

# Canyon City News.

VOL. X.

CANYON CITY, RANDALL CO., TEXAS, FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1906.

NO. 18

## FOR GOTHAM, 200,000 COWS

Vast Number of Bovines Which Supply New York with Its Milk and Cream Products.

It takes 200,000 cows to supply New York city with milk and cream, and other cities in about the same proportion to population. If it were necessary to deliver this quantity in wagons, bread and milk would be a greater luxury than terrapin in all large cities. But the milk-train and the refrigerating process bring city and country into surprisingly close relations. Every New England state pours milk into Boston. Each day trains start from points in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont, more than 100 miles away. Philadelphia's milk-routes radiate for distances nearly as great in all directions, like the spokes of a wheel—obviously not a waterwheel. And Chicago draws on the great dairy states of the middle west. New York, with its enormous population, receives milk from close to the shores of Lake Ontario and the River St. Lawrence; certain of these routes are nearly 400 miles long. Parts of New Jersey and Pennsylvania also contribute. Maps of the watershed of great areas appear in the geographies. The "milkshed," or the directions in which streams of milk flow to the consuming centers, is hardly less definitely established. Milk-trains run on passenger schedules, often in connection with passenger-cars. Their receipts are carried, on most railroad accounts, as passenger earnings. Strong locomotives are required to move milk-trains, for they must be on time. A milk-train stalled in a snow-drift means suffering for city children. The world wants milk with great regularity; it is hard to explain to babies its absence, or to make them take substitutes good-naturedly.

### Bought Beggar's Baby.

A lady in costly mourning attire was walking in a street in Vienna one day when she saw a beggar woman with three children, one of them a girl of two, sitting at the foot of the monument. She sent a street porter to ask if she would give up the girl. The woman nodded, whereupon the lady in black walked up to her, gave her some bank-notes and took the child to a store. Half an hour later she emerged with the same child elegantly dressed, hailed a cab and drove away.

## WILL BUY MORE LAND

Owners of land desiring to sell it should apply to

**KEISER BROS. & PHILLIPS,**  
Canyon City, Texas.

### Mountain for Kaiser.

The kaiser has recently become a landowner in Switzerland by means of a legacy. A wealthy German merchant bequeathed to the emperor a whole alp, known as the Iffigen alp, in the canton of Berne.

### Women in Dining Cars.

The Sanuki railway company of Japan has engaged uniformed waitresses for the service in its dining cars. They are not allowed to accept fees or to chat with travelers.

## BATTLE NOT WON AT ETON.

Famous Conflict of Waterloo Was Not Fought Out at School Which Wellington Attended.

Dr. Miller Maguire repeats in the Grand Magazine a statement which has often been made, that the duke of Wellington never, at any time made the remark that "Waterloo was won on the playing fields of Eton. Certain it is that Wellington himself knew very little either of the playing fields or the classrooms of Eton. It is quite true that he was a brief period at the famous school, but when his mother discovered that he was making no progress whatever there, either at games or at lessons, he was removed at about the age of 15 and sent to another school, in Brussels, where he learned most of what he knew. At least a score of the leading officers of the British army who were the duke's contemporaries knew even less about Eton than he did.

As for the non-commissioned officers who served at Waterloo, and who, as ever, were the backbone of the British army, it may be assumed that very few among them had much acquaintance with the Eton playing fields! Coming down to quite recent days, Lord Roberts was for a brief space of eight months at Eton, which he left when he was 14 years old, whereas Lord Wolseley was educated entirely at private schools in Dublin. In fact, Dr. Maguire would maintain that, if a man who has gone through the ordinary curriculum of an English public school does win a name in military annals, it is rather in spite of than on account of his early education. Nearly all the famous generals in history, he points out, have been men of wide general attainments and culture.

### Miss Anthony as Bridesmaid.

At least once in her life Susan B. Anthony was a bridesmaid, and that was in 1902, when her private secretary, Miss Anna Dann, was married at Rochester.

Although Miss Anthony tried to instill Miss Dann with her own views on woman's proper sphere, Cupid got the best of the argument, and while plainly disgusted when she heard of the approaching event regard for her secretary won her over, and she consented to have it take place at her home and to act as bridesmaid. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Anna Shaw.—Chicago Tribune.

### Tobacco in Japan.

A cablegram received by the consul general of Japan from the department of finance, Tokio, says that the actual net profit of the tobacco monopoly for the fiscal year 1905-06, amounted to \$16,642,000, exceeding the estimated figure by \$636,500.

### Absence Felt.

Probably money can be more conspicuous by its absence than anything else in the world.—Charleston News and Courier.

## THE "OUTDOOR"

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BULLS IN SERVICE:

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Armour Dale 456843

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**JOHN BEGRIN**

**CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER**

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED ON BRICK AND CEMENT WORK

25 YEARS EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS

## ARE STERILIZING BOOKS.

Experiments on Germs Left in Used Volumes in French Public Libraries.

Diseases carried by books of public libraries occupied the attention of the Paris Academy of Medicine according to recent dispatches, says American Medicine. It was reported that it had been experimentally determined that certain dried organisms retained vitality on the leaves of books, those of cholera two days, diphtheria 28 days, typhoid 50 days, and those of tuberculosis at least three months. It was stated that many cases of tuberculosis, particularly among students and clerks, were contracted from the books they handled.

While not prepared to agree entirely with this statement, yet it is evident that library books can carry infection and are a source of some danger at least. We are notoriously careless in lending literature to invalids, even those with highly contagious diseases, and though the risk may be slight, it is not wise to take it if avoidable. We do not sterilize money, yet no sensible man ever puts money in his mouth any more—it may have been in the mouth of a syphilitic a short time before. But it is well to think over the proposition to sterilize library books.

The French have experimented in that line and find that the best of several methods tried was sterilization by 15 minutes' exposure to formaldehyd in hermetically sealed cases. Even if we do not adopt the suggestion, we need not stop patronizing the libraries, as it is extremely doubtful if we can bring in a true bill against the books very often. Even the organisms which resist drying are likely to drop off or be blown off.

### Cossack Customs.

Many queer customs and usages are prevalent among the Cossacks of the Don. No man changes his clothing on Monday. If he did, it is believed that he would suffer from a severe skin disease. On Thursday no fat or flesh may be pickled or corned. If anyone neglected this the meat would be full of worms in a fortnight. Wool is not spun on a holiday, else the cattle will sicken and die. A hen is always given an uneven number of eggs to hatch, never an even number. Bones left from a dinner at a funeral are thrown into the river, else the dead will appear to the living in fearful shape, and at the same meal no one dare cut bread—it must always be broken.

## AT OUTS WITH THE FAMILY

Farmer's Son Was to Marry Widow, His Daughter Was Suing Alleged Lover, and Wife Had Deserted.

Along about noon, as I was riding horseback along a South Dakota highway, I came upon a settler at his gate, says a writer in the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle, and, after he had brought my horse a pail of water, he asked:

"Stranger, did you meet a strapping young man with a set jaw between here and Ellendale?"

"Yes, I believe I did," I replied. "Wall, that was my son Jim, going to town to marry a widder woman 12 years older than he is. Durn his hide, but he wouldn't listen to me. Did you also meet a gal about 20 years old between here and town?"

"Cross-eyed and her nose turned up?"

"Yep. That's my gal Sal, who's gone to town to sue a feller for breach of promise. Dog her cats, but nobody ever asked her to marry him or ever will."

"I also met a woman about 50 years old," I said.

"Red hair and freckled face?"

"Yes."

"That's my old woman. I told her this morning that if she didn't like my ways she could take the outside of the house, and drat her antics, if she didn't walk off. I was going to ask you to stop to dinner, but as things are as they are—"

I assured him that I wasn't a bit hungry, and that his excuses were all right, and lent him a chew of tobacco and left him trying to whistle up his spirits.

### Part of His Dream True.

The other night a Florida farmer dreamed that half a mile east of his house there was a little hill on the crest of which stood a tree and that at the root of the tree there was buried a pot of gold. Next morning, bright and early, he started out to investigate. And his dream came true in part. He found the hill and also the tree.—Savannah News.

