

WANT ANYTHING, HAVE
FOR SALE, RENT OR
CHANGE, AN AD. IN THE CLASSIFIED
WILL BRING RESULTS.

THE PECOS TIMES.

EVERYBODY LOOKS FOR THE
CLASSIFIED COLUMN. IF YOU
WANT TO BUY OR SELL ANY-
THING USE A CLASSIFIED.

XXVI. NO. 73.

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1913.

\$1.00 PER YEAR

PROSPERITY IN THE FALLS VALLEY

BIG COTTON CROP, WITH GOOD PRICES, MAKES BUSINESS HUM IN VALLEY.

Intensive Improvements Going on at Crystal Water—Grandfalls Canal May Change Hands.

L. J. Farley, president Big Valley
Irrigation Company, spent the first
of the week in Grandfalls.

Judge Canon of Pecos spent last
Friday, in the Falls on legal business.
The people of Grandfalls have
passed the last week negotiating the
purchase of the Grandfalls canals and
franchise from the present owners.

This writing the trade seems to be
certainly. This is as it should be,
every community dependent upon ir-
rigation should own all canals and
water facilities connected therewith.

We moved to Pecos last week, in
company with W. A. Estes in his
ambulance and stopped for a moment
at Crystal Water.

C. Hale, wife and two little daugh-
ters are visitors from Grandfalls to
the Dallas fair.

Jno. T. Sweatt and Mrs. Sweatt left
Friday to spend a week at the Dallas
fair as did Dixie and Clayton Stall-
ings.

Brother Adams, Baptist pastor from
Barstow, filled the pulpit in the Bar-
stow church Sunday and preached two
splendid sermons to attentive and ap-
preciative audiences. He will be with
us again the second Sunday in No-
vember.

Last Saturday almost made us
think we were living in a thriving
Mexican village. The transient cotton
pickers came in to receive their
week's pay and purchase supplies.
There was no time to loiter for the
pickers in the stores, the forces being
double and trebled for the occasion.
The postmaster was ready, when night
came on, to testify that there were
least a thousand and each of them
asked for a "carta" from two to
ten times.

At Crystal Water, where Mr. Levin
is making improvements that eclipse
anything in magnitude that has ever
been undertaken in this part of the
Pecos Country. Not having time to
stop, we could only see a portion of
the plant but what we did see looked
mighty good to us. A few more men
with the grace, grit and greenbacks,
supplied with the get-up-and-get-
are-itiveness of Mr. Levin, and this
country, much of which is a "barren
waste," would soon blossom out with
crops dotting this very promising
section. May the good work go on
and become a contagion that takes
hold upon all who are seeking homes
in our great Pecos Country.

Cotton is still coming in at a lively
rate, the prices are good and the pro-
ducer happy.

The Grandfalls school, under the
management of Principal T. M. White
and his two able assistants, Miss Floy
Johnson, of Pecos, and Miss Leola
Myers of Runge, Texas, is the one in-
stitution the Grandfalls people love
to talk about.

Mr. Rhea, minus Mrs. Rhea and
plus about two hundred and forty
pounds of male avoirdupoise, in way
of a brother "night" sold our mer-
chandise groceries Monday, took supper
at the Grandfalls Central and hiked
to Buenavista by the light of his
lamps Monday night.

J. P. Mattox, another of the come-
backs, arrived at home this week, af-
ter an absence of more than a year.
South Texas, where he went to
find a better land. He sings the
praises of the valley; "Grandfalls and
the Pecos Valley are good enough for
me." Mrs. Mattox is spending a
short time visiting old friends in the
fall and will arrive in a few days.

Jack Frost paid us a visit Sunday
night but he delayed his coming long
enough that his arrival was harmless.
He did, however, cause some of us to
exercise more violent exercise than we
are accustomed to in way of tackling
hammer-seasoned wood with a dull
axe.

We close our communication,
with a general invitation,
to all the population
Great

and Small.

If a home you are a-seeking,
In a country worth the speaking,
You will never find a place
Just
Like
Grandfalls touch!

W. B. LEEMAN IN JAIL.

Unable to Furnish \$2,500 Bond and is Remanded—Victim Improves.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 26.—W. B.
Leeman, charged with assault with
intent to kill his wife last Saturday
night, was arrested by Patrolman
Brisby at the Stag saloon Friday.
Leeman waived an examining trial in
Justice Mabens court, where he was
granted bail in the sum of \$2,500. He
was unable to furnish bond and was
remanded to jail.

The charge is based on an alleged
assault at the Leeman home Satur-
day night, after which it is claimed
that Mrs. Leeman lay for thirty-eight
hours without attention.

It is said that Leeman had not
been outside of Fort Worth, but had
been stopping at an uptown hotel,
where he had paid his board for a
week in advance.

His offer to vouch for a friend led
to his arrest, as he gave as reference
a printing office where he had been
employed. A telephone call to that
office later reached the police depart-
ment and officers Bills and Traxler
were only fifteen minutes behind Leeman
at the hotel, when on telephoning
to the police station they found
that Leeman had been arrested by
Brisby on Main street.

WIFE-BEATER IS FREE WITH A FINE OF \$46.50

Charge of Assault with Intent to Kill Against Leeman Was Changed to Aggravated Assault.

Fort Worth, Oct. 29.—W. B. Lee-
man, charged with assault with in-
tent to kill in connection with an al-
leged attack on a woman who said
she was Leeman's wife, Monday was
permitted by Judge Jesse M. Brown,
in the county criminal court, to plead
guilty to a charge of aggravated as-
sault and after paying a fine of \$25
and costs, totaling \$46.50, was re-
leased. The assault was made at the
home of the couple, 811 West Belk-
nap street, on the night of Saturday,
Oct. 18, and it is said the woman was
so severely injured that her thirty-
eight hours she was unable to get a
drink of water or any food.

Farmers Day at W. Cotton Palace.

Waco, Texas, Oct. 30.—Saturday,
November 15, has been set aside by
the management of the Waco Cotton
Palace and Exposition at Waco, which
will be held from November 1 to 16,
inclusive, as Farmers' Day, and it has
been announced that Peter Radford
of the Texas Farmers Union, Judge S.
A. Lindsey of Tyler, chairman of the
Texas Farm Life Commission, and
other prominent speakers will deliver
addresses on that day.

The day has also been designated
as McLennan County and Old Settlers'
Day, Confederate Veterans' Day and
Praetorian Day, and the attendance is
expected to make it the banner day of
the Cotton Palace.

Grandfalls Men Here.

A. J. Adcock, chief engineer for the
Consolidated Reservoir Company, is
in our city. In conversation with a
Times scribe he said that they were
harvesting the best cotton crop ever
grown in the Grandfalls valley. Many
have already picked from a bale to a
bale and a quarter to the acre and
some as much as a bale and a half.
Work on their new reservoir and canals
is progressing fine.

J. L. Farley, president of the Con-
solidated Reservoir Company, came
up from Grandfalls Wednesday and
left on the eastbound Texas and Pa-
cific train for his home in DeSoto,
Missouri. He has been down here for
over a month looking after the con-
struction of the Lepp Lake Reser-
voir, which when completed will be
the largest reservoir in the state. Mr.
Farley informed a Times reporter that
he expected in the near future to
locate and move his family to Pecos.
We trust it may not be long.

Off on Deer Hunt.

J. H. Wagoner, W. W. Ruhlen, Len
Roddy and Frank Palmer left Monday
on an extended deer hunt.

They went to Kent and from there
on out to the Guadalupe range of
mountains. If there is any game to
be found these gentlemen are sure to
get their share of it. Success to
them.

THE IRRIGATION INTERESTS IN REEVES AND WARD COUNTIES

WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF EACH LAND OWNER WILL CON- STRUCT A GREAT RESERVOIR JUST NORTH OF PECOS AND IRRIGATE FOR INTENSIVE CULTIVATION THIRTY-FIVE THOU- SAND ACRES OF FERTILE LAND NEAR PECOS.

This Great Body of Land Will be Intensively Cultivated—That Means Prop- er Drainage, Soil Culture, Scientific Irrigation, and Above All, Good Homes—One Thousand Families of Five Members Each in These New Homes, with an Equal Number of Farm Hands and Tenants.

By J. E. STARLEY.

The First Step.

This article is not written to boost,
but to interest the business men of
Pecos and Barstow, with the inten-
tion of securing their co-operation—
their joint and united and hearty co-
operation in the construction of what
means more to them than the build-
ing of a dozen railroads, or factories,
or other industries, but a develop-
ment that will call for the later con-
struction of all that goes to make a
country and a city.

What It Means.

The farmers of the valley will con-
struct at Sand Lake north of Pecos a
reservoir with a capacity of eighty
thousand acre feet of water—that
can be filled in average years twice.
That means enough water stored re-
gardless of the flow of the river, to
cover one hundred and sixty thousand
acres of land one foot deep. This is
not a guess, but is based on careful
measurements and scientific estimates
made by able engineers. That means
the intensive cultivation of from thirty-
five thousand to fifty thousand
acres of land.

Boiler Water.

This stored water will be in a large
body and will be good water. Only
the storm water will be put in the
reservoir. We are told by those who
should know that this lake water
will be far better boiler water than
the surface water now collected by
the Texas and Pacific railway com-
pany at Toyah and at Quito and used
by them in their boilers. This water
will be in the lake at such elevation
that it can be delivered in Pecos
through ditches at a nominal ex-
pense.

Electric Power.

Electricity, we confidently believe,
will be supplied by reason of the wa-
ter fall in such quantities as to make
the surrounding pump-water irriga-
tion plants economical, practical and
generally successful even beyond the
present great development in that
way.

A Little History and Method.

The Pecos Valley has advanced
through several stages of develop-
ment until it has reached such a
stable basis that its future is assured.
Absolute evidence of this is at hand
in the improved farms dotting the
valley and in the books of the rail-
road offices which show the amount
of products shipped. The near future
however is to witness a still greater
development of this fertile country,
for the reason that the state of Texas
by an enactment of its legislature has
made easy the financing of irriga-
tion enterprises, thus removing a
great barrier in the way of getting
the water to the land—the one es-
sential success.

In taking this forward step Texas
is following the lead of California and
many other Western states.

The means provided is so simple
that it is hard to understand why it
required us six years hard work to
secure the passage of this law. The
law is simply the "community system"
applied to irrigation. Any given
territory or community desiring to
have its lands irrigated incorporates
itself under the provisions of the law
into an "irrigation district." This
district is vested with authority to
issue bonds to provide funds for con-
struction; these bonds are guaranteed
by the state of Texas. In that way
they are incontestible and in the fur-
ther provision that taxes are imposed
to meet the charges on the bonds and

to retire them in a given time. A
governing board of five directors is
provided to manage the business of
the district. These directors are
elected by the residents of the dis-
trict, their term of office being two
years.

It is the same process as that of or-
ganizing a city, and the issuance of
bonds by a city to build a city water-
works system. The same principle
has also been applied for the issue-
ance of bonds by school districts, road
districts, drainage districts, etc.

Ward County Irrigation District No. 1.

