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The Christoval Observer

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Christoval, Tom Green Co. Tex.

For County Judge



JOHN P. LEE

John Lee in Contest for County Judge. Believes in Salary Cut.

Under the wire before the Saturday deadline for filing, John P. Lee, farmer and ranchman, and for more than 50 years a resident of this county, is running for the office of County Judge, subject to action of Tom Green Democrats in the July 25 primary. Mr. Lee announced his candidacy on a platform of greater economy in county finances.

Mr. Lee is not a lawyer, but says the office of County Judge has been filled with satisfaction in the past by men who were not members of the bar and that as legal questions represent so little of the actual duties of the office he feels he can secure with little difficulty what legal advice and counsel the office may require.

Mr. Lee is making his campaign upon the platform that the salary of the office of County Judge and other officers of the county should not have been increased as a result of the change in the method of fixing salaries when the fee system was discontinued. He says, if elected, he will immediately ask the commissioners' court to set his salary at not more than \$3,000. The County Judge's salary now is \$4,000, the highest in the history of the county.

"The only way to reduce taxes," Mr. Lee said, "is to reduce the cost of government. If elected, I will start with my own salary first and then see what influence I can have in getting the court to reduce other salaries and to reduce other expenditures.

"Everyone is aware of the fact that the present depression has created a situation which will eventually result in either the county taking care of its indigents or these people becoming the public charge of local charities. This will cost money. We will need all we can save."

Mr. Lee is a former county commissioner, has been a member of the county relief board, a member of the county farm board, chairman of the corn-hog section of the AAA, president of the San Angelo Fair and president of the San Angelo Fat Stock Show. He has been a leader in Democratic politics in this section a number of years. He was a delegate to the 1932 convention that nominated President Roosevelt and Vice President Garner and was a delegate to the convention in Philadelphia.

Pay your Subscription now. We need the money.

Courtesy in War.

I read with much interest the narrative in the December Veteran written by Rev. J. W. Ware of an incident in which a Federal officer, Gen. Wesley Merritt, appeared in a generous attitude in his dealings with a southern family during war. This reminded me of somewhat similar incident in the military career of General Grant during his Mississippi campaign in 1863 preceding the siege of Vicksburg. I do not think this story as heretofore appeared in print. General Grant had headquarters there for several months. Mrs. Grant joining him, and bringing their small son, Jesse, who related one of the incidents here referred to in his book published a few years ago. My information was received from members of the Govan family—especially from Capt. Frank H. Govan, a son of Mrs. E. P. Govan, a son of Mr. E. P. Govan.

Govan family was a distinguished one in Mississippi. There were five brothers—E. P., John J., William H., Daniel C., and George M—each of them serving in the Confederate army except E. P., Govan, who was too old for military service. Major William H. Govan moved to Arkansas before the war, and became Adjutant of Hindman's Division, Gen. Daniel C. Govan also went to Arkansas before the war, and commanded a brigade of infantry in Cleburne's division. Capt. Frank H. Govan, son of E. P., enlisted in the Confederate army at Holly Springs in April, 1861, when he was just 15 years of age, and became a captain during the 12 or 15 months of the war, serving on the staff of his uncle Daniel.

General Grant occupied a room downstairs in the Govan home as his official headquarters, and heard Mrs. Grant lived in a suite of rooms upstairs. They boarded regularly with the Govans, sitting regularly at the family table, and always joining in conversation with members of the family, there being a large family circle—four daughters and three sons. Capt. Frank Govan has often related to me his experiences at home on furlough while Gen. Grant was there. He was a mere boy, not over 17 or 18, and of course, had laid aside his uniform and all evidences of military life. He told me that he sat at the General's elbow during meals for nearly a month, and was morally certain that the General was aware of his being a furloughed Confederate soldier, never took notice of the fact, merely treating the young soldier as he did other members of the family, that of friendliness and quiet courtesy. When the furlough expired, the young soldier quietly slipped away and rejoined his command, leaving the merchants still there as guests or boarders.

If that incident had occurred in the presence or knowledge of some other Federal officer, great noise would have been made about it, and doubtless young Govan would have been arrested and executed as a spy.

Later, General Forrest made a raid on Holly Springs and came very near capturing Gen. Grant, who made a hasty escape by a margin of less than an hour. Jesse R. Grant tells of this in his book, but here is an

incident of which he doubts was not appraised. In making his hasty departure, Gen. Grant carried away his official papers from his office, but left behind all private baggage of his wife and himself. A squad of Forrest's cavalry raided the house, and discovering the General's escape with his official matters, dashed upstairs for a further search of the rooms and baggage. Mrs. Govan followed them, requesting that the trunks be left undisturbed, as they were the private property of Mrs. Grant. The cavalrymen were not disposed to be thus thwarted in their search, but the old lady threatened to report them to General Forrest, and reminded them that the General would not tolerate such a discourtesy. Then they desisted. Mrs. Govan was not aware at the time of the fact that one of the trunks contained the sword presented to Grant by Congress as a memorial of the capture of Fort Donelson.

After the raid ended, Grant returned to Holly Springs with a stronger guard and with his wife, resumed headquarters at the Govan home. When he left there later to move further South on his Vicksburg campaign, he voluntarily gave to the Govan family a "protection order" entirely in his own hand writing and signed as "Major General, U. S. A." I have seen the document several times, and it is still in the possession of Captain Frank Govan's widow at Marianna, Lee County, Ark.—Judge E. A. McCullough, Washington, D. C., in Confederate V. e. a. n. l.

The Graduate—And Opportunity

By RAYMOND PITCAIRN
National Chairman
Sentinels of the Republic

From schools and colleges throughout our nation thousands of young Americans are striding forth as this is written, in eager search of the opportunity to prove their powers.

What words of encouragement are offered them?

That depends on whose messages they hear.

At many commencement exercises real words of inspiration have been spoken. But from other platforms, from the lips of the new economic and political south-sayers, continues to sound that philosophy of despair adopted in recent years from the fears and the pessimism of Europe.

It seeks to convince young America that the era of opportunity is ended; that pride in one's own strength and courage and self-reliance is not only futile, but old-fashioned; that youth must learn to depend on government and the politicians to guide its life and supply its wants.

