

### DEATH OF ROOSEVELT COMES AS SURPRISE

GRIEF OVER SON KILLED IN FRANCE IS BELIEVED TO HASTENED HAVE END

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt twenty-sixth President of the United States, who died at his home on Sagamore Hill early today, will be laid to rest without pomp or ceremony in Young's Memorial cemetery in this village Wednesday afternoon. He will be buried on a knoll overlooking Long Island Sound, a plot which he and Mrs. Roosevelt selected soon after he left the White House.

In the words of the clergyman who will conduct the funeral service, "America's most typical American," known in every corner of the earth, democratic, Christian-country-gentleman, beloved by his neighbors."

After prayers at the Roosevelt home at which only members of the family will be present, the funeral service will be held at 12:45 o'clock in Christ Episcopal Church, the little old frame structure where, for years the colonel and his family attended divine worship.

Even to his neighbors in Oyster Bay it seemed impossible that life had ended so suddenly for the Rough Rider hero of Spanish War days; the statesman who, as governor of New York and President, had wielded the "big stick" so fearlessly; the big game hunter of tropical jungles, the citizen who preached preparedness long before this country entered the world conflict.

It was at 4:15 o'clock this morning that the former President died in his sleep, painlessly. His death was due directly to a blood clot in one lung, the result of inflammatory rheumatism.

"Put out the light, please," were his last words. They were addressed to his personal attendant, James Amos, a young negro, who had been in his service since he left the White House. Some time later Amos noticed that the patient was breathing heavily and became alarmed. He left the room to call the nurse; who had been summoned to Oyster Bay yesterday. When they returned Colonel Roosevelt had breathed his last. They called Mrs. Roosevelt, the only member of the family who was at home.

**Death Hastened by Grief for Son**  
The death of Colonel Roosevelt is believed by the physicians who attended him to have been hastened by grief over Quentin's death, coupled with anxiety over the serious wounds suffered by Captain Archie Roosevelt, while fighting in France.

Apparently neither Colonel Roosevelt nor his wife had any forebodings that death would so soon still his active mind and body. It was only yesterday that Mrs. Roosevelt sent a letter to Charles Stewart Davison, chairman of the general citizen's committee appointed to welcome returning soldiers in New York announcing that the Colonel would accept the honorary chairmanship of the committee.

**Born a Weakening.**  
Of Dutch ancestry, born in New York City on Oct. 27, 1858, in a house in East Twentieth street, the baby Theodore Roosevelt was a weakening. He was one of four children who came to Theodore and Martha Bulloch Roosevelt. The mother was of Southern stock and the father of Northern, a situation which during the early years of Theodore Jr.'s boyhood was not allowed to interfere with the family life of these children during the Civil War days.

**Was Twice Married**  
A few months after his graduation Roosevelt married Miss Alice Lee of Boston. She died in 1884, leaving one child, Alice, now the wife of Representative Nicholas Longworth of Ohio. In 1886 Roosevelt married Miss Edith Kermit Carow of New York, and to whom five children were born—Ethel, now the wife of Dr. Richard Derby, and four sons, Theodore Jr., Kermit, Archibald and Quentin.

**Organized Rough Riders.**  
The famous Rough Riders were organized by Wood and Roosevelt—a band of fighting men, the mention of whose name today suggests immediately the word "Roosevelt." They miners, rough and ready fighters who came out of the West—plainsmen, men and Wood became their Colonel and "Teddy," as he had become familiarly called by the public, their Lieutenant Colonel. In company with the regulars of the army they took

### FEDERAL DISTRICT FOR PANHANDLE IS SOUGHT

Hon. Marvin Jones has introduced a bill in the National House of Representatives dividing Texas into five federal districts; one of which is to be a Panhandle district including Wichita Falls, Amarillo and Lubbock. The bill provides that Judge Duval West of San Antonio shall be the judge of this district. Judge West held one term of court at Amarillo and members of the bar were delighted with his calm demeanor and his great legal abilities. It is suggested that the citizens of the Panhandle country should take notice of Congressman Jones' bill and write to him and other Texas congressmen and the Texas senators in support of his bill.

New district, known as the Central District, is created, to include the court divisions of Dallas Fort Worth, Waco and Austin, and a new Northern District is created to include the court divisions of Amarillo, Abilene, Wichita Falls, Lubbock, San Angelo and Pecos.

The Lubbock division will include the counties of Cockran, Hockley, Lubbock, Crosby, Dickens, King, Stonewall, Kent, Garza, Lynn, Terry, Yoakum, Gaines, Dawson, Borden, Scurry and Fisher.

The Western District shall remain as now constituted save for the transfer of Austin and Waco to the central and for the transfer of Pecos to the new Northern District.

This bill creates no new judgeship as it accommodates the five judges now serving in Texas. Judge W. R. Smith is assigned to the present Western District. Judge Duval West would be assigned to the new Northern District.

transports to Cuba, landed at Santiago and were soon engaged in the thick of battle. Among the promotions which this hardy regiment's gallantry brought about were those of Wood to Brigadier General and Roosevelt to Colonel—and this title Theodore Roosevelt cherished until the end. Some of the Rough Riders formed the military escort when he was elected President a few years later.

When Cuba had been liberated, Roosevelt returned to New York. A gubernatorial campaign was in swing with the Republican party in need of a capable candidate. Roosevelt was nominated.

One of the most dramatic incidents in Roosevelt's life occurred during this campaign. As he was leaving a hotel in Milwaukee to go to a meeting hall to make a political address a man standing among the spectators in the street fired a shot which struck the Colonel and smashed a rib. Roosevelt insisted he was not seriously hurt and his automobile conveyed him to the hall. There he spoke to an audience which had knowledge of what had happened—sobbing women and grave-faced men shaken with emotion by his appearance under such circumstances. Examination of the wound showed it was serious and the candidate was hurried by special train to Chicago for treatment. Though he speedily recovered, the bullet was never removed. The would-be assassin was sent to an asylum for the insane.

**Proud of Service Pin**  
Roosevelt took keen pride in the service button he wore with its five stars. Talking with newspaper men some months after his boys had gone abroad, he told them privately that Theodore had written him that he had been in action and that a bullet had struck his trench helmet and glanced off; Theodore wrote home, his father said that he regretted he had not been wounded just for the experience. At the time of this conversation public announcement had just been made that Archie had been jumped in rank from Second Lieutenant to Captain. Roosevelt confided with glee to his listeners that Archie had led a raiding party out into No Man's Land at night and that the promotion had been won by gallantry under fire during this raid. The Colonel disclosed further that Kermit, fighting with the Anglo-Indian forces, also had been under fire as the leader of "a troop of Whirling Dervishers," Indian cavalry.

Roosevelt's disappointment at not being allowed to go to France with an army division was, it may be stated on the authority of an American citizen who was in Berlin about that time shared by Emperor Wilhelm of Germany. To this American the Emperor is declared to have stated that the funniest thing that he could conjure in his imagination was the sight of Theodore Roosevelt wearing a gas mask.

### WEST TEXAS A. & M. BILL WILL BE PRESENTED BY REP. LEE SATTERWHITE

Lee Satterwhite of Panhandle, representing the legislative district to the north, intends to introduce in the next few days a bill in the legislature for the establishment of a West Texas A. & M. College and he will endeavor to have it located in Amarillo.

Mr. Satterwhite will also introduce a bill amending the homestead law so that a man who needs money for the purpose of making homestead improvements may use the property as collateral. He will not, however, attempt to shake the fundamentals of the Texas homestead law, which he believes to be excellent.

### SIXTY-FOUR INCHES OF SNOW IN OLDFHAM IN THREE MONTHS

VEGA, Texas, Jan. 8.—The snow that has been accumulating for the past three weeks, is melting very slowly. The coldest weather of the season has been experienced during last week. On several mornings the thermometer stood below zero.

Our local weather man reports more than sixty-four inches of snow during the last three months in Oldham county. Old settlers say that we have had more snow already than any year of which a record has been kept.

### TENNESSEE, IDAHO, MAINE PASS DRY AMENDMENT

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—While representatives of the distillers of the country were organizing here today for a finish fight against anti-liquor legislation, before the highest court in the land, Maine, Tennessee, and Idaho joined the movement for national prohibition by ratifying the proposed constitutional amendment. Twenty-two states now have ratified the amendment. Thirty-six states are required.

In addition to final action in the three states named, the Illinois and West Virginia senates voted for ratification.

Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri and other western state legislatures soon are to act on the amendment.

**Miss Emma Boehning Dead**  
Miss Emma Boehning, aged 48 years, died at the home of her brother, William Boehning, who lives nine miles northeast of the city, Sunday night of hemorrhage of the lungs. The body was prepared for burial by Mrs. Lucy Thomas and shipped Monday afternoon to her home in Illinois. She came here some time ago to live with her brother in the hope that her health might be benefited.

C. R. McAfee of Amarillo was in Canyon on business Wednesday.

### BERLIN GOVERNMENT SAYS REVOLUTIONARY SITUATION IN HAND

BERLIN, Monday, Jan. 6.—(10 p. m.)—"The government feels tonight that it has the situation firmly in hand," was the statement made to the correspondent at 9 o'clock tonight, at the chancellor's palace, where the members of the government have been in session throughout the day. Most tense excitement marked the day which ended in short but sharp fighting in front of the palace shortly after 5 o'clock.

The Spartans approached the government troops guarding the palace, carrying a white flag, announced that the palace was surrounded and demanded its surrender. The demand was refused. The Spartans then opened fire killing three government soldiers and wounding several.

The fire was returned and twenty of the Liebknecht followers were killed and a large number wounded. The Spartans made several minor attempts within the next hour to approach the palace, but were driven off.

Some fighting occurred at other points, but so far as can be learned there were only a few victims. "One clash came when the Spartans attempted to storm the new central telegraph station in the Oranienburgerstrasse. The government soldiers in the building used hand grenades and the radicals were driven away.

**Meager Advices Received**  
WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Meager official advices concerning the riots in Berlin reached the state department today. They gave no details, but pictured the situation as serious.

The war department had no advices from Brig. Gen. Harries and other army officers in Berlin in connection with the execution of the armistice terms and neither department had anything to confirm an unofficial report which was brought to their attention that General Harries had raised the American flag over the hotel where he was stopping and later had lowered it because of threats from the mobs.

### IRVIN COBB TO SPEAK IN AMARILLO SATURDAY

Irvin Cobb, a writer and humorist of national prominence will speak in Amarillo Saturday night. Mr. Cobb was in Europe as war correspondent for the Saturday Evening Post and entering the dislike of British officials was sent home. He will tell what he has seen of the struggle with the Hun.

John Finck of Falls City, Neb., this week sent in his renewal to The News. He states that they are having very cold weather in Nebraska and the thermometer registered 27 degrees below there a few days ago.

### NORMAL NOTES

The Normal student attendance at the various Sunday Schools last Sunday was as follows:

Methodist—Girls 16, boys 10.  
Baptist—Girls 12, boys 18.  
Presbyterian—Girls 6, boys 2.

Mr. Henderson, who is a graduate of our institution, visited us Monday. Galen Murphy of Canadian re-entered school Monday.

Norbert Gooble of Abernathy returned to school Friday.

Mr. Hawkins of Hereford and Mr. Lutes of Shamrock entered school this week.

Mr. Haggard, the "Y. M." Secretary and Miss Graham the "Y. W." secretary, are rapidly re-organizing the work for the remainder of the year. They will have special rooms set aside and equipped for their use.

At a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Tuesday, Dean Crawford was elected temporary president. A committee consisting of Herbert Wilkes, George Ritchie, Mr. Condry, Jack Harrison and Lester Hill was appointed to select a president and his cabinet for the year.

A picture show was given Wednesday night at 6:30. It consisted of slides showing the work of the Y. M. C. A. at home and abroad.

Lester Vick, chief pharmacist's mate on a U. S. Transport, who is home on a ten-day furlough, visited the Normal Monday.

Word has been received that two of our boys, Easton Allen and Mody Boatright, are in the army of occupation. There are probably others from whom we have not heard.

Mrs. Mae Campbell, who has been visiting in Oklahoma, has returned and will resume her work in the Normal.

Mr. J. L. Showalter, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Mae Campbell and Miss Edna Showalter, returned Monday to his home at Lubbock.

Henry Jones and John Jones of Abernathy, spent Sunday with their nieces, Rosa Mae and Goldia Jones.

Miss Annie Smith returned Monday to her school at Stratford.

Miss Grace Sluder is visiting with friends in Canyon this week.

A number of the boys who are being released from the army and navy will be in school this quarter. Barto Johnson is expected Sunday. Lieut. Day of Kress entered school Wednesday. J. W. Hill was released from the navy last Saturday. Lieut. Kefler of Camp Travis will return next week.

There was a skating party Monday night. The merry-makers were chaperoned by Misses Brigham, Michel and Graham.

Miss Elise Hall spent the week end at her home in Amarillo.

Mr. Shaw has returned from his visit in Detroit.

Miss Ruth Sockrall has returned to school after a brief illness at her home in Amarillo.

Miss Lalla Brown returned to school Friday after spending the holidays with her parents in Silverton.

Miss Jessie Ogden came in Sunday to resume her work in the Normal. Her home is near Plainview.

### FIVE SOCIALIST LEADERS FOUND GUILTY BY JURY

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Five leaders of the Socialist party were found guilty by a jury after five hours and 50 minutes deliberations in Federal Judge Landis' court today on charges of conspiracy to violate the espionage law by delivering public speeches and circulating published articles with the wilful intent of causing insubordination, disloyalty and refusal of duty among the military and naval forces of the United States and with interfering with the recruiting service and the enforcement of the selective draft law.

### FRENCH CASUALTIES ALMOST 5,000,000

1,028,000 SOLDIERS REPORTED AS HAVING LOST THEIR LIVES

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Casualties in the French army, excluding colonial troops, up to November 1, were 4,762,800, according to official figures made public today by the French high commission to correct conflicting reports hitherto published.