### Winged Speech.

Bobby called to his mother from the yard and asked her to write a sign for him to put on his new bird house, "For Rent."

His mother, busy with a French lesson, said: "Very well, I will write it in French, 'a louer.'"

"Oh, no," protested Bobby, "that wouldn't do. These are English sparrows." —Lippincott's Magazine.

### Zwieback.

Whenever a man begins to pick over his food his shadow grows less. The best rule of health that ever was promulgated is this: We've all got to eat our peck of dirt. But, of course, there is general objection to eating the peck at one meal. I have an old friend who never eats the crust of bread, no matter where the staff of life is baked. Pulled bread for him! And there is nothing better than pulled bread toasted, with a little butter smeared thereon. This fact, however, does not excuse a man for pulling his bread at the table. Zwieback is a delicious confection. It is bread twice baked, and will never cause indigestion or dyspepsia. Its only objection is its sweetness. The average boy can eat a whole box of zwieback in ten minutes. The average man wants something less sweet.—N. Y. Press.

### Picturesque Costumes.

Perhaps the most general survival of the picturesque in costumes in Europe is to be found in Spain and Portugal, countries a little off the general lines of travel, and almost outside the range of the conducted tourist parties.

### Appropriate.

"I'm going to have my poems uniformly bound. Can you suggest something appropriate?"

"Why, yes—fatigue uniform." —Cleveland Leader.

## Help Settle Your Own Country

Send us the names of your Old Friends Back East.

Some of them may want to change their location and come west.

A little help from you will assist us in reaching many who are looking for new homes.

We will mail your friends truthful literature about YOUR part of the country and place their names on the complimentary mailing list of "The Earth," an interesting monthly, devoted to Southwest immigration.

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G. P. & T. A.,  
Fort Worth, Texas.

**DALLAS FT. WORTH**



**CANYON CITY NEWS.**

Published Every Friday

By **GEO. A. BRANDON,**

Entered at Postoffice at Canyon City, as Second-Class Matter. Office of Publication, West Evelyn Street.

Papers sent out of the county promptly discontinued at expiration of time paid for.

**SUBSCRIPTION.**

One Year, ..... \$1.00  
Six months, ..... .50

**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

Election November 6, 1906.

For State Senator:

**JNO. W. VEALE**

**D. E. DECKER.**

For District Judge 47th Judicial District

**J. N. BROWNING.**

**IRA WEBSTER.**

For Sheriff and Tax Collector:

**M. F. SLOVER.**

**R. B. REDFEARN.**

For County Judge:

**J. M. VANSANT**

**A. N. HENSON**

For District and County Clerk:

**J. A. TATE**

For Tax Assessor:

**P. H. YOUNG**

**JOE FOSTER**

For County Treasurer:

**S. V. WIRT**

**A. M. SMITH**

For Cattle and Hide Inspector

**U. S. GOBER**

For County Attorney:

**A. S. ROLLINS**

**LAND VALUE HISTORY.**

This old earth of ours is only so large; it never was any bigger and never will be, that is, if we judge from man's rule of order. When man was few in number land had small value with him, but as the people of the earth increase and spread upon its surface that surface, limited as it is, becomes more and more valuable as time advances.

Looking back over the early history of these United States we find that great bodies of rich land were granted by kings to their courtiers as small favors; that Roger Williams secured large grants on the Atlantic seaboard for small consideration, and that William Penn acquired what is now the state of Pennsylvania and more, for a small debt owed his father by the king of England and a few trinkets which it afterwards pleased him to distribute among the Indians for peaceable possession. Then we had the "Louisiana Purchase" wherein it was openly said in many quarters that Napoleon had badly cheated this country, yes many of our then statesmen claimed as much in the halls of our National Congress. And coming down to very recent days see the jumping of values in the middle states. We will make this personal and quote from the Fort Worth Stockman-Journal of last week. Referring to one John S. Bilby of Quitman, Mo., that paper says:

Thirty years ago he moved from New Jersey to Missouri a poor man. There were then large tracts of the most beautiful land in northwest Missouri to be bought for from \$1.25 to \$4 per acre. Bilby saw in these tracts his opportunity. He reasoned that, with the tide of emigration rolling westward in

steadily increasing volume, Missouri and other western land must rise rapidly in value for years to come, and he resolved to get all of it he could.

He bought 320 acres in Nodaway county with what money he had, and energetically began farming and raising stock upon it. In course of time he mortgaged it, added the money he had saved to what he had borrowed and bought another quarter section. As soon as he could he repeated the operation. He has worked that system from that day to this and his anticipations have been fully realized.

When the panic of 1893 came, Bilby owned 30,000 acres in Nodaway and Atchison counties, Missouri, which was worth an average of \$45 an acre. The panic drove its value to about \$40. It also reduced the price of surrounding land, however, and right through the depression, despite the burden of debt he was carrying, Bilby boldly continued to buy more land. He also had acquired a 20,000-acre ranch in Nebraska, one of 40,000 acres in Arkansas and tracts in South Dakota, Texas, and Oklahoma. He confidently looked forward to the return of good times, and he considered it certain that with their return there would be an unprecedented rise in land values.

Prosperity came, as everybody knows, in 1897. It found Bilby with around 35,000 acres in north-west Missouri and enough in other states and territories to run his holdings up to more than 100,000 acres. Land values in northwest Missouri rose by leaps and bounds. By 1905 Bilby's holdings, which before the panic had been worth \$45 an acre, were worth \$75 an acre—an increase in value for his entire 35,000 acres there of \$1,050,000. His holdings in other states also rose an average of \$10 an acre, or an aggregate around \$650,000, making the total increase in his wealth caused by the return of prosperity about \$1,700,000. Besides his land in the United States, Mr. Bilby has 50,000 acres under lease in Mexico.

Thus, chiefly, through the rise in the value of land, Bilby has been made at least three and a half times a millionaire. He is a stumpy, white-whiskered man of 75, with keen little grey eyes and fox-like face. He dresses like a cowboy, and, old as he is, spends most of his time riding horseback over his ranches, followed by half a dozen dogs. He is uneducated, but the educated man who tries to milk him in a business deal is likely to have cause to regret it.

Only a few miles west of the Bilby ranches in Atchison county, Missouri, lie those of David Rankin, who has profited only less than Mr. Bilby by the rise in the value of land in the last quarter century, and especially in the last ten years. Mr. Rankin was fairly well fixed when, twenty-six years ago, he left Henderson county, Illinois, to seek a new home farther west. While driving across Atchison county he was impressed with the apparent richness of the soil. He inquired what land was worth there, and was informed it could be bought for \$6 to \$10.

There is a story that, standing on the hill where Tarkio college, an institution founded and largely supported by his beneficence, now is, he told a land agent he would take every acre in sight. Whether the story be true or not, in two weeks he had bought 2,000 acres in that locality, and he kept on buying until now he has 20,000 acres in Atchison county, Missouri, and 3,000 in

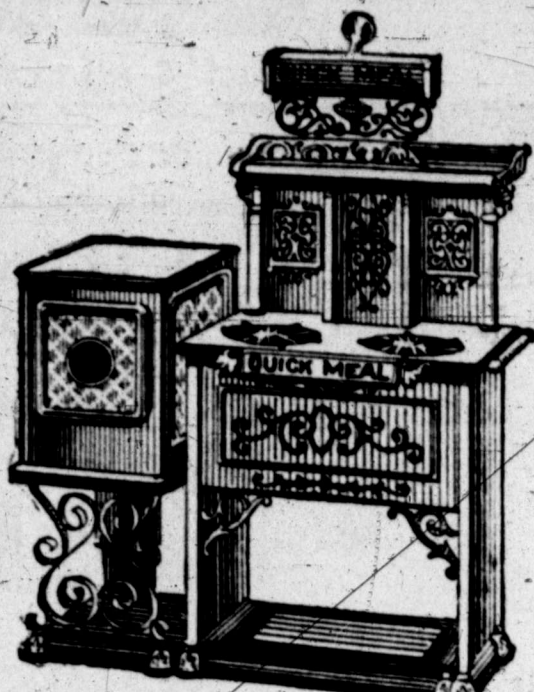
Fremont county, Iowa, which adjoins it.