An irrigation district has been
formed, a large amount of prelimi-
nary work has been done and paid
for, the work is progressing rapidly
for the construction of the reservoir
and the use of its waters on the lands
under the old Barstow Irrigation
Company canal system. This old
system has been bought and will be
delivered to us on the first day of
November. We are not selfish, how-
ever. We want to put the lands of
the valley in cultivation right up to
the city limits of Pecos and can fur-
nish water for the sewer system and
other uses in Pecos. The great body
of the land to be cultivated will be
within five miles of Pecos and a large
part of it will be within three miles
of Pecos and nearer Pecos than any
other town. Fifteen thousand acres
of this land will be just outside the
door of the city.

The Cost Per Acre.

Total purchase and construction
cost per acre \$15 to \$20, depending
upon amount of land coming in.

Yearly charge for sinking fund to
retire bonds, \$1.50 per acre. Interest,
\$1. Incidental, 50 cents per acre.

This, we think, an outside estimate,
it being probable that the yearly
charge can be held within \$2.50 per
acre. The charge for sinking fund
and interest will decrease each year
because the bonds will be issued in
serial form and retired each year as
the sinking fund is collected, hence
the interest charge will materially de-
crease each year. Then the sale of
water and power will contribute to
the support of the plant.

What It Means.

Go out to the Pecos River bridge
and see within a radius of three miles
and in all directions reaching right
up to the town of Pecos thousands of
acres of well drained and irrigated
lands with a family on each tract and
think what it means. Remember,
this land is to be drained, fertilized
and irrigated—so that it will be pro-
ductive and valuable. Do you think
it can't be done? That is what they
told us when we started out to drain
the country around Barstow—but it
was done and see what it is today—
land that was waterlogged is now
within four years producing over \$60
net per year. The hard work has
been done—the rest is comparatively
simple. We have got the engine and
all the machinery set and started and
all that is now required is to supply
gasoline and oil and the necessary
attention to keep it running.

Time for Completion.

We are planning to have the citi-
zens of Reeves and of Ward counties
celebrate the fourth of July, 1915,
with a grand barbecue at Sand Lake
—with boat races and other appro-
priate entertainment. Remember,
while this work is being done there
will be spent within your immediate
vicinity over three hundred thousand

dollars in cash for labor and mater-
ial.

After the work is done a vast
amount must be spent in clearing
the land and preparing it for cultiva-
tion; then the farmer, his family and
farm laborers.

We Want Your Help.

With the permission of the manage-
ment of this paper I will publish
next week a map that will be a re-
velation to you and show the business
man of Pecos how many farms there
will be within three miles of the town
of Pecos. Pecos will derive great
benefit from this work and we want
you to take an interest in it. We
want a right of way through thirty-
five miles of your territory and we
want the lands around Pecos to come
in and share the benefits equally with
the east side of the river. Why not
join in. Wipe out the river and join
hands and work for the common good.
We would like to have the help of
every business man in Pecos and of
the commercial club.

Remember, we are going to build
without your help, but with your help
and co-operation we will build faster
and better—and for this reason we
are willing to so build that Pecos
will derive its full share of benefit.

Cattle Shipments During Week.

F. E. Kelton and Jack Heard have
reported to us the following ship-
ments:

Monday, the U ranch shipped from
Saragosa three cars of fat cattle to
the Fort Worth market and Bill Ikens
one car at the same time. Bill and
Chas. Criswell went in with the cat-
tle.

Also on that day John Z. Means &
Co. shipped thirty cars, eight of steers
and twenty-two of cows and calves,
from their W ranch to Fort Worth.
They were loaded at Pyote.

Tuesday W. D. Casey of Casey,
loaded at Toyahvale six cars of cat-
tle; three cars of cows, one of bulls
and two of steers. They came in
over the Pecos Valley Southern and
were transferred to the Texas and
Pacific road and sent on to Fort
Worth. Mr. Casey went in with
them.

Last Friday the Pecos Valley South-
ern went out with a special train of
fifteen cars of cattle to Saragosa.
They belonged to Hysom & Neal and
came from Douglas, Arizona.

On Business at Arno.

G. G. Nesbitt, the hustling manager
of the Nesbitt-Hartshorn Land Com-
pany, spent several days this week at
Arno, looking after their interests in
that part of the valley. He reports
everything lovely in that neck of the
country.

WARD COUNTY PERSONALS.

(Ward County News.)

Judge J. E. Starley of Pecos, has
been here several days this week on
business.

Mrs. Richard Wilson of Pecos is
here on a visit to her mother, Mrs.
B. T. Johnson.

Mr. Moore of Pecos, was a visitor
here Sunday afternoon.

Judge and Mrs. J. J. Walker left
Friday for a visit to Dallas. They
were accompanied by Mrs. Sid Cow-
an of Pecos.

R. N. Couch, a prosperous alfalfa
grower of Pecos, was in Barstow on
Wednesday.

Vick Winters, the popular drummer
of Pecos, was here Tuesday on his
weekly visit.

Mrs. Roy Walker and children had
quite an exciting experience Thursday
when the horse that they were driv-
ing to a buggy became frightened at
a train and ran away. The buggy
was overturned and completely
wrecked, but with the exception of
some small bruises and scratches the
occupants were not hurt, but were
fortunate for it could hardly happen
again without someone being serious-
ly injured.

Organize Twentieth Century Club.

(Toyah Enterprise.)

A number of ladies who wish to
pursue a course of study during the
winter months met with Mrs. Hibdon
on Friday afternoon and, assisted by
Mrs. J. W. Parker of Pecos, who
brought the good wishes of her club,
and Mrs. A. W. Hosie of the Victoria
club, who also extended the good
wishes of that club, organized a study
club to be known as the Twentieth
Century club of Toyah, complimen-
tary to the Twentieth Century club
of Pecos. The course of study is to
be early English history, early Eng-
lish literature and early English mu-
sic.

BURGLARS OPERATE IN TOYAH

Home of Alderman Downs is Broken Into and Robbed While Owner is in El Paso.

(Toyah Enterprise.)

Burglars have again been at work
in Toyah. Some time last week the
home of T. T. Downs was broken in-
to, trunks were ransacked and many
articles of value stolen.

It is understood that another Toy-
ah home was later entered and many
articles of value stolen therefrom.

Some time back it was no uncom-
mon thing for a box car or home to
be broken into and robbed, and the
work was kept up until the offending
Mexicans were apprehended, tried
and sent to the penitentiary. The
stealing and robbery now going on
will probably continue to menace the
town until some Mexican is filled to
the guard with buckshot or placed
in prison.

There is entirely too many idle
Mexicans and negroes around Toyah
who eat and wear clothes which must
come from some source. These
should be compelled to show some
"visible and lawful means of sup-
port" or induced to go hence.

HOBAN ITEMS.

J. E. Eisenwine has finished hauling
his hay.

Mr. Pattridge adnwife visited Mrs.
Collier this week.

Mr. Balcom, Mr. Rudolph and wife,
Dr. Huston and wife took dinner at
Mrs. Shellenberger's Monday. They
were looking at crops and the big
engines.

Mrs. Williams visited in Hoban this
week.

Mrs. Lewis and Mrs. Courtney vis-
ited Mrs. Cleary Thursday.

Three new pupils came Monday to
be graded.

Cotton and alfalfa are being ship-
ped from Hoban right along.

Nichols-Dean.

(Ward County News.)

On Wednesday, Oct. 22 at 3 p. m.,
Mr. John C. Nichols and Miss Bettie
Lou Dean were united in marriage at
the home of Dr. T. L. Dean and Mr.
and Mrs. C. E. Nichols, Rev. W. L.
Downing officiating. Mr. Nichols, a
brother of C. E. Nichols, is well and
favorably known at Barstow as a
quiet citizen and Ward county farm-
er. Miss Dean, the daughter of Dr.
T. L. Dean, and sister of Mrs. C. E.
Nichols, has spent most of her life
in Barstow, except several terms away
in school in Texas, Kentucky and New
York. She has many friends among
our citizens. The marriage took the
features of a quiet home wedding,
and the couple started life tempo-
rarily in a cottage in the suburbs of our
little city.

BUYING UP YOUNG CATTLE.

Albert Cooksey is Adding Many to
His Already Fine Herd.

Last week Albert Cooksey, one of
Reeves county's prosperous, hustling
ranchmen, took in seven carloads of
fine one and two-year-old heifers at
Toyah, which he had purchased from
parties in El Paso and took them out
to his ranch northwest of Pecos.

He also purchased from Bud Avant
one hundred head and from Carson
& Hall of Van Horn one hundred and
fifty head, all being one and two-
year-olds. He went up to Van Horn
Saturday to receive the Carson &
Hall cattle.

This makes nearly 700 head he has
purchased within the past two weeks.
We trust that his fondest hopes may
be more than realized.

Commercial Club Meeting.

The meeting of Nov. 6th at the
court house should be well attended,
and is for every one in Pecos and
country included. There will be a
good program rendered and some
talks by well known men in the work.
The secretary will make a report for
the year—showing full amount of
all moneys collected. And right here
we want to insist on all paying up
their subscriptions for the year, as
I do not want to turn in a report and
leave off some of the accounts not
fully paid up. I will see every mem-
ber on the first and up to the 6th
and hope to be able to report all
members paid in full.

Tell everybody about the meeting
and try and be present with some
good suggestion for the club and its
members. Bring your ladies and let
us have a good time.

R. M. HARKEY,

Secretary.

MONEY TO LOAN-EVERYBODY WHO WANTS CHEAP MONEY

See L. E. WATSON, Agent, Pecos, Texas

WANTED six months... WANTED dining room... WANTED acres ranch... FOR RENT in Mrs. S... FOR SALE mattresses... FOR SALE the Van H... FOR SALE ter, made... FOR TRAD to exchange... FOR EXCE writer in go... PERSO Messrs. J... J. L. Farl... Jess Wood... W. E. Tur... G. N. Smit... Sheriff Tor... Mr. and M... Dr. B. H... r. and Mrs... EIS application... INT

FILIPINOS ASK FULL LIBERTY

RESOLUTION BY THEIR ASSEMBLY IS AN ELOQUENT APPEAL

President's Promise of Ultimate Self-Government Source of Much Gratitude to Natives.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The answer of the Philippines to President Wilson's message, delivered through Governor General Harrison, came by cable to day in the form of a resolution adopted by the Philippine assembly. Emphatic belief in the right of the Filipinos to be free is expressed in the resolution and the president's words are "gratefully accepted as a categorical declaration of the purpose of the nation to recognize the independence of the islands."

The text of the resolution, made public by the war department, follows:

"We, the representatives of the Philippine people, constituting the Philippine assembly, solemnly declare that it is evident to us that the Filipino people have the right to be free and independent so that in advancing alone along the road of progress it will on its own responsibility work out its prosperity and manage its own destinies for all the purposes of life. This was the aspiration of the people when it took up arms against Spain and the presence of the American flag first on Manila Bay and then in the interior of the archipelago did not modify but rather encouraged and strengthened the aspiration, despite all the reverses suffered in war and difficulties encountered in peace."

Confidence in American People. "Being called to the ballot box, the people again and again ratified this aspiration and since the inauguration of the Philippine assembly the national representative body has been acting in accordance with the popular will only; this in the midst of the most adverse circumstances, the ideal of the people never wavered and was respectfully and frankly brought before the powers of the sovereign country on every propitious occasion. On the other hand, our faith in the justice of the American people was a great and persistent ideal. We have waited in patience, confident that sooner or later the errors of injustice would be redressed."