Men killed in action or dead of wounds numbered 1,028,000, and to this total must be added 299,000 listed as missing and given up for lost, making a total of 1,327,800. The number of wounded was 3,000,000, with 435,000 listed as prisoners. Three fourths of the wounded have recovered either entirely or at least to such an extent as to be fit to work again.

Slightly less than 700,000 are absolutely unable to work and have been pensioned. To this figure must be added those who will come back from prison camps in Germany unfit for work. The French government estimates that the total number unfit and pensioned may finally be between 800,000 and 900,000 men.

The losses among the native troops coming from French colonies or protectorates were 42,500 killed or died of wounds, with 15,000 missing and very probably dead. The number pensioned after wounds or illness was 44,000, to which must be added those of the 3500 held as prisoners of war who will have to be pensioned.

### BUYERS AND SELLERS CONVENTION IN AMARILLO

The annual convention of the Buyers' & Sellers' Live Stock Association to be held in Amarillo February 25, 26 and 27, 1919, promises to be one of the biggest events ever in the history of the city, according to those mostly interested and every detail is being looked after to make the visitors see Amarillo at her best and to be comfortable and enjoy themselves. The buyers and sellers of livestock from all over the West will get together on a uniform basis of buying and selling of live stock. There will be an interesting program throughout the three days for the wives and families of those who attend and those not interested in the live stock business. At the same time the Hereford Breeders Association will hold their annual sale. This association will have all kinds of fancy cattle on sale from all over the country and this feature will add great interest to the event.

### Last Notice on School Tax

Pay your independent school tax. 10 per cent will be added on February 1. Last notice.—J. E. Rogers.

Last week Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Johnson received a telegram stating that their son, Douglas, was seriously ill with influenza in Mineral Wells. They left for there immediately but he died before they arrived. An obituary is reprinted from the Mineral Wells paper in another column.

### C. R. FLESHER GOES TO DALLAS TO ATTEND FIFTH LOAN MEET

C. R. Flesher left yesterday for Dallas where he will attend a meeting of officials to lay plans for the Fifth Liberty Loan Campaign which will come in the spring.

### City Marshal Says Tag Tige!

If you will keep a dog, call at my office and get your number. Don't wait until Tige passes over the Great Divide. Last notice.—J. E. Rogers.

**A Few of the Many Good Reasons for a Bank Account**

- It teaches economy.
- It helps your credit.
- It guards you against extravagance.
- It creates business habits that will increase your savings.
- It provides you the means to take advantage of a good business proposition.
- It teaches you the whole secret of financial success, which is to spend less than you make and save the difference.
- The very fact that you have a bank account makes a good impression on all whom you come in contact with in a business way.

**OF COURSE, IT IS WELL TO PLACE YOUR ACCOUNT WITH THE BANK THAT APPRECIATES YOUR BUSINESS. IF YOUR ACCOUNT IS WITH THIS BANK, YOU ARE SURE OF THAT FEATURE.**

**The First State Bank**  
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**LISTEN!**

The world is too much given to looking backward. It is well to remember and to profit by experience, but it is better to look forward to the promises of the future than backward to the mistakes of the past.

**Build You a Home?**  
**Rockwell Bros. & Co.**  
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**Half Rate on Feed Shipments**

Cattlemen will be glad to hear that

the half rate on freight for feed shipped

into Armstrong, Carson, Oldham

and Potter counties has been restored

by the railroads, after having

been discontinued for several weeks.

**TRY IT! SUBSTITUTE FOR NASTY CALOMEL**

Starts your liver without making you sick and can not salivate.

Every druggist in town—your druggist and everybody's druggist has noticed a great falling-off in the sale of calomel. They all give the same reason. Dodson's Liver Tone is taking its place.

"Calomel is dangerous and people know it, while Dodson's Liver-Tone is perfectly safe and gives better results," said a prominent local druggist. Dodson's Liver Tone is personally guaranteed by every druggist who sells it. A large bottle costs but a few cents, and if it fails to give easy relief in every case of liver sluggishness and constipation, you have only to ask for your money back.

Dodson's Liver Tone is a pleasant-tasting, purely vegetable remedy, harmless to both children and adults. Take a spoonful at night and wake up feeling fine; no biliousness, sick headache, acid stomach or constipated bowels. It doesn't gripe or cause inconvenience all the next day like violent calomel.

**Better Homes to Keep Hired Men.**

On a certain farm a few miles from Iowa Falls the owner has built a house to be occupied by his hired man and family. It is a small house, to be sure, perhaps of four rooms, but it has a comfortable looking little porch, is properly painted, is surrounded by shade trees—in short, is a fit place in which to live. No ordinary man would refuse to work for that farmer because of lack of suitable living quarters. Not all tenant houses on Iowa farms are in the class of the one described. An old granary or barn moved out in the open or on the other side of the road, without paint, or porch or shade or any other features looking to comfort of appearance is frequently offered to the applicant for a farm job as a home for himself and his family. No wonder he so often would rather remain in town where he can find at least a suitable place to live even though he lives up his earnings as he goes along. Improved tenant houses on the farms ought to and would help solve the farm labor problem that, unsolved, is driving a good many farmers from their farms to city or town.

It will not be necessary for any government action to be exerted in behalf of the returning sons of farmers from training camps or army life if one case that came to notice is any criterion. A farmer had leased a small farm for next year. Boys gone to war and he didn't want to enter the labor market with all its attendant trials and tribulations. He would rent a small place and do all his work himself. That, however, was previous to November 11. The boys are coming back and the father is trying with all his might to find some one that wants to trade a big farm lease for a small one. He evidently knows what his boys expect to do when they come home.

Owners of farms are having no difficulty in finding tenants for next season, so far as this part of the country is concerned. One man whose lease expires next March has been searching for a farm for weeks and declares he is always a day or two behind some other man who heard of the opportunity first. Hardin county farm land will not grow up to weeds next year because of a lack of tenants.

In a week of driving over this section of the state one generally notices anywhere from a dozen to twice that number of new houses and barns in process of construction. One new house appears to be all that is being built in a territory of some thirty square miles traversed last week. Walter Cox, regardless of labor scarcity and high-priced materials, is finishing a first-class residence on his farm west of town.

When the doctors of a town answering the calls of farmers, condition their visits on the furnishing of transportation, two facts are evident: First, that the roads are impassable for automobiles, and, second, that horse livery in that town has passed entirely out of existence. And such certainly is the case in this locality.

December is not usually considered one of the months for field work in northern Iowa, nevertheless many acres in this section have been upturned within the past two weeks, in this part of the country. As late as November 31, one man finished a stubble field, while another not far away was using six horses on a "gang" turning over a pasture tract of sod. The latter was working for another man and was pulling down \$3.25 per acre for the job. That, too, is different from the early day prices for farm work. Men used to "break" wild sod for \$1.25 per acre.

There were two wagons in a certain corn field. At the side of the foremost, four boys were working, the eldest about 15 years old, the youngest about 9. At the other wagon, the farmer himself and three other boys about the ages of those mentioned "each doing his bit." At the house were two more boys still younger than any in the field. A total of nine boys. That is the family of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Warner of Iowa Falls.—Chicago Drovers Journal.

**Indians Celebrate With Fires**

Fires burned all last night on the Guadalupe mountains to the southwest of Juarez in commemoration of the birth of Christ. These fires were built by the devout Indians who worship at the old church of Our Lady of Guadalupe here. They climbed the barren sides of the mountains which overshadow the town, driving their burros ahead of them loaded with firewood. At nightfall the fires were kindled and tended throughout the night by the Indians. These fires may be seen from all parts of the Juarez valley and from El Paso, on the American side of the border. They have been burning each Christmas eve for more than a century, according to the records in the padre's home in the mission church garden.

**West Texas Development Notes**

**COLEMAN**—This county is witnessing an era of the greatest activity in its history. Fifty locations have been made in this immediate vicinity and many of the large oil producing companies are planning to put down additional tests.

**LAMPASAS** — Drilling contracts were closed this week for 12 more wells and this section is being given a thorough test for oil, many geologists who have gone over the ground contend that oil should be found at a depth of from 1200 to 2200 feet.

**RANGER**—Seventy-five wells in Eastland county are on top of the sand awaiting storage and big developments are anticipated at any moment.

**SAN ANGELO**—The test well which is being drilled 4 miles south of this city is down 3900 feet and the formations, according to oil expert are said to be very favorable.

**THURBER**—A pike road from this place to Ranger is being seriously considered by the Texas and Pacific Coal and Oil Co. It is proposed to build the highway of Texas-made brick.

**ABILENE**—Ten tests are actually drilling and contracts let for many more around Abilene. Oil men from all over the country are coming into this city daily and local hotels are taxed to their full capacity.

**GORDON**—The crop outlook for this county was never brighter. Wheat and oats are in excellent condition and the farmers are pasturing their grain fields with dairy herds, and work animals. Recent rains have placed a fine seasoning in the ground.

**CISCO**—A new three story hotel has been completed and will open for operation early next month. The new hostelry is modern in every detail. A 5-story building to be occupied by the Texas Co. offices and a bank is rapidly nearing completion.

**DE LEON**—The greatest building boom in the history of De Leon is now under way and hundred of people are coming here daily. Business activity is constantly increasing and bank deposits are the heaviest in years.

**CLEBURNE**—An interurban line from this city to the West Texas oil fields by the way of Glen Rose is being seriously considered. The commercial club—which was recently re-organized is behind the movement.

**MORAN**—This community is in the most prosperous condition in history. Prospects for bumper crops were never better. The oil development has tided the farmers over for another year and the debt of the farmers around this place is rapidly being liquidated.

**BROWNWOOD**—One hundred feet a day for sixteen consecutive days is the record set by drillers on the Sinclair well near Byrd's store on the Graines tract. A 15-inch hole was sunk more than 100 feet and reduced at 12 inches for the balance of the depth.

**GLEN ROSE**—The Rogers No. 1, 5 miles south of Glen Rose, and near the Somervell-Bosque line, is to be a deep test. Benedum & Trees, who are drilling the well, have stated that they will go to a depth of 4500 or 5000 feet if necessary. A group of Dallas has secured large acreage in the same vicinity and will start drilling soon it is announced.

**WICHITA FALLS**—Announcement is made that the Texas Gulf Refining & Pipe Line Co. will locate a refinery in Wichita Falls and build a pipe line connecting with the Burk Burnett field. This will be the ninth refinery here, three of which are already in operation, while the fourth expects to commence refining the crude oil within the next few days.

**The Pioneers of Progress**

The West Texas farmer and the oil man are kindred spirits; both are pioneers; both are builders; both are attempting to wrest from mother Nature the wealth that lies hidden in her breast.

Just as the adventurous pioneer unknown and apparently inhospitable land, so the oil men, wildcaters and farmers and stockmen moved into an early developers, are staking their labor and their money in opening up new territory.

The fact that the first big oil development came immediately after a heart-breaking drought made it possible for the oil men, at a time of greatest need, to aid farmers of the district. Thousands of these farmers have received for leases on their lands sums that made them quickly forget the hardships they had been thru. Thousands of others found employment in the oil industry, at the best of wages.

When the oil men prosper the farmers prosper. Their interests are identical. The West Texas farmer doesn't quickly forget a friend. Farmers and oil men allied will constitute a group that must be reckoned with in the future progress of the Lone Star State.

**Notice of Chattel Mortgage Sale**

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

County of Randall:

Whereas on the 28th day of March A. D. 1918, W. H. Lovejoy, of Randall county, Texas, did make, execute and deliver to Nathan Schee one certain Chattel Mortgage on the following described property to-wit:

50 head of two-year-old white face heifers, known as the Cage Heifers, together with all increases on said heifers, also one White Face yearling bull, all of said cattle were to be branded by said Lovejoy with HL on the left hip or thigh.

Said Mortgage was given for the purpose of securing the payment of two Promissory Notes, executed by the said W. H. Lovejoy and payable to the order of Nathan Schee, said notes being for the sum of \$2,237.50 each, and due, one note on or before January 1st, 1919, and one due on or before January 1st, 1920, with interest thereon from date at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, said mortgage also provides that in the event said notes or either of them are not paid at maturity that the holder of said notes might, at his option declare all of said notes due, or at any time that the holder of said notes should feel unsafe or insecure from any cause, that he might declare said notes due and take actual possession of said cattle and property and sell the same at the Court House door in Canyon, Randall county, with or without having possession of said property present at said sale, after giving notice of the time and place and terms of said sale as the law requires for the sale of personal property under execution.

And Whereas, the said W. H. Lovejoy has made default in the payment of the note due January 1, 1919, both principal and interest, and has also made default in the payment of the interest on the note due January 1, 1920. Also the said W. H. Lovejoy is neglecting to feed and take care of the cattle above described, and that said cattle have greatly depreciated in value because of said failure on the part of said Lovejoy to properly feed and care for same, and that, because of said failure to feed and take proper care of said cattle the holder of the above described notes feels unsafe and insecure on said notes, and because of the failure to pay the note due January 1, 1919, and the interest on the note due January 1, 1920, and because the holder and owner of said notes feels unsafe and insecure because the said W. H. Lovejoy has failed to feed and take proper care of the cattle described in the mortgage, the owner and holder of said notes hereby declares all of said notes due and has so notified the said W. H. Lovejoy.

NOW THEREFORE, in accordance with the terms and provisions of said mortgage, which mortgage is No. 1820 on file in the office of the county clerk of Randall County, Texas, which mortgage is here referred to for a more complete description of the property and terms of said notes and mortgage, I will offer for sale, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash on the 14th day of January A. D., 1919, at the Courthouse door in the town of Canyon, in Randall County, Texas the following described property to-wit: 50 head of white-faced heifers known as the Cage heifers, and all increases thereon. Also 1 white-faced bull, being the same cattle described in the chattel mortgage dated March 18th, 1918; executed by W. H. Lovejoy in favor of Nathan Schee, and being the same cattle that date sold by said Nathan Schee to the said W. H. Lovejoy.

WITNESS my hand this 2nd day of January, A. D. 1919.

NATHAN SCHEE,

The owner and holder of the notes herein described.

All the indications are that Secretary Daniels wants a navy that will startle the fish.—Dallas News.

