

RURAL CITIZEN.

"A Government of the People, by the People and for the People."

VOL. II.

JACKSBORO, TEXAS, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY, 9 1882.

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EDITED BY { J. N. ROGERS,
MISS ALICE M. ROGERS.

Business Office, in the ODD FELLOWS BUILDING South East Corner of the Public Square, JACKSBORO, TEXAS.

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Any subscriber failing to receive this paper promptly and regularly, will please notify us either in person, or by postal card, we will take pleasure in correcting any mistake in this office.

Locals.

Water yesterday and mud to-day.

Sunshine to-day—Garden seeds at McConnell's to-morrow.

Vicious dogs, running poor cows around the streets ought to be discontinued, by discontinuing the dogs.

Go to S. W. Eastin's for peeled peaches.

Call at Knox's for your John Deere Plows.

A full line of rubber goods at D. C. Brown's.

Prof. Peterman has about forty scholars since the free school closed.

A full line of woolen goods at greatly reduced prices at D. C. Brown's.

Sam Ingram who has been quite ill for some days is considered convalescent.

Don't forget that McConnell sells the best cigar for the least money, in town.

Mr. J. F. Middlebrooks has our thanks for turnips brought to this office, they were very fine, indeed, some weighing six pounds.

Don't forget that S. W. Eastin will have in due time D. M. Osborne & Co's. Reapers and Mowers.

T. L. McKinley has gone to Colorado City to engage in carpenter work.

Knox guarantees his prices as low as can be had anywhere, regardless of when, where, or how goods were bought. Do not forget this.

Owing to the bad roads, and scarcity of freighters, goods are accumulating in the depot at Weatherford, and our merchants are saying bad words thereat.

B. F. Sanders, A. L. Henson are at Graham in attendance on the Federal Court now in session there.

A heavy rain on Tuesday night and Wednesday morning raised the creek so high that the business men could not come over to their business. A connecting link above high water between Jacksboro and South Jacksboro would be a treat on such occasions, at least we thought so, yesterday, when our little printer failed to come over.

A full line of Zeigler Bros. hand made Ladies' and Gents' Shoes at reasonable prices at D. C. Brown's.

The school at "Center Point," (Mr. Vance's community) was closed on the 3d inst., and the occasion was made very pleasant, by the patrons dropping in on Miss Taylor unexpectedly to her, and without ceremony, proceeding to spread an elegant lunch, and this, together with impromptu speeches, recitations and singing, occupied the afternoon agreeably. This community and Miss Libbie Taylor part with mutual regrets, as their connection as patrons, scholars, and

teacher has been unusually pleasant to all concerned.

The meeting of the Farmers State Alliance this week at Weatherford, has attracted several of the farmers of this county to that place.

I will buy for cash, or take on account and for goods all classes of cattle at highest market price.
JAMES W. KNOX.

The subject of a proper building for school purposes is again agitating the minds of our citizens. It is agitated about twice a year, spring and fall, and that is the end of it.

Don't forget that S. W. Eastin has been advertising D. M. Osborne & Co's. Reapers and Mowers, in this paper for several weeks past, he will have them here in due time those wishing to purchase call and see him.

Plows! Plows! I have the exclusive agency for the celebrated "John Deere" and "Oliver Chilled" Plows, and will in a few days have a full supply of each. I also expect to keep on hand all extras usually wanted, such as extra points, beams, handles, &c. These plows do not require to be "puffed" as it is a well known fact that the John Deere is the best plow in use.

Jacksboro, }
Feb. 1, '82. } James W. Knox.

Judge Cox overruled the motion for a new trial in the Guiteau case and sentenced him to hang. In the conclusion of his arguments he said "It is necessary for me to pronounce the sentence of the law; that you be taken hence to the common jail of the district, from whence you came, and there be kept in confinement, and on Friday, the 30th day of June, 1882, you be taken to a place prepared for your execution within the walls of said jail; and there, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p. m., you shall be hanged by the neck until you are dead, and may the Lord have mercy on your soul!"

When Judge Cox concluded the sentence, Guiteau shouted: "And may the Lord have mercy on your soul. I'd rather stand where I do than where the jury do, and where your honor does. I am not afraid to die. I stand as God's man, and God Almighty will curse every man who has had a part in this unrighteous verdict. Nothing but good has come from Garfield's removal, and that will be the verdict of posterity on my inspiration."

D. C. BROWN HEADQUARTERS for STOCK-MEN, FARMERS, EVERYBODY.

D. C. Brown would inform the People that his Fall and winter stock of General Merchandise is now complete in all the Departments.

That he defies competition west of Fort Worth, and is ready to compete with any of the markets on the railroad (Dallas and Fort Worth not excepted).

He pays the Highest Price for Wool and Cotton.

He keeps everything necessary to supply the wants of the people.

He sells more goods for less money than any other house in North-west Texas.

Call and see for yourselves, that the above statement is correct.

Very thankful for past patronage, by continuing to sell the best goods for the least money, he hopes to merit a continuance all the same

CUSTOMS AND HABITS OF NATIVE AFRICANS.

The Liberians or Colonists live here in Africa very much as they did in America; but the customs of the natives are very different. They live in thatched houses one story high, having mud floors. These floors, however, become quite hard, and the houses are dry and comfortable. Some of them have openings for windows; others do not. The only furniture which serves as bed for the entire family. The natives wear no clothes, but their rank is distinguished by the amount of trinkets they wear, such as beads, brackets made of ivory, procured from the elephant, leopard's teeth, etc. Occasionally, silver ornaments are seen upon them. The more fantastic their adornments, the greater their satisfaction. They also daub their faces and bodies with a kind of mixture which they call paint, and then they are "fine, plenty." They have no regularity in their way of living. When they get hungry, they build a fire out of doors, put on a large kettle, and throw in their rice, cassada, and fish; if they have such luxuries as rats, snails, snakes, etc., they put these into another kettle, and make soup. When all is cooked, each takes a bowl and fills it with soup. Then sitting around the pot in which the rice is cooked, they dip from that with their spoons, and appear to enjoy very much their luxurious repast. Some who live far in the interior, where none are civilized, still keep up the old custom of dipping their hands into the kettle, dispensing with bowls and spoons.

Girls are very highly esteemed, because they constitute the fortune of their parents. They are sold in infancy, as wives, to any man who will pay the highest price. This custom makes it difficult for missionaries to get control over them, though they may easily be obtained as day scholars; if the mission is near some native town. When about ten or eleven years old, these girls are placed in the Gregory Bush (as it is called); there they go through certain rites and ceremonies.

About the same age the boys are placed in what they call Devil Bush. Here they remain for some time, passing through certain rites.

After a certain number of years, generally five or six, they are permitted to come out, and are treated men, being permitted to wear a sword, etc. As the tide of civilization advances, all these customs become somewhat modified; and as the gospel light shall penetrate, this moral darkness will give way.

* * * [Mrs. Vonbrun in Helping Hand.

DYING WORDS.

"It is well."—Washington
 "I must sleep now."—Byron.
 "Kiss me, Hardy."—Nelson.
 "Head of the army."—Napoleon.
 "Don't give up the ship."—Lawrence.
 "Let the light enter."—Goethe.
 "Into thy hands, O Lord."—Tasso.
 "Independence for ever."—Adams.
 "The artery ceases to beat."—Haller.
 "Is this your fidelity?"—Nero.
 "Give Dayroies a chair."—Lord Chesterfield.
 "It is the last of earth."—J. Q. Adams.
 "God preserve the Emperor."—Haydn.
 "A dying man does nothing well."—Franklin.
 "Let not poor Nelly starve."—Charles II.
 "What is there no bribing death."—Cardinal Beaufort.
 "All my possessions for a moment of time."—Queen Elizabeth.
 "It matters little how the head lieth."—Sir Walter Raleigh.
 "Clasp my hand, my dear friend. I die."—Alfieri.
 "I feel as if I were to be myself again."—Sir Walter Scott.
 "Let me die to the sound of delicious music."—Miraband.
 "I have loved God, my father and liberty."—Mme. de Stael.
 "Be serious."—Grotious.
 "It is small, very small indeed," (clasping her neck.)—Anne Boleyn.
 "I pray you see me safe up, and for my coming down let me shift for myself," (ascending the scaffold.)—Sir Thomas Moore.
 "Don't let that awkward squad fire over my grave."—Burns.
 "I resign my soul to God—and my daughter to my country."—Thomas Jefferson.
 "I wish you to understand the true principles of the government. I wish them carried out. I ask nothing more."—Harrison.
 "I have endeavored to do my duty."—Taylor.
 "You spoke of a refreshment my Emilie; take my last notes, sit down to my piano here, sing them with the hymn of your sainted mother. Let me hear once more those notes which have so long

been my solacement and delight."—Mozart.
 "God bless you, my dear."—Dr. Johnson.
 "God bless you! Is that you, Dora?"—Wordsworth.
 "Now it is come."—John Knox.
 "Dying, dying."—Hood.
 "How grand these rays, they seem to beckon earth to heaven." [The sun was shining brilliantly into the room in which he was lying.]—Humboldt.
 "The people—my trust."—James A. Garfield.
 "Stand here by me in the light, so I may see you as I die."—Gov. Louis Alfred Wiltz, to his wife.

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ALLCOCK'S is the ORIGINAL and only GENUINE Porous Plaster; all other so-called Porous Plasters are imitations. Beware of them.

See that you get an ALLCOCK'S PLASTER, which we guarantee has effected more and quicker cures than any other external Remedy.

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Vertical & Spark-Arresting Engines from 2 to 12 horse-power, mounted or unmounted. Best and Cheapest Engines made. \$150 upwards. Send for Illustrated Catalogue U for information and price to H. W. PAYNE & SONS, Box 840, Corning, N. Y.

