

THE SANDESON

Friday Dec. 31, 1926

Sanderson, Texas

Sez Finney:
It's after a
woman mar-
ried that she
wishes most
heartily the
suits which
were passed
at her life
never.

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW



You wouldn't give a thin dime
unwelcome every where.

Be a booster - If you can't boost
and if you can't do either, then you

IT IS SAID: "The devil once idea of a
began knocking his own home town.
happened.

We think this the best Town in
best State - If we didn't think so
are going to continue to ASSIST in

LET'S WORK TO

You Can Depend

Sanderson State

City Bar

Clean Tonsoring

Ladies

Advertising in the Times pays.

J. Q. SHARP

J. Q. Sharp died last Saturday night at his home following several weeks illness. He was 72 years, 3 months and 20 days old. Mr. Sharp was born in Frankfort, Kentucky, September 5, 1854, and came to Texas at the age of 16. He was united in marriage on December 29, 1882 to Miss Catherine Murrah in Milan County, Texas, who survives him, together the following children: Fount A., Harry and Mrs. W. R. Qualtrough all of this city and Mrs. S. R. Ord of El Paso, and 15 grandchildren.

Mr. Sharp united with the Church of Christ when he was 30 years old and has been a faithful member ever since. He was a kind father, a good faithful husband, considering his family before self, no greater tribute could be paid him. For the past 16 years he has been a resident of this city.

The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon, Rev. D. A. Adams holding the services at the grave. Interment was made in the City Cemetery.

Sincere sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones.

L. S. Dickson and sons and Miss Kate Blakey of Marathon spent Christmas with Mrs. Luella Lemons.

LOCAL NEWS

On Wednesday evening, at 8:15 December 22, at the Presbyterian Church, Mrs. Clyde Mills presented her music pupils in a class recital. All pieces given were either duet or trio numbers and well rendered by every pupil. Mrs. Mills is to be congratulated on the success she is making with her pupils.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Brown of Lubbock were holiday visitors with Mrs. Brown's parents, V. R. and Mrs. Frank K. Harrell.

Messrs. Joe and Jim Kerr and families had as their guests during the holidays Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Kuykendall of El Paso, Mrs. J. E. Dewees and Miss Mary Rose Kerr of Floresville, and John Kerr of Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Maxey Hart of San Antonio spent the holidays with Mrs. Hart's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McKee.

Mrs. Ray Caldwell returned the latter part of last week from a visit with relatives in Richmond, Kentucky.

Mrs. Harry Newton and children spent the holidays in El Paso with relatives.

Paul Stansell, a student at Tulane University at New Orleans visited his father, J. C. Stansell, and other relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufe Murrah and children spent the holidays with relatives in Del Rio.

Mrs. J. C. Green and children spent Christmas holidays with relatives in Valentine.

Mrs. Daisy Martin of Kerrville spent Christmas with her mother Mrs. J. B. Ross and other relatives.

Mrs. James Kerr and children left Sunday for San Antonio to visit friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Lowry and son, Pat, of El Paso spent several days here this week with Mrs. Lowry's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Landers.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Bodkin visited friends in El Paso this week.

Mrs. V. J. Worcester left Monday for Waco to visit her daughter, Miss Garnett.

Mrs. Sue Douglas has returned from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Mrs. B. E. Rogers at Orange.

Mrs. V. P. Sheffield had as her guests this week her daughter, Mrs. K. Patrick and sons, of Barnhart.

Mrs. Jack Haines and children of El Paso visited Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Strange's family this week.

CARD OF THANKS.
We wish to express our appreciation and thanks for flowers, and sympathy and words of kindness and the help of our friends during the illness and death of our husband, Mr. J. Q. Sharp.

To all friends and readers
of Sanderson Times
Extend to you a Very Happy and
Prosperous New Year

BRIGHT PROSPECTS IN VIEW FOR TERRELL COUNTY FOR YEAR 1927

Joe Kerr, President Sanderson State Bank, in reviewing local business conditions during 1926 sounded an optimistic keynote. He went on to say "The industry of Terrell County is primarily stock raising, and on the ranches today there are such greater number of head of cattle in fine physical condition than in any previous year. The range is well stocked with sheep and a warm fall has helped the wool crop, putting the range in excellent shape. Range men are carrying over much more wool than in previous years. Approximate number of head of sheep were shipped during the year 1926, 100,000. The quantity of wool exported with prairie lamb is estimated at \$500,000.00 and Mohair valued at \$500,000.00. A number of private homes have been built costing from \$2500 to \$5,000 each. One was completed at an outlay of \$10,000 and another at \$25,000. In course of erection is a store building to care for the expanding business of the Kerr Mercantile Co. This should be finished by April 1, and will represent an investment of \$80,000. There has been a consistent gain in population; all merchants report increased sales; bank clearing and deposits to individual accounts show a healthy growth and so do the postal receipts. The local bank made a 100 per cent increase in its capital bringing the capital and surplus to \$75,000.00. The G. H. & S. A. Ry has not lagged but is employing more men as well as expanding its yards and trackage through the expenditure of \$300,000.00. The improvements include installation of a modern electric trolley. The electric light, water and power company has found it necessary to add additional motors and equipment to keep abreast of the ever increasing demand, and plans to erect a \$5,000 office and display building to be completed in early 1927. The big oil companies are giving this territory close attention, and now have about 1,000,000 acres under lease. Two wells are in process of drilling. All in all Terrell County feels elated over the prospects for 1927 when the stimulus of our policy of expansion will begin to be felt, and every indication is that 1927 will be our greatest for all time up to then."

McDONALD - HUNTER
Mr. Rufus McDonald of this city and Miss Loua Hunter of Hylton, Texas, were united in marriage at Sweetwater, Texas, on Tuesday, December 21, 1926; Rev. G. B. Sliger of the the Church of Christ, officiated. The bride is the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hunter of Hylton, and has a large circle of friends at that place. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William McDonald. He has numerous friends who wish for himself and bride many years of wedded happiness.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Landers of Longview were here this week for the holidays. Mr. Landers was a visitor at the Times office on Monday. He is with the Longview Mercantile Co., and he is advertising agent.

E. STIRMAN
Wood, Coal and Dairy Man
Mesquit, Oak Wood and Dawson Coal
Your Supply on Hand.
For the First Cold

JOHN HAW, ABSTRACTORS

Terrell County Lands

Lands Leased Taxes Paid
Examined and Titles Passed Upon By
Efficient and Reliable Attorney.
With County Clerk, Sanderson, Texas

Ford Fordson

CARS-TRUCKS-TRACTORS

In the expert with which you deal—that is the thing to consider in your purchase of a new or used car, and upon that basis you should naturally buy from an authorized dealer.

By a complete stock of FORD cars and accessories, and 100 year Tires and Tubes.

For daytime expert workmen and we have the best

W. J. FERGUSON

See Manager For Contract

Waco, Etc.

See Manager For Contract

Buy your neighbor for the use of his

when you can have one in your

\$2.25 Per Month?