"The message of the president of the United States to the Filipino people is eloquent proof that we have not waited in vain. We accept said message with love and gratitude and consider it a categorical declaration of the purpose of the nation to recognize the independence of the islands. The immediate step of granting us a majority on the commission places in our hands the instruments of power and responsibility for the establishment by ourselves of a stable Filipino government."

"We fully appreciate and are deeply grateful for the confidence reposed in us by the government upon the appointment of Hon. Francis Burton Harrison as governor general, as the unmistakable harbinger of the new era in which we expect the attitude of the people to be one of co-operation; and finally, we believe happily the experiments of imperialism have come to an end and that colonial exploitation has passed into history."

Trust in God and America.

"The epoch of mistrust has been closer and the Filipinos, upon having thrown open to them the doors of opportunity, are required to assume the burden of responsibility which it would be inexcusable cowardice on their part to avoid or decline. Owing to this, a few days have sufficed to bring about a general understanding between Americans and Filipinos which it had been impossible to establish during the thirteen years past. We are convinced that every onward step, while relieving the American government of its responsibility in the islands, will, as in the past, fully demonstrate the present capacity of the Filipino people to establish a government of its own and guarantee in a permanent manner the safety under such government of the resi-

dents of the islands, national as well as foreign.

"We do not wish to say by this that there will not be difficulties and embarrassments, nor do we even expect that the campaign open or concealed of the enemies of the Filipino cause, will cease soon, but we feel sure that through a conservative use of the power entrusted to us, the Filipino people will, with God's favor and the help of America, emerge triumphantly from the test, however difficult it may be."

EPISCOPALIAN CONVENTION.

Bishops and Deputies Deadlocked on Question of Negro Bishops.

New York, Oct. 30.—The general convention of 1913 of the Protestant Episcopalians passed into history this afternoon.

On the proposal to establish a separate bishopric for negroes in the South and on the proposed elimination of the words "Jews, Turks, Infidels and Heretics" from the Good Friday collect the house of bishops and the house of deputies were deadlocked. On the proposal to require a two-thirds vote to change the name of the church, adopted by the deputies, the bishops refused to act because the resolution was sent to them only yesterday, while it was adopted by the lower more than two weeks ago.

A plea for the 2,000,000 children under 16 years old who are employed in factories, mines, stores and other establishments throughout the country was voiced by the house of deputies in a resolution adopted, which said:

"Resolved, that this general convention condemns employment of children under 16 years of age and demands for every child an opportunity for education and recreation."

A deadlock between the house of bishops and the house of deputies, the governing body of the Protestant Episcopal church, was brought about at the general convention when the bishops voted to establish a separate bishopric for negroes in the South, the bishop of this district to have a seat in the upper house. The house of deputies rejected this plan a few days ago and asked the bishops to refer the matter to a joint commission which would report at the next triennial convention.

One of the two bodies is expected to withdraw its vote and concur in the action of the other. The bishops have asked the deputies to do this. The house of bishops voted that the Episcopal church should sanction religious communities within dioceses. This was suggested in a speech early in the convention by Bishop Franklin S. Spalding of Utah, and was introduced later in the form of a proposed canon. The bishops requested the house of deputies to concur.

TEXAS CHRISTIAN UNIVERSITY PLANNING \$250,000 HOSPITAL

Proposition Will Be Submitted to the Christian Churches of Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 30.—A proposition to erect and endow a \$250,000 hospital will be submitted to members of the Christian church in Texas if plans laid at a meeting of the executive, finance and building committees of Texas Christian University can be worked out.

With the imminent discontinuance of the Medical College Hospital the university is going to be forced to use a place at Commerce and Weatherford streets for the charity cases it handles in clinical work, and the delay in starting the city and county hospital removes any chance of immediate relief from that quarter.

The matter will be submitted to the church authorities before any definite decision is reached.

"Bob" Smith in Manitoba.

Portage La Prairie Review: "Mr. Robert O. Smith, the refined, highly artistic, Southern entertainer, delighted a most select and cultured audience last evening that filled the lecture room of St. Mary's church. Every man, woman and child went home feeling happier than when they came, taking with them pleasant memories that will live long after an evening spent in such a delightful manner."

At the Pecos Methodist church Saturday, Nov. 1. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

—We are prepared to serve you with a fine meal or short order at the New Cafe. McCoy & Valentine. 72-2

JOHN BULL WORKS WITH UNCLE SAM

ENGLAND WILL TAKE NO STEPS WITHOUT CONSENT OF AMERICA.

Officials Will Announce Plans After Formal Announcement of Election Results.

Washington, Oct. 27.—Reports from the British foreign office that Great Britain would do nothing in the Mexican situation now that the election had been held in the Southern republic without consultation with the United States, aroused interest in official circles here today and added strength to the persistent intimations that the American government plans a note to the powers which may result in a concerted Mexican policy for the future.

Secretary Bryan, when shown dispatches from London, which asserted that Great Britain's recognition of Provisional President Huerta was given to extend only until the elections, stated that such had been the understanding here all the time. When asked if a note was in preparation which would open the way for negotiations with the foreign powers, he said no statement or intimations along this line could be given at this time.

Some officials suggested today that the position of Great Britain with respect to recognition of the Huerta government in the case the election for president is declared void, would be binding as it now exists. Should Huerta continue to be the head of the provisional government, it was argued, the recognition of Huerta would necessarily continue.

Recognition is Temporary.

Others maintained, however, that the recognition extended by Great Britain was intended to hold until the time of the election last Sunday, no matter what might be the result. On this basis it was contended that Great Britain was now free to listen to any proposal that may be made by the United States for the formulation of a general Mexican policy, which would include also the participation of other powers.

In the absence from Washington of President Wilson, nothing definite could be learned about the future plans of the government, but it was generally asserted that nothing would be done until there was official announcement from Mexico City on the outcome of Sunday's elections.

Secretary Bryan stated tonight that no direct communication had been received as to the result or the probable outcome of the election for president since the votes were cast. It was the general belief, however, in official circles, that the newly elected congress would be seated after some delay in announcing the final result; that the presidential election would be declared invalid and Huerta again chosen provisional president. Whatever happens, the United States is bound by its declarations not to recognize the government as it will be constituted, and because of this situation it is deemed certain that some initiative move on the part of this government soon must be forthcoming.

Will Consider General Policy.

Secretary Bryan said the department had heard nothing of a report that the German government had dispatched other warships to Mexican waters. Most of the information to the department from Mexico during the day was routine. One dispatch, dated Oct. 25, stated that after three days' fighting in Monterey, quiet had been restored and that the federals at that time still held the city. No Americans or other foreigners had been killed or injured. The same night it had been reported from Saltillo that communication had been cut off with Monterrey.

Reports from the embassy at Mexico City stated that no violence occurred during the election Sunday, and that "the vote cast was light, due to general apathy on the part of the public."

TEXAS DEATHS.

MASON—Mrs. John R. Mason, of Fort Worth, died at El Paso Oct. 25, where she had gone in hope of recovering her health.

GANNON—Paris, Tex., Oct. 24.—Jno. Gannon, 8.3 a farmer of the Sylvian community, died after an illness of six months. The body was taken to Red River County for burial.

ZARR—Temple, Tex., Oct. 24.—The death of Mrs. Will Zarr, aged 40, occurred here at the family residence.

MILLER—Bowie, Tex., Oct. 20.—W. D. Miller died here today, aged 57 years. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. W. Manney. Mr. Miller was born in Mankado, Minn.

EIDSON—Sweetwater, Tex., Oct. 20.—Judge J. F. Eidson of this city died last night at 8 o'clock after a prolonged illness. The funeral was held this afternoon under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias. He was the first lawyer to locate in Sweetwater.

DANIEL—Stanton, Tex., Oct. 20.—John A. Daniel, father of W. T. Daniel of this place, died in Waco on Oct. 14, and was buried at Dublin last Thursday.

TELLER—Henderson, Tex., Oct. 24.—E. J. Teller, senior member of the firm of E. J. Teller & Son, died at his home in this city today.

DALTON—Amarillo, Tex.—Judge L. W. Dalton of Plainview, one of the most prominent and widely known lawyers of the Plains country, died at an early hour yesterday morning in a local sanitarium following an operation for appendicitis.

KING—Cleburne, Tex., Oct. 26.—Jesse King died at 5:40 Saturday morning at the family home on West Henderson street. He was 35 years of age and had lived in Johnson county since he was an child.

\$100,000 SANATORIUM FOR THE TEXAS WOODMEN

Senator O. S. Lattimore Named Member of Committee to Inspect Sites for Erection.

Fort Worth, Tex., Oct. 29.—Plans for the erection of a tuberculosis sanatorium to cost more than \$100,000 were formulated at Dallas on Saturday at a meeting of the committee of the Woodmen of the World, which was appointed recently. Senator O. S. Lattimore of this city was made a member of the committee to recommend a site.

The 130,000 members in Texas and the entire W. O. W. order of Arizona and New Mexico will make a gift of the sanatorium to the fraternity.

Several sites already have been offered and a committee to inspect them was appointed. The committee is composed of the following: Chairman, W. A. Fraser, Dallas; sovereign adviser of the fraternity, O. S. Lattimore, Fort Worth; E. D. Henry, San Antonio; Jewell P. Lightfoot, Austin; Lewis Rogers, Gainesville, and H. W. Wiseman, Cleburne. The men will begin their work as soon as the State Fair closes.

"We want to get the site selected as soon as possible," Senator Lattimore said, Sunday. "As it is contemplated to install a modern poultry, dairy and gardening department, the donation must include sufficient ground for its upkeep. The object of the business enterprise is to supply the persons who will be in care of the sanatorium. Two of the offers we have received are from members of the order, and we anticipate little difficulty in making our selection, although we intend to go over the ground thoroughly."

"The institution when complete will be equipped in an up to date manner for the care of tubercular patients, and should prove a great boon to the members who are suffering from the disease. We confidently expect that the mortality rate of the W. O. W. in this jurisdiction will be materially reduced."

Silo Division a Feature.

Fort Worth, Texas, Oct. 30.—One of the most interesting exhibits to the livestock producers who will visit the Fat Stock Show to be held in this city November 22 to 29, will be the silo division. Eleven of the largest silo manufacturers in the United States have already engaged space. These exhibits will be virtual schools for the cattlemen, lecturers attending each exhibit and showing how the best results have been attained.

Hallow'een Masquerade Ball.

I desire to extend a cordial invitation to all to attend a masquerade ball to be given at the skating rink on Friday evening, October 31, 1913. All young people of the neighboring towns are especially invited. Good music will be furnished.

W. H. DRUMMOND, 721f Manager.

OPERA HOUSE NOV. 4 PECOS, TUESDAY

MR. WALTER NEWMAN PRESENTS THE MOST ABSORBING DRAMATIC STORY OF THE AGE.