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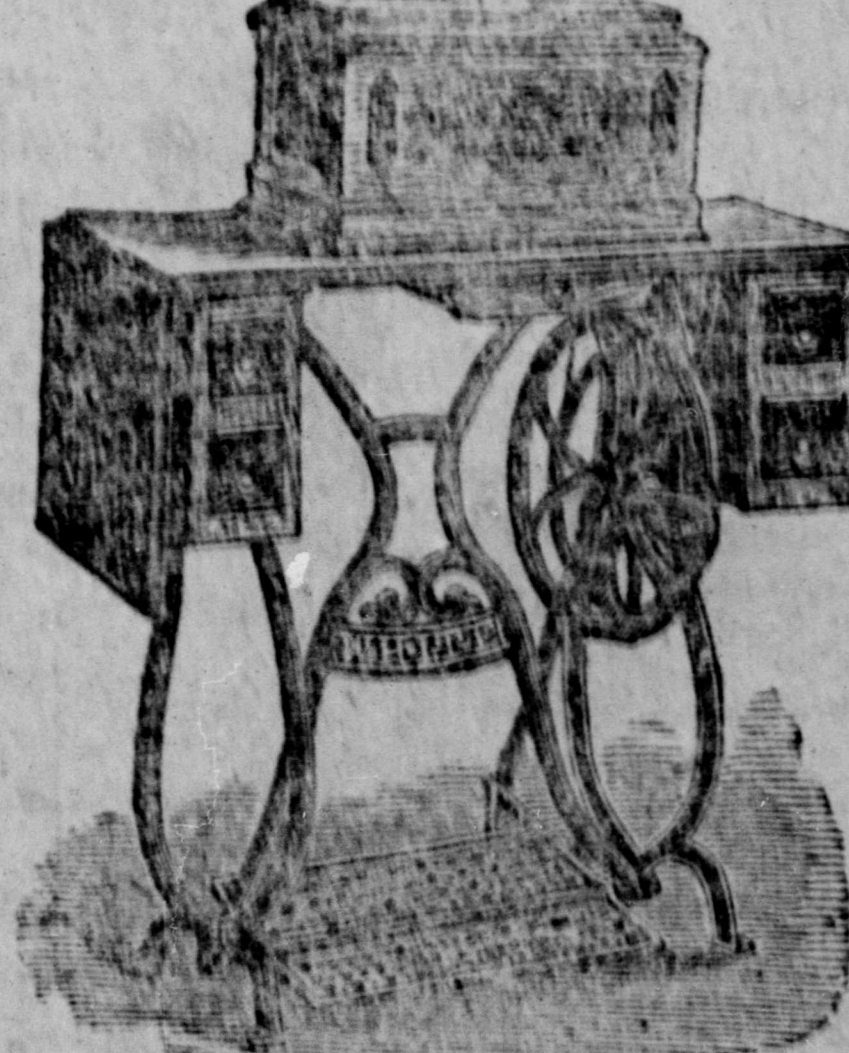
HOTELS. H. Horton, Owner. Eugene Sage, Pr'tr. **Horton House.** North East Corner Public Square, JACKSBORO, TEXAS. Is now prepared to Accommodate Boarders and the Traveling Public with the best fare, at reasonable rates. Good sample room on first floor.

McKEEHAN BROS., DEALERS IN **Groceries & Provisions.** South Side Public Square Jacksboro, Texas. Call and see them. **Jas. H. Henderson.** "The Original Barber." West Side Square. Does everything in his line in the most scientific manner.

New Steam Cotton Gin. Mr. John H. Brown has finished his new cotton gin. All his machinery is new and first class. He guarantees first class work and with dispatch. Toll 1-12 Corn mill attached. Toll one seyenth Grinds on Saturday. Give him a trial.

W. J. McCLURE **Boot & Shoe Maker.** Repairing neatly done. Fine Custom Work a specialty. Shop, East Side, Public Square

Mason Oldham,



DEALER IN all First Class Sewing Machines. **THE WHITE A SPECIALTY.** Needles and attachments of all kinds. I sell exactly at Ft. Worth and Dallas prices Depot in McConnell's Dug-Strore Jacksboro, Texas.

Mortuary Statistics of Richmond, Va.
From (Richmond Va.) Religious Herald.

Population of the city, 65,000—white, 38,200; colored 26,800. Rate of mortality of whole population, 40.00 per 1,000 per annum; rate of mortality of white population, 21.78 per 1,000 per annum; rate of mortality of colored population, 65.97 per 1,000 per annum.

We quote the foregoing from the official mortuary statistics of this city for 1881. The facts disclosed are starting and suggestive. We have not made it our business to collect and examine mortuary statistics; but whenever we see them, the same preponderance of the black-death over the white death-rate is strikingly conspicuous.

According to the foregoing exhibit, the number of deaths last year in this city, out of a population of 65,000, was 2,600
38,200 whites gave 832 deaths.
26,400 blacks " 1,768 "

If the blacks had died at the rate of the whites, instead of 1,768 deaths actually among them, there would have been only 583 deaths; and the whole number of deaths would have been 1,415 instead of 2,600.

Again. A recent report of the Board of Public Health of this city gives the number of small-pox cases at that time as follows:

In the Hospital, blacks,	68
" " whites,	4
At their homes, blacks,	9
" " whites,	19

We make the following comments:

1. Of the small-pox cases 77 per cent. are among the blacks—23 per cent. among the whites.

2. If the scourge prevailed among the two races according to their relative numbers, that report would have shown 59 cases among the whites, instead of 23; and 41 cases among the blacks, instead of 23; and 41 cases among the blacks, instead of 77.

3. Among the blacks 94 per cent. of the small-pox cases the public hospital and at the public expense; among the whites, only 6 per cent.

Let us take a larger view. Let us assume—and we cannot materially err in so doing—that the death-rate among the two races throughout the country is about what it is in Richmond, Va. There are in the Union, in round numbers, 6,000,000 negroes. Dying at the rate that prevails among them in this city, the annual number of deaths would be 395,820

but dying at the white rate, the number would be only, 130,680
Difference, 265,140

A member of the General Assembly from one of the middle counties, which may be taken as fairly representative, told us a few days ago that, for a few years immediately after the war, the negro voters were in excess in his county; now they compare with white voters as 18 to 25.

These facts, whatever may be their significance, we need not disguise and ought not to conceal. They indicate the solution, on a principle that controls not only the human race but the whole animal kingdom, of a problem that to many seemed insoluble. The emancipation and enfranchisement of the negroes threw great commonwealths under the domination of a

race, who were utterly innocent, as they still are, of the slightest conception of the functions, the duties and responsibilities of citizenship. The world stood appalled at the rash, the unprecedented and ghastly experiment. To check and control the swelling flood of lawlessness, corruption and crime which threatened general devastation, taxed to the utmost, and with but partial success, the tireless tactics of the superior race. Despite this conservative and restraining influence, the whole tone of public and private morality has been debauched and lowered; life and property have been rendered insecure; intolerable taxation has stripped labor of its reward and capital of its income. Crimes which we cannot write aroused the public indignation, that would not be satisfied by the slow process of the law. Fathers contemplated with shuddering horror the future that seemed to await their children. The suffering, the humiliation and the wrong have been great, as they still are; but time, which sets all this even, will at length abate and rectify them all. Two races, an inferior and a superior, cannot live together except in the recognition of this relation. Human law may declare, and attempt to enforce, equality; but the eternal law of nature, which laughs to scorn human legislation, will be vindicated in the "survival of the fittest." A century hence—and in the life of a nation a century is but a point of time—the negro race, dying at the present rate, will cease to be a disturbing factor in politics and sociology. The most cruel thing a father can do for his son is to put him and hold him in a position that is above his powers, and compel him to battle with his superiors for the prizes of life. In foolishly attempting to accomplish an obvious impossibility, a life is rendered wretched and useless, and, in all probability, vastly harmful, which, engaged on a lower plane and with congenial labor, would have been happy and useful. Far more cruel unphilosophical was that act which bade an inferior race, patient of labor and only fitted for menial positions, to assert their equality, and compel them to grapple, in the battle of life, with the highest type of the noblest race that ever crested the tide of time. The act was supremely cruel and wrongful to both races, but vastly more so to the negro race. Death is the doom which their friends have brought on them.

Every now and then we hear of a negro exodus. It is well. Let them become more uniformly distributed, and they will become a less disturbing element. Temporary loss and inconvenience may result; but in this case, as in all others, partial evil must yield to universal good.

The mortuary statistics of the two races in the South were very different prior to 1860 from the present statistics. The negroes increased very rapidly then and died as slowly. If there was any difference between them and the whites, the advantage was with them, and hence the supreme proof of their physical comfort; and so a coldfact of the census tables negatives all the fiery declamation of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Our conclusion, then, is that the negro race, from the greater death-rate among them, and distributing

themselves over larger areas, will, as population increases, become less and less a disturbing factor in American life and business. They are now one-eighth of our population; this fraction being largely less with each passing decade, and at length will entirely vanish from our calculations.

We may be told that the last census is against our conclusion, which shows it is said, that since 1870 the negroes have increased as rapidly as the whites. We answer:

1. That we are obliged to have more confidence in facts that we know to be true than in the census of the United States.

2. The census of 1870 was, so far as the South is concerned, the work mostly of incompetent and corrupt officials, and is not worth a button; and hence the conclusion is worthless which is drawn from a comparison of the census of 1870 with that of 1880.

Jacksboro High School.

The Public School closes on the 27th inst., but the school will be continued, without any vacation, for five months longer. Tuition for English branches \$1.50 to \$3.00 per month, payable monthly.

After a scholar enters school, no deduction will be made for loss of time for that month, unless for protracted sickness.

We solicit the patronage of the people generally, and hope to have a full school during the private, as we have had during the public term.

J. W. PETERMAN, Prin.,
MRS. ADDIE BANNER, Assist.

BUSKIN & GOE,

(Successors to Dr. Philip Gresham.)

Druggists,

West Side Public Square,
Jacksboro, Texas.

Have on hand a complete stock of the best

Drugs & Medicines,

From the most Reliable Houses in the United States. Also Druggists Sundries and Notions,

Tobaccos & Cigars.