Rankin bought this land for an average of less than \$10 an acre. In 1896 it was worth about \$55 an acre. The return of prosperity raised its value to \$80. Mr. Rankin paid \$7.50 an acre for the ranch where his home stands. It is now worth \$125. His land is easily worth \$700,000 more than it was ten years ago, and \$1,500,000 more than he paid for it.

So reads the land value history of the middle West, once the promised land to the homeseeker on account of its great cheapness. Now the drift is to the Texas Panhandle and the Plains country, it is the one great new country left of these United States; the history of the middle West is repeating itself here, and it is now the one "Star of Hope" under which good homes may be obtained within the reach of people who must pay for them mostly by the sweat of their brows.

We are all familiar with the term "Salt River" and its significance, but some may not be aware of its origin. It is said that during one of Henry Clay's campaigns for the presidency, he was scheduled to speak at a certain town in Kentucky. He had to travel by boat and, as it happened, the boatman was not a Clay man. Instead of taking the right prong of the river, he turned his boat up Salt River and prevented Clay from filling his engagement. Clay was defeated and since then Salt River has been the stream up which all defeated candidates are said to be headed.—Ex.

J. H. Dunbar on Tuesday bought from N. Thompson the lot under Redburn's store at \$1300. Thompson intends to move Redburn 30 feet east on the present vacancy.



- A stove that is always ready!
- A stove that makes no smoke, smell or ashes!
- A safe stove! An economical stove! A clean stove!
- A stove that requires no skill to operate it!
- A stove which has revolutionized "cooking," and has transformed the drudgery of the kitchen work into a pleasant pastime.
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**AND**

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Canyon City—the place for a great city. Abundance of running water; natural drainage; located on the Santa Fe, now being made the trans-continental line from Chicago to California. The Santa Fe (Gulf line), is now building South from Canyon City. **Randall**, is the best county in the Panhandle. The general price of land is from \$7- to \$10 per acre. Property in town a specialty. Don't fail to see me.

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I. L. HUNT, Cashier.  
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CANYON, - - - TEXAS.

**TRY THE NEWS FOR JOB WORK**



PLANTING APPLES.

Rough Land and Cedar Bough Mulch Well.

In some portions of America apple trees are rarely found growing on the smooth and well tilled fields, but, on the contrary, on the hillsides, the ridges, the breaks, where brush and stones vie with each other for first and best places. There we find hardy, long lived apple trees spreading their fruit bearing branches. It is said of some of these hill lands that they are so steep and so rough that you "must lead a horse ten miles to find a place to wallow."

In the South we have often been taught to avoid such rough land because the crops failed upon them—or the trees were short lived—or the land soon washed away when set to fruit of any kind. Yet some of the finest apple trees of Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas are found on just such rough and rocky land. In many cases no plow has touched the land in years. Weeds, grass and saplings have come in and tried to oust the old apple trees, but these have showed themselves true Americans and have refused to go.

The editor of the Rural New Yorker has planted an orchard amid such unfavorable surroundings as those described and has experimented in the matter of letting the trees care for themselves to the extent of putting no plows into this rough land—grubs and brush only being cleared away and root pruned trees set to fight for their lives. He reports a surprising success with this orchard and is now advising others to go and do likewise. A subscriber asked him recently about planting a steep hillside to an orchard. The land is described as runoff clay—a "good brick clay." To this inquiry for information about hard conditions, Editor Collingwood makes a most significant reply:

"We can only state what we shall do on similar land this spring. We have just cut the brush and small trees off. Rows are marked out 32 feet apart. This distance is taken because the field joins another in which are peach trees planted 16 feet each way. We shall put the apple rows in line, skipping one row of peaches. The trees will stand 20 feet apart in the row. Stakes are set now so as to be all ready for planting when the trees come. The trees will be cut back top and root—the latter so as to go into a hole a little over one foot in diameter. Whenever possible about three furrows with a light plow are turned to the trees on either side, and this smoothed down with cultivator and hoe. If we had manure we would throw it around the tree—not close up to the trunk—but leaving about a foot of cleared space around the tree. This can be kept clean by scratching it over with hoe or rake, or a dust of lime over it will help. Weeds, grass, trash or brush can be put around the trees. We use young cedars for this purpose. If you want to force the growth use a quantity of fertilizer scattered around the trees.

"While we believe that a better growth can be obtained by plowing and fitting the land beforehand it is not absolutely necessary to do so. We know that trees planted in sod and either well mulched or plowed for a narrow strip on the sides of the row, will make a fair growth of strong, solid wood. They will not be as large as the cultivated trees, but they will make a low, spreading head, come into bearing earlier and give fair crops of solid, high-colored fruit. At least that is our experience on rough land, and we would not go to the expense of fitting such land for the requirements of thorough culture."

We have not found any such great faith in sod-culture—no, not in Texas. What does it mean? Will it be true that the lands which the fruit grower has rejected shall become valuable assets in the growth of fruit trees of all sorts. Have our readers ever tried caring for their orchard trees by piling "young cedars" about them. This is truly "going back to nature" with a vengeance. Such orchards "come into bearing earlier." This is far away testimony. 'tis true, but it bears so directly on a subject that lies at our very doors

# SEVENTH ANNUAL REUNION STONEWALL JACKSON CAMP U. C. V.

## AUGUST 28-29-30, 1906.

### New Attractions, New Features Pleasure, Fun and Oratory

### RANCH, FIELD, GARDEN AND ORCHARD EXHIBITS LET EVERYBODY COME

—the utilization of waste hill and rough "mountain" land in every State of the Southwest that we call attention to these revolutionary statements.—Farm and Ranch.

THE HANGING PROBLEM.

A Time-Honored Punishment Now In Decadence.

In the Post's "Letters from the People" department, which is one of the most interesting as well as one of the most useful and popular departments of the paper, there appeared Monday a communication which may have escaped the attention of many readers and for this reason it is herewith republished:

To the Editor: I observed in the Post of Friday that West Tune of Ellis County had been sentenced to a life term for murder, and that the court of criminal appeals had affirmed the decision. The item does not go into details but states that the victim was a newly born baby.

An examination of the transcript will probably show that Tune's attorneys did not use proper effort to secure an acquittal or a reversal, in that they did not urge "threats" and "self-defense." Had they come to Houston the probabilities are that they could have secured witnesses to show that the baby had long been making threats against its slayer, and that at the time of the homicide the baby was in the act of slaying Tune. In fact, some of them might easily have been found willing to swear that they saw the infant reaching toward its rear safely pin at the time. The attorneys must certainly have overlooked that point, though it has become such a standard that it is difficult to see how they did so.

While the transcript is not available for examination, it is a cinch that the point was not used, as shown by the fact that there was an affirmation of the case.

SIXSHOOTERS.

Houston, Texas. If Tune killed the infant at all, a more atrocious murder could scarcely be conceived, and yet the feeling against capital punishment for murder seems to have made such headway in Ellis county that a murderer can not be executed even for murdering a baby.

Throughout the country the execution of murderers is becoming unfashionable if appearances are to be believed. It is because the people are indifferent about the crime of murder? Not a bit of it. It is because in the evolution of the criminal practice the art of jury-fixing, the perjured witness, the corrupt wit-

ness, the cupidity of professional jurors have become so potent that the lawmaking power seems unequal to the task of reforming the code of procedure so as to eliminate these gross abuses which are strangling justice and making our jurisprudence a farce.

The writer of the foregoing letter puts before us in a penetrating satire a rebuke that applies not only to Harris County, but to every state in the Union. Although we may well believe that Ellis County is destitute of the sharp criminal lawyers who ornament the bars of Houston and of Dallas, still the very fact that a jury in that enlightened county is willing to assess life imprisonment for the murder of a helpless infant shows that the Ellis County Attorney for the defense was no slouch himself and would with a few years' experience in either Dallas or Houston become one of the best of them.