"THE TRAFFIC"

BY RACHAEL MARSHALL AND OLIVER BAILEY. Depicting the shocking truths of the industrial and social causes of White Slavery. "Of course it will make people talk. They always do when they see the naked truth." PRICES: 50 and 75c. SEATS ON SALE AT CITY PHARMACY

White Swan Tea advertisement featuring an illustration of a woman holding a glass of tea and a box of White Swan Tea. Text includes: 'Taste it Drink a tall, cool glass of iced tea made with White Swan Tea. You'll enjoy the fragrance of it, the delicate refinement of flavor—the good tea taste without even a suggestion of tannin roughness. Then you'll agree with us that no meal-time drink is so delicious or so cooling. Absolutely pure—better than the law requires. Four sizes in air-tight tins: 10c, 25c, 40c and 75c. Your grocer will be glad to recommend it because he knows that you'll come back for more.' Waples-Platter Grocer Co. Texas

MARRIAGE DISCUSSED. What Willie Wanted. Senator Charles E. Thomas merrily smiled the other evening when one of the speakers at a banquet referred to the man who is not satisfied with a fair proportion of things. He explained that he was reminded of Willie's dog. Little Willie was rambling down the street one afternoon, so related the Senator, when he saw a bunch of puppies in the show window of a pet store. One long, fond look, and Willie hastened inside. "Mister," said he, addressing the proprietor, "how much is them pups in the winder?" "They are \$3 apiece, young man," answered the proprietor. "Three dollars a piece," reflectively responded Willie, "I don't want a piece, mister, I want a whole dog." Philadelphia Telegraph. Best Character Impersonator. "Bob" Smith was the attraction at the Y. M. C. C. auditorium last night on the Lyceum course. A large audience was present and thoroughly enjoyed the recital. He is one of the best character impersonators who have appeared on the lyceum course. Will be at the Methodist church Saturday night, Nov. 1. Admission 15 and 25 cents. Beaumont Enterprise. Glad You Were Satisfied. Kermit, Tex., Oct. 15, 1913. Mr. B. J. Strickland, Pecos. Dear Sir and Friend: We received the stationary all O. K. The work and material is all right. Yours truly, W. A. PRIEST. Sheriff and Tax Collector of Winkler County.

W. B. LEEMAN BEATS UP WIFE

LAIID HELPLESS IN HOME FOR THIRTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER ATTACK.

Ribs Were Crushed and Spine Twisted by Brute's Blows—Slight Hope for Victim's Recovery.

Fort Worth, Oct. 24.—With her ribs crushed and her spine twisted by blows and kicks from her drunken husband, Mrs. May Leeman, 811 West Belknap street, is lying in agony, her life despaired of, at the medical college hospital. W. B. Leeman, her husband, a printer with the Texas Printing company, who beat her after a debauch Saturday night, has left the city and the police are looking for him.

Without food or water, the injured woman lay where she was felled, on her bed of suffering, unattended, for thirty-eight hours, from 7 o'clock Saturday night until 9 o'clock Monday morning. Her husband has fled and she was too weak from pain to call in help from next door. And Monday, when she finally managed to summon Mrs. Gertrude Wallace, wife of a bartender, who lives on Belknap street, Mrs. Leeman was so weakened that her chances for recovery, already precarious, were much lessened.

Mrs. Leeman's story of her beating, told Wednesday as she writhed on her cot in the female ward of the Medical College hospital, is a tale of horror unequalled in Fort Worth criminal records.

Story of the Woman.
"Saturday night," she gasped, and the words came with obvious effort, "he—my husband—came home drunk, and it was the third time. Bills were not paid. He had no money."
A paroxysm of vomiting contorted the injured woman's face.

"This makes two weeks you've done this, I told him. 'The collectors—are after me. I get—no peace.' Then he hit me. He struck me in the face first. I fell—to the floor. Then he kicked me—until I got up." Breath came hoarsely. "Oh, my God," she moaned, "if they'd only give me something to stop—this awful vomiting."

Mrs. Leeman stroked her wan face with thin hands. She is a rather pretty woman with large gray eyes. She paused a moment for a rest.

"And when I got up—he hit me again—and I fell with my back across the bed. It seemed like something tore loose of me inside—and I swooned with pain. My husband said—I heard him before I fainted—'Get up, d— you, everything's paid.' And then—I didn't know anything—till morning."

She Couldn't Even Scream.
"Sunday morning I couldn't move. I couldn't scream. I just—lay there and suffered. All day I lay without a drink of water—or a bite to eat. And I couldn't sleep Sunday night. That awful pain inside"—the face of the suffering woman became drawn at the recollection—"that awful pain. I did not sleep, but I couldn't wake."
"And then Monday morning I was a little better. When light came I could talk. I could take a breath. I called Mrs. Wallace, who lives next door, and she heard me. She came in and—gave me a drink."

Pallid with her suffering (which never relaxes, Mrs. Leeman rested from her pitiful narrative. The only way she can rest is to groan. Her lips are blue under her teeth as she clinches her jaws in a vain attempt to stifle her suffering.

"There wasn't a soul to give me a drink," she continued. Her thought was not continuous, her mind returned to the ordeal she endured before her neighbor came.

"I couldn't get up. I had to crawl on my hands and knees. Monday night Mrs. Wallace was asleep. I went to the kitchen for a drink. Then I fainted by the sink. I lay there two hours, until a little boy—came to the door to collect a bill. I told him to tell Mrs. Wallace. She called a doctor."

Taken to Hospital.
The physician called was Dr. Webb Walker. He treated Mrs. Leeman two days and then turned the case over to the city physician, Dr. A. R. Hays. Then Mrs. Louise Gabard, field worker for the relief association, called and Mrs. Leeman was taken to the Medical College hospital Wednesday morning.

Dr. Walker said Wednesday that Mrs. Leeman was suffering from three broken ribs on the right side, and an apparent injury to the spine, which affected her stomach, causing constant retching and intense pain. It is possible that she is injured internally. Leeman is a tall, powerful man. There is no clew to his whereabouts, and Mrs. Leeman says she cannot guess where he has gone. Police of other cities have been instructed to look for him.

"The case of Mrs. Leeman was called to the attention of the relief association Wednesday morning by telephone call," said Secretary Rawlings of the association, Wednesday night. "We know nothing of the case before that. Mrs. Louise Gabard, our field worker, investigated at once, and the situation was brought to my attention. There was a dispute as to whether Dr. D. S. Rumph, the county physician, or Dr. A. R. Hays, the city physician, should handle the case. I decided that the woman was a city patient and had her taken to the Medical College hospital."

Will Entertain Newspaper Men.
Waco, Tex., Oct. 30.—A. R. McCollum, editor of the Waco Tribune, James Hays Quarles, editor of the Waco Morning News, and George C. Robinson, editor of the Waco Times-Herald, have been named as Press Day committee for the Texas Cotton Palace, on the opening day, Saturday, November 1, and plans are being worked out for an elaborate entertainment of the Texas newspaper men.

ARRESTED.
Further arrests are being made daily—not of persons, but of pain. Its Hunt's Lightning Oil that so many people are talking about because it arrests and stops pain, and affords almost instant relief in cases of Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Headaches, Burns, etc. Just try it if you want pain to quit quick.

Report of the Condition of the First National Bank AT PECOS,

In the State of Texas, at the close of business, October 21, 1913.

Resources.

Loans and discounts, personal or collateral	\$165,963.77
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	NONE
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure Postal savings	1,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	1,126.18
Judgments	894.03
Banking houses, furniture and fixtures owned	12,390.00
Other real estate owned	6,142.50
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)	12,655.80
Due from state and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks	29,317.32
Due from approved reserve agents	25,324.73
Checks and other cash items	327.61
Notes of other National Banks	1,725.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	104.80
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	\$12,635.00
Legal-tender notes	12,635.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$322,606.79

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits, less exchange and taxes paid	1,089.54
National bank notes outstanding	50,000.00
Due to State and private banks and bankers	5,437.49
Due to trust companies and savings banks	23,083.71
Individual deposits subject to check	120,550.51
Time certificates of deposit	20,346.90
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,039.34
Postal savings deposits	59.30
Total	\$322,606.79

State of Texas, County of Reeves. I, T. H. BEAUCHAMP, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
T. H. BEAUCHAMP, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of October, 1913.
J. A. BUCK, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
R. S. JOHNSON,
CHRIS RITZ,
C. C. KOUNTZ,
Directors.

Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the Toyah Valley State Bank At Saragosa,

State of Texas, at the close of business on the 1st day of October, 1913, published in the Pecos Times, a newspaper printed and published at Pecos, State of Texas, on the 31st day of October, 1913.

Resources.

Loans and discounts, personal or collateral	\$12,632.56
Overdrafts	NONE
Real estate (banking house)	1,830.25
Furniture and fixtures	246.88
Due from approved reserve agents, net	1,208.35
Cash items	\$ 35.00
Specie	350.50
Interest in depositors guaranty fund	107.80
Total	\$16,741.52

Liabilities.

Capital stock paid in	\$10,000.00
Surplus fund	500.00
Undivided profits, net	500.50
Individual deposits subject to check	5,614.61
Cashier's checks	126.41
Total	\$16,741.52

State of Texas, County of Reeves. We, C. M. Honaker as president, and David S. Butler as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
C. M. HONAKER, President.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 28th day of October, A. D. 1913. Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid.
DEE DAVIS,
J. P. and Ex-officio Notary Public, Reeves County, Texas.
Correct—Attest:
H. ROBBINS,
DEE DAVIS,
J. G. LOVE,
Directors.

A Marvelous Escape.
"My little boy had a marvelous escape," writes P. F. Bastians of Prince Albert, Cape of Good Hope. "It occurred in the middle of the night. He got a very severe attack of croup. As luck would have it, I had a large bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house. After following the directions for an hour and twenty minutes he was through all danger." Sold by all dealers.

Still Killing.
It still keeps on killing pain, does Hunt's Lightning Oil For many years it has been used with wonderful success for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Burns and other hurts. All Druggists sell it in 25c and 50c bottles.

Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the Pecos Valley State Bank at Pecos, State of Texas,

At the close of business on the 21st day of October, 1913, published in the Pecos Times, a newspaper printed Texas, on the 30th day of October, 1913.

Resources.

Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$281,658.19
Loans, real estate	56,254.86
Overdrafts	NONE
Bonds and Stocks	1,365.10
Real estate (banking house)	29,000.00
Other real estate	4,096.45
Furniture and Fixtures	4,919.78
Due from approved reserve agents, net	\$39,267.76
Due from other banks and bankers, subject to check, net	40,784.98
Cash items	15,404.57
Currency	10,848.00
Specie	7,992.30
Interest in Depositors Guaranty Fund	4,800.00
Other Resources as follows: Claims in court	4,193.22
Total	\$500,615.21

Liabilities.

Capital Stock paid in	\$110,000.00
Surplus Fund	55,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	2,453.20
Due to banks and bankers, subject to check, net	6,589.44
Individual deposits subject to check	208,042.38
Time certificates of deposit	49,620.00
Cashier's checks	6,410.19
Bills Payable and Rediscunts	62,500.00
Total	\$500,615.21

State of Texas, County of Reeves. We, W. D. Cowan as president, and W. H. Browning Jr. as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
W. D. COWAN, President.
W. H. BROWNING JR., Cashier.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 27th day of October, A. D. nineteen hundred and thirteen. Witness my hand and notarial seal on the date last aforesaid.
(Seal) T. Y. CASEY, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
J. G. LOVE,
R. B. STINE,
F. W. JOHNSON,
Directors.

RECAPITULATION.

Resources.

Loans and Discounts	\$342,136.27
Overdrafts	NONE
Bonds and Stocks	1,365.10
Banking House	29,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,919.78
Real Estate	4,096.45
Interest Guaranty Fund	4,800.00
Cash on hand and in banks	114,297.61
Total	\$500,615.21

Liabilities.