**Comfort of Body**

Many children and adults are constant sufferers from cold hands and feet and are acutely susceptible to every chill and sudden climatic change. There is definite help in

**SCOTT'S EMULSION**

which furnishes fuel to warm the body, helps make pure, red blood and maintain the system in a state of robustness, so that the buffeting winds or the sudden chill of evening are enjoyed rather than feared. For comfort of body and buoyant health, take Scott's Emulsion.

**"Insurance Service"**

Is the prompt attention to all the details of the customer's insurance business.

We write all kinds of insurance.

Let us show you the service we can give you.

**D. A. Park & Co.**  
INSURANCE

**SUGAR SHOWED OUR BACKBONE**

American Willingness to Give Up Luxury Demonstrated Nation's War Conscience.

**STAND WITH THE ALLIES.**

By Reducing Consumption People of the United States Averted a Famine at Home in Spite of Low Supplies.

The fact that the people of the United States were able to reduce by more than one-half million tons their July, August, September and October consumption of sugar proves conclusively that their war conscience was thoroughly awakened and that the country as a whole stood ready to follow the injunctions of the Government.

Our normal consumption of sugar in the four-month period beginning with July has been 400,000 tons per month, a total of 1,600,000 for the quarter year.

In July, when our sugar stringency began to reach its height, consumption was reduced to 280,000 tons. In August only 325,000 tons went into distribution and in September only 270,000 tons. In October the distribution fell to 230,000 tons.

If the general public had failed to observe the injunctions of the Food Administration this country would have been in the throes of a sugar famine before the end of August. Our visible supplies were so low as to bring great anxiety to those familiar with the sugar situation. They feared that it would be absolutely impossible to reduce consumption to a point where sugar would no longer be a mere luxury in the American diet.

Few accomplishments of the Food Administration will stand forth so predominantly as this reduced consumption of sugar. By it we have been able to bridge over the period of stringency until the new beet and Louisiana cane sugar crops were in sight.

Now the nation is in a position so that if we choose we may return to our normal home use of sugar, and Europe, with the release of ships to go far afield, can maintain its recent restricted rations. If, however, those nations are to increase their use of sugar very considerably it must be by our continued sharing with them through limiting our own consumption.

**AMERICAN SPIRIT RELIED ON TO WIN.**

In the light of succeeding events it is interesting to recall the confidence with which the United States Food Administrator viewed the gloomy outlook in July of 1917, when this country had been in the war for less than four months and the Germans were steadily sending the western front nearer and nearer to Paris.

"Even though the situation in Europe may be gloomy today," he declared in a public statement, "no American who has knowledge of the results already obtained in every direction need have one atom of fear that democracy will not defend itself in these United States."

**Union County Leads in Stock**

From a report issued by the United States department of agriculture, estimating as clearly as possible the various classes of live stock in New Mexico by counties we are able to gather some very valuable information regarding the live stock industry of Union county. The report estimates the live stock of Union county as follows:

Horses, 1,600; mules, 2,500; milch cows 7000; other cattle 100,000, sheep 75,000; swine, 8,000. The report shows more hogs in Union county than in any other county of the state. According to this same report Union county has 2,000 more milch cows, 1,000 more mules and 4,000 more horses than any other county in the state.—Clayton (N. M.) News.

**One Weak Spot**

Many Canyon People Have a Weak Part and Too Often It's The Back

Many people have a weak spot. Too often it's a bad back. Twinges follow every sudden twist. Dull aching keeps up, day and night. Backache is often from weak kidneys.

In such case a kidney medicine is needed.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

For backache and urinary ills. Canyon people recommend the remedy.

Mrs. J. A. Wallace, W. Houston, Canyon, says: "I was troubled by a weak and lame back and irregular action of my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the Holland Drug Co., cured me. I gladly advise anyone to use Doan's, who is troubled with kidney complaint."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Wallace had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

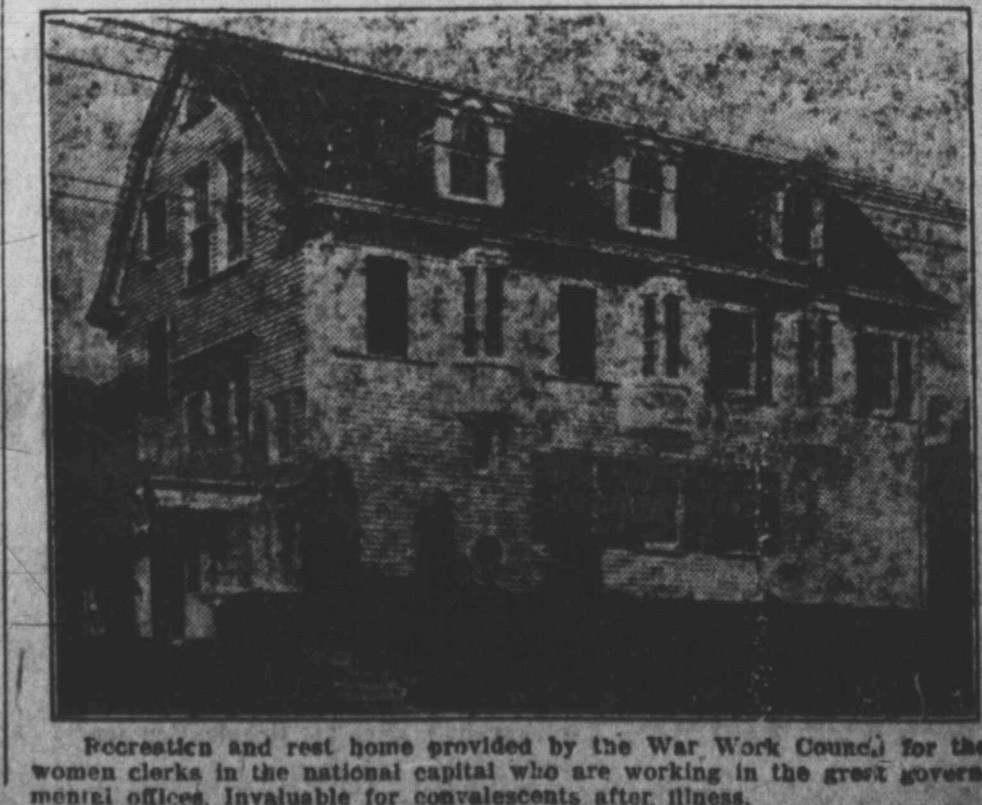
**AMERICANS FIGHT GERMS IN ITALY**

Tuberculosis Experts Sent by Red Cross Will Use Latest Methods.

Included in the unit of medical and lay workers which the American Red Cross has sent to Italy are a number of the leading anti-tuberculosis workers of the country, sponsored by the National Tuberculosis Association. Dr. William Charles White, who heads the unit, is medical director of the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh, and Dr. Robert H. Bishop, the assistant director, is secretary of the Anti-Tuberculosis League of Cleveland as well as health commissioner of that city. Dr. John H. Lowman of Cleveland, a former president of the National Association, is another prominent member of the unit. Others are Dr. Robert G. Patterson, secretary of the Ohio Tuberculosis Association; Seymour H. Stone, until recently secretary of the Massachusetts Anti-Tuberculosis League; Dr. Gertrude Sturgis, secretary of the New York City Association of Tuberculosis Clinics, and N. A. Nelson, superintendent of the Cincinnati Anti-Tuberculosis League.

These men and women, at the request of the Italian government, will co-operate with that country in applying the latest approved American methods for combating the spread of tuberculosis. Some of them will be charged with the establishment of clinics where people of all ages may be examined and treated; others will devote their attention particularly to preventing tuberculosis among children, and a third group will develop health publicity and education.

**Y. W. C. A. Country Club, Washington**



Recreation and rest home provided by the War Work Council for the women clerks in the national capital who are working in the great government offices. Invaluable for convalescents after illness.



# Two Papers for the Price of One

## To the Farmers of this section and other interested Parties

We are looking out for your best interests as well as our own. We recognize the fact that a farmer paper dealing with the problems of this section and adapted to the agricultural needs is a needed factor in the developing of the agricultural interests of the Plains.

Such a farm paper has been established and during the years of the war has stood the test. We are going to offer this farm paper as a gift to the farmers of this section and all others who desire it with every subscription paid in to the Randall County News, new or renewal. This offer is good until further notice. We want every family in Randall county to take the Randall County News and feel that we are offering them the greatest value in news and educational matter that they buy. Tell your neighbor of this offer or send it to your friends.

## The Randall County News and The Southwest Plainsman Both for \$1.50 per Year

## Special offer for January On Fort Worth Star Telegram

DAILY WITH SUNDAY Seven days a week. Paper to December 1, 1919 - **\$5.55**  
With THE RANDALL COUNTY NEWS - \$6.50

DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY Six days a week. Paper to December 1, 1919 - **\$4.65**  
With THE RANCALL COUNTY NEWS - \$5.75

## The Dallas Morning News and the Randall County News

Regular Price \$10.00---BOTH FOR \$8.95---A Saving of \$1.05

## The Amarillo Daily News and The Randall County News

Regular Price \$8.70---BOTH FOR \$7.60---At a saving of \$1.10

This is a chance to save money on your dailies, when paying up for The News. All names on our subscription list will be discontinued as their time is up. Look on the address of your paper. It gives the month your subscription will expire.

# THE RANDALL COUNTY NEWS



**The Randall County News**

Incorporated under the laws of Texas  
Oscar Hunt, Manager

Entered at postoffice at Canyon, Texas, as second class matter. Office of publication, West Houston St.  
SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 PER YEAR

**The Antidote For War**

While much is being said about a proposed "League of Nations" no one seems to have any very definite idea as to just what this "league" is to be.

According to Webster a "league," in the international sense, is "a covenant between two or more nations for the accomplishment of some purpose by continued united action." Under this definition almost every treaty is a league of nations and, consequently, there are already in existence a hundred or more such "leagues" between the United States and other nations. Moreover the only Constitutional provision directly bearing upon the right of our Federal Government to enter into any such league is the article conferring upon the President the power "to make treaties, provided two thirds of the Senators present concur."

The word "treaty" is defined by Webster as "an agreement, league, or contract made between two or more states or sovereigns and solemnly ratified."

This proposed "League of Nations" then, will be nothing more nor less than a treaty; and the principal difference between it and our other treaties will lie in the fact that, instead of being made between only two nations, it will be signed by the representatives of many nations.

This proposed league or treaty, like all other treaties, may at any time be broken. There will, of course be, in connection with such treaty breaking, the danger of war not merely with one country but with all of the signatory nations, and this fact will make it extremely dangerous for any one nation—and particularly a small one—to violate or repudiate the fact. It will however, still be entirely possible for two or more nations, representing strength approximately balancing that of the other powers, to form a secret alliance (just as the nations of Europe have been doing for generations) and break away from the League of Nations at any time. Consequently even though the proposed League of Nations shall contain the most complete list of provisions imaginable for the preservation of peace, and shall be signed by all of the nations of the world; and even though there be the most stringent limitation of armaments imaginable or even the total disarmament of all nations, there will still be practically the same danger of war then as now because of the possibility of selfish leagues within the main league.

All battle-ships, submarines, and war vessels of every kind might be just as possible and as destructive as at present. This would be the case even if it were possible to wipe out completely all technical war literature and even to obliterate from every human mind all knowledge of the methods and processes by which modern weapons and munitions of war are made.

The fundamental causes of war, whether between human beings or the lower animals, are covetousness and animosity. The beasts of the forest and field, and the creatures of the sea and air, with no weapons but teeth, claw and muscle, make war upon and slay each other, when actuated by hunger or anger; and man, even though he has no other weapons than teeth, hands, and feet, always can and always will make war so long as the spirit of selfishness controls his thoughts and acts. Human beings however, with their superior intellects, will ever recognize in the products of nature, such as the trees and the rocks, the means wherewith quickly to make clubs, spears and other deadly weapons; and with such means of violence always at hand in all lands, men everywhere can at any time wage war upon each other at but a moment's notice; and no treaty or league of nations can ever rid the world of this possibility. Moreover, with the modern developments of the arts and sciences, there will always be automotive carriers on the sea, the land, and in the air. There will also be powder and other high explosives for mining operations and other normal peace pursuits. Then too the knowledge which humanity now has of war devices can never be wiped out. So that regardless of any possible destruction of present munitions and armaments, every nation will always hereafter be able, within a few hours or days, or at most a few weeks (and vast advance preparations might easily be made secretly by a nation or group of nations) to convert large numbers

of ships, aeroplanes, automobiles and many other peace devices and supplies into the most deadly weapons of war and thus upset the peace of the world at any time.

Peace, then, is not dependent upon what a man, a nation, or a world has in the way of specially prepared weapons of war, but it is dependent entirely upon the mental attitude of different peoples toward each other. Hence, world peace is to be secured not simply by disarming men or nations or by persuading or forcing them to promise to be peaceful, but rather by making the people of all nations so contented and happy that they will have no disposition to fight each other.

The universe will forget all about warfare when adequate provision is made for the universal welfare. And the one essential thing to do in order to abolish war is to devote to the making of men comfortable and happy the same effects that we have heretofore wasted in preparing ourselves to slay each other.

**Conservation The Greatest Need**

The organization of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce with its program of intelligent effort for the constructive development of the West is a movement of the greatest significance not only to West Texas, but to the entire state.

Conservation of natural resources and reclamation development constitutes the greatest need of the State, and should be the greatest issue before the people. The impounding and utilization of flood waters, and the development of water supplies by co-operative measures under State encouragement and direction, offers a certain protection against disastrous drouth and the failure heretofore to provide by adequate legislation for the promotion of such means of protection constitutes a serious indictment against the progressiveness of our Governmental policies.

The present movement in the interest of reclamation is timely and may be of great service in aiding in the passage by the next Legislature of a statute adequate to the requirements of conservation and reclamation effort and needs throughout the state, and which will bring to the people all of the advantages assured to them by the liberal and progressive provisions of the constitutional amendment adopted in 1917.—Leonard Tillitson.

**WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN STILL WEALTHY, THOUGH EXILED**

Although the former German Emperor is now utterly shorn of all official power, he is still much in the public eye and doubtless will continue to attract special attention until his fate is decided.

While the ex-Kaiser is virtually a prisoner, he still has on deposit in various banks, at 4 1/2 per cent interest cash amounting to \$4,760,000; so that even though the large governmental annuities to the various members of the Hohenzollern family (the payment of which has been suspended) should be abolished, and the 90 valuable estates to which by family laws claim be confiscated by the German people, there will still be enough to enable the head of the family to provide fairly comfortably for his wife and children whatever may be his own fate.

Recent reports indicate that this one-time emperor has for some days been seriously indisposed and that he is now confined to his bed almost his chronic ear trouble, but is doubtfully continuing. This illness seems to be due primarily to a renewal of less aggravated by other long-standing physical infirmities, by the changes of habit and environment incident by his confinement, and also by the mental depression and worry occasioned by his vastly changed estate. It is said that the former rudeness of his complexion has entirely disappeared and that his face is now ashen and marked by deep lines; that his mustache and hair are both gray; and that, with the beard grown during his recent confinement in bed, he looks like a withered old man of 70 or 80 years and bears but little semblance of the proud ruler of that day only a few months ago, when, with the German hosts rapidly overwhelming France, he was grooming himself for his triumphal entrance into Paris.

Some idea of the enormity of the ex-Kaiser's vanity, and the consequent greatness of the blow which his pride has received, may be obtained from the fact that a recent inventory of his private belongings in Berlin and Potsdam shows that his wardrobe, when he fled from Germany included 598 military and naval uniforms.

**Should Receive Hearty Support**

That the United States Employment Service is a great movement on the part of the government for the benefit of the masses of the people, is the statement of County Judge R. C. Johnson, in an open letter to the public.

The communication follows: The Government of the United States has very generously established in our city a "Government Employment Service" and keep in charge of this Service, a business man, who knows the labor question from the standpoint of the Employer and the Employee.

It is the business of this government officer to investigate labor conditions and to assist in procuring employment for returning soldiers. Every employer of labor should be interested in the re-establishment in profitable employment the returning soldiers.

Every day employers are looking for employees, not only of day-laborers, but every branch of labor, office employees, etc.

The United States government requests that those seeking labor and those seeking the services of the laborer, list their claims with the Government Free Employment Service.

I have been requested by said Government employment service to bring this matter to the attention of the people of Potter county, Texas, and I do earnestly request that every man seeking employment visit the Government Service office and that every employer, before employing help, shall first seek to employ those who have registered their names with the Service.

The Service is Free to all alike. It is a great movement on the part of the Government for our people. Let all co-operate with the Government Employment Service, to the end; that both employers and employees and the country at large shall receive the benefit intended by the Government from this service.

R. C. JOHNSON,  
County Judge.

**TOO MUCH SENTIMENT**

"The Beacon is opposed to any change in our homestead law as it is protection of the womanhood of Texas. Our forefathers wrote this law in our constitution, and there it ought to stay until the end of time. The little benefits derived from federal farm loans would not compensate our people for their loss."—Lockney Beacon.

Jar loose from that sentimental stuff, Ben, and give a poor man a chance.

Take a census of the Panhandle farmers and you won't find a dozen men who own their homes because of the present homestead law. But come with us and we will point out to you hundreds of small farm owners in the Panhandle who need money with which to improve and stock their farms and make comfortable homes for their families while in the bloom of youth, but the homestead law says "no." Are you willing that these hundreds be denied this needed help for the sake of a little "forefather sentiment?" Of course you do not and when you have properly informed yourself you will be glad to admit it. We know you too well to believe otherwise. Give the man who needs help a chance.—Panhandle Herald.

**FOR A SEPARATE STATE**

Since the war the question of dividing Texas has again been forged to the front. It is now claimed that the Panhandle and West Texas has or is about to lose all they gained in the past few years in the matter of a just freight rate for this section, and a section of the Panhandle Press has offered as a solution that we make us a new state. The Beacon is one of the original champions for a divided Texas. We see many advantages to be derived when West Texas and the Panhandle are included in one big state. The question has been discussed pro and con, and all are of one mind for a separate state for this section. The most practical thing now to do would be the perfecting of the organization for this purpose. West Texas did efficient work in the A. and M. organization a few years ago, and a like organization for pushing a divided Texas would put the deal across. Let's organize for the fight.—Lockney Beacon.

**The Strong Withstand the Winter Cold Better Than the Weak**

You must have Health, Strength and Endurance to fight Colds, Grip and Influenza.

When your blood is not in a healthy condition and does not circulate properly, your system is unable to withstand the winter cold.

**GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC** Fortifies the System Against Colds, Grip and Influenza by Purifying and Enriching the Blood.

It contains the well-known tonic properties of Quinine and Iron in a form acceptable to the most delicate stomach, and is pleasant to take. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

**James Douglas Johnson**

On the last day of the old year, as the shadows were gathering in the evening, all that was mortal of our young brother James Douglas Johnson was laid to rest in our cemetery in Mineral Wells. Thus the messenger of death takes from earth another young, ambitious consecrated life that had been lived in the fond hope of rendering large service in the world. He was just twenty-eight years old, a young man of an unusually attractive personality and possessed of the rarest Christian character.

From the days of his youth, he had longed to be a foreign missionary. But the question of health stood too seriously in the way. For four years he had lived in Mineral Wells, and was showing marks of steady improvement. The influenza, followed by pneumonia, proved too much for his physical strength, and he had to yield.

His last hours were victorious. Conscious unto the last, he closed his eyes in death with the words upon his lips, "Near, Nearer, My God to Thee," and came to the end with a happy smile upon his face. During the time of good weather, he was perhaps more often at church and prayer meeting than any other young man of his age in the church. We had become accustomed to see his genial face at a regular place not far from the front in all regular services. Because of his delicate health, he was not well known to but a few of our people. Those who knew him appreciated most of his rare character.

His mother a brother, and other relatives came to the funeral from Canyon City and from Durant, Okla. Having been married just four months he leaves a young wife to mourn, with others, his seemingly untimely death. But no life like his is ever lost. He lives on in unbroken service and joy on the other side of the river. Such rare lives enrich our life in this world, and certainly add glory to the world beyond. Nothing but a heaven of eternal glory can explain to the troubled heart the mystery of the going of such lives at such an early age.—Mineral Wells Daily.

**HILBURN IS BACK**

The Plains fraternity will be glad to welcome back J. A. Hilburn, owner and editor of the Shamrock Texan, who has been mustered out of the service and returned to take charge of his paper on January first.

Mr. Hilburn was one of the Plains newspaper men who answered the country's call for soldiers and received rapid promotion, being at the time of his dismissal, a lieutenant in the Tank corps. His fellow-publishers are extending their congratulations on this recognition of his merit and efficiency and are proud of the record that he has made.

**Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days**

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

**The Best**

To be had in fresh meats at prices that will interest you

- Fresh hams, per lb . . . . . 28c
- Fresh shoulders, . . . . . 25c
- Fresh sides . . . . . 25c
- Pure lard . . . . . 32c
- Jewell compound by the can \$11.50
- By the pound . . . . . 28c
- Fresh oysters, per pint . . . 45c

**Vetesk Market**

**WHAT BECAME OF IT?**

The Record is curious to know what Gov. Holby and the rest of the committee appointed to "disburse the drouth relief fund" did with the money. Nearly a half million dollars were given, not loaned but given freely, to help the destitute in the drouth stricken regions of the west. We get nearly all the West Texas papers on our desk and we have never yet seen a notice of where anybody got a nickle of his money. A small sum was sent to this country, something like \$800 or \$1,000, but it was so tied up with red tape, and the plan of distribution so muddled that it could not have been used had we needed it ever so badly. Thank God it was not necessary to use it. There has been a few cases of destitution which have been relieved by the citizens of this county giving of what little they had, but the money which was sent here for that purpose could not be touched. We have said before and we say again, that this fund which was given as a free donation to the needy was most improperly handled, and this committee did a great injustice to the donors of the gift as well as to the drouth sufferers. If this money has been disbursed, it is up to this committee to show how and where. If it has not been disbursed what are they going to do with it? The little amount that was sent to Mitchell county, we understand, has been returned, because it could not be used, and we

venture thousands of dollars have been returned to this committee. In talking with a Dallas man the other day he was surprised to know that none of this money had been given out in this county. He said his firm at Dallas had given liberally to this fund as a donation, never dreaming that it was to be loaned on mortgage.

This county does not need help now, except perhaps in a few instances, and these will be taken care of by the local Red Cross or by contributions from the big hearted and always liberal citizens of the county. But what the Record would like to see is a report from this disbursing committee.—Colorado Record.

**Don't Throw**

THAT BROKEN PIPE AWAY

Send It To—

**The Groeat Western Cigar Factory**

At AMARILLO, TEXAS

and have it fixed. Expert Pipe Repairing; Charges Reasonable.

Quick Service

SMOKE TEXAS HAND-MADE CIGARS

The Best Cigar in Texas

**Making Room Sale**

Owing to the great rush of Spring Goods coming in on us, we are making special prices on many lines all through our store. Below we quote you a few that may interest you:

**SILK DRESSES**

Special Price

**\$16.50**

**LADIES' UNIONS**

Special Price

**\$1.95**

**LADIES KID GLOVES**

Special Price

**\$1.95**

**LADIES' HATS**

Special Price

**\$1.95**

Make Our Store Your Store

**The Ladies' Store**

517 Polk

Amarillo

Away with DEADLY POISONS  
**RAT CORN**  
KILLS RATS, MICE AND GOPHERS.  
FOR SALE BY  
**GITY PHARMACY**



**"A Woman's Shop"**  
with a comfortable atmosphere where you will not be urged to purchase. We take pleasure in showing specialties in Dresses, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk underwear, Lingerie.

**Our January Clearance Sale is now on.**  
THE REASON—Keeping Stock fresh. No former prices quoted but every markdown is a striking example of Fairsex values.

**THE FAIRSEX**  
The Woman's Shop for Values  
Amarillo, Olympic Opera House

**FREE MAP AND PHOTOGRAPH**  
BURKBURNETT, TEXAS  
Showing World's Wonder Oil Field sent absolutely free upon request. Ask for it today

**BROWN-WORTH OIL CO.**  
No. 1013 1/2 Main St. Ft. Worth, Tex.

**Before The Advent Of Woman's Gladness**

Women Who Know Take Precaution Against Suffering.



Before the arrival of the Stork, women for over half a century have learned the wisdom of giving nature a helping hand. Nausea, nervousness, bearing-down and stretching pains in the abdomen and muscles are entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, according to the testimony of thousands of mothers who have used this time-honored remedy.

Mother's Friend lubricates the fine network of nerves beneath the skin, and by regular use during the period the muscles are made and kept soft and elastic. They can then expand gently and easily when baby is born and pain and danger at the crisis is naturally avoided.

Mother's Friend is a preparation of penetrating oils and other medicinal agents prepared especially for expectant mothers. It is for external use, is absolutely safe and should be used regularly during the entire period before baby comes.

Write to the Bradford Regulator Company, Dept. A, Lamar Building, Atlanta, Georgia, for an interesting Motherhood Book, and obtain a bottle of Mother's Friend from the druggist. You will find it the greatest kind of help.

**SOCIETY**

**Camp Fire Girls Hold Rally**  
Saturday night the Camp Fire Girls of the High School were entertained by Miss Ruth Knight at the Knight home on the South side. Music, story telling, candy making and corn popping made a jolly time for all until 11 o'clock when the guests departed for home wishing for another such occasion at an early date. Misses Phyllis Keiser and Leora Renison were guests of the Club.

**In Honor of Mrs. H. R. Leech**  
New Year's Night Mrs. C. O. Keiser was hostess to a number of the Canyon social set in honor of Mrs. H. R. Leech, her sister, of Sheridan, Wyoming. Five Hundred was the diversion of the evening for which five tables were set.

Lieut. Vane Bentley came in Tuesday from Camp Travis to spend a few days furlough. Lieut. Bentley states that he received a discharge from the service before leaving camp and was called back into the service within three hours.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hensley received a telegram from their son, Omer, saying that he has landed safely on this side. He was at Newport News, Va, and was sent back on account of being sick. His parents expect him home soon.

Mrs. L. G. Allen had a letter from her son, Easton, this week. It was the first she had heard from him since the armistice was signed and she was rather anxious about him. He was safe and well and was passing through Luxemburg on his way to Germany.

Miss Pearl DeJarnatt of Plainview has come to Canyon to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. W. E. Thatcher and will attend the Normal.

**The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head**  
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 30c.

**Just Received**

**Two big shipments of Gingham. The best quality of gingham for only 30 Cents**

**Cotton Bats, full quilt size Only \$1.25**

**We can save you money the cash way. Try us on your next purchases.**

**Don't overlook our Blanket Special**

**Same goods for less money.**

**REDFEARN & CO.**

**One Price House**

**PERSONAL MENTION**

If you have guests in your home, please phone the News. If you are going away on a visit, call No. 41.

Miss Ruth Downing is home from her school at Texhoma.

J. H. Garrison of Happy was in town on business yesterday.

H. E. Smith of Amarillo was in Canyon Monday on business.

Miss Pearl Hensley came in from Amarillo Friday night to visit home-folks.

Dave and Will Hamblen and J. M. McCrerey of Wayside were in town on business yesterday.

Mrs. Chris Renfro and Mrs. Boyd Lendon of Hereford visited Mrs. P. V. Winstead Friday night.

Mrs. Aaron Johnson returned to her home at Ganado, Texas, after spending Christmas with her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Campbell.

Mrs. Ray Ely, of Corsicana, is here visiting at the home of C. N. Harrison. She is preparing to move her household goods to Corsicana.

Mrs. B. T. Johnson was called to the bedside of her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Compton of Portales, N. M., Wednesday, she being very ill with the influenza.

**JUST IN BY EXPRESS**

4 buckle Aretics for Men.

Low Heel and High Heel Rubbers for Women.