Dr. J. C. Cornelius, so well known in the county, will still be present to attend the demands of the public.

Dr. John W. Goe,

Physician and Surgeon, Office in the Drug Store of Buskin & Goe; Residence, Wichita Hotel.

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BUY BURN ALL SEEDS in papers left over at close of season. Send for conditions of this NEW SYSTEM, the Most Advantageous ever offered to both Merchant and Consumer.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS grown on their own Farms, OVER 1,500 ACRES devoted to this purpose, are the STANDARD FOR QUALITY. **WHOLESALE TRADE PRICE LISTS** for Seeds, in bulk or other form, mailed to merchants on application.

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A Perpetual Mechanical Calendar connected with the most superior Eight and Thirty Day (either weight or spring) Clock Movement.

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The Month of the Year,
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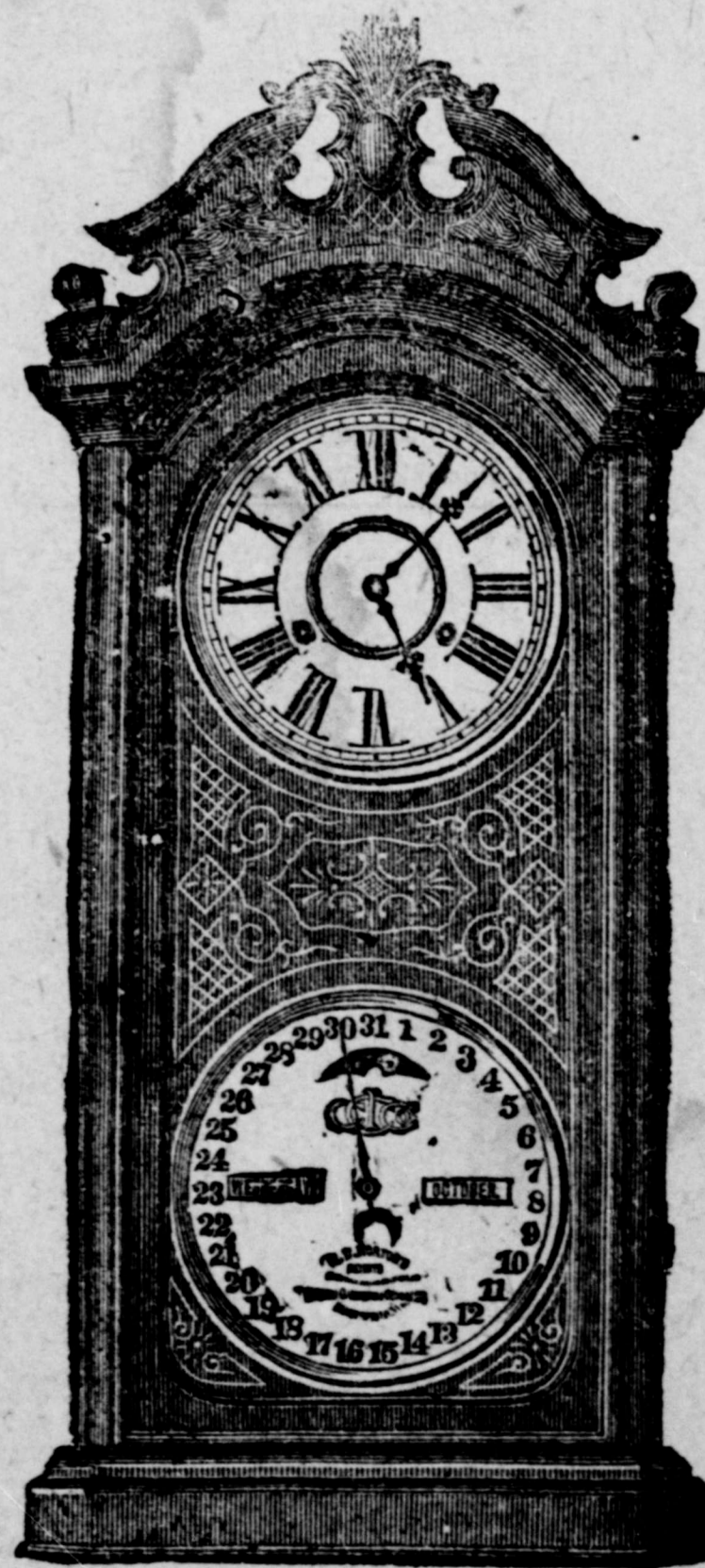
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Calendars Printed in all Languages.

It is indispensable to every place of business—a necessity in every household. Manufactured in numerous styles ranging widely in prices to suit the various wants of the public. All clocks are thoroughly regulated, and calendars mechanically worked through the changes of eight years of time before leaving the manufactory.

ENQUIRE OF YOUR JEWELLER.



Secretary Windom Attacked—He Justifies His Course in Issuing the Windom 3 1-2 Per Cents

A special to The Times-Democrat says:

Washington, February 1.—The debate on the funding bill and various other financial subjects began January 9, and it will continue at least another day. During the last three days the question of funding or not funding a part of the outstanding 3 1-2 per cents, has scarcely been referred to. The attention of the Senate to-day was chiefly devoted to a discussion of the legality of the act of Secretary Windom in continuing the 5's and 6's at a lower rate of interest.

Morgan offered an amendment to the funding bill ratifying the agreement entered into between the bond holders and the government. As a rule, Senators on both sides of the Chamber were reluctant that any question of this kind should be introduced in such a way as to compel a vote to be taken on it. There are Republicans, as well as Democrats, who do not believe the act of the late Secretary can be justified, and there are Democrats, as well as Republicans, who believe it was entirely proper.

Windom was to-day very much irritated by the criticisms to which his operation was subjected, and particularly by a declaration of Ingalls, who said that he regarded the action of the late Secretary as illegal and unconstitutional.

This charge drew from Windom a long statement defending his action. The Senators listened with close attention to the late Secretary's argument, which was the first exposition of the legal justification of the Treasury Department for the unusual proceeding. He claimed that the holders of the bonds had a perfect right to request the government to continue them at lower rates of interest, and that the department, in granting the request, did nothing forbidden by law. Ingalls insisted that this line of reasoning was not at all conclusive. According to Windom's admission the bonds issued in exchange for the fives and sixes were new bonds bearing new numbers, dates and rate of interest, different from those of the old bonds, and Ingalls claimed that the department, without any authority of law, entered into a new contract with the bondholders. He thought it was a "poor evasion" to say that because 3 1-2 per cent. is less than 5 or 6 per cent., therefore the original contract to pay 5 or 6 per cent. is the same contract which covers the 3 1-2 per cent. Finally, by a viva voce vote, the subject was disposed of by inserting in the bill a clause ratifying and confirming the Windom's "and declaring them" valid and binding.

The United Kingdom.

London, February 1.—A meeting called by the Lord Mayor, at the instance of distinguished citizens, to protest against the outrages perpetrated upon Jews in Russia, was held to-day at the Mansion House. The hall was crowded long before the hour at which the proceedings were to begin. The Lord Mayor presided. Among the eminent persons present were the Arch Bishop of Canterbury, Cardinal

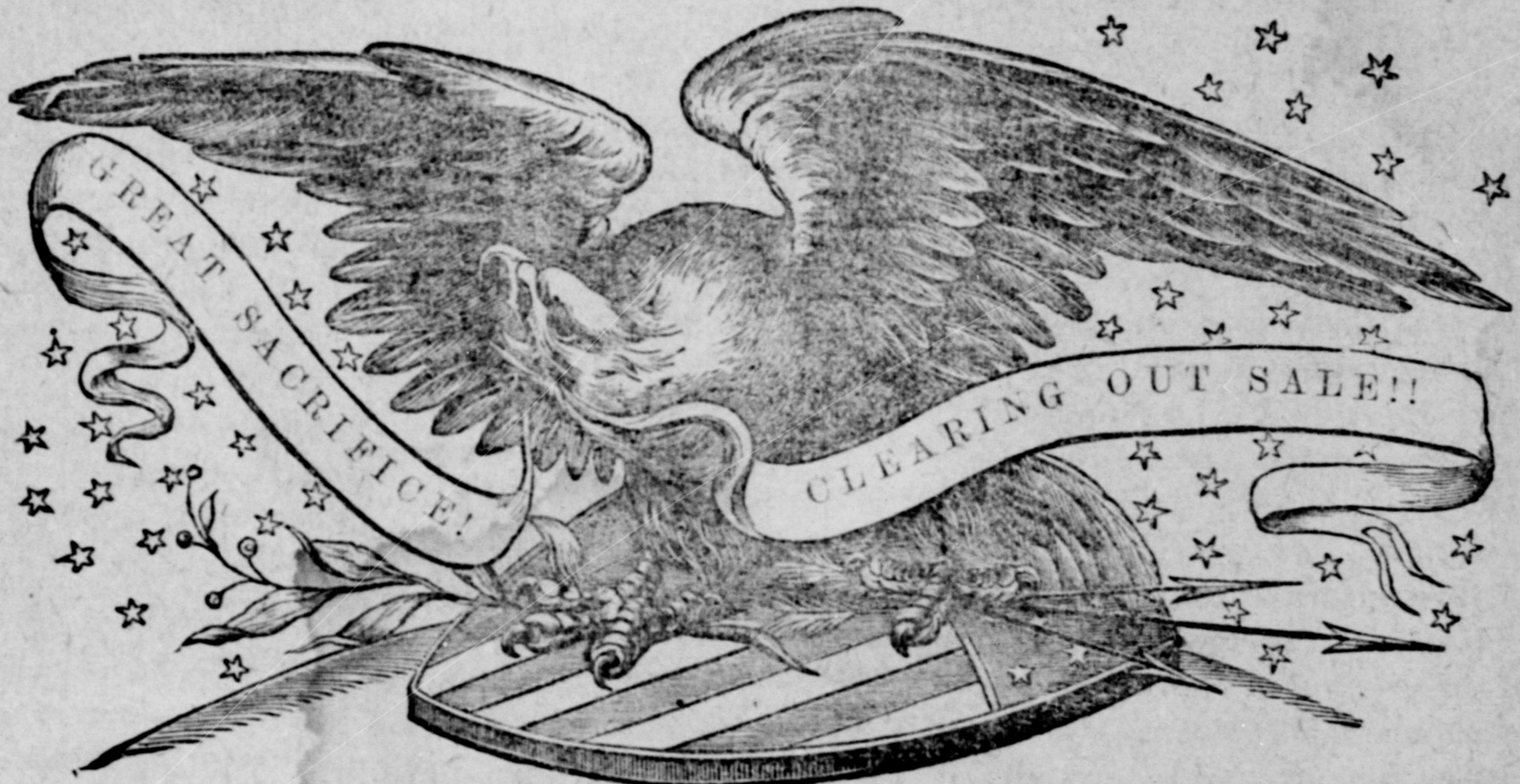
Manning, the Earl of Shaftesbury, Sir Alexander T. Galt, Cannon Farrar, and Mr. Manly. Several members of the Rothschild family, and all the leading Israelites of the city, attended the meeting. Alfred Tenyson was not present, but a letter from him was read, in which he said: "I am dismayed at the madness of hatred evinced against Jews. If the unspeakable barbarities being committed are not universally denounced, it is only because they are so alien to the spirit of the age as to be almost incredible. The government, however, may have reason to fear that official intervention would do more harm than good."