Capital Stock	\$110,000.00
Surplus Fund	55,000.00
Undivided Profits	2,453.20
Bills Payable	62,500.00
Deposits	270,662.01
Total	\$500,615.21

Youngest Telegrapher in Country.
Special to the Times.
Dallas, Tex., Oct. 30.—Master Oscar Wade Willard, a 6-year-old boy living at Waggaman, a., on the Texas and Pacific, is said to be the youngest telegraph operator in the country. According to Frank Tremble, superintendent of telegraph of the Texas and Pacific railway, and many others who have seen master Oscar, the youngster can transmit "Morse" perfectly, receiving from ten to fifteen words per minute on the typewriter. He can take messages on the machine, and uses the touch system. At the beginning he did not know six letters in the alphabet. With four months training, not exceeding thirty minutes a day, he can now read and write, and is quite a little artist at handling figures.

Causes Further Talk.
Because so many people are telling their experience with Hunt's Lightning Oil for Headaches, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc., others are lead to give it a trial, and are convinced immediately of its merits as a pain killer. Are you yet to be convinced. Ask the Druggist.


Most Pleasing Entertainer.
Homer T. Wilson, Superintendent of Texas-Colorado Chautauqua, says: "Mr. Bob Smith is one of the most pleasing entertainers I have ever heard. It is well to laugh; it does us good; but when the fun comes from a pure fountain—from a soul whose one desire is to uplift as well as amuse, then the pleasure is great and the benefit unmeasured. Such a character is the man for whom this is written."

At the Methodist church Saturday night, Nov. 1. Admission 15 and 25 cents.
—We could give you free tickets to the movies but prefer to give you the extra amount in goods for your cash. Phone 156. Vickers & Collings. 72-2

—Who ever borrowed a .30-.30 Winchester from the sheriff's office please return it. S. C. Vaughan. 73-1

HERE AGAIN! Bigger and Better than ever State Fair of Texas

DALLAS, October 18 to November 2



Will authorize usual excursion rates
See Your Local Agent for Particulars Concerning Special Rates and Train Service
A. D. BELL Asst Gen. Passenger Agt
Dallas Tex
GEO D HUNTER Gen. Passenger Agt

Haul! Haul! Haul!
Anything from a Drayman's Reputation Up
A SHARE OF YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED
BILLY SMITH Phone 152

E. W. CLAYTON
Agent for the Magnolia Petroleum Company.
DRAY, TRANSFER
Will Haul Trunks on Short Notice
Office Phone 188 Residence Phone 196

Max Krauskopf
SHEET IRON AND METAL WORKER

SANITARY PLUMBING, ACETYLENE LIGHTS AND GENERATORS, GALVANIZED AND COPPER CORNICE, GALVANIZED TANKS AND CISTERNS, EAVE TROUGH, CONDUCTOR PIPES, TIN ROOFING, VALLEY TIN, GALVANIZED IRON FLUES, EDWARD'S ORNAMENTAL CEILING.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY, WAGONS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, DISCS, JOHN DEERE WALKING AND RIDING PLOWS.

CALL ON ME WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN THIS LINE.

FOR SALE
H. & G. N. Ry. Lands in Reeves County

Survey's Nos. 47, 55, 61, 63, in Block 4.
Nos. 43, 45 and three-fourths of 47, in Block 5.
The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City in the artesian belt of the Pecos River Country, and will be sold as a whole or in quarter sections.
Also surveys Nos. 13 and 49, in Block 6, and Survey Nos. 13 and 15 in Block 7.
Also Surveys Nos. 31 and 35, fronting on the Pecos River in Block 1, and Nos. 11 and 15, adjacent thereto, in Block 2, in the vicinity of Riverton, on the Pecos River Railway.
Also surveys Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 19, fronting on the Pecos River, in Block 8, in the extreme northern portion of Pecos County, and partly in Reeves County.
Also 16 surveys in Block 10; 16 surveys in Block 11, and 3 surveys in Block 12; none of these river lands.
No local agents for these lands, which are handled direct by the Agent and Attorney in Fact for the owner, Thomas R. White, Jr., of New Jersey.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS, ADDRESS
Ira H. Evans
AGENT AND ATTORNEY IN FACT
AUSTIN, TEXAS

SEE **R. P. HICKS** FOR
Dray and Transfer Work
WOOD AND COAL
OFFICE PHONE 147 RESIDENCE PHONE 181



Better cookies, cake and biscuits, too. All as light, fluffy, tender and delicious as mother used to bake. And just as wholesome. For purer Baking Powder than Calumet cannot be had at any price.
Ask your grocer.
RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1913.
"Don't save money when you buy cheap baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's economical—more wholesome—gives best results. It is far superior to sour milk and soda."

Flow, Creek, said, springs & G. N. in a well source above riparian stream; is augmented by plaintiff gosa S (3) 1 cated in of Texas client rail and neck suits; tha

PECO He y ch nd red per

The Pecos Times

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times, established in 1897; Reeves County Record, established 1910; Consolidated Nov. 23, 1912.

PUBLISHED ONCE A WEEK ON FRIDAY. THE PECOS TIMES. B. J. STRICKLAND, Editor and Manager.

Subscription price, \$1 per year; six months .75c. Advertising rates made known on inquiry.

Entered as second class matter December 3, 1912, at the Postoffice in Pecos, Texas, under Act of March, 1879.

This paper is represented in New York City for foreign advertising by American Press Association, 225 West 39th St., New York City.

THE SEED THAT REQUIRED A HALF CENTURY TO PRODUCE FRUIT.

The seed of negro equality required half a century to produce and develop fruit.

The first evidence of the genuineness of this fruit was exhibited in New York October 21, 1913, during the convention of the Protestant Episcopal church, on a motion to separate the church members of the negro race from the members of the white race, which motion was to the effect that the negro should have and belong to a church to themselves and that this negro church should be controlled and presided over by negro bishops.

This is the beginning of trouble in the churches that receive negroes into their membership. This motion is only the beginning of a righteous move upon the part of the more refined and intelligent part of this church, and as fact as the intelligence, refinement and the spirituality of these people grows the opposition to negro equality will become stronger and stronger until there will be an eruption, a breaking up of harmony in the church, then a withdrawal of the "lily whites" from those that believe in the mixing of the races, which is only a curse to any family, community or society that advocate such doctrines.

At the close of the civil war, when the negro was set free, there was a people in the North that opened their arms, their doors to both church and state, granting to the negro equal rights with the white man, taking them into their homes, admitting them into the public schools alongside the white children of the schools, also receiving them in the church in full fellowship, a thing that is repugnant to the law of God, the Great and All-wise Creator. When God created man he drew a line of distinction between the different races and the fact that he created man of different colors and races is evident that he did not intend for all men to be associated together.

Then there is no excuse for negro equality or sociability. God made the distinction. It was God that drew the line between the white and the black races and man has no right to violate it. When God said "Let like beget like" he did not intend for the white and black to associate together, for the mixing together of the races by association is only the beginning of amalgamation of races and the fruit thus produced is evil.

IS THERE GREATER EVIL THAN INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

This question has been answered repeatedly both pro and con and is today the main theme that is being discussed. The thing that the people want to know is: is he a pro or is he an anti? This seems to be all that is required of a candidate, even for the high office of governor.

We take the position that there is a greater evil than intoxicating liquors, notwithstanding the fact that whiskey is an evil within itself, just as poison is a poison. When man becomes intoxicated he will commit many crimes that he would not think of doing were it not for the fact that he had been drinking.

Man under the influence of liquor will lie—will not tell the truth. He will steal, will set fire to your house, commit murder; he will abuse his own family and will commit every crime known to the law, which he would not do were it not for the fact that he had been drinking.

It recently a man who is well in this city, but now lives in North, went to his home drunk—struck his wife in the face, threw her down, then kicking her all over, breaking her ribs and giving her up so badly that she not get up, then leaving her alone to suffer for thirty-eight without water or assistance of any kind, until a neighbor woman came to her house and found her in this helpless condition. She called a

doctor and the sufferer was then carried to the hospital.

We are not willing to believe that this man would have done this had he not been drunk.

The important question now is: who is to blame?—the man or the whiskey? They are both criminally guilty of this heinous crime, but the main principle in this terrible crime was the law that gives man the right to manufacture and sell spirituous liquors. The blame then is in the law first. If the law did not allow man to distill this whiskey, then there would not be any to sell, neither would there be any to drink; if there was none to drink then man would not get drunk. Hence, we contend that the greater evil is in the law that authorizes the manufacture and sale of whiskey.

The science that treats of plants finds that the germ of the plant is in the seed. So also the seed that produces the evil that is caused by the drinking of whiskey is in the law. Then the law is the greater evil.

TEXAS MINERALS.

In a recent pamphlet issued by the United States Geological Survey, Uncle Sam gives the Texas legislature some good advice. At the expense of being considered impertinent by platform makers, we reproduce the following excerpt from the booklet:

"To express the statistical condition of the oil industry in Texas and connect the development of the last two years with a reasonable view of the future oil possibilities of the State, it would be fair to say that if the legislators of that great commonwealth could by any means be induced to provide for an adequate geological survey of the State, Texas would soon rank next to California as an oil producer."

What the Federal geological authorities have to say on petroleum will apply with equal force to all minerals. Texas is the mineral vault of the earth and Uncle Sam is trying hard to pry open the door.

The door to the vault of the great mineral deposits is locked in Reeves County, which will in the near future be opened to the eyes of the world. Let the knocker go.

THE SPIRIT OF THE RIO GRANDE

Down in the Rio Grande Valley the bankers are helping the farmer through business co-operation. Arrangements have been made whereby cattle can be bought on time and paid for when they are sold. The bankers also finance silos, and scientific feeding of livestock is directed through experts.

The tremendous attention which these bankers are paying agriculture is one of the best signs of the times, and the spirit of the Rio Grande is rapidly spreading throughout the State.

Why should a man that is engaged in business send to some other town to have his printing done when he can get it done in his own town? Yes, even at its own doors, and have it done just as he wants it done, then complain because people send money out of town to the mail order houses for their goods. Haven't the people just as much right to send to the mail order houses for what they want as the merchant has to send to some other town for their job work. The business man that sends away for his printing is a knocker against the business of his own town. They may be able to get some jobs a little bit cheaper by sending it out of town, but is it not a fact that there is a spirit of rivalry going on between the business men of all towns and in order to draw trade they will give cut prices to customers of other towns that they will not give to their home trade.

Weather Forecast.

Colder with rains causing rheumatic pains. Hunts Lightning Oil stops all aches and pains whether from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cuts, Burns or Bruises. The quickest Liniment known. 25c and 50c bottles. All Druggists.

CITY BUILDING NOTES.

An empty jail is a valuable asset. It must be either progression or retrogression, there is no middle ground of inactivity.

There are those who enjoy to occupy a front seat on the band wagon while their comrades lift the wheels out of the ruts.

If sanitation, housing and recreative conditions are made right, half the difficulty of securing industries is removed.

The farmer who drives six miles to town is as much a citizen of the community as the man who walks six blocks to his office.

If you desire to know whether your commercial organization is accomplishing results, ask the man in the adjoining town; he can tell you.

If you pay taxes in your community you are a member of a great corporation, the board of directors of which is your commercial organization.

Health is a most vital factor in community development, therefore activities looking to the improvement of sanitary conditions are of vital importance.