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

Telephone Company

THE SANDERSON TIMES, SANDERSON, TEXAS

VELVET FOR FORMAL WEAR; SHORTER COATS ARE COMING IN

Velvet and plush combinations are outstanding in the midwinter season. The new short-coat model is shown in the picture.

Perhaps you are questioning in your own mind as to the material employed for the development of this charming coat. Velvet, of course, is the answer, for velvet is one of the smartest of midwinter cloakings.

This pretty coat in the picture might just as well have been made of black velvet with a rich dark fur trimming, but the creator of this girlish wrap decided on a beautiful vi-



Pearl Beads.

brant blue with chinilla collar, cuffs and borders, for colorful velvet is very popular for daytime coats as well as evening ones.

The fact that the sleeves are so fancifully furled, emphasizes this season's fashion trend toward cuffs of extreme novelty. The bordering of this coat is also somewhat unique.

Note how it separates toward the front just enough to allow a row of cunning buttons between.

Now that colorful velvet coats have come into fashion, the vogue promises some extremely interesting versions.

Very choice is the black velvet coat, colored with unspotted cotton. Straight from Paris comes a black velvet tailored jacket bound with braid, worn over a black rep skirt.

The light-fitting sleeve is slightly belled at the wrist.

An attractive Paris-made ensemble shows a dark green velvet jacket designed with a mannish waistcoat, just above which one catches a glimpse of a Nile-green crepe blouse. The skirt



Pretty Coat of...

is a plaited plaid of dominant color. It is sure to know that I am at the resort and Rivie velvet coats are...

JULIA... 1931, Western N...

SEEKS DEATH TREE IN DARKEST AFRICA

Explorer Goes on Long, Dangerous Trip.

Cape Town—A man who is searching for what is termed "the death tree" arrived in South Africa recently. He is Alex Clive, and he intends to penetrate into the heart of Africa to seek for the tree which means death to those who drop asleep beneath. The death tree, Mr. Clive declares, grows somewhere in the heart of Africa. It gives off a very powerful perfume which probably means death to an unwary person in its vicinity, for if anyone rests beneath it he is overcome by the scent and falls asleep never to wake.

This tree, Mr. Clive believes, contains some powerful drug which might possibly mean a great deal to science and humanity, but the death tree is not the only reason for the expedition, as he is also keenly interested in entomology, geology, and botany, and intends to collect specimens for exhibition in London, which he hopes, with luck, to reach in about 18 months, and will place his specimens before the board of scientific research.

Mr. Clive states that he is proceeding to Bloemfontein and Durban, and thence to Lourenco Marques, Beira, Mozambique, Nairobi, and on to the Victoria falls, and Nyansa, where he will cross the lake to Kampala. At Kampala his quest for the death tree begins in earnest, as he will have to strike inland on foot.

Making of Matches Gives Jobs to Many

Wadsworth, Ohio.—"Got a match?" A simple request easily complied with, but not so prosaic is the story of the making of the wood sliver with inflammable tip.

The match starts its journey to somebody's vest pocket in a towering pine forest, hundreds of miles away from the final center of manufacture. Forests, railroads and sawmills are owned by the match companies, which have great factories here.

One company owns a great tract of timber in the Coeur d'Alene mountains of Idaho. A company railroad, 24 miles long, takes the logs to the main line of the Spokane International railroad, which hauls them to Coeur d'Alene lake, where they are put into booms and towed to the company's sawmill on the Spokane river.

The logs are sawed into two-inch planks and seasoned for a year or 18 months. When ready for use, they are sent to the company's block plant at Spokane. Selected lumber there is cut into blocks 2 1/2 inches square, the exact length of a match. The blocks are sent to the factory here, a 2,000-mile journey.

The first manufacturing step is to feed the blocks into a match machine, which cuts them up and forces the sticks into holes in an iron plate, holding 500 sticks.

On a spring and brushes the plates are cleaned and all the weak and imperfect sticks are automatically culled.

Next comes treatment by paraffin and chemicals. Then the first composition is put on the head. The sticks pass over a roller, which turns in a box containing the composition. The ignition tip is applied the same way.

The use of phosphorus as an active ingredient in match making was barred by congressional act in 1918. The poisonous phosphorus used to affect the bones and the jaw of workers. Sesqui-sulphide of phosphorus now is used, which is nonpoisonous.

Teach "Thumbing"

Omaha, Neb.—Scientific "thumbing" is to be taught. The national convention of hoboes has decreed that a field agent shall instruct hikers in the ethics of stopping motorists, indicating that a lift is wanted.

Happy Children

Willows, Calif.—Children in Glenn county are happy. All the high schools are on an enforced vacation pending settlement of a controversy between the teachers and the county treasurer over salaries.

"Brighter" Burials

London.—"Brighter" burials have been determined upon by the British Undertakers' Woodwork association. New casket designs are for beautiful and graceful workmanship.

Emulating Elephant Is Urged for Longevity

New York.—To be cool and calm at all times and impervious to the unpleasant titillation of nerves emulate the elephant, says Thomas H. Gaines, a lecturer before the Brooklyn Institute on "The Science of Health."

The longevity of the elephant, Mr. Gaines asserts, is directly attributable to his poise and repose, and those in turn may be traced fairly certainly to his habit of slow breathing. The elephant breathes only five times a minute as compared with eighteen for the normal human.

While his audience made experimental sniffs, Mr. Gaines enunciated the requisite remainder of his theory:

"The general attitude should be one of wholesome indifference."

World Faces Crisis in Prevailing Disintegration of Family Life

By REV. DR. S. EDWARD YOUNG, Chicago.

EVERYBODY'S prayers should be offered for the confused young people of today who have all the matrimonial inclinations mortals ever had and find themselves discussing promiscuously and in ordinary conversation trial marriage and every phase of sex problems, as unblushingly as we used to discuss the weather.

Novel and stage and motion picture and divorce suit and so-called medical books have left nothing forbidden, so zone of shame to be avoided, when youth in their teens talk couple by couple or in groups. Our women working out and dining out, family arrangements have made the old time fireside a myth to most city and town Americans. The family type that gave us the strong men and women of other days is less and less here to function, and in its stead is coming a regime as far from Puritanic as democracy is from despotism.

Redeclaring church laws and clever decisions that get around church laws influence the situation about as much as New York state statutes affect Reno or Paris. Our only hope is healthful public opinion. It is the big task of churches and all who have heart to help in the most vital crisis the Anglo-Saxon Christian household has thus far faced.

There is no need of despair. The revolution in family life was met by the personal religious contacts of teachers and teachers and wholesome books and a re-establishment of the household father as a kind of priest and the mother as a kind of priestess.

Despite Use of Slang, Modern Youth Has Able Command of Language

By W. WILBUR HATFIELD, Chicago Educator.

Despite the accusations of the elders that children use too much slang, the average youth of eighteen today uses much better language than did the youth of fifty or even five years ago.