It is an un-American doctrine. The career of Abraham Lincoln, who rose from the log cabin to the pinnacle of statesmanship, has proved its falsity. So have the lives of the Wright brothers, who began as bicycle repair men and gave us the airplane; of Edison, the train boy, who made electricity perform new miracles; of Henry Ford, one-time obscure mechanic—and of countless American leaders in our public and professional and commercial life today.

Such men would have turned deaf ears to that swan-song of Americanism which now swells from so large a group of our politicians. They listened instead to "the Eagle's Song; to be staunch and valiant, and free, and strong."

Despite the newer pessimists, America continues to offer careers to all who hear that message.

Opportunity, like Freedom, has still a continent to live in.

The Observer is now better prepared to do your job printing than ever before. Send us your orders for bill heads, note and letter heads, cards, circulars etc.

Your Druggist
Is ready now with your Fall Sporting Goods. He has basketball, football and tennis supplies that will add to your pleasure and your success. Go to your Druggist and see how well he can equip you. P-19
San Antonio Drug Co.

"VACATION?"

We're taking Ours
At Home
—there's plenty in this Big State We Haven't Seen"

TEXAS CENTENNIAL 1936

Texans are seeing Texas during CENTENNIAL YEAR!

Centennial year is not only an opportunity for Texas to be host to millions of visitors from other states, it's a year for Texans to travel Texas and know their own state!

For real vacation pleasures Texas is unsurpassed anywhere. We have mountains, seashores, missions, foreign atmosphere, pine woods, gay night life in our metropolitan cities, historic places, unexcelled golf and fishing—every attraction you can find anywhere, right here in our own state.

Millions of Texans are seeing the big exposition at Dallas, then driving on to various other parts of the state for other equally interesting Centennial Celebrations. The Texas Centennial is state-wide. See all of it that time permits.

Read the calendar of interesting Centennial events at its right. Write the various chambers of commerce for complete information at cities you are interested in.

For a real vacation—TEXAS. SEE TEXAS!

For dates beyond July 4 write State Headquarters TEXAS CENTENNIAL CELEBRATIONS Dallas, Texas

Roper Greeted at Exposition



SECRETARY ROPER AT FAIR.—Secretary of Commerce Daniel G. Roper is shown above, left, as he arrived in Dallas Saturday for the opening of the exposition. He is being greeted by Governor James V. Allred, with whom he participated in the opening ceremonies.

Mechanical Horses
Is thinking its cavalry recruits the German army is making use of a machine driven by electricity, in which all the movements of horses are simulated.

Working Girls Vacation
It is said that 5,754 out of the 100,000 working girls in New York got vacation through cooperative social clubs.

FRECKLES DISAPPEAR IN 10 DAYS



WONDER CREAM WIPES AWAY BLACKHEADS—DULL, DINGY SKIN

Just Reward

After success, a self-made man likes to recite his experiences.

Black Leaf 40 advertisement for killing lice on feathers.

It is Good-By When a man says "good-by" over the telephone don't go on.

Calotabs advertisement for biliousness and stomach issues.

Mufi advertisement for cleaning shoes and clothes.

MOROLINE advertisement for snow white petroleum jelly.

DAISY FLY KILLER advertisement for killing flies.

Wintersmith's Tonic advertisement for malaria and general health.

Cross Children May Need Simple Laxative

When children are cross and touchy give them Feen-a-mint, the delightful chewing gum laxative.

Watch Your Kidneys!

Be Sure They Properly Cleanse the Blood. YOUR kidneys are constantly filtering waste matter from the blood stream.

DOAN'S PILLS advertisement for kidney health.

HERE'S RELIEF for Sore, Irritated Skin. Resinol advertisement.

Current Events in Review

By Edward W. Pickard

74th Congress Adjourns

THE Seventy-fourth congress adjourned after a session lasting five and a half months during which it appropriated nearly \$10,000,000,000 and was faced by some unexpected legislative complications.

In the closing hours the emergency tax bill which is expected to produce \$800,000,000 in revenue was passed. Supreme court invalidation of the AAA and Guffey coal bills and the passage of the cash soldiers' bonus over the President's veto upset the budget plans and made such a bill necessary.

Although it was passed by the house, the amended Guffey coal bill designed to remove the objections of the Supreme court failed of passage in the senate. Similarly, the Wagner slum housing bill, which had passed the senate, failed in the house.

Larger than normal appropriations for governmental activities were passed. The bonus, farm payments, relief and the greatest national defense program in peace time history helped swell the total.

Funds for continuing the present relief program were voted; the public works revolving fund was amended to permit more heavy construction projects. But congress failed to approve the Florida ship canal and Passamaquoddy tide dam.

Invalidation of the AAA brought a revised and expanded soil conservation and domestic allotment act; the rural electrification administration and electric farm and home authority were both placed on a permanent basis; the Commodity Credit corporation was expanded; two flood control bills were passed. Labor received attention through the Walsh-Healy bill dealing with working conditions on government contracts. A compromise ship subsidy bill was rushed through in the closing hours. Financial legislation included expansion of the jurisdiction of SEC. Important among business legislation was the Patman bill amending the Clayton anti-trust act regarding price discrimination.

A number of important bills failed of enactment. Among these were the Pettigill long and short hauls bill, stockyard regulation, Frazier-Lemke farm mortgage bill, and bills on the 30-hour week, extension of the railroad co-ordinator's tenure, anti-war profits, alien deportation, enlargement of the federal trade commission's power and treasury agency service.

Smith Asks Roosevelt "Be Put Aside"

CALLING upon the delegates to the Democratic national convention to "put aside Franklin D. Roosevelt" and to nominate "some genuine Democrat" for President, former Gov. Alfred E. Smith and four other anti-administration Democrats charged the New Deal with failure.

The demand came in the form of a telegram and was signed by Smith, Bainbridge Colby, secretary of state under President Wilson, James A. Reed, former senator from Missouri, Joseph B. Ely, former governor of Massachusetts, and Daniel E. Cohalan, former justice of the Supreme court of New York.

Former Governor Smith and his colleagues indicated that they will not support President Roosevelt in the forthcoming Presidential campaign, fulfilling Smith's previous threat to "take a walk."

Pro-Roosevelt delegates from every section of the country prepared for a concerted attack upon the "bolters."

Gov. Herbert Lehman of New York turned his back upon Mr. Smith and predicted President Roosevelt would carry New York by a substantial majority in November. He declared: "I have read the statement. I am confident that the views expressed by the five signers of statement represent the feelings of only a handful of Democrats."

