, and we feel that greater things are ahead in that department of our work. Quite a number of new faces are seen in our services. We appreciate the way the people are coming. But there are many more in Plainview who ought to come to church and Sunday school. Parents ought not to just send their children; they should come and bring them. The people need a mighty awakening throughout this country to appreciate the gospel and the privileges which it brings to us.

Sunday school next Sunday at the

usual hour, 9:45 a. m.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. by the pastor.

Morning subject: "Weighed in God's Balance."
Evening subject: "The Whosoever Gospel."

Young People's Society at 5:30 p. m. Subject: "Worldly Mindedness."

A cordial invitation is extended one an all to attend these services. Come and hear the old-fashioned gospel of Jesus Christ.—Reporter.

Sunbeam Program

January 23rd, 2:30 p. m.

Subject—"Missions"—Group 1.
Opening song—"Rescue the Perishing"—All Sunbeams.

Prayer.

Roll call. Minutes.

Scripture reading: Romans 10:10-16

—Elaine Speed.

"Childhood in Heathen Lands."—

Wilma Delaho.

Reading—"Their Mamma Was a Little Girl."—Opal Johnson.

Piano solo—Harriet Vanderpool.

"The Twilight of Mr. Simpson."—

(Missionary Rooster)—Elizabeth Matthews.

Reading—"The Cooky Jar."—Blanche Hamilton.

Memory verse: John 3:16.—Circle A.

Song.—All Sunbeams.

"Little Snow-Drp." (Chinese story)

—Helen Ruth Reeves.

Memory verse: Luke 13:5.—Circle B.

Reading—"True Victory."—W. F. Garner.

Sentence prayer—Young Converts.

Benediction.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

E. M. Carter and wife to W. J. McWilliams and C. M. Russell, south half of survey No. 4, block A-2, Hale county; consideration, \$11,200.

M. C. Hancock to J. O. Duensing, lots 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, in block D-4, survey No. 1, in the Central Plains College and Conservatory of Music Sub-Division, Hale county; consideration, \$8,000.

W. M. Wilson to J. O. Duensing, a part of the J. M. Shafer and J. M. Christie homestead survey, Hale county; consideration, \$2,036.

Lee P. Stephens and wife to C. H. Espy, a portion of lots 9 and 10, in block 2, Highland addition to the town of Plainview; consideration, \$4,000.

J. H. Slaton and wife and E. M. Carter and wife to A. F. Boyd, lots 7 and 8, block 24 in the Highland addition to the town of Plainview; consideration, \$1,000.

Elbert Overton to J. J. Merrill, block No. 13 in the town plat of Aberrath; consideration, \$650.

O. B. Shook, as guardian for Raymond and Melvin Shook, minors, to S. R. McLaughlin, lots 9 and 10, in block 74, in the Alexander & Westmoreland addition to the town of Plainview; consideration, \$6,175.

S. P. McLaughlin and wife to W. E. Winfield, lots 9 and 10, block 74, in the Alexander & Westmoreland addition to the town of Plainview; consideration, \$6,175.

W. E. Winfield and wife to S. R. McLaughlin, north half of section No. 13, block R, Hale county; consideration, \$6,670.

A. N. Johnson and wife to N. C. Hix southeast quarter of section No. 6, block W, Hale county; consideration, \$6,250.

A. C. and W. F. May to E. E. Winn, C. M. Alford's Homestead Survey, Hale county, containing 156 acres; consideration, \$1,100.

A. B. Rooser to J. F. Duncan, lot 4 and a part of lot 3 in block 90 of the Alexander & Westmoreland addition to the town of Plainview; consideration, \$1,000.

PERSONAL MENTION

R. B. Barrier of Lubbock is in town today.

R. T. Randolph of Amarillo is here today.

Wm. Cowan of Happy was in town Monday.

E. L. Kitchen of Lubbock was here yesterday.

J. S. Eoff was in Tulia Wednesday on business.

Wade Holman and family are moving to Amarillo.

E. L. Kerr went to Amarillo this morning.

J. R. Wilson of Leonard has been here this week.

Tilman Suggs of Lubbock was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Smyre of Caddo were here Sunday.

G. L. Havenstein and Floyd Marsh of Clovis are here.

H. C. Brock and F. A. Baird of Slaton were here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Blythe of Wellington were here Friday.

G. E. Lockhart of Tahoka had business in Plainview yesterday.

E. E. Burgess and Wayne Hocks of Quitaque were here yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sanders of Lubbock were in Plainview Saturday.

E. Dowden left Monday morning for a business trip to Kansas City.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Johns of Breckenridge have been here this week.

Judge Ose Speer of Fort Worth was here last week attending district court.

Mrs. E. L. Cowart and baby returned Sunday from a visit in Fort Worth.

T. W. Sawyer of Lubbock spent part of last week here, working at the mill.

Editor Barney O'Bryan and daughter of Tulia were in Plainview Saturday.

Nate Miller has returned from a stay of several months in Central Texas.

Miss Allie Rawls came in Saturday from Slaton, and is now at the Band Box.

Paul Pierson returned this morning from a visit with his mother in Dodge City, Kans.

J. L. Gleaves, real estate agent of Van Alstyne, was here this week on business.

Miss Finney, the nurse, returned Sunday from a visit with a brother in Topeka, Kans.

Mrs. Dollie Richardson of Hale Center spent the week-end here visiting Mrs. C. H. Patton.

Mrs. J. C. Anderson and C. C. Gidney returned Monday morning from a trip to Granger.

Marvill H. Stewart of Hale Center has joined the army and left Thursday for Ft. Bliss, El Paso.

John Boswell, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, had business in Amarillo Saturday.

Attorney W. O. Cox of Temple was here the latter part of the week, attending to business matters.

J. M. Lipscomb went to Canyon this morning, to act as official judge in the Randall county poultry show.

Mrs. I. W. Elliott of Amarillo is here this week visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wallace Winfield and friends.

Dave P. Barker left Sunday for Tucumcari, N. M., to look after some land he owns just west of that place.

Mrs. L. M. Sherwood of Guthrie, Oklahoma, has come to spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. W. N. McDonald.

D. A. Amberg spent Sunday here with his family. He is engaged in building a bridge for the Santa Fe railroad near Lubbock.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Pelphrey, who went to Slaton a few days ago with the intention of making their home, have moved back to Plainview.

L. H. Suggs, of Plainview, is very capably assisting with the work at the City Drug Store, during the absence

of John Emmitt.—Tulia Herald.

Vernon Rastetter, son of Ferd Rastetter of south of town, left Sunday for Hesston, Kans., to attend the Menonite college for a short course.

Wm. Britt of Gentry, in Northwest Arkansas, came in yesterday morning to look after matters here and at Petersburg. He says "Arkansas is alright."