A Texas paper noting the other day that a man had been fined \$300 and sentenced to sixty days' imprisonment for violating the law by lending an acquaintance \$1.75 with which to pay his poll tax, remarked that the lender could have murdered the borrower with less risk.

The Post believed that public opinion is just as righteous as it ever was, but the laws are inadequate to suppress the sharp practices that are common to the trial of every murderer who can command a little money or influence. There has been a great outcry among the people about certain violations of law in Texas lately, but apparently the people feel powerless to deal with the murder situation. There must be a way to arouse public sentiment on this subject. There must be a way to re-consecrate and re-ennoble the profession of law, to re-vitalize its ethics and to re-impute its members with a sense of obligation to organized society.

And why should not the great State of Texas of all the States of the Union lead the way in this far-reaching reform.—Houston Post.

Malaria in Horses.

The horse sickness of Cape Colony resembles human malaria, and attacks animals exposed in low-lying swamps or left out at night. Horses pass safely through affected districts during the day. The government bacteriologist of Natal suggests that the mosquitoes carry the infection, and he has shown that horses protected by wire gauze or smoke may remain unharmed in the midst of disease while the unprotected succumb.

## THE PANHANDLE

### DO YOU KNOW WHERE THE PANHANDLE OF TEXAS IS?

Do you know of the many advantages the Panhandle holds out to Homeseekers; If you don't, and want to know all about the Panhandle, write us for descriptive literature.

The Southern Kansas Railway Co.

—OF TEXAS AND—

The Pecos Valley Lines Traverse



The Panhandle Of Tex. Reduced rates to homeseekers  
D. L. MYERS, TRAFFIC MANAGER  
Southern Kansas Railway Co. of Texas and Pecos Valley Lines,  
AMARILLO, TEXAS

## "COOL COLORADO" IS NOT EXPENSIVE

and its Climatic and Scenic Delights, Pleasurable Opportunities and CONTAGIOUS AGGRESSIVENESS are an inspiration fraught with health and future good for every visitor.

### "THE DENVER ROAD"

is the "Line of Least Resistance" and affords frequent and incomparable through-train service.

Vacation tickets are too cheap to leave you an excuse. A postal suggestion of your interest will bring surprisingly valuable results. Address:

A. A. Glisson, Genl. Passgr. Agt. Fort Worth, Texas.



World's Wheat.

England's wheat importation for 1905 amounted to 97,622,752 hundredweight. Russia supplied a fraction more than one-quarter of this (24,703,200), Argentina a little less than another quarter (23,236,400), and the British East Indies a little less than a third quarter (22,807,422). Australia supplied 10,004,700 hundredweight, the United States 6,634,700 and Canada 6,522,030. The imports of 1904 were approximate-ly the same as those of 1905.

Well Preserved.

Preserved salmon in porcelain-lined cans have been found in good condition in England, after being kept seven years.

Light of Radium.

If a small quantity of radium is held against the forehead while the eyes are closed one will see the light.

Consumption in Canada.

The annual number of deaths from tuberculosis in Canada is about 9,000.



# BETTER THAN GOLD LAND BARGAIN EXTRAORDINARY

## IN THE CELEBRATED TEXAS PANHANDLE—THE IOWA OF THE SOUTHWEST

**FINEST CLIMATE IN AMERICA. COOL, DELIGHTFUL, INVIGORATING SUMMERS. WINTERS WARM, DRY, AND FULL OF SUNSHINE. RICHEST SOIL ON EARTH; 3 TO 7 FEET DEEP; DARK, SANDY LOAM ON LIME STONE FORMATION, VERY SIMILAR TO THE FAMOUS BLUEGRASS BELT OF KENTUCKY; FULL OF HUMUS AND EASILY TILLED.**

We own 65,000 acres 100 Sections of this choice level Prairie land in a solid body located in Parmer County, within 11 miles of Bovina, Texas, a station on the through line of the Santa Fe Ry. from Chicago to Los Angeles, Calif. The Santa Fe has recently surveyed and been granted a charter to build a cut-off from Texico to Brownwood, Texas, which when completed will give the shortest route from the Pacific to the Gulf, San Francisco to Galveston. It is expected this road will be completed and trains running within two years. The final survey has been made and runs through this land for seven miles, making it contiguous to two great trunk lines of railway.

This land has grown too valuable for ranching purposes, although we have about 6,000 steers on it at present time. After much thought and deliberation we have decided to offer one-half of it for sale, believing that the value of the remaining half will be more than doubled by the influx of population. Not less than one quarter section or 160 acres will be sold to one buyer. There is no choice between different parts of this land; one acre is just as good and no better than any other acre. It is all cream, and considered the very choicest location in the Panhandle.

Good farming has already demonstrated that this land will produce 40 to 50 bu. of Indian corn; 20 to 35 bu. of wheat; 30 to 40 bu. of oats per acre favorable years; kafir corn 35 to 50 bu.; German millet 2 to 4 tons per acre; milo maize 25 to 40 bu.; sorghum 3 to 5 tons per acre; cow peas 20 to 30 bu. and 2 to 3 tons of hay per acre; alfalfa 2 to 4 tons per acre, and cotton from 1/2 to 3/4 bale per acre. Johnson grass and all other forage plants yield enormous returns. We believe it is the coming fruit country of America: peaches, pears, plums, apricots, apples, cherries, raspberries, dewberries, blackberries, strawberries, grapes, and many other varieties of fruits and berries grow to perfection. Apples grown in this climate have a delicacy of flavor not found elsewhere. Every variety of vegetable that grows in the Middle West thrives here. Said to be the finest watermelon and cantaloupe country on earth, Rocky Ford, Colo., not excepted.

An unexcelled stock country for cattle, hogs, sheep and horses. Peculiarly adapted to stock raising. This land can be made to pay from 8 to 10% interest net on \$100 per acre, valuation one year, with another by simply raising alfalfa, kafir corn and hogs or sheep, all of which thrive, hogs being practically immune from cholera in this climate.

Never failing veins of the finest water from 100 to 150 feet from the surface, pumped by wind-mills. Native grasses grow luxuriantly and are very nutritious and fattening. All kinds of live stock thrive on them the year around without other feed.

The land owner will be the monopolist of the future for no more is being made and population is increasing by leaps and bounds.

This country offers unrivaled opportunities to investors who wish to double, treble and possibly quadruple their money within the next few years. A net work of new railroads now building and being surveyed insures a large increase in population. A rush of immigration has already set in, very similar to the wave which settled South Dakota a few years ago.

**TOPOGRAPHY**—A beautiful, level plain, gently undulating in places, sometimes called "The Grassy Wilderness." The last cheap, level, rich-land left in this country is in North-West Texas.

We unhesitatingly affirm that this sale offers the chance of a life-time to those wanting choice, level, rich land for a home, for investment, or for speculation. Price \$10.00, \$11.00 and \$12.00 per acre, according to location, improvements and distance from railroad, of which \$2.00 per acre cash, balance on 25 years time; 5% annual interest, notes to read "on or before" and can be paid off and taken up at any time.

"Opportunity knocks once at every man's door." A hint to the wise ought to be sufficient. Pay a section of this land, make the small payment necessary, and keep the interest paid up a few years and it will likely make you independent for life! Excursion rates over all railroads every first and third Tuesday in each month, round trip ticket from Chicago to Bovina, Texas, only \$25.00, very low rates from all points in the Middle West. We will arrange for a private car from Chicago to Bovina for parties containing eighteen or more. "Seeing is believing," and when you see this country you will ask yourself "Why is it not worth as much as Central Illinois?" Preserve this ad, for it may mean gold dollars to you and yours. We advise quick action, for this extraordinary bargain will be gone while you hesitate.

For further information wire, write or apply to

### NATIONAL LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO.

or, A. LAIRD, Bovina, Texas, Resident Agent.

Union Stock Yards, CHICAGO, ILL.

### ACTOR BEGAN AS MINSTREL

Tales of Lights of the Stage as to How Start Was Made—Story of Booth and Banjo.