Buck-shooting is a serious malady and has caused the downfall of many a city building organization. Concentration is the first law of successful accomplishment.

The man who is not an active member of the constructive organization of his community is doing himself and his community a great injustice and is unmindful of his opportunity.—L. M. Ward.

FARM FACTS.

Diversification is the highway to prosperity.

The thinking farmer is the successful farmer.

Farming without thinking is like reading without light.

Up until the present time our land has been mined instead of farmed.

Permanent agriculture and livestock rearing and feeding are inseparable.

Feeding livestock upon the farm establishes a home market for the crops.

A load of corn is more cheaply transported when converted into animal products.

Marketing farm products is an item that must be reckoned with when profits are accounted for.

Millions of dollars have been expended in solving the marketing problem and still it is not comprehensive.

When the farmer and merchant properly understand each other, then they will have no trouble in working together.

Adding the silo to the farm simply means applying one of the first principles of modern manufacturing industry to the oldest of all industries.

The rapidly increasing population gives rise to a larger demand for food, both in the form of bread and meat, and the farmer must meet this demand not only by increasing production, but by a betterment of marketing facilities.

The feeding of farm animals not only enables the farmer to return from 65 to 90 per cent of the fertilizing value of the crops to the soil, but in growing such crops as peas, alfalfa, clovers and other legumes, there is more nitrogen stored in the soil than is sold in the form of animal products.—Peter Radford.

GOOD ROADS.

People may be judged by the kind of highways they want.

Now is the time to select the tool to be used on good roads day—November 5 and 6.

Individual prosperity means general prosperity. Both can be greatly enhanced with a practical system of good roads.

If the United States had as good roads as there are in Europe, it would mean a saving in transportation of foreign products of \$250,000,000 per annum.

There are two things on a road that are just about as bad as a mud hole or a sand bank—one of these is a goggle-eyed culvert and the other is a hump-backed bridge. The elimination of all four of these impediments is a thing to be devoutly hoped for.

Good roads for motorists cannot be built so that they will not be a benefit to vehicle traffic of all kinds. It is equally true that when roads are built for wagons and buggies they will be a benefit to the motorist. What helps one is a benefit to both.

The successful office-seeker of the future and the one who will be called higher, is the man who will pay more attention to laws with reference to improved highways and less to the tariff and other theoretical questions.

The "dear people" are not as interested in their legislators knowing the intricacies of the currency question as they are in having them to enact laws that will give them relief from

matters that are vital in their every day life. They want less burimeco and more sense, less smoke and more fire, less shooting and more game, fewer laws and better laws.—Homer D. Wade.

FACTS, NOT FICTION, COUNT IN ADVERTISING.

(By W. Holt Harris.)

There is no one factor in civilization that gives more suggestion to the mind of the public than the daily and weekly press. It is the forum of public opinion and the pulse of the people. Both the king in his palace and the laborer at his task read the news of the day.

Printers ink is the best sales manager, and it is the merchant's greatest asset. Properly displayed, it catches, holds and imprisons the mind of the reader and every reader is a prospective buyer. It does leap out at him from the printed pages and attracts attention, incites interest and creates lasting impression. Advertisements attractively displayed at regular intervals will find the eye of all readers, no matter how fast they are turning the pages. Do not economize in space. Big space is cheapest because it does not waste a single eye.

An advertisement about one article well described, is worth more than the one vividly describing a dozen things in a general way. The price is the thing. The advertisement that omits prices sacrifices half its pulling power and has a tendency to bring lookers instead of buyers.

FRUIT AND NUT TREES.

(By Mrs. E. P. Turner.)

In many sections of Germany the thrifty government plants trees on each side of the roads, prunes and fills them, harvests and sells the apples and applies the money resulting to the upkeep of roads. Thus is the burden of the taxpayer lightened, and the roads improved, and much waste land brought into profitable use.

For road building this plan is hardly applicable to Texas, as we have better means of highway financing, but any rural school could profit by the culture of fall-bearing fruit or nut trees. The actual setting out and caring for the trees would furnish an able course in horticulture which the dullest scholar would master and enjoy and which he would not be slow to apply to his home orchards. Spraying, pruning and general tillage of the trees would be learned under the happiest conditions. The money derived from the harvest could be applied to fixing up the school yard or buying books, pictures or apparatus for the school house, or possibly a tennis court, flower beds or for paying the expenses of an annual picnic for the school.

TEXAS INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Corpus Christi—Facilities for fire fighting in this city will be increased during the next three months. The city council has placed an order with an Eastern concern for a combination pumper, hose and chemical motor car to cost near \$8000.

San Antonio—The commissioners of Bexar County have ordered a bond election in this county on November 12. The amount to be voted on is \$1,000,000, and will be expended as follows: For good roads, \$550,000; for new poor house, \$50,000; for a county hospital, \$125,000; for concrete bridges, \$200,000 and \$75,000 for additions to the court house.

Rockport—A corps of surveyors and engineers engaged in the work of surveying the proposed line of the Central Railway of Texas from Quanah to this point have just completed their task. According to statements made by the officials of the proposed line, the necessary financial backing has been secured and actual construction work will be under way in a short time.

Austin—For the purpose of making several extensions and improvements over its Texas lines, the Southwestern Traction Company has filed an amendment in this city, increasing its capital stock from \$165,000 to \$3,500,000.

Marshall—The Texas and Pacific Railway Company has just completed laying eleven miles of eighty-pound steel over the eastern division west of this city. A total of a hundred miles will be laid with new rails, twenty miles of which distance will receive 75-pound steel.

Nacogdoches—Forty thousand dollars in poultry and poultry products has been shipped from this county during the last year. This information comes from a reliable source and shows an increase of about \$20,000 over the preceding year.

Temple—A proposition for a natural gas pipe line from Mexia connecting with this city via Marlin, will be submitted to the officials of this city in a few days. If the city officials act

IF

You contemplate building in the near future, remember that the Groves Lumber Company can fill your bill as cheap as anybody, and in addition to this, can give you material that will more than please you. For instance, we handle nothing but the very best grade of Red Cedar Shingles, White Pine Moulding, Sanitary two-panel White Pine Veneered Doors, Long Leaf Yellow Pine Lumber, Ginger Face Brick, Fire Brick, Lone Star Portland Cement, Etc.

We handle a soft White Pine Screen Door that will not warp, at the same price that you have been paying for the other kind. Hydrated Lime for disinfecting purposes in 40-pound bags, 50 cents delivered. When you need a piece of Oak or Hickory lumber, remember that we have it at all times.

Groves Lumber Company

Fair Prices

Good Stock

Nesbitt-Hartshorn Co.

Lands WEST OF THE PECOS Pecos, Texas

favorably on the project work will start as soon as all preliminary arrangements are completed.

Gorman—With a capital stock of \$75,000, the Farmers State Bank and Trust Company was organized here last week. The new institution will open for business immediately.

Stamford—At a recent meeting held in this place by a number of poultry enthusiasts, the West Texas Poultry Association was formed and officers elected. The new organization will give its first poultry show November 19 and 20, this year.

Hillsboro—Petitions are being circulated here calling for a good roads bond election in justice precinct No. 1 of Hill County. The amount to be voted on is \$250,000.

Eldorado—Service has been reestablished over the roads between this place and Sonora by the big auto trucks, which handle all of the freight emanating from the two points. The recent rains put the roads in such bad shape that freight service had to be suspended for several days.

Ballinger—The Rupnells County Automobile and Good Roads Club was organized here last week at a meeting of a number of good roads enthusiasts and automobile owners. The purpose of the club is to employ an expert road builder and an engineer and to advocate an election for the issuance of \$225,000 worth of road bonds.

Dallas—Twenty-four new street cars have been received here by the Dallas Consolidated Electric Street Railway Company and will be put into service during the Texas State Fair.

Terrell—Plans are on foot in this city to have several of the prominent streets in the residence district paved at a cost of several thousand dollars.

NOW HER FRIENDS HARDLY KNOW HER

But This Does Not Bother Mrs. Burton, Under the Circumstances.

Houston, Texas.—In an interesting letter from this city, Mrs. S. C. Burton writes as follows: "I think it is my duty to tell you what your medicine, Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done for me.

I was down sick with womanly trouble, and my mother advised several different treatments, but they didn't seem to do me any good. I lingered along for three or four months, and for three weeks, I was in bed, so sick I couldn't bear for any one to walk across the floor.

My husband advised me to try Cardui, the woman's tonic. I have taken two bottles of Cardui, am feeling fine, gained 15 pounds and do all of my housework. Friends hardly know me, I am so well."

If you suffer from any of the ailments so common to women, don't allow the trouble to become chronic. Begin taking Cardui to-day. It is purely vegetable, its ingredients acting in a gentle, natural way on the weakened womanly constitution. You run no risk in trying Cardui. It has been helping weak women back to health and strength for more than 30 years. It will help you. At all dealers.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for special instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. Ten¢.

For Pies Biscuits Cakes, Waffles or Muffins



Only One Cent an Ounce



In 10¢, 15¢ & 25¢ Cans At all Good Grocers

Or anything else that is generally difficult to bake with economy and success—you'll find one heaping teaspoonful of HEALTH CLUB more efficient, purer and easier to use than any other Baking Power obtainable at any price.

MERCHANDISE

To Trade for Land

Have eight thousand dollars in good contracts or groceries and dry goods to trade for land.

MILLER'S Second Hand Store

C. F. Manahan WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

MY SPECIALTY IS QUICK WORK AND LOW PRICES. EYEGLASSES FITTED. IT WILL SAVE YOU MONEY TO CALL ON ME.

N. M. SLOVER

Blacksmith

Wheelwright

Expert Horseshoer

Bring your work to me and get nothing short of the best. The best is always the cheapest. I do first-class work only

Courteous Treatment to all

Absolutely Fireproof

in Actual Test

L. SEELIGSON & COMPANY General Merchants Goliad, Texas

(Copy)

December 14th, 1912.

The Victoria Safe and Lock Co., Victoria, Texas.

Gentlemen: We wish to advise you that on the night of December 6th, our General Merchandise Store, situated on the San Antonio River, twelve miles west of Goliad, was entirely destroyed by fire.

Yours very truly, (Signed) L. SEELIGSON & COMPANY.

For Prices and other Information See or Write the

VICTORIA SAFE & LOCK CO., Inc. Factory: Victoria, Victoria County, Texas.

MEALS AND ROOMS

AT THE Southside Hotel

Mrs. I. F. Burton, Prop.



ITEMS OF INTEREST TO THE BUSY HOUSEWIVES.

Recipes Which Have Been Thoroughly Proved as Well as Hints on Many Things.

There are some recipes which every woman ought to have always with her—either engraved on the tablets of her memory or else written neatly on a card or in a little notebook that she can carry about with her when she goes visiting.

FUDGE.

Melt two cupfuls of granulated sugar with two and a half squares of chocolate, shaved fine, in a double boiler.

MAYONNAISE.

Beat the yolk of an egg with a silver fork or spoon in a small bowl. Gradually add half a cupful of oil, beating constantly.

LAYER CAKE.

Cream two-thirds of a cupful of butter with a cupful and a third of sugar. Add the beaten yolks of three eggs, and then alternately two cupfuls of flour sifted with a teaspoonful and a half of baking powder.

CHOCOLATE FILLING.