Mrs. W. R. Ferguson of Hale Center has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Grace Wilson. She went home this morning, accompanied by her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. McMennamy and daughter, Miss Freda, and son, S. T., of Hale Center were in Tulia last week visiting their daughter and sister, Mrs. A. A. Hillyer.

Miss Lottie V. Burkholder, field agent for the Red Cross society, with headquarters in St. Louis, was here last week, conferring with the officers of the local organization.

J. B. Downs, the Lockney land man, is in town today. He says the Lockney country is getting back to normal quite rapidly, and everybody is optimistic for the future.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Barrett of near Runningwater left this morning for San Antonio to stay awhile, after which they will go by easy stages to some of the coast towns, then to Richmond, V. Ohio and Minnesota, and return to Plainview in the late spring or summer.

L. W. Hyer returned Sunday from a trip to Kaufman county. He says that section is in very hard shape, as every kind of business and farming is tied up because of there being no market for cotton. The plains is in fine shape, as compared with Central and East Texas.

O. O. Borchardt, who lives eight miles west of Hale Center, was in town yesterday. He says the wheat is now growing rapidly, on account of the warm weather, and as the acreage is much larger than ever there is prospects for a sure enough bumper crop this year, for it will not take much more moisture to make wheat.

Minor Crawford of Silverton and P. O. Woods of Quitaque were in Plainview yesterday.

L. A. White, W. W. Speer, W. P. Rankin, H. H. Murray and J. E. Gilbert of Carbon, were here this week on business.

J. W. and E. H. Beger of Abilene were here Friday.

Mr. Nesmith of the Perry Motor Co. has returned from a visit since before the holidays with relatives in San Angelo.

H. S. Avert of Amarillo is here today on business.

Dean Allard of Silverton is here today.

C. A. and W. W. Wildering of Amarillo have business here today.

Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Elliott and Mrs. Aubrey, came down Saturday to visit relatives and friends.

Elliott and Aubrey returned to Amarillo Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Elliott remaining for a longer visit, and will return to her home tomorrow morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edd McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Spiker, Miss Clara McLaughlin and M. A. McLaughlin attended the Elks dance here last night.

Haynes mattresses, the best made.—Riley Duff & Co.

C. T. Wallace of Lubbock was here Sunday.

A good singer sewing machine (second hand) at a bargain.—Riley Duff & Co.

Haynes mattresses, the best made.—Riley Duff & Co.

VULCANIZING AND SERVICE

We are equipped to do all kinds of vulcanizing, and our shop and red wagon are at your disposal for tire service.

McGlasson-Armstrong Rubber Co.
In Auto Row

Beck's Meat Market

I have bought back the Cash Market from the parties to whom I recently sold it, and will continue the business at the same stand under the name of Beck's Meat Market.

I want the patronage of all my old customers, as well as many new ones. I will keep a full stock of the best meats and packing house products and will run a strictly Cash Market to one and all, and will sell meat at right prices.

H. J. Beck

Phones 200 and 300

On Broadway

Selina Sings

By DOROTHY DOUGLAS

(© 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Selina was the possessor of a wonderful voice. She had beauty, success and a fund of good health. Her health, however, she preserved with great care, and took her walks as regularly as a well-running clock ticks.

Each afternoon, hail or snow, saw Selina in low-heeled boots and comfortable walking costume leaving her house in the lower Forties for her constitutional of an hour between five and six o'clock. And although Selina had success, health and most all the good things that life had to offer, she still had failed to find the one greatest of all gifts.

Selina had never loved richly, seriously nor yet even happily, and she had reached the age of thirty-three.

It was not that Selina was of a cold temperament—far from it. But it had seemed to her that the men who had loved her could easily do without her. They all were self-sufficient and she would never fill the vital place in their lives that she felt love ought to fill. She was curiously hampered by a perhaps exaggerated sense of desire to be an absolute part of the man who loved her. She wanted a man to be that essential element in her own life—if she were to really love.

Many of these thoughts were what passed through her mind while she took her daily walk, and divers problems were happily solved during the constitutional hour.

Selina had not realized that in one of the houses she passed her voice, reproduced into its glorious perfection, was daily listened to with eager ears by a nerve-worn, weary hero of the war.

She was creeping down over the city street, Selina, passing that house and for the first time conscious that it was her own voice she was hearing and had heard each evening subconsciously.



Stopped to Glance Within the Unshaded Window.

ly during a long period, stopped to glance within the unshaded window.

Sitting with head forward and with weariness and nerve strain casting its terrible whiteness over his face, was a man whom Selina thought was the soul of tragedy. Before the war he must have been big and powerful and able to face a world of struggle and to conquer it. Now, he was a shadow, a man riveted down to the ghastly memories of the battlefield. Selina's sixth sense told her all this as plainly as if his nurse hovering discreetly in the room beyond had told her.

That same sense urged Selina into that room. Something told her her presence, her voice was needed to stay a mind from eternal wandering among the shadows. She did not know that a crisis was near in that tired brain—that hidden cords were ready to snap—but she told the nurse that she wanted to sing in person to the man who was listening to the reproduction.

The nurse looked into Selina's eyes, recognized her as the great contrast to who had given her wonderful voice so freely to the fighting men, and welcomed her warmly.

"He went right through it all," she told Selina, indicating her patient; "he joined with the British at the beginning. We are having a losing struggle with nerves and brain."

Selina looked pityingly at the big man who had not as yet seen to whom his nurse was speaking. When he turned and looked at her his eyes lit for the first time in many months. A slow glow kindled and Selina knew that the soldier was familiar with her face as well as her voice.

"I heard my voice on the machine," she said by way of making a reason for her visit "and I have taken the liberty of coming in to sing to you in person." She took the hand he eagerly held out to her and held it in a warm life-giving grip. "May I sing for you?"

"I'm a fool—a perfect fool, over your voice," he said slowly, and gazed with all his soul in his tired eyes at Selina as if not realizing that she actually stood before him.

His nerves were at snapping point. Selina knew that he was having a great man's fight to retain control.

"You sang for us over there," he added. "I have never forgotten your voice—it is the only thing on the face of the earth that gives me a second's rest from—havoc."

Selina had a moment of inner thanksgiving that she had been permitted to pass this particular house and enter therein.

"I am going to sing, then," she said gladly, "and every day until you are tired hearing me I will come and sing any songs you want to hear." She smiled her rich, womanly smile directly into John Hayward's heart.

She sang, and the sweetness and emotional timbre of her voice with its wonderful essence of potential energy and life stirred the soul of Hayward as it had not been moved in many a long month.

The song was just a simple little thing. A bit of hope and love and cheer.