Death Takes von Buelow Noted German Diplomat

THE death of Bernhard W. von Buelow, secretary of state for foreign affairs in the Hitler cabinet, removed one of the most skilled of Europe's diplomats. Von Buelow, who was fifty-one, was an expert on the League of Nations and gave his country valuable counsel when Germany began to consider rejoining the league. He was noted as a studious and hard-working official, with a vast amount of detailed information always readily available.

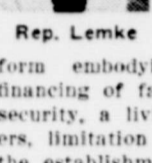
A "blueblood" of the German nobility, the diplomat was a nephew of the late Prince Bernhard von Buelow, imperial chancellor. He was one of the first of the German nobles to associate himself with the republican regime after the collapse of the empire in 1918. Although different in background from Hitler, he nevertheless enjoyed the chancellor's confidence.

In diplomatic circles it was regarded as likely that Dr. Hans Dieckhoff, chief of the political department of the foreign office, will succeed Buelow as secretary of state.

In Russia, Maxim Gorky, early foe of the czars who became a hero of the Soviet regime and its outstanding writer, died of influenza at the age of sixty-eight. Although not a member of the Communist party, Gorky had a prominent position in Soviet life and was a former member of the central executive committee. Moscow honored him with a public funeral and interment in the Kremlin in a niche facing Lenin's tomb.

Rep. Lemke Will Be Presidential Candidate

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM R. LEMKE of North Dakota announced that he would run for the Presidency as candidate of a new political group known as the Union party.



Rep. Lemke

Father Charles E. Coughlin, Detroit priest, is the leading sponsor of Lemke's candidacy. Thomas Charles O'Brien of Boston will be the vice-presidential candidate on the ticket, it was announced.

Mr. Lemke made public a 15-point platform embodying demands for re-financing of farm mortgages, old age security, a living wage for all workers, limitation on individual incomes, the establishment of a central bank, the issuance by congress of all currency and its regulation of the value of all the money.

Plans were made for the new party to hold a national convention some time during August in Cleveland.

Mr. Lemke said the Union party has the support of farm unions, labor, the National Union for Social Justice established by Father Coughlin, the Townsend old age pension movement and "all other liberals who have been driven from the old parties."

Packers Seek Recovery of All Processing Taxes

A BATTLE to recover all the processing taxes paid to the government under the invalidated AAA was undertaken by the "big four" of the packing industry—Swift and Company, Armour and Company, Wilson and Company and the Cudahy Packing company.

Having won back \$45,000,000 when the AAA was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme court the packing industry has decided to attempt to recover from the government more than \$200,000,000 paid before injunctions against the tax were granted and subsequent payments impounded.

The meat packing industry as a whole paid a total of \$271,000,000 in processing taxes from the inception of the AAA. The packers are basing their claims for recovery on the ground that as the Supreme court ruled the processing taxes invalid, payments made in accordance with that law were illegally collected and should be returned. It was reported that smaller packing companies were considering action to recover their tax payments, but have waited until the major units in the industry instituted their proceedings. The total in tax recoveries sought by the four big Chicago companies is approximately \$100,000,000.

U. S. Revokes Sanctions Imposed on Italy

FOLLOWING the lead of Great Britain, the United States formally revoked all sanctions imposed against Italy during the recent Italo-Ethiopian conflict. A proclamation by President Roosevelt declared all previous communications dealing with the sale of munitions of war, loans and travel by Americans on Italian ships was revoked.

Although the sanctions were against both Italy and Ethiopia, in practical application they were used only against Italy, since the United States did not supply the African nation with any war materials and the empire of Haile Selassie had no ships of its own.

The French cabinet agreed to abide by any action which the League of Nations may take in cancelling sanctions against Italy.

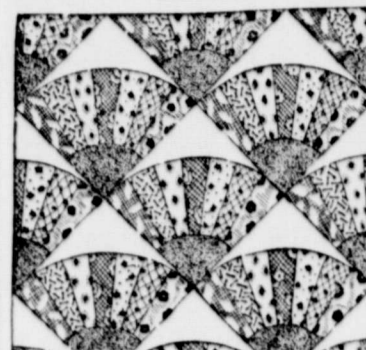
The British government's decision to abandon sanctions was defended in an address by Prime Minister Baldwin as the only alternative which would prevent a suicidal war plunging western civilization into "barbarous anarchy."

Farm Income Sharply Up In Year's First Quarter

FARM cash income from marketing in the United States amounted to \$2,017,000,000 in the first four months of 1936, compared with \$1,749,000,000 last year, an increase of 15.3 per cent, according to a compilation issued by the Alexander Hamilton Institute.

The institute's figures showed that the price level during the first four months was 23 per cent lower than a year ago, but the quantity marketed showed an increase of 18.1 per cent.

Invite Your Friends to Help Piece This Pretty "Friendship Fan" Quilt



"Come to a quilting bee"—this quilt, Friendship Fan, seems to say, for it's one so easily pieced you, or a gathering of friends, can quickly do a quantity of blocks. Use your own scraps—have your friends contribute some, too, but be sure you make it colorful. Only three pattern pieces are needed to form the block—it's just the quilt for a beginner! Pattern 400 comes to you with complete, simple instructions for cutting, sewing and finishing, together with yardage chart, diagram of quilt to help arrange the blocks for single and double bed size, and a diagram of block which serves as a guide for placing the patches and suggests contrasting materials.

Send 15 cents in coins or stamps (coins preferred) to The Sewing Circle, Needlecraft Dept., 82 Eighth Ave., New York, N. Y. Write plainly pattern number, your name and address.

PE: WHAT'S THE BEST RECIPE FOR SUCCESSFUL HOME CANNING? HERE IT IS... NO: USE NOTHING BUT U. S. ROYAL PE-KO EDGE JAR RUBBERS. THEY SEAL FLAVOR IN TIGHT, AND THEIR TWO BIG LIPS MAKE THEM EASY TO APPLY, EASY TO REMOVE.