Back again in the cars, off for Cleveland, and at our midnight repast the subject of minstrel came up, relates Francis Wilson, in Scribner's. Jefferson said he thought he was one of the first men to black his face after the appearance and success of "Jim Crow" (T. D. Rice).

"I suppose," said Mrs. Drew, "there are very few men in this company who have not at one time or another been associated with minstrel performances."

"I played 'Brudder Jones,'" said Mr. Jefferson.

"Everybody knows I was in the minstrel business," Goodwin exclaimed. "Yes," I remarked, "because we were there together." "Well," joined in Crane, "I was on the tambourine end with Campbell's minstrels." I remember telling this at Lawrence Barrett's house, at Cobasset, where the rest of the party consisted of Edwin Booth and Stuart Robson. Booth then told how he and J. S. Clarke were minstrels in their younger days, and he followed this up by declaring that he used to "pick a little on the banjo." I laughed, and Booth inquired the reason, and I added: "Oh, nothing much, only Booth and the banjo seemed such an odd combination."

#### Singular Standard.

The royal standard of the Persians for many centuries was a blacksmith's apron, and it is said a local prince, in passing a hermit's cell on the way to battle one morning, asked the inmate for his blessing, or something expressive to put on that artless cognizance. The hermit, possibly a little touchy, as even saints will be when disturbed at breakfast time, threw the chieftain the flat, round cake he was eating, which was duly added to the apron—hence the Persian "sun." The lion was an obvious afterthought.

### THREATENS DUELLO REFORM

Parisian Club Would Keep Public Eye from "Affairs of Honor"—Wants "Glory" Cut Out.

Death to the aspirations of those would-be duelists who meet on the field of honor with photographic, phonographic and cinematographic accompaniments is threatened by a club recently formed in Paris. This club has passed a resolution forbidding its members to publish any information whatsoever regarding their "affairs of honor." The members are much disturbed. "Why fight duels at all," they ask each other, "if the public is not to be taken into the secret?"

The brilliant careers which this ill-advised rule will probably destroy are too numerous to mention. The ascent of a Parisian duelist of fame has been as constant heretofore as the descent of the "rake" depicted by Hogarth in his Progress. The first puncture of the skin brings a man's name and picture into the papers. Next season he "exchanges two bullets without result" and is then hailed as the "well-known duelist." A third encounter, and his name is admitted into "Tout Paris"—the "Who's Who" of the Parisians. After this he gets free seats at the theaters, dines out, and is indicated to foreigners on the Bois as one who has "proved his valor on many a field."

The new club with its new resolutions, it is feared, will change all this—sic transit gloria mundi.

#### Germany's Merchant Marine.

The tonnage of the German merchant marine has been doubled within a century.

#### Man's Drink.

At the rate of a pint and a half of liquid a day, a man drinks 32,850 pints during his life.

#### Keeps It Up.

Many a fellow who knows when to stop doesn't take advantage of his knowledge.

### Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Authorizing the Levy of a Tax to Pay Jurors.

Joint Resolution amending Section 9, of Article 8, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing for the levying of a tax of not exceeding fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars valuation, to pay jurors.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That Section 9, of Article 8, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and of the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed thirty-five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation; and no county, city or town shall levy more than twenty-five cents for city or county purposes, and not exceeding fifteen cents for road and bridges, and not exceeding fifteen cents to pay jurors, on the one hundred dollars valuation, except for the payment of debts incurred prior to the adoption of the amendment September 25th, 1883, and for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, water works and other permanent improvements, not to exceed twenty-five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation, in any one year, and except as is in this Constitution otherwise provided; and the Legislature may also authorize an additional annual ad valorem tax to be levied and collected for the further maintenance of the public roads; provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax-paying voters of the county voting at an election to be held for that purpose shall vote such tax not to exceed fifteen cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of the property subject to taxation in such county. And the Legislature may pass local laws for the maintenance of the public roads and highways, without the local notice required for special or local laws.

Sec. 2. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for submitting this amendment to the Constitution to the qualified voters of the State of Texas, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1906, at which election all voters favoring this amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots, "For the amendment to authorize the levy of a tax to pay jurors." The voters opposed to this amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots, "Against the amendment to authorize the levy of a tax to pay jurors."

[A true copy.] O. K. SHANNON, Secretary of State.

### HIS ONE MARVELOUS SHOT

Hunter Aimed at Doe and Killed Buck High on Bluff—Established "Rep" as Nimrod.

The saying: "A fool for luck," was never more clearly illustrated than in a little anecdote told by Col. Evans in his book on California. The author speaks of "buck fever" as being one of the most violent diseases which ever attacked the human system. It has been the undoing of many an experienced hunter, but in the case cited by Col. Evans it proved to be the making of a reputation.

A farmer in Illinois named Wheeler had never fired a gun. One winter, however, he heard so much talk about the sport of hunting that his ambition became excited, and borrowing a gun, he started out. When he came back he brought a magnificent buck, shot by himself square in the middle of the forehead. He said little about his achievement, but got the credit of being a crack shot, a reputation which, although he went hunting no more, he held for several years.

Then one day he told his story, and lost his name as a sportsman.

He had seen a doe drinking out of a creek at the foot of a bluff about 20 feet high. With wild excitement he got his gun to his shoulder, shut his eyes, set his teeth and pulled the trigger. To his astonishment he saw the doe bound away unhurt, while at the same time a glorious buck pitched headlong from the bluff into the creek, stone-dead.

The buck had been looking down at the doe, and Wheeler had not seen him at all, but his shaking gun sent its shot on a fatal although unintended errand.

### Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Relating to Certain Exemptions from Taxation.

Joint Resolution to amend Section 2 of Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, relating to certain exemptions from taxation. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 2, of Article VIII, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended that the same shall read as follows, to-wit:

"All occupation taxes shall be equal and uniform upon the same class of subjects within the limits of the authority of levying the tax; but the Legislature may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes; actual places of religious worship; places of burial not held for private or corporate profit; all buildings used exclusively and owned by persons or associations of persons for school purposes and the necessary furniture of all schools, and the endowment funds of such institutions of learning and religion not used with a view to profit and when the same are invested in bonds or mortgages, or in land or other property which has been and shall hereafter be bought in by such institutions under foreclosure sales made to satisfy or protect such bonds or mortgages; that such exemption of such land and property shall continue only for two years after the purchase of the same at such sale by such institutions and no longer, and institutions of purely public charity; and all laws exempting property from taxation other than the property above mentioned shall be null and void."

Section 2. The Governor of the State shall and he is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the next general election for State and County officers.

Section 3. The qualified electors for members of the Legislature of the State of Texas shall vote upon this amendment on the day of \_\_\_\_\_, at which election all persons favoring said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "For amendment to Section 2, Article 8 of the Constitution exempting from taxation endowment funds used exclusively for school purposes." And those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "Against amendment to Section 2, Article 8, of the Constitution exempting from taxation endowment funds used exclusively for school purposes."

Section 4. The sum of \$5000 or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the treasury of the State of Texas, not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication, proclamation, and election.

[A true copy.] O. K. SHANNON, Secretary of State.

### Murder Only.

In several respects the Albanians are the most interesting people in Europe. They commit no crimes but murder. Among them human life has an even smaller value than in Sicily, and the vendetta prevails even more rigidly. The old law of an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth, and a life for a life, is strictly enforced, but the laws of hospitality are equally respected, and when once a man has broken bread or tasted salt with Albanians, his life is safe against all comers as long as he remains their guest.

### Destructive Sparrows.

The London board of agriculture advocates diminishing the number of house sparrows. It has been found by hundreds of examinations that from 75 to 80 per cent. of the food of the adult birds throughout the year consists of cultivated grain. The aggregate total taken when the sparrows are unchecked is very large.

### Made by a Negro.

The first needle used in England was made in Queen Mary's reign by a negro, who, unfortunately, died before imparting the secret to anyone. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth the art of needle-making was rediscovered by a German, who imparted it to an Englishman.

### Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Fixing Salaries and Per Diem of Legislators.