But it snapped the tension in Hayward's nerves; the over long pent up control broke and he sobbed as only a strong man can sob.

Selina looked at the nurse and motioned her to leave them alone. She understood just what this breaking of the floodgate would mean to the jagged nerves. Calm would follow and then a steady return to serene thought.

She went over and put her arm gently across his shoulders. After a moment he looked up at her.

"I'm a fool," he repeated, "but your voice sweeps the very foundations away. Don't think I carry on this way often—I haven't done it—not in years. Please forgive me."

An almost imperceptible movement gave his head greater shelter against Selina's arm. She looked into his eyes and the light in her own was very wonderful to behold. The man who could not do without her—the one who would one day look to her for his entire cup of happiness and to whom the greatness of her nature would flow out and offer its big sacrifices and worship—that man was resting against the mothering warmth of her arms.

She left him after a short time, wanting him to think and realize that he was on the path back to health of mind and body.

"I have been unable to concentrate or to even write an intelligent letter," he had confided to her. "The facts have been wearing my nerve away inch by inch. You have stayed the devastating progress. I will soon show you that I am a man and not a child," he said with earnest eyes fixed on Selina. "But you must come and sing to me for a time until I find myself quite able to forget. You will not think me weak?"

"Weak," said Selina softly. "No! A strong man is always a strong man—even in his weakness he is strong. I will be here tomorrow and every—tomorrow."

Hayward and Selina possessed many great gifts, but the greatest of all was now their own.

SAVIOR LEFT NO WRITINGS

World Is Without Authentic Information of Any Manuscripts Transcribed by His Hand.

We have no authentic information of our Savior Christ's ever writing anything excepting once in the sand. One tradition asserts that he wrote a letter to an African monarch, but there is no proof of it. None of the New Testament books claim to have been written by Him. The oldest existing manuscripts of the New Testament date from the third century A. D. There are four of these which are known as uncial or Capital letter MSS. and are written on parchment in narrow columns, generally four to the parchment width. One is, or was, at Petrograd, one in Oxford university, one in Paris, and one in Rome. There are many later cursive (or small letter) manuscripts. But much of the New Testament and more of the Old Testament may be gathered from early Christian writings dating from the Apostolic ages. Our English Bibles, Old and New Revised Versions, are translated from the original languages. The Old Testament was most scrupulously preserved by the Jews down to the Christian era, and is translated directly from the original Hebrew and Chaldaic in our English versions. A valuable translation of the Old Testament into Greek made at Alexandria by seventy Jewish scholars, known as the Septuagint is of great value to translators.

Should Sleep Seven Hours.

Extremely energetic and strong people are apt to take a virtuous pride in limiting themselves to four or five hours of sleep and consider more than this a disgraceful evidence of laziness, says Mothers' Magazine. It is quite possible to accustom one's self to such an amount of sleep and the results may not show immediately, but in the end you will be the loser thereby. From seven to eight hours of sleep are needed by all people leading active lives, and if for any reason your regular amount of sleep is broken into it should be made up by extra sleep as soon as possible.

Precocious.

"You should always put your best foot forward."
"You should say 'better foot,' mother, and which would you call my better foot, anyhow?"

DRESSES INVITING TO THE SEAMSTRESS



EARLIER than the first robins come harbingers of spring in the shops. They are these cotton materials, as well known and as welcome as the red-breast, and distributed over the length and breadth of the land. January finds our old friends among fabrics—ginghams, chambray, percale, dimity, voile, challie and the like—flaunting their springtime colors and inviting the foresighted mothers to make selections and begin the children's sewing. One can almost forget the winter by working on garments and with materials that constantly suggest summer time and getting this work out of the way, in a leisurely fashion before the more important matter of dress for the grown-up members of the family comes up for consideration. At the time that the shops make a display of new wash dresses, fashion publications, and also the shops, provide examples of new frocks for little folks. Those on display show simple and practical dresses that have the charm of neatness for one thing and ingenious design for another. Sprig colors, too, are pleasing and beautiful. ly combined, in ginghams especially. A frock of this material, suited to girls from seven to fourteen, is pictured here. It will be noted that it differs very little from present styles and is easy to make. It has a plaited skirt set on to a plain bodice, having a little fullness at the front, which is managed by gathering the front pieces along the shoulder seams. The long sleeves are finished off with bias bands of the gingham, bound with tape. The collar is cut and bound in the same way and a smaller collar of white goods is worn over it. The girle and a bib front are cut in one and the girle buttons at the back. Small, slit pockets, set in at each side, are bound with tape and five little pearl buttons, set in a row under each pocket, make a trim and pretty finish. The dress of plain chambray, with bloomers to match, meets the needs of little girls of three to six. It is made with a plain skirt, gathered onto a short yoke, and has short sleeves with turned back cuffs. Gayly colored coarse linens make very durable dresses of this kind.

Gay and Picturesque Bonnets



THE trend of the styles in children's headwear for several seasons past has been toward the plainest of hats and bonnets, and is not changing. But these plainer styles have not entirely crowded out gay and picturesque little affairs in millinery that crown the heads of lucky children who are allowed several hats each season. Cozy bonnets frame rosy faces with the softest and fluffiest of facings, made of fabrics or feathers or anything which takes the fancy of designers as suited to small ladies. They are meant to be worn on state occasions when one must be quite dressed up.

A group of these fascinating models for the younger generation is shown above, all designed for midwinter wear, with the quaint, always beautiful poke-bonnet shape featured among them. At the bottom a small poke of hatter's plush would be very prim with its band of ribbon if it were not for a soft curly ostrich plume that curls at the side. Usually bonnets of this kind have a colored facing of silk and the plums is in the same color. A much larger poke bonnet made of velvet is shown at the left of the group. It has a dignified sash of moire ribbon and glories in a large red velvet poppy.

A rival of these bonnets appears above them in an amusing miniature hat with gay crown of brocaded ribbon—just like grown-up millinery—and side crown of velvet. The slashed, up-turned brim is bound with faille ribbon and there is a sash with long ends of the same. The most pretentious of dressy bonnets finishes the group, a regular poke shape with brim entirely covered with curled ostrich plumes, making the softest of settings for pretty faces and ringlets. It has ties of velvet ribbon with satin edge.

Julie Bottomley

Fur Trimming. Fur-trimmed dresses and fur-trimmed blouses are being worn.