Letters from most of those who had signed the request for the meeting, but were unable to be present, were read. Also from Karl Blind and Rev. Mr. Spurgeon, the latter protesting as a non-conformist and liberal, against the out-

rages upon the Jews. Resolutions were adopted declaring that while we disclaim the right to interfere in the internal affairs of Russia, and desire the preservation of amicable relations with that country, it is our duty to express the opinion that the laws of Russia concerning the Jews tend to degrade her in the eyes of Christians. The Earl of Shaftesbury, Cardinal Manning and Cannon Farrar spoke in support of the resolutions. The Lord Mayor was requested to forward a copy of the resolution to Mr. Gladstone: "In the hope that the government when an opportunity arises shall exercise a friendly influence in behalf of the persecuted Jews." A relief fund was opened and subscriptions were received from many of those present.

The representatives of the United Liquor Dealers' association of the country, who are in Washington, have settled the conflicting interests of Kentucky Bourbon, of Illinois high wines, and of Cincinnati whisky, and have agreed upon a bill which they will present to congress in a few days. Their plan is to ask for a reduction of the tax to 50 cents a gallon, with a condition that the reduction shall not take effect before August 1, 1882. The reason for this postponement is that all existing contracts have been made upon the basis of the present prices. The stock that has been purchased is being fed upon the basis of the present prices, and if the law should go into immediate effect the distilling interests of the country would be greatly injured. The ultimate object of the bill is to obtain a total repeal of all the taxes upon distilled spirits.

McKEEHAN BROTHERS



Have purchased the entire stock of the Horton goods,
(sold at the U. S. Marshal's sale at great sacrifice).
They propose to close out these goods very cheap for
cash. In this stock of

General Merchandise

May be found, Calicoes, Worsted Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Laces, Ruches, Embroideries, White Goods, Ribbons, Fringes, Velvets, Parasols, Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery, Notions, Toilet Goods, and all kinds of Fancy Articles, Flannels, Linseys, Blankets, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Counterpanes, Table Linens, Bleached and Brown Sheetings, Linens, Cottonades, Cottonchecks, Gingham, Bed Ticking, Drilling, Ducking, Osnaburgs, Window Shades, Trunks, a large and well selected Stock of Ladies' and Gent's Hats, Ladies' and Gents' Boots and Shoes, Childrens shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Gloves, Knit Goods, Nubias, Shawls, Children's Wear &c. Blank Books, Writing Paper, and Arnold's Writing Ink. Hardware, Nails, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Queensware, Glassware, Buckets, Churns, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Tobacco, and Cigars. Also a nice lot of Furniture, consisting of Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Mirrors, lamps, lamp chimneys, burners, Safes &c.

All of which will be closed out LOW FOR CASH. Don't fail to call and see the goods and prices. At the late Stand of Knox & Fant, West Side Public Square.

JACKSBORO, TEXAS.

Respectfully,
McKEEHAN BROS.

Rural Citizen.

J. N. & Alice M. Rogers, Editors.

Our thanks are returned for cards to the Mardi Gras entertainment at Artillery hall, in Galveston.

The Editor of the CITIZEN left for Weatherford on Monday morning, and has been gone all the week. He will see to having "that press" brought from there at the earliest day possible, but owing to the great amount of freight to be brought west on wagons, and the bad condition of the roads we cannot say just when it will be here.

On Thursday evening last, a number of Mr. and Mrs. Niles' friends and acquaintances among the young people of this place, went over to the party given by Mrs. Niles at Ft. Richardson. Although the evening was dull and rainy, it had no effect on the merry crowd; the expression "sunshine within and shadow without" was very well suited to that evening. The guests readily partook of the spirit of their host and hostess, and all together formed a merry circle. After enjoying themselves in various ways for some time, it was announced that supper would be served in a short time, which was done in a manner that reflected credit on those who presided over it. That being through with the company was entertained during the remainder of the evening in many different ways, among which were some very interesting puzzles, charades, etc. We feel certain that all who were present enjoyed themselves truly, forgetting for awhile their daily scenes of business, amid the many expressions of mirth that followed each other during the evening. Mr. and Mrs. Niles conducted their entertainment in a manner that certainly reflected credit on them, doing all that could in any way tend to make time pass pleasantly with their guests. All left at a late hour, leaving with them their best wishes.

WASHINGTON LETTER. Mr. Blaine's Diplomacy. The Mild Umpirage of the United States. About the Garfield Memorial Services.

[From our regular Correspondent.]

Washington, D. C. }
February, 4th 1882. }

It would be curious, if the issue in the next presidential contest should relate to the umpirage of the United States in the Western Hemisphere. Mr. Everett long since spoke of the "mild umpirage of the Federal Union." But Mr. Blaine has proposed an extension of this umpirage to the quarrelsome children of South America. The idea will find favor not only with sentimentalists, but with all who are not impervious to sentiment, and the fact that such an astute politician as Mr. Blaine is giving it prominence, lifts the question above the plane of ordinary interest. Nations, no more than individuals, can live and die to themselves. Vast power cannot be dissociated from vast responsibility. But the question of our "mild umpirage" on this side the globe is not merely one of abstract duty to ourselves. The wonderful development of the United States and territories during the last fifteen years brings us much closer to the time than our fathers expected to be brought, when this country will be too small for us. It would not be too small if we were Germans or Frenchmen, but it must not be forgotten that we are fifty millions of Americans, with as much steam and electricity as all Europe, with its 250,000,000. Already the demand for broader scope is finding expression in Mexican railway enterprises, and in the universal approval of the Monroe doctrine, as applied to the Panama canal.

The programme for the Garfield memorial services in the House, on the 27th inst., is now complete, and the ceremony promises to be both solemn and imposing. The Hall of the House of Representatives

will be open for the adm members of Congress, and who have been invited. Arthur and Ex-President Hayes will be seated at the speaker's table. The members of the supreme Court occupy seats next to the President and Ex-President Cabinet Officers, and representatives of foreign Governments occupy seats to the speaker's table. General Admiral Porter, and those of the army and navy who received a vote of thanks from Congress for distinguished services will be assigned seats next to those of the supreme Court. Ex-Vice Presidents and senators will occupy seats in the second, third, fourth, and fifth rows to the east of the main aisle. Governors of States and Territories, and invited guests, will have seats assigned them on the floor. The reporters' gallery will be reserved exclusively for the use of members of the press, and tickets of admission can be obtained from the press committee only. The Marine band will discourse appropriate music. The diplomatic corps will be present in the uniforms of their several nationalities, and will be conducted to their seats by the Sargeant-at-arms of the House. Prayer will be offered by Rev. F. D. Power, Chaplain of the House and late pastor of President Garfield's church, after which Hon. David Davis will introduce Mr. Blaine, who will deliver the memorial address.

It is claimed that by means of the poor farm the pauper expense of Travis county has been reduced from \$8000 to \$1000.

The parties who obtained the contract for building the State Capitol are making arrangements for shipping their machinery, material and workmen to the ground.

Resolved.
That the order of our Lodge, and a copy sent to the Mother of the deceased and also a copy be furnished the Editor of the RURAL CITIZEN for publication.

Respectfully Submitted,
Sil Stark,
T. E. Horne,
L. L. Crutchfield,
E. Johnson, Jr.

Plymouth, N. H.
Jan. 29, 1882

To the I. O. O. F.
Permit me by the kindness of Mr. L. L. Crutchfield, to return the sincere thanks of my husband, myself and family, for your kindness to my lost boy, for the respect and esteem with which you prepared him for his last resting place, and for the kindness manifest in the last offices that could be done for our darling boy.

Signed,
Mr. and Mrs. Edin E. Upham

New York, February 1.—The first annual convention of the American Agricultural Association began to day shortly after noon. About 70 delegates were present.

AHEAD OF ALL! Knox to the Front again.

His Prices are Lower than any in Town.

It affords me great pleasure to be able to inform my old customers and the public generally that I now have on hand decidedly the selected and best stock of "General Merchandise" ever brought to this market, and as usual my prices will be a little lower than can be had elsewhere. I have learned by experience that the "Best is always the cheapest" and buy my goods accordingly. I buy no Shoddy Goods. Have learned that if you can sell a customer good goods he generally "calls again".

I can say without fear of contradiction that my stock of Ladies', Misses', Children's, and Men's Boots and Shoes is by far the best ever brought to this market. Do not forget my "Bryan Brown Shoe Co.'s" goods: "Every pair warranted."