House Joint Resolution authorizing the submission to a vote of the people of the State of Texas of a proposed amendment of Section 24, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the salaries and mileage of members of the Legislature and preventing the acceptance, for themselves or for others, by members of the Legislature of free passes, franks, rebates, privileges or advantages from certain persons and corporations.

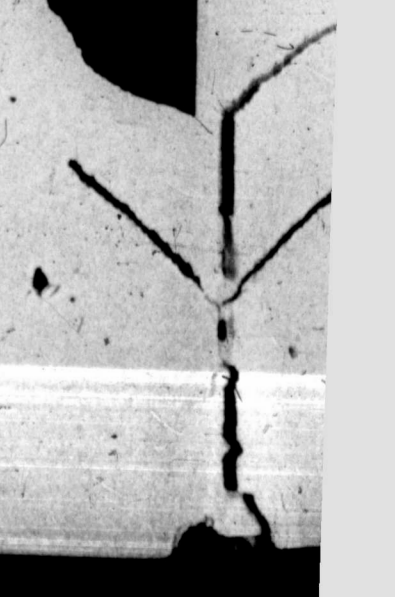
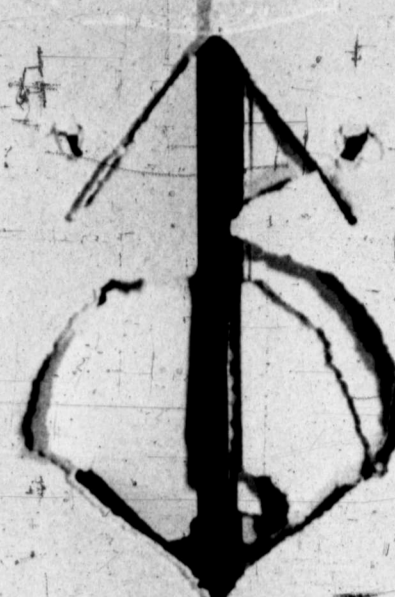
Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That at the next general election of the State of Texas, or at any previous election, in case an election for the State shall be had or ordered by the Governor for other purposes, there shall be submitted to the electors of the State of Texas, for their approval or disapproval, the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas, as provided for in Section 1, Article 17 of said Constitution, relating to proposed amendments thereto, it being intended to amend Section 21, Article 3, of said Constitution, relating to the pay of members of the Legislature, so that the said Section shall read as follows:

Sec. 24. The members of the Legislature shall receive from the public treasury such compensation for their services as may from time to time be provided by law, not exceeding one thousand dollars for the year succeeding their election, payable in equal installments, on the first days of January, February, March and April of the year succeeding their election, and five dollars per day for each day of every special session held during the second year of the term for which said members shall be elected. In addition to said compensation the members of each house shall be entitled to mileage going to and returning from the seat of government, which mileage shall not exceed three cents per mile, the distance to be computed by the nearest and most direct route of travel by land, regardless of railways or water routes; and the Comptroller of the State shall prepare and preserve a table of distances to each county seat; now or hereafter to be established, and by said table the mileage of each member shall be paid; but no member shall be entitled to mileage for any extra session that may be called within one day after adjournment of any regular or called session. It shall be unlawful for any member of the legislature during his term of office to accept any free transportation over any railway line or lines in this State, and any member of the Legislature violating the provisions of this Act prohibiting the acceptance of free transportation shall forfeit the office to which he has been elected. And it shall be unlawful for any of such members to accept, receive, have, use or enjoy, directly or indirectly, for themselves or any other person, any free pass, frank, rebate, privilege or advantage not accorded to the general public from any railroad company, telegraph company, telephone company, sleeping car company, or other corporation, or any persons, firm or corporation acting as a common carrier in this State. Any member of the Legislature violating this provision shall forfeit his office. And the necessary laws shall be enacted to carry out the provisions of this Article.

Section 2. The Governor of the State shall and he is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the next general election for State and County officers.

Section 3. The qualified electors for members of the Legislature of the State of Texas shall vote upon this amendment on the day of \_\_\_\_\_, at which election all persons favoring said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "For amendment to Section 2, Article 3 of the Constitution exempting from taxation endowment funds used exclusively for school purposes." And those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "Against amendment to Section 2, Article 3, of the Constitution exempting from taxation endowment funds used exclusively for school purposes."

[A true copy.] O. K. SHANNON, Secretary of State.





**TOWN & COUNTY**

PERSONAL AND OTHER MATTERS  
THAT CONCERN OUR CITIZENS.

**DISTRICT COURT.**

Convenes on the 30th. day of this month. The grand jurors selected for the term are as follows:

T. W. Barrett	G. G. Foster
C. R. Burrow	W. L. Garner
R. A. Campbell	J. A. Grundy
Theodore Cochell	J. B. Knox
J. M. Craig	R. W. O'Keefe
J. A. Currie	B. T. Johnson
W. A. Ward	John Pyeatt
J. W. Scott	R. F. White

**PETIT JURORS 1st. WEEK**

J. E. Park	J. E. Rogers
W. W. Stephenson	J. H. Dunbar
T. V. Slack	J. D. Knicely
Phillip Miller	Ed Harrell
J. J. Currie	W. C. Baird
R. M. Peeler	E. C. Reynolds
W. H. Foster	Henry Wesley
L. Y. Burch	H. S. Cavet
J. M. McNaughton	C. P. Money
R. R. Bates	G. C. Braum
J. E. Coleman	J. F. Hood
Lee Shifflett	J. R. Harter
J. T. Coffee	B. L. Chancellor
J. I. Campbell	J. L. Prichard
S. H. Heyser	J. A. Edwards

A special venire consisting of the following men is also selected:

A. H. Thompson	J. M. Black
O. C. Davis	A. A. Hauter
B. C. Taylor	T. A. Dowlen
W. T. Moreland	C. W. Allen
J. M. Cooper	Frank Demere
John Orr	C. T. DeGraffenreid
G. P. Bryan	H. B. Molyneaux
E. E. Adams	Frank Ames
J. T. Campbell	S. S. Coffee
J. A. Derr	H. S. Duke

The only cases on the criminal docket are those of M. C. Chamlee and John Eoff. This latter case in which a mistrial was had at the last term is the one in which the above special venire is summoned.

The civil docket is a light one.

**CETA NOTES.**

J. E. Rogers of Ceta was in Wednesday with a load of wheat. He says the small grain crop of his section is very good and that the recent rains, a very heavy one Sunday included, have placed all other crops in fine condition.

Speaking of this Sunday evening rain Mr. Rogers said that the wind accompanying it was the worst he had experienced on the Plains; that it twisted off some of the tops of his big poplars and also some of his fruit trees, damaging his fruit crop generally at least \$100. There was also some hail on Sunday but not enough to damage anything at Ceta although 7 or 8 miles below there in Armstrong county, Mr. Rogers stated that considerable damage was done by it both to growing crops and fruit.

**Marrled**—Last Friday by Rev. W. B. Wilson, O. A. May and Miss Pearl Redburn. The wedding was a very quiet affair, no one outside of relatives and near friends being present. These young people are well mated and their many friends extending congratulations wish for them a prosperous and happy life. They take up their residence in the late Mrs. M. J. Overhuls house.

There is no statute under which Canyon City can force the confinement of any kind of stock beyond hogs, sheep and goats. The "no fence law" is the only one that would reach horses and cattle and it is not in effect in Randall County.

**Card of Thanks.**

With grateful hearts we heartily thank our friends, neighbors and the people of Canyon City generally for their great kindness to us during the illness and on the death of our little boy.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Powers.

**Sr. B. Y. P. U. PROGRAM.**

July 22nd.

**Leader**—Miss Columbia Redfeard.

**Subject:** "Among the Wheat and the Tares; Where Am I?"

1. Opening Exercises.
2. Scripture Reading, Matt. 9: 27-34; 25: 31-40.
3. Hymn.
4. "The Parables of Jesus—Why Jesus Used Them."—M. S. Lusby.
5. "What the Parables of this Chapter Teach About the Kingdom of God."—Rev. J. D. Ballard.
7. Hymn.
8. "The Parable of the Tares."—Explanation by the leader.
9. Response by members.
10. Closing Exercises.