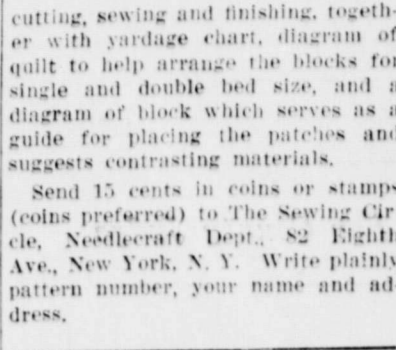
BOYS! GIRLS! Read the Grape Nuts ad in another column of this paper and learn how to join the Dizzy Dean Winners and win valuable free prizes.—Adv.

Gravity of Bearing. Patience and gravity of bearing are an essential part of justice; and an overspeaking judge is no well-tuned cymbal.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT HOUSEHOLD

Make Your Own Fly and Mosquito Spray. One pint extract makes 2 1/2 gallons of spray. Recipe as used by U. S. Gov. Eureka Chemical Co., 703 S. Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

GOOD LIGHT Every Night WITH A Coleman LANTERN



THIS is the little Coleman Lantern with the big brilliance. It lights instantly and is always ready for any lighting job, in any weather.

Just the light you need for every outdoor use on the farm, for hunting, fishing, outdoor sports. Has genuine Pyrex bulb-type globe, porcelain ventilator top, nickel-plated four built-in pump. Like Coleman Lamp, it makes and burns its own gas from regular gasoline. It's a big value, with years of dependable lighting service, for only \$8.95.

SEE YOUR LOCAL DEALER—or write for FREE Folder. THE COLEMAN LAMP AND STOVE CO. Dept. W100, Wichita, Kan.; Los Angeles, Calif.; Chicago, Ill.; Philadelphia, Pa.

\$ & ♥ DOLLARS & HEALTH

The successful person is a healthy person. Don't let yourself be handicapped by sick headaches, a sluggish condition, stomach "nerves" and other dangerous signs of over-acidity.



MILNESIA FOR HEALTH

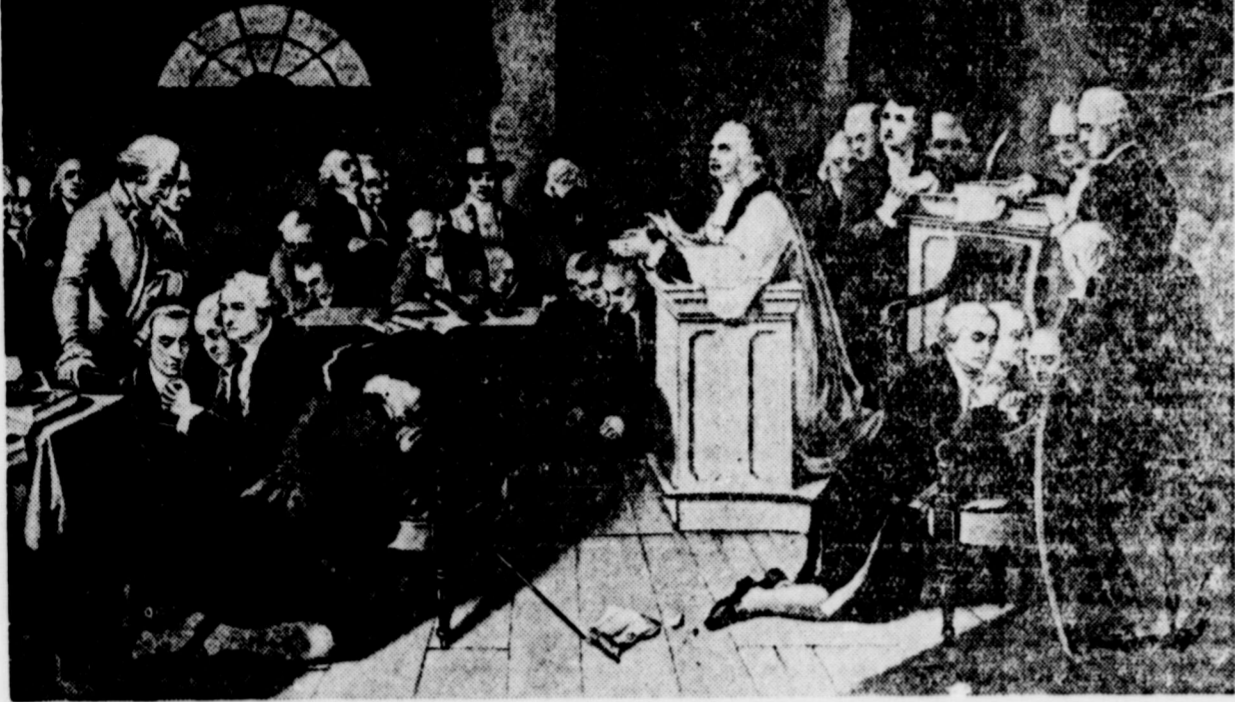
Milnesia, the original milk of magnesia, in wafer form, neutralizes stomach acids, gives quick, pleasant elimination. Each wafer equals 4 teaspoonfuls milk of magnesia. Tasty, too. 20c, 35c & 60c everywhere.

READ THE ADS

Large advertisement for Firestone tires, including 'New Firestone Standard Tire' and 'The Thrift Tire of 1936'.

Listen to the Voice of Firestone—featuring Margaret Speaks, Soprano, with the Firestone Choral Symphony, and William Daly's Orchestra—every Monday night over N. B. C. Nationwide Network

The First Prayer in Congress



In September, 1774, the first Continental Congress met and offered up a petition for divine guidance through days which were unanimously turbulent. The four kneeling figures in the left foreground are, from left to right, Patrick Henry, Va.; John Rutledge, S. C.; George Washington, Va., and Peyton Randolph, Va. Directly to the left and standing are Samuel and John Adams of Massachusetts. The Congress said in reference to the Intolerable Acts that "no obedience is due from this province." And "whereas our enemies have flattered themselves that they shall make an easy prey of this numerous, brave and hardy people," those "who are qualified" are urged "to acquaint themselves with the art of war as soon as possible, and do for that purpose appear under arms at least once a week." Its drawing up of "The Association" to forbid the import of British goods after December 1, 1774, and the export of American goods to Great Britain, Ireland and the West Indies after September 10, 1775, aroused severe opposition but it has been called "virtually the beginning of the federal union."