All Sizes

**The Fair Bootery**  
Amarillo Texas

Miss Irene Berry, principal of the Mt. Blanco School left Saturday to take up her school work Monday, after spending the holidays with home-folks.

**COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE**

**WAYSIDE WARBLINGS**

Zero weather visited us New Year's Day, for the first time this winter. It has been quite cold since. Lots of snow which is melting very slow.

The mail carrier on the Happy-Wayside line has been unable to travel the regular route. Those on the star route are put to great inconvenience to send off or get their mail.

Only a slight improvement in condition of Mrs. L. J. McGehee. She is only able to sit up a short while.

J. S. Sluder, Wm. Payne and Misses Grace Sluder and Mattie McGehee left for Canyon Sunday afternoon. The men were on a business trip. Grace will go on to Plemoms to teach if she can get there. Mattie will enter the Normal.

Mr. and Mrs. O. O. Baker of Happy visited with Mrs. J. W. McCrerey last Sunday.

A great number of letters have been received from our soldier boys. They all hope to reach home at an early date, but none have appeared yet.

(Last week's notes, delayed)  
So much snow and ice and water makes traveling bad. The daily mail from Happy to Wayside, made one trip last week. We are wondering how long this weather will last.

Christmas has passed pleasantly with most of the Waysiders. School

every day but Christmas, despite the inclement weather. Socials at night with skating parties in the day kept the young people on the go a good part of the week.

There is a little improvement in the condition of Mrs. L. J. McGehee. Quite a bunch of young people called on her Sunday night, which pleased her very much. We trust she will soon be restored to health.

Ewing McGehee left Tuesday for a trip to Abilene, returning Monday night.

Misses Bonnie and Charlotte Adams came in from Wayland College at Plainview last Monday; the former returning the following morning.

Miss Grace Sluder has been called to Plemoms to resume her school work.

Misses Agnes, Lorine and Bernice McGehee have returned to Canyon to enter their school work at the Normal college.

Church services have not been resumed.

Miss Rubie Payne returned to Amarillo to resume her studies in the business college.

There is no influenza around Wayside that we are aware of.

**Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic**  
destroys the malarial germs which are transmitted to the blood by the Malaria Mosquito. Price 50c.

**CHURCHES**

**BAPTIST CHURCH**  
Sunday School, 10 a. m.  
Preaching, 11 a. m.  
Sunbeams, 2 p. m.  
B. Y. P. U., at 5:30 p. m.  
Preaching at 6:30 p. m.  
Prayer meeting Wednesday night, 7 p. m. at 6:15.  
Teachers' meeting Friday night at 6:15 p. m.  
B. F. FRONABARGER, Pastor.

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.  
Preaching at 11 o'clock.  
Evening services at 6 o'clock.  
Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.  
All announcements are on the new time.  
Everyone cordially invited to all our services.  
R. A. STEWART, Pastor.

**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**  
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.  
Preaching at 11:00 a. m.  
A. B. HAYNES, Pastor.  
Miss Zella Vaughn spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Amarillo.

**A Tonic Laxative**  
that will remove the bile from the Liver and cleanse the System THOROUGHLY without griping or disturbing the stomach is truly a Perfect Laxative.

**LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN**  
is the name of a Reliable and Perfect Laxative which soon relieves Sick Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, Stomach Trouble, Gas and Piles caused by a Torpid Liver and Constipation. Always use a Reliable Laxative in the treatment of Colds, Grip and Influenza.

LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN is a Liquid Digestive Tonic Laxative excellent in its effect on the System, both as a tonic and as a laxative. It is just as good for Children as for Adults. Pleasant to take. Children like it. 50c.  
Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., manufacturers of Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic.

**A NEW GUN IS A GREAT DELIGHT OUR AMMUNITION IS RELIABLE**

**Don't borrow the other fellows gun. If you break it you must buy him a new one. And he will have the new one and you his old one. Besides, you will feel more comfortable using your own gun, shooting rabbits that are destroying your feed, trees and shrubbery.**

**Our ammunition is reliably loaded; you can depend upon the proper amounts of powder and shot being used.**

**Our stock of guns and ammunition is complete.**

**THOMPSON HARDWARE CO.**

**The Young Fellows of Canyon KNOW AND THEIR DAD'S ARE LEARNING**

That "The Famous" Store at Amarillo is the **Best, Classiest and most Reasonable** Store in the Panhandle to trade at

**DON'T FORGET**

We are going to move to 6th and Polk Street on March 1st, as our present store room got too small for us, and we are selling out most of our present stock at

REMOVAL SALE PRICES		
\$20.00 Suits or Overcoats	\$22.50 Suits or Overcoats	\$25.00 Suits or Overcoats
<b>\$16.95</b>	<b>\$18.95</b>	<b>\$19.95</b>
\$35 Suits or Overcoats	\$30.00 Suits or Overcoats	\$40.00 Suits or Overcoats
<b>\$28.65</b>	<b>\$23.95</b>	<b>\$31.95</b>
\$10.00 SILK SHIRTS	\$12.00 NETTLETON SHOES	\$10 SLIP-OVER SWEATERS
<b>\$8.45</b>	<b>\$10.35</b>	<b>\$8.45</b>

On Your Way to The Postoffice

**The Famous**

Still at 6th and Taylor Street  
AMARILLO, TEXAS

On Your Way to The Postoffice



## MARKING GRAVES IS TASK FOR HEROES

MEN IN REGISTRATION SERVICE WORK CALMLY UNDER FIRE ON THE BATTLEFIELD.

COL. PIERCE IS THEIR CHIEF

Aviators Driven by Storm Land in Florida Everglades and Are Rescued by Seminole Indians—Government Gets Many New Hospitals.

(From Committee on Public Information) Washington.—Announcement from France that all American dead are to be returned to this country for permanent burial adds interest to the story of how the graves of these heroes are marked and recorded. This work is done by the grave registration service, which is co-operating with the Red Cross in photographing graves and, when practicable, in distributing these photographs to the families and relatives of the dead.

The graves registration service is a unit of the quartermaster corps. Each unit of this service is composed of one captain, one lieutenant and 50 enlisted men. There are now 14 of these units with the American expeditionary forces in France, under command of Lieut. Col. Charles C. Pierce. Colonel Pierce is a retired chaplain, a major of the regular army, and was pastor of an Episcopal church in Philadelphia when the present war began. As he had been in charge of similar work in the Philippines, he volunteered for this important task upon the organization of the graves registration service. He has been awarded a promotion for his zealous performance of the duties falling to him.

In a letter which Lieutenant Colonel Pierce has written to Maj. H. R. Lemly, chief of the cemetery branch, quartermaster corps, and which is quoted in part here, is to be had a glimpse of a work that blends mercy and heroism.

"All that the censors will pass in the way of news concerning this furious drive in the vast triangular arena between Soissons, Chateau-Thierry and Reims has already been given you in the papers," writes Colonel Pierce. "But the work that has befallen my department is one of the unpublished chapters of history. Suffice it to say that my men have displayed a splendid sort of heroism—worthy of the reddest blood stock in the world—and that I have had occasion to recommend a number of them for promotion, and some of them for the bestowal of the Distinguished Service cross."

"Can you fancy a lot of men going calmly about their duty under bursting shells and bombs that evacuate a cellar every time they strike the ground—going about to minister to the dead, laying out cemeteries and putting up crosses over the graves of their valorous and fallen comrades as fast as the grenades of hate tear them down? Then you will know the place of these brave lads of mine, who worry when they see me, lest I may have it in mind to move them to a safer place."

"And the men who are going over the top! Ah, you will need rapid transit to keep up with them! For they have the crusaders' spirit and they fill the gaps of the fallen and move on with a rush that the Hun cannot understand. . . . They will win and they have no other thought. Often I have the privilege of preaching to them as a layman; and I give you my word that I never looked into such faces before. Perhaps I have seen as comely features, but there is a fire in all these eyes and the light of a sublime consecration such as the world has never seen save in the faces of martyrs who deemed it an honor to die for a cause."

The department of agriculture has inaugurated a campaign to increase the use of dehydrated fruits and vegetables, which compare favorably for ordinary consumption with the fresh article. As indicating the need and value of this campaign, the food administration calls attention to the fact that about 8,000,000 pounds of Irish potatoes were "thrown to the dump" in New York city alone last January, after having been frosted and then permitted to rot in transit.

The war department has already recognized the importance of dehydrated produce. The army has purchased and used 14,000,000 pounds of dehydrated foodstuffs, costing about \$3,000,000, and in the last few weeks has placed orders with Canadian and American dehydrating plants for more than 40,000,000 pounds to be manufactured and delivered between now and July 1, 1919. These orders represent about \$10,000,000, and include principally potatoes, carrots, onions and a small supply of soup mixtures. There are eight different vegetables in the soup mixtures.

On a single day recently the board of review in the office of the quartermaster general approved orders and contracts aggregating \$20,621,176. Among the items purchased were crowbars, axes, trench mirrors, cloth, motor trucks, motorcycles, ginger, bacon, ham, cheese, nails, salmon, flour, shovels, butter, horseshoes, typewriters, paint, hay, oats, cinnamon, nutmeg, sugar, beans, catchup, evaporated milk, flannel shirts, tomatoes, screwdrivers, wooden wheels, trees, tents, razors, baking powder, pencils and meat saws.

Driven by a storm from a height of 8,000 feet into the Everglades of Florida, Lieutenant Smith, an aviator stationed at Carlstrom field, Miami, was forced to add to his startling experiences the prospect of starvation in a trackless swamp, infested with snakes and alligators. He and his passenger, Sergeant O'Connor, were rescued by Seminole Indians, after having wandered through the Everglades for two days without food or water.

The airplane in which Lieutenant Smith and Sergeant O'Connor were attempting to fly over the Everglades was submerged in the mud and water and somewhat damaged, but later was put in order and sailed forth once more, to the great wonder of the Seminoles.

Lieutenant Smith had undertaken the work of photographing a shorter line of flight over the Everglades to Fort Meyers, and was on his mission at the time of his adventure. He had reached an altitude of 7,000 feet above the great swamp when he observed a storm approaching from the south and changed his course to the southwest in an effort to avoid it. Finding this impossible, he veered to the west and attempted to climb above it. At 8,000 feet, however, he encountered a terrific wind from the north which tossed the plane and twice turned it almost completely on its back.

The motor cut out twice and Lieutenant Smith had to put the plane in a nose dive to clear itself. Suddenly the machine broke through the clouds and the swamps appeared just below. The motor was still giving trouble and the pilot was compelled to land. He continued his flight along the shallow and open places fringing the swamp, but the gas gave out and he came down 48 miles west of Miami. In the landing Sergeant O'Connor's lips were cut and he was bruised about the body and legs. Lieutenant Smith was only slightly bruised.

States, municipalities and private concerns have given to the government free use of hospitals and other institutions that will accommodate more than 10,000 sick and wounded soldiers, and the war department has leased other public and private buildings that will add facilities for the care of 9,000 more.

To fit some of these buildings for use as hospitals alterations costing about \$995,000 will have to be made. These alterations will be undertaken at once, so that most of the buildings will be ready for occupancy by January 1, 1919.

The St. Louis sanitarium, one of the finest buildings of its kind in the country, is among the institutions which have been made available to the government without charge. Only minor alterations will be necessary to provide accommodations for 3,000 soldiers.

Other institutions which have been offered free of rental to the government for the purpose are the Ohio Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Lima; the State School for the Deaf, Columbus; the State hospital at Norfolk, Mass.; a model factory at Cleveland and a completely appointed hospital built by Henry Ford in Detroit.

Vaccination against pneumonia is available for every officer, enlisted man and employee of the army in the United States, and it is believed by medical officers that if they avail themselves of this protective remedy the prevalence and deadliness of this disease will be far less this winter than last year.

One of the most severe tests of the vaccine was its administration to 12,000 volunteers at one of the army camps. During the following ten weeks until these troops went overseas not a single case of pneumonia developed among them. In the last two years pneumonia has caused more deaths than any other disease.

The vaccine is for administration to healthy persons to prevent the development of certain types of pneumonia. It is not intended for treatment after the disease has been contracted. It is in no sense a cure for pneumonia.

Five millions of rations for American fighters in France are now being packed and ready for shipment. They are to be placed in air-tight containers and then crated in heavy wood boxes. In each container there is sufficient food for 24 men for one day.

The packing of this ration is designed to protect the soldier from hardships in the trenches or at sea. The selection of canned meats illustrates the care with which the food products of this ration are packed. The tinned meat packing methods of the United States have been studied by experts so that only the best products of the packers will be chosen.

In addition to meats, the ration will include cigarettes sufficient for a day's smoke for 24 men; salmon, soluble coffee, salt pepper and hard bread. Practically all of these are packed separately in air-tight containers to resist gas attack.

To provide speedy and efficient relief for American soldiers and sailors who may be in distress through the torpedoing or wrecking of ships, the American Red Cross has organized a bureau of emergency service in England to co-operate with the army and the navy and with American consuls.

Pioneer Cattlemen Will Care for Herd The friends of Col. and Mrs. Goodnight will read with interest the following account of a movement to care for the buffalo herd when he is no longer able to do so himself. The story is from the Star-Telegram:

An association to care for the Goodnight buffalo herd is to be organized, it was decided Monday night at the annual dinner given by W. D. Reynolds, for which Col. Charles Goodnight sends a buffalo roast. This was suggested by Colonel Goodnight in order that the herd might not become extinct after his death.

Officers for the association will be elected within the next few days, Mr. Reynolds said, and the exact organization plan perfected.

Monday night's dinner was held at the W. D. Reynolds home on Summit Avenue.

Among those invited to attend the dinner were: Burk Burnett, George Reynolds, W. E. Connell, Marion Sanson, G. H. Connell, Lon Barkley, Don Campbell, J. Lee Johnson, A. J. Long, W. T. Waggoner, J. H. Nail, Eugene Clark, Sam H. Cowan, J. C. Clopton, Elmo Sledd, E. J. Byrne, A. B. Case and Louis J. Wortham.