Fully appreciating the fact that our crops are a failure, I am perfectly aware that prices must be low to sell goods and have marked my goods accordingly. My stock of clothing is unequalled. My stock of Boots and shoes is unequalled, and in fact my entire stock is UNEQUALED in point of quality and prices in this Town. It will afford me pleasure to duplicate any Rail Road prices to be had anywhere.

Thankful for past patronage and fully expecting to increase it in the future by giving best goods at living prices, I remain,
Respectfully Yours,

JAMES W. KNOX

of the United Association of the Washington, acting interests on, of Illinois Cincinnati whis- ed upon a bill ent to congress their plan is to of the tax to 50 th a conlition shall not take 1, 1882. The ostponement is contracts have the basis of the stock that has being fed upon sent prices, and into immediate interests of the greatly injured. of the bill is to al of all the tax- spirits.

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EEHAN BROS.

the survivors of the Mexico and their widows pensioned at \$8 per commissioner estimates which will be required ending with 1905 at \$3, of which \$1,264,229 million claims filed prior 1880, \$31,500,000, filed after 1880, \$21,616,000, and \$62,000,000

man in Salt Lake fishman.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

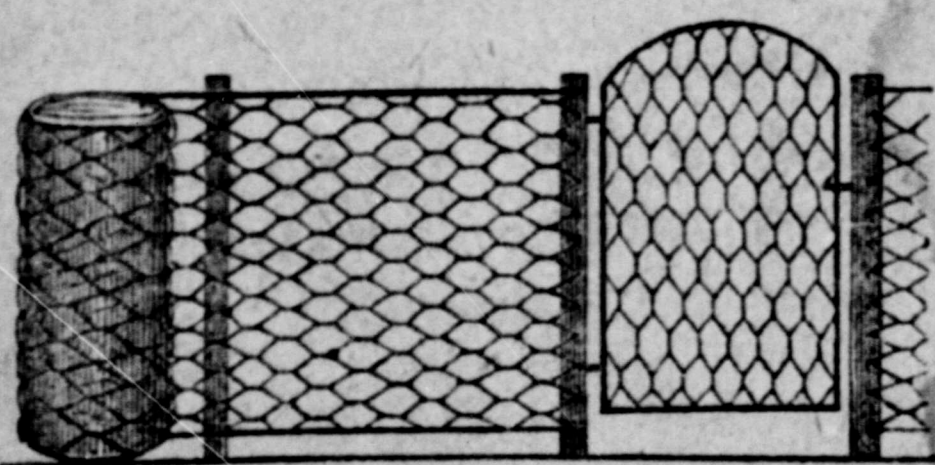
STATE OF TEXAS, to the Sheriff of Jack County, GREETING: You are hereby commanded that making publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the County of Jack, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof you summon E. J. Wilcox, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Justice's Court of Prec. No. 1 to be holden in and for the County of Jack at the Court House thereof, in Jackboro, on the 27th day of February 1882, then and there to answer the complaint of Joseph Benson, filed in said Court, against the said E. J. Wilcox, and alleging in substance as follows, to wit: An indebted of Forty-eight Dollars, and 10 per cent. due by promissory note, from said Wilcox to said Benson.

HEREIN FAIL NOT, but have you then and there before said Court, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand this 10th day of February, A. D. 1882. Thos. W. Williams, J. P. Prec. No. 1, Jack Co. Tex. C. W. Merrill, Atty for Plaintiff.

Estray Notice!

Taken up by G. V. Stacy and estrayed before Wm. Obarts, J. P. Prec. No. 2 Jack Co. Tex.: One bay mare 8 years old, 14 1/2 hands high, branded THE (connected) on the left thigh: One bay horse colt with a spot in forehead, left hind foot white, branded 2 on left shoulder and C on the left thigh: One bay pony horse 9 or 10 years old 14 1/2 hands high, branded E on the left shoulder; One black horse 4 years old, 14 hands high, no brand perceivable. D. B. Mizell, Co. Clk. Jan 1982

THE SEDGWICK



Steel Wire Fence.

Is the only general purpose wire fence in use. Being a strong net-work without barbs; it will turn dogs, pigs, poultry, as well as the most vicious stock, without danger to either fence or stock. It is just the fence for farmers, gardeners, stock-raisers, and railroads; very desirable for lawns, parks, or cemeteries. As it is covered with rust-proof paint it will last a lifetime. It is superior to boards in every respect, and far better than barbed wire. We ask for it a fair trial, knowing it will wear itself into favor. The SEDGWICK GATES, made of wrought iron pipe and steel wire, defy all competition in neatness, lightness, strength, and durability. We also make the BEST and CHEAPEST ALL IRON Automatic or Self-opening Gate. Ask hardware dealers, or for price list and particulars address SEDGWICK BROS. Richmond, Ind

Or call at the CITIZEN office.

THE COW BOY'S STOCK-MEN'S FAVORITE. None Genuine without this Trade-mark.



TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKERS ARE THE BEST AND CHEAPEST. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. A. J. TOWER, Sole Man'r, Boston. MILLER BROS., Agents for Texas.

Only SLICKER made with Wire-Fastened Buttons that will never come off. Guaranteed not to stick. Call for "Tower's Fish-Brand Slicker."

Advertisement for Deere, Mansur & Co. Farm Machinery. Includes a portrait of John Deere and a list of various agricultural machines like plows, cultivators, and wagons.

The Great Carriage Manufacturing House of the World.

EMERSON, FISHER & CO.

CINCINNATI, O., make a good, substantial Top Buggy for \$100, and a strong, durable Traction for \$140. The uniform excellence of these vehicles, resulting from carefully selected material and good workmanship, has given their Carriages a favorable reputation throughout the Union...

CARRIAGE BUILDERS

of the American Continent. These Top Buggies are in every State from Maine to California, and from the Lakes to the Gulf, and hundreds of testimonials have been received from every part of the country evincing the entire satisfaction of purchasers. Upwards of

85,000 CARRIAGES

manufactured by Emerson, Fisher & Co. are now in use, attesting their great and merited popularity, and in order to meet the demand which has increased year by year, the facilities of this mammoth establishment have recently been extended, enabling them now to put out in good style, during the busy season, about

400 CARRIAGES WEEK.

The unequalled facilities of this firm enables it to produce good Carriages at a far less cost than the work of small makers in petty wagon shops, and that class are now purchasing largely of us to supply their local trade. Send for Illustrated Price List of Carriages.

EMERSON, FISHER & CO. Cincinnati, O.

CONFLAGRATION 10 K.

Fire in New York destroyed Beechman's offices of weekly and periodicals were among which were the American, New York Scientific, Turf, Field and Farm, Observator, American Journal, the S's Bank, Note and Com Reporter, Forest and Italian, Spanish, Swedish and Portuguese journals. The Times office suffered some damage, but not serious. The occupants of the ground are an extensive rubber firm and a whole sale machinery and hardware house. The list of the losers is very large and amounts heavy. The police render the following as their estimate of the losses: The New York belting and packing company, \$100,000; Pettin-gill & Co. \$50,000; New York Observer, \$10,000; Turf, Field and Farm, \$5,000; Scottish American, \$10,000; Wallach, stationers, \$50,000; Roderiquez & Fords, cigars, \$2000; Orlando Potter, building, \$50,000; Eugene Kelly, building, \$50,000; Evening Mail building, \$20,000; Morse building, \$5000; Wash & Crook, restaurant, \$5000; Mes building, \$5000. But this list don't embrace half the losses, and the cases of some mentioned amounts are much below the acknowledged losses.

ensions. Washing Feb. 1.—The President's House to-day a reply to the resolution calling for information to what amount of appropriations would be required annually pensions during the war, based on the following: If all claims for pensions shall be adjudicated within two years, terminating Feb. 1, 1882, and if at the end of

THE MAGIC SICKLE.

Once upon a time there was a king, good and just and beloved by his subjects. But he had not been long seated on the throne before his health began to fail. He cared not to go forth from his palace, and all its beautiful adornments gave him no pleasure. The feasts spread before him he scarcely tasted, for all his appetite was gone. The king grew thin, his form wasted, he had no spirit either for work or amusement. At last the courtiers whispered among themselves: "Alas! alas! our king is gradually wasting away! He will not long remain in this world!"

Many doctors were sent for. Various were the opinions which they gave as to the cause of the king's illness, the nature of his disease. Some persons even hinted at poison. Much medicine was given to the king, but still he grew no better. He seemed at last unable to do anything but recline on cushions, taking hardly any nourishment, and finding solace in nothing but smoking his hookah. It was commonly reported in the city, "Our good king is going to die."

At last, a very famous physician from a neighboring country was sent by its friendly king. The fame of this physician had been spread far and wide, so numerous had been the cures which he had wrought. It was said, "Our king's last chance is from this man's skill: if it fails in this case, all hope is lost!"

The physician was admitted to the presence of the king, whom he found pale and almost lifeless, with closed eyes, extended on his soft couch. The physician felt the king's pulse, inquired into his symptoms, and then asked for twenty-four hours before deciding on his case.

Those twenty-four hours were a time of great anxiety to many both within and without the palace, and most of all to the poor sick king.

The next day, the physician returned with something wrapped up in an embroidered cloth, and with a countenance so cheerful that the hearts of all gathered hope.

"Have you, O physician! found out any cure for my grievous sickness?" asked the king.

"I have found something, O Ruler of the world! which, by the favor of the All-merciful, may work a cure, if used with courage and perseverance," said the physician.

"I will shrink from no remedy, however painful," cried the king, "if only my lost health can be restored."

The physician slowly opened the folds of the cloth, and a bright sickle, with a handle of ivory, appeared in

tendants looked on in amazement, they knew not by what magic power a sickle could work a cure.

Then said the physician, "One day, O mighty monarch! give me the sickle in your royal hand, and I will send into yon field in which the corn hold corn ripening in the sun. I will ply the sickle with force and vigor until the ivory handle almost falls from the hand that grasp it. As the sweat and toil-drops stand on your Majesty's brow. Then returning to the palace, deign to partake of the feast which will then be set before your Majesty. Persevere in thus using my sickle until yon field be reaped, and, if my lord's health be not improved, let his servant's head be the forfeit."