What Made July 4 Our Greatest Day

On JULY 2, in the year 1776, fell on a Tuesday. The Continental Congress, then in convention in Philadelphia, opened its session at 9 a. m. in Independence Hall. The record of that day's business, as set forth in the Journal of the Continental Congress, is brief and lacking in many details, observes Hal Borland in the Philadelphia Public Ledger. Several letters, including one from General Washington, were read and disposed of, that of Washington being "referred to the board of war and ordnance." Then the Journal says: "The congress resumed the consideration of the resolution agreed to by and reported from the committee of the whole; and the same being read, was agreed to as follows:

"Resolved, That these United Colonies are, and, of right, ought to be, Free and Independent states; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connexion between them, and the State of Great Britain, is, and ought to be, totally dissolved.

"Agreeable to the order of the day, the congress resolved itself into a committee of the whole; the president resumed the chair. Mr. Harrison reported, that the committee have had under consideration the declaration to them referred; but, not having had time to go through, desired leave to sit again.

"Resolved, That this Congress will, tomorrow, again resolve itself into a committee of the whole, to take into their further consideration the declaration of independence."

A few minutes later the session adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow.

THIS resolution, agreed to many years ago, had been presented to the Congress for action on the seventh day of the June preceding, almost a month before. It was drawn up and presented by Richard Henry Lee, pursuant to a resolution of the Virginia house of burgesses adopted on May 15, the same year. It was seconded, when presented to the Congress, by John Adams, on behalf of the Massachusetts delegation. Consideration, however, was deferred until the following day, when it was referred to the committee of the whole. Postponed again on the eighth, which was a Saturday, on the tenth of June a committee was appointed "to prepare a declaration to the effect of the said first resolution." That committee was composed of Thomas Jefferson, chairman; John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Robert R. Livingston and Roger Sherman.

This committee brought in its report on June 28, with the first draft of the declaration. It was read and ordered to lie on the table. That was a Friday. The Congress adjourned that day until the following Monday, July 1.

THEN came July 2, with the passage of the resolution presented on the seventh of June by Mr. Lee, but still without agreement on the text of the declaration itself. July 3 saw a similarly fruitless discussion. But on Thursday morning July 4, differences had been smoothed out. The Journal, in its entry for that day, records: "Agreeable to the order of the day, the Congress resolved itself into a committee of the whole, to take into

their further consideration, the declaration. The president resumed the chair. Mr. Harrison reported that the committee of the whole Congress have agreed to a Declaration, which he delivered in. The Declaration being again read, was agreed to."

The text of the declaration as agreed to finally was substantially as Jefferson had prepared it.

THE Declaration received the votes of all the Colonies except New York, whose delegates were not then authorized to commit themselves on the matter. A short time later they were so authorized and also sanctioned it. At the July 4 session, after agreement to the Declaration, the Congress ordered that it be printed and copies sent to the various Colonial Assemblies and to the commanding officers of the Continental troops and that it be proclaimed "in each of the United States, and at the head of the army." It was signed the same day by John Hancock, as president of the Congress. The other signatures, however, were not inscribed on the original text. That text was copied on parchment, and on August 2 the formality of signing took place. Fifty-three signed that day; three signed later in the year. Of the fifty-six signers, seven were not members of the Congress on July 4 when the Declaration was agreed to, and of those who were present on that historic day, seven never signed the document.

The Declaration was first proclaimed in public on July 8, when it was read by John Nixon from the platform built in Independence Square in 1793.

THE Declaration was not adopted by the Continental Congress until almost fifteen months after the War for Independence started with the engagements at Concord and Lexington. They occurred on April 19, 1775. In fact, seven important battles of that war had been fought before the resolution of independence introduced by Mr. Lee was agreed to. They were, besides Concord and Lexington, Ticonderoga, on May 10; Bunker Hill, on June 17; Montreal, on November 13; Quebec, on December 31, all in 1775, and Fort Mifflin, on June 28, 1776. George Washington had been commander-in-chief—though he was termed a general—of the Continental forces since June 15, 1775. At the time of the Declaration, Washington was in the field and had been for more than a year. On the day it was formally adopted he was in New York, preparing for what was to be the Battle of Long Island.

Despite the deliberate action of the Congress, however, there had been demands for a declaration of independence months before that July day in 1776. There was the Mæcklenberg Declaration, passed on May 20, 1775. And on April 22, 1776, the freeholders of Cumberland county, Virginia, called for similar action by the Virginia convention itself, which met on May 6 and moved for the declaration which Richard Henry Lee presented to the Congress the following month.

THE flag code states that when the flag is displayed either horizontally or vertically against a wall, the union should be uppermost and to the flag's own right, i. e., to the observer's left. Under the heading "Cautions," the code reads: "Do not use the flag as drapery in any form whatever. Use bunting of blue, white and red."

Presidents and the Fourth

Data of things that happened on the Fourth of July reveal that one President, Calvin Coolidge, was born on the Fourth and three Presidents, John Adams, Thomas Jefferson and James Monroe, died on July 4. Adams and Jefferson dying on the same date in 1826.

Independence Day From Washington Star

WHEN those fleeting flaming glories Were displayed across the sky In remembrance of the stories Of brave men in days gone by, Then we thought of deeds of daring And of clear and steadfast minds That had set the countryaring Safe through the tempestuous winds.

Then we pondered on the toiling And the watches of the night; Of the suffering and despoiling Braved in reverence of the right, And each memory we cherish Shall not fade away and die, Shall not be allowed to perish Like a rocket in the sky.

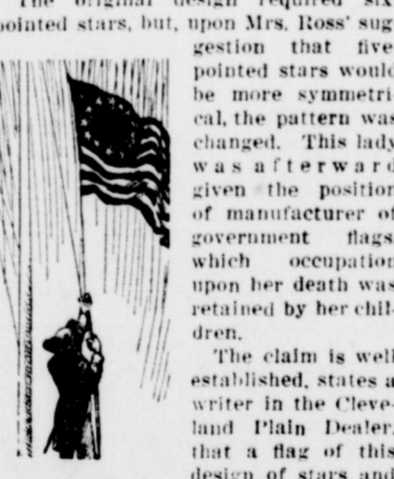
Where Old Glory Was First Flown

IN June, 1777, a committee having been appointed by congress to confer with General Washington concerning a design for a national flag, it reported in favor of one containing thirteen stripes, alternately red and white, and a blue field adorned with thirteen white stars. This was adopted June 14, and the design was carried to the upholstering shop of Mrs. Ross, No. 239 Arch street, Philadelphia, where the first national flag was made.