Says Money Will Be Easier

C. W. Whittington, president of the Hamon-Whittington Mortgage Co., with offices in the Smith Building, has just returned from a two months trip to the East. While absent he visited Buffalo, N. Y., Kansas City, Chicago and Des Moines. He stated to a Plainsman reporter that the outlook for money for loans in this section as looking brighter, but that everywhere he went people would show him the Dallas News article stating that "West Texas" was a barren desert with nothing but starvation staring it in the face. Mr. Whittington believes that untold damage was done to Northwest Texas by the stories published by the Dallas News, which did not define the territory visited by the drouth, and in fact misrepresented it by saying "West Texas" when the worst affected portions were in Central Texas.—Southwest Plainsman.

Gravel Contract Let

At a recent meeting of the Commissioners court the contract for graveling six miles of the highway to the east of Spur was let to Mr. Rose and son, of the McAdoo country in Dickens county, the contract price being approximately thirty-three thousand dollars.

State and federal aid to the extent of \$33,000 has already been granted on this roadway, thus giving approximately sixty-six thousand dollars with which to complete the Fort Worth Roswell Highway thru Dickens county.

The work on the highway will be superintended by government engineers, together with the county engineer, thus assuring a road in accord with government specifications and of the highest class.—Spur Texas and Spur.

Whole Family Dies of "Flu"

S. E. Hale and family, who formerly lived in the Croton country, making a crop last year on the W. C. Benson place, all died of the influenza last week at Burk Burnett, it is reported. It is said that he was doing hauling in Burk Burnett, and one of the men with whom he had been working hearing a baby crying continuously in the Hale home, finally went to the house to see what was the matter, finding Mr. and Mrs. Hale and two children dead. Parties, there, it was said, telephoned to Spur with reference to the disposition of the team and wagon owned by Mr. Hale and on which a mortgage was held by Bryant-Link Co. of Spur. Mr. Link informing them to sell the team and wagon and devote the proceeds to the care of the baby left by Mr. and Mrs. Hale.—Spur Texas Spur.

Snow Plow—a Novel Sight

The snow plow that went through Tuesday attracted considerable attention among the citizens, it being a rare occurrence for this part of the country. In conversing with one of the crew he gave information stating that 33,000 feet of snow was thrown from the track between Stevens and Texhoma, a distance of 10 miles, the depth of the snow being from 2 to 10 feet. The plow, driven by two engines remained in the yards for several hours clearing the main line and the side track.—Texhoma (Okla.) Times.

Pecos Frozen Almost Solid

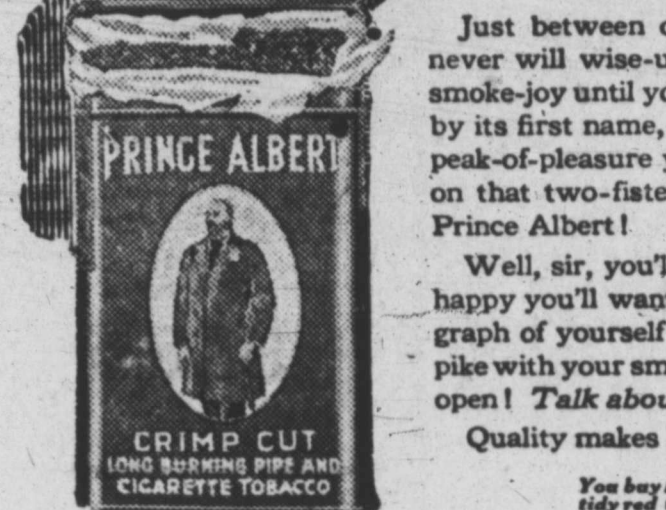
Thawing out water pipes and cussing the cold has been the usual thing this week. The river is said to be frozen almost solid, something unusual at this place.—Ft. Sumner (N. M.) Review.

State Council Sends Out Warning

The Oklahoma state council of defense issues a warning to the public to beware of fraudulent solicitations for relief work, war orphans and kindred charities.—Curtis (Okla.) Courier.

# PRINCE ALBERT

The national joy smoke



Copyright 1918 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.



SAY, you'll have a streak of smokeluck that'll put pep-in-your-smokemotor, all right, if you'll ring-in with a jimmy pipe or cigarette papers and nail some Prince Albert for packing!

Just between ourselves, you never will wise-up to high-spot-smoke-joy until you can call a pipe by its first name, then, to hit the peak-of-pleasure you land square on that two-fisted-man-tobacco, Prince Albert!

Well, sir, you'll be so all-fired happy you'll want to get a photograph of yourself breezing wide open! Talk about smoke-sport! Quality makes Prince Albert so

appealing all along the smoke line. Men who never before could smoke a pipe and men who've smoked pipes for years all testify to the delight it hands out! P. A. can't bite or parch! Both are cut out by our exclusive patented process!

Right now while the going's good you get out your old jimmy pipe or the papers and land on some P. A. for what ails your particular-smokeappetite!

You buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold. Topsy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin hummers—and that classic, practical square crystal glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Caught Eagles in Traps

During the past week, Earl Paine living east of town happened upon a surprise while making the rounds of his traps which he had set for four-footed animals when he beheld a couple of large eagles, the largest measuring tip to tip 86-1-2 inches while the smaller one measured 80. Both of them put up pretty good fights when the boys went to release them so as to put them into captivity. From what we can learn one of them will be mounted and held as a souvenir of the double catch. It is certainly some stunt and catching these mammoth birds in traps is a new wrinkle and a mighty good one too. Earl is highly pleased with this latest find in traps.—Lipscomb-Limelight.

A Big Event

One of the biggest events which will take place in this section at an early date, will be the sale of Herefords to be held here on February 26 and 27. The sale will be under the auspices of the Panhandle Hereford Breeders Association, which assures the quality of the offering. Make your arrangements to attend.—Southwest Plainsman.

Pampa Man Lost in Snow Storm

W. B. Lyon had a narrow escape from freezing Saturday night when he decided to walk to town from fifteen miles north of town where he had been doing some work. He was caught out in the blizzard and snow-storm and lost his way, and wandered about for several hours. Mr. Lyon finally struck the railway tracks east of town and followed them in until he came to a house in the east edge of town where he was allowed to thaw out, coming on to his home Sunday morning.—Pampa Weekly News.

Captured an Eagle With Cow Rope

Last Saturday morning when H. E. Spears was riding across the prairie on his cow pony with rope hanging to the saddle horn his attention was attracted by a large eagle flying near the ground. He immediately applied his roping skill and readily roped the monster bird. Leaving his pony he proceeded to drag his eagleship to his corral which feat he accomplished but not until after it had severely clawed him in the hand. He procured a large crate and incarcerated Mr. Eagle, bringing him into the city where he was viewed by scores of people. It is supposed that this big bird came down from the Rockies for a feed of fat jack rabbits. He was of the bald eagle specie and was about the largest bird ever captured in this region.—Guymon (Okla.) Democrat.

The farmers of Western Oklahoma, to the number of 3,852 received President Wilson's seed money in the sums of \$773,271, and with climate conditions now prevailing are glad they did.—Woodward (Okla.) Democrat.

Captain Barton Decorated

Captain Thomas D. Barton of Amarillo, since promoted to major, but then commanding a company composed of Amarillo and Lubbock men, has been decorated with the Distinguished Service Cross for "extraordinary heroism in action" when he stormed and took a seemingly impregnable stronghold of the Germans in the St. Etienne region, capturing a score of machine guns and many prisoners and later, although all his officers had been lost, advanced thru a terrific fire to the furthest point of the day's battle.

This is the highest honor which has yet been paid any member of the American Expeditionary Forces in France and is indicative, not only of the heroism of Capt. Barton, but of his Amarillo and Lubbock boys who followed him forward.

Two accounts of the affair have been received here: one was a modest one from Capt. Barton himself, to W. G. Fly and the second an account sent by Major W. H. Brownell to George F. Lindsay.

A telegram has also been received here by George F. Robertson, saying that his son, Geo. F., Jr., formerly a Santa Fe shops employee, who had been previously reported missing in action, had died the death of a hero last August upon the field of battle.

Feed Scarce; Snow Deep

Geo. Douthit came in Sunday evening on the southbound freight with three cars of cattle from his ranch in the northwestern part of Deaf Smith county. He had been nearly two months on the way. He loaded the cattle on the train at the first opportunity, and lost quite a lot en route, many cattle dying from starvation. He says feed is scarce and snow deep.—Plainview News.

Oil Drilling Near Kirkland

It is stated that a contract is to be signed up today with an oil company to drill a deep well in the center of 6,000 acres southeast of Kirkland, and that another contract is to be signed up on the 10th for a well in the center of 20,000 acres, north of Kirkland.—Quanah-Tribune Chief.

Report Favorable to Amarillo

The report sent to Washington headquarters by Lieut. John M. Lyle, pilot of the scouting plane that visited this section a short time ago with a view to the establishment of air mail service, was very favorable to Amarillo.

Among other things, he says:

It may be said of Amarillo that she possesses a most abundant supply of good landing fields and a most hospitable spirit. Entertainment was provided as well as accommodations by the Chamber of Commerce, represented by E. W. Hardin, president, Ray Wheatley, banker, Charles Fiske, banker Ben Stone, attorney, Capt. George Lindsey of the Home Guard furnished the guard for the machine and Sam B. Vaughn, agent for the Studebaker and Hupmobile provided an automobile for use during the visit.

Hayes' Healing Honey

STOPS THE TICKLE  
HEALS THE THROAT  
CURES THE COUGH

Its Soothing Healing Effect soon gives relief. Price 35c. Sold by all Druggists. If your Druggist should not have it in stock, he will order it from his nearest Wholesale Druggist.

**Magnolia Petroleum Co.**  
No Second Grade—Only the Best  
in Gasolene, Kerosene, all kinds of Lubricating Oils, Axle Grease, Cup Grease, Floor Oils, Etc.  
Station and Tanks, West of Mill  
**R. E. Foster, Agent, Phone 275**



### Quit Laxatives, Purges; Try NR

NR Tonight—Tomorrow Feel Right

It is a mistake to continually dose yourself with so-called laxative pills, salomel, oil, purges and cathartics and force bowel action. It weakens the bowels and liver and makes constant dosing necessary.

Why don't you begin right today to overcome your constipation and get your system in such shape that daily purging will be unnecessary? You can do so if you get a 25c box of Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) and take one each night for a week or so.

NR Tablets do much more than merely cause pleasant easy bowel action. This medicine acts upon the digestive as well as eliminative organs—promotes good digestion, causes the body to get the nourishment from all the food you eat, gives you a good, hearty appetite, strengthens the liver, overcomes biliousness, regulates kidney and bowel action and gives the whole body a thorough cleaning out. This accomplished you will not have to take medicine every day. An occasional NR tablet will keep your body in condition and you can always feel your best.

Try Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) and prove this. It is the best bowel medicine that you can use and costs only 25c per box, containing enough to last twenty-five days. Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) is sold, guaranteed and recommended by your druggist.

Holland Drug Co.



#### MARKETS.

##### Kansas City Live Stock.

**KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 7.**—Cattle—Receipts 14,000; markets closing steady; native steers, \$9.00@17.25; native cows and heifers, \$6.75@12.50; stockers and feeders, \$7.00@14.75; bulls, \$6.00@8.75.

**Hogs**—Receipts 20,000; markets closing steady to 5 lower; rough heavy, \$16.50@16.75; heavy, \$16.75@17.65; market and butchers, \$16.65@17.55; light, \$14.75@17.45; pigs, \$10.00@13.50; bulk, \$17.00@17.45; receipts 18,000; fair clearance.

**Sheep**—Receipts 400; market strong to 15 higher; lambs, \$15.50@16.90; ewes, \$9.25@11.25; wethers, \$10.50@11.50.

##### Kansas City Grain

**KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 7.**—CASH WHEAT—No. 1 red, \$2.48@2.50; No. 2 red, \$2.46@2.48; No. 3 red, \$2.41@2.44; No. 4 red, none; No. 1 hard, \$2.33@2.35; dark, \$2.35@2.37; No. 2 hard, \$2.31@2.33; dark, \$2.31@2.34; No. 3 hard, \$2.25@2.29.

**CORN**—No. 2 white, \$1.61@1.62; No. 3 white, \$1.59@1.60; No. 4, \$1.57@1.59.

**OATS**—No. 2 white, 75@75-1-2; No. 3 white, 74 1-2@75; No. 2 mixed, 74@74 1-2; No. 3 mixed, 73 1-2@74; No. 2 red, 78@82; No. 3 red, 74@78.

**KAFIR**—No. 2 white, \$2.90@2.93; No. 3 white, \$2.90@2.91.

**MILO MAIZE**—No. 2, \$2.90@2.93; No. 3, \$2.90@2.91.

**BARLEY**—No. 4, \$1.03@1.04.

**No Worms in a Healthy Child**

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

## SEEDS

OVER 500 VARIETIES  
Poultry Supplies—Incubators  
We can fill your order for any SEED, Poultry article, Plant, Sprays, Insecticides, Fungicides. Prices and Quality always right. Prompt shipments. Ask for list.  
C. E. WHITE SEED COMPANY  
Plainview, Texas

**\$100,000,000.00**

To Lend on Texas Farms by the Federal Land Bank of Houston. Long time, low interest, easy payments.

Let Us Tell You About It.

W. J. Fleisher, Sec.-Treas.  
Canyon National Farm Loan Association.

### EARLY PREPARATION OF THE GARDEN PLOT ADVISED

DALLAS, January 1, 1919.—It is encouraging to note that the campaign for gardens in the state has begun earlier this season than heretofore," says E. W. Kirkpatrick, president of the Texas Industrial Congress.