The sick monarch agreed to try the virtue of the wonderful sickle, which, when not actually used, was, by his command, to be kept locked up in a sandal-wood chest. No one was to touch one ear of corn in the little field except the king, who hoped to gather health from its reaping.

He went forth alone on the following morning with the wonderful sickle, nor returned till his hand most chafe to the ivory, and the toil drops stood on his brow.

"Bring me food, and quickly!" cried the king. "I am half dead with fatigue!" And he threw himself back on his cushions.

Food was served in silver vessels. The courtiers looked on wondering as the king proceeded to eat.

"Yesterday," whispered one, "the dishes went away almost as full as when they were brought. To-day the king has almost finished the pilau, and now he is busy with the curry and rice!"

After a plentiful meal, the king who was usually sleepless, fell into a long, deep slumber. When he awoke, he observed with a smile: "I have not had such a sleep for many months. There must be magic virtue in the sickle."

Day by day, the monarch went out to reap his corn and bind up his sheaves which were always given to the poor. Day by day, he returned weary and very hungry. His step grew firmer, his eye brighter, he was far more cheerful and hopeful. Soon the king gave audience to ambassador, then felt able to judge the cause of the poor in person. All the dwellers in the city rejoiced to see his returning health, and praised the gifted physician, and sick grandees offered the latter thousands of rupees for magic sickles like that used by the king. When all the corn in the little field had been reaped by the royal hand, the monarch sent for the physician. He loaded the doctor with praises and costly gifts, and permitted him to return to his own land. The

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CITIZEN for

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PATENTS

As Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, rights, etc., for the United States, and France, Germany, etc. We have years' experience. Through us are noticed in the Scribner's Monthly, the Progress, and other leading magazines. This large and splendid illustration, published in the Scientific American, 37 Park Row, New York, and book about Patents free.

Patents

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C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

JACKSBORO

MILLS!

and Corn Grinding,

Tole one-sixth.

Cotton Ginning.

Tole One-fourteenth.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

L. P. ADAMSON,

Proprietor.

HORAN,

Styles Texas Saddles, Bridles, Etc.

Long Trug Harness, Trace Chains, Leather Leg Leather, Halt-Soles, Pigs Laths

Your Saddles and Harness Prices.

ALWAYS ON HAND Repairing. Carriages trimmer.

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T. E. HORAN,

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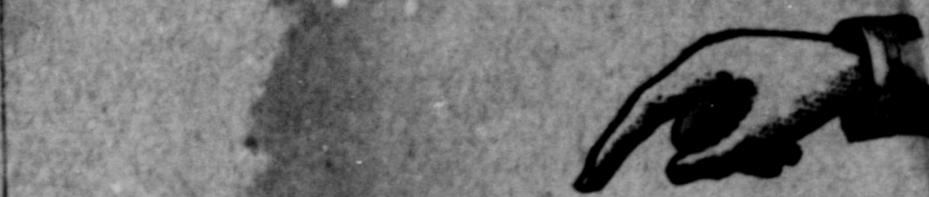
I have the largest stock of staple, fancy and imported groceries ever shipped to Ft. Worth, which I buy from first

sources, for cash, and which I propose to

sell at weatherford prices. Call and

compare goods and prices.

S. W. Eastin,



The Times-Democrat.

THE NEW ORLEANS DEMOCRAT AND NEW ORLEANS TIMES, CONSOLIDATED DECEMBER 1, 1881.

A representative newspaper must find its way into every business establishment and to every fireside around which clusters even the most ordinary intelligence. Is there any question in the minds of the people living in the Southwestern and Gulf States that the TIMES-DEMOCRAT is that paper; that it embodies all of the elements and possesses all the qualities that they can reasonably expect to find in a favorite journal?

The enterprise, push and progress of the New Orleans DEMOCRAT during the past eighteen months have become proverbial. No journal published in the South has made such progress in the same period of time. The New Orleans Times has been for many years recognized as one of the leading journals in the country.

The consolidated issue, THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT, will embody the best elements, the highest virtues of both. It will simply be, without question, the ideal paper of the business man, the mechanic planter, farmer, the family, the people, of all classes and conditions. It is waste of time to enumerate the excellencies of its issues. It is the embodiment of the modern newspaper. Every department in it has been raised to the highest standard. The Daily or the Weekly TIMES-DEMOCRAT should reach every place of business and every home in the Southwestern and Gulf States.

The subscription rates for the Daily are as follows, payable in advance:

One year (every day) \$12 Six months.....\$6

Three months..... 3 One month..... 1

Postage prepaid.

The rates for the weekly are as follows:

One year (Saturdays).....\$1.50

Six months......75

Three months......50

Postage prepaid.

The Weekly is never less than 12 pages in size, and is really the best and cheapest weekly paper published.

The Democrat's Illustrated Almanac

For 1882, and

Hand-Book of General Information.

An elegant work of 120 pages, 8 1/2 x 6 1/2 inches in size, printed on finely tinted book paper, illustrated throughout with most beautiful engravings; and containing besides all the information pertaining to the calendar, statistical and general information on various subjects, and especially upon the political and civil divisions, population, names of officials, State and municipal records of past elections, productions, railroads, geological formations, etc. of the States of Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida, will be mailed free, postage prepaid, to every subscriber of the Daily or Weekly TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Send remittances in registered letter, postal order, or draft at our risk.

Address all communications and letters to

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT, New Orleans, La.

low losses packing gill & servor Farm, \$8 \$10,000; 000; Rod \$2000; On \$50,000; I \$50,000; I 20,000; M Wash & Cr mes bui si don't e and the cas amounts are knowledged

Store,

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EMERSON

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middle view

Specialty...
See page...

D. C. BROWN.

Experience has taught me that an advertisement to be effective, must be truthful and must emanate from a source equally so. It has always been and always will be my purpose to advertise only what can actually be bought at my store. My reputation is established. Visit my establishment, examine my stock, and be convinced of its genuineness. The proof of the pudding is in eating.

I will show you the largest line of Spring and Summer Clothing, the latest styles, the most stylish, and the greatest variety ever offered in this market. The season has arrived when these goods must be sold, if superior goods and low prices will sell them.

I will show you the largest and the most complete line of men's, boys' youths' and children's hats ever offered in this market, at prices within the reach of all.

I have in stock a complete line of Philadelphia and Rochester hand-made men's, ladies', misses', and children's shoes, slippers, and umbrellas in endless varieties. Also a line of cheaper shoes at prices to suit everybody.

I will show you the best stock of white summer dress goods, such as Bantings, Vellings, Nainsooks, Bar Mollins, Piques, Lawns, Acacia, the most extensive line of Dress Goods in colors at reasonable prices.

Also the largest line of Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Lawn Ties, Lawn Fiches, Silk Fiches, Silk Ties, Lawn Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs, in the newest styles and at reduced prices.

Also a full line of Toilet Articles, Perfumes, Powders, Soaps, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Comb Brushes, Combs, Hair Ornaments, &c.

Also a fine line of School Books, Copy Books, Paper, Envelopes, Post, Pen-knives, Stationery, Ink, &c.

Also a complete line of milliner goods, trimmed and untrimmed hats, Ribbons, Feathers, artificial flowers, bouquets, and ornaments. New goods constantly arriving in this line.

You will also find my stock of Groceries, Hardware, Furniture, Coffins, &c. complete.

D. C. BROWN.

RURAL CITIZEN.

J. S. & ALICE M. ROGERS, Editors

Locals.

Go to Owens' for tudy on a fan.
This is the longest day in the year.
Dr. Robinson has returned home from Denton.
Hot weather, thermometer running up to 88 degrees.
See the new advertisement of McKeehan Bros.
Esquire Ozbart was in town yesterday and says Jasper Creek has the best crops for years.
Mrs. Callaway has our thanks for some very fine peaches presented by Master Mansell.
A new supply of fancy candies at Owens'.
"When it is going to rain" is the much repeated question.
Look out for the next rain when it is more or less cloudy and water coming down in drops.
Sally-wellies, the new remedy for rheumatism, at McConnell's.
The Methodists have bought a lot on which to erect their church building on the east side of North Main street.
D. C. Brown has just received a new invoice of Groceries, a fresh lot of candies, &c.
G. W. Drennan is building a residence in the southeast part of town, near Sheriff King's.
My stock is now complete in every respect and I will not be undersold.
S. W. Eastin.
Kendall's Spain Cure, the great horse medicine at McConnell's drug store.
The Curries would like to have a little something in the way of stove wood and chickens on subscription.
If you want Soap you can call on S. W. Eastin he has more soap than any other merchant in town, get his prices and you will be sure to buy.

Removal Notice.
My customers and the public in general will please take notice that I have moved from my old stand temporarily, and for the present can be found at the "Old Eastern Building" on the west side of the Public Square, where I will be pleased to see all my old customers as well as new ones. The temporary change was made in order to move my old home for the purpose of building a new one. I will offer goods very low during the next 60 days in order to run off my present stock, and when I return to my old stand I expect to have a very full and complete stock of New Goods.
Do not forget the place, Eastern building, west side of Public Square.
Respectfully,
James W. Knox.

Owens has Jacksboro mills flour at \$2.50 per 100, and country lard at 15 cents per pound.
Lamp chimneys at Owens'.
Mr. S. R. Bigger, formerly of Jack county but recently of Mineral Wells, died at that place a short time since. We did not learn the date.
Having tried a very great variety of medicines for a bad case of sore throat, which threatened to become chronic, I take pleasure in stating that H. H. McConnell made me a preparation that cured me in 24 hours.
J. K. Conley.

D. C. Brown is continually receiving new goods in the grocery line. He stock everything in the way. He goods are new. His prices are the lowest. Call and give him your order. He has a full line of his own goods. He has the highest market price for wheat and country produce.