The courses in formal rhetoric once so popular in the better schools, have been displaced by training in composition, oral as well as written. Because of changed aims and method of training the average youth of eighteen today uses much better language than did the youth of eighteen, fifteen or even five years.

The next step forward is the replacement of the present artificial, would-be literary type, more than half of which are narratives of insignificant personal experience with practice in genuine communication in such situations as occur outside the school.

Already progressive teachers in many places are experimenting with these innovations and finding if they are quite practicable. The school graduates ten years hence may confidently be expected to show both more language power and more ability to adapt themselves to the social situations of business and ordinary intercourse.

Religion the Sole Foundation of Moral Standards and Conventions

By BISHOP WILLIAM MANNING, Episcopal, New York.

Stronger moral convictions and standards to enhance the moral fiber are necessary in upholding nation's laws and institutions.

We see so many people today who are morally adrift and without clear standards or convictions. They tell us that these things are nothing but conventions; that there is no moral law which we are bound to obey. That view of life means ruin for the individual and for society. It means that they have lost their hold on religion and on God. It is religion alone that gives us our standards and conventions, and it is the only foundation of character, personal responsibility and citizenship and human life.

It is faith which makes a man's life great, and that makes it worth while. Doubt and uncertainty give no power to our lives. It is the man who believes great things who accomplishes great things. Faith lives in every human heart and Christian religion lifts the faith that is in us up to its highest and noblest expression. All history shows that religion and morals stand together fall together.

Increased Duration of Life Great Factor in Progress Made by World

By PROF. T. WINGE TODD, Western Reserve University.

Longevity should be regarded as a social benefit as well as increased opportunity for living. Tremendous impetus of discovery and invention during the past century has undoubtedly been due in a large measure to the increased duration of life achieved by medical science.

Consider the magnificent work of Edison, Burbank, and Maxim during the ripe years of life denied to earlier generations. Once the old men of society, those of useless wisdom and experience, died in the prime of their maturity, day we have aged fathers and uncles from whom we absorb knowledge acquired through the slow years.

And the quickening science of the world in regard to human relations is undoubtedly inspired by the fact that we have so many old mothers still alive, bloom like evening primroses in the evening of life.

The average death has been increased to fifty-six years, with an attendant advance in the age "peak" from forty-two to seventy-two years.

Fundamental Essentials of Home Life More Than Food, Clothing and Shelter

By ALICE MOMIS, Illinois Education Specialist.

No greater mistake be made than the belief that food, clothing and shelter are the fundamental essentials of home life.

They are essential in that all there is to living, to civilization or to racial development is that all there is to enjoying life? What we are striving for is the home a place for the mental, physical, moral and spiritual development of its members, and also a place from which each can contribute to do his full part in the next larger unit of society. The home is a very natural starting point in the home.

The conviction that nature some education in the school and family circle is a series of purposeful activities directed toward the advancement of the individual, and each has a part in the planning.

Mankind Never Yet Made Centipede Pet

This one, on "The Centipede," from the Tifton Gazette:

"A squirming centipede am I—a wiggly little beggar; and people sometimes call me by the name of Thousand Legger."

"I like to scare 'em one and all, and this is how I do it: I run across the floor or wall—that's really all there's to it."

"My legs are many, long and fast, and I'm a speedy fellow; folks hate to see me running past—in living room or cellar."

"I'm rather harmless, I suppose, because I seldom bite 'em; and yet as everybody knows, I dearly love to fright 'em."

"They do not like the way I sprawl, for I am long and wormy; and with my moving legs and all—to say the least, I'm squirmy."

"I know they'd like to squash me, too, and end me in a minute; but I'll annoy them till they do, for all the fun that's in it."

"DANDELION BUTTER COLOR"

A harmless vegetable butter color used by millions for 50 years. Drug stores and general stores sell bottles of "Dandelion" for 35 cents.—Adv.

Whale Becoming Extinct

Complete extermination of the whale within five or ten years is predicted, unless the wholesale butchery of this valuable mammal can be stopped by international law. It is said that not more than 12,000 whales are left in the world, and that the whaling industry is literally slaughtering in excess of 2,000 each year.—Thrill Magazine.

FOR OVER 200 YEARS

hairlem oil has been a world-wide remedy for kidney, liver and bladder disorders, rheumatism, lumbago and uric acid conditions.

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

correct internal troubles, stimulate vital organs. Three sizes. All druggists. Insist on the original genuine GOLD MEDAL.

BLOTCHY SKIN Resinol

To Sell Old Tapestries

The duchess of Rutland is to sell the famous Gobelin tapestries which have hung for a century and a quarter in Beilvoir castle, to help provide funds for refurbishing Haddon hall, the home of Dorothy Vernon, which has not been occupied for 200 years.

The tapestries were bought shortly after the French revolution by the first duke of Rutland. They are in eight pieces and depict the adventures of Don Quixote. They were made in command of Louis XV.

Their Value

"Fools have their uses," said Festus Pester. "They are excellent for the purpose of teaching the rest of us the disastrous results of being into unloaded shotguns, trying to ring the other fellow at his own game, and skating on thin ice."

Don't Forget Cuticura

Sad Old Story

There are three faults of an old wife, an old dog and an old man.—Benjamin Franklin

Put It Seiz It! BEL FOR INI 25c and 75c Pks

Cuticura Is Soot For Baby Soap, Ointment, Tablets

PARL-HAIR BA Hindercorns

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic Restores Health and Refreshes

RAV FOR HIGHEST PRICES AND ASSORTMENT JOHN R. CROWLEY

Leaky Roof SUPER-KOOL Liquid Roofing

PAIEN'S obtained as trademarks and copyrights registered. HAWAY & CATHEY

Ridee Interurban FROM Houston to Galveston

Austin Thelless Dewberry

WART'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR A Perfect Food And a Gentle Yet Forceful Tonic

MITCHELL EYE SALVE

GOOD HEALTH

Nature's Remedy

A Fine Tonic Builds You

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW Zowie! The man is a Practical Joke. This is the funniest I know of myself and is always a Swedish and outlandish jokes. Just short of Murder. His idea of a Good Joke is one on Somebody Else.

TURN ME OVER I know the wall. HELLO DAD! I WOND'ER IF YOU'RE A GHOST. I AM THE FITTEST GHOST.

J. SAM'S DICTIONARY

By J. L. MAH... I have noticed that... Bill Sam's

CHEERFUL... iting... think... by... your... make... living...

Bill Sam's

Bill Sam's

Bill Sam's

Bill Sam's

DS TO PLEASE

ners may be certain that our stock... staple and fancy—Fresh Fruits... are of the finest and that our... service will please. We offer pure... at reasonable prices.

Phone No. 35

W. H. Farey

The Store of General Merchandise

Ready for the Laundry

Never again, especially during the winter months, should you risk your health doing your own LAUNDRY. Just bundle your clothes up and send to

Electric Process Laundry

PHONE NO. 53

Sanderson Market

Fish and Cured Meats

Fresh vegetables and Fruits

Fish Oysters in Season

SAM. SPEAR, Prop.