"To lay the foundation of a successful spring garden, work should begin during the fall and winter. By spading and breaking the garden plot now, the winter rains and snows will fill the top soil, penetrate the sub-soil and thus store a supply of moisture for the plant roots during the spring and early summer. It is necessary to the life of the garden that as much moisture as possible should be stored in the ground by fall and winter preparation of the soil; this also enables the home gardener to turn under any vegetation that may have grown on the land, and mix it with the soil, thus allowing it to decompose and be converted into valuable fertilizer; it loosens and stirs the soil, permitting the sunlight and air to penetrate the ground as deeply as it has been broken, thus sweetening and mellowing it; it allows the winter frosts and freezes to pulverize the clods and renders the soil friable and easy to mix with whatever fertilizer may be applied. It is then an easy task in the spring to prepare a seed bed, in which the seed may germinate in loose, moist soil, and when the plant roots begin to develop they can spread out and downward, easily forcing their way through the loose earth to the plant food and water they must have to become strong, sturdy, productive plants.

"An interesting experiment was tried in Collin county last season to test the real worth of fall plowing in increasing the corn yield. A farm demonstrator, working with the county agricultural agent, plowed one-half of a twenty-acre field early in the fall, and allowed it to lie fallow during this winter. The remaining ten acres were broken in the spring. The same variety of seed and same cultural methods were used on the entire field, the only difference in treatment being in the time of breaking the land. When the corn was harvested the yield from the ten fall-broken acres was exactly one hundred bushels more than from the ten broken in the spring. A similar difference in garden yields may be expected in clay soils between fall and spring broke gardens. In sandy land the difference will not be so marked, although fall-plowed land will give better results in all kinds of soil.

"Mr. L. E. Wolfe, who is directing the garden campaign of the Chamber of Commerce in San Antonio has advised the home gardeners in his city to spade and fertilize their garden plots now. He also suggests that if a family can not have a garden, it should make an effort to raise poultry, rabbits, pigeons, or fruit, and thus contribute substantially to an increase of the food supply.

"For the first time in the history of San Antonio schools, credits will be given to the pupils in their school work if they cultivate a garden thru the season without assistance other than that of direction and supervision. These credits will prove a valuable recommendation in securing positions, as the boy or girl who has pluck and courage to be faithful in cultivating a garden thru the season is eagerly sought after by employers.

"The Texas Industrial Congress in co-operating with the State Food Administration hopes to enroll 1,000,000 members of the Patriotic Garden League of Texas within the next few months, and thru them to add at least \$25,000,000 to the agricultural wealth of the state next year."

**Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic** restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 60c.

### FARM ACCOUNTING IN THEORY AND PRACTICE

The city business man believes that his farmer friend should keep accounts, and chides him for not doing so. The farmer agrees with his business friend, but an account book and on January 1, next begins to keep a systematic record of his business. He is now able to know by referring to his records how his account stands with each one with whom he has business dealings. He takes an ahead during the year. From the inventory and from the record of sales and purchases he is able to answer the questions asked of him on the income tax blanks. This is all highly valuable and the farmer at the end of the year feels amply paid for his trouble.

But there is still another question confronting him. It is the question the business man really had in mind. What is the farmer making money on and what is he losing money on, and how can he modify his business so it will bring in more money in the future? To make his accounts answer this most important of all farm problems the farmer must keep certain records and summarize these records. The task is not so difficult as it at first seems.

Any farmer has four important reasons for keeping accounts.

1. He should know how his accounts stand with his neighbors and others with whom he has dealings on credit.

2. He should know how much he has got ahead financially during the past year, and if possible during a series of years.

3. Successful farmers will need to make out income tax reports. This can be done with less trouble in the long run if an inventory and a record of sales and purchases are kept.

4. A farm business to be most successful must be carefully planned from year to year. This planning can be done only when sufficient records are kept to give fundamental facts upon which the farmer may base his reasoning.

Because of these reasons and of the many requests that are coming, the Extension Service is now preparing a bulletin on farm records and accounts. The bulletin will be off the press about the middle of January and then be ready for distribution.

In the meantime all farmers who wish to keep books for any of the above reasons should proceed as follows:

1. Go to any book store and ask for a single Entry Ledger. This differs from a Journal only in having an index. It will cost from thirty-five to fifty cents and will last several years.

2. Write the Extension Service, College Station Texas for directions in taking an inventory and keeping a record of sales and purchases.

3. On December 31, take an inventory of all farm property. Set aside this day for this one job. It will be the best paying day of the year.

4. Begin on the same day to make a daily record of sales and purchases.

5. Directions for record of crops and live stock will be given in the bulletin which will be mailed in time for the January record.

#### Fool Biddy With Electric Lights

Those attending the poultry short course at Purdue University, January 20 to February 1, will be given details of an experiment with electric lights which is being conducted now at the university. Use of lights morning and evening to lengthen the working day of the chickens has proved profitable beyond all expectations to the men in the poultry department. Thirty-five hens in one pen, laying 150 more eggs during November than 35 others of equal ability in an unlighted pen. Other equally interesting and instructive features will be provided. The course will provide enough variety that the most experienced poultrymen will carry home some worthwhile ideas and practices.

The laboratory will be the 17-acre university poultry farm and the 1,000 birds there. All the latest equipment in the way of housing facilities, incubators, brooders, stoves and other farm features will provide material for those taking the course. Each person enrolled will be given actual experience in handling day old chicks, incubators of various sorts and sizes, brooder stoves, etc. The class work will be conducted by the regular teaching staff of the university.

"The poultry business has reached such proportions and so many have inquired about the better methods that we decided on a two-weeks' line of study to meet the demand," said Prof. A. G. Phillips, head of the poultry department. "There are now a large number of Indiana farms where 500 to 1,000 birds are being kept and many of the farmers have turned to poultry instead of away from it, when they realized the profit on it, where proper systems of management were followed."

### Tractor Service Schools

"Service" is the one big item in which every tractor owner should be interested," said H. R. Lukens, Manager of the Avery Company of Texas. "Most of the trouble in the operation of tractors is due to the fact that the operator has not made himself familiar with the operation and care of his tractor. A great many tractor owners when they experience a little trouble will call in a service man from the Company from which they purchased their tractor, believing he is an expert and is very much superior in intelligence than the owner himself. This is a misconception of the facts. The facts are that most of the service men that are employed by most Companies are merely men who have very thoroughly familiarized themselves with the particular tractor. He has no more knowledge and can not do anything with the tractor that the owner could not do himself if the owner had taken the pains to study tractors as carefully as the service man had. We have had many instances where our customers have even become more proficient in the care and operation of a tractor than our service men. The tractor is not as complicated a machine when given a very careful study as it is at first supposed. The greatest service that any company selling tractors can render their customers is to teach them how to properly handle and care for their machine.

"With this idea in mind we have arranged for 'Three Service Schools' where everyone who is interested in any way in the operation of tractors will have the opportunity of getting the fundamental facts in tractor operation. In this school we do not bog the mind of those in attendance with high sounding technical names but we deal out the information in the simple every day terms so that every farmer will understand clearly the essentials. The number of our customers is so large that we have arranged for one of these schools to be held in Amarillo and another to be held at Plainview so that every one will be able to attend and so that each one will receive individual instruction."

### THE GROWING AMERICAN TOY INDUSTRY.

The closing of the ports of Germany during the last four years has denuded the markets of the world of practically all German made toys. In some of these markets it is doubtful if the stock will ever be replenished from Germany. During the war England has been securing many of her toys from France, Italy and Japan and it is probable that in the future American toys will also find a good market there.

The toy manufacturers of America have had such an increase of orders since the signing of the armistice that the demand far exceeds their output. Before the war there were but seventy-one firms in the United States engaged in the manufacture of toys, with an annual business of only about \$7,500,000. However during the war ninety-four new toy factories were started and it is estimated that the aggregate business of the entire toy industry for the year 1918 will be more than \$20,000,000. The assurances which American toy manufacturers are receiving from toy dealers, that they will not deal in German-made toys for many years to come, is greatly stimulating our American toy industry, and will do much toward making the United States the foremost toy-producing country of the world.

Toy makers are planning to use thousands of crippled soldiers in their work, which is not only light, but is of such a nature that, even should a soldier be unable to come to the factory, the work could be performed by him at home. This home-work plan has been carried on successfully for many years in the toy centres of Europe, and it is probable that many of our boys who have been crippled by the war will be able to secure congenial and profitable employment in the American toy industry.

### GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS A SKIN WHITENER

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

## Your Kind of Shoes

FLORSHEIM and W. L. DOUGLAS

Tastes differ, of course, in shoes as in everything else. And that is just the point that we want to bring home to you, whether your choice in shoes be a snappy, deep cherry red, with narrow toe, or a more dignified type in a black shoe, with a comfortable, broad heel and toe, we can satisfy you in a Florsheim or W. L. Douglas shoe.

### WORK SHOES

Our work shoes will bring complete comfort and satisfaction to the man whose work calls him out of doors. Our shoes will stand the hard wear you are sure to expect of a work shoe.

## Joe Killough & Co.

"Where your dollar does its duty"

514 Polk Amarillo

#### Livestock on Rented Farms

That good livestock is the thing that will increase the returns to the owner of rented farms is known to the more progressive land owners. However, it has been a difficult matter in some sections to get the proper combination. Most farmers who rent and move to town provide simply for grain farming on the part of the tenant, expecting the land to maintain two families, one of them in comparative idleness. The great majority of men who rent out their farms make absolutely no provision for livestock and some even object to it. Some claim tenants will not care for livestock properly.

There comes to mind a man who owns large tracts of land that he rents to tenants who produce large quantities of wheat and a little corn. He objects to his tenants' having more than 25 chickens and he is always afraid his tenants' cattle or hogs may get out and injure that precious wheat. Every year his land is returning less and less, for the tenants are robbing the soil to a finish. The old fellow says he doesn't understand it, although he is unusually well informed in many ways.

The day is at hand when the best-informed land owners will refuse to have a tenant who does not know how to handle good hogs and cattle. There are tenants who do only such grain farming as is necessary and who have built up reputations as producers of good Herefords or Poland Chinas. The renter with livestock is the profitable tenant of the future, in the belief of many who have studied the question of tenancy.

That livestock has made the farm far more profitable to the owner where the tenant was encouraged to handle it is pointed out in a striking manner by Harry R. O'Brien in a recent issue of the Country Gentleman. Mr. O'Brien makes the following observations concerning this phase of tenancy:

"On farms that are rented on shares the profits of the past two years have been divided between owner and farmer and there has in most cases been good money for both. This is especially true of farms that have the livestock owned in common. I have talked with dozens of such and I do not know of a single typical case where this is not true.

"For instance, I know of one group of nine farms in Central Ohio, an estate in charge of a manager. During the last five years these farms have changed from a crop share to a rental plan where hogs are raised on a joint-partnership basis. Last year the net profit to the owners was 14.9 per cent. The smallest net income was 11.5 per cent and the largest 20.67 per cent. "Yet these farms in 1916, with a minimum profit of 2.81 per cent and a maximum of 8.58 per cent, averaged but 6.34 per cent profit. In the three-year period from 1912 to 1915 the profit averaged 4.51 per cent, with the minimum as low as 2.5 per cent and the maximum at 6.52 per cent. This was before the farms had gone into the hog business."—American Hereford Journal.

W. M. G. RUSSELL  
Live Stock Commission  
Ranch Property a Specialty

Write what you have for sale or wish to buy.  
Office 309 Polk Street, Box 413, Phone 40, Amarillo, Texas

operative buying, they should be able to make quite a saving on the enormous feed bills that the long continued cold and snow have made imperative.—Southwest Plainsman.

#### Kansas Livestock Census

There have been increases in the number of all kinds of livestock in Kansas except mules and beef cattle, according to a report just issued by J. C. Mober, secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. On March 1, 1918, there were 4,300 more horses, 103,000 more milk cows, 70,000 more sheep, and 110,000 more swine on hand than a year previous. The values of all livestock except horses have increased over those of last year as follows: Mules, \$5 higher, or \$140 a head; milk cows, \$7 higher, or \$82 a head; other cattle, \$4 higher, or \$54 a head; sheep, \$1.50\$1.50 higher or \$12.50 a head; swine, \$2 higher, or \$22.50 a head. Horses have decreased an average of \$9 a head and are now valued at \$111. The aggregate value of Kansas livestock increased \$9,204,000 over that of 1917.

#### Backache? Rheumatism?

Those of us who are past middle age are prone to eat too much meat and its consequence deposit lime-salts in the arteries, veins and joints. We often suffer from twinges of rheumatism or lumbago, sometimes from gout, swollen hands or feet. There is no longer the slightest need of this, however, as the new prescription, "Anuric" is bound to give immediate results as it is many times more potent than lithia, in ridding the impoverished blood of its poisons by way of the kidneys. It can be obtained at almost any drug store, by simply asking for "Anuric" for kidneys or backache. It will overcome such conditions as rheumatism, dropsical swellings, cold extremities, scalding and burning urine and sleeplessness due to constant arising from bed at night.

Send to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for a 10c. trial package.

MADERA, CAL.—"I recommend Doctor Pierce's Anuric very highly. I have suffered for the last three years with catarrh of the bladder, having tried every remedy I heard of but without relief. I saw Anuric advertised in the paper, and like a drowning man grabbing at a straw I thought I would try it also, which I did with great success, as it relieved me almost immediately, before I had taken all of the trial package, and having great confidence in the remedy I immediately sent to the drug store and bought a full-size package. I can say to all suffering from any disease of the kidneys or uric acid troubles, try this remedy and suffer no longer. I have great faith in Dr. Pierce's remedies."—S. F. HENSELEY.

#### Farmers' Meeting Called

A meeting of the farmers of this vicinity has been called for this (Saturday) afternoon. From \$2 to \$4 per ton can be saved on grain feed and in some cases, as much as \$10 per ton on hay, by co-operative buying. With the half rate on feed restored and the farmers organized for co-



## AMERICANS DRIVE BOLSHEVIKI BACK

MUTILATION OF WOUNDED PUTS SAVAGE FIGHTING SPIRIT INTO AMERICANS.

### FIGHTING ON SNOW SHOES

Difficulties of Allied Forces Increased By Soft Snow and Unfrozen Mud of Swamps.