Kill That Cold With HILL'S CASCARA QUININE FOR Colds, Coughs AND La Grippe Neglected Colds are Dangerous Take no chances. Keep this standard remedy handy for the first sneeze. Breaks up a cold in 24 hours—Relieves Grippe in 3 days—Excellent for Headache Quinine in this form does not affect the head—Cascara is best Tonic Laxative—No Opium in Hill's. ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

ARMY BLANKETS CLOTHING, ETC. New Wool Olive Drab Officers' Blankets . . . \$ 6.95 New Wool Gray Officers' Blankets 6.45 Re-issue Olive Drab Officers' Blankets 5.95 Re-issue Gray Officers' Blankets 5.45 Regulation Wool Overcoats, marching length 10.50 New Regulation O. D. Shirts 5.75 Slightly Used Regulation O. D. Shirts 3.00 Khaki Pants, lace regulation, slightly used . . 1.50 Canvas Leggings, cuff, new 1.25 The above sent by prepaid insured parcel post. Also, all kinds of tents, cots, comforts, mattresses, new shoes, etc. Write for our complete price list. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded upon return of goods. We are the largest dealers in army goods in Texas, Louisiana and Oklahoma. We purchase direct from the Government. Order from the nearest store and save freight or express. Our stores are located as follows: Crawford & Orand, 906 Franklin St., Houston, Texas ARMY EQUIPMENT CO. 708 Milan St., Shreveport, La. 111 Main St., Ft. Worth, Texas 1519 Commerce St., Dallas, Texas. 223 North Side Square, Waco, Texas. 315 East 3rd St., Tulsa, Okla.

It is no sign of a duck's nest to see feeders on de fence.—American negro. Posts of the American Legion are forming in Japan and Belgium. Dont Forget Cuticura Talcum When adding to your toilet requisites. An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum). 25c each everywhere.—Adv. Important to Mothers Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of J. C. FLETCHER In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria A Dangerous Weapon. A man sitting on the top of a Fifth Avenue bus was deeply engrossed in his newspaper. The seat beside him was vacant. Soon a large, lapless woman got aboard and seated herself in the empty place. In her arms she held a baby. What it lacked in beauty it made up in friendliness, and presently it found itself gaping interestedly at the nice-looking man by its side. The distracted gentleman stood it as long as he could; then, with a very pained expression, he turned to the woman and said: "My dear madam, please don't point that thing at me."—Harper's Magazine. Different. "Savages used to paint their faces." "It's different with civilized man," commented Mr. Chuggins. "He crawls under his car and gets his face smeared with automobile grease." One Explanation. Jud Tunkins says the reason so many of us are afraid of work is that we are too bashful to get acquainted.

If your Coffee-Pot has boiled too often If too many cups of coffee have set your stomach and nerves on edge, put the pot on to boil again— But this time use POSTUM CEREAL in place of coffee Boil it a full fifteen minutes after boiling starts and you will bring out its rich, satisfying flavor. The benefit to health will soon be apparent. "There's a Reason" Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc. Battle Creek, Michigan.

TAKES SKILL TO CUT DIAMONDS

Methods of Turning the Rough Stones Into Brilliants Explained by Expert.

WORLD WAR PUT PRICES UP

But They Are Being Bought and Displayed in This Country More Than Ever Before—Very Few Are Perfect.

New York.—Diamonds as coveted gems and ornaments have lost none of their popularity. Since the late war many persons who never possessed these brilliants are wearing them today, even though they cost more than formerly. Few persons realize the skill it takes to cut and polish diamonds for the market.

"Diamonds as they are found in the rough state," Herbert P. Whitlock, curator of the department of mineralogy at the Museum of Natural History, said, "are not impressive. They have none of the magical flashes of light which in the polished stone makes them unique among the noble family of gems. And it is here that a goodly part of the price of diamonds is accumulated. For the art of turning a rough diamond into a polished brilliant is a long process requiring a superlative degree of skill. There is no better way to appreciate this than to follow the diamond from the mine to the jeweler and see for ourselves just what happens to it."

"When the diamonds are recovered from the mine they are not by any means all of them clear and colorless, as a self-respecting diamond should be; indeed, only about 25 per cent of the stones found are without some faint color."

At the end of the beginning of its travels the diamond is introduced to the sorter. The sorter is a kind of super-expert on diamonds, whose eye has been trained through years of practice to detect the slightest variations in color of diamonds and to find flaws in the stones with an ease which is little less than uncanny.

Sorting the Diamonds.

The first consideration in sorting diamonds is the adaptability of the stone for cutting. Let us assume that the stone whose travels we are following is sorted into the grade known as 'close goods,' comprising flawless crystals from which fair-sized brilliants can be cut, or, to use the trade term, 'made.' These usually have eight sides or facets triangular in shape. Next comes a re-sorting of the 'close goods' into eight grades, ranging from blue white, which comprises the finest quality stones, to yellow and brown, which are so badly off color as to be unfit for gems.

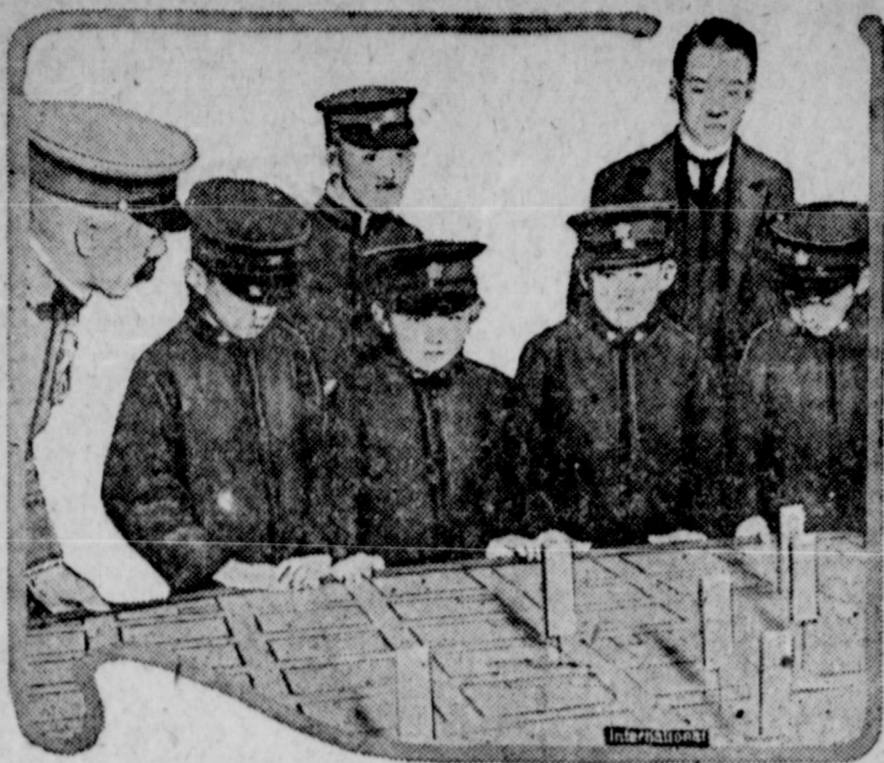
"If our stone has passed the critical test of the sorter and is placed in one of the higher grades, it is weighed, wrapped up in a parcel with others of its kind, a price per carat is assigned to it and it is sold to a diamond dealer and ultimately finds its way to the workshop of the diamond polisher. Here at the hands of a highly skilled workman it is destined to be turned into a gem fit to grace beauty or opulence."