"We appreciate your business"

CHURCH

CHRIS

At Your Service

Every Lord's Day

two services, 9

a. m. and 7 p. m.

Welcome.

The world was

flesh and dwelt

among us

Saint John 1-

Dr. R. Gorman, D.

Chiropractor

Method Graduate

at Tom Parson's

Residence

Howard

Agent For

Reliable

INSURANCE

COMPANIES

Business will be

Appreciated

6 per cent

RANCH LOANS

Loans made on amortization plan for 33 years at 6 per cent interest, with option to pay loan in full or in part on any interest paying date after 5 years.

Write for particulars

B. T. CORDER

Marfa, Texas

Agent for Dallas Joint Stock

Land Bank.

Highway Lunch

Room

Port Orders a Specialty

A Good Place

to Eat

NOTICE!

our ranches have been State Game Reserves. hunting thereon is sub-prosecution by State Law.

T. M. PYLE,

CHAS. DOWNEY,

skirts, panels, ruf stitching, covered buttons, Mr. n. Uvalde, Tex.

I am better able to handle your fence problems now than ever before. A large factory set aside to handle my business first. Plenty capital to finance your fence deals. Write me, C. W. Innes, State Agent, San Angelo.

Princess Theatre

Program for week beginning

FRIDAY

DECEMBER 31st

"The Street of Forgotten Men"

With

PERCY MARMOUN and MARY BRIAN

SATURDAY:

JANUARY 1st

THOMAS MEIGHAN

in

"The Man Who Found Himself"

MONDAY and TUESDAY:

JANUARY 3 and 4

"Graustark"

With

NORMA TALMADGE and EUGENE O'BRIEN

News Reel

Get the best and cheapest Peerless fence sold in Texas exclusively through C. W. Innes, State Agent, San Angelo.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To C. K. Springfield, and all persons owning or having or claiming any interest in the land or lots hereinafter described, the same being delinquent to the State of Texas and County of Terrell for taxes, and the same being and being situated in the County of Terrell, and State of Texas, to-wit: North half, and Southeast quarter of Survey 12, Abstract 1251, Quarter Block 150, Original Grantee T. & S. L. Ry. Co., containing 480 acres of land.

Which said property is delinquent to the State of Texas and County of Terrell for taxes for the years 1911, 1912, 1920, 1923, 1924, and 1925, aggregating the sum of \$97.78, including interest, penalties and costs, said taxes having been legally levied, assessed and rendered against said land and lots, and the same being a lawful charge and constituting a prior lien against the same in favor of the State of Texas and County of Terrell to secure the payment thereof.

And you are hereby commanded to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Terrell County, Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County, in the City of Sanderson, Texas, on the fourth Monday in January, A. D. 1927, the same being the 24th day of January, A. D. 1927, then and there to show cause why judgment should not be rendered against you and the said land and lots sold under foreclosure of said lien to satisfy said taxes, interest, penalties and costs, and all court costs, all of which, together with other and further relief, general and special, being fully set out and prayed for in the plaintiff's original petition filed in said court on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1926, and appearing on the docket thereof as suit No. 1453, wherein the State of Texas is plaintiff, and all persons owning or having or claiming any interest in said land or lots, defendants.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in the City of Sanderson, Texas, in the County of Terrell, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1926.

(Seal) LUELLA LEMONS, Clerk District Court, Terrell County, Texas.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To Ed W. Lovell and all persons owning or having or claiming any interest in the land or lots hereinafter described, the same being delinquent to the State of Texas and County of Terrell for taxes, and the same being and being situated in the County of Terrell, and State of Texas, to-wit: Abs. 691, Cert. 126, Survey 27, Block 152, Original Grantee M. K. & T. E. Ry. Co., Acres 640.

Which said property is delinquent to the State of Texas and County of Terrell for taxes for years 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924 and 1925, aggregating the sum of \$144.92, including interest, penalties and costs, said taxes having been legally levied, assessed and rendered against said land and lots, and the same being a lawful charge and constituting a prior lien against the same in favor of the State of Texas and County of Terrell to secure the payment thereof.

And you are hereby commanded to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Terrell County, Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Court House of said County, in the City of Sanderson, Texas, on the fourth Monday in January, A. D. 1927, the same being the 24th day of January, A. D. 1927, then and there to show cause why judgment should not be rendered against you and the said land and lots sold under foreclosure of said lien to satisfy said taxes, interest, penalties and costs, and all court costs, all of which, together with other and further relief, general and special, being fully set out and prayed for in the plaintiff's original petition filed in said court on the 7th day of December, 1926, and appearing on the docket thereof as suit No. 1454, wherein the State of Texas is plaintiff, and Ed W. Lovell and all persons owning or having or claiming any interest in said land or lots, defendants.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in the City of Sanderson, Texas, in the County of Terrell, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1926.

(Seal) LUELLA LEMONS, Clerk District Court, Terrell County, Texas.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Terrell County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon John D. Bradley and Catherine D. Bradley by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 63rd Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in the 63rd Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District Court of Terrell County, to be held at the Court House thereof in Sanderson, Texas, on the 4th Monday in January, A. D. 1927, the same being the 24th day of January, A. D. 1927, and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1926, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 17, wherein Citizens National Bank of Pawhuska, Oklahoma, a corporation, is plaintiff, and John D. Bradley and Catherine D. Bradley are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiff is a banking corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the banking laws of the United States of America, with its principal office and place of business located at Pawhuska, Osage County, Oklahoma.

The defendants John D. Bradley and Catherine D. Bradley on the 27th day of January, 1924, for a good and valuable consideration duly made, executed and delivered to plaintiff their certain promissory note in writing whereby they promised and became bound and liable to pay said plaintiff the sum of \$5,000.00, four years after date, together with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from date, payable semi-annually. Note also provides for \$10.00 per cent of the amount so collected to be collected by an attorney or any proceedings at law.

That the same time and place and as a part and parcel of the same contract transaction defendants executed and delivered to plaintiff their certain estate mortgage in writing whereby mortgaging unto plaintiff the foregoing described property situated in Terrell County, Texas, to-wit: 160 acres of land out of Survey 7, Block 151, C. & S. P. Ry. Co., and the southeast one-fourth of Survey 5, Block 150, C. & S. P. Ry. Co., and containing 160 acres of land. Said mortgage being recorded in Book 5, page 47 of the Deed of Trust Records of Terrell County, Texas.

Plaintiff alleges defendants have failed by the semi-annual interest due on the 29th day of July, 1926, and the 25th day of January, 1927, and \$510.00 attorney's fees and costs of this action, and that its mortgage be foreclosed and the proceeds derived from said sale applied to the payment of said mortgage indebtedness and judgment, and such other and further relief as court may deem just and proper.

Herein set, but have before said court, at aforesaid next regular term, this with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in Sanderson, Texas, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1926.