The original design required six-pointed stars, but, upon Mrs. Ross' suggestion that five-pointed stars would be more symmetrical, the pattern was changed. This lady was afterward given the position of manufacturer of government flags, which occupation upon her death was retained by her children.

The claim is well established, states a writer in the Cleveland Plain Dealer, that a flag of this design of stars and stripes was first hoisted at Fort Stanwix, called Fort Schuyler at the time, near the present city of Rome, N. Y., on August 3, 1777. It was first under fire three days later in the battle of Oriskany.

By act of congress January 13, 1794, the design of the flag was changed so as to incorporate fifteen stripes and fifteen stars, after the admission of Vermont and Kentucky, and one star was to be added for every subsequent state admitted. This, however, was repealed in 1818, when the original number of stripes was established, the stars continuing to increase as new states were admitted.



By act of congress January 13, 1794, the design of the flag was changed so as to incorporate fifteen stripes and fifteen stars, after the admission of Vermont and Kentucky, and one star was to be added for every subsequent state admitted. This, however, was repealed in 1818, when the original number of stripes was established, the stars continuing to increase as new states were admitted.

DISPLAYING THE FLAG

THE flag code states that when the flag is displayed either horizontally or vertically against a wall, the union should be uppermost and to the flag's own right, i. e., to the observer's left. Under the heading "Cautions," the code reads: "Do not use the flag as drapery in any form whatever. Use bunting of blue, white and red."

All Around the House

Chintz spreads are lovely for the summer cottage or to give a summery look to the apartment if you are spending the summer at home. Gay little flower designs are scattered over the surface of the chintz.

Meringue falls when the oven is too hot. If you wish to bake a meringue successfully, have oven less than moderate heat.

Don't use a stiff brush when washing linoleum. This destroys the luster. Wash lightly with soap and water.

Leftover fruit juices should be canned for next winter's use. Added to gelatin desserts, puddings, etc., they give a delicious flavor.

Oriental poppies always grow in the autumn. It is, therefore, wise to divide plants the latter part of July or in August so that they may get a good start before cold weather sets in.

One-third whitening, one-third plaster of paris (poison) and one-third flour mixed with water into a smooth paste, is excellent for filling small cracks in plaster.

The ends of rugs should always be left open when they are rolled and tied up for the summer.

Pinch off all side shoots of tomato plants and remove some of the large branches that do not bear blossoms. The flowering branches will then get more sun and fruit more quickly.

Fresh gingerbread topped with ice cream makes a delicious dessert.

When pressing a linen suit, dampen with cheesecloth that has been dipped in water, then press linen on wrong side.

Label preserving jars with adhesive tape and write on tape with red ink what each jar contains.

New cabbage cut in strips, dropped in salted water and boiled for from ten to fifteen minutes, is much more digestible than when boiled for a longer time.

HOW FAR CAN YOU GO BEFORE HE SAYS...

TEST OIL

You don't need a laboratory to test oil... you can do it right in your own crankcase. It is just a matter of checking the mileage after a drain and refill till you have to add the first quart. Some oils stand up longer than others. You will find, though, that under similar driving conditions Quaker State stands up best of all. Try the "First Quart" Test yourself with Quaker State. And remember that the oil that stands up longest is giving your motor the best lubrication. Quaker State Oil Refining Company, Oil City, Pa.

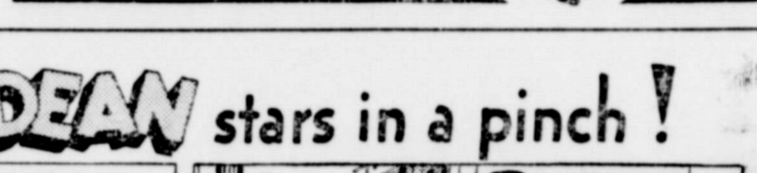
Retail Price... 35¢ per Quart



Seek New Fields
Men seldom make general happiness the end of their actions.

Make It a Smile
Of all the things you wear, your expression is the most important.

CLABBER GIRL Baking Powder



DIZZY DEAN stars in a pinch!

WILL YOU DROP UP TO THE WARDEN'S OFFICE? HE'S STARTING FOR TOWN AND WANTS YOU TO RIDE BACK WITH HIM.

YOU'RE SURE HE DOESN'T WANT TO LOCK ME UP FOR SOME OF THE DECISIONS I MADE UMPIRING THIS GAME?

WHAT'S THIS? SOMEBODY'S SLUGGED THE CHIEF!

LOOK! THERE GOES THE WARDEN'S CAR NOW!

HEY—STOP THAT CAR!

I'LL STOP IT FOR YOU!

DID MEMPHIS MIKE GET AWAY? IN MY CLOTHES?

NO, CHIEF! DIZZY HERE STOPPED HIM WITH A BEAN BALL.

SON, THIS IS DIZZY DEAN. HE STOPPED MEMPHIS MIKE'S GETAWAY.

GOSH, MAYBE YOU'LL HELP ME WITH MY PITCHING! I TELL YOU I'VE A PRETTY GOOD CURVE MAY HELP EAT NOW BUT I'M FEELING GRAPE-NUTS LIKE I DO. IT'S PACKED WITH NOURISHMENT.

RECKON I BETTER BE GOING 'FORE YOU SEE YOUR CAR. IT'S A WRECK.

BOYS! GIRLS! Join Dizzy Dean Winners! Get Valuable Prizes FREE!

Send top from one full-size, Grape-Nuts package, with your name and address, to Grape-Nuts, Battle Creek, Mich., for new membership pin and certificate and catalog of 49 nifty free prizes. You'll like crisp, delicious Grape-Nuts—it has a winning flavor all its own. Economical, too, for two tablespoonfuls, with whole milk or cream and fruit, provide more varied nourishment than many a hearty meal. (Offer expires Dec. 31, 1936. Good only in U. S. A.)

A Post Cereal—Made by General Foods
The same fine cereal in a new package

Dizzy Dean Winners Membership Pin. New 1936 design, two-toned solid bronze with red lettering. Free for 1 Grape-Nuts package top.

Autographed Portrait of Dizzy Dean. Taken by the celebrated portrait-photographer, Bechtel. Free for 1 Grape-Nuts package top.