Dr. A. E. Turner who delivers the dedicatory address at the C. P. Church Sunday, July 22, will also deliver his lecture, "Brain or Brawn—Which?" Monday night, July 23rd. Admission to the lecture 25 and 50 cents.

Dr. Turner is President of Trinity University, Waxahachie, Texas. He is a fine orator and a distinguished Lecturer not only in Texas, but throughout the North and East. Those who fail to hear him will be the losers.

A. B. Haynes.

The brick foundation for Dr. Black's new home is done and carpenters have begun on the frame work. As already stated it is on the site of his former residence which has been moved away and will contain ten rooms. The cost will be near \$3,000.

**CALENDERS --Hold your trade on this line until you see The News office samples and obtain its prices. We want this business and will charge no more, if as much as outside houses.**

J. W. Cummings sold his residence and quarter block Tuesday to H. J. Sevall at \$1150. Mr. Cummings on the same day purchased at \$200 the N. E. quarter of block 14, Victoria Add., and intends, so he says, to build on it a cottage like that of J. P. Crawford's.

**The Doctor Away from home When Most Needed.**

People are often very much disappointed to find that their family physician is away from home when they most need his services. Diseases like cramp colic and cholera morbus require prompt treatment, and have in many instances proven fatal before medicine can be procured or a physician summoned. The right way is to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. No physician can prescribe a better medicine for these diseases. By having it in the house you escape much pain and suffering and all risk. Buy it now; it may save life. For sale by S. V. Wirt, Druggist.

**The Celebrated Studebaker Vehicles**



**AT FAIR TIME**

There are always attractions in the Studebaker pavilion to excite special comment. The Vehicles and Harness appeal to the people because they serve best and most exactly meet their wants. When they get ready

**Studebaker Vehicles**

are the kind most of them buy for these same reasons. After the fair, and when there's no fair, you hear just as much and as favorable comment on Studebakers. It follows them to the end, and that's a time away off.

**That's the Line We're Handling**

When we sell a Vehicle or a set of the innumerable styles of Studebaker harness, we are sure of a pleased customer. They give the "satisfaction that don't come off." Let us try it in your case. We guarantee to show up the design that will strike your fancy. Will you take a look in?

P. S. Studebaker name plate on a Vehicle is the best indication that you have got true value and a guarantee.

**OUR STOCK** of Wood Star and Standard Wind Mills, Pipe and all kinds of water supplies, Wire, Nails, Farm Implements and Wagons is complete. We have everything that is kept in a first class Hardware Store. Call on us when you are in town whether you want to buy anything or not and let us show you our large display of useful goods

**Canyon Hardware Co.**

**REUNION PRIVILEGES**

All persons desiring to secure ground privileges at the Canyon City Reunion will make application to L. G. Conner who has supervision of the sale of privileges.

Reunion dates August 28, 29 and 30.

S. F. Sullenberger, cashier of the First National Bank of Globe, Arizona, and his family are in town on a visit of a week or so.

The meeting at the Happy Methodist church will begin July 25th. Rev. M. K. Little will assist. Rev. Little is one of the best preachers in this conference.

W. B. Wilson.

Sheriff Slover on Thursday of last week arrested Lee Webb on a warrant from Wheeler county charging said Webb with seduction. Saturday Sheriff Sanders of Wheeler came after him.

The whole of West Texas has come in for a goodly share of recent rains.

The News office is preparing to print on extra heavy Linen or Rag Ledger paper Warranty Deeds of the different kinds and to fit the County Records. These Deeds will be printed from new type and in form, quality and price just as good as can be obtained anywhere.

Where lots of 100 or more are ordered by the same firm or person we will print the business card of the firm or person on the deeds without further charge.

**The Season's Most Approved Styles In Shoes**

**HEADQUARTERS FOR LOW SHOES**



A nice line of Ladies, Misses and Childrens Oxfords

Ladies Oxfords, Vici Lace, Vici Blucher **\$1.50 to \$3.00**

Misses Vici Lace, Vici Blucher, Patent Blucher & White Canvas Blucher **\$1.00 to \$2.00**

Children's Vici Lace, Vici Blucher, Patent Blucher and Canvas Blucher from **90c to \$1.50**

Call and see our line before you buy Shoes

**Canyon Mercantile Company**

**THE FIRST NAT'L. BANK**

CAPITAL & SURPLUS, \$115,000.  
SHARE-HOLDERS LIABILITY, 100,000.  
\$215,000.

**OFFICERS.**

L. T. LESTER PRESIDENT. D. A. PARK CASHIER.  
JOHN HUTSON VICE-PRES. TRAVIS SHAW ASS'T. Cas.

**DIRECTORS.**

JOHN HUTSON, L. T. LESTER, J. L. HOWELL,  
R. G. OLDHAM, F. M. LESTER.  
We invite you to open an account with us. We guarantee as liberal accommodations as are warranted by the account and prudent banking.



**TOWN & COUNTY**

PERSONAL AND OTHER MATTERS  
THAT CONCERN OUR CITIZENS.

The land business for this fall promises to be better than ever.

Rubber shoes were again in use this week.

J. A. Tate's wife and baby are sick this week.

Fine Candies—Best in town at Wilson's.

A skating rink is one of our newest enterprises.

Remember the lecture Monday night.

Charlie McAfee sold his residence Tuesday to Joel Preslar at \$1250.

Rector Lester went South on the Plainview hack last Friday.

"Grandma" Upton has gone to Lubbock for an indefinite time.

Renshaw & Cochran, Painters and Paper Hangers. 18 4ts

Mrs. B. F. Buie is quite sick this week.

Miss Johnnie Cartwright is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. A. Park.

Miss Annie Buie has dismissed her music class for the summer.

Mrs. V. Edna Henson has returned from her trip to Missouri.

W. J. Hall added a new windmill to his premises this week.

Roswell Hinchee, a brother of Mrs. S. V. Wirt made a flying trip to this place last week.

Lorenzo Wirt spent a few days last week with his uncle, Jim Patton, of Amarillo.

Joe Simpson of the American Type Founders people was a visitor with us this morning.

H. J. Sevall has sold his place, the R. B. Redfearn residence, to A. M. Smith at \$900.

S. H. Heyser has sold his Overhuls property to A. W. Hancock at \$600.

Amarillo Business College. No vacation. No entrance examination. Enter any time.

All kinds of Racket Goods, School Supplies and Confectionery at Wilson's. Try us.

The walls of the buildings adjoining the Canyon National Bank are climbing up rapidly.

J. M. Hughes formerly of the Silverton Enterprise was in town this morning.

"Uncle" Charley Houser and wife spent Thursday of last week with Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Henson.

A healthy increase in the population of any town enhances the value of the surrounding country.

Anything that improves the morals of a community increases in proportion its property values.

Will Gartin of Petersburg was here several days this week with his family at J. W. Renshaw's.

A. N. Henson has sold his Geo. Taylor place to W. S. Clayton for \$400.

Beautiful church buildings and well paid pastors are a sound investment for any town.

Our building boom inaugurated some months since has lost none of its force.

L. N. Lochridge purchased the Gus Wansley place, opposite the C. P. Church, Monday and will move in before school begins. He would not say about the price, but it wont miss \$1500 far.

Joel Preslar yesterday sold his "yellow" house, where he now resides, to J. B. Thomas for \$1450.

Painting and Paper Hanging. Before doing anything on this line figure with Renshaw & Cochran. 18 4ts

W. F. Taylor has bought the John A. Wallace old residence at \$2500. He will move there, and rent the house he now occupies.

Take a business course at AMARILLO BUSINESS COLLEGE and be prepared to keep books under any system.

John Wisely and wife from Mo-beettie visited with Mr. and Mrs. Henson last week. They were enroute to Plainview to visit relatives.

W. W. McCrane is adding another room to his house and otherwise improving. J. W. Matthews is doing the carpenter work.

Yesterday Rev. W. B. Wilson purchased from T. F. Reid his, said Reid's residence across the railroad at \$1250.