(Seal) LUELLA LEMONS, Clerk District Court, Terrell County, Texas.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Terrell County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon V. E. Bird, John G. Weaver, The City National Bank of Duncan, Oklahoma, First National Bank of Duncan, Oklahoma, McCole-Mercer Motor Company, J. M. Cooper, N. G. Moore, John T. Tyler Jr., O. M. Ballard, G. P. Kenney, H. K. Brown, Charles W. Downey, Joseph Kann, Agnes F. Cole, Maida A. Cole, C. A. Gray, C. S. Reynolds, F. D. Sears, W. A. Hays, J. E. Adams, P. B. Adams, H. B. Burrows, Blue Bell Oil Company, G. H. Flowers, W. H. Casteel and E. V. O'Neal by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Terrell County, to be held at the Court House thereof in Sanderson, Texas, on the fourth Monday in January, A. D. 1927, the same being the 24th day of January, A. D. 1927, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1926, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1689, wherein R. C. Danile is plaintiff, and V. E. Bird, John G. Weaver, The City National Bank of Duncan, Oklahoma, First National Bank of Duncan, Oklahoma, McCole-Mercer Motor Company, J. M. Cooper, N. G. Moore, John T. Tyler Jr., O. M. Ballard, G. P. Kenney, H. K. Brown, Charles W. Downey, Joseph Kann, Agnes F. Cole, Maida A. Cole, C. A. Gray, C. S. Reynolds, F. D. Sears, W. A. Hays, J. E. Adams, P. B. Adams, H. B. Burrows, Blue Bell Oil Company, G. H. Flowers, W. H. Casteel and E. V. O'Neal are defendants, and said petition alleging that on or about the 7th day of September, A. D. 1925, plaintiff was lawfully seized and possessed of the following described land and premises situated in Terrell County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit: Abstract 1630, Survey 6, Certificate 1191, Block A-4, Grantee, James Cunningham, containing 1,250 acres.

That on the day and year last aforesaid defendants unlawfully entered upon said premises and ejected plaintiff therefrom, and unlawfully withheld from him the possession thereof, to his damage in the sum of \$9,400.00. Plaintiff claims that he and those under whom he holds, in addition to their fee simple title acquired by regular chain of title from the sovereignty of the soil, has held, used and enjoyed peaceful and adverse possession of said lands for a period of more than ten years, paying State and county taxes thereon.

Plaintiff prays for judgment of the court that the defendants be cited as the law directs to appear and answer his petition, and that plaintiff have judgment for the title and possession of said above described land and premises, for his damages, rents and costs of suit, and for other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, to be made as he may be justly entitled to.

Herein set, but have before said court, at aforesaid next regular term, this with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in Sanderson, Texas, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1926.

(Seal) LUELLA LEMONS, Clerk District Court, Terrell County, Texas.

Downey, Joseph Kann, Agnes F. Cole, Maida A. Cole, C. A. Gray, C. S. Reynolds, F. D. Sears, W. A. Hays, J. E. Adams, P. B. Adams, H. B. Burrows, Blue Bell Oil Company, G. H. Flowers, W. H. Casteel and E. V. O'Neal by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Terrell County, to be held at the Court House thereof in Sanderson, Texas, on the fourth Monday in January, A. D. 1927, the same being the 24th day of January, A. D. 1927, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1926, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1689, wherein R. C. Danile is plaintiff, and V. E. Bird, John G. Weaver, The City National Bank of Duncan, Oklahoma, First National Bank of Duncan, Oklahoma, McCole-Mercer Motor Company, J. M. Cooper, N. G. Moore, John T. Tyler Jr., O. M. Ballard, G. P. Kenney, H. K. Brown, Charles W. Downey, Joseph Kann, Agnes F. Cole, Maida A. Cole, C. A. Gray, C. S. Reynolds, F. D. Sears, W. A. Hays, J. E. Adams, P. B. Adams, H. B. Burrows, Blue Bell Oil Company, G. H. Flowers, W. H. Casteel and E. V. O'Neal are defendants, and said petition alleging that on or about the 7th day of September, A. D. 1925, plaintiff was lawfully seized and possessed of the following described land and premises situated in Terrell County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit: Abstract 1630, Survey 6, Certificate 1191, Block A-4, Grantee, James Cunningham, containing 1,250 acres.

That on the day and year last aforesaid defendants unlawfully entered upon said premises and ejected plaintiff therefrom, and unlawfully withheld from him the possession thereof, to his damage in the sum of \$9,400.00. Plaintiff claims that he and those under whom he holds, in addition to their fee simple title acquired by regular chain of title from the sovereignty of the soil, has held, used and enjoyed peaceful and adverse possession of said lands for a period of more than ten years, paying State and county taxes thereon.

Plaintiff prays for judgment of the court that the defendants be cited as the law directs to appear and answer his petition, and that plaintiff have judgment for the title and possession of said above described land and premises, for his damages, rents and costs of suit, and for other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, to be made as he may be justly entitled to.

Herein set, but have before said court, at aforesaid next regular term, this with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Sanderson, Texas, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1926.

(Seal) LUELLA LEMONS, Clerk District Court, Terrell County, Texas.

NOTICE.

After the first of January 1927, all water and light bills are due between the first and tenth of each month. If not paid by the twentieth of the month service will be discontinued. A charge of \$2 will be made for re-connection plus all delinquent accounts. The Texas-Louisiana Power Co. is spending \$15,000 in the plant here to maintain first class service, and in order to do this we must have all bills paid up every month in order to meet our expenses. We expect to give you a much better and greater service the coming year than we have the past.

Texas-Louisiana Power Co.

NOTICE!

All accounts due the Sanderson Market up to November 1st payable to Tip Frazier that are not paid by January 1, 1927, will be turned over to an attorney for collection with ten per cent added for collection.

Yours respectfully, Tip Frazier.

—FOR SALE—A 1926 model Chevrolet touring car. See or phone Mrs. Stella Sherod.

—FOUND—An overcoat. Owner may have same by describing the coat and contents and by paying for this notice.

J. E. LANDERS.

Hemstitching and picotting, 10c a yard. See Mrs. Dixie Schuppback.

—FOR SALE—Four head horses and four head mules. See Dr. E. F. Robertson for particulars.



IF YOU ENY GOOD MUSIC

You can get any station when you want it and the reproduction will be perfect than you have ever heard—Give a KOLSTER Radio and a NANCE Cone. A trial evening in your home will convince you.

Kolster Invites Competition

J. S. NANCE, Prop.

Peerless Fence

BETTER THAN EVER—IN FACT BEST ON EARTH. PRICES CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST. QUALITY BETTER THAN THE BEST. SERVICE QUICKER THAN THE BEST. TERMS TO SUIT ANYONE.

Our Memphis factory has earned over to fill my orders in the last year and expect to sell a million this year. I have arranged exceptional terms to reach the people. I am prepared to finance your fence problem. Write me, phone me, come to me and let me figure on your fence bill for in America.

C. W. INNES, State Agent,

SAN ANGELO, TEXAS.

MILLS & HOARD

Commission Company

Clyde Mills, H. H. Howard

We are located in the Henning building and are in a position to do a general commission business. Ranches, Sheep, Goats, Cattle, Hogs, Lots, or any thing.