Melt a cupful of powdered sugar with five tablespoonfuls of grated sugar. Then add two teaspoonfuls of milk and the beaten yolk of an egg.

WELSH RABBIT.

Cut a pound of soft, fresh cheese in small pieces and melt it in a buttered chafing dish. Press out the lumps with a silver spoon.

To Remove Fuzzy Growths.

Many beauty shops use a delatone paste for removing hair from the face, neck or arms, as it is more satisfactory in every way than the electric needle.

Flowers of Black Oilcloth.

Among the fashionable accessories that Paris is offering in the shops are flowers or rather roses, made of a cloth that resembles patent leather and is called oilcloth.

Each rose has two or three leaves and the ornament is worn with afternoon gowns, and especially with frocks of white taffeta which lap over from the late afternoon hours into theater and restaurant gowns.

White taffeta has not lost its fashion, but it is not combined with black unless one uses a single spot of the somber color, such, for instance, as this black oilcloth rose.

Hats are made of the material, with the rose at the side, and they are admirable for motoring and voyages by train and steamer. They fit closely to the head, although none of the hats are as small as they were, for it is

considered quite fashionable to show the hair on the bright side.

One sees coat suits trimmed with belts of this new kind of oilcloth, although patent leather is really better looking and serves the purpose as well.

Another black ornament that is placed on gowns and hats is a huge dragon fly of black tulle with a black velvet body. This is placed on a gawk of black or white, and if one follows the new fashion, it is put in the middle of the back, at the top of the belt, or at the point of décolletage.

The trouble with placing it at the latter place is that one will lean back against it and crush it out of all semblance to a dragon fly.

The same is true with the butterflies that are now placed above the belt at the back. They are seriously injured when one dances or leans back against a chair, and although the dressmakers continue to show them, the women are not over-keen to buy them.

Broken Eyeglasses.

"How did you break your glasses?" inquired the optician of the young woman.

"Oh, they just slipped off my nose without warning and fell down before I could intercept them," she replied.

"Well, that's not strange at this time of the year," continued the optician. "As soon as the weather grows cool in the fall the nose seems to contract and glasses slip off very easily. I have had many cases similar to yours."

"Some people say that my theory about the nose expanding and contracting according to the temperature is all rot, but I find evidence to support it. In summer the glasses fit snug and tight and sometimes the most violent actions fail to dislodge them. Then in cool weather the glasses are continually slipping and sometimes tumble from the nose without warning, as they did in your case. I have often warned my customers to watch their glasses when the weather is cool."—New York Sun.

"The Traffic."

"The Traffic" a new four-act play by Rachael Marshall and Oliver D. Bailey, which will be seen at the opera house, Pecos, for one night, Tuesday, Nov. 4, is said to be the most audaciously truthful exposition of the actual phases of the commerce in young girls as yet written or acted.

Miss Marshall, the playwright, is a great-granddaughter of Chief Justice Marshall, and a woman of wide experience as a journalist, sociologist and traveler. She was reared and educated in a Roman Catholic convent in New Orleans, and became interested in the work and aims of Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago.

The story of the play is taken from real life in any city, but the incidents and circumstances are facts of record. The "shock" of the play is its absolute fidelity to truth; the naked truth told in the language of the men and women who make the nameless traffic possible and the scenes and incidents reproduced without disguise and without hesitation.

Chronic Dyspepsia.

The following unsolicited testimonial should certainly be sufficient to give hope and courage to persons afflicted with chronic dyspepsia: "I have been a chronic dyspeptic for years, and of all the medicines I have taken, Chamberlain's Tablets have done me more good than anything else," says W. G. Mattison, No. 7 Sherman St., Hornellsville, N. Y. For sale by all dealers.

—Spalding Wool Sweaters at the City Pharmacy. 71

—We have just received a full line of fresh mince meat, seeded raisins, currants, dry apples, peaches, apricots and other fruits. Phone your order to 156. Vickers & Collings. 72-2

A CURE FOR PNEUMONIA.

M. A. Redding has the following in a recent issue of the Denver Rocky Mountain News:

Will you please give me space in your paper for the following most valuable information:

That nobody needs to die of pneumonia.

To the medical fraternity and the public. I am again knocking at the doors of the hospitals, pulling at the heartstrings of the doctors, and appealing to the common sense of the public.

Why do they let people die of pneumonia when the following simple remedy has saved not only myself, but all who have had a chance to use it? In Worcester, Mass., Alaska, Seattle, Goldfield, Nev., Pasadena and Los Angeles—at all those places it has been tried with unflinching effect.

During my stay in Pasadena last winter, I read in the Los Angeles papers of deaths from this sneaking, dreaded disease called pneumonia, from two to three and up to five every twenty-four hours. At last, on the 7th of February, 1908, I went to Los Angeles and got the prescription inserted in four of the Los Angeles daily papers. The public read it the 8th of February, and what a change. From a high death rate during the winter and before that day, it stopped suddenly. The daily papers recorded only one death a day of pneumonia, and most all the victims were infants less than 1 year old.

What was the cause of this sudden change? Let me tell you. It was this simple remedy, discovered by me fourteen years ago. It can be had at any drug store for 25 cents.

What prompted me to give this to the world? A friend of mine, Prof. Henry P. Loomis, professor of medicine at Cornell University, died of pneumonia last Christmas, and all his and his associates' knowledge could not save him, hence my warning and advice, and I hereby challenge any doctor in the United States to come forward and contradict me. I am ready to defend this remedy as an absolute cure for pneumonia, even in the last stages.

I have sent this prescription to the Stanford University, the Northwestern College of Medicine (Chicago), Cornell University of New York, and to numerous other places, even across to England, to some of the most prominent men there.

Saturate a ball of cotton as large as a one-inch marble, with spirits of alcohol, add three drops of chloroform to each ball of cotton, place it between the patient's teeth, and let him inhale the fumes in deep, long breaths for fifteen minutes; then, rest for fifteen minutes, or longer, if needed; then inhale again fifteen minutes, and repeat the operation, as directed, for twenty-four times, and the result will be that the lungs will expand to their normal condition, and in twenty-four hours the patient is out of danger, and in forty-eight hours he is cured—although weak.

Cotton should be changed twice in fifteen minutes.

Another method of inhalation for elderly people without teeth, and patients in last stages of pneumonia:

Get a small alcohol lamp, or any other heating apparatus, and a porcelain cup, make a one-inch thick cover of wood for cup—put four small nails under the cover to prevent sliding off; bore a one-half inch hole in middle and insert in the cover a one-half inch rubber tube long enough to reach patient's mouth, then boil alcohol diluted with water 5 per cent, or plainer, half and half (no chloroform needed in this method) and let patient inhale through tube the fumes of the boiling alcohol in deep, long breaths for fifteen minutes, and follow directions above and I can assure you that you will disappoint the undertaker, and live many happy days.

But listen, do not wait until you get pneumonia, but use this simple remedy as soon as you feel that your lungs are afflicted. Give this cure to all with whom you come in contact; it is safe and reliable.

Doctors, try it, and use it for humanity's sake, and the public for your own welfare. Cut this out. It may come handy some time.

For Sale or Trade.

Eighty acres sandy land farm for sale or trade 2-1/2 miles of Swan, 50 acres cultivated, balance in timber pasture; good spring water, fine well, 8-room dwelling, barn and other buildings; plenty fruit. Abstract title. No encumbrance, close to school and church, on public road; telephone connection. Price \$5,000. Would exchange for improved irrigated land and would give or take difference; prefer small farm. B. F. Frasier, Swan, Smith County, Texas. 69-4

—Head maize for chickens. Prewit & Wadley. 71tf

—Prewit & Wadley for head maize. 71tf

Pruett Lumber Company

All Kinds of Building Material

YARDS AT

DARSTOW PYOTE GRANDFALLS TOYAH SARAGOSA BALMORHEA

GENERAL OFFICE:

Pecos, Texas

The Southwestern Trust Company Will Buy For Cash or Trade For the following Stocks

San Antonio Life, Anilcable Life, Great Southern Life, Southland Life, Western Casualty, Guarantee Life, Southwestern Trust Company, Rio Grande Fire, Amazon Fire, Austin Fire, Texas Life, Texas Bank Stocks, Republic Trust Co.

Suite 1203 Southwestern Life Bldg. DALLAS, TEXAS. Submit your offers.

"The Traffic" is to be produced by a competent company of well known players, of whom Florence Bell, Irene Outrin, Ethel McMullin, William Brewer and others of equal ability are prominent.



Overland Model 79

O. MITCHELL, Agent Pecos, Texas

PECOS MACHINE SHOPS

We do all kinds of machine work, repair and rebuild gasoline engines, and make a specialty of every kind of machine work. Our prices are low and our motto quick work. We are equipped to handle anything in the machine shop repair line.

J. A. Hardy, Mgr.

Academy Our Lady of Mercy

Stanton, Martin Co., Texas

For the refined and practical education of young ladies and girls, also for boys under 14 years of age. Studies will be resumed Wednesday, September 4th,

FOR INFORMATION AND CATALOG APPLY TO

SISTERS OF MERCY Stanton, Texas

PECC... He v... church... the find... r Cou... us... ed... they... et p... ers... idy... where... one is sur...

BIGHTY CONFLICT BETWEEN CROSS AND CRESCENT IS ON

Dark Continent Crescent is Waxing. Not Waning—Forces of Enemy Drawn Up—Will the Church Send Out Her Leaders to Christians in Africa?—Unfinished Task in China a Gigantic—1,567 Cities Without Missionaries—Millions of Moslems Almost Ignored—The Bible in Japan—Arabic, One of the Greatest Living Languages, to Be the Vehicle of Carrying the Gospel into Asia and Africa—Millions of Mohammedans.

By Southern Missionary News Bureau.
Ida Clyde Clarke, Editor.

had conceived a great prejudice against missions in the South Seas; had no sooner come here than prejudice was at first reduced, and last annihilated. Those who operate against missions have one thing to do—to come and smother on the spot. Missions in the South Seas generally are by far the pleasing result of the presence of white men, and those in Samoa are the best I have ever seen."—Rochester, N. Y. Stevenson.

One of the unoccupied fields in the world is not even Arabia, can compare strategic urgency today with the unoccupied regions in Africa, where the forces are assembling now for the conflict between the cross and the crescent and where the vast unoccupied fields are the battleground. The present Islam is conquering and can stay its onward march or redeem Africa from its grasp by the carrying of the gospel of Christ into every part of the "unoccupied field," says Dr. Samuel Zwemer, whose organism crumbles before Islam. The situation is critical and the testimony as regards the urgency of this missionary problem, is unanimous in its character and comes from every part of the mission field.

In Syria, Japan, the Philippine Islands, China, India, Burma, Ceylon, New Hebrides, Sumatra, Arabia, Persia and even Peru, testimony comes that in the estimation of the missionaries in these countries the most urgent missionary problem is to meet and overcome the Mohammedan advance in Asia and this testimony concerns the unoccupied fields of Africa. "The battlefield is before our eyes," says Dr. Frank Weston, the canon of Exeter, "the forces of the enemy are drawn up. Will our church send her leaders to inspire the African nations?"

Henry Holland, of Quetta, Afghanistan, says: "Africa should receive concentrated attention because if pagan Africa once embraces Islam, then the work of converting it to Christianity will be a hundred times more difficult and once Africa is under the sway of Islam, the days of spiritual harvest such as have taken place in Africa will be over forever. Africa, in my opinion, offers the most urgent field at the present time.