Go to Owens' for Ward's Electric Soap, it does away with boiling, and is excellent for washing everything from plain clothes to the finest silks.
Short music at McConnell's, and by arrangement with Oliver Ditson & Co. of Boston, any music published will be furnished at the net prices of the original catalogue by him.
The following officers Fort Richardson lodge A. F. and A. M. were elected last Saturday night to serve for the ensuing Masonic year.
L. P. Adamson, W. M.
A. Buskin, S. W.
T. L. McKinley, J. W.
S. E. Moore, Trustee.
H. H. McConnell, Secy.
J. W. Stark, Tyler.
These officers will be installed on Monday, June 25, at 4 p. m. all members are cordially invited to be present.

In D. C. Brown's Men's Furnishing Department will be found most anything in the way of men's or boys' clothing. Men's or boys' custom made clothing from the very best material and every other kind of a vest that can be made. Men's white goods, shirts, collars, neckties, and colored alpaca coats "fill you can't resist," and at prices to suit the times. Men's brown, blue, and tan suits, scarfs, ties, silk handkerchiefs, and any thing else in that line that can be found elsewhere. Also will be found the very best made boots and shoes, and a thousand and one things too numerous to mention. When you come to D. C. Brown's mammoth dry goods establishment if you don't see what you want, call for it and you shall have what you want and at prices that would astonish you because he does not propose to be undersold.

Then let us resolve to be merry,
All worry to ferry,
Across the fence water that did I forget,
And no longer be ferried,
But be happy and cheerful,
Weed that the sea much that's worth
Living for yet.

There is quite a lively move in Jack county real estate at this time. About one hundred transfers have been filed in the County Clerk's office during the past week.

S. W. Eastin, bought a lot of Irish potatoes from Mr. O. M. Melton, some of which weighed one pound. How is this for a country where they say nothing will grow?

After three weeks serious reflection I cannot recede the time, I am still of the opinion that a man could not sell as I do and live a day.
S. W. Eastin.

J. S. McKeehan went out to Newport the first of the week on a flying trip, and says crops everywhere in that section are very fine.

Stark Esq., has our thanks for a lot of very fine peaches from his orchard, which he planted out only a few years ago. They were large and of very fine flavor.

The Christian denomination has purchased a lot on the north side of Deacatur street on which to build their church; the work has already begun, and will doubtless soon be completed.

FOR SALE.
1600 or 2000 good Missouri sheep, principally ewes.
Also 1000 Cotswold and Merino hocks, Rancho on Roberts prairie, 10 miles N. W. of Jacksboro, Texas, 1888. Maspin & Irvin.

Go to D. C. Brown's for a fine Sewing machine the best in the market.
Buskin has just got in a full line of paints and window glass.
J. J. Owens has the best standard oil in 1 and 5 gallon cans.

Go to Buskin's Drug Store for Little's Chemical Fluid, the best cheap 4 in. known, or Kallinckhoff's Colic Cure, sulphur, &c.
You can buy kerosene oil by the case or five gallon cans of S. W. Eastin at Weatherford prices.
The bid to clean off the Cemetery and put up the fence has been awarded to T. W. Whitsett, and is to be completed by the 15th of July. All parties who have recently subscribed for that purpose will please call at S. W. Eastin's and settle. Other subscriptions are solicited to make further necessary improvements.

The Board of Directors of Jack County Educational Institute met last Thursday and accepted the plan submitted by Jones Bros. of Weatherford, and awarded the contract to erect the school building to them. The house is to be 52 feet wide and an entrance tower in front 20x30 feet. The whole two stories high, and belted on entrance tower, also in front of the entrance tower an 8 by 12 porch.
The board is to meet again on the 2nd day of July to approve building contracts. The work is to begin as soon as the board is approved and the house is to be completed by the first day in December next.

Sheep for Sale.
I am holding 1000 head of Sheep 2 miles East of Jacksboro which I am offering for sale at a bargain for cash. They are all young and healthy sheep, have been kept in Clay Co. for one year—550 ewes 2 years old will shear 4 1/2 lbs. of wool per year, 450 lambs from fine Merino bucks. For prices and further particulars, call on or address, L. F. Hall at Horton House, Jacksboro, Texas.

True Spectacles!
H. H. McConnell would announce that he has a large assortment of genuine Parisian eye glasses which he can sell at the same price as they can be obtained in New Orleans or St. Louis. He has also an assortment of improved construction, whereby the sight can be accurately measured, and such a pair of glasses furnished as will exactly suit the eye without injury. He also has a line of eye glasses and cheap spectacles, but attention is invited to those true goods, which will be a blessing to any one using them.

SWANSON'S PILLS—CONSIDERED THE BEST. Thousands die from neglect to properly treat Impure Blood, Consumption, Typhoid, Malaria, Apoplexy, Liver, Kidney, Heart Diseases, Dropsy, and Rheumatism. But the debilitated, burdened with such serious sickness, are constitutionally recommended SWANSON'S PILLS, which contain medicinal properties known only by the other remedy. Sent by mail for 25 cents, box of 50 pills for \$1.00 in stamps. Address, DR. S. W. SWANSON & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sent 25 cents.

Since our last issue J. W. Knox has moved his goods into the East-burn house, west side of the Square, moved out his old wooden store house and is now digging out the foundation for his new stone building. We hear that others are talking of putting up stone buildings.

If you wish to buy extra good platform scales, weigh half ounces and as much as 240 pounds; second hand, used but very little and as good as new; they were bought with a close out stock of goods and will be sold very cheap. Call at the CITIZEN Office or McKeehan Bros.

Through the courtesy of Sheriff King and Deputy Stinson I was enabled to make a trip to Antelope last Tuesday. Leaving town a little after 6 o'clock Stinson drove out on the Archer City road. On and on we drove over hill and dale, through timber and prairie, passing pastures with their cattle and farm-laden with rich golden grain and dark green growing corn. At Damon's I recognized the place where I crossed North Creek in February 1878, and the road doesn't seem to have been much improved in the ten years. After driving across the far famed Los Valley we arrived at Gertrudes, and from thence across the hills and West Fork of Trinity to Antelope. This place is delightfully situated in a high rolling country with timber and prairie interspersed so as to make a beautiful place, without apparent local cause for sickness, while on the other hand are the Mineral Waters which are performing as remarkable cures as any other mineral waters in the United States. A cancer has been cured by the use of these waters in the last two months. A debate, between Rev. Crutchfield and Ed. Pritchard began in the morning before we arrived. We would like to have heard the debate and seen more of the people but our business required us to return; so after attending to that and partaking of the hospitalities of the genial Post Master E. H. McLain, we started home, crossing the West Fork near the mouth of Cameron's Creek. Ten years ago I was there and it was a howling wilderness, today much of the valley is in cultivation, yielding rich harvests of grain. As the shadows grew long we passed over some of the most beautiful country to be seen anywhere, in fact few countries present as much varied and beautiful scenery as Jack county, smooth, rich prairie valleys covered with luxuriant grass and flowers of every hue, surrounded by sloping hills and steep mountains covered with timber, in many places, make the traveler feel that he is almost entering the borders of a paradise. We took supper with the hospitable family of Esq. Dunlap, after an hour's rest we again started for home. The full silver moon was reaching the zenith when we again drove into Jacksboro, having traveled 45 or more miles.

Marriage License.
J. C. Moore and Miss S. E. Johnson.
A. P. Hoge and Miss Flora L. Loyd.
E. M. Harris and Mrs. Fannie E. Cooper.

Real Estate Transfers Recorded During the Past Week.
A. G. Jackson to E. G. Livingston Clark Swingle pre-emption 160 acres; consideration \$500.
E. M. Tillman to E. S. Dunn & A. L. Henson 440 acres out of the Wm. Williams survey; consideration \$440.
Emma LeBlanch to John Coggins one acre out of the J. W. Backner survey; consideration \$200.
Adam Guthrie & wife to Thomas J. Tapp T. E. & L. Co. survey No. 2564 & 2565; consideration \$—.
Thomas J. Tapp to G. M. Lancaster T. E. & L. Co. survey No. 2564, 2565; consideration \$450.
W. D. Wood to John Hensley, E. T. Robinson survey 600 acres; consideration \$1800.
W. M. King to Robinson & West Tex. Em. & Land Co. survey No. 2535, tax sale deed.
W. B. Aiken to Thomas F. West Joseph E. Hopkins sur. 550 acres; consideration \$550.
Stanley Cooper et al to Wm. Harrell 10 acres out of the J. W. Backner sur.; consideration \$225.
J. C. Lindsey in the Corporation of the town of Jacksboro, 21-3-3 acre out of the Wm. Backner sur. for

public Cemetery.
Dorras Bennett to Stephen A. Gasland part of the I. N. Wright sur. consideration \$1200.
J. T. Henson to A. L. Henson special quit claim to 1212 acres of the Joseph Henson sur.; consideration \$100.
J. W. & M. J. Gentry to W. C. Benton 160 acres of the Elias Moore survey; consideration \$200.
W. C. Burton to J. A. McCord same land; consideration \$240.
J. A. McCord to W. C. Burton same land consideration \$240.
W. C. Burton to John Ross same land, consideration \$210.
W. M. King to A. Sutherland, tax sale deeds to the following surveys to-wit:
160 acres Geo. Taylor Sur.
80 " S. H. Evans "
100 " B.S. & F. sur cert. no. 1290 "
80 " H. M. Walden Sur.
529 " John Harrison "
80 " Wm. Briscoe "
84.5 " G. W. White "
150 " Ahrensbeck & Bro. cert. no. 95 "
95 " Geo. Stevenson "
160 " Pat Murphy "
180 " E. Britton "

Sunday School Convention.
NEWPORT, TEXAS, JUNE, 1888.
RURAL CITIZEN:
The Sunday School Convention of Clay county meets at Union School House, four miles west of Newport on Friday before the third Sunday in July and will continue in session three days. All the schools in adjacent counties are earnestly requested to send delegates. Each school will be allowed three delegates and all Sunday school superintendents and ministers will have a voice in the convention. Let us not, in trying to advance the interest of the great cause, respect county and sectional lines, but let all lovers of Christ come and take part in the deliberations of our meeting.
Wm. Jay Walker,
Secy. Co. S. S. C.