I enclose _____ Grape-Nuts package tops for which send me the item(s) checked below: W. N. U. 7-4-36

Membership Pin (send 1 package top).

Dizzy Dean Autographed Portrait (send 1 package top).

Name _____

Street _____

City _____ State _____

Local and Personal.

Marcus Holland is here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Holland.

Caton Jacobs is having the exterior of his cottage painted by Lee Hill.

Bentley Kennedy of Royalty, is spending his vacation here with his parents.

Jas. Ford left Wednesday for Forsan to visit her daughter Mrs. Will Williams and family.

Mrs. Lee Atkins and children spent last weekend in Brownwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Stormy Roderick spent last weekend with Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Hall.

Fayette Murray and son, Hixon, and Happy McMillan returned Saturday from Glade water where they spent a few days.

Mrs. Daisy Loyd and daughter Mrs. Park Stovall and little daughter, Shirley, after a few weeks recreation here, departed Tuesday morning for their home in Italy.

Bobbie Williams of McGregor is visiting his uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wilson and family.

Aug. H. Lehmann, Sr., who is in a San Angelo hospital, is reported improved. Frances and August have returned to Christoval.

S. N. Allen left Wednesday for Sanderson to join Mrs. Allen, who is visiting their daughter, Mrs. Hargreaves, on the Allen ranch, but they expect return in time for the Old Settlers' reunion July 31.

Mr. and Mrs. Will T. Brooks and daughter, Madeline, accompanied by Mrs. Lee Crow, left Wednesday morning for Santa Ana to consult Dr. T. Richard Sealy regarding Madeline's tonsils.

The management of the Tom Green County Old Settlers' Association is considering having an Old Fiddlers' Contest at the reunion, Friday, July 31. More about it next week.

Harney Conner and family of Douglas, Wyo., who have been visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Conner and family, returned home Wednesday.

Joyce June, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Crawford, is reported doing well, but is still in the hospital.

Mrs. Alice Alford and daughters, who visited her daughter, Mrs. Beulah Myers, at Coleman are expected home today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McLean of Paducah and Johnnie Ruth Belsher are spending the weekend with Mr. and Mrs. Bob Belsher.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuller Williams expect to have their cafe completed and open within the next few days.

The mesquite trees are almost covered with blooms and the beans are about the longest and heaviest ever seen by the old timers. The writer counted 134 blooms on a 6-foot tree in his back yard and pulled off beans 10 1/2 inches long. It appears that we might have a big crop of honey.

Mrs. Boyd Fury of Midway City, Calif., was here this week visiting her mother-in-law, Mrs. Fannie Fury, and sister-in-law Mrs. Frank Van Horn, Jr. She was accompanied by three sisters, Mesdames Fred Foley of Midway City, J. E. Nee and Jennie Beal, both of Brea, Calif. Mrs. Fury is remembered as Miss Grace Howton before her marriage, and has lived in California 18 years.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Ellis and daughter of Wilcox, Ariz., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Holland.

E. C. Alford of Ozona is here visiting his mother, Mrs. Alice Alford and family.

Arthur Gulden presented us Wednesday with a liberal supply of new crop Irish potatoes of the Cobbler variety that are as fine as one could wish, some as large as a teacup. They were raised by his brother Richard, who knows how to grow things with the proper fertilizer.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our gratitude to those who so earnestly and willingly offered and gave their assistance and sympathy in our time of need and sorrow, and for the many beautiful floral offerings given.

May the blessings of heaven rest upon each and every one of our most sincere and earnest prayer.

MR. AND MRS. PAUL R. CRAWFORD AND CHILDREN

For Sale

Two good Jersey cows, three gallons or more.

B. G. HILL, Christoval, Texas.

WANTED - A reliable person to milka good, gentle Jersey cow on shares. Call at the Observer office.

Horns of the Wild Bee.

A wild bee's home, as we all know, serves the purpose of a storehouse as well as of a place for the young to grow and develop. The entrance used by the bees is often very small, but always leads into a large room. The wax for their honey and brood cells is the only thing in the least like furniture which they require. The firmer and more bare the walls and floors, the better for them.—St. Nicholas.

Voice Around the World Will Open World's Fair

DALLAS, Texas.—A voice around the world will open the gates of the \$25,000,000 Texas Centennial Exposition here June 6.

Spoken into a microphone before the main entrance, the voice—possibly that of President or Mrs. Roosevelt—will travel over radio waves to New York, England, France, Japan, California and back to Dallas, where it will strike an electrical device inside the grounds and swing the gate open.

The words will require 9 seconds for their trip around the world.

No Price Raise for Fair

DALLAS, Texas.—Managers of Dallas hotels have agreed there will be no price increases for rooms or meals, during the Texas Centennial Exposition, June 6 to Nov. 29. Years of popularity for Dallas as a convention city, led to this decision, a spokesman said.

Army Air Show for Fair

DALLAS, Texas.—The U. S. Army will spend \$50,000 on the Texas Centennial Exposition, establishing an encampment on the big Dallas lot and staging a huge aviation meet. The money comes from the \$515,000 the Federal Government has set aside for Exposition exhibits.



"I install telephones... and for the last few weeks I've been mighty busy. Folks are realizing how much a telephone means... how it brings the doctor... calls the store... lets you talk to friends."

If you don't have a telephone you're missing something. Have one installed in your home... now.

THE SAN ANGELO TELEPHONE COMPANY

Mayor Christens Dallas Thriller



WEE VISITOR GETS FIRST RIDE—Mayor George Sergeant, of Dallas, and little Marcia Massman christen the "Rocket Speedway," on the Texas Centennial Exposition Midway, then go for a first ride, as part of the June 6 opening of the \$25,000,000 Texas Centennial Exposition, which will run until November 29.

Christoval 25 Years Ago.

The following local items are copied from the Observer dated in 1912:

George Lewis has purchased from William Anson 24 head of Red Durhams. Seven cows are registered.

H. A. Twombly and Albert Shaw and mother left Monday on a visit to Fort Stockton.

Master George Wimberly, who has been under the care of Dr. Gowen and family for about a year, left Tuesday to meet his father at Sweetwater.

The concrete dam is almost completed and preparations are being made to turn the water into the irrigation ditch.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Barnes left this morning for Rowena, where Will takes charge of the 'phone exchange there.