"Most of this is done in Holland, and especially in Amsterdam, which, since the Fifteenth century, has been famous for this industry."

"The surface irregularities, together with any superficial flaws, are first split away from the stone. . . . Sometimes when the stone is large it is of advantage to saw it into two or more pieces so as to save as much as possible of the weight in cut diamonds."

"The rough shaping of the diamond is done through an operation called 'brutting,' which consists of wearing away the corners by rubbing one stone against another. This was formerly a manual process, the two diamonds being mounted on sticks held in either hand by the lapidary. But even in the ancient and conservative art of

Four Little Princes of Japan



The four sons of the crown prince of Japan, on a visit to Nikko, studying a map of the city in the municipal offices. Their tutor, an army officer, is pointing out the various locations. The lads are studying municipal government in the various cities of Japan.

diamond cutting some mechanical improvements have crept in, and now in most of the shops a rapidly turning spindle takes the place of one of the hand sticks.

"Having rough-shaped our diamond, we now come to the finishing operation, the producing of the facets which give brilliancy and sparkle to it and which is technically known as polishing. The holder of the stone during the polishing consists of a small metal cup on a long stem which is called a dop, and much resembles a tulip. A solder composed of one part tin and three parts lead is placed in the dop and heated until soft. The diamond is then imbedded in the solder

with a portion of the stone on which the desired facet is to be cut placed uppermost and almost completely surrounded by the solder.

"The dop is now fastened by means of its stem in a heavy iron arm called the tongs, in such a position as to bring the position of the facet to be cut exactly undermost when it is placed in contact with the polishing wheel or lap. The latter is made of soft iron and turns at the rate of about 1,000 revolutions a minute. Several hours are required to cut one facet, then the stone is readjusted to another one, until all of the 58 little facets in which lies the secret of its brilliancy are produced."

Tells How to Kill Trichinae

Department of Agriculture Carries on Experiments With Aid of Packers.

MAKE PORK SAFE TO EAT

Salt and Suitable Temperature Fatal to Parasite—Time Element is Also Figured Out for Each Variety of Product.

Washington.—A long series of experiments to ascertain what treatment, other than cooking, will thoroughly destroy trichinae and render pork products safe for consumption has recently been conducted by the United States Department of Agriculture. It is hoped that the findings from these experiments will save many from the dreaded disease trichinosis. Hygienically, the custom of eating uncooked pork and pork products is regarded by the medical profession as very much to be discouraged; but the toothsome summer sausage, smoked sausage, pepperoni, pickled sausage and a number of other dainties continue to tempt the American public to defy the physician.

The experiments proved of double service. In addition to fixing the safety in the various methods of curing pork without cooking, they cut down the time consumed in the processes in some cases as much as five days, permitting considerable saving in the cost of manufacture. Prior to these investigations comparatively little was known concerning the effects of processes used in curing pork upon the vitality of trichinae, which is the cause of trichinosis.

It has been assumed as a governing

principle by the department's specialists that the consumer is himself responsible for the proper preparation of fresh pork and pork products that are usually cooked before eating, but that the manufacturer is under obligations to make sure that pork products sold as cooked products are properly cooked, or, if of a kind customarily eaten without cooking, to make sure that the products are free from live trichinae.

In the federal meat inspection regulations it is therefore provided that products cooked in establishments under inspection must be cooked in accordance with methods approved by the bureau of animal industry.

Most of the department's experimental work was carried out in cooperation with certain meat packing establishments in Chicago. The investigators selected the methods of preparing pork without cooking that seemed likely to be efficacious in destroying trichinae and at the same time suited to practical requirements of manufacture. Several new methods were devised.

The investigation shows that pork products of the kinds customarily eaten without cooking may be rendered safe for consumption, so far as trichinosis is concerned, but that it is necessary to follow a special curing process adapted to each. Salt is an essential in most of the processes.

Sausages of moderate size have been rendered harmless by mixing not less than three and one-third pounds of salt with every hundredweight of meat, followed by preliminary curing and then by drying. After the salt has been introduced the sausages must be dried at least 20 days in a temperature not lower than 45 degrees Fahrenheit. A period of five days is allowed for preliminary curing, which may be curtailed, provided the time in the drying room is correspondingly increased.

Treating Other Varieties.

In the case of pepperoni, which are sausages stuffed in long, narrow, thin casings, it was found feasible to reduce the curing period to 20 days, of which at least 15 days must be given to drying.

Smoked sausages may be rendered harmless by being subjected to a preliminary cure and then smoked at temperatures ranging around 80 degrees Fahrenheit for 40 hours, followed by drying for ten days. Sausage smoked at a temperature of 125 degrees to 130 degrees Fahrenheit, for a relatively brief period, following a preliminary curing period of six days, is rendered harmless without subsequent drying.

Hams are rendered free from trichinae by two methods. One is to cure them with dry salt—four pounds or more to the hundredweight—for a period of 40 days, and then smoke, or pale-dry them for ten days at a temperature not less than 95 degrees. The second method is to cure them on the basis of three days for every pound of meat, followed by 48 hours of smoking at a temperature of not less than 80 degrees, and finally by 20 days' drying at a temperature not lower than 45 degrees.

Salt and suitable temperatures are the principal means of destroying trichinae.

POULTRY

MITES CAUSE OF SCALY LEG

Application of Crude Petroleum to Legs With Brush or Dipping is Best Treatment.

Two species of itch mites attack fowls, one of which is the cause of scaly leg. While this mite commonly remains on the feet, burrowing through the scales and causing their enlargement, it also attacks the comb and the neck. A crust of loose tissue is formed above the burrows, and intense itching results from this mite habit. When scaly leg is left untreated the feet of the birds often become badly distorted, and in some cases the fowl can scarcely walk or get to the perch. Sometimes terminal joints of the toes are lost.

As the mites are transferred from one bird to another, scaly-leg fowls should be treated promptly and should not be introduced among clean birds. Investigations made under the supervision of the United States Department of Agriculture show that carbolineum or crude petroleum used on the roosts doubtless will aid in preventing the spread of the scaly-leg mite from one fowl to another. Applying crude petroleum to the legs with a brush or dipping the legs into this oil is very effective. One application usually is sufficient, but if the scales are not largely shed off after a lapse of 30 days the treatment should be repeated. Kerosene oil is applied by some farmers in the same way, but is less effective than crude oil. In using either, care should be taken not to get the oil on the upper part of the leg or on the feathers. A less severe but more laborious treatment consists of soaking the feet in warm soapsuds until the scales are loosened and then greasing the feet and legs with sulphur and oil or hard tallow, 6 per cent crude carbolic acid.