With the Allied Army of the Dvina, American troops fighting desperately near Kadish have driven back Bolsheviki troops, which made an advance there. The Bolsheviki also launched attacks on the Onega sector and bombarded the allied front. The Americans came into battle along the Petrograd road and in the frozen swamps that border it. The battle was fought in snow from two to four feet in depth.

American forces have captured Kadish after a display of gallantry that evoked the admiration of the allied commanders. Special care has been taken of the American wounded and the body of an American officer was taken back 100 miles by air and then shipped to Archangel for burial. There were some casualties, but they were small in comparison to those inflicted upon the enemy.

Later the Bolsheviki opened a terrific fire from three and six-inch guns and launched a counter-attack against the buildings held by Americans in Kadish. So hot was the artillery fire that the Americans were withdrawn temporarily from the village. The line, however, was not taken back very far and the new positions were firmly held. The enemy did not occupy Kadish because the barrage fire from the American guns made the place untenable. Shells falling on the frozen ground spread their zones of destruction twice as far as they would under normal conditions.

Under the protection of artillery fire, American detachments again swept forward and reoccupied the town.

In the Onega sector allied forces advanced on snow shoes over soft snow a few days ago. Beneath the snow was an unfrozen swamp and the men often sank into the mud up to their waists in spite of their arctic footgear. The battle with the elements made the fighting very difficult.

### Says German Ships Are Worthless

Washington—Destruction of all capital ships of the German navy, surrendered to the allies, was recommended to the house naval affairs committee by Rear Admiral Rodman who commanded the American fleet in the North Sea during the war. He said the German ships would not be needed, that they were of different types than those of the allies, and that it would be a waste of money to pay to maintain them.

### Refuses to Validate Contracts.

Washington—By unanimous vote the senate military committee has rejected Secretary Baker's recommendation for legislation to validate informal war contracts and authorize their adjustment by the war department, and ordered favorably reported Senator Hitchcock's bill introduced recently legalizing such contracts but placing adjustment in the hands of a non-interested commission.

### Much Interest in Houston Conference

Dallas, Texas—Advice has been received at headquarters of the Associated Industries of Texas, which is handling the registration of delegates for the forthcoming readjustment conference to be held in Houston Jan. 10 and 11, from President E. W. Kirkpatrick of the Texas Industrial congress, that that organization will have a full representation at the conference.

### German Admiral Quits

Copenhagen—Admiral Reighard, Von Scheer, chief of the German admiralty, has resigned, according to advices from Berlin. His resignation it is said, was voluntary.

### Former Chancellor Von Hertling Dies

Copenhagen—Count George F. von Hertling, the former imperial German chancellor, died Saturday night at Rumbold, Bavaria. He was considered the most learned of all the men called to the chancellorship of Germany since 1871. He had won for himself a scholar's reputation before he entered political life and up to 1912, when he became Bavarian minister-president, he had combined educational and literary work with his political activities.

### Six Vessels Arrive With Troops.

New York—Five transports and the battleship North Carolina steamed into New York harbor Sunday, bringing a total of nearly 9,000 officers and men of the army and navy from France. The North Carolina, which is the first battleship to arrive here with troops from overseas, had among her 1,389 passengers a detachment of marines who had seen service at Chateau-Thierry, Belleau Wood and the Argonne Forest, and 1,011 officers and men of the 13th.

## 31,000 BOLSHEVIKI CAPTURED AT PERM

SMASHING BLOW DELIVERED BY CZECHO-SLOVAKS AND SIBERIAN TROOPS.

Vladivostok.—In capturing Perm, in the Ural mountains, General Gaida, at the head of Czecho-Slovak and Siberian forces, virtually destroyed the Bolsheviki Third army, from which he took 31,000 prisoners. General Gaida's troops captured an armored train, from which Nikolai Lenin, the Bolsheviki premier, was directing operations in the region of Perm. Lenin himself escaped, but several members of his party were taken prisoners.

General Gaida's superior opposed his plan of attack against Perm and he carried out the operations at the risk of removal from his command.

In addition to the 31,000 prisoners reported, General Gaida captured 5,000 railway cars, 120 field guns, 1,000 machine guns, 30 automobiles, an entire wagon transport, several armored trains and several thousand horses. His maneuver was a complete surprise to the Bolsheviki as proved by the fact that he captured several prominent Soviet leaders at the headquarters of the Third Bolsheviki army. Ten Bolsheviki regiments are declared to have been annihilated and the rest of the army was driven across the Kama river.

Troops of General Semenov, the anti-Bolsheviki leader in the Chita district, have occupied Verkhui Vdinsk, on the Siberian railway east of Lake Baikal.

Two hundred thousand Russian soldiers released from German prisons are expected to pass through Omsk within a fortnight. The Russians are destitute and in a serious condition from exposure and lack of food.

Perm is 150 miles north of Ufa, which late dispatches from London said was captured Dec. 31 by the Bolsheviki. Both places are in European Russia, comparatively near the Siberian border. The victory at Perm is the greatest yet won over Bolsheviki troops. Perm is 560 miles from the nearest American forces in northern Russia, and 1,260 miles from Riga. Riga was reported abandoned by the German troops Thursday, due to superior Bolsheviki forces.

### Prospects Bright for West Texas.

Dallas, Texas—Reports from all sections of west Texas indicate that that portion of the state which has been laid waste by the protracted drought is teeming with new life and enthusiasm, following recent rains, which have visited every portion of the state. Colonel John N. Simpson, chairman of the executive committee which is administering the Bankers' Drought Relief fund, is in constant touch with all parts of the territory. Prospects are bright for a resumption of cattle grazing in that section, and average spring rains will make certain a record production of wheat, oats and all other small grains.

### Will Not Permit Wage Garnishment

Knoxville, Tenn.—While the order of Director General McAdoo, prohibiting the garnishment of railway employees' wages will not be revoked, local business houses have received the following reply to their petition requesting revocation of the order from General Counsel Payne of the railroad administration: "We have now under consideration general instructions which will require railroad employees to meet their just obligations. After careful consideration it has been determined, not to revoke the general order 42."

### To Hold Big Reunion.

Dallas, Texas.—A home-coming for all former inmates of the Odd Fellow's home at Corsicana will feature the program of the I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge of Texas when it meets in annual session in Dallas next March. An effort will be made, W. H. Walker, secretary of the grand lodge, said, to have every living person who has ever been an inmate of the home since its establishment in 1885 present at the meeting in Dallas, where they will be entertained by the local Odd Fellows and Rebecca lodges.

### Love Field Will Be Retained.

Dallas, Texas.—Further indications that Love field will be maintained as a permanent army aviation instruction center were contained in telegraphic orders received at post headquarters designating Love field as one of the eight fields in the United States which will be continued as flying fields. The telegram indicated that cadets and officers who are receiving training at the various fields will be distributed among these eight fields for completion of their training.

### 254 Disembark From Transport.

New York—Battling against an angry sea which capsized three of their boats, coast guards from many stations, aided by crews from nearly 20 naval craft, have taken safely to shore 17 navy nurses and 237 of the 2,480 homeward-bound soldiers on the United States transport Northern Pacific, hard aground for several days off Fire Island Light. Naval officers deemed it too hazardous to attempt to remove the "stretcher cases" until the sea subsided.

### Letter From Frank Ames

The following letter is reprinted from the Cordell (Okla.) paper. Mr. Ames is well known here, having been born and raised in Randall County. November 24, 1918

Dearest Dad:

Hello dad, how is every thing and everybody on the farm? I am just fine and dandy but I don't think I would be much account on the farm for awhile as I am so fat it is almost impossible to see my eyes and I am so short winded I can't even scuffle.

All I have done since Oct. 8th, is eat three square meals a day and sleep all I want to, and believe me, I have surely caught up with my sleeping.

We get passes every day from one to seven and go into Paris which is only thirty miles from here and believe me I have surely had some grand old times in Paris. Paris is surely one gay, wicked old city; and thing a person wishes in the way of amusement is here.

Well dad this old argument with Heinie and Fritz is over now and all is well and some of these days between now and spring the prodigal son is going to return and you had better prepare to kill the fatted calf or I should say you should buy all the frying sized chickens in the whole county and get a good supply of gas and get the car in ship shape and there are a few other minor details but I will not take time to enumerate them here as I started in to write you a Xmas letter and I am running it into politics.

The census lid is off for these letters dad and we are allowed to tell anything we want to, but there is so much I can't get started, in but I can assure you we have surely had some grand experiences since we have been here but it is worth it all for the sake of the children and younger generation and the French territory some of which has been under German rule for about eighty years and the joy of those people is worth going through a whole lot for.

Dad you should have seen me work once when I was digging in, it was the first time we were up and after hiking all day and night we reached the reserve line of the Champaign front and were told to dig in and camouflage our holes so the German aviators could not see us. We were so tired and hungry and thirsty we were all in, so the most of us just barely scraped off the sod and lay down and went to sleep, out about 9 a. m. Lonie opened up his barrage and O, man you should have seen us turn into gophers and shovel and pick were too slow. I was digging with both hands and feet and rooting with my nose and I was making some headway too. Well we slept that day and night, or that is we lay in our holes and listened to the loose iron whistling around us and then we were told to come out and get ready to go over the top in half an hour. That was one quiet bunch of men then. There was no joking and horse play as we all realized that we were together for the last time and then I believe I saw every man as he really was with the outer mask thrown off and the real manhood in every one came out and then we got the order to go over the top and there was no fear among the boys. Every one went with out a backward glance taking it like old timers and then the big fight was on. The Artillery began its deadly work and the machine guns started their put, put and then every one grew deadly calm, then we had passed from recruits to veterans.

Well there is lots more I could tell you but I had rather wait until I can do so in words so I will close, wishing you a Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year.

Good bye Dad,  
Love to all,  
FRANK

### Rainfall Record in Jones County

Referring back to our records kept since Jan. 1, 1914, on the annual rain fall at this place, we find the average for the last five years has been 22.81 inches, compared with a previous ten year average of 25 inches for this section of the country. Another interesting fact in this connection is that in 1914 we received the most rain of one year in the history of Jones county (34.05 inches), while in 1917, the precipitation was the lightest of any year on record, only 9.23 inches registering here for the entire year.—Anson Western-Enterprise.

### \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, Etc.

# Plans for the New Year

No matter what your plans for the coming year may be, your personal finances must be reckoned with in carrying them out.

Your financial problems can be greatly simplified if not entirely solved by making a permanent connection with this institution.

If you are in debt or need capital for any particular purpose tell your story, in confidence, to one of our officers.

You are sure to get helpful, unbiased advice. And their help costs nothing.

## First NATIONAL Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$75,000.00  
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK

### CLASSIFIED ADS For Sale

FOR SALE—Two good milch cows both fresh. Also rick of bundle feed. J. S. Pool, Canyon, Texas. 2tp

### Miscellaneous

TAKEN UP—1 Hereford bull with 001 on right horn. Owner can have same by calling at my place, paying for keep and this ad. 6 miles South East from Wildorado. P. Kunze.

WANT to rent a place close to school. Will do all the work for half the crop. Of will work a half-crop and work by the month the other part of the time. Inquire at News Office. 38-4tp

WANTED — Second-hand 12-inch gang plow, with sod bottom. In good condition. See me or write. Wade Willis, Canyon, Texas. 40-1f

TAKEN UP—5 head of coming 2 year old colts. Owner can have same by paying for this notice and feed bill. H. C. Roffey. 40-4f

SALESMAN WANTED to solicit orders for lubricating oils, greases and paints. Salary or Commission. Address THE HARVEY OIL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. 37-1tp

FARM LOANS—Do not require School Land patented, low rate. Interest best. Terms, quick service. Also buy Vendor's Lien Notes.—Z. G. Fogerson. 40-1f

Summary of 1918 Hereford Sales  
The public auctions of Herefords held in the United States during the past year totaled 182, an increase over 1917 of 44 per cent, with 11,594 head selling for an average of \$481—8,361 females averaged \$508 and 3,233 bulls figured \$425.

The figures of the general summary are:  
3,233 bulls sold for \$1,372,271, average \$425;  
8,361 females sold for \$4,203,045, average \$503;  
11,594 head sold for \$5,575,316, average \$481.

### WOULD TURN ONE LARGE STEAMSHIP EACH WEEK

Orange, Texas.—Work is now being pushed at the National Shipbuilding Company yard with the view of turning out one steamship of the world's largest type designed by A. A. Daugherty each week from now on.

### GIVE "SYRUP OF FIGS" TO CONSTIPATED CHILD

Delicious "Fruit Laxative" can't harm tender little Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing at once. When peevish, cross, listless, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

Had to Come Back  
W. E. Devers of the Ira country went over into Arkansas quite awhile ago, and has been trying to be satisfied there, but it wouldn't work. He came back to Scurry county a few days ago and is planning to raise a

bumper crop this year on the same place he went from.—Snyder Signal.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza  
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

## Why Meat Prices Vary in Different Stores

Prime steers.....	\$19.00@20.55
Good to choice steers.....	17.00@18.35
Cows to medium steers.....	15.75@16.75
Yearlings, fair to fancy.....	16.00@19.00
Fat cows and heifers.....	8.50@15.25
Culling cows and heifers.....	7.25@ 8.25
Bulls, plain to best.....	6.50@12.50
Poor to fancy calves.....	6.75@15.75
Western range steers.....	10.00@13.00

These newspaper quotations represent live cattle prices in Chicago on December 30th, 1918.

The list shows price ranges on nine general classified groups with a spread of \$13.85 per cwt.—the lowest at \$6.50 and the highest at \$20.35.

Why this variation in price?

Because the meat from different animals varies greatly in quality and weight.

Although the quotations shown are in nine divisions, Swift & Company grades cattle into 34 general classes, and each class into a variety of weights and qualities.

As a result of these differences in cattle prices, (due to differences in weights and meat qualities), there is a range of 15 cents in Swift & Company's selling prices of beef carcasses.

### These facts explain:

- 1—Why retail prices vary in different stores.
- 2—Why it would be difficult to regulate prices of cattle or beef.
- 3—Why it requires experts to judge cattle and to sell meat, so as to yield the profit of only a fraction of a cent a pound—a profit too small to affect prices.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