LIST WITH US

Our Motto:—Buy anything any time all evening every time.

Phone 183

America's Best

Buick Chevrolet Dodge Brothers

also have Used Cars that are Good and Priced Right. CASNER MOTOR CO.

J. S. Nance,

Sanderson Representative

The Man With Three Names

By Harold MacGrath

STORY FROM THE START

Brandon Cathewe, young writer, has bought a newspaper in Sanderson as part of his plan to become a "force" in the town. He is to court Betty, the daughter of the doctor, and to become a partner in the town's business.

CHAPTER IV—Continued

The girl on her part began to observe. First, the hand, which was lean and brown and well kept. The sleeve of the shirt, however, was frayed at the cuff. The shirt also lacked the top button, and there was a sunburned patch at the base of the throat. Brown corduroys, such as the roadmen wore; and the feet were tucked into dusty russet boots. (As a matter of fact, he never kept these tops in the office, but he could do them whenever the nature of the highway called, which was every day when the weather was hot.)



"It Has Been Very Interesting."

Don't lie on my account. Tell her if you must. Good-by. Slowly Nancy set the receiver on the hook. She did not hasten back to her guest. Why was her heart heavy with foreboding? At last she returned to the living room. "Dressed like a tramp," she repeated, "and reads Fabre in the original. It might be one of your father's chemists, Betty."

Nancy hated lies, and she hated herself for telling this one, when it was not obligatory in the least. She was a little afraid. After his interview with Nancy Cathewe went in to his mother. "Play something before the maid comes in to light up."

At the black board of the hotel into which he had just stepped, he saw a notice for R. G. Howard, Chiropractor, and a notice for Tom Parson, Residence.

Howard's notice was for a reliable agent for the insurance company. Parson's notice was for a residence in the city.

"I am always better when I am with you, mother. Life is an astonishing mess, isn't it? For the innocent as well as for the guilty. I, who have never willingly harmed anyone or done a mean thing, I must always carry with me the sense of being hunted, the fear of being found out. And I have dragged you into it."

"Sunny, I'd be very happy with you, but I can't do that. I have a family to support. I must go. Good-by."

At the black board of the hotel into which he had just stepped, he saw a notice for R. G. Howard, Chiropractor, and a notice for Tom Parson, Residence.

Howard's notice was for a reliable agent for the insurance company. Parson's notice was for a residence in the city.

Nancy as my daughter," she changed the subject. "The substance rather than the mirage. But I don't love her, mother. I know that. But is the other a mirage? Nancy says not. What a muddle! My new book—I'm afraid I'll have to chuck it. There are too many other things buzzing about in my head. Here comes Mignon. Dinner's ready."

In the great manor on Polygon hill, Betty sat curled upon the broad window seat, watching the receding gold and scarlet of the September sunset. That is, she seemed to be watching it. In reality, she was just recovering from a stunning, paralyzing mental blow. The door to the Apocalypse had opened slightly. On her knees lay a crumpled newspaper. She found it on the floor of the limousine, where some sardonic jester had tossed it. "My father! They lie, they lie!"

"My father! They lie, they lie!" Nancy eyed the end of his cigar through half-closed lids. Mansfield, his fingers pyramided, watched him expectantly.

"Do you want some unsolicited advice?" asked the banker, finally. "Go ahead with it," said Mansfield, smiling tolerantly.

"Clean up these groggshops, which you really own. Tear down your rotten firetraps. Give the reform candidate the city hall to play with for two years."

Mansfield laughed. "Dunleigh," continued the banker, "the people are thinking. They are finding the true cleavage between right and wrong. I warn you, they are going to do away with this political game as you and I know it. This fellow Cathewe is no ordinary disturber. I defy you to find a libel in his editorial comments. That boy goes down among men. He hasn't accused you of doing anything criminal, as understood by law. He attacks you from the moral side. Mark me, he'll soon be after your new munitions plant. The temporary hospital you have erected is too near the tanks. An explosion would knock it to flinders."

"Let the city fire department advise me about that," answered Mansfield, shrugging his shoulders. "They are afraid of you, and you know it. If anything does happen out there—for lack of water—it will be criminal negligence; and this fellow Cathewe will hang your hide on his wall."

"Well, how much has he borrowed to keep his vituperous rag going?" "Nothing." "How has he kept going on, then?" "I'll come to that in a moment. There are but seven stockholders in all. They have promised never to dispose of their interests to you."

"But I don't want the rag. All I need is to have him lose his following." "And he isn't losing it. The paper's circulation is growing daily, despite the fact that you struck off his local advertising. Something really vital is going on. The poor are beginning to boycott the shops that have withdrawn their advertising at your command. Soon the advertisers will drift back, of necessity."

Mansfield frowned. "Dunleigh, there's a mystery I can't get to the bottom of. There are four banks in Sanderson. Belg president of one of them and a stockholder in all of them. I am in a position to find out things. This young fellow Cathewe has an active account in each bank, and it is evident that he is paying the losses out of his pocket. Once a month he replenishes these withdrawals."

"Drafts on New York?" "Cash. Nothing traceable." "How much is his active account in each bank?" "One hundred thousand dollars, cash."

"Nearly half a million?" gasped Mansfield, with a full feeling in his throat. "Yes," continued the banker. "Four hundred thousand will keep his paper going without advertisements for ten years. Another queer thing. I don't know about the other banks, but at mine he has two accounts, one general and one special. The general account is never more than two or three thousand. The special account is never drawn against except to pay the paper's pay-checks and expenses. Four hundred thousand, behind a newspaper like the Herald, has a tremendous power. My advice is to get your political and financial house in order."

Mansfield got some advice from an important source in the next instalment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

American Writer Who Turned to Buddhism

It is common for people of other lands to come to America and become citizens of the United States, but we seldom think of Americans taking citizenship in papers and so becoming citizens of another country. Yet this is what an American writer did when he turned to Buddhism. He had been a successful writer in his own country, but he found that the life of a writer was not as glamorous as it seemed. He had a lot of money, but he was not happy. He had a lot of friends, but he was not loved. He had a lot of power, but he was not respected. He had a lot of fame, but he was not known. He had a lot of success, but he was not satisfied. He had a lot of everything, but he was not content. He had a lot of life, but he was not living. He had a lot of time, but he was not using it. He had a lot of energy, but he was not spending it. He had a lot of talent, but he was not using it. He had a lot of ability, but he was not showing it. He had a lot of potential, but he was not realizing it. He had a lot of possibilities, but he was not exploring them. He had a lot of opportunities, but he was not taking them. He had a lot of choices, but he was not making them. He had a lot of options, but he was not exercising them. He had a lot of alternatives, but he was not considering them. He had a lot of solutions, but he was not trying them. He had a lot of answers, but he was not accepting them. He had a lot of wisdom, but he was not using it. He had a lot of knowledge, but he was not applying it. He had a lot of experience, but he was not learning from it. He had a lot of insight, but he was not gaining from it. He had a lot of understanding, but he was not achieving it. He had a lot of awareness, but he was not cultivating it. He had a lot of consciousness, but he was not expanding it. He had a lot of perception, but he was not sharpening it. He had a lot of intuition, but he was not trusting it. He had a lot of instinct, but he was not following it. He had a lot of instinct, but he was not following it. He had a lot of instinct, but he was not following it.