Report.
NEWPORT, JUNE, 11, 1888.
We now come with greeting to all Sunday School workers, and especially to Jacksboro Sunday schools and all who are interested in the Sunday school work are hereby invited to be held at Union School Convention to be held at Union School, commencing on Friday before the 3d Sunday in July. Union is located about four miles east of Post Oak and about the same from Newport. A committee will be in attendance to furnish all who come with a home during the convention. D. W. Simpson superintendent.
Harvest has commenced in earnest and the prospect for wheat is fine. The quality is much better than last year, though the stand is not good.
Corn is quite fattening for the time of the year; and with the fine rains we are now having many are very sanguine of a good crop. Cotton looks only moderately, most of the crop being in the woods. There will be quite a falling off in this crop on Ten Mile. Farmers are now turning their attention to small grain.
Again has South closed upon one of the most healthy looking among our middle-aged women, while many weaker and more fragile remain. Dear will the name of Mrs. James remain in the hearts of all who knew her. She was known far and wide as a mother and a friend indeed and above all a true Christian whose life has been one of pure piety and devotion to the cause of Christianity. DEATH.
J. T. ELLIOTT.

Abilene.
Abilene, Texas.
Last Wednesday a meeting was called by Mr. J. L. Stevenson, who lives a few miles south of here, for the purpose of organizing a stock company of unlimited number of shares at one hundred dollars each, and no one holder to hold over one hundred shares. The capital is to be invested in cattle, and to be controlled by a board of officers. As but few of those who anticipate meeting at this place were here, they did not organize but will at an early day; however, the meeting was interesting to those who were in attendance, for there was about \$20,000 subscribed for a beginning. I suppose it will be a success.

TRAMBLE ABOUT FREIGHT RATES.
On last Thursday a couple of men fell out about hauling freight from this point to Concho, Chaddock, and other points. All parties concerned live here and have been doing well at the business, especially one, John Hughes who came here when the town first started with one span of mules and an old wagon, and now owns ten span of good mules and four new wagons, some town property, and was just about ready to have a good residence built, and fix to live at home. He has been hauling freight at any price he could get, just to get loading, not to be idle. If he could not get full price he would haul for less, from which the fracas originated to wit: About noon one G. H. Thomas and his son William, met Hughes and they began a conversation about loading to Concho, and then about Hughes cutting on prices and the old man Thomas and Hughes got angry and into a quarrel, and then into blows, and Thomas gave Hughes a real hard pounding, while the son William stood by to see it well done. So badly was Hughes beaten up that he had to be carried into a house and cared for. So about 4 p. m. Hughes came to his mind some and got up and went home and got his big six-shooter and Winchester, saddled a mule and had a boy who was working for him to saddle another and go with him. He then started on the hunt of the Thomases. He went to their house and found that he had started death with freight, so off he went to prevent on them and soon overtook them about one mile south of town, and as soon as he came up to the Thomases, Hughes began firing at them with his six-shooter. The old man and William left the team and ran to a new building, that was under construction, for protection, taking with them an old Winchester rifle, but the old rifle being some out of order the slide bang and would not throw the cartridge in the barrel, so as soon as Hughes completed his six-shooter and saw the Thomases with a gun he got off his mule and took out his Winchester rifle and opened on the old man and William. They were standing inside of a new box house and he could see their legs, and he plugged the old man through the boxing, hitting him in the abdomen which will very likely be fatal. William seeing that would not be started to run out of the house on the rear end and Hughes shot at him and hit him in the head, and killed him dead on the spot. Hughes then got on his mule and rode off southward calm and unconcerned, reloading his six-shooter, and some think to hunt up the rest of the boys, for there are two more of them grown and out fighting. I am informed that Thomas is still living, but the M. D. says there is but little hope for him.
The weather is very warm. Considerable thundering in the west and northwest. Had several size

showers last week.
Business lively and trade good.
The T. P. R. R. have opened their new eating house and have commenced to extend the freight depot to double its present size. West bound passenger stops here in the morning for breakfast, and the east-bound passenger for supper.
Wm. Cameron is back about completing a \$15,000 bank building and have just received a \$500 —
I am superintending the building of an opera house for Mr. John Owens and will have it ready for business in about 10 days.
The T. P. R. R. will give a festival on the night of the 21st on the big platform of the eating house. We all expect a grand time and a large attendance. Will have music by the bands.
R. R. STARK.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
You are hereby notified that the Commissioner Court of Jack County Texas, will convene and sit as a Board of Equalization of Taxes, at the Court House in Jacksboro on the 30th day of June, 1888. Done by order of the Court.
Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at the office of Jacksboro this 19th day of June 1888.
D. B. MITZEL,
Clerk.

G. V. Stacy & Bro.,
Groceries, Meat Market, Feed Store and FEED LOT, ALSO LEMONADE STAND and ICE CREAM on Saturdays or as the public demands.
Please call.
WHITE, TEXAS.
TYPHOID FEVER—SYMPTOMS AND CURE.
The symptoms are, sudden, like pertussis, intense, followed by vomiting, very distressing, particularly at night, when as if the vomit were coming in and about the vomit the patient parts are sometimes affected. It is important to continue very active until the patient has recovered. Also for Typhoid, Cholera, Dysentery, Scurvy, Erysipelas, Burns, Piles, Rheumatism, all sorts, every skin disease. Sent by mail for 25 cents. 2 boxes \$1.00. In stamps. Address, DR. S. W. SWANSON & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Sent by Druggist.

H. W. Clingman,
Contractor & Builder.
Is prepared to do all kinds of BRICKWORK and REPAIRING.
Work done according to order in an honest workman-like manner, at reasonable rates.

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The Great Popular Route of Texas
Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe R'y.

CONNECTIONS.
AT GALVESTON with Mallory Line of Steamers for Key West and New York; Morgan Line for New Orleans, Indianola, Corpus Christi, Brownsville, and Vera Cruz.
AT ABILENE with I. & G. N. R. R. for Colorado and Texas in Graciosa County.
AT ROSENBERG with G. H. A. S. R. Y. (Sunset Route) for Columbus, Weimar, Harwood, Irving, San Antonio, Laredo, Uvalde and Western Texas and Mexico also for Houston and Star and Crescent Lines for Beaumont, Orange Lake Charles, the Teche Country, New Orleans, and all points in the South-east, North and East with New York, Texas and Mexican R'y for Houston, Victoria, and stations on that line.
AT BRENHAM with H. & T. C. R'y for Hempstead, Lelletter, Giddings, Melick and Austin.
AT MILANO with I. & G. N. R. R. for Hennes, Palestine, Rockdale, Round Rock, Georgetown, Austin, San Marcos, New Braunfels, San Antonio, and Laredo.
AT TEMPLE with Missouri Pacific R'y
AT MCGREGOR with Texas & St. Louis Railway for Waco, Comstock, Athens, Mr. Pleasant, Gilmer and Texarkana.
AT MORGAN with Texas Central R'y, for Waco, Ross, Hico, Inwell, Cisco, and all points on that line.
AT CLEBURNE, Junction of Dallas & Victoria of G. C. & S. F. R'y.
AT FORT WORTH with Missouri Pacific, and Texas and Pacific R'y, for all points on those lines; for El Paso, Ft. Stock, San Francisco and the Pacific Coast, and for Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, New York and all points North, East and West.
AT DALLAS with H. & T. C. R'y; T. & P. R'y, and Dallas Extension of M. P. Railway.
See that your tickets read over this line for full information address—
OSCAR G. MURKIN,
Gen'l Pass. Ag't,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.

JACKSBORO MILLS!
Wheat and Corn Grinding,
Cotton Ginning,
L. P. ADAMSON, Proprietor.

Pensions for SOLDIERS.
I wish to say to the people of Jack County that still have a first class drill and am prepared to do good work in my line of business guaranteeing satisfaction on my part as to straitsness of well and quantity of water. Price: under 100 feet 75 cents per foot, under 200 feet, \$1.00 per foot; if each is paid only 75 cts. per foot through dirt to first rock. But if stopped before reaching water, parties must pay me for what I have done. Soliciting your patronage; I am yours,
T. F. WARDEN.

U. S. MAIL STAGE LINE.
I am running a Daily U. S. Mail Stage Line from Weatherford to Jacksboro, Texas.
Leaves Weatherford every day except Sunday, at 6 A. M. Arrives at Jacksboro by 5 P. M.
Leaves Jacksboro every day except Sunday, at 5 A. M. Arrives at Weatherford by 5 p. m.
J. J. GALLAGHER, Proprietor.

Notice in Probate.
The State of Texas.
To all Persons interested in the Estate of James W. York deceased: You are hereby notified that W. M. King has filed in the County Court of Jack County an application for the probate of the Last Will and Testament of said James W. York deceased and for letters testamentary which will be issued at the next Regular Term of the Honorable County Court of Jack County Texas to be held on the 15th of May, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Court House in the town of Jacksboro, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application if they see proper.
Heads will not, under penalty of the law and of this will make due return.
Witness, D. B. Mizel, Clerk of said County, and the Seal thereof, at office in the town of Jacksboro, the 15th day of April 1888.
D. B. MITZEL,
C. C. & S. F. County.

FARMERS MAKE MONEY
TAKING THE FARMERS REVIEW

A. BUSKIN,
DEALER IN
J. J. OWENS,
DEALER IN
Confectionery and Groceries.
JACKSBORO, Old Store, West Side Square, TEXAS.
Has a full line of Candies, Froths, and a new stock of Groceries, which he will sell at the lowest prices. Call and see his goods and prices.

ELLIOTT & ROE,
DEALERS IN
LUMBER, SHINGLES
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding, Lime, Cement, Plaster, and Mixed Paints.
We have now on hand the largest and best selected stock of building material yet brought to this market.
Bottom Prices Guaranteed.
Yard at Railroad Depot. Weatherford, Texas.