The other itch mite, commonly called the depilating mite, is a very small creature which burrows into the skin near the base of the feathers. The intense itching sometimes causes the fowls to pull their feathers until they are almost naked. Dipping of all fowls of an infested flock in a tub of water containing about two ounces of flowers of sulphur and one-half ounce of laundry soap to each gallon



Continuous Selection for Health and Vigor Will Insure Flock That Will Produce Fertile Eggs and Strong Chicks Capable of Making Quick Growth.

of water will give complete control. The fowls should be completely submerged and the feathers ruffled so all parts of the body will be reached by the liquid. Care should be taken to keep the dip stirred during treatment so as to keep the sulphur in suspension. In case a flock has lice as well as the depilating mite, three-fourths ounce or one heaping tablespoonful of sodium fluoride should be added to each gallon of water in the foregoing mixture.

GIVE CHICKENS EARLY FEED

Excellent Plan to Have Some Grain Scattered in Litter Ready for Their Breakfast.

If there is a reasonable amount of litter on the floor and the house is rat-proof, it is a practical plan to feed so that there will be some grain left in the litter overnight. This will be an inducement to the hens to get to work as soon as it is daylight. That's one practical and inexpensive method of prolonging the day. As a rule, hens like to go to the perches rather early in the evening on cold days, but they will be down at dawn if they know that they will find something to eat. See to it that some grain is there in the litter ready for them. This is an easier and pleasanter method than getting around to do the feeding before daylight. If the hens loaf on the perches until broad daylight one of two things is wrong: Either the house is too dark or the hens are overfed. Either condition is readily corrected and it will be dollars in your pocket to do so.

SORT OF PULLET TO RETAIN

Fowl That is Well Matured, Has Strong Constitution and Lays Early is Valuable.

No matter what the breed, if the pullet is well matured, has a strong constitution, begins to lay early and is of good size and shape, she is valuable as a future inhabitant of the poultry yard. Cull out the poor birds.

The Kitchen Cabinet

(©, 1920, Western Newspaper Union.)

"Wear a smile on your face, Keep a laugh in your heart, Let your lips bubble over with song; 'Twill lighten your load As you travel life's road And help other sinners along."

THE AVOCADO OR ALLIGATOR PEAR.

For many years the avocado has been brought to this country from Mexico, and in limited number has been in the markets of late from north to south. Even now the demand for the fruit at almost prohibitive

prices, far exceeds the supply. Experimenters have tested to their satisfaction that this much prized fruit can be produced commercially in a wide area of territory and they are busy developing an industry that gives much promise. The avocado belongs to the laurel family and is a native of tropical and semi-tropical America. The tree is large and spreading, its lustrous leaves of a spicy taste and odor. The bay tree, whose leaves are used largely for seasoning, belongs to the laurel family. The fruit of the avocado varies in shape from round to pear-shaped, with color from green to deep purple, weighing from a few ounces up to five pounds. It contains a large single seed around which is a thick creamy yellow and green-colored flesh, of delightful nutty flavor. The thick-skinned fruit is more often shipped, as it carries well. It has been said of the avocado that it is in a class by itself. It is a natural combination of food-fruit and oil. It averages 384 calories, or heat units per pound, more than twice the maximum calories of the best fresh fruits. Its fuel value corresponds to 70 per cent of that of cereals. Its chief value however is in its fat content, which in some cases is as high as 28 to 30 per cent. The only fruit comparable to it is the olive and that is a processed fruit. The increase in population, making land too valuable merely for producing meat, makes the production of such a substitute worthy of consideration.

In Mexico a salad of the pear is used as follows: Cut the fruit in dice after peeling and add to two parts of the fruit one part of Bermuda onion, chopped fine, and a small sweet pepper. Prepare two hours before serving. Season with salt, pepper and vinegar.

In Santiago.—Peel the fruit, remove the seed and cut in cubes. Mix with mayonnaise, sprinkle with the yolk of hard cooked egg put through a sieve. Such a salad should constitute a meal, with the fat of the fruit, in the dressing and in the yolk of the egg.

Havana Paste.—Take the meat of three avocados, add three tomatoes, half a green pepper cut into fine shreds. Crush and pound this mass to a paste. Add a little onion juice, lime juice and salt. Mix thoroughly and serve at once.

Avocado au Natural.—Remove the skin and slice the fruit. Serve on a plate garnished with celery hearts, tomato or sweet red peppers. To be eaten with a fork with or without salt and pepper, as preferred.

If you'd make life worth livin' Try these big things worth while: They're three ('I'll sum 'em up agin). Just love an' work an' smile.

A DAY OF SAUCES.

A sauce as an accompaniment to a dish is as essential as the ordinary seasoning of salt and pepper to make a dish appetizing. A very ordinary dish with a piquant and appropriate sauce has made many a chef and hotel famous. Certain foods need certain sauces. A lamb roast with mint sauce, pork roast with apple sauce, turkey with cranberry, are always associated. Veal without a snappy tomato sauce, or one of onion, is usually flat and tasteless. Boiled mutton is improved by a caper sauce, and currant jelly with a roast. With venison a speed grape jelly is especially appropriate, and wild duck needs a tart jelly or a salad of sliced oranges. Wild rice is excellent and most appropriate to serve with wild duck. Fish, too, of any kind is always better served with a sauce. Oyster sauce is one which may be used with any kind. Bechamel and brown sauce are good fish sauces. Lemon and egg sauces are good with some kinds of fish. Wild fowl is especially good with:



Ripe Olive Sauce.—Melt four tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan, add one sliced onion and cook until slightly brown. Remove the onion and stir the butter until brown. Add five and one-half tablespoonfuls of flour, a teaspoonful of pepper and stir to a smooth paste. Add two cupfuls of brown stock gradually and continue browning, stirring constantly. Cut the meat from a dozen ripe olives, cover with boiling water and cook seven minutes. Drain and add the sauce.

NEEIE MAXWELL

Grove's is the Genuine and Only **Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets**

The first and original Cold and Grip tablet, the merit of which is recognized by all civilized nations.

Be careful to avoid imitations. Be sure its Bromo **Q** **E. W. Grove** The genuine bears this signature 30c.

A great crime is in a great man greater.—Massinger.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful but safe. One dose is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary.—Adv.

It helps deflate one's vanity to have no servants to talk about.