POULTRY

PLAN INSPECTION OF LIVE POULTRY

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) Agreements establishing a live poultry inspection service in New York City have been signed by the New York Live Poultry Commission Merchants association, the Greater New York Live Poultry Chamber of Commerce, and the United States Department of Agriculture, it was announced today. The service goes into effect November 15.

The agreement is the outcome of efforts by New York poultry interests to establish better business methods in the industry. The department was asked by the trade to make a survey of conditions in the New York market, with a view to putting into effect an inspection service under government supervision.

The survey, made last August, indicated the practicability of the work to be financed by the trade, and in conjunction with compulsory inspection of all live poultry arriving at New York, the department worked out an inspection system which has been approved by the trade.

Inspectors are to be licensed by the Department of Agriculture, the poultry for inspection, and later for class, grade, and quality. Inspection certificates under the agreement are to be joint certificates of the Department of Agriculture and the two co-operating organizations.

Inspection fees are to be fixed by the secretary of agriculture, and the inspection work conducted in line with the sanitary code of the New York city board of health, as well as with the laws and regulations of the states of New York and New Jersey. The agreement is to run until June 30, 1927, unless terminated at an earlier date by mutual consent. It may be renewed, however, at expiration.

Green Feed Important for Layers in Winter

Green feed is important in the ration of hens in winter. A California bulletin tells of a request from some of their breeders for help in combating a disease which resembles roup in many respects. The station found that it was not roup for it could not be transmitted from one hen to another. Further investigation showed that the flocks were affected with a nutritional disease on account of lack of green feed in the ration.

A good many people supply this green feed by sprouting oats or by having a supply of root crops. Some could improve their ration and overcome a good deal of their trouble by making use of the shattering leaves from clover or alfalfa hay. If the shattering, which in the majority of cases are mostly leaves, are picked up and given to the hens in the morning they will eat a lot of the leaves and smaller stems. The coarser material will make excellent scratch material in which to feed the grain portion of the ration. These shatterings make a good substitute for other green feed.

Poultry Notes

Sprout oats for the poultry flock. The big, fat, yellow-legged hens seem to be doing anything but laying eggs. The average egg production, the country over, is said to be 130 per hen per year. Cod liver will help keep the poultry flock in good health and keep the eggs coming this winter. Many eggs will stand 20 pounds pressure on the shell. The average is about fourteen or fifteen pounds. The production of winter eggs requires care and feed which make the conditions as nearly like spring as possible. The person who feeds his hens nothing but corn, oats and wheat will be disappointed. Hatching eggs should be not only fertile but also standard weight, clear, sound, fresh and uniform in shape and color. Growing chickens, like all other young and growing animals, need large amounts of high-protein feed for muscle and bone building. Breeding hens should be kept out in the sunshine as much as possible. Every time the sun shines they should be driven out, if they don't go on their own accord. One thing for the poultryman to remember: Old hens need more feed than pullets need to produce a dozen eggs. Best results can be obtained if the brooder house is ready, the stove in place and the heat properly regulated before the chicks arrive. Winter seems to whet the appetites of chickens; thieves and pecks are no food. A man trained a lot of hysterical hens to squall lustily at the sound of the henhouse door.

ANCIENT CULTURE FOUND IN ALASKA

Attributed to Indians and Eskimos.

Washington.—The ancient inhabitants of the Bering sea coasts of Alaska, who developed the "fossil" culture, reached a degree of industrial differentiation and art so high that we have nothing to compare with them in America except among more highly developed tribes of the northwest coast and those of Mexico, Yucatan and Peru. That is the conclusion reached by Dr. Hrdlicka, anthropologist of the Smithsonian institution, as a result of exploration of Alaska last summer by the bureau of American ethnology. "We cannot be sure yet who the people were," said Doctor Hrdlicka, "though it is probable that they were the ancestors of the present Eskimo or Indian or both. However, there seems to be a distinction between their art and that of the Eskimo of today. The outstanding characteristic of the former is their mastery of form and line in curves; of the present-day Eskimo it is the geometric design, with the drawings and carving of animals in their natural form.

No Change in Inhabitants. "This might indicate that some other people were responsible for the older culture. But when we examine the skeletal remains there is no indication that any other people except Eskimo and Indian lived in these regions at any period thus far represented in the collections.

The area over which evidences of the old culture are found is very extensive. Traces of it are found far down the American coast. But it is not certain that it was actually practiced everywhere along these coasts. In these parts of the world one of the most striking phenomena is the evidence of extensive trade carried on in implements and other cultural objects. There is, for example, on the Kobuk river a mountain called Jade mountain. It was early known to the Indians and the Eskimo of the river and its green stone was made into adzes, drills, knives, lamps and other objects. Though this is the sole source of the green stone, objects made of it occur all the way from Barrow and Point Hope to Seward peninsula, the Asiatic coast, the Diomedes, the St. Lawrence, and down to Nunivak Island.

Find Objects of Ivory. "Similarly one finds the highly decorated objects of the now fossil ivory on the Diomedes, the St. Lawrence, the Asiatic coast, Seward peninsula, and from Barrow again down to Nunivak Island and possibly much farther. The designs seem to connect with the characteristic art of the northwest coast. The indications would seem to point to the old ivory cut having been central in northwestern Asia whence it spread by trading along the American coasts."

The Alaskan Eskimo, according to Doctor Hrdlicka's conclusions from a study of the skeletal material collected, is by no means the highly differentiated Eskimo of Labrador and Greenland. He often approaches, occasionally to the point of identity, on the one hand the Asiatic and Mongoloid types of people and on the other the American Indian, more particularly those of Alaska and the northwest coast.

"With the evidence now in our hands there can be no longer any hesitation," concludes Doctor Hrdlicka, "in believing that the Eskimo and Indian originally were not any two distinct races nor even widely distinct and far away types, but that if we could go a little back in time they would be found to be like two neighboring fingers of one hand, both proceeding from the same palm, or source."

Further exploration in the Far North, Doctor Hrdlicka is convinced, will be relatively simple and in a few years is bound to bring far-reaching conclusions.

"Up Salt Creek" Born in Clay's Campaign

Shepherdsville, Ky.—"Up Salt creek" has long been a popular expression with a mooted origin, but Dr. G. C. Crist, grandson of Gen. Henry Clay, Kentucky congressman, traces the phrase to a campaign of Henry Clay for the presidency. The Sunday before the election, the local legend goes, Clay was far down the Ohio river and hired a boatman to row him to Louisville. Clay's opponents bribed the boatman, and when the skiff bearing Clay reached the mouth of Salt river the boatman quietly slipped into the smaller stream, his passenger being unaware of the move. After the vote there in some one asked as to Clay's whereabouts. "He's gone up Salt creek," was the reply. The phrase "up Salt creek" is a popular figure of speech to denote any defeat.