Friday of last week Judge Buie sold his office and the lot upon which it is situated to L. T. Lester for \$1200.

Friday evening at Amarillo the Canyon City base ball team defeated the boys of that town. The score was six to one.

Mrs. Essa Long has sold both her sections which netted her \$12,800. It is located 11 miles southwest of Canyon City.

Miss Mary Burrow who has been in Louisiana for the past year teaching music, is here on a visit to her brothers.

Everybody is invited to attend the dedicatory service of the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning.

Prof. Turner delivers his noted lecture, "Brain or Brawn—Which?" at the Presbyterian church next Monday night. Hear him.

Our readers will discover from reading this paper that Canyon City property is moving quite lively this week.

Joel Preslar paid \$2,500 for the J. C. Cox residence property and straightway sold the west half of the block to Dr. Howell at \$500.

A. E. Brown this week sold the quarter block west of the J. W. Cummings residence to J. E. Swafford at \$150.

John D. Bratton sold his residence (the Hough place) Tuesday, through L. G. Conner, to H. T. Ward at \$1,250.

Wednesday, J. D. Bratton bought the S. H. Heyser 1/2 block and its three residences on West Evelyn street at \$3,500.

The recent rains, very heavy in some spots, have damaged small grain to some extent, especially oats where poorly shocked.

Plainview has organized a commercial club. Reckon ours has been dormant long enough to justify the presumption that it is dead?

The Randall County Abstract Co. incorporates with C. N. Harrison, J. H. Garrison and Chas. R. McAfee.

Some of our contracting carpenters say they have at least three months work ahead of them, "done spoken for."

Married—At the Christian pastor's home, Sunday, Frank Sugs and Miss Jennie Tincup, both of Amarillo. Elder Stockard performed the ceremony.

Rev. Goodman, Episcopal minister, held services at the Christian Church last night.

Miss Nella Bridges spent Friday of last week with her friend, Miss Zina Henson, who accompanied her home and will remain a few days on the ranch.

Charlie McAfee has bought the Dave Park house, paying \$1100, and will move there, Mr. Park renting the house vacated by Mr. McAfee.

John Begrin has the contract for the Wallace two-story brick at between \$4000 and \$4200. It is to be completed in sixty days. Mr. Wallace has already tenants for the lower story at a total of \$50 per month.

Mrs. W. T. Moreland is ill this week from confinement last Saturday. The child was premature and stillborn.

J. W. Prichard has bought from Dr. Howell the Hicks place now occupied by Jim Lowe at \$500. He says he will move there by Reunion time.

A railroad division here and machine shops would increase the tax values of Randall County a round million at least.

Mr. Crane, one of John Crawford's barbers, and a good one too, talks of leaving us next week and locating at Stratford.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hartley of Stockton, Mo., will arrive here from Hereford today and visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Stockard a day or two.

The Panhandle Christian Camp Meeting will probably continue through another week at Hereford. A special program is outlined for next Sunday.

The Christian meeting here closed last Sunday night. There were sixteen additions to the church. Elder Jewell Howard who conducted the services, with his wife and little daughter returned to Amarillo Tuesday.

Arthur Isibell of Runningwater, and his grandmother, Mrs. Hamner of Ft. Worth, passed through town Wednesday en route to Runningwater.

Copies of that special edition may still be had at this office for 10 cts. each. In lots of ten a reduction will be made. Why not send some out?

J. T. Forgason, of Bennington, Ind. Ter., brother of Mrs. J. A. Tate and a friend of his, H. T. Lindsey, also of the same place, are here this week prospecting.

W. W. Underwood, of The First National Bank force, was called to Eagle Lake Saturday as a witness in a felony case. And Jim Donaldson left about the same time for Tulia to get married, which he effected Sunday, the bride being a Miss Scott.

Keiser Bros. & Phillips have been our best customers for that special edition. They believe in Canyon City printing presses doing the work, as far as they can, for Randall County enterprises and are not "mealy-mouthed" in saying so.

L. G. Conner on Wednesday sold the entire Canyon City holdings of Edgar Money to L. T. Lester. The list includes the Money half block and two new buildings in the West end; the Umbarger block and its two houses; the Dr. J. Ed Crawford house and thirty acres near the stock pens. Money gets out of this deal \$5,500 net.

A. H. Morrow, representative of the Panhandle Exhibit Association, was in town Saturday soliciting subscriptions toward the expense of sending the "Panhandle Car" to the North and East this fall. He met with good success among the real estate men he found here.

Hotel Slover had its usual quietude disturbed by an occupant yesterday. Clyde Patent, a painter, entered its solitude, being put there by the legal proprietor for indulging in an overdose of "tea" and an untimely exhibition of its effects.

A. B. Marcos of Bertram, Texas, brother-in-law of R. H. Sanford and an old valued friend of the editor of The News, is in town this week prospecting with a view to locating with us. The News editor has known Mr. Marcos thirty years and better and his character as a neighbor and as a citizen is above question. He will find a cordial welcome in Canyon City.

E. H. Ackly, of Waxahachie, came in this week to take J. S. Murphy's place in the Burton-Lin go Lumber yard. His family will arrive as soon as he can secure a residence. Mr. Murphy expects to leave for Big Springs about Sunday. Mrs. Murphy will visit her relatives at Kansas City until J. S. can secure living quarters at Big Springs. Howard Stephenson who was billed to come here is to remain where he is, at Portales.

Death—Saturday morning another child of Canyon City passed out of life. It was the six months old infant son of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Powers, and died as did those reported last week, of stomach and bowel disorder. Sunday morning there was funeral services at the cemetery conducted by Rev. W. B. Wilson. The parents of this little boy as also those of the others losing children recently have the sincere sympathy of all our people.

Jasper N. Haney vs. J. F. White is the title of a suit filed in the District court Wednesday. The object of the suit is to force White to a specific performance of a written contract alleged to be made by White through his agent, to convey thirty-odd acres of land in the northwestern part of Canyon City for \$2000. The plaintiff alleges that White wilfully violated and refused to carry out his contract. J. L. Howell to whom it is alleged that White conveyed the land to is made party to defendant with a view that he may be bound by any decree of specific performance the plaintiff may recover against White. We look for a lively legal scrap to follow.

Never Sent A Man to The Hospital.

During the Spanish-American War I commanded Company G, 9th Illinois infantry. During our stay in Cuba nearly every man in the company had diarrhoea or stomach trouble. We never bothered sending a man to the surgeon or hospital, but gave him a dose or two of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and next day he was all right. We always had a dozen bottles or more of it in our medicine chest.—Obra Havill. This remedy can always be depended upon for colic and diarrhoea, and should be kept on hand in every home. For sale by S. V. Wirt, Druggist.

J. G. Cruikshank, through Garrison & Harrison, sold his remaining section, No. 280, blk. Mc, yesterday to J. G. Shell at \$3200. Mr. Cruikshank says he does not know what he will do with his string of cattle. He talks, however, of shipping his calves and dry stuff sometime next month and holding his mother cows until they get fat on the fall range and then going entirely out of the business.

J. A. Edwards on Saturday sold his ranch consisting of fourteen sections to Keiser Bros. & Phillips. Mr. Edwards gets out of it \$76,608, and the use of the place the balance of the year. He says he will hold his cattle, of which he has a nice string, unless the markets stiffen considerably from present prices. He intends making his home in the West end of town on the place he purchased from S. B. Lofton. W. C. Baird made the sale.

Watkins Allright.

Monday night before an audience at Claude, L. B. Watkins came out squarely against the Amarillo proposition to take up the Santa Fe tracks between Washburn and Panhandle. On this question Mr. Watkins now stands precisely where Mr. Gibson does and his friends here will be glad to know it.

This makes Watkins allright for Randall county.

Our Primary Test.

The test adopted by the Randall County Democratic executive committee and which it is expected each voter will subscribe to reads as follows:

"I am a Democrat and agree not to vote or work against any of the nominees of this primary." stet

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