IN YE OLDEN TIME



Hoop skirts were worn by those who first asked the druggist for, and insisted on having, the genuine Golden Medical Discovery put up by Dr. Pierce over fifty years ago. Dress has changed very much since then! But Dr. Pierce's medicines contain the same dependable ingredients. They are standard today just as they were fifty years ago.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the stomach and blood cannot be surpassed by any remedy today.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak women has never been equalled for the distressing complaints incident to womanhood. What others say:

DEANVILLE, ARK.—"I have used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and also the 'Favorite Prescription' with good results. I am now in better health than I have been in two years. Dr. Pierce's medicines are all they are claimed to be."—MRS. BESSIE SLAGLE.

Send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for trial package of any of his medicines.

"My Baby Suffered Constant Pain from Intestinal Indigestion"

"But Ware's Baby Powder brought prompt and lasting relief" writes Shreveport man.

"Eight years ago my baby boy of three months was in constant pain, crying continuously, suffering from intestinal indigestion. After spending \$750. with doctors, I tried Ware's Baby Powder and in 48 hours my baby was relieved and in a few days entirely well. I have since recommended it many times, and in each case relief has been found."

This is what Geo. W. Thomas of Shreveport says about Ware's Baby Powder—the remedy that has been relieving stomach and bowel trouble, teaching since summer complaint in babies for forty years. Simple and harmless. Given to babies in liquid form, mixed with sugar and water, they love to take it. 60c and \$1.20 the package at all druggists.

EGGS Make Your HENS LAY (©-3 Best) Wonderful Egg Producer

Con-D-Mental produces more eggs and keep your chickens healthy. This Egg Producer has been sold for over 14 years to thousands of the best poultry raisers in the Southwest who will use no other. Harmless and easy to administer. Guaranteed to produce more eggs or your money back.

A Package of Con-D-Mental Free For advertising purposes only we will send three 60c packages for price of two. Sell 2 packages to your neighbors for 60c each. Send us \$1.20 with name of your grower or druggist, and we will send you 2 packages prepaid. Write today. CONDIMENTAL MANUFACTURING CO. Fort Worth, Texas

Comfort Your Skin With Cuticura Soap and Fragrant Talcum

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

Sure Relief From Catarrh. Medicated air is the only treatment for catarrh. Breathe Hyomel and obtain immediate relief. At druggists. Money back if it fails.

KREMOLA MAKES THE SKIN BEAUTIFUL



Scene in one of the distributing plants of the Salvation Army in Berlin, where 10,000 poor and hungry children have received a can of condensed milk each for ten weeks in succession.

COLUMN

Try a want-adv. in the News, Only a word, minimum charge 10c. 100 words, 1.00.

WATSON'S BUSINESS COLLEGE is the best.

See Cline & Ferguson, Hale Center, for Jersey heifers, worth the money.

WANTED—Hides, poultry and eggs.—Panhandle Produce Co.

WELL DRILLING—I have an outfit and can drill 200-foot wells.—J. C. Giff, phone 4897, 911.

FOUND—Black fur on streets.—Phone News office.

Go to the Plainview Feed Co. for your feed. Phone No. 425.

We can be depended upon to pay the highest market prices for poultry, eggs and hides.—Panhandle Produce Co., west of Nobles Bros.

WANTED—Green and dry hides at L. D. Rucker Produce Co.

TWO ROOMS FOR RENT—to young men, with heat and bath.—Mrs. W. Y. Price, 715 Denver, Phone 340. 70-1f

FOR SALE—Some fine Rhode Island Red roosters. Phone 9004-5r, or see Mrs. H. B. Huguley. 69-9r.

FOR SALE—One Baby Fox Typewriter, also large plate glass. See Reuben M. Ellerd in New Ellerd building, Plainview, Texas. 68

BIG REDUCTION—Haircuts now 25c at Ben's Sanitary Shop.

STRAYED—Mouse colored two-year-old mare mule, about fourteen hands high. Notify A. I. Pimlott, Kress, Texas. 69-4t.

LOST—Bag containing school books, name Frank Fellows on inside. Finder bring to News office. Reward, phone 9036-5r.

FOR SALE—Nice large bundle sorghum.—Harrison B. Mayfield, phone 50. 67-1f-c

FOR RENT—615 acres, 9 miles north of Lubbock, on Highway at Flag Stop Monroe. Two story brick school house on corner of land. 250 acres cultivation. Want 300 acres sod summer fallowed. Good deal for right party if quick action obtained.—D. F. Sansom & Son. 71-6ortf.

I am in the market for all kinds of grain, see me before selling. Office Perry Motor Building, phone 290.—L. E. Cearley Grain Co.

SAND AND GRAVEL PIT—Just discovered the best sand and gravel that the Plains has ever found, on the Stillwell place, just south of the Lamar school. Pit now open and sand and gravel ready for sale.—Phone 582. 69-4t.

LAND FOR SALE OR TRADE—Anywhere, and exchanges galore. Submit your propositions to J. B. Downs, Lockney, Texas. 71-1f

WILL TRADE—Improved Plains wheat farms for sheep or sheep ranch in Southwest Texas, or for going business or revenue bearing business property or for active royalty.—Box 625, Plainview, Hale County, Texas.

FOR SALE—Seed barley or would exchange for seed macaroni wheat.—Geo. H. Wilson, near Liberty school. 71-2t

FOR SALE—An extra good Jersey milk cow, just fresh; also several heifers, heavy springers.—A. M. McMillan, phone 110. 71-4t

FOR SALE—One section land, 20 miles west, 3 miles north, well improved, \$22.50 per acre with terms. See owner and save agent commission.—G. W. Douthit, Runningwater 66-1f-c

FOR SALE—One 4-room house, east front, 2 blocks from paved street, water in house, bath, new garage and chicken lot, house newly papered. Small cash payment, balance like rent.—W. A. Nash.

BIG REDUCTION—Haircuts now 25c at Ben's Sanitary Shop.

WANTED—Men to sell the J. W. Watkins products in vacant territories. An opportunity to go into a profitable business of your own without investing a dollar.—See Clyde Wise the Watkins man or phone 690. 71-4t-p

FOR SALE—5 room house, east front, 2 lots, good fruit and shade trees, well and mill sewerage, 3 blocks from square, sidewalks all way to town. Price \$4,500. \$1,300 cash will handle, good terms. Would take in some vacant lots or vendor's lien notes.—See H. B. Adams, News office, Phone 97.

WANTED—To sell for cash or on time or trade for feed or young mules, all or any part the following machinery:

Row binder, lister planter, two row cultivator, 2 slide cultivators, breaking plow, 2 wagons, drag harrow, mower, dump, rake, hay baler, and 1 1-4 H. P. Monitor Gas engine worth the money.—D. F. Sansom & Son. 21-12t.