Tisdale & Nalls passed thru town Wednesday morning with about 150 mule colts bound the San Angelo way.

J. S. Stribling has sold a fine bunch of 250 mules. They came through this morning en route to San Angelo for shipment.

Don McCrohan is trying awful hard to get sick enough to justify a trained nurse, as he thinks that a good way to win a bet' ter half.

Sam H. Hill & Son won [the following first prizes on Black Poll] Angus cattle at the San Angelo Fair: Bull 1 year old and under, 2 bull calf, sweepstakes any age, cow 1 year and under 2, cow and calf, sweepstakes any age.

A. E. Shepperd's handsome residence on his ranch south of town was completed last week.

by Wilkinson & Holland. The building contains nine rooms, bath and three galleries. Painting and papering was done by Will Foley of Eldorado. The structure cost about \$1,250.

Dr. T. T. Welch, the commissioner for securing products for the San Angelo Fair, reports he is very much pleased with the display of Christoval products, as nearly every farmer has contributed, and he feels almost sure of winning first prize.

S. N. Allen passed through town Saturday with 770 ewes that he bought from H. DeWolf, who ranches southeast of town. They are first class Delaine stock and of uniform size and shape. He also bought eight Delaine rams. This will be quite an addition to Mr. Allen's flocks and he expects them to yield a big clip of wool next spring.

C. C. Doty, one of Eldorado's most prominent and public spirited citizens, was here Tuesday the guest of his old friend, G. M. Holland, and favored the Observer with a call. Mr. Doty was a citizen here years ago, and is the father of Christoval—it was named for him out of his initials—Christopher Columbus.

He reports the sale of his ranch in Schleicher county and is undecided what to do, but said if he could dispose of his property in Eldorado, he would come here and erect a nice home on his beautifully shaded lot and spend his days in joy and contentment. We hope he can find a buyer right soon, as we need all such good citizens.

Posted

All persons are forbidden to hunt, trap or trespass on my property.

MRS. ADA DOUTHIT.

Announcements.

The following announcements are authorized and are made subject to action of Democratic Primaries in July, 1926:

For County Commissioner, Precinct No. 4—
E. E. FOSTER.

J. H. (Jim) DeLONG

For Sheriff:
ARCH BENGE
E. E. LOWE

NOLAN C. BUTT
HAWLEY ALLEN
SAM HAYNES

For County Clerk:
EMMETT KEATING
JESSE COUCH
M. C. (MOSE) COBB

For District Attorney:
O. C. FISHER

For District Judge:
GLENN R. LEWIS
J. F. SUTTON
(re-election)

For Legislature:
PENROSE B. METCALFE
For County Attorney:
LUTHER LYNN

For County Treasurer:
O. M. BENNETT
(re-election)

For District Clerk:
C. W. (Barney) BARNETT
(re-election)

For County Judge:
JIM W. STOVALL
(re-election)

JOHN P. LEE

For Constable:
J. B. (Dude) Curbo

DR. R. J. WARREN
DENTIST

811 San Angelo National Bank
San Angelo, Texas
Phone Office 4425. Res. 38182

MEN WANTED for nearby Raw. eight Routes, Write today Raw. eigh's Dept, TXG-122 SB, Memphis, Tenn.

Robt. Massie Co

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

Funeral Ambulance Service
Phone 4444 Day or Night
San Angelo, Texas.

Subscriptions received at Observer office for any publication.

Subscribe for your home paper -- and keep posted on local affairs.

Young Jersey cows with young calves for sale.
See Mrs. Ada Douthit, Christoval, Texas.

Baptist Church Services.

A. T. NIXON, PASTOR,
Our Sundays for preaching—the Second and Fourth Sundays in each month.

Sunday School, 10 a. m.
Morning Worship, 11 a. m.
B.T.U. all departments, 7:30 p. m.

Evening Worship, 8:30 p. m.
Prayer Service, Wednesdays, 8:00 p. m.
A warm welcome awaits you in all services.

WHEEL SPEED AHEAD

YOU CAN PASS UP MAGAZINE VALUES LIKE THESE

OFFER No. 3
BETTER HOMES & GARDENS, 1 year
CHRISTIAN HOME, 1 year
COUNTRY HOME, 1 year
GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE, 1 year
AND THIS NEWSPAPER For One Year
ALL FIVE FOR ONLY \$1.30

OFFER No. 4
SOUTHERN AGRICULTURALIST, 1 year
COUNTRY HOME, 1 year
THE FARM JOURNAL, 1 year
AND THIS NEWSPAPER For One Year
ALL FOUR FOR ONLY \$1.30

OFFER No. 2
THIS NEWSPAPER for one full year
And 4 Big Magazines \$1.75
1 Magazine from Group A; 3 Magazines from Group B; 4 in all

GROUP A
Select One Magazine:
Better Homes & Gardens 1 yr
Christian Herald 6 mo
Flower Culture 2 yrs
Household Magazine 1 yr
Junior Home (for Mothers) 1 yr
McCall's Magazine 1 yr
Home Classics 2 yrs
Dun Road (Boys) 1 yr
Parents' Magazine 6 mo
Pathfinder (weekly) 1 yr
Pictorial Review 1 yr
Screen Book 1 yr
True Confessions 1 yr
American Fruit Grower 1 yr
Copper's Farmer 2 yrs
The Farm Journal 3 yrs
Progressive Farmer 2 yrs
Southern Agriculturist 1 yr

GROUP B
Select Three Magazines:
American Poultry Journal 1 yr
Country Home 1 yr
Dixie Poultry Journal 1 yr
The Farm Journal 1 yr
Gentleman's Magazine 1 yr
Good Stories 2 yr
Home Circle 1 yr
Home Friend 2 yr
Household Magazine 1 yr
Illustrated Mechanics 1 yr
Mother's Home Life 1 yr
Nudistcraft 1 yr
Poultry Tribune 1 yr
Progressive Farmer 2 yrs
Southern Agriculturist 1 yr
Successful Farming 1 yr
Woman's World 1 yr
Cloverleaf Review 1 yr
Everybody's Poultry Mag. 1 yr

NO SUBSTITUTES OR CHANGES PERMITTED

GENTLEMEN: I Enclose \$ _____ Please Send Me
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I am checking the magazines desired with a year's subscription to your paper.
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Street or R. F. D. _____
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SEND TODAY