Make Cattle Immune

London.—Cattle have been made immune from anthrax by a Swiss biologist, Dr. H. Spallinger. The principle is the same as in a dispatch to the Daily News, namely, the same as vaccination against smallpox.

Wove Her Own Shroud

Evening Standard.—In cloth woven by hand from the flax she had spun fifty years ago, the body of Mrs. M. J. ... who died here at the age of ...

FORCE

IF YOU ENJOY MUSIC



Girls Learn Table Setting in U.S.C.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) Among the many activities of 4H club girls meal planning and food preparation are always popular, because the knowledge gained can be directly applied in their own homes. Young girls usually like to know how to cook certain things, like baking biscuits or cake, or helping their mothers with the canning. Frequently they become skilled in preparing one or two special foods, but the art of getting all the parts of a meal together at the same time is one that must be learned, and, in many cases, so is the dainty art of serving a meal that is elegant and attractive. There is all the difference in the world between just putting food on the table, and serving it in the correct way, which is also the simplest, easiest, and most graceful way, calculated to give a feeling of pleasant restfulness to who eat it.

Plan Set in Club Work. In club work, it is found advisable to only how to cook properly, but he there will be a diet and also dishes will be prepared for the meal. Table setting is part of the photograph, which is the United States Department of Agriculture, are being shown the right way to set the table. The club agent appears to be calling attention to some of the things who eat it.

BETTER THAN EVER—ICES CHEAPER THAN THE CRIPPLED

Table setting is part of the photograph, which is the United States Department of Agriculture, are being shown the right way to set the table. The club agent appears to be calling attention to some of the things who eat it.

GROUP OF GOOD SALAD DRESSINGS

People differ very widely in the kind of salad dressing they like. Some want their dressings boiled and some want to make them at the table; many people do not like the taste of oil, while others put mayonnaise on all sort of combinations from fruit mixtures to cold meat sandwiches. Here are some good dressings to suit several of these tastes, all supplied by the United States Department of Agriculture.

For French, or oil and vinegar dressing, use these proportions and make any amount you need; 1/2 teaspoonful of salt, a few grains of cayenne, paprika if desired, 2 tablespoonfuls of vinegar, 6 tablespoonfuls of oil. An old cook book used to say that French dressing required "a spendthrift for oil, a miser for vinegar, and a madman to stir it up." At any rate, add vinegar sparingly until they are well blended. If you have a crust or other bottle with a tight stopper, you can keep French dressing on hand all the time, simply shaking the bottle vigorously when ready to use the dressing.

There is little difficulty in making a good mayonnaise that does not separate if the ingredients and bowl are cold and the oil is added very slowly at first, only a few drops at a time. Begin by measuring out the oil and vinegar in cupsfuls or better still small pithers from which you can pour them easily and carefully. You will need 1 cupful of oil and 2 tablespoonfuls of vinegar, or lemon juice, or both mixed together. Put an egg yolk in a cold bowl and beat it with a dower or rotary egg beater until it is slightly thick. Add 1 tablespoonful of sugar, 1/2 teaspoonful of mustard, a few grains of cayenne, and 1 teaspoonful of salt. Some people add a little believing that this will keep the mixture well and start the dressing by drop, beating it with care not to make it too thick. When the mixture is quite thick, and about a third of the oil has been added, thin with a little of the vinegar and lemon, but do not much at a time. Continue adding and vinegar alternately until all the oil has been used. A single egg can be used as a starter for a dressing. The amount of oil and acid, however, must be increased proportionately. Keep the dressing in a cool place.

For French, or oil and vinegar dressing, use these proportions and make any amount you need; 1/2 teaspoonful of salt, a few grains of cayenne, paprika if desired, 2 tablespoonfuls of vinegar, 6 tablespoonfuls of oil. An old cook book used to say that French dressing required "a spendthrift for oil, a miser for vinegar, and a madman to stir it up." At any rate, add vinegar sparingly until they are well blended. If you have a crust or other bottle with a tight stopper, you can keep French dressing on hand all the time, simply shaking the bottle vigorously when ready to use the dressing.

There is little difficulty in making a good mayonnaise that does not separate if the ingredients and bowl are cold and the oil is added very slowly at first, only a few drops at a time. Begin by measuring out the oil and vinegar in cupsfuls or better still small pithers from which you can pour them easily and carefully. You will need 1 cupful of oil and 2 tablespoonfuls of vinegar, or lemon juice, or both mixed together. Put an egg yolk in a cold bowl and beat it with a dower or rotary egg beater until it is slightly thick. Add 1 tablespoonful of sugar, 1/2 teaspoonful of mustard, a few grains of cayenne, and 1 teaspoonful of salt. Some people add a little believing that this will keep the mixture well and start the dressing by drop, beating it with care not to make it too thick. When the mixture is quite thick, and about a third of the oil has been added, thin with a little of the vinegar and lemon, but do not much at a time. Continue adding and vinegar alternately until all the oil has been used. A single egg can be used as a starter for a dressing. The amount of oil and acid, however, must be increased proportionately. Keep the dressing in a cool place.

For French, or oil and vinegar dressing, use these proportions and make any amount you need; 1/2 teaspoonful of salt, a few grains of cayenne, paprika if desired, 2 tablespoonfuls of vinegar, 6 tablespoonfuls of oil. An old cook book used to say that French dressing required "a spendthrift for oil, a miser for vinegar, and a madman to stir it up." At any rate, add vinegar sparingly until they are well blended. If you have a crust or other bottle with a tight stopper, you can keep French dressing on hand all the time, simply shaking the bottle vigorously when ready to use the dressing.

There is little difficulty in making a good mayonnaise that does not separate if the ingredients and bowl are cold and the oil is added very slowly at first, only a few drops at a time. Begin by measuring out the oil and vinegar in cupsfuls or better still small pithers from which you can pour them easily and carefully. You will need 1 cupful of oil and 2 tablespoonfuls of vinegar, or lemon juice, or both mixed together. Put an egg yolk in a cold bowl and beat it with a dower or rotary egg beater until it is slightly thick. Add 1 tablespoonful of sugar, 1/2 teaspoonful of mustard, a few grains of cayenne, and 1 teaspoonful of salt. Some people add a little believing that this will keep the mixture well and start the dressing by drop, beating it with care not to make it too thick. When the mixture is quite thick, and about a third of the oil has been added, thin with a little of the vinegar and lemon, but do not much at a time. Continue adding and vinegar alternately until all the oil has been used. A single egg can be used as a starter for a dressing. The amount of oil and acid, however, must be increased proportionately. Keep the dressing in a cool place.

Advertisement for J. S. Nance, featuring a portrait of a man and text about his services. The text includes "J. S. Nance, Sanderson, Texas" and "Agent." There are also some smaller, less legible text fragments and a signature "J. S. Nance" at the bottom.