GET MORE EGGS by feeding "Martin's Egg Producer." Double your money back in eggs or your money back in CASH. Martin's roup remedy cures and prevents roup. Absolutely guaranteed by C. E. White Seed Co.

Today's Local Market

Wheat, per bushel \$1.70
Hogs, lb. 8 1-4c
Hens, lb. 13c
Butter, lb. 35c to 40c
Eggs, dozen 50c to 55c
Butterfat, lb. 40c

Fine blankets at a bargain—Riley Duff & Co.

The Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce and the Kiwanis Club of that city have initiated a movement for a "city chest," to contain funds for charitable purposes, and to do away with the necessant "drives" of alleged charity workers for money. Many cities have city chests for the relief of the deserving poor, to which municipality is generally the first and largest contributor. It is an example that might be copied by all cities, large and small, with great profit from both a moral as well as financial standpoint.

Trunks that are worth the price.—Riley Duff & Co.

Emma Goldman, the noted anarchist who was deported to Russia last year, has had an awakening. She declares she had rather be in jail in the United States than free in soviet Russia.

Claude Gentry is having a cottage erected in the northeast part of Hale Center, which he and his family will occupy.

A good singer sewing machine (second hand) at a bargain.—Riley Duff & Co.

The Mason cotton gin at Shallow-water, Lubbock county, has been destroyed by fire. Loss \$20,000; insurance \$8,500.

A good singer sewing machine (second hand) at a bargain.—Riley Duff & Co.

W. O. W. Notice
All W. O. W. members are requested to meet at the W. O. W. hall on Thursday evening, January 27th, 1921 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of attending to business of importance. Let's all get together and have an enjoyable time.—E. E. Spencer, Clerk. 2t.

CLUBBING RATES

The Plainview News one year and the Dallas Semi-Weekly News one year \$9.25
The Plainview News one year and Amarillo Daily News one year for \$9.25
The Plainview News one year and Kansas City Weekly Star \$2.85

DR. L. STAAR OPTOMETRIST

Expert Glass-fitter. Repairing done. Upstairs over Shiftett Grocery Store



Willard Batteries

at a
New Price Level

Effective with the publication of this announcement, Willard Batteries will be sold on a new and materially lower price level.

The same Willard quality—backed by the same authorized Willard Service.

CONNOR-MATHES BATTERY CO.

"INNOCENTS ABROAD" ARE SEEING INTERESTING THINGS

Thos. Gibbs Takes Sides With Japs—Is Also Friend of the Naany Goat

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Gibbs have been seeing interesting things in Southern California, as indicated by the following letter from Mr. Gibbs:

Friend Adams:—Since being in Los Angeles there are a few things I have noticed, one of them is that O. O. Reed has sent me word to visit his home, and that so far William Gibbs McAdoo, Wm. Wrigley, Jr. and Jim Lash have forgot us. No doubt we will soon over look the omission.

Los Angeles has something near seven hundred thousand people, and something like that many visitors looking for a summer resort in winter. It appears to me it will make a better winter resort in the summer.

What little time we have been here it has rained three times, frosted twice, and near frost every night, so much so that I have to go to bed with my sox on.

Los Angeles is a sea port town—funny isn't it? The sea is more than twenty miles away. They way they overcame that is they took in a strip of land to San Pedro, took over that town with all the powers and got millions of appropriations, built a large break water wall, deepened the inlet so that all the great vessels can come in except the battle ships. There were three large ones lying on the outside while we were there. So Monday after the sinking of a large German submarine, they went on their way to the Panama. You see we are in war with the Germans yet.

If Plainview had a high way from Amarillo to Sweetwater like the state and county builds here, that line would become famous. Homes would spring up along its length as here.

We have driven twice to River-Side, sixty miles away. This route takes us through the oil belt over the hills and vales and on such grade that even a silver car goes on high and thirty miles to the gallon of gas.

Nobody here gives first aid to the crippled car, as in our country, if you did you would never get any where. California has more cars and kills more people than anywhere. It is only the survival of the fittest.

Congestions every where. With all her debt she will now have to have over head and sub-way traffic out ways.

The lemon is losing the grower money on account of the low tariff. Orange picking will soon commence. They are not as large as usual. It will cost you five dollars to pick one. They have outlawed the Japs. It looks to man up a tree that they are killing the goose that layed the golden egg. Japs are some workers. Send one of them fellows out to work and he will do the job. Send a Mexican out and you have to put a man over him. Japs are sharp and progressive. But good by gardens when they go.

Since being here I have found a way to dispose of our tin cans. Put goats in the back yards as here. Funny how they milk them. Reminds me of the story they tell on the cow boy who wouldn't milk unless it could be done from the saddle. The extractor went sit down, so they both stand up. They first place Mr. Goat, no its Mrs. Nanny, on a platform, so they will be in an upright position, the goat is headed north, for what reason I don't know, the operator is on south end naturally. Nanny won't give milk, they have to take it way from her. The capacity for garbage will turn in best results—usually a quart a day. Now everybody get goats and cut out the high cost of living.

Rugs are cheaper and we have a nice stock.—Riley Duff & Co.

Foster's Weather Bulletin

During the first part of the week centering on January 24 a great warm wave will appear in the extreme north west as it comes out of that cold northern climate of Alaska. As usual it will move southeastward and, by January 24, will have spread all over the Rockies and all the country west of meridian 90. It will move eastward to the Atlantic coast by or alittle before Jan. 27. During first part of week centering on January 29 a great high temperature wave will come out of the extreme northwest and extend to all the country west of meridian 90 by January 29, drifting to Atlantic coast by last of month. Very severe storms will follow each of these warm waves and a cold wave, with blizzard, or northern, accompaniments, will follow the last. Colder than usual is expected from January 15 to 22 but not bad weather and that week will be your opportunity for getting your out doors affairs in good condition for a week of bad weather from January 23 to February 1, and then no good weather is expected to immediately follow.

Trunks that are worth the price.—Riley Duff & Co.

Watson's Business College News
The following students have recently enrolled: Jewell Burgess, Tullia; Mary B. Hood Lubbock; Elmer C. Mosley, Lockney; Leota Byars, Lockney; William T. Talley, city; Kathleen Graves, city; Ethel Mae Huff, city.

Miss Lois Duff has accepted a position with County Judge, Griffin.

Haynes mattresses, the best made.—Riley Duff & Co.

Fine blankets at a bargain—Riley Duff & Co.



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Mr. and Mrs. Guy Whitacre have Henry Lillard, age 16, accidentally taken charge of the New Haven hotel killed himself while hunting near Clarendon last week.

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