In the Dark Continent the crescent is waxing, not waning," says Rev. W. J. Gairdner. "It is already half full and expects soon to be full. In every Moslem is a natural missionary."

Unfinished Task in China.
The unfinished task in China is

still a gigantic one. What plea could be more eloquent in brevity and pathos than the fact that there are still in China one thousand five hundred and fifty-seven cities without missionaries?

When the China Inland Mission was founded in 1864 there were only fifteen Protestant mission stations in China with about 2,000 converts. Today that mission alone has 205 stations, and 769 substations. Every province of the empire has its missions, with a total of 2,027 native church organizations and 177,724 Protestant church members.

And in addition to the areas unreached there are the Moslems, numbering millions. It is said that the Moslem population of China is certainly equal to the entire population of Algeria or Scotland or Ireland; that it is in all probability equal to that of Morocco and numbers not less than the total population of Persia. One writer has said: "Within China there is a special people, equal in number to the population of any of China's dependencies, for whom practically nothing is being done, and whose presence hitherto has been almost ignored."

The Bible in Japan.

Fifty years ago no portion of the Bible was translated into the Japanese language, nor was the Bible in any language allowed to be circulated in Japan. Twenty-five years ago the complete Bible in what is called the authorized version was printed. During the quarter century the Japanese language has greatly developed and become standardized, the people of the various provinces coming to speak the "Tokio dialect." It was, therefore, felt that a revision was necessary, and a "revision committee" was appointed recently by the "permanent committee on the translation, revision, publication and preservation of the text of the holy scriptures in Japan." The latter committee is composed of two agents of each Bible society and one representative from each co-operating mission.

The following is an extract from the most recent report of the "revision committee": "At the close of 1911 the gospel of Mark had been published, and the preliminary drafts of Matthew, Luke and John had either been completed or were well under way. The second revision of Matthew in full committee had proceeded to about the fifteenth chapter. During the present year, in addition to the preliminary drafts of Luke and John by the sub-committee, to whom that work was entrusted, the revision by full com-

mittee of the latter half of Matthew, the whole of Luke and a portion of John has been accomplished and preliminary draft has been made of a considerable portion of the Acts."

The Arabic Language.

It is said that the Arabic language will yet be the vehicle for carrying the gospel in Africa and Asia among the Mohammedans. The Arabs themselves say: "Wisdom hath alighted upon three things—the brain of the Franks, the hand of the Chinese and the tongue of the Arabs."

Arabia is undoubtedly important because of its speech. Samuel M. Zwemer says: "Arabic literature is found throughout the whole Mohammedan world, and the Arabic language is growing in influence and power, and is one of the great living languages of the world. The Arabic Koran is a textbook in the day schools of Turkey, Afghanistan, Java, Sumatra, New Guinea and Southern Russia. Arabic is the spoken language not only of the Arabs of Arabia proper, but forces the linguistic boundary of that peninsula three hundred miles north of Baghdad to Diarbekr and Mardin, and is used all over Syria and Palestine, and the whole of Northern Africa. Even Cape Colony and in the West Indies there are daily papers in the language of Mohammed. This wonderful flexible, logical speech with its enormous vocabulary and delicacy of expression can only be won for Christianity when Arabia is won for Christ."

Buddhists in Japan.

In Japan there are thirteen denominations and fifty-seven sects of Buddhism. Of these the most powerful one is that of Shin Shin. There are 71,769 temples and 53,081 priests. This number includes only residing priests. Counting all those engaged in preaching and teaching there are 773,947. There are also other kinds of priests and nuns who have done duties of either preaching or teaching. These number 54,001. These classes of priests and nuns make up in all 180,129. Besides these there are about 10,000 students preparing for the priesthood.

The home department of the Japanese government has been gathering statistics of Christians for many years and the last report of the number of believers of the different churches is as follows: Roman Catholic, 63,981; Greek Catholic, 14,749; Nippon Kirisuto, 18,441; Kumiai, 16,115; Sei Ko Wwai, 15,090; Methodists, 11,763; Baptists, 4,191; other smaller denominations, 12,246; total, 155,676.

Protestants in Korea.

In Korea the total roll of full communicant members of Protestant churches comes to 68,195; probationers, 46,175; other adherents enrolled and regularly attending, 64,797, or a total of all classes of 179,167. There is an average attendance in Sunday school of 109,855. There are 774 parochial schools, with 18,287 scholars attending. Last year there were 334 students in attendance in the theological seminaries. Of this number fifty graduated."

Beginning of Missions.

The modern era of English missions began with Carey. When he wrote his investigation of the missionary problem, that wonderful epitome of the conditions and the needs of the non-Christian world of his day, it was true that discovery and investigation had vastly widened the horizon of missions, and the world was more Christian than in the days of Paul, but it was still largely unknown, only partly discovered and very sparsely occupied by missions. Africa was unexplored, China unknown, Central Asia unvisited, and the principal mission fields of today closed by barriers and difficulties which seemed insurmountable.

Millions of Mohammedans.

Only thirteen centuries have passed since the death of Mohammed and today there are 225,000,000 Mohammedans, one-seventh of the population of the globe. There are 50,000,000 in Africa, 62,000,000 in India, 30,000,000 in China, 29,000,000 in the Malay Archipelago, and 250,000 in the Philippines, not to speak of the lands that are almost wholly Mohammedan in Western Asia. A recent writer said: "What fires of faith and devotion must have burned in the hearts of the early champions of Islam, to make them gird on the sword and fight and die for the new religion. It swept across Syria and all North Africa like the desert simoon—swift, fierce, impetuous, irresistible, destructive—only to be curbed and cooled by the waves of the Atlantic."

—Grain headquarters. Prewitt & Wadley. 671f

ACTS ON THE LIVER.

Dodson's Liver Tonic Livens Up the Liver—Is More Than a Mere Laxative.

Calomel was for years the only known medicine that would stimulate the liver. But calomel is often dangerous, and people are not to be blamed for being afraid of it.

Within the last few years many medicines have been put out to be used instead of calomel, but their effect is on the bowels—not on the liver. The Pecos Drug Company says that the only real liver medicine to actually take the place of calomel is Dodson's Liver Tonic, a mild, harmless, vegetable liquid that they recommend to take the place of calomel and which gives prompt relief in cases of constipation, biliousness and sluggish liver.

So confident are the Pecos Drug Company that they give their personal guarantee with every 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic. You can be sure that you are getting Dodson's by asking at this store if they are giving you the medicine they personally guarantee to refund money on if unsatisfactory.—Advertisement.

BIG SHOOT AT PEESKILL.

Intelligent Handling of Rifle Successfully Taught.

Last year 127 boys from the New York City schools participated in an all day shoot on the government rifle range at Peekskill, N. Y., under the auspices of the Public School Athletic League. This year, on September 27, the league took almost double that number of shooters—250—to the range and the young marksmen, none over eighteen years of age, again demonstrated that it is possible to successfully teach the use of a rifle with the use of the sub-target machines employed in the school work.

All firing was done with the regulation army rifle and strictly according to firing regulations. The boys had a mean, tricky wind to deal with all day, and were not able to equal last year's high scores, but under the circumstances the shooting is considered first class.

De Du Pont Match for first teams was won by Manual Training School with a score of 186 out of a possible 250; Morris and Bryant Schools were tied for second place with a score of 183 out of a possible 250, the latter winning out by the best score at the longest range.

In the Public Schools Athletic League match for the second teams the DeWitt Clinton School team won with a total of 172 out of a possible 250, Manual and Morris finishing in the order named with 158 and 157 out of a possible 250.

Dependancy

Is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. For sale by all druggists.

In the Russian Wash.

The laundry business in Russia is still in its infancy, says the American Consul at Moscow.

There are no steam laundries in the cities for the general trade, the work being done either at the homes or at private hand laundries. Families who can afford it usually keep one or more servants whose time is occupied with the washing and ironing.

In the homes of the well-to-do washing machines and wringers are to be found, but in the majority of homes the family washing is done in a wooden or metal trough and rinsed in a stream of water. Washboards are just coming into use.

In the private hand laundries injurious chemicals are used to "break" the water, and fragile clothing lasts but a few washings.

The proprietors have no thought of time, and usually an ordinary week's wash is not delivered under a fortnight. The delivery is made in baskets carried by boys or girls on foot, delivery wagons being unknown.—Tit-Bits.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, vs. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1913.
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

—Try some of our honey. It is extra nice and put up clean. On sale at your grocers. Write us for special prices on 60-lb. cans, delivered. W. E. Irvine & Son, Barstow, Texas. 68-4

—See that \$100 watch for \$50—cost. City Pharmacy. 71

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Distribute your water through our **CONCRETE PIPE LINES** They save all the water and half the Labor Most permanent and economical of all Pipe Lines

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EXCURSION RATES

Pecos to St. Louis and return \$42.35.
Account United States Good Roads Association Convention. Dates of sale Nov. 8, 9 and 10, limited for return Nov. 30.
C. M. WILSON, Agent

LEGAL NOTICES.

Copy of Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Texas, at Pecos.

In the matter of Oscar Marion Henderson, Bankrupt. No. 1, in Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable T. S. Maxey, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Texas:

Oscar Marion Henderson, of Pecos, in the County of Reeves and State of Texas, in said district, respectfully represents:

That on the 27th day of September A. D. 1913, last past, he was duly adjudged a bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property and fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and all the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankruptcy acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 24th day of October, A. D. 1913.
(Signed) Oscar Marion Henderson, Bankrupt.
Subscribed and sworn to before me

by Oscar Marion Henderson, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1913.

(Signed) A. J. WILSON, Notary Public, Reeves County, Texas. Endorsed: Filed Oct. 24, 1913.

ORDER THEREON.
Western District of Texas, ss.

Pursuant to general order of the Court authorizing the Clerk to set down applications for discharge for hearing before the Referee, it is, on this the 24th day of October, A. D. 1913, upon reading the foregoing petition, ordered that a hearing be had upon the same on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1913, before Ben Palmer, Referee, at his office at Pecos, Texas, in said district, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

D. H. HART, Clerk.
By J. F. Caroline, Deputy. 73-1

Abilene—Col. J. Bowyer, one of the most progressive farmers in this city, has just received a big steam plow and will use same on 3000 acres of land this year. This is the finest steam plow ever used in Taylor County.

They Make You Feel Good. The pleasant purgative effect produced by Chamberlain's Tablets proper the healthy condition of body where mind which they create make one joyful. For sale by all dealers.

The Remington Cubs find the Autoloader always ready

REMINGTON UMC

AUTOLOADING SHOTGUNS

ANY way you look at it, the Autoloader is the highest development in modern shotgun design. It puts five loads at your disposal by merely pressing the trigger. It puts the recoil to useful work—to eject the empty and slip in the fresh shell. It saves the gunner's shoulder—rids his sport of annoyances—increases his shooting average.

Your danger is that in your enthusiasm over the autoloading principle, you may forget to insist on getting the finest embodiment of that principle—the Remington-UMC Autoloading Shotgun.

The peculiar advantages of the Remington-UMC are too many to detail here. What you want to do is to get one of the Remington-UMC dealers in this section to demonstrate them to you on the gun itself.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
239 Broadway N